

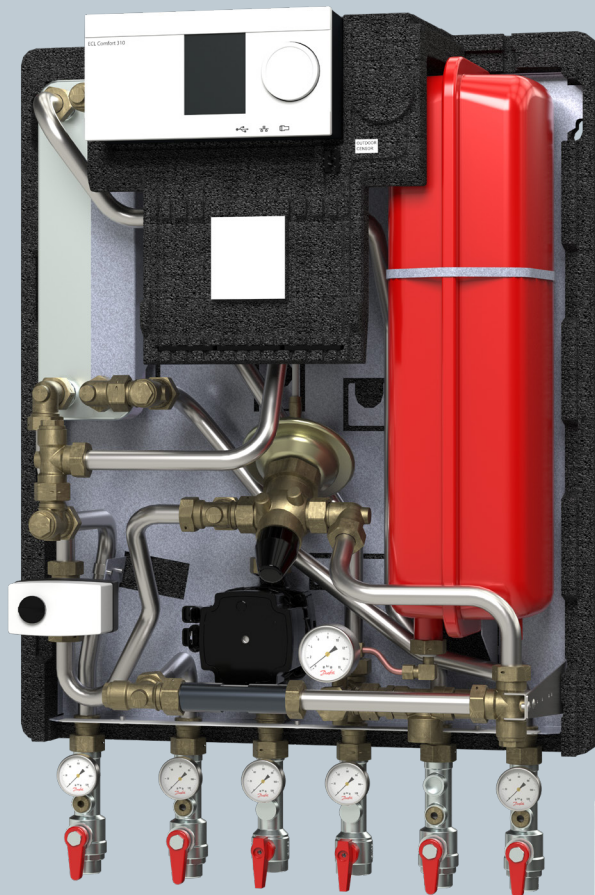
Instructions for installation and use

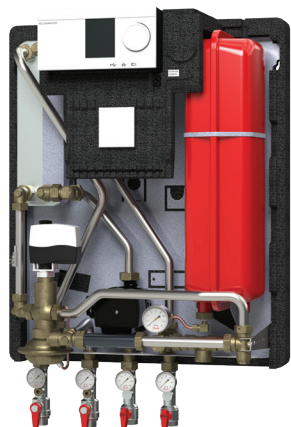
Indirect, fully insulated district heating substation VXe Solo

District heating substation for indirect heating and connection pipes for domestic hot water.

VXe Solo

Fully insulated for very low heat losses.

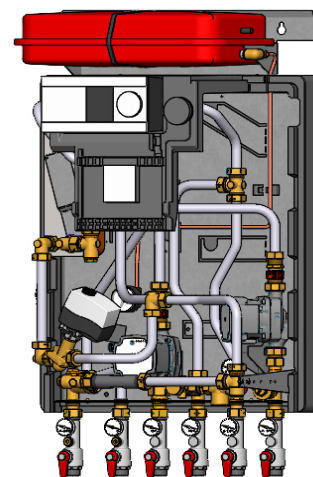




VXe Solo H
ECL 310/A230



VXe Solo HWP
ECL 310/A337



VXe Solo HWS
ECL 310/A237

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2. INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS, SAFETY AND HANDLING

Instructions

Please read these instructions carefully before installing and commissioning this substation. The manufacturer accepts no liability for loss or damage resulting from failure to comply with these instructions for use. Read and follow these instructions carefully to prevent the risk of physical injury and/or damage to property. Exceeding the recommended operating parameters considerably increases the risk of personal injury and/or damage to property. Installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out by qualified and authorized personnel in compliance with the local safety regulations.

Once the station has been installed and is operating, there is *normally* no need to alter the settings or other functions. The district heating substation is very reliable and easy to operate.

Energy source

The substation is primarily designed for connection to district heating. Alternative energy sources can be used if the operating conditions are equivalent to district heating at all times.

Application

The substation is designed only to operate with water and other heating media may not be used.

The substation is to be connected to the household piping in a frost-free room, where the temperature does not exceed 50 °C and the relative humidity is not higher than 80%. The substation must not be covered, bricked in or otherwise cut off from access.

Choice of materials

Only use materials, that comply with local regulations.

Corrosion

All pipes are made of AISI 304 (heating) and AISI 316 (DHW stainless steel and brass as a minimum. Components for DHW, however, primarily of dezincification-resistant brass.

The maximum chloride compounds of the medium must not be higher than 150 mg/l.

The risk of corrosion increases considerably if the recommended chloride content is exceeded.

It is recommended that the installation is installed in accordance with DS439: 2009

Safety valve(s)

Installation of safety valve(s) must always be in compliance with local regulations.

Noise level.

≤ 55 dB.

PTC2+P controller for domestic hot water

The controller is preset from factory and sealed with a red sticker. This sealing must not be broken.

The warranty becomes void if the sealing is broken.



Storage

Before installation, the units must be stored in a dry, heated (i.e. frost-free) room.

(Relative humidity max. 80% and storage temperature 5-70 °C).

The units must not be stacked higher than the limit at the factory (max. 8 layers) Units supplied in cardboard packaging must be lifted using the handles incorporated in the packaging. Units must be placed on pallets for transport/moving across large distances.

As far as possible, do not lift the substation by the pipes. Lifting by the pipes may cause leaks. REMEMBER to retighten.



Connection

It must be possible to cut off all energy sources to the unit - including electrical connections - at all times. The unit must be connected to an electrical equalizer connection.

Warning! Hot surfaces

Parts of the substation may be very hot and can cause burn injuries. Be very careful when you are in the immediate vicinity of the substation.

Warning of high pressure and high temperature

The maximum supply temperature in the district heating network can be up to 120°C and the operating pressure can be up to 16 bar. This may result in a risk of scalding from touching the substation and from outflow of the medium (water/steam). Exceeding the substation design data and operating parameters for pressure and temperature carries an appreciable risk of personal injury and/or damage to property.

Emergencies

In the event of fire, leaks or other hazards, immediately shut off all sources of energy to the substation, if possible and call for appropriate assistance.

If the domestic hot water is discoloured or malodorous, shut off all ball valves on the substation, notify all users and call for professional assistance immediately.

Warning of damage during transport

On reception of the substation, and before installing it, check for any evidence of damage during transport.

The substation must be handled and moved with the greatest care and attention.

IMPORTANT - Tightening of connections

Before adding water to the system, ALL pipe connections MUST be retightened, as vibrations during transport may have caused leaks. Once the substation has been filled and the system has been put into operation, ALL pipe connections MUST be tightened once more.

(Do not overtighten! - See page 8, Test and Connections)



Handling

We recommend that you wear suitable safety footwear while handling and installing the substation.

NOTE: Interventions/rework on our components results in loss of warranty.

2. INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS, SAFETY AND HANDLING

Reach

All products of the Akva Lux II Triiiple series comply with the provisions of the REACH regulation.

We are therefore obliged to inform our customers about the presence of substances according to the SVHC candidate list, if they are present. We hereby inform you: This product contains brass parts containing lead (CAS 7439-92-1) in a concentration above 1% (w/w).

Potential equalization / grounding

Equipotential bonding is understood as all measures for eliminating electrical potential differences (contact voltages), which can occur between two pipelines. Equipotential bonding is an important measure for protection against electric shock. Equipotential bonding reduces corrosion in the heat exchanger, instantaneous water heaters, district heating stations and plumbing installations. Equipotential bonding should be in accordance with the provisions 60364-4-41:2007 and IEC 60364-5-54:2011. Binding point is marked with a grounding symbol on the bottom right corner of the mounting plate and there is a hole in the mounting plate and a label with grounding symbol.

Disposal

Dispose of the packaging in accordance with the local regulations for disposal of used packaging materials.

The substation is made of materials that cannot be disposed of together with household waste.

Close all energy sources and disconnect all connection pipes. Disconnect and dismantle the product for disposal in accordance with the applicable local regulations for the disposal of the individual components.

3. GETTING STARTED - QUICK GUIDE FOR EASY START-UP

Mounting

Connect the substation to the household piping in accordance with the labelling at the bottom and/or in accordance with the instructions in this manual.

GETTING STARTED is a quick guide and some details in connection with installation and commissioning may require additional information, which can be found elsewhere in this instruction manual.

GETTING STARTED VXe Solo

1. Mount the substation on a solid wall using two sturdy bolts (max. 8 mm), screws, expansion bolts or similar.
2. Tighten all pipe connections, as they may have loosened during transport and handling.
3. Mount the district heating meter (see page 13).
4. On systems that feature a safety valve, establish a drain connection in compliance with the applicable legislation.
5. Fill the heat exchanger / the system with water according to the instructions on page 14.
6. Open the ball valve for the HE supply and return flow and heat up the system.
7. Check the substation and the household piping thoroughly for leaks.
8. Pressure test the entire system for leaks in accordance with the applicable regulations.
9. Connect pump and automatic components, if any, to the electricity supply, but do not switch on the power.
10. Heat the system and vent the radiator circuit/heating side thoroughly on the radiators and the air valve, if any.
11. Connection
Now switch on the pump and automatic components, if any.
12. Finish by adjusting the substation in accordance with the instruction manuals and remember to fill out the Commissioning Certificate page 30.

Note!

Heating and cooling the substation may cause leaks. Therefore it may be necessary to retighten the connections in the period after commissioning.

Note!

Never lift the station by its front insulation cover!

3. GETTING STARTED - QUICK GUIDE FOR EASY START-UP

Start-up: See page 5 "Getting started"

Diagram examples: See page 9 - 12

Main components. See page 7 - 9

Mounting / Mounting of heat meter: See page 10

Safety valves: See page 10

Electrical connection: See page 15
 Outdoor sensor: Connect to terminal block U

Filling the system with water: See page 14

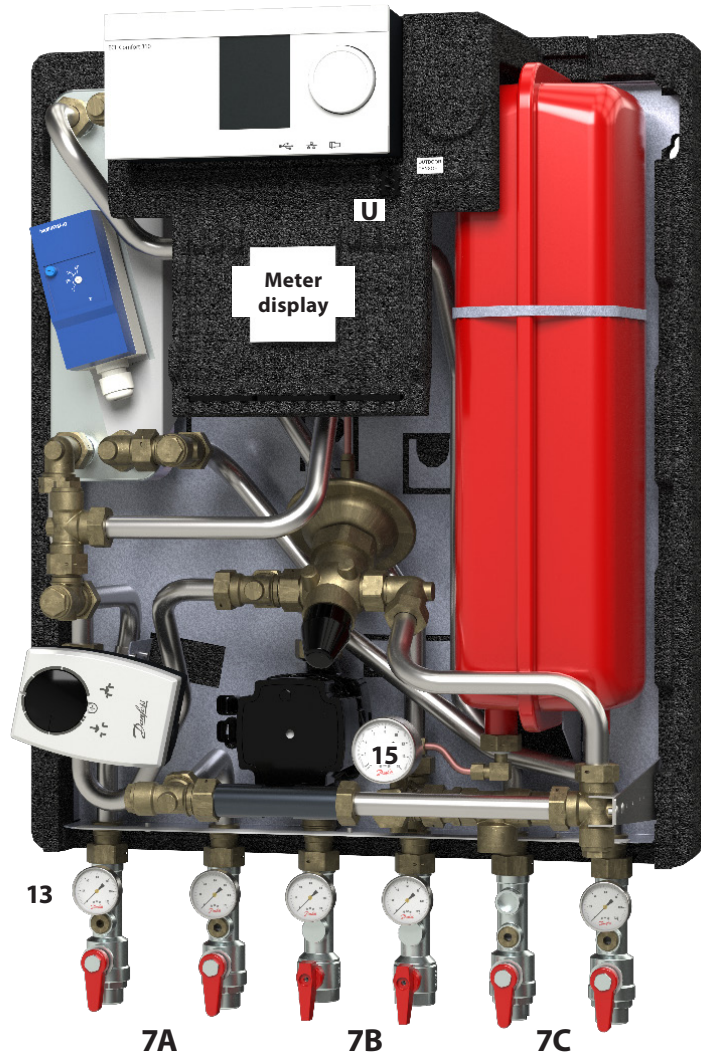
Commissioning: See page 16-24

Reading of meter:
 Consumption and actual DH temperatures can be read on the meter display, placed under the ECL controller.

Temperatures:
 To be read on thermometers (Pos. no. 13)

Pressure:
 To be read on manometer (Pos. no. 15)

Connections:
 Pos. no's 7A (DH), 7B (HE), 7C (DHW)



4. MAIN COMPONENTS / CONNECTION- VXE H SOLO 310/A230

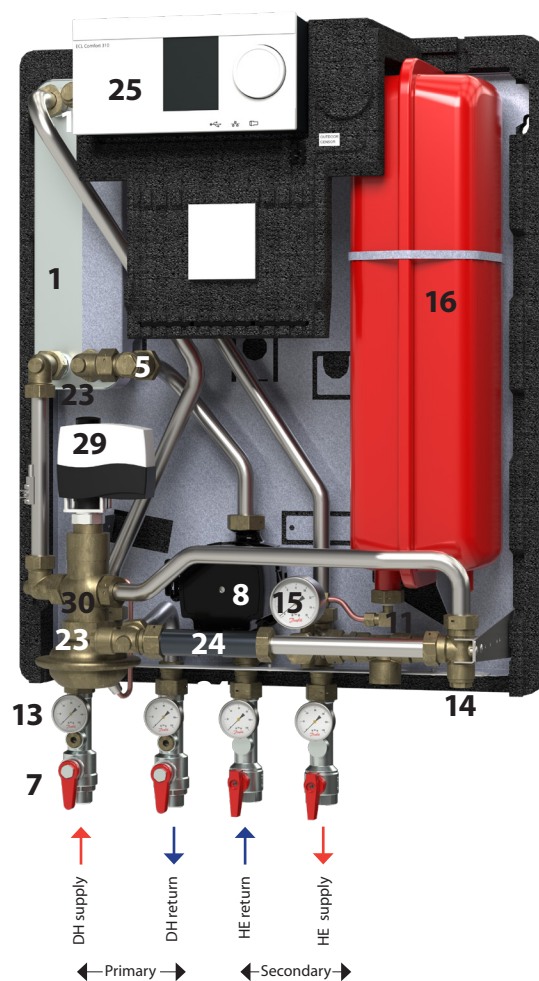
- 1 Plate heat exchanger HE, with insulation
- 5 Strainer
- 7 Ball valve
- 8 Circulation pump HE
- 11 Safety valve HE
- 14 Pocket for pressure gauge
- 13 Thermometer
- 15 Manometer
- 16 Expansion vessel
- 23 Sensor pocket for heat meter
- 24 Fitting piece for heat meter 3/4" x 110 mm
- 25 Controller Danfoss ECL310/A230
- 29 Actuator AMV
- 30 Flow controller with integrated control valve AVQM

Option:

- 54 Safety thermostat, Jumo AT

Accessories available as extra equipment (mounting on site)

KFE tap - Code No. 145H3717
For filling and draining 1/4".



4. MAIN COMPONENTS / CONNECTION- VXE SOLO HWP ECL 310/A337

- 1 Plate heat exchanger HE, with insulation
- 4 Differential pressure controller and flow limiter AVPB-F
- 5 Strainer
- 7A Ball valve ¾ ET/ET 120 mm for thermometer/manometer
- 7B Ball valve ¾ IT/ET 120 mm for thermometer
- 8 Circulation pump, HE
- 11 Safety valve HE, 3 bar ½"
- 13 Thermometer
- 14 Pocket for pressure gauge
- 15 Manometer
- 16 Expansion vessel 12 l
- 23 Sensor pocket for heat meter
- 24 Fitting piece for heat meter ¾" x 110 mm
- 25 Controller Danfoss ECL310/A237
- 29 Danfoss actuator AMV 150
- 30 Three way valve VMV

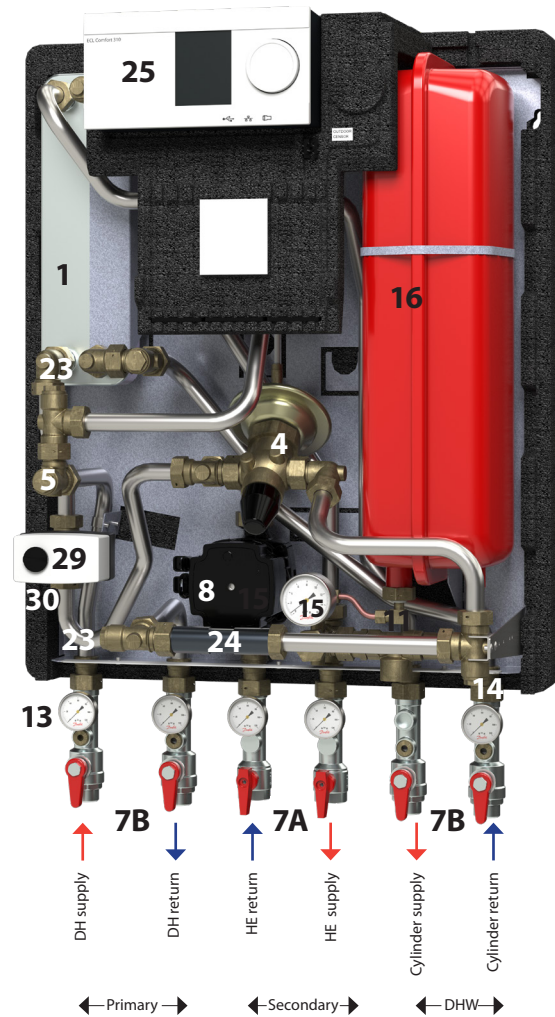
Option:

- 54 Safety thermostat, Jumo AT

Accessories available as extra equipment (mounting on site)

KFE tap - Code No. 145H3717
For filling and draining 1/4"

Thermostatic valve RAVK/VMA for DHW - Code No. 144B2021
For temperature regulation of the DHW cylinder.
For installation outside the system.



4. MAIN COMPONENTS / CONNECTION- VXE SOLO HWS ECL 310/A237

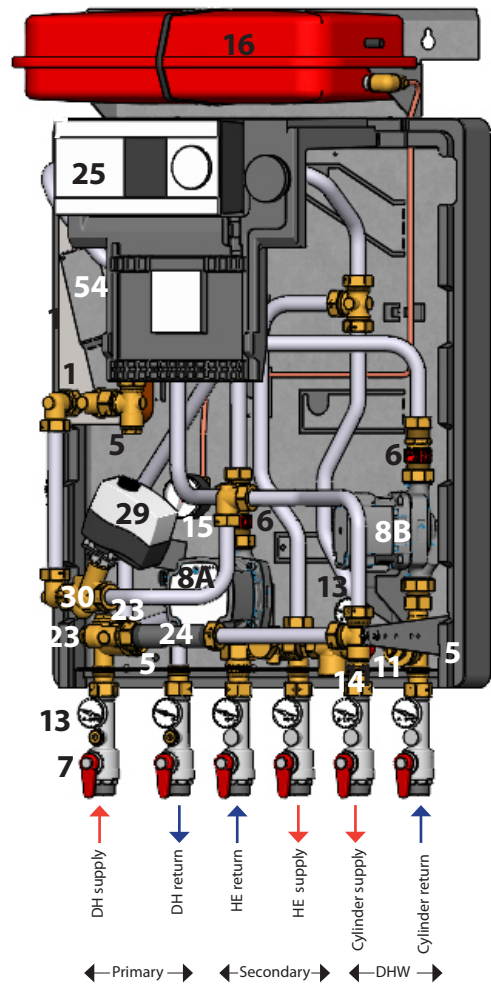
- 1 Plate heat exchanger HE, with insulation
- 5 Strainer
- 6 Non-return valve
- 7 Ball valve
- 8A Circulation pump, HE
- 8B Circulation pump, cylinder
- 11 Safety valve HE, 3 bar 1/2"
- 13 Thermometer
- 14 Pocket for pressure gauge
- 15 Manometer
- 16 Expansion vessel 12 l
- 23 Sensor pocket for heat meter
- 24 Fitting piece for heat meter 3/4" x 110 mm
- 25 Controller Danfoss ECL310/A237
- 29 Danfoss actuator AMV 150
- 30 Danfoss flow controller with integrated control valve AHQM

Option:

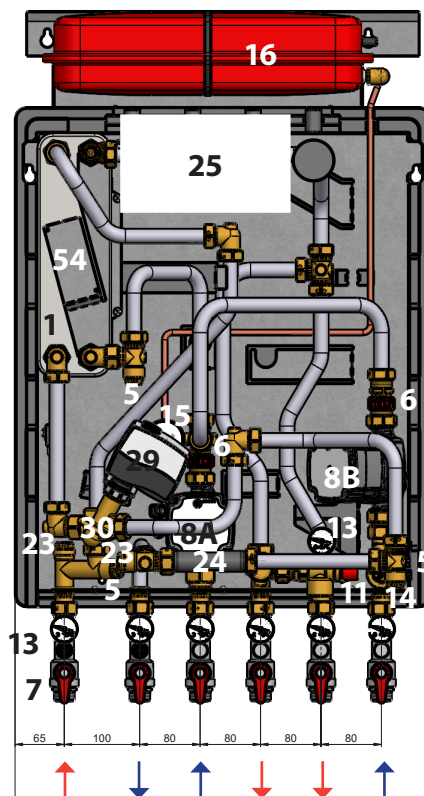
- 54 Safety thermostat, Jumo AT

Accessories available as extra equipment (mounting on site)

KFE tap - Code No. 145H3717
For filling and draining 1/4"



← Primary → ← Secondary → ← DHW →

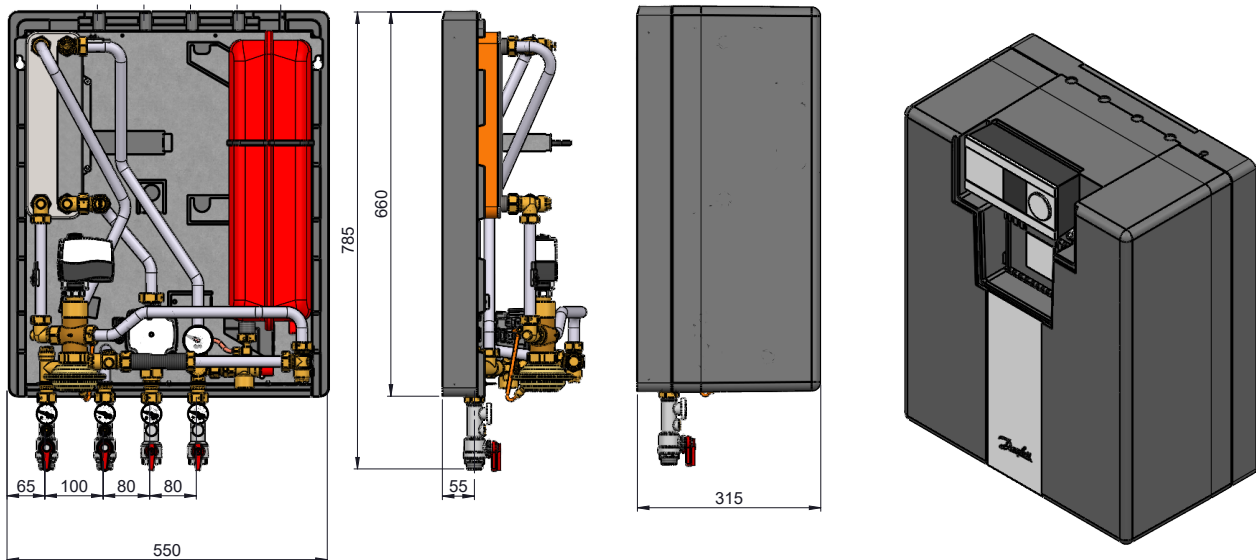
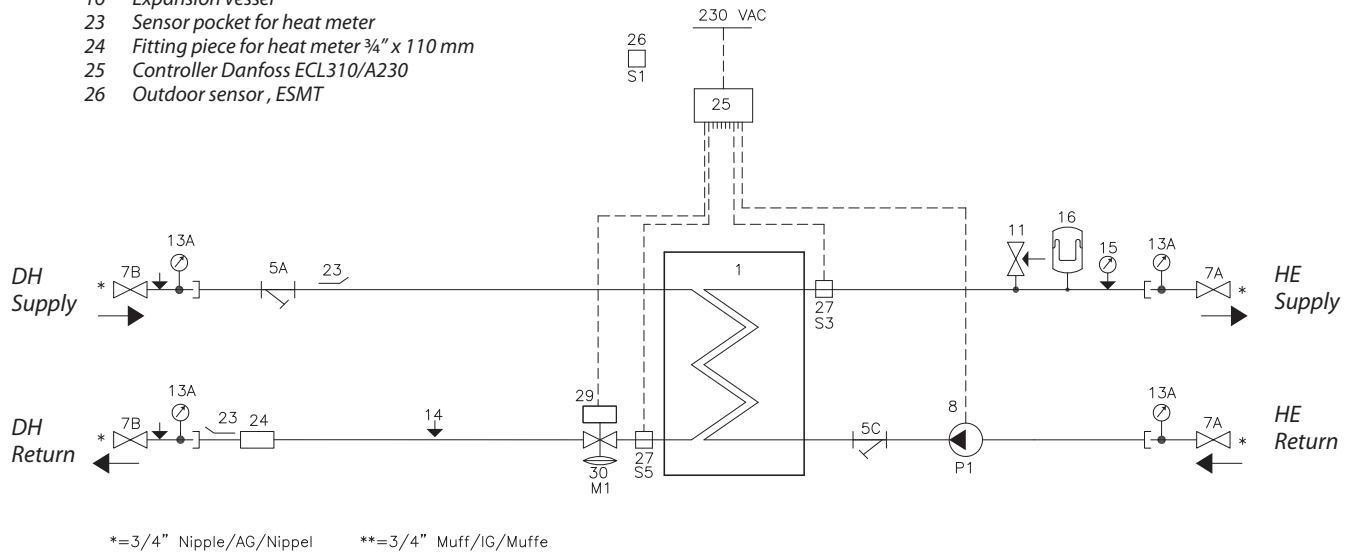


5. DIAGRAM & DIMENSIONAL SKETCH, EXAMPLE - VXE SOLO H ECL310/A230

- 1 Plate heat exchanger HE
- 5 Strainer
- 7 Ball valve
- 8 Circulation pump HE
- 11 Safety valve HE
- 13 Thermometer
- 14 Pocket for pressure gauge
- 15 Manometer
- 16 Expansion vessel
- 23 Sensor pocket for heat meter
- 24 Fitting piece for heat meter 3/4" x 110 mm
- 25 Controller Danfoss ECL310/A230
- 26 Outdoor sensor, ESMT

- 27 Sensor, ESMC
- 29 Actuator AMV
- 30 Flow controller with integrated control valve AVQM

Option:
Safety thermostat, Jumo AT

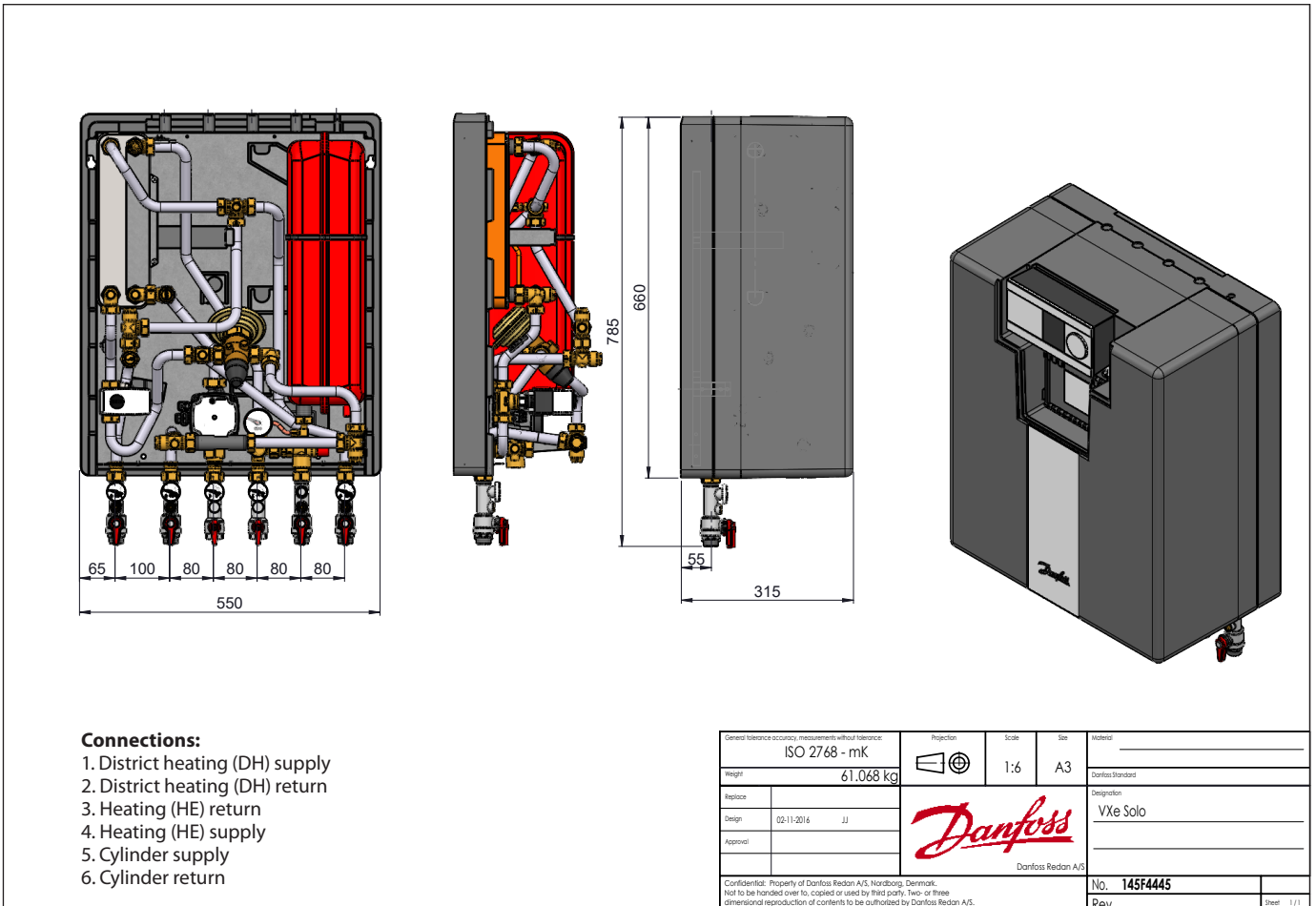
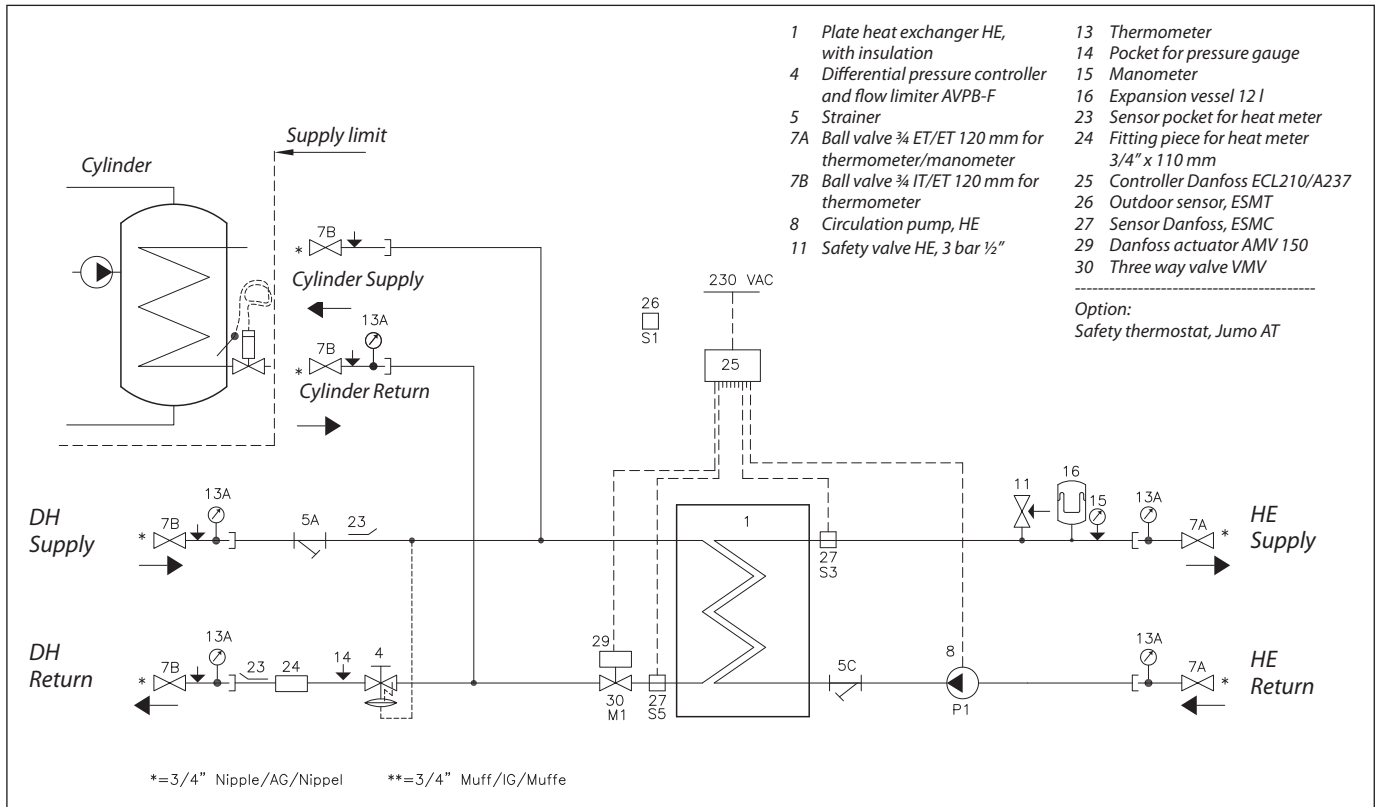


Connections:

- 1. District heating (DH) supply
- 2. District heating (DH) return
- 3. Heating (HE) return
- 4. Heating (HE) supply

ISO 2768 - mK		Projection	Scale	See	Material
Weight	58.006 kg		1:6	A3	Danfoss Standard
Replace				Designation	
Design	17-09-2020 JJ			VXe Solo	
Approval					
<small>Confidential: Property of Danfoss Redan A/S, Nordborg, Denmark. Not to be handed over to, copied or used by third party. Two- or three-dimensional reproduction of contents to be authorized by Danfoss Redan A/S.</small>					No. 145F4440
					Rev.

5. DIAGRAM & DIMENSIONAL SKETCH, EXAMPLE - VXE SOLO HWP ECL 310/A337

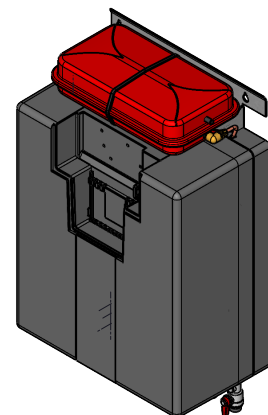
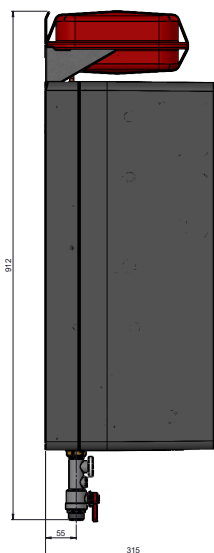
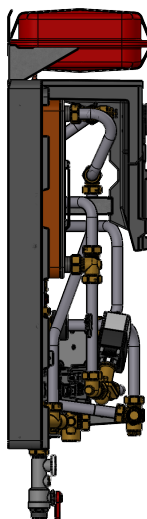
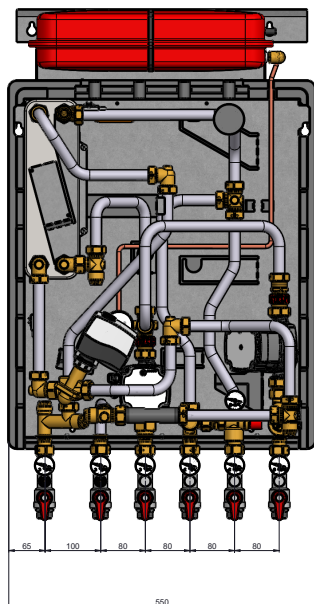
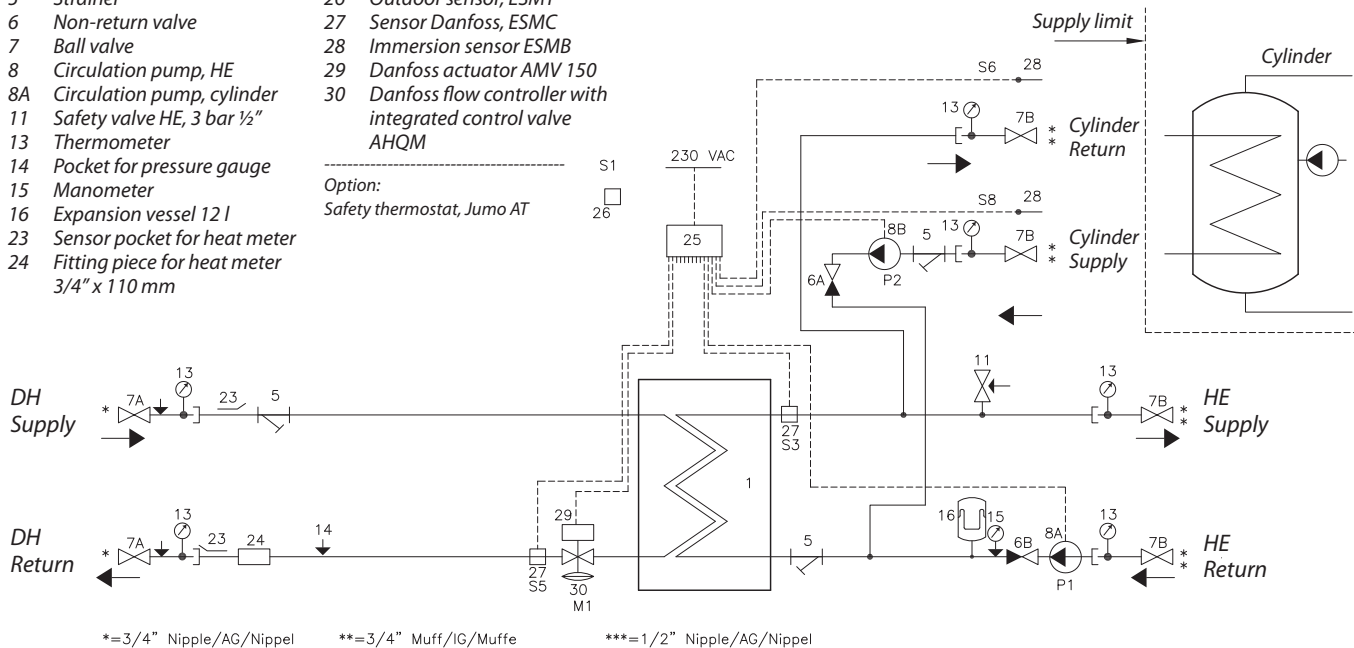


5. DIAGRAM & DIMENSIONAL SKETCH, EXAMPLE - VXE SOLO HWS 310/A237

- 1 Plate heat exchanger HE, with insulation
- 5 Strainer
- 6 Non-return valve
- 7 Ball valve
- 8 Circulation pump, HE
- 8A Circulation pump, cylinder
- 11 Safety valve HE, 3 bar 1/2"
- 13 Thermometer
- 14 Pocket for pressure gauge
- 15 Manometer
- 16 Expansion vessel 12 l
- 23 Sensor pocket for heat meter
- 24 Fitting piece for heat meter 3/4" x 110 mm

- 25 Controller Danfoss ECL210/A237
- 26 Outdoor sensor, ESMT
- 27 Sensor Danfoss, ESMC
- 28 Immersion sensor ESMB
- 29 Danfoss actuator AMV 150
- 30 Danfoss flow controller with integrated control valve AHQM

Option:
Safety thermostat, Jumo AT



Connections:

- 1. District heating (DH) supply
- 2. District heating (DH) return
- 3. Heating (HE) return
- 4. Heating (HE) supply
- 5. Cylinder supply
- 6. Cylinder return

ISO 2768 - mK	ISO 9001	ISO 14001	AI	
70780102				
Model	VXe			
Series	VXe			
Manufacturer	Danfoss			
Product group	Water heaters			
Product code	70780102			
Product name	VXe Solo HWS 310/A237			
Product description	Water heater with cylinder			
Product type	Water heater			
Product category	Water heaters			
Product family	VXe			
Product version	01			
Product status	Active			
Product date	2021-02			
Product location	Denmark			
Product weight	100 kg			
Product volume	0.1 m³			
Product length	1000 mm			
Product width	500 mm			
Product height	1500 mm			
Product material	Steel			
Product color	Grey			
Product finish	Paint			
Product certification	CE			
Product compliance	EN 12898			
Product standard	EN 12898			
Product standard version	2015			
Product standard year	2015			
Product standard number	12898			
Product standard title	Water heaters			
Product standard description	Water heaters			
Product standard details	Water heaters			
Product standard notes	Water heaters			
Product standard references	Water heaters			
Product standard links	Water heaters			
Product standard images	Water heaters			
Product standard documents	Water heaters			
Product standard data	Water heaters			
Product standard metadata	Water heaters			
Product standard keywords	Water heaters			
Product standard tags	Water heaters			
Product standard categories	Water heaters			
Product standard attributes	Water heaters			
Product standard properties	Water heaters			
Product standard characteristics	Water heaters			
Product standard features	Water heaters			
Product standard benefits	Water heaters			
Product standard uses	Water heaters			
Product standard applications	Water heaters			
Product standard scenarios	Water heaters			
Product standard examples	Water heaters			
Product standard references	Water heaters			
Product standard links	Water heaters			
Product standard images	Water heaters			
Product standard documents	Water heaters			
Product standard data	Water heaters			
Product standard metadata	Water heaters			
Product standard keywords	Water heaters			
Product standard tags	Water heaters			
Product standard categories	Water heaters			
Product standard attributes	Water heaters			
Product standard properties	Water heaters			
Product standard characteristics	Water heaters			
Product standard features	Water heaters			
Product standard benefits	Water heaters			
Product standard uses	Water heaters			
Product standard applications	Water heaters			
Product standard scenarios	Water heaters			
Product standard examples	Water heaters			

6. GENERAL, MOUNTING OF HEAT METER AND SAFETY VALVES

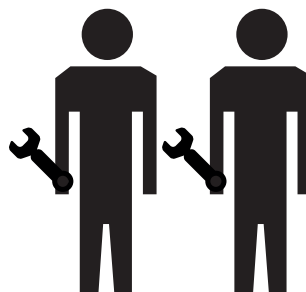
General

The installation, connection and maintenance of the substation must be performed by qualified and authorised personnel. Installation must always be performed in accordance with the applicable legislation and in compliance with these instructions.

The substation must be installed so that it is freely accessible and can be maintained without unnecessary disruption. Lift the substation by its mounting plate/rear section and secure it to a solid wall using 4 sturdy bolts (max. 8 mm), screws or expansion bolts positioned in the four keyholes.

Before commissioning, rinse all the pipes in the household piping system thoroughly to remove any impurities, and check and clean the dirt strainers in the substation.

Connect the substation to the household piping in accordance with the labelling at the bottom and/or in accordance with the instructions in this manual.



For fully insulated systems

The insulation front panel on the VXe Solo substations can be removed without using tools. Take hold of the air duct in the top and bottom of the front insulation section and pull carefully forward until the front insulation section releases from the rear section. Then pull gently until the front section is free from the components.

Test and connections

Before filling the system with water, retighten all the pipe connections because vibrations and shocks during transport and handling may have caused leaks. Once the system has been filled with water, tighten all the pipe connections once more before performing pressure test for leaks. After heating of the system, check all the connections and retighten if necessary.

Please note that the connections may feature EPDM rubber gaskets! Therefore, it is important that you **DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN** the union nuts. Overtightening may result in leaks. Leaks caused by overtightening or failure to retighten connections are not covered by the warranty.

Heat meter, fitting pieces.

The substation is equipped with fitting pieces for heat meter on the district heating return line. (Measurement: 3/4" x 110 mm).

Fitting of heat meters

- Close the four ball valves on the district heating and the heating sides.
- Loosen the union nuts at both ends of the fitting piece (A + B) and remove it.
- Fit the heat meter, - remember to insert gaskets.
- Mount sensor, - remember to insert gaskets.
- Mount temperature sensors in sensorpockets (according to heat meter instructions).
- After mounting of heat meter remember to check and tighten all pipe connections before commissioning the substation.

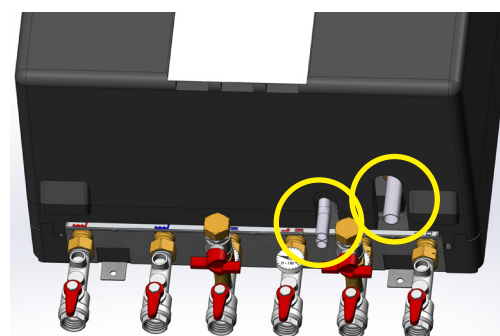
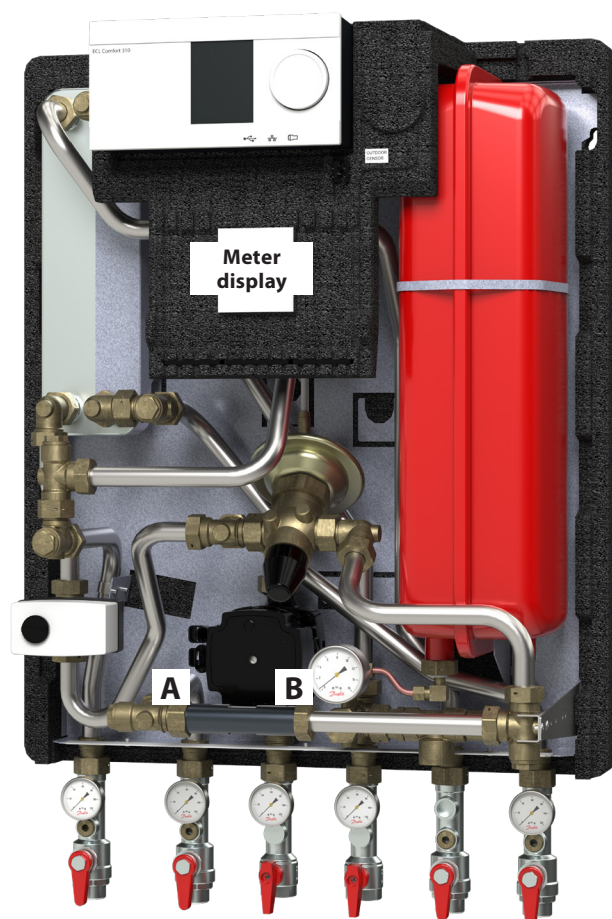
Meter display (reading unit)

The meter reading unit is placed on the console together with the ECL regulator, as shown in the photo to the right, so that reading of the meter can be done without removing the insulation cover.

Safety valve(s)

Always lead the blow-off pipe from the safety valve to a drain in accordance with applicable legislation.

The insulation cover is prepared for this and blow-off pipe from the safety valves are led through the slit in the insulating cover as shown in the photo to the right.



7. FILLING THE SYSTEM WITH WATER

Test and connections

Before filling the system with water, retighten all the pipe connections because vibrations and shocks during transport and handling may have caused leaks. Once the system has been filled with water, tighten all the pipe connections once more before performing pressure test for leaks. After heating of the system, check all the connections and retighten if necessary.

Please note that the connections feature EPDM rubber gaskets! Therefore, it is important that you **DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN** the union nuts. Over-tightening may result in leaks. Leaks caused by over-tightening or failure to retighten connections are not covered by the warranty.

Filling, start-up

Before filling the system with water, retighten all the pipe connections. Once the system has been filled with water, tighten all the pipe connections once more before performing pressure test for leaks. Before filling the system with water and starting-up, check if:

- pipes are connected according to the circuit diagram,
- expansion vessel is connected,
- heat meter is mounted,
- shut-off valves are closed,
- threaded and flanged connections are tightened,
- recirculation, if any, has been established.

Filling the heat exchanger / the system with water:

- The pump must be switched off when filling the system with water.
- Open the ball valves for the HE supply and return flow and fill the system with water and at the same time venting the system.
- Fill the heat exchanger / the system with water until the manometer shows a working pressure, which corresponds to the system height + approx. 5 m (approx. 1.2 - 1.5 bar).
- Finally open the remaining ball valves and heat up the system.
- After filling and heat-up of the system it should be vented by means of the air vents on the substation, if any and on the radiators.
- Then switch on the pump.

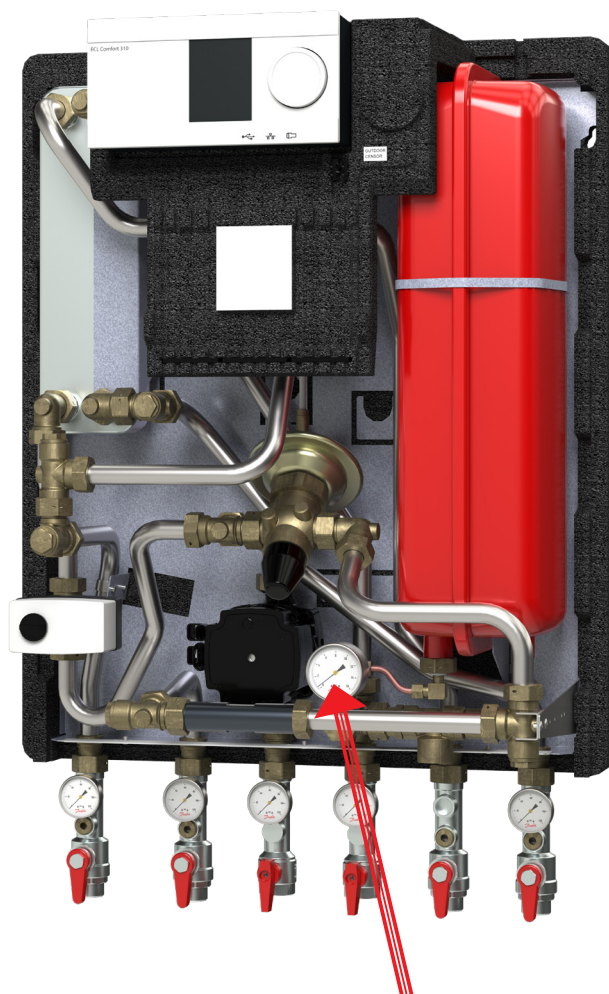
* **Note:** There is no filling valve inside the station. For refilling use a refill hose, customary for heating systems. **Filling of water to the heating system must be done outside the substation, typically by connection to a cold water supply in the household installation.**

NOTE:

Accessories available as extra equipment (mounting on site)

KFE tap - code No. 145H3717

For filling and draining 1/4"



Manometer



8. ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

Electrical connection

The electrical connection of the substation must be performed by a qualified and authorised electrician in compliance with all applicable rules and regulations.

The station should be connected to a 230 V AC power supply.

The power supply / connection must be carried out in accordance with the applicable regulations and instructions.

The station must be wired and connected to an external main switch so that it can be disconnected during maintenance, cleaning and repairs or in the event of an emergency.

Do not forget to establish potential equalization.

The VXe Solo are delivered with Danfoss ECL Comfort 310 controllers from factory.

The actuator and sensors are mounted in the station. The controller is built into the console at the top of the station.

The station is wired and tested in the factory.

Electrical connections between the controller, pump(s), sensor and actuator(s) are made.

Mounting of outdoor temperature sensor (ESMT)

The outdoor temperature sensor is delivered separately and must be mounted on site according to the enclosed illustrations.

The outdoor sensor is always to be mounted on the coldest side of the property, where it is less likely to be exposed to direct sunshine (normally the north side of the property).

The sensor must not be exposed to the morning sun, and should not be placed above windows, doors, air vents or other heat sources, and not under balconies and roof eaves.

Mounting height approx. 2.5 m above ground.

Temperature range: -50 to 50° C.

Electrical connections

The cables can be connected to the sensor in any order.

Connection cable: 2 x 0.4 - 1.5 mm²

For ECL 310:

Connect the cable ends to ECL controller in common ground terminal and in terminal 29.

Access to ECL base part

Access to the base part for connection of outdoor sensor or the like is obtained by pulling the lock (pin) down with a screwdriver until a yellow line is visible on the lock. Then, the front piece can easily be removed. Lock by pressing the lock (pin) up.

Controller ECL Comfort 310

Supply voltage:	230 V a.c. - 50 Hz
Voltage range:	207 bis 244 V a.c. (IEC 60038)
Power consumption:	5 VA
Load on relay outputs:	4(2) A - 230 V a.c.
Load on triac outputs:	0,2 A - 230 V a.c.

Actuator AMV 150

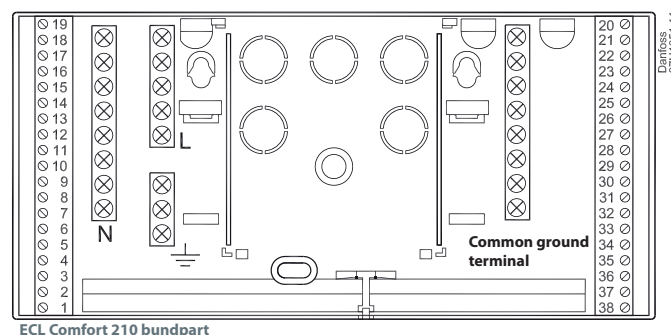
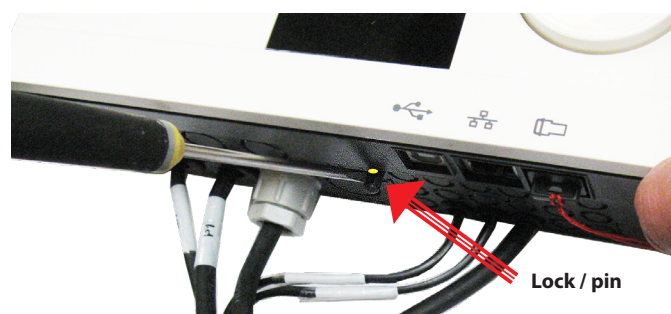
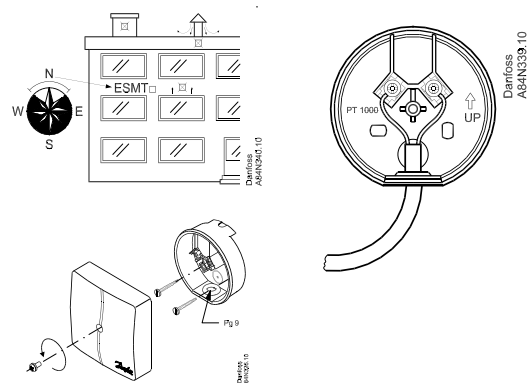
Supply voltage:	230 V a.c. - 50 Hz
Power consumption:	2 / 8 VA

For further information please see enclosed instruction manual.

Pumpe UPM3 AUTO

Supply voltage:	230 V a.c. - 50 Hz
Protection class:	
IP44 Power consumption:	Max. 52 Watt

For further information please refer to the enclosed instructions for the circulation pumps.



9. ADJUSTMENT AND COMMISSIONING

General information

PLEASE NOTE! Some models may have a slightly different appearance, but the control function is in principle the same as described below.

Commissioning

Commission the substation in accordance with the instruction manual.

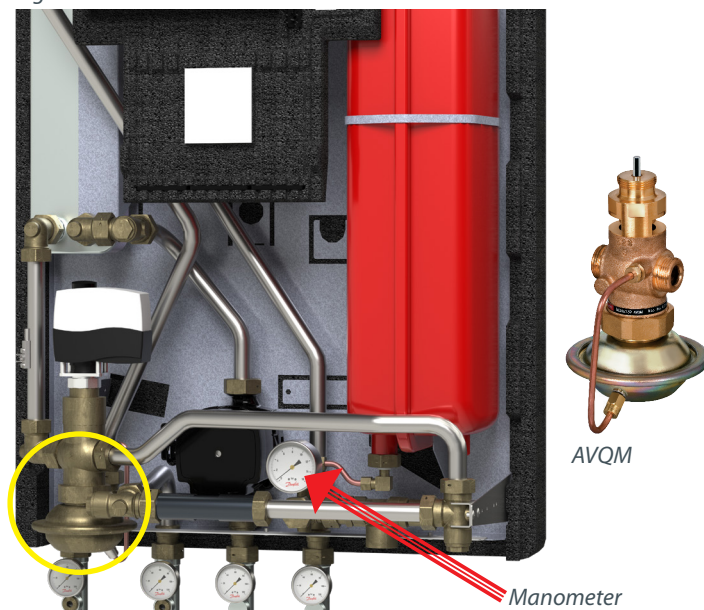
Filling the system / operating pressure

Fill the unit with water according to the instructions on page 13. If the pressure drops below 1 bar, water must be added to the system. The operating pressure should never exceed 1.5 bar. (The safety valve opens at 2,5 bar).

The pressure is read on the manometer.

If system pressure drops dramatically within a short time, heating system should be examined for leakage, - this includes checking the factory set pressure of the expansion vessel, which is normally 0,5 bar.

Fig. 1



Differential pressure controller

The differential pressure controller reduces the high, fluctuating pressure in the district heating network to a constant operating pressure.

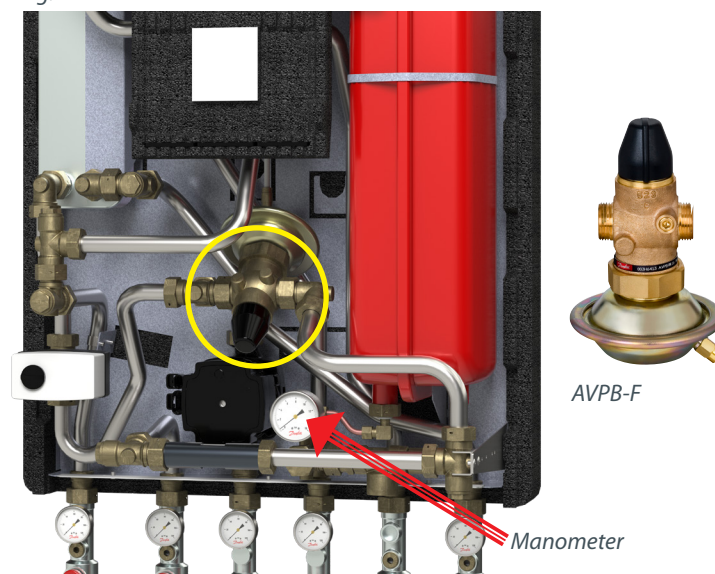
VXe Solo H (Fig. 1)

For VXe Solo H the differential pressure controller is installed in the AVQM self-acting flow controller with integrated control valve. Please see page 18 and relevant instruction manual.

VXe Solo HWP (Fig. 2)

VXe Solo HWP is supplied with a AVPB-F differential pressure controller, which is preset from factory and should not be adjusted afterwards. The controller has a control valve with adjustable flow restrictor and flow setting is being done by the adjustment of the flow restrictor position. We suggest that you contact your local plumber for assistance. Please see page 18 and relevant instruction manual.

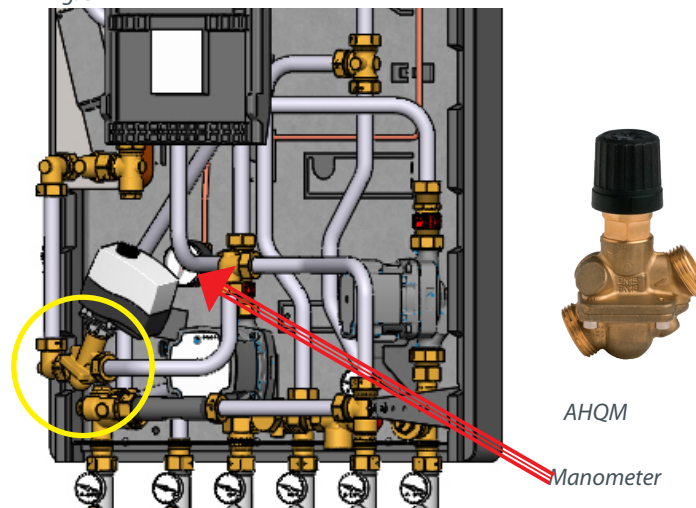
Fig. 2



VXe Solo HWS (Fig. 3)

For VXe Solo HWS the differential pressure controller is installed in the self-acting flow controller with integrated control valve AHQM. The controller closes when set max. flow is exceeded. The flow-controller is equipped with excess pressure safety valve, which protects the actuator from too high differential pressure. Please see page 19 and relevant instruction manual.

Fig. 3



10. HEATING CIRCUIT, DANFOSS ECL 310 AUTOMATICS

Weather-compensated control of the heating circuit

Danfoss ECL 310

The temperature for the heating circuit is controlled electronically by the Danfoss ECL controller. The supply temperature is calculated by the controller on basis of the outdoor temperature.

The ECL Comfort controller is loaded with a selected application by means of an ECL Application Key (Plug-&-Play). The Application Key contains information about application, languages and factory settings. Various applications can be loaded by means of the ECL Application Key, and it is possible to update the controller with new application software.

The controller is factory preset to turn off the heating automatically in the summer period. The controller settings can be changed in accordance with the enclosed producer instructions for the mounted controller.

The controller is pre-programmed (normally) with the following factory settings:

- Language = English,
- Operating mode of the controller = Comfort “Sun” Symbol,
- Application type = A230 / A337 / A237

Motor speed and motor protection is set and the controller is functional is functionally tested, so it's ready for use.

Start-up of ECL 310 (easy start-up)

When the outside temperature sensor is properly installed and electrically connected to the controller as described in the instructions on page 15, proceed as follows:

1. Connect the controller and switch it on,
2. Choose 'MENU' in any circuit - Confirm and turn the dial and choose 'Common controller settings' in the circuit selector at the top right corner in the display,
(You navigate in the controller by turning the dial left or right to the desired position. The position indicator in the display (▶) will always show you where you are).
3. Turn dial to select time and date,
Push the dial to confirm the selection
4. Select time and date,
5. The controller is now ready for use. Set heat curve and temp. max. according to the procedure described below.

Setting / change of factory settings:

6. Choose 'MENU' in any circuit - Confirm and turn the dial and choose 'Heating circuit' in the circuit selector at the top right corner in the display (radiator symbol),
7. Then turn the dial and choose 'Settings' and confirm by pushing the dial. Then choose 'Flow temperature' and here you set 'Heat curve' (value), according to the actual system type, including "Temp. max.",
8. Typical setting ranges:

Heating circuit	one-string	two-string	Floor heating
Temp. max.	70-90°C	55-65°C	35-40°C
Heat curve	1,0 - 1,75	0,8 - 1,0	0,1 - 0,5

Note; in systems that feature only floor heating the max. supply temperature must be changed according to the above mentioned information.

If increased heat demand occurs during the heating period, the controller settings can be changed

[See ECL Application Key Box with ECL Comfort 210/310 user guide and mounting guide, for further information.](#)



Turn the dial to choose 'MENU' and press to confirm selection

Circuit selector
Choose this symbol to enter 'Common controller settings'

Circuit selector
Heating circuit

Settings
Flow temperature: 1.0
Heat curve: 1.0
Temp. max.: 90 °C
Temp. min.: 10 °C

Flow temperature
Heat curve: 1.0

11. CONTROL OF HEATING CIRCUIT

Actuator and valve, VXe Solo H

For controlling the heating circuit the VXe Solo H is supplied with a self-acting flow controller with integrated control valve Danfoss AVQM and a Danfoss AMV actuator placed in the primary return flow line. The AMV actuator is electrically wired to the controller from the plant.

The control valve closes on rising differential pressure and opens on falling differential pressure to control max flow. The controller closes when set max. flow is exceeded.

In the combination with the electrical actuator AMV and ECL electronic controller the flow and temperature can be controlled to achieve highest energy savings. The AVQM is equipped with excess pressure safety valve, which protects control diaphragm for flow control from too high differential pressure.

AMV 150

The actuator has undergone a functional test and is preset from factory.

In the event of operating disturbances the actuator can be shut off manually by turning the manual override knob on top of the actuator clockwise. Please note that the knob can be "tight" to turn.

For additional information see manuals for:
Self-acting flow controller with integrated control valve and actuator AVQM
Electronic actuator AMV 150

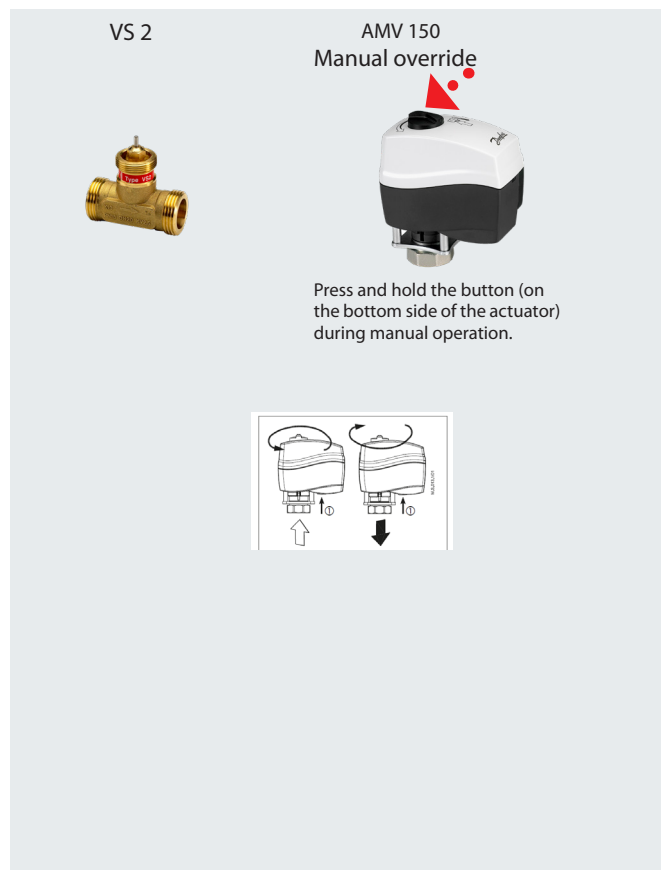
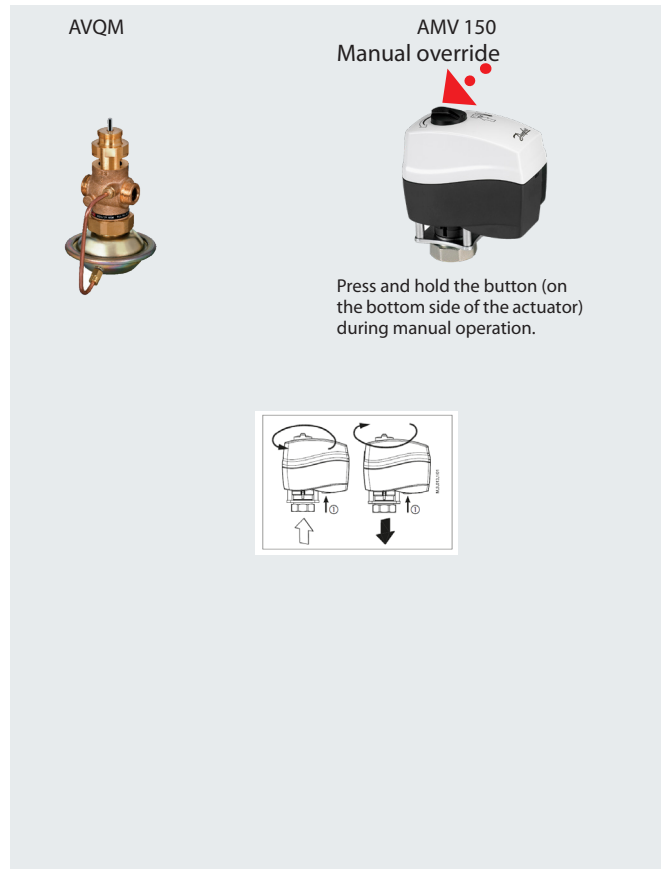
Actuator and valve, VXe Solo HWP

For controlling the heating circuit the VXe Solo HWP is supplied with a Danfoss AMV 150 actuator and a Danfoss valve VS 2, placed on the primary return flow line. THE AMV actuator is electrically wired to the controller from factory.

The actuator has undergone a functional test and is preset from factory.

In the event of operating disturbances the actuator can be shut off manually by turning the manual override knob on top of the actuator clockwise. Please note that the knob can be "tight" to turn.

For additional information see manuals for:
Electronic Actuator AMV 150
Danfoss Valve VS 2



11. CONTROL OF HEATING CIRCUIT

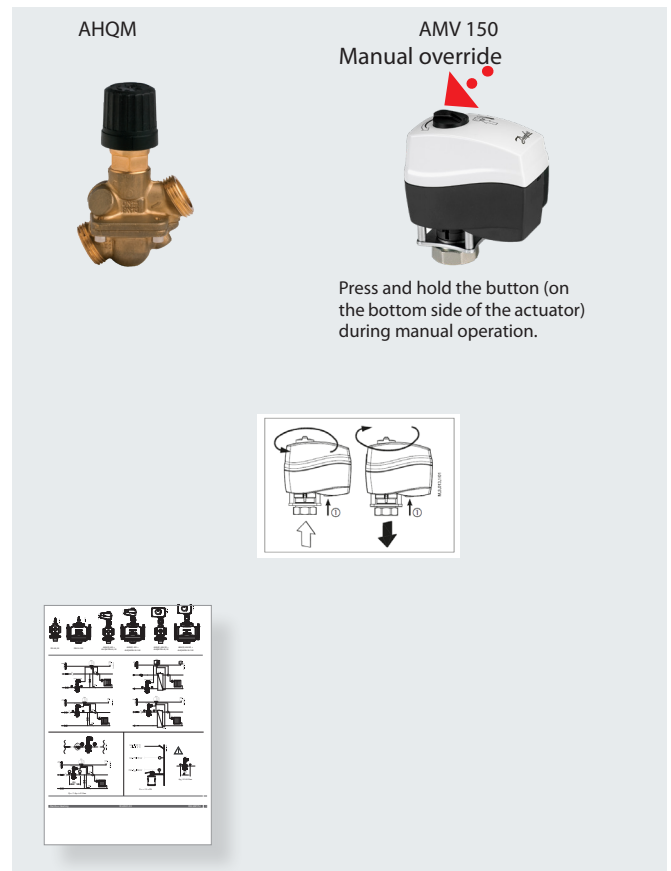
Actuator and valve, VXe Solo HWS

For controlling the heating circuit the VXe Solo HWS substation is supplied with a self-acting flow controller with integrated control valve Danfoss AHQM and an electrical actuator AMV 150. The controller closes when set max. flow is exceeded. The flow-controller is equipped with excess pressure safety valve, which protects the actuator from too high differential pressure.

AMV 150

The electrical actuator has undergone a functional test from factory. In case of operating disturbances the actuator can be closed manually turning the manual override knob on top of actuator counter-clockwise.

**For additional information see the enclosed manuals for:
Electronic Actuator AMV 150
Flow-controller with integrated control valve AHQM**

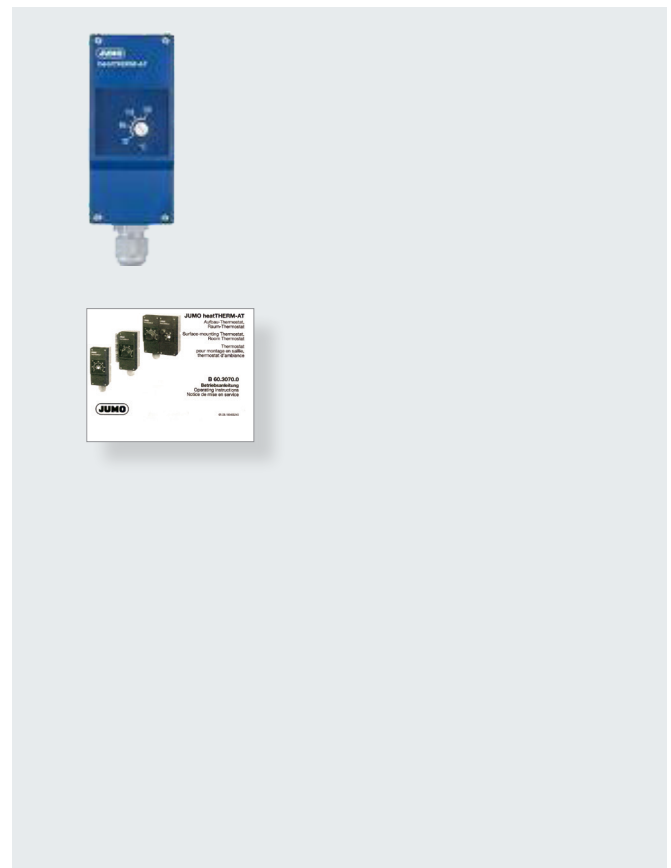


Safety function, Jumo AT

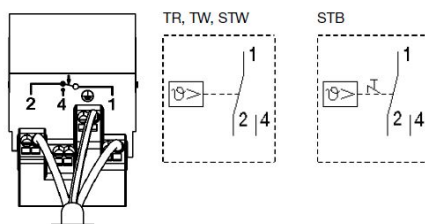
The heating circuit(s) can be supplied with a safety thermostat Jumo AT for protection against overheating.

From factory the Jumo AT safety thermostat is pre-wired to the Danfoss ECL controller with a 2 m cable, enabling the thermostat housing to be mounted in any mounting position on the household piping (HE supply) on site.

**For additional information see the enclosed manuals for:
Jumo AT**



Wiring diagrams



12. HEATING CIRCUIT, PUMP

Grundfos Pump UPM3

Grundfos UPM3 Auto has 12 optional settings, which can be selected with the push-button. **See fig. 1 - User interface.**

The pump is set from factory to Proportional pressure AUTOadapt.

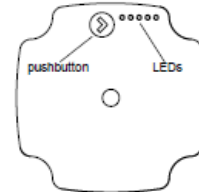


Fig. 1. User interface with a push button and five LEDs.

The user interface shows:

- * performance view (during operation)
 - operation status
 - alarm status
- * settings view (after pressing the button)

During operation, the display shows the performance of the pump. By pressing the button, the display changes status or you can change settings.

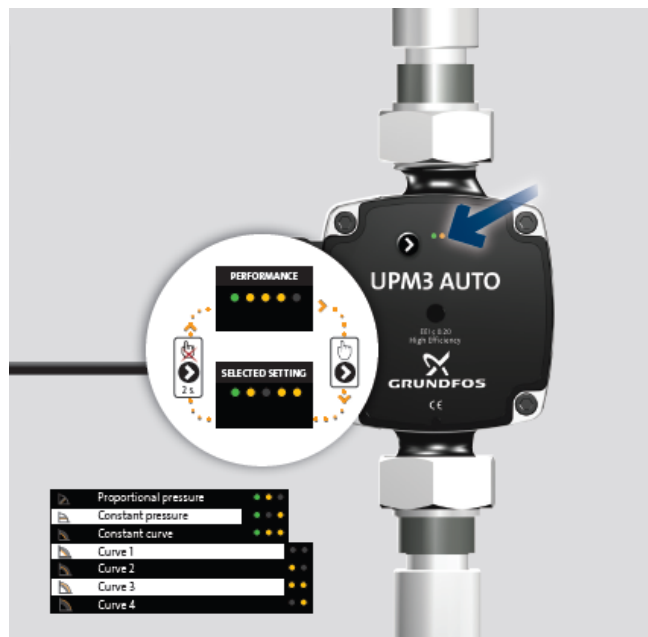


Fig. 2. Performance view

The LEDs show the power consumption for the pump. When the pump is running, LED 1 is green. The four yellow LEDs indicate the current power consumption.

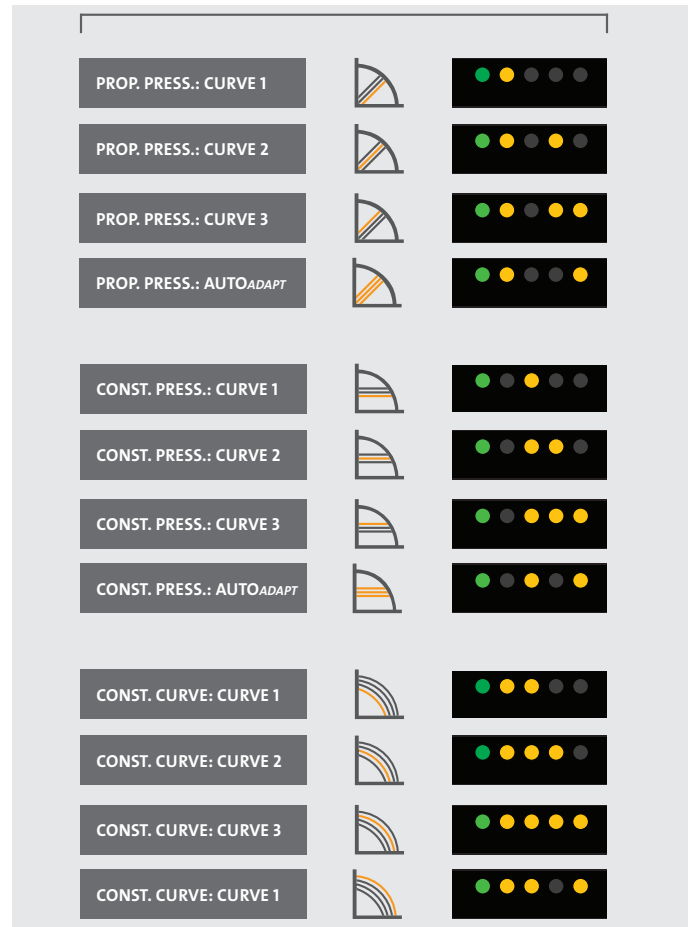
See fig. 2 - Performance view.

Performance % of P ₁ max.	Green	Yellow	Yellow	Yellow	Yellow
0% (standby)	●				
0 - 25%	●	●			
25 - 50%	●	●	●		
50 - 75%	●	●	●	●	
75 - 100 %	●	●	●	●	●

12. HEATING CIRCUIT, PUMP

Check the pump setting by pressing the button once (one constant pressure). The LEDs will briefly (2 sec.) show the pump setting before changing back to showing the power consumption. See fig. 3 - Pump setting view.

Fig. 3. Pump setting view



If the pump setting does not give the desired distribution of heat in the rooms of the house, change the pump setting. See fig. 4 - Recommended pump settings.

Fig. 4. Recommended pump settings

Before starting the setting, make clear what the display should show for the new setting (see fig. 3).

UMP3 15-70 AUTO	
Application	Recommended pump mode
Radiator two-pipe system	1. Auto adapt proportional pressure mode 2. Proportional pressure mode
Radiator one-pipe system	1. Constant curve mode, speed 1-2-3-4 2. Constant pressure mode
Floor heating	1. Auto adapt, Constant pressure mode
Ventilation	1. Constant curve mode, speed 1-2-3-4 2. Constant pressure mode
Domestic hot water*	1. Constant curve mode, speed 1-2-3-4

* Bronze or stainless steel pump housing

To change the pump setting, choose the setting you want (see fig 3), press the button down for more than 2 seconds (less than 10) and the pump switches to setting selection, the LEDs start flashing and display the current setting. Then press the button until the LEDs shows the desired setting. The LEDs flash and when they stop the new setting is saved. The LEDs return to show power consumption. **Please note** that if the LEDs do not flash after 2 seconds, possibly the pump setting is locked. To unlock, press the button down for more than 10 seconds. LEDs will flash and the pump is unlocked. To lock the pump, repeat the procedure.

For more information, see Grundfos instructions.



Alarm status

In case the 1st LED is red the pump has detected one or more alarms. See fig. 5 - Alarm status. When there is no active alarm anymore the user interface switches back to operation mode shortly and then showing power consumption.

Fig. 5. Alarm status

Function	Red	Yellow	Yellow	Yellow	Yellow
Blocked	●				●
Supply voltage low	●			●	
Electrical error	●		●		

13. DOMESTIC HOT WATER

General information

PLEASE NOTE! Some models may have a slightly different appearance, but the control function is in principle the same as described below.

General

The **VXe Solo HWP (Fig. 1)** is supplied with connection pipes for cylinder on the primary side and the **VXe Solo HWS (Fig. 2)** is supplied with connection pipes for cylinder on the secondary side.

VXe Solo HWP

Please note that domestic hot water cylinder control is not included in the standard delivery.

For temperature regulation of the DHW cylinder the **VXe Solo HWP** can, as an option, be equipped with a **RAVK self-acting thermostat** and a **2-way valve VMA** - for installation outside the system.

The controller closes when the temperature rises.

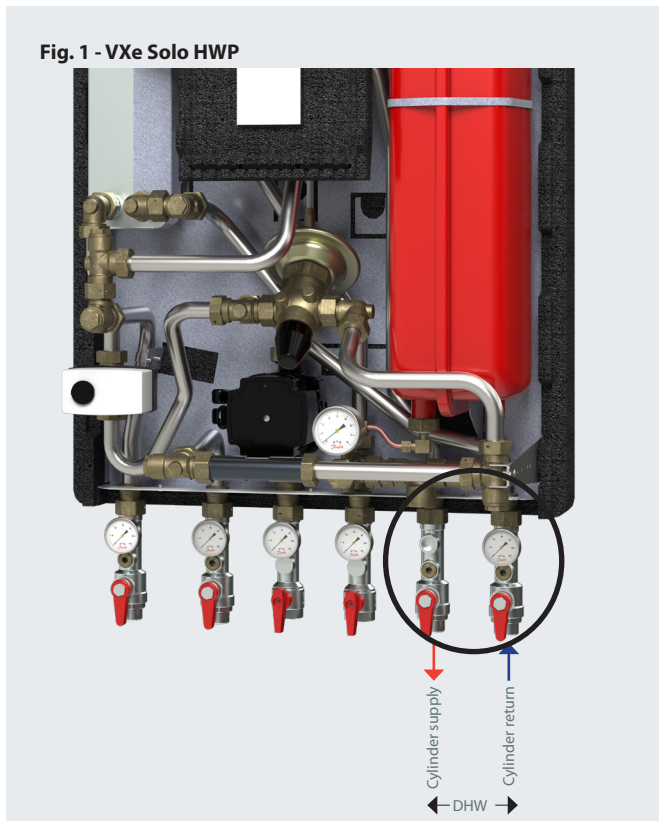
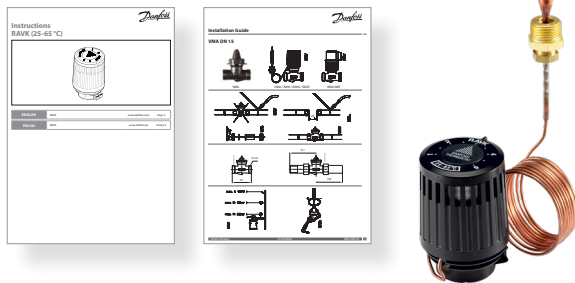


Fig. 1 - VXe Solo HWP

VXe Solo HWS

For VXe Solo HWS the temperature in the cylinder is controlled by the Danfoss ECL controller in combination with the self-acting flow controller with integrated control valve Danfoss AHQM and actuator AMV 150, according to the cylinder temperature, measured by the cylinder sensor.

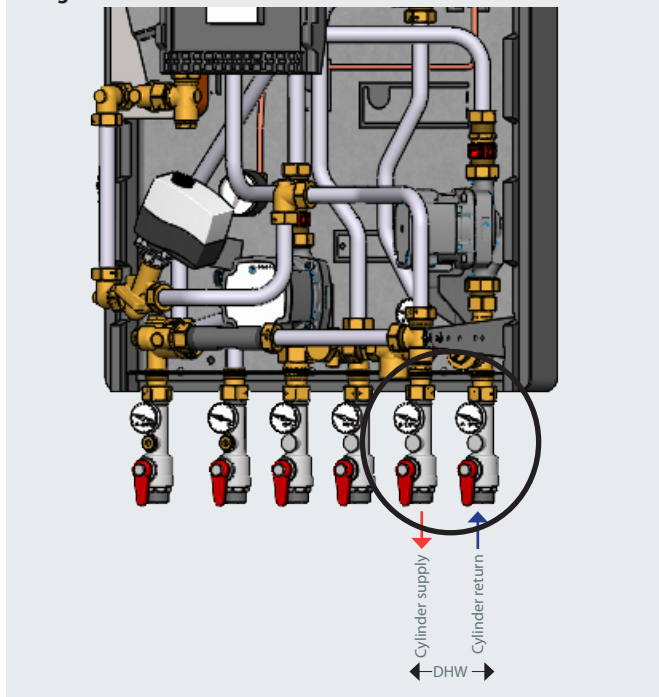


Fig. 2 - VXe Solo HWS

Danfoss ECL Comfort 210/310

The application Key contains information about application, language and factory settings, adapted to the type of system, for which it is ordered.

Note! Various applications can be loaded.

The controller is factory-set for local language and the running time for the actuator (DHW circuit) is preset for the actual application. General controller settings such as "Time and Date" must be entered during commissioning of the controller. And also the desired DHW temperature must be set.

(Make sure that the immersion sensor is placed correctly before making adjustment of the temperature).

Please refer to the enclosed manufacturer instructions for the ECL 210/310 controller in order to **set the required domestic hot water temperature in the DHW cylinder circuit:**

ECL Application Key Box with ECL Comfort 210/310 user guide and mounting guide, for further information.

We recommend that your order commissioning of the controller with your local Danfoss Sales Company.

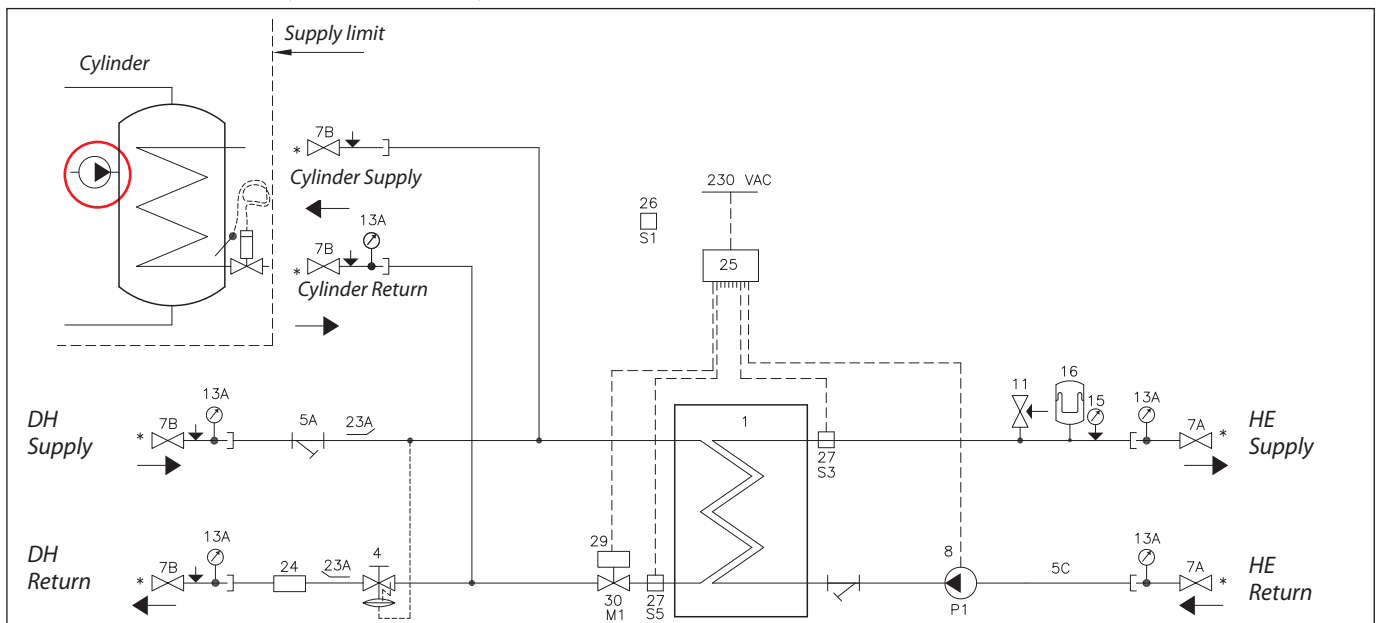


13. DOMESTIC HOT WATER

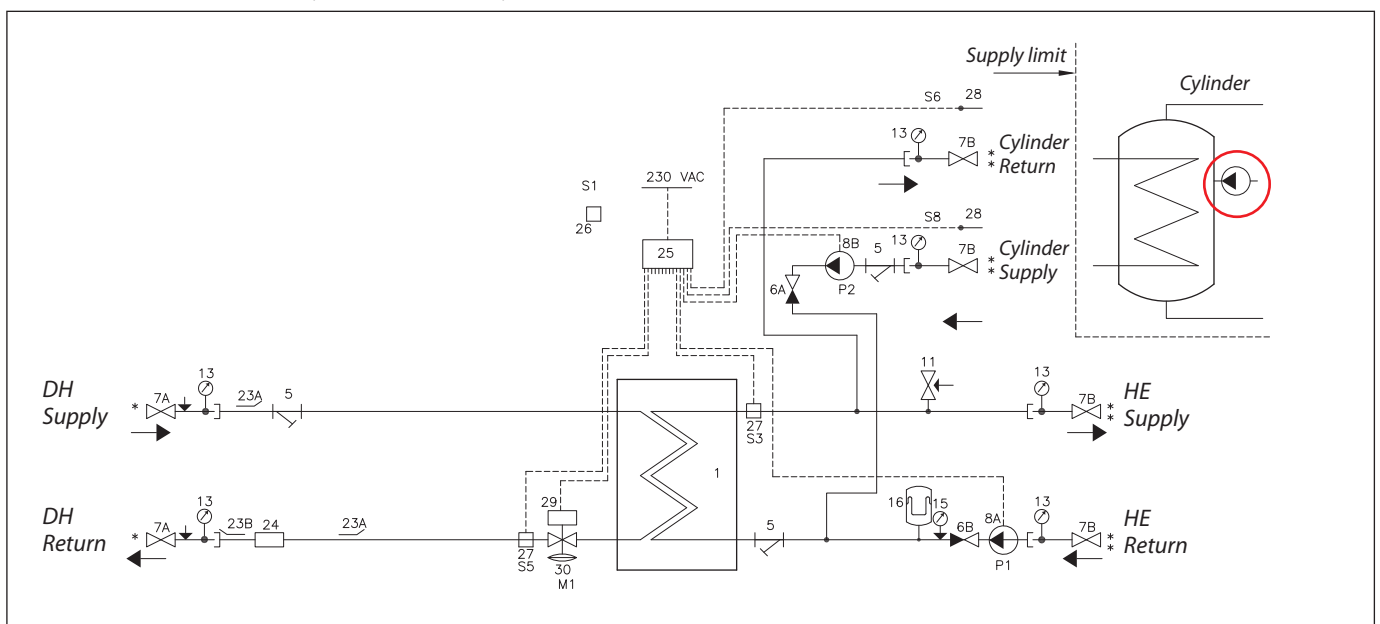
Below schedule states whether the VXe Solo is supplied with connection pipes for DHW cylinder on the primary side or the secondary side, and whether the DHW temperature in the cylinder is controlled by the electronic controller and also states the controller application and the actuator/valve combination.

Type	Primary Connection for Cylinder	Secondary Connection for Cylinder	Pump for cylinder circuit
VXe Solo HWP (ECL310/337)	Control not part of delivery		
VXe Solo HWS (ECL310/A237)		Danfoss ECL 310, Application A237 (AHQM / AMV 150)	Grundfoss UPM3 Auto

VXe Solo HWP with primary connection for cylinder



VXe Solo HWS with secondary connection for cylinder



13. DOMESTIC HOT WATER

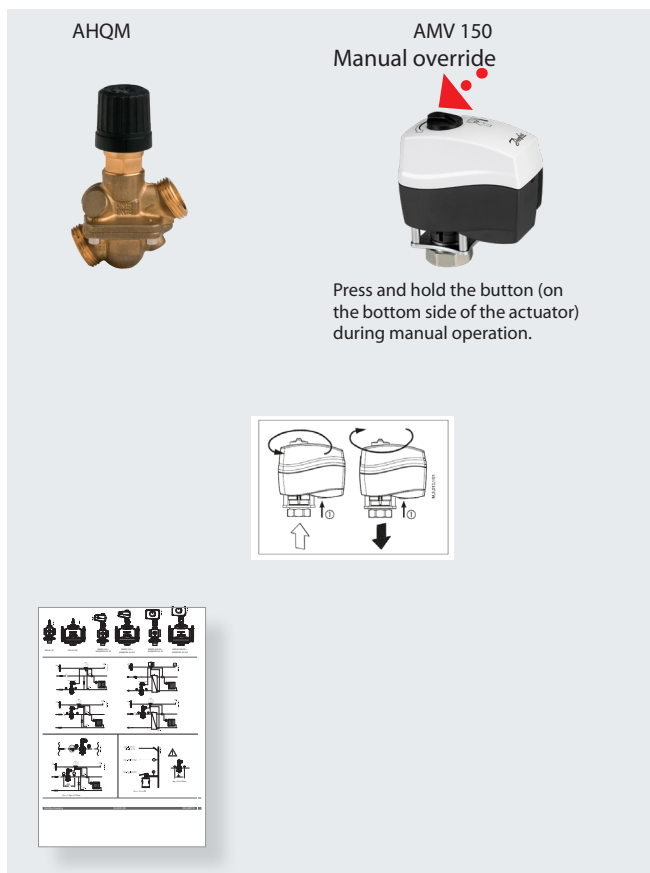
For VXe Solo HWS (ECL 310/A237) the temperature in the DHW cylinder is controlled by the electronic controller in combination with the self-acting flow controller with integrated control valve Danfoss AHQM and actuator AMV 150, according to the cylinder temperature, measured by the cylinder sensor.

The AMV actuator is electrically wired to the controller from the plant.

The electrical actuator has undergone a functional test and is preset from factory.

In the event of operating disturbances the actuator can be shut off manually in accordance with enclosed instructions, by turning the manual override knob on top of the actuator clockwise.

For additional information please see instructions for Electrical actuator AMV 150 Flow-controller with integrated control valve AHQM



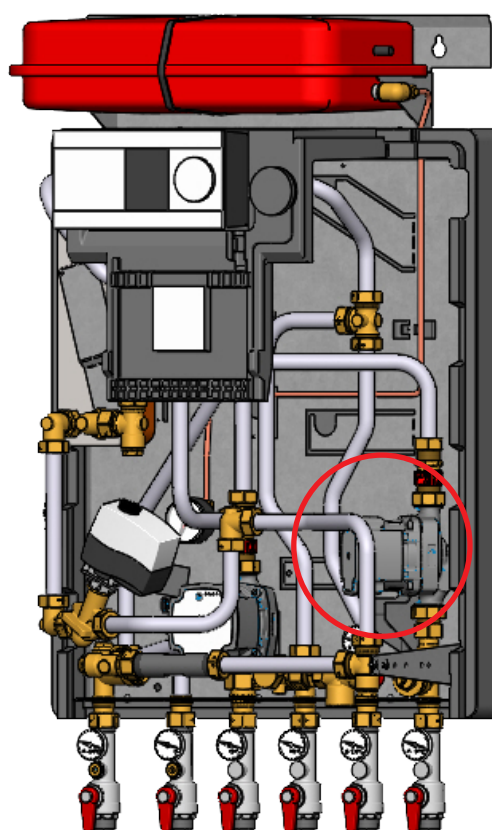
PUMP, DHW CYLINDER CIRCUIT

Domestic hot water circulation pump

VXe Solo HWS with connection pipes for domestic hot water cylinder on the secondary side is fitted with a circulation pump Grundfos UPM3 Auto from factory.

The pump is controlled by the cylinder sensor and ECL controller in combination.

For more information, see Grundfos pump instructions and Danfoss ECL application key instructions.



14. MAINTENANCE

Maintenance work

Is only to be carried out by qualified and authorised personnel.

Inspection

The water heater should be checked regularly by authorised personnel. Any necessary maintenance must be performed in accordance with the instructions in this manual and other sets of instructions. During service the dirt strainers are to be cleaned – including the filter on the controller, all pipe connections must be tightened and the safety valve must be function tested by turning the lever.

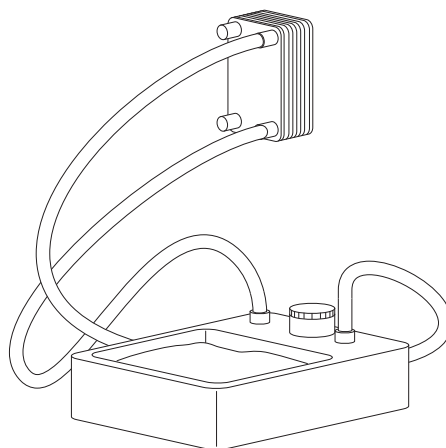


Rinsing/cleaning of plate heat exchanger

To clean the plate heat exchanger, rinse it by running clean water through the exchanger at high speed and in the opposite direction to the normal flow. This will remove any dirt deposits that may have built up in the exchanger. If rinsing with clean water is not sufficient, the exchanger can also be cleaned by circulating a cleaning agent approved by Danfoss (e.g. Kaloxi or Radiner FI cleaning fluid) through the exchanger. Both these cleaning fluids are environmentally friendly and can be disposed off through the standard sewer system. After use of a cleaning fluid, the plate heat exchanger must be rinsed thoroughly with clean water.

Acidification of brazed plate heat exchanger

As a starting point, we do not recommend acidification of the exchanger. Deposits of limescale may build up in plate heat exchangers for domestic hot water on account of the large temperature fluctuations, and because aerated water is used on the secondary side. If it becomes necessary to clean the exchanger with acid, this can be done as shown on the drawing to the right. Brazed plate heat exchangers can withstand rinsing with a dilute acid solution - e.g. 5% formic, acetic or phosphoric acid).



Measures after maintenance work

After maintenance work and before commissioning:

- Check that all screwed connections are tight.
- Check that all safety features, covers, that were removed, have been replaced properly.
- Clean the working area and remove any spilled materials.
- Clear all tools, materials and other equipment from the working area.
- Connect to energy supply and check for leaks.
- Vent the system.
- Carry out any necessary adjustment again.
- Make sure that all safety features on the device and the system work properly.

Meter reading

The caretaker/owner must perform visual checking and reading of the district heating meter at short, regular intervals. (The meter is not a part of the delivery from Danfoss).

Service procedures must only be performed by trained, authorised personnel.

NB! Excessive consumption for whatever reason is not covered by the Danfoss warranty.

Cooling / Return temperature reading

Cooling – i.e. the difference between the supply and return temperature of the district heating water – has a significant effect on overall energy economy. Therefore, it is important to focus on the supply and return temperature in the heating system. The difference should typically be 30–35°C. Please note that a low district heating return temperature is directly related to the return temperature from the heating circuit and the return temperature of the circulation water. It is therefore important to focus on these return temperatures.



Please note

Use of other types of packaging, than the ones, with which the unit is delivered, will lead to the loss of warranty.

14. MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE (recommendations)

Interval	Maintenance work	Comments
At least once per month*	Read the meter and check the system and all connections for leaks	Enter the measured readings in the control book - contact qualified and authorised personnel in the event of leaks or other irregularities
	Check the pipes and exchanger for signs of corrosion. Check for visible signs of coatings (typically white coatings or green irises) on the surface of the exchanger or pipes	Visual control In the event of coatings or green irises on the surface of the exchanger, the exchanger must be replaced immediately by qualified and authorised personnel
	Check all connections for leaks	If you identify a leak, replace the gaskets and retighten the pipe connections
At least once a year*	Check all connections for leaks	If you identify a leak, replace the gaskets and retighten the pipe connections
	Check that the safety valve on the cold water supply is functioning correctly.	Check the functionality by turning the lever on the safety valves
	Check that all components are intact and functioning as intended	In the event of irregularities, lack of functionality or visible faults and defects in a component, replace the component in question
	Clean all dirt filters/strainers in the substation	Replace any filters that are not intact
	Check that any electrical cables are in serviceable condition and that it is possible to disconnect the electrical power supply to the substation	Visual check. Check whether it is possible to disconnect the current to the substation.
	Check the pipes and exchanger for signs of corrosion	Visual check
	Check that the insulation cover is intact	Make sure that the insulation cover encloses the substation tightly
	Check that the temperature regulators are set in accordance with the instructions in this manual	Follow the instructions in the present manual
	Check the functions of all shut-off valves	Check that the ball valves open and close as they should

*)Enduser/caretaker.

Note! After maintenance work has been carried out all gaskets HAVE to be replaced.

15. TROUBLE SHOOTING - HEATING

Fundamental

In the event of disruptions to operation, you should fundamentally - before commencing the actual troubleshooting - check whether:

- the pipes and exchanger shows signs of corrosion. Check for visible signs of coatings (typically white coatings or green verdigris) on the surface of the exchanger or pipes
- the system is correctly connected
- the district heating supply temperature is at its normal level
- the differential pressure is at its normal level. Ask your district heating supplier if necessary
- there is a power supply to the system - pump and automatics
- the dirt strainer in the district heating supply pipe is clean
- there is air in the system (if the system is vented)

Problem	Possible cause	Solution
No heat	<p>Dirt strainer in the district heating or heating return line clogged.</p> <p>Filter in district heating meter clogged.</p> <p>Defective or incorrectly set differential pressure controller.</p> <p>Air pockets in the system.</p>	<p>Clean the filter/dirt strainer.</p> <p>Clean the filter (in consultation with the district heating plant).</p> <p>Check the functions of the differential pressure controller - if necessary, clean the valve seat.</p> <p>Vent the system thoroughly - see the instructions.</p>
Uneven distribution of heat	Air pockets in the system.	Vent the system thoroughly - see the instructions.
Poor cooling	<p>Insufficient heating surface / radiators too small compared to the total heating requirement of the building.</p> <p>Poor utilisation of the existing heating surface.</p>	<p>Increase total heating surface.</p> <p>Turn on all radiators and prevent the radiators in the system from becoming warm at the bottom.</p>
No heat	<p>Defective thermostat (sensor).</p> <p>Defective actuator - or possibly dirt in the valve housing.</p> <p>Automatic components/controller incorrectly adjusted or defective - or possibly power outage.</p> <p>The pump is not working.</p> <p>The pump is set at too low speed of rotation (not all system types).</p> <p>Air pockets in the system.</p>	<p>Replace sensor.</p> <p>Check that the actor is functioning correctly - clean the valve seat if necessary.</p> <p>Check that the controller setting is correct - see the separate instructions for the controller. Check the power supply. Temporarily set the actuator to "manual" control - see the instructions for the heating system.</p> <p>Check that there is a power supply for the pump, and that it is operating. Check that there is no air in the pump housing - see pump manual.</p> <p>Set the pump to a higher speed - see the instructions for the heating system.</p> <p>Vent the installation thoroughly - see the instructions.</p>

15. TROUBLE SHOOTING - DOMESTIC HOT WATER

Fundamental

In the event of disruptions to operation, you should fundamentally - before commencing the actual troubleshooting - check whether:

- the system is correctly connected
- the district heating supply temperature is at its normal level
- the differential pressure is at its normal level. Ask your district heating supplier if necessary
- there is a power supply to the system - pump and automatics
- the dirt strainer in the district heating supply pipe is clean
- there is air in the system (if the system is vented)

Systems with DHW cylinder

Problem	Possible cause	Solution
Poor cooling	Calified cylinder.	Clean DHW cylinder with acid solution or replace heating element. You may check the specifications of the manufacturer conc. cylinder capacity.
Temperature falls during tapping (lack of capacity)	The immersion sensor incorrectly fitted in the cylinder.	Place sensor correctly in accordance with the cylinder manufactur's specifations. You may contact Danfoss Redan A/S for further information.
	Calified heat exchanger.	Clean DHW cylinder with acid solution or replace heating element.
Domestic hot water temperature too high	Defective immersion sensor.	Replace immersion sensor.
No domestic hot water	Calified heat exchanger.	Clean DHW cylinder with acid solution or replace heating element.
	Inadequate cylinder capacity.	Wait for heating / loading of the cylinder. You may check the specifications of the manufacturer conc. cylinder capacity.

16. EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

ENGINEERING
TOMORROW



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Denmark
CVR nr.: 20 16 57 15

Telephone: +45 7488 2222
Fax: +45 7449 0949

EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Danfoss A/S

Danfoss Redan

declares under our sole responsibility that the

Product category:

Small substations with electrical equipment

Type designation(s):

VX 22, S 22 and VX Solo 22

Akva Vita TD, Akva Vita TDP, Akva Vita S and Akva Vita VX,

Akva Lux TD, Akva Lux TDP and Akva Lux S,

Akva Lux II S-unit and Akva Lux II VX/VXi,

Akva Les II S-unit and Akva Les II VX/VXi,

Akva Lux Se and VXe

VX2000 and Akva Lux II VX-F

Akva lux II TDP-F, Akva Lux II S-F, Complete S-F,

EvoFlat FSS, EvoFlat MSS and EvoFlat Four Pipe

Akva Therm 22, 28, 35, and Akva Therm LV

Distribution module GI, GRI, SGC and SGTZC

OEM Shunt

Covered by this declaration is in conformity with the following directive(s), standard(s) or other normative document(s), provided that the product is used in accordance with our instructions.

Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC

EN 60204-1/A1:2009. Safety of machinery – Part 1 – General Requirements.

EN 12100:2011, Safety of machinery – Risk assessment.

Low Voltage Directive (LVD) – 2014/35/EU

EN 60730-1:2012. Safety of machinery – Part 1 – General Requirements

Date: 2021.02.28 Place of issue: Silkeborg	Issued by 	Date: 2021.02.28 Place of issue: Silkeborg	Approved by 
Signature: Name: Jan Bennetsen Title: Engineering Specialist		Signature: Name: Henrik Ellegaard Title: Quality and EHS Supervisor	

Danfoss only vouches for the correctness of the English version of this declaration. In the event of the declaration being translated into any other language, the translator concerned shall be liable for the correctness of the translation

17. COMMISSIONING CERTIFICATE

The substation is the direct link between the district heating supply network and the household piping system. All supply pipes and the pipes in the household piping system must be checked and rinsed before commissioning. Once the system has been filled with water, all pipe connections must be retightened before performing pressure test for leaks. The dirt strainers must be cleaned and the substation must be adjusted in accordance with the instructions in this manual.

It is important to comply with all technical regulations and the applicable legislation in every respect.

Installation and commissioning must only be performed by trained, authorised personnel.

The substation is checked in the factory for leaks before delivery. Leaks are however possible due to vibrations caused by transport, handling and heating of the system and therefore it is important to check all connections and to retighten if necessary before commissioning. Please note that the connections may feature EPDM gaskets! **Therefore it is important that you DO NOT OVER-TIGHTEN the connections.** Over-tightening may result in leaks. Leaks caused by over-tightening or failure to retighten connections are not covered by the warranty.

To be filled-out by the installer

This substation has been retightened, adjusted and commissioned

on the: _____
Date/Year

by installer: _____
Company name (stamp)

ENGINEERING
TOMORROW

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