

Programming Guide

VLT® AutomationDrive FC 361

90-315 kW, Enclosure Size J8-J9











Contents

1 Introduction	3
1.1 How to Read This Programming Guide	3
1.2 Definitions	4
1.3 Electrical Wiring - Control Cables	7
2 Safety	10
2.1 Safety Symbols	10
2.2 Qualified Personnel	10
2.3 Safety Precautions	10
3 Programming	12
3.1 Graphical and Numerical Local Control Panels	12
3.1.1 LCD Display	13
3.1.2 Quick Transfer of Parameter Settings between Multiple Frequency Converters	15
3.1.3 Display Mode	15
3.1.4 Display Mode - Selection of Readouts	15
3.1.5 Parameter Set-up	17
3.1.6 Quick Menu Key Functions	17
3.1.7 Initial Commissioning	18
3.1.8 Main Menu Mode	19
3.1.9 Parameter Selection	19
3.1.10 Changing Data	19
3.1.11 Changing a Text Value	19
3.1.12 Changing a Data Value	20
3.1.13 Infinitely Variable Change of Numeric Data Value	20
3.1.14 Value, Step by Step	20
3.1.15 Readout and Programming of Indexed Parameters	20
3.1.16 How to Program on the Numerical Local Control Panel	20
3.1.17 LCP Keys	22
4 Parameter Descriptions	24
4.1 Parameters: 0-** Operation and Display	24
4.2 Parameters: 1-** Load and Motor	32
4.3 Parameters: 2-** Brakes	47
4.4 Parameters: 3-** Reference/Ramps	49
4.5 Parameters: 4-** Limits/Warnings	58
4.6 Parameters: 5-** Digital In/Out	63
4.7 Parameters: 6-** Analog In/Out	78
4.8 Parameters: 7-** Controllers	84
4.9 Parameters: 8-** Communications and Options	90







	4.10 Parameters: 9-** PROFIBUS	96
	4.11 Parameters: 12-** Ethernet	102
	4.12 Parameters: 13-** Smart Logic Control	105
	4.13 Parameters: 14-** Special Functions	115
	4.14 Parameters: 15-** Drive Information	126
	4.15 Parameters: 16-** Data Readouts	130
	4.16 Parameters: 17-** Feedback	135
	4.17 Parameters: 18-** Data Readouts 2	136
	4.18 Parameters: 21-** Ext. Closed Loop	137
	4.19 Parameters: 22-** Appl. Functions	139
	4.20 Parameters: 30-** Special Features	142
	4.21 Parameters: 40-** Special Settings	142
5 P	Parameter Lists	144
	5.1 Introduction	144
	5.2 Parameter Lists	145
6 T	Troubleshooting	163
	6.1 Status Messages	163
Inc	dex	175



1 Introduction

1.1 How to Read This Programming Guide

1.1.1 Purpose of the Manual

This programming guide provides information about controlling the frequency converter, parameter access, programming, and troubleshooting.

The programming guide is intended for use by qualified personnel who are familiar with VLT® AutomationDrive FC 361.

Read the instructions before programming and follow the procedures in this manual.

VLT® is a registered trademark.

1.1.2 Additional Resources

Additional resources include:

- VLT® AutomationDrive FC 361 Operating Guide provides the necessary information for getting the frequency converter up and running.
- VLT® AutomationDrive FC 361 Design Guide provides detailed technical information about the frequency converter and customer design and applications.

Contact the local Danfoss supplier for the documentation.

1.1.3 Document and Software Version

This manual is regularly reviewed and updated. All suggestions for improvement are welcome. *Table 1.1* shows the document version and the corresponding software version.

Edition	Remarks	Software version
MG06J1	First edition.	1.0x

Table 1.1 Document and Software Version

°C	Degrees Celsius	
°F	Fahrenheit	
AC		
	Alternating current	
AEO	Automatic energy optimization	
ACP	Application control processor	
AWG	American wire gauge	
AMA	Automatic motor adaptation	
DC	Direct current	
EEPROM	Electrically erasable programmable	
	read-only memory	
EMC	Electromagnetic compatibility	
EMI	Electromagnetic interference	
ESD	Electrostatic discharge	
ETR	Electronic thermal relay	
f _{M,N}	Nominal motor frequency	
FC	Frequency converter	
IGBT	Insulated-gate bipolar transistor	
IP	Ingress protection	
I _{LIM}	Current limit	
I _{INV}	Rated inverter output current	
I _{M,N}	Nominal motor current	
I _{VLT,MAX}	Maximum output current	
l	Rated output current supplied by the	
I _{VLT,N}	frequency converter	
Ld	Motor d-axis inductance	
Lq	Motor q-axis inductance	
LCP	Local control panel	
LED	Light-emitting diode	
MCP	Motor control processor	
N.A.	Not applicable	
NIFAAA	National Electrical Manufacturers	
NEMA	Association	
P _{M,N}	Nominal motor power	
PCB	Printed circuit board	
PE	Protective earth	
PELV	Protective extra low voltage	
PWM	Pulse width modulation	
Rs	Stator resistance	
Regen	Regenerative terminals	
RPM	Revolutions per minute	
RFI	Radio frequency interference	
SCR	Silicon controlled rectifier	
SMPS	Switch mode power supply	
T _{LIM}	Torque limit	
U _{M.N}		
,	•	
X _h	Motor main reactance	

Table 1.2 Abbreviations



1.1.4 Approvals and Certifications



1.2 Definitions

1.2.1 Frequency Converter

Coast

The motor shaft is in free mode. No torque on the motor.

Maximum output current.

Rated output current supplied by the frequency converter.

UVLT,MAX

Maximum output voltage.

1.2.2 Input

Control commands

Start and stop the connected motor with the LCP and digital inputs.

Functions are divided into 2 groups.

Functions in group 1 have higher priority than functions in group 2.

Group 1	Coast stop, reset and coast stop, quick stop, DC
	braking, stop, and [OFF].
Group 2	Start, latched start, start reversing, jog, freeze
	output, and [Hand On].

Table 1.3 Function Groups

1.2.3 Motor

Motor running

Torque generated on the output shaft and speed from 0 RPM to maximum speed on the motor.

Motor frequency when the jog function is activated (via digital terminals or bus).

fм

Motor frequency.

Maximum motor frequency.

\textbf{f}_{MIN}

Minimum motor frequency.

Rated motor frequency (nameplate data).

Motor current (actual).

Nominal motor current (nameplate data).

Nominal motor speed (nameplate data).

Synchronous motor speed.

$$n_s = \frac{2 \times Parameter 1 - 23 \times 60 s}{Parameter 1 - 39}$$

nslip

Motor slip.

Рм, N

Rated motor power (nameplate data in kW or hp).

Rated torque (motor).

Uм

Instantaneous motor voltage.

U_{M,N}

Rated motor voltage (nameplate data).

Break-away torque

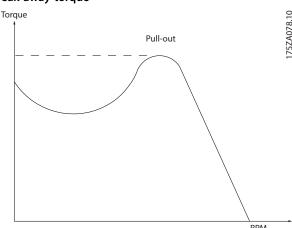


Illustration 1.1 Break-away Torque

nvlt

The efficiency of the frequency converter is defined as the ratio between the power output and the power input.

Start-disable command

A start-disable command belonging to the control commands in group 1. See Table 1.3 for more details.

Stop command

A stop command belonging to the control commands in group 1. See Table 1.3 for more details.



1.2.4 References

Analog reference

A signal transmitted to the analog inputs 53 or 54 can be voltage or current.

Binary reference

A signal transmitted via the serial communication port.

Preset reference

A defined preset reference to be set from -100% to +100% of the reference range. Selection of 8 preset references via the digital terminals. Selection of 4 preset references via the bus.

Pulse reference

A pulse frequency signal transmitted to the digital inputs (terminal 29 or 33).

RefMAX

Determines the relationship between the reference input at 100% full scale value (typically 10 V, 20 mA) and the resulting reference. The maximum reference value is set in parameter 3-03 Maximum Reference.

Refmin

Determines the relationship between the reference input at 0% value (typically 0 V, 0 mA, 4 mA) and the resulting reference. The minimum reference value is set in parameter 3-02 Minimum Reference.

1.2.5 Miscellaneous

Analog inputs

The analog inputs are used for controlling various functions of the frequency converter.

There are 2 types of analog inputs:

- Current input: 0–20 mA and 4–20 mA.
- Voltage input: 0–10 V DC.

Analog outputs

The analog outputs can supply a signal of 0-20 mA, or 4-20 mA.

Automatic motor adaptation, AMA

The AMA algorithm determines the electrical parameters for the connected motor at standstill.

Brake resistor

The brake resistor is a module capable of absorbing the brake power generated in regenerative braking. This regenerative brake power increases the DC-link voltage and a brake chopper ensures that the power is transmitted to the brake resistor.

CT characteristics

Constant torque characteristics used for all applications such as conveyor belts, displacement pumps, and cranes.

Digital inputs

The digital inputs can be used for controlling various functions of the frequency converter.

Digital outputs

The frequency converter features 2 solid-state outputs that can supply a 24 V DC (maximum 40 mA) signal.

ETR

Electronic thermal relay is a thermal load calculation based on present load and time. Its purpose is to estimate the motor temperature.

FC standard bus

Includes RS485 bus with FC protocol or MC protocol. See *parameter 8-30 Protocol*.

Initializing

If initializing is carried out (*parameter 14-22 Operation Mode* or 2 finger reset), the frequency converter returns to the default setting.

Intermittent duty cycle

An intermittent duty rating refers to a sequence of duty cycles. Each cycle consists of an on-load and an off-load period. The operation can be either periodic duty or non-periodic duty.

LCP

The local control panel makes up a complete interface for control and programming of the frequency converter. The LCP is detachable. With the installation kit option, the LCP can be installed up to 3 m (9.8 ft) from the frequency converter in a front panel.

GLCP

The graphic local control panel interface for control and programming of the frequency converter. The display is graphic and the panel is used to show process values. The GLCP has storing and copy functions.

NLCP

The numerical local control panel interface for control and programming of the frequency converter. The display is numerical and the panel is used to show process values. The NLCP has storing and copy functions.

lsb

Least significant bit.

msb

Most significant bit.

MCM

Short for mille circular mil, an American measuring unit for cable cross-section. 1 MCM = 0.5067 mm^2 .

On-line/off-line parameters

Changes to on-line parameters are activated immediately after the data value is changed. To activate changes to off-line parameters, press [OK].

Process PID

The PID control maintains speed, pressure, and temperature by adjusting the output frequency to match the varying load.

PCD

Process control data.



Power cycle

Switch off the mains until the display (LCP) is dark, then turn power on again.

Power factor

The power factor is the relation between I₁ and I_{RMS}.

$$Power\ factor\ =\ \frac{\sqrt{3}\ x\ U\ x\ I_1\ cos\varphi1}{\sqrt{3}\ x\ U\ x\ I_{RMS}}$$

For VLT® AutomationDrive FC 361 frequency converters, $cos\phi1 = 1$, therefore:

$$Power\ factor\ =\ \frac{I1\ x\ cos\varphi1}{I_{RMS}}\ =\ \frac{I_1}{I_{RMS}}$$

The power factor indicates to which extent the frequency converter imposes a load on the mains supply.

The lower the power factor, the higher the I_{RMS} for the same kW performance.

$$I_{RMS} = \sqrt{I_1^2 + I_5^2 + I_7^2 + ... + I_n^2}$$

In addition, a high-power factor indicates that the different harmonic currents are low.

The built-in DC coils produce a high-power factor, minimizing the imposed load on the mains supply.

Pulse input/incremental encoder

An external, digital pulse transmitter used for feeding back information on motor speed. The encoder is used in applications where great accuracy in speed control is required.

RCD

Residual current device.

Set-up

Save parameter settings in 4 set-ups. Change between the 2 parameter set-ups and edit 1 set-up while another set-up is active.

SFAVM

Acronym describing the switching pattern stator fluxoriented asynchronous vector modulation.

Slip compensation

The frequency converter compensates for the motor slip by giving the frequency a supplement that follows the measured motor load, keeping the motor speed almost constant.

Smart logic control (SLC)

The SLC is a sequence of user-defined actions executed when the smart logic controller evaluates the associated user-defined events as true (parameter group 13-** Smart Logic Control).

STW

Status word.

THD

Total harmonic distortion states the total contribution of harmonic distortion.

Thermistor

A temperature-dependent resistor placed where the temperature is monitored (frequency converter or motor).

Trip

A state entered in fault situations, for example if the frequency converter is subject to overvoltage or when it is protecting the motor, process, or mechanism. Restart is prevented until the cause of the fault has disappeared, and the trip state is canceled by activating reset or, sometimes, by being programmed to reset automatically. Do not use trip for personal safety.

Trip lock

Trip lock is a state entered in fault situations when the frequency converter is protecting itself and requiring physical intervention. An example causing a trip lock is the frequency converter being subject to a short circuit on the output. A locked trip can only be canceled by cutting off mains, removing the cause of the fault, and reconnecting the frequency converter. Restart is prevented until the trip state is canceled by activating reset or, sometimes, by being programmed to reset automatically. Do not use trip lock for personal safety.

VT characteristics

Variable torque characteristics used for pumps and fans.

VVC+

If compared with standard voltage/frequency ratio control, voltage vector control (VVC⁺) improves the dynamics and stability, both when the speed reference is changed and in relation to the load torque.

60° AVM

Refers to the switching pattern 60 $^{\circ}$ asynchronous vector modulation.



1.3 Electrical Wiring - Control Cables

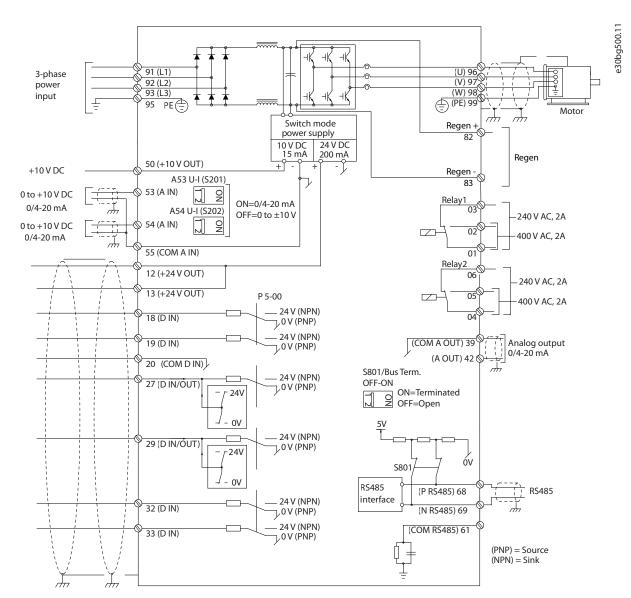


Illustration 1.2 Basic Wiring Schematic Drawing

A=Analog, D=Digital

Very long control cables and analog signals may in rare cases, and depending on installation, result in 50/60 Hz ground loops due to noise from mains supply cables.

If 50/60 Hz ground loops occur, consider breaking the shield or insert a 100 nF capacitor between shield and enclosure.

To avoid ground currents from both groups to affect other groups, connect the digital and analog inputs and outputs separately to the common inputs (terminals 20, 55, and 39) of the frequency converter. For example, switching on the digital input may disturb the analog input signal.

e30bg750.10

e30bg751.10

Input polarity of control terminals

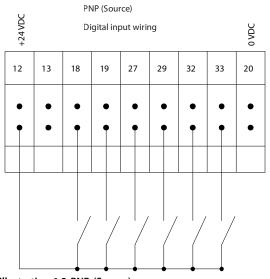
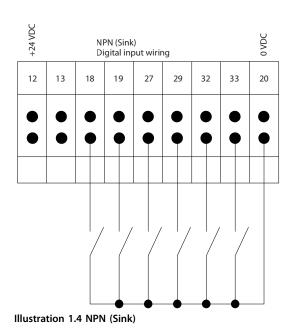


Illustration 1.3 PNP (Source)



NOTICE

Control cables must be shielded/armored.

See the section *Grounding of Shielded Control Cables* in the *design guide* for the correct termination of control cables.

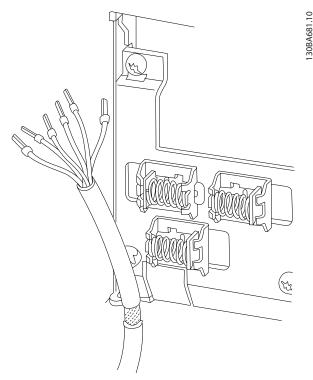
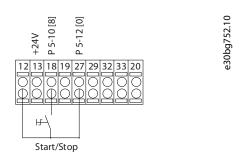


Illustration 1.5 Grounding of Shielded/Armored Control Cables

1.3.1 Start/Stop

Terminal 18 = Parameter 5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input [8] Start

Terminal 27 = Parameter 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input [0] No operation (Default [2] Coast inverse).



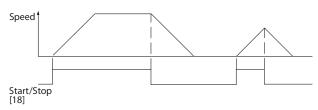


Illustration 1.6 Start/Stop

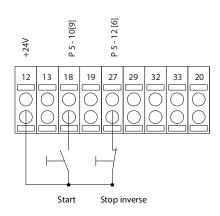
e30bg748.10



1.3.2 Pulse Start/Stop

Terminal 18 = Parameter 5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input, [9] Latched start.

Terminal 27 = Parameter 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input, [6] Stop inverse.



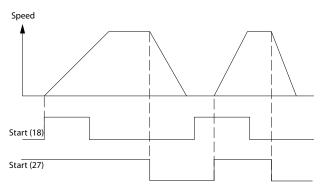


Illustration 1.7 Pulse Start/Stop

1.3.3 Speed up/Speed Down

Terminals 29/32 = Speed up/Speed down

Terminal 18 = Parameter 5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input [9] Start (default).

Terminal 27 = Parameter 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input [19] Freeze reference.

Terminal 29 = Parameter 5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input [21] Speed up.

Terminal 32 = Parameter 5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input [22] Speed down.

NOTICE

Terminal 29 only in FC x02 (x=series type).

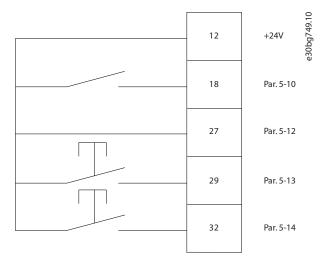


Illustration 1.8 Speed up/Speed down

1.3.4 Potentiometer Reference

Voltage reference via a potentiometer

Reference source 1 = [1] Analog input 53 (default).

Terminal 53, low voltage = 0 V.

Terminal 53, high voltage = 10 V.

Terminal 53, low reference/feedback = 0 RPM.

Terminal 53, high reference/feedback = 1500 RPM.

Switch S201 = OFF(U)

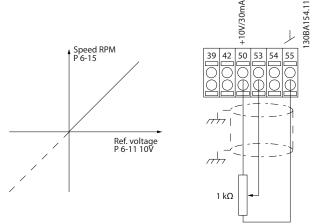


Illustration 1.9 Potentiometer Reference



2 Safety

2.1 Safety Symbols

The following symbols are used in this guide:

AWARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that could result in death or serious injury.

ACAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that could result in minor or moderate injury. It can also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

NOTICE

Indicates important information, including situations that can result in damage to equipment or property.

2.2 Qualified Personnel

Correct and reliable transport, storage, installation, operation, and maintenance are required for the trouble-free and safe operation of the frequency converter. Only qualified personnel are allowed to install and operate this equipment.

Qualified personnel are defined as trained staff, who are authorized to install, commission, and maintain equipment, systems, and circuits in accordance with pertinent laws and regulations. Also, the qualified personnel must be familiar with the instructions and safety measures described in this manual.

2.3 Safety Precautions

AWARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE

Frequency converters contain high voltage when connected to AC mains input, DC supply, or load sharing. Failure to perform installation, start-up, and maintenance by qualified personnel can result in death or serious injury.

- Only qualified personnel must perform installation, start-up, and maintenance.
- Before performing any service or repair work, use an appropriate voltage measuring device to make sure that there is no remaining voltage on the frequency converter.

Safety regulations

- Disconnect mains supply to the frequency converter whenever repair work is to be carried out. Check that the mains supply has been disconnected and that the necessary time has elapsed before removing motor and mains supply plugs. See the warning of discharge time for more information.
- [Off] does not disconnect the mains supply and must not be used as a safety switch.
- Ground the equipment properly, protect the user against supply voltage, and protect the motor against overload in accordance with applicable national and local regulations.
- The ground leakage current exceeds 3.5 mA.
 Ensure correct grounding of the equipment by a certified electrical installer.
- Do not remove the plugs for the motor and mains supply while the frequency converter is connected to mains. Check that the mains supply has been disconnected and that the necessary time has elapsed before removing motor and mains plugs.
- The frequency converter has more voltage sources than L1, L2, and L3, when load sharing (linking of DC intermediate circuit) or external 24 V DC is installed. Check that all voltage sources have been disconnected and that the necessary time has elapsed before commencing repair work. See the warning of discharge time for more information.

AWARNING

UNINTENDED START

When the frequency converter is connected to AC mains, DC supply, or load sharing, the motor may start at any time. Unintended start during programming, service, or repair work can result in death, serious injury, or property damage. The motor can start via an external switch, a serial bus command, an input reference signal from the LCP, or after a cleared fault condition. To prevent unintended motor start:

- Disconnect the frequency converter from the mains.
- Press [Off/Reset] on the LCP before programming parameters.
- Completely wire and assemble the frequency converter, motor, and any driven equipment before connecting the frequency converter to AC mains, DC supply, or load sharing.



AWARNING

DISCHARGE TIME

The drive contains DC-link capacitors, which can remain charged even when the drive is not powered. High voltage can be present even when the warning LED indicator lights are off. Failure to wait the specified time after power has been removed before performing service or repair work can result in death or serious injury.

- Stop the motor.
- Disconnect AC mains and remote DC-link power supplies, including battery back-ups, UPS, and DC-link connections to other drives.
- Disconnect or lock PM motor.
- Wait for the capacitors to discharge fully. The minimum waiting time is 20 minutes.
- Before performing any service or repair work, use an appropriate voltage measuring device to make sure that the capacitors are fully discharged.

NOTICE

Control signals from, or internally within, the frequency converter may in rare cases be activated in error, be delayed, or fail to occur entirely. When used in situations where safety is critical, for example when controlling the electromagnetic brake function of a hoist application, do not rely on these control signals exclusively.

NOTICE

Hazardous situations must be identified by the machine builder/integrator who is responsible for considering the necessary preventive means. More monitoring and protective devices may be included, always according to valid national safety regulations, for example law on mechanical tools and regulations for the prevention of accidents.

Crane, lifts, and hoists

The controlling of external brakes must always have a redundant system. The frequency converter can in no circumstances be the primary safety circuit. Comply with relevant standards, for example:

Hoists and cranes: IEC 60204-32 Lifts: EN 81

Protection mode

Once a hardware limit on motor current or DC-link voltage is exceeded, the frequency converter enters the protection mode. Protection mode means a change of the PWM modulation strategy and a low switching frequency to minimize losses. This continues for 10 s after the last fault and increases the reliability and the robustness of the frequency converter while re-establishing full control of the motor.

In hoist applications, protection mode is not usable because the frequency converter is unable to leave this mode again and therefore it extends the time before activating the brake, which is not recommended. Protection mode can be disabled by setting parameter 14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault to 0, which means that the frequency converter trips immediately if 1 of the hardware limits is exceeded.

NOTICE

Disabling protection mode in hoisting applications (parameter 14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault = 0) is recommended.



3 Programming

3.1 Graphical and Numerical Local Control Panels

Easy programming of the frequency converter is done via the graphical LCP (LCP 102). For information about using the numerical local control panel (LCP 101), see chapter 3.1.16 How to Program on the Numerical Local Control Panel.

The LCP is divided into 4 functional groups:

- 1. Graphical display with status lines.
- 2. Menu keys and indicator lights changing parameters and switching between display functions.
- 3. Navigation keys and indicator lights.
- 4. Operation keys and indicator lights.

The LCP display can show up to 5 items of operating data while showing *Status*.

Display lines:

- a. **Status line:** Status messages showing icons and graphics.
- Line 1–2: Operator data lines showing data defined or selected. Add up to 1 extra line by pressing [Status].
- c. Status line: Status messages showing text.

NOTICE

If start-up is delayed, the LCP shows the INITIALIZING message until it is ready. Adding or removing options can delay the start-up.

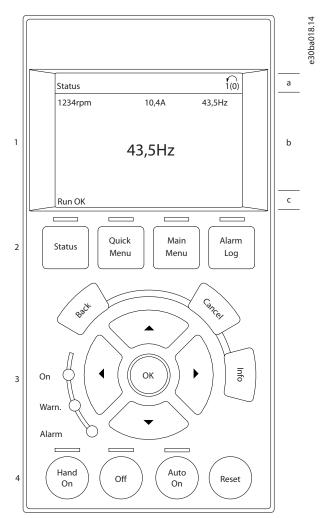


Illustration 3.1 LCP



3.1.1 LCD Display

The display has backlight and a total of 6 alpha-numeric lines. The display lines show the direction of rotation (arrow), the selected set-up, and the programming set-up. The display is divided into 3 sections.

Top section

The top section shows up to 2 measurements in normal operating status.

Middle section

The top line shows up to 5 measurements with related unit, regardless of status (except in the case of alarm/warning).

Bottom section

The bottom section always shows the state of the frequency converter in *Status* mode.

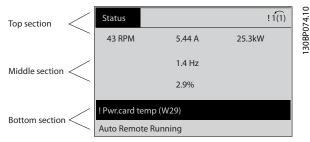


Illustration 3.2 Display

The active set-up (selected as the active set-up in parameter 0-10 Active Set-up) is shown. When programming another set-up than the active set-up, the number of the programmed set-up appears to the right.

Display contrast adjustment

Press [Status] and [▲] for darker display.

Press [Status] and [▼] for brighter display.

Most parameter set-ups can be changed immediately via the LCP, unless a password has been created via parameter 0-60 Main Menu Password or via parameter 0-65 Quick Menu Password.

Indicator lights

If certain threshold values are exceeded, the alarm and/or warning indicator lights up. A status and alarm text appear on the LCP.

The ON indicator light is activated when the frequency converter receives mains voltage or via a DC bus terminal or 24 V external supply. At the same time, the back indicator light is on.

- Green LED/On: Control section is working.
- Yellow LED/Warn: Indicates a warning.
- Flashing Red LED/Alarm: Indicates an alarm.

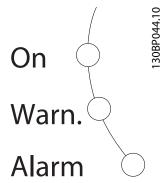


Illustration 3.3 Indicator Lights

LCP keys

The control keys are divided into functions. The keys below the display and indicator lights are used for parameter setup, including option of display indication during normal operation.



Illustration 3.4 LCP Keys

[Status]

Indicates the status of the frequency converter and/or the motor. Select between 3 different readouts by pressing [Status]: 5 line readouts, 4 line readouts, or smart logic control.

Press [Status] for selecting the mode of display or for changing back to display mode from either the quick menu mode, the main menu mode, or the alarm mode. Also use [Status] to toggle single or double readout mode.

[Quick Menu]

Allows quick access to different quick menus such as:

- My personal menu.
- Quick set-up.
- Changes made.
- Loggings.

Press [Quick Menu] to program the parameters belonging to the Quick Menu. It is possible to switch directly between quick menu mode and main menu mode.

[Main Menu]

Is used for programming all parameters.

It is possible to switch directly between main menu mode and quick menu mode.

Parameter shortcut can be carried out by pressing down [Main Menu] for 3 s. The parameter shortcut allows direct access to any parameter.



[Alarm Log]

Shows an alarm list of the 5 latest alarms (numbered A1–A5). To obtain extra details about an alarm, press the navigation keys to maneuver to the alarm number and press [OK]. Information is shown about the condition of the frequency converter before it enters the alarm mode.

[Back]

Returns to the previous step or layer in the navigation structure.

[Cancel]

Last change or command is canceled as long as the display has not been changed.

[Info]

Supplies information about a command, parameter, or function in any display window. [Info] provides detailed information whenever help is needed.

Exit Info mode by pressing either [Info], [Back], or [Cancel].





Illustration 3.6 Cancel



Illustration 3.7 Info

Navigation keys

The 4 navigation keys are used to navigate between the different options available in Quick Menu, Main Menu, and Alarm Log. Press the keys to move the cursor.

[OK]

Press for selecting a parameter marked by the cursor and for enabling the change of a parameter.

Local control keys

Local control keys are at the bottom of the LCP.

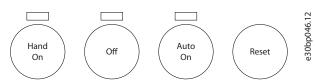


Illustration 3.8 Local Control Keys

[Hand On]

Enables control of the frequency converter via the LCP. [Hand On] also starts the motor, and it is now possible to enter the motor speed data with the navigation keys. The key can be selected as [1] Enable or [0] Disable via parameter 0-40 [Hand on] Key on LCP.

External stop signals activated with control signals or a fieldbus override a start command via the LCP.

The following control signals are still active when [Hand On] is activated:

- [Hand On] [Off] [Auto On].
- Reset.
- Coast stop inverse.
- Reversing.
- Set-up select bit 0 Set-up select bit 1.
- Stop command from serial communication.
- Quick stop.
- DC brake.

[Off]

Stops the connected motor. The key can be selected as [1] Enable or [0] Disable via parameter 0-41 [Off] Key on LCP. If no external stop function is selected and the [Off] key is inactive, the motor can be stopped by disconnecting the voltage.

[Auto On]

Enables the frequency converter to be controlled via the control terminals and/or serial communication. When a start signal is applied on the control terminals and/or the bus, the frequency converter starts. The key can be selected as [1] Enable or [0] Disable via parameter 0-42 [Auto on] Key on LCP.

NOTICE

An active HAND-OFF-AUTO signal via the digital inputs has higher priority than the control keys [Hand On] – [Auto On].

[Reset]

Is used for resetting the frequency converter after an alarm (trip). It can be selected as [1] Enable or [0] Disable via parameter 0-43 [Reset] Key on LCP.

The parameter shortcut can be carried out by pressing down the [Main Menu] key for 3 s. The parameter shortcut provides direct access to any parameter.



3.1.2 Quick Transfer of Parameter Settings between Multiple Frequency Converters

Once the set-up of a frequency converter is complete, store the data in the LCP or on a PC via MCT 10 Set-up Software.

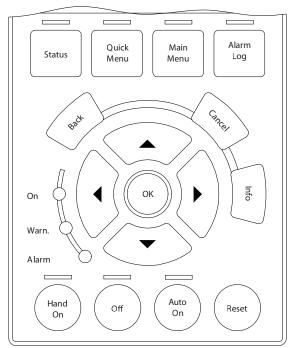


Illustration 3.9 LCP

Data storage in LCP

Stop the motor before performing this operation.

To store the data in the LCP:

- 1. Go to parameter 0-50 LCP Copy.
- 2. Press the [OK] key.
- 3. Select [1] All to LCP.
- 4. Press the [OK] key.

All parameter settings are now stored in the LCP indicated by the progress bar. When 100% is reached, press [OK].

Connect the LCP to another frequency converter and copy the parameter settings to this frequency converter as well.

NOTICE

Stop the motor before performing this operation. To transfer the data from the LCP to the frequency converter:

- 1. Go to parameter 0-50 LCP Copy.
- 2. Press the [OK] key.

- 3. Select [2] All from LCP.
- 4. Press the [OK] key.

The parameter settings stored in the LCP are now transferred to the frequency converter indicated by the progress bar. When 100% is reached, press [OK].

3.1.3 Display Mode

In normal operation, up to 5 different operating variables can be indicated continuously in the middle section: 1.1, 1.2, and 1.3, as well as 2 and 3.

3.1.4 Display Mode - Selection of Readouts

It is possible to toggle between 3 status readout screens by pressing [Status].

Operating variables with different formatting are shown in each status view further in this section.

Table 3.1 shows the measurements that can be linked to each of the operating variables. When options are mounted, additional measurements are available.

Define the links via

- Parameter 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small.
- Parameter 0-21 Display Line 1.2 Small.
- Parameter 0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small.
- Parameter 0-23 Display Line 2 Large.
- Parameter 0-24 Display Line 3 Large.

Each readout parameter selected in *parameter 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small* to *parameter 0-24 Display Line 3 Large* has its own scale and digits after a possible decimal point. The larger the numeric value of a parameter is, the fewer digits are shown after the decimal point.

Example: Current readout 5.25 A, 15.2 A, 105 A.

Operating variable	Unit
Parameter 16-00 Control Word	hex
Parameter 16-01 Reference [Unit]	[Unit]
Parameter 16-02 Reference [%]	%
Parameter 16-03 Status Word	hex
Parameter 16-05 Main Actual Value [%]	%
Parameter 16-09 Custom Readout	
Parameter 16-10 Power [kW]	[kW]
Parameter 16-11 Power [hp]	[hp]
Parameter 16-12 Motor Voltage	[V]
Parameter 16-13 Frequency	[Hz]
Parameter 16-14 Motor current	[A]
Parameter 16-15 Frequency [%]	
Parameter 16-16 Torque [Nm]	Nm
Parameter 16-17 Speed [RPM]	[RPM]
Parameter 16-18 Motor Thermal	%



130BP041.10

Operating variable	Unit
Parameter 16-20 Motor Angle	Onic
Parameter 16-21 Torque [%] High Res.	
Parameter 16-22 Torque [%] Parameter 16-24 Calibrated Stator Resistance	
	V
Parameter 16-30 DC Link Voltage	V
Parameter 16-34 Heatsink Temp.	°C
Parameter 16-35 Inverter Thermal	%
Parameter 16-36 Inv. Nom. Current	A
Parameter 16-37 Inv. Max. Current	А
Parameter 16-38 SL Controller State	
Parameter 16-39 Control Card Temp.	°C
Parameter 16-40 Logging Buffer Full	
Parameter 16-45 Motor Phase U Current	
Parameter 16-46 Motor Phase V Current	
Parameter 16-47 Motor Phase W Current	
Parameter 16-48 Speed Ref. After Ramp [RPM]	
Parameter 16-49 Current Fault Source	
Parameter 16-50 External Reference	
Parameter 16-51 Pulse Reference	
Parameter 16-52 Feedback[Unit]	[Unit]
Parameter 16-53 Digi Pot Reference	
Parameter 16-57 Feedback [RPM]	
Parameter 16-60 Digital Input	bin
Parameter 16-61 Terminal 53 Switch Setting	V
Parameter 16-62 Analog Input 53	
Parameter 16-63 Terminal 54 Switch Setting	V
Parameter 16-64 Analog Input 54	
Parameter 16-65 Analog Output 42 [mA]	[mA]
Parameter 16-66 Digital Output [bin]	[bin]
Parameter 16-67 Pulse Input #29 [Hz]	[Hz]
Parameter 16-68 Freq. Input #33 [Hz]	[Hz]
Parameter 16-69 Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	[Hz]
Parameter 16-70 Pulse Output #29 [Hz]	[Hz]
Parameter 16-71 Relay Output [bin]	
Parameter 16-72 Counter A	
Parameter 16-73 Counter B	
Parameter 16-75 Analog In X30/11	
Parameter 16-76 Analog In X30/12	
Parameter 16-77 Analog Out X30/8 [mA]	
Parameter 16-80 Fieldbus CTW 1	hex
Parameter 16-82 Fieldbus REF 1	hex
Parameter 16-84 Comm. Option STW	hex
Parameter 16-85 FC Port CTW 1	
Parameter 16-85 FC Port REF 1	hex
Parameter 16-87 Bus Readout Alarm/Warning	IICA
Parameter 16-90 Alarm Word	
Parameter 16-90 Alarm Word 2	
Parameter 16-92 Warning Word	
Parameter 16-93 Warning Word 2	
Parameter 16-94 Ext. Status Word	
Parameter 16-95 Ext. Status Word 2	
Parameter 16-97 Alarm Word 3	

Operating variable	Unit
Parameter 16-98 Warning Word 3	

Table 3.1 Units

Status view I

This readout state is standard after start-up or initialization. Press [Info] to obtain information about the units linked to the shown operating variables (1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 2 and 3). See the operating variables shown in *Illustration 3.10*.

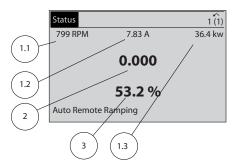


Illustration 3.10 Status View I

Status view II

See the operating variables (1.1, 1.2, 1.3, and 2) shown in *Illustration 3.11*.

In the example, speed, motor current, motor power, and frequency are selected as variables in the 1st and 2nd lines.

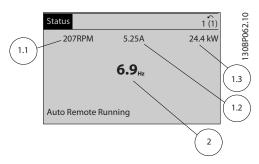


Illustration 3.11 Status View II

Status view III

This state shows the event and action of the smart logic control. For further information, see *chapter 4.12 Parameters: 13-** Smart Logic Control.*

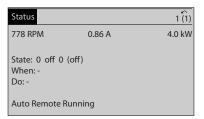


Illustration 3.12 Status View III

130BP063.10

30BC916.10





3.1.5 Parameter Set-up

The frequency converter can be used for practically all assignments and offers 2 programming mode options:

- Main menu mode.
- Quick menu mode.

Main menu provides access to all parameters. Quick menu takes the user through a few parameters, making it possible to start operating the frequency converter. Change a parameter in either main menu mode or quick menu mode.

3.1.6 Quick Menu Key Functions

Press [Quick Menu] to enter a list of different areas contained in the *Quick Menu*.

Select Q1 My Personal Menu to show the selected personal parameters. These parameters are selected in parameter 0-25 My Personal Menu. Up to 50 different parameters can be added in this menu.

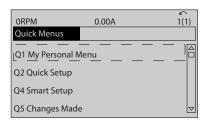


Illustration 3.13 Quick Menus

Select *Q2 Quick Setup* to go through a selection of parameters to get the motor running almost optimally. The default settings for the other parameters consider the required control functions and the configuration of signal inputs/outputs (control terminals).

The parameter selection is effected with the navigation keys. The parameters in *Table 3.2* are accessible.

Parameter	Setting
Parameter 0-01 Language	
Parameter 1-20 Motor Power [kW]	[kW]
Parameter 1-22 Motor Voltage	[V]
Parameter 1-23 Motor Frequency	[Hz]
Parameter 1-24 Motor Current	[A]
Parameter 1-25 Motor Nominal Speed	[RPM]
Parameter 3-02 Minimum Reference	[RPM]

Table 3.2 Selection of Parameter

1) If terminal 27 is set to [0] No function, no connection to +24 V on terminal 27 is necessary.

Select Changes made to get information about:

- The last 10 changes. Use the [▲] [▼] navigation keys to scroll between the last 10 changed parameters.
- The changes made since default setting.

Select *Loggings* to get information about the shown line readouts. The information is shown as graphs.

Only parameters selected in *parameter 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small* and *parameter 0-24 Display Line 3 Large* can be viewed. It is possible to store up to 120 samples in the memory for later reference.



3.1.7 Initial Commissioning

The easiest way of carrying out the initial commissioning is by pressing [Quick Menu] and following the quick set-up procedure using LCP 102 (read *Table 3.3* from left to right). The example applies to open-loop applications.

Press				
Quick Menu		Q2 Quick Menu.	OK	
Parameter 0-01 Language	OK	Set language.		
Parameter 1-20 Motor Power [kW]	OK	Set motor nameplate power.		
Parameter 1-22 Motor Voltage	OK	Set nameplate voltage.	-	
Parameter 1-23 Motor Frequency	OK	Set nameplate frequency.		
Parameter 1-24 Motor Current	OK	Set nameplate current.		
Parameter 1-25 Motor Nominal Speed	OK	Set nameplate speed in RPM.		
Parameter 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input	ОК	If terminal default is [2] Coast inverse, it is possible to change this setting to [0] No function. No connection to terminal 27 is then needed for running AMA.		
Parameter 1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)	OK	Set desired AMA function. Enable complete AMA is recommended.		
Parameter 3-02 Minimum Reference	OK	Set the minimum speed of the motor shaft.		
Parameter 3-03 Maximum Reference	OK	Set the maximum speed of the motor shaft.		
Parameter 3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time	OK	Set the ramp-up time with reference to synchronous motor speed, n _s .		
Parameter 3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time	OK	Set the ramp-down time with reference to synchronous motor speed, n _s .		
Parameter 3-13 Reference Site	OK	Set the site from where the reference must work.		

Table 3.3 Quick Set-up Procedure



Another easy way of commissioning the frequency converter is by using the smart application set-up (SAS), which can also be found by pressing [Quick Menu]. To set up the applications listed, follow the instructions on the successive screens.

The [Info] key can be used throughout the SAS to see help information for various selections, settings, and messages. The following 3 applications are included:

- Mechanical brake.
- Conveyor.
- Pump/fan.

The following 4 fieldbusses can be selected:

- PROFIBUS.
- PROFINET.
- DeviceNet.
- EtherNet/IP.

NOTICE

The frequency converter ignores the start conditions when SAS is active.

NOTICE

The smart set-up runs automatically on the first powerup of the frequency converter or after a reset to factory settings. If no action is taken, the SAS screen automatically disappears after 10 minutes.

3.1.8 Main Menu Mode

Press [Main Menu] to enter the main menu mode. The readout in *Illustration 3.14* appears on the display. The middle and bottom sections in the display show a list of parameter groups, which can be selected by toggling the [▲] and [▼] keys.

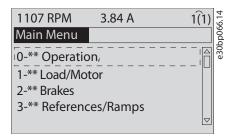


Illustration 3.14 Main Menu Mode

Each parameter has a name and number, which remain the same regardless of the programming mode. In the main menu mode, the parameters are divided into groups. The first digit of the parameter number (from the left) indicates the parameter group number.

All parameters can be changed in the Main Menu. However, depending on the configuration (parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode), some parameters can be hidden. For example, open loop hides all the PID parameters, and other enabled options make more parameter groups visible.

3.1.9 Parameter Selection

In the main menu mode, the parameters are divided into groups. Select a parameter group with the navigation keys.

After selecting a parameter group, select a parameter with the navigation keys.

The middle section on the display shows the parameter number and name, and the selected parameter value.

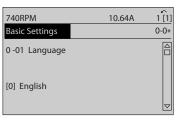


Illustration 3.15 Parameter Selection

3.1.10 Changing Data

The procedure for changing data is the same in the quick menu mode and the main menu mode. Press [OK] to change the selected parameter.

The procedure for changing data depends on whether the selected parameter represents a numeric data value or a text value.

3.1.11 Changing a Text Value

If the selected parameter is a text value, change the text value with the $[\blacktriangle]$ $[\blacktriangledown]$ keys.

Place the cursor on the value to save and press [OK].



Illustration 3.16 Changing a Text Value

130BP068.10

30BP067.



3.1.12 Changing a Data Value

If the selected parameter shows a numeric data value, change the selected data value with the $[\P]$ [\P] navigation keys and the $[\P]$ [\P] navigation keys. Press $[\P]$ [\P] keys to move the cursor horizontally.

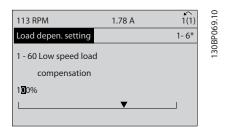


Illustration 3.17 Changing a Data Value

Press the $[\blacktriangle]$ $[\blacktriangledown]$ keys to change the data value. $[\blacktriangle]$ increases the data value, and $[\blacktriangledown]$ decreases the data value. Place the cursor on the value to save and press [OK].

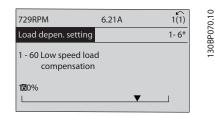


Illustration 3.18 Saving a Data Value

3.1.13 Infinitely Variable Change of Numeric Data Value

If the selected parameter shows a numeric data value, select a digit with $[\P]$ [P].

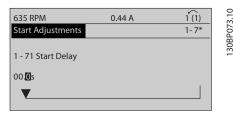


Illustration 3.19 Selecting a Digit

Change the selected digit infinitely variably with [A] [V]. The cursor indicates the selected digit. Place the cursor on the digit to save and press [OK].



Illustration 3.20 Saving

3.1.14 Value, Step by Step

Certain parameters can be changed step by step. This applies to:

- Parameter 1-20 Motor Power [kW].
- Parameter 1-22 Motor Voltage.
- Parameter 1-23 Motor Frequency.

The parameters are changed both as a group of numeric data values and as numeric data values that are infinitely varying.

3.1.15 Readout and Programming of Indexed Parameters

Parameters are indexed when placed in a rolling stack.

Parameter 15-30 Fault Log: Error Code to

parameter 15-32 Alarm Log: Time contain a fault log, which
can be read out. Select a parameter, press [OK], and press
the [*] keys to scroll through the value log.

For example, *parameter 3-10 Preset Reference* is changed as follows:

- Select the parameter, press [OK], and press [▲] [▼]
 to scroll through the indexed values.
- 2. To change the parameter value, select the indexed value and press [OK].
- 3. Change the value by pressing [▲] [▼].
- 4. Press [OK] to accept the new setting.
- Press [Cancel] to abort. Press [Back] to leave the parameter.

3.1.16 How to Program on the Numerical Local Control Panel

The following instructions are valid for the numerical LCP (LCP 101).

The control panel is divided into 4 functional groups:

- Numerical display.
- Menu keys and indicator lights changing parameters and switching between display functions.
- Navigation keys and indicator lights.
- Operation keys and indicator lights.

30ba191.11



Display line

Status messages showing icons and numeric value.

Indicator lights

- Green LED/On: Indicates if control section is on.
- Yellow LED/Wrn: Indicates a warning.
- Flashing red LED/Alarm: Indicates an alarm.

LCP keys

[Menu]

Select 1 of the following modes:

- Status.
- Quick set-up.
- Main menu.

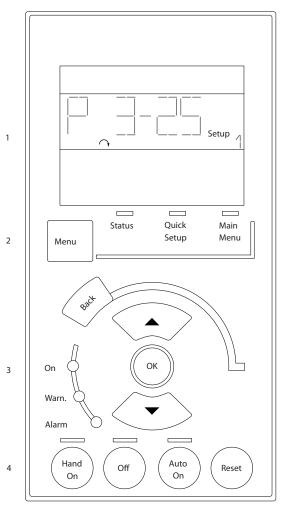


Illustration 3.21 LCP Keys

Status mode

Status mode shows the status of the frequency converter or the motor.

If an alarm occurs, the NLCP automatically switches to status mode.

Several alarms can be shown.

NOTICE

Parameter copy is not possible with LCP 101 numerical local control panel.



Illustration 3.22 Status Mode



Illustration 3.23 Alarm

Main Menu/Quick Set-up

Used for programming all parameters or only the parameters in the Quick Menu (see also description of the LCP 102 in *chapter 3.1 Graphical and Numerical Local Control Panels*).

When the value flashes, press $[\blacktriangle]$ or $[\blacktriangledown]$ to change parameter values.

- 1. Press [Main Menu] to select main menu.
- 2. Select the parameter group [xx-__] and press [OK]
- 3. Select the parameter [_-xx] and press [OK].
- 4. If the parameter is an array parameter, select the array number and press [OK].
- 5. Select the required data value and press [OK].

Parameters with functional options show values such as [1], [2], and so on. For a description of the different options, see the individual parameter descriptions in *chapter 4 Parameter Descriptions*.

[Back]

Used for stepping backwards.

 $[\blacktriangle]$ $[\blacktriangledown]$ are used for maneuvering between commands and within parameters.

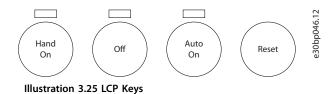
30BP079.10



Illustration 3.24 Main Menu/Quick Set-up

3.1.17 LCP Keys

Keys for local control are at the bottom of the LCP.



[Hand On]

Enables control of the frequency converter via the LCP. [Hand On] also starts the motor and it is now possible to enter the motor speed data with the navigation keys. The key can be selected as [1] Enable or [0] Disable via parameter 0-40 [Hand on] Key on LCP.

External stop signals activated with control signals, or a fieldbus, override a start command via the LCP.

The following control signals are still active when [Hand On] is activated:

- [Hand On] [Off] [Auto On].
- Reset.
- Coast stop inverse.
- Reversing.
- Set-up select lsb Set-up select msb.
- Stop command from serial communication.
- Quick stop.
- DC brake.

[Off]

Stops the connected motor. The key can be selected as [1] Enable or [0] Disable via parameter 0-41 [Off] Key on LCP. If no external stop function is selected and the [Off] key is inactive, stop the motor by disconnecting the voltage.

[Auto On]

Enables control of the frequency converter via the control terminals and/or serial communication. When a start signal is applied on the control terminals and/or the bus, the

frequency converter starts. The key can be selected as [1] Enable or [0] Disable via parameter 0-42 [Auto on] Key on ICP

NOTICE

An active HAND-OFF-AUTO signal via the digital inputs has higher priority than the control keys [Hand On] and [Auto On].

[Reset]

Used for resetting the frequency converter after an alarm (trip). It can be selected as [1] Enable or [0] Disable via parameter 0-43 [Reset] Key on LCP.

3.1.18 Initialization to Default Settings

Initialize the frequency converter to default settings in 2 ways.

Recommended initialization (via parameter 14-22 Operation Mode)

- Select parameter 14-22 Operation Mode.
- Press [OK].
- 3. Select [2] initialization.
- Press [OK].
- 5. Disconnect the mains supply and wait until the display turns off.
- Reconnect the mains supply. The frequency converter is now reset.

Parameter 14-22 Operation Mode initializes all except:

- Parameter 14-50 RFI Filter.
- Parameter 8-30 Protocol.
- Parameter 8-31 Address.
- Parameter 8-32 FC Port Baud Rate.
- Parameter 8-35 Minimum Response Delay.
- Parameter 8-36 Max Response Delay.
- Parameter 8-37 Max Inter-Char Delay.
- Parameter 15-00 Operating hours to parameter 15-05 Over Volt's.
- Parameter 15-20 Historic Log: Event to parameter 15-22 Historic Log: Time.
- Parameter 15-30 Fault Log: Error Code to parameter 15-32 Alarm Log: Time.



Manual initialization

- Disconnect from mains and wait until the display turns off.
- 2a Press [Status] [Main Menu] [OK] at the same time while powering up the LCP 102, graphical display.
 - 2b Press [Menu] [OK] while powering up the LCP 101, numerical display.
- 3. Release the keys after 5 s.
- 4. The frequency converter is now programmed according to default settings.

This procedure initializes all except:

- Parameter 15-00 Operating hours.
- Parameter 15-03 Power Up's.
- Parameter 15-04 Over Temp's.
- Parameter 15-05 Over Volt's.

NOTICE

A manual initialization also resets serial communication, RFI filter settings (*parameter 14-50 RFI Filter*), and fault log settings.

4

4 Parameter Descriptions

4.1 Parameters: 0-** Operation and Display

Parameters related to the basic functions of the frequency converter, function of the LCP keys, and configuration of the LCP display.

4.1.1 0-0* Basic Settings

0-01	0-01 Language			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Defines the language to be used in the display.		
[0] *	English			
[10]	Chinese			

[10] Chinese					
0-02	0-02 Motor Speed Unit				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running. The information shown in the display depends on settings in parameter 0-02 Motor Speed Unit. The default settings of parameter 0-02 Motor Speed Unit depend on to which region of the world the frequency converter is supplied. NOTICE Changing the motor speed unit resets certain parameters to their initial value. Select the motor speed unit before modifying other parameters.			
[0]	RPM	Select to show motor speed variables and parameters using motor speed (RPM).			
[1] *	Hz	Select to show motor speed variables and parameters using output frequency (Hz).			

0-04	0-04 Operating State at Power-up (Hand)				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		Select the operating mode upon reconnection of the frequency converter to mains voltage after power down in hand-on mode.			
[0]	Resume	Restart the frequency converter, maintaining the start/stop settings (applied by [Hand On/Off]) selected before the power-down of the frequency converter.			
[1] *	Forced stop, ref=old	Restart the frequency converter with a saved local reference after mains voltage reappears and after pressing [Hand On].			

0-04 Operating State at Power-up (Hand)			
Opt	Option: Function:		
[2]	Forced stop, ref=0	Reset the local reference to 0 upon restarting the frequency converter.	

4.1.2 0-1* Set-up Operations

Define and control the individual parameter set-ups. The frequency converter has 4 parameter set-ups that can be programmed independently of each other. This makes the frequency converter very flexible and able to solve advanced control functionality problems, often saving the cost of external control equipment. Parameter set-ups can be used to program the frequency converter to operate according to 1 control scheme in 1 set-up (for example motor 1 for horizontal movement) and another control scheme in another set-up (for example motor 2 for vertical movement). Alternatively, parameter set-ups can be used by an OEM machine builder to identically program all their factory-fitted frequency converters for different machine types within a range to have the same parameters. During production/commissioning, simply select a specific set-up depending on which machine the frequency converter is installed on.

The active set-up (that is the set-up in which the frequency converter is currently operating) can be selected in parameter 0-10 Active Set-up and is shown in the LCP. By using multi set-up, it is possible to switch between set-ups with the frequency converter running, or it can be stopped via digital input or serial communication commands. If it is necessary to change set-ups while the frequency converter is running, ensure that parameter 0-12 This Set-up Linked to is programmed as required. By using parameter 0-11 Edit Set-up, it is possible to edit parameters within any of the set-ups while continuing the operation of the frequency converter in its active set-up, which can be a different setup to the one being edited. By using parameter 0-51 Set-up Copy, it is possible to copy parameter settings between the set-ups to enable quicker commissioning if similar parameter settings are required in different set-ups.

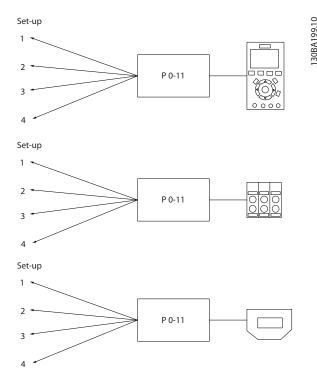
0-10	0-10 Active Set-up			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select the set-up to control the frequency converter functions.		
[0]	Factory setup	Cannot be changed. It contains the Danfoss data set and can be used as a data source when returning the other set-ups to a known state.		
[1] *	Set-up 1	[1] Set-up 1 to [4] Set-up 4 are the 4 separate parameter set-ups within which all parameters can be programmed.		



0-10	0-10 Active Set-up			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[2]	Set-up 2			
[3]	Set-up 3			
[4]	Set-up 4			
[9]	Multi Set- up	Remote set-up selections using digital inputs and the serial communication port. This set-up uses the settings from <i>parameter 0-12 This Set-up Linked to</i> . Stop the frequency converter before making changes to open and closed-loop functions.		

Use parameter 0-51 Set-up Copy to copy a set-up to 1 or all other set-ups. Stop the frequency converter before switching between set-ups where parameters marked not changeable during operation have different values. To avoid conflicting settings of the same parameter within 2 different set-ups, link the set-ups together using parameter 0-12 This Set-up Linked to. Parameters which are not changeable during operation are marked FALSE in the parameter lists in chapter 5 Parameter Lists.

0-1	0-11 Edit Set-up				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		Select the set-up to be edited (that is programmed) during operation; either the active set-up or 1 of the inactive set-ups.			
[0]	Factory setup	Cannot be edited but it is useful as a data source to return the other set-ups to a known state.			
[1] *	Set-up 1	[1] Set-up 1 to [4] Set-up 4 can be edited freely during operation, independently of the active set-up.			
[2]	Set-up 2				
[3]	Set-up 3				
[4]	Set-up 4				
[9]	Active Set- up	Can also be edited during operation. Edit the selected set-up from a range of sources: LCP, FC RS485, FC USB, or up to 5 fieldbus sites.			



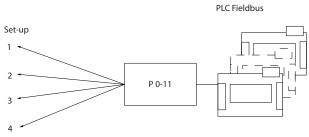


Illustration 4.1 Edit Set-up

4

0-12 This Set-up Linked to

Option:

Function:

To enable conflict-free changes from 1 set-up to another during operation, link set-ups containing parameters which are *not changeable during operation*. The link ensures synchronizing of the *not changeable during operation*-parameter values when moving from 1 set-up to another during operation. *Not changeable during operation*-parameters can be identified by the label FALSE in the parameter lists in *chapter 5 Parameter Lists*.

Parameter 0-12 This Set-up Linked to is used by [9] Multi set-up in parameter 0-10 Active Set-up. Multi set-up is used to move from 1 set-up to another during operation (that is while the motor runs).

Example:

Use multi set-up to shift from set-up 1 to set-up 2 while the motor runs. Program in set-up 1 first, then ensure that set-up 1 and set-up 2 are synchronized (or linked). Synchronization can be performed in 2 ways:

- 1. Select the following options:
 - [2] Set-up 2 in parameter 0-11 Edit Setup.
 - parameter 0-12 This Set-up Linked to to [1] Set-up 1.

This starts the linking (synchronizing) process.

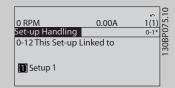


Illustration 4.2 Set-up 1

OR

2. While still in set-up 1, copy set-up 1 to set-up 2. Then set *parameter 0-12 This Set-up Linked to* to [2] Set-up 2. This starts the linking process.

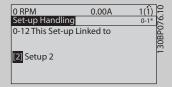


Illustration 4.3 Set-up 2

When completed, parameter 0-13 Readout: Linked Set-ups reads {1,2} to indicate that all not changeable during operation-parameters are now

0-12	0-12 This Set-up Linked to				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		the same in set-up 1 and set-up 2. If there are changes to a not changeable during operation-parameter, for example parameter 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs), in set-up 2, they are also changed automatically in set-up 1. A switch between set-up 1 and set-up 2 during operation is now possible.			
[0] *	Not linked				
[1]	Set-up 1				
[2]	Set-up 2				
[3]	Set-up 3				
[4]	Set-up 4				

0-13 Readout: Linked Set-ups

Array [5]

Range:		Function:		
0*	[0 -	View a list of all the set-ups linked by		
	255]	parameter 0-12 T	This Set-up Linked to. The paramete	
		has 1 index for each parameter set-up. The value		
		for each index shows which set-ups are linked to		
		that parameter set-up.		
		Index LCP value		

Index	LCP value
0	{0}
1	{1,2}
2	{1,2}
3	{3}
4	{4}

Table 4.1 Set-up Link Example

0-14 Readout: Edit Set-ups / Channel

Range:		Function:			
0*	[-2147483648 -	View the setting of parameter 0-11 Edit Set-			
	2147483647]	up for each of the 4 different			
		communication channels. When the			
		number is shown as a hex number, as it is			
		in the LCP, each number represents 1			
		channel.			
		Numbers 1–4 represent a set-up number; F			
		means factory setting; and A means active			
		set-up. The channels are, from right to left:			
		LCP, FC bus, USB, HPFB1-5.			
		Example: The number AAAAAA21h means			
		the following:			
		The frequency converter received the setting set-up 2 via a fieldbus channel. This selection is reflected in parameter 0-11 Edit Set-up.			
		A user selected set-up 1 via the ICP			



0-14 Readout: Edit Set-ups / Channel		
Range: Function:		
	All other channels are using the active set-up.	

4.1.3 0-2* LCP Display

Define the variables shown in the LCP.

NOTICE

For information on how to write display texts, refer to:

- Parameter 0-37 Display Text 1.
- Parameter 0-38 Display Text 2.
- Parameter 0-39 Display Text 3.

0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small			
Option	ո։	Function:	
		Select a variable for display in line 1, left position.	
[0]	None	No display value selected.	
[37]	Display Text 1		
[38]	Display Text 2		
[39]	Display Text 3		
[748]	FCD Feed Forward		
[953]	Profibus Warning Word		
[1500]	Operating Hours		
[1501]	Running Hours		
[1502]	kWh Counter		
[1580]	Fan Running Hours		
[1600]	Control Word	Present control word.	
[1601]	Reference [Unit]	Total reference (sum of digital/ analog/preset/bus/freeze reference/ catch up and slow down) in selected unit.	
[1602]	Reference %	Total reference (sum of digital/ analog/preset/bus/freeze reference/ catch up and slow down) in percent.	
[1603]	Status Word	Present status word.	
[1605]	Main Actual Value [%]	Actual value as a percentage.	
[1609]	Custom Readout		
[1610]	Power [kW]	Actual power consumed by the motor in kW.	
[1611]	Power [hp]	Actual power consumed by the motor in hp.	
[1612]	Motor Voltage	Voltage supplied to the motor.	
[1613]	Frequency	Motor frequency, that is the output frequency from the frequency converter in Hz.	

0-20	Display Line 1.1 Sm	nall
Option	n:	Function:
[1614]	Motor current	Phase current of the motor
		measured as effective value.
[1615]	Frequency [%]	Motor frequency, that is the output
		frequency from the frequency
		converter in percent.
[1616]	Torque [Nm]	Actual motor torque in Nm.
[1617]	Speed [RPM]	Speed in RPM (revolutions per
*		minute), that is the motor shaft
[1618]	Motor Thermal	speed in closed loop. Thermal load on the motor,
[1010]	Motor mermai	calculated by the ETR function.
[1620]	Motor Angle	
[1621]	Torque [%] High Res.	
[1622]	Torque [%]	Present motor load as a percentage
		of the rated motor torque.
[1624]	Calibrated Stator Resistance	
[1630]	DC Link Voltage	DC-link voltage in the frequency
		converter.
[1631]	System Temp.	
[1632]	Brake Energy /s	Present brake power transferred to
		an external brake resistor.
		Stated as an instant value.
[1633]	Brake Energy	Brake power transferred to an
	Average	external brake resistor. The mean
		power is calculated continuously
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.	for the most recent 120 s. Present heat sink temperature of
[1034]	Treatsirik terrip.	the frequency converter. The
		cutout limit is 95 ±5 °C (203 ±9 °F);
		cutting back in occurs at 70 ±5 °C
		(203 ±9 °F).
[1635]	Inverter Thermal	Percentage load of the inverters.
[1636]	Inv. Nom. Current	Nominal current of the frequency
		converter.
[1637]	Inv. Max. Current	Maximum current of the frequency converter.
[1638]	SL Controller State	State of the event executed by the control.
[1639]	Control Card Temp.	Temperature of the control card.
[1644]	Speed Error [RPM]	peracare or the control card.
[1645]	Motor Phase U	
	Current	
[1646]	Motor Phase V Current	
[1647]	Motor Phase W	
	Current	
[1648]	Speed Ref. After	
	Ramp [RPM]	
[1650]	External Reference	Sum of the external reference as a
		percentage, that is the sum of
		analog/pulse/bus.



0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small			
Option	ո։	Function:	
[1651]	Pulse Reference	Frequency in Hz connected to the digital inputs (18, 19 or 32, 33).	
[1652]	Feedback[Unit]	Reference value from programmed digital inputs.	
[1653]	Digi Pot Reference		
[1657]	Feedback [RPM]		
[1660]	Digital Input	Signal states from the 6 digital	
		terminals (18, 19, 27, 29, 32, and	
		33). There are 16 bits in total, but	
		only 6 of them are used. Input 18	
		corresponds to the far left of the used bits. Signal low = 0; Signal	
		high = 1.	
[1661]	Terminal 53 Switch	Setting of input terminal 54.	
	Setting	Current = 0; Voltage = 1.	
[1662]	Analog Input 53	Actual value at input 53 either as a	
		reference or protection value.	
[1663]	Terminal 54 Switch	Setting of input terminal 54.	
	Setting	Current = 0; Voltage = 1.	
[1664]	Analog Input 54	Actual value at input 54 either as	
[4.6.5]		reference or protection value.	
[1665]	Analog Output 42	Actual value at output 42 in mA.	
	[mA]	Use parameter 6-50 Terminal 42 Output to select the value to be	
		shown.	
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]	Binary value of all digital outputs.	
[1667]	Freq. Input #29 [Hz]	Actual value of the frequency	
		applied at terminal 29 as an	
		impulse input.	
[1668]	Freq. Input #33 [Hz]	Actual value of the frequency	
		applied at terminal 33 as an impulse input.	
[1669]	Pulse Output #27	Actual value of impulses applied to	
[1005]	[Hz]	terminal 27 in digital output mode.	
[1670]	Pulse Output #29	Actual value of impulses applied to	
	[Hz]	terminal 29 in digital output mode.	
[1671]	Relay Output [bin]		
[1672]	Counter A	Application-dependent (for	
		example SLC control).	
[1673]	Counter B	Application-dependent (for	
[1675]	Analog In V20/11	example SLC control).	
[1675]	Analog In X30/11	Actual value at input X30/11 either as reference or protection value.	
[1676]	Analog In X30/12	Actual value at input X30/12 either	
	J	as reference or protection value.	
[1677]	Analog Out X30/8	Actual value at output X30/8 in	
	[mA]	mA. Use parameter 6-60 Terminal	
		X30/8 Output to select the value to	
		be shown.	
[1678]	Analog Out X45/1 [mA]		
[1679]	Analog Out X45/3		
	[mA]		

0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small					
Option	Option: Function:				
[1680]	Fieldbus CTW 1	Control word (CTW) received from			
		the bus master.			
[1682]	Fieldbus REF 1	Main reference value sent with			
		control word from the bus master.			
[1684]	Comm. Option STW	Extended fieldbus communication			
		option status word.			
[1685]	FC Port CTW 1	Control word (CTW) received from			
		the bus master.			
[1686]	FC Port REF 1	Status word (STW) sent to the bus master.			
[1687]	Bus Readout	master.			
[1007]	Alarm/Warning				
[1690]	Alarm Word	1 or more alarms in a hex code.			
[1691]	Alarm Word 2	1 or more alarms in a hex code.			
[1692]	Warning Word	1 or more warnings in a hex code.			
[1693]	Warning Word 2	1 or more warnings in a hex code.			
[1694]	Ext. Status Word	1 or more status conditions in a			
		hex code.			
[1695]	Ext. Status Word 2	1 or more status conditions in a			
		hex code.			
[1697]	Alarm Word 3	1 or more alarms in a hex code.			
[1698]	Warning Word 3	1 or more warnings in a hex code.			
[1890]	Process PID Error				
[1891]	Process PID Output				
[1892]	Process PID				
	Clamped Output				
[1893]	Process PID Gain				
	Scaled Output				
[2117]	Ext. 1 Reference				
[2440]	[Unit]				
[2118]	Ext. 1 Feedback				
[2119]	[Unit]				
	Ext. 1 Output [%] Ext. 2 Reference				
[2137]	[Unit]				
[2138]	Ext. 2 Feedback				
[2.30]	[Unit]				
[2139]	Ext. 2 Output [%]				
[2157]	Ext. 3 Reference				
	[Unit]				
[2158]	Ext. 3 Feedback				
	[Unit]				
[2159]	Ext. 3 Output [%]				



0-21 Display Line 1.2 Small

Select a variable for display in line 1, middle position. The options are the same as those listed for *parameter 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small*.

0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small

Select a variable for display in line 1, right position. The options are the same as those listed for *parameter 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small*.

0-23 Display Line 2 Large

Select a variable for display in line 2. The options are the same as those listed for *parameter 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small*.

0-24 Display Line 3 Large

Select a variable for display in line 3. The options are the same as those listed for *parameter 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small*.

0-25 My Personal Menu Range: **Function:** Size [0 -Define up to 50 parameters to appear in the related* 9999] Q1 Personal Menu, accessible via the [Quick Menu] key on the LCP. The parameters are shown in the Q1 Personal Menu in the order they are programmed into this array parameter. Delete parameters by setting the value to 0000. For example, this can be used to provide quick, simple access to just 1 or up to 50 parameters, which require changing on a regular basis (for example, for plant maintenance reasons) or by an OEM to enable simple commissioning of their equipment.

4.1.4 0-3* LCP Custom Readout

It is possible to customize the display elements for various purposes:

- Custom readout. Value proportional to speed (linear, squared, or cubed depending on unit selected in parameter 0-30 Custom Readout Unit).
- Display text. Text string stored in a parameter.

Custom readout

The calculated value to be shown is based on the settings in:

- Parameter 0-30 Custom Readout Unit.
- Parameter 0-31 Custom Readout Min Value (linear only).
- Parameter 0-32 Custom Readout Max Value.
- Parameter 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM].
- Parameter 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz].
- Actual speed.

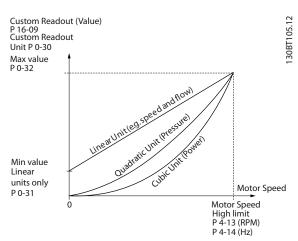


Illustration 4.4 Custom Readout

The relation depends on the type of unit selected in parameter 0-30 Custom Readout Unit:

Unit type	Speed relation
Dimensionless	
Speed	
Flow, volume	
Flow, mass	Linear
Velocity	
Length	
Temperature	
Pressure	Quadratic
Power	Cubic

Table 4.2 Speed Relations for Different Unit Types

0-30	0-30 Unit for User-defined Readout			
Opti	on:	Function:		
		It is possible to program a value to be shown in the display of the LCP. The value has a linear, squared, or cubed relation to speed. This relation depends on the unit selected (see <i>Table 4.2</i>). The actual calculated value can be read in <i>parameter 16-09 Custom Readout</i> , and/or shown in the display by selecting [16-09] Custom Readout in		
		parameter 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small to parameter 0-24 Display Line 3 Large.		
[0]	None			
[1] *	%			
[5]	PPM			
[10]	1/min			
[11]	rpm			
[12]	Pulse/s			
[20]	l/s			
[21]	l/min			
[22]	l/h			
[23]	m³/s			
[24]	m³/min			



0-30	0-30 Unit for User-defined Readout			
Opti	on:	Function:		
[25]	m³/h			
[30]	kg/s			
[31]	kg/min			
[32]	kg/h			
[33]	t/min			
[34]	t/h			
[40]	m/s			
[41]	m/min			
[45]	m			
[60]	°C			
[70]	mbar			
[71]	bar			
[72]	Pa			
[73]	kPa			
[74]	m WG			
[80]	kW			
[120]	GPM			
[121]	gal/s			
[122]	gal/min			
[123]	gal/h			
[124]	CFM			
[125]				
[126]				
[127]				
[130]	lb/s			
[131]	lb/min			
[132]	lb/h			
[140]	ft/s			
[141]	ft/min			
[145]	ft			
[160]	°F			
[170]	psi			
[171]	lb/in²			
[172]	in WG			
[173]	ft WG			
[180]	HP			

0-31 Min Value of User-defined Readout			
Range:		Function:	
0 CustomReadoutUnit*	[-99999.99 - par. 0-32 CustomRea- doutUnit]	This parameter sets the minimum value of the custom-defined readout (occurs at 0 speed). Only possible to set different from 0 when selecting a linear unit in parameter 0-30 Unit for User-defined Readout. For quadratic and cubic units, the minimum value is 0.	

0-32 Max Value of User-defined Readout		
Range:		Function:
100 Custom- ReadoutUnit*	[par. 0-31 - 999999.99 CustomRea- doutUnit]	This parameter sets the maximum value to be shown when the speed of the motor has reached the set value for parameter 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] or parameter 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz] (depends on setting in parameter 0-02 Motor Speed Unit).

0-3	0-37 Display Text 1				
Range: Function:		Function:			
0*	[0 -	Enter a text which can be viewed in the graphical			
	25]	display by selecting [37] Display Text 1 in			
		Parameter 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small,			
		Parameter 0-21 Display Line 1.2 Small,			
		Parameter 0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small,			
		Parameter 0-23 Display Line 2 Large, or			
		Parameter 0-24 Display Line 3 Large.			

0-3	0-38 Display Text 2				
Range:		Function:			
0*	[0 -	Enter a text which can be viewed in the graphical			
	25]	display by selecting [38] Display Text 2 in			
		Parameter 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small,			
		Parameter 0-21 Display Line 1.2 Small,			
		Parameter 0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small,			
		Parameter 0-23 Display Line 2 Large, or			
		Parameter 0-24 Display Line 3 Large.			

0-	0-39 Display Text 3				
Ra	nge:	Function:			
0*	[0 -	Enter a text which can be viewed in the graphical			
	25]	display by selecting [39] Display Text 3 in			
		Parameter 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small,			
		Parameter 0-21 Display Line 1.2 Small,			
		Parameter 0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small,			
		Parameter 0-23 Display Line 2 Large, or			
		Parameter 0-24 Display Line 3 Large.			



4.1.5 0-4* LCP Keypad

Enable, disable, and password protect individual keys on the LCP.

0-40	0-40 [Hand on] Key on LCP			
Option:		Function:		
[0]	Disabled	No effect when [Hand On] is pressed. Select [0] Disabled to avoid accidental start of the frequency converter in hand-on mode.		
[1] *	Enabled	The LCP switches to hand-on mode directly when [Hand On] is pressed.		

0-4	0-41 [Off] Key on LCP		
Option:		Function:	
[0]	Disabled	Avoids accidental stop of the frequency converter.	
[1] *	Enabled		

0-42	0-42 [Auto on] Key on LCP			
Option:		Function:		
[0]	Disabled	Avoids accidental start of the frequency converter in auto-on mode.		
[1] *	Enabled			

0-43	0-43 [Reset] Key on LCP		
Option:		Function:	
[0]	Disabled	No effect when [Reset] is pressed. Avoids accidental alarm reset.	
[1] *	Enabled		

4.1.6 0-5* Copy/Save

Copy parameters from and to the LCP. Use these parameters for saving and copying set-ups from 1 frequency converter to another.

0-50	0-50 LCP Copy		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		NOTICE This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.	
[0] *	No сору		
[1]	All to LCP	Copies all parameters in all set-ups from the frequency converter memory to the LCP memory.	
[2]	All from LCP	Copies all parameters in all set-ups from the LCP memory to the frequency converter memory.	
[3]	Size indep. from LCP	Copy only the parameters that are independent of the motor size. The latter selection can be used to program several	

0-50	0-50 LCP Copy			
Option:		Function:		
		frequency converters with the same function without disturbing motor data.		
[10]	Delete LCP copy data	Use to delete the copy after the transfer is complete.		

0-5	0-51 Set-up Copy		
Op	tion:	Function:	
[0] *	No copy	No function.	
[1]	Copy to set-up 1	Copies all parameters in the present programming set-up (defined in parameter 0-11 Programming Set-up) to set-up 1.	
[2]	Copy to set-up 2	Copies all parameters in the present programming set-up (defined in parameter 0-11 Programming Set-up) to set-up 2.	
[3]	Copy to set-up 3	Copies all parameters in the present programming set-up (defined in parameter 0-11 Programming Set-up) to set-up 3.	
[4]	Copy to set-up 4	Copies all parameters in the present programming set-up (defined in parameter 0-11 Programming Set-up) to set-up 4.	
[9]	Copy to all	Copies the parameters in the present set-up to each of the set-ups 1 to 4.	

4.1.7 0-6* Password

0-60 Main Menu Password			
Range:		Function:	
100*	[0 - 999]	Define the password for access to the Main Menu via the [Main Menu] key. If	
	, , ,	parameter 0-61 Access to Main Menu w/o	
		Password is set to [0] Full access, this parameter	
		is ignored.	

0-6	0-61 Access to Main Menu w/o Password			
Option:		Function:		
[0] *	Full access	Disables password defined in		
		parameter 0-60 Main Menu Password.		
[1]	Read only	Prevent unauthorized editing of <i>Main Menu</i> parameters.		
[2]	No access	Prevent unauthorized viewing and editing of <i>Main Menu</i> parameters.		

If [0] Full access is selected, parameter 0-60 Main Menu Password, parameter 0-65 Personal Menu Password, and parameter 0-66 Access to Personal Menu w/o Password are ignored.

Л

4.2 Parameters: 1-** Load and Motor

4.2.1 1-0* General Settings

Define whether the frequency converter operates in speed mode or torque mode, and whether the internal PID control should be active or not.

1-0	1-00 Configuration Mode			
Op	otion:	Function:		
		Select the application control principle to be used when a remote reference (that is via analog input or fieldbus) is active. A remote reference can only be active when parameter 3-13 Reference Site is set to [0] Linked to Hand/Auto or [1] Remote.		
[0]	Speed open loop	Enables speed control (without feedback signal from motor) with automatic slip compensation for almost constant speed at varying loads. Compensations are active, but can be disabled in parameter group 1-0* General Settings. Set the speed control parameters in parameter group 7-0* Speed PID Ctrl.		
[1]	Speed closed loop	Enables speed closed-loop control with feedback. Obtain full holding torque at 0 RPM. For increased speed accuracy, provide a feedback signal and set the speed PID control. Set the speed control parameters in parameter group 7-0* Speed PID Ctrl.		
[3]	Process	Enables the use of process control in the frequency converter. Set the process control parameters in parameter groups 7-2* Process Ctrl. Feedb. and 7-3* Process PID Ctrl.		
[4]	Torque open loop	Enables the use of torque open loop in VVC+ mode (parameter 1-01 Motor Control Principle). Set the torque PID parameters in parameter group 7-1* Torque PI Control.		
[7]	Extended PID Speed OL	Specific parameters in parameter groups 7-2* Process Ctrl. Feedb. to 7-5* Ext. Process PID Ctrl.		

1-01 Motor Control Principle				
Option: Function:				
		NOTICE This parameter cannot be adjusted while the		
		motor is running.		
		Select the motor control principle.		
[0]	U/f	Special motor mode, for parallel connected motors		
[0]	U/f	Special motor mode, for parallel connected motors in special motor applications. When U/f is selected,		
[0]	U/f	Special motor mode, for parallel connected motors		

1-0	1-01 Motor Control Principle			
Opt	Option: Function:			
[1] *	VVC+	Voltage vector control principle is suitable for most applications. The main benefit of VVC+ operation is that it uses a robust motor model.		

1-03	1-03 Torque Characteristics			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.		
		Select the torque characteristic required. VT and AEO are both energy-saving operations.		
[0] *	Constant torque	Motor shaft output provides constant torque under variable speed control.		
[1]	Variable torque	Motor shaft output provides variable torque under variable speed control. Set the variable torque level in <i>parameter 14-40 VT Level</i> .		
[2]	Auto Energy Optim.	Automatically optimizes energy consumption by minimizing magnetization and frequency via parameter 14-41 AEO Minimum Magneti- sation and parameter 14-42 Minimum AEO Frequency.		

1-04	1-04 Overload Mode			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		NOTICE This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.		
		Use this parameter to configure the frequency converter for either high or normal overload. When selecting the frequency converter size, always review the technical data in the operating guide or the design guide to know the available output current.		
[0]	High torque	Allows up to 160% over torque.		
[1] *	Normal torque	For oversized motor - allows up to 110% over torque.		



1-05	1-05 Local Mode Configuration			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select which application configuration mode (parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode), that is application control principle, to use when a local (LCP) reference is active. A local reference can be active only when parameter 3-13 Reference Site is set to [0] Linked to Hand/Auto or [2] Local. By default the local reference is active in hand-on mode only.		
[0]	Speed			
	open loop			
[1]	Speed			
	Closed			
	Loop			
[2] *	As mode			
	par 1-00			

1-06	1-06 Clockwise Direction			
Option: Function:				
		NOTICE This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.		
		This parameter defines the term clockwise corresponding to the LCP direction arrow. Used for easy change of direction of shaft rotation without swapping motor wires.		
[0] *	Normal	The motor shaft turns in clockwise direction when the frequency converter is connected $U\Rightarrow U$, $V\Rightarrow V$, and $W\Rightarrow W$ to the motor.		
[1]	Inverse	Motor shaft turns in counterclockwise direction when the frequency converter is connected U⇒U, V⇒V, and W⇒W to the motor.		

4.2.2 1-1* Special Settings

NOTICE

The parameters within this parameter group cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

1-10	1-10 Motor Construction				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		Select the motor design type.			
[0] *	Asynchron	Use for asynchronous motors.			
[1]	PM, non salient SPM	Use for salient or non-salient PM motors. PM motors are divided into 2 groups, with either surface-mounted (SPM)/non-salient magnets or interior-mounted (IPM)/salient magnets.			

1-14	1-14 Damping Gain				
Rang	e:	Function:			
140	[0 -	The damping gain stabilizes the PM machine to			
%*	250 %]	run smoothly and with stability. The value of			
		damping gain controls the dynamic performance			
		of the PM machine. High damping gain gives			
		high dynamic performance and low damping			
		gain gives low dynamic performance. The			
		dynamic performance is related to the machine			
		data and load type. If the damping gain is too			
		high or low, the control becomes unstable.			

1-15 Low Speed Filter Time Const.			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0.01 - 20	This time constant is used below 10%	
	s]	rated speed. Obtain quick control	
		through a short damping time	
		constant. However, if this value is too	
		short, the control becomes unstable.	

1-16 High Speed Filter Time Const.			
Range: Function:			
Size related*	[0.01 - 20	This time constant is used above 10%	
	s]	rated speed. Obtain quick control	
		through a short damping time	
		constant. However, if this value is too	
		short, the control becomes unstable.	

1-17 Voltage filter time const.			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[0.001 - 2	Reduces the influence of high	
related*	s]	frequency ripple and system resonance	
		in the calculation of supply voltage.	
		Without this filter, the ripples in the	
		currents can distort the calculated	
		voltage and affect the stability of the	
		system.	

1-18	1-18 Min. Current at No Load			
Range: Function:				
0 %*	[0 - 50 %]	Adjust this parameter to achieve a smoother motor operation.		

4

4.2.3 1-2* Motor Data

This parameter group contains input data from the nameplate on the connected motor.

NOTICE

Changing the value of these parameters affects the setting of other parameters.

NOTICE

The following parameters have no effect when parameter 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM, non-salient SPM:

- Parameter 1-20 Motor Power [kW].
- Parameter 1-22 Motor Voltage.
- Parameter 1-23 Motor Frequency.

1-20 Motor Power [kW]		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0.09 - 3000.00 kW]	This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running. Enter the nominal motor power in kW according to the motor nameplate data. The default value corresponds to the nominal rated output of the frequency converter.

1-22 Mot	1-22 Motor Voltage				
Range:	Range: Function:				
Size	[10 -	Enter the nominal motor voltage			
related*	1000 V]	according to the motor nameplate			
		data. The default value corresponds to			
		the nominal rated output of the unit.			

1-23 Motor Frequency				
Range:		Function:		
Size related*		Select the motor frequency value from the motor nameplate data.		

1-24 Motor Current					
Range:		Function:			
Size	[0.10 -	Enter the nominal motor current			
related*	10000.00 A]	value from the motor nameplate			
		data. The data is used for			
		calculating torque, motor overload			
		protection, and so on.			

1-25 Motor Nominal Speed				
Range:	Function:			
Size	[10 - 60000	Enter the nominal motor speed		
related*	RPM]	value from the motor nameplate		
		data. The data is used for calculating		
		motor compensations. $n_{m,n} = n_s$ -		
		n _{slip} .		

1-26 Motor Cont. Rated Torque					
Range:	Function:				
Size	[0.1 -	Enter the value from the motor			
related*	100000.0	nameplate data. The default value			
	Nm]	corresponds to the nominal rated			
		output. This parameter is available when			
		parameter 1-10 Motor Construction is set			
		to [1] PM, non-salient SPM, that is the			
		parameter is valid for PM and non-			
		salient SPM motors only.			

1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)					
Ор	Option: Function:				
		NOTICE This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.			
	The AMA function optimizes dynamic moto performance by automatically optimizing the advanced motor parameters (parameter 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs) to parameter 1-35 Main Reactance (Xh)) at moto standstill.				
		Activate the AMA function by pressing [Hand On] after selecting Enable Complete AMA or [2] Enable Reduced AMA. See also the section Automatic Motor Adaptation in the design guide. After a normal sequence, the display reads: Press [OK] to finish AMA. After pressing [OK], the frequency converter is ready for operation. NOTICE Ensure that a value is set in parameter 14-43 Motor Cosphi before running AMA II.			
[0]	Off				
[1]	Enable Complete AMA	Performs AMA of the stator resistance R _S , The rotor resistance R _r , The stator leakage reactance X ₁ , The rotor leakage reactance X ₂ , and The main reactance X _h . For best performance, it is recommended to obtain the advanced motor data from the			





1-2	1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)		
Ор	tion:	Function:	
		motor manufacturer to enter into parameter 1-31 Rotor Resistance (Rr) through parameter 1-36 Iron Loss Resistance (Rfe). Complete AMA cannot be performed on permanent magnet motors.	
[2]	Enable Reduced AMA	Performs a reduced AMA of the stator resistance R_{s} in the system only. This option is available for standard asynchronous motors and non-salient PM motors. Select this option if an LC filter is used between the frequency converter and the motor.	
[3]	Enable Complete AMA II	Use this option with special motors (for example, S3 motors) and high-power motors. The functionality is similar to option [1] Enable Complete AMA, but the optimization is done based on torque calibration.	
[4]	Enable Reduced AMA II	Use this option with special motors (for example, S3 motors) and high-power motors. The functionality is similar to option [2] Enable Reduced AMA, but the optimization is done based on torque calibration.	

NOTICE

- For the best adaptation of the frequency converter, run AMA on a cold motor.
- AMA cannot be performed while the motor is running.
- AMA cannot run with a sine-wave filter connected.

NOTICE

It is important to set motor parameter group 1-2* Motor Data correctly, since these form part of the AMA algorithm. Perform an AMA to achieve optimum dynamic motor performance. It may take up to 10 minutes, depending on the power rating of the motor.

NOTICE

Avoid generating external torque during AMA.

NOTICE

If 1 of the settings in parameter group 1-2* Motor Data is changed, parameter 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs) to parameter 1-39 Motor Poles, the advanced motor parameters return to default setting.

NOTICE

AMA works problem-free on 1 motor size down, typically works on 2 motor sizes down, rarely works on 3 sizes down, and never works on 4 sizes down. Keep in mind that the accuracy of the measured motor data is poorer when operating on motors smaller than the nominal frequency converter size.

4.2.4 1-3* Adv. Motor Data

Parameters for advanced motor data. Ensure that the motor data in *parameter 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs)* to *parameter 1-39 Motor Poles* matches the motor. The default settings are based on standard motor values. If the motor parameters are not set correctly, a malfunction of the frequency converter system may occur. If the motor data is unknown, running an AMA (automatic motor adaptation) is recommended. See *parameter 1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)*.

Parameter groups 1-3* Adv. Motor Data and 1-4* Adv. Motor Data II cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

NOTICE

A simple check of the X1 + Xh sum value is to divide the line-to-line motor voltage by the sqrt(3) and divide this value by the motor no load current. [VL-L/sqrt(3)]/ I_{NL} = X1 + Xh, see *Illustration 4.5*. These values are important to magnetize the motor properly. For high-pole motors, it is highly recommended to perform this check.

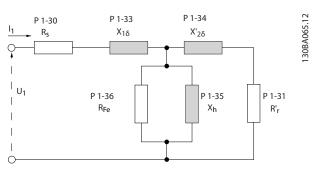


Illustration 4.5 Motor Equivalent Diagram of an Asynchronous Motor



1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs)		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0.0140 - 140.0000 Ohm]	Set the line-to-common stator resistance value. Enter the value from a motor datasheet or perform an AMA on a cold motor. NOTICE For salient PM motors: AMA is not available. If only line-line data is available, divide the line-line value by 2 to achieve the line-to-common (star point) value. Alternatively, measure the value with an ohmmeter. This also takes the resistance of the cable into account. Divide the measured value by 2 and enter the result.
		The parameter value is updated after each torque calibration if option [3] 1st start with store or option [4] Every start with store is selected in parameter 1-47 Torque Calibration.

1-31 Rotor Resistance (Rr)		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0.0100 - 100.0000 Ohm]	Parameter 1-31 Rotor Resistance (Rr) does not have effect when parameter 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM, non-salient SPM.
		Set the rotor resistance value R _r to improve shaft performance using 1 of these methods: • Run an AMA on a cold motor. The frequency converter measures the value from the motor. All compensations are reset to 100%.
		 Enter the R_r value manually. Obtain the value from the motor supplier. Use the R_r default setting. The frequency converter establishes the setting based on the motor nameplate data.

1-33 Sta	tor Leakage	e Reactance (X1)
Range:		Function:
	[0.0400 - 400.0000 Ohm]	
		frequency converter establishes the setting based on the motor nameplate data. See Illustration 4.5. NOTICE The parameter value is updated after each torque calibration if option [3] 1st start with store or option [4] Every start with store is selected in parameter 1-47 Torque Calibration.



1-34 Ro	tor Leakage	Reactance (X2)
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0.0400 - 400.0000 Ohm]	This parameter is only relevant for asynchronous motors.
		Set the rotor leakage reactance of the motor using 1 of these methods: • Run an AMA on a cold motor. The frequency converter measures the value from the motor.
		 Enter the X₂ value manually. Obtain the value from the motor supplier.
		 Use the X₂ default setting. The frequency converter establishes the setting based on the motor nameplate data.
		See Illustration 4.5.
		The parameter value is updated after each torque calibration if option [3] 1st start with store or option [4] Every start with store is selected in parameter 1-47 Torque Calibration.

1-35 Main Reactance (Xh)			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[1.0000 -	Set the main reactance of the motor	
related*	10000.0000	using 1 of these methods:	
	Ohm]	1. Run an AMA on a cold motor.	
		The frequency converter	
		measures the value from the	
		motor.	
		2. Enter the X_h value manually.	
		Obtain the value from the	
		motor supplier.	
		3. Use the X _h default setting.	
		The frequency converter	
		establishes the setting based	
		on the motor nameplate data.	

1-36 Iron Loss Resistance (Rfe)		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0-	Enter the equivalent iron loss
related*	10000.000	resistance (R _{Fe}) value to compensate
	Ohm]	for iron loss in the motor.
		The R _{Fe} value cannot be found by
		performing an AMA.
		The R _{Fe} value is especially important in
		torque control applications. If R _{Fe} is
		unknown, leave parameter 1-36 Iron
		Loss Resistance (Rfe) on default setting.

1-37 d-axis Inductance (Ld)		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0.000 - 1000.000 mH]	Enter line-to-common direct axis inductance of the PM motor. Obtain the value from the permanent magnet motor datasheet. If only line-line data is available, divide the line-line value by 2 to achieve the line-common (star point) value. Alternatively, measure the value with an inductance meter. This also takes the inductance of the cable into account. Divide the measured value by 2 and enter the result. This parameter is only active when parameter 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM, non-salient SPM (Permanent Magnet Motor). For a selection with 1 decimal, use this parameter. NOTICE The parameter value is updated after each torque calibration if option [3] 1st start with store or option [4] Every start with store is selected in parameter 1-47 Torque Calibration.

1-38 q-axis Inductance (Lq)			
Range: Function:			
[0.000 - 1000	Set the value of the q-axis		
mH]	inductance. See the motor		
	datasheet.		
	[0.000 - 1000		



1-39 Motor Poles				
Range:		Function:		
Size related*	[2 - 132]	Enter the number of motor poles.		

Poles	~n _n @ 50 Hz	~n _n @ 60 Hz
2	2700–2880	3250–3460
4	1350–1450	1625–1730
6	700–960	840–1153

Table 4.3 Pole Number for Normal Speed Ranges

Table 4.3 shows the pole number for normal speed ranges of various motor types. Define motors designed for other frequencies separately. The motor pole value is always an even number because it refers to the total pole number, not pairs of poles. The frequency converter creates the initial setting of parameter 1-39 Motor Poles based on parameter 1-23 Motor Frequency and parameter 1-25 Motor Nominal Speed.

1-40 Back EMF at 1000 RPM		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0 - 9000 V]	This parameter is only active when parameter 1-10 Motor Construction is set to options that enable PM (permanent magnet) motors. Set the nominal back EMF for the motor when running at 1000 RPM. Back EMF is the voltage generated by a PM motor when no frequency converter is connected and the shaft is turned externally. Back EMF is normally specified for nominal motor speed or for 1000 RPM measured between 2 lines. If the value is not available for a motor speed of 1000 RPM, calculate the correct value as follows. If back EMF is for example 320 V at 1800 RPM, it can be calculated at 1000 RPM: Example Back EMF 320 V at 1800 RPM. Back EMF=(Voltage/ RPM)*1000=(320/1800)*1000=178. NOTICE When using PM motors, it is recommended to use brake resistors.

1-	1-41 Motor Angle Offset				
Ra	ange:	Function:			
0*	[-32768 - 32767]	This parameter is only active when parameter 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM, non-salient SPM (Permanent Magnet Motor).			
		Enter the correct offset angle between the PM motor and the index position (single-turn) of the attached encoder or resolver. The value range of 0–32768 corresponds to 0–2 x pi (radians). To obtain the offset angle value: After frequency converter start-up, apply DC hold and enter the value of <i>parameter 16-20 Motor Angle</i> into this parameter.			

1-46 Position Detection Gain				
Range:		Function:		
100 %*	[20 -	Adjusts the amplitude of the test pulse		
	200 %]	during position detection at start. Adjust		
		this parameter to improve the position		
		measurement.		

1-47 Torque Calibration				
Op	otion:	Function:		
		Use this parameter to optimize the torque estimate in the full speed range. The estimated torque is based on the shaft power, $P_{shaft} = P_m - R_s \times I^2$. Make sure that the R_s value is correct. The R_s value in this formula is equal to the power loss in the motor, the cable, and the frequency converter. When this parameter is active, the frequency converter calculates the R_s value during power-up, ensuring the optimal torque estimate and optimal performance. Use this feature in cases when it is not possible to adjust parameter 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs) on each frequency converter to compensate for the cable length, frequency converter losses, and the temperature deviation on the motor.		
[0]	Off			
[1]	1st start after pwr-up	Calibrates at the first start-up after power-up and keeps this value until reset by a power cycle.		
[2]	Every start	Calibrates at every start-up, compensating for a possible change in motor temperature since last start-up. The value is reset after a power cycle.		
[3]	1st start with store	The frequency converter calibrates the torque at the first start-up after power-up. This option is used to update motor parameters: • Parameter 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs). • Parameter 1-33 Stator Leakage Reactance (X1).		





1-47 Torque Calibration			
Option:		Function:	
		Parameter 1-34 Rotor Leakage Reactance (X2).	
		Parameter 1-37 d-axis Inductance (Ld).	
[4]	Every	The frequency converter calibrates the torque at	
	start	every start-up, compensating for a possible change	
	with	in motor temperature since last start-up. This option	
	store	is used to update motor parameters:	
		Parameter 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs).	
		Parameter 1-33 Stator Leakage Reactance (X1).	
		Parameter 1-34 Rotor Leakage Reactance (X2).	
		Parameter 1-37 d-axis Inductance (Ld).	

4.2.5 1-5* Load Indep. Setting

1-50	1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed				
This pa	This parameter is not visible on the LCP.				
Range	2:	Function:			
100 %	[0 - 300 %]	Parameter 1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed has no effect when parameter 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non-salient SPM.			
		Use this parameter along with parameter 1-51 Min Speed Normal Magnetising [RPM] to obtain a different thermal load on the motor when running at low speed. Enter a value which is a percentage of the rated magnetizing current. If the setting is too low, the torque on the motor shaft may be reduced.			
		Magn. current 100% Par.1-50 Par.1-51 Par.1-52 RPM Illustration 4.6 Motor Magnetization			

1-51 Min Speed Normal Magnetising [RPM]			
This parameter is not visible on the LCP.			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[10 - 600 RPM]	Parameter 1-51 Min Speed Normal Magnetising [RPM] has no effect when parameter 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non-salient SPM. Set the required speed for normal magnetizing current. If the speed is set lower than the motor slip speed, parameter 1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed and parameter 1-51 Min Speed Normal Magnetising [RPM] are of no significance. Use this parameter along with parameter 1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed. See Table 4.3.	

1-52 Min Speed Normal Magnetising [Hz]			
,			
,			

1-55 U/f Characteristic - U					
Array [6]	Array [6]				
Range:		Function:			
Size related*	[0 - 1000 V]	Enter the voltage at each frequency point to form a U/f characteristic manually matching the motor. The frequency points are defined in parameter 1-56 U/f Characteristic - F. This parameter is an array parameter [0-5] and is only accessible when			
		parameter 1-01 Motor Control Principle is set to [0] U/f.			

1-56 U/f Characteristic - F					
Array [6]	Array [6]				
Range:		Function:			
Size	[0-	Enter the frequency points to form a U/f			
related*	1000.0 Hz]	characteristic manually matching the motor. The voltage at each point is defined in parameter 1-55 U/f Characteristic - U. This parameter is an array parameter [0–5] and is only accessible when parameter 1-01 Motor Control Principle is set to [0] U/f.			

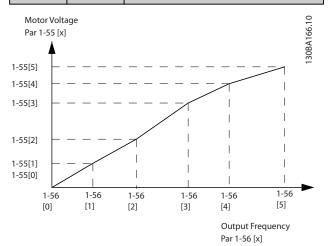


Illustration 4.7 U/f Characteristic

1-58 Flyi	ing Start	Test Pulses Current
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0-200 %]	This parameter is only available in VVC+. NOTICE This parameter has effect on PM motors only.
		Sets the current level for the flying start test pulses that are used to detect the motor direction. 100% means I _{m,n} . Adjust the value to be high enough to avoid noise influence, but low enough to avoid affecting the accuracy (current must be able to drop to 0 before the next pulse). Reduce the value to reduce the generated torque. Default is 30% for asynchronous motors, but may vary for PM motors. For adjusting PM motors, the value tunes for back EMF and daxis inductance of the motor.

1-59 Flying Start Test Pulses Frequency			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[0-	Asynchronous motor: Set the frequency of	
related*	500 %]	the flying start test pulses that are used to	
		detect the motor direction. For	
		asynchronous motors, the value 100%	
		means that the slip is doubled. Increase this	
		value to reduce the generated torque.	
		For synchronous motors, this value is the	
		percentage n _{m,n} of the free-running motor.	
		Above this value, flying start is always	
		performed. Below this value, the start mode	
		is selected in <i>parameter 1-70 Start Mode</i>	

4.2.6 1-6* Load Depend. Setting

1-60 Low Speed Load Compensation			
Range:		Function:	
100 %*	[0 -	Enter the % value to compensate voltage in	
	300 %]	relation to load when the motor is running	
		at low speed and obtain the optimum U/f	
		characteristic. The motor size determines the	
		frequency range within which this parameter	
		is active.	

Motor size	Changeover
0.25-7.5 kW	<10 Hz

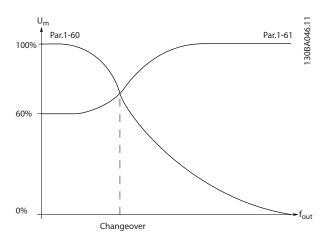


Illustration 4.8 Changeover

1-61 High Speed Load Compensation		
Range:		Function:
100 %*	[0 -	Enter the % value to compensate voltage in
	300 %]	relation to load when the motor is running
		at high speed and obtain the optimum U/f
		characteristic. The motor size determines the
		frequency range within which this parameter
		is active.





Motor size	Changeover
0.25-7.5 kW	>10 Hz

Table 4.4 Changeover Frequency

1-62 Slip Compensation		
Range:	Function:	
related* - c 500 %] n id n T p [Enter the % value for slip compensation to compensate for tolerances in the value of n _{M,N} . Slip compensation is calculated automatcally, that is on the basis of the nominal motor speed n _{M,N} . This function is not active when coarameter 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to [7] Speed closed loop or when coarameter 1-01 Motor Control Principle is set to [7] U/f special motor mode.	

1-63 Slip Compensation Time Constant		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0.05 -	NOTICE
related*	5 s]	Parameter 1-63 Slip Compensation Time Constant has no effect when parameter 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non-salient SPM.
		Enter the slip compensation reaction speed. A high value results in slow reaction, and a low value results in quick reaction. If low-frequency resonance problems arise, use a longer time setting.

1-64 Re	sonance	Damping
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0 - 1000 %]	Parameter 1-64 Resonance Dampening has no effect when parameter 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non-salient SPM.
		Enter the resonance damping value. Set parameter 1-64 Resonance Dampening and parameter 1-65 Resonance Dampening Time Constant to help eliminate high frequency resonance problems. To reduce resonance oscillation, increase the value of parameter 1-64 Resonance Dampening.

1-65 Resonance Damping Time Constant **Function:** Range: 5 ms* [1 - 50 NOTICE ms] Parameter 1-65 Resonance Dampening Time Constant has no effect when parameter 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non-salient SPM. Set parameter 1-64 Resonance Dampening and parameter 1-65 Resonance Dampening Time Constant to help eliminate high-frequency resonance problems. Enter the time constant that provides the best dampening.

1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed

Range:		Function:
Size	[1-	Enter the minimum motor current at low
related*	200 %]	speed, see parameter 1-53 Model Shift
		Frequency. Increasing this current improves
		motor torque at low speed.
		Parameter 1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed is
		enabled when <i>parameter 1-00 Configuration</i>
		Mode is set to [0] Speed open loop only. The
		frequency converter runs with constant
		current through motor for speeds below 10
		Hz.
		Parameter 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode
		and/or parameter 4-17 Torque Limit Generator
		Mode automatically adjust
		parameter 1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed. The
		parameter with the highest value adjusts
		parameter 1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed. The
		current setting in <i>parameter 1-66 Min. Current</i>
		at Low Speed is composed of the torque
		generating current and the magnetizing
		current.
		Example: Set parameter 4-16 Torque Limit
		Motor Mode to 100% and set
		parameter 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode
		to 60%. Parameter 1-66 Min. Current at Low
		Speed automatically adjusts to about 127%,
		depending on the motor size.

4.2.7 1-7* Start Adjustments

1-70 Start Mode

Select the start-up mode. This is done to initialize the VVC⁺ control core for previously free-running motor. Both selections estimate the speed and angle. Active for PM and SynRM motors in VVC⁺ only.

Opt	ion:	Function:
[0] *	Rotor Detection	Estimates the electrical angle of the
		rotor and uses this as a starting point. Standard selection for VLT®
		AutomationDrive applications.
[1]	Parking	The parking function applies DC current across the stator winding and rotates the rotor to electrical 0 position (typically selected for HVAC applications). Parking current and time are configured in parameter 2-06 Parking Current and parameter 2-07 Parking Time.
[2]	Rotor Det. w/ Parking	

1-7	1-71 Start Delay		
Rar	nge:	Function:	
0 s*	[0 - 25.5 s]	This parameter refers to the start function	
		selected in parameter 1-72 Start Function.	
		Enter the time delay required before	
		commencing acceleration.	

1-72 Start Function		
Ор	tion:	Function:
		Select the start function during start delay. This parameter is linked to parameter 1-71 Start Delay.
[0]	DC Hold/ delay time	Energizes motor with a DC hold current (parameter 2-00 DC Hold Current) during the start delay time.
[2] *	Coast/delay time	Motor coasted during the start delay time (inverter off).
[3]	Start speed cw	Only possible with VVC+. Connect the function described in parameter 1-74 Start Speed [RPM] and parameter 1-76 Start Current in the start delay time. Regardless of the value applied by the reference signal, the output speed applies the setting of the start speed in parameter 1-74 Start Speed [RPM] or parameter 1-75 Start Speed [Hz], and the output current corresponds to the setting of the start current in parameter 1-76 Start Current. This function is typically used in hoisting applications without counterweight and especially in applications with a cone-motor

1-7	1-72 Start Function		
Op	tion:	Function:	
		where the start is clockwise, followed by rotation in the reference direction.	
[4]	Horizontal operation	Only possible with VVC ⁺ . For obtaining the function described in parameter 1-74 Start Speed [RPM] and parameter 1-76 Start Current during the start delay time. The motor rotates in the reference direction. If the reference signal equals 0, parameter 1-74 Start Speed [RPM] is ignored and the output speed equals 0. The output current corresponds to the setting of the start current in parameter 1-76 Start Current.	
[5]	VVC+ clockwise	For the function described in parameter 1-74 Start Speed [RPM] only. The start current is calculated automatically. This function uses the start speed in the start delay time only. Regardless of the value set by the reference signal, the output speed equals the setting of the start speed in parameter 1-74 Start Speed [RPM]. [3] Start speed/current clockwise and [5] VVC+ clockwise are typically used in hoisting applications. [4] Start speed/current in reference direction is particularly used in applications with counterweight and horizontal movement.	
[7]	VVC+ counter-cw		

1-	1-73 Flying Start		
O	otion:	Function:	
		This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.	
		This function makes it possible to catch a motor which is spinning freely due to a mains dropout.	
[0]	Disabled	No function.	
[1]	Enabled	Enables the frequency converter to catch and control a spinning motor. When parameter 1-73 Flying Start is enabled, parameter 1-71 Start Delay and parameter 1-72 Start Function have no function. When parameter 1-73 Flying Start is enabled, parameter 1-58 Flying Start Test Pulses Current and parameter 1-59 Flying Start Test Pulses Frequency are used for specifying the conditions for the flying start.	
[2]	Enabled Always		
[3]	Enabled Ref. Dir.		



1-1	1-73 Flying Start			
Option:		Function:		
[4]	Enab.			
	Always Ref.			
	Dir.			

NOTICE

To obtain the best flying start performance, the advanced motor data, parameter 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs) to parameter 1-35 Main Reactance (Xh), must be correct.

1-74 Sta	1-74 Start Speed [RPM]		
Range:		Function:	
Size	[0 -	Set a motor start speed. After the start	
related*	600	signal, the output speed leaps to set value.	
	RPM]	Set the start function in	
		parameter 1-72 Start Function to [3] Start	
		speed cw, [4] Horizontal operation, or [5] VVC	
		+ clockwise, and set a start delay time in	
		parameter 1-71 Start Delay.	

1-75 Start Speed [Hz]		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0 - This parameter can be used for hoist	
related*	500.0	applications (cone rotor). Set a motor start
	Hz]	speed. After the start signal, the output
		speed leaps to the set value. Set the start
		function in parameter 1-72 Start Function to
		[3] Start speed cw, [4] Horizontal operation, or
		[5] VVC+ clockwise, and set a start delay time
		in parameter 1-71 Start Delay.

1-70	1-76 Start Current		
Ran	ge:	Function:	
0	[0-	Some motors, for example cone rotor motors,	
A*	par.	need extra current/starting speed to disengage	
	1-24 A]	the rotor. To obtain this boost, set the required	
		current in <i>parameter 1-76 Start Current</i> . Set	
		parameter 1-74 Start Speed [RPM]. Set	
		parameter 1-72 Start Function to [3] Start speed cw	
		or [4] Horizontal operation, and set a start delay	
		time in parameter 1-71 Start Delay.	
		This parameter can be used for hoist applications	
		(cone rotor).	

1-77 Compressor Start Max Speed [RPM]			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0 - par.	Use this parameter to set the speed	
	4-13 RPM]	range for high starting torque. Above	
		the set speed, normal torque and	
		current limits are used. Setting the	
		parameter value to zero disables the	
		function.	

1-78 Compressor Start Max Speed [Hz]			
Range:	Function:		
Size related*	[0 - par. 4-14 Hz]	Use this parameter to set the speed range for high starting torque. Above the set speed, normal torque and current limits are used. Setting the parameter value to zero disables the function.	

1-79 Compressor Start Max Time to Trip

Range:		Function:
5 s*	[0 -	This parameter refers to the start function selected
	10 s]	in parameter 1-72 Start Function.
		Enter the time delay required before commencing
		acceleration.
		This parameter enables a trip if compressor starting
		takes too long time. If the speed cannot reach the
		value set in parameter 1-77 Compressor Start Max
		Speed [RPM] within the specified time, the rotor is
		considered blocked and the frequency converter
		trips. The time includes any time set in
		parameter 1-71 Start Delay.

4.2.8 1-8* Stop Adjustments

1-8	0 Function at	Stop
Option:		Function:
		Select the frequency converter function after a stop command or after the speed is ramped down to the settings in parameter 1-81 Min Speed for Function at Stop [RPM].
[0]	Coast	Leaves motor in free mode. The motor is disconnected from the frequency converter.
[1]	DC hold	Energizes the motor with a DC hold current (see <i>parameter 2-00 DC Hold Current</i>).
[3]	Pre- magnetizing	Builds up a magnetic field while the motor is stopped. This allows the motor to produce torque quickly at subsequent start commands (asynchronous motors only). This premagnetizing function does not help the very first start command.
		Two different solutions are available to premagnetize the machine for the first start command: • Start the frequency converter with a 0 RPM reference and wait 2-4 rotor time constants before increasing the speed reference.
		Use the start delay with DC hold:
		 Set parameter 1-71 Start Delay to the required premagnetizing time (2-4 rotor time constants. See the time constants description further in this section).
		• Set parameter 1-72 Start Function to either [0] DC hold or [1] DC Brake.
		• Set the DC hold or DC brake current magnitude (parameter 2-00 DC Hold Current or parameter 2-01 DC Brake Current) to be equal to I_pre-mag = Unom/(1.73 x Xh)
		Sample rotor time constants = (Xh+X2)/(6.3*Freq_nom*Rr) 1 kW = 0.2 s 10 kW = 0.5 s 100 kW = 1.7 s 1000 kW = 2.5 s

1-8	1-80 Function at Stop		
Op	tion:	Function:	
[4]	DC Voltage U0	When the motor is stopped, the parameter 1-55 U/f Characteristic - U [0] defines the voltage at 0 Hz.	

1-81 Min Speed for Function at Stop [RPM]		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0 - 600 RPM]	Set the speed at which to activate parameter 1-80 Function at Stop.

1-82 Min Speed for Function at Stop [Hz]			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0 - 500.0	Set the output frequency at which	
	Hz]	to activate parameter 1-80 Function	
		at Stop.	



4.2.9 1-9* Motor Temperature

1-9	0 Motor Th	ermal Protection	
Ор	tion:	Function:	
		Motor thermal protection can be implemented	
		using a range of techniques: • Via a PTC sensor in the motor windings connected to 1 of the analog or digital inputs (parameter 1-93 Thermistor Source). See chapter 4.2.10 PTC Thermistor Connection.	
		Via calculation (ETR = Electronic Thermal Relay) of the thermal load, based on the actual load and time. The calculated thermal load is compared with the rated motor current I _{M,N} and the rated motor frequency f _{M,N} . See chapter 4.2.11 ETR.	
		Via a mechanical thermal switch (Klixon type). See chapter 4.2.12 Klixon.	
		For the North American market: The ETR functions provide class 20 motor overload protection in accordance with NEC.	
[0]	No protection	Continuously overloaded motor when no warning or trip of the frequency converter is required.	
[1]	Thermistor warning	Activates a warning when the connected thermistor or KTY sensor in the motor reacts in the event of motor overtemperature.	
[2]	Thermistor trip	Stops (trips) the frequency converter when connected thermistor or KTY sensor in the motor reacts in the event of motor overtemperature.	
		The thermistor cutout value must be more than 3 $k\Omega$.	
		Integrate a thermistor (PTC sensor) in the motor for winding protection.	
[3]	ETR warning 1	Calculates the load when set-up 1 is active and activates a warning on the display when the motor is overloaded. Program a warning signal via 1 of the digital outputs.	
[4]	ETR trip 1	Calculates the load when set-up 1 is active and stops (trips) the frequency converter when the motor is overloaded. Program a warning signal via 1 of the digital outputs. The signal appears in the event of a warning and if the frequency converter trips (thermal warning).	
[5]	ETR warning 2		

1-9	1-90 Motor Thermal Protection			
Option:		Function:		
[7]	ETR			
	warning 3			
[8]	ETR trip 3			
[9]	ETR			
	warning 4			
[10]	ETR trip 4			

4.2.10 PTC Thermistor Connection

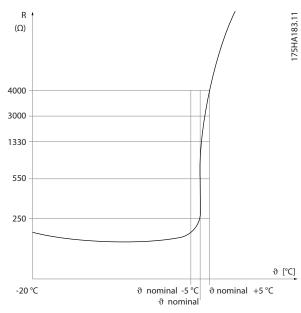


Illustration 4.9 PTC Profile

Using a digital input and 10 V as supply:

Example: The frequency converter trips when the motor temperature is too high.

Parameter set-up:

- Set parameter 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection to [2] Thermistor Trip.
- Set parameter 1-93 Thermistor Source to [6] Digital Input.

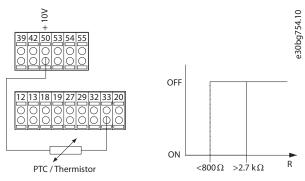


Illustration 4.10 PTC Thermistor Connection - Digital Input



Using an analog input and 10 V as supply:

Example: The frequency converter trips when the motor temperature is too high.

Parameter set-up:

- Set parameter 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection to [2] Thermistor Trip.
- Set parameter 1-93 Thermistor Source to [2] Analog Input 54.

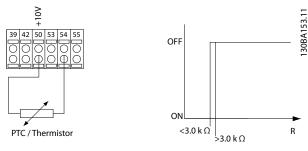


Illustration 4.11 PTC Thermistor Connection - Analog Input

Input	Supply voltage	Threshold
digital/analog		cutout values
Digital	10 V	<800 Ω⇒2.7 kΩ
Analog	10 V	<3.0 kΩ⇒3.0 kΩ

Table 4.5 Threshold Cutout Values

NOTICE

Check that the selected supply voltage follows the specification of the used thermistor element.

4.2.11 ETR

The calculations estimate the need for a lower load at lower speed due to less cooling from the fan incorporated in the motor.

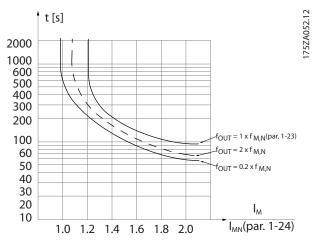


Illustration 4.12 ETR Profile

4.2.12 Klixon

The Klixon type thermal circuit breaker uses a KLIXON[®] metal dish. At a predetermined overload, the heat caused by the current through the disc causes a trip.

Using a digital input and 24 V as supply: Example: The frequency converter trips when the motor temperature is too high.

Parameter set-up:

- Set parameter 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection to [2] Thermistor Trip.
- Set parameter 1-93 Thermistor Source to [6] Digital Input.

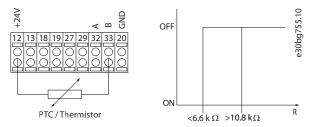


Illustration 4.13 Thermistor Connection

1-9	1-91 Motor External Fan		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	No	No external fan is required, that is the motor is derated at low speed.	
[1]	Yes	Applies an external motor fan (external ventilation), so no derating of the motor is required at low speed. The upper curve in <i>Illustration 4.12</i> (f _{out} = 1 x f _{M,N}) is followed if the motor current is lower than nominal motor current (see <i>parameter 1-24 Motor Current</i>). If the motor current exceeds nominal current, the operation time still decreases as if no fan was installed.	



1-93	3 Thermistor	Source
Opt	ion:	Function:
		This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.
		NOTICE Set digital input to [0] PNP - Active at 24 V in parameter 5-00 Digital I/O Mode.
		Select the input to which the thermistor (PTC sensor) should be connected. An analog input option [1] Analog Input 53 or [2] Analog Input 54 cannot be selected if the analog input is already in use as a reference source (selected in parameter 3-15 Reference 1 Source, parameter 3-16 Reference 2 Source, or parameter 3-17 Reference 3 Source). When using VLT® PTC Thermistor Card MCB 112, always select [0] None.
[0] *	None	
[1]	Analog Input 53	
[2]	Analog Input 54	
[3]	Digital input 18	
[4]	Digital input 19	
[5]	Digital input 32	
[6]	Digital input 33	

4.3 Parameters: 2-** Brakes

4.3.1 2-0* DC brakes

Parameter group for configuring the DC brake and DC hold functions.

2-00	2-00 DC Hold Current	
Rang	ge:	Function:
50	[0-	NOTICE
50 %*	[0 -	The maximum value depends on the rated motor current. Avoid 100% current for too long. It may damage the motor. Low values of DC hold produce larger than expected currents with larger motor power sizes. This error increases as the motor power increases. Enter a value for holding current as a percentage of the rated motor current I _{M,N} set in parameter 1-24 Motor Current. 100% DC hold current corresponds to I _{M,N} . This parameter holds the motor function (holding torque) or preheats the motor. This parameter is active if DC hold is selected in
		parameter 1-72 Start Function [0] or parameter 1-80 Function at Stop [1].
		parameter 7 00 runction at 3top [1].

2-01	2-01 DC Brake Current	
Ran	ge:	Function:
50 %*	[0 - 1000 %]	The maximum value depends on the rated motor current. Avoid 100% current for too long. It may damage the motor.
		Enter a value for current as a percentage of the rated motor current I _{M,N} , see <i>parameter 1-24 Motor Current</i> . 100% DC brake current corresponds to I _{M,N} . DC brake current is applied on a stop command, when the speed is lower than the limit set in <i>parameter 2-03 DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]</i> ; when the DC Brake Inverse function is active, or via the serial communication port. The braking current is active during the time period set in <i>parameter 2-02 DC Braking Time</i> .

2-02	2-02 DC Braking Time	
Range:		Function:
10 s*	[0 - 60 s]	Set the duration of the DC brake current set in parameter 2-01 DC Brake Current, once activated.



2-03 DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0 - par. 4-13 RPM]	Set the DC brake cut-in speed for activation of the DC brake current	
	4-13 KPWIJ	set in parameter 2-01 DC Brake	
		Current, upon a stop command.	

2-04 DC Brake Cut In Speed [Hz]		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0 - par. 4-14 Hz]	Parameter 2-04 DC Brake Cut In Speed [Hz] is not effective when parameter 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non-salient SPM. Set the DC brake cut-in speed for activation of the DC brake current set in
		parameter 2-01 DC Brake Current after a stop command.

2-06	2-06 Parking Current	
Range:		Function:
50 %*	[0 - 1000 %]	Set current as percentage of rated motor current, parameter 1-24 Motor Current. Is used when enabled in parameter 1-70 Start Mode.

2-07 Parking Time		
Range:		Function:
3 s*	[0.1 - 60 s]	Set the duration of the parking current set in
		parameter 2-06 Parking Current, once activated.

4.3.2 2-1* Brake Energy Funct.

Parameter group for selecting dynamic brake parameters. Only valid for frequency converters with brake chopper.

2-10	2-10 Brake Function		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	Off	No brake resistor is installed.	
[2]	AC brake	Improves braking without using a brake resistor. This parameter controls an overmagnetization of the motor when running with a generatoric load. This function can improve the OVC function. Increasing the electrical losses in the motor allows the OVC function to increase the braking torque without exceeding the overvoltage limit. NOTICE The AC brake is not as efficient as dynamic braking with resistor.	
		AC brake is for VVC+ mode in both open and closed loop.	

2-16 AC brake Max. Current					
Range	Range: Function:				
100 %*	100 %* [0 - 1000.0 %] Enter the maximum allowed current when using AC braking to avoid overheating of motor windings.				

NOTICE

Parameter 2-16 AC brake Max. Current has no effect when parameter 1-10 Motor Construction=[1] PM, non salient SPM.

2-17	2-17 Over-voltage Control				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		Overvoltage control (OVC) reduces the risk of the frequency converter tripping due to an overvoltage on the DC-link caused by generative power from the load.			
[0] *	Disabled	No OVC required.			
[1]	Enabled (not at stop)	Activates OVC except when using a stop signal to stop the frequency converter.			
[2]	Enabled	Activates OVC.			

NOTICE

Do not enable OVC in hoisting applications.

2-19 Over-voltage Gain			
Range: Function:			
100 %*	[10 - 200 %]	Select overvoltage gain.	



4.4 Parameters: 3-** Reference/Ramps

Parameters for handling of reference, definition of limitations, and configuration of the reaction of the frequency converter to changes.

4.4.1 3-0* Reference Limits

3-	3-00 Reference Range			
Option: Function:		Function:		
[0]	Min - Max	Select the range of the reference signal and the feedback signal. Signal values can be positive only, or positive and negative. The minimum limit may have a negative value, unless [1] Speed closed loop control or [3] Process is selected in parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode. Select the range of the reference signal and the feedback signal. Signal values can be positive only,		
		or positive and negative. The minimum limit may have a negative value, unless [1] Speed closed loop control or [3] Process is selected in parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode.		
[1]	-Max - +Max	For both positive and negative values (both directions, relative to parameter 4-10 Motor Speed Direction).		

3-01	Refere	nce/Feedback Unit
Option:		Function:
		Select the unit to be used in process PID control references and feedbacks. <i>Parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode</i> must be either [3] <i>Process</i> .
[0]	None	
[1]	%	
[2]	RPM	
[3]	Hz	
[4]	Nm	
[5]	PPM	
[10]	1/min	
[12]	Pulse/s	
[20]	l/s	
[21]	l/min	
[22]	l/h	
[23]	m³/s	
[24]	m³/min	
[25]	m³/h	
[30]	kg/s	
[31]	kg/min	
[32]	kg/h	
[33]	t/min	
[34]	t/h	
[40]	m/s	
[41]	m/min	
[45]	m	
[60]	°C	

3-01	Refere	nce/Feedback Unit
Opti	on:	Function:
[70]	mbar	
[71]	bar	
[72]	Pa	
[73]	kPa	
[74]	m WG	
[80]	kW	
[120]	GPM	
[121]	gal/s	
[122]	gal/min	
[123]	gal/h	
[124]	CFM	
[125]	ft³/s	
[126]	ft³/min	
[127]	ft³/h	
[130]	lb/s	
[131]	lb/min	
[132]	lb/h	
[140]	ft/s	
[141]	ft/min	
[145]	ft	
[150]	lb ft	
[160]	°F	
[170]	psi	
[171]	lb/in²	
[172]	in WG	
[173]	ft WG	
[180]	HP	

3-02 Minimum Reference			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[-99999.999 - par. 3-03 ReferenceFeed- backUnit]	Enter the minimum reference. The minimum reference is the lowest value obtainable by summing all references. Minimum reference is active only when parameter 3-00 Reference Range is set to [0] Min Max. The minimum reference unit matches the unit selected in parameter 3-01 Reference/Feedback Unit.	

3-03 Maximum Reference			
Range:	Function:		
Size related*	[par. 3-02 - 999999.999 ReferenceFeed- backUnit]	Enter the maximum reference. The maximum reference is the highest value obtainable by summing all references. The maximum reference unit matches the unit selected in parameter 3-00 Reference Range.	

3-0	3-04 Reference Function				
Option:		Function:			
[0]	Sum	Sums both external and preset reference sources.			
[1]	External/ Preset	Use either the preset or the external reference source. Shift between external and preset via a command or a digital input.			

4.4.2 3-1* References

Select the preset references. Select *Preset ref. bit 0/1/2 [16], [17], or [18]* for the corresponding digital inputs in *parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs.*

3-10	3-10 Preset Reference				
1	Array [8] Range: 0-7				
Rang	ge:	Function:			
0 %*	[-100 - 100 %]	Enter up to 8 different preset references (0–7) in this parameter, using array programming. The preset reference is stated as a percentage of the value Ref _{MAX} (parameter 3-03 Maximum Reference). If a Ref _{MIN} different from 0 (parameter 3-02 Minimum Reference) is programmed, the preset reference is calculated as a percentage of the full reference range, that is on the basis of the difference between Ref _{MAX} and Ref _{MIN} . Afterwards, the value is added to Ref _{MIN} . When using preset references, select preset reference bit 0/1/2 [16], [17] or [18] for the corresponding digital inputs in parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs.			

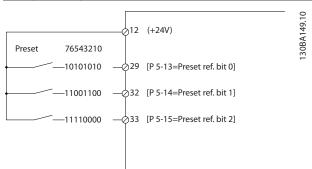


Illustration 4.14 Preset Reference

Preset ref. bit	2	1	0
Preset ref. 0	0	0	0
Preset ref. 1	0	0	1
Preset ref. 2	0	1	0
Preset ref. 3	0	1	1
Preset ref. 4	1	0	0
Preset ref. 5	1	0	1
Preset ref. 6	1	1	0
Preset ref. 7	1	1	1

Table 4.6 Preset Reference Bits

3-11 Jog Speed [Hz]		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0 - par. 4-14 Hz]	The jog speed is a fixed output speed
related*	4-14 Hz]	at which the frequency converter is
		running when the jog function is
		activated.
		See also parameter 3-80 Jog Ramp Time.

3-12	3-12 Catch up/slow Down Value		
Rang	ge:	Function:	
0 %*	[0 -	Enter a percentage (relative) value to be either	
	100 %]	added to or deducted from the actual reference	
		for catch up or slow down. If catch up is selected	
		via 1 of the digital inputs (parameter 5-10 Terminal	
		18 Digital Input to parameter 5-15 Terminal 33	
		Digital Input), the percentage (relative) value is	
		added to the total reference. If slow down is	
		selected via 1 of the digital inputs	
		(parameter 5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input to	
		parameter 5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input), the	
		percentage (relative) value is deducted from the	
		total reference. Obtain extended functionality with	
		the DigiPot function. See parameter group 3-9*	
		Digital Potentiometer.	

3-13 Reference Site

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select which reference site to activate.
[0] *	Linked to	Use local reference when in hand-on mode,
	Hand / Auto	or remote reference when in auto-on mode.
[1]	Remote	Use remote reference in both hand-on mode
		and auto-on mode.
[2]	Local	Use local reference in both hand-on mode
		and auto-on mode.
		NOTICE
		When set to [2] Local, the frequency
		converter starts with this setting again
		after a power-down.



3-14	3-14 Preset Relative Reference		
Ran	ge:	Function:	
0 %	[-200	The actual reference, X, is increased or decreased	
*	-	with the percentage Y, set in parameter 3-14 Preset	
	200 %]	Relative Reference.	
		This results in the actual reference Z. Actual	
		reference (X) is the sum of the inputs selected in:	
		Parameter 3-15 Reference 1 Source.	
		Parameter 3-16 Reference 2 Source.	
		Parameter 3-17 Reference 3 Source.	
		Parameter 8-02 Control Source.	

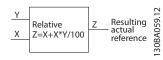


Illustration 4.15 Preset Relative Reference

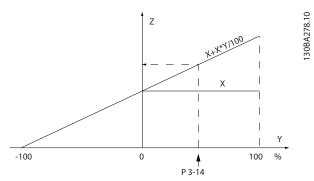


Illustration 4.16 Actual Reference

3-15	3-15 Reference Resource 1		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the reference input to be used for the first reference signal. Parameter 3-15 Reference Resource 1, parameter 3-16 Reference Resource 2, and parameter 3-17 Reference Resource 3 define up to 3 different reference signals. The sum of these reference signals defines the actual reference.	
[0]	No function		
[1] *	Analog Input 53		
[2]	Analog Input 54		
[7]	Frequency input 29		
[8]	Frequency input 33		
[11]	Local bus reference	Reference from terminals 68 and 69.	
[20]	Digital pot.meter		
[21]	Analog input X30/11	VLT [®] General Purpose I/O MCB 101	

3-15 Reference Resource 1			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[22]	Analog input X30/12	VLT® General Purpose I/O MCB 101	
[30]	Option Reference		
[32]	Bus PCD		

3-1	3-16 Reference Resource 2		
Opt	tion:	Function:	
		Select the reference input to be used for the 2 nd reference signal. Parameter 3-15 Reference Resource 1, parameter 3-16 Reference Resource 2, and parameter 3-17 Reference Resource 3 define up to 3 different reference	
		signals. The sum of these reference signals defines the actual reference.	
[0]	No function		
[1]	Analog Input 53		
[2]	Analog Input 54		
[7]	Frequency input 29		
[8]	Frequency input 33		
[11]	Local bus reference	Reference from terminals 68 and 69.	
[20]	Digital pot.meter		
[21]	Analog input X30/11		
[22]	Analog input X30/12		
[32]	Bus PCD		

3-1	3-17 Reference Resource 3		
Opt	tion:	Function:	
		Select the reference input to be used	
		for the 3 rd reference signal.	
		Parameter 3-15 Reference Resource 1,	
		parameter 3-16 Reference Resource 2, and	
		parameter 3-17 Reference Resource 3	
		define up to 3 different reference	
		signals. The sum of these reference	
		signals defines the actual reference.	
[0]	No function		
[1]	Analog Input 53		
[2]	Analog Input 54		
[7]	Frequency input		
	29		
[8]	Frequency input		
	33		
[11]	Local bus	Reference from terminals 68 and 69.	
	reference		
[20]	Digital pot.meter		
[21]	Analog input		
	X30/11		

MG06J102



3-1	3-17 Reference Resource 3		
Op	tion:	Function:	
[22]	Analog input		
	X30/12		
[32]	Bus PCD		

3-18 Relative Scaling Reference Resource **Function:** Option: NOTICE This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running. Select a variable value to be added to the fixed value (defined in parameter 3-14 Preset Relative Reference). The sum of the fixed and variable values (labeled Y in Illustration 4.17) is multiplied by the actual reference (labeled X in Illustration 4.17). This product is then added to the actual reference (X+X*Y/100) to give the resulting actual reference. Relative Z=X+X*Y/100 Illustration 4.17 Resulting Actual Reference [0] * No function Analog Input 53 [1] [2] Analog Input 54 [7] Frequency input 29 [8] Frequency input Local bus Reference from terminals 68 and 69. [11] reference Digital pot.meter Analog input X30/11 Analog input X30/12 Bus PCD [32]

3-19 Jog Speed [RPM]		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0-	Enter a value for the jog speed n _{JOG} , which
related*	par. 4-13	is a fixed output speed. The frequency
	RPM]	converter runs at this speed when the jog
		function is activated. The maximum limit is
		defined in parameter 4-13 Motor Speed High
		Limit [RPM].
		See also parameter 3-80 Jog Ramp Time.

4.4.3 3-4* Ramp 1

For each of the 4 ramps (parameter groups 3-4* Ramp 1, 3-5* Ramp 2, 3-6* Ramp 3, and 3-7* Ramp 4) configure the ramp parameters:

- Ramp type,
- Ramping times (duration of acceleration and deceleration), and
- Level of jerk compensation for S-ramps.

Start by setting the linear ramping times corresponding to *Illustration 4.18* and *Illustration 4.19*.

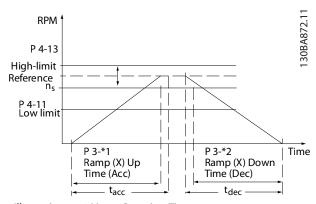


Illustration 4.18 Linear Ramping Times

If S-ramps are selected, set the level of non-linear jerk compensation required. Set jerk compensation by defining the proportion of ramp-up and ramp-down times where acceleration and deceleration are variable (that is, increasing or decreasing). The S-ramp acceleration and deceleration settings are defined as a percentage of the actual ramp time.

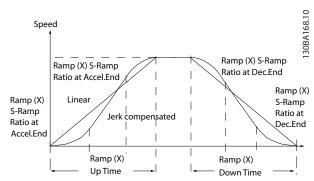


Illustration 4.19 Linear Ramping Times



3-40	Ramp 1	Туре
Opt	ion:	Function:
		If [1] S-ramp Const Jerk is selected and the reference during ramping is changed, the ramp time may be prolonged to realize a jerk-free movement, which may result in a longer start or stop time. Extra adjustment of the S-ramp ratios or switching initiators may be necessary. Select the ramp type, depending on requirements for acceleration/deceleration. A linear ramp gives constant acceleration during ramping. An S-ramp gives non-linear acceleration, compensating for jerk in the application.
[0] *	Linear	
[1]	S-ramp Const Jerk	Acceleration with lowest possible jerk.
[2]	S-ramp Const Time	S-ramp based on the values set in parameter 3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time and parameter 3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time.

3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0.01 -	Enter the ramp-up time, that is the
related*	3600 s]	acceleration time from 0 RPM to the
		synchronous motor speed n _s . Select a ramp-
		up time which prevents the output current
		from exceeding the current limit in
		parameter 4-18 Current Limit during ramping.
		The value 0.00 corresponds to 0.01 s in
		speed mode. See ramp-down time in
		parameter 3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time.
		$Par. 3-41 = \frac{t_{acc} [s] \times n_s [RPM]}{ref [RPM]}$

3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[0.01 -	Enter the ramp-down time, that is the	
related*	3600 s]	deceleration time from the synchronous	
		motor speed n _s to 0 RPM. Select a ramp-	
		down time such that no overvoltage occurs	
		in the inverter due to regenerative operation	
		of the motor, and such that the generated	
		current does not exceed the current limit set	
		in parameter 4-18 Current Limit. The value	
		0.00 corresponds to 0.01 s in speed mode.	
		See ramp-up time in parameter 3-41 Ramp 1	
		Ramp Up Time.	
		$Par. 3-42 = \frac{t_{dec}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$	

3-45 Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start				
Rang	e:	Function:		
50 %*	[1 - 99 %]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up time (parameter 3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time) in which the acceleration torque increases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compensation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks occurring in the application.		

3-46	Ramp 1 S	-ramp Ratio at Accel. End
Rang	e:	Function:
50 %*	[1-	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up time
	99 %]	(parameter 3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time) in
		which the acceleration torque decreases. The
		larger the percentage value, the greater the
		jerk compensation achieved, and thus the
		lower the torque jerks in the application.

3-47	Ramp 1 S	-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start
Rang	e:	Function:
50 %*	[1-	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-down
	99 %]	time (parameter 3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time)
		where the deceleration torque increases. The
		larger the percentage value, the greater the
		jerk compensation achieved, and thus the
		lower the torque jerks in the application.

3-48	3-48 Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End				
Range:		Function:			
50 %*	[1-	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-down			
	99 %]	time (parameter 3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time)			
		where the deceleration torque decreases. The			
		larger the percentage value, the greater the			
		jerk compensation achieved, and thus the			
		lower the torque jerks in the application.			

4.4.4 3-5* Ramp 2

To select ramp parameters, see *parameter group 3-4* Ramp 1*.

3-50	3-50 Ramp 2 Type		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the ramp type, depending on requirements for acceleration/deceleration. A linear ramp gives constant acceleration during ramping. An S-ramp gives non-linear acceleration, compensating for jerk in the application.	
[0] *	Linear		
[1]	S-ramp Const Jerk	Acceleration with lowest possible jerk.	
[2]	S-ramp Const Time	S-ramp based on the values set in parameter 3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time and parameter 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time.	

NOTICE

If [1] S-ramp Const Jerk is selected and the reference during ramping is changed, the ramp time may be prolonged to realize a jerk-free movement, which may result in a longer start or stop time.

Additional adjustment of the S-ramp ratios or switching initiators may be necessary.

3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0.01 -	Enter the ramp-up time, that is the
related*	3600 s]	acceleration time from 0 RPM to the
		nominal motor speed n _s . Select a ramp-up
		time such that the output current does not
		exceed the current limit in
		parameter 4-18 Current Limit during ramping.
		The value 0.00 corresponds to 0.01 s in
		speed mode. See ramp-down time in
		parameter 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time.
		$Par. \ 3-51 \ = \ \frac{t_{acc}\left[s\right] \times n_{s}\left[RPM\right]}{ref\left[RPM\right]}$

3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[0.01	Enter the ramp-down time, that is the	
related*	- 3600	deceleration time from the nominal motor	
	s]	speed n _s to 0 RPM. Select a ramp-down time	
		such that no overvoltage occurs in the	
		frequency converter due to regenerative	
		operation of the motor, and such that the	
		generated current does not exceed the	
		current limit set in parameter 4-18 Current	
		Limit. The value 0.00 corresponds to 0.01 s	
		in speed mode. See ramp-up time in	
		parameter 3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time.	

3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time			
Range:		Function:	
		$Par. 3-52 = \frac{t_{dec}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$	

3-55 Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start			
Range:		Function:	
50 %*	[1 - 99 %]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up time (parameter 3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time) in which the acceleration torque increases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compensation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks in the application.	

3-56 Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End			
Rang	e:	Function:	
50 %*	[1-	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up time	
	99 %]	(parameter 3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time) in	
		which the acceleration torque decreases. The	
		larger the percentage value, the greater the	
		jerk compensation achieved, and thus the	
		lower the torque jerks in the application.	

3-5/	Ramp 2 S	-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start
Range:		Function:
50 %*	[1-	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-down
	99 %]	time (parameter 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time)
		where the deceleration torque increases. The
		larger the percentage value, the greater the
		jerk compensation achieved, and thus the
		lower the torque jerks in the application.

3-58 Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End			
Rang	e:	Function:	
50 %*	[1-	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-down	
	99 %]	time (parameter 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time)	
		where the deceleration torque decreases. The	
		larger the percentage value, the greater the	
		jerk compensation achieved, and thus the	
		lower the torque jerks in the application.	



4.4.5 3-6* Ramp 3

Configure ramp parameters, see *parameter group 3-4* Ramp 1*.

3-60	3-60 Ramp 3 Type			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select the ramp type, depending on requirements for acceleration and deceleration. A linear ramp gives constant acceleration during ramping. An S-ramp gives non-linear acceleration, compensating for jerk in the application.		
[0] *	Linear			
[1]	S-ramp Const Jerk	Accelerates with lowest possible jerk.		
[2]	S-ramp Const Time	S-ramp based on the values set in parameter 3-61 Ramp 3 Ramp up Time and parameter 3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down Time.		

NOTICE

If [1] S-ramp Const Jerk is selected and the reference during ramping is changed, the ramp time may be prolonged to realize a jerk-free movement, which may result in a longer start or stop time.

Extra adjustment of the S-ramp ratios or switching initiators may be necessary.

3-61 Ramp 3 Ramp up Time		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0.01 -	Enter the ramp-up time, which is the
related*	3600 s]	acceleration time from 0 RPM to the
		nominal motor speed n _s . Select a ramp-up
		time such that the output current does not
		exceed the current limit in
		parameter 4-18 Current Limit during
		ramping. The value 0.00 corresponds to
		0.01 s in speed mode. See ramp-down time
		in parameter 3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down Time.

3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down Time			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[0.01 -	Enter the ramp-down time, which is the	
related*	3600 s]	deceleration time from the nominal motor	
		speed n₅ to 0 RPM. Select a ramp-down	
		time such that no overvoltage occurs in the	
		inverter due to regenerative operation of the	
		motor, and such that the generated current	
		does not exceed the current limit set in	
		parameter 4-18 Current Limit. The value 0.00	
		corresponds to 0.01 s in speed mode. See	
		ramp-up time in parameter 3-61 Ramp 3	
		Ramp up Time.	
		$Par. 3-62 = \frac{t_{dec}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$	

3-65	3-65 Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start		
Rang	e:	Function:	
50 %*	[1-	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up time	
	99 %]	(parameter 3-61 Ramp 3 Ramp up Time) in	
		which the acceleration torque increases. The	
		larger the percentage value, the greater the	
		jerk compensation achieved, and thus the	
		lower the torque jerks in the application.	

3-66 Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End			
Range:		Function:	
50 %*	[1-	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up time	
	99 %]	(parameter 3-61 Ramp 3 Ramp up Time) in	
		which the acceleration torque decreases. The	
		larger the percentage value, the greater the	
		jerk compensation achieved, and thus the	
		lower the torque jerks in the application.	

3-67 Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start			
Range:		Function:	
50 %*	[1-	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-down	
	99 %]	time (parameter 3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down Time)	
		where the deceleration torque increases. The	
		larger the percentage value, the greater the	
		jerk compensation achieved, and thus the	
		lower the torque jerks in the application.	

3-68 Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End		
Rang	e:	Function:
50 %*	[1-	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-down
	99 %]	decel time (parameter 3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down
		Time) where the deceleration torque decreases.
		The larger the percentage value, the greater
		the jerk compensation achieved, and thus the
		lower the torque jerks in the application.

4.4.6 3-7* Ramp 4

Configure ramp parameters, see *parameter group 3-4* Ramp 1*.

3-70	3-70 Ramp 4 Type			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select the ramp type, depending on requirements for acceleration and deceleration. A linear ramp gives constant acceleration during ramping. An S-ramp gives non-linear acceleration, compensating for jerk in the application.		
[0] *	Linear			
[1]	S-ramp Const Jerk	Accelerates with lowest possible jerk.		
[2]	S-ramp Const Time	S-ramp based on the values set in parameter 3-71 Ramp 4 Ramp up Time and parameter 3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time.		

NOTICE

If [1] S-ramp Const Jerk is selected and the reference during ramping is changed, the ramp time may be prolonged to realize a jerk-free movement, which may result in a longer start or stop time.

More adjustments of the S-ramp ratios or switching initiators may be necessary.

3-71 Ramp 4 Ramp up Time			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[0.01 -	Enter the ramp-up time, which is the	
related*	3600 s]	acceleration time from 0 RPM to the rated	
		motor speed n _s . Select a ramp-up time such	
		that the output current does not exceed the	
		current limit in parameter 4-18 Current Limit	
		during ramping. The value 0.00 corresponds	
		to 0.01 s in speed mode. See ramp-down	
		time in parameter 3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down	
		Time.	
		$Par. 3-71 = \frac{t_{acc}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$	

3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[0.01 -	Enter the ramp-down time, which is the	
related*	3600 s]	deceleration time from the nominal motor	
		speed n₅ to 0 RPM. Select a ramp-down	
		time such that no overvoltage occurs in the	
		inverter due to regenerative operation of the	
		motor, and such that the generated current	
		does not exceed the current limit set in	
		parameter 4-18 Current Limit. The value 0.00	
		corresponds to 0.01 s in speed mode. See	
		ramp-up time in <i>parameter 3-71 Ramp 4</i>	
		Ramp up Time.	

3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time			
Range:		Function:	
		$Par. 3-72 = \frac{t_{dec} [s] \times n_s [RPM]}{ref [RPM]}$	

3-75 Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start		
Range:		Function:
50 %*	[1-	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up time
	99 %]	(parameter 3-71 Ramp 4 Ramp up Time) in
		which the acceleration torque increases. The
		larger the percentage value, the greater the
		jerk compensation achieved, and thus the
		lower the torque jerks in the application.

3-76 Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End			
Range:		Function:	
50 %*	[1-	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up time	
	99 %]	(parameter 3-71 Ramp 4 Ramp up Time) in	
		which the acceleration torque decreases. The	
		larger the percentage value, the greater the	
		jerk compensation achieved, and thus the	
		lower the torque jerks in the application.	

3-// Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start		
e:	Function:	
[1-	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-down	
99 %]	time (parameter 3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time)	
	where the deceleration torque increases. The	
	larger the percentage value, the greater the	
	jerk compensation achieved, and thus the	
	lower the torque jerks in the application.	
	e: [1 -	

3-78 Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End		
Range:		Function:
50 %*	[1-	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-down
	99 %]	time (parameter 3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time)
		where the deceleration torque decreases. The
		larger the percentage value, the greater the
		jerk compensation achieved, and thus the
		lower the torque jerks in the application.



4.4.7 3-8* Other Ramps

3-80 Jog Ramp Time		
Range:		Function:
	[0.01 3600	Enter the jog ramp time, that is the acceleration/deceleration time between 0 RPM and the rated motor frequency n _s . Ensure that the resulting output current required for the given jog ramp time does not exceed the current limit in <i>parameter 4-18 Current Limit</i> . The jog ramp time starts after activation of a jog signal via the LCP, a selected digital input, or the serial communication port. When jog state is disabled, then the normal ramping times are valid.

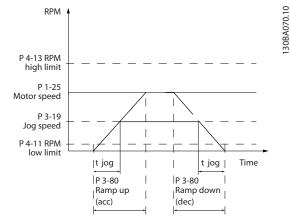


Illustration 4.20 Jog Ramp Time

 $Par. \ 3-80 \ = \ \frac{t_{jog} \left[s\right] x \, n_s \left[RPM\right]}{\Delta \, jog \, speed \left(par. \ 3-19\right) \left[RPM\right]}$

3-81 Quick Stop Ramp Time		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0.01 - 3600 s]	Enter the quick–stop ramp-down time, that is the deceleration time from the synchronous motor speed to 0 RPM. Ensure that no resulting overvoltage occurs in the inverter due to regenerative operation of the motor required to achieve the given ramp-down time. Ensure also that the generated current required to achieve the given ramp-down time does not exceed the current limit (set in parameter 4-18 Current Limit). Quick stop is activated with a signal on a selected digital input, or via the serial communication port.

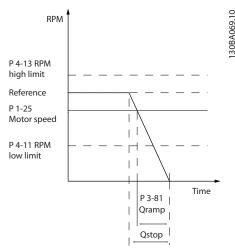


Illustration 4.21 Quick Stop Ramp Time

3-82 Starting Ramp Up Time			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[0.01 -	The ramp-up time is the acceleration	
related*	3600 s]	time from 0 rpm to the nominal motor	
		speed set in parameter 1-25 Motor	
		Nominal Speed when high starting	
		torque is active.	

4.4.8 3-9* Digital Pot.Meter

The digital potentiometer enables increase or decrease of the actual reference by adjusting the set-up of the digital inputs using the functions increase, decrease, or clear. To activate the function, set at least 1 digital input to increase or decrease.

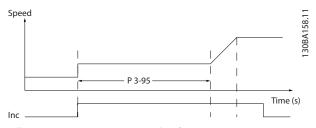


Illustration 4.22 Increase Actual Reference

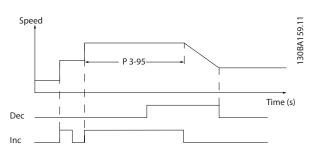


Illustration 4.23 Increase/Decrease Actual Reference

3-90 Step Size		
Range:		Function:
0.10 %	[0.01 -	Enter the increment size required for
*	200 %]	increase/decrease as a percentage of the
		synchronous motor speed, n _s . If increase/
		decrease is activated, the resulting reference
		is increased or decreased by the value set in
		this parameter.

3-91 Ramp Time Range: **Function:** Enter the ramp time, that is the time for [0 -3600 s] adjustment of the reference 0-100% of the specified digital potentiometer function (increase, decrease, or clear). If increase/decrease is activated for longer than the ramp delay period specified in parameter 3-95 Ramp Delay, the actual reference is ramped up/down according to this ramp time. The ramp time is defined as the time used to adjust the reference by the step size specified in parameter 3-90 Step Size.

3-92 Power Restore			
Option: Function:			
[0] *	Off	Resets the digital potentiometer reference to 0% after power-up.	
[1]	On	Restores the most recent digital potentiometer reference at power-up.	

3-93 Maximum Limit		
Range	:	Function:
100 %*	[-200 -	Set the maximum allowed value for the
	200 %]	resulting reference. This is recommended if
		the digital potentiometer is used for fine-
		tuning of the resulting reference.

3-94 Minimum Limit			
Range:		Function:	
-100 %*	[-200 -	Set the minimum allowed value for the	
	200 %]	resulting reference. This is recommended if	
		the digital potentiometer is used for fine-	
		tuning of the resulting reference.	

3-95 Ramp Delay		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0 -	Enter the delay required from activation of the
related*	0]	digital potentiometer function until the
		frequency converter starts to ramp the
		reference. With a delay of 0 ms, the reference
		starts to ramp when increase/decrease is
		activated. See also parameter 3-91 Ramp Time.

4.5 Parameters: 4-** Limits/Warnings

4.5.1 4-1* Motor Limits

Define torque, current, and speed limits for the motor, and the reaction of the frequency converter when the limits are exceeded.

A limit may generate a message in the display. A warning always generates a message in the display or on the fieldbus. A monitoring function may initiate a warning or a trip, after which the frequency converter stops and generates an alarm message.

4-	4-10 Motor Speed Direction			
Op	otion:	Function:		
		NOTICE This parameter cannot be adjusted while		
		the motor is running.		
		Select the motor speed direction(s) required. Use this parameter to prevent unwanted reversing. When parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to [3] Process, parameter 4-10 Motor Speed Direction is set to [0] Clockwise as default. The setting in parameter 4-10 Motor Speed Direction does not limit options for setting parameter 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM].		
[0]	Clockwise	The reference is set to CW rotation. Reversing input (default terminal 19) must be open.		
[1]	Counter clockwise	The reference is set to CCW rotation. Reversing input (default terminal 19) must be closed. If reversing is required with <i>reverse</i> input open, the motor direction can be changed by <i>parameter 1-06 Clockwise Direction</i> .		
[2]	Both directions	Allows the motor to rotate in both directions.		

	4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]		
	Function:		
[0 - par.	Enter the minimum limit for motor speed.		
4-13	The motor speed low limit can be set to		
RPM]	correspond to the manufacturer's		
	recommended minimum motor speed.		
	The motor speed low limit must not		
	exceed the setting in		
	parameter 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit		
	[RPM].		
4	-13		



4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]			
	Function:		
[0-	Enter the minimum limit for motor speed.		
par. 4-14	The motor speed low limit can be set to		
Hz]	correspond to the minimum output		
	frequency of the motor shaft. The motor		
	speed low limit must not exceed the		
	setting in parameter 4-14 Motor Speed High		
	Limit [Hz].		
	[0 - par. 4-14		

4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]		
Range:	Function:	
Size	[par.	Enter the maximum limit for motor
related*	4-11 -	speed. The motor speed high limit can
	60000	be set to correspond to the manufac-
	RPM]	turer's maximum nominal motor speed.
		The motor speed high limit must exceed
		the setting in parameter 4-11 Motor
		Speed Low Limit [RPM].

4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]		
Range:		Function:
Size	[par.	Enter the maximum limit for motor speed in
related*	4-12 -	Hz. Parameter 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit
	par.	[Hz] can be set to correspond to the
	4-19 Hz]	manufacturer's recommended maximum
		motor speed. The motor speed high limit
		must exceed the value in
		parameter 4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz].
		The output frequency must not exceed 10%
		of the switching frequency
		(parameter 14-01 Switching Frequency).

4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode		
Range:	Function:	
Size related*	[0 - 1000.0 %]	This function limits the
Application	[Application	torque on the shaft to
dependent*	dependent]	protect the mechanical
		installation.

NOTICE

Changing parameter 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode when parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to [0] Speed open loop, parameter 1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed is automatically readjusted.

NOTICE

The torque limit reacts to the actual, non-filtered torque, including torque spikes. This is not the torque that is seen from the LCP or the fieldbus as that torque is filtered.

4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode			
Range	Range: Function:		
100 %*	[0 - 1000.0 %]	This function limits the torque on the shaft to protect the mechanical installation.	

4-18 Current Limit		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[1.0 - 1000.0 %]	If [20] ATEX ETR is selected in parameter 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection, set parameter 4-18 Current Limit current limit to 150%.
		This is a true current limit function that continues in the oversynchronous range. However, due to field weakening the motor torque at current limit will drop accordingly when the voltage increase stops above the synchronized speed of the motor.

4-19 Ma	4-19 Max Output Frequency		
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[1 - 590 Hz]	This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.	
		Maximum output frequency cannot exceed 10% of the inverter switching frequency (parameter 14-01 Switching Frequency).	
		Provides a final limit on the output frequency for improved safety in applications where overspeeding is to be avoided. This limit is final in all configurations (independent of the setting in <i>parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode</i>).	

4.5.2 4-2* Limit Factors

4-20 Torque Limit Factor Source		
Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select an analog input for scaling the settings in parameter 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode and parameter 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode 0–100% (or inverse). The signal levels corresponding to 0% and 100% are defined in the analog input scaling, for example parameter group 6-1* Analog Input 1. This parameter is only active when parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode is in Speed Open Loop or Speed Closed Loop.
[0] *	No function	
[2]	Analog in 53	
[4]	Analog in 53 inv	
[6]	Analog in 54	
[8]	Analog in 54 inv	
[10]	Analog in X30-11	
[12]	Analog in X30-11 inv	
[14]	Analog in X30-12	
[16]	Analog in X30-12 inv	

4-21 Speed Limit Factor Source		
Option:		Function:
		Select an analog input for scaling the settings in <i>parameter 4-19 Max Output Frequency</i> 0–100% (or the other way around). The signal levels corresponding to 0% and 100% are defined in the analog input scaling, for example <i>parameter group 6-1* Analog Input 1</i> . This parameter is only active when <i>parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode</i> is in [4] Torque Open Loop.
[0] *	No function	
[2]	Analog in 53	
[4]	Analog in 53 inv	
[6]	Analog in 54	
[8]	Analog in 54 inv	
[10]	Analog in X30-11	
[12]	Analog in X30-11 inv	
[14]	Analog in X30-12	
[16]	Analog in X30-12 inv	

4.5.3 4-3* Motor Feedback Monitoring

The parameter group includes monitoring and handling of motor feedback devices, such as encoders, resolvers, and so on.

4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function		
Option:		Function:
		This function is used to monitor consistency in the feedback signal, that is if the feedback signal is available. Select which action the frequency converter should take if a feedback fault is detected. The selected action is to take place when the feedback signal differs from the output speed by the value set in parameter 4-31 Motor Feedback Speed Error for longer than the value set in parameter 4-32 Motor Feedback Loss Timeout.
[0]	Disabled	
[1]	Warning	
[2]	Trip	
[3]	Jog	
[4]	Freeze Output	
[5]	Max Speed	
[6]	Switch to Open Loop	
[7]	Select Setup 1	
[8]	Select Setup 2	
[9]	Select Setup 3	
[10]	Select Setup 4	
[11]	Stop & Trip	

Warning 90, Feedback monitor is active as soon as the value in parameter 4-31 Motor Feedback Speed Error is exceeded, regardless of the setting in parameter 4-32 Motor Feedback Loss Timeout. Warning/Alarm 61, Feedback Error is related to the motor feedback loss function.

4-31 Motor Feedback Speed Error			
Range: Function:			
300 RPM*	[1 - 600 RPM]	Select the maximum allowed error in	
		speed (output speed vs. feedback).	



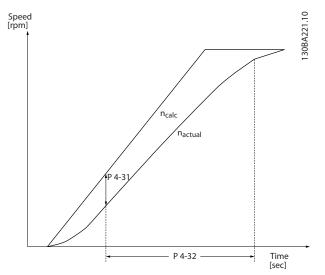


Illustration 4.24 Motor Feedback Speed Error

4-32 Motor Feedback Loss Timeout			
Range:	Function:		
Size	[0 - 60	Set the timeout value allowing the speed	
related*	s] error set in parameter 4-31 Motor Feedback		
	Speed Error to be exceeded before		
	enabling the function selected in		
	parameter 4-30 Motor Feedback Loss		
		Function.	

4.5.4 4-4* Speed Monitor

4-40 Warning Freq. Low		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0-	When the motor speed falls below this limit,
related*	par.	the display reads SPEED LOW. The LCP
	4-41	warning light is not turned on when this
	Hz]	parameter set limit is reached. Warning bit
		10 is set in parameter 16-94 Ext. Status Word,
		the output relay or the digital output can
		be configured to indicate this warning.

4-41 Warning Freq. High		
Range:		Function:
Size	[par.	Use this parameter to set a high limit for the
related*	4-40 -	frequency range. When the motor speed is
	par.	above this limit, the display reads SPEED
	4-14 Hz]	HIGH. The LCP warning light is not turned
		on when this parameter set limit is reached.
		Warning bit 9 is set in <i>parameter 16-94 Ext</i> .
		Status Word. The output relay or the digital
		output can be configured to indicate this
		warning.

4.5.5 4-5* Adjustable Warnings

Use these parameters to adjust warning limits for current, speed, reference, and feedback.

Warnings are shown on the LCP and can be programmed to be outputs or to be read out via fieldbus in the extended status word.

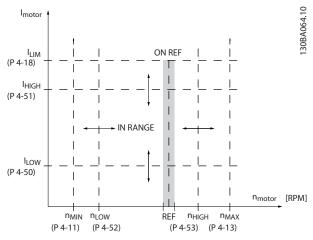


Illustration 4.25 Adjustable Warnings

4-50	4-50 Warning Current Low			
Ran	ge:	Function:		
0 A*	[0 - par.	Enter the I _{LOW} value. When the motor current		
	4-51 A]	falls below this limit, the display reads Current		
		Low. The signal outputs can be programmed to		
		produce a status signal on terminal 27 or 29		
		and on relay output 01 or 02. Refer to		
		Illustration 4.25.		

4-51 Warning Current High		
Range:	Function:	
Size	[par.	Enter the I _{HIGH} value. When the motor
related*	4-50 - par.	current exceeds this limit, the display
	16-37 A]	reads Current High. The signal outputs
		can be programmed to produce a status
		signal on terminal 27 or 29 and on relay
		output 01 or 02. Refer to Illustration 4.25.

4-52 Warning Speed Low		
Range:	Function:	
Size	[0 - par.	Enter the n _{LOW} value. When the motor
related*	4-53 RPM] speed exceeds this limit, the display	
	reads Speed low. The signal outputs can	
	be programmed to produce a status	
	signal on terminal 27 or 29 and on relay	
		output 01 or 02.



4-53 Wa	4-53 Warning Speed High		
Range:	Function:		
Size	[par.	Enter the n _{HIGH} value. When the motor	
related*	4-52 -	speed exceeds this value, the display	
	feads Speed high. The signal outputs can		
	RPM] be programmed to produce a status		
	signal on terminals 27 or 29 and on rela		
		outputs 01 or 02. Refer to	
		Illustration 4.25.	

4-54 Warning Reference Low			
Range:		Function:	
-999999.999*	[-999999.999 -	Enter the lower reference limit.	
	par. 4-55]	When the actual reference drops	
		below this limit, the display	
		indicates <i>Ref_{LOW}</i> . The signal	
		outputs can be programmed to	
		produce a status signal on	
		terminal 27 or 29 and on relay	
		output 01 or 02.	

4-55 Warning Reference High			
Range:	Function:		
999999.999*	[par. 4-54 -	Enter the upper reference limit.	
	999999.999]	When the actual reference exceeds	
		this limit, the display reads Ref _{high} .	
		The signal outputs can be	
		programmed to produce a status	
		signal on terminal 27 or 29 and on	
		relay output 01 or 02.	

4-56 Warning Feedback Low			
Range:	Function:		
Size	[-999999.999 -	Enter the lower feedback limit.	
related*	par. 4-57	When the feedback drops below	
	ReferenceFeed-	this limit, the display reads	
	backUnit]	Feedb _{Low} . The signal outputs	
		can be programmed to produce	
		a status signal on terminal 27 or	
		29 and on relay output 01 or	
		02.	

4-57 Warning Feedback High			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[par. 4-56 -	Enter the upper feedback limit.	
related*	999999.999	When the feedback exceeds this	
	ReferenceFeed-	limit, the display reads	
	backUnit]	Feedb _{High} . The signal outputs	
		can be programmed to produce	
		a status signal on terminal 27 or	
		29 and on relay output 01 or	
		02.	

4-58	8 Missing N	Motor Phase Function
Opt	ion:	Function:
		NOTICE This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.
		The missing motor phase function detects whether the motor phase is missing during motor rotation. Shows alarm 30, 31, or 32 in the event of a missing motor phase. Enable this function to avoid motor damage.
[0]	Disabled	The frequency converter does not issue a missing motor phase alarm. Not recommended due to risk of motor damage.
[1]	Trip 100 ms	For a quick detection time and alarm in the event of a missing motor phase.
[2] *	Trip 1000 ms	
[3]	Trip 100ms 3ph detec.	Special option relevant for crane applications when lowering a small load that lets the frequency converter avoid false detections of missing motor phase. This option is a reduced version of option [1] Trip 100 ms. 1-phase missing is handled as in option [1] Trip 100 ms. 3-phase detection is reduced compared to option [1] Trip 100 ms. The 3-phase detection is only working at start-up and in the low speed range where a significant current is running, avoiding false trips during small motor current.



4.5.6 4-6* Speed Bypass

Some systems require that certain output frequencies or speeds are avoided due to resonance problems in the system. A maximum of 4 frequency or speed ranges can be avoided.

4-60 Bypa	ss Speed From	r [RPM]
Array [4]		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0 - par. 4-13 RPM]	Some systems call for avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance problems in the system. Enter the lower limits of the speeds to be avoided.

4-61 Bypa	ss Speed Fro	m [Hz]
Array [4]		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0 - par. 4-14 Hz]	Some systems require that certain output frequencies or speeds are avoided due to resonance problems in the system. Enter the lower limits of the speeds to be avoided.

4-62 Bypa	ss Speed To [F	RPM]
Array [4]		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0 - par. 4-13 RPM]	Some systems call for avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance problems in the system. Enter the upper limits of the speeds to be avoided.

ss Speed To [I	Hz]
	Function:
[0 - par.	Some systems call for avoiding
4-14 Hz]	certain output speeds due to
	resonance problems in the system.
	Enter the upper limits of the speeds
	to be avoided.

4.6 Parameters: 5-** Digital In/Out

4.6.1 5-0* Digital I/O Mode

Parameters for configuring the input and output using NPN and PNP.

5-00) Dig	ital I/O Mode
Opt	ion:	Function:
		Perform a power cycle to activate the parameter once it has been changed.
		Digital inputs and programmed digital outputs are pre-programmable for operation either in PNP or NPN systems.
[0] *	PNP	Action on positive directional pulses (‡). PNP systems are pulled down to GND.
[1]	NPN	Action on negative directional pulses (\$). NPN systems are pulled up to +24 V, internally in the frequency converter.

5-0	1 Termi	nal 27 Mode
Opt	ion:	Function:
		NOTICE This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.
[0] *	Input	Defines terminal 27 as a digital input.
[1]	Output	Defines terminal 27 as a digital output.

5-02	Terminal	29 Mode
Optio	on:	Function:
[0] *	Input	Defines terminal 29 as a digital input.
[1]	Output	Defines terminal 29 as a digital output.

The digital inputs are used for selecting various functions in the frequency converter. *Table 4.8* shows which functions can be assigned to digital inputs.

Functions in group 1 have higher priority than functions in group 2.

Group 1	Reset, coast stop, reset, and coast stop, quick stop,
	DC brake, stop, and the [Off] key.
Group 2	Start, latched start, reversing, start reversing, jog,
	and freeze output.

Table 4.7 Function Groups



No operation [0] All, terminal 32, 33 Reset [1] All Coast inverse [2] All, terminal 27 Coast and reset inverse [3] All Quick stop inverse [4] All DC brake inverse [5] All Stop inverse [6] All Start [8] All, terminal 18 Latched start [9] All Eversing [10] All, terminal 19 Start reversing [11] All Enable start forward [12] All Enable start forward [12] All Enable start reverse [13] All Jog [14] All, terminal 18 Inable start forward [12] All Preset reference [13] All Preset reference on [15] All Preset ref bit 0 [16] All Freeze reference [19] All Freeze reference [19] All <th>Digital input function</th> <th>Select</th> <th>Terminal</th>	Digital input function	Select	Terminal
Coast inverse [2] All, terminal 27 Coast and reset inverse [3] All Quick stop inverse [4] All DC brake inverse [5] All Stop inverse [6] All Start [8] All, terminal 18 Latched start [9] All Reversing [10] All, terminal 19 Start reversing [11] All Enable start forward [12] All Enable start reverse [13] All Jog [14] All, terminal 19 Preset reference [12] All Preset reference on [15] All Preset reference on [16] All Preset ref bit 0 [16] All Preset ref bit 1 [17] All Preset ref bit 2 [18] All Freeze ortput [20] All Speed down [22] All Set-up select bit 0 [23] All	No operation	[0]	All, terminal 32, 33
Coast and reset inverse [3] All Quick stop inverse [4] All DC brake inverse [5] All Stop inverse [6] All Start [8] All, terminal 18 Latched start [9] All Reversing [10] All, terminal 19 Start reversing [11] All Enable start forward [12] All Enable start reverse [13] All Jog [14] All, terminal 29 Preset reference on [15] All Preset reference on [15] All Preset ref bit 0 [16] All Preset ref bit 1 [17] All Preset ref bit 2 [18] All Freeze reference [19] All Freeze output [20] All Speed up [21] All Speed down [22] All Set-up select bit 0 [23] All Catc	Reset	[1]	All
Quick stop inverse [4] All DC brake inverse [5] All Stop inverse [6] All Start [8] All, terminal 18 Latched start [9] All Reversing [10] All, terminal 19 Start reversing [11] All Enable start forward [12] All Enable start reverse [13] All Jog [14] All, terminal 29 Preset reference on [15] All Preset reference on [16] All Preset ref bit 0 [16] All Preset ref bit 1 [17] All Preset ref bit 2 [18] All Freeze reference [19] All If reeze output [20] All Speed up [21] All Speed down [22] All Set-up select bit 0 [23] All Set-up select bit 1 [24] All Count	Coast inverse	[2]	All, terminal 27
DC brake inverse [5] All Stop inverse [6] All Start [8] All, terminal 18 Latched start [9] All Reversing [10] All, terminal 19 Start reversing [11] All Enable start forward [12] All Enable start reverse [13] All Jog [14] All, terminal 29 Preset reference on [15] All Preset reference on [16] All Preset ref bit 0 [16] All Preset ref bit 1 [17] All Preset ref bit 2 [18] All Freeze reference [19] All Interpretation [10] All Preset ref bit 2 [18] All Freeze reference [19] All Interpretation [20] All Preset ref bit 2 [18] All Speed up [21] All Speed up<	Coast and reset inverse	[3]	All
Stop inverse [6] All Start [8] All, terminal 18 Latched start [9] All Reversing [10] All, terminal 19 Start reversing [11] All Enable start forward [12] All Enable start reverse [13] All Jog [14] All, terminal 29 Preset refice [15] All Preset reference on [15] All Preset ref bit 0 [16] All Preset ref bit 1 [17] All Preset ref bit 2 [18] All Preset ref bit 1 [17] All Preset ref bit 2 [18] All Preset ref bit 2 [18] All Re	Quick stop inverse	[4]	All
Start [8] All, terminal 18 Latched start [9] All Reversing [10] All, terminal 19 Start reversing [11] All Enable start forward [12] All Enable start reverse [13] All Dog [14] All, terminal 29 Preset reference on [15] All Preset reference on [16] All Preset ref bit 0 [16] All Preset ref bit 1 [17] All Preset reference [19] All Freeze reference [19] All Freeze output [20] All Speed up [21] All Speed down [22] All Set-up select bit 0 [23] All Set-up select bit 1 [24] All Catch up [28] All Slow down [29] All Counter input [30] 29, 33 Ramp bit 0	DC brake inverse	[5]	All
Latched start [9] All Reversing [10] All, terminal 19 Start reversing [11] All Enable start forward [12] All Enable start reverse [13] All Inable start reverse [13] All Preset reference [15] All Preset reference on [16] All Preset ref bit 0 [16] All Preset ref bit 2 [18] All Freeze reference [19] All Freeze output [20] All Speed up [21] All Speed down [22] All Speed down [22] All Set-up select bit 0 [23] All Set-up select bit 1 [24] All Catch up [28] All Slow down [29] All Counter input [30] 29, 33 Ramp bit 0 [34] All Ramp bit 1 [Stop inverse	[6]	All
Reversing [10]	Start	[8]	All, terminal 18
Start reversing [11] All Enable start forward [12] All Enable start reverse [13] All Inable start reverse [13] All Preset reference on [15] All Preset reference on [16] All Preset ref bit 0 [16] All Preset ref bit 2 [18] All Preset reference [19] All Preset reference [19] All Set up [20] All Set up [21] All Counter A	Latched start	[9]	All
Enable start forward [12] All Enable start reverse [13] All Jog [14] All, terminal 29 Preset reference on [15] All Preset ref bit 0 [16] All Preset ref bit 1 [17] All Preset ref bit 2 [18] All Preset ref bit 2 [18] All Freeze reference [19] All Freeze output [20] All Speed up [21] All Speed down [22] All Speed down [22] All Speed down [22] All Set-up select bit 0 [23] All Set-up select bit 1 [24] All Catch up [28] All Slow down [29] All Counter input [30] 29, 33 Ramp bit 0 [34] All Ramp bit 1 [35] All External interlock [51]	Reversing	[10]	All, terminal 19
Enable start reverse [13] All Jog [14] All, terminal 29 Preset reference on [15] All Preset ref bit 0 [16] All Preset ref bit 1 [17] All Preset ref bit 2 [18] All Freeze reference [19] All Freeze output [20] All Speed up [21] All Speed down [22] All Set-up select bit 0 [23] All Catch up [28] All Slow down [29] All Counter input [30] 29, 33 Pulse input time based [32] 29, 33 Ramp bit 0 [34] All External interlock [51] — DigiPot increase [55] All DigiPot decrease [56] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (down) [64] 29, 33 Reset counter B (down) [64] 29, 33 Reset counter B (for all and an analysis of the counter B (for all an an an an an an an analysis of the counter B (for all an	Start reversing	[11]	All
The present reference on The present ref bit 0 The present ref bit 1 The present ref bit 2 The present reference The present r	Enable start forward	[12]	All
Preset reference on [15] All Preset ref bit 0 [16] All Preset ref bit 1 [17] All Preset ref bit 2 [18] All Preset ref bit 2 [18] All Preset reference [19] All Freeze output [20] All Speed up [21] All Speed down [22] All Set-up select bit 0 [23] All Set-up select bit 1 [24] All Catch up [28] All Slow down [29] All Counter input [30] 29, 33 Ramp bit 0 [34] All Ramp bit 1 [35] All External interlock [51] - DigiPot clearese [55] All DigiPot decrease [56] All DigiPot clear [57] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62]	Enable start reverse	[13]	All
Preset ref bit 0 [16] All Preset ref bit 1 [17] All Preset ref bit 2 [18] All Freeze reference [19] All Freeze output [20] All Speed up [21] All Speed down [22] All Speed down [22] All Set-up select bit 0 [23] All Set-up select bit 1 [24] All Catch up [28] All Slow down [29] All Counter input [30] 29, 33 Pulse input time based [32] 29, 33 Ramp bit 0 [34] All Ramp bit 1 [35] All External interlock [51] - DigiPot clearese [55] All DigiPot decrease [56] All DigiPot clear [57] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62]	Jog	[14]	All, terminal 29
Preset ref bit 1 [17] All Preset ref bit 2 [18] All Freeze reference [19] All Freeze output [20] All Speed up [21] All Speed down [22] All Set-up select bit 0 [23] All Set-up select bit 1 [24] All Catch up [28] All Slow down [29] All Counter input [30] 29, 33 Pulse input time based [32] 29, 33 Ramp bit 0 [34] All Ramp bit 1 [35] All External interlock [51] - DigiPot increase [55] All DigiPot decrease [56] All DigiPot clear [57] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Counter B (down) [64]	Preset reference on	[15]	All
Preset ref bit 2 [18] All Freeze reference [19] All Freeze output [20] All Speed up [21] All Speed down [22] All Set-up select bit 0 [23] All Set-up select bit 1 [24] All Catch up [28] All Slow down [29] All Counter input [30] 29, 33 Pulse input time based [32] 29, 33 Ramp bit 0 [34] All Ramp bit 1 [35] All External interlock [51] - DigiPot increase [55] All DigiPot decrease [56] All DigiPot clear [57] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Counter B (down) [64] 29, 33 Reset counter B [6	Preset ref bit 0	[16]	All
Freeze reference [19] All Freeze output [20] All Speed up [21] All Speed down [22] All Set-up select bit 0 [23] All Set-up select bit 1 [24] All Catch up [28] All Slow down [29] All Counter input [30] 29, 33 Pulse input time based [32] 29, 33 Ramp bit 0 [34] All Ramp bit 1 [35] All External interlock [51] - DigiPot increase [55] All DigiPot decrease [56] All DigiPot clear [57] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Counter A (down) [61] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Counter B (down) [64] 29, 33 Reset counter B <td< td=""><td>Preset ref bit 1</td><td>[17]</td><td>All</td></td<>	Preset ref bit 1	[17]	All
Freeze output [20] All Speed up [21] All Speed down [22] All Set-up select bit 0 [23] All Set-up select bit 1 [24] All Catch up [28] All Slow down [29] All Counter input [30] 29, 33 Pulse input time based [32] 29, 33 Ramp bit 0 [34] All Ramp bit 1 [35] All External interlock [51] - DigiPot increase [55] All DigiPot decrease [56] All DigiPot clear [57] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Counter A (down) [61] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID reset I-part [73]	Preset ref bit 2	[18]	All
Speed up [21] All Speed down [22] All Set-up select bit 0 [23] All Set-up select bit 1 [24] All Catch up [28] All Slow down [29] All Counter input [30] 29, 33 Pulse input time based [32] 29, 33 Ramp bit 0 [34] All Ramp bit 1 [35] All External interlock [51] - DigiPot increase [55] All DigiPot decrease [56] All DigiPot clear [57] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Counter A (down) [61] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID reset I-part [73] All	Freeze reference	[19]	All
Speed down [22] All Set-up select bit 0 [23] All Set-up select bit 1 [24] All Catch up [28] All Slow down [29] All Counter input [30] 29, 33 Pulse input time based [32] 29, 33 Ramp bit 0 [34] All Ramp bit 1 [35] All External interlock [51] - DigiPot increase [55] All DigiPot decrease [56] All DigiPot clear [57] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Counter A (down) [61] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Counter B (down) [64] 29, 33 Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID reset I-part [73] All	Freeze output	[20]	All
Set-up select bit 0 [23] All Set-up select bit 1 [24] All Catch up [28] All Slow down [29] All Counter input [30] 29, 33 Pulse input time based [32] 29, 33 Ramp bit 0 [34] All Ramp bit 1 [35] All External interlock [51] - DigiPot increase [55] All DigiPot decrease [56] All DigiPot clear [57] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Counter A (down) [61] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Counter B (down) [64] 29, 33 Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID reset I-part [73] All	Speed up	[21]	All
Set-up select bit 1 [24] All Catch up [28] All Slow down [29] All Counter input [30] 29, 33 Pulse input time based [32] 29, 33 Ramp bit 0 [34] All Ramp bit 1 [35] All External interlock [51] - DigiPot increase [55] All DigiPot decrease [56] All DigiPot clear [57] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Counter A (down) [61] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Counter B (down) [64] 29, 33 Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID reset I-part [73] All	Speed down	[22]	All
Catch up [28] All Slow down [29] All Counter input [30] 29, 33 Pulse input time based [32] 29, 33 Ramp bit 0 [34] All Ramp bit 1 [35] All External interlock [51] - DigiPot increase [55] All DigiPot decrease [56] All DigiPot clear [57] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Counter A (down) [61] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID error inv. [73] All	Set-up select bit 0	[23]	All
Slow down [29] All Counter input [30] 29, 33 Pulse input time based [32] 29, 33 Ramp bit 0 [34] All Ramp bit 1 [35] All External interlock [51] - DigiPot increase [55] All DigiPot decrease [56] All DigiPot clear [57] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Counter A (down) [61] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID reset I-part [73] All	Set-up select bit 1	[24]	All
Counter input [30] 29, 33 Pulse input time based [32] 29, 33 Ramp bit 0 [34] All Ramp bit 1 [35] All External interlock [51] — DigiPot increase [55] All DigiPot decrease [56] All DigiPot clear [57] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Counter A (down) [61] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Counter B (down) [64] 29, 33 Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID reset I-part [73] All	Catch up	[28]	All
Pulse input time based [32] 29, 33 Ramp bit 0 [34] All Ramp bit 1 [35] All External interlock [51] - DigiPot increase [55] All DigiPot decrease [56] All DigiPot clear [57] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Counter A (down) [61] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Counter B (down) [64] 29, 33 Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID reset I-part [73] All	Slow down	[29]	All
Ramp bit 0 [34] All Ramp bit 1 [35] All External interlock [51] - DigiPot increase [55] All DigiPot decrease [56] All DigiPot clear [57] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Counter A (down) [61] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Counter B (down) [64] 29, 33 Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID reset I-part [73] All	Counter input	[30]	29, 33
Ramp bit 1 [35] All External interlock [51] - DigiPot increase [55] All DigiPot decrease [56] All DigiPot clear [57] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Counter A (down) [61] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Counter B (down) [64] 29, 33 Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID reset I-part [73] All	Pulse input time based	[32]	29, 33
External interlock [51] - DigiPot increase [55] All DigiPot decrease [56] All DigiPot clear [57] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Counter A (down) [61] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Counter B (down) [64] 29, 33 Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID reset I-part [73] All	Ramp bit 0	[34]	All
DigiPot increase [55] All DigiPot decrease [56] All DigiPot clear [57] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Counter A (down) [61] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Counter B (down) [64] 29, 33 Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID reset I-part [73] All	Ramp bit 1	[35]	All
DigiPot decrease [56] All DigiPot clear [57] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Counter A (down) [61] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Counter B (down) [64] 29, 33 Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID reset I-part [73] All	External interlock	[51]	-
DigiPot clear [57] All Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Counter A (down) [61] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Counter B (down) [64] 29, 33 Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID reset l-part [73] All	DigiPot increase	[55]	All
Counter A (up) [60] 29, 33 Counter A (down) [61] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Counter B (down) [64] 29, 33 Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID reset l-part [73] All	DigiPot decrease	[56]	All
Counter A (down) [61] 29, 33 Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Counter B (down) [64] 29, 33 Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID reset I-part [73] All	DigiPot clear	[57]	All
Reset Counter A [62] All Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Counter B (down) [64] 29, 33 Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID reset I-part [73] All	Counter A (up)	[60]	29, 33
Counter B (up) [63] 29, 33 Counter B (down) [64] 29, 33 Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID reset I-part [73] All	Counter A (down)	[61]	29, 33
Counter B (down) [64] 29, 33 Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID reset I-part [73] All	Reset Counter A	[62]	All
Reset counter B [65] All PID error inv. [72] All PID reset I-part [73] All	Counter B (up)	[63]	29, 33
PID error inv. [72] All PID reset I-part [73] All	Counter B (down)	[64]	29, 33
PID reset I-part [73] All	Reset counter B	[65]	All
	PID error inv.	[72]	All
PID enable [74] All	PID reset I-part	[73]	All
	PID enable	[74]	All

Table 4.8 Digital Input Function

The standard terminals are 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, and 33. VLT^{\otimes} General Purpose I/O MCB 101 terminals are X30/2, X30/3, and X30/4. Terminal 29 functions as an output.

Functions dedicated to only 1 digital input are stated in the associated parameter.

All digital inputs can be programmed to these functions:

[0]	No operation	No reaction to signals transmitted to the terminal.
[1]	Reset	Resets frequency converter after a trip/alarm.
		Not all alarms can be reset.
[2]	Coast	(Default digital input 27): Coast stop, inverted
	inverse	input (NC). The frequency converter leaves the
		motor in free mode. Logic 0⇒coast stop.
[3]	Coast and	Reset and coast stop inverted input (NC).
	reset	Leaves motor in free mode and resets
	inverse	frequency converter. Logic 0⇒coast stop and reset.
[4]	Quick stop	Inverted input (NC). Generates a stop in
	inverse	accordance with quick stop ramp time set in
		parameter 3-81 Quick Stop Ramp Time. When
		the motor stops, the shaft is in free mode.
		Logic 0⇒quick stop.
[5]	DC brake	Inverted input for DC brake (NC). Stops motor
	inverse	by energizing it with a DC current for a certain
		time period. See <i>parameter 2-01 DC Brake</i>
		Current to parameter 2-03 DC Brake Cut In Speed
		[RPM]. The function is only active when the
		value in <i>parameter 2-02 DC Braking Time</i> is different from 0. Logic 0⇒DC brake.
[6]	Stop	Stop inverted function. Generates a stop
[0]	inverse	function when the selected terminal goes from
		logical level 1 to logical level 0.
		The stop is performed according to the
		selected ramp time:
		Parameter 3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down
		Time,
		Parameter 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down
		Time,
		Parameter 3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down Time, and
		Parameter 3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down
		Time.
		NOTICE
		When the frequency converter is at the
		torque limit and has received a stop
		command, it may not stop by itself. To
		ensure that the frequency converter
		stops, configure a digital output to [27]
		Torque limit and stop. Connect this digital
		output to a digital input that is
		configured as coast.
[8]	Start	(Default digital input 18): Select start for a
		start/stop command. Logic 1 = start,
[9]	Latched	logic 0 = stop. If a pulse is applied for minimum 2 ms, the
[2]	start	motor starts. The motor stops when stop
	Start	inverse is activated, or a reset command (via
		DI) is given.



[10]	Reversing	(Default digital input 19). Change the direction of motor shaft rotation. Select logic 1 to reverse. The reversing signal only changes the direction of rotation. It does not activate the start function. Select both directions in parameter 4-10 Motor Speed Direction. The function is not active in process closed loop.
[11]	Start	Used for start/stop and for reversing on the
	reversing	same wire. Signals on start are not allowed at
		the same time.
[12]	Enable	Disengages the counterclockwise movement
	start	and allows clockwise direction.
	forward	
[13]	Enable	Disengages the clockwise movement and
	start	allows counterclockwise direction.
	reverse	
[14]	Jog	(Default digital input 29): Activate jog speed.
	Jog	(Default digital input 29): Activate jog speed. See <i>parameter 3-11 Jog Speed [Hz]</i> .
[14]	Preset	See <i>parameter 3-11 Jog Speed [Hz]</i> . Shifts between external reference and preset
		See parameter 3-11 Jog Speed [Hz]. Shifts between external reference and preset reference. It is assumed that [1] External/preset
	Preset	See parameter 3-11 Jog Speed [Hz]. Shifts between external reference and preset reference. It is assumed that [1] External/preset has been selected in parameter 3-04 Reference
	Preset reference	See parameter 3-11 Jog Speed [Hz]. Shifts between external reference and preset reference. It is assumed that [1] External/preset has been selected in parameter 3-04 Reference Function. Logic 0 = external reference active;
[15]	Preset reference on	See parameter 3-11 Jog Speed [Hz]. Shifts between external reference and preset reference. It is assumed that [1] External/preset has been selected in parameter 3-04 Reference Function. Logic 0 = external reference active; logic 1 = 1 of the 8 preset references is active.
	Preset reference on	See parameter 3-11 Jog Speed [Hz]. Shifts between external reference and preset reference. It is assumed that [1] External/preset has been selected in parameter 3-04 Reference Function. Logic 0 = external reference active; logic 1 = 1 of the 8 preset references is active. Preset reference bit 0, 1, and 2 enable a choice
[15]	Preset reference on	See parameter 3-11 Jog Speed [Hz]. Shifts between external reference and preset reference. It is assumed that [1] External/preset has been selected in parameter 3-04 Reference Function. Logic 0 = external reference active; logic 1 = 1 of the 8 preset references is active. Preset reference bit 0, 1, and 2 enable a choice between 1 of the 8 preset references according
[15]	Preset reference on Preset ref bit 0	See parameter 3-11 Jog Speed [Hz]. Shifts between external reference and preset reference. It is assumed that [1] External/preset has been selected in parameter 3-04 Reference Function. Logic 0 = external reference active; logic 1 = 1 of the 8 preset references is active. Preset reference bit 0, 1, and 2 enable a choice between 1 of the 8 preset references according to Table 4.9.
[15]	Preset reference on Preset ref bit 0 Preset ref	See parameter 3-11 Jog Speed [Hz]. Shifts between external reference and preset reference. It is assumed that [1] External/preset has been selected in parameter 3-04 Reference Function. Logic 0 = external reference active; logic 1 = 1 of the 8 preset references is active. Preset reference bit 0, 1, and 2 enable a choice between 1 of the 8 preset references according
[15]	Preset ref bit 0 Preset ref bit 1	See parameter 3-11 Jog Speed [Hz]. Shifts between external reference and preset reference. It is assumed that [1] External/preset has been selected in parameter 3-04 Reference Function. Logic 0 = external reference active; logic 1 = 1 of the 8 preset references is active. Preset reference bit 0, 1, and 2 enable a choice between 1 of the 8 preset references according to Table 4.9. Same as [16] Preset ref bit 0.
[15]	Preset reference on Preset ref bit 0 Preset ref	See parameter 3-11 Jog Speed [Hz]. Shifts between external reference and preset reference. It is assumed that [1] External/preset has been selected in parameter 3-04 Reference Function. Logic 0 = external reference active; logic 1 = 1 of the 8 preset references is active. Preset reference bit 0, 1, and 2 enable a choice between 1 of the 8 preset references according to Table 4.9.

Preset ref. bit	2	1	0
Preset ref. 0	0	0	0
Preset ref. 1	0	0	1
Preset ref. 2	0	1	0
Preset ref. 3	0	1	1
Preset ref. 4	1	0	0
Preset ref. 5	1	0	1
Preset ref. 6	1	1	0
Preset ref. 7	1	1	1

Table 4.9 Preset Reference Bit

	[19]	Freeze	Freezes the actual reference, which is now the
		ref	point of enable/condition to be used for [21] Speed
			up and [22] Speed down. If speed up/speed down is
			used, the speed change always follows ramp 2
			(parameter 3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time and
			parameter 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time) in the
			range 0–parameter 3-03 Maximum Reference.
1		_	
	[20]	Freeze	Freezes the actual motor frequency (Hz), which is
	[20]	Freeze output	reezes the actual motor frequency (Hz), which is now the point of enable/condition to be used for
	[20]		· · ·
	[20]		now the point of enable/condition to be used for
	[20]		now the point of enable/condition to be used for [21] Speed up and [22] Speed down. If speed up/
	[20]		now the point of enable/condition to be used for [21] Speed up and [22] Speed down. If speed up/ speed down is used, the speed change always
	[20]		now the point of enable/condition to be used for [21] Speed up and [22] Speed down. If speed up/ speed down is used, the speed change always follows ramp 2 (parameter 3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp Up

NOTICE

When freeze output is active, the frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for [2] Coasting inverse or [3] Coast and reset inverse.

[21]	Speed	Select [21] Speed up and [22] Speed down for digital
	up	control of the up/down speed (motor potenti-
		ometer). Activate this function by selecting either
		[19] Freeze ref or [20] Freeze output. When speed
		up/speed down is activated for less than 400 ms,
		the resulting reference is increased/decreased by
		0.1%. If speed up/speed down is activated for more
		than 400 ms, the resulting reference follows the
		setting in ramping up/down parameters 3-x1/3-x2.

	Shut down	Catch up
Unchanged speed	0	0
Reduced by %-value	1	0
Increased by %-value	0	1
Reduced by %-value	1	1

Table 4.10 Shut Down/Catch Up

[22]	Speed	Same as [21] Speed up.
	down	
[23]	Set-up	Select [23] Set-up select bit 0 or select [24] Set-
	select bit 0	up select bit 1 to select 1 of the 4 set-ups. Set
		parameter 0-10 Active Set-up to Multi Set-up.
[24]	Set-up	(Default digital input 32): Same as [23] Set-up
	select bit 1	select bit 0.
[28]	Catch up	Increases reference value by percentage
		(relative) set in parameter 3-12 Catch up/slow
		Down Value.
[29]	Slow down	Reduces reference value by percentage
		(relative) set in parameter 3-12 Catch up/slow
		Down Value.
[34]	Ramp bit 0	Enables a selection between 1 of the 4 ramps
		available, according to <i>Table 4.11</i> .
[35]	Ramp bit 1	Same as [34] Ramp bit 0.

Preset ramp bit	1	0
Ramp 1	0	0
Ramp 2	0	1
Ramp 3	1	0
Ramp 4	1	1

Table 4.11 Preset Ramp Bit

External	This function makes it possible to give an	
interlock	external fault to the frequency converter. This	
	fault is treated in the same way as an	
	internally generated alarm.	
DigiPot	Increase signal to the digital potentiometer	
Increase	function described in <i>parameter group 3-9*</i>	
	Digital Pot. Meter.	
	interlock DigiPot	



[56]	DigiPot	Decrease signal to the digital potentiometer		
	Decrease	function described in <i>parameter group 3-9*</i>		
		Digital Pot. Meter.		
[57]	DigiPot	Clears the digital potentiometer reference		
	Clear	described in <i>parameter group</i> 3-9* <i>Digital Pot</i> .		
		Meter.		
[62]	Reset	Input for reset of counter A.		
	Counter A			
[65]	Reset	Input for reset of counter B.		
	Counter B			
[66]	Sleep Mode			
[72]	PID error	When enabled, this option inverts the resulting		
	inverse	error from the process PID controller. Available		
		only if parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode is		
		set to [7] Extended PID Speed OL.		
[73]	PID reset I-	When enabled, this option resets the I-part of		
	part	the process PID controller. Equivalent to		
		parameter 7-40 Process PID I-part Reset.		
		Available only if parameter 1-00 Configuration		
		Mode is set to [7] Extended PID Speed OL.		
[74]	PID enable	Enables the extended process PID controller.		
		Equivalent to parameter 7-50 Process PID		
		Extended PID. Available only if		
		parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to [7]		
		Extended PID Speed OL.		

5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input

Opt	ion:	Function:
[8] *	Start	Functions are described in parameter group 5-1*
		Digital Inputs.

5-11 Terminal 19 Digital Input

Optio	on:	Function:
[10] *	Reversing	Functions are described in parameter group 5-1*
		Digital Inputs.

5–12 Terminal 27 Digital Input

Option:		Function:
[2] *	Coast inverse	Functions are described in parameter group
		5-1* Digital Inputs.

5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input

Optio	on:	Function:
		Select the function from the available digital input
		range and the additional options [60] Counter A, [61]
		Counter A, [63] Counter B, and [64] Counter B. Counters
		are used in smart logic control functions.
[14] *	Jog	Functions are described in parameter group 5-1*
		Digital Inputs.

5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input

	Option:	Function:
Г		Select the function from the available digital
		input range.
	No operation	Functions are described in parameter group 5-1*
		Digital Inputs.

5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input

Option:		Function:
		Select the function from the available digital
		input range and the additional options [60]
		Counter A, [61] Counter A, [63] Counter B and
		[64] Counter B. Counters are used in smart
		logic control functions.
[0] *	No operation	Functions are described in parameter group
		5-1* Digital Inputs.

5-16 Terminal X30/2 Digital Input

	Option:		Function:
	[0] *	No operation	This parameter is active when option module
l			VLT [®] General Purpose I/O MCB 101 is
l			installed in the frequency converter.
l			Functions are described in parameter group
l			5-1* Digital Inputs.

5-17 Terminal X30/3 Digital Input

Option:		Function:
[0] *	No operation	This parameter is active when option module
		VLT® General Purpose I/O MCB 101 is
		installed in the frequency converter.
		Functions are described in parameter group
		5-1* Digital Inputs.

5-18 Terminal X30/4 Digital Input

	Option:		Function:
Γ	[0] *	No operation	This parameter is active when option module
			VLT® General Purpose I/O MCB 101 is
			installed in the frequency converter.
			Functions are described in parameter group
			5-1* Digital Inputs.

4.6.2 5-3* Digital Outputs

The 2 solid-state digital outputs are common for terminals 27 and 29. Set the I/O function for terminal 27 in parameter 5-01 Terminal 27 Mode, and set the I/O function for terminal 29 in parameter 5-02 Terminal 29 Mode.

NOTICE

These parameters cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

[0]	No operation	Default for all digital outputs and relay
		outputs.
[1]	Control ready	The control card is ready, for example:
		Feedback from a frequency converter
		controlled by a 24 V external supply (VLT®
		24 V DC Supply MCB 107) and the main
		power to the unit is not detected.
[2]	Drive ready	The frequency converter is ready for
		operation and applies a supply signal on
		the control board.



[2]	Dutan and day	The forest and the second seco
[3]	Drive ready/	The frequency converter is ready for
	remote	operation and is in <i>auto-on</i> mode.
5.43	control	
[4]	Enable/no	Ready for operation. No start or stop
	warning	command has been given (start/disable).
		No warnings are active.
[5]	VLT running	The motor runs and shaft torque is present.
[6]	Running/no	The output speed is higher than the speed
	warning	set in parameter 1-81 Min Speed for
		Function at Stop [RPM]. The motor runs and
		there are no warnings.
[7]	Run in	Motor runs within the programmed current
	range/no	and speed ranges set in
	warning	parameter 4-50 Warning Current Low to
		parameter 4-53 Warning Speed High. There
503		are no warnings.
[8]	Run on	Motor runs at reference speed. No
	reference/no	warnings.
[0]	warning	
[9]	Alarm	An alarm activates the output. There are
[10]		no warnings.
[10]	Alarm or	An alarm or a warning activates the
F4.43	warning	output.
[11]	At torque	The torque limit set in
	limit	parameter 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode or
		parameter 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode
[4.2]	0	has been exceeded.
[12]	Out of	The motor current is outside the range set
[4.0]	current range	in parameter 4-18 Current Limit.
[13]	Below	Motor current is lower than set in
F4 43	current, low	parameter 4-50 Warning Current Low.
[14]	Above	Motor current is higher than set in
[1 []	current, high	parameter 4-51 Warning Current High.
[15]	Out of speed	Output frequency is outside the frequency
	range	range set in parameter 4-52 Warning Speed
		Low and parameter 4-53 Warning Speed
[16]	Polovi se	High.
[16]	Below speed,	Output speed is lower than the setting in
[1.7]	low	parameter 4-52 Warning Speed Low.
[17]	Above speed,	Output speed is higher than the setting in
[10]	high Out of	parameter 4-53 Warning Speed High.
[18]	Out of	Feedback is outside the range set in
	feedback	parameter 4-56 Warning Feedback Low and
[10]	range	parameter 4-57 Warning Feedback High.
[19]	Below	Feedback is below the limit set in
[20]	feedback low	parameter 4-56 Warning Feedback Low.
[20]	Above foodback high	Feedback is above the limit set in
[24]	feedback high	parameter 4-57 Warning Feedback High.
[21]	Thermal	The thermal warning turns on when the
	warning	temperature exceeds the limit in the motor,
		the frequency converter, the brake resistor,
[22]	Donalis ::	or the thermistor.
[22]	Ready, no	Frequency converter is ready for operation,
	thermal	and there is no overtemperature warning.
	warning	

F		
[23]	Remote,	Frequency converter is ready for operation
	ready, no	and is in <i>auto-on</i> mode. There is no
	thermal	overtemperature warning.
	warning	
[24]	Ready,	Frequency converter is ready for operation
	Voltage OK	and the mains voltage is within the
		specified voltage range (see the section
		General Specifications in the frequency
		converter <i>design guide</i>).
[25]	Reverse	The motor runs (or is ready to run)
		clockwise when logic = 0 and counter-
		clockwise when logic = 1. The output
		changes when the reversing signal is
		applied.
[26]	Bus OK	Active communication (no timeout) via the
[20]	Dus OK	serial communication port.
[27]	Targua limit 0	·
[27]	Torque limit &	Use in performing a coast stop and in
	stop	torque limit condition. If the frequency
		converter has received a stop signal and is
		at the torque limit, the signal is logic 0.
[31]	Relay 123	Relay is activated when [0] Control word is
		selected in <i>parameter group 8-** Communi-</i>
		cations and Options.
[35]	External	
	Interlock	
[38]	Motor	
	feedback	
	error	
[40]	Out of ref	Active when the actual speed is outside
	range	settings in parameter 4-52 Warning Speed
		Low to parameter 4-55 Warning Reference
		High.
[41]	Below	Active when actual speed is below speed
	reference low	reference setting.
[42]	Above	Active when actual speed is above speed
	reference	reference setting.
	high	,
[43]	Extended PID	
[]	Limit	
[45]	Bus Ctrl	Controls output via bus. The state of the
		output is set in parameter 5-90 Digital &
		Relay Bus Control. If a bus timeout occurs,
		the output state is retained.
[46]	Bus ctrl, 1 if	Controls output via bus. The state of the
[10]	timeout	output is set in parameter 5-90 Digital &
	ancout	Relay Bus Control. If a bus timeout occurs,
		the output state is set high (on).
[47]	Bus ctrl, 0 if	
[47]	timeout	Controls output via bus. The state of the
	uneout	output is set in parameter 5-90 Digital &
		Relay Bus Control. If a bus timeout occurs,
[CC]	Dulco suturat	the output state is set low (off).
[55]	Pulse output	
[59]	Remote,	
[60]	enable,no TW	Coo parameter avoin 13.1* Commenter If
[60]	Comparator 0	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators. If
		comparator 0 is evaluated as true, the
		output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.



[61] Comparator 1 See parameter group 13-1* Comparators. If Comparator 1 is evaluated as true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low. [62] Comparator 2 See parameter group 13-1* Comparators. If comparator 2 is evaluated as true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low. [63] Comparator 3 See parameter group 13-1* Comparators. If comparator 3 is evaluated as true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low. [64] Comparator 4 See parameter group 13-1* Comparators. If comparator 4 is evaluated as true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low. See parameter group 13-1* Comparators. If [65] Comparator 5 comparator 5 is evaluated as true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low. [70] Logic Rule 0 See parameter group 13-4* Logic Rules. If logic rule 0 is evaluated as true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low. [71] Logic Rule 1 See parameter group 13-4* Logic Rules. If logic rule 1 is evaluated as true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low. [72] Logic Rule 2 See parameter group 13-4* Logic Rules. If logic rule 2 is evaluated as true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low. [73] Logic Rule 3 See parameter group 13-4* Logic Rules. If logic rule 3 is evaluated as true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low. [74] Logic Rule 4 See parameter group 13-4* Logic Rules. If logic rule 4 is evaluated as true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low. Logic Rule 5 [75] See parameter group 13-4* Logic Rules. If logic rule 5 is evaluated as true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low. [80] SL Digital See parameter 13-52 SL Controller Action. Output A The output goes high whenever the smart logic action [38] Set dig. out. A high is executed. The output goes low whenever the smart logic action [32] Set dig. out. A low is executed. [81] SL Digital See parameter 13-52 SL Controller Action. Output B The input goes high whenever the smart logic action [39] Set dig. out. B high is executed. The input goes low whenever the smart logic action [33] Set dig. out. B low is executed. [82] SL Digital See parameter 13-52 SL Controller Action. Output C The input goes high whenever the smart logic action [40] Set dig. out. C high is executed. The input goes low whenever the smart logic action [34] Set dig. out. C low is executed. [83] SL Digital See parameter 13-52 SL Controller Action. Output D The input goes high whenever the smart logic action [41] Set dig. out. D high is executed. The input goes low whenever the smart logic action [35] Set dig. out. D low is executed.

[84]	SL Digital Output E SL Digital Output F	See parameter 13-52 The input goes high logic action [42] Set executed. The input the smart logic action low is executed. See parameter 13-52 The input goes high logic action [43] Set executed. The input the smart logic action low is executed. Output is high whe	n whenever dig. out. E h goes low won [36] Set a set on [36] Set a set on [37] Set a	the smart high is vhenever dig. out. E er Action. the smart high is vhenever dig. out. F
	reference active	Reference site set in parameter 3-13 R eference Site Reference Site Reference Site:	Local reference active [120]	Remote reference active [121]
		Local parameter 3-13 Ref erence Site [2] Local Reference site:	0	1
		Remote parameter 3-13 Ref erence Site [1] Remote	Ü	-
		Reference site: Linked to Hand/ Auto		
		Hand	1	0
		Hand⇒off	1	0
		Auto⇒off	0	0
		Auto	0	1
		Table 4.12 Local F	Reference A	ctive
[121]	Remote	Output is high whe	n	
	reference	parameter 3-13 Refe	rence Site =	[1] Remote
	active	or [0] Linked to hand		
		in <i>auto-on</i> mode. Se	ee Table 4.12	2.
[122]	No alarm	Output is high whe	n no alarm	is present.
[123]	Start	Output is high whe	n there is ar	n active
	command	start command (tha	•	•
	active	connection, hand-or		**
		stop or start comma	and is active	2.
[124]	Running	Output is high whe	n the freque	ency
	reverse	converter runs coun		
		logical product of tl	ne status bit	ts running
		AND reverse).		
[125]	Drive in hand	Output is high whe		-
	mode	converter is in hand	,	
		by the LED light ab	ove [Hand C	On]).





[126]	Drive in Auto	Output is high when the frequency	
	mode	converter is in <i>auto-on</i> mode (as indicated	
		by the LED light above [Auto On]).	
[189]	External fan	The internal logics for the internal fan	
	control	control is transferred to this output to	
		make it possible to control an external fan	
		(relevant for hp duct cooling).	
[193]	Sleep Mode	The frequency converter/system has turned	
		into sleep mode. See parameter group 22-4*	
		Sleep Mode.	
[194]	Broken Belt	A broken belt condition has been detected.	
		This function must be enabled in	
		parameter 22-60 Broken Belt Function.	
[221]	IGBT-cooling	Use this option for handling the	
		overcurrent trips. When the frequency	
		converter detects an overcurrent condition,	
		it shows alarm 13, Overcurrent and triggers	
		a reset. If the overcurrent condition occurs	
		the 3 rd time in a row, the frequency	
		converter shows alarm 13, Overcurrent and	
		initiates a 3-minute delay before the next	
		reset.	
		•	

5-30 Terminal 27 Digital Output

Option:		Function:
[0] *	No operation	Functions are described in parameter group
		5-3* Digital Outputs.

5-31 Terminal 29 Digital Output

Option:		Function:	
[0] *	No operation	Functions are described in parameter group	
		5-3* Digital Outputs.	

5-32 Term X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101)

Option:		ion:	Function:	
l	[0] *	No operation	Functions are described in parameter group	
			5-3* Digital Outputs.	

5-33 Term X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101)

Option:		Function:	
[0]	* No operation	Functions are described in parameter group	
		5-3* Digital Outputs.	

4.6.3 5-4* Relays

Parameters for configuring the timing and the output functions for the relays.

5-40 Function Relay					
	Option: Function:				
Opti	OII.	Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1].			
		VLT® Extended Relay Card MCB 113: Relay 3 [2], Relay 4 [3], Relay 5 [4], Relay 6 [5]. VLT® Relay Card MCB 105: Relay 7 [6], Relay 8 [7], Relay 9 [8].			
[0]	No operation	All digital and relay outputs are by default set to <i>No Operation</i> .			
[1]	Control Ready	The control card is ready, for example: Feedback from a frequency converter where the control is supplied by an external 24 V supply (VLT® 24 V DC Supply MCB 107) and the main power to frequency converter is not detected.			
[2]	Drive ready	The frequency converter is ready to operate. Mains and control supplies are OK.			
[3]	Drive rdy/rem ctrl	The frequency converter is ready for operation and is in <i>auto-on</i> mode.			
[4]	Enable / no warning	Ready for operation. No start or stop commands have been applied (start/ disable). No warnings are active.			
[5]	Running	The motor is running, and shaft torque is present.			
[6]	Running / no warning	Output speed is higher than the speed set in <i>parameter 1-81 Min Speed</i> for Function at Stop [RPM]. The motor runs and there are no warnings.			
[7]	Run in range/no warn	The motor runs within the programmed current and the speed ranges set in <i>parameter 4-50 Warning Current Low</i> and <i>parameter 4-53 Warning Speed High</i> . No warnings.			
[8]	Run on ref/no warn	The motor runs at reference speed. No warnings.			
[9]	Alarm	An alarm activates the output. No warnings.			
[10]	Alarm or warning	An alarm or a warning activates the output.			
[11]	At torque limit	The torque limit set in parameter 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode or parameter 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode has been exceeded.			



5-40 Function Relay				
Opti	Option: Function:			
[12]	Out of current range	The motor current is outside the range set in <i>parameter 4-18 Current Limit</i> .		
[13]	Below current, low	The motor current is lower than set in parameter 4-50 Warning Current Low.		
[14]	Above current, high	The motor current is higher than set in parameter 4-51 Warning Current High.		
[15]	Out of speed range	Output speed/frequency is outside the frequency range set in parameter 4-52 Warning Speed Low and parameter 4-53 Warning Speed High.		
[16]	Below speed, low	Output speed is lower than the setting in parameter 4-52 Warning Speed Low.		
[17]	Above speed, high	Output speed is higher than the setting in parameter 4-53 Warning Speed High.		
[18]	Out of feedb. range	Feedback is outside the range set in parameter 4-56 Warning Feedback Low and parameter 4-57 Warning Feedback High.		
[19]	Below feedback, low	Feedback is below the limit set in parameter 4-56 Warning Feedback Low.		
[20]	Above feedback, high	Feedback is above the limit set in parameter 4-57 Warning Feedback High.		
[21]	Thermal warning	Thermal warning turns on when the temperature exceeds the limit either in motor, frequency converter, brake resistor, or connected thermistor.		
[22]	Ready,no thermal W	The frequency converter is ready for operation and there is no overtemperature warning.		
[23]	Remote,ready,no TW	The frequency converter is ready for operation and is in <i>auto-on</i> mode. There is no overtemperature warning.		
[24]	Ready, Voltage OK	The frequency converter is ready for operation and the mains voltage is within the specified voltage range (see the <i>General Specifications</i> section in the <i>design guide</i>).		
[25]	Reverse	The motor runs (or is ready to run) clockwise when logic = 0 and counterclockwise when logic = 1. The output changes as soon as the reversing signal is applied.		

5-40	Function Relay	
Option:		Function:
[26]	Bus OK	Active communication (no timeout) via the serial communication port.
[27]	Torque limit & stop	Use for performing a coasted stop in a torque limit condition. If the frequency converter has received a stop signal and is in torque limit, the signal is logic 0.
[31]	Relay 123	Digital output/relay is activated when [0] Control Word is selected in parameter group 8-** Comm. and Options.
[35]	External Interlock	
[36]	Control word bit 11	Activate relay 1 by control word from fieldbus. No other functional impact in the frequency converter. Typical application: Controlling auxiliary device from fieldbus. The function is valid when [0] FC profile in parameter 8-10 Control Word Profile is selected.
[37]	Control word bit 12	Activate relay 2 by control word from fieldbus. No other functional impact in the frequency converter. Typical application: Controlling auxiliary device from fieldbus. The function is valid when [0] FC profile in parameter 8-10 Control Word Profile is selected.
[38]	Motor feedback error	Failure in the speed feedback loop from motor running in closed loop. The output can eventually be used to prepare switching the frequency converter in open loop in an emergency case.
[40]	Out of ref range	Active when the actual speed is outside settings in parameter 4-52 Warning Speed Low to parameter 4-55 Warning Reference High.
[41]	Below reference, low	Active when actual speed is below speed reference setting.
[42]	Above ref, high	Active when actual speed is above speed reference setting.
[43]	Extended PID Limit	
[45]	Bus ctrl.	Controls digital output/relay via bus. The state of the output is set in parameter 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control. The output state is retained in the event of bus timeout.
[46]	Bus ctrl, 1 if timeout	Controls output via bus. The state of the output is set in



5-40 Function Relay				
Option: Function:				
		parameter 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control. If a bus timeout occurs, the output state is set high (on).		
[47]	Bus ctrl, 0 if timeout	Controls output via bus. The state of the output is set in parameter 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control. If a bus timeout occurs, the output state is set low (Off).		
[59]	Remote,enable,no TW			
[60]	Comparator 0	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators. If comparator 0 in SLC is true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.		
[61]	Comparator 1	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators. If comparator 1 in SLC is true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.		
[62]	Comparator 2	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators. If comparator 2 in SLC is true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.		
[63]	Comparator 3	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators. If comparator 3 in SLC is true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.		
[64]	Comparator 4	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators. If comparator 4 in SLC is true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.		
[65]	Comparator 5	See parameter group 13-1* Smart Logic Control. If comparator 5 in SLC is true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.		
[70]	Logic rule 0	See parameter group 13-4* Smart Logic Control. If logic rule 0 in SLC is true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.		
[71]	Logic rule 1	See parameter group 13-4* Smart Logic Control. If logic rule 1 in SLC is true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.		
[72]	Logic rule 2	See parameter group 13-4* Smart Logic Control. If logic rule 2 in SLC is true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.		
[73]	Logic rule 3	See parameter group 13-4* Smart Logic Control. If logic rule 3 in SLC is true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.		

5-40 Function Relay			
Opti	on:	Function:	
[74]	Logic rule 4	See parameter group 13-4* Smart Logic Control. If logic rule 4 in SLC is true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.	
[75]	Logic rule 5	See parameter group 13-4* Smart Logic Control. If logic rule 5 in SLC is true, the output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.	
[80]	SL digital output A	See <i>parameter 13-52 SL Controller</i> Action. Output A is low on smart logic action [32]. Output A is high on smart logic action [38].	
[81]	SL digital output B	See <i>parameter 13-52 SL Controller Action</i> . Output B is low on smart logic action [33]. Output B is high on smart logic action [39].	
[82]	SL digital output C	See parameter 13-52 SL Controller Action. Output C is low on smart logic action [34]. Output C is high on smart logic action [40].	
[83]	SL digital output D	See <i>parameter 13-52 SL Controller</i> Action. Output D is low on smart logic action [35]. Output D is high on smart logic action [41].	
[84]	SL digital output E	See parameter 13-52 SL Controller Action. Output E is low on smart logic action [36]. Output E is high on smart logic action [42].	
[85]	SL digital output F	See <i>parameter 13-52 SL Controller</i> Action. Output F is low on smart logic action [37]. Output F is high on smart logic action [43].	
[120]	Local ref active	Output is high when parameter 3-13 Reference Site = [2] Local or when parameter 3-13 Reference Site = [0] Linked to hand auto at the same time as the LCP is in hand-on mode.	



5-40 Function Relay				
Opti	Option: Function:			
		Reference site	Local	Remote
		set in	referenc	reference
		parameter 3-13	e	active
		Reference Site	active	[121]
			[120]	
		Reference site:	1	0
		Local		
		parameter 3-13		
		Reference Site		
		[2] Local		
		Reference site:	0	1
		Remote		
		parameter 3-13		
		Reference Site		
		[1] Remote		
		Reference site:		
		Linked to Hand/		
		Auto	1	
		Hand	1	0
		Hand⇒off	1	0
		Auto⇒off	0	0
		Auto	0	1
		Table 4.13 Loca	l Referenc	ce Active
[121]	Remote ref active	Output is high what parameter 3-13 Reference or [0] Link while the LCP is in Table 4.13.	ference Sit	d/auto
[122]	No alarm	Output is high when no alarm is present.		
[123]	Start command	Output is high wh	nen the st	art
	activ	command is high	(that is vi	a digital
		input, bus connec	tion, [Han	d On], or
		[Auto On]), and a	stop has	been last
		command.		
[124]	Running reverse	Output is high wh	nen the fre	equency
		converter is runni	_	
		(the logical produ		status bits
		running AND reve	rse).	
[125]	Drive in hand	Output is high wh	nen the fre	equency
	mode	converter is in <i>ha</i>	nd-on mo	de (as
		indicated by the I	LED light a	above
		[Hand On]).		
[126]	Drive in auto mode	Output is high wh	nen the fro	equency
		converter is in <i>au</i>	to-on mod	de (as
		indicated by LED	on above	[Auto
		On]).		
[189]	External Fan	The internal logic	s for the i	nternal fan
	Control	control is transfer	red to this	output to
		make it possible t	to control	an
1		l		

5-40	5-40 Function Relay		
Opti	on:	Function:	
		external fan (relevant for HP duct cooling).	
[193]	Sleep Mode		
[194]	Broken Belt		
[221]	IGBT-cooling	Use this option for handling the overcurrent trips. When the frequency converter detects an overcurrent condition, it shows <i>alarm 13</i> , <i>Overcurrent</i> and triggers a reset. If the overcurrent condition occurs the 3 rd time in a row, the frequency converter shows <i>alarm 13</i> , <i>Overcurrent</i> and initiates a 3-minute delay before the next reset.	

Danfoss

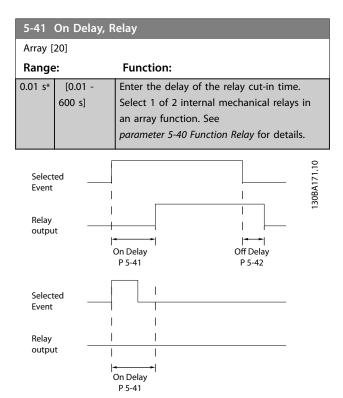


Illustration 4.26 On Delay, Relay

Array[20] Range: Function: 0.01 s* [0.01 - 600 s] Enter the delay of the relay cutout time. Select 1 of 2 internal mechanical relays in an array function. See parameter 5-40 Function Relay for details. If the selected event condition changes before a delay timer expires, the relay output is unaffected.

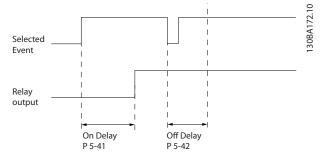


Illustration 4.27 Off Delay, Relay

If the selected event condition changes before the on delay or off delay timer expires, the relay output is unaffected.

4.6.4 5-5* Pulse Input

The pulse input parameters are used to define an appropriate window for the impulse reference area by configuring the scaling and filter settings for the pulse inputs. Input terminals 29 or 33 act as frequency reference inputs. Set terminal 29 (parameter 5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input) or terminal 33 (parameter 5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input) to [32] Pulse input. If terminal 29 is used as an input, set parameter 5-01 Terminal 27 Mode to [0] Input.

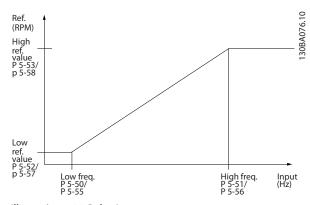


Illustration 4.28 Pulse Input

5-50 Term. 29 Low Frequency			
Range:		Function:	
100	[0 - 110000	Enter the low frequency limit	
Hz*	Hz]	corresponding to the low motor shaft	
		speed (that is low reference value) in	
		parameter 5-52 Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb.	
		Value. Refer to Illustration 4.28.	

5-51 Term. 29 High Frequency			
Range: Function:			
Size	[0 - 110000	Enter the high frequency limit	
related*	Hz]	corresponding to the high motor shaft speed (that is high reference value) in parameter 5-53 Term. 29 High Ref./ Feedb. Value.	

5-52 Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value			
	Function:		
[-999999.999 -	Enter the low reference		
999999.999	value limit for the motor		
ReferenceFeed-	shaft speed [RPM]. This is		
backUnit]	also the lowest feedback		
	value, see also		
	parameter 5-57 Term. 33 Low		
	Ref./Feedb. Value. Set		
	terminal 29 to digital input		
	(parameter 5-02 Terminal 29		
	Mode = [0] input (default)		
	and parameter 5-13 Terminal		
	[-99999.999 - 999999.999 ReferenceFeed-		



5-52 Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value		
Range:	Function:	
	29 Digital Input = applicable value).	

5-53 Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range:	Function:		
Size	[-999999.999 -	Enter the high reference value	
related*	999999.999	[RPM] for the motor shaft speed	
	ReferenceFeed-	and the high feedback value, see	
	backUnit]	also parameter 5-58 Term. 33 High	
		Ref./Feedb. Value. Select terminal	
		29 as a digital input	
		(parameter 5-02 Terminal 29 Mode	
		= [0] input (default) and	
		parameter 5-13 Terminal 29 Digital	
		Input = applicable value).	

5-54 Pulse Filter Time Constant #29

Range:		Function:
100	[5 - 1000	Enter the pulse filter time constant. The
ms*	ms]	pulse filter dampens oscillations of the
		feedback signal, if there is much noise in
		the system this is an advantage. A high
		time constant value results in better
		dampening but also increases the time
		delay through the filter.

5-55 T	5-55 Term. 33 Low Frequency		
Range:		Function:	
100 Hz*	[0 - 110000	Enter the low frequency corresponding	
	Hz]	to the low motor shaft speed (that is	
		low reference value) in	
		parameter 5-57 Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb.	
		Value.	

5-56 Term. 33 High Frequency			
Range:		Function:	
100 Hz*	[0 - 110000 Hz]	Enter the high frequency corresponding to the high motor shaft speed (that is high reference value) in parameter 5-58 Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value.	
		value.	

5-57 Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value		
Range:		Function:
0 ReferenceFeed-	[-999999.999 -	Enter the low reference
backUnit*	999999.999	value [RPM] for the motor
	ReferenceFeed-	shaft speed. This is also
	backUnit]	the low feedback value,
		see also
		parameter 5-52 Term. 29
		Low Ref./Feedb. Value.

5-58 Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range:	Function:		
Size	[-999999.999 -	Enter the high reference value	
related*	999999.999	[RPM] for the motor shaft	
	ReferenceFeed-	speed. See also	
	backUnit]	parameter 5-53 Term. 29 High	
		Ref./Feedb. Value.	

5-59 Pulse Filter Time Constant #33

Range:		Function:
100	[5 - 1000	NOTICE
ms*	ms]	This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.
		Enter the pulse filter time constant. The
		low-pass filter reduces the influence and
		dampens oscillations on the feedback
		signal from the control.
		This is an advantage if there is a lot of
		noise in the system.

4.6.5 5-6* Pulse Outputs

NOTICE

These parameters cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

These parameters configure pulse outputs with their functions and scaling. Terminals 27 and 29 are allocated to pulse output via *parameter 5-01 Terminal 27 Mode* and *parameter 5-02 Terminal 29 Mode*, respectively.

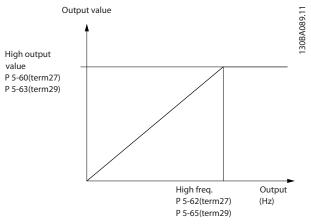


Illustration 4.29 Configuration of Pulse Outputs

Options for readout output variables:

		Parameters for configuring the scaling
		and output functions of pulse
		outputs. The pulse outputs are
		designated to terminals 27 or 29.
		Select terminal 27 output in
		parameter 5-01 Terminal 27 Mode and
		terminal 29 output in
		parameter 5-02 Terminal 29 Mode.
[0]	No operation	
[45]	Bus control	
[48]	Bus control	
	timeout	
[100]	Output frequency	
[101]	Reference	
[102]	Feedback	
[103]	Motor current	
[104]	Torque relative to	
	limit	
[105]	Torque relative to	
	rated	
[106]	Power	
[107]	Speed	
[108]	Torque	
[109]	Max. out freq	
[113]	Ext. Closed Loop 1	

5-60	5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable		
Opti	on:	Function:	
[0]	No operation	Select the display output for terminal	
		27.	
[45]	Bus ctrl.		
[48]	Bus ctrl., timeout		
[100]	Output frequency		
[101]	Reference		
[102]	Feedback		
[103]	Motor Current		
[104]	Torque rel to limit		
[105]	Torq relate to rated		
[106]	Power		
[107]	Speed		
[108]	Torque		
[109]	Max Out Freq		
[113]	Ext. Closed Loop 1		

5-62 Pulse Output Max Freq #27		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0 - 32000	Set the maximum frequency for
related*	Hz]	terminal 27 corresponding to the output variable selected in
		parameter 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse
		Output Variable.

5-63	5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable		
Opti	on:	Function:	
[0]	No operation	Select the display output for terminal	
		29.	
[45]	Bus ctrl.		
[48]	Bus ctrl., timeout		
[100]	Output frequency		
[101]	Reference		
[102]	Feedback		
[103]	Motor Current		
[104]	Torque rel to limit		
[105]	Torq relate to rated		
[106]	Power		
[107]	Speed		
[108]	Torque		
[109]	Max Out Freq		
[113]	Ext. Closed Loop 1		

5-65 Pulse Output Max Freq #29			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[0 - 32000	Set the maximum frequency for	
related*	Hz]	terminal 29 corresponding to the	
		output variable set in	
		parameter 5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse	
		Output Variable.	

5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable

Select the variable for readout on terminal X30/6.

This parameter is active when VLT® General Purpose I/O MCB 101 is installed in the frequency converter.

Same options and functions as *parameter group 5-6* Pulse Outputs*.

Option:		Function:
[0] *	No operation	

	•	
[45]	Bus ctrl.	
[48]	Bus ctrl., timeout	
[100]	Output frequency	
[101]	Reference	
[102]	Feedback	
[103]	Motor Current	
[104]	Torque rel to limit	
[105]	Torq relate to rated	
[106]	Power	
[107]	Speed	
[108]	Torque	
[109]	Max Out Freq	
[113]	Ext. Closed Loop 1	

5-68 Pul	lse Output Max Freq #X30/6	
Range:		Function:
Size	[0 -	NOTICE
related*	32000 Hz]	This parameter cannot be adjusted
		while the motor is running.
		Select the maximum frequency on
		terminal X30/6 referring to the output
		variable in <i>parameter 5-66 Terminal X30/6</i>
		Pulse Output Variable.
		This parameter is active when VLT®
		General Purpose I/O MCB 101 is installed
		in the frequency converter.

4.6.6 5-7* 24 V Encoder Input

Connect the 24 V encoder to terminal 12 (24 V DC supply), terminal 32 (channel A), terminal 33 (channel B), and terminal 20 (GND). The digital inputs 32/33 are active for encoder inputs when [1] 24 V encoder is selected in parameter 7-00 Speed PID Feedback Source. The encoder used is a dual-channel (A and B) 24 V type. Maximum input frequency: 110 kHz.

Encoder connection to the frequency converter 24 V incremental encoder. Maximum cable length is 5 m (16.4 ft).

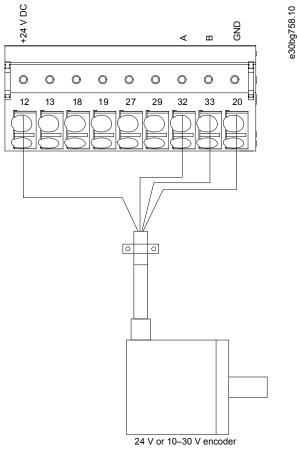
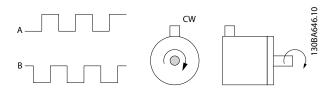


Illustration 4.30 Encoder Connection



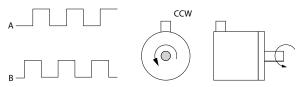


Illustration 4.31 Encoder Rotation Direction

5-70	5-70 Term 32/33 Pulses Per Revolution	
Range: Function:		Function:
1024*	[1 - 4096]	Set the encoder pulses per revolution on the motor shaft. Read the correct value from the encoder.



5-7	5-71 Term 32/33 Encoder Direction		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running. Change the detected encoder rotation direction without changing the wiring to the encoder.	
[0] *	Clockwise	Sets channel A 90° (electrical degrees) behind channel B upon clockwise rotation of the encoder shaft.	
[1]	Counter clockwise	Sets channel A 90° (electrical degrees) ahead of channel B upon clockwise rotation of the encoder shaft.	

4.6.7 5-9* Bus-controlled

This parameter group selects digital and relay outputs via a fieldbus setting.

5-	5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control		
Range:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 2147483647]	This parameter holds the state of the	
		digital outputs and relays that is	
		controlled by bus.	
		A logical 1 indicates that the output is	
		high or active.	
		A logical 0 indicates that the output is	
		low or inactive.	

Bit 0	Digital output terminal 27
Bit 1	Digital output terminal 29
Bit 2	Digital output terminal X 30/6
Bit 3	Digital output terminal X 30/7
Bit 4	Relay 1 output terminal
Bit 5	Relay 2 output terminal
Bit 6	Option B relay 1 output terminal
Bit 7	Option B relay 2 output terminal
Bit 8	Option B relay 3 output terminal
Bit 9–15	Reserved for future terminals
Bit 16	Option C relay 1 output terminal
Bit 17	Option C relay 2 output terminal
Bit 18	Option C relay 3 output terminal
Bit 19	Option C relay 4 output terminal
Bit 20	Option C relay 5 output terminal
Bit 21	Option C relay 6 output terminal
Bit 22	Option C relay 7 output terminal
Bit 23	Option C relay 8 output terminal
Bit 24-31	Reserved for future terminals

Table 4.14 Bus-controlled Digital Outputs and Relays

5-93	5-93 Pulse Out #27 Bus Control			
Range:		Function:		
0 %*	[0 - 100 %]	Set the output frequency transferred to output terminal 27 when the terminal is configured as [45] Bus Controlled in parameter 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable.		

5-94	5-94 Pulse Out #27 Timeout Preset			
Range:		Function:		
0 %*	[0 - 100 %]	Set the output frequency transferred to output terminal 27 when the terminal is configured as [48] Bus Ctrl Timeout in parameter 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable and a timeout is detected.		

5-95 Pulse Out #29 Bus Control			
Rang	ge:	Function:	
0 %*	[0 -	Set the output frequency transferred to	
	100 %]	output terminal 29 when the terminal is	
		configured as [45] Bus Controlled in	
		parameter 5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output	
		Variable.	

5-96	5-96 Pulse Out #29 Timeout Preset			
Range:		Function:		
0 %*	[0 -	Set the output frequency transferred to output		
	100 %]	terminal 29 when the terminal is configured as		
		[48] Bus Ctrl Timeout in parameter 5-63 Terminal		
		29 Pulse Output Variable and a timeout is		
		detected.		

5-97	Pulse Out	#X30/6 Bus Control		
Rang	Range: Function:			
0 %*	[0 - 100 %]	Set the output frequency transferred to output terminal X30/6 when the terminal is configured as [45] Bus ctrl. in parameter 5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable.		

5-98 Pulse Out #X30/6 Timeout Preset			
Range:		Function:	
0 %*	[0 -	Set the output frequency transferred to output	
	100 %]	terminal X30/6 when the terminal is configured	
		as [48] Bus Ctrl Timeout in	
		parameter 5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output	
		Variable and a timeout is detected.	

4.7 Parameters: 6-** Analog In/Out

4.7.1 6-0* Analog I/O Mode

The analog inputs can be allocated to be either voltage (0–10 V) or current input (0/4–20 mA).

NOTICE

Thermistors may be connected to either an analog or a digital input.

6-00	6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time		
Rang	ge:	Function:	
10 s*	[0 - 99 s]	Enter the live zero timeout in s. Live zero timeout time is active for analog inputs, that is terminal 53 or terminal 54, used as reference or feedback sources. If the reference signal value associated with the selected current input drops below 50% of the value set in: • Parameter 6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage • Parameter 6-20 Terminal 54 Low Current • Parameter 6-20 Terminal 54 Low Current for a time period longer than the time set in parameter 6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time, the function selected in parameter 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function is activated.	

6-0	6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function		
		Function:	
Орі	tion:	runction:	
		Select the timeout function. If the input signal	
		on terminal 53 or 54 is below 50% of the value	
		in	
		Parameter 6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage	
		Parameter 6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current	
		Parameter 6-20 Terminal 54 Low Voltage	
		Parameter 6-22 Terminal 54 Low Current	
		for a time period defined in <i>parameter 6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time</i> , then the function set in <i>parameter 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function</i> is activated.	
		If several timeouts occur simultaneously, the frequency converter prioritizes the timeout functions as follows: 1. Parameter 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function. 2. Parameter 8-04 Control Word Timeout	
		Function.	
[0] *	Off		

6-0	6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function		
Opt	tion:	Function:	
[1]	Freeze output	Frozen at the present value.	
[2]	Stop	Overruled to stop.	
[3]	Jogging	Overruled to jog speed.	
[4]	Max. speed	Overruled to maximum speed.	
[5]	Stop and trip	Overruled to stop with subsequent trip.	

4.7.2 6-1* Analog Input 1

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog input 1 (terminal 53).

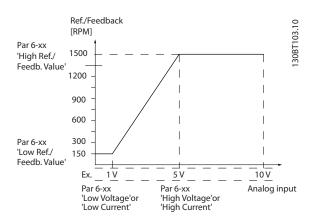


Illustration 4.32 Analog Input 1

6-10	6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage			
Range: Function:		Function:		
0.07 V*	[0 - par. 6-11 V]	Enter the low voltage value. This analog input scaling value should correspond to the minimum reference value set in parameter 6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value.		

6-11	6-11 Terminal 53 High Voltage			
Range: Function:		Function:		
10 V*	[par. 6-10	Enter the high voltage value. This analog		
	- 10 V]	input scaling value should correspond to the		
		high reference feedback value set in		
		parameter 6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb.		
		Value.		



6-12	6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current			
Range	:	Function:		
0.14	[0-	Enter the low current value. This reference		
mA*	par. 6-13	signal should correspond to the minimum		
	mA]	reference value, set in		
		parameter 3-02 Minimum Reference. Set the		
		value to exceed 2 mA in order to activate the		
		live zero timeout function in		
		parameter 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function.		

6-13 Terminal 53 High Current Range: Function: 20 mA* [par. 6-12 - 20 mA] Enter the high current value corresponding to the high reference/ feedback set in parameter 6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value.

6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range:		Function:	
0 ReferenceFeed-	[-999999.999 -	Enter the analog input	
backUnit*	999999.999	scaling value that	
	ReferenceFeed-	corresponds to the low	
	backUnit]	voltage/low current set in	
		parameter 6-10 Terminal 53	
		Low Voltage and	
		parameter 6-12 Terminal 53	
		Low Current.	

6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value			
	Function:		
[-999999.999 -	Enter the analog input scaling		
999999.999	value that corresponds to the		
ReferenceFeed-	maximum reference feedback		
backUnit]	value set in		
	parameter 6-11 Terminal 53 High		
	Voltage and		
	parameter 6-13 Terminal 53 High		
	Current.		
	[-999999.999 - 999999.999 ReferenceFeed-		

6-16	6-16 Terminal 53 Filter Time Constant		
Range	:	Function:	
0.01 s*	[0.01 - 10 s]	NOTICE This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.	
		Enter the filter time constant. This constant is a first-order digital low-pass filter time for suppressing electrical noise in terminal 53. A high value improves dampening but also increases the delay through the filter.	

4.7.3 6-2* Analog Input 2

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog input 2 (terminal 54).

6-20 Terminal 54 Low Voltage			
Range: Function:		Function:	
0.07 V*	[0 - par.	Enter the low voltage value. This analog	
	6-21 V]	input scaling value should correspond to the	
		minimum reference value set in	
		parameter 3-02 Minimum Reference. See also	
		chapter 4.4 Parameters: 3-** Reference/Ramps.	

6-21	6-21 Terminal 54 High Voltage			
Range: Function:		Function:		
10 V*	[par. 6-20	Enter the high voltage value. This analog		
	- 10 V]	input scaling value should correspond to the		
		high reference feedback value set in		
		parameter 6-25 Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb.		
		Value.		

6-22 Terminal 54 Low Current			
Range:	Function:		
Size	[0-	Enter the low current value. This reference	
related*	par. 6-23	signal should correspond to the minimum	
	mA]	reference value, set in	
	parameter 3-02 Minimum Reference. Enter		
	the value that exceeds 2 mA to activate		
		the live zero timeout function in	
	parameter 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function.		

6-23 Terminal 54 High Current			
Range: Function:			
20 mA*	[par. 6-22	Enter the high current value	
	- 20 mA]	corresponding to the high reference	
		feedback value set in	
		parameter 6-25 Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb.	
		Value.	

6-	6-24 Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range:		Function:		
0*	[-999999.999 - 999999.999]	Enter the analog input scaling value that corresponds to the minimum reference feedback value set in parameter 3-02 Minimum Reference.		

6-25 Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[-999999.999 -	Enter the analog input scaling	
related*	999999.999]	value that corresponds to the	
		maximum reference feedback	
		value set in	
		parameter 3-03 Maximum	
		Reference.	

6-26	Terminal 54	Filter Time Constant
Range	:	Function:
0.01 s*	[0.01 - 10 s]	This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.
		Enter the filter time constant. This is a first-order digital low-pass filter time constant for suppressing electrical noise in terminal 54. Increasing the value improves dampening but also increases the time delay through the filter.

4.7.4 6-3* Analog Input 3 General Purpose I/O MCB 101

Parameter group for configuring the scale and limits for analog input 3 (X30/11) in VLT® General Purpose I/O MCB 101

6-30 Terminal X30/11 Low Voltage		
Range	:	Function:
0.07 V*	[0 - par. 6-31 V]	Sets the analog input scaling value to
	6-31 V]	correspond to the low reference feedback
		value (set in <i>parameter 6-34 Term. X30/11</i>
		Low Ref./Feedb. Value).

6-31 Terminal X30/11 High Voltage			
Range:		Function:	
10 V*	[par. 6-30 -	Sets the analog input scaling value to	
	10 V]	correspond to the high reference feedback	
		value (set in <i>parameter 6-35 Term. X30/11</i>	
		High Ref./Feedb. Value).	

6-	6-34 Term. X30/11 Low Ref./Feedb. Value			
Ra	ange:	Function:		
0*	[-999999.999 - 999999.999]	Sets the analog input scaling value to correspond to the low voltage value (set in parameter 6-30 Terminal X30/11 Low Voltage).		

6-35 Terr	erm. X30/11 High Ref./Feedb. Value		
Range:	Function:		
Size	[-999999.999 -	Sets the analog input scaling	
related*	999999.999] value to correspond to the high-		
		voltage value (set in	
		parameter 6-31 Terminal X30/11	
		High Voltage).	

Range: Function: 0.005 s* [0.005 - 10 s] NOTICE This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running. Enter the filter time constant. This constant is a first-order digital low-pass filter time for suppressing electrical noise in terminal X30/11. A high value improves dampening but also increases the delay through the filter.

4.7.5 6-4* Analog Input X30/12

Parameter group for configuring the scale and limits for analog input 4 (X30/12) in VLT® General Purpose I/O MCB 101.

6-40	6-40 Terminal X30/12 Low Voltage		
Range:		Function:	
0.07 V*	[0 - par. 6-41 V]	Sets the analog input scaling value to correspond to the low reference feedback value set in <i>parameter 6-44 Term. X30/12 Low Ref./Feedb. Value.</i>	

6-41	6-41 Terminal X30/12 High Voltage		
Range:		Function:	
10 V*	[par. 6-40 - 10 V]	Sets the analog input scaling value to correspond to the high reference feedback value set in <i>parameter 6-45 Term. X30/12 High Ref./Feedb. Value.</i>	

6-	6-44 Term. X30/12 Low Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range:		Function:		
0*	[-999999.999 - 999999.999]	Sets the analog output scaling value to correspond to the low voltage value set in parameter 6-40 Terminal X30/12 Low Voltage.		

6-45 Term. X30/12 High Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range:	Function:		
Size related*	[-99999.999 - 999999.999]	Sets the analog input scaling value to correspond to the high voltage value set in parameter 6-41 Terminal X30/12 High Voltage.	



6-46 Term. X30/12 Filter Time Constant		
Range:		Function:
0.005 s*	_	NOTICE
	s]	This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.
		Enter the filter time constant. This constant is a first-order digital low-pass filter time for suppressing electrical noise in terminal X30/12. A high value improves dampening but also increases the delay through the filter.

4.7.6 6-5* Analog Output 1

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog output 1, that is terminal 42. Analog outputs are current outputs: 0/4–20 mA. Common terminal (terminal 39) is the same terminal and has the same electrical potential for analog common and digital common connection. Resolution on analog output is 12 bit.

6-50	Terminal	42	Output
Opti	on:		Function
			Select the

Option:		Function:
[0]		Select the function of terminal 42 as an analog current output. Depending on the selection, the output is either a 0–20 mA or 4–20 mA output. The current value can be read out in the LCP in parameter 16-65 Analog Output 42 [mA].
[0]	No operation	Indicates no signal on the analog output.
[100]	Output frequency	0 Hz = 0 mA; 100 Hz = 20 mA.
[101]	Reference	Parameter 3-00 Reference Range [Min - Max] 0% = 0 mA; 100% = 20 mA Parameter 3-00 Reference Range [-Max - Max] -100% = 0 mA; 0% = 10 mA; +100% = 20 mA.
[102]	Feedback	
[103]	Motor Current	The value is taken from parameter 16-37 Inv. Max. Current. The inverter maximum current (160% current) is equal to 20 mA. Example: Inverter normal current (11 kW) is 24 A. 160 %=38.4 A. Motor normal current is 22 A, the readout is 11.46 mA. $\frac{20\ mA \times 22\ A}{38.4\ A} = 11.46\ mA$ In case the normal motor current is equal to 20 mA, the output setting of parameter 6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale is: $\frac{I_{VLT_{Max}} \times 100}{I_{Motor_{Norm}}} = \frac{38.4 \times 100}{22} = 175\%$
[104]	Torque rel to	The torque setting is related to the setting in <i>parameter 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode</i> .
[105]	Torg relate	The torque is related to the motor torque
[105]	to rated	setting.

6-50	6-50 Terminal 42 Output			
Opti	on:	Function:		
[106]	Power	Taken from parameter 1-20 Motor Power [kW].		
[107]	Speed	Taken from <i>parameter 3-03 Maximum</i>		
		Reference. 20 mA equals the value in		
		parameter 3-03 Maximum Reference.		
[109]	Max Out	0 Hz = 0 mA, parameter 4-19 Max Output		
	Freq	Frequency = 20 mA.		
[113]	Ext. Closed			
	Loop 1			
[139]	Bus ctrl.	An output value set from fieldbus process		
	0-20 mA	data. The output works independently of		
		internal functions in the frequency converter.		
[143]	Ext. CL 1			
	4-20mA			
[254]	DC Link			
	0-20mA			

6-51 Terminal 42 Output Min Scale				
Range: Function:				
0 %*	[0 -	Scale for the minimum output (0 mA or 4 mA)		
	200 %]	of the analog signal at terminal 42.		
		Set the value to be the percentage of the full		
		range of the variable selected in		
		parameter 6-50 Terminal 42 Output.		

6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale Range: **Function:** 100 Scale the maximum output of the selected 200 %] analog signal at terminal 42. Set the value to the maximum value of the current signal output. Scale the output to give a current lower than 20 mA at full scale; or 20 mA at an output below 100% of the maximum signal value. If 20 mA is the required output current at a value 0-100% of the full-scale output, program the percentage value in the parameter, that is 50% = 20 mA. If a current 4-20 mA is required at maximum output (100%), calculate the percentage value as follows:

20~mA/desired~maximum~current~x~100~%

i.e.
$$10 \text{ mA} : \frac{20}{10} \times 100 = 200 \%$$

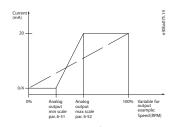


Illustration 4.33 Output Max. Scale



6-53	6-53 Terminal 42 Output Bus Control			
Range:		Function:		
0 %*	[0 - 100 %]	Holds the level of output 42 if controlled by bus.		

6-55	6-55 Analog Output Filter					
Opt	Option: Function:					
		The following readout param				
		parameter 6-50 Terminal 42 O	•			
		selected when <i>parameter 6-5</i>	5 Analog Out _l	out Filter is		
		on:				
		Selection	0–20 mA	4–20 mA		
	Motor current (0–I _{max}) [103] [133]					
Torque limit (0–T _{lim}) [104]		[134]				
	Rated torque (0–T _{nom}) [105] [13		[135]			
	Power (0–P _{nom}) [106] [13		[136]			
		Speed (0–Speed _{max})	[107]	[137]		
	Table 4.15 Readout Parameters					
[0] *	Off	Filter off.				
[1]	On	Filter on.				

4.7.7 6-6* Analog Output 2 MCB 101

Analog outputs are current outputs: 0/4–20 mA. Common terminal (terminal X30/8) is the same terminal and electrical potential for analog common connection. Resolution on analog output is 12 bit.

6-60 Terminal X30/8 Output					
	Option: Function:				
Ори	on:				
		Select the function of terminal X30/8 as an analog current output. Depending on the selection, the output is either a 0–20 mA or 4–20 mA output. The current value can be read out in the LCP in parameter 16-65 Analog Output 42 [mA].			
[0]	No	When no signal on the analog output is			
	operation	present.			
[100]	Output frequency				
[101]	Reference	Parameter 3-00 Reference Range [Min Max.]			
		0% = 0 mA; 100% = 20 mA.			
		Parameter 3-00 Reference Range [-Max Max.]			
		-100% = 0 mA; 0% = 10 mA; +100% = 20			
		mA			
[102]	Feedback				
[103]	Motor	The value is taken from parameter 16-37 Inv.			
	Current	Max. Current. The inverter maximum current			
		(160% current) is equal to 20 mA.			
		Example: Inverter normal current (11 kW) =			
		24 A. 160% = 38.4 A. Motor normal current =			
		22 A, readout is 11.46 mA. 20 mA x 22 A 38 . 4 A = 11 . 46 mA			
		In case the normal motor current is equal to			
		20 mA, the output setting of			
		parameter 6-62 Terminal X30/8 Max. Scale is:			
		$\frac{I_{VLT_{Max}} \times 100}{I_{Motor_{Norm}}} = \frac{38.4 \times 100}{22} = 175\%$			
[104]	Torque rel	The torque setting is related to the setting in			
	to limit	parameter 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode.			
[105]	Torq relate	The torque is related to the motor torque			
	to rated	setting.			
[106]	Power	Taken from parameter 1-20 Motor Power [kW].			
[107]	Speed	Taken from parameter 3-03 Maximum			
		Reference. 20 mA = value in			
		parameter 3-03 Maximum Reference.			
[109]	Max Out	In relation to parameter 4-19 Max Output			
_	Freq	Frequency.			
[139]	Bus ctrl.	An output value set from fieldbus process			
	0-20 mA	data. The output works independently of			
		internal functions in the frequency converter.			



6-61 Terminal X30/8 Min. Scale				
Rang	ge:	Function:		
0 %*	[0 -	Scales the minimum output of the selected analog		
	200 %]	signal on terminal X30/8. Scale the minimum		
		value as a percentage of the maximum signal		
		value. For example, enter the value 25% if the		
		output should be 0 mA at 25% of the maximum		
		output value. The value can never exceed the		
		corresponding setting in parameter 6-62 Terminal		
		X30/8 Max. Scale if the value is below 100%.		
		This parameter is active when VLT® General		
		Purpose I/O MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency		
		converter.		



6-62 Terminal X30/8 Max. Scale Range: **Function:** 100 [0 -Scales the maximum output of the selected %* 200 % analog signal on terminal X30/8. Scale the value to the required maximum value of the current signal output. Scale the output to give a lower current than 20 mA at full scale or 20 mA at an output below 100% of the maximum signal value. If 20 mA is the required output current at a value between 0-100% of the full-scale output, program the percentage value in the parameter, that is 50%=20 mA. If a current 4-20 mA is required at maximum output (100%), calculate the percentage value as follows: 20 mA / desired maximum current x 100 % $i.e.\ 10\ mA: \frac{20-4}{10}\ x\ 100\ =\ 160\ \%$

6-63	6-63 Terminal X30/8 Bus Control		
Range:		Function:	
0 %*	[0 - 100 %]	Holds the level of output X30/8 if controlled by bus.	

	6-64 Terminal X30/8 Output Timeout Preset				
Range:		ge:	Function:		
	0 %*	[0 -	Holds the preset level of output X30/8.		
	100 %]		If there is a fieldbus timeout and a timeout		
			function is selected in parameter 6-60 Terminal		
			X30/8 Output, the output is preset to this level.		

4.8 Parameters: 7-** Controllers

NOTICE

If separate encoders are used, adjust the ramp-related parameters according to the gear ratio between the 2 encoders.

7-00	7-00 Speed PID Feedback Source				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		NOTICE			
		This parameter cannot be			
		adjusted while the motor is			
		running.			
		Select the encoder for closed-loop			
		feedback.			
		The feedback may come from a			
		different encoder (typically mounted			
		on the application itself) than the			
		motor-mounted encoder.			
[1] *	24V encoder				
[2]	MCB 102				
[3]	MCB 103				
[6]	Analog Input 53				
[7]	Analog Input 54				
[8]	Frequency input 29				
[9]	Frequency input 33				

7-02 Speed PID Proportional Gain			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[0	Enter the speed controller proportional gain.	
related*	- 1]	The proportional gain amplifies the error (that	
		is, the deviation between the feedback signal	
		and the setpoint). This parameter is used with	
		parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode [0] Speed	
		open loop and [1] Speed closed loop control.	
		Quick control is obtained at high amplification.	
		Increasing amplification makes the process less	
		stable.	
		Use this parameter for values with 3 decimals.	
		For values with 4 decimals, use	
		parameter 3-83 Quick Stop S-ramp Ratio at Decel.	
		Start.	



7-03 Sp	7-03 Speed PID Integral Time		
Range:		Function:	
Size	[1.0 -	Enter the speed controller integral time,	
related*	20000	which determines the time the internal PID	
	ms]	control takes to correct errors. The greater	
		the error, the more quickly the gain	
		increases. The integral time causes a delay	
		of the signal and therefore a dampening	
		effect and can be used to eliminate steady-	
		state speed error. Obtain quick control	
		through a short integral time, though if the	
		integral time is too short, the process	
		becomes unstable. An excessively long	
		integral time disables the integral action,	
		leading to major deviations from the	
		required reference, since the process	
		regulator takes too long to regulate errors.	
		This parameter is used with [0] Speed open	
		loop and [1] Speed closed loop control, set in	
		parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode.	

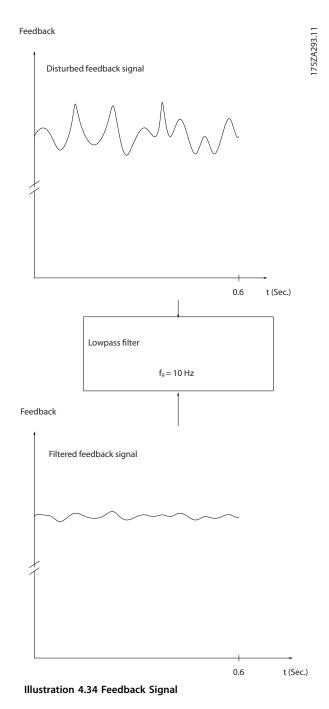
7-04 Speed PID Differentiation Time			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[0 -	Enter the speed controller differentiation	
related*	200 ms]	time. The differentiator does not react to	
		constant error. It provides gain proportional	
		to the rate of change of the speed	
		feedback. The quicker the error changes,	
		the stronger the gain from the differen-	
		tiator. The gain is proportional with the	
		speed at which errors change. Setting this	
		parameter to 0 disables the differentiator.	
		This parameter is used with	
		parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode [1] Speed	
		closed loop control.	

7-	7-05 Speed PID Diff. Gain Limit		
Range:		Function:	
5*	[1 -	Set a limit for the gain provided by the differen-	
	20]	tiator. Consider limiting the gain at higher	
		frequencies. For example, set up a pure D-link at	
		low frequencies and a constant D-link at higher	
		frequencies. This parameter is used with	
		parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode [1] Speed closed	
		loop control.	

peed P	ID Lowpass Filte	er Time
	Function:	
[0.1 - 100 ms]	dynamic perfor This parameter	is used with Configuration Mode [1]
	pass filter. The lostate performance the feedback sign there is a great a see <i>Illustration 4.3</i> constant (τ) of 10 off frequency for 10 RAD/s, corresp. The PID regulator signal that varies 1.6 Hz. If the feed frequency than 1 not react. Practical settings <i>Lowpass Filter Time</i> pulses per revolutions.	when the speed control low-w-pass filter improves steady-e and dampens oscillations on hal. This is an advantage if mount of noise in the system, 84. For example, if a time to ms is programmed, the cut-the low-pass filter is $1/0.1 = 1.6 \text{Hz}$. For only regulates a feedback by a frequency of less than alback signal varies by a higher of the programmeter 7-06 Speed PID to taken from the number of tions from encoder:
	[0.1	[0.1] - 100 ms] Severe filtering dynamic performance This parameter 1-00 Speed closed lo Set a time constate pass filter. The lost state performance the feedback sign there is a great a see Illustration 4.3 constant (t) of 10 off frequency for 10 RAD/s, corresp. The PID regulator signal that varies 1.6 Hz. If the feed frequency than 1 not react. Practical settings Lowpass Filter Time

Encoder PPR	Parameter 7-06 Speed PID
	Lowpass Filter Time
512	10 ms
1024	5 ms
2048	2 ms
4096	1 ms

Table 4.16 Speed PID Lowpass Filter Time



7-07 Speed PID Feedback Gear Ratio

Range: Function:

1* [0.0001 - 32.0000] The frequency converter multiplies the speed feedback by this ratio.

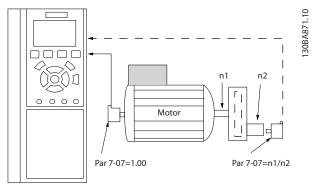


Illustration 4.35 Speed PID Feedback Gear Ratio

7-08	7-08 Speed PID Feed Forward Factor		
Rang	ge:	Function:	
0 %*	[0 - 500 %]	The reference signal bypasses the speed controller by the amount specified. This feature increases the dynamic performance of the speed control loop.	

4.8.1 7-1* Torque PI Control

Parameters for configuring the torque PI control.

7-12	7-12 Torque Pl Proportional Gain		
Range	:	Function:	
100 %*	[0 - 500 %]	Enter the proportional gain value for the torque controller. Selection of a high value makes the controller react faster. Too high a setting leads to controller instability.	

7-13 Torque PI Integration Time			
Range:		Function:	
0.020 s*	[0.002 - 2 s]	Enter the integration time for the torque controller. Selection of a low value makes the controller react faster. Too low a setting leads to controller instability.	



4.8.2 7-2* Process Ctrl. Feedb.

Select the feedback sources for the process PID control, and how this feedback should be handled.

7-20	7-20 Process CL Feedback 1 Resource			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		The effective feedback signal is made up of the sum of up to 2 different input signals. Select which frequency converter input should be treated as the source of the first of these signals. The second input signal is defined in parameter 7-22 Process CL Feedback 2 Resource.		
[0] *	No function			
[1]	Analog Input 53			
[2]	Analog Input 54			
[3]	Frequency input 29			
[4]	Frequency input 33			
[7]	Analog Input X30/11			
[8]	Analog Input X30/12			

7-22	7-22 Process CL Feedback 2 Resource			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		The effective feedback signal is made up of the sum of up to 2 different input signals. Select which frequency converter input should be treated as the source of the second of these signals. The first input signal is defined in parameter 7-20 Process CL Feedback 1 Resource.		
[0] *	No function			
[1]	Analog Input 53			
[2]	Analog Input 54			
[3]	Frequency input 29			
[4]	Frequency input 33			
[7]	Analog Input X30/11			
[8]	Analog Input X30/12			

4.8.3 7-3* Process PID Ctrl.

7-30	7-30 Process PID Normal/ Inverse Control		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Normal and inverse controls are implemented by introducing a difference between the reference signal and the feedback signal.	
[0] *	Normal	Set process control to increase the output frequency.	
[1]	Inverse	Set process control to decrease the output frequency.	

7-3	7-31 Process PID Anti Windup			
Opt	Option: Function:			
[0]	Off	Continue regulation of an error even when the output frequency cannot be increased or decreased.		
[1] *	On	Cease regulation of an error when the output frequency can no longer be adjusted.		

7-32 Process PID Start Speed		
Range	:	Function:
0 RPM*	[0 -	Enter the motor speed to be attained as a
	6000	start signal for commencement of PID
	RPM]	control. When the power is switched on, the
		frequency converter starts to ramp and then
		operates under speed open-loop control.
		When the process PID start speed is reached,
		the frequency converter changes to process
		PID control.

7-33 Process PID Proportional Gain			
Range:		Function:	
0.01*	[0 - 10]	Enter the PID proportional gain. The propor-	
		tional gain multiplies the error between the	
		setpoint and the feedback signal.	

7-34 Pı	7-34 Process PID Integral Time		
Range:	Function:		
10000 s*	[0.01 -	Enter the PID integral time. The integrator	
	10000 s]	provides an increasing gain at a constant	
		error between the setpoint and the	
		feedback signal. The integral time is the	
		time needed by the integrator to reach	
		the same gain as the proportional gain.	

7-3	7-35 Process PID Differentiation Time		
Range: Function:			
0 s*	[0 - 10 s]	Enter the PID differentiation time. The differen-	
		tiator does not react to a constant error, but	
		provides a gain only when the error changes.	
		The shorter the PID differentiation time, the	
		stronger the gain from the differentiator.	



7-	7-36 Process PID Diff. Gain Limit		
Ra	Range: Function:		
5*	[1 - 50]	Enter a limit for the differentiator gain. If there is	
		no limit, the differentiator gain increases when	
		there are fast changes. To obtain a pure differen-	
		tiator gain at slow changes and a constant	
		differentiator gain where fast changes occur, limit	
		the differentiator gain.	

7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Factor				
Rang	ge:	Function:		
0 %*	[0 -	Enter the PID feed forward factor. The factor		
	200 %]	sends a constant fraction of the reference signal		
		to bypass the PID control, so the PID control		
		only affects the remaining fraction of the control		
		signal. Any change to this parameter affects the		
		motor speed. When the feed forward factor is		
		activated, it provides less overshoot and high		
		dynamics when changing the setpoint.		
		Parameter 7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Factor is		
		active when <i>parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode</i>		
		is set to [3] Process.		

7-39 On Reference Bandwidth		
ge:	Function:	
[0 -	Enter the on-reference bandwidth. When the	
200 %]	PID control error (the difference between the	
	reference and the feedback) is less than the	
	value of this parameter, the on-reference	
	status bit is 1.	
	ge: [0 -	

4.8.4 7-4* Advanced Process PID Ctrl.

This parameter group is only used if *parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode* is set to [7] Extended PID speed CL.

7-40	7-40 Process PID I-part Reset		
Opt	Option: Function:		
[0] *	No		
[1]	Yes	Select [1] Yes to reset the I-part of the process PID controller. The selection automatically returns to [0] No. Resetting the I-part makes it possible to start from a well-defined point after changing something in the process, for example changing a textile roll.	

7-41 Process PID Output Neg. Clamp			
Range:	ge: Function:		
-100 %*	[-100 - par. 7-42 %]	Enter a negative limit for the process PID controller output.	

7-42 Process PID Output Pos. Clamp		
Range	:	Function:
100 %*	[par. 7-41 - 100 %]	Enter a positive limit for the process PID controller output.

7-43 I	7-43 Process PID Gain Scale at Min. Ref.		
Range	:	Function:	
100 %*	[0 - 100 %]	Enter a scaling percentage to apply to the process PID output when operating at the minimum reference. The scaling percentage is adjusted linearly between the scale at minimum reference (parameter 7-43 Process PID Gain Scale at Min. Ref.) and the scale at	
		maximum reference (parameter 7-44 Process PID Gain Scale at Max. Ref.).	

7-44 Process PID Gain Scale at Max. Ref.		
Range	:	Function:
100 %*	[0 -	Enter a scaling percentage to apply to the
	100 %]	process PID output when operating at the
		maximum reference. The scaling percentage is
		adjusted linearly between the scale at
		minimum reference (parameter 7-43 Process PID
		Gain Scale at Min. Ref.) and the scale at
		maximum reference (parameter 7-44 Process
		PID Gain Scale at Max. Ref.).

7-4	7-45 Process PID Feed Fwd Resource			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	No function	Select which frequency converter input should be used as the feed-forward factor. The factor is added to the output of the PID controller. This increases dynamic performance.		
[1]	Analog Input 53			
[2]	Analog Input 54			
[7]	Frequency input 29			
[8]	Frequency input 33			
[11]	Local bus reference			
[32]	Bus PCD	Selects a fieldbus reference configured by parameter 8-02 Control Word Source. Change parameter 8-42 PCD Write Configuration for the bus used to make the feed forward available in parameter 7-48 PCD Feed Forward. Use index 1 for feed forward [748] (and index 2 for reference [1682]).		

7-46	7-46 Process PID Feed Fwd Normal/ Inv. Ctrl.			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	Normal	Select [0] Normal to set the feed-forward factor to treat the FF resource as a positive value.		
[1]	Inverse	Select [1] Inverse to treat the feed-forward resource as a negative value.		



7-	7-48 PCD Feed Forward		
Range:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 65535]	This parameter contains the value of parameter 7-45 Process PID Feed Fwd Resource [32] Bus PCD.	

7-49 Process PID Output Normal/ Inv. Ctrl.			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	Normal	Select [0] Normal to use the resulting output from the process PID controller as is.	
[1]	Inverse	Select [1] Inverse to invert the resulting output from the process PID controller. This operation is performed after the feed-forward factor is applied.	

4.8.5 7-5* Ext. Process PID Ctrl.

This parameter group is only used if parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to [7] Extended PID speed CL.

7-50 Process PID Extended PID		
Opt	ion:	Function:
[0]	Disabled	Disable the extended parts of the process PID controller.
[1] *	Enabled	Enable the extended parts of the PID controller.

7-52 Process PID Feed Fwd Ramp up			
Range	:	Function:	
0.01 s*	[0.01 - 10 s]	Controls the dynamics of the feed-forward	
		signal when ramping up.	

7-53 Process PID Feed Fwd Ramp down		
Range:		Function:
0.01 s*	[0.01 - 10 s]	Controls the dynamics of the feed-forward
		signal when ramping down.

7-56 Process PID Ref. Filter Time		
Range:		Function:
0.001 s*	[0.001 - 1 s]	Set a time constant for the reference first- order low-pass filter. The low-pass filter improves steady-state performance and dampens oscillations on the reference/ feedback signals. However, severe filtering can be detrimental to dynamic performance.

7-57 Process PID Fb. Filter Time		
Range:		Function:
0.001 s*	[0.001 - 1 s]	Set a time constant for the feedback first- order low-pass filter. The low-pass filter improves steady-state performance and dampens oscillations on the reference/ feedback signals. However, severe filtering can be detrimental to dynamic
		performance.

7-60 Feedback 1 Conversion

Select a conversion for the feedback 1 signal. Select [0] Linear to leave the feedback signal unchanged.

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Linear	
[1]	Square root	

7-62 Feedback 2 Conversion

Select a conversion for the feedback 2 signal. Select [0] Linear to leave the feedback signal unchanged.

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Linear	
[1]	Square root	



4.9 Parameters: 8-** Communications and Options

4.9.1 8-0* General Settings

8-01 Control Site

The setting in this parameter overrides the settings in parameter 8-50 Coasting Select to parameter 8-56 Preset Reference Select.

Option:

Function:

[0]	Digital and ctrl.word	Use both digital input and control word.
[1]	Digital only	Use digital inputs only.
[2]	Controlword only	Use control word only.

8-02 Control Word Source

Select the source of the control word: 1 of 2 serial interfaces or 4 installed options. During initial power-up, the frequency converter automatically sets this parameter to [3] Option A if it detects a valid fieldbus option installed in slot A. When the option is removed, the frequency converter detects a configuration change, sets parameter 8-02 Control Word Source to default setting [1] FC RS485, and trips. If an option is installed after initial power-up, the setting of parameter 8-02 Control Word Source does not change, but the frequency converter trips and shows: Alarm 67, Option Changed.

When retrofitting a bus option into a frequency converter that did not have a bus option installed earlier, change the control to bus-based. This change is required for safety reasons to avoid an unintended change.

Option:

Function:

		NOTICE This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.
[0]	None	
[1]	FC RS485	
[2]	FC USB	
[3]	Option A	
[30]	External Can	

8-03 Control Word Timeout Time

Range: Function:

1 s*	[0.1 -	Enter the maximum time expected to pass
	18000.0 s]	between the reception of 2 consecutive
		telegrams. If this time is exceeded, it indicates
		that the serial communication has stopped.
		The function selected in parameter 8-04 Control
		Word Timeout Function is then carried out. A
		valid control word triggers the timeout
		counter.

8-04 Control Word Timeout Function

Select the timeout function. The timeout function activates when the control word fails to be updated within the time period specified in *parameter 8-03 Control Word Timeout Time*.

Option: Function:

NOTICE

To change the set-up after a timeout, configure as follows:

- 1. Set parameter 0-10 Active Setup to [9] Multi set-up.
- 2. Select the relevant link in parameter 0-12 This Set-up Linked to.

[0]	Off	Resumes control via fieldbus (fieldbus or	
		standard), using the most recent control word.	
[1]	Freeze	Freezes output frequency until communication	

	σατρατ	resurries.
[2]	Stop	Stops with auto restart when communication resumes.
[3]	Jogging	Runs the motor at jog frequency until

		communication resumes.	
[4]	Max. speed	x. speed Runs the motor at maximum frequency until	
		communication resumes.	

[5]	Stop and	Stops the motor, then resets the frequency	
	trip	converter to restart:	
		\C .1 C .1 II	

- Via the fieldbus.
- Via [Reset].
- Via a digital input.

[7]	Select	Changes the set-up after a control word	
	setup 1	timeout. If communication resumes after a	
		timeout, parameter 8-05 End-of-Timeout	
		Function either resumes the set-up used before	
		the timeout, or retains the set-up endorsed by	
		the timeout function.	

[8]	Select	See [7] Select set-up 1.	
	setup 2		
[9]	Select	See [7] Select set-up 1.	
	setup 3		
[10]	Select	See [7] Select set-up 1.	

setup 4



8-05 End-of-Timeout Function

Select the action after receiving a valid control word following a timeout.

This parameter is active only when *parameter 8-04 Control Timeout Function* is set to:

- [7] Set-up 1.
- [8] Set-up 2.
- [9] Set-up 3.
- [10] Set-up 4.

Option:

Function:

[0]	Hold set-up	Retains the set-up selected in
		parameter 8-04 Control Timeout
		Function and shows a warning until
		parameter 8-06 Reset Control Timeout
		toggles. Then the frequency
		converter resumes its original set-
		up.
[1] *	Resume set-up	Resumes the set-up that was active
		before the timeout.

8-06 Reset Control Word Timeout

This parameter is active only when [0] Hold set-up has been selected in parameter 8-05 End-of-Timeout Function.

Option: Function:

[0] *	Do not reset	Retains the set-up specified in parameter 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function, following a control word timeout.
[1]	Do reset	Restores the frequency converter to the original set-up following a control word timeout. The frequency converter performs the reset and then immediately reverts to the [0] Do not reset setting.

8-07 Diagnosis Trigger

This parameter has no function for DeviceNet.

Option: Function:

[0] *	Disable	
[1]	Trigger on alarms	
[2]	Trigger alarm/warn.	

8-08 Readout Filtering

Use this function if the speed feedback value readouts on the fieldbus fluctuate. Select [1] Motor Data LP-Filter if the function is required. A power cycle is required for changes to take effect.

Option: Function:

[0]	Motor Data	Normal fieldbus readouts.	
	Std-Filt.		
[1]	Motor Data LP-	Filtered fieldbus readouts of the following	
	Filter	parameters:	
		• Parameter 16-10 Power [kW].	
		• Parameter 16-11 Power [hp].	
		• Parameter 16-12 Motor Voltage.	

8-08 Readout Filtering

Use this function if the speed feedback value readouts on the fieldbus fluctuate. Select [1] Motor Data LP-Filter if the function is required. A power cycle is required for changes to take effect.

Option:	Function:
	Parameter 16-14 Motor current.
	• Parameter 16-16 Torque [Nm].
	• Parameter 16-17 Speed [RPM].
	• Parameter 16-22 Torque [%].
	Parameter 16-25 Torque [Nm] High.

4.9.2 8-1* Ctrl. Word Settings

8-10 Control Word Profile

Select the interpretation of the control and status words corresponding to the installed fieldbus. Only the selections valid for the fieldbus installed in slot A are visible in the LCP display. For guidelines in selection of [0] FC profile and [1] PROFIdrive profile, refer to the design guide.

For more guidelines in the selection of [1] PROFIdrive profile, refer to the installation guide for the installed fieldbus.

Option:	Function:

[0] *	FC profile	
[1]	PROFIdrive profile	

8-13 Configurable Status Word STW

This is an array parameter with 16 elements, 1 element for each bit in range 0–15. Elements 5 and 11–15 are configurable. Each of the bits can be configured to any of the following options.

Option: Function:

[0]	No function	The input is always low.
[1] *	Profile Default	Depending on the profile set
		in parameter 8-10 Control
		Profile.
[2]	Alarm 68 Only	The input goes high
		whenever alarm 68, Safe
		Torque Off activated is active
		and goes low whenever
		alarm 68, Safe Torque Off
		activated is not active.
[3]	Trip excl Alarm 68	
[10]	T18 DI status	
[11]	T19 DI status	
[12]	T27 DI status	
[13]	T29 DI status	
[14]	T32 DI status	
[15]	T33 DI status	
[21]	Thermal warning	
[40]	Out of ref range	
[49]	Derate active	
[60]	Comparator 0	
[61]	Comparator 1	
[62]	Comparator 2	

8-13 Configurable Status Word STW

This is an array parameter with 16 elements, 1 element for each bit in range 0–15. Elements 5 and 11–15 are configurable. Each of the bits can be configured to any of the following options.

Option:	Function:
---------	-----------

[63]	Comparator 3	
[64]	Comparator 4	
[65]	Comparator 5	
[70]	Logic Rule 0	
[71]	Logic Rule 1	
[72]	Logic Rule 2	
[73]	Logic Rule 3	
[74]	Logic Rule 4	
[75]	Logic Rule 5	
[80]	SL digital out A	
[81]	SL digital out B	
[82]	SL digital out C	
[83]	SL digital out D	
[84]	SL digital out E	
[85]	SL digital out F	
[92]	IGBT-cooling	See parameter group 5-3*
		Digital Outputs.
[193]	Sleep Mode	
[194]	Broken Belt	

8-14 Configurable Control Word CTW

This is an array parameter with 16 elements, 1 element for each bit in range 0–15. Each of the bits can be configured to any of the following options.

Option: Function:

		This parameter is not valid in software
		versions before 4.93.
[0]	None	The frequency converter ignores the
		information in this bit.
[1] *	Profile default	The functionality of the bit depends on
		the selection in parameter 8-10 Control
		Word Profile.
[2]	CTW Valid,	If set to 1, the frequency converter ignores
	active low	the remaining bits of the control word.
[4]	PID error	Inverts the resulting error from the process
	inverse	PID controller. Available only if
		parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to
		[7] Extended PID Speed OL.
[5]	PID reset I part	Resets the I-part of the process PID
		controller. Equivalent to
		parameter 7-40 Process PID I-part Reset.
		Available only if parameter 1-00 Configu-
		ration Mode is set to [7] Extended PID Speed
		OL.
[6]	PID enable	Enables the extended process PID
		controller. Equivalent to
		parameter 7-50 Process PID Extended PID.
		Available only if parameter 1-00 Configu-
		ration Mode is set to [7] Extended PID Speed
		OL.

8-14 Configurable Control Word CTW

This is an array parameter with 16 elements, 1 element for each bit in range 0–15. Each of the bits can be configured to any of the following options.

Option: Function:

[7]	External	
	Interlock	
[66]	Sleep Mode	

8-19 Product Code			
Range:	Function:		
Size	[0 -	Select 0 to read out the actual	
related*	2147483647]	fieldbus product code according	
		to the mounted fieldbus option.	
		Select 1 to read out the actual	
		vendor ID.	

4.9.3 8-3* FC Port Settings

8-30 Protocol

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select the protocol to be used. Changing protocol is not effective until after powering off the frequency converter.
[0] *	FC	
[1]	FC MC	
[2]	Modbus RTU	

8-31 Address Range: Function: 1* [1 - 247] Enter the address for the frequency converter (standard) port. Valid range: Depends on selected protocol.

8-3	8-32 FC Port Baud Rate		
Op	otion:	Function:	
[0]	2400 Baud	Baud rate selection for the FC (standard) port.	
[1]	4800 Baud		
[2]	9600 Baud		
[3]	19200 Baud		
[4]	38400 Baud		
[5]	57600 Baud		
[6]	76800 Baud		
[7]	115200 Baud		

8-33 Parity / Stop Bits		
Option	:	Function:
[0] *	Even Parity, 1 Stop Bit	
[1]	Odd Parity, 1 Stop Bit	
[2]	No Parity, 1 Stop Bit	
[3]	No Parity, 2 Stop Bits	



Danfoss

8-34 Estimated cycle time		
Rang	e:	Function:
0 ms*	[0 -	In noisy environments, the interface may
	1000000 ms]	be blocked due to overload or bad frames.
		This parameter specifies the time between
		2 consecutive frames on the network. If the
		interface does not detect valid frames in
		that time, it flushes the receive buffer.

8-35 Minimum Response Delay		
Range	:	Function:
10 ms*	[1 - 10000	Specify the minimum delay time
	ms]	between receiving a request and
		transmitting a response. This is used for
		overcoming modem turnaround delays.

8-36 Max Response Delay		
Range:		Function:
Size	[11 -	Specify the maximum allowed delay
related*	10001 ms]	time between transmitting a request
		and receiving a response. If a response
		from the frequency converter is
		exceeding the time setting, then it is
		discarded.

8-37 Max Inter-Char Delay		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0.00 -	Specify the maximum allowed time
related*	35.00 ms]	interval between receipt of 2 bytes. This
		parameter activates timeout if
		transmission is interrupted.
		This parameter is active only when
		parameter 8-30 Protocol is set to [1] FC MC
		protocol.

4.9.4 8-4* FC MC Protocol Set

8-40	8-40 Telegram Selection		
Opti	on:	Function:	
[1] *	Standard telegram 1	Enables use of freely configurable	
		telegrams or standard telegrams for	
		the FC port.	
[100]	None		
[101]	PPO 1		
[102]	PPO 2		
[103]	PPO 3		
[104]	PPO 4		
[105]	PPO 5		
[106]	PPO 6		
[107]	PPO 7		
[108]	PPO 8		

8-40	Telegram Selectio	n
Opti	on:	Function:
[200]	Custom telegram 1	Enables use of freely configurable telegrams or standard telegrams for the FC port.
[202]	Custom telegram 3	

8-41	Parameters for Signals	
Optio	n:	Function:
[0] *	None	This parameter contains a list of signals available for selection in parameter 8-42 PCD Write Configuration and parameter 8-43 PCD Read Configuration.
[302]	Minimum Reference	
[303]	Maximum Reference	
[312]	Catch up/slow Down Value	
[341]	Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time	
[342]	Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time	
[351]	Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time	
[352]	Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time	
[380]	Jog Ramp Time	
[381]	Quick Stop Ramp Time Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]	
[411]	Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]	
[413]	Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]	
[414]	Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]	
[416]	Torque Limit Motor Mode	
[417]	Torque Limit Generator Mode	
[553]	Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value	
[558]	Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value	
[590]	Digital & Relay Bus Control	
[593]	Pulse Out #27 Bus Control	
[595]	Pulse Out #29 Bus Control	
[597]	Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control	
[615]	Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value	
[625]	Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value	
[653]	Term 42 Output Bus Ctrl	
[663]	Terminal X30/8 Bus Control	
[748]	PCD Feed Forward	
[890]	Bus Jog 1 Speed	
[891]	Bus Jog 2 Speed	
[1500]	Operating hours	
[1501]	Running Hours	
[1502]	kWh Counter	
[1600]	Control Word	
[1601]	Reference [Unit] Reference %	
[1602]	Status Word	
[1605]	Main Actual Value [%]	
[1005]	Maii Actual value [%]	



8-41	Parameters for Signals	
Optio	n:	Function:
[1609]	Custom Readout	
[1610]	Power [kW]	
[1611]	Power [hp]	
[1612]	Motor Voltage	
[1613]	Frequency	
[1614]	Motor current	
[1615]	Frequency [%]	
[1616]	Torque [Nm]	
[1617]	Speed [RPM]	
[1618]	Motor Thermal	
[1620]	Motor Angle	
[1621]	Torque [%] High Res.	
[1622]	Torque [%]	
[1624]	Calibrated Stator Resistance	
[1630]	DC Link Voltage	
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.	
[1635]	Inverter Thermal	
[1638]	SL Controller State	
[1639]	Control Card Temp.	
[1645]	Motor Phase U Current	
[1646]	Motor Phase V Current	
[1647]	Motor Phase W Current	
[1648]	Speed Ref. After Ramp [RPM]	
[1650]	External Reference	
[1651]	Pulse Reference	
[1652]	Feedback[Unit]	
[1653]	Digi Pot Reference	
[1657]	Feedback [RPM]	
[1660]	Digital Input	
[1661]	Terminal 53 Switch Setting	
[1662]	Analog Input 53	
[1663]	Terminal 54 Switch Setting	
[1664]	Analog Input 54	
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]	
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]	
[1667]	Freq. Input #29 [Hz]	
[1668]	Freq. Input #33 [Hz]	
[1669]	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	
[1670]	Pulse Output #29 [Hz]	
[1671]	Relay Output [bin]	
[1672]	Counter A	
[1673]	Counter B	
[1675]	Analog In X30/11	
[1676]	Analog In X30/12	
[1677]	Analog Out X30/8 [mA]	
[1680]	Fieldbus CTW 1	
[1682]	Fieldbus REF 1	
[1684]	Comm. Option STW	
[1685]	FC Port CTW 1	
[1686]	FC Port REF 1	
[1687]	Bus Readout Alarm/Warning	
[1690]	Alarm Word	

8-41	Parameters for Signals	
Optio	n:	Function:
[1691]	Alarm Word 2	
[1692]	Warning Word	
[1693]	Warning Word 2	
[1694]	Ext. Status Word	
[1695]	Ext. Status Word 2	
[1697]	Alarm Word 3	
[1698]	Warning Word 3	

Range: Function: Size [0 - Select the parameters to be assigned to related* 9999] the PCD's telegrams. The number of	8-42 PCD Write Configuration		
·	Range:		Function:
available PCDs depends on the telegram type. The values in the PCDs are then written to the selected parameters as data values.		"	available PCDs depends on the telegram type. The values in the PCDs are then written to the selected parameters as

8-43 PCD Read Configuration		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0 -	Select the parameters to be assigned to
related*	9999]	the PCDs of the telegrams. The number
		of available PCDs depends on the
		telegram type. PCDs contain the actual
		data values of the selected parameters.

4.9.5 8-5* Digital/Bus

Parameters for configuring the control word merging.

NOTICE

These parameters are active only when parameter 8-01 Control Site is set to [0] Digital and control word.

8-50	8-50 Coasting Select		
Select the trigger for the coasting function.			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0]	Digital input	A digital input triggers the coasting function.	
[1]	Bus	A serial communication port or the fieldbus triggers the coasting function.	
[2]	Logic AND	The fieldbus/serial communication port and a digital input trigger the coasting function.	
[3] *	Logic OR	The fieldbus/serial communication port or a digital input triggers the coasting function.	

8-51 Quick Stop Select		
Select the trigger for the quick stop function.		
Option:		Function:
[0]	Digital input	
[1]	Bus	



8-51 Quick Stop Select			
Select the trigger for the quick stop function.			
Option:		Function:	
[2]	Logic AND		
[3] *	Logic OR		

8-52 DC Brake Select

Select control of the DC brake via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.

Option: Function:

		When parameter 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM non-salient SPM, only selection [0] Digital input is available.
[0]	Digital input	Activate a start command via a digital input.
[1]	Bus	Activate a start command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.
[2]	Logic AND	Activate a start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port and also via 1 of the digital inputs.
[3]	Logic OR	Activate a start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port or via 1 of the digital inputs.

8-53 Start Select

Select the trigger for the start function.

Option:		Function:	
[0] Digital input		A digital input triggers the start function.	
[1]	Bus	A serial communication port or the fieldbus triggers the start function.	
[2]	Logic AND	The fieldbus/serial communication port and a digital input trigger the start function.	
[3] *	Logic OR	The fieldbus/serial communication port or a digital input triggers the start function.	

8-54 Reversing Select

Select the trigger for the reversing function.

Op	otion:	Function:
[0]	Digital input	A digital input triggers the reversing function.
[1]	Bus	A serial communication port or the fieldbus triggers the reversing function.
[2]	Logic AND	The fieldbus/serial communication port and a digital input trigger the reversing function.
[3]	Logic OR	The fieldbus/serial communication port or a digital input triggers the reversing function.

	8-55	55 Set-up Select		
	Sele	Select the trigger for the set-up selection.		
Option: Function:			Function:	
	[0]	Digital input	A digital input triggers the set-up selection.	
	[1]	Bus	A serial communication port or the fieldbus triggers the set-up selection.	
	[2]	Logic AND	The fieldbus/serial communication port and a digital input trigger the set-up selection.	
	[3] *	Logic OR	The fieldbus/serial communication port or a digital input triggers the set-up selection.	

8-56	8-56 Preset Reference Select	
Option:		Function:
		Select the trigger for the preset reference selection.
[0]	Digital input	A digital input triggers the preset reference selection.
[1]	Bus	A serial communication port or the fieldbus triggers the preset reference selection.
[2]	Logic AND	The fieldbus/serial communication port and a digital input trigger the preset reference selection.
[3] *	Logic OR	The fieldbus/serial communication port or a digital input triggers the preset reference selection.

8-57 Profidrive OFF2 Select

Select control of the frequency converter OFF2 selection via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus. This parameter is active only when *parameter 8-01 Control Site* is set to [0] Digital and ctrl. word and parameter 8-10 Control Word Profile is set to [1] PROFIdrive profile.

Option:		Function:
[0]	Digital input	
[1]	Bus	
[2]	Logic AND	
[3] *	Logic OR	

8-58 Profidrive OFF3 Select

Select control of the frequency converter OFF3 selection via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus. This parameter is active only when *parameter 8-01 Control Site* is set to [0] Digital and ctrl. word, and parameter 8-10 Control Word Profile is set to [1] PROFIdrive profile.

Option:	Function:	
[0]	Digital input	
[1]	Bus	
[2]	Logic AND	
[3] *	Logic OR	

4.9.6 8-8* FC Port Diagnostics

These parameters are used for monitoring the bus communication via the frequency converter port.

8-8	8-80 Bus Message Count		
Range: Function:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 0]	This parameter shows the number of valid telegrams detected on the bus.	

8-8	8-81 Bus Error Count		
Arr	Array [6]		
Ra	Range: Function:		
0*	[0 - 0]	This parameter shows the number of telegrams with faults (for example CRC fault) detected on the	
		bus.	

8-8	8-82 Slave Messages Rcvd		
Range:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 0]	This parameter shows the number of valid telegrams addressed to the slave sent by the frequency converter.	

8-8	8-83 Slave Error Count		
Range:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 0]	This parameter shows the number of error telegrams, which are not executed by the frequency converter.	

	8-84 Slave Messages Sent		
	Ra	nge:	Function:
	0*	[0 - 0]	This parameter shows the number of messages sent from the slave.
ı			Serie from the slave.

8-85 Slave Timeout Errors		
Range: Function:		
0*	[0 - 0]	This parameter shows the number of slave timeout errors.

8-88 Reset FC port Diagnostics			
Reset all FC port diagnostic counters.			
Option:		Function:	
[0] *	Do not reset		
[1]	Reset counter		

4.9.7 8-9* Bus Jog

	8-90 Bus Jog 1 Speed		
Range:			Function:
	Size related*	[0 - par. 4-13 RPM]	Enter the jog speed. Activate this fixed jog speed via the serial port or fieldbus option.

8-91 Bus Jog 2 Speed			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0 - par. 4-13 RPM]	Enter the jog speed. Activate this fixed jog speed via the serial port or fieldbus option.	

4.10 Parameters: 9-** PROFIBUS

9-	9-00 Setpoint			
Range:		Function:		
0*	[0 - 65535]	This parameter receives cyclic reference from a Master Class 2. If the control priority is set to Master Class 2, the reference for the frequency converter is taken from this parameter, whereas		
		the cyclic reference is ignored.		

9-07 Actual Value				
Ra	inge:	Function:		
0*	[0 - 65535]	This parameter delivers the MAV for a Master		
		Class 2. This parameter is valid if the control		
		priority is set to Master Class 2.		

9-15 PCD Write Configuration			
Array	Array [10]		
Optio	n:	Function:	
		Select the parameters to be assigned to PCD 3–10 of the telegrams. The number of available PCDs depends on the telegram type. The values in PCD 3–10 are then written to the selected parameters as data values. Alternatively, specify a standard PROFIBUS telegram in parameter 9-22 Telegram Selection.	
[0]	None		
[302]	Minimum Reference		
[303]	Maximum Reference		
[312]	Catch up/slow Down Value		
[341]	Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time		
[342]	Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time		
[351]	Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time		
[352]	Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time		
[380]	Jog Ramp Time		
[381]	Quick Stop Ramp Time		
[411]	Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]		
[412]	Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]		



9-15	PCD Write Configuration	1
Array	[10]	
Optio	n:	Function:
[413]	Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]	
[414]	Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]	
[416]	Torque Limit Motor Mode	
[417]	Torque Limit Generator Mode	
[553]	Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value	
[558]	Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value	
[590]	Digital & Relay Bus Control	
[593]	Pulse Out #27 Bus Control	
[595]	Pulse Out #29 Bus Control	
[597]	Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control	
[615]	Terminal 53 High Ref./ Feedb. Value	
[625]	Terminal 54 High Ref./ Feedb. Value	
[653]	Term 42 Output Bus Ctrl	
[663]	Terminal X30/8 Bus Control	
[748]	PCD Feed Forward	
[890]	Bus Jog 1 Speed	
[891]	Bus Jog 2 Speed	
[1680]	Fieldbus CTW 1	
[1682]	Fieldbus REF 1	
[1685]	FC Port CTW 1	
[1686]	FC Port REF 1	

9-16	9-16 PCD Read Configuration			
Array	Array [10]			
Optio	n:	Function:		
		Select the parameters to be assigned to PCD 3–10 of the telegrams. The number of available PCDs depends on the telegram type. PCDs 3–10 contain the actual data values of the selected parameters. For standard PROFIBUS telegram, see parameter 9-22 Telegram Selection.		
[0]	None			
[1500]	Operating hours			
[1501]	Running Hours			
[1502]	kWh Counter			
[1600]	Control Word			
[1601]	Reference [Unit]			

9-16	PCD Read Configuration	
Array	[10]	
Optio	n:	Function:
[1602]	Reference %	
[1603]	Status Word	
[1605]	Main Actual Value [%]	
[1609]	Custom Readout	
[1610]	Power [kW]	
[1611]	Power [hp]	
[1612]	Motor Voltage	
[1613]	Frequency	
[1614]	Motor current	
[1615]	Frequency [%]	
[1616]	Torque [Nm]	
[1617]	Speed [RPM]	
[1618]	Motor Thermal	
[1620]	Motor Angle	
[1621]	Torque [%] High Res.	
[1622]		
[1624]	Calibrated Stator Resistance	
[1630]	DC Link Voltage	
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.	
[1635]	Inverter Thermal	
[1638]	SL Controller State	
[1639]	Control Card Temp.	
[1645]	Motor Phase U Current	
[1646]	Motor Phase V Current	
[1647]	Motor Phase W Current	
[1648]	Speed Ref. After Ramp	
	[RPM]	
[1650]	External Reference	
[1651]	Pulse Reference	
[1652]	Feedback[Unit]	
[1653]	Digi Pot Reference	
[1657]	Feedback [RPM]	
[1660]	Digital Input	
[1661]	Terminal 53 Switch Setting	
[1662]	Analog Input 53	
[1663]	Terminal 54 Switch Setting	
[1664]	Analog Input 54	
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]	
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]	
[1667]	Freq. Input #29 [Hz]	
[1668]	Freq. Input #33 [Hz]	
[1669]	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	
[1670]	Pulse Output #29 [Hz]	
[1671]	Relay Output [bin]	
[1672]	Counter A	
[1673]	Counter B	
[1675]	Analog In X30/11	
[1676]	Analog In X30/12	
[1677]	Analog Out X30/8 [mA]	
[1684]	Comm. Option STW	
[1687]	Bus Readout Alarm/Warning	



9-16 PCD Read Configuration

Array [10]

Option: Function:

[1690] Alarm Word

[1691] Alarm Word 2

[1692] Warning Word

[1693] Warning Word 2

[1694] Ext. Status Word

[1695] Ext. Status Word 2

[1697] Alarm Word 3

[1698] Warning Word 3

9-18 Node Address		
Range:		Function:
126*	[1 - 126]	Enter the address in this parameter or in the hardware switch. In order to adjust the station address in this parameter, the hardware switch must be set to 126 or 127. Otherwise this parameter shows the actual setting of the switch.

9-19 Drive Unit System Number				
Range:		Function:		
1034*	[0 - 65535]	Manufacturer specific system ID.		

9-22 Telegram Selection			
Optio	n:	Function:	
		This parameter shows the selected standard PROFIBUS telegram that the PROFINET IO controller has sent to the frequency converter. At power-up, or if a non-supported telegram is sent from the IO controller, this parameter shows <i>None</i> in the display.	
[1]	Standard telegram 1		
[100] *	None		
[101]	PPO 1		
[102]	PPO 2		
[103]	PPO 3		
[104]	PPO 4		
[105]	PPO 5		
[106]	PPO 6		
[107]	PPO 7		
[108]	PPO 8		

9-23	Parameters for Signals		
Array	[1000]		
Read o	only		
Optio	ion: Function:		
		This parameter	
		contains a list of	
		signals available for	
		selection in	
		parameter 9-15 PCD	
		Write Configuration	
		and	
		parameter 9-16 PCD	
		Read Configuration.	
[0] *	None		
[302]	Minimum Reference		
[303]	Maximum Reference		
[312]	Catch up/slow Down Value		
[341]	Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time		
[342]	Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time		
[351]	Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time		
[352]	Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time		
[380]	Jog Ramp Time		
[381]	Quick Stop Ramp Time		
[411]	Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]		
[412]	Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]		
[413]	Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]		
[414]	Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]		
[416]	Torque Limit Motor Mode		
[417]	Torque Limit Generator Mode		
[553]	Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value		
[558]	Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value		
[590]	Digital & Relay Bus Control		
[593]	Pulse Out #27 Bus Control		
[595]	Pulse Out #29 Bus Control		
[597]	Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control		
[615]	Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value		
[625]	Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value		
[653]	Term 42 Output Bus Ctrl		
[663]	Terminal X30/8 Bus Control		
[748]	PCD Feed Forward		
[890]	Bus Jog 1 Speed		
[891]	Bus Jog 2 Speed		
[1500]	Operating hours		
[1501]	Running Hours		
[1502]	kWh Counter		
[1600]	Control Word		
[1601]	Reference [Unit] Reference %		
[1602] [1603]	Status Word		
[1605]	Main Actual Value [%]		
[1609]	Custom Readout		
[1610]	Power [kW]		
[1611]	Power [hp]		
[1612]	Motor Voltage		
[1012]	otol voltage		



0.00				
9-23	Parameters for Signals			
Array	Array [1000]			
Read o	Read only			
Optio	Function:			
[1613]	Frequency			
[1614]	Motor current			
[1615]	Frequency [%]			
[1616]	Torque [Nm]			
[1617]	Speed [RPM]			
[1618]	Motor Thermal			
[1620]	Motor Angle			
[1621]	Torque [%] High Res.			
[1622]	Torque [%]			
[1624]	Calibrated Stator Resistance			
[1630]	DC Link Voltage			
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.			
[1635]	Inverter Thermal			
[1638]	SL Controller State			
[1639]	Control Card Temp.			
[1645]	Motor Phase U Current			
[1646]	Motor Phase V Current			
[1647]	Motor Phase W Current			
[1648]	Speed Ref. After Ramp [RPM]			
[1650]	External Reference			
[1651]	Pulse Reference			
[1652]	Feedback[Unit]			
[1653]	Digi Pot Reference			
[1657]	Feedback [RPM]			
[1660]	Digital Input			
[1661]	Terminal 53 Switch Setting			
[1662]	Analog Input 53			
[1663]	Terminal 54 Switch Setting			
[1664]	Analog Input 54			
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]			
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]			
[1667]	Freq. Input #29 [Hz]			
[1668]	Freq. Input #33 [Hz]			
[1669]	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]			
[1670]	Pulse Output #29 [Hz]			
[1671]	Relay Output [bin]			
[1672]	Counter A			
[1673]	Counter B			
[1675]	Analog In X30/11			
[1676]	Analog In X30/12			
[1677]	Analog Out X30/8 [mA]			
[1680]	Fieldbus CTW 1			
[1682]	Fieldbus REF 1			
[1684]	Comm. Option STW			
[1685]	FC Port CTW 1			
[1686]	FC Port REF 1			
[1687]	Bus Readout Alarm/Warning			
[1690]	Alarm Word			
[1691]	Alarm Word 2			
[1692]	Warning Word			

9-23 Parameters for Signals				
Array	Array [1000]			
Read o	only			
Option:		Function:		
[1693]	Warning Word 2			
[1694]	Ext. Status Word			
[1695]	Ext. Status Word 2			
[1697]	Alarm Word 3			
[1698]	Warning Word 3			

9-27 Parameter Edit			
Option:		Function:	
		Parameters can be edited via PROFIBUS, the standard RS485 interface, or the LCP.	
[0]	Disabled	Disable editing via PROFIBUS.	
[1] *	Enabled	Enable editing via PROFIBUS.	

9-2	9-28 Process Control		
Opt	tion:	Function:	
		Process control (setting of control word, speed reference, and process data) is possible via either PROFINET or standard fieldbus, but not both simultaneously. Local control is always possible via the LCP. Control via process control is possible via either terminals or fieldbus depending on the settings in parameter 8-50 Coasting Select to parameter 8-58 Profidrive OFF3 Select.	
[0]	Disable	Disable process control via PROFINET and enable process control via standard fieldbus or PROFINET IO supervisor.	
[1] *	Enable cyclic master	Enable process control via IO controller and disable process control via standard fieldbus or PROFINET IO supervisor.	

9-	9-44 Fault Message Counter			
Range:		Function:		
0*	[0 - 65535]	This parameter shows the number of error events stored in <i>parameter 9-45 Fault Code</i> and <i>parameter 9-47 Fault Number</i> . The maximum buffer capacity is eight error events. The buffer and counter are set to 0 upon reset or powerup.		

9-45 Fault Code				
Range:		Function:		
0*	[0 - 0]	This buffer contains the alarm word for all alarms and warnings that have occurred since last reset or power-up. The maximum buffer capacity is 8 error events.		

9-47 Fault Number			
Range:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 0]	This buffer contains the alarm number (for example, 2 for live zero error, 4 for mains phase loss) for all alarms and warnings that have occurred since last reset or power-up. The maximum buffer capacity is 8 error events.	

9-	9-52 Fault Situation Counter			
Range: Function:				
0*	[0 - 1000]	This parameter shows the number of error events that have occurred since last reset or power-up.		

9-	9-53 Profibus Warning Word		
Re	Read only		
Range:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 65535]	This parameter shows PROFINET communication warnings.	

Bit	Condition when bit is active
0	Connection with IO controller is not OK.
1	Reserved for status of connection with second IO
'	controller.
2	Not used.
3	Clear data command received.
4	Actual value is not updated.
5	No link on both ports.
6	Not used.
7	Initializing of PROFINET is not OK.
8	Frequency converter is tripped.
9	Internal CAN error.
10	Wrong configuration data from IO controller.
11	Not used.
12	Internal error occurred.
13	Not configured.
14	Timeout active.
15	Warning 34 active.

Table 4.17 PROFINET Communication Warnings

This parameter shows the actual PROFIBUS baud rate. The PROFIBUS master automatically sets the baud rate.

9-63 Actu	ıal Baud Rate	
Option:		Function:
[0]	9,6 kbit/s	
[1]	19,2 kbit/s	
[2]	93,75 kbit/s	
[3]	187,5 kbit/s	
[4]	500 kbit/s	
[6]	1500 kbit/s	
[7]	3000 kbit/s	
[8]	6000 kbit/s	

9-63 Actu	al Baud Rate	
Option:		Function:
[9]	12000 kbit/s	
[10]	31,25 kbit/s	
[11]	45,45 kbit/s	
[255] *	No baudrate found	

9-6	4 Device Ide	ntification
Ran	ge:	Function:
0*	[0 - 0]	Device identification parameter.

9-6	55 Profile	e Number
Ra	nge:	Function:
0*	[0 - 0]	This parameter contains the profile identification. Byte 1 contains the profile number and byte 2 the version number of the profile.

9-	67 Control V	Vord 1
Ra	ange:	Function:
0*	[0 - 65535]	This parameter accepts the control word from a
		master class 2 in the same format as PCD 1.

9-	68 Status W	ord 1
Ra	ange:	Function:
0*	[0 - 65535]	This parameter delivers the status word for a master class 2 in the same format as PCD 2.

9-70 Programming Set-up This parameter is unique for LCP and fieldbus. See

parameter 0-11 Programming Set-up.

Option: Function:

- 1		
		Select the set-up to edit.
[0]	Factory setup	Uses default data. This option can be used as a data source to return the other set-ups to a known state.
[1]	Set-up 1	Edits set-up 1.
[2]	Set-up 2	Edits set-up 2.
[3]	Set-up 3	Edits set-up 3.
[4]	Set-up 4	Edits set-up 4.
[9] *	Active Set-up	Follows the active set-up selected in parameter 0-10 Active Set-up.

9-7°	I Profibus	Save Data Values
Opt	ion:	Function:
		Parameter values changed via PROFINET are not automatically stored in the non-volatile memory. Use this parameter to activate a function that stores parameter values in the EEPROM non-volatile memory, so changed parameter values are retained at power-down.
[0] *	Off	Deactivate the non-volatile storage function.



9-7	1 Profibus	Save Data Values
Opt	ion:	Function:
[1]	Store all setups	Store all parameter values for all set-ups in the non-volatile memory. When all parameter values have been stored, the selection returns to [0] Off.
[2]	Store all setups	Store all parameter values for all set-ups in the non-volatile memory. When all parameter values have been stored, the selection returns to [0] Off.

9-72	9-72 ProfibusDriveReset		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	No action		
[1]	Power-on	Reset frequency converter upon power-up,	
	reset	as for power cycle.	
[2]	Power-on	Prepare for resetting frequency converter	
	reset prep	upon power-up.	
[3]	Comm option	Reset the PROFINET option only, the	
	reset	PROFINET option goes through a power-up	
		sequence.	
		When reset, the frequency converter	
		disappears from the fieldbus, which may	
		cause a communication error from the	
		master.	

9-	75 DO Ident	ification
Ra	ange:	Function:
0*	[0 - 65535]	Provides information about the DO (Drive
		Object).

9-	80 Defined	Parameters (1)
Ar	ray [116]	
No	LCP access	
Re	ad only	
1		
Ra	ange:	Function:
0*		Function: This parameter shows a list of all the defined

9-	9-81 Defined Parameters (2)		
	Array [116] No LCP access		
	Read only		
Range: Function:		Function:	
0*	0* [0 - 9999] This parameter shows a list of all the defined frequency converter parameters available for PROFINET.		

9-	9-82 Defined Parameters (3)		
	Array [116] No LCP access		
	Read only		
Range:		Function:	
0*	0* [0 - 9999] This parameter shows a list of all the defined frequency converter parameters available for PROFINET.		

9-	9-03 Defined Parameters (4)		
Ar	Array [116]		
No	LCP access		
Re	Read only		
Range:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 9999]	This parameter shows a list of all the defined	
		frequency converter parameters available for	
	PROFINET.		

9-	84 Defined	l Parameters (5)	
Ar	ray [115]		
No	No LCP access		
Re	Read only		
Ra	Range: Function:		
0*	[0 - 9999]	This parameter shows a list of all the defined	
		frequency converter parameters available for	
		PROFINET.	

9-	85 Defined	Parameters (6)	
Ar	ray [116]		
No	LCP access		
Re	Read only		
Ra	Range: Function:		
0*	[0 - 9999]	This parameter shows a list of all the defined	
		frequency converter parameters available for	
		PROFINET.	

9-	9-90 Changed Parameters (1)		
	ray [116]		
No	LCP access		
Re	Read only		
Range:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 9999]	This parameter shows a list of all the frequency	
		converter parameters deviating from default	
		setting.	

9-91 Changed Parameters (2)			
Ar	Array [116]		
No	No LCP access		
Re	Read only		
Range:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 9999]	This parameter shows a list of all the frequency	
	converter parameters deviating from default		
	setting.		

9-	9-92 Changed Parameters (3)		
	Array [116] No LCP access		
	Read only		
Ra	Range: Function:		
0*	0* [0 - 9999] This parameter shows a list of all the frequency converter parameters deviating from default setting.		

9-	9-93 Changed Parameters (4)		
Ar	ray [116]		
No	No LCP access		
Re	Read only		
Range: Function:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 9999]	This parameter shows a list of all the frequency	
		converter parameters deviating from default	
		setting.	

No	Array [116] No LCP Address Read only		
Range:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 9999]	This parameter shows a list of all the frequency	
		converter parameters deviating from default	
		setting.	

9-99 Profibus Revision Counter		
Range:		Function:
0*	[0 - 65535]	Readout of revision count.

4.11 Parameters: 12-** Ethernet

4.11.1 12-0* IP Settings

9-94 Changed Parameters (5)

12-00 IP Address Assignment			
Optio	on:	Function:	
		Select the IP address assignment method.	
[0]	MANUAL	IP address can be set in <i>parameter 12-01 IP Address</i> IP Address.	
[1]	DHCP	IP address is assigned via DHCP server.	
[2]	BOOTP	IP address is assigned via BOOTP server.	
[10] *	DCP	DCP is assigned via the DCP protocol.	
[20]	From node ID		

12	12-01 IP Address			
Range:		Function:		
0*	[0 -	Configure the IP address of the option.		
	4294967295]	Read-only, if parameter 12-00 IP Address		
		Assignment is set to DHCP or BOOTP. In		
		POWERLINK, the IP address follows the		
		parameter 12-60 Node ID last byte and the		
		first part is fixed to 192.168.100 (node ID).		

40.00			
12-02	SIII	nnet.	Mask

Range:		Function:
0*	[0 -	Configure the IP subnet mask of the
	4294967295]	option. Read-only, if parameter 12-00 IP
		Address Assignment is set to DHCP or
		BOOTP. In POWERLINK, it is fixed to
		255.255.255.0.

12	12-03 Default Gateway			
Range:		Function:		
0*	[0 -	Configure the IP default gateway of the		
	2147483647]	option. Read-only, if <i>parameter 12-00 IP</i>		
		Address Assignment is set to DHCP or		
		BOOTP. In a non-routed network, this		
		address is set to the IP address of the IO		
		Device.		

12	12-04 DHCP Server			
Range:		Function:		
0*		Read-only. Show the IP address of the found DHCP or BOOTP server.		

12-05 Lease Expires			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*		Read-only. Show the lease time left for the current DHCP-assigned IP address.	

12	12-06 Name Servers			
Range:		Function:		
0*	[0 - 2147483647]	IP addresses of domain name servers. Can be automatically assigned when using DHCP.		

12	12-07 Domain Name			
Ra	Range: Function:			
0	[0 - 48]	Domain name of the attached network. Can be		
		automatically assigned when using DHCP network.		



12	12-08 Host Name		
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 48]	Logical (given) name of option. NOTICE The display of the frequency converter only shows the first 19 characters, but the remaining characters are stored in the frequency converter. If hardware switches are different from all ON or all OFF, the switches have priority.	

12	12-09 Physical Address		
Ra	Range: Function:		
0*	[0 - 17]	Read-only. Show the physical (MAC) address of the option.	

4.11.2 12-1* Ethernet Link Parameters

Apply to the whole parameter group.

Index [0] is used for port 1, and index [1] is used for port 2

12-10 Link Status Read-only. Shows the link status of the Ethernet ports. Option: Function: [0] * No Link [1] Link

12-11 Link Duration			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*		Read-only. Show the duration of the	
		present link on each port in dd:hh:mm:ss.	

12-	12-12 Auto Negotiation			
Opt	Option: Function:			
		Configure auto negotiation of Ethernet link parameters, for each port: ON or OFF.		
[0]	Off	Link Speed and Link Duplex can be configured in parameter 12-13 Link Speed and parameter 12-14 Link Duplex.		
[1] *	On			

12-13 Link Speed

Force the link speed for each port in 10 Mbps or 100 Mbps. If parameter 12-12 Auto Negotiation is set to [1] On, this parameter is read-only and shows the actual link speed. If no link is present, [0] None is shown.

Option:		Function:
		In POWERLINK, this parameter is locked to 100 Mbps.
[0] *	None	
[1]	10 Mbps	
[2]	100 Mbps	

12-14 Link Duplex

Force the duplex for each port to full or half duplex. If parameter 12-12 Auto Negotiation is set to [1] On, this parameter is read-only.

Option:		Function:
		In POWERLINK, this parameter is locked to half duplex.
[0]	Half Duplex	
[1]	Full Duplex	

12	12-18 Supervisor MAC		
Ra	ange:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 2147483647]	Show the MAC address of currently active supervisor.	

12	12-19 Supervisor IP Addr.		
Ra	ange:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 2147483647]	Show the IP address of currently active supervisor.	

4.11.3 12-8* Other Ethernet Services

12-80	12-80 FTP Server			
Enables/disables the built-in FTP server.				
Option:		Function:		
[0] *	Disabled	Disable the built-in FTP server.		
[1]	Enabled	Enable the built-in FTP server.		

12-8	12-81 HTTP Server				
Enabl	Enables/disables the built-in HTTP (web) server.				
Option:		Function:			
[0] *	Disabled	Disable the built-in HTTP (web) server.			
[1]	Enabled	Enable the built-in HTTP (web) server.			

12-8	12-82 SMTP Service				
Enak	Enables/disables the SMTP (e-mail) service on the option.				
Option:		Function:			
[0] *	Disabled	Disable the SMTP (e-mail) service on the option.			
[1]	Enabled	Enable the SMTP (e-mail) service on the option.			

12-83	12-83 SNMP Agent			
Option:		Function:		
[0]	Disabled	Disable the local SNMP agent.		
[1] *	Enabled	Enable the local SNMP agent.		

12-8	12-84 Address Conflict Detection			
Option:		Function:		
[0]	Disabled	Disable the function which detects and resolves IP address conflicts with this device in the network.		
[1] *	Enabled	Enable the function which detects and resolves IP address conflicts with this device in the network.		

12	12-85 ACD Last Conflict			
Range:		Function:		
0*	[0 - 2147483647]	The contested IP address of the most recent address conflict.		

12-89 Transparent Socket Channel Port			
Function:			
[0-	Configure the TCP port number for		
65535]	the transparent socket channel. This		
	configuration enables FC telegrams to		
	be sent transparently on Ethernet via		
	TCP. Default value is 4000, 0 means		
	disabled.		
	[0 -		

4.11.4 12-9* Advanced Ethernet Settings

12-90 Cable Diagnostic

Enable/disable advanced cable diagnosis function. If enabled, the distance to cable errors can be read out in *parameter 12-93 Cable Error Length*. The parameter resumes to the default setting of disable after the diagnostics have finished.

Opt	ion:	Function:
		The cable diagnostics function is only issued on ports where there is no link (see parameter 12-10 Link Status).
[0] *	Disabled	Disable the cable diagnostic function.
[1]	Enabled	Enable the cable diagnostic function.

12-91 Auto Cross Over				
Optio	on:	Function:		
[0]	Disabled	Disable the auto-crossover function.		
[1] *	Enabled	Enable the auto-crossover function.		

12-92 IGMP Snooping

This function prevents flooding of the Ethernet protocol stack by only forwarding multicast packets to ports that are member of the multicast group.

Option:		Function:
[0]	Disabled	Disable the IGMP
		Snooping function.
[1] *	Enabled	Enable the IGMP
		Snooping function.

12	12-93 Cable Error Length			
Ra	ange:	Function:		
0*	[0 - 65535]	If cable diagnostics is enabled in parameter 12-90 Cable Diagnostic, the built-in switch is possible via time domain reflectometry (TDR). This measurement technique detects common cabling problems such as open circuits, short circuits, and impedance mismatches or breaks in transmission cables. The distance from the option to the error is shown in meters with an accuracy of ±2 m (6.56 ft). The value 0 means that no errors are detected.		

12-9	12-94 Broadcast Storm Protection		
Rang	ge:	Function:	
-1 % *	[-1 - 20 %]	The built-in switch is capable of protecting the switch system from receiving too many broadcast packages, which can use up network resources. The value indicates the percentage of the total bandwidth that is allowed for broadcast messages. Example: OFF means that the filter is disabled: All broadcast messages pass through. The value 0% means that no broadcast messages pass through. A value of 10% means that 10% of the total bandwidth is allowed for broadcast messages. If the number of broadcast messages increases above the 10% threshold, they are blocked.	

12-95 Inactivity timeout			
Range:		Function:	
120*	[0 - 3600]		



12-96 Port Config

Enable/disable port-mirroring function. For troubleshooting with a network analyzer tool.

Option:		Function:	
[0]	Normal	No port-mirroring.	
[1]	Mirror Port 1 to 2	All network traffic on port 1 is mirrored to port 2.	
[2]	Mirror Port 2 to 1	All network traffic on port 2 is mirrored to port 1.	
[10]	Port 1 disabled		
[11]	Port 2 disabled		
[254]	Mirror Int. Port to 1		
[255]	Mirror Int. Port to 2		

12-97 QoS Priority Range: Function: Size related* [0 - 63] Each index sets the DSCP value of different types of QoS prioritized messages. See the option manual for details.

12-98 Interface Counters				
Rang	ge: Function:			
4000*	[0 - 4294967295]	Read-only. Advanced interface		
		counters from the built-in switch can		
		be used for low-level troubleshooting.		
		The parameter shows a sum of port		
		1+port 2.		

12	12-99 Media Counters			
Ra	ange:	Function:		
0*	[0 - 4294967295]	Read-only. Advanced interface counters		
		Read-only. Advanced interface counters from the built-in switch can be used for		
		low-level troubleshooting. The parameter		
		shows a sum of port 1+port 2.		

4.12 Parameters: 13-** Smart Logic Control

Smart logic control (SLC) is a sequence of user-defined actions (see *parameter 13-52 SL Controller Action*) executed by the SLC when the associated user-defined event (see *parameter 13-51 SL Controller Event*) is evaluated as true by the SLC.

The condition for an event can be a particular status, or that the output from a logic rule or a comparator operand becomes true. That leads to an associated action as illustrated:

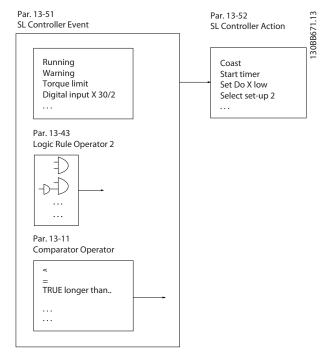


Illustration 4.36 Smart Logic Control (SLC)

Events and actions are each numbered and linked in pairs (states). This means that when the 1st event is fulfilled (becomes true), the 1st action is executed. After this, the conditions of the 2nd event are evaluated and if evaluated true, the 2nd action is executed, and so on. Only 1 event is evaluated at any time. If an event is evaluated as false, nothing happens (in the SLC) during the current scan interval and no other events are evaluated. This means that when the SLC starts, it evaluates the 1st event (and only the 1st event) in each scan interval. Only when the 1st event is evaluated true, the SLC executes the 1st action and starts evaluating the 2nd event. It is possible to program 1–20 events and actions.

When the last event/action has been executed, the sequence starts over again from the 1st event/action. *Illustration 4.37* shows an example with 3 events/actions:

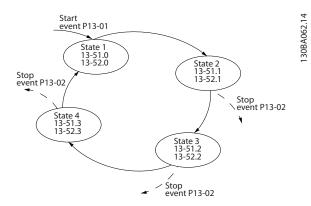


Illustration 4.37 Events and Actions

Starting and stopping the SLC

Start and stop the SLC by selecting [1] On or [0] Off in parameter 13-00 SL Controller Mode. The SLC always starts in state 0 (where it evaluates event [0]). The SLC starts when the Start Event (defined in parameter 13-01 Start Event) is evaluated as true (provided that [1] On is selected in parameter 13-00 SL Controller Mode). The SLC stops when the stop event (parameter 13-02 Stop Event) is true. Parameter 13-03 Reset SLC resets all SLC parameters and starts programming from scratch.

NOTICE

SLC is only active in auto-on mode, not hand-on mode.

4.12.1 13-0* SLC Settings

13-01 Start Event

Use the SLC settings to activate, deactivate, and reset the smart logic control sequence. The logic functions and comparators are always running in the background, which opens for separate control of digital inputs and outputs.

13-00 SL Controller Mode			
Opti	on:	Function:	
[0]	Off	Disables the smart logic controller.	
[1]	On	Enables the smart logic controller.	

15 01 Start Event					
	Select the boolean (true or false) input to activate smart logic control.				
Op	tion:	Function:			
[0]	False	Select the boolean (true or false) input to activate smart logic control. Enters the fixed value - false.			
[1]	True	Enters the fixed value - true.			
[2]	Running	The motor runs.			
[3]	In range	The motor runs within the programmed current and speed ranges set in parameter 4-50 Warning Current Low to parameter 4-53 Warning Speed High.			

13-01	Start	Event
13 01	Juil	LVCIIC

Select the boolean (true or false) input to activate smart logic control.

control.		
Option:		Function:
[4]	On reference	The motor runs on reference.
[5]	Torque limit	The torque limit set in parameter 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode or parameter 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode is exceeded.
[6]	Current Limit	The motor current limit set in parameter 4-18 Current Limit is exceeded.
[7]	Out of current range	The motor current is outside the range set in parameter 4-18 Current Limit.
[8]	Below I low	The motor current is lower than set in parameter 4-50 Warning Current Low.
[9]	Above I high	The motor current is higher than set in parameter 4-51 Warning Current High.
[10]	Out of speed range	The speed is outside the range set in parameter 4-52 Warning Speed Low and parameter 4-53 Warning Speed High.
[11]	Below speed low	The output speed is lower than the setting in <i>parameter 4-52 Warning Speed Low</i> .
[12]	Above speed high	The output speed is higher than the setting in <i>parameter 4-53 Warning Speed High</i> .
[13]	Out of feedb. range	The feedback is outside the range set in parameter 4-56 Warning Feedback Low and parameter 4-57 Warning Feedback High.
[14]	Below feedb.	The feedback is below the limit set in parameter 4-56 Warning Feedback Low.
[15]	Above feedb. high	The feedback is above the limit set in parameter 4-57 Warning Feedback High.
[16]	Thermal warning	The thermal warning turns on when the temperature exceeds the limit in the motor, the frequency converter, the brake resistor, or the thermistor.
[17]	Mains out of range	The mains voltage is outside the specified voltage range.
[18]	Reversing	The output is high when the frequency converter is running counterclockwise (the logical product of the status bits running AND reverse).
[19]	Warning	A warning is active.
[20]	Alarm (trip)	A (trip) alarm is active.
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	A (trip lock) alarm is active.
[22]	Comparator 0	Use the result of comparator 0.
[23]	Comparator 1	Use the result of comparator 1.
[24]	Comparator 2	Use the result of comparator 2.

13-01 Start Event



Select the boolean (true or false) input to activate smart logic control. **Function:** Option: [25] Comparator 3 Use the result of comparator 3. [26] Logic rule 0 Use the result of logic rule 0. Use the result of logic rule 1. [27] Logic rule 1 [28] Logic rule 2 Use the result of logic rule 2. [29] Logic rule 3 Use the result of logic rule 3. [33] Digital input Use the result of digital input 18. DI18 [34] Digital input Use the result of digital input 19. DI19 Use the result of digital input 27. [35] Digital input DI27 [36] Digital input Use the result of digital input 29. DI29 Use the result of digital input 32. [37] Digital input DI32 [38] Digital input Use the result of digital input 33. DI33 A start command is issued. [39] Start command [40] Drive stopped A stop command (jog, stop, quick stop, coast) is issued - and not from the SLC itself. [41] Reset Trip A reset is issued. [42] Auto-reset Trip An auto reset is performed. [43] Ok key [OK] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP. [44] Reset key [Reset] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP. [45] Left key [◄] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP. [►] is pressed. Only available on the [46] Right key graphical LCP.

[▲] is pressed. Only available on the

[▼] is pressed. Only available on the

Use the result of comparator 4.

Use the result of comparator 5.

Use the result of logic rule 4.

Use the result of logic rule 5.

Purpose I/O MCB 101).

Purpose I/O MCB 101).

Use the value of x30/2 (VLT® General

Use the value of x30/3 (VLT® General

graphical LCP.

graphical LCP.

13-01 Start Event

Select the boolean (true or false) input to activate smart logic control.

Option:		Function:
[78]	Digital input x30/4	Use the value of x30/4 (VLT® General Purpose I/O MCB 101).
[83]	Broken Belt	Use the value of broken belt.

13-02 Stop Event

Select the boolean (true or false) input to deactivate smart logic

Control.					
		control.			
Option	:	Function:			
[0] Fa	ılse	For descriptions of options [0]			
		False–[61] Logic rule 5, see			
		parameter 13-01 Start Event.			
[1] Tr	ue				
[2] Ru	unning				
[3] In	range				
[4] O	n reference				
[5] To	orque limit				
[6] Cu	urrent Limit				
[7] O	ut of current range				
[8] Be	elow I low				
[9] Al	oove I high				
[10] O	ut of speed range				
[11] Be	elow speed low				
[12] Al	bove speed high				
	ut of feedb. range				
[14] Be	elow feedb. low				
[15] Al	oove feedb. high				
[16] Th	nermal warning				
[17] M	ains out of range				
[18] Re	eversing				
[19] W	arning				
[20] AI	arm (trip)				
[21] Al	arm (trip lock)				
[22] Co	omparator 0				
[23] Co	omparator 1				
[24] Co	omparator 2				
[25] Co	omparator 3				
[26] Lo	ogic rule 0				
[27] Lc	ogic rule 1				
	ogic rule 2				
	ogic rule 3				
[30] SL	Time-out 0				
[31] SL	. Time-out 1				
	Time-out 2				
$\overline{}$	igital input DI18				
	igital input DI19				
	igital input DI27				
[36] Di	igital input DI29				
	igital input DI32				
[38] Di	igital input DI33				

4

[47] Up key

[48] Down key

[50] Comparator 4

[51] Comparator 5

[60] Logic rule 4

[61] Logic rule 5

[76] Digital input

x30/2

[77] Digital input

x30/3



13-02 Stop Event

Select the boolean (true or false) input to deactivate smart logic control.

control.		
Opti	on:	Function:
[39]	Start command	
[40]	Drive stopped	
[41]	Reset Trip	
[42]	Auto-reset Trip	
[43]	Ok key	[OK] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.
[44]	Reset key	[Reset] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.
[45]	Left key	[4] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.
[46]	Right key	[F] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.
[47]	Up key	[A] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.
[48]	Down key	$\llbracket lacktriangle$ is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.
[50]	Comparator 4	
[51]	Comparator 5	
[60]	Logic rule 4	
[61]	Logic rule 5	
[70]	SL Time-out 3	Smart logic controller timer 3 is timed out.
[71]	SL Time-out 4	Smart logic controller timer 4 is timed out.
[72]	SL Time-out 5	Smart logic controller timer 5 is timed out.
[73]	SL Time-out 6	Smart logic controller timer 6 is timed out.
[74]	SL Time-out 7	Smart logic controller timer 7 is timed out.
[75]	Start command given	
[76]	Digital input x30/2	
[77]	Digital input x30/3	
[78]	Digital input x30/4	
[83]	Broken Belt	
[102]	Relay 1	
[103]	Relay 2	

13-0	13-03 Reset SLC		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	Do not reset SLC	Retain programmed settings in <i>parameter</i> group 13-** Smart Logic.	
[1]	Reset SLC	Reset all parameters in <i>parameter group 13-</i> ** Smart Logic to default settings.	

4.12.2 13-1* Comparators

Comparators are used for comparing continuous variables (that is output frequency, output current, analog input, and so on) to fixed preset values.

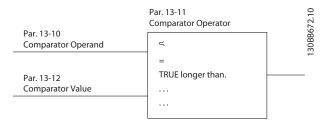


Illustration 4.38 Comparators

There are digital values that are compared to fixed time values. See the explanation in *parameter 13-10 Comparator Operand*. Comparators are evaluated once in each scan interval. Use the result (true or false) directly. All parameters in this parameter group are array parameters with index 0–5. Select index 0 to program comparator 0, select index 1 to program comparator 1, and so on.

13-10 Comparator Operand			
Option:		Function:	
		Options [1] Reference % to [31] Counter B are variables which are compared based on their values. Options [50] FALSE to [186] Drive in auto mode are digital values (true/false) where the comparison is based on the amount of time during which they are set to true or false. See parameter 13-11 Comparator Operator. Select the variable to be monitored by the comparator.	
[0]	DISABLED	The comparator is disabled.	
[1]	Reference %	The resulting remote reference in percent.	
[2]	Feedback %	[RPM] or [Hz], as set in parameter 0-02 Motor Speed Unit.	
[3]	Motor speed	[RPM] or [Hz], as set in parameter 0-02 Motor Speed Unit.	
[4]	Motor Current		
[5]	Motor torque		
[6]	Motor power		
[7]	Motor voltage		
[8]	DC-link voltage		
[9]	Motor Thermal	Value is in percent.	
[10]	Drive thermal	Value is in percent.	
[11]	Heat sink temp.	Value is in percent.	
[12]	Analog input Al53	Value is in percent.	



13-	13-10 Comparator Operand		
Opt	tion:	Function:	
[13]	Analog input Al54	Value is in percent.	
[14]	Analog input AIFB10	AIFB10 is internal 10 V supply.	
[15]	Analog input AIS24V	AIS24V is a 24 V switch mode power supply.	
[17]	Analog input AICCT	Value is in [°]. AICCT is control card temperature.	
[18]	Pulse input FI29	Value is in percent.	
[19]	Pulse input FI33	Value is in percent.	
[20]	Alarm number	The number of registered alarms.	
[21]	Warning number		
[22]	Analog input x30 11		
[23]	Analog input x30 12		
[30]	Counter A		
[31]	Counter B		

13	13-11 Comparator Operator		
	otion:	Function:	
		Select the operator to be used in the comparison. This is an array parameter containing comparator operators 0–5.	
[0]	<	The result of the evaluation is true when the variable selected in parameter 13-10 Comparator Operand is smaller than the fixed value in parameter 13-12 Comparator Value. The result is false if the variable selected in parameter 13-10 Comparator Operand is greater than the fixed value in parameter 13-12 Comparator Value.	
[1]	≈ (equal)	The result of the evaluation is true when the variable selected in <i>parameter 13-10 Comparator Operand</i> is approximately equal to the fixed value in <i>parameter 13-12 Comparator Value</i> .	
[2]	>	Inverse logic of option [0] <.	
[5]	TRUE longer than		
[6]	FALSE longer than		
[7]	TRUE shorter than		
[8]	FALSE shorter than		

13-12 Comparator Value			
Array [6]			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[-100000 - 100000]	Enter the trigger level for the variable that is monitored by this comparator. This is an array parameter containing comparator values 0–5.	

4.12.3 13-2* Timers

Use the result (true or false) from timers directly to define an event (see *parameter 13-51 SL Controller Event*), or as boolean input in a logic rule (see *parameter 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, parameter 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2,* or *parameter 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3*). A timer is only false when started by an action (for example [29] Start timer 1) until the timer value entered in this parameter has elapsed. Then it becomes true again.

All parameters in this parameter group are array parameters with index 0–2. Select index 0 to program timer 0, select index 1 to program timer 1, and so on.

13-20 SL Controller Timer		
Function:		
[0-	Enter the value to define the duration of the	
0] false output from the programmed timer. A		
	timer is only false if it is started by an	
	action (that is [29] Start timer 1) and until	
	the given timer value has elapsed.	
	[0-	

4.12.4 13-4* Logic Rules

Combine up to 3 boolean inputs (true/false inputs) from timers, comparators, digital inputs, status bits, and events using the logical operators AND, OR, and NOT. Select boolean inputs for the calculation in *parameter 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1*, *parameter 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2*, and *parameter 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3*. Define the operators used to logically combine the selected inputs in *parameter 13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1* and *parameter 13-43 Logic Rule Operator 2*.

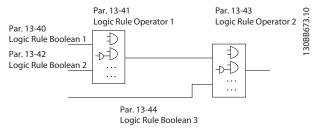


Illustration 4.39 Logic Rules



Priority of calculation

The results of parameter 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, parameter 13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1, and parameter 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 are calculated first. The outcome (true/false) of this calculation is combined with the settings of parameter 13-43 Logic Rule Operator 2 and parameter 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3, yielding the final result (true/false) of the logic rule.

result (true/false) of the logic rule.			
13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1			
Opti	Option: Function:		
[0]	False	Select the first boolean (true or false) input for the selected logic rule. See parameter 13-01 Start Event and parameter 13-02 Stop Event for more information.	
[1]	True		
[2]	Running		
[3]	In range		
[4]	On reference		
[5]	Torque limit		
[6]	Current Limit		
[7]	Out of current range		
[8]	Below I low		
[9] [10]	Above I high Out of speed range		
[11]	Below speed low		
[12]	Above speed high		
[13]	Out of feedb. range		
[14]	Below feedb. low		
[15]	Above feedb. high		
[16]	Thermal warning		
[17]	Mains out of range		
[18]	Reversing		
[19]	Warning		
[20]	Alarm (trip)		
[21]	Alarm (trip lock) Comparator 0		
[23]	Comparator 1		
[24]	Comparator 2		
[25]	Comparator 3		
[26]	Logic rule 0		
[27]	Logic rule 1		
[28]	Logic rule 2		
[29]	Logic rule 3		
[30]	SL Time-out 0		
[31]	SL Time-out 1		
[32]	SL Time-out 2		
[33]	Digital input DI18		
[34]	Digital input DI19 Digital input DI27		
[36]	Digital input DI27 Digital input DI29		
[37]	Digital input DI32		
[38]	Digital input DI33		
[50]	g.tapat 5.55		

13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1			
Opti	on:	Function:	
[39]	Start command		
[40]	Drive stopped		
[41]	Reset Trip		
[42]	Auto-reset Trip		
[43]	Ok key	[OK] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.	
[44]	Reset key	[Reset] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.	
[45]	Left key	[4] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.	
[46]	Right key	[►] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.	
[47]	Up key	[A] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.	
[48]	Down key	[lacktrianglet] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.	
[50]	Comparator 4		
[51]	Comparator 5		
[60]	Logic rule 4		
[61]	Logic rule 5		
[70]	SL Time-out 3		
[71]	SL Time-out 4		
[72]	SL Time-out 5		
[73]	SL Time-out 6		
[74]	SL Time-out 7		
[75]	Start command given		
[76]	Digital input x30/2		
[77]	Digital input x30/3		
[78]	Digital input x30/4		
[83]	Broken Belt		
[102]	Relay 1		
[103]	Relay 2		

13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1 Array [6] Option: **Function:** Select the 1st logical operator to use on the boolean inputs from parameter 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1 and parameter 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2. Parameter numbers in square brackets stand for the boolean inputs of parameters in parameter group 13-** Smart Logic Control. [0] DISABLED Ignores: Parameter 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2. Parameter 13-43 Logic Rule Operator 2. Parameter 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3. [1] AND Evaluates the expression [13-40] AND [13-42]. [2] OR Evaluates the expression [13-40] OR [13-42].



13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1			
Arı	Array [6]		
Op	otion:	Function:	
[3]	AND NOT	Evaluates the expression [13-40] AND NOT [13-42].	
[4]	OR NOT	Evaluates the expression [13-40] OR NOT [13-42].	
[5]	NOT AND	Evaluates the expression NOT [13-40] AND [13-42].	
[6]	NOT OR	Evaluates the expression NOT [13-40] OR [13-42].	
[7]	NOT AND NOT	Evaluates the expression NOT [13-40] AND NOT [13-42].	
[8]	NOT OR NOT	Evaluates the expression NOT [13-40] OR NOT [13-42].	

13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2		
Opti	on:	Function:
[0]	False	Select the 2 nd boolean (true or false) input for the selected logic rule. See <i>parameter 13-01 Start Event</i> and <i>parameter 13-02 Stop Event</i> for more information.
[1]	True	
[2]	Running	
[3]	In range	
[4]	On reference	
[5]	Torque limit	
[6]	Current Limit	
[7]	Out of current range	
[8]	Below I low	
[9]	Above I high	
[10]	Out of speed range	
[11]	Below speed low	
[12]	Above speed high	
[13]	Out of feedb. range	
[14]	Below feedb. low	
[15]	Above feedb. high	
[16]	Thermal warning	
[17]	Mains out of range	
[18]	Reversing	
[19]	Warning	
[20]	Alarm (trip)	
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	
[22]	Comparator 0	
[23]	Comparator 1	
[24]	Comparator 2	
[25]	Comparator 3	
[26]	Logic rule 0	
[27]	Logic rule 1	
[28]	Logic rule 2	
[29]	Logic rule 3	

13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2			
Opti	Option: Function:		
[30]	SL Time-out 0		
[31]	SL Time-out 1		
[32]	SL Time-out 2		
[33]	Digital input DI18		
[34]	Digital input DI19		
[35]	Digital input DI27		
[36]	Digital input DI29		
[37]	Digital input DI32		
[38]	Digital input DI33		
[39]	Start command		
[40]	Drive stopped		
[41]	Reset Trip		
[42]	Auto-reset Trip		
[43]	Ok key	[OK] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.	
[44]	Reset key	[Reset] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.	
[45]	Left key	[4] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.	
[46]	Right key	[►] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.	
[47]	Up key	[A] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.	
[48]	Down key	$\llbracket lacktriangleta brace$ is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.	
[50]	Comparator 4		
[51]	Comparator 5		
[60]	Logic rule 4		
[61]	Logic rule 5		
[70]	SL Time-out 3		
[71]	SL Time-out 4		
[72]	SL Time-out 5		
[73]	SL Time-out 6		
[74]	SL Time-out 7		
[75]	Start command given		
[76]	Digital input x30/2		
[77]	Digital input x30/3		
[78]	Digital input x30/4		
[83]	Broken Belt		
[102]	Relay 1		
[103]	Relay 2		



13	13-43 Logic Rule Operator 2		
Arı	ray [6]		
Op	otion:	Function:	
		Select the 2 nd logical operator to be used on the boolean input calculated in: • Parameter 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1. • Parameter 13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1. • Parameter 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2. [13-44] signifies the boolean input of parameter 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3. [13-40/13-42] signifies the boolean input calculated in: • Parameter 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1. • Parameter 13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1. • Parameter 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2.	
[0]	DISABLED	Select this option to ignore parameter 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3.	
[1]	AND		
[2]	OR		
[3]	AND NOT		
[4]	OR NOT		
[5]	NOT AND		
[6]	NOT OR		
[7]	NOT AND NOT		
[8]	NOT OR NOT		

13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3			
Array	Array [6]		
Opti	on:	Function:	
[0]	False	Select the 3 rd boolean (true or false) input for the selected logic rule. See parameter 13-01 Start Event (options [0] False-[61] Logic rule 5) and parameter 13-02 Stop Event (options [70] SL Time-out 3-[75] Start command given) for more information.	
[1]	True		
[2]	Running		
[3]	In range		
[4]	On reference		
[5]	Torque limit		
[6]	Current Limit		
[7]	Out of current range		
[8]	Below I low		
[9]	Above I high		
[10]	Out of speed range		
[11]	Below speed low		
[12]	Above speed high		

13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3			
Array [6]			
Opti	on:	Function:	
[13]	Out of feedb. range		
[14]	Below feedb. low		
[15]	Above feedb. high		
[16]	Thermal warning		
[17]	Mains out of range		
[18]	Reversing		
[19]	Warning		
[20]	Alarm (trip)		
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)		
[22]	Comparator 0		
[23]	Comparator 1		
[24]	Comparator 2		
[25]	Comparator 3		
[26]	Logic rule 0		
[27]	Logic rule 1		
[28]	Logic rule 2		
[29]	Logic rule 3		
[30]	SL Time-out 0		
[31]	SL Time-out 1		
[32]	SL Time-out 2		
[33]	Digital input DI18		
[34]	Digital input DI19		
[35]	Digital input DI27		
[36]	Digital input DI29		
[37]	Digital input DI32		
[38]	Digital input DI33		
[39]	Start command		
[40]	Drive stopped		
[41]	Reset Trip		
[42]	Auto-reset Trip		
[43]	Ok key	[OK] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.	
[44]	Reset key	[Reset] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.	
[45]	Left key	[4] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.	
[46]	Right key	[*] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.	
[47]	Up key	[•] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.	
[48]	Down key	[▼] is pressed. Only available on the graphical LCP.	
[50]	Comparator 4		
[51]	Comparator 5		
[60]	Logic rule 4		
[61]	Logic rule 5		
[70]	SL Time-out 3		
[71]	SL Time-out 4		
[72]	SL Time-out 5		



13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3		
Array	[6]	
Opti	on:	Function:
[73]	SL Time-out 6	
[74]	SL Time-out 7	
[75]	Start command given	
[76]	Digital input x30/2	
[77]	Digital input x30/3	
[78]	Digital input x30/4	
[83]	Broken Belt	
[102]	Relay 1	
[103]	Relay 2	

4.12.5 13-5* States

13-51 SL Controller Event		
Opti	on:	Function:
[0]	False	Select the boolean input (true or false) to define the smart logic controller event. See parameter 13-01 Start Event (options [0] False-[61] Logic rule 5) and parameter 13-02 Stop Event (options [70] SL Time-out 3-[74] SL Time-out 7) for more information.
[1]	True	
[2]	Running	
[3]	In range	
[4]	On reference	
[5]	Torque limit	
[6]	Current Limit	
[7]	Out of current range	
[8]	Below I low	
[9]	Above I high	
[10]	Out of speed range	
[11]	Below speed low	
[12]	Above speed high	
[13]	Out of feedb. range	
[14]	Below feedb. low	
[15]	Above feedb. high	
[16]	Thermal warning	
[17]	Mains out of range	
[18]	Reversing	
[19]	Warning	
[20]	Alarm (trip)	
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	
[22]	Comparator 0	
[23]	Comparator 1	
[24]	Comparator 2	
[25]	Comparator 3	
[26]	Logic rule 0	
[27]	Logic rule 1	
[28]	Logic rule 2	

13-51 SL Controller Event			
Option: Function:			
[29]	Logic rule 3		
[30]	SL Time-out 0		
[31]	SL Time-out 1		
[32]	SL Time-out 2		
[33]	Digital input DI18		
[34]	Digital input DI19		
[35]	Digital input DI27		
[36]	Digital input DI29		
[37]	Digital input DI32		
[38]	Digital input DI33		
[39]	Start command		
[40]	Drive stopped		
[41]	Reset Trip		
[42]	Auto-reset Trip		
[43]	Ok key	[OK] is pressed. Only available on	
		the graphical LCP.	
[44]	Reset key	[Reset] is pressed. Only available on	
[44]	neset key	the graphical LCP.	
		- '	
[45]	Left key	[4] is pressed. Only available on the	
		graphical LCP.	
[46]	Right key	[►] is pressed. Only available on the	
		graphical LCP.	
[47]	Up key	[A] is pressed. Only available on the	
		graphical LCP.	
[40]	D I		
[48]	Down key	[▼] is pressed. Only available on the	
		graphical LCP.	
[50]	Comparator 4		
[51]	Comparator 5		
[60]	Logic rule 4		
[61]	Logic rule 5		
[70]	SL Time-out 3		
[71]	SL Time-out 4		
[72]	SL Time-out 5		
[73]	SL Time-out 6		
[74]	SL Time-out 7		
[75]	Start command given		
[76]	Digital input x30/2		
[77]	Digital input x30/3		
[78]	Digital input x30/4		
[83]	Broken Belt		
[102]	Relay 1		
[103]	Relay 2		

13-52 SL Controller Action



13-52 SL Controller Action Option: **Function:** Select the action corresponding to the SLC event. Actions are executed when the corresponding event (defined in parameter 13-51 SL Controller Event) is evaluated as true. DISABLED [0] No action [1] Select set-up 1 Changes the active set-up (parameter 0-10 Active Set-up) to 1. If the set-up is changed, it merges with other set-up commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus. [3] Select set-up 2 Changes the active set-up (parameter 0-10 Active Set-up) to 2. If the set-up is changed, it merges with other set-up commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus. [4] Select set-up 3 Changes the active set-up (parameter 0-10 Active Set-up) to 3. If the set-up is changed, it merges with other set-up commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus. [5] Select set-up 4 Changes the active set-up (parameter 0-10 Active Set-up) to 4. If the set-up is changed, it merges with other set-up commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus. [10] Select preset Selects preset reference 0. ref 0 If the active preset reference is changed, it merges with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus. [11] Select preset Selects preset reference 1. ref 1 If the active preset reference is changed, it merges with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus. [12] Select preset Selects preset reference 2. ref 2 If the active preset reference is changed, it merges with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus. [13] Select preset Selects preset reference 3. ref 3 If the active preset reference is changed, it merges with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus. [14] Select preset Selects preset reference 4. ref 4 If the active preset reference is changed, it merges with other preset reference

	tion:	Function:
		commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.
[15]	Select preset ref 5	Selects preset reference 5. If the active preset reference is changed, it merges with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.
[16]	Select preset ref 6	Selects preset reference 6. If the active preset reference is changed, it merges with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.
[17]	Select preset ref 7	Selects preset reference 7. If the active preset reference is changed, it merges with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.
[18]	Select ramp 1	Selects ramp 1.
[19]	Select ramp 2	Selects ramp 2.
[20]	Select ramp 3	Selects ramp 3.
[21]	Select ramp 4	Selects ramp 4.
[22]	Run	Issues a start command to the frequency converter.
[23]	Run reverse	Issues a start reverse command to the frequency converter.
[24]	Stop	Issues a stop command to the frequency converter.
[25]	Qstop	Issues a quick stop command to the frequency converter.
[26]	Dcstop	Issues a DC stop command to the frequency converter.
[27]	Coast	The frequency converter coasts immediately. All stop commands including the coast command stop the SLC.
[28]	Freeze output	Freezes the output frequency of the frequency converter.
[29]	Start timer 0	Starts timer 0, see <i>parameter 13-20 SL</i> Controller Timer for further description.
[30]	Start timer 1	Starts timer 1, see <i>parameter 13-20 SL</i> Controller Timer for further description.
[31]	Start timer 2	Starts timer 2, see <i>parameter 13-20 SL</i> Controller Timer for further description.
[32]	Set digital out A low	Any output with smart logic output A is low.
[33]	Set digital out B low	Any output with smart logic output B is low.



13-	52 SL Controll	ler Action
Opt	tion:	Function:
[34]	Set digital out C low	Any output with smart logic output C is low.
[35]	Set digital out D low	Any output with smart logic output D is low.
[36]	Set digital out E low	Any output with smart logic output E is low.
[37]	Set digital out F low	Any output with smart logic output F is low.
[38]	Set digital out A high	Any output with smart logic output A is high.
[39]	Set digital out B high	Any output with smart logic output B is high.
[40]	Set digital out C high	Any output with smart logic output C is high.
[41]	Set digital out D high	Any output with smart logic output D is high.
[42]	Set digital out E high	Any output with smart logic output E is high.
[43]	Set digital out F high	Any output with smart logic output F is high.
[60]	Reset Counter A	Resets counter A to 0.
[61]	Reset Counter B	Resets counter B to 0.
[70]	Start timer 3	Starts timer 3, see <i>parameter 13-20 SL</i> Controller Timer for further description.
[71]	Start timer 4	Starts timer 4, see <i>parameter 13-20 SL</i> Controller Timer for further description.
[72]	Start timer 5	Starts timer 5, see <i>parameter 13-20 SL</i> Controller Timer for further description.
[73]	Start timer 6	Starts timer 6, see <i>parameter 13-20 SL</i> Controller Timer for further description.
[74]	Start timer 7	Starts timer 7, see <i>parameter 13-20 SL</i> Controller Timer for further description.
[80]	Sleep Mode	

4.13 Parameters: 14-** Special Functions

4.13.1 14-0* Inverter Switching

14-0	14-00 Switching Pattern		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		NOTICE The frequency converter may adjust the switching pattern automatically to avoid a trip.	
[0]	60 AVM		
[1] *	SFAVM		

14-01 Switching Frequency

Select the frequency converter switching frequency. Changing the switching frequency reduces acoustic noise from the motor. Default values depend on power size.

Option: Function:

NOTICE

The output frequency value of the frequency converter must never exceed 10% of the switching frequency. When the motor is running, adjust the switching frequency in *parameter 14-01 Switching Frequency* to minimize motor noise.

NOTICE

To avoid a trip, the frequency converter can adjust the switching frequency automatically.

[0]	1.0 kHz	
[1]	1.5 kHz	
[2]	2.0 kHz	
[3]	2.5 kHz	
[4]	3.0 kHz	
[5]	3.5 kHz	
[6]	4.0 kHz	
[7]	5.0 kHz	
[8]	6.0 kHz	
[9]	7.0 kHz	
[10]	8.0 kHz	
[11]	10.0 kHz	
[12]	12.0kHz	
[13]	14.0 kHz	
[14]	16.0kHz	

14-10 Mains Failure



14	14-03 Overmodulation		
Op	Option: Function:		
[0]	Off	Select [0] Off to avoid torque ripple on the motor shaft.	
[1]	On	Select [1] On to obtain extra DC-link voltage and torque on the motor shaft.	

14-04 Acoustic Noise Reduction		
Option: Function:		
[0] *	Off	No change of the acoustic motor switching noise.
[1]	On	Select to reduce the acoustic noise from the motor.

14-06 Dead Time Compensation				
Option:		Function:		
[0]	Off	No compensation.		
[1] *	On	Activates dead-time compensation.		

4.13.2 14-1* Mains On/Off

Parameters for configuring mains failure monitoring and handling. If a mains failure appears, the frequency converter tries to continue in a controlled way until the power in the DC link is exhausted.

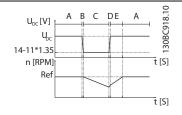
14	14-10 Mains Failure			
Op	otion:	Function:		
		NOTICE		
		Parameter 14-10 Mains Failure cannot be		
		changed while the motor is running.		
		Parameter 14-10 Mains Failure is typically used where very short mains interruptions (voltage dips) are present. At 100% load and a short voltage interruption, the DC voltage on the main		
		capacitors drops quickly. For larger frequency converters, it only takes a few milliseconds before the DC level drops to about 373 V DC, and the IGBTs cut off and lose the control of the motor. When mains is restored, and the IGBTs start again, the output frequency and voltage vector do not correspond to the speed/frequency of the motor, and the result is normally an overvoltage or overcurrent, mostly resulting in a trip lock. Parameter 14-10 Mains Failure can be programmed to avoid this situation.		
		Select the function according to which the frequency converter must act when the threshold in <i>parameter 14-11 Mains Fault Voltage Level</i> is reached.		
[0] *	No function	The frequency converter does not compensate for a mains interruption. The voltage on the DC link drops quickly and motor control is lost within milliseconds to seconds. Trip lock is the result.		

Option:		Function:		
[1]	Ctrl.	Control of the motor remains with the frequency		
	ramp-	converter, and the frequency converter performs a		
	down	controlled ramp down from parameter 14-11 Mains		
		Fault Voltage Level. If parameter 2-10 Brake Function		
		is [0] Off or [2] AC brake, the ramp follows the		
		overvoltage ramping. If <i>parameter 2-10 Brake</i>		
		Function is [1] Resistor Brake, the ramp follows the		
		setting in <i>parameter 3-81 Quick Stop Ramp Time</i> .		
		This selection is useful in pump applications,		
		where the inertia is low and the friction is high.		
		When mains is restored, the output frequency		
		ramps the motor up to the reference speed (if the		
		mains interruption is prolonged, the controlled		
		ramp down may bring the output frequency down		
		to 0 RPM, and when the mains is restored, the		
		application is ramped up from 0 RPM to the		
		previous reference speed via the normal ramp up).		
		If the energy in the DC link disappears before the		
		motor is ramped to 0, the motor is coasted.		
		Limitation:		
		See the introduction text in <i>parameter 14-10 Mains</i> Failure.		
		rallure.		
[2]	Ctrl.	The functionality is the same as in option [1] Ctrl.		
	ramp-	ramp-down, except in this option a reset is		
	down,	necessary for starting up after power-up.		
[2]	trip	Contribution of the 1 house with out and the		
[3]	Coasting	Centrifuges can run for 1 hour without supply. In those situations, it is possible to select a coast		
		function at mains interruption, together with a flying start, which occurs when the mains is		
		restored.		
543	14: .:			
[4]	Kinetic	Kinetic back-up ensures that the frequency		
	back-up	converter keeps running as long as there is energy		
		in the system due to the inertia from motor and load. This is done by converting the mechanical		
		energy to the DC link and maintaining control of		
		the frequency converter and motor. This can		
		extend the controlled operation, depending on		
		the inertia in the system. For fans, it is typically		
		several seconds; for pumps up to 2 s; and for		
		compressors only for a fraction of a second. Many		
		industry applications can extend controlled		
		operation for many seconds, which is often		
		enough time for the mains to return.		



14-10 Mains Failure

Option: Function:



- A Normal operation
- B Mains failure
- C Kinetic back-up
- D Mains return
- E Normal operation: ramping

Illustration 4.40 Kinetic Back-up

The DC level during [4] Kinetic back-up equals parameter 14-11 Mains Fault Voltage Level x 1.35. If the mains does not return, U_{DC} is maintained as long as possible by ramping the speed down towards 0 RPM. Finally, the frequency converter coasts.

If the mains returns while in kinetic back-up mode, U_{DC} increases above *parameter 14-11 Mains Fault Voltage Level* x 1.35. This is detected in 1 of the following ways.

- If U_{DC} > parameter 14-11 Mains Fault
 Voltage Level x 1.35 x 1.05.
- If the speed is above the reference. This is relevant if the mains comes back at a lower level than before, for example parameter 14-11 Mains Fault Voltage Level x 1.35 x 1.02. This does not fulfil the criterion in point 1, and the frequency converter tries to reduce U_{DC} to parameter 14-11 Mains Fault Voltage Level x 1.35 by increasing the speed. This cannot be done as the mains cannot be lowered.
- If running mechanically. The same
 mechanism as in point 2 applies, but the
 inertia prevents the speed from going
 above the reference speed. This leads to
 the motor running mechanically until the
 speed is above the reference speed and
 the situation in point 2 occurs. Instead of
 waiting for that criterion, point 3 is
 introduced.

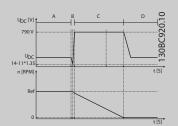
[5] Kinetic back-up, trip

The difference between kinetic back-up with and without trip is that the latter always ramps down to 0 RPM and trips, regardless of whether mains returns or not.

14-10 Mains Failure

Option: Function:

The function does not detect if mains returns. This is the reason for the relatively high level on the DC link during ramp down.

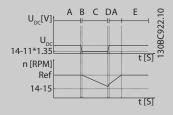


- A Normal operation
- B Mains failure
- C Kinetic back-up
- D Trip

Illustration 4.41 Kinetic Back-up Trip

[6] Alarm

[7] Kin. back-up, trip w recovery This option is valid in VVC+ only. Kinetic back-up with recovery combines the features of kinetic back-up and kinetic back-up with trip. This feature makes it possible to select between kinetic back-up and kinetic back-up with trip, based on a recovery speed, configurable in parameter 14-15 Kin. Back-up Trip Recovery Level. If mains does not return, the frequency converter ramps down to 0 RPM and trips. If mains returns while in kinetic back-up at a speed above the value in parameter 14-15 Kin. Back-up Trip Recovery Level, normal operation is resumed. This is equal to [4] Kinetic Back-up. The DC level during [7] Kinetic back-up is parameter 14-11 Mains Fault Voltage Level x 1.35.



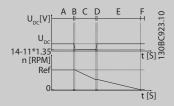
- A Normal operation
- B Mains failure
- C Kinetic back-up
- D Mains return
- E Normal operation: ramping

Illustration 4.42 Kinetic Back-Up, Trip with Recovery where Mains Returns above Parameter 14-15 Kin. Back-up Trip Recovery Level

14-10 Mains Failure

Option: Function:

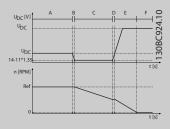
If mains return while in kinetic back-up at a speed below parameter 14-15 Kin. Back-up Trip Recovery Level, the frequency converter ramps down to 0 RPM using the ramp and then trips. If the ramp is slower than the system ramping down on its own, the ramping is done mechanically and U_{DC} is at the normal level ($U_{DC,\,m}$ x 1.35).



- A Normal operation
- B Mains failure
- C Kinetic back-up
- D Mains return
- E Kinetic back-up, ramping to trip
- F Trip

Illustration 4.43 Kinetic Back-Up, Trip with Recovery, Trip Slow Ramp where Mains Returns below *Parameter 14-15 Kin. Back-up Trip Recovery Level*, in this Illustration a Slow Ramp is Used

If the ramp is quicker than the ramp-down speed of the application, the ramping generates current. This results in a higher U_{DC} , which is limited using the brake chopper/resistor brake.



Α	Normal operation
В	Mains failure
С	Kinetic back-up
D	Mains return
Е	Kinetic back-up ramping to trip
F	Trin

Illustration 4.44 Kinetic Back-Up, Trip with Recovery where Mains Returns below Parameter 14-15 Kin. Back-up Trip Recovery Level, in this Illustration a Quick Ramp is Used

14-11 Mains Fault Voltage Level		ult Voltage Level
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[100 - 800 V]	This parameter defines the threshold voltage at which the function in parameter 14-10 Mains Failure is activated. Select the detection level depending on the supply quality. For a supply of 380 V, set parameter 14-11 Mains Fault Voltage Level to 342 V. This results in a DC detection level of 462 V (parameter 14-11 Mains Fault Voltage Levelx1.35). NOTICE Converting from VLT 5000 to FC 300: Even though the setting of the mains voltage at mains fault is the same for VLT 5000 and FC 300, the detection level is different. Use the following formula to obtain the same detection level as in VLT 5000: Parameter 14-11 Mains Fault Voltage Level (VLT 5000 level) = value used in VLT 5000 x1.35/sqrt(2).

14-12 Response to Mains Imbalance

Operation under severe main imbalance conditions reduces the lifetime of the motor. Conditions are considered severe if the motor is operated continuously near nominal load (for example, a pump or a fan running near full speed).

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Trip	Trips the frequency converter.
[1]	Warning	Issues a warning.
[2]	Disabled	No action.
[3]	Derate	

14-14 Kin. Back-up Time-out			
Range:		Function:	
60 s*	[0 -	This parameter defines the kinetic back-up	
	60 s]	timeout when running on low voltage grids. If	
		the supply voltage does not exceed the value defined in <i>parameter 14-11 Mains Fault Voltage</i>	
		Level +5% within the specified time, the	
		frequency converter then automatically runs a	
		controlled ramp-down profile before stop.	

14-15 Kin. Back-up Trip Recovery Level			
Range: Function:			
Size	[0 - 60000.000	This parameter specifies the	
related*	ReferenceFeed-	kinetic back-up trip recovery	
	backUnit]	level. The unit is defined in	
		parameter 0-02 Motor Speed	
		Unit.	





14-16	14-16 Kin. Back-up Gain		
Range: Function:		Function:	
100 %*	[0 - 500 %]	Enter the kinetic back-up gain value in percent.	

4.13.3 14-2* Trip Reset

Parameters for configuring auto reset handling, special trip handling, and control card self-test or initialization.

14-2	14-20 Reset Mode			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select the reset function after tripping. Once reset, the frequency converter can be restarted.		
		NOTICE		
		The motor may start without warning. If the specified number of automatic resets is reached within 10 minutes, the frequency converter enters [0] Manual reset mode. After the manual reset is performed, the setting of parameter 14-20 Reset Mode returns to the original selection. If the number of automatic resets are not reached within 10 minutes, or when a manual reset is performed, the internal automatic reset counter returns to 0.		
		Automatic reset is also valid for resetting the Safe Torque Off function in firmware version 4.3x or earlier.		
[0] *	Manual reset	Select [0] Manual reset to perform a reset via [Reset] or via the digital inputs.		
[1]	Automatic reset x 1	Select [1]-[12] Automatic reset x 1x20 to perform 1–20 automatic resets after tripping.		
[2]	Automatic reset x 2			
[3]	Automatic reset x 3			
[4]	Automatic reset x 4			
[5]	Automatic reset x 5			
[6]	Automatic reset x 6			
[7]	Automatic reset x 7			
[8]	Automatic reset x 8			
[9]	Automatic reset x 9 Automatic reset x 10			

14-2	14-20 Reset Mode			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[11]	Automatic reset x 15			
[12]	Automatic reset x 20			
[13]	Infinite auto reset	Select this option for continuous resetting after tripping.		
[14]	Reset at power-up			

14-21 Automatic Restart Time			
Range:	: Function:		
Size	[0 -	Enter the time interval from trip to start	
related*	3600 s]	of the automatic reset function. This	
		parameter is active when	
		parameter 14-20 Reset Mode is set to [1]-	
		[13] Automatic reset.	

14-22 Operation Mode			
Option:	Functio	on:	
	Use this parameter to specify normal operation; to perform tests; or to initialize all parameters except parameter 15-03 Power Up's, parameter 15-04 Over Temp's, and parameter 15-05 Over Volt's. This function is active only when the power is cycled to the frequency converter. Select [0] Normal operation for normal operation of the frequency converter with the motor in the selected application. Select [1] Control card test to test the analog and digital inputs and outputs and the +10 V control voltage. The test requires a test connector with internal connections. Use the following procedure for the control card test:		
	1.	Select [1] Control card test.	
	2.	Disconnect the mains supply and wait for the indicator light in the display to go out.	
	3.	Set switches S201 (A53) and S202 (A54) to ON/I.	
	4.	Insert the test plug (see Illustration 4.45).	
	5.	Connect to mains supply.	
	6.	Carry out various tests.	
	7.	The results are shown on the LCP and the frequency converter moves into an infinite loop.	
	8.	Parameter 14-22 Operation Mode is automatically set to normal operation. Carry out a power cycle to start up in	

14-	14-22 Operation Mode			
Ор	tion:	Function:		
		normal operation after a control card test.		
		If the test is OK LCP readout: Control card OK. Disconnect the mains supply and remove the test plug. The green indicator light on the control card lights up.		
		If the test fails LCP readout: Control card I/O failure. Replace the frequency converter or control card. The red indicator light on the control card is turned on. Test plugs (connect the following terminals to each other): 18 - 27 - 32; 19 - 29 - 33; 42 - 53 - 54.		
		39 42 50 53 54 55		
		Select [2] Initialisation to reset all parameter values to default settings, except for: Parameter 15-03 Power Up's, parameter 15-04 Over Temp's, and parameter 15-05 Over Volt's. The frequency converter resets during the next power-up. Parameter 14-22 Operation Mode also returns to the default setting [0] Normal operation.		
[0]	Normal operation			
[1]	Control card test	Remember to set switches S201 (A53) and S202 (A54) as specified in the parameter description when performing a control card test. Otherwise, the test fails.		
[2]	Initiali- sation	Select this option to perform initialization. This option does not clear the service logs.		
[3]	Boot mode			

14-24 Trip Delay at Current Limit			
Rang	ge:	Function:	
60 s*	[0 - 60 s]	Enter the current limit trip delay in s. When the output current reaches the current limit (parameter 4-18 Current Limit), a warning is triggered. When the current limit warning has been continuously present for the period specified in this parameter, the frequency converter trips. To run continuously in current limit without tripping, set the parameter to 60 s. Thermal monitoring of the frequency converter remains active.	

14-25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit			
Rang	ge:	Function:	
60 s*	[0 - 60 s]	Enter the torque limit trip delay in s. When the output torque reaches the torque limits (parameter 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode and parameter 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode), a warning is triggered. When the torque limit	
		warning is triggered. When the torque limit warning has been continuously present for the period specified in this parameter, the frequency converter trips. Disable the trip delay by setting the parameter to 60 s. Thermal monitoring of the frequency converter remains active.	

14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0 - 35	When the frequency converter detects	
	s]	an overvoltage in the set time, trip is	
		effected after the set time.	
		If value is 0, protection mode is	
		disabled.	
		NOTICE	
		Disable protection mode in	
		hoisting applications.	



4.13.4 14-3* Current Limit Control

The frequency converter features an integral current limit controller, which is activated when the motor current, and thus the torque, is higher than the torque limits set in parameter 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode and parameter 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode.

When the current limit is reached during motor operation or regenerative operation, the frequency converter tries to reduce torque below the preset torque limits as quickly as possible without losing control of the motor.

While the current control is active, the frequency converter can only be stopped by setting a digital input to [2] Coast inverse or [3] Coast and reset inv. Any signals on terminals 18–33 are not active until the frequency converter is no longer near the current limit.

By using a digital input set to [2] Coast inverse or [3] Coast and reset inv., the motor does not use the ramp-down time, since the frequency converter is coasted. If a quick stop is necessary, use the mechanical brake control function along with an external electro-mechanical brake attached to the application.

14-30 Current Lim Ctrl, Proportional Gain Range: Function: 100 %* [0 - 500 %] Enter the proportional gain value for the current limit controller. Selection of a high value makes the controller react faster. Too high a setting leads to controller instability.

14-31 Current Lim Ctrl, Integration Time			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0.002 - 2 s]	Controls the current limit control	
		integration time. Setting it to a lower value makes it react faster. A setting	
		value makes it react faster. A setting	
		too low leads to controller instability.	

14-32 Current Lim Ctrl, Filter Time			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[1 -	Controls the current limit control low-pass	
related*	100 ms]	filter.	
		This makes it possible to react to peak	
		values or to average values. When	
		selecting average values, it is sometimes	
		possible to run with higher output current	
		and instead trip on the hardware limit for	
		current. However, the control reacts slower	
		as it does not react on immediate values.	

4.13.5 14-4* Energy Optimizing

Parameters for adjusting the energy optimization level in both variable torque (VT) and automatic energy optimization (AEO) mode in *parameter 1-03 Torque Characteristics*.

14-4	14-40 VT Level		
Rang	je:	Function:	
* [40 - NOTICE This parameter cannot be the motor is running.		This parameter cannot be adjusted while	
		This parameter is not active when parameter 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM non-salient SPM.	
		Enter the level of motor magnetization at low speed. Selection of a low value reduces energy loss in the motor but also reduces load capability.	

14-41 AEO Minimum Magnetisation			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[30 - 200 %]	NOTICE	
relateu	200 %]	This parameter is not active when	
		parameter 1-10 Motor Construction is	
		set to [1] PM non-salient SPM.	
		Enter the minimum allowable magnetization	
		for AEO. Selection of a low value reduces	
		energy loss in the motor but can also	
		reduce resistance to sudden load changes.	

14-42 Minimum AEO Frequency			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0 - 40 Hz]	This parameter is not active when parameter 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM non-salient SPM.	
		Enter the minimum frequency at which the automatic energy optimization (AEO) is to be active.	

14-43 Motor Cosphi		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0.40 -	The Cos(phi) setpoint is automatically set
related*	0.95]	for optimum AEO performance. This
		parameter should normally not be altered.
		However, in some situations it may be
		necessary to enter a new value to fine-
		tune.

4

4.13.6 14-5* Environment

NOTICE

Perform a power cycle after changing any of the parameters in *parameter group 14-5* Environment*.

These parameters help the frequency converter to operate under special environmental conditions.

14-50 RFI Filter

Turn the RFI filter on or off. The RFI filter ensures that the frequency converter complies with EMC standards. Select [0] Off only when the frequency converter is connected to an isolated mains source (IT mains).

Option:		Function:
[0]	Off	

[0]	Off	
[1] *	On	

14-51 DC-Link Compensation

Option: Function:

The rectified AC-DC voltage in the frequency converter's DC link is associated with voltage ripples. These ripples can increase in magnitude with increased load. These ripples are undesirable because they can generate current and torque ripples. A compensation method is used to reduce these voltage ripples in the DC link. In general, DC-link compensation is recommended for most applications, but pay attention when operating in field weakening as it can generate speed oscillations at the motor shaft. In field weakening, turn off DC-link compensation.

[0] Off Disables DC-link compensation.

14-52 Fan Control

Sele	Select minimum speed of the main fan.	
Opt	ion:	Function:
[0] *	Auto	Select [0] Auto to run fan only when internal temperature in frequency converter is in range
		35 °C (95 °F) to approximately 55 °C (131 °F).
		Fan runs at low speed below 35 °C (95 °F), and
		at full speed at approximately 55 °C (131 °F).
[1]	On 50%	The fan always runs at 50% speed or above. The
		fan runs at 50% speed at 35 °C (95 °F), and at
		full speed at approximately 55 °C (131 °F).
[2]	On 75%	The fan always runs at 75% speed or above. The
		fan runs at 75% speed at 35 °C (95 °F), and at
		full speed at approximately 55 °C (131 °F).
[3]	On	The fan always runs at 100% speed.
	100%	
[4]	Auto	This option is the same as [0] Auto, but with
	(Low	special considerations around and below 0 °C
	temp	(32 °F). In option [0] Auto there is a risk that the
	env.)	fan starts running around 0 °C as the frequency

14-52 Fan Control

Select minimum speed of the main fan.

Option: Function:

converter detects a sensor fault and thus protects the frequency converter while reporting warning 66, Heat sink Temperature Low. Option [4] Auto (Low temp env.) can be used in very cold environments and prevents the negative effects of this further cooling and avoids warning 66, Heat sink Temperature Low.

14-53 Fan Monitor		
Option:		Function:
		Select the frequency converter action if a fan fault is detected.
[0]	Disabled	
[1] *	Warning	
[2]	Trip	

14-55 Output Filter

Option: Function:

NOTICE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

NOTICE

Reset the frequency converter after selecting [2] Sine-Wave Filter Fixed.

ACAUTION

OVERHEATING OF FREQUENCY CONVERTER

When using sine-wave filters, there is a risk of overheating of the frequency converter, which can result in personal injury and equipment damage.

Always set *parameter 14-55 Output Filter* to [2] *Sine-wave fixed* when using a sine-wave filter.

Select the type of output filter connected.

[0] No This is the default setting and should be used with dU/dt filters or high frequency common mode (HF-CM) filters.

[1] SineWave enables operation when
Filter parameter 14-56 Capacitance Output Filter and
parameter 14-57 Inductance Output Filter are
programmed with the output filter capacitance and
inductance. It does not limit the range of the
switching frequency.

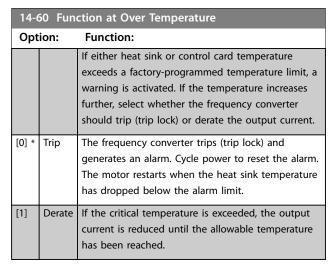


14-55 Output Filter		
Ор	tion:	Function:
[2]	Sine-	This parameter sets a minimum allowed limit to the
	Wave	switching frequency and ensures that the filter is
	Filter	operated within the safe range of switching
	Fixed	frequencies. Operation is possible with all control
		principles. The modulation pattern is set to SFAVM,
		which gives the lowest acoustic noise in the filter.
	ĺ	I

14-59 Actual Number of Inverter Units		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[1 - 1]	Set the actual number of power units.

4.13.7 14-6* Auto Derate

This group contains parameters for derating the frequency converter if there is high temperature.



4.13.8 No Trip at Inverter Overload

In some systems, the frequency converter has not been sized properly to yield the current needed in all points of the operational flow-head characteristic. At these points, the motor needs a current higher than the rated current of the frequency converter. The frequency converter can yield 110% of the rated current continuously for 60 s. If still overloaded, the frequency converter normally trips (causing the motor to stop by coasting) and issues an alarm.

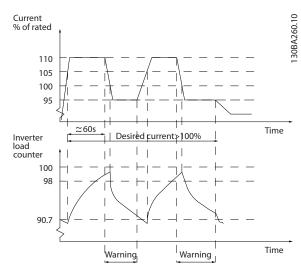


Illustration 4.46 Output Current in Overload Condition

If the motor is unable to run continuously with the demanded capacity, run it at reduced speed for a while.

Select parameter 14-61 Function at Inverter Overload to automatically reduce motor speed until the output current is below 100% of the rated current (set in parameter 14-62 Inv. Overload Derate Current).

Parameter 14-61 Function at Inverter Overload is an alternative to letting the frequency converter trip.

The frequency converter estimates the load on the power section with an inverter load counter, which causes a warning at 98% and a reset of the warning at 90%. At the value 100%, the frequency converter trips and issues an alarm.

Status for the counter can be read in parameter 16-35 Inverter Thermal.

If parameter 14-61 Function at Inverter Overload is set to [3] Derate, the motor speed is reduced when the counter exceeds 98%, and stays reduced until the counter has dropped below 90.7%.

If parameter 14-62 Inv. Overload Derate Current is set to for example 95%, a steady overload causes the pump speed to fluctuate between values corresponding to 110% and 95% of rated output current for the frequency converter.

14-6	14-61 Function at Inverter Overload		
Option:		Function:	
		Use in case of steady overload beyond the thermal limits (110% for 60 s).	
[0] *	Trip	Select [0] Trip to make the frequency converter trip and issue an alarm.	
[1]	Derate	Reduces the motor speed to decrease the load on the power section and allowing it to cool down.	



14-62 Inv. Overload Derate Current		
Rang	e:	Function:
95 %*	[50 - 100 %]	Enter the current level (in % of rated output current for the frequency converter) when running with reduced motor speed after load on the frequency converter has exceeded the allowable limit (110% for 60 s).

4.13.9 14-8* Options

14-8	39 Option Detecti	on	
Selects the behavior of the frequency converter when a change in the option configuration is detected.			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	Protect Option Config.	Freezes the current settings and prevents unwanted changes when missing or defective options are detected.	
[1]	Enable Option Change	Changes frequency converter settings and is used when modifying the system configuration. This parameter setting returns to [0] Protect Option Config. after an option change.	

4.13.10 14-9* Fault Settings

14-90 Fault Leve			
This is an array para	meter with 26 elements. Each of the bits can		
be configured to an	y of the following options. Use this		
parameter to custon	parameter to customize fault levels.		
Option: Function:			
[0] Off	Use [0] Off with caution as it ignores all		
	warnings and alarms for the selected		
	source.		

14	14-90 Fault Level			
be	This is an array parameter with 26 elements. Each of the bits can be configured to any of the following options. Use this parameter to customize fault levels.			
Op	otion:	Function:		
[1]	Warning			
[2]	Trip	Changing a fault level from default option [3] Trip Lock to [2] Trip leads to the automatic reset of the alarm. For alarms involving overcurrent, the frequency converter has a hardware protection that issues a 3-minute recovery after 2 consecutive overcurrent incidents. This hardware protection cannot be overruled.		
[3]	Trip Lock			
[4]	Trip w. delayed reset	This option adds a delay between automatic resets, otherwise it is the same as option [2] Trip. The delay prevents a situation where reset is attempted repeatedly for an overcurrent situation. Hardware protection of the frequency converter forces the 3-minute recovery time after 2 consecutive overcurrents (within a short time window).		



Failure	Alarm	Element in	Off	Warning	Trip	Trip Lock	Trip with
		parameter 14-90 Fau					delayed
		lt Level					reset
10 V low	1	1490.0	Х	D	-	-	-
24 V low	47	1490.1	Х	-	-	D	-
1.8 V supply low	48	1490.2	Х	-	-	D	-
Voltage limit	64	1490.3	Х	D	-	-	-
Ground fault during ramping	14	1490.4	_	-	D	Х	-
Ground fault 2 during cont.	45	1490.5	-	-	D	Х	-
operation							
Torque limit	12	1490.6	Х	D	-	-	_
Overcurrent	13	1490.7	_	-	Х	D	_
Short circuit	16	1490.8	-	-	Х	D	-
Heat sink temperature	29	1490.9	-	-	Х	D	-
Heat sink sensor	39	1490.10	_	-	Х	D	-
Control card temperature	65	1490.11	_	-	Х	D	-
Power card temperature	69	1490.12	_	-	Х	D	-
Heat sink temperature	244	1490.13	-	-	Х	D	-
Heat sink sensor	245	1490.14	_	-	Х	D	-
Power card temperature	247	1490.15	-	-	Х	D	-
Motor phase missing	30–32	1490.16	-	-	Х	D	-
Locked rotor	99	1490.20	-	-	D	Х	-

Table 4.18 Selection of Action when Selected Alarm Appears

MCT 10 Set-up Software has the element numbers listed in the column ID. Use this table together with MCT 10 Set-up Software to get information about specific fault levels.

D stands for the default setting.

X stands for a possible option.



4.14 Parameters: 15-** Drive Information

4.14.1 15-0* Operating Data

15-0	15-00 Operating hours		
Ran	ge:	Function:	
0 h*	[0 - 2147483647 h]	View how many hours the frequency converter has run. The value is saved when the frequency converter is turned off.	

15-0	15-01 Running Hours		
Ran	ge:	Function:	
0 h*	[0 -	View how many hours the motor has run.	
	2147483647 h]	Reset the counter in	
		parameter 15-07 Reset Running Hours	
		Counter. The value is saved when the	
		frequency converter is turned off.	

15-02	kWh Counter	
Range	:	Function:
0 kWh*	[0 -	Register the power consumption of
	2147483647	the motor as an average value over 1
	kWh]	hour. Reset the counter in
		parameter 15-06 Reset kWh Counter.

15-03 Power Up's			
Ra	inge:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 2147483647]	View the number of times the frequency	
		converter has been powered up.	

15	15-04 Over Temp's		
Ra	ange:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 65535]	View the number of frequency converter temperature faults.	

15	15-05 Over Volt's		
Ra	ange:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 65535]	View the number of frequency converter overvoltages.	

15-0	15-06 Reset kWh Counter			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	Do not reset	No reset of the kWh counter is required.		
[1]	Reset counter	Press [OK] to reset the kWh counter to 0 (see <i>parameter 15-02 kWh Counter</i>).		

15-0	15-07 Reset Running Hours Counter		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	Do not		
	reset		
[1]	Reset	To reset the running hours counter to 0, select	
	counter	[1] Reset and press [OK] (see	
		parameter 15-01 Running Hours). This	
		parameter cannot be selected via the serial	
		port, RS485.	
		Select [0] Do not reset if no reset of the	
		running-hours counter is required.	

4.14.2 15-1* Data Log Settings

The data log enables continuous logging of up to 4 data sources (parameter 15-10 Logging Source) at individual rates (parameter 15-11 Logging Interval). A trigger event (parameter 15-12 Trigger Event) and window (parameter 15-14 Samples Before Trigger) are used to start and stop the logging conditionally.

15-10 Logging Source		
Optio	n:	Function:
		Select which variables are
		to be logged.
[0] *	None	
[1600]	Control Word	
[1601]	Reference [Unit]	
[1602]	Reference %	
[1603]	Status Word	
[1610]	Power [kW]	
[1611]	Power [hp]	
[1612]	Motor Voltage	
[1613]	Frequency	
[1614]	Motor current	
[1616]	Torque [Nm]	
[1617]	Speed [RPM]	
[1618]	Motor Thermal	
[1620]	Motor Angle	
[1621]	Torque [%] High Res.	
[1622]	Torque [%]	
[1624]	Calibrated Stator Resistance	
[1630]	DC Link Voltage	
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.	
[1635]	Inverter Thermal	
[1645]	Motor Phase U Current	
[1646]	Motor Phase V Current	
[1647]	Motor Phase W Current	
[1648]	Speed Ref. After Ramp [RPM]	
[1650]	External Reference	
[1651]	Pulse Reference	
[1652]	Feedback[Unit]	
[1657]	Feedback [RPM]	
[1660]	Digital Input	



15-10	Logging Source	
Optio	n:	Function:
[1662]	Analog Input 53	
[1664]	Analog Input 54	
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]	
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]	
[1675]	Analog In X30/11	
[1676]	Analog In X30/12	
[1677]	Analog Out X30/8 [mA]	
[1687]	Bus Readout Alarm/Warning	
[1690]	Alarm Word	
[1692]	Warning Word	
[1694]	Ext. Status Word	
[1695]	Ext. Status Word 2	
[1697]	Alarm Word 3	
[1698]	Warning Word 3	

15-11 Logging Interval		
Array [4]		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0.000 - 0.000]	Enter the interval in ms between
		each sampling of the variables to
		be logged.

15-12 Trigger Event

Select the trigger event. When the trigger event occurs, a window is applied to freeze the log. The log then retains a specified percentage of samples before the occurrence of the trigger event (parameter 15-14 Samples Before Trigger).

Option:	Function:
Option.	i unction.

Option. Function.		runction.	
[0] *	False		
[1]	True		
[2]	Running		
[3]	In range		
[4]	On reference		
[5]	Torque limit		
[6]	Current Limit		
[7]	Out of current range		
[8]	Below I low		
[9]	Above I high		
[10]	Out of speed range		
[11]	Below speed low	Below speed low	
[12]	Above speed high		
[13]	Out of feedb. range		
[14]	Below feedb. low		
[15]	Above feedb. high		
[16]	Thermal warning		
[17]	Mains out of range		
[18]	Reversing		
[19]	Warning		
[20]	Alarm (trip)		
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)		
[22]	Comparator 0		
[23]	Comparator 1		

15-12 Trigger Event

Select the trigger event. When the trigger event occurs, a window is applied to freeze the log. The log then retains a specified percentage of samples before the occurrence of the trigger event (parameter 15-14 Samples Before Trigger).

Option:		Function:
[24]	Comparator 2	
[25]	Comparator 3	
[26]	Logic rule 0	
[27]	Logic rule 1	
[28]	Logic rule 2	
[29]	Logic rule 3	
[33]	Digital input DI18	
[34]	Digital input DI19	
[35]	Digital input DI27	
[36]	Digital input DI29	
[37]	Digital input DI32	
[38]	Digital input DI33	
[50]	Comparator 4	
[51]	Comparator 5	

15 -1	15-13 Logging Mode		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	Log always	Select [0] Log always for continuous logging.	
[1]	Log once on trigger	Select [1] Log once on trigger to start and stop logging conditionally using parameter 15-12 Trigger Event and parameter 15-14 Samples Before Trigger.	

Logic rule 4

Logic rule 5

[60] [61]

15-	15-14 Samples Before Trigger		
Rai	Range: Function:		
50*	[0 - 100]	Before a trigger event, enter the percentage of all samples which should be retained in the log. See	
		also parameter 15-12 Trigger Event and	
		parameter 15-13 Logging Mode.	

4.14.3 15-2* Historic Log

View up to 50 logged data items via the array parameters in this parameter group. Data is logged every time an event occurs (not to be confused with SLC events). Events in this context are defined as a change in 1 of the following areas:

- Digital inputs.
- Digital outputs.
- Warning word.
- Alarm word.
- Status word.
- Control word.
- Extended status word.



Events are logged with value and time stamp in ms. The time interval between 2 events depends on how often events occur (maximum once every scan time). Data logging is continuous, but if an alarm occurs, the log is saved and the values can be viewed on the display. This feature is useful, for example when carrying out service following a trip. View the historic log contained in this parameter via the serial communication port or via the display.

15	15-20 Historic Log: Event		
Arı	ray [50]		
Range:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 255]	View the event type of the logged events.	

15	15-21 Historic Log: Value		
Ar	ray [50]		
Ra	ange:	Function:	
0*	[0 -	View the value	of the logged event.
	2147483647]	Interpret the ev	ent values according to
		Table 4.19:	
		Digital input	Decimal value. See
			parameter 16-60 Digital
			Input for description after
			converting to binary
			value.
		Digital output	Decimal value. See
		(not	parameter 16-66 Digital
		monitored in	Output [bin] for a
		this SW	description after
		release)	converting to binary
			value.
		Warning word	Decimal value. See
			parameter 16-92 Warning
			Word for a description.
		Alarm word	Decimal value. See
			parameter 16-90 Alarm
			Word for a description.
		Status word	Decimal value. See
			parameter 16-03 Status
			Word for a description
			after converting to binary
			value.
		Control word	Decimal value. See
			parameter 16-00 Control
			Word for a description.
		Extended	Decimal value. See
		status word	parameter 16-94 Ext. Status
			Word for a description.
		Table 4.19 Log	gged Events

15-22	15-22 Historic Log: Time		
Array	[50]		
Rang	e:	Function:	
0 ms*	[0 - 2147483647 ms]	View the time at which the logged event occurred. Time is measured in ms since frequency converter start. The maximum value corresponds to approximately 24 days, which means that the count restarts at 0 after this time period.	

4.14.4 15-3* Alarm Log

Parameters in this group are array parameters where up to 10 fault logs can be viewed. 0 is the most recent logged data, and 9 is the oldest. Fault codes, values, and time stamp can be viewed for all logged data.

15	15-30 Fault Log: Error Code		
Range: Function:			
0*	[0 - 65535]	View the fault code and look up its meaning in chapter 6 Troubleshooting.	

15	15-31 Alarm Log: Value		
Array [10]			
Range:		Function:	
0*	[-32767 - 32767]	View an extra description of the error. This parameter is mostly used with <i>alarm</i>	
		38, internal fault.	

15-	15-32 Alarm Log: Time		
Arra	Array [10]		
Range:		Function:	
0 s*	[0 - 2147483647 s]	View the time when the logged event	
		occurred. Time is measured in s from	
		frequency converter start-up.	

4.14.5 15-4* Drive Identification

Parameters containing read-only information about the hardware and software configuration of the frequency converter.

15	15-40 FC Type		
Ra	Range: Function:		
0*	[0 - 6]	View the frequency converter type. The readout is identical to the FC 300 power field of the type code definition, characters 1–6.	

15	15-41 Power Section	
Range:		Function:
0*	[0 - 20]	View the frequency converter type. The readout is
		identical to the FC 300 power field of the type
		code definition, characters 7–10.



15	15-42 Voltage	
Range:		Function:
0*	[0 - 20]	View the frequency converter type. The readout is identical to the FC 300 power field of the type code definition, characters 11–12.

15	15-43 Software Version		
Range:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 5]	View the combined SW version (or package	
		version) consisting of power SW and control SW.	

15	15-44 Ordered Typecode String	
Range:		Function:
0*	[0 - 40]	View the type code string used for reordering the
		frequency converter in its original configuration.

15-45 Actual Typecode String		pecode String	
	Rar	nge:	Function:
	0*	[0 - 40]	View the actual type code string.

15	15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No		
Range:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 8]	View the 8-digit ordering number used for	
		reordering the frequency converter in its original	
		configuration. To restore the ordering number after	
		the power card exchange, see	
		parameter 14-29 Service Code.	

15	-47 Power	Card Ordering No
Ra	nge:	Function:
0*	[0 - 8]	View the power card ordering number.

15-48 LCP Id No		
Ran	ge:	Function:
0*	[0 - 20]	View the LCP ID number.

15-49 SW ID Control Card		Control Card
Range:		Function:
0*	[0 - 20]	View the control card software version number.

15-50 SW I		-50 SW IL	Power Card
	Ra	nge:	Function:
	0*	[0 - 20]	View the power card software version number.

15	15-51 Frequency Converter Serial Number		
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 10]	View the frequency converter serial number.	

15-53 Power Card Serial		ard Serial Number
Ra	nge:	Function:
0*	[0 - 19]	View the power card serial number.

15-54 Config File Name			
Array [5]	Array [5]		
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0 - 16]	Shows the special configuration filenames.	

15-59 Filename		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0 - 16]	Shows the currently used customer- specific initial values (CSIV) filename.

4.14.6 15-6* Option Ident.

This read-only parameter group contains information about the hardware and software configuration of the options installed in slots A, B, C0, and C1.

15	15-60 Option Mounted		
Arr	Array [8]		
Range:		Function:	
0* [0 - 30] Show		Shows the type of the installed option.	

15-61 Option SW Version		
Array [8]		
Range:		Function:
0*	[0 - 20]	View the installed option software version.

15	-62 Opti	on Ordering No	
Arr	Array [8]		
Range:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 8]	Shows the ordering number for the installed options.	

15	15-63 Option Serial No		
Arr	Array [8]		
Range:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 18]	View the installed option serial number.	

4.14.7 15-8* Operating Data II

15-80 Fan Running Hours			
Range: Function:			
0 h*	[0 - 2147483647	View how many hours the heat sink	
	h]	fan has run (increments for every	
		hour). The value is saved when the	
		frequency converter is turned off.	



15-8	15-81 Preset Fan Running Hours		
Range: Function:			
0 h*	[0 - 99999 h]	Enter the preset fan running hours counter, see <i>parameter 15-80 Fan Running Hours</i> . This parameter cannot be selected via the serial port, RS485.	

4.14.8 15-9* Parameter Info

15	15-92 Defined Parameters		
Ra	ange:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 9999]	View a list of all defined parameters in the	
		frequency converter. The list ends with 0.	
15-93 Modified Parameters			
Range: Function:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 9999]	View a list of the parameters that have been	
		changed from their default setting. The list ends	
		with 0. Changes may not be visible until up to	
		30 s after implementation.	

4.15 Parameters: 16-** Data Readouts

4.15.1 16-0* General Status

1	16-00 Control Word		
F	Range:	Function:	
0,	[0 - 65535]	View the control word sent from the frequency converter via the serial communication port in hex code.	

16-01 Reference [Unit]			
Range:		Function:	
0 ReferenceFeed- backUnit*	[-999999 - 999999 ReferenceFeed- backUnit]	View the present reference value applied on impulse or analog basis in the unit resulting from the configuration selected in parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode (Hz, Nm, or	
		RPM).	

16-02 Reference [%]			
Rang	ge:	Function:	
0 %*	[-200 -	View the total reference. The total reference	
	200 %]	is the sum of digital, analog, preset, bus,	
		and freeze references, plus catch up and	
		slow down.	

16	16-03 Status Word		
Ra	ange:	Function:	
0*		View the status word sent from the frequency converter via the serial communication port in hex code.	

16-0	5 Main Actual	Value [%]
Rang	ge:	Function:
0 %*	[-100 - 100 %]	View the 2-byte word sent with the status word to the fieldbus master reporting the main actual value.

16-09 Custom Readout		
Range:		Function:
0 CustomRea-	[0 - 999999.99	View the value of custom
doutUnit*	CustomRea-	readout from
	doutUnit]	parameter 0-30 Unit for User-
		defined Readout to
		parameter 0-32 Custom Readout
		Max Value.

4.15.2 16-1* Motor Status

16-10	16-10 Power [kW]	
Range:		Function:
0 kW*	[0 -	Shows motor power in kW. The value shown
	10000	is calculated based on the actual motor
	kW]	voltage and motor current. The value is
		filtered, and therefore approximately 1.3 s
		may pass from when an input value changes
		to when the data readout values change. The
		resolution of readout value on fieldbus is in
		10 W steps.

16-11 Power [hp]		
Range:		Function:
0 hp*	[0 -	View the motor power in hp. The value
	10000 hp]	shown is calculated based on the actual
		motor voltage and motor current. The value
		is filtered, and therefore approximately 1.3 ms
		may pass from when an input value changes
		to when the data readout values change.

16-	16-12 Motor Voltage		
Range:		Function:	
0 V*	[0 - 6000 V]	View the motor voltage, a calculated value used for controlling the motor.	

16-13	3 Frequency	
Rang	je:	Function:
0 Hz*	[0 - 6500 Hz]	View the motor frequency without resonance damping.

nt	

16-14 Motor current Range: Function: 0 A* [0 - 10000 | View the motor current measured as an average value, I_{RMS}. The value is filtered, and thus approximately 1.3 s may pass from when an input value changes to when the data readout values change.

16-1	16-15 Frequency [%]	
Range:		Function:
0 %*	[-100 - 100 %]	View a 2-byte word reporting the actual motor frequency (without resonance damping) as a percentage (scale 0000–4000 hex) of parameter 4-19 Max Output Frequency. Set parameter 9-16 PCD Read Configuration index 1 to send it with the status word instead of the MAV.

16-16 Torque [Nm] Range: **Function:** [-3000 -View the torque value with sign, applied to the Nm* 3000 motor shaft. Linearity is not exact between Nm] 160% motor current and torque in relation to the rated torque. Some motors supply more than 160% torque. Therefore, the minimum value and the maximum value depend on the maximum motor current and the motor used. The value is filtered, and thus approximately 30 ms may pass from when an input changes value to when the data readout values change.

Range: Function: 0 RPM* [-30000 - View the actual motor RPM. In open-loop or closed-loop process control, the motor RPM is estimated. In speed	16-17	Speed [RPM]	
30000 RPM] loop or closed-loop process control, the	Range	:	Function:
closed-loop modes, the motor RPM is measured.	0 RPM*	-	loop or closed-loop process control, the motor RPM is estimated. In speed closed-loop modes, the motor RPM is

	16-18 Motor Thermal		
	Rang	ge:	Function:
(0 %*	[0 -	View the calculated thermal load on the motor.
		100 %]	The cutout limit is 100%. The basis for
			calculation is the ETR function selected in
			parameter 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection.

16-20 Motor Angle		
Ra	inge:	Function:
0*	[0 - 65535]	View the current encoder/resolver angle offset relative to the index position. The value range of 0–65535 corresponds to 0–2xpi (radian).

16-2	16-21 Torque [%] High Res.		
Range:		Function:	
0 %*	[-200 - 200 %]	The value shown is the torque in percent of nominal torque, with sign and 0.1% resolution, applied to the motor shaft.	

16-2	16-22 Torque [%]			
Range:		Function:		
0 %*	[-200 - 200 %]	Value shown is the torque in percent of nominal torque, with sign, applied to the motor shaft.		

16-24 Calibrated Stator Resistance				
Range:		Function:		
0.0000 Ohm*	[0.0000 - 100.0000	Shows the calibrated		
	Ohm]	stator resistance.		

4.15.3 16-3* Drive Status

16-30 DC Link Voltage			
Ran	ge:	Function:	
0 V*		View a measured value. The value is filtered with a 30 ms time constant.	

16-34 Heatsink Temp.			
Range: Function:		Function:	
0 °C*	[0 -	View the frequency converter heat sink	
	255 °C]	temperature. The cutout limit is 90 ±5 °C (194	
		±9 °F), and the motor cuts back in at 60	
		±5 °C (140 ±9 °F).	

16-35 Inverter Thermal		
Range:		Function:
0 %*	[0 - 100 %]	View the percentage load on the inverter.

16-36 Inv. Nom. Current			
Range:	: Function:		
Size	[0.01 -	View the inverter nominal current,	
related*	10000 A]	which must match the nameplate	
		data on the connected motor. The	
		data is used for calculation of torque,	
		motor overload protection, and so on.	

16-37 Inv. Max. Current		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0.01 -	View the inverter maximum current,
related*	10000 A]	which must match the nameplate
		data on the connected motor. The
		data is used for calculation of torque,
		motor overload protection, and so on.



4

16-38 SL Controller State Range: Function: 0* [0 - 100] View the state of the event under execution by the SL controller.

16-39 Control Card Temp. Range: Function: 0 °C* [0 - 100 °C] View the temperature on the control card, stated in °C.

16-40 Logging Buffer Full Option: Function: View whether the logging buffer is full (see chapter 4.14.2 15-1* Data Log Settings). The logging buffer is never full when parameter 15-13 Logging Mode is set to [0] Log always. [0] * No [1] Yes

16-45 Motor Phase U Current			
Range: Function:		Function:	
0 A*	[0 - 10000 A	Shows the motor phase U _{RMS} current. Facilitates monitoring of imbalance in the motor currents, detection of weak motor cables or imbalance in motor windings.	

10-40 Motor Phase v Current		
Range:		Function:
0 A*	[0 - 10000 A]	Shows the motor phase V _{RMS} current. Facilitates monitoring of imbalance in the motor currents, detection of weak motor cables or imbalance in motor windings.

16-47 Motor Phase W Current			
Range:		Function:	
0 A*	[0 - 10000 A]	Shows the motor phase W _{RMS} current.	
		Facilitates monitoring of imbalance in the	
		motor currents, detection of weak motor	
		cables or imbalance in motor windings.	

16-48 Speed Ref. After Ramp [RPM]		
Range	:	Function:
0 RPM*	[-30000 - 30000 RPM]	This parameter specifies the reference given to the frequency converter after the speed ramp.

16	16-49 Current Fault Source		
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 8]	Value indicates source of current faults including	
		short circuit, overcurrent, and imbalance of supply	
		voltage (from left):	
		1–4 Inverter	
		5–8 Rectifier	
		0 No fault recorded	

4.15.4 16-5* Ref. & Feedb.

16	16-50 External Reference			
Range: Function:				
0*	[-200 - 200]	View the total reference, the sum of digital, analog, preset, fieldbus, and freeze references, plus catch up and slow down.		

16	16-51 Pulse Reference			
Ra	Range: Function:			
0*	[-200 - 200]	View the reference value from programmed digital inputs. The readout can also reflect the impulses from an incremental encoder.		

16-52 Feedback[Unit]		
Range:		Function:
0 Reference-	[-999999.999 -	View the feedback unit
FeedbackUnit*	999999.999	resulting from the selection
	ReferenceFeed-	of unit and scaling in
	backUnit]	parameter 3-00 Reference
		Range,
		parameter 3-01 Reference/
		Feedback Unit,
		parameter 3-02 Minimum
		Reference, and
		parameter 3-03 Maximum
		Reference.

16-53 Digi Pot Reference			
Ra	inge:	Function:	
0*	[-200 - 200]	View the contribution of the digital potenti-	
		ometer to the actual reference.	

16-57 Feedback [RPM]		
Range:		Function:
0 RPM*	[-30000 -	Readout parameter where the actual motor
	30000 RPM]	RPM from the feedback source can be read
		in both closed loop and open loop. The
		feedback source is selected by
		parameter 7-00 Speed PID Feedback Source.



4.15.5 16-6* Inputs and Outputs

16-61	16-61 Terminal 53 Switch Setting		
Optio	Option: Function:		
		View the setting of input terminal 53.	
[0] *	Current		
[1]	Voltage		

16-	16-62 Analog Input 53		
Range:		Function:	
0*	[-20 - 20]	View the actual value at input 53.	

16-63 Terminal 54 Switch Setting			
View the setting	View the setting of input terminal 54.		
Option: Function:			
[0] *	Current		
[1]	Voltage		

16-64 Analog Input 54			
Raı	nge:	Function:	
0*	[-20 - 20]	View the actual value at input 54.	

16-65 Analog Output 42 [mA]			
Range: Function:			
0*	[0 - 30]	View the actual value at output 42 in mA. The value shown reflects the selection in parameter 6-50 Terminal 42 Output.	

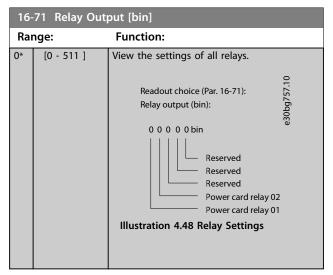
16	16-66 Digital Output [bin]		
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 15]	View the binary value of all digital outputs.	

16	16-67 Pulse Input #29 [Hz]		
Ra	ange:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 130000]	View the actual frequency rate on terminal 29.	

16	16-68 Freq. Input #33 [Hz]		
Ra	ange:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 130000]	View the actual value of the frequency applied	
		at terminal 33 as an impulse input.	

16	16-69 Pulse Output #27 [Hz]		
Ra	ange:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 40000]	View the actual value of pulses applied to	
		terminal 27 in digital output mode.	

16	16-70 Pulse Output #29 [Hz]		
Ra	inge:	Function:	
0*		View the actual value of pulses at terminal 29 in digital output mode.	



16	16-72 Counter A		
Ra	ange:	Function:	
0*	[-2147483648	View the present value of counter A.	
	- 2147483647]	Counters are useful as comparator operands,	
		see parameter 13-10 Comparator Operand.	
		Reset or change the value either via digital	
		inputs (parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs)	
		or by using an SLC action	
		(parameter 13-52 SL Controller Action).	

16	16-73 Counter B		
Ra	ange:	Function:	
0*	[-2147483648	View the present value of counter B.	
	- 2147483647]	Counters are useful as comparator operands	
		(parameter 13-10 Comparator Operand).	
		Reset or change the value either via digital	
		inputs (parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs)	
		or by using an SLC action	
		(parameter 13-52 SL Controller Action).	

16	16-75 Analog In X30/11		
Ra	inge:	Function:	
0*	[-20 - 20]	View the actual value at input X30/11 of VLT® General Purpose I/O MCB 101.	

16	16-76 Analog In X30/12		
Ra	ange:	Function:	
0*	[-20 - 20]	View the actual value at input X30/12 of VLT® General Purpose I/O MCB 101.	

16	16-77 Analog Out X30/8 [mA]		
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 30]	View the actual value at input X30/8 in mA.	

4.15.6 16-8* Fieldbus & FC Port

Parameters for reporting the bus references and control words.

16	16-80 Fieldbus CTW 1		
Ra	ange:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 65535]	View the 2-byte control word (CTW) received from the fieldbus master. Interpretation of the control word depends on the fieldbus option installed and the control word profile selected in parameter 8-10 Control Profile. For more information, refer to the relevant	
		fieldbus manual.	

16	16-82 Fieldbus REF 1				
Range:		Function:			
0*	[-200 - 200]	View the 2-byte word sent with the control word from the fieldbus master to set the reference value. For more information, refer to the relevant fieldbus manual.			

16	16-84 Comm. Option STW		
Range: Function:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 65535]	Show the status word of the extended fieldbus	
		communication option.	
		For more information, refer to the relevant	
		fieldbus manual.	

16	16-85 FC Port CTW 1		
Range: Function:		Function:	
0*	[0 -	View the 2-byte control word (CTW) received	
	65535]	from the fieldbus master. Interpretation of the control word depends on the fieldbus option	
		installed and the control word profile selected	
		in parameter 8-10 Control Profile.	

16	16-86 FC Port REF 1		
Range:		Function:	
0*	[-200 -	View the 2-byte status word (STW) sent to the	
	200]	fieldbus master. Interpretation of the status word	
		depends on the fieldbus option installed and the	
		control word profile selected in	
		parameter 8-10 Control Profile.	

16	16-87 Bus Readout Alarm/Warning		
Range: Function:			
0*	[0 - 65535]	Alarm and warning numbers in hex as shown in	
		the alarm log. The high byte contains the alarm,	
		the low byte contains the warning. The alarm	
		number is the 1st one that occurred after the	
		last reset.	



4.15.7 16-9* Diagnosis Readouts

NOTICE

When using MCT 10 Set-up Software, the readout parameters can only be read online, that is as the actual status. This means that the status is not stored in the MCT 10 Set-up Software file.

16	16-90 Alarm Word		
Ra	ange:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 4294967295]	Show the alarm word sent via the serial communication port in hex code.	

16	16-91 Alarm Word 2		
Ra	ange:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 4294967295]	View the alarm word sent via the serial communication port in hex code.	

1	16-92 Warning Word		
R	ange:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 4294967295]	Show the warning word sent via the	
		serial communication port in hex code.	

16	16-93 Warning Word 2	
Ra	ange:	Function:
0*	[0 - 4294967295]	View the warning word sent via the serial communication port in hex code.

1	16-94 Ext. Status Word	
R	ange:	Function:
0*	[0 - 4294967295]	Returns the extended warning word sent via the serial communication port in hex code.

16	16-95 Ext. Status Word 2		
Ra	ange:	Function:	
0*		Return the extended status word 2 sent via the serial communication port in hex code.	

16	16-97 Alarm Word 3		
Ra	ange:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 4294967295]	Show the alarm word 3 sent via the serial communication port in hex code.	

	16-98 Warning Word 3		
1	Range:		Function:
0)*	[0 - 4294967295]	View the warning word sent via the serial
			communication port in hex code.

4.16 Parameters: 17-** Feedback

More parameters to configure the feedback from the encoder (VLT® Encoder Input MCB 102), resolver (VLT® Resolver Input MCB 103), or the frequency converter itself.

4.16.1 17-1* Inc. Enc. Interface

Parameters in this group configure the incremental interface of the VLT® Encoder Input MCB 102. Both the incremental and absolute interfaces are active at the same time

NOTICE

These parameters cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

17-10 Signal Type			
	Select the incremental type (A/B channel) of the encoder in use.		
	Find the information on the encoder datasheet. Select [0] None if the feedback sensor is an absolute encoder only.		
Option:	Option: Function:		
[0]	None		
[1] *	RS422 (5V TTL)		
[2]	Sinusoidal 1Vpp		

17-11	17-11 Resolution (PPR)	
Rang	e:	Function:
1024*	[10 - 10000]	Enter the resolution of the incremental track, that is the number of pulses or periods per revolution.

4.16.2 17-5* Resolver Interface

This parameter group is used for setting parameters for the VLT® Resolver Input MCB 103.

Resolver parameters cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

17	17-50 Poles		
Range: Function:			
2*	[2 - 8]	Set the pole number on the resolver.	
		The value is stated in the datasheet for resolvers.	

17-51 Input Voltage		
Range: Function:		Function:
7 V* [2 - 8 V] Set the input voltage to the rese		Set the input voltage to the resolver. The voltage is stated as RMS value.
		voltage is stated as RMS value.
		The value is stated in the datasheet for resolvers.

17-52 Input Frequency		
Range:		Function:
10 kHz*	[2 - 15 kHz]	Set the input frequency to the resolver. The value is stated in the datasheet for resolvers.

17-	-53 Transformation Ratio		
Range:		Function:	
0.5*	[0.1 - 1.1]	Set the transformation ratio for the resolver. The transformation ratio is: $T_{mate} = \frac{V_{Out}}{2}$	
		$T_{ratio} = \frac{1}{V_{ln}}$ The value is stated in the datasheet for resolvers.	

17-56 Encoder Sim. Resolution

Set the resolution and activate the encoder emulation function (generation of encoder signals from the measured position from a resolver). Use this function to transfer the speed or position information from 1 frequency converter to another. To disable the function, select [0] Disabled.

Option: Fe		Function:
[0] *	Disabled	
[1]	512	
[2]	1024	
[3]	2048	
[4]	4096	

17-59 Resolver Interface

Activate the $\rm VLT^{\rm @}$ Resolver Input MCB 103 when the resolver parameters are selected.

To avoid damage to resolvers, adjust *parameter 17-50 Poles* and *parameter 17-53 Transformation Ratio* before enabling this parameter.

Option:	Function:
---------	-----------

[0] *	Disabled	
[1]	Enabled	

4.16.3 17-6* Monitoring and Application

This parameter group is for selecting extra functions when VLT® Encoder Input MCB 102 or VLT® Resolver Input MCB 103 is fitted into option slot B as speed feedback. Monitoring and application parameters cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

17-6	17-60 Feedback Direction	
Opt	ion:	Function:
		NOTICE This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.
		Change the detected encoder rotation direction without changing the wiring to the encoder.
[0] *	Clockwise	
[1]	Counter clockwise	

17-61 Feedback Signal Monitoring

Select which action the frequency converter should take if a faulty encoder signal is detected.

The encoder function in *parameter 17-61 Feedback Signal Monitoring* is an electrical check of the hardware circuit in the encoder system.

Option:		Function:
[0]	Disabled	
[1] *	Warning	
[2]	Trip	
[3]	Jog	
[4]	Freeze Output	
[5]	Max Speed	
[6]	Switch to Open Loop	
[7]	Select Setup 1	
[8]	Select Setup 2	
[9]	Select Setup 3	
[10]	Select Setup 4	
[11]	Stop & Trip	
[12]	Trip/Warning	
[13]	Trip/Catch	

4.17 Parameters: 18-** Data Readouts 2

4.17.1 18-5* Active Alarms/Warnings

The parameters in this group show the numbers of currently active alarms or warnings.

18	18-55 Active Alarm Numbers	
Range: Function:		
0*	[0 - 65535]	This parameter contains an array of up to 20 alarms that are currently active. The value 0 means no alarm.

18	18-56 Active Warning Numbers			
Ra	Range: Function:			
0*	[0 - 65535]	This parameter contains an array of up to 20 warnings that are currently active. The value 0 means no warning.		

18-9	18-90 Process PID Error			
Range:		Function:		
0 %* [-200 - 200 %] Give the present error value used by process PID controller.				

18-91 Process PID Output			
Rang	Range: Function:		
0 %*	[-200 - 200 %]	Give the present raw output value from the process PID controller.	

18-92 Process PID Clamped Output			
Range: Function:			
0 %*	[-200 - 200 %]	Give the present output value from the process PID controller after the clamp limits have been observed.	

18-93 Process PID Gain Scaled Output		
Range: Function:		Function:
0 %*	[-200 - 200 %]	Give the present output value from the process PID controller after the clamp limits have been observed, and the resulting value has been gain scaled.

4.18 Parameters: 21-** Ext. Closed Loop

21-10 Ext. 1 Ref./Feedback Unit		
Select the unit to be used with closed loop 1.		
Option: Function:		
[0]	None	
[1] *	%	
[5]	PPM	
[10]	1/min	
[11]	rpm	
[12]	Pulse/s	
[20]	I/s	
[21]	l/min	
[22]	l/h	
[23]	m³/s	
[24]	m³/min	
[25]	m³/h	
[30]	kg/s	
[31]	kg/min	
[32]	kg/h	
[33]	t/min	
[34]	t/h	
[40]	m/s	
[41]	m/min	
[45]	m	
[60]	°C	
[70]	mbar	
[71]	bar	
[72]	Pa	
[73]	kPa	
[74]	m WG	

21-10 Ext. 1 Ref./Feedback Unit		
Select the unit to be used with closed loop 1.		
Option:		Function:
[80]	kW	
[120]	GPM	
[121]	gal/s	
[122]	gal/min	
[123]	gal/h	
[124]	CFM	
[125]	ft³/s	
[126]	ft³/min	
[127]	ft³/h	
[130]	lb/s	
[131]	lb/min	
[132]	lb/h	
[140]	ft/s	
[141]	ft/min	
[145]	ft	
[160]	°F	
[170]	psi	
[171]	lb/in²	
[172]	in WG	
[173]	ft WG	
[180]	HP	

21-11 Ext. 1 Minimum Reference			
Range: Function:			
0 ExtPID1Unit*	[-999999.999 - par.	This parameter sets the	
	21-12 ExtPID1Unit]	minimum value that can	
		be obtained by the sum of	
		the setpoint and reference.	

21-12 Ext. 1 Maximum Reference			
Range: Function:			
100	[par. 21-11 -	This parameter sets the	
ExtPID1Unit	999999.999	maximum value that can	
	ExtPID1Unit]	be obtained by the sum of	
		the setpoint and reference.	

21-13 Ext. 1 Reference Source

This parameter defines which input on the frequency converter should be treated as the source of the reference signal.

Option:		Function:
[0] *	No function	
[1]	Analog Input 53	
[2]	Analog Input 54	
[7]	Frequency input 29	
[8]	Frequency input 33	
[11]	Local bus reference	
[20]	Digital pot.meter	
[21]	Analog input X30/11	
[22]	Analog input X30/12	
[30]	Option Reference	
[32]	Bus PCD	



21-14 Ext. 1 Feedback Source			
This parameter defines which input on the frequency converter should be treated as the source of the feedback signal.			
Option: Function:			
[0] *	No function		
[1]	Analog Input 53		
[2]	Analog Input 54		
[3]	Frequency input 29		
[4]	Frequency input 33		
[7]	Analog Input X30/11		
[8]	Analog Input X30/12		

Setpoint		
Function:		
[par. 21-11 - par.	This parameter is used as	
21-12 ExtPID1Unit]	the reference for comparing	
	feedback values. The	
	setpoint can be offset with	
	digital, analog, or bus	
	references.	
	[par. 21-11 - par.	

21-17 Ext. 1 Reference [Unit]			
Range:		Function:	
0 ExtPID1Unit*	[-999999.999 -	Return the resulting	
	999999.999 ExtPID1Unit]	reference value.	

21-18 Ext. 1 Feedback [Unit]			
Range: Function:			
0 ExtPID1Unit*	[-999999.999 -	Return the feedback	
	999999.999 ExtPID1Unit]	value.	

21-1	21-19 Ext. 1 Output [%]		
Rang	ge:	Function:	
0 %*	[0 - 100 %]	Return the extended closed loop 1 PID	
		controller output value.	

21-20 Ext. 1 Normal/Inverse Control

Select [0] Normal if the controller output should be reduced when the feedback is higher than the reference. Select [1] Inverse if the output should be increased when the feedback is higher than the reference.

Option:			Function:
	[0] *	Normal	
	[1]	Inverse	

21-2	21-21 Ext. 1 Proportional Gain		
Range: Function:			
0.01*	[0 - 10]] The proportional gain indicates the number of	
	times the error between the setpoint and the		
		feedback signal is to be applied.	

21-22 Ext. 1 Integral Time			
Range:		Function:	
10000 s*	[0.01 -	The integrator provides an increasing	
	10000 s]	gain at a constant error between the	
		setpoint and the feedback signal. The	
		integral time is the time needed by the	
		integrator to reach the same gain as the	
		proportional gain.	

21-23 Ext. 1 Differentation Time			
Range:	Function:		
0 s* [0 - 10 s]	The differentiator does not react to a constant error. It only provides a gain when the error changes. The quicker the error changes, the stronger the gain from the differentiator.		

21	21-24 Ext. 1 Dif. Gain Limit		
Ra	nge:	Function:	
5*	[1 - 50]	Set a limit for the differentiator gain (DG). The DG	
		increases if there are fast changes. Limit the DG to	
		obtain a pure differentiator gain at slow changes	
		and a constant differentiator gain where quick	
		changes occur.	



4.19 Parameters: 22-** Appl. Functions

4.19.1 22-0* Miscellaneous

22-	22-00 External Interlock Delay		
Rar	ige:	Function:	
0 s*	[0 - 600 s]	Set the time for delaying the external interlock command.	

4.19.2 22-4* Sleep Mode

Sleep mode allows the frequency converter to stop itself in situations where the system is in balance. This function saves energy and prevents excessive pressure, water excessively cooled in cooling towers, and building pressurization problems in the system. This is also important as some applications prevent the frequency converter from adjusting the motor down to low speed. This might damage pumps, cause insufficient lubrication in gearboxes, and make fans unstable.

If the load on the system allows for stop of the motor and the load is monitored, the motor can be stopped by activating the sleep mode function. This is not a normal stop command but ramps the motor down to 0 RPM and stops energizing the motor. When in sleep mode, certain conditions are monitored to find out when load has been applied to the system again.

To facilitate use of the sleep mode function, the action takes place at raising edge of the external digital input signal applied, and the sleep mode enable is level-based (programmed via the parameters for configuration of the digital inputs, parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs). Then, the frequency converter judges the conditions for going into sleep mode or wake up automatically.

If digital input for sleep mode enable removed during the sleep status, the frequency converter could still come out of wake up according to the real wake-up conditions for this time.

There are 2 different ways of using the sleep mode function after sleep mode function enabled:

1) In systems where the pressure or temperature is controlled by an external PI controller, the wake-up conditions cannot be based on feedback from the pressure/temperature transducer as the setpoint is not known. Set *parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode* to [0] Speed open loop.

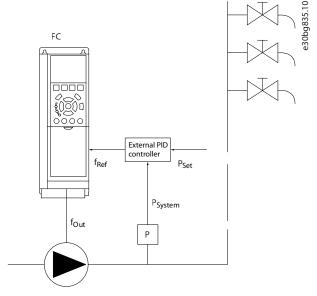


Illustration 4.49 Sleep Mode Function

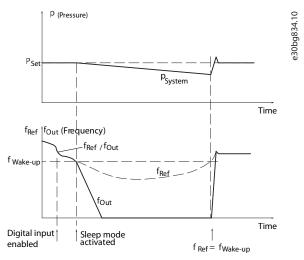


Illustration 4.50 Sequence Diagram

In above example, the speed reference is set by an external reference signal from external PI controller. Desired pressure P_{set} is not known for the frequency converter. When low speed is detected, the motor is going into sleep mode and stopped, but the reference signal (f_{ref}) from the external controller is still monitored. Because of the low pressure created, the controller increases the reference signal to gain pressure. When the reference signal has reached a set value, f_{wake}, which is set in parameter 22-42 Wake-up Speed [RPM] or parameter 22-43 Wake-up Speed [Hz], the motor restarts.

2) Systems where the integrated PI controller is used for controlling pressure or temperature, for example boost systems with a pressure feedback signal applied to the frequency converter from a pressure transducer.

4

- 1. Set parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode to [3]
 Process
- 2. Configure the PI controller for reference and feedback signals.

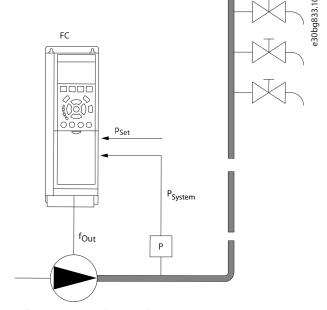


Illustration 4.51 Sleep Mode Function

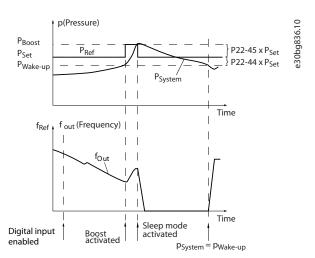


Illustration 4.52 Sequence Diagram

If the difference between pressure reference and feedback is smaller than the threshold, the boost function activated, which means the frequency converter increases the setpoint for pressure to ensure a slight overpressure in the system (the boost is set in *parameter 22-45 Setpoint Boost*). The feedback from the pressure transducer is monitored. When this pressure has dropped with a set percentage below the normal setpoint for pressure (P_{set}), the motor ramps up again. The pressure is then controlled for reaching the set value (P_{set}).

	External PI controller or manual control (parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode: Open loop)		Internal PI controller (parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode: Closed loop)	
	Sleep mode activated	Wake up	Sleep mode activated	Wake up
Pressure/temperature (transmitter connected)	-	-	Yes	Yes
Output frequency	Yes	Yes	-	_
Boost function	-	-	Yes	-
Sleep mode enable	External DI signal (parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs)			

Table 4.21 Configuration Overview

The goal of the boost function is to keep the frequency converter in sleep mode as long as possible to avoid cycling the motor on and off frequently, and also keep the controlled system variable within the acceptable range. Boost is only to be used when *parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode* is set to [3] *Process*, and the integrated PI controller is used.

NOTICE

Sleep mode is not active when local reference is active (set speed manually with the navigation keys on the LCP). See parameter 3-13 Reference Site.

Does not work in hand-on mode. Carry out auto set-up in open loop before setting input/output in closed loop.





22-4	22-40 Minimum Run Time		
Rang	ge:	Function:	
10 s*	[0 - 600 s]	Set the wanted minimum running time for the motor after a start command (digital input or bus) before entering sleep mode.	
22-4	22-41 Minimum Sleep Time		
Rang	ge:	Function:	
10 s*	[0 - 600 s]	Set the minimum time for staying in sleep mode. This time overrides any wake-up conditions.	

22-42 Wake-up Speed [RPM]			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[par.	To be used if parameter 0-02 Motor Speed	
related*	4-11 -	Unit has been set for [0] RPM (parameter	
	par. 4-13	not visible if [1] Hz is selected). Only to be	
	RPM]	used if parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode is	
		set for [0] Speed open loop and an external	
		controller applies speed reference.	
		Set the reference speed at which the sleep	
		mode should be activated or be cancelled.	

22-43 Wake-up Speed [Hz]			
Range:	: Function:		
Size	[par.	To be used if parameter 0-02 Motor Speed	
related*	4-12 -	Unit has been set for [1] Hz (parameter not	
	par.	visible if [0] RPM is selected). Only to be	
	4-14 used if parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode is		
	Hz]	set for [0] Speed open loop and speed	
		reference is applied by an external controller	
		controlling the pressure.	
		Set the reference speed at which the sleep	
		mode should be activated or be cancelled.	

22-4	22-44 Wake-Up Ref./FB Diff			
Rang	ge:	Function:		
10	[0 -	Only to be used if parameter 1-00 Configuration		
%*	100 %]	Mode is set to [1] Speed closed loop, and the		
		integrated PI controller is used for controlling the		
		pressure.		
		Set the pressure drop allowed in percentage of		
		setpoint for the pressure (P _{set}) before going into		
		sleep mode and canceling the sleep mode.		
		If setting for 20%, the threshold is the difference		
		between pressure reference and feedback as		
		follows:		
		$P_{\text{Wake-up}} = P_{\text{Set}} - P_{\text{Set}} \times 0.20$		

22-4	22-45 Setpoint Boost			
Ran	ge:	Function:		
0 % *	[-100 - 100 %]	Only to be used if <i>parameter 1-00 Configuration Mode</i> is set for [1] <i>Speed closed loop</i> , and the integrated PI controller is used. In systems with for example constant pressure control, it is advantageous to increase the system pressure before the motor is stopped. This extends the time in which the motor is stopped and helps to avoid frequent start/stop. Set the desired overpressure/temperature in percentage of setpoint for the pressure (P _{set})/ temperature before entering the sleep mode. If setting for 5%, the boost pressure is P _{set} x 1.05.		
		The negative values can be used for cooling tower control where a negative change is needed.		

22-46 Maximum Boost Time			
Ran	ge:	Function:	
60	[0 -	Only to be used when parameter 1-00 Configu-	
s*	600 s]	ration Mode is set for [1] Speed closed loop, and	
		the integrated PI controller is used for controlling	
		the pressure.	
		Set the maximum time for which boost mode is	
		allowed. If the set time is exceeded, sleep mode i	
		entered, not waiting for the set boost pressure to	
		be reached.	

4.19.3 22-6* Broken-belt Detection

Use broken-belt detection in both closed-loop systems and open-loop systems for pumps and fans. If the estimated motor torque (current) is below the broken-belt torque (current) value (parameter 22-61 Broken Belt Torque), the frequency converter output frequency is above or equal to 15 Hz, and the condition has been active for parameter 22-62 Broken Belt Delay, parameter 22-60 Broken Belt Function is performed.

22-6	22-60 Broken Belt Function		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the actions to be performed if the broken-belt condition is detected.	
[0] *	Off		
[1]	Warning	The frequency converter continues to run, but activates warning 95, Broken belt. A frequency converter digital output or a serial communication bus communicates a warning to other equipment.	
[2]	Trip	The frequency converter stops running and activates <i>alarm 95, Broken belt</i> . A frequency converter digital output or a serial communication bus communicates an alarm to other equipment.	
[3]	Stop and Trip		

22-61 Broken Belt Torque			
Range: Function:			
10 %*	[0 - 100 %]	[0 - 100 %] Set the broken-belt torque as a percentage	
	of the rated motor torque.		

22-62 Broken Belt Delay			
Range: Function:			
10 s*	[0 - 600	Set the time for which the broken-belt	
		conditions must be active before carrying out	
		the action selected in <i>parameter 22-60 Broken</i>	
		Belt Function.	

4.20 Parameters: 30-** Special Features

4.20.1 30-2* Adv. Start Adjust

30-20 High Starting Torque Time [s]			
Range:	Function:		
Size	[0 - 60	This function is active together with	
related*	s]	speed control closed loop. In order to	
		obtain a high starting torque, approxi-	
		mately 2 x I _{VLT,N} for maximum 0.5 s.	
	However, the current is limited b		
		protection limit of the frequency	
		converter.	

30-21 High Starting Torque Current [%]				
Range:		Function:		
Size related*	[0 - 200.0 %]	High starting torque current for PM motor in VVC+ mode without feedback.		

30-	30-22 Locked Rotor Protection			
Ор	Option: Function:			
		Available for PM motors only, in VVC+ open-loop mode.		
[0]	Off			
[1]	On	Protects the motor from the locked rotor condition. The control algorithm detects a possible locked rotor condition in the motor and trips the frequency converter to protect the motor.		

30-23 Locked Rotor Detection Time [s]			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0.05 - 1 s]	Time period for detecting the locked rotor condition. A low parameter value leads to faster detection.	

30-24 Locked Rotor Detection Speed Error [%]			
Range:		Function:	
25 %*	[0 - 100 %]		

4.21 Parameters: 40-** Special Settings

40-40 Fault Log: Ext. Reference				
Range:		Function:		
0 %*	[-200 - 200 %]	View the present reference value applied on impulse or analog basis, when the logged event occurred.		

40-41 Fault Log: Frequency		
Range:		Function:
0 Hz*	[0 - 6500 Hz]	View the actual motor frequency value,
		when the logged event occurred.

40-42 Fault Log: Current		
Range:		Function:
0 A*	[0 - 10000 A]	View the motor current measured when the logged event occurred.

40-43 Fault Log: Voltage		
Range:		Function:
0 V*	[0 - 6000 V]	View the motor voltage when the logged event occurred.

40-44 Fault Log: DC Link Voltage			
Ran	ge:	Function:	
0 V*	[0 - 10000 V]	View the DC Link voltage when the logged	
		event occurred.	



40	40-45 Fault Log: Control Word							
Ra	ange:	Function:						
0*	[0 - 65535]	View the control word sent from the drive,						
		when the logged event occurred.						
40	40-46 Fault Log: Status Word							
Ra	Range: Function:							
0*	[0 - 65535]	View the status word sent from the drive, when						

the logged event occurred.

4



5 Parameter Lists

5.1 Introduction

Changes during operation

True means that the parameter can be changed while the frequency converter is in operation. False means that the frequency converter must be stopped before a change can be made.

4 set-up

All set-ups: The parameter can be set individually in each of the 4 set-ups, for example 1 single parameter can have 4 different data values.

1 set-up: The data value is the same in all set-ups.

Data	Description	Туре
type		
2	Integer 8	Int8
3	Integer 16	Int16
4	Integer 32	Int32
5	Unsigned 8	Uint8
6	Unsigned 16	Uint16
7	Unsigned 32	Uint32
9	Visible string	VisStr
33	Normalized value 2 bytes	N2
35	Bit sequence of 16 boolean variables	V2
54	Time difference w/o date	TimD

Table 5.1 Data Type

5.1.1 Conversion

The various attributes of each parameter are shown in factory setting. Parameter values are transferred as whole numbers only. Conversion factors are therefore used to transfer decimals.

A conversion factor of 0.1 means that the value transferred is multiplied by 0.1. The value 100 is therefore read as 10.0.

Conversion index	Conversion factor
100	1
75	3600000
74	3600
70	60
67	1/60
6	1000000
5	100000
4	10000
3	1000
2	100
1	10
0	1
-1	0.1
-2	0.01
-3	0.001
-4	0.0001
-5	0.00001
-6	0.000001

Table 5.2 Conversion Table



5.2 Parameter Lists

5.2.1 0-** Operation / Display

Para	Parameter description	Default value	4 set-up	Change	Conversion	Type
meter				during	index	
numb				operation		
er						
	asic Settings	2.1/4	<u> </u>	T01.15		
0-01	Language	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-02	Motor Speed Unit	[1] Hz	4 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
0-04	Operating State at Power-up (Hand)	[1] Forced stop, ref=old	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
	et-up Operations	1				
0-10	Active Set-up	[1] Set-up 1	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-11	Edit Set-up	[1] Set-up 1	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-12	This Set-up Linked to	[0] Not linked	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
0-13	Readout: Linked Set-ups	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
0-14	Readout: Edit Set-ups / Channel	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
0-2* LC	P Display					
0-20	Display Line 1.1 Small	1617	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
0-21	Display Line 1.2 Small	1614	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
0-22	Display Line 1.3 Small	1610	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
0-23	Display Line 2 Large	1613	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
0-24	Display Line 3 Large	1502	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
0-25	My Personal Menu	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint16
0-3* L0	P Custom Readout	•				
0-30	Unit for User-defined Readout	[1] %	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-31	Min Value of User-defined Readout	0 CustomReadoutUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int32
0-32	Max Value of User-defined Readout	100 CustomReadoutUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int32
0-37	Display Text 1	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
0-38	Display Text 2	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
0-39	Display Text 3	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
0-4* LC	CP Keypad	'				
0-40	[Hand on] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-41	[Off] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-42	[Auto on] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-43	[Reset] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-5* C	ppy/Save	ı				
0-50	LCP Copy	[0] No copy	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
0-51	Set-up Copy	[0] No copy	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
0-6* Pa	assword	1	-			
0-60	Main Menu Password	100 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Int16
0-61	Access to Main Menu w/o Password	[0] Full access	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8

5

5.2.2 1-** Load and Motor

Param	Parameter description	Default value	4 set-up	Change	Conversion	Type
eter				during	index	
numb				operation		
er						
	eneral Settings					
1-00	Configuration Mode	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-01	Motor Control Principle	[1] VVC+	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-03	Torque Characteristics	[0] Constant torque	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-04	Overload Mode	[1] Normal torque	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-05	Local Mode Configuration	[2] As mode par 1-00	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-06	Clockwise Direction	[0] Normal	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
	pecial Settings		 			
1-10	Motor Construction	[0] Asynchron	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-14	Damping Gain	140 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
1-15	Low Speed Filter Time Const.	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
1-16	High Speed Filter Time Const.	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
1-17	Voltage filter time const.	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
1-18	Min. Current at No Load	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
	otor Data					
1-20	Motor Power [kW]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	1	Uint32
1-22	Motor Voltage	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-23	Motor Frequency	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-24	Motor Current	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Uint32
1-25	Motor Nominal Speed	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	67	Uint16
1-26	Motor Cont. Rated Torque	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint32
1-29	Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)	[0] Off	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
	dv. Motor Data					
1-30	Stator Resistance (Rs)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-31	Rotor Resistance (Rr)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-33	Stator Leakage Reactance (X1)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-34	Rotor Leakage Reactance (X2)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-35	Main Reactance (Xh)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-36	Iron Loss Resistance (Rfe)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint32
1-37	d-axis Inductance (Ld)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
1-38	q-axis Inductance (Lq)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
1-39	Motor Poles	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
1-40	Back EMF at 1000 RPM	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-41	Motor Angle Offset	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
1-46	Position Detection Gain	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
1-47	Torque Calibration	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
	ad Indep. Setting		ļ		_	
1-50	Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
1-51	Min Speed Normal Magnetising [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
1-52	Min Speed Normal Magnetising [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-55	U/f Characteristic - U	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
1-56	U/f Characteristic - F	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
1-58	Flying Start Test Pulses Current	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-59	Flying Start Test Pulses Frequency	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
	ad Depen. Setting	402.27	A.II.	TC:		1
1-60	Low Speed Load Compensation	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
1-61	High Speed Load Compensation	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
1-62	Slip Compensation	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16





1-63	Slip Compensation Time Constant	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
1-64	Resonance Damping	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
1-65	Resonance Damping Time Constant	5 ms	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint8
1-66	Min. Current at Low Speed	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
1-7* St	art Adjustments					
1-70	Start Mode	[0] Rotor Detection	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-71	Start Delay	0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint8
1-72	Start Function	[2] Coast/delay time	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-73	Flying Start	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-74	Start Speed [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
1-75	Start Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-76	Start Current	0 A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
1-77	Compressor Start Max Speed [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
1-78	Compressor Start Max Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
1-79	Compressor Start Max Time to Trip	5 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
1-8* St	op Adjustments					
1-80	Function at Stop	[0] Coast	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-81	Min Speed for Function at Stop [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
1-82	Min Speed for Function at Stop [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-9* M	1-9* Motor Temperature					
1-90	Motor Thermal Protection	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-91	Motor External Fan	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-93	Thermistor Resource	[0] None	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8

5.2.3 2-** Brakes

Param eter numb er	Parameter description	Default value	4 set-up	Change during operation	Conversion index	Туре
2-0* D	C-Brake					
2-00	DC Hold Current	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
2-01	DC Brake Current	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
2-02	DC Braking Time	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
2-03	DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
2-04	DC Brake Cut In Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
2-06	Parking Current	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
2-07	Parking Time	3 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
2-1* Br	ake Energy Funct.	•				
2-10	Brake Function	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
2-16	AC brake Max. Current	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint32
2-17	Over-voltage Control	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
2-19	Over-voltage Gain	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16

5

5.2.4 3-** Reference / Ramps

Param eter numb	Parameter description	Default value	4 set-up	Change during operation	Conversion index	Туре
er						
3-0* Re	ference Limits					
3-00	Reference Range	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
3-01	Reference/Feedback Unit	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
3-02	Minimum Reference	- ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
3-03	Maximum Reference	- ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
3-04	Reference Function	[0] Sum	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
3-1* Re	eferences					
3-10	Preset Reference	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
3-11	Jog Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
3-12	Catch up/slow Down Value	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
3-13	Reference Site	[0] Linked to Hand / Auto	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
3-14	Preset Relative Reference	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int32
3-15	Reference Resource 1	[1] Analog Input 53	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
3-16	Reference Resource 2	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
3-17	Reference Resource 3	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
3-18	Relative Scaling Reference Resource	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
3-19	Jog Speed [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
3-4* Ra		P ····				
3-40	Ramp 1 Type	[0] Linear	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
3-41	Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-42	Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-45	Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-46	Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-47	Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-48	Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-5* Ra	imp 2		-			
3-50	Ramp 2 Type	[0] Linear	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-51	Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-52	Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-55	Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-56	Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-57	Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-58	Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-6* Ra	imp 3					
3-60	Ramp 3 Type	[0] Linear	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-61	Ramp 3 Ramp up Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-62	Ramp 3 Ramp down Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-65	Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-66	Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-67	Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-68	Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-7* Ra	imp 4					
3-70	Ramp 4 Type	[0] Linear	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-71	Ramp 4 Ramp up Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-72	Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-75	Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-76	Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-77	Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8





3-78	Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-8* C	3-8* Other Ramps					
3-80	Jog Ramp Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-81	Quick Stop Ramp Time	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-82	Starting Ramp Up Time	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint32
3-9* D	3-9* Digital Pot.Meter					
3-90	Step Size	0.10 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
3-91	Ramp Time	1 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
3-92	Power Restore	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
3-93	Maximum Limit	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
3-94	Minimum Limit	-100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
3-95	Ramp Delay	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	TimD

5.2.5 4-** Limits / Warnings

Param eter numb er	Parameter description	Default value	4 set-up	Change during operation	Conversion index	Type
4-1* M	otor Limits	-				
4-10	Motor Speed Direction	[2] Both directions	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
4-11	Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-12	Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-13	Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-14	Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-16	Torque Limit Motor Mode	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-17	Torque Limit Generator Mode	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-18	Current Limit	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint32
4-19	Max Output Frequency	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint16
4-2* Li	nit Factors	-				
4-20	Torque Limit Factor Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
4-21	Speed Limit Factor Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
4-3* M	otor Fb Monitor					
4-30	Motor Feedback Loss Function	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
4-31	Motor Feedback Speed Error	300 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-32	Motor Feedback Loss Timeout	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
4-4* Sp	eed Monitor					
4-40	Warning Freq. Low	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
4-41	Warning Freq. High	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
4-5* Ac	lj. Warnings	-				
4-50	Warning Current Low	0 A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
4-51	Warning Current High	ImaxVLT (P1637 (16.00)) A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
4-52	Warning Speed Low	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-53	Warning Speed High	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-54	Warning Reference Low	-999999.999 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
4-55	Warning Reference High	999999.999 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
4-56	Warning Feedback Low	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
4-57	Warning Feedback High	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
4-58	Missing Motor Phase Function	[2] Trip 1000 ms	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
4-6* Sp	eed Bypass					
4-60	Bypass Speed From [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-61	Bypass Speed From [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-62	Bypass Speed To [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-63	Bypass Speed To [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16

5

5.2.6 5-** Digital In/Out

Part	Param	Parameter description	Default value	4 set-up	Change	Conversion	Туре
er	eter				1	index	
So	numb				operation		
Formular Formular							
Family F		-	<u> </u>				
5-02 Terminal 29 Mode	5-00	Digital I/O Mode	[0] PNP	All set-ups		-	Uint8
5-10 □ Iterminal 18 Digital Input ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE — United 5-10 Terminal 19 Digital Input ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE — United 5-11 Terminal 19 Digital Input ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE — United 5-13 Terminal 22 Digital Input ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE — United 5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE — United 5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE — United 5-16 Terminal 320/20 Digital Input ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE — United 5-17 Terminal 320/20 Digital Input ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE — United 5-18 Terminal 27 Digital Input ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE — United 5-18 Terminal 27 Digital Output ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE — United 5-31 Terminal 27 Digital Output ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE — United 5-32 Term 28/00 Digital Cut (MCB 101)<	5-01	Terminal 27 Mode	[0] Input	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
ExpressionLimit			[0] Input	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
ExpressionLimit All set-ups							
5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input		J 1	•	All set-ups		-	Uint8
ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE - Uint8		Terminal 19 Digital Input	ExpressionLimit			-	Uint8
ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE - Uint8	5-12	Terminal 27 Digital Input	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
S-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input	5-13	Terminal 29 Digital Input	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
S-16 Terminal X30/2 Digital Input	5-14	Terminal 32 Digital Input	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-17 Terminal X30/3 Digital Input	5-15	Terminal 33 Digital Input	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
S-18 Terminal X30/4 Digital Input	5-16	Terminal X30/2 Digital Input	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
S-3* Digital Outputs	5-17	Terminal X30/3 Digital Input	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
ExpressionLimit	5-18	Terminal X30/4 Digital Input	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
S-31 Terminal 29 Digital Output	5-3* Di	gital Outputs					
S-32 Term X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101) [0] No operation All set-ups TRUE - Uint8	5-30	Terminal 27 Digital Output	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-33 Term X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101) [0] No operation All set-ups TRUE — Uint8 5-47 Relays Function Relay ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE — Uint8 5-40 Function Relay ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE — Uint16 5-41 On Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE — Uint16 5-42 Off Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE — Uint16 5-50 Term. 29 Low Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-51 Term. 29 Low Ref/Feedb. Value 0 RefrenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-52 Term. 29 High Ref/Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-53 Term. 29 High Ref/Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups FALSE -3 Uint16 5-55 Term. 33 Low Ref/Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-56 Term. 33 H	5-31	Terminal 29 Digital Output	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-4° Relays ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE — Uint8 5-40 Function Relay ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE — Uint16 5-41 On Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE -2 Uint16 5-52* Pulse Input 5-50 Term. 29 Low Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-51 Term. 29 High Frequency ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-52 Term. 29 High Ref-Feedb. Value 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-53 Term. 29 High Ref-Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-54 Pulse Filter Time Constant #29 100 ms All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-55 Term. 33 Low Frequency ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-56 Term. 33 High Frequency ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32	5-32	Term X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101)	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE - Uint8	5-33	Term X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101)	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-41 On Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE -2 Uint16 5-42 Off Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE -2 Uint16 5-59 Pulse Input SAII set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-50 Term. 29 Low Refuency ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-51 Term. 29 Low Ref/Feedb. Value 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-52 Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-53 Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-54 Pulse Filter Time Constant #29 100 ms All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-55 Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-56 Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups <td>5-4* Re</td> <td>elays</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	5-4* Re	elays					
5-42 Off Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE -2 Uint16 5-5* Pulse Input	5-40	Function Relay	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-5* Pulse Input 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-50 Term. 29 Low Frequency ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-51 Term. 29 High Frequency ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-52 Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-53 Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-54 Pulse Filter Time Constant #29 100 ms All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-55 Term. 33 Low Frequency ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-56 Term. 33 High Frequency ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-57 Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-58 Term. 33 High Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE	5-41	On Delay, Relay	0.01 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
TRUE O Uint32 September Septembe	5-42	Off Delay, Relay	0.01 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-51 Term. 29 High Frequency ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-52 Term. 29 Low Ref/Feedb. Value 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-53 Term. 29 High Ref/Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-54 Pulse Filter Time Constant #29 100 ms All set-ups FALSE -3 Uint16 5-55 Term. 33 Low Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-56 Term. 33 High Frequency ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-57 Term. 33 Low Ref/Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-58 Term. 33 High Ref/Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-59 Pulse Filter Time Constant #33 100 ms All set-ups FALSE -3 Uint16 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable ExpressionLimit All set-ups<	5-5* Pu	ulse Input					
5-52 Term. 29 Low Ref/Feedb. Value 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-53 Term. 29 High Ref/Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-54 Pulse Filter Time Constant #29 100 ms All set-ups FALSE -3 Uint16 5-55 Term. 33 Low Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-56 Term. 33 Low Ref/Feedb. Value 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-57 Term. 33 Low Ref/Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-58 Term. 33 High Ref/Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-59 Pulse Filter Time Constant #33 100 ms All set-ups TRUE -3 Uint32 5-69 Pulse Output Variable ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-62 Pulse Output Max Freq #27 ExpressionLimit	5-50	Term. 29 Low Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-53 Term. 29 High Ref/Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-54 Pulse Filter Time Constant #29 100 ms All set-ups FALSE -3 Uint16 5-55 Term. 33 Low Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-56 Term. 33 High Frequency ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-57 Term. 33 Low Ref/Feedb. Value 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-58 Term. 33 High Ref/Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-59 Pulse Filter Time Constant #33 100 ms All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-59 Pulse Output Variable ExpressionLimit All set-ups FALSE -3 Uint16 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-62 Pulse Output Max Freq #27 ExpressionLimit Al	5-51	Term. 29 High Frequency	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-54 Pulse Filter Time Constant #29 100 ms All set-ups FALSE -3 Uint16 5-55 Term. 33 Low Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-56 Term. 33 High Frequency ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-57 Term. 33 Low Ref/Feedb. Value 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-58 Term. 33 High Ref/Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-59 Pulse Filter Time Constant #33 100 ms All set-ups FALSE -3 Uint32 5-59 Pulse Output Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups FALSE -3 Uint16 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-62 Pulse Output Max Freq #27 ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-65 Pulse Output Max Freq #29 ExpressionLimit All set-u	5-52	Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
5-55 Term. 33 Low Frequency 5-56 Term. 33 High Frequency 5-57 Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value 5-58 Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value 5-58 Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value 5-58 Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value 5-59 Pulse Filter Time Constant #33 5-68 Pulse Output 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable 5-62 Pulse Output Max Freq #27 5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable 5-65 Pulse Output Max Freq #29 5-66 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable 5-67 Pulse Output Max Freq #29 5-68 Pulse Output Max Freq #29 5-69 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable 5-60 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable 5-61 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable 5-62 Pulse Output Max Freq #29 5-63 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable 5-64 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable 5-65 Pulse Output Max Freq #29 5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable 5-70 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable 5-70 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable 5-70 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Per Revolution 5-70 Terminal X30/3 Erecoder Direction 5-70 Digital & Relay Bus Control 70 N/A 71 All set-ups 72 TRUE 73 Uint32 73 Uint16 74 All set-ups 75 FALSE 75 Uint8 75 Pulse Output Max Freq #30/6 76 Pulse Output Max Freq #30/6 77 Pulse Output Max Freq #30/6 78 Pulse Output Max Freq #30/6 79 Pulse Output Max Freq #30/6 70 N/A 70 All set-ups 70 Uint32 71 True 71 Output Max Freq #30/6 71 True 72 N2	5-53	Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
5-56 Term. 33 High Frequency ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-57 Term. 33 Low Ref/Feedb. Value 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-58 Term. 33 High Ref/Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int32 5-59 Pulse Filter Time Constant #33 100 ms All set-ups FALSE -3 Uint16 5-6* Pulse Output 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-62 Pulse Output Max Freq #27 ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-65 Pulse Output Max Freq #29 ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable [0] No operation All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-68 Pulse Output Max Freq #30/6 5000 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-7* 24V Encoder Input 5-70 Term 32/33 Pulses Per Revolution 1024 N/A All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint16 5-71 Term 32/33 Encoder Direction [0] Clockwise All set-ups FALSE - Uint8 5-98 Bus Controlled 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control 0 % All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-93 Pulse Out #27 Bus Control 0 % All set-ups TRUE -2 N2	5-54	Pulse Filter Time Constant #29	100 ms	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint16
5-57 Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	5-55	Term. 33 Low Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-58 Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE -3 Uint16 5-6* Pulse Filter Time Constant #33 100 ms All set-ups FALSE -3 Uint16 5-6* Pulse Output 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-62 Pulse Output Max Freq #27 ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-65 Pulse Output Max Freq #29 ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable [0] No operation All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-68 Pulse Output Max Freq #X30/6 5000 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-7* 24V Encoder Input 5-70 Term 32/33 Pulses Per Revolution 1024 N/A All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint16 5-9* Bus Controlled 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control 0 N/A All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-93 Pulse Out #27 Bus Control 0 % All set-ups TRUE - Uint8	5-56	Term. 33 High Frequency	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-59 Pulse Filter Time Constant #33 100 ms All set-ups FALSE -3 Uint16 5-6* Pulse Output 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-62 Pulse Output Max Freq #27 ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-65 Pulse Output Max Freq #29 ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable [0] No operation All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-68 Pulse Output Max Freq #X30/6 5000 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-7* 24V Encoder Input 5-70 Term 32/33 Pulses Per Revolution 1024 N/A All set-ups FALSE - Uint8 5-9* Bus Controlled 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control 0 N/A All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-93 Pulse Out #27 Bus Control 0 N/A All set-ups TRUE - Uint8	5-57	Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
5-6* Pulse Output 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-62 Pulse Output Max Freq #27 ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-65 Pulse Output Max Freq #29 ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable [0] No operation All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-68 Pulse Output Max Freq #X30/6 5000 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-7* 24V Encoder Input 5-70 Term 32/33 Pulses Per Revolution 1024 N/A All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint16 5-71 Term 32/33 Encoder Direction [0] Clockwise All set-ups FALSE - Uint8 5-9* Bus Controlled 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control 0 N/A All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-93 Pulse Out #27 Bus Control 0 % All set-ups TRUE - 2 N2	5-58	Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-62 Pulse Output Max Freq #27 ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-65 Pulse Output Max Freq #29 ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable [0] No operation All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-68 Pulse Output Max Freq #X30/6 5000 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-7* 24V Encoder Input 5-70 Term 32/33 Pulses Per Revolution 1024 N/A All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint16 5-71 Term 32/33 Encoder Direction [0] Clockwise All set-ups FALSE - Uint8 5-9* Bus Controlled 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control 0 N/A All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-93 Pulse Out #27 Bus Control 0 % All set-ups TRUE -2 N2	5-59	Pulse Filter Time Constant #33	100 ms	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint16
5-62 Pulse Output Max Freq #27 ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-65 Pulse Output Max Freq #29 ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable [0] No operation All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-68 Pulse Output Max Freq #X30/6 5000 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-7* 24V Encoder Input 5-70 Term 32/33 Pulses Per Revolution 1024 N/A All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint16 5-71 Term 32/33 Encoder Direction [0] Clockwise All set-ups FALSE - Uint8 5-9* Bus Controlled 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control 0 N/A All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-93 Pulse Out #27 Bus Control 0 % All set-ups TRUE -2 N2	5-6* Pu	ulse Output					
5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE – Uint8 5-65 Pulse Output Max Freq #29 ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable [0] No operation All set-ups TRUE – Uint8 5-68 Pulse Output Max Freq #X30/6 5000 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-7* 24V Encoder Input 5-70 Term 32/33 Pulses Per Revolution 1024 N/A All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint16 5-71 Term 32/33 Encoder Direction [0] Clockwise All set-ups FALSE – Uint8 5-9* Bus Controlled 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control 0 N/A All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-93 Pulse Out #27 Bus Control 0 % All set-ups TRUE -2 N2	5-60	Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-65 Pulse Output Max Freq #29 ExpressionLimit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable [0] No operation All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 5-68 Pulse Output Max Freq #X30/6 5000 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-7* 24V Encoder Input 5-70 Term 32/33 Pulses Per Revolution 1024 N/A All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint16 5-71 Term 32/33 Encoder Direction [0] Clockwise All set-ups FALSE - Uint8 5-9* Bus Controlled 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control 0 N/A All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-93 Pulse Out #27 Bus Control 0 % All set-ups TRUE -2 N2	5-62	Pulse Output Max Freq #27	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable [0] No operation All set-ups TRUE – Uint8 5-68 Pulse Output Max Freq #X30/6 5000 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-7* 24V Encoder Input 5-70 Term 32/33 Pulses Per Revolution 1024 N/A All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint16 5-71 Term 32/33 Encoder Direction [0] Clockwise All set-ups FALSE – Uint8 5-9* Bus Controlled 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control 0 N/A All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-93 Pulse Out #27 Bus Control 0 % All set-ups TRUE -2 N2	5-63	Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-68 Pulse Output Max Freq #X30/6 5000 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-7* 24V Encoder Input 2	5-65	Pulse Output Max Freq #29	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-7* 24V Encoder Input 5-78	5-66		[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
5-7* 24V Encoder Input 5-78	5-68	Pulse Output Max Freq #X30/6	·	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-70 Term 32/33 Pulses Per Revolution 1024 N/A All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint16 5-71 Term 32/33 Encoder Direction [0] Clockwise All set-ups FALSE - Uint8 5-9* Bus Controlled 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control 0 N/A All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-93 Pulse Out #27 Bus Control 0 % All set-ups TRUE -2 N2	5-7* 24	·	1				
5-71 Term 32/33 Encoder Direction [0] Clockwise All set-ups FALSE – Uint8 5-9* Bus Controlled 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control 0 N/A All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-93 Pulse Out #27 Bus Control 0 % All set-ups TRUE -2 N2		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1024 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
5-9* Bus Controlled 5-9* Bus Controlled 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control 0 N/A All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint32 5-93 Pulse Out #27 Bus Control 0 % All set-ups TRUE -2 N2				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_	
5-90Digital & Relay Bus Control0 N/AAll set-upsTRUE0Uint325-93Pulse Out #27 Bus Control0 %All set-upsTRUE-2N2			l				
5-93 Pulse Out #27 Bus Control 0 % All set-ups TRUE -2 N2			0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				· · · · · ·			
	5-94		0 %	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	!	.	





5-95	Pulse Out #29 Bus Control	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
5-96	Pulse Out #29 Timeout Preset	0 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-97	Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
5-98	Pulse Out #X30/6 Timeout Preset	0 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16

5.2.7 6-** Analog In/Out

Param eter numb er	Parameter description	Default value	4 set-up	Change during operation	Conversion index	Туре
6-0* Aı	nalog I/O Mode					
6-00	Live Zero Timeout Time	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
6-01	Live Zero Timeout Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-1* Aı	nalog Input 1					
6-10	Terminal 53 Low Voltage	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-11	Terminal 53 High Voltage	10 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-12	Terminal 53 Low Current	0.14 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	-5	Int16
6-13	Terminal 53 High Current	20 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	-5	Int16
6-14	Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-15	Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-16	Terminal 53 Filter Time Constant	0.01 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
	nalog Input 2	1				
6-20	Terminal 54 Low Voltage	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-21	Terminal 54 High Voltage	10 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-22	Terminal 54 Low Current	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-5	Int16
6-23	Terminal 54 High Current	20 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	-5	Int16
6-24	Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-25	Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-26	Terminal 54 Filter Time Constant	0.01 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
6-3* Aı	nalog Input 3					
6-30	Terminal X30/11 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-31	Terminal X30/11 High Voltage	10 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-34	Term. X30/11 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-35	Term. X30/11 High Ref./Feedb. Value	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-36	Term. X30/11 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
6-4* Aı	nalog Input 4					
6-40	Terminal X30/12 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-41	Terminal X30/12 High Voltage	10 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-44	Term. X30/12 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-45	Term. X30/12 High Ref./Feedb. Value	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-46	Term. X30/12 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
6-5* Aı	nalog Output 1					
6-50	Terminal 42 Output	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
6-51	Terminal 42 Output Min Scale	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-52	Terminal 42 Output Max Scale	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-53	Term 42 Output Bus Ctrl	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
6-54	Terminal 42 Output Timeout Preset	0 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
6-55	Analog Output Filter	[0] Off	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-6* Aı	nalog Output 2					
6-60	Terminal X30/8 Output	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-61	Terminal X30/8 Min. Scale	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-62	Terminal X30/8 Max. Scale	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-63	Terminal X30/8 Bus Control	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2





6-64	Terminal X30/8 Output Timeout Preset	0 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16]
------	--------------------------------------	-----	----------	------	----	--------	---

5.2.8 7-** Controllers

	Parameter description	Default value	4 set-up	Change	Conversion	Туре
eter .				during	index	
numb				operation		
er 7.0* Sr	peed PID Ctrl.					
7-0" Sp	Speed PID Feedback Source	[1] 24V encoder	All set-ups	FALSE	_	Uint8
7-00	Speed PID Proportional Gain	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
7-02	Speed PID Integral Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Uint32
7-04	Speed PID Differentiation Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Uint16
7-05	Speed PID Diff. Gain Limit	5 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
7-06	Speed PID Lowpass Filter Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Uint16
7-07	Speed PID Feedback Gear Ratio	1 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
7-07	Speed PID Feed Forward Factor	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
	rque PI Ctrl.	0 70	All set-ups	TALSE	-	Omitio
7-12	Torque PI Proportional Gain	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
7-12	Torque PI Integration Time	0.020 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
	ocess Ctrl. Feedb	0.020 3	All set-ups	TROL	-5	Ollitio
7-20	Process CL Feedback 1 Resource	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
7-22	Process CL Feedback 2 Resource	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
7-3* Pr	ocess PID Ctrl.		· ·			
7-30	Process PID Normal/ Inverse Control	[0] Normal	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
7-31	Process PID Anti Windup	[1] On	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
7-32	Process PID Start Speed	0 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
7-33	Process PID Proportional Gain	0.01 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
7-34	Process PID Integral Time	10000 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
7-35	Process PID Differentiation Time	0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
7-36	Process PID Diff. Gain Limit	5 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
7-38	Process PID Feed Forward Factor	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
7-39	On Reference Bandwidth	5 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
7-4* Ac	lv. Process PID I	-1				
7-40	Process PID I-part Reset	[0] No	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
7-41	Process PID Output Neg. Clamp	-100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
7-42	Process PID Output Pos. Clamp	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
7-43	Process PID Gain Scale at Min. Ref.	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
7-44	Process PID Gain Scale at Max. Ref.	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
7-45	Process PID Feed Fwd Resource	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
7-46	Process PID Feed Fwd Normal/ Inv. Ctrl.	[0] Normal	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
7-48	PCD Feed Forward	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
7-49	Process PID Output Normal/ Inv. Ctrl.	[0] Normal	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
7-5* Ac	lv. Process PID II					
7-50	Process PID Extended PID	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
7-51	Process PID Feed Fwd Gain	1 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
7-52	Process PID Feed Fwd Ramp up	0.01 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
7-53	Process PID Feed Fwd Ramp down	0.01 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
7-56	Process PID Ref. Filter Time	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
7-57	Process PID Fb. Filter Time	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
7-6* Fe	edback Conversion					
7-60	Feedback 1 Conversion	[0] Linear	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
7-62	Feedback 2 Conversion	[0] Linear	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8



5.2.9 8-** Comm. and Options

Param eter	Parameter description	Default value	4 set-up	Change during	Conversion index	Type
numb				operation		
er						
8-0* Ge	eneral Settings					
8-01	Control Site	[0] Digital and ctrl.word	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-02	Control Word Source	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-03	Control Word Timeout Time	1 s	1 set-up	TRUE	-1	Uint32
8-04	Control Word Timeout Function	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-05	End-of-Timeout Function	[1] Resume set-up	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-06	Reset Control Word Timeout	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-07	Diagnosis Trigger	[0] Disable	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-08	Readout Filtering	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-1* Ct	rl. Word Settings					
8-10	Control Word Profile	[0] FC profile	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-13	Configurable Status Word STW	[1] Profile default	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-14	Configurable Control Word CTW	[1] Profile default	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-19	Product Code	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-3* FC	Port Settings	·				
8-30	Protocol	[0] FC	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-31	Address	1 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint8
8-32	FC Port Baud Rate	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-33	Parity / Stop Bits	[0] Even Parity, 1 Stop Bit	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-34	Estimated cycle time	0 ms	2 set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint32
8-35	Minimum Response Delay	10 ms	1 set-up	TRUE	-3	Uint16
8-36	Max Response Delay	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	-3	Uint16
8-37	Max Inter-Char Delay	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	-5	Uint16
8-4* FC	MC protocol set					
8-40	Telegram Selection	[1] Standard telegram 1	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-41	Parameters for Signals	0	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint16
8-42	PCD Write Configuration	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
8-43	PCD Read Configuration	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
8-5* Di	gital/Bus	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
8-50	Coasting Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-51	Quick Stop Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-52	DC Brake Select	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-53	Start Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-54	Reversing Select	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-55	Set-up Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-56	Preset Reference Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-57	Profidrive OFF2 Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-58	Profidrive OFF3 Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-8* FC	Port Diagnostics	1.5 3	·			
8-80	Bus Message Count	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-81	Bus Error Count	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-82	Slave Messages Rcvd	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-83	Slave Error Count	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-84	Slave Messages Sent	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-85	Slave Timeout Errors	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-88	Reset FC port Diagnostics	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
8-9* Bu	· · ·	[6] DO HOUTESET	7.11. Set up3	11102		51110
	Bus Jog 1 Speed	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16



8-91	Bus Jog 2 Speed	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16

5.2.10 9-** PROFIdrive

Param eter numb	Parameter description	Default value	4 set-up	Change during operation	Conversion index	Туре
er 9-00	Cotnoint	0 N/A	All set ups	TRUE	0	Hint16
9-00	Setpoint Actual Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE		Uint16 Uint16
9-07			All set-ups	TRUE	0	
	PCD Write Configuration	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint16
9-16 9-18	PCD Read Configuration Node Address	ExpressionLimit 126 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
9-18		126 N/A 1034 N/A	1 set-up		0	Uint8 Uint16
	Drive Unit System Number		All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
9-22	Telegram Selection	[100] None	1 set-up	TRUE	-	
9-23	Parameters for Signals	0	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
9-27	Parameter Edit	[1] Enabled	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint16
9-28	Process Control	[1] Enable cyclic master	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint16
9-44	Fault Message Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
9-45	Fault Code	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
9-47	Fault Number	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
9-52	Fault Situation Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
9-53	Profibus Warning Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	V2
9-63	Actual Baud Rate	[255] No baudrate found	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
9-64	Device Identification	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
9-65	Profile Number	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	OctStr[2]
9-67	Control Word 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	V2
9-68	Status Word 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	V2
9-70	Edit Set-up	[9] Active Set-up	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
9-71	Profibus Save Data Values	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
9-72	Profibus Drive Reset	[0] No action	1 set-up	FALSE	-	Uint8
9-75	DO Identification	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
9-80	Defined Parameters (1)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-81	Defined Parameters (2)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-82	Defined Parameters (3)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-83	Defined Parameters (4)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-84	Defined Parameters (5)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-85	Defined Parameters (6)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-90	Changed Parameters (1)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-91	Changed Parameters (2)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-92	Changed Parameters (3)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-93	Changed Parameters (4)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-94	Changed Parameters (5)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-99	Profibus Revision Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16

5



5.2.11 12-** Ethernet

Param eter numb er	Parameter description	Default value	4 set-up	Change during operation	Conversion index	Туре
12-0* I	P Settings					
12-00	IP Address Assignment	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
12-01	IP Address	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	OctStr[4]
12-02	Subnet Mask	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	OctStr[4]
12-03	Default Gateway	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	OctStr[4]
12-04	DHCP Server	0 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	OctStr[4]
12-05	Lease Expires	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	TimD
12-06	Name Servers	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	OctStr[4]
12-07	Domain Name	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	VisStr[48]
12-08	Host Name	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	VisStr[48]
12-09	Physical Address	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	VisStr[17]
12-1* E	thernet Link Parameters	·				
12-10	Link Status	[0] No Link	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
12-11	Link Duration	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	TimD
12-12	Auto Negotiation	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
12-13	Link Speed	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
12-14	Link Duplex	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
12-18	Supervisor MAC	0 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	OctStr[6]
12-19	Supervisor IP Addr.	0 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	OctStr[4]
12-8* (Other Ethernet Services					
12-80	FTP Server	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
12-81	HTTP Server	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
12-82	SMTP Service	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
12-83	SNMP Agent	[1] Enabled	2 set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
12-84	Address Conflict Detection	[1] Enabled	2 set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
12-85	ACD Last Conflict	0 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	OctStr[35]
12-89	Transparent Socket Channel Port	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
12-9* <i>F</i>	Advanced Ethernet Services	<u> </u>				
12-90	Cable Diagnostic	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
12-91	Auto Cross Over	[1] Enabled	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
12-92	IGMP Snooping	[1] Enabled	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
12-93	Cable Error Length	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint16
12-94	Broadcast Storm Protection	-1 %	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Int8
12-95	Inactivity timeout	120 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
12-96	Port Config	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
12-97	QoS Priority	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Int8
12-98	Interface Counters	4000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
12-99	Media Counters	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32

5

5.2.12 13-** Smart Logic

Param	Paramete description	Default value	4 set-up	Change	Conversion	Type
eter				during	index	
numb				operation		
er						
13-0* 5	LC Settings					
13-00	SL Controller Mode	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-01	Start Event	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-02	Stop Event	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-03	Reset SLC	[0] Do not reset SLC	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-1* 0	omparators					
13-10	Comparator Operand	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-11	Comparator Operator	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-12	Comparator Value	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
13-2* T	ïmers					
13-20	SL Controller Timer	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	-	TimD
13-4* L	ogic Rules					
13-40	Logic Rule Boolean 1	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-41	Logic Rule Operator 1	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-42	Logic Rule Boolean 2	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-43	Logic Rule Operator 2	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-44	Logic Rule Boolean 3	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-5* \$	13-5* States					
13-51	SL Controller Event	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-52	SL Controller Action	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8



5.2.13 14-** Special Functions

eter	Parameter description	Default value	4 set-up	Change during	Conversion index	Туре
numb				operation		
er	nverter Switching					
14-00	Switching Pattern	[1] SFAVM	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
14-00	Switching Frequency	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
14-03	Overmodulation	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	_	Uint8
14-04	Acoustic Noise Reduction	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
14-06	Dead Time Compensation	[1] On	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
	Nains Failure	[1] 011	7 iii see aps	11102		Onico
14-10	Mains Failure	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
14-11	Mains Fault Voltage Level	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
14-12	Response to Mains Imbalance	[0] Trip	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
14-14	Kin. Back-up Time-out	60 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-15	Kin. Back-up Trip Recovery Level	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint32
14-16	Kin. Back-up Gain	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
14-2* T	rip Reset					
14-20	Reset Mode	[0] Manual reset	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
14-21	Automatic Restart Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
14-22	Operation Mode	[0] Normal operation	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
14-24	Trip Delay at Current Limit	60 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-25	Trip Delay at Torque Limit	60 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-26	Trip Delay at Inverter Fault	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-3* (Current Limit Ctrl.					
14-30	Current Lim Ctrl, Proportional Gain	100 %	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
14-31	Current Lim Ctrl, Integration Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint16
14-32	Current Lim Ctrl, Filter Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
14-4* E	nergy Optimising					
14-40	VT Level	66 %	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
14-41	AEO Minimum Magnetisation	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-42	Minimum AEO Frequency	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-43	Motor Cosphi	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
14-5* E	nvironment					
14-50	RFI Filter	[1] On	1 set-up	FALSE	_	Uint8
14-51	DC-Link Compensation	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
14-52	Fan Control	[0] Auto	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-53	Fan Monitor	[1] Warning	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-55	Output Filter	[0] No Filter	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
14-59	Actual Number of Inverter Units	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	FALSE	0	Uint8
14-6* <i>F</i>	uto Derate					
14-60	Function at Over Temperature	[0] Trip	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-61	Function at Inverter Overload	[0] Trip	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
14-62	Inv. Overload Derate Current	95 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
	Options	1				
14-89	Option Detection	[0] Protect Option Config.	1 set-up	TRUE	_	Uint8
	ault Settings	1				
14-90	Fault Level	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8

5

5.2.14 15-** Drive Information

Para	Parameter description	Default value	4 set-up	Change	Conversio	Type
meter				during	n index	
numb				operation		
er						
	Operating Data					
15-00	Operating hours	0 h	All set-ups	FALSE	74	Uint32
15-01	Running Hours	0 h	All set-ups	FALSE	74	Uint32
15-02	kWh Counter	0 kWh	All set-ups	FALSE	75	Uint32
15-03	Power Up's	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
15-04	Over Temp's	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
15-05	Over Volt's	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
15-06	Reset kWh Counter	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
15-07	Reset Running Hours Counter	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
15-1* [Data Log Settings					
15-10	Logging Source	0	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
15-11	Logging Interval	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-3	TimD
15-12	Trigger Event	[0] False	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
15-13	Logging Mode	[0] Log always	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
15-14	Samples Before Trigger	50 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
15-2* H	listoric Log					
15-20	Historic Log: Event	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
15-21	Historic Log: Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
15-22	Historic Log: Time	0 ms	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint32
15-3* F	ault Log	•				
15-30	Fault Log: Error Code	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
15-31	Fault Log: Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int16
15-32	Fault Log: Time	0 s	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
15-4* [Drive Identification	<u> </u>				
15-40	FC Type	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[6]
15-41	Power Section	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-42	Voltage	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-43	Software Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[5]
15-44	Ordered Typecode String	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[40]
15-45	Actual Typecode String	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[40]
15-46	Frequency Converter Ordering No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[8]
15-47	Power Card Ordering No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[8]
15-48	LCP Id No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-49	SW ID Control Card	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-50	SW ID Power Card	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-51	Frequency Converter Serial Number	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[10]
15-53	Power Card Serial Number	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[19]
15-54	Config File Name	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[16]
15-59	Filename	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[16]
	Option Ident	'				
15-60	Option Mounted	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-61	Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-62	Option Ordering No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[8]
15-63	Option Serial No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[18]
	Operating Data II	1 31971	7 300 ap3			
	Fan Running Hours	0 h	All set-ups	TRUE	74	Uint32
15-81	Preset Fan Running Hours	0 h	All set-ups	TRUE	74	Uint32
	<u> </u>	1 011	All set-ups	INOL	, ,	UIIIU
15-9* F	Parameter Info					





15-92	Defined Parameters	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
15-93	Modified Parameters	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16

5.2.15 16-** Data Readouts

Numb For Part P		Parameter description	Default value	4 set-up	Change during	Conversion	Type
16-0°	eter					index	
16-00 Control Word					Орегация		
16-00 Control Word		Seneral Status					
16-01 Reference [Unit]			0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-02 Reference % 0 % All set-ups FALSE -1 Initial 16-03 Status Word 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE 0 V2	16-01	Reference [Unit]		·	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-05 Main Actual Value 18 0 0 %	16-02	Reference %		All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Int16
16-09 Custom Readout	16-03	Status Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-11 Power [kW] O kW	16-05	Main Actual Value [%]	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	N2
16-10 Power [kW]	16-09	Custom Readout	0 CustomReadoutUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Int32
16-11 Power [hp]	16-1* N	Notor Status					
16-12 Motor Voltage	16-10	Power [kW]	0 kW	All set-ups	FALSE	1	Int32
16-13 Frequency	16-11	Power [hp]	0 hp	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Int32
16-14 Motor current	16-12	Motor Voltage	0 V	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint16
16-15 Frequency (%)	16-13	Frequency	0 Hz	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint16
16-16 Torque [Nm]	16-14	Motor current	0 A	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Int32
16-17 Speed [RPM]	16-15	Frequency [%]	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	N2
16-18 Motor Thermal 0 % All set-ups FALSE 0 Uintal	16-16	Torque [Nm]	0 Nm	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Int16
16-20 Motor Angle	16-17	Speed [RPM]	0 RPM	All set-ups	FALSE	67	Int32
16-21 Torque [%] High Res. 0 % All set-ups FALSE -1 Int 16 16-22 Torque [%] 0 % All set-ups FALSE 0 Int 16 16-24 Calibrated Stator Resistance 0.0000 Ohm All set-ups TRUE -4 Uint 3 16-3* Dr. Link Voltage 0 V All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint 16-34 Heatsink Temp. 0 °C All set-ups FALSE 100 Uint 16-35 Inverter Thermal 0 % All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint 16-36 Inv. Nom. Current ExpressionLimit All set-ups FALSE -2 Uint 3 16-37 Inv. Max. Current ExpressionLimit All set-ups FALSE -2 Uint 3 16-38 SL Controller State 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint 16-39 Control Card Temp. 0 °C All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint 16-40 Logging Buffer Full 0 A All set-ups FALSE 100 Uint 16-40 Motor Phase U Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Uint 16-45 Motor Phase V Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int 132 Int 16-49 Current 0 A All set-ups FALSE 67 Int 16-49 Current 0 A All set-ups FALSE 67 Int 16-57 Ref. & Feedb. Seed Ref. After Ramp [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE -1 Int 16-57 Feedback[Unit] 0 Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE -1 Int 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE -3 Int 132 Int 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE -3 Int 132 Int 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE -3 Int 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE -3 Int 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE -3 Int 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE -5 Int 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE -5 Int 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE -5 Int 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE -5 Int 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE -5 Int 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE -5 Int 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-up	16-18	Motor Thermal	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
16-22 Torque [%] 0 %	16-20	Motor Angle	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
16-24 Calibrated Stator Resistance 0.0000 Ohm All set-ups TRUE -4 Uinta	16-21		0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Int16
16-3* Drive Status	16-22	•	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int16
16-30 DC Link Voltage			0.0000 Ohm	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Uint32
16-34 Heatsink Temp. 0 °C All set-ups FALSE 100 Uint8 16-35 Inverter Thermal 0 % All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint8 16-36 Inv. Nom. Current ExpressionLimit All set-ups FALSE -2 Uint3 16-37 Inv. Max. Current ExpressionLimit All set-ups FALSE -2 Uint8 16-38 SL Controller State 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint8 16-39 Control Card Temp. 0 °C All set-ups FALSE 100 Uint8 16-40 Logging Buffer Full [0] No All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 16-45 Motor Phase U Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-46 Motor Phase W Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-47 Motor Phase W Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-48 Speed Ref. After Ramp [RPM] <td></td> <td></td> <td>T</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			T				
16-35 Inverter Thermal 0 % All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint8 16-36 Inv. Nom. Current ExpressionLimit All set-ups FALSE -2 Uint3 16-37 Inv. Max. Current ExpressionLimit All set-ups FALSE -2 Uint8 16-38 SL Controller State 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint8 16-39 Control Card Temp. 0 °C All set-ups FALSE 100 Uint8 16-40 Logging Buffer Full [0] No All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 16-43 Motor Phase U Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-46 Motor Phase V Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-47 Motor Phase W Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-48 Speed Ref. After Ramp [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32 16-58 External Reference		•					Uint16
16-36 Inv. Nom. Current ExpressionLimit All set-ups FALSE -2 Uint3 16-37 Inv. Max. Current ExpressionLimit All set-ups FALSE -2 Uint3 16-38 SL Controller State 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE 0 Uint8 16-39 Control Card Temp. 0 °C All set-ups FALSE 100 Uint8 16-40 Logging Buffer Full [0] No All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 16-45 Motor Phase U Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-46 Motor Phase V Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-47 Motor Phase W Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-48 Speed Ref. After Ramp [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32 16-49 Current Fault Source 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-51 Pulse Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-52 Feedback[Unit] 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups FALSE -3 Int32 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE -2 Int16 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE -2 Int16 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE -2 Int16 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE -2 Int16 16-58 Inputs & Outputs FALSE 67 Int32 16-6* Inputs & Outputs Inputs & Outputs FALSE 67 Int32 16-6* Inputs & Outputs Inputs & O		•					
16-37 Inv. Max. Current				•			
16-38 SL Controller State 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE 0 Uints 16-39 Control Card Temp. 0 °C All set-ups FALSE 100 Uints 16-40 Logging Buffer Full [0] No All set-ups TRUE - Uints 16-45 Motor Phase U Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-46 Motor Phase V Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-47 Motor Phase W Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-48 Speed Ref. After Ramp [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32 16-49 Current Fault Source 0 N/A All set-ups TRUE 0 Uints 16-52 Ref. & Feedb. 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-51 Pulse Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-52 Feedback[Unit] 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit<			•				
16-39 Control Card Temp. 0 °C All set-ups FALSE 100 Uint8 16-40 Logging Buffer Full [0] No All set-ups TRUE - Uint8 16-45 Motor Phase U Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-46 Motor Phase V Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-47 Motor Phase W Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-48 Speed Ref. After Ramp [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32 16-49 Current Fault Source 0 N/A All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint8 16-59 External Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-51 Pulse Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-52 Feedback[Unit] 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups FALSE -3 Int32 16-57 Feedback [RPM]			·	•			
16-40 Logging Buffer Full [0] No							
16-45 Motor Phase U Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-46 Motor Phase V Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-47 Motor Phase W Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-48 Speed Ref. After Ramp [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32 16-49 Current Fault Source 0 N/A All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint8 16-58 Ref. & Feedb. 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-50 External Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-51 Pulse Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -3 Int32 16-52 Feedback[Unit] 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups FALSE -2 Int16 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32 16-6* Inputs & Outputs 0 Unputs <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
16-46 Motor Phase V Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-47 Motor Phase W Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-48 Speed Ref. After Ramp [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32 16-49 Current Fault Source 0 N/A All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint8 16-5* Ref. & Feedb.		•••					
16-47 Motor Phase W Current 0 A All set-ups TRUE -2 Int32 16-48 Speed Ref. After Ramp [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32 16-49 Current Fault Source 0 N/A All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint8 16-5* Ref. & Feedb. Uint8 16-50 External Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-51 Pulse Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-52 Feedback[Unit] 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups FALSE -3 Int32 16-53 Digi Pot Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -2 Int16 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32 16-6* Inputs & Outputs 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32							
16-48 Speed Ref. After Ramp [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32 16-49 Current Fault Source 0 N/A All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint8 16-5* Ref. & Feedb. 16-50 External Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-51 Pulse Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-52 Feedback[Unit] 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups FALSE -3 Int32 16-53 Digi Pot Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -2 Int16 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32 16-6* Inputs & Outputs 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32						1	
16-49 Current Fault Source 0 N/A All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint8 16-5* Ref. & Feedb. 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-50 External Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-51 Pulse Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-52 Feedback[Unit] 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups FALSE -3 Int32 16-53 Digi Pot Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -2 Int16 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32 16-6* Inputs & Outputs 0 NPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32				·			
16-5* Ref. & Feedb. 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-50 External Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-51 Pulse Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-52 Feedback[Unit] 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups FALSE -3 Int32 16-53 Digi Pot Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -2 Int16 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32 16-6* Inputs & Outputs 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE -2 Int32		•					
16-50 External Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-51 Pulse Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-52 Feedback[Unit] 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups FALSE -3 Int32 16-53 Digi Pot Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -2 Int16 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32 16-6* Inputs & Outputs 0 Utputs 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32			0 14/74	All set-ups	TNOL	0	Ollito
16-51 Pulse Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -1 Int16 16-52 Feedback[Unit] 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups FALSE -3 Int32 16-53 Digi Pot Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -2 Int16 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32 16-6* Inputs & Outputs 0 Utputs 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32			O N/A	All set-ups	FAI SF	-1	Int16
16-52 Feedback[Unit] 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups FALSE -3 Int32 16-53 Digi Pot Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -2 Int16 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32 16-6* Inputs & Outputs 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32							
16-53 Digi Pot Reference 0 N/A All set-ups FALSE -2 Int16 16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32 16-6* Inputs & Outputs 0 RPM 0 RPM <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
16-57 Feedback [RPM] 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32 16-6* Inputs & Outputs 0 RPM All set-ups FALSE 67 Int32							Int16
16-6* Inputs & Outputs		•					
			J	521 aps		<u> </u>	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
16-61 Terminal 53 Switch Setting [0] Current All set-ups FALSE – Uint8						_	Uint8
						-3	Int32



16-63	Terminal 54 Switch Setting	[0] Current	All set-ups	FALSE	_	Uint8
16-64	Analog Input 54	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-65	Analog Output 42 [mA]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int16
16-66	Digital Output [bin]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int16
16-67	Freq. Input #29 [Hz]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int32
16-68	Freq. Input #33 [Hz]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int32
16-69	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int32
16-70	Pulse Output #29 [Hz]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int32
16-71	Relay Output [bin]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int16
16-72	Counter A	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
16-73	Counter B	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
16-75	Analog In X30/11	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-76	Analog In X30/12	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-77	Analog Out X30/8 [mA]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int16
16-8* I	Fieldbus & FC Port					
16-80	Fieldbus CTW 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-82	Fieldbus REF 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	N2
16-84	Comm. Option STW	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-85	FC Port CTW 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-86	FC Port REF 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	N2
16-87	Bus Readout Alarm/Warning	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
16-9* I	Diagnosis Readouts	1				
16-90	Alarm Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-91	Alarm Word 2	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-92	Warning Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-93	Warning Word 2	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-94	Ext. Status Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-95	Ext. Status Word 2	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-97	Alarm Word 3	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-98	Warning Word 3	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32

5.2.16 17-** Position Feedback

Param	Parameter description	Default value	4 set-up	Change	Conversion	Туре
eter				during	index	
numb				operation		
er						
17-1* I	nc. Enc. Interface	•				
17-10	Signal Type	[1] RS422 (5V TTL)	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
17-11	Resolution (PPR)	1024 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
17-5* F	lesolver Interface	•				
17-50	Poles	2 N/A	1 set-up	FALSE	0	Uint8
17-51	Input Voltage	7 V	1 set-up	FALSE	-1	Uint8
17-52	Input Frequency	10 kHz	1 set-up	FALSE	2	Uint8
17-53	Transformation Ratio	0.5 N/A	1 set-up	FALSE	-1	Uint8
17-56	Encoder Sim. Resolution	[0] Disabled	1 set-up	FALSE	-	Uint8
17-59	Resolver Interface	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
17-6* N	Monitoring and App.	•				
17-60	Feedback Direction	[0] Clockwise	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
17-61	Feedback Signal Monitoring	[1] Warning	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8

5



5.2.17 18-** Data Readouts 2

Param eter numb er	Parameter description	Default value	4 set-up	Change during operation	Conversion index	Type
18-5* <i>F</i>	Active Alarms/Warnings					
18-55	Active Alarm Numbers	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
18-56	Active Warning Numbers	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
18-9* F	ID Readouts					
18-90	Process PID Error	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Int16
18-91	Process PID Output	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Int16
18-92	Process PID Clamped Output	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Int16
18-93	Process PID Gain Scaled Output	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Int16

5.2.18 21-** Ext. Closed Loop

Param eter numb er	Paramete description	Default value	4 set-up	Change during operation	Conversion index	Туре
21-1* E	xt. CL 1 Ref./Fb.					
21-10	Ext. 1 Ref./Feedback Unit	[1] %	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
21-11	Ext. 1 Minimum Reference	0 ExtPID1Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Int32
21-12	Ext. 1 Maximum Reference	100 ExtPID1Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Int32
21-13	Ext. 1 Reference Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
21-14	Ext. 1 Feedback Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
21-15	Ext. 1 Setpoint	0 ExtPID1Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Int32
21-17	Ext. 1 Reference [Unit]	0 ExtPID1Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Int32
21-18	Ext. 1 Feedback [Unit]	0 ExtPID1Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Int32
21-19	Ext. 1 Output [%]	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Int32
21-2* E	xt. CL 1 PID					
21-20	Ext. 1 Normal/Inverse Control	[0] Normal	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
21-21	Ext. 1 Proportional Gain	0.01 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
21-22	Ext. 1 Integral Time	10000 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
21-23	Ext. 1 Differentation Time	0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
21-24	Ext. 1 Dif. Gain Limit	5 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16

5.2.19 22-** Appl. Functions

Param eter numb er	Paramete description	Default value	4 set-up	Change during operation	Conversion index	Туре
22-0* N	Aiscellaneous					
22-00	External Interlock Delay	0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-4* \$	leep Mode					
22-40	Minimum Run Time	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-41	Minimum Sleep Time	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-42	Wake-up Speed [RPM]	Expressionlimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-43	Wake-up Speed [Hz]	Expressionlimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-44	Wake-up Ref./FB Difference	10 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int8
22-45	Setpoint Boost	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int8

5

Param eter numb er	Paramete description	Default value	4 set-up	Change during operation	Conversion index	Type
22-46	Maximum Boost Time	60 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-6* E	roken Belt Detection					
22-60	Broken Belt Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
22-61	Broken Belt Torque	10 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
22-62	Broken Belt Delay	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16

5.2.20 30-** Special Features

Param eter numb er	Parameter description	Default value	4 set-up	Change during operation	Conversion index	Type
30-2* A	dv. Start Adjust					
30-20	High Starting Torque Time [s]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
30-21	High Starting Torque Current [%]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint32
30-22	Locked Rotor Protection	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
30-23	Locked Rotor Detection Time [s]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint8
30-24	Locked Rotor Detection Speed Error [%]	25 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint32

5.2.21 40-** Special Settings

Param eter numb er	Parameter description	Default value	4 set-up	Change during operation	Conversion index	Type
40-4* E	xtend. Fault Log					
40-40	Fault Log: Ext. Reference	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Int16
40-41	Fault Log: Frequency	0 Hz	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint16
40-42	Fault Log: Current	0 A	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Int32
40-43	Fault Log: Voltage	0 V	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint16
40-44	Fault Log: DC Link Voltage	0 V	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
40-45	Fault Log: Control Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
40-46	Fault Log: Status Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2



6 Troubleshooting

6.1 Status Messages

A warning or an alarm is signalled by the relevant indicator light on the front of the frequency converter and indicated by a code on the display.

A warning remains active until its cause is no longer present. Under certain circumstances, operation of the motor may still be continued. Warning messages may be critical, but are not necessarily so.

In the event of an alarm, the frequency converter trips. Reset the alarm to resume operation once the cause has been rectified.

3 ways to reset:

- Press [Reset].
- Via a digital input with the reset function.
- Via serial communication/optional fieldbus.

NOTICE

After a manual reset pressing [Reset], press [Auto On] to restart the motor.

If an alarm cannot be reset, the reason may be that its cause has not been rectified, or the alarm is trip locked (see also *Table 6.1*).

Alarms that are trip locked offer extra protection, meaning that the mains supply must be switched off before the alarm can be reset. After being switched back on, the frequency converter is no longer blocked and can be reset once the cause has been rectified.

Alarms that are not trip locked can also be reset using the automatic reset function in *parameter 14-20 Reset Mode* (Warning: Automatic wake up is possible.)

If a warning or alarm is marked against a code in *Table 6.1*, this means that either a warning occurs before an alarm, or it is possible to specify whether a warning or an alarm should be shown for a given fault.

This is possible, for instance, in *parameter 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection*. After an alarm or trip, the motor carries on coasting, and the alarm and warning flash. Once the problem has been rectified, only the alarm continues flashing until the frequency converter is reset.

NOTICE

No missing motor phase detection (numbers 30-32) and no stall detection are active when *parameter 1-10 Motor Construction* is set to [1] PM non-salient SPM.

Number	Description	Warning	Alarm/	Alarm/	Parameter
			trip	trip lock	reference
1	10 volts low	Х	-	_	-
2	Live zero error	(X)	(X)	_	Parameter 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function
3	No motor	(X)	-	_	Parameter 1-80 Function at Stop
4	Mains phase loss	(X)	(X)	(X)	Parameter 14-12 Response to Mains Imbalance
5	DC-link voltage high	Х	-	-	-
6	DC-link voltage low	Х	-	-	_
7	DC overvoltage	Х	Х	_	_
8	DC undervoltage	Х	Х	_	_
9	Inverter overloaded	X	Х	-	-
10	Motor ETR overtemperature	(X)	(X)	-	Parameter 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection
11	Motor thermistor overtemperature	(X)	(X)	-	Parameter 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection
12	Torque limit	Х	Х	-	-
13	Over current	Х	Х	Х	-
14	Ground fault	Х	Х	-	-
15	Hardware mismatch	-	Х	Х	-
16	Short circuit	-	Х	Х	-
17	Control word timeout	(X)	(X)	-	Parameter 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function
18	Start failed	-	Х	-	_



Number	Description	Warning	Alarm/	Alarm/	Parameter
			trip	trip lock	reference
21	Param error	-		X	-
23	Internal fans	Х	-	-	-
24	External fans	Х	-	-	-
29	Heat sink temp	Х	Х	Х	-
30	Motor phase U missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	Parameter 4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function
31	Motor phase V missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	Parameter 4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function
32	Motor phase W missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	Parameter 4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function
33	Inrush fault		Х	Х	-
34	Fieldbus communication fault	Х	Х	-	_
35	Option fault	-	-	Х	-
36	Mains failure	Х	Х	-	-
37	Imbalance of supply voltage	-	Х	_	_
38	Internal fault	-	Х	Х	_
39	Heat sink sensor	-	Х	Х	-
40	Overload of digital output terminal 27	(X)	_	-	Parameter 5-00 Digital I/O Mode, parameter 5-01 Terminal 27 Mode
41	Overload of digital output terminal 29	(X)	-	-	Parameter 5-00 Digital I/O Mode, parameter 5-02 Terminal 29 Mode
42	Ovrld X30/6-7	(X)	_	_	- -
45	Ground fault 2	X	Х	_	_
46	Pwr. card supply	_	X	X	_
47	24 V supply low	Х	X	X	_
48	1.2 V supply low	_	Х	X	_
49	Speed limit	Х	_	_	_
50	AMA calibration failed		X	 	_
51	AMA check U _{nom} and I _{nom}	_	X	<u> </u>	_
52	AMA low Inom	_	X	_	_
53	AMA motor too big		X	_	_
54	AMA motor too small		X	 	_
55		-	X		
	AMA interpretated by year	-		_	-
56	AMA time and	-	X	-	-
57	AMA interval for the	- V	X	-	-
58	AMA internal fault	X	Х	_	-
59	Current limit	X		-	-
60	External interlock	X	X	-	-
61	Feedback error	(X)	(X)	-	Parameter 4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function
62	Output frequency at maximum limit	Х	Х	_	-
63	Mechanical brake low		(X)	-	Parameter 2-20 Release Brake Current
64	Voltage limit	Х	-	-	-
65	Control board overtemperature	Х	Х	Х	-
66	Heat sink temperature low	Х		_	-
67	Option configuration has changed	-	Х	-	-
69	Pwr. card temp	-	Х	Х	-
70	Illegal FC configuration	-	_	Х	-
76	Power unit setup	Х	_	_	-
77	Reduced power mode	Х	-	-	Parameter 14-59 Actual Number of Inverter Units
78	Tracking error	(X)	(X)	_	Parameter 4-34 Tracking Error Function
79	Illegal PS config	_	X	Х	_
80	Frequency converter Initialized to default value	_	X	-	_
81	CSIV corrupt	_	X	_	-
82	CSIV parameter error	_	X	_	_





Number	Description	Warning	Alarm/	Alarm/	Parameter
			trip	trip lock	reference
83	Illegal option combination	_	_	Х	-
88	Option detection	-	_	Х	-
90	Feedback monitor	(X)	(X)	-	Parameter 17-61 Feedback Signal Monitoring
91	Analog input 54 wrong settings	-	_	Х	S202
95	Broken belt	-	Х	-	-
99	Locked rotor	-	Х	Х	-
101	Speed monitor	X	Х	-	-
104	Mixing fans	X	Х	-	-
122	Mot. rotat. unexp.	-	Х	-	-
148	System temp	X	Х	-	-
154	D.out overload	X	Х	-	-
244	Heat sink temperature	-	Х	-	-
245	Heat sink sensor	-	Х	-	-
246	Power card supply	-	Х	-	-
247	Power card temperature	-	Х	-	-
248	Illegal power section configuration	-	Х	-	-
249	Rect. low temperature	X	-	-	-
250	New spare part	Х	-	-	-
251	New type code	X	_	-	-

Table 6.1 Alarm/Warning Code List

(X) Dependent on parameter.

A trip is the action following an alarm. The trip coasts the motor and is reset by pressing [Reset] or by a digital input (parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs). The original event that caused an alarm cannot damage the frequency converter or cause dangerous conditions. A trip lock is an action when an alarm occurs, which could damage the frequency converter or connected parts. A trip lock situation can only be reset by cycling power.

Warning	Yellow
Alarm	Flashing red
Trip locked	Yellow and red

Table 6.2 Indicator Light

Bit	Hex	Dec	Alarm word	Alarm word 2	Warning word	Warning	Extended
						word 2	status word
Ala	Alarm Word Extended Status Word						
0	00000001	1	Brake check (A28)	Servicetrip, read/	Brake check (W28)	Start delayed	Ramping
				write			
1	00000002	2	Pwr.card temp	Servicetrip,	Pwr.card temp	Stop delayed	AMA running
			(A69)	(reserved)	(A69)		
2	00000004	4	Earth fault (A14)	Servicetrip,	Earth fault (W14)	Reserved	Start CW/CCW
				typecode/			start_possible is active, when the DI
				sparepart			selections [12] OR [13] are active
							and the requested direction
							matches the reference sign
3	00000008	8	Ctrl.card temp	Servicetrip,	Ctrl.card temp	Reserved	Slow down
			(A65)	(reserved)	(W65)		slow down command active, for
							example via CTW bit 11 or DI
4	00000010	16	Ctrl. word TO	Servicetrip,	Ctrl. word TO		Catch up
			(A17)	(reserved)	(W17)		catch up command active, for
							example via CTW bit 12 or DI

¹⁾ Cannot be auto reset via parameter 14-20 Reset Mode.

Warning word

Overcurrent (W13)

Torque limit (W12)

Warning

word 2

Reserved

Reserved

Extended

status word

Feedback high

Feedback High

Feedback low

Feedback Low

feedback >parameter 4-57 Warning

feedback < parameter 4-56 Warning

reference >parameter 4-55 Warning

reference < parameter 4-54 Warning

reference site = REMOTE -> auto on

Protection mode notification

Reference High

Reference low

Reference Low

Local reference

pressed & active

Unused

Unused

Alarm word 2

Reserved

Reserved

00000020

00000040

Dec

32

64

Alarm word

Overcurrent (A13)

Torque limit (A12)

Bit Hex

5

6



00000080 128 Motor th over Reserved Motor th over Reserved Output current high (A11) (W11) current >parameter 4-51 Warning Current High 8 00000100 256 Motor ETR over Reserved Motor ETR over Reserved Output current low (A10) (W10) current <parameter 4-50 Warning Current Low 512 Inverter Overld 00000200 Inverter overld. Discharge high Discharge Output freq high (A9) (W9) high speed >parameter 4-53 Warning Speed High 10 00000400 1024 DC under volt (A8) Start failed DC under volt Multi-motor Output freq low (W8) underload speed <parameter 4-52 Warning Speed Low 11 00000800 2048 DC over volt (A7) Speed limit DC over volt (W7) Multi-motor Brake check OK overload brake test NOT OK 12 00001000 4096 Short circuit (A16) External DC voltage low Compressor Braking max. interlock (W6)interlock BrakePower > Brakepowerlimit (2-12)Inrush fault (A33) 8192 13 00002000 Illegal option DC voltage high Mechanical Braking combi. (W5)brake sliding Mains ph. loss 14 00004000 16384 Mains ph. loss (A4) No safety option Safe option Out of speed range warning (W4) 15 0008000 32768 AMA not OK Reserved No motor (W3) Auto DC OVC active braking 16 00010000 65536 Live zero error Reserved Live zero error AC brake (W2)10 V low (W1) 17 00020000 131072 Internal fault (A38) KTY error KTY warn Password timelock number of allowed password trials exceeded - timelock active 18 00040000 262144 Brake overload Fans error Brake overload Fans warn Password protection (W26) 0-61 = ALL_NO_ACCESS OR (A26)BUS_NO_ACCESS OR **BUS_READONLY** 19 00080000 524288 U phase loss (A30) ECB error Brake resistor ECB warn Reference high

(W25)

Brake IGBT (W27)

Speed limit (W49)

Fieldbus fault

24 V supply Low

Mains failure

(W34)

(W47)

(W36)

Hoist

mechanical

brake (W22)

Reserved

Reserved

Reserved

Reserved

6

20 00100000

00200000

22 00400000

24 01000000

0080000

21

23

1048576

2097152

4194304

8388608

16777216

V phase loss (A31)

W phase Loss

Fieldbus fault

24 V supply low

Mains failure (A36)

(A32)

(A34)

(A47)

Hoist

mechanical

brake (A22)

Reserved

Reserved

Reserved

Reserved



Bit	Hex	Dec	Alarm word	Alarm word 2	Warning word	Warning word 2	Extended status word
25	02000000	33554432	1.8 V supply low (A48)	Current limit (A59)	Current limit (W59)	Power Limit Motor	Unused
26	04000000	67108864	Brake resistor (A25)	Motor rotating unexpectedly (A122)	Low temp (W66)	Power Limit Generator	Unused
27	08000000	134217728	Brake IGBT (A27)	Reserved	Voltage limit (W64)	Reserved	Unused
28	10000000	268435456	Option change (A67)	Reserved	Encoder loss (W90)	Reserved	Unused
29	20000000	536870912	Drive initialized (A80)	Encoder loss (A90)	Output freq. lim. (W62)	BackEMF too high	Unused
30	40000000	1073741824	Safe stop (A68)	PTC thermistor (A74)	Safe stop (W68)	PTC thermi- stor (W74)	Unused
31	80000000	2147483648	Mech. brake low (A63)	Dangerous failure (A72)	Extended status word		Protection mode

Table 6.3 Description of Alarm Word, Warning Word, and Extended Status Word

The alarm words, warning words and extended status words can be read out via a serial bus or optional fieldbus for diagnostics. See also *parameter 16-94 Ext. Status Word*.

The following warning and alarm information defines each warning or alarm condition, provides the probable cause for the condition, and details a remedy or troubleshooting procedure.

WARNING 1, 10 Volts low

The control card voltage is less than 10 V from terminal 50. Remove some of the load from terminal 50, as the 10 V supply is overloaded. Maximum 15 mA or minimum 590 Ω .

A short circuit in a connected potentiometer or incorrect wiring of the potentiometer can cause this condition.

Troubleshooting

 Remove the wiring from terminal 50. If the warning clears, the problem is with the wiring. If the warning does not clear, replace the control card.

WARNING/ALARM 2, Live zero error

This warning or alarm only appears if programmed in *parameter 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function*. The signal on 1 of the analog inputs is less than 50% of the minimum value programmed for that input. Broken wiring or a faulty device sending the signal can cause this condition.

Troubleshooting

- Check connections on all analog mains terminals.
 - Control card terminals 53 and 54 for signals, terminal 55 common.
 - VLT® General Purpose I/O MCB 101 terminals 11 and 12 for signals, terminal 10 common.
- Check that the drive programming and switch settings match the analog signal type.
- Perform an input terminal signal test.

WARNING/ALARM 3, No motor

No motor has been connected to the output of the drive.

WARNING/ALARM 4, Mains phase loss

A phase is missing on the supply side, or the mains voltage imbalance is too high. This message also appears for a fault in the input rectifier. Options are programmed in parameter 14-12 Response to Mains Imbalance.

Troubleshooting

 Check the supply voltage and supply currents to the drive.

WARNING 5, DC link voltage high

The DC-link voltage (DC) is higher than the high-voltage warning limit. The limit depends on the drive voltage rating. The unit is still active.

WARNING 6, DC link voltage low

The DC-link voltage (DC) is lower than the low-voltage warning limit. The limit depends on the drive voltage rating. The unit is still active.

WARNING/ALARM 7, DC overvoltage

If the DC-link voltage exceeds the limit, the drive trips after a certain time.

Troubleshooting

- Connect a brake resistor.
- Extend the ramp time.
- Change the ramp type.
- Activate the functions in *parameter 2-10 Brake Function*.
- Increase parameter 14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault.
- If the alarm/warning occurs during a power sag, use kinetic back-up (parameter 14-10 Mains Failure).



WARNING/ALARM 8, DC under voltage

If the DC-link voltage drops below the undervoltage limit, the drive checks for 24 V DC back-up supply. If no 24 V DC back-up supply is connected, the drive trips after a fixed time delay. The time delay varies with unit size.

Troubleshooting

- Check that the supply voltage matches the drive voltage.
- Perform an input voltage test.
- Perform a soft-charge circuit test.

WARNING/ALARM 9, Inverter overload

The drive has run with more than 100% overload for too long and is about to cut out. The counter for electronic thermal inverter protection issues a warning at 98% and trips at 100% with an alarm. The drive cannot be reset until the counter is below 90%.

Troubleshooting

- Compare the output current shown on the LCP with the drive rated current.
- Compare the output current shown on the LCP with the measured motor current.
- Show the thermal drive load on the LCP and monitor the value. When running above the drive continuous current rating, the counter increases. When running below the drive continuous current rating, the counter decreases.

WARNING/ALARM 10, Motor overload temperature

According to the electronic thermal protection (ETR), the motor is too hot.

Select 1 of these options:

- The drive issues a warning or an alarm when the counter is >90% if *parameter 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection* is set to warning options.
- The drive trips when the counter reaches 100% if parameter 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to trip options.

The fault occurs when the motor runs with more than 100% overload for too long.

Troubleshooting

- Check for motor overheating.
- Check if the motor is mechanically overloaded.
- Check that the motor current set in parameter 1-24 Motor Current is correct.
- Ensure that the motor data in *parameters 1-20 to* 1-25 is set correctly.
- If an external fan is in use, check that it is selected in parameter 1-91 Motor External Fan.
- Running AMA in parameter 1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA) tunes the drive to the motor more accurately and reduces thermal loading.

WARNING/ALARM 11, Motor thermistor overtemp

Check whether the thermistor is disconnected. Select whether the drive issues a warning or an alarm in parameter 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection.

Troubleshooting

- Check for motor overheating.
- Check if the motor is mechanically overloaded.
- When using terminal 53 or 54, check that the thermistor is connected correctly between either terminal 53 or 54 (analog voltage input) and terminal 50 (+10 V supply). Also check that the terminal switch for 53 or 54 is set for voltage. Check that parameter 1-93 Thermistor Resource selects terminal 53 or 54.
- When using terminal 18, 19, 31, 32, or 33 (digital inputs), check that the thermistor is connected correctly between the digital input terminal used (digital input PNP only) and terminal 50. Select the terminal to use in *parameter 1-93 Thermistor Resource*.

WARNING/ALARM 12, Torque limit

The torque has exceeded the value in parameter 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode or the value in parameter 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode.

Parameter 14-25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit can change this warning from a warning-only condition to a warning followed by an alarm.

Troubleshooting

- If the motor torque limit is exceeded during ramp-up, extend the ramp-up time.
- If the generator torque limit is exceeded during ramp-down, extend the ramp-down time.
- If torque limit occurs while running, increase the torque limit. Make sure that the system can operate safely at a higher torque.
- Check the application for excessive current draw on the motor.

WARNING/ALARM 13, Over current

The inverter peak current limit (approximately 200% of the rated current) is exceeded. The warning lasts approximately 1.5 s, then the drive trips and issues an alarm. Shock loading or quick acceleration with high-inertia loads can cause this fault. If the acceleration during ramp-up is quick, the fault can also appear after kinetic back-up. If extended mechanical brake control is selected, a trip can be reset externally.

Troubleshooting

- Remove the power and check if the motor shaft can be turned.
- Check that the motor size matches the drive.
- Check that the motor data is correct in parameters 1-20 to 1-25.



ALARM 14, Earth (ground) fault

There is current from the output phase to ground, either in the cable between the drive and the motor, or in the motor itself. The current transducers detect the ground fault by measuring current going out from the drive and current going into the drive from the motor. Ground fault is issued if the deviation of the 2 currents is too large. The current going out of the drive must be the same as the current going into the drive.

Troubleshooting

- Remove power to the drive and repair the ground fault.
- Check for ground faults in the motor by measuring the resistance to ground of the motor cables and the motor with a megohmmeter.
- Reset any potential individual offset in the 3 current transducers in the drive. Perform the manual initialization or perform a complete AMA. This method is most relevant after changing the power card.

ALARM 15, Hardware mismatch

A fitted option is not operational with the present control card hardware or software.

Record the value of the following parameters and contact Danfoss.

- Parameter 15-40 FC Type.
- Parameter 15-41 Power Section.
- Parameter 15-42 Voltage.
- Parameter 15-43 Software Version.
- Parameter 15-45 Actual Typecode String.
- Parameter 15-49 SW ID Control Card.
- Parameter 15-50 SW ID Power Card.
- Parameter 15-60 Option Mounted.
- Parameter 15-61 Option SW Version (for each option slot).

ALARM 16, Short circuit

There is short-circuiting in the motor or motor wiring.

Troubleshooting

 Remove the power to the drive and repair the short circuit.

▲WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE

Drives contain high voltage when connected to AC mains input, DC supply, or load sharing. Failure to use qualified personnel to install, start up, and maintain the drive can result in death or serious injury.

Disconnect power before proceeding.

WARNING/ALARM 17, Control word timeout

There is no communication to the drive.

The warning is only active when parameter 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function is NOT set to [0] Off.

If parameter 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function is set to [5] Stop and trip, a warning appears, and the drive ramps down to a stop and shows an alarm.

Troubleshooting

- Check the connections on the serial communication cable.
- Increase parameter 8-03 Control Word Timeout Time.
- Check the operation of the communication equipment.
- Verify that proper EMC installation was performed.

ALARM 18, Start failed

The speed cannot exceed the value set in parameter 1-78 Compressor Start Max Speed [Hz] during start within the allowed time which is set in parameter 1-79 Compressor Start Max Time to Trip. The alarm may be caused by a blocked motor.

WARNING/ALARM 21, Parameter error

The parameter is out of range. The parameter number is shown in the display.

Troubleshooting

• Set the affected parameter to a valid value.

WARNING 23, Internal fan fault

The fan warning function is a protective function that checks if the fan is running/mounted. The fan warning can be disabled in *parameter 14-53 Fan Monitor* ([0] Disabled).

For drives with DC fans, a feedback sensor is mounted in the fan. If the fan is commanded to run and there is no feedback from the sensor, this alarm appears. For drives with AC fans, the voltage to the fan is monitored.

Troubleshooting

- Check for proper fan operation.
- Cycle power to the drive and check that the fan operates briefly at start-up.
- Check the sensors on the control card.

WARNING 24, External fan fault

The fan warning function is a protective function that checks if the fan is running/mounted. The fan warning can be disabled in *parameter 14-53 Fan Monitor* ([0] Disabled).

For drives with DC fans, a feedback sensor is mounted in the fan. If the fan is commanded to run and there is no feedback from the sensor, this alarm appears. For drives with AC fans, the voltage to the fan is monitored.

Troubleshooting

- Check for proper fan operation.
- Cycle power to the drive and check that the fan operates briefly at start-up.
- Check the sensors on the heat sink.



ALARM 29, Power module temp

The power module is over temperature. If the enclosure is IP00 or IP20/NEMA 1, the cutout temperature of the heat-sink is 90 $^{\circ}$ C (194 $^{\circ}$ F).

ALARM 30, Motor phase U missing

Motor phase U between the drive and the motor is missing.

AWARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE

Drives contain high voltage when connected to AC mains input, DC supply, or load sharing. Failure to perform installation, start-up, and maintenance by qualified personnel can result in death or serious injury.

- Only qualified personnel must perform installation, start-up, and maintenance.
- Before performing any service or repair work, use an appropriate voltage measuring device to make sure that there is no remaining voltage on the drive.

Troubleshooting

 Remove the power from the drive and check motor phase U.

ALARM 31, Motor phase V missing

Motor phase V between the drive and the motor is missing.

AWARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE

Drives contain high voltage when connected to AC mains input, DC supply, or load sharing. Failure to perform installation, start-up, and maintenance by qualified personnel can result in death or serious injury.

- Only qualified personnel must perform installation, start-up, and maintenance.
- Before performing any service or repair work, use an appropriate voltage measuring device to make sure that there is no remaining voltage on the drive.

Troubleshooting

 Remove the power from the drive and check motor phase V.

ALARM 32, Motor phase W missing

Motor phase W between the drive and the motor is missing.

AWARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE

Drives contain high voltage when connected to AC mains input, DC supply, or load sharing. Failure to perform installation, start-up, and maintenance by qualified personnel can result in death or serious injury.

- Only qualified personnel must perform installation, start-up, and maintenance.
- Before performing any service or repair work, use an appropriate voltage measuring device to make sure that there is no remaining voltage on the drive.

Troubleshooting

• Remove the power from the drive and check motor phase W.

ALARM 33, Inrush fault

Too many power-ups have occurred within a short time period.

Troubleshooting

- Let the unit cool to operating temperature.
- Check potential DC-link fault to ground.

WARNING/ALARM 34, Fieldbus communication fault

The fieldbus on the communication option card is not working.

WARNING/ALARM 35, Option fault

An option alarm is received. The alarm is option-specific. The most likely cause is a power-up or a communication fault.

WARNING/ALARM 36, Mains failure

This warning/alarm is only active if the supply voltage to the drive is lost and *parameter 14-10 Mains Failure* is not set to [0] No function.

Troubleshooting

 Check the fuses to the drive and mains supply to the unit

ALARM 37, Phase imbalance

There is a current imbalance between the power units.

ALARM 38, Internal fault

When an internal fault occurs, a code number defined in *Table 6.4* is shown.

Troubleshooting

- Cycle power.
- Check that the option is properly installed.
- Check for loose or missing wiring.

It may be necessary to contact the Danfoss supplier or service department. Note the code number for further troubleshooting directions.





mber 1	Text
I .	The serial port cannot be initialized. Contact the
[Danfoss supplier or Danfoss service department.
-258 1	The power EEPROM data is defective or too old.
F	Replace the power card.
–519 l	Internal fault. Contact the Danfoss supplier or
[1	Danfoss service department.
	Parameter value outside of minimum/maximum limits.
I .	Internal fault. Contact the Danfoss supplier or Danfoss service department.
9 1	The option software in slot A is too old.
0 7	The option software in slot B is too old.
2 1	The option software in slot C1 is too old.
	The option software in slot A is not supported/
	allowed.
6 1	The option software in slot B is not supported/
	allowed.
8 1	The option software in slot C1 is not supported/
	allowed.
9-2819 I	Internal fault. Contact the Danfoss supplier or
	Danfoss service department.
	Hardware reset of digital signal processor.
	Motor-derived parameters not transferred correctly
	to the digital signal processor.
	Power data not transferred correctly at power-up
	to the digital signal processor.
5 1	The digital signal processor has received too many
l	unknown SPI telegrams. This situation can occur
	due to poor EMC protection or improper
و	grounding.
6 F	RAM copy error.
1 F	Replace the control card.
0 1	LCP stack overflow.
1 9	Serial port overflow.
	USB port overflow.
	Parameter value is outside its limits.
	Option in slot A: Hardware incompatible with the
	control board hardware.
	Option in slot B: Hardware incompatible with the
- 1	control board hardware.
	control board hardware.
- 1	control board hardware.
6 (c) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d	control board hardware. Option in slot C0: Hardware incompatible with t control board hardware. Option in slot C1: Hardware incompatible with t

Table 6.4 Internal Fault Codes

ALARM 39, Heat sink sensor

No feedback from the heat sink temperature sensor.

The signal from the IGBT thermal sensor is not available on the power card. The problem could be on the power card, on the gatedrive card, or the ribbon cable between the power card and gatedrive card.

WARNING 40, Overload of digital output terminal 27 Check the load connected to terminal 27 or remove the

short-circuit connection. Check parameter 5-00 Digital I/O Mode and parameter 5-01 Terminal 27 Mode.

WARNING 41, Overload of digital output terminal 29

Check the load connected to terminal 29 or remove the short-circuit connection. Also check *parameter 5-00 Digital I/O Mode* and *parameter 5-02 Terminal 29 Mode*.

WARNING 42, Overload of digital output on X30/6 or overload of digital output on X30/7

For terminal X30/6, check the load connected to terminal X30/6 or remove the short-circuit connection. Also check parameter 5-32 Term X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101) (VLT® General Purpose I/O MCB 101).

For terminal X30/7, check the load connected to terminal X30/7 or remove the short-circuit connection. Check parameter 5-33 Term X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101) (VLT® General Purpose I/O MCB 101).

ALARM 45, Earth fault 2

Ground fault.

Troubleshooting

- Check for proper grounding and loose connections.
- Check for proper wire size.
- Check the motor cables for short circuits or leakage currents.

ALARM 46, Power card supply

The supply for the gate drive on the power card is out of range.

Troubleshooting

• Check for a defective power card.

WARNING 47, 24 V supply low

The 24 V DC is measured on the control card.

Troubleshooting

• Contact the Danfoss supplier or Danfoss service department.

WARNING 48, 1.2 V supply low

The 1.2 V DC supply used on the control card is outside of the allowable limits. The supply is measured on the control card.

Troubleshooting

- Check for a defective control card.
- If an option card is present, check for overvoltage.

WARNING 49, Speed limit

The warning is shown when the speed is outside of the specified range in parameter 4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] and parameter 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]. When the speed is below the specified limit in parameter 1-86 Trip Speed Low [RPM] (except when starting or stopping), the drive trips.



ALARM 50, AMA calibration failed

Contact the Danfoss supplier or Danfoss service department.

ALARM 51, AMA check Unom and Inom

The settings for motor voltage, motor current, and motor power are wrong.

Troubleshooting

• Check the settings in parameters 1-20 to 1-25.

ALARM 52, AMA low Inom

The motor current is too low.

Troubleshooting

Check the settings in parameter 1-24 Motor
Current

ALARM 53, AMA motor too big

The motor is too large for the AMA to operate.

ALARM 54, AMA motor too small

The motor is too small for the AMA to operate.

ALARM 55, AMA parameter out of range

The AMA cannot run because the parameter values of the motor are outside of the acceptable range.

ALARM 56, AMA interrupted by user

The AMA is manually interrupted.

ALARM 57, AMA internal fault

Try to restart the AMA. Repeated restarts can overheat the motor.

ALARM 58, AMA Internal fault

Contact the Danfoss supplier.

WARNING 59, Current limit

The current is higher than the value in parameter 4-18 Current Limit. Ensure that the motor data in parameters 1-20 to 1-25 is set correctly. Increase the current limit if necessary. Ensure that the system can operate safely at a higher limit.

WARNING 60, External interlock

A digital input signal indicates a fault condition external to the drive. An external interlock has commanded the drive to trip. Clear the external fault condition. To resume normal operation, apply 24 V DC to the terminal programmed for external interlock, and reset the drive.

WARNING/ALARM 61, Feedback error

An error between calculated speed and speed measurement from feedback device.

Troubleshooting

- Check the settings for warning/alarm/disabling in parameter 4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function.
- Set the tolerable error in parameter 4-31 Motor Feedback Speed Error.
- Set the tolerable feedback loss time in parameter 4-32 Motor Feedback Loss Timeout.

WARNING 62, Output frequency at maximum limit

If the output frequency reaches the value set in parameter 4-19 Max Output Frequency, the drive issues a warning. The warning ceases when the output drops below the maximum limit. If the drive is unable to limit the frequency, it trips and issues an alarm.

Troubleshooting

- Check the application for possible causes.
- Increase the output frequency limit. Ensure that the system can operate safely at a higher output frequency.

ALARM 63, Mechanical brake low

The actual motor current has not exceeded the release brake current within the start delay time window.

WARNING 64, Voltage Limit

The load and speed combination demands a motor voltage higher than the actual DC-link voltage.

WARNING/ALARM 65, Control card over temperature The cutout temperature of the control card is 85 °C (185 °F).

Troubleshooting

- Check that the ambient operating temperature is within the limits.
- Check for clogged filters.
- Check the fan operation.
- Check the control card.

WARNING 66, Heat sink temperature low

The drive is too cold to operate. This warning is based on the temperature sensor in the IGBT module. Increase the ambient temperature of the unit. Also, a trickle amount of current can be supplied to the drive whenever the motor is stopped by setting parameter 2-00 DC Hold/Preheat Current to 5% and parameter 1-80 Function at Stop.

ALARM 67, Option module configuration has changed

One or more options have either been added or removed since the last power-down. Check that the configuration change is intentional and reset the unit.

ALARM 69, Power card temperature

The temperature sensor on the power card is either too hot or too cold.

Troubleshooting

- Check that the ambient operating temperature is within limits.
- Check for clogged filters.
- Check fan operation.
- Check the power card.

ALARM 70, Illegal FC configuration

The control card and power card are incompatible. To check compatibility, contact the Danfoss supplier with the type code from the unit nameplate and the part numbers of the cards.



WARNING 76, Power unit setup

The required number of power units does not match the detected number of active power units. When replacing an enclosure size F module, this warning occurs if the power-specific data in the module power card does not match the rest of the drive. If the power card connection is lost, the unit also triggers this warning.

Troubleshooting

- Confirm that the spare part and its power card are the correct part number.
- Ensure that the 44-pin cables between the MDCIC and power cards are mounted properly.

WARNING 77, Reduced power mode

This warning indicates that the drive is operating in reduced power mode (that is, less than the allowed number of inverter sections). This warning is generated on power cycle when the drive is set to run with fewer inverters and remains on.

ALARM 78, Tracking error

The difference between setpoint value and actual value exceeds the value in *parameter 4-35 Tracking Error*.

Troubleshooting

- Disable the function or select an alarm/warning in parameter 4-34 Tracking Error Function.
- Investigate the mechanics around the load and motor. Check feedback connections from motor encoder to drive.
- Select motor feedback function in parameter 4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function.
- Adjust the tracking error band in parameter 4-35 Tracking Error and parameter 4-37 Tracking Error Ramping.

ALARM 79, Illegal power section configuration

The scaling card has an incorrect part number or is not installed. The MK102 connector on the power card could not be installed.

ALARM 80, Drive initialised to default value

Parameter settings are initialized to default settings after a manual reset. To clear the alarm, reset the unit.

ALARM 81, CSIV corrupt

CSIV file has syntax errors.

ALARM 82, CSIV parameter error

CSIV failed to initialize a parameter.

ALARM 83, Illegal option combination

The mounted options are incompatible.

ALARM 88, Option detection

A change in the option layout is detected.

Parameter 14-89 Option Detection is set to [0] Frozen configuration and the option layout has been changed.

- To apply the change, enable option layout changes in *parameter 14-89 Option Detection*.
- Alternatively, restore the correct option configuration.

ALARM 90, Feedback monitor

Check the connection to encoder/resolver option and, if necessary, replace VLT[®] Encoder Input MCB 102 or VLT[®] Resolver Input MCB 103.

ALARM 91, Analog input 54 wrong settings

Set switch S202 in position OFF (voltage input) when a KTY sensor is connected to analog input terminal 54.

ALARM 95, Broken belt

Torque is below the torque level set for no load, indicating a broken belt. *Parameter 22-60 Broken Belt Function* is set for alarm.

Troubleshooting

 Troubleshoot the system and reset the frequency converter after clearing the fault.

ALARM 99, Locked rotor

The rotor is blocked.

WARNING/ALARM 101, Speed monitor

The speed monitor is out of range.

WARNING/ALARM 104, Mixing fan fault

The fan is not operating. The fan monitor checks that the fan is spinning at power-up or whenever the mixing fan is turned on. The mixing-fan fault can be configured as a warning or an alarm trip in *parameter 14-53 Fan Monitor*.

Troubleshooting

 Cycle power to the drive to determine if the warning/alarm returns.

WARNING/ALARM 122, Mot. rotat. unexp.

The drive performs a function that requires the motor to be at standstill, for example DC hold for PM motors.

WARNING/ALARM 148, System temp

One or more of the system temperature measurements is too high.

WARNING/ALARM 154, D.out overload

Digital output overloaded.

ALARM 244, Heat sink temperature

This alarm is equivalent to ALARM 29, Power module temp.

The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm:

- 1 = Leftmost inverter module.
- 2 = Middle inverter module.
- 2 = Right inverter module.
- 2 = Second drive from the left inverter module.
- 3 = Right inverter module.
- 3 = Third from the left inverter module.
- 4 = Far right inverter module.



- 5 = Rectifier module.
- 6 = Right rectifier module.

ALARM 245, Heat sink sensor

There is no feedback from the heat sink sensor.

The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm:

- 1 = Leftmost inverter module.
- 2 = Middle inverter module.
- 2 = Right inverter module.
- 2 = Second drive from the left inverter module.
- 3 = Right inverter module.
- 3 = Third from the left inverter module.
- 4 = Far right inverter module.
- 5 = Rectifier module.
- 6 = Right rectifier module.

ALARM 246, Power card supply

The supply on the power card is out of range.

The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm:

- 1 = Leftmost inverter module.
- 2 = Middle inverter module.
- 2 = Right inverter module.
- 2 = Second drive from the left inverter module.
- 3 = Right inverter module.
- 3 = Third from the left inverter module.
- 4 = Far right inverter module.
- 5 = Rectifier module.
- 6 = Right rectifier module.

ALARM 247, Power card temperature

The supply on the power card is out of range.

The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm:

- 1 = Leftmost inverter module.
- 2 = Middle inverter module.
- 2 = Right inverter module.
- 2 = Second drive from the left inverter module.
- 3 = Right inverter module.
- 3 = Third from the left inverter module.
- 4 = Far right inverter module.
- 5 = Rectifier module.
- 6 = Right rectifier module.

ALARM 248, Illegal power section configuration

Power size configuration fault on the power card.

The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm:

- 1 = Leftmost inverter module.
- 2 = Middle inverter module.
- 2 = Right inverter module.
- 2 = Second drive from the left inverter module.
- 3 = Right inverter module.
- 3 = Third from the left inverter module.
- 4 = Far right inverter module.
- 5 = Rectifier module.
- 6 = Right rectifier module.

WARNING 249, Rect. low temperature

The temperature of the rectifier heat sink is too low, which indicates that the temperature sensor may be defect.

WARNING 250, New spare part

The power or switch mode supply has been exchanged. Restore the drive type code in the EEPROM. Select the correct type code in *parameter 14-23 Typecode Setting* according to the label on the drive. Remember to select Save to EEPROM at the end.

WARNING 251, New typecode

The power card or other components are replaced, and the type code has changed.

D



Index

A		Data log settings	126
Abbreviations	3	Data readout	130, 136
Adjustable warning	61	Default settings	144
Alarm		Diagnosis	135
Alarm log	128	Digital input	63
Alarms		Discharge time	11
List of	167	Display mode	15
AMA	5		
Analog I/O mode	78	E	
Analog input	78	Electronic thermal relay	5
Analog output	81, 82	see also ETR	
Approvals and certifications	4	Encoder	60, 76
Auto derate		Ethernet	102, 103, 104
Automatic motor adaptation		ETR	5, 131
Automatic motor adaptation (AMA)		see also Electronic thermal relay	
Warning	172	F	
В		Fans	
		Warning	173
Brake energy functions	48	FC MC protocol	93
power		Fieldbus jog	96
resistor	•	Freeze output	
DC brake	47	Frequency converter identification	
Break-away torque	4		
Broken-belt detection	142	Frequency converter status	131
Broken-belt torque	142	Fuses Fuse	170
С		C	
Cabling	104	G	
Clockwise		General settings	32, 90
		General status	
Coast		Graphical display	12
Coasting	14, 63	Ground	
Comparator	108	Warning	171
Configuration	90		
Control		Н	
Advanced process PID control		Heat sink	
principle Current limit control		Warning	171, 172
Process control feedback		High voltage	10, 170
Process PID control			
Smart logic control		1	
Speed PID control		Identification f	4
Torque PI control		Identification, frequency converter	128
U/f control principle		Indexed parameter	20
Control cables	8	Indicator light	13
Control card		Initialization	22
Warning	172	Inputs	
Cooling	46	Analog input	5, 79, 80
		Digital I/O mode	63







Intermittent duty cycle 5	Overcurrent trip 69
Inverter switching 115	Overload
	Inverter overload, no trip 123
J	
Jog 4	Р
30g	Parameter information 130
L	Parameter set-up
	Password
LCP 4, 5, 12, 15, 20	Phase loss
LCP copy/save31	
LCP custom readout	Port diagnostics
LCP display	Port setting 92
LCP key	Potentiometer
LED	Digital potentiometer57
Load dependent settings	reference
Load share Warning170	Power card Warning172
,	-
Load sharing 10	Power cycle 6
Local reference	PROFIBUS96
Log	Protection mode 11
Logic rule 109	Pulse input
	Pulse output
M	Pulse reference5
Main menu 13, 17, 19	Pulse start/stop9
, ,	ruise statt/stop
Main reactance	Q
Mains on/off 116	
supply	Qualified personnel 10
Minimum sleep time	Quick menu 13, 17
•	
Monitoring 136	R
Motor Advanced motor data	Ramp 52, 54, 55, 57
data	Rated motor current4
feedback monitoring	Rated motor speed4
limit	•
protection	RCD
status	Reference
Overheating	Reference limit
Warning 168, 170	Relay 69
	Relay output
N	Reset
Network	,
Numerical local control panel	Resolver interface
Numerical local control pariet	Rotor Warning
0	Warning 173
0	c
Operating data 126	S
Operating mode	Safety precautions 10
Output speed	Serial communication 5
Outputs	Shielded/armored8
Analog output 5	Short circuit



Programming Guide

Index

SLC
Sleep mode
Slip compensation 6
Smart application set-up
Smart logic control 105
Special features
Special settings
Speed bypass
Speed up/Speed down9
Start adjustments
Start delay 42
Start function
Start/stop 8
Stator leakage reactance
Status message
Stop adjustments
Supply voltage 170
Synchronous motor speed 4
Т
Terminals 81 Terminal 42
Thermal load 39, 131
Thermistor 6
Thermistor Thermistor45
Timer
Torque
Trip6
Trip reset
Troubleshooting Warnings and alarms 167
U
U/f characteristic
Unintended start 10
V
Voltage
Imbalance
\/\C\

N	
Warning	163
Narnings State of the Control of the	
List of	167



Danfoss can accept no responsibility for possible errors in catalogues, brochures and other printed material. Danfoss reserves the right to alter its products without notice. This also applies to products already on order provided that such alterations can be made without subsequential changes being necessary in specifications already agreed. All trademarks in this material are property of the respective companies. Danfoss and the Danfoss logotype are trademarks of Danfoss A/S. All rights reserved.

Danfoss A/S Ulsnaes 1 DK-6300 Graasten vlt-drives.danfoss.com

