



Contents

1 Introduction	3
1.1.1 Copyright, Limitation of Liability and Revision Rights	3
1.1.2 Approvals	3
1.1.3 Symbols	3
1.1.4 Abbreviations	4
1.1.6 Definitions	4
2 How to Programme	9
2.1 Local Control Panel	9
2.1.1 How to Operate Graphical LCP (GLCP)How to operate graphical LCP	9
2.1.4 Quick Menu Mode	13
2.1.5 Function Set-ups	15
2.1.6 Main Menu Mode	18
3 Parameter Description	21
3.1 Parameter Selection	21
3.1.1 Main Menu Structure	21
3.2 Main Menu - Operation and Display - Group 0	22
3.3 Main Menu - Load and Motor - Group 1	34
3.4 Main Menu - Brakes - Group 2	48
3.5 Main Menu - Reference/Ramps - Group 3	51
3.6 Main Menu - Limits/Warnings - Group 4	57
3.7 Main Menu - Digital In/Out - Group 5	61
3.8 Main Menu - Analog In/Out - Group 6	74
3.9 Main Menu - Communications and Options - Group 8	81
3.10 Main Menu - Profibus - Group 9	87
3.11 Main Menu - CAN Fieldbus - Group 10	92
3.12 Main Menu - LonWorks - Group 11	95
3.13 Main Menu - Smart Logic - Group 13	96
3.14 Main Menu - Special Functions -Group 14	107
3.14.6 14-50 RFI Filter	111
3.15 Main Menu - Drive Information - Group 15	114
3.16 Main Menu - Data Readouts - Group 16	119
3.17 Main Menu - Data Readouts 2 - Group 18	126
3.18 Main Menu - Drive Closed Loop - Group 20	128
3.19 Main Menu - Extended Closed Loop - Group 21	139
3.20 Main Menu - Application Functions - Group 22	146
3.21 Main Menu - Time-based Functions - Group 23	158
3.22 Main Menu - Application Functions 2 - Group 24	168
3.23 Main Menu - Cascade Controller - Group 25	174



3.24 Main Menu - Analog I/O Option MCB 109 - Group 26	183
4 Troubleshooting	190
4.1 Troubleshooting	190
4.1.1 Alarm Words	194
4.1.2 Warning Words	195
4.1.3 Extended Status Words	196
4.1.4 Fault Messages	197
5 Parameter Lists	203
5.1 Parameter Options	203
5.1.1 Default settings	203
5.1.2 0-** Operation and Display	204
5.1.3 1-** Load / Motor	205
5.1.4 2-** Brakes	206
5.1.5 3-** Reference / Ramps	207
5.1.6 4-** Limits / Warnings	208
5.1.7 5-** Digital In / Out	209
5.1.8 6-** Analog In / Out	210
5.1.9 8-** Communication and Options	211
5.1.10 9-** Profibus	213
5.1.11 10-** CAN Fieldbus	214
5.1.12 11-** LonWorks	214
5.1.13 13-** Smart Logic Controller	215
5.1.14 14-** Special Functions	216
5.1.15 15-** Drive Information	217
5.1.16 16-** Data Readouts	218
5.1.17 18-** Info & Readouts	220
5.1.18 20-** FC Closed Loop	221
5.1.19 21-** Ext. Closed Loop	222
5.1.20 22-** Application Functions	224
5.1.21 23-** Time Based Funtions	226
5.1.22 24-** Application Functions 2	227
5.1.23 25-** Cascade Pack Controller	228
5.1.24 26-** Analog I / O Option MCB 109	229
Index	230



1 Introduction

ADS 102 ADS 102 Series



This guide can be used with all ADS 102 frequency converters with software version 3.7x.

The actual software version number can be read from 15-43 Software Version.

1.1.1 Copyright, Limitation of Liability and Revision Rights

This publication contains information proprietary to Alldales. By accepting and using this manual the user agrees that the information contained herein will be used solely for operating equipment from Alldales or equipment from other vendors provided that such equipment is intended for communication with Alldales equipment over a serial communication link. This publication is protected under the Copyright laws of Denmark and most other countries.

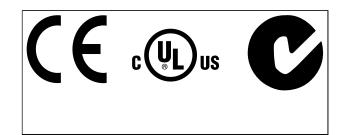
Alldales does not warrant that a software program produced according to the guidelines provided in this manual will function properly in every physical, hardware or software environment.

Although Alldales has tested and reviewed the documentation within this manual, Alldales makes no warranty or representation, neither expressed nor implied, with respect to this documentation, including its quality, performance, or fitness for a particular purpose.

In no event shall Alldales be liable for direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages arising out of the use, or the inability to use information contained in this manual, even if advised of the possibility of such damages. In particular, Alldales is not responsible for any costs, including but not limited to those incurred as a result of lost profits or revenue, loss or damage of equipment, loss of computer programs, loss of data, the costs to substitute these, or any claims by third parties.

Alldales reserves the right to revise this publication at any time and to make changes to its contents without prior notice or any obligation to notify former or present users of such revisions or changes.

1.1.2 Approvals



1.1.3 Symbols

Symbols used in this guide.

NOTE

Indicates something to be noted by the reader.

ACAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury or equipment damage.

AWARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

* Indicates default setting



1.1.4 Abbreviations

Alternating current	AC
American wire gauge	AWG
Ampere/AMP	A
Automatic Motor Adaptation	AMA
Current limit	ILIM
Degrees Celsius	°C
Direct current	DC
Drive Dependent	D-TYPE
Electro Magnetic Compatibility	EMC
Electronic Thermal Relay	ETR
frequency converter	FC
Gram	g
Hertz	Hz
Horsepower	hp
Kilohertz	kHz
Local Control Panel	LCP
Meter	m
Millihenry Inductance	mH
Milliampere	mA
Millisecond	ms
Minute	min
Motion Control Tool	MCT
Nanofarad	nF
Newton Meters	Nm
Nominal motor current	I _{M,N}
Nominal motor frequency	f _{M,N}
Nominal motor power	P _{M,N}
Nominal motor voltage	U _{M,N}
Permanent Magnet motor	PM motor
Protective Extra Low Voltage	PELV
Printed Circuit Board	PCB
Rated Inverter Output Current	I _{INV}
Revolutions Per Minute	RPM
Regenerative terminals	Regen
Second	sec.
Synchronous Motor Speed	ns
Torque limit	T _{LIM}
Volts	V
The maximum output current	I _{DRIVE} ,MAX
The rated output current supplied by the	I _{DRIVE,N}
frequency converter	

1.1.5 Available Literature for ADS 102

- Operating Instructions MG.11.Hx.yy provide the necessary information for getting the frequency converter up and running.
- Design Guide MG.11.lx.yy entails all technical information about the frequency converter and customer design and applications.

 Programming Guide MG.11.Jx.yy provides information on how to programme and includes complete parameter descriptions.

x = Revision number

yy = Language code

1.1.6 Definitions

Frequency converter:

 $\underline{I}_{\text{VLT,MAX}}\underline{I}_{\text{DRIVE,MAX}}$

Maximum output current.

<u>Ivlt,n</u><u>Idrive,n</u>

Rated output current supplied by the frequency converter.

 \underline{U} VLT, MAX \underline{U} DRIVE, MAX

Maximum output voltage.

Input:

Control command

Start and stop the connected motor by means of LCP and digital inputs.

Functions are divided into two groups.

Functions in group 1 have higher priority than functions in group 2.

Group 1	Reset, Coasting stop, Reset and Coasting stop,
	Quick-stop, DC braking, Stop and the [OFF] key.
Group 2	Start, Pulse start, Reversing, Start reversing, Jog
	and Freeze output

Motor:

Motor Running

Torque generated on output shaft and speed from zero rpm to max. speed on motor.

 f_{JOG}

Motor frequency when the jog function is activated (via digital terminals).

fм

Motor frequency.

f_{MA}

Maximum motor frequency.

fmin

Minimum motor frequency.

 $f_{M,N}$

Rated motor frequency (nameplate data).

lΜ

Motor current (actual).

 $I_{M,N}$

Rated motor current (nameplate data).

 $n_{M,N}$

Rated motor speed (nameplate data).

n

Synchronous motor speed

$$n_s = \frac{2 \times par. \ 1 - 23 \times 60 \ s}{par. \ 1 - 39}$$

 $P_{M,N}$

Rated motor power (nameplate data in kW or HP).

 $T_{M,N}$

Rated torque (motor).

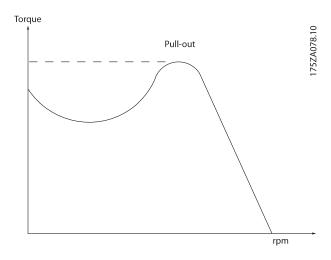
Uм

Instantaneous motor voltage.

U_M N

Rated motor voltage (nameplate data).

Break-away torque



<u>**n**</u>drive

The efficiency of the frequency converter is defined as the ratio between the power output and the power input.

Start-disable command

A stop command belonging to the group 1 control commands - see this group.

Stop command

See Control commands.

References:

Analog Reference

A signal transmitted to the analog inputs 53 or 54, can be voltage or current.

Binary Reference

A signal transmitted to the serial communication port.

Preset Reference

A defined preset reference to be set from -100% to +100% of the reference range. Selection of eight preset references via the digital terminals.

Pulse Reference

A pulse frequency signal transmitted to the digital inputs (terminal 29 or 33).

Ref_{MAX}

Determines the relationship between the reference input at 100% full scale value (typically 10V, 20mA) and the resulting reference. The maximum reference value set in 3-03 Maximum Reference.

Ref_{MIN}

Determines the relationship between the reference input at 0% value (typically 0V, 0mA, 4mA) and the resulting reference. The minimum reference value set in 3-02 Minimum Reference.

Miscellaneous:

Analog Inputs

The analog inputs are used for controlling various functions of the frequency converter.

There are two types of analog inputs:

Current input, 0-20mA and 4-20mA

Voltage input, 0-10V DC ()

Voltage input, -10 - +10V DC (ADS 102).

Analog Outputs

The analog outputs can supply a signal of 0-20mA, 4-20mA.

Automatic Motor Adaptation, AMA

AMA algorithm determines the electrical parameters for the connected motor at standstill.

Brake Resistor

The brake resistor is a module capable of absorbing the brake power generated in regenerative braking. This regenerative braking power increases the intermediate circuit voltage and a brake chopper ensures that the power is transmitted to the brake resistor.

CT Characteristics

Constant torque characteristics used for all applications such as conveyor belts, displacement pumps and cranes.

Digital Inputs

The digital inputs can be used for controlling various functions of the frequency converter.

Digital Outputs

The frequency converter features two Solid State outputs that can supply a 24V DC (max. 40mA) signal.

DSP

Digital Signal Processor.



ETR

Electronic Thermal Relay is a thermal load calculation based on present load and time. Its purpose is to estimate the motor temperature.

Hiperface®

Hiperface® is a registered trademark by Stegmann.

Initialising

If initialising is carried out (14-22 Operation Mode), the frequency converter returns to the default setting.

Intermittent Duty Cycle

An intermittent duty rating refers to a sequence of duty cycles. Each cycle consists of an on-load and an off-load period. The operation can be either periodic duty or non-periodic duty.

LCP

The <u>L</u>ocal <u>C</u>ontrol <u>P</u>anel makes up a complete interface for control and programming of the frequency converter. The control panel is detachable and can be installed up to 3 metres from the frequency converter, i.e. in a front panel by means of the installation kit option.

Isb

Least significant bit.

<u>msb</u>

Most significant bit.

MCM

Short for Mille Circular Mil, an American measuring unit for cable cross-section. 1 $MCM = 0.5067mm^2$.

On-line/Off-line Parameters

Changes to on-line parameters are activated immediately after the data value is changed. Changes to off-line parameters are not activated until you enter [OK] on the LCP.

Process PID

The PID control maintains the desired speed, pressure, temperature, etc. by adjusting the output frequency to match the varying load.

PCD

Process Control Data

Power Cycle

Switch off the mains until display (LCP) is dark – then turn power on again.

Pulse Input/Incremental Encoder

An external, digital pulse transmitter used for feeding back information on motor speed. The encoder is used in applications where great accuracy in speed control is required.

<u>RCD</u>

Residual Current Device.

Set-up

6

You can save parameter settings in four Set-ups. Change between the four parameter Set-ups and edit one Set-up, while another Set-up is active.

SFAVM

Switching pattern called <u>Stator Flux oriented Asynchronous</u> <u>Vector Modulation</u> (14-00 Switching Pattern).

Slip Compensation

The frequency converter compensates for the motor slip by giving the frequency a supplement that follows the measured motor load keeping the motor speed almost constant.

Smart Logic Control (SLC)

The SLC is a sequence of user defined actions executed when the associated user defined events are evaluated as true by the Smart Logic Controller. (Par. group 13-** Smart Logic Control (SLC).

STW

Status Word

Drive Standard Bus

Includes RS-485 bus with Drive protocol or MC protocol. See *8-30 Protocol*.

Thermistor

A temperature-dependent resistor placed where the temperature is to be monitored (frequency converter or motor).

Trip

A state entered in fault situations, e.g. if the frequency converter is subject to an over-temperature or when the frequency converter is protecting the motor, process or mechanism. Restart is prevented until the cause of the fault has disappeared and the trip state is cancelled by activating reset or, in some cases, by being programmed to reset automatically. Trip may not be used for personal safety.

Trip Locked

A state entered in fault situations when the frequency converter is protecting itself and requiring physical intervention, e.g. if the frequency converter is subject to a short circuit on the output. A locked trip can only be cancelled by cutting off mains, removing the cause of the fault, and reconnecting the frequency converter. Restart is prevented until the trip state is cancelled by activating reset or, in some cases, by being programmed to reset automatically. Trip may not be used for personal safety.

VT Characteristics

Variable torque characteristics used for pumps and fans.

VVCplus

If compared with standard voltage/frequency ratio control, Voltage Vector Control (VVC^{plus}) improves the dynamics and the stability, both when the speed reference is changed and in relation to the load torque.

60° AVM

Switching pattern called 60° <u>A</u>synchronous <u>V</u>ector <u>M</u>odulation (*14-00 Switching Pattern*).

Alldales

Power Factor

The power factor is the relation between I₁ and I_{RMS}.

Power factor =
$$\frac{\sqrt{3} \times U \times I_1 \cos \varphi}{\sqrt{3} \times U \times I_{RMS}}$$

The power factor for 3-phase control:

$$= \frac{I1 \times cos\varphi1}{I_{RMS}} = \frac{I_1}{I_{RMS}} \text{ since } cos\varphi1 = 1$$

The power factor indicates to which extent the frequency converter imposes a load on the mains supply.

The lower the power factor, the higher the I_{RMS} for the same kW performance.

$$I_{RMS} = \sqrt{I_1^2 + I_5^2 + I_7^2} + ... + I_n^2$$

In addition, a high power factor indicates that the different harmonic currents are low.

The frequency converters' built-in DC coils produce a high power factor, which minimizes the imposed load on the mains supply.

AWARNING

The voltage of the frequency converter is dangerous whenever connected to mains. Incorrect installation of the motor, frequency converter or fieldbus may cause death, serious personal injury or damage to the equipment. Consequently, the instructions in this manual, as well as national and local rules and safety regulations, must be complied with.

Safety Regulations

- 1. The mains supply to the frequency converter must be disconnected whenever repair work is to be carried out. Check that the mains supply has been disconnected and that the necessary time has elapsed before removing motor and mains supply plugs.
- The [OFF] button on the control panel of the frequency converter does not disconnect the mains supply and consequently it must not be used as a safety switch.
- The equipment must be properly earthed, the user must be protected against supply voltage and the motor must be protected against overload in accordance with applicable national and local regulations.
- 4. The earth leakage current exceeds 3.5mA.
- Protection against motor overload is not included in the factory setting. If this function is desired, set 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection to data value ETR trip 1 [4] or data value ETR warning 1 [3].
- Do not remove the plugs for the motor and mains supply while the frequency converter is connected to mains. Check that the mains supply

- has been disconnected and that the necessary time has elapsed before removing motor and mains plugs.
- 7. Please note that the frequency converter has more voltage sources than L1, L2 and L3, when load sharing (linking of DC intermediate circuit) or external 24V DC are installed. Check that all voltage sources have been disconnected and that the necessary time has elapsed before commencing repair work.

Warning against unintended start

- 1. The motor can be brought to a stop by means of digital commands, bus commands, references or a local stop, while the frequency converter is connected to mains. If personal safety considerations (e.g. risk of personal injury caused by contact with moving machine parts following an unintentional start) make it necessary to ensure that no unintended start occurs, these stop functions are not sufficient. In such cases the mains supply must be disconnected or the Safe Stop function must be activated.
- The motor may start while setting the parameters. If this means that personal safety may be compromised (e.g. personal injury caused by contact with moving machine parts), motor starting must be prevented, for instance by use of the Safe Stop function or secure disconnection of the motor connection.
- 3. A motor that has been stopped with the mains supply connected, may start if faults occur in the electronics of the frequency converter, through temporary overload or if a fault in the power supply grid or motor connection is remedied. If unintended start must be prevented for personal safety reasons (e.g. risk of injury caused by contact with moving machine parts), the normal stop functions of the frequency converter are not sufficient. In such cases the mains supply must be disconnected or the *Safe Stop* function must be activated.
- 4. Control signals from, or internally within, the frequency converter may in rare cases be activated in error, be delayed or fail to occur entirely. When used in situations where safety is critical, e.g. when controlling the electromagnetic brake function of a hoist application, these control signals must not be relied on exclusively.



AWARNING

High Voltage

Touching the electrical parts may be fatal - even after the equipment has been disconnected from mains. Also make sure that other voltage inputs have been disconnected, such as external 24 V DC, load sharing (linkage of DC intermediate circuit), as well as the motor connection for kinetic back up.

Systems where frequency converters are installed must, if necessary, be equipped with additional monitoring and protective devices according to the valid safety regulations, e.g law on mechanical tools, regulations for the prevention of accidents etc. Modifications on the frequency converters by means of the operating software are allowed.

NOTE

Hazardous situations shall be identified by the machine builder/ integrator who is responsible for taking necessary preventive means into consideration. Additional monitoring and protective devices may be included, always according to valid national safety regulations, e.g. law on mechanical tools, regulations for the prevention of accidents.

Protection Mode

Once a hardware limit on motor current or dc-link voltage is exceeded the frequency converter will enter "Protection mode". "Protection mode" means a change of the PWM modulation strategy and a low switching frequency to minimize losses. This continues 10 sec after the last fault and increases the reliability and the robustness of the frequency converter while re-establishing full control of the motor.



2 How to Programme

2.1 Local Control Panel

2.1.1 How to Operate Graphical LCP (GLCP)How to operate graphical LCP

The following instructions are valid for the GLCP (LCP 102).

The GLCP is divided into four functional groups

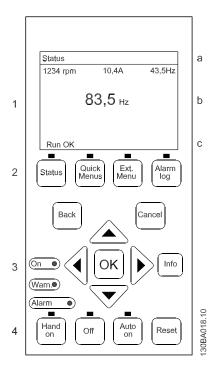
- 1. Graphical display with Status lines.
- Menu keys and indicator lights (LEDs) selecting mode, changing parameters and switching between display functions.
- 3. Navigation keys and indicator lights (LEDs).
- 4. Operation keys and indicator lights (LEDs).

Graphical display

The LCD-display is back-lit with a total of 6 alpha-numeric lines. All data is displayed on the LCP which can show up to five operating variables while in [Status] mode.

Display lines

- Status line Status messages displaying icons and graphics.
- Line 1-2Operator data lines displaying data and variables defined or chosen by the user. By pressing the [Status] key, up to one extra line can be added.
- c. Status line Status messages displaying text.



The display is divided into 3 sections

Top section (a) shows the status when in status mode or up to 2 variables when not in status mode and in the case of Alarm/Warning.

The number of the Active Set-up (selected as the Active Set-up in *0-10 Active Set-up*) is shown. When programming in another Set-up than the Active Set-up, the number of the Set-up being programmed appears to the right in brackets.

The **Middle section** (b) shows up to 5 variables with related unit, regardless of status. In case of alarm/warning, the warning is shown instead of the variables.

The **Bottom section** (c) always shows the state of the frequency converter in Status mode.

It is possible to toggle between three status read-out displays by pressing the [Status] key.

Operating variables with different formatting are shown in each status screen - see below.

Several values or measurements can be linked to each of the displayed operating variables. The values / measurements to be displayed can be defined via 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small, 0-21 Display Line 1.2 Small,



30BP063.10

0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small, 0-23 Display Line 2 Large and *0-24 Display Line 3 Large*, which can be accessed via [QUICK MENU], "Q3 Function Setups", "Q3-1 General Settings", "Q3-13 Display Settings".

Each value/measurement readout parameter selected in *0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small* to *0-24 Display Line 3 Large* has its own scale and number of digits after a possible decimal point. Larger numeric values are displayed with few digits after the decimal point.

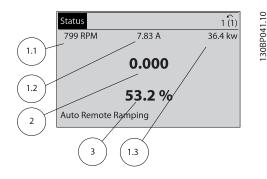
Ex.: Current readout 5.25 A; 15.2 A 105 A.

Status display I

This read-out state is standard after start-up or initialisation.

Use [INFO] to obtain information about the value/ measurement linked to the displayed operating variables (1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 2, and 3).

See the operating variables shown in the display in this illustration. 1.1, 1.2 and 1.3 are shown in small size. 2 and 3 are shown in medium size.

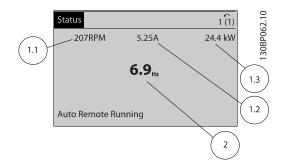


Status display II

See the operating variables (1.1, 1.2, 1.3, and 2) shown in the display in this illustration.

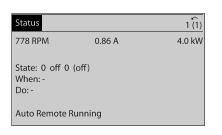
In the example, Speed, Motor current, Motor power and Frequency are selected as variables in the first and second lines.

1.1, 1.2 and 1.3 are shown in small size. 2 is shown in large size.



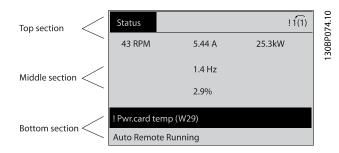
Status display III

This state displays the event and action of the Smart Logic Control. For further information, see 3.13 Main Menu - Smart Logic - Group 13.



Display Contrast Adjustment

Press [status] and [▲] for darker display Press [status] and [▼] for brighter display

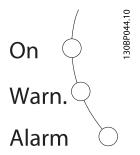


Indicator lights (LEDs)

If certain threshold values are exceeded, the alarm and/or warning LED lights up. A status and alarm text appear on the control panel.

The On LED is activated when the frequency converter receives power from mains voltage, a DC bus terminal, or an external 24V supply. At the same time, the back light is on.

- Green LED/On: Control section is working.
- Yellow LED/Warn.: Indicates a warning.
- Flashing Red LED/Alarm: Indicates an alarm.





GLCP keys

Menu keys

The menu keys are divided into functions. The keys below the display and indicator lamps are used for parameter setup, including choice of display indication during normal operation.



[Status]

indicates the status of the frequency converter and/or the motor. 3 different readouts can be chosen by pressing the [Status] key:

5 line readouts, 4 line readouts or Smart Logic Control. Use **[Status]** for selecting the mode of display or for changing back to Display mode from either the Quick Menu mode, the Main Menu mode or Alarm mode. Also use the **[Status]** key to toggle single or double read-out mode.

[Quick Menu]

allows quick set-up of the frequency converter. The most common ADS 102 functions can be programmed here.

The [Quick Menu] consists of

- My Personal Menu
- Quick Set-up
- Function Set-up
- Changes Made
- Loggings

The Function set-up provides quick and easy access to all parameters required for the majority of ADS 102 applications including most VAV and CAV supply and return fans, cooling tower fans, Primary, Secondary and Condenser Water Pumps and other pump, fan and compressor applications. Amongst other features it also includes parameters for selecting which variables to display on the LCP, digital preset speeds, scaling of analog references, closed loop single zone and multi-zone applications and specific functions related to Fans, Pumps and Compressors.

The Quick Menu parameters can be accessed immediately unless a password has been created via 0-60 Main Menu Password, 0-61 Access to Main Menu w/o Password, 0-65 Personal Menu Password or 0-66 Access to Personal Menu w/o Password.

It is possible to switch directly between Quick Menu mode and Main Menu mode.

[Main Menu]

is used for programming all parameters. The Main Menu parameters can be accessed immediately unless a password has been created via 0-60 Main Menu Password, 0-61 Access to Main Menu w/o Password, 0-65 Personal Menu Password or 0-66 Access to Personal Menu w/o Password. For the majority of ADS 102 applications it is not necessary to access the Main Menu parameters but instead the Quick Menu, Quick Set-up and Function Set-up provides the simplest and quickest access to the typical required parameters.

It is possible to switch directly between Main Menu mode and Quick Menu mode.

Parameter shortcut can be carried out by pressing down the [Main Menu] key for 3 seconds. The parameter shortcut allows direct access to any parameter.

[Alarm Log]

displays an Alarm list of the ten latest alarms (numbered A1-A10). To obtain additional details about an alarm, use the arrow keys to manoeuvre to the alarm number and press [OK]. Information is displayed about the condition of the frequency converter before it enters the alarm mode.

The Alarm log button on the LCP allows access to both Alarm log and Maintenance log.

[Back]

reverts to the previous step or layer in the navigation structure.

[Cancel]

last change or command will be cancelled as long as the display has not been changed.

[Info]

displays information about a command, parameter, or function in any display window. [Info] provides detailed information when needed.

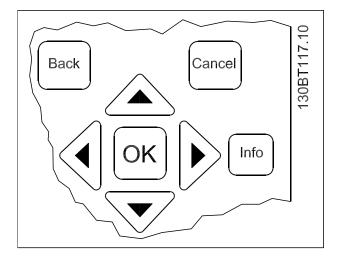
Exit Info mode by pressing either [Info], [Back], or [Cancel].



Navigation Keys

The four navigation arrows are used to navigate between the different choices available in [Quick Menu], [Main Menu] and [Alarm Log]. Use the keys to move the cursor.

[OK] is used for choosing a parameter marked by the cursor and for enabling the change of a parameter.



Operation Keys for local control are found at the bottom of the control panel.



[Hand On]

enables control of the frequency converter via the GLCP. [Hand On] also starts the motor, and it is now possible to enter the motor speed data by means of the arrow keys. The key can be selected as *Enable* [1] or *Disable* [0] via 0-40 [Hand on] Key on LCP.

The following control signals will still be active when [Hand On] is activated:

- [Hand On] [Off] [Auto On]
- Reset
- Coasting stop inverse
- Reversing
- Set-up select lsb Set-up select msb
- Stop command from serial communication
- Quick stop
- DC brake

NOTE

External stop signals activated by means of control signals or a serial bus will override a "start" command via the LCP.

[Off]

stops the connected motor. The key can be selected as Enabled [1] or Disabled [0] via 0-41 [Off] Key on LCP. If no external stop function is selected and the [Off] key is

inactive the motor can only be stopped by disconnecting the mains supply.

[Auto On]

enables the frequency converter to be controlled via the control terminals and/or serial communication. When a start signal is applied on the control terminals and/or the bus, the frequency converter will start. The key can be selected as Enabled [1] or Disabled [0] via 0-42 [Auto on] Key on LCP.

NOTE

An active HAND-OFF-AUTO signal via the digital inputs has higher priority than the control keys [Hand On] – [Auto On].

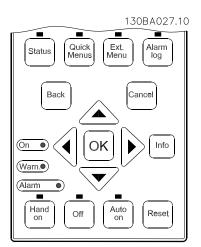
[Reset]

is used for resetting the frequency converter after an alarm (trip). It can be selected as *Enable* [1] or *Disable* [0] via 0-43 [Reset] Key on LCP.

The parameter shortcut can be carried out by holding down the [Main Menu] key for 3 seconds. The parameter shortcut allows direct access to any parameter.

2.1.2 Quick Transfer of Parameter Settings between Multiple Frequency Converters

Once the set-up of a frequency converter is complete, we recommend that you store the data in the LCP or on a PC via MCT 10 Set-up Software Tool.



Data storage in LCP

- 1. Go to 0-50 LCP Copy
- 2. Press the [OK] key
- 3. Select "All to LCP"
- 4. Press the [OK] key

12



All parameter settings are now stored in the LCP indicated by the progress bar. When 100% is reached, press [OK].

NOTE

Stop the motor before performing this operation.

Connect the LCP to another frequency converter and copy the parameter settings to this frequency converter as well.

Data transfer from LCP to frequency converter

- 1. Go to 0-50 LCP Copy
- 2. Press the [OK] key
- 3. Select "All from LCP"
- 4. Press the [OK] key

The parameter settings stored in the LCP are now transferred to the frequency converter indicated by the progress bar. When 100% is reached, press [OK].

NOTE

Stop the motor before performing this operation.

2.1.3 Parameter Set-Up

The frequency converter can be used for practically all assignments, thus offering a significant number of parameters. The series offers a choice between two programming modes - the Quick Menu mode and the Main Menu mode.

The latter provides access to all parameters. The former takes the user through a few parameters making it possible to program the majority of ADS 102 applications. Regardless of the mode of programming, parameters can be changed in both Quick Menu mode and in Main Menu mode.

2.1.4 Quick Menu Mode

Parameter Data

The graphical display (GLCP)keypad provides access to all parameters listed under the Quick Menus. The numeric display (NLCP) only provides access to the Quick Setup parameters. To set parameters using the [Quick Menu] button - enter or change parameter data or settings in accordance with the following procedure

- 1. Press Quick Menu button
- 2. Use the [♠] and [▼] buttons to find the parameter you want to change
- 3. Press [OK]
- 4. Use [♠] and [▼] buttons to select the correct parameter setting
- 5. Press [OK]

- To move to a different digit within a parameter setting, use the [◄] and [►] buttons
- 7. Highlighted area indicates digit selected for change
- 8. Press [Cancel] button to disregard change, or press [OK] to accept change and enter the new setting

Example of changing parameter data

Assume 22-60 Broken Belt Function is set to [Off]. However, you want to monitor the fan-belt condition - non- broken or broken - according to the following procedure

- 1. Press Quick Menu key
- 2. Choose Function Setups with the [▼] button
- Press [OK]
- 4. Choose Application Settings with the [▼] button
- Press [OK]
- 6. Press [OK] again for Fan Functions
- 7. Choose Broken Belt Function by pressing [OK]
- 8. With [▼] button, choose [2] Trip

The frequency converter will now trip if a broken fan-belt is detected.

Select [My Personal Menu] to display personal parameters

For example, an AHU or pump OEM may have preprogrammed personal parameters to be in My Personal Menu during factory commissioning to make on-site commissioning/fine tuning simpler. These parameters are selected in *0-25 My Personal Menu*. Up to 20 different parameters can be programmed in this menu.

Select [Changes Made] to get information about

- The last 10 changes. Use the up/down navigation keys to scroll between the last 10 changed parameters.
- The changes made since default setting.

Select [Loggings]

to get information about the display line read-outs. The information is shown as graphs.

Only display parameters selected in *0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small* and *0-24 Display Line 3 Large* can be viewed. It is possible to store up to 120 samples in the memory for later reference.

Quick Setup

Efficient Parameter Set-up for ADS 102 Applications

The parameters can easily be set up for the vast majority of the ADS 102 applications only by using the [Quick Setup] option.



After pressing [Quick Menu], the different choices in the Quick Menu are listed. See also illustration 6.1 below and tables Q3-1 to Q3-4 in the following *Function Setups* section.

Example of using the Quick Setup option

Assume you want to set the Ramp Down Time to 100 seconds:

- Select [Quick Setup]. 0-01 Language in Quick Setup appears
- 2. Press [▼] repeatedly until 3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp

 Down Time appears with the default setting of 20 seconds
- 3. Press [OK]
- 4. Use the [◀] button to highlight the 3rd digit before the comma
- 5. Change '0' to '1' by using the [▲] button
- 6. Use the [▶] button to highlight the digit '2'
- 7. Change '2' to '0' with the [▼] button
- 8. Press [OK]

The new ramp-down time is now set to 100 sec. It is recommended to do the set-up in the order listed.

NOTE

14

A complete description of the function is found in *3 Parameter Description*.

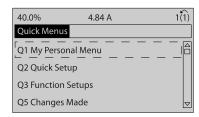


Illustration 2.1 Quick Menu View

The Quick Setup menu gives access to the 18 most important setup parameters of the frequency converter. After programming the frequency converter will, in most cases, be ready for operation. The 18 Quick Setup parameters are shown in the table below. A complete description of the function is given in the parameter description sections of this manual.

Parameter	[Units]
0-01 Language	
1-20 Motor Power [kW]	[kW]
1-21 Motor Power [HP]	[HP]
1-22 Motor Voltage*	[V]
1-23 Motor Frequency	[Hz]
1-24 Motor Current	[A]
1-25 Motor Nominal Speed	[RPM]
1-28 Motor Rotation Check	[Hz]
3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time	[s]
3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time	[s]
4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]	[RPM]
4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]*	[Hz]
4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]	[RPM]
4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]*	[Hz]
3-19 Jog Speed [RPM]	[RPM]
3-11 Jog Speed [Hz]*	[Hz]
5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input	
5-40 Function Relay**	

Table 2.1 Quick Setup parameters

*The display showing depends on choices made in 0-02 Motor Speed Unit and 0-03 Regional Settings. The default settings of 0-02 Motor Speed Unit and 0-03 Regional Settings depend on which region of the world the frequency converter is supplied to but can be reprogrammed as required.

** 5-40 Function Relay, is an array, where one may choose between Relay1 [0] or Relay2 [1]. Standard setting is Relay1 [0] with the default choice Alarm [9].

See the parameter description in the section Commonly Used Parameters.

For a detailed information about settings and programming, please see the ADS 102 Programming Guide, MG.11.JX.YY

x=version number y=language

NOTE

If [No Operation] is selected in 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input, no connection to +24V on terminal 27 is necessary to enable start.

If [Coast Inverse] (factory default value) is selected in 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input, a connection to +24V is necessary to enable start.

130BT110.11

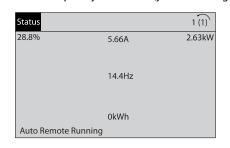


2.1.5 Function Set-ups

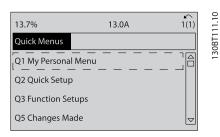
The Function set-up provides quick and easy access to all parameters required for the majority of ADS 102 applications including most VAV and CAV supply and return fans, cooling tower fans, Primary, Secondary and Condenser Water Pumps and other pump, fan and compressor applications.

How to access Function set-up - example

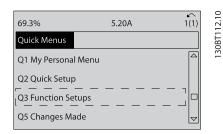
Step 1: Turn on the frequency converter (yellow LED lights)



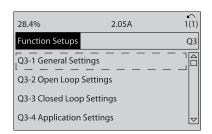
Step 2: Press the [Quick Menus] button (Quick Menus choices appear).



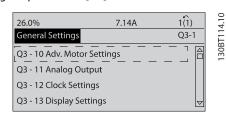
Step 3: Use the up/down navigation keys to scroll down to Function set-ups. Press [OK].



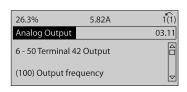
Step 4: Function set-ups choices appear. Choose Q3-1 *General Settings*. Press [OK].



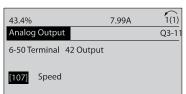
Step 5: Use the up/down navigation keys to scroll down to i.e. Q3-11 *Analog Outputs*. Press [OK].



Step 6: Choose 6-50 Terminal 42 Output. Press [OK].



Step 7: Use the up/down navigation keys to select between the different choices. Press [OK].



130BT116.10

130BA115.10



Function Set-ups parameters

The Function Set-ups parameters are grouped in the following way

Q3-1 General Settings			
Q3-10 Adv. Motor Settings	Q3-11 Analog Output	Q3-12 Clock Settings	Q3-13 Display Settings
1-90 Motor Thermal Protection	6-50 Terminal 42 Output	0-70 Date and Time	0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small
1-93 Thermistor Source	6-51 Terminal 42 Output Min	0-71 Date Format	0-21 Display Line 1.2 Small
	Scale		
1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation	6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max	0-72 Time Format	0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small
(AMA)	Scale		
14-01 Switching Frequency		0-74 DST/Summertime	0-23 Display Line 2 Large
4-53 Warning Speed High		0-76 DST/Summertime Start	0-24 Display Line 3 Large
		0-77 DST/Summertime End	0-37 Display Text 1
			0-38 Display Text 2
			0-39 Display Text 3

Q3-2 Open Loop Settings	
Q3-20 Digital Reference	Q3-21 Analog Reference
3-02 Minimum Reference	3-02 Minimum Reference
3-03 Maximum Reference	3-03 Maximum Reference
3-10 Preset Reference	6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage
5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input	6-11 Terminal 53 High Voltage
5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input	6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current
5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input	6-13 Terminal 53 High Current
	6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value
	6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value



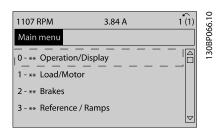
	Q3-3 Closed Loop Settings	
Q3-30 Single Zone Int. Set Point	Q3-31 Single Zone Ext. Set Point	Q3-32 Multi Zone / Adv
1-00 Configuration Mode	1-00 Configuration Mode	1-00 Configuration Mode
20-12 Reference/Feedback Unit	20-12 Reference/Feedback Unit	3-15 Reference 1 Source
20-13 Minimum Reference/Feedb.	20-13 Minimum Reference/Feedb.	3-16 Reference 2 Source
20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb.	20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb.	20-00 Feedback 1 Source
5-22 Terminal 54 Low Current	6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage	20-01 Feedback 1 Conversion
5-24 Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	6-11 Terminal 53 High Voltage	20-02 Feedback 1 Source Unit
5-25 Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value	6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current	20-03 Feedback 2 Source
i-26 Terminal 54 Filter Time Constant	6-13 Terminal 53 High Current	20-04 Feedback 2 Conversion
-27 Terminal 54 Live Zero	6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	20-05 Feedback 2 Source Unit
i-00 Live Zero Timeout Time	6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value	20-06 Feedback 3 Source
i-01 Live Zero Timeout Function	6-22 Terminal 54 Low Current	20-07 Feedback 3 Conversion
0-21 Setpoint 1	6-24 Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	20-08 Feedback 3 Source Unit
0-81 PID Normal/ Inverse Control	6-25 Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value	20-12 Reference/Feedback Unit
0-82 PID Start Speed [RPM]	6-26 Terminal 54 Filter Time Constant	20-13 Minimum Reference/Feedb.
0-83 PID Start Speed [Hz]	6-27 Terminal 54 Live Zero	20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb.
10-93 PID Proportional Gain	6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time	6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage
10-93 FID Froportional Gain 10-94 PID Integral Time	6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function	6-11 Terminal 53 Low Voltage
20-70 Closed Loop Type	20-81 PID Normal/ Inverse Control	6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current
10-71 PID Performance	20-82 PID Start Speed [RPM]	6-13 Terminal 53 High Current
	,	6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value
0-72 PID Output Change	20-83 PID Start Speed [Hz]	
0-73 Minimum Feedback Level	20-93 PID Proportional Gain	6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value
0-74 Maximum Feedback Level	20-94 PID Integral Time	6-16 Terminal 53 Filter Time Constant
0-79 PID Autotuning	20-70 Closed Loop Type	6-17 Terminal 53 Live Zero
	20-71 PID Performance	6-20 Terminal 54 Low Voltage
	20-72 PID Output Change	6-21 Terminal 54 High Voltage
	20-73 Minimum Feedback Level	6-22 Terminal 54 Low Current
	20-74 Maximum Feedback Level	6-23 Terminal 54 High Current
	20-79 PID Autotuning	6-24 Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value
		6-25 Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value
		6-26 Terminal 54 Filter Time Constant
		6-27 Terminal 54 Live Zero
		6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time
		6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function
		4-56 Warning Feedback Low
		4-57 Warning Feedback High
		20-20 Feedback Function
		20-21 Setpoint 1
		20-22 Setpoint 2
		20-81 PID Normal/ Inverse Control
		20-82 PID Start Speed [RPM]
		20-83 PID Start Speed [Hz]
		20-93 PID Proportional Gain
		20-94 PID Integral Time
		20-70 Closed Loop Type
		20-71 PID Performance
		20-72 PID Output Change
		20-73 Minimum Feedback Level
		20-74 Maximum Feedback Level
		20-79 PID Autotuning



Q3-4 Application Settings		
Q3-40 Fan Functions	Q3-41 Pump Functions	Q3-42 Compressor Functions
22-60 Broken Belt Function	22-20 Low Power Auto Set-up	1-03 Torque Characteristics
22-61 Broken Belt Torque	22-21 Low Power Detection	1-71 Start Delay
22-62 Broken Belt Delay	22-22 Low Speed Detection	22-75 Short Cycle Protection
4-64 Semi-Auto Bypass Set-up	22-23 No-Flow Function	22-76 Interval between Starts
1-03 Torque Characteristics	22-24 No-Flow Delay	22-77 Minimum Run Time
22-22 Low Speed Detection	22-40 Minimum Run Time	5-01 Terminal 27 Mode
22-23 No-Flow Function	22-41 Minimum Sleep Time	5-02 Terminal 29 Mode
22-24 No-Flow Delay	22-42 Wake-up Speed [RPM]	5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input
22-40 Minimum Run Time	22-43 Wake-up Speed [Hz]	5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input
22-41 Minimum Sleep Time	22-44 Wake-up Ref./FB Difference	5-40 Function Relay
22-42 Wake-up Speed [RPM]	22-45 Setpoint Boost	1-73 Flying Start
22-43 Wake-up Speed [Hz]	22-46 Maximum Boost Time	1-86 Trip Speed Low [RPM]
22-44 Wake-up Ref./FB Difference	22-26 Dry Pump Function	1-87 Trip Speed Low [Hz]
22-45 Setpoint Boost	22-27 Dry Pump Delay	
22-46 Maximum Boost Time	22-80 Flow Compensation	
2-10 Brake Function	22-81 Square-linear Curve Approximation	
2-16 AC brake Max. Current	22-82 Work Point Calculation	
2-17 Over-voltage Control	22-83 Speed at No-Flow [RPM]	
1-73 Flying Start	22-84 Speed at No-Flow [Hz]	
1-71 Start Delay	22-85 Speed at Design Point [RPM]	
1-80 Function at Stop	22-86 Speed at Design Point [Hz]	
2-00 DC Hold/Preheat Current	22-87 Pressure at No-Flow Speed	
4-10 Motor Speed Direction	22-88 Pressure at Rated Speed	
	22-89 Flow at Design Point	
	22-90 Flow at Rated Speed	
	1-03 Torque Characteristics	
	1-73 Flying Start	

2.1.6 Main Menu Mode

Select the Main Menu mode by pressing the [Main Menu] key. The below read-out appears on the display. The middle and bottom sections on the display show a list of parameter groups which can be chosen by toggling the up and down buttons.



Each parameter has a name and number which remain the same regardless of the programming mode. In the Main Menu mode, the parameters are divided into groups. The first digit of the parameter number (from the left) indicates the parameter group number.

All parameters can be changed in the Main Menu. However, depending on the choice of configuration (1-00 Configuration Mode), some parameters can be hidden.

2.1.7 Parameter Selection

In the Main Menu mode, the parameters are divided into groups. You select a parameter group by means of the navigation keys.

The following parameter groups are accessible

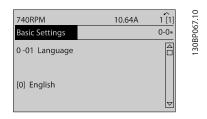
Group no.	Parameter group:
0	Operation/Display
1	Load/Motor
2	Brakes
3	References/Ramps
4	Limits/Warnings
5	Digital In/Out
6	Analog In/Out
8	Comm. and Options
9	Profibus
10	CAN Fieldbus



Group no.	Parameter group:
11	LonWorks
12	Ethernet IP / Modbus TCP / PROFINET
13	Smart Logic
14	Special Functions
15	Drive Information
16	Data Readouts
18	Data Readouts 2
20	Drive Closed Loop
21	Ext. Closed Loop
22	Application Functions
23	Time-based Functions
25	Cascade Controller
26	Analog I/O Option MCB 109

After selecting a parameter group, choose a parameter by means of the navigation keys.

The middle section on the display shows the parameter number and name as well as the selected parameter value.



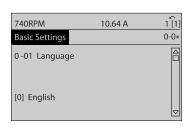
2.1.8 Changing Data

The procedure for changing data is the same whether you select a parameter in the Quick menu or the Main menu mode. Press [OK] to change the selected parameter. The procedure for changing data depends on whether the selected parameter represents a numerical data value or a text value.

2.1.9 Changing a Text Value

If the selected parameter is a text value, change the text value with the $[\blacktriangle]$ $[\blacktriangledown]$ navigation keys.

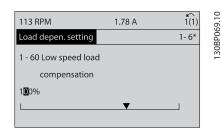
The up key increases the value, and the down key decreases the value. Place the cursor on the value you want to save and press [OK].



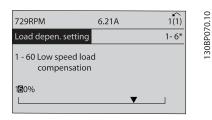
30BP068.10

2.1.10 Changing a Group of Numeric Data Values

If the chosen parameter represents a numeric data value, change the chosen data value by means of the $[\P]$ $[\P]$ navigation keys as well as the $[\P]$ $[\P]$ navigation keys. Use the $[\P]$ $[\P]$ navigation keys to move the cursor horizontally.



Use the [♠] [▼] navigation keys to change the data value. The up key enlarges the data value, and the down key reduces the data value. Place the cursor on the value you want to save and press [OK].



2.1.11 Value, Step-by-Step

Certain parameters can be changed step by step or infinitely varying. This applies to 1-20 Motor Power [kW], 1-22 Motor Voltage and 1-23 Motor Frequency. The parameters are changed both as a group of numeric data values and as numeric data values infinitely varying.

2.1.12 Read-out and Programming of Indexed Parameters

Parameters are indexed when placed in a rolling stack. 15-30 Alarm Log: Error Code to 15-33 Alarm Log: Date and Time contain a fault log which can be read out. Choose a parameter, press [OK], and use the up/down navigation keys to scroll through the value log.

Use 3-10 Preset Reference as another example: Choose the parameter, press [OK], and use the up/down navigation keys keys to scroll through the indexed values. To change the parameter value, select the indexed value and press [OK]. Change the value by using the up/down keys. Press [OK] to accept the new setting. Press [Cancel] to abort. Press [Back] to leave the parameter.



2.1.13 Initialisation to Default Settings

Initialise the frequency converter to default settings in two ways.

Recommended initialisation (via 14-22 Operation Mode)

- 1. Select 14-22 Operation Mode
- 2. Press [OK]
- 3. Select "initialisation"
- 4. Press [OK]
- 5. Cut off the mains supply and wait until the display turns off.
- Reconnect the mains supply the frequency converter is now reset.
- 7. Change 14-22 Operation Mode back to Normal Operation.

NOTE

Resets parameters selected in Personal Menu with default factory setting.

14-22 Operation Mode initialises all except

14-50 RFI Filter

8-30 Protocol

8-31 Address

8-32 Baud Rate

8-35 Minimum Response Delay

8-36 Maximum Response Delay

8-37 Maximum Inter-Char Delay

15-00 Operating Hours to 15-05 Over Volt's

15-20 Historic Log: Event to 15-22 Historic Log: Time

15-30 Alarm Log: Error Code to 15-32 Alarm Log: Time

Manual initialisation

1.	Disconnect from mains and wait until the display turns	
	off.	
2a.	Press [Status] - [Main Menu] - [OK] at the same time	
	while power up for LCP 102, Graphical Display	
2b.	Press [Menu] while power up for LCP 101, Numerical	
	Display	
3.	Release the keys after 5 seconds	
4.	The frequency converter is now programmed according	
	to default settings.	
This pr	This procedure initialises all except: 15-00 Operating Hours;	
15-03 F	15-03 Power Up's; 15-04 Over Temp's; 15-05 Over Volt's.	

NOTE

When you carry out manual initialisation, you also reset serial communication, *14-50 RFI Filter* and fault log settings. Removes parameters selected in *25-00 Cascade Controller*.

NOTE

After initialisation and power cycling, the display will not show any information until after a couple of minutes.



3 Parameter Description

3.1 Parameter Selection

3.1.1 Main Menu Structure

Parameters for the frequency converter are grouped into various parameter groups for easy selection of the correct parameters for optimized operation of the frequency converter.

The vast majority of ADS 102 applications can be programmed using the Quick Menu button and selecting the parameters under Quick Setup and Function Setups. Descriptions and default settings of parameters may be found under *5 Parameter Lists*.

- 0-** Operation/Display
- 1-** Load/Motor
- 2-** Brakes
- 3-** Reference/Ramps
- 4-** Limits/ Warnings
- 5-** Digital In/Out
- 6-** Analog In/Out
- 8-** Comm. and Options
- 9-** Profibus
- 10-** CAN Fieldbus
- 11-** LonWorks
- 12-** Ethernet IP / Modbus TCP / PROFINET
- 13-** Smart Logic Controller
- 14-** Special Functions
- 15-** Drive Information
- 16-** Data Readouts
- 18-** Info & Readouts
- 20-** Drive Closed Loop
- 21-** Ext. Closed Loop
- 22-** Application Functions
- 23-** Time Based Functions
- 24-** Application Functions 2
- 25-** Cascade Controller
- 26-** Analog I/O Option MCB 109



3.2 Main Menu - Operation and Display - Group 0

Parameters related to the fundamental functions of the frequency converter, function of the LCP buttons and configuration of the LCP display.

3.2.1 0-0* Basic Settings

0-01	0-01 Language		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Defines the language to be used in the display.	
		The frequency converter can be delivered with 2 different language packages. English and German are included in both packages. English cannot be erased or manipulated.	
[0] *	English	Part of Language packages 1 - 2	
[1]	Deutsch	Part of Language packages 1 - 2	
[2]	Francais	Part of Language package 1	
[3]	Dansk	Part of Language package 1	
[4]	Spanish	Part of Language package 1	
[5]	Italiano	Part of Language package 1	
[6]	Svenska	Part of Language package 1	
[7]	Nederlands	Part of Language package 1	
[10]	Chinese	Language package 2	
[20]	Suomi	Part of Language package 1	
[22]	English US	Part of Language package 1	
[27]	Greek	Part of Language package 1	
[28]	Bras.port	Part of Language package 1	
[36]	Slovenian	Part of Language package 1	
[39]	Korean	Part of Language package 2	
[40]	Japanese	Part of Language package 2	
[41]	Turkish	Part of Language package 1	
[42]	Trad.Chinese	Part of Language package 2	
[43]	Bulgarian	Part of Language package 1	
[44]	Srpski	Part of Language package 1	
[45]	Romanian	Part of Language package 1	
[46]	Magyar	Part of Language package 1	
[47]	Czech	Part of Language package 1	
[48]	Polski	Part of Language package 1	
[49]	Russian	Part of Language package 1	
[50]	Thai	Part of Language package 2	
[51]	Bahasa Indonesia	Part of Language package 2	
[52]	Hrvatski		

0-02 Motor Speed Unit			
Option: Function:			
		The display showing depends on settings in 0-02 Motor Speed Unit and 0-03 Regional Settings. The default setting of 0-02 Motor Speed Unit and 0-03 Regional Settings depends on which region of the world the frequency converter is supplied to, but can be re-programmed as required. NOTE Changing the Motor Speed Unit will reset certain parameters to their initial value. It is recommended to select the motor speed unit first, before modifying other parameters.	
[0]	RPM	Selects display of motor speed variables and parameters (i.e. references, feedbacks and limits) in terms of motor speed (RPM).	
[1] *	Hz	Selects display of motor speed variables and parameters (i.e. references, feedbacks and limits) in terms of output frequency to the motor (Hz).	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

0-03 Reg	0-03 Regional Settings		
Option:	Function:		
	This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running. The display showing depends on settings in 0-02 Motor Speed Unit and 0-03 Regional Settings. The default setting of 0-02 Motor Speed Unit and 0-03 Regional Settings depends on which region of the world the frequency converter is supplied to but can be reprogrammed as required.		
[0] Inter			
[1] * Nort Ame			

The setting not used is made invisible.



0-04	0-04 Operating State at Power-up		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the operating mode upon reconnection of the frequency converter to mains voltage after power down when operating in Hand (local)mode.	
[0] *	Resume	Resumes operation of the frequency converter maintaining the same local reference and the same start/stop condition (applied by [Hand On]/[Off] on the LCP or Hand Start via a digital input as before the frequency converter was powered down.	
[1]	Forced stop, ref=old	Uses saved reference [1] to stop the frequency converter but at the same time retain in memory the local speed reference prior to power down. After mains voltage is reconnected and after receiving a start command (using the LCP [Hand On] button or Hand Start command via a digital input) the frequency converter restarts and operates at the retained speed reference.	

3.2.2 0-1* Set-up Operations

Define and control the individual parameter set-ups. The frequency converter has four parameter setups that can be programmed independently of each other. This makes the frequency converter very flexible and able to meet the requirements of many different ADS 102 system control schemes often saving the cost of external control equipment. For example these can be used to program the frequency converter to operate according to one control scheme in one setup (e.g. daytime operation) and another control scheme in another setup (e.g. night set back). Alternatively they can be used by an AHU or packaged unit OEM to identically program all their factory fitted frequency converters for different equipment models within a range to have the same parameters and then during production/commissioning simply select a specific setup depending on which model within that range the frequency converter is installed on.

The active setup (i.e. the setup in which the frequency converter is currently operating) can be selected in *0-10 Active Set-up* and is displayed in the LCP. Using Multi set-up it is possible to switch between set-ups with the frequency converter running or stopped, via digital input or serial communication commands (e.g. for night set back). If it is necessary to change setups whilst running, ensure *0-12 This Set-up Linked to* is programmed as required. For the majority of ADS 102 applications it will not be necessary to program *0-12 This Set-up Linked to* even if change of set up whilst running is required, but for very complex applications, using the full flexibility of the multiple setups, it may be required. Using *0-11 Programming Set-up* it is possible to edit parameters within any of the setups whilst continuing the frequency

converter operation in its Active Setup which can be a different setup to that being edited. Using *0-51 Set-up Copy* it is possible to copy parameter settings between the setups to enable quicker commissioning if similar parameter settings are required in different set-ups.

0-10 Active Set-up		
Option:		Function:
		Select the set-up in which the frequency converter is to operate. Use 0-51 Set-up Copy to copy a set-up to one or all other set-ups. To avoid conflicting settings of the same parameter within two different set-ups, link the set-ups together using 0-12 This Set-up Linked to. Stop the frequency converter before switching between set-ups where parameters marked 'not changeable during operation' have different values. Parameters which are 'not changeable during operation' are marked FALSE in the parameter lists in the section Parameter Lists
[0]	Factory setup	Cannot be changed. It contains the Alldales data set, and can be used as a data source when returning the other set-ups to a known state.
[1] *	Set-up 1	Set-up 1 [1] to Set-up 4 [4] are the four separate parameter set-ups within which all parameters can be programmed.
[2]	Set-up 2	
[3]	Set-up 3	
[4]	Set-up 4	
[9]	Multi Set- up	Is used for remote selection of set-ups using digital inputs and the serial communication port. This set-up uses the settings from <i>0-12 This Set-up Linked to</i> .

0-11	0-11 Programming Set-up		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the set-up to be edited (i.e. programmed) during operation; either the active set-up or one of the inactive set-ups. The set-up number being edited is displayed in the LCP in (brackets).	
[0]	Factory setup	cannot be edited but it is useful as a data source to return the other set-ups to a known state.	
[1]	Set-up 1	Set-up 1 [1] to Set-up 4 [4] can be edited freely during operation, independently of the active set-up.	
[2]	Set-up 2		
[3]	Set-up 3		
[4]	Set-up 4		
[9] *	Active Set- up	(i.e. the set-up in which the frequency converter is operating) can also be edited during operation. Editing parameters in the chosen setup would normally be done from the LCP but it is also possible from any of the serial communication ports.	

0-12 This Set-up Linked to		
Option:	Function:	
	This parameter only needs to be programmed if changing set-ups is required whilst the motor is running. It ensures that parameters which are "not changeable during operation" have the same setting in all relevant set-ups.	
	To enable conflict-free changes from one set-up to another whilst the frequency converter is running, link set-ups containing parameters which are not changeable during operation. The link will ensure synchronising of the 'not changeable during operation' parameter values when moving from one set-up to another during operation. 'Not changeable during operation' parameters can be identified by the label FALSE in the parameter lists in the section <i>Parameter Lists</i> .	
	The 0-12 This Set-up Linked to feature is used when Multi set-up in 0-10 Active Set-up is selected. Multi set-up can be used to move from one set-up to another during operation (i.e. while the motor is running). Example: Use Multi set-up to shift from Set-up 1 to Set-up 2 whilst the motor is running. Programme parameters in Set-up 1 first, then ensure that Set-up 1 and Set-up 2 are synchronised (or 'linked'). Synchronisation can be performed in two ways:	

0-12 This Set-up Linked to Option: **Function:** 1. Change the edit set-up to Set-up 2 [2] in 0-11 Programming Set-up and set 0-12 This Setup Linked to to Set-up 1 [1]. This will start the linking (synchronising) process. 0 RPM 0.00A Set-up Handling 0-12 This Set-up Linked to Setup 1 OR 2. While still in Set-up 1, using 0-50 LCP Copy, copy Set-up 1 to Set-up 2. Then set 0-12 This Set-up Linked to to Set-up 2 [2]. This will start the linking process. 0 RPM 0.00A Set-up Handling 0-12 This Set-up Linked to [2] Setup 2 After the link is complete, 0-13 Readout: Linked Set-ups will read {1,2} to indicate that all 'not changeable during operation' parameters are now the same in Set-up 1 and Set-up 2. If there are changes to a 'not changeable during operation' parameter, e.g. 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs), in Set-up 2, they will also be changed automatically in Set-up 1. A switch between Set-up 1 and Set-up 2 during operation is now possible. [0] * Not linked [1] Set-up 1 [2] Set-up 2 [3] Set-up 3 Set-up 4



0-1	0-13 Readout: Linked Set-ups			
Arr	ay [5]			
Rai	nge:	Function:		
0 *	[0 - 255]	View a list of al	Il the set-ups linked by means of	
		0-12 This Set-up	Linked to. The parameter has one	
		index for each	parameter set-up. The parameter	
		value displayed	for each index represents which	
		setups are linke	ed to that parameter setup.	
		Index LCP value		
		0	{0}	
		1 {1,2}		
		2 {1,2}		
		3	{3}	
		4 {4}		
		Table 3.2 Exa	nmple: Set-up 1 and Set-up 2 are	

0 -1	0-14 Readout: Prog. Set-ups / Channel		
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[-2147483648	View the setting of 0-11 Programming Set-	
	- 2147483647]	up for each of the four different	
		communication channels. When the	
		number is displayed in hex, as it is in the	
		LCP, each number represents one channel.	
		Numbers 1-4 represent a set-up number; 'F'	
		means factory setting; and 'A' means active	
		set-up. The channels are, from right to left:	
		LCP, Drive-bus, USB, HPFB1.5.	
		Example: The number AAAAAA21h means	
		that the Drive-bus selected Set-up 2 in	
		0-11 Programming Set-up, the LCP selected	
		Set-up 1 and all others used the active set-	
		up.	

3.2.3 0-2* LCP Display

Define the variables displayed in the Graphical Local Control Panel.

NOTE

Please refer to 0-37 Display Text 1, 0-38 Display Text 2 and 0-39 Display Text 3 for information on how to write display texts.

0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small			
Option:		Function:	
		Select a variable for display in line 1, left position.	
[0] *	None	No display value selected	

0-20 D	0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small			
Option	•	Function:		
[37]	Display Text 1	Enables an individual text string to be written, for display in the LCP or to be read via serial communication.		
[38]	Display Text 2	Enables an individual text string to be written, for display in the LCP or to be read via serial communication.		
[39]	Display Text 3	Enables an individual text string to be written, for display in the LCP or to be read via serial communication.		
[89]	Date and Time Readout	Displays the current date and time.		
[953]	Profibus Warning Word	Displays Profibus communication warnings.		
[1005]	Readout Transmit Error Counter	View the number of CAN control transmission errors since the last power-up.		
[1006]	Readout Receive Error Counter	View the number of CAN control receipt errors since the last power-up.		
[1007]	Readout Bus Off Counter	View the number of Bus Off events since the last power-up.		
[1013]	Warning Parameter	View a DeviceNet-specific warning word. One separate bit is assigned to every warning.		
[1115]	LON Warning Word	Shows the LON-specific warnings.		
[1117]	XIF Revision	Shows the version of the external interface file of the Neuron C chip on the LON option.		
[1118]	LonWorks Revision	Shows the software version of the application program of the Neuron C chip on the LON option.		
[1230]	Warning Parameter			
[1501]	Running Hours	View the number of running hours of the motor.		
[1502]	kWh Counter	View the mains power consumption in kWh.		
[1600]	Control Word	View the Control Word sent from the frequency converter via the serial communication port in hex code.		
[1601]	Reference [Unit]	Total reference (sum of digital/ analog/preset/bus/freeze ref./catch up and slow-down) in selected unit.		
[1602] *	Reference [%]	Total reference (sum of digital/ analog/preset/bus/freeze ref./catch up and slow-down) in percent.		
[1603]	Status Word	Present status word		

3

0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small				
Option	Option: Function:			
[1605]	Main Actual Value	View the two-byte word sent with the Status word to the bus Master reporting the Main Actual Value.		
[1609]	Custom Readout	View the user-defined readouts as defined in 0-30 Custom Readout Unit, 0-31 Custom Readout Min Value and 0-32 Custom Readout Max Value.		
[1610]	Power [kW]	Actual power consumed by the motor in kW.		
[1611]	Power [hp]	Actual power consumed by the motor in HP.		
[1612]	Motor Voltage	Voltage supplied to the motor.		
[1613]	Frequency	Motor frequency, i.e. the output frequency from the frequency converter in Hz.		
[1614]	Motor Current	Phase current of the motor measured as effective value.		
[1615]	Frequency [%]	Motor frequency, i.e. the output frequency from the frequency converter in percent.		
[1616]	Torque [Nm]	Present motor load as a percentage of the rated motor torque.		
[1617]	Speed [RPM]	Motor speed reference. Actual speed will depend on slip compensation being used (compensation set in 1-62 Slip Compensation). If not used, actual speed will be the value read in the display minus motor slip.		
[1618]	Motor Thermal	Thermal load on the motor, calculated by the ETR function. See also parameter group 1-9* Motor Temperature.		
[1622]	Torque [%]	Shows the actual torque produced, in percentage.		
[1626]	Power Filtered [kW]			
[1627]	Power Filtered [hp]			
[1630]	DC Link Voltage	Intermediate circuit voltage in the frequency converter.		
[1632]	Brake Energy /s	Present brake power transferred to an external brake resistor. Stated as an instantaneous value.		
[1633]	Brake Energy /2 min	Brake power transferred to an external brake resistor. The mean power is calculated continuously for the most recent 120 seconds.		

0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small			
Option	•	Function:	
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.	Present heat sink temperature of the frequency converter. The cut-out limit is 95 \pm 5° C; cutting back in occurs at 70 \pm 5° C.	
[1635]	Inverter Thermal	Percentage load of the inverters	
[1636]	Inv. Nom. Current	Nominal current of the frequency converter	
[1637]	Inv. Max. Current	Maximum current of the frequency converter	
[1638]	SL Controller State	State of the event executed by the control	
[1639]	Control Card Temp.	Temperature of the control card.	
[1643]	Timed Actions Status	See parameter group 23-0* Timed Actions.	
[1650]	External Reference	Sum of the external reference as a percentage, i.e. the sum of analog/pulse/bus.	
[1652]	Feedback [Unit]	Reference value from programmed digital input(s).	
[1653]	Digi Pot Reference	View the contribution of the digital potentiometer to the actual reference Feedback.	
[1654]	Feedback 1 [Unit]	View the value of Feedback 1. See also par. 20-0*.	
[1655]	Feedback 2 [Unit]	View the value of Feedback 2. See also par. 20-0*.	
[1656]	Feedback 3 [Unit]	View the value of Feedback 3. See also par. 20-0*.	
[1658]	PID Output [%]	Returns the Drive Closed Loop PID controller output value in percent.	
[1660]	Digital Input	Displays the status of the digital inputs. Signal low = 0; Signal high = 1. Regarding order, see 16-60 Digital Input. Bit 0 is at the extreme right.	
[1661]	Terminal 53 Switch Setting	Setting of input terminal 53. Current = 0; Voltage = 1.	
[1662]	Analog Input 53	Actual value at input 53 either as a reference or protection value.	
[1663]	Terminal 54 Switch Setting	Setting of input terminal 54. Current = 0; Voltage = 1.	
[1664]	Analog Input 54	Actual value at input 54 either as reference or protection value.	
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]	Actual value at output 42 in mA. Use 6-50 Terminal 42 Output to select the variable to be represented by output 42.	



0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small			
Option: Function:			
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]	Binary value of all digital outputs.	
[1667]	Pulse Input #29 [Hz]	Actual value of the frequency applied at terminal 29 as a pulse input.	
[1668]	Pulse Input #33 [Hz]	Actual value of the frequency applied at terminal 33 as a pulse input.	
[1669]	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	Actual value of pulses applied to terminal 27 in digital output mode.	
[1670]	Pulse Output #29 [Hz]	Actual value of pulses applied to terminal 29 in digital output mode.	
[1671]	Relay Output [bin]	View the setting of all relays.	
[1672]	Counter A	View the present value of Counter A.	
[1673]	Counter B	View the present value of Counter B.	
[1675]	Analog In X30/11	Actual value of the signal on input X30/11 (General Purpose I/O Card. Option)	
[1676]	Analog In X30/12	Actual value of the signal on input X30/12 (General Purpose I/O Card. Optional)	
[1677]	Analog Out X30/8 [mA]	Actual value at output X30/8 (General Purpose I/O Card. Optional) Use 6-60 Terminal X30/8 Output to select the variable to be shown.	
[1680]	Fieldbus CTW 1	Control word (CTW) received from the Bus Master.	
		Main reference value sent with control word via the serial communications network e.g. from the BMS, PLC or other master controller.	
[1684]	Comm. Option STW	Extended fieldbus communication option status word.	
[1685]	FC Port CTW 1	Control word (CTW) received from the Bus Master.	
[1686]	FC Port REF 1	Status word (STW) sent to the Bus Master.	
[1690]	Alarm Word	One or more alarms in a Hex code (used for serial communications)	
[1691]	Alarm Word 2	One or more alarms in a Hex code (used for serial communications)	
[1692]	Warning Word	One or more warnings in a Hex code (used for serial communications)	

0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small		
Option	:	Function:
[1693]	Warning Word 2	One or more warnings in a Hex code (used for serial communications)
[1694]	Ext. Status Word	One or more status conditions in a Hex code (used for serial communi- cations)
[1695]	Ext. Status Word 2	One or more status conditions in a Hex code (used for serial communi- cations)
[1696]	Maintenance Word	The bits reflect the status for the programmed Preventive Maintenance Events in parameter group 23-1*
[1830]	Analog Input X42/1	Shows the value of the signal applied to terminal X42/1 on the Analog I/O card.
[1831]	Analog Input X42/3	Shows the value of the signal applied to terminal X42/3 on the Analog I/O card.
[1832]	Analog Input X42/5	Shows the value of the signal applied to terminal X42/5 on the Analog I/O card.
[1833]	Analog Out X42/7 [V]	Shows the value of the signal applied to terminal X42/7 on the Analog I/O card.
[1834]	Analog Out X42/9 [V]	Shows the value of the signal applied to terminal X42/9 on the Analog I/O card.
[1835]	Analog Out X42/11 [V]	Shows the value of the signal applied to terminal X42/11 on the Analog I/O card.
[1836]	Analog Input X48/2 [mA]	
[1837]	Temp. Input X48/4	
[1838]	Temp. Input X48/7	
[1839]	Temp. Input X48/10	
[1850]	Sensorless Readout [unit]	
[2117]	Ext. 1 Reference [Unit]	The value of the reference for extended Closed Loop Controller 1
[2118]	Ext. 1 Feedback [Unit]	The value of the feedback signal for extended Closed Loop Controller 1
[2119]	Ext. 1 Output [%]	The value of the output from extended Closed Loop Controller 1
[2137]	Ext. 2 Reference [Unit]	The value of the reference for extended Closed Loop Controller 2



0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small		
Option:		Function:
[2138]	Ext. 2 Feedback [Unit]	The value of the feedback signal for extended Closed Loop Controller 2
[2139]	Ext. 2 Output [%]	The value of the output from extended Closed Loop Controller 2
[2157]	Ext. 3 Reference [Unit]	The value of the reference for extended Closed Loop Controller 3
[2158]	Ext. 3 Feedback [Unit]	The value of the feedback signal for extended Closed Loop Controller 3
[2159]	Ext. 3 Output [%]	The value of the output from extended Closed Loop Controller 3
[2230]	No-Flow Power	The calculated No Flow Power for the actual operating speed
[2316]	Maintenance Text	
[2580]	Cascade Status	Status for the operation of the Cascade Controller
[2581]	Pump Status	Status for the operation of each individual pump controlled by the Cascade Controller
[3110]	Bypass Status Word	
[3111]	Bypass Running Hours	
[9913]	Idle time	
[9914]	Paramdb requests in queue	
[9920]	HS Temp. (PC1)	
[9921]	HS Temp. (PC2)	
[9922]	HS Temp. (PC3)	
[9923]	HS Temp. (PC4)	
[9924]	HS Temp. (PC5)	
[9925]	HS Temp. (PC6)	
[9926]	HS Temp. (PC7)	
[9927]	HS Temp. (PC8)	

0-21 Display Line 1.2 Small

Select a variable for display in line 1, middle position.

Option:	Function:
ODUOII.	runction.

[1614] *	Motor Current	The options are the same as those listed
		in 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small.

0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small

Select a variable for display in line 1, right position.

[1610] *	Power [kW]	The options are the same as those listed in
		0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small.

0-23 Display Line 2 Large

Select a variable for display in line 2.

Option: Function:

[1613] *	Frequency	The options are the same as those listed in
		0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small.

0-24 Display Line 3 Large

0-25 My Personal Menu

Select a variable for display in line 3.

[30121] *	Mains Frequency	The options are the same as those
		listed in 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small.

Array [20] Range: Function: Size [0 - Define up to 20 parameters to appear in the Q1 Personal Menu, accessible via the [Quick Menu] key on the LCP. The parameters will be displayed in the Q1

programmed into this array parameter.
Delete parameters by setting the value to '0000'.
For example, this can be used to provide quick, simple access to just one or up to 20 parameters which require changing on a regular basis (e.g. for plant maintenance reasons) or by an OEM to enable simple commissioning of their equipment.

Personal Menu in the order they are

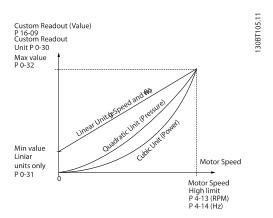
3.2.4 0-3* LCP Custom Readout

It is possible to customize the display elements for various purposes: *Custom Readout. Value proportional to speed (Linear, squared or cubed depending on unit selected in *0-30 Custom Readout Unit*) *Display Text. Text string stored in a parameter.

Custom Readout

The calculated value to be displayed is based on settings in 0-30 Custom Readout Unit, 0-31 Custom Readout Min Value (linear only), 0-32 Custom Readout Max Value, 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM], 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz] and actual speed.





The relation will depend on the type of unit selected in *0-30 Custom Readout Unit*:

Unit Type	Speed Relation
Dimensionless	
Speed	
Flow, volume	
Flow, mass	Linear
Velocity	
Length	
Temperature	
Pressure	Quadratic
Power	Cubic

0-30 Custom Readout Unit			
Option:		Function:	
		Program a value to be shown in the display of the LCP. The value has a linear, squared or cubed relation to speed. This relation depends on the unit selected (see <i>Table 3.3</i>). The actual calculated value can be read in <i>16-09 Custom Readout</i> , and/or shown in the display be selecting Custom Readout [16-09] in <i>0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small</i> to <i>0-24 Display Line 3 Large</i> .	
[0]	None		
[1] *	%		
[5]	PPM		
[10]	1/min		
[11]	RPM		
[12]	Pulse/s		
[20]	l/s		
[21]	l/min		
[22]	l/h		
[23]	m ³ /s		
[24]	m³/min		
[25]	m³/h		
[30]	kg/s		
[31]	kg/min		
[32]	kg/h		
[33]	t/min		
[34]	t/h		

0-30	Custom	n Readout Unit
Option:		Function:
[40]	m/s	
[41]	m/min	
[45]	m	
[60]	°C	
[70]	mbar	
[71]	bar	
[72]	Pa	
[73]	kPa	
[74]	m WG	
[75]	mm Hg	
[80]	kW	
[120]	GPM	
[121]	gal/s	
[122]	gal/min	
[123]	gal/h	
[124]	CFM	
[125]	ft ³ /s	
[126]	ft³/min	
[127]	ft³/h	
[130]	lb/s	
[131]	lb/min	
[132]	lb/h	
[140]	ft/s	
[141]	ft/min	
[145]	ft	
[160]	°F	
[170]	psi	
[171]	lb/in²	
[172]	in WG	
[173]	ft WG	
[174]	in Hg	
[180]	HP	

0-31 Custom Readout Min Value				
Range:		Function:		
Size	[0.00 - 100.00	This parameter allows the choice		
related*	CustomRea-	of the min. value of the custom		
	doutUnit]	defined readout (occurs at zero		
		speed). It is only possible to select		
		a value different to 0 when		
		selecting a linear unit in		
		0-30 Custom Readout Unit. For		
		Quadratic and Cubic units the		
		minimum value will be 0.		



0-32 Custom Readout Max Value			
Range:		Function:	
100.00 Custom- ReadoutUnit*	[par. 0-31 - 999999.99 CustomRea- doutUnit]	This parameter sets the max value to be shown when the speed of the motor has reached the set value for 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] or 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz] (depends on setting in 0-02 Motor Speed Unit).	

0-3	0-37 Display Text 1				
Ra	nge:	Function:			
0 *	[0 - 0]	In this parameter it is possible to write an individual text string for display in the LCP or to be read via serial communication. If to be displayed permanently select Display Text 1 in 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small, 0-21 Display Line 1.2 Small, 0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small, 0-23 Display Line 2 Large or 0-24 Display Line 3 Large. Use the [♠] or [▼] buttons on the LCP to change a character. Use the [♠] and [▶] buttons to move the cursor. When a character is highlighted by the cursor, it can be changed. Use the [♠] or [▼] buttons on the LCP to change a character. A character can be inserted by placing the cursor between two characters and pressing [♠] or [▼].			

0-3	0-38 Display Text 2			
Ra	nge:	Function:		
0 *	[0 -	In this parameter it is possible to write an individual		
	0]	text string for display in the LCP or to be read via		
		serial communication. If to be displayed permanently		
		select Display Text 2 in 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small,		
		0-21 Display Line 1.2 Small, 0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small,		
		0-23 Display Line 2 Large or 0-24 Display Line 3 Large.		
		Use the [▲] or [▼] buttons on the LCP to change a		
		character. Use the [◀] and [▶] buttons to move the		
		cursor. When a character is highlighted by the cursor,		
		this character can be changed. A character can be		
		inserted by placing the cursor between two		
		characters and pressing [▲] or [▼].		

0-3	0-39 Display Text 3		
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[0 - 0]	In this parameter it is possible to write an individual text string for display in the LCP or to be read via serial communication. If to be displayed permanently select Display Text 3 in 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small, 0-21 Display Line 1.2 Small, 0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small, 0-23 Display Line 2 Large or 0-24 Display Line 3 Large. Use the [▲] or [▼] buttons on the LCP to change a character. Use the [◄] and [▶] buttons to move the cursor. When a character is highlighted by the cursor, this character can be changed. A character can be	

0-3	0-39 Display Text 3		
Range:		Function:	
		inserted by placing the cursor between two	
		characters and pressing [▲] or [▼].	

3.2.5 0-4* LCP Keypad

Enable, disable and password protect individual keys on the LCP.

0-40 [Hand on] Key on LCP				
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0]	Disabled	No function		
[1] *	Enabled	[Hand on] Key enabled		
[2]	Password	Avoid unauthorized start in Hand mode. If 0-40 [Hand on] Key on LCPis included in the My Personal Menu, then define the password in 0-65 Personal Menu Password. Otherwise define the password in 0-60 Main Menu Password.		
[3]	Enabled without OFF			
[4]	Password without OFF			
[5]	Enabled with OFF			
[6]	Password with OFF			

0-41	0-41 [Off] Key on LCP			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0]	Disabled	No function		
[1] *	Enabled	[Off] Key is enabled		
[2]	Password	Avoid unauthorized stop. If 0-41 [Off] Key on LCP is included in the My Personal Menu, then define the password in 0-65 Personal Menu Password. Otherwise define the password in 0-60 Main Menu Password.		
[3]	Enabled without OFF			
[4]	Password without OFF			
[5]	Enabled with OFF			
[6]	Password with OFF			



0-42	0-42 [Auto on] Key on LCP				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
[0]	Disabled	No function			
[1] *	Enabled	[Auto on] Key is enabled			
[2]	Password	Avoid unauthorized start in Auto mode. If 0-42 [Auto on] Key on LCP is included in the My Personal Menu, then define the password in 0-65 Personal Menu Password. Otherwise define the password in 0-60 Main Menu Password.			
[3]	Enabled without OFF				
[4]	Password without OFF				
[5]	Enabled with OFF				
[6]	Password with OFF				

0-43 [Reset] Key on LCP			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0]	Disabled	No function	
[1] *	Enabled	[Reset] Key is enabled	
[2]	Password	Avoid unauthorized resetting. If 0-43 [Reset] Key on LCP is included in the 0-25 My Personal Menu, then define the password in 0-65 Personal Menu Password. Otherwise define the password in 0-60 Main Menu Password.	
[3]	Enabled without OFF		
[4]	Password without OFF		
[5]	Enabled with OFF		
[6]	Password with OFF		

3.2.6 0-5* Copy / Save

Copy parameter settings between set-ups and to/from the LCP.

0-50	0-50 LCP Copy		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	No сору	No function	
[1]	All to LCP	Copies all parameters in all set-ups from the frequency converter memory to the LCP memory. For service purposes it is recommended to copy all parameters to the LCP after commissioning.	
[2]	All from LCP	Copies all parameters in all set-ups from the LCP memory to the frequency converter memory.	

0-50	0-50 LCP Copy			
Option:		Function:		
[3]	Size indep. from LCP	Copies only the parameters that are independent of the motor size. The latter selection can be used to programme several frequency converters with the same function without disturbing motor data which are already set.		

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

0-51	0-51 Set-up Copy			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	No copy	No function		
[1]	Copy to set- up 1	Copies all parameters in the present Programming Set-up (defined in 0-11 Programming Set-up) to Set-up 1.		
[2]	Copy to set- up 2	Copies all parameters in the present Programming Set-up (defined in 0-11 Programming Set-up) to Set-up 2.		
[3]	Copy to set- up 3	Copies all parameters in the present Programming Set-up (defined in 0-11 Programming Set-up) to Set-up 3.		
[4]	Copy to set- up 4	Copies all parameters in the present Programming Set-up (defined in 0-11 Programming Set-up) to Set-up 4.		
[9]	Copy to all	Copies the parameters in the present set-up over to each of the set-ups 1 to 4.		

3.2.7 0-6* Password

0-60 Main Menu Password			
Rang	e:	Function:	
100 *	[0 - 999]	Define the password for access to the Main	
		Menu via the [Main Menu] key. If 0-61 Access	
		to Main Menu w/o Password is set to Full	
		access [0], this parameter will be ignored.	

0-61	0-61 Access to Main Menu w/o Password			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	Full access	Disables password defined in 0-60 Main Menu Password.		
[1]	Read only	Prevent unauthorized editing of Main Menu parameters.		
[2]	No access	Prevent unauthorized viewing and editing of Main Menu parameters.		

If Full access [0] is selected then 0-60 Main Menu Password, 0-65 Personal Menu Password and 0-66 Access to Personal Menu w/o Password will be ignored.



0-65 Personal Menu Password			
Range:		Function:	
200 *	[0 - 999]	Define the password for access to the My Personal Menu via the [Quick Menu] key. If 0-66 Access to Personal Menu w/o Password is set to Full access [0], this parameter will be ignored.	

0-66	0-66 Access to Personal Menu w/o Password				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
[0] *	Full access	Disables password defined in 0-65 Personal Menu Password.			
[1]	Read only Prevents unauthorized editing of My Person Menu parameters.				
[2]	No access	Prevents unauthorized viewing and editing of My Personal Menu parameters.			

If 0-61 Access to Main Menu w/o Password is set to Full access [0], this parameter will be ignored.

3.2.8 0-7* Clock Settings

Set the time and date of the internal clock. The internal clock can be used for e.g. Timed Actions, energy log, Trend Analysis, date/time stamps on alarms, Logged data and Preventive Maintenance.

It is possible to program the clock for Daylight Saving Time / summertime, weekly working days/non-working days including 20 exceptions (holidays etc.). Although the clock settings can be set via the LCP, they can also be set along with timed actions and preventative maintenance functions using the MCT 10 software tool.

NOTE

The frequency converter has no back up of the clock function and the set date/time will reset to default (2000-01-01 00:00) after a power down unless a Real Time Clock module with back up is installed. If no module with back up is installed, it is recommended the clock function is only used if the frequency converter is integrated into the BMS using serial communications, with the BMS maintaining synchronization of control equipment clock times. In *0-79 Clock Fault* it is possible to program for a Warning in case clock has not been set properly, e.g. after a power down.

NOTE

If mounting an Analog I/O MCB 109 option card, a battery back-up of the date and time is included.

0-70 Date and Time			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0-0]	Sets the date and time of the internal clock. The format to be used is set in <i>0-71 Date Format</i> and <i>0-72 Time Format</i> .	

0-71	0-71 Date Format				
Option:		Function:			
		Sets the date format to be used in the LCP.			
[0]	YYYY-MM-DD				
[1]	DD-MM-YYYY				
[2] *	MM/DD/YYYY				

0-72 Time Format				
Option: Function:				
		Sets the time format to be used in the LCP.		
[0]	24 h			
[1] *	12 h			

0-74	0-74 DST/Summertime		
Option:		Function:	
		Choose how Daylight Saving Time/Summertime should be handled. For manual DST/Summertime enter the start date and end date in 0-76 DST/Summertime End.	
[0] *	Off		
[2]	Manual		

0-76 DST/Summertime Start			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0-0]	Sets the date and time when summertime/DST starts. The date is programmed in the format selected in <i>0-71 Date Format</i> .	

0-77 DST/Summertime End			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0-0]	Sets the date and time when summertime/DST ends. The date is programmed in the format selected in <i>0-71 Date Format</i> .	

0-79 Clock Fault			
Option:		Function:	
		Enables or disables the clock warning, when the clock has not been set or has been reset due to a power-down and no backup is installed. If MCB 109 is installed "enabled" is default	
[0] *	Disabled		
[1]	Enabled		



0-81 Working Days

Array with 7 elements [0] - [6] displayed below parameter number in display. Press OK and step between elements by means of \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown buttons on the LCP.

Option: Function:

		Set for each weekday if it is a working day or a non-
		working day. First element of the array is Monday. The
		working days are used for Timed Actions.
[0] *	No	
[1]	Yes	

0-82 Additional Working Days

Array with 5 elements [0] - [4] displayed below parameter number in display. Press OK and step between elements by means of \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown buttons on the LCP.

Range: Function:

Size related*	[0-0]	Defines dates for additional
		working days that normally
		would be non-working days
		according to 0-81 Working
		Days.

0-83 Additional Non-Working Days

Array with 15 elements [0] - [14] displayed below parameter number in display. Press OK and step between elements by means of \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown buttons on the LCP.

Range: Function:

Size related*	[0-0]	Defines dates for additional	
		working days that normally	
		would be non-working days	
		according to 0-81 Working	
		Days.	

0-89 Date and Time Readout

0-89 Date and Time Readout				
Rai	Range: Function:			
0 *	[0 - 0]	' '		
		time is updated continuously.		
		The clock will not begin counting until a setting		
		different from default has been made in 0-70 Date		
		and Time.		



3.3 Main Menu - Load and Motor - Group 1

3.3.1 1-0* General Settings

Define whether the frequency converter operates in open loop or closed loop.

1-00	1-00 Configuration Mode			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	Open Loop	Motor speed is determined by applying a speed reference or by setting desired speed when in Hand Mode. Open Loop is also used if the frequency converter is part of a closed loop control system based on an external PID controller providing a speed reference signal as output.		
[3]	Closed Loop	Motor Speed will be determined by a reference from the built-in PID controller varying the motor speed as part of a closed loop control process (e.g. constant pressure or flow). The PID controller must be configured in parameter group 20-** or via the Function Setups accessed by pressing the [Quick Menus] button.		

NOTE

This parameter cannot be changed while the motor is running.

NOTE

When set for Closed Loop, the commands Reversing and Start Reversing will not reverse the direction of the motor.

1-0	1-03 Torque Characteristics			
Ор	tion:	Function:		
[0] *	Compressor torque	Compressor [0]: For speed control of screw and scroll compressors. Provides a voltage which is optimized for a constant torque load characteristic of the motor in the entire range down to 10 Hz.		
[1]	Variable torque	Variable Torque [1]: For speed control of centrifugal pumps and fans. Also to be used when controlling more than one motor from the same frequency converter (e.g. multiple condenser fans or cooling tower fans). Provides a voltage which is optimized for a squared torque load characteristic of the motor.		
[2]	Auto Energy Optim. CT	Auto Energy Optimization Compressor [2]: For optimum energy efficient speed control of screw and scroll compressors. Provides a voltage which is optimized for a constant torque load characteristic of the motor in the entire range down to 15Hz but in addition the AEO feature will adapt the voltage exactly to the current load situation, thereby		

1-03 Torque Characteristics			
Op	tion:	Function:	
		reducing energy consumption and audible noise from the motor. To obtain optimal performance, the motor power factor cos phi must be set correctly. This value is set in 14-43 Motor Cosphi. The parameter has a default value which is automatically adjusted when the motor data is programmed. These settings will typically ensure optimum motor voltage but if the motor power factor cos phi requires tuning, an AMA function can be carried out using 1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA). It is very rarely necessary to adjust the motor power factor parameter manually.	
[3] *	Auto Energy Optim. VT	Auto Energy Optimization VT [3]: For optimum energy efficient speed control of centrifugal pumps and fans. Provides a voltage which is optimized for a squared torque load characteristic of the motor but in addition the AEO feature will adapt the voltage exactly to the current load situation, thereby reducing energy consumption and audible noise from the motor. To obtain optimal performance, the motor power factor cos phi must be set correctly. This value is set in 14-43 Motor Cosphi. The parameter has a default value and is automatically adjusted when the motor data is programmed. These settings will typically ensure optimum motor voltage but if the motor power factor cos phi requires tuning, an AMA function can be carried out using 1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA). It is very rarely necessary to adjust the motor power factor parameter manually.	

NOTE

1-03 Torque Characteristics will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

NOTE

For pumps or fan applications where the viscosity or density can vary significantly or where excessive flow e.g. due pipe breakage, can occur, it is recommended to select Auto Energy Optim. CT



1-06	Clockwise	Direction

This parameter defines the term "Clockwise" corresponding to the LCP direction arrow. Used for easy change of direction of shaft rotation without swapping motor wires. (Valid from SW version 5.84)

Option:

Function:

[0] *	Normal	Motor shaft will turn in clockwise direction when the frequency converter is connected U -> U; V -> V, and W -> W to motor.
[1]	Inverse	Motor shaft will turn in counter clockwise direction when the frequency converter is connected U -> U; V -> V, and W -> W to motor.

NOTE

This parameter cannot be changed while the motor is running.

3.3.2 1-10 - 1-13 Motor Selection

NOTE

This parameter group cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

The following parameters are active ('x') depending on the setting of 1-10 Motor Construction

1-10 Motor construction	[0] Asynchron	[1] PM Motor non salient
1-00 -Configuration mode	х	x
1-03 Torque Characteristics	х	
1-06 Clockwise direction	х	х
1-14 Damping gain		х
1-15 High pass filter damp time low speed		x
1-16 High pass filter damp time high speed		х
1-17 Machine voltage filter time		х
1-20 Motor power [KW]	х	
1-21 - Motor power [HP]	х	
1-22 Motor Voltage	х	
1-23 Motor frequency	х	
1-24 Motor current	х	х
1-25 Motor Nom. speed	х	х
1-26 Motor rated torque		х
1-28 Motor rotation check	х	х
1-29 AMA	х	
1-30 RS	х	х
1-31 Rr	х	
1-35 Xh	х	
1-37 Ld		х

1-10 Motor construction	[0] Asynchron	[1] PM Motor
1-38 Lq	7.5711.011	non sancin
1-39 Motor poles	Х	×
1-40 Back EMF		x
1-50 Motor Magnet. at 0 speed	Х	
1-51 Min Speed norm. magne. [rpm]	X	
1-52 Min Speed norm. magne. [Hz]	X	
1-58 Flystart test pulses current		X
	X	
1-59 Flystart test pulses frequency	X	X
1-60 Low Speed Load Compensation	Х	
1-61 High Speed Load Compen-	х	
sation		
1-62 Slip Compensation	Х	
1-63 Slip Compensation time const.	Х	
1-64 Resonance Damping	Х	
1-65 Resonance Damping time	x	
const.		
1-66 Min Current at low speed		х
1-70 PM Startmode		Х
1-71 Start Delay	Х	X
1-72 Start Function	Х	х
1-73 Flying Start	Х	х
1-77 Compressor Max Start speed	x	
[rpm]	^	
1-78 Compressor Max Start speed [Hz]	x	
1-79 Compressor start max time to trip	х	
1-80 Stop Function	X	X
1-81 Min Speed funct. at stop [rpm]	x	X
1-82 Min Speed funct. at stop [Hz]	X	X
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
1-86 Trip speed low [rpm]	X	X
1-87 Trip speed low [Hz]	X	X
1-90 Motor Thermal Protection	X	X
1-91 Motor External Fan	Х	X
1-93 Thermistor Resource	Х	X
2-00 DC Hold current	Х	
2-01 DC Brake current	Х	Х
2-02 DC Braking Time	Х	
2-03 DC Brake Cut In Speed [rpm]	Х	
2-04 DC Brake Cut In Speed [Hz]	х	
2-06 Parking Current		х
2-07 Parking Time		x
2-10 Brake Function	х	x
2-11 Brake Resistor	х	x
2-12 Brake Power Limit	х	х
2-13 Brake Power Monitoring	х	х
2-15 Brake Check	Х	х
2-16 AC Brake Max Current	х	
2-17 Over-voltage Control	×	
	^	
4-10 Motor speed direction	×	х
-		X X



1-10 Motor construction	[0] Asynchron	[1] PM Motor non salient
4-13 Motor speed high limit [rpm]	х	х
4-14 Motor speed high limit [Hz]	х	х
4-16 Torque limit motor mode	х	х
4-17 Torque limit generator mode	х	х
4-18 Current limit	х	х
4-19 Max output frequency	х	х
4-58 Missing motor phase	Х	
14-40 VT Level	х	
14-41 AEO Minimum Magnetisation	х	
14-42 Minimum AEO Frequency	х	
14-43 Motor Cosphi	Х	

1-10 Motor Construction	
Select the motor constru	iction type.
Option:	Function:
[0] * Asynchron	For asynchronous motors.
[1] PM, non salient SPM	For permanent magnet (PM) motors. Note that PM motors are divided into two groups, with either surface mounted (non salient) or interior (salient) magnets. NOTE Only available up to 22 kW motor power.

NOTE

Motor construction can either be asynchronous or permanent magnet (PM) motor.

3.3.3 1-14 - 1-17 VVCplus PM

The default control parameters for VVC^{plus} PMSM control core are optimized for HVAC applications and inertia load in range of 50>Jl/Jm>5, were Jl is load inertia from the application and jm is machine inertia.

For low inertia applications JI/Jm<5 it is recommended that 1-17 Voltage filter time const. is increased with a factor of 5-10 and in some cases 1-14 Damping Gain should also be reduced to improve performance and stability.

For High inertia applications JI/Jm>>50 it is recommended that 1-15 Low Speed Filter Time Const., 1-16 High Speed Filter Time Const. and1-14 Damping Gain are increased to improve performance and stability.

For high load at low speed <30% of rated speed it is recommended that 1-17 Voltage filter time const. is increased due to nonlinearity in the inverter at low speed.

1-14	1-14 Damping Gain			
Range	e:	Function:		
120	[0 -	The damping gain will stabilize the PM machine		
%*	250 %]	in order to run the PM machine smooth and		
		stable. The value of Damping gain will control		
		the dynamic performance of the PM machine.		
		High Damping gain will results in low dynamic		
		and low value will results in high dynamic. The		
		dynamic performance is related to the machine		
		data and load type. If the damping gain is too		
		high or low the control will become unstable.		

1-15 Low Speed Filter Time Const.		
Range:	Function:	
Size related*	[0.01 - 20.00 s]	High pass-filter damping time constant determines the response time to load steps. Obtain quick control through a short damping time constant. However, if this value is too short, the control gets unstable. This time constant is used below 10% rated speed.

1-16 High Speed Filter Time Const.			
Range:	Function:		
Size	[0.01 -	High pass-filter damping time	
related*	20.00 s]	constant determines the response	
		time to load steps. Obtain quick	
		control through a short damping time	
		constant. However, if this value is too	
		short, the control gets unstable. This	
		time constant is used above 10%	
		rated speed.	

1-17 Voltage filter time const.		
Range:	Function:	
Size	[0.001 -	Machine Supply Voltage Filter Time
related*	1.000 s]	constant is used for reducing the
		influence of high frequency ripples and
		system resonances in the calculation of
		machine supply voltage. Without this
		filter, the ripples in the currents can
		distort the calculated voltage and
		affects the stability of the system.



3.3.4 1-2* Motor Data

Parameter group 1-2* comprises input data from the nameplate on the connected motor.

NOTE

Changing the value of these parameters affects the setting of other parameters.

NOTE

1-20 Motor Power [kW], 1-21 Motor Power [HP], 1-22 Motor Voltage and 1-23 Motor Frequency will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

1-20 Motor Power [kW]			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[0.09 -	Enter the nominal motor power in kW	
related*	3000.00	according to the motor nameplate data.	
	kW]	The default value corresponds to the	
		nominal rated output of the unit.	
		This parameter cannot be adjusted	
		while the motor is running. Depending	
		on the choices made in 0-03 Regional	
		Settings, either 1-20 Motor Power [kW] or	
		1-21 Motor Power [HP] is made invisible.	

1-21 Motor Power [HP]			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[0.09 -	Enter the nominal motor power in HP	
related*	3000.00 hp]	according to the motor nameplate data.	
		The default value corresponds to the	
	nominal rated output of the unit.		
	This parameter cannot be adjusted		
	while the motor is running.		
	Depending on the choices made in		
		0-03 Regional Settings, either 1-20 Motor	
		Power [kW] or 1-21 Motor Power [HP] is	
		made invisible.	

1-22 Motor Voltage			
Range:	Function:		
Size	[10	Enter the nominal motor voltage	
related*	1000. V]	according to the motor nameplate	
	data. The default value corresponds to		
	the nominal rated output of the unit.		
	This parameter cannot be adjusted		
		while the motor is running.	

1-23 Mot	1-23 Motor Frequency			
Range:	Function:			
Size	[20 -	Select the motor frequency value from		
related*	1000 Hz]	the motor nameplate data. For 87Hz		
		operation with 230/400 V motors, set the		
		nameplate data for 230V/50Hz. Adapt		

1-23 Mot	1-23 Motor Frequency		
Range:	Function:		
4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] a 3-03 Maximum Reference to the 87H application.			

NOTE

This parameter cannot be changed while the motor is running.

1-24 Motor Current					
Range:	Function:				
Size	[0.10 -	Enter the nominal motor current		
related*	10000.00 A] v		value from the motor nameplate		
			data. This data is used for		
			calculating motor torque, motor		
			thermal protection etc.		

NOTE

This parameter cannot be changed while the motor is running.

1-25 Motor Nominal Speed				
Range:	Function:			
Size related*	[100 - 60000 RPM]	Enter the nominal motor speed value from the motor nameplate data. This data is used for calculating automatic motor compensations.		

NOTE

This parameter cannot be changed while the motor is running.

1-26 Moto	1-26 Motor Cont. Rated Torque			
Range:		Function:		
Size	[0.1 -	Enter the value from the motor		
related*	10000.0 Nm]	nameplate data. The default value corresponds to the nominal rated output. This parameter is available when 1-10 Motor Construction is set to PM, non salient SPM [1], i.e. the parameter is valid for PM and nonsalient SPM motors only.		

1-28	1-28 Motor Rotation Check				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		Following installation and connection of the motor, this function allows the correct motor rotation direction to be verified. Enabling this function overrides any bus commands or digital inputs, except External Interlock and Safe Stop (if included).			
[0] *	Off	Motor Rotation Check is not active.			
[1]	Enabled	Motor Rotation Check is enabled. Once enabled, Display shows: "Note! Motor may run in wrong direction".			

Pressing [OK], [Back] or [Cancel] will dismiss the message and display a new message: "Press [Hand on] to start the motor. Press [Cancel] to abort". Pressing [Hand on] starts the motor at 5 Hz in forward direction and the display shows: "Motor is running. Check if motor rotation direction is correct. Press [Off] to stop the motor". Pressing [Off] stops the motor and resets 1-28 Motor Rotation Check. If motor rotation direction is incorrect, two motor phase cables should be interchanged.

▲WARNING

Mains power must be removed before disconnecting motor phase cables.

1-29	1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		The AMA function optimizes dynamic motor performance by automatically optimizing the advanced motor 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs) to 1-35 Main Reactance (Xh)) while the motor is stationary.		
[0] *	Off	No function		
[1]	Enable complete AMA	Performs AMA of the stator resistance R_s , the rotor resistance R_r , the stator leakage reactance X_1 , the rotor leakage reactance X_2 and the main reactance X_h .		
[2]	Enable reduced AMA	Performs a reduced AMA of the stator resistance $R_{\rm S}$ in the system only. Select this option if an LC filter is used between the frequency converter and the motor.		

NOTE

1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA) will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

Activate the AMA function by pressing [Hand on] after selecting [1] or [2]. See also the item *Automatic Motor Adaptation* in the Design Guide. After a normal sequence, the display will read: "Press [OK] to finish AMA". After

pressing the [OK] key the frequency converter is ready for operation.

NOTE

- For the best adaptation of the frequency converter, run AMA on a cold motor
- AMA cannot be performed while the motor is running

NOTE

Avoid generating external torque during AMA.

NOTE

If one of the settings in parameter group 1-2* Motor Data is changed, 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs) to 1-39 Motor Poles, the advanced motor parameters, will return to default setting.

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

NOTE

Full AMA should be run without filter only while reduced AMA should be run with filter.

See section: Application Examples > Automatic Motor Adaptation in the Design Guide.

3.3.5 1-3* Adv. Motor Data

Parameters for advanced motor data. The motor data in 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs) to 1-39 Motor Poles must match the relevant motor in order to run the motor optimally. The default settings are figures based on common motor parameter values from normal standard motors. If the motor parameters are not set correctly, a malfunction of the frequency converter system may occur. If the motor data is not known, running an AMA (Automatic Motor Adaptation) is recommended. See the Automatic Motor Adaptation section. The AMA sequence will adjust all motor parameters except the moment of inertia of the rotor and the iron loss resistance (1-36 Iron Loss Resistance (Rfe)).

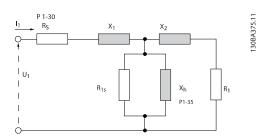
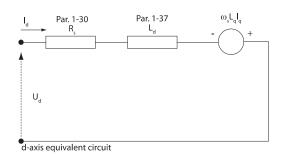


Illustration 3.1 Motor Equivalent Diagram for an Asynchronous Motor

130BC056.10





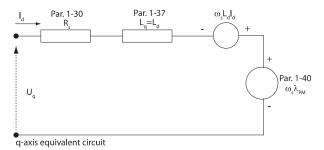


Illustration 3.2 Motor Equivalent Circuit Diagram for a PM Non Salient Motor

1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs)			
Range:	Function:		
Size	[0.0140 -	Set the stator resistance value.	
related*	140.0000 Ohm] Enter the value from a motor data		
	sheet or perform an AMA on a		
	cold motor. This parameter cannot		
		be adjusted while the motor is	
		running.	

1-31 Rotor	Resistance (R	r)	
Range:		Functio	on:
Application	[Application	Fine-tuni	ing R _r will improve shaft
dependent*	dependant]	performa	ance. Set the rotor
		resistanc	e value using one of these
		methods	:
		1.	Run an AMA on a cold motor. The frequency
		converter will measure the value from the motor. All compensations are reset to	
		100%.	
		2.	Enter the R _r value
			manually. Obtain the value
			from the motor supplier.
		3.	Use the R _r default setting.
			The frequency converter
			establishes the setting on
			the basis of the motor
			nameplate data.

NOTE

1-31 Rotor Resistance (Rr) will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

1-35 Ma	1-35 Main Reactance (Xh)				
Range:		Function:			
Size related*	[1.0000 - 10000.0000 Ohm]	Set the main reactance of the motor using one of these methods: 1. Run an AMA on a cold motor. The frequency converter will measure the value from the motor.			
		Enter the X _h value manually. Obtain the value from the motor supplier.			
		3. Use the X _h default setting. The frequency converter establishes the setting on the basis of the motor name plate data.			

NOTE

1-35 Main Reactance (Xh) will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while running.

1-36 Iron Loss Resistance (Rfe)				
Range:			Function:	
Size	[0 -	Enter the equivalent iron loss	
related*	10000.000		resistance (R _{Fe}) value to compensate	
	Ohm]		for iron losses in the motor.	
	The R _{Fe} value cannot be found by			
	performing an AMA.			
	The R _{Fe} value is especially important			
			in torque control applications. If R _{Fe}	
			is unknown, leave 1-36 Iron Loss	
			Resistance (Rfe) on default setting.	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

NOTE

This parameter is not available from the LCP.

1-37 d-axis Inductance (Ld)				
Range:		Function:		
Size related*	[0.000 - 0.000	Enter the value of the d-axis		
	mH]	inductance. Obtain the value from		
		the permanent magnet motor		
		data sheet.		



This parameter is only active when 1-10 Motor Construction has the value PM, non-salient SPM [1] (Permanent Magnet Motor).

Stator resistance and d-axis Inductance values are normally, for asynchronous motors, described in technical specifications as between line and common (starpoint). For Permanent magnet motors they are typically described in technical specifications as between Line-Line. PM motors are typically built for star connection.

1-30 Stator Resistance	This parameter gives stator winding
(Rs)	resistance(Rs) Similar to Asynchronous
(Line to common)	Motor Stator resistance. The Stator
	resistance is defined for line to common
	measurement. That means for line-line
	data (Where stator resistance is measured
	between any two lines you need to divide
	it with 2).
1-37 d-axis	This parameter gives direct axis
Inductance (Ld)	inductance of the PM motor. The d-axis
(Line to common)	inductance is defined for phase to
	common measurement. That means for
	line-line data (Where stator resistance is
	measured between any two lines you
	need to divide it with 2
1-40 Back EMF at	This parameter gives back emf across
1000 RPM	stator terminal of PM Motor at 1000rpm
RMS (Line to Line	mechanical speed specifically. It is defined
Value)	between line to line and expressed in
	RMS Value

NOTE

Motor manufacturers provide values for Stator resistance (1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs)) and d-axis Inductance (1-37 d-axis Inductance (Ld)) in technical specifications as between line and common (starpoint) or between Line-Line. There is no general standard. The different setups of Stator Winding Resistance and Induction are shown in Illustration 3.3. Alldales inverters always require the line to common value. The back emf of PM motor is defined as 'Induced emf developed across any of two phases of stator winding of free running Motor'. Alldales inverters always require the Line to Line RMS value measured at 1000 rpm, mechanical speed of rotation. This is shown in Illustration 3.4)

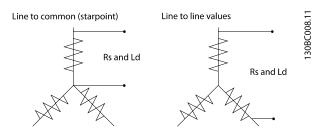


Illustration 3.3 Motor parameters are provided in different formats. Alldales frequency converters always require the line to common value.

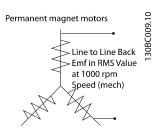


Illustration 3.4 Machine parameter definitions of Back Emf of permanent magnet motors

1-39 Mo	1-39 Motor Poles				
Range:		Function:			
Size	[2 -	Enter the	number of motor	r poles.	
related*	100]	Poles	~n _n @ 50Hz	~n _n @60Hz	
		2	2700 - 2880	3250 - 3460	
		4	1350 - 1450	1625 - 1730	
		6	700 - 960	840 - 1153	
		normal s Define m separate even number frequenc of 1-39 N Frequenc Nominal This para	notors designed fo ly. The motor pole mber, because it re of poles, not pairs y converter create Motor Poles based of y Motor Frequency Speed Motor Nomi	rious motor types. r other frequencies value is always an efers to the total of poles. The s the initial setting on 1-23 Motor and 1-25 Motor	

1-40 Back EMF at 1000 RPM			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[10 9000 V]	Set the nominal back EMF for the motor when running at 1000 RPM. This parameter is only active when 1-10 Motor Construction is set to PM motor [1] (Permanent Magnet Motor).	



3.3.6 1-5* Load Indep. Setting

1-50	1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed				
Range	e:	Function:			
100 %*	[0 - 300 %]	Use this parameter along with 1-51 Min Speed Normal Magnetising [RPM] to obtain a different thermal load on the motor when running at low speed. Enter a value which is a percentage of the rated magnetizing current. If the setting is too low, the torque on the motor shaft may be reduced. Magn. current Par.1-51 Par.1-52 RPM			

NOTE

1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

1-51 Min Speed Normal Magnetising [RPM]				
Range:		Function:		
Size	[10 - 300	Set the required speed for normal		
related*	RPM]	magnetising current. If the speed is set		
		lower than the motor slip speed,		
	1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero Spee			
	and 1-51 Min Speed Normal Magne			
	[RPM] are of no significance.			
		Use this parameter along with		
		1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed.		
		See <i>Table 3.3</i> .		

NOTE

1-51 Min Speed Normal Magnetising [RPM] will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

1-52 Min Speed Normal Magnetising [Hz]			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[0.3 -	Set the required frequency for normal	
related*	10.0 Hz]	magnetising current. If the frequency is	
		set lower than the motor slip frequency,	
		1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed	
		and 1-51 Min Speed Normal Magnetising	
		[RPM] are inactive.	
		Use this parameter along with	
		1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed.	
		See <i>Table 3.3</i> .	

NOTE

1-52 Min Speed Normal Magnetising [Hz] will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

1-58 Fly	1-58 Flystart Test Pulses Current			
Range:		Function:		
Size	[0-	Set the magnitude of the magnetizing current		
related*	0. %]	for the pulses used to detect the motor		
		direction. The value range and function		
		depends on parameter 1-10 Motor Construction:		
		[0] Asynchron: [0-200%]		
		Reducing this value will reduce the generated		
		torque. 100% means full nominal motor		
		current. In this case the default value is 30%.		
		[1] PM non salient: [0-40%]		
		A general setting of 20% is recommended on		
		PM motors. Higher values can give increased		
		performance. However, on motors with back		
		EMF higher than 300VLL (rms) at nominal		
		speed and high winding inductance (more		
		than 10mH) a lower value is recommended to		
		avoid wrong speed estimation. The parameter		
		is active when <i>1-73 Flying Start</i> is enabled.		

NOTE

See description of *1-70 PM Start Mode* for an overview of the relation between the PM Flying Start parameters.

1-59 Flystart Test Pulses Frequency			
in 1-73 Flying Start and function Motor Construction: The frequency for a motor direction. The end of the generated areas 2 times the motor speed (in % ow which the arking Current and a active. This in 1-70 PM Start it only after			

NOTE

Do NOT set this parameter too high in high inertia applications.

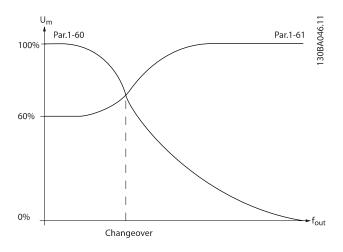


3.3.7 1-6* Load Depend. Setting

1-60 L	1-60 Low Speed Load Compensation				
Range		Function:			
100 %*	[0 - 300 %]	Enter the % value to compensate voltage in relation to load when the motor is running at low speed and obtain the optimum U/f characteristic. The motor size determines the frequency range within which this parameter is active.			
		Motor size [kW] Change over [Hz]			
		0.25 -7.5 < 10			
		11-45	< 5		
		55 -550	< 3-4		

NOTE

1-60 Low Speed Load Compensation will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.



1-61 H	High Speed	Load Compensation	
Range	;	Function:	
100 %*	[0 - 300 %]	Enter the % value to c relation to load when at high speed and obt characteristic. The mot frequency range within is active.	the motor is running ain the optimum U/f or size determines the
		Motor size [kW]	Change-over [Hz]
		0.25-7.5	> 10
		11-45	< 5
		55-550	< 3-4

NOTE

42

1-61 High Speed Load Compensation will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

1-62	1-62 Slip Compensation			
Rang	ge:	Function:		
0 %*	[-500 - 500 %]	Enter the % value for slip compensation, to compensate for tolerances in the value of n _{M,N} . Slip compensation is calculated automatically, i.e. on the basis of the rated motor speed n _{M,N} .		

NOTE

1-62 Slip Compensation will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

1-63 Slip Compensation Time Constant			
	Function:		
[0.05 - 5.00	Enter the slip compensation reaction		
s]	speed. A high value results in slow		
	reaction, and a low value results in		
	quick reaction. If low-frequency		
	resonance problems arise, use a		
	longer time setting.		
	[0.05 - 5.00		

NOTE

1-63 Slip Compensation Time Constant will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

1-64 Resonance Dampening		
Range		Function:
100 %*	[0 - 500	Enter the resonance dampening value. Set
	%]	1-64 Resonance Dampening and
		1-65 Resonance Dampening Time Constant to
		help eliminate high-frequency resonance
		problems. To reduce resonance oscillation,
		increase the value of 1-64 Resonance
		Dampening.

NOTE

1-64 Resonance Dampening will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

1-65	1-65 Resonance Dampening Time Constant			
Range	Range: Function:			
5 ms*	[5 - 50 ms]	Set 1-64 Resonance Dampening and		
		1-65 Resonance Dampening Time Constant to		
		help eliminate high-frequency resonance		
		problems. Enter the time constant that		
		provides the best dampening.		

NOTE

1-65 Resonance Dampening Time Constant will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.



1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed				
Range:		Function:		
Size related*	[1 200.	Enter the minimum motor current at		
	%]	low speed.		
		Increasing this current improves		
		developed motor torque at low speed.		
		Low speed is here defined as speeds		
		below 6% of the Nominal Speed of		
		Motor (1-25 Motor Nominal Speed) in		
		VVC ^{plus} PM Control		

3.3.8 1-7* Start Adjustments

1-3	1-70 PM Start Mode		
O	otion:	Function:	
[0]	Rotor Detection	Suitable for all applications where the motor is known to be standing still when starting (e.g. conveyors, pumps and non wind milling fans).	
[1]	Parking	If the motor turns at a slight speed (i.e. lower than 2-5% of the nominal speed) e.g. due to fans with light wind milling, select [1] Parking and adjust 2-06 Parking Current and 2-07 Parking Time accordingly.	

1-71 Start Delay			
Rang	e:	Function:	
0.0 s*	[0.0 - 120.0 s]	The function selected in 1-80 Function at Stop is active in the delay period. Enter the time delay required before commencing acceleration.	

1-72	1-72 Start Function		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the start function during start delay. This parameter is linked to 1-71 Start Delay.	
[0]	DC Hold/ Motor Preheat	Energizes motor with a DC holding current (2-00 DC Hold/Preheat Current) during the start delay time.	
[2] *	Coast	Releases shaft coasted converter during the start delay time (inverter off). Available selections depend on 1-10 Motor Construction: [0] Asynchron: [2] coast [0] DC-hold [1] PM non salient: [2] coast	

1-7	3 Flying	Start
Op	tion:	Function:
		This function makes it possible to catch a motor which is spinning freely due to a mains drop-out.
		When 1-73 Flying Start is enabled, 1-71 Start Delay has no function. Search direction for flying start is linked to the setting in 4-10 Motor Speed Direction. Clockwise [0]: Flying start search in clockwise direction. If not successful, a DC brake is carried out. Both Directions [2]: The flying start will first make a search in the direction determined by the last reference (direction). If not finding the speed it will make a search in the other direction. If not successful, a DC brake will be activated in the time set in 2-02 DC Braking Time. Start will then take place from 0Hz.
[0]	Disabled	Select <i>Disable</i> [0] if this function is not required
[1]	Enabled	Select Enable [1] to enable the frequency converter to "catch" and control a spinning motor. The parameter is always set to [1] Enable when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM non salient. Important related parameters: • 1-58 Flystart Test Pulses Current • 1-59 Flystart Test Pulses Frequency • 1-70 PM Start Mode • 2-06 Parking Current • 2-07 Parking Time • 2-04 DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM] • 2-06 Parking Current • 2-07 Parking Time

The Flystart function used for PM motors is based on an initial speed estimation. The speed will always be estimated as the first thing after an active start signal is given. Based on the setting of 1-70 PM Start Mode the following will happen:

1-70 PM Start Mode = [0] Rotor Detection:

If the speed estimate comes out as greater than 0 Hz the frequency converter will catch the motor at that speed and resume normal operation. Otherwise, the frequency converter will estimate the rotor position and start normal operation from there.

1-70 PM Start Mode = [1] Parking:

If the speed estimate comes out lower than the setting in 1-59 Flystart Test Pulses Frequency then the Parking function will be engaged (see 2-06 Parking Current and 2-07 Parking Time). Otherwise the frequency converter will catch the



motor at that speed and resume normal operation. Please refer to description of *1-70 PM Start Mode* for recommended settings.

Current limitations of the Flystart Principle used for PM motors:

- The speed range is up to 100% Nominal Speed or the field weakening speed (which ever is lowest).
- PMSM with high back emf (>300VLL(rms)) and high winding inductance(>10mH) needed more time for reducing short circuit current to zero and may be susceptible to error in estimation.
- Current testing limited to a speed range up to 300Hz. For certain units the limit is 250Hz; all 200-240V units up to and including 2.2kW and all 380-480V units up to and including 4kW.
- Current testing limited to a machine power size up to 22kW.
- Prepared for salient pole machine (IPMSM) but not yet verified on those types of machine.
- For high inertia applications (i.e. where the load inertia is more than 30 times larger than the motor inertia) a brake resistor is recomended to avoid over-voltage trip during high speed engagement of the fly-start function.

1-77 Compressor Start Max Speed [rpm]

1-//	1-// Compressor Start Max Speed [rpm]		
Range	:	Function:	
0	[0.0 -	The parameter enables "High Starting Torque".	
rpm*	max	This is a function, where the Current Limit and	
	output	Torque Limit are ignored during start of the	
	speed]	motor. The time, from the start signal is given	
		until the speed exceeds the speed set in this	
		parameter, becomes a "start-zone" where the	
		current limit and motoric torque limit is set to	
		what is maximum possible for the frequency	
		converter/motor combination. This parameter	
		is normally set to the same value as	
		4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]. When set to	
		zero the function is inactive.	
		In this "starting-zone" 3-82 Starting Ramp Up	
		Time is active instead of 3-40 Ramp 1 Type to	
		ensure extra acceleration during the start and	
		to minimize the time where the motor is	
		operated under the minimum speed for the	
		application. The time without protection from	
		the Current Limit and Torque Limit must not	
		exceed the value set in 1-79 Compressor Start	
		Max Time to Trip or the frequency converter	
		will trip with an alarm [A18] Start Failed.	
		When this function is activated to get a fast	

1-77 Compressor Start Max Speed [rpm]

Range	:	Function:
		This function allows high starting torque and
		use of a fast starting ramp. To ensure the
		build-up of a high torque during the start,
		various tricks can be done through clever use
		of start delay / start speed / start current.

NOTE

1-77 Compressor Start Max Speed [RPM] will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

arting the the Current the during the start to ceeds the tomes a "start- and motoric to the comman and the start to ceeds the tomes a "start- and motoric to the comman and the start to the start to the start to get a fast to [RPM] is to from the speed e.g. The start, the start, the corrent.

NOTE

1-78 Compressor Start Max Speed [Hz] will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

44 MG11J302

when in current limit.

start then also 1-86 Trip Speed Low [RPM] is activated to protect the application from running below minimum motor speed e.g.



1-79 Compressor Start Max Time to Trip		
Range	e:	Function:
5.0 s*	[0.0 - 10.0 s]	The time, from the start signal is given until the speed exceeds the speed set in 1-77 Compressor Start Max Speed [RPM] must not exceed the time set in the parameter or the frequency converter will trip with an alarm [A18] Start Failed. Any time set in 1-71 Start Delay for use of a start function must be executed within the time limit.

1-79 Compressor Start Max Time to Trip will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

3.3.9 1-8* Stop Adjustments

1-80	1-80 Function at Stop		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the frequency converter function after a stop command or after the speed is ramped down to the settings in 1-81 Min Speed for Function at Stop [RPM].	
		Available selections depend on 1-10 Motor Construction: [0] Asynchron:	
		[0] coast	
		[1] DC-hold	
		[2] Motor check, warning	
		[6] Motor check, alarm	
		[1] PM non salient:	
		[0] coast	
[0] *	Coast	Leaves motor in free mode.	
[1]	DC Hold/ Motor Preheat	Energizes motor with a DC holding current (see 2-00 DC Hold/Preheat Current).	
[2]	Motor check, warning	Issues a warning if the motor is not connected.	
[6]	Motor check, alarm	Issues an alarm if the motor is not connected.	

1-81 Min Speed for Function at Stop [RPM]			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0 - 600 RPM]	Set the speed at which to activate 1-80 Function at Stop.	

1-82 Min Speed for Function at Stop [Hz]			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*		Set the output frequency at which to activate 1-80 Function at Stop.	

3.3.10 Trip at Motor Speed Low Limit

In 4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] and 4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz] it is possible to set a minimum speed for the motor in order to ensure proper oil distribution. In some cases e.g. if operating in current limit because of a defect in the compressor, the output motor speed can be suppressed below Motor Speed Low Limit. To prevent damage to the compressor it is possible to set trip limit. If the motor speed drops below this limit, the frequency converter will trip and issue an alarm (A49). Reset will take place according to the selected function in 14-20 Reset Mode.

If the trip must take place at a rather exact speed (RPM), it is recommended to set *0-02 Motor Speed Unit* for RPM and use slip compensation, which can be set in *1-62 Slip Compensation*.

NOTE

To achieve the highest accuracy with the slip compensation, an Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA) should be performed. To be enabled in 1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA).

NOTE

Trip will not be active when using a normal stop- or coast command.

1-86 Trip Speed Low [RPM]			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[0 - par.	Set the desired motor speed for trip	
related*	4-13 RPM]	limit. If the Trip Speed is set to 0, the	
		function is not active. If the speed at	
		any time after the start (or during a	
		stop) falls below the value in the	
		parameter, the frequency converter will	
		trip with an alarm [A49] Speed Limit.	
		Function at stop.	

NOTE

This parameter is only available if 0-02 Motor Speed Unit is set to [RPM].

1-87 Trip Speed Low [Hz]		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0.0 -	If the Trip Speed is set to 0, the
related*	par. 4-14	function is not active.
	Hz]	If the speed at any time after the start
		(or during a stop) falls below the value
		in the parameter, the frequency
		converter will trip with an alarm [A49] Speed Limit. Function at stop.
		speed Limit. Function at stop.

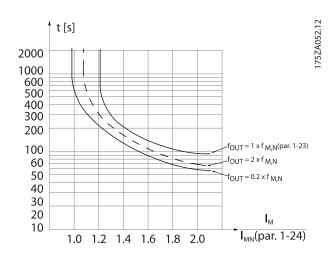


This parameter is only available if 0-02 Motor Speed Unit is set to [Hz].

3.3.11 1-9* Motor Temperature

1-90	Motor Therm	al Protection
Opt	ion:	Function:
		The frequency converter determines the motor temperature for motor protection in two different ways:
		 Via a thermistor sensor connected to one of the analog or digital inputs (1-93 Thermistor Source). Via calculation (ETR = Electronic Thermal Relay) of the thermal load, based on the actual load and time. The calculated thermal load is comed with the rated motor current I_{M,N} and the rated motor frequency f_{M,N}. The calculations estimate the need for a lower load at lower speed due to less cooling from the fan incorporated in the motor.
[0]	No protection	If the motor is continuously overloaded and no warning or trip of frequency converter is wanted.
[1]	Thermistor warning	Activates a warning when the connected thermistor in the motor reacts in the event of motor over-temperature.
[2]	Thermistor trip	Stops (trips) the frequency converter when the connected thermistor in the motor reacts in the event of motor over- temperature.
[3]	ETR warning 1	
[4] *	ETR trip 1	
[5]	ETR warning 2	
[6]	ETR trip 2	
[7]	ETR warning 3	
[8]	ETR trip 3	
[9]	ETR warning 4	
[10]	ETR trip 4	

ETR (Electronic Thermal Relay) functions 1-4 will calculate the load when set-up where they were selected is active. For example ETR-3 starts calculating when set-up 3 is selected. For the North American market: The ETR functions provide class 20 motor overload protection in accordance with NEC.



AWARNING

In order to maintain PELV, all connections made to the control terminals must be PELV, e.g. thermistor must be reinforced/ double insulated

NOTE

Alldales recommends using 24V DC as thermistor supply voltage.

NOTE

The ETR timer function does not work when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

NOTE

For correct operation of ETR function setting in *1-03 Torque Characteristics* must fit the application (see description of *1-03 Torque Characteristics*).

1-91 Motor External Fan			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	No	No external fan is required, i.e. the motor is derated at low speed.	
[1]	Yes	Applies an external motor fan (external ventilation), so no derating of the motor is required at low speed. The upper curve in graph above (fout = 1 x fM,N) is followed if the motor current is lower than nominal motor current (see 1-24 Motor Current). If the motor current exceeds nominal current, the operation time still decreases as if no fan were installed.	



Alldales

1-93	1-93 Thermistor Source		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the input to which the thermistor (PTC sensor) should be connected. An analog input option [1] or [2] cannot be selected if the analog input is already in use as a reference source (selected in 3-15 Reference 1 Source, 3-16 Reference 2 Source or 3-17 Reference 3 Source). When using MCB 112, choice [0] None must always be selected.	
[0] *	None		
[1]	Analog input 53		
[2]	Analog input 54		
[3]	Digital input 18		
[4]	Digital input 19		
[5]	Digital input 32		
[6]	Digital input 33		

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

NOTE

Digital input should be set to [0] PNP - Active at 24V in 5-00 Digital I/O Mode.



3.4 Main Menu - Brakes - Group 2

3.4.1 2-0* DC-Brakes

Parameter group for configuring the DC brake and DC hold functions.

2-00	2-00 DC Hold/Preheat Current		
Range	e:	Function:	
50 %*	[0-	Enter a value for holding current as a	
	160. %]	percentage of the rated motor current I _{M,N} set	
		in 1-24 Motor Current. 100% DC holding	
		current corresponds to I _{M,N} .	
		This parameter holds the motor (holding	
		torque) or pre-heats the motor.	
		This parameter is active if [1] DC hold/Preheat	
		is selected in 1-80 Function at Stop.	

NOTE

2-00 DC Hold/Preheat Current will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

NOTE

The maximum value depends on the rated motor current. Avoid 100 % current for too long. It may damage the motor.

2-01	2-01 DC Brake Current		
Range	:	Function:	
50.0	[0 - 1000. %]	Enter a value for current as a percentage of the rated motor current I _{M,N} , see 1-24 Motor Current. 100% DC braking current corresponds to I _{M,N} . DC brake current is applied on a stop command, when the speed is lower than the limit set in 2-03 DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]; when the DC Brake Inverse function is active;	
		or via the serial communication port. The braking current is active during the time period set in 2-02 DC Braking Time.	

NOTE

The maximum value depends on the rated motor current. Avoid 100 % current for too long. It may damage the motor.

2-02 DC Braking Time			
Range	Range: Function:		
10.0 s*	[0.0 - 60.0 s]	Set the duration of the DC braking current set in <i>2-01 DC Brake Current</i> , once activated.	

2-03 DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0 - RPM]	O. Set the DC brake cut-in speed for activation of the DC braking current set in 2-01 DC Brake Current, upon a stop command. When 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM non salient SPM this value is limited to 0 rpm (OFF)	

NOTE

2-03 DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM] will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

2-04 DC Brake Cut In Speed [Hz]			
Range:			Function:
Size related*	[Hz]	0.0 - 0.0	This parameter is for setting the DC brake cut in speed at which the DC braking current (2-01 DC Brake Current) is to be active, in connection with a stop command.

NOTE

will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

2-06	2-06 Parking Current		
Range:		Function:	
50 %*	[0 - 1000. %]	Set current as percentage of rated motor current, 1-24 Motor Current. Active when 1-70 PM Start Mode is set to [1] Parking. The parking current is active during the time period set in 2-07 Parking Time.	

2-07	2-07 Parking Time			
Rang	e:	Function:		
3.0 s*	[0.1 - 60.0 s]	Set the duration of the parking current		
		time set in 2-06 Parking Current. Active		
		when 1-70 PM Start Mode is set to [1]		
		Parking		



3.4.2 2-1* Brake Energy Funct.

Parameter group for selecting dynamic braking parameters. Only valid for frequency converters with brake chopper.

2-10	2-10 Brake Function			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Available selections depend on 1-10 Motor Construction: [0] Asynchron: [0] off [1] Resistor brake [2] AS brake [1] PM non salient: [0] off		
		[1] Resistor brake		
[0] *	Off	No brake resistor installed.		
[1]	Resistor brake	Brake resistor incorporated in the system, for dissipation of surplus brake energy as heat. Connecting a brake resistor allows a higher DC link voltage during braking (generating operation). The Resistor brake function is only active in frequency converters with an integral dynamic brake.		
[2]	AC brake	AC Brake will only work in Compressor Torque mode in 1-03 Torque Characteristics.		

2-11 Bral	2-11 Brake Resistor (ohm)			
Range:		Function:		
Size related*	[5.00 - 65535.00 Ohm]	Set the brake resistor value in Ohms. This value is used for monitoring the power to the brake resistor in 2-13 Brake Power Monitoring. This parameter is only active in frequency converters with an integral dynamic brake. Use this parameter for values without decimals. For a selection with two decimals, use 30-81 Brake Resistor		
		(ohm).		

2-12 Brake Power Limit (kW)			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[0.001 -	2-12 Brake Power Limit (kW) is the expected	
related*	2000.000	average power dissipated in the brake	
	kW]	resistor over a period of 120 sec. It is used	
		as the monitoring limit for 16-33 Brake	
		Energy /2 min and thereby specifies when a	
		warning/ alarm is to be given.	
	To calculate 2-12 Brake Power Limit (kW),		
	the following formula can be used.		
		$P_{\text{br,avg}}[W] = \frac{U_{\text{br}}^2[V] \times t_{\text{br}}[s]}{R_{\text{br}}[\Omega] \times \mathcal{T}_{\text{br}}[s]}$	

2-12 Bi	2-12 Brake Power Limit (kW)			
Range:		Function:		
		P _{br,avg} is the average power dissipated in the brake resistor, R _{br} is the resistance of the brake resistor. t _{br} is the active breaking time within the 120 s period, T _{br} . U _{br} is the DC voltage where the brake resistor is active. This depends on the unit as follows: T2 units: 390V T4 units: 778V T5 units: 810V T6 units: 943V / 1099V for D – F frames T7 units: 1099V NOTE If R _{br} is not known or if T _{br} is different from 120s, the practical approach is to run the brake application, readout 16-33 Brake Energy /2 min and then enter this + 20% in 2-12 Brake Power Limit (kW).		

2-13	2-13 Brake Power Monitoring			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		This parameter is only active in frequency converters with an integral dynamic brake. This parameter enables monitoring of the power to the brake resistor. The power is calculated on the basis of the resistance (2-11 Brake Resistor (ohm), the DC link voltage, and the resistor duty time.		
[0] *	Off	No brake power monitoring is required.		
[1]	Warning	Activates a warning on the display when the power transmitted over 120 sec. exceeds 100% of the monitoring limit (2-12 Brake Power Limit (kW)). The warning disappears when the transmitted power falls below 80% of the monitoring limit.		
[2]	Trip	Trips the frequency converter and displays an alarm when the calculated power exceeds 100% of the monitoring limit.		
[3]	Warning and trip	Activates both of the above, including warning, trip and alarm.		

If power monitoring is set to *Off* [0] or *Warning* [1], the brake function remains active even if the monitoring limit is exceeded. This may lead to thermal overload of the resistor. It is also possible to generate a warning via a relay/digital output. The measuring accuracy of the power monitoring depends on the accuracy of the resistance of the resistor (better than \pm 20%).



2-1	2-15 Brake Check			
Op	tion:	Function:		
		Select type of test and monitoring function to check the connection to the brake resistor, or whether a brake resistor is present, and then display a warning or an alarm in the event of a fault. The brake resistor disconnection function is tested during power-up. However the brake IGBT test is performed when there is no braking. A warning or trip disconnects the brake function. The testing sequence is as follows:		
		The DC link ripple amplitude is measured for 300ms without braking.		
		The DC link ripple amplitude is measured for 300ms with the brake turned on.		
		 If the DC link ripple amplitude while braking is lower than the DC link ripple amplitude before braking + 1 %. Brake check failed, return a warning or alarm. 		
		 If the DC link ripple amplitude while braking is higher than the DC link ripple amplitude before braking + 1 %. Brake check OK. 		
[0] *	Off	Monitors brake resistor and brake IGBT for a short-circuit during operation. If a short-circuit occurs, a warning appears.		
[1]	Warning	Monitors brake resistor and brake IGBT for a short-circuit, and to run a test for brake resistor disconnection during power-up		
[2]	Trip	Monitors for a short-circuit or disconnection of the brake resistor, or a short-circuit of the brake IGBT. If a fault occurs the frequency converter cuts out while displaying an alarm (trip locked).		
[3]	Stop and trip	Monitors for a short-circuit or disconnection of the brake resistor, or a short-circuit of the brake IGBT. If a fault occurs the frequency converter ramps down to coast and then trips. A trip lock alarm is displayed.		
[4]	AC brake			

Remove a warning arising in connection with *Off* [0] or *Warning* [1] by cycling the mains supply. The fault must be corrected first. For *Off* [0] or *Warning* [1], the frequency converter keeps running even if a fault is located.

2-16 AC brake Max. Current			
Range: Function:			
100.0 %*	[Application dependant]	Enter the maximum permissible current when using AC brake to avoid overheating of motor windings. The AC brake function is available in Flux mode only.	

NOTE

2-16 AC brake Max. Current will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

2-17 Over-voltage Control		
Option:		Function:
[0]	Disabled	No OVC required.
[2] *	Enabled	Activates OVC.

NOTE

2-17 Over-voltage Control will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

NOTE

The ramp time is automatically adjusted to avoid tripping of the frequency converter.



3.5 Main Menu - Reference/Ramps - Group 3

3.5.1 3-0* Reference Limits

Parameters for setting the reference unit, limits and ranges.

Please see also parameter group 20-0* for information on settings in closed loop.

3-02 Minimum Reference		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[-999999.999 - par. 3-03 ReferenceFeed- backUnit]	Enter the Minimum Reference. The Minimum Reference is the lowest value obtainable by summing all references. The Minimum Reference value and unit matches the configuration choice made in 1-00 Configuration Mode and 20-12 Reference/Feedback Unit, respectively. NOTE This parameter is used in open loop only.

3-04 Reference Function		
Opt	ion:	Function:
[0] *	Sum	Sums both external and preset reference sources.
[1]	External/Preset	Use either the preset or the external reference source. Shift between external and preset via a command on a digital input.

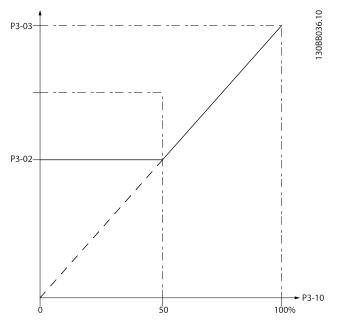
3-04	3-04 Reference Function		
Option:		Function:	
[0] *	Sum	Sums both external and preset reference sources.	
[1]	External/Preset	Use either the preset or the external reference source. Shift between external and preset via a command on a digital input.	

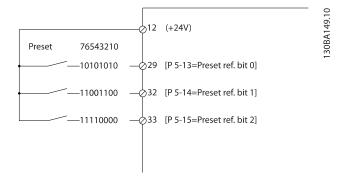
3.5.2 3-1* References

Select the preset reference(s). Select Preset ref. bit 0/1/2 [16], [17] or [18] for the corresponding digital inputs in parameter group 5-1*.

3-10 Preset Reference		
Array [8]		
Range: Function:		
0.00	[-100.00 -	Enter up to eight different preset
%*	100.00 %]	references (0-7) in this parameter, using

3-10 Preset Reference		
Array [8]		
Range:	Function:	
	array programming. The preset reference is stated as a percentage of the value Ref _{MAX} (3-03 Maximum Reference, for closed loop see 20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb.). When using preset references, select Preset ref. bit 0 / 1 / 2 [16], [17] or [18] for the corresponding digital inputs in parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs.	

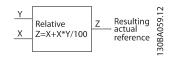


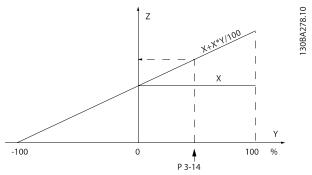


3-11 Jog Speed [Hz]		
Range:	Function:	
Size related*	[0.0 - par. 4-14 Hz]	The jog speed is a fixed output speed at which the frequency converter is running when the jog function is activated. See also 3-80 Jog Ramp Time.

3-13	3-13 Reference Site		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select which reference site to activate.	
[0] *	Linked to Hand / Auto	Use local reference when in Hand mode; or remote reference when in Auto mode.	
[1]	Remote	Use remote reference in both Hand mode and Auto mode.	
[2]	Local	Use local reference in both Hand mode and Auto mode. NOTE When set to Local [2], the frequency converter will start with this setting again following a 'power down'.	

3-14 Preset Relative Reference			
Range:		Function:	
0.00	[-100.00 -	The actual reference, X, is increased or	
%*	100.00 %]	decreased with the percentage Y, set in	
		3-14 Preset Relative Reference. This results	
		in the actual reference Z. Actual reference	
		(X) is the sum of the inputs selected in	
		3-15 Reference 1 Source, 3-16 Reference 2	
		Source, 3-17 Reference 3 Source and	
		8-02 Control Source.	





3-15	3-15 Reference 1 Source		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the reference input to be used	
		for the first reference signal.	
		3-15 Reference 1 Source, 3-16 Reference	
		2 Source and 3-17 Reference 3 Source	
		define up to three different reference	
		signals. The sum of these reference	
		signals defines the actual reference.	
[0]	No function		
[1] *	Analog input 53		

3-15 Reference 1 Source		
Opt	ion:	Function:
[2]	Analog input 54	
[7]	Pulse input 29	
[8]	Pulse input 33	
[20]	Digital pot.meter	
[21]	Analog input X30/11	
[22]	Analog input X30/12	
[23]	Analog Input X42/1	
[24]	Analog Input X42/3	
[25]	Analog Input X42/5	
[29]	Analog Input X48/2	
[30]	Ext. Closed Loop 1	
[31]	Ext. Closed Loop 2	
[32]	Ext. Closed Loop 3	

This parameter cannot be changed while the motor is running.

3-16	Reference 2 Source	
Optio	on:	Function:
		Select the reference input to be used for the second reference signal. 3-15 Reference 1 Source, 3-16 Reference 2 Source and 3-17 Reference 3 Source define up to three different reference signals. The sum of these reference signals defines the actual reference.
[0]	No function	
[1]	Analog input 53	
[2]	Analog input 54	
[7]	Pulse input 29	
[8]	Pulse input 33	
[20] *	Digital pot.meter	
[21]	Analog input X30/11	
[22]	Analog input X30/12	
[23]	Analog Input X42/1	
[24]	Analog Input X42/3	
[25]	Analog Input X42/5	
[29]	Analog Input X48/2	
[30]	Ext. Closed Loop 1	
[31]	Ext. Closed Loop 2	
[32]	Ext. Closed Loop 3	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be changed while the motor is running.

Alldales

3-17 Reference 3 Source		
Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select the reference input to be used for the third reference signal. 3-15 Reference 1 Source, 3-16 Reference 2 Source and 3-17 Reference 3 Source define up to three different reference signals. The sum of these reference signals defines the actual reference.
[0] *	No function	
[1]	Analog input 53	
[2]	Analog input 54	
[7]	Pulse input 29	
[8]	Pulse input 33	
[20]	Digital pot.meter	
[21]	Analog input X30/11	
[22]	Analog input X30/12	
[23]	Analog Input X42/1	
[24]	Analog Input X42/3	
[25]	Analog Input X42/5	
[29]	Analog Input X48/2	
[30]	Ext. Closed Loop 1	
[31]	Ext. Closed Loop 2	
[32]	Ext. Closed Loop 3	

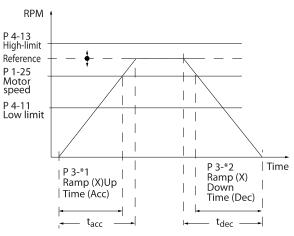
NOTE

This parameter cannot be changed while the motor is running.

3-19 Jog Speed [RPM]		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0 - par.	Enter a value for the jog speed n _{JOG} ,
related*	4-13 RPM]	which is a fixed output speed. The
		frequency converter runs at this speed
		when the jog function is activated. The
		maximum limit is defined in 4-13 Motor
		Speed High Limit [RPM].
		See also 3-80 Jog Ramp Time.

3.5.3 3-4* Ramp 1

Configure the ramp parameter, ramping times, for each of the two ramps (parameter group 3-4* and parameter group 3-5*).



3-40 Ramp 1 Type		
Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select the ramp type, depending on requirements for acceleration/deceleration. A linear ramp will give constant acceleration during ramping. An S-ramp will give nonlinear acceleration, compensating for jerk in the application.
[0] *	Linear	
[1]	S-ramp Const Jerk	Acceleration with lowest possible jerk.
[2]	S-ramp Const Time	S-ramp based on the values set in 3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp up Time and 3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time.

NOTE

If S-ramp [1] is selected and the reference during ramping is changed the ramp time may be prolonged in order to realize a jerk free movement which may result in a longer start or stop time.

Additional adjustment of the S-ramp ratios or switching initiators may be necessary.

3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[1.00 -	Enter the ramp-up time, i.e. the	
related*	3600.00 s]	acceleration time from 0 RPM to	
		1-25 Motor Nominal Speed. Choose a	
		ramp-up time such that the output	
		current does not exceed the current	
		limit in 4-18 Current Limit during	
		ramping. See ramp-down time in	
		3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time.	

$$par.3 - 41 = \frac{tacc \times nnorm[par.1 - 25]}{ref[rpm]}[s]$$



3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[1.00 - 3600.00 s]	Enter the ramp-down time, i.e. the deceleration time from 1-25 Motor Nominal Speed to 0 RPM. Choose a ramp-down time such that no overvoltage arises in the inverter due to regenerative operation of the motor, and such that the generated current does not exceed the current limit set in 4-18 Current Limit. See ramp-up time in 3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time	
		3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time.	

 $par.3 - 42 = \frac{tdec \times nnorm [par.1 - 25]}{ref[rpm]} [s]$

3-45 Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start		
Range	e:	Function:
50 %*	[Application dependant]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up time (3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp up Time) in which the acceleration torque increases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compensation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks occurring in the application.

3-46 Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End		
Range	e:	Function:
50 %*	[Application	Enter the proportion of the total
	dependant]	ramp-up time (3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp up
		Time) in which the acceleration torque
		decreases. The larger the percentage
		value, the greater the jerk compen-
		sation achieved, and thus the lower
		the torque jerks in the application.

3-47 Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start		
Range	e:	Function:
50 %*	[Application dependant]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-down time (3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time) where the deceleration torque increases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compensation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks in the application.

3-48	3-48 Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End		
Range	e:	Function:	
50 %*	[Application	Enter the proportion of the total	
	dependant]	ramp-down time (3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp	
		Down Time) where the deceleration	
		torque decreases. The larger the	
		percentage value, the greater the jerk	
		compensation achieved, and thus the	

3-48 Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End		
Range	e: Function:	
	lower the torque jerks in the application.	

3.5.4 3-5* Ramp 2

Choosing ramp parameters, see parameter group 3-4*.

3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time		
Range:		Function:
Size	[1.00 -	Enter the ramp-up time, i.e. the acceleration
related*	3600.00	time from 0 RPM to 1-25 Motor Nominal
	s]	Speed. Choose a ramp-up time such that the
		output current does not exceed the current
		limit in 4-18 Current Limit during ramping.
		See ramp-down time in 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp
		Down Time.
		$par. 3 - 51 = \frac{tacc \times nnorm[par. 1 - 25]}{ref[rpm]}[s]$

3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[1.00 -	Enter the ramp-down time, i.e. the	
related*	3600.00	deceleration time from 1-25 Motor Nominal	
	s]	Speed to 0 RPM. Choose a ramp-down time	
		such that no over-voltage arises in the	
		inverter due to regenerative operation of the	
		motor, and such that the generated current	
		does not exceed the current limit set in	
		4-18 Current Limit. See ramp-up time in	
		3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time.	
		$par.3 - 52 = \frac{tdec \times nnorm[par. 1 - 25]}{ref[rpm]}[s]$	

3-55	5 Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start		
Range	e:	Function:	
50 %*	[Application dependant]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up time (3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp up Time) in which the acceleration torque increases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compensation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks in the application.	
		the torque jerks in the application.	

3-56 Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End		
Range:		Function:
50 %*	[Application dependant]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up time (3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp up Time) in which the acceleration torque decreases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compensation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks in the application.
		the torque jerks in the application.

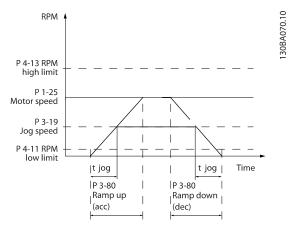


3-57 Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start			
Range	e:	Function:	
50 %*	[Application dependant]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-down time (3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp down Time) where the deceleration torque increases The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compensation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks in the application.	

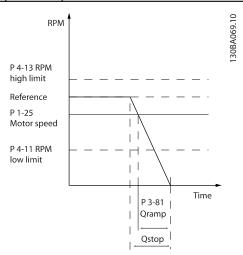
3-58	3-58 Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End			
Range	e:	Function:		
50 %*	[Application dependant]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-down time (3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp down Time) where the deceleration torque decreases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compensation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks in the application.		

3.5.5 3-8* Other Ramps

3-80 Jog Ramp Time			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[1.00 -	Enter the jog ramp time, i.e. the	
related*	3600.00	acceleration/deceleration time between 0	
	s]	RPM and the rated motor speed (n _{M,N}) (set	
		in 1-25 Motor Nominal Speed). Ensure that	
		the resultant output current required for	
		the given jog ramp time does not exceed	
		the current limit in 4-18 Current Limit. The	
		jog ramp time starts upon activation of a	
		jog signal via the control panel, a selected	
		digital input, or the serial communication	
		port.	
		par. 3 – 80 =	
		$\frac{tjog \times nnorm[par. 1 - 25]}{jog speed[par. 3 - 19]}[s]$	



3-81 Quick Stop Ramp		Time
Range:		Function:
Application	[0.01 -	Enter the quick-stop ramp-down time,
dependent*	3600.00 s]	i.e. the deceleration time from the
		synchronous motor speed to 0 RPM.
		Ensure that no resultant over-voltage
		will arise in the inverter due to
		regenerative operation of the motor
		required to achieve the given ramp-
		down time. Ensure also that the
		generated current required to achieve
		the given ramp-down time does not
		exceed the current limit (set in
		4-18 Current Limit). Quick-stop is
		activated by means of a signal on a
		selected digital input, or via the serial
		communication port.



 $Par. 3 - 81 = \frac{t_{Qstop}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{\Delta \ jog \ ref(par. 3 - 19)[RPM]}$

3-82 Starting Ramp Up Time			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0.01 -	The ramp-up time is the	
	3600.00 s]	acceleration time from 0rpm to the	
		nominal motor speed set in	
		3-82 Starting Ramp Up Time when	
		Compressor Torque is active in	
		1-03 Torque Characteristics.	



130BA158.11

3.5.6 3-9* Digital Pot.Meter

The digital potentiometer function allows the user to increase or decrease the actual reference by adjusting the set-up of the digital inputs using the functions INCREASE, DECREASE or CLEAR. To activate the function, at least one digital input must be set up to INCREASE or DECREASE.

3-90 S	3-90 Step Size		
Range:		Function:	
0.10 %*	[0.01 -	Enter the increment size required for	
	200.00 %]	INCREASE/DECREASE, as a percentage of	
		the synchronous motor speed, n _s . If	
		INCREASE/ DECREASE is activated the	
		resulting reference will be increased /	
		decreased by the amount set in this	
		parameter.	

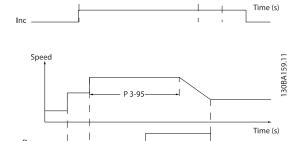
3-91 Ramp Time		
Range	e:	Function:
1.00 s	[0.00 - 3600.00 s]	Enter the ramp time, i.e. the time for adjustment of the reference from 0% to 100% of the specified digital potentiometer function (INCREASE, DECREASE or CLEAR). If INCREASE / DECREASE is activated for longer than the ramp delay period specified in 3-95 Ramp Delay the actual reference will be ramped up / down according to this ramp time. The ramp time is defined as the time used to adjust the reference by the step size
		specified in 3-90 Step Size.

3-92	3-92 Power Restore			
Option:		Function:		
[0] *	Off	Resets the Digital Potentiometer reference to 0% after power up.		
[1]	On	Restores the most recent Digital Potentiometer reference at power up.		

3-93 Maximum Limit			
Range:		Function:	
100 %*	[-200 - 200	Set the maximum permissible value for	
	%]	the resultant reference. This is advisable if	
		the Digital Potentiometer is used for fine	
		tuning of the resulting reference.	

3-94	3-94 Minimum Limit			
Range:		Function:		
0 %*	[-200 - 200	Set the minimum permissible value for the		
	%]	resultant reference. This is advisable if the		
		Digital Potentiometer is used for fine		
		tuning of the resulting reference.		

3-95 Ramp Delay			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0.000 - 0.000]	Enter the delay required from activation of the digital potentiometer function until the frequency converter starts to ramp the reference. With a delay of 0 ms, the reference starts to ramp as soon as INCREASE / DECREASE is activated.	
		See also 3-91 Ramp Time.	



P 3-95



3.6 Main Menu - Limits/Warnings - Group 4

3.6.1 4-1* Motor Limits

Define torque, current and speed limits for the motor, and the reaction of the frequency converter when the limits are exceeded.

A limit may generate a message on the display. A warning will always generate a message on the display or on the fieldbus. A monitoring function may initiate a warning or a trip, upon which the frequency converter will stop and generate an alarm message.

4-10	4-10 Motor Speed Direction		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Selects the motor speed direction required. Use this parameter to prevent unwanted reversing.	
[0]	Clockwise	Only operation in clockwise direction will be allowed.	
[2] *	Both directions	Operation in both clockwise and anti- clockwise direction will be allowed.	

NOTE

The setting in 4-10 Motor Speed Direction has impact on the Flying Start in 1-73 Flying Start.

4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0 - par.	Enter the minimum limit for motor
related*	4-13 RPM]	speed. The Motor Speed Low Limit can
		be set to correspond to the
		manufacturer's recommended
		minimum motor speed. The Motor
		Speed Low Limit must not exceed the
		setting in 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit
		[RPM].

4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0 - par.	Enter the minimum limit for motor
	4-14 Hz]	speed. The Motor Speed Low Limit
		can be set to correspond to the
		minimum output frequency of the
		motor shaft. The Speed Low Limit
		must not exceed the setting in
		4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz].

4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]			
Range:	Function:		
Size	[par.	Enter the maximum limit for motor	
related*	4-11 -	speed. The Motor Speed High Limit can	
	60000.	be set to correspond to the	
	RPM]	manufacturer's maximum rated motor.	
		The Motor Speed High Limit must	

4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]		
Range:		Function:
		exceed the setting in 4-11 Motor Speed
		Low Limit [RPM]. Only 4-11 Motor Speed
		Low Limit [RPM] or 4-12 Motor Speed Low
		Limit [Hz] will be displayed depending on
		other parameters in the Main Menu and
		depending on default settings
		dependant on global location.

NOTE

Max. output frequency cannot exceed 10% of the inverter switching frequency (14-01 Switching Frequency).

NOTE

Any changes in 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] will reset the value in 4-53 Warning Speed High to the same value as set in 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM].

4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]				
Range:		Function:		
Size related*	[par. 4-12 - par. 4-19 Hz]			

NOTE

Max. output frequency cannot exceed 10% of the inverter switching frequency (14-01 Switching Frequency).

4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0.0 - 1000.0 %]	Enter the maximum torque limit for motor operation. The torque limit is active in the speed range up to and including the rated motor speed set in 1-25 Motor Nominal Speed. To protect the motor from reaching the stalling torque, the default setting is 1.1 x the rated motor torque (calculated value). See also 14-25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit for further details. If a setting in 1-00 Configuration Mode to 1-28 Motor Rotation Check is changed, 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode is not automatically reset to the default setting.

4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode		
Range:		Function:
100.0	[0.0 -	Enter the maximum torque limit for
%*	1000.0 %]	generator mode operation. The torque
		limit is active in the speed range up to
		and including the rated motor speed
		(1-25 Motor Nominal Speed). Refer to
		14-25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit for further
		details.
		If a setting in 1-00 Configuration Mode to
		1-28 Motor Rotation Check is changed,
		4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode is not
		automatically reset to the default settings.

4-18 Current Limit		
Range:		Function:
Size	[1.0 -	Enter the current limit for motor and
related*	1000.0 %]	generator operation. To protect the motor
		from reaching the stalling torque, the
		default setting is 1.1 x the rated motor
		current (set in <i>1-24 Motor Current</i>). If a
		setting in 1-00 Configuration Mode to
		1-28 Motor Rotation Check is changed,
		4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode to
		4-18 Current Limit are not automatically
		reset to the default settings.

4-19 Max Output Frequency		
Range:		Function:
Size	[1.0 -	Enter the maximum output frequency
related*	1000.0	value. 4-19 Max Output Frequency specifies
	Hz]	the absolute limit on the frequency
		converter output frequency for improved
		safety in applications where accidental
		over-speeding must be avoided. This
		absolute limit applies to all configurations
		and is independent of the setting in
		1-00 Configuration Mode. This parameter
		cannot be adjusted while the motor is
		running.
		When 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1]
		PM non salient SPM the maximum value is
		limited to 300Hz.

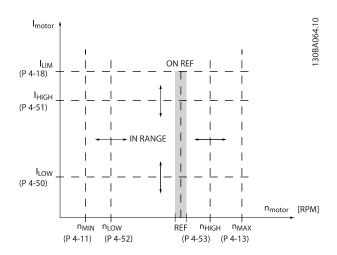
3.6.2 4-5* Adj. Warnings

Define adjustable warning limits for current, speed, reference and feedback.

NOTE

Not visible in display, only in VLT Motion Control Tool, MCT 10.

Warnings are shown on display, programmed output or serial bus.



4-50 Warning Current Low				
Range:			Function:	
0.00 A*	[0.00 -	Enter the I _{LOW} value. When the motor	
	par.	4-51	current falls below this limit (I _{LOW}), the	
	A]		display reads CURRENT LOW. The signal	
			outputs can be programmed to produce a	
			status signal on terminal 27 or 29 and on	
			relay output 01 or 02. Refer to	
			Illustration 3.5.	
			status signal on terminal 27 or 29 and on relay output 01 or 02. Refer to	

4-51 Warning Current High		
Range:	Function:	
Size	[par. 4-50	Enter the I _{HIGH} value. When the motor
related*	- par. 16-37	current exceeds this limit (I _{HIGH}), the
	A]	display reads CURRENT HIGH. The signal
		outputs can be programmed to
		produce a status signal on terminal 27
		or 29 and on relay output 01 or 02.
		Refer to Illustration 3.5.

4-52 Warning Speed Low			
Range:		Function:	
0 RPM*	[0 - par. 4-53 RPM]		

4-53 Warning Speed High		
Range:		Function:
Size	[par.	Enter the n _{HIGH} value. When the motor
related*	4-52 -	speed exceeds this limit (n _{HIGH}), the
	par. 4-13	display reads SPEED HIGH. The signal
	RPM]	outputs can be programmed to produce a
		status signal on terminal 27 or 29 and on
		relay output 01 or 02. Programme the
		upper signal limit of the motor speed,
		nнідн, within the normal working range of
		the frequency converter. Refer to
		Illustration 3.5.



Any changes in 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] will reset the value in 4-53 Warning Speed High to the same value as set in 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM].

If a different value is needed in 4-53 Warning Speed High, it must be set after programming of 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]

4-54 Warning Reference Low		
Range:		Function:
-999999.999 *	[-999999.999 -	Enter the lower reference limit.
	par. 4-55]	When the actual reference falls
		below this limit, the display
		indicates Ref Low. The signal
		outputs can be programmed to
		produce a status signal on
		terminal 27 or 29 and on relay
		output 01 or 02.

4-55 Warning Reference High		
Range:		Function:
999999.999 *	[par. 4-54 - 999999.999]	Enter the upper reference limit. When the actual reference exceeds this limit, the display reads Ref High. The signal outputs can be programmed to produce a status signal on terminal 27 or 29 and on relay
		output 01 or 02.

4-56 Warning Feedback Low			
Range:		Function:	
-999999.999	[-999999.999 -	Enter the lower feedback	
ProcessCtrlUnit*	par. 4-57	limit. When the feedback	
	ProcessCtrlUnit]	falls below this limit, the	
		display reads Feedb Low.	
		The signal outputs can be	
		programmed to produce a	
		status signal on terminal	
		27 or 29 and on relay	
		output 01 or 02.	

4-57 Warning Feedback High				
Range:	_	Function:		
999999.999	[par. 4-56 -	Enter the upper feedback		
ProcessCtrlUnit*	999999.999	limit. When the feedback		
	ProcessCtrlUnit]	exceeds this limit, the		
		display reads Feedb High.		
		The signal outputs can be		
		programmed to produce		
		a status signal on terminal		
		27 or 29 and on relay		
		output 01 or 02.		

4-58	4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function			
Option:		Function:		
		Displays an alarm in the event of a missing motor phase.		
[0]	Disabled	No alarm is displayed if a missing motor phase occurs.		
[2] *	Trip 1000 ms			

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

3.6.3 4-6* Speed Bypass

Some systems call for avoiding certain output frequencies or speeds, due to resonance problems in the system. A maximum of four frequency or speed ranges can be avoided.

4-60 Bypass Speed From [RPM]			
Array [4]			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0 - par. 4-13 RPM]	Some systems call for avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance problems in the system. Enter the lower limits of the speeds to be avoided.	

4-61 Bypas	ss Speed From	[Hz]
Array [4]		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0.0 - par.	Some systems call for avoiding
	4-14 Hz]	certain output speeds due to
		resonance problems in the system.
		Enter the lower limits of the speeds
		to be avoided.

4-62 Bypas	ss Speed To [RP	M]
Array [4]		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0 - par. 4-13 RPM]	Some systems call for avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance problems in the system. Enter the upper limits of the speeds to be avoided.

4-63 Bypas	ss Speed To [H	z]
Array [4]		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0.0 - par. 4-14 Hz]	Some systems call for avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance problems in the system. Enter the upper limits of the speeds to be avoided.



3.6.4 Semi-Automatic Bypass Speed Set-up

The Semi-Automatic Bypass Speed Setup can be used to facilitate the programming of the frequencies to be skipped due to resonances in the system.

The following process is to be carried out

- 1. Stop the motor.
- 2. Select Enabled in 4-64 Semi-Auto Bypass Set-up.
- Press Hand On on the LCP to start the search for frequency bands causing resonances. The motor will ramp up according to the ramp set.
- 4. When sweeping through a resonance band, press *OK* on the LCP when leaving the band. The actual frequency will be stored as the first element in *4-62 Bypass Speed To [RPM]* or *4-63 Bypass Speed To [Hz]* (array). Repeat this for each resonance band identified at the ramp-up (maximum four can be adjusted).
- 5. When maximum speed has been reached, the motor will automatically begin to ramp-down. Repeat the above procedure when speed is leaving the resonance bands during the deceleration. The actual frequencies registered when pressing OK will be stored in 4-60 Bypass Speed From [RPM] or 4-61 Bypass Speed From [Hz].
- 6. When the motor has ramped down to stop, press *OK*. The *4-64 Semi-Auto Bypass Set-up* will automatically reset to Off. The frequency converter will stay in *Hand* mode until *Off* or *Auto On* are pressed on the LCP.

If the frequencies for a certain resonance band are not registered in the right order (frequency values stored in *By Pass Speed To* are higher than those in *By Pass Speed From*) or if they do not have the same numbers of registrations for the *By Pass From* and *By Pass To*, all registrations will be cancelled and the following message is displayed: *Collected speed areas overlapping or not completely determined. Press [Cancel] to abort.*

4-64	4-64 Semi-Auto Bypass Set-up					
Opt	ion:	Function:				
[0] *	Off	No function				
[1] Enabled Starts the Semi-Automatic Bypass set-up and continue with the procedure described above		Starts the Semi-Automatic Bypass set-up and continue with the procedure described above.				



3.7 Main Menu - Digital In/Out - Group 5

3.7.1 5-0* Digital I/O Mode

Parameters for configuring the input and output using NPN and PNP.

5-00	5-00 Digital I/O Mode			
Option:		Function:		
		Digital inputs and programmed digital outputs are pre-programmable for operation either in PNP or NPN systems.		
[0] *	PNP - Active at 24V	Action on positive directional pulses (0). PNP systems are pulled down to GND.		
[1]	NPN - Active at 0V	Action on negative directional pulses (1). NPN systems are pulled up to + 24 V, internally in the frequency converter.		

NOTE

This parameter cannot be changed while the motor is running.

5-01	5-01 Terminal 27 Mode			
Option: Function:		Function:		
[0] *	Input	Input Defines terminal 27 as a digital input.		
[1]	Output	Defines terminal 27 as a digital output.		

NOTE

This parameter cannot be changed while the motor is running.

5-02	5-02 Terminal 29 Mode				
Option: Function:		Function:			
[0] * Input Defines terminal 29 as a digital input.		Defines terminal 29 as a digital input.			
[1] Output Defines terminal 29 as a digital output.					

NOTE

This parameter cannot be changed while the motor is running.

3.7.2 5-1* Digital Inputs

Parameters for configuring the input functions for the input terminals.

The digital inputs are used for selecting various functions in the frequency converter. All digital inputs can be set to the following functions

Digital input function	Select	Terminal
No operation	[0]	All *terminal 19, 32, 33
Reset	[1]	All
Coast inverse	[2]	27
Coast and reset inverse	[3]	All
DC-brake inverse	[5]	All
Stop inverse	[6]	All
External interlock	[7]	All
Start	[8]	All *terminal 18
Latched start	[9]	All
Reversing	[10]	All
Start reversing	[11]	All
Jog	[14]	All *terminal 29
Preset reference on	[15]	All
Preset ref bit 0	[16]	All
Preset ref bit 1	[17]	All
Preset ref bit 2	[18]	All
Freeze reference	[19]	All
Freeze output	[20]	All
Speed up	[21]	All
Speed down	[22]	All
Set-up select bit 0	[23]	All
Set-up select bit 1	[24]	All
Pulse input	[32]	terminal 29, 33
Ramp bit 0	[34]	All
Mains failure inverse	[36]	All
Fire mode	[37]	All
Run Permissive	[52]	All
Hand start	[53]	All
Auto start	[54]	All
DigiPot Increase	[55]	All
DigiPot Decrease	[56]	All
DigiPot Clear	[57]	All
Counter A (up)	[60]	29, 33
Counter A (down)	[61]	29, 33
Reset Counter A	[62]	All
Counter B (up)	[63]	29, 33
Counter B (down)	[64]	29, 33
Reset Counter B	[65]	All
Sleep Mode	[66]	All
Reset Maintenance Word	[78]	All
PTC Card 1	[80]	All
Lead Pump Start	[120]	All
Lead Pump Alternation	[121]	All
Pump 1 Interlock	[130]	All
Pump 2 Interlock	[131]	All
Pump 3 Interlock	[132]	All



3.7.3 5-1* Digital Inputs continued

All = Terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33, X30/2, X30/3, X30/4. X30/ are the terminals on MCB 101.

Functions dedicated to only one digital input are stated in the associated parameter.

All digital inputs can be programmed to these functions

[0]	No operation	No reaction to signals transmitted to terminal.	
[1]	Reset	Resets frequency converter after a TRIP/ ALARM. Not all alarms can be reset.	
[2]	Coast inverse	Leaves motor in free mode. Logic '0' => coasting stop. (Default Digital input 27): Coasting stop, inverted input (NC).	
[3]	Coast and reset inverse	Reset and coasting stop Inverted input (NC). Leaves motor in free mode and resets the frequency converter. Logic '0' => coasting stop and reset.	
[5]	DC-brake inverse	Inverted input for DC braking (NC). Stops motor by energizing it with a DC current for a certain time period. See 2-01 DC Brake Current to 2-03 DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]. The function is only active when the value in 2-02 DC Braking Time is different from 0. Logic '0' => DC braking. This selection is not possible when 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM non salient SPM.	
[6]	Stop inverse	Stop Inverted function. Generates a stop function when the selected terminal goes from logical level '1' to '0'. The stop is performed according to the selected ramp time (3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time, 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time, 3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down Time, 3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time). NOTE When the frequency converter is at the torque limit and has received a stop command, it may not stop by itself. To ensure that the frequency converter stops, configure a digital output to Torque limit & stop [27] and connect this digital output to a digital input that is configured as coast.	
[7]	External Interlock	Same function as Coasting stop, inverse, but External Interlock generates the alarm message 'external fault' on the display when the terminal which is programmed for Coast Inverse is logic '0'. The alarm message will also be active via digital	

		outputs and relay of			
		for External Interlock. The alarm can be			
		reset using a digital input or the [RESET]			
		key if the cause for the External Interlock has been removed. A delay can be			eriock
		programmed in 22-00 External Interlock			lock
		Delay, External Interlock Time. After			
		applying a signal to the input, the reaction			
		described above w			
		time set in 22-00 External Interlock Delay.			
[8]	Start	Select start for a start/stop command. Logic			
		'1' = start, logic '0'	•		3
		(Default Digital inp	ut 18)		
[9]	Latched start	Motor starts, if a pu	ulse is ap	plied fo	r min. 2
		ms. Motor stops wl	nen Stop	inverse	is
		activated			
[10]	Reversing	Changes direction	of motor	shaft ro	tation.
		Select Logic '1' to r	everse. 1	he reve	rsing
		signal only change			
		rotation. It does no			art
		function. Select bot		ons in	
		4-10 Motor Speed D			
[11]	Ctart roversing	(Default Digital inp		rovorsina	a on the
[11]	Start reversing	Used for start/stop same wire. Signals			
		at the same time.	OII Start	are not	anowed
[14]	Jog	Used for activating jog speed. See <i>3-11 Jog</i>			
		Speed [Hz].)-9-1		
		(Default Digital inp	ut 29)		
[15]	Preset	Used for shifting be	etween e	external	
	reference on	reference and prese	et referei	nce. It is	
		assumed that Exter	nal/prese	t [1] has	been
		selected in 3-04 Rei			•
		= external referenc			
54.53		of the eight preset			
[16]	Preset ref bit 0	Enables a choice be			-
		preset references a below.	ccording	to the i	lable
[17]	Preset ref bit 1		etween o	ne of th	ne eight
[,,]	r reser let bit I	preset references according to the table			
		below.	ccoraing	to the t	ubic
[18]	Preset ref bit 2	Enables a choice between one of the eight			
		preset references a	ccording	to the t	table
		below.			
		D			
		Preset ref. bit	2	1	0
		Preset ref. 0 Preset ref. 1	0	0	0
		Preset ref. 1	0	1	1
		Preset ref. 2	0	1	1
		Preset ref. 4	1	0	0
		Preset ref. 5	1	0	1
		Preset ref. 6	1	1	0
		Preset ref. 7	1	1	1
			· ·	· ·	· ·
[19]	Freeze ref	Freezes actual refer	ence. Th	e frozen	
[17]	. reeze rer				
		reference is now the point of enable/			



		condition for Speed up and Speed down to be used. If Speed up/down is used, the speed change always follows ramp 2 (3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time and 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time) in the range 0 - 3-03 Maximum Reference. (For closed loop see 20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb.).	
[20]	Freeze output	Freezes actual motor frequency (Hz). The frozen motor frequency is now the point of enable/condition for Speed up and Speed down to be used. If Speed up/down is used, the speed change always follows ramp 2 (3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time and 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time) in the range 0 - 1-23 Motor Frequency. NOTE When Freeze output is active, the frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low 'start [13]' signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].	
[21]	Speed up	For digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed up is activated for less than 400 msec. the resulting reference will be increased by 0.1 %. If Speed up is activated for more than 400 msec. the resulting reference will ramp according to Ramp 1 in 3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time.	
[22]	Speed down	Same as Speed up [21].	
[23]	Set-up select bit 0	Selects one of the four set-ups. Set par. 0-10 to Multi Set-up.	
[24]	Set-up select Same as Set-up select bit 0 [23]. bit 1 (Default Digital input 32)		
[32]	Pulse input	Select Pulse input when using a pulse sequence as either reference or feedback. Scaling is done in parameter group 5-5*.	
[34]	Ramp bit 0	Select which ramp to use. Logic "0" will select ramp 1 while logic "1" will select ramp 2.	
[36]	Mains failure inverse	Select to activate function selected in 14-10 Mains Failure. Mains failure is active in the Logic "0" situation.	
[37]	Fire mode	A signal applied will put the frequency converter into Fire Mode and all other commands will be disregarded. See 24-0* Fire Mode.	
[52]	Run Permissive	The input terminal, for which the Run permissive has been programmed must be logic "1" before a start command can be accepted. Run permissive has a logic 'AND' function related to the terminal which is programmed for START [8], Jog [14] or	

		Freeze Output [20], which means that in order to start running the motor, both conditions must be fulfilled. If Run Permissive is programmed on multiple terminals, Run permissive needs only be logic '1' on one of the terminals for the function to be carried out. The digital output signal for Run Request (Start [8], Jog [14] or Freeze output [20]) programmed in parameter group 5-3*, or parameter group 5-4*, will not be affected by Run Permissive. NOTE If no Run Permissive signal is applied but either Run, Jog or Freeze commands is activated, the status line in the display will show either Run Requested, Jog Requested or Freeze Requested.
[53]	Hand start	A signal applied will put the frequency converter into Hand mode as if button <i>Hand On</i> on the LCP has been pressed and
		a normal stop command will be overridden. If disconnecting the signal, the motor will stop. To make any other start commands valid, another digital input must be assign
		to Auto Start and a signal applied to this. The Hand On and Auto On buttons on the LCP has no impact. The Off button on the
		LCP will override <i>Hand Start</i> and <i>Auto Start</i> . Press either the <i>Hand On</i> or <i>Auto On</i> button to make <i>Hand Start</i> and <i>Auto Start</i> active
		again. If no signal on neither <i>Hand Start</i> nor <i>Auto Start</i> , the motor will stop regardless of any normal Start command applied. If signal applied to both <i>Hand Start</i> and <i>Auto</i>
		Start, the function will be Auto Start. If pressing the Off button on the LCP the
		motor will stop regardless of signals on Hand Start and Auto Start.
[54]	Auto start	A signal applied will put the frequency converter into Auto mode as if the LCP button <i>Auto On</i> has been pressed. See also <i>Hand Start</i> [53]
[55]	DigiPot	Uses the input as an INCREASE signal to the
	Increase	Digital Potentiometer function described in parameter group 3-9*
[56]	DigiPot	Uses the input as a DECREASE signal to the
	Decrease	Digital Potentiometer function described in parameter group 3-9*
[57]	DigiPot Clear	Uses the input to CLEAR the Digital Potenti- ometer reference described in parameter group 3-9*
[60]	Counter A (up)	(Terminal 29 or 33 only) Input for increment counting in the SLC counter.
[61]	Counter A (down)	(Terminal 29 or 33 only) Input for decrement counting in the SLC counter.
	(down)	decrement counting in the SEC Counter.



[62]	Reset Counter	Input for reset of counter A.	
	Α		
[63]	Counter B (up)	(Terminal 29 and 33 only) Input for	
		increment counting in the SLC counter.	
[64]	Counter B	(Terminal 29 and 33 only) Input for	
	(down)	decrement counting in the SLC counter.	
[65]	Reset Counter	Input for reset of counter B.	
	В		
[66]	Sleep Mode	Forces frequency converter into Sleep Mode	
		(see parameter group 22-4*). Reacts on the	
		rising edge of signal applied!	
[68]	Timed Actions	Timed actions are disabled. See parameter	
	Disabled	group 23-0* Timed Actions.	
[69]	Constant OFF	Timed Actions are set for Constant OFF. See	
		parameter group 23-0* Timed Actions.	
[70]	Constant ON	Timed Actions are set for Constant ON. See	
		parameter group 23-0* Timed Actions.	
[78]	Reset	Resets all data in 16-96 Maintenance Word	
	Preventive	to 0.	
	Maintenance		
	Word		
[80]	PTC Card 1	All Digital Inputs can be set to PTC Card 1	
		[80]. However, only one Digital Input must	
		be set to this choice.	

5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input

Same options and functions as parameter group 5-1*, except for *Pulse input*.

Option:			Function:
[8	3] *	Start	

5-11 Terminal 19 Digital Input

Same options and functions as parameter group 5-1*, except for *Pulse input*.

Option: Function:

[0] *	No operation	
[0] "	i No operation	

5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input

Option:		Function:
[2] *	Coast inverse	Functions are described under parameter
		group 5-1* Digital Inputs

5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input

Option:		Function:
		Select the function from the available digital input
		range and the additional options [60], [61], [63] and
		[64]. Counters are used in Smart Logic Control
		functions.
[14] *	Jog	Functions are described under 5-1* Digital Inputs

5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input

0-4:---

64

Ориоп.		runction.
[0] *	No Operation	Same options and functions as parameter
		group 5-1* <i>Digital Inputs</i> , except for <i>Pulse</i> input.

Eunction:

5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input

Option:		Function:
[0] *	No Operation	Same options and functions as parameter
		group 5-1* <i>Digital Inputs</i> .

5-16 Terminal X30/2 Digital Input

This parameter is active when option module MCB 101 is installed in the frequency converter. Same options and functions as parameter group 5-1* except for *Pulse input* [32].

Option:	Function
---------	----------

- риси		
[0] *	No operation	

5-17 Terminal X30/3 Digital Input

This parameter is active when option module MCB 101 is installed in the frequency converter. Same options and functions as parameter group 5-1* except for *Pulse input* [32].

Option: Function:

[0] *	No operation	

5-18 Terminal X30/4 Digital Input

This parameter is active when option module MCB 101 is installed in the frequency converter. Same options and functions as parameter group 5-1* except for *Pulse input* [32].

Option: Function:

5-19	5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[1] *	Safe Stop Alarm	Coasts frequency converter when safe stop is activated. Manual reset from LCP, digital input or fieldbus.	
[3]	Safe Stop Warning	Coasts frequency converter when safe stop is activated (T-37 off). When safe stop circuit is reestablished, the frequency converter will continue without manual reset.	
[4]	PTC 1 Alarm	Coasts frequency converter when safe stop is activated. Manual reset from LCP, digital input or fieldbus. Choice 4 is only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.	
[5]	PTC 1 Warning	Coasts frequency converter when safe stop is activated (T-37 off). When safe stop circuit is reestablished, the frequency converter will continue without manual reset, unless a Digital Input set to PTC Card 1 [80] is still enabled. Choice 5 is only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.	
[6]	PTC 1 & Relay A	This choice is used when the PTC option is gated together with a Stop button through a Safety relay to T-37. Coasts frequency converter when safe stop is activated. Manual reset from LCP, digital input or fieldbus. Choice 6 is only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.	



5-19	5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[7]	PTC 1 & Relay W	This choice is used when the PTC option is gated together with a Stop button through a Safety relay to T-37. Coasts frequency converter when safe stop is activated (T-37 off). When safe stop circuit is reestablished, the frequency converter will continue without manual reset, unless a Digital Input set to PTC Card 1 [80] is (still) enabled. Choice 7 is only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.	
[8]	PTC 1 & Relay A/W	This choice makes it possible to use a combination of Alarm and Warning. Choice 8 is only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.	
[9]	PTC 1 & Relay W/A	This choice makes it possible to use a combination of Alarm and Warning. Choice 9 is only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.	

Choises 4 - 9 are only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.

When Auto Reset/Warning is selected the frequency converter opens up for automatic restart.

Overview of functions, alarms and warnings

Function	No.	PTC	Relay
No Function	[0]	-	-
Safe Stop Alarm	[1]*	-	Safe Stop [A68]
Safe Stop Warning	[3]	-	Safe Stop [W68]
PTC 1 Alarm	[4]	PTC 1 Safe Stop	-
		[A71]	
PTC 1 Warning	[5]	PTC 1 Safe Stop	-
		[W71]	
PTC 1 & Relay A	[6]	PTC 1 Safe Stop	Safe Stop [A68]
		[A71]	
PTC 1 & Relay W	[7]	PTC 1 Safe Stop	Safe Stop [W68]
		[W71]	
PTC 1 & Relay A/W	[8]	PTC 1 Safe Stop	Safe Stop [W68]
		[A71]	
PTC 1 & Relay W/A	[9]	PTC 1 Safe Stop	Safe Stop [A68]
		[W71]	

W means warning and A means alarm. For further information, see Alarms and Warnings in section Troubleshooting in the Design Guide or the Operating Instructions

A dangerous failure related to Safe Stop will give Alarm: Dangerous Failure [A72].

Please refer to Table 4.2 in 4.1 Troubleshooting.

3.7.4 5-3* Digital Outputs

Parameters for configuring the output functions for the output terminals. The 2 solid-state digital outputs are common for terminals 27 and 29. Set the I/O function for terminal 27 in 5-01 Terminal 27 Mode and set the I/O function for terminal 29 in 5-02 Terminal 29 Mode. These parameters cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

		The digital outputs can be programmed with these functions:	
[0]	No operation	Default for all digital outputs and relay outputs	
[1]	Control ready	The control board receives supply voltage.	
[2]	Drive ready	The frequency converter is ready for	
		operation and applies a supply signal on	
		the control board.	
[3]	Drive ready /	The frequency converter is ready for	
	remote	operation and is in Auto On mode.	
	control		
[4]	Stand-by / no	The frequency converter is ready for	
	warning	operation. No start or stop command is	
		been given (start/disable). There are no	
F=2		warnings.	
[5]	Running	The motor is running.	
[6]	Running / no	The output speed is higher than the speed	
	warning	set in 1-81 Min Speed for Function at Stop	
		[RPM]. The motor is running and there are	
[0]	D	no warnings.	
[8]	Run on reference / no	The motor runs at reference speed.	
[9]	warning Alarm	An alarm activates the output. There are	
[9]	Aldilli	no warnings.	
[10]	Alarm or	An alarm or a warning activates the	
	warning	output.	
[11]	At torque	The torque limit set in 4-16 Torque Limit	
	limit	Motor Mode or 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit	
		[RPM] has been exceeded.	
[12]	Out of	The motor current is outside the range set	
	current range	in 4-18 Current Limit.	
[13]	Below	The motor current is lower than set in	
F4 43	current, low	4-50 Warning Current Low.	
[14]	Above	The motor current is higher than set in	
[1.5]	current, high	4-51 Warning Current High.	
[15]	Out of speed	The output speed is outside the range set	
	range	in 4-52 Warning Speed Low and 4-53 Warning Speed High.	
[16]	Rolow speed		
[16]	Below speed, low	in 4-52 Warning Speed Low.	
[17]	Above speed,	The output speed is higher than the	
	high	setting in 4-53 Warning Speed High.	
54.53	<u> </u>	The feedback is outside the range set in	
[18]	Out of	The reedback is outside the range set in	
[18]	feedback	4-56 Warning Feedback Low and	



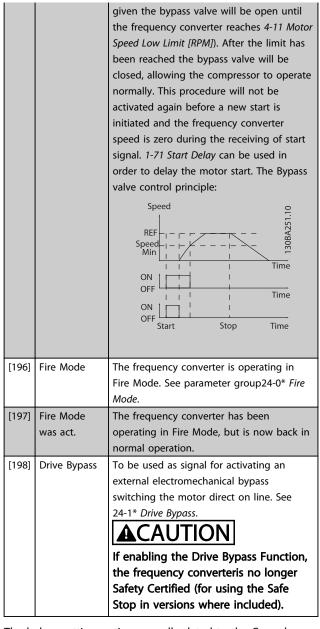


[19]	Below	The feedback is below the limit set in	
[,,,]	feedback low	4-56 Warning Feedback Low.	
[20]	Above	The feedback is above the limit set in	
	feedback high	4-57 Warning Feedback High.	
[21]	Thermal	The thermal warning turns on when the	
	warning	temperature exceeds the limit in the	
		motor, the frequency converter, the brake	
		resistor, or the thermistor.	
[25]	Reverse	Reversing. Logic '1' = relay activated, 24V	
		DC when CW rotation of the motor. Logic	
		'0' = relay not activated, no signal, when	
[26]	Bus OK	CCW rotation of the motor.	
[26]	BUS OK	Active communication (no time-out) via the serial communication port.	
[27]	Torque limit	Use in performing a coasting stop and in	
[27]	and stop	torque limit condition. If the frequency	
	una stop	converter has received a stop signal and is	
		at the torque limit, the signal is Logic '0'.	
[28]	Brake, no	The brake is active and there are no	
	warning	warnings.	
[29]	Brake ready,	The brake is ready for operation and there	
	no fault	are no faults.	
[30]	Brake fault	The output is Logic '1' when the brake	
	(IGBT)	IGBT is short-circuited. Use this function to	
		protect the frequency converter if there is	
		a fault on the brake modules. Use the	
		output/relay to cut out the main voltage from the frequency converter.	
[35]	Evternal		
[35]	External Interlock	External Interlock function has been	
[35]			
	Interlock	External Interlock function has been	
	Interlock Out of ref	External Interlock function has been	
[40]	Interlock Out of ref range	External Interlock function has been	
[40]	Interlock Out of ref range Below	External Interlock function has been	
[40]	Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low	External Interlock function has been	
[40] [41] [42]	Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high	External Interlock function has been	
[40] [41] [42]	Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl	External Interlock function has been	
[40] [41] [42]	Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl Bus Ctrl 1 if	External Interlock function has been	
[40] [41] [42] [45] [46]	Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl Bus Ctrl 1 if timeout	External Interlock function has been	
[40] [41] [42]	Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl Bus Ctrl 1 if timeout Bus Ctrl 0 if	External Interlock function has been	
[40] [41] [42] [45] [46]	Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl Bus Ctrl 1 if timeout Bus Ctrl 0 if timeout	External Interlock function has been	
[40] [41] [42] [45] [46] [47]	Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl Bus Ctrl 1 if timeout Bus Ctrl 0 if timeout Pulse output	External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs.	
[40] [41] [42] [45] [46]	Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl Bus Ctrl 1 if timeout Bus Ctrl 0 if timeout	External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator	
[40] [41] [42] [45] [46] [47]	Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl Bus Ctrl 1 if timeout Bus Ctrl 0 if timeout Pulse output	External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs.	
[40] [41] [42] [45] [46] [47]	Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl Bus Ctrl 1 if timeout Bus Ctrl 0 if timeout Pulse output	External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 0 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go	
[40] [41] [42] [45] [46] [47] [55] [60]	Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl Bus Ctrl 1 if timeout Bus Ctrl 0 if timeout Pulse output Comparator 0	External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 0 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.	
[40] [41] [42] [45] [46] [47] [55] [60]	Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl Bus Ctrl 1 if timeout Bus Ctrl 0 if timeout Pulse output Comparator 0	External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 0 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low. See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator	
[40] [41] [42] [45] [46] [47] [55] [60]	Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl Bus Ctrl 1 if timeout Bus Ctrl 0 if timeout Pulse output Comparator 0	See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 0 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low. See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 2 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go	
[40] [41] [42] [45] [46] [47] [55] [60]	Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl Bus Ctrl 1 if timeout Bus Ctrl 0 if timeout Pulse output Comparator 0 Comparator 1	See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 0 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low. See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 2 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low. See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 2 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low. See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 2 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go	
[40] [41] [42] [45] [46] [47] [55] [60]	Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl Bus Ctrl 1 if timeout Bus Ctrl 0 if timeout Pulse output Comparator 0 Comparator 1	External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 0 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low. See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 2 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low. See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 2 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.	
[40] [41] [42] [45] [46] [47] [55] [60]	Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl Bus Ctrl 1 if timeout Bus Ctrl 0 if timeout Pulse output Comparator 0 Comparator 1	External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 0 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low. See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 2 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low. See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 2 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low. See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 2 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low. See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator	
[40] [41] [42] [45] [46] [47] [55] [60]	Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl Bus Ctrl 1 if timeout Bus Ctrl 0 if timeout Pulse output Comparator 0 Comparator 1	External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 0 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low. See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 2 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low. See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 2 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.	

[64]	Comparator 4	See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator
		4 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go
		high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[65]	Comparator 5	See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator
		5 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go
[70]		high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[70]	Logic Rule 0	See parameter group 13-4*. If Logic Rule 0
		is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go
[71]	Logic Dulo 1	high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[71]	Logic Rule 1	See parameter group 13-4*. If Logic Rule 1 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go
		high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[72]	Logic Rule 2	See parameter group 13-4*. If Logic Rule 2
[/2]	Logic Naie 2	is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go
		high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[73]	Logic Rule 3	See parameter group 13-4*. If Logic Rule 3
,		is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go
		high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[74]	Logic Rule 4	See parameter group 13-4*. If Logic Rule 4
		is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go
		high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[75]	Logic Rule 5	See parameter group 13-4*. If Logic Rule 5
		is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go
		high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[80]	SL Digital	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The input
	Output A	will go high whenever the Smart Logic
		Action [38] Set dig. out. A high is executed.
		The input will go low whenever the Smart
		Logic Action [32] Set dig. out. A low is executed.
[81]	SL Digital	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The input
[01]	Output B	will go high whenever the Smart Logic
		Action [39] Set dig. out. Bhigh is executed.
		The input will go low whenever the Smart
		Logic Action [33] <i>Set dig. out. B low</i> is
		executed.
[82]	SL Digital	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The input
	Output C	will go high whenever the Smart Logic
		Action [40] Set dig. out. C high is executed.
		The input will go low whenever the Smart
		Logic Action [34] Set dig. out. C low is
		executed.
[83]	SL Digital	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The input
	Output D	will go high whenever the Smart Logic
		Action [41] Set dig. out. D high is executed.
		The input will go low whenever the Smart Logic Action [35] <i>Set dig. out. D low</i> is
		executed.
[84]	SL Digital	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The input
[۲۵]	Output E	will go high whenever the Smart Logic
	- Catput L	Action [42] <i>Set dig. out. E high</i> is executed.
		The input will go low whenever the Smart
		Logic Action [36] Set dig. out. E low is
		executed.
[85]	SL Digital	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The input
	Output F	will go high whenever the Smart Logic
		•



		Action [43] <i>Set dig. out. F high</i> is executed. The input will go low whenever the Smart Logic Action [37] <i>Set dig. out. F low</i> is executed.
[160]	No alarm	The output is high when no alarm is present.
[161]	Running reverse	The output is high when the frequency converter is running counter clockwise (the logical product of the status bits 'running' AND 'reverse').
[165]	Local reference active	The output is high when 3-13 Reference Site = [2] Local or when 3-13 Reference Site = [0] Linked to hand auto at the same time as the LCP is in [Hand On] mode.
[166]	Remote reference active	The output is high when 3-13 Reference Site [1] or Linked to hand/auto [0] while the LCP is in [Auto on] mode.
[167]	Start command active	The output is high when there is an active Start command (i.e. via digital input bus connection or [Hand on] or [Auto on], and no Stop command is active.
[168]	Drive in hand mode	The output is high when the frequency converter is in Hand on mode (as indicated by the LED light above [Hand on].
[169]	Drive in auto mode	The output is high when the frequency converter is in Hand on mode (as indicated by the LED light above [Auto on].
[180]	Clock Fault	The clock function has been reset to default (2000-01-01) because of a power failure.
[181]	Preventive Maintenance	One or more of the Preventive Maintenance Events programmed in 23-10 Maintenance Item has passed the time for the specified action in 23-11 Maintenance Action.
[190]	No-Flow	A No-Flow situation or Minimum Speed situation has been detected if enabled in 22-21 Low Power Detection and/or 22-22 Low Speed Detection.
[191]	, ,	A Dry Pump condition has been detected. This function must be enabled in <i>22-26 Dry Pump Function</i> .
[192]	End of Curve	A pump running with max. speed for a period of time without reaching the set pressure has been detected. To enable this function please see 22-50 End of Curve Function.
[193]	Sleep Mode	The frequency converter/system has turned into sleep mode. See par. 22-4*.
[194]	Broken Belt	A Broken Belt condition has been detected. This function must be enabled in 22-60 Broken Belt Function.
[195]	Bypass Valve Control	The bypass valve control (Digital / Relay output in the frequency converter) is used for compressor systems to unload the compressor during start-up by using a bypass valve. After the start command is



The below setting options are all related to the Cascade Controller.

Wiring diagrams and settings for parameter, see parameter group 25-** for more details.



[200]	Full	All pumps running and at full speed	
	Capacity		
[201]	Pump1 Running	One or more of the pumps controlled by the Cascade Controller are running. The function will also depend on the setting of in 25-06 Number of Pumps. If set to No [0] Pump 1 refers to the pump controlled by relay RELAY1 etc. If set to Yes [1] Pump 1 refers to the pump controlled by the frequency converter only (without any of the build in	
		relays involved) and Pump 2 to the pump controlled by the relay RELAY1. See below table:	
[202]	Pump2 Running	See [201]	
[203]	Pump3 Running	See [201]	

Setting in parameter	Setting in 25-06 Number of Pumps		
group 5-3*	[0] No	[1] Yes	
[200] Pump 1	Controlled by	Frequency Converter	
Running	RELAY1	controlled	
[201] Pump 2	Controlled by	Controlled by	
Running	RELAY2	RELAY1	
[203] Pump 3	Controlled by	Controlled by	
Running	RELAY3	RELAY2	

5-30 Terminal 27 Digital Output

Same options and functions as parameter group 5-3*.

Option:	Function:

[0] * N	No operation	

5-31 Terminal 29 Digital Output

Same options and functions as parameter group 5-3*.

Option: Function:

option.		i directori.
[0] *	No operation	

5-32 Term X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101)

This parameter is active when option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Same options and functions as parameter group 5-3*.

Option: Function:

- 1		
[0] *	No operation	

5-33 Term X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101)

This parameter is active when option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Same options and functions as parameter group 5-3*.

Option: Function:

•		
[0] *	No operation	

3.7.5 5-4* Relays

Parameters for configuring the timing and the output functions for the relays.

5-40 Function Relay Array [8]

(Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1]

Option MCB 105: Relay 7 [6], Relay 8 [7] and Relay 9 [8]). Select options to define the function of the relays.

The selection of each mechanical relay is realised in an array

parametei	ſ .	,
Option:		Function:
[0] *	No operation	1
[1]	Control ready	
[2]	Drive ready	
[3]	Drive rdy/rem ctrl	
[4]	Standby / no warning	
[5] *	Running	Default setting for relay
		2.
[6]	Running / no warning	
[8]	Run on ref/no warn	
[9] *	Alarm	Default setting for relay 1.
[10]	Alarm or warning	
[11]	At torque limit	
[12]	Out of current range	
[13]	Below current, low	
[14]	Above current, high	
[15]	Out of speed range	
[16]	Below speed, low	
[17]	Above speed, high	
[18]	Out of feedb. range	
[19]	Below feedback, low	
[20]	Above feedback, high	
[21]	Thermal warning	
[25]	Reverse	
[26]	Bus OK	
[27]	Torque limit & stop	
[28]	Brake, no brake war	
[29]	Brake ready, no fault	
[30]	Brake fault (IGBT)	
[35]	External Interlock	
[36]	Control word bit 11	
[37]	Control word bit 12	
[40]	Out of ref range	
[41]	Below reference, low	
[42]	Above ref, high	
[45]	Bus ctrl.	
[46]	Bus ctrl, 1 if timeout	
[47]	Bus ctrl, 0 if timeout	
[60]	Comparator 0	
[61]	Comparator 1	
[62]	Comparator 2	
[63]	Comparator 3	
[64]	Comparator 4	
[65]	Comparator 5	
[70]	Logic rule 0	
[71]	Logic rule 1	



5-40 Function Relay

Array [8]

(Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1]

Option MCB 105: Relay 7 [6], Relay 8 [7] and Relay 9 [8]). Select options to define the function of the relays.

The selection of each mechanical relay is realised in an array parameter.

Option:		Function:
. 221	La sia mula 2	

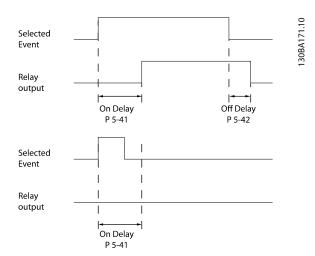
[72] Logic rule 2 [73] Logic rule 3 [74] Logic rule 4 [75] Logic rule 5	
[74] Logic rule 4	
[80] SL digital output A	
[81] SL digital output B	
[82] SL digital output C	
[83] SL digital output D	
[84] SL digital output E	
[85] SL digital output F	
[160] No alarm	
[161] Running reverse	
[165] Local ref active	
[166] Remote ref active	
[167] Start command act.	
[168] Hand / Off	
[169] Auto mode	
[180] Clock Fault	
[181] Prev. Maintenance	
[188] AHF Capacitor Connect	
[189] External Fan Control	
[190] No-Flow	
[191] Dry Pump	
[192] End Of Curve	
[193] Sleep Mode	
[194] Broken Belt	
[195] Bypass Valve Control	
[196] Fire Mode	
[197] Fire Mode was Act.	
[198] Drive Bypass	
[211] Cascade Pump 1	
[212] Cascade Pump 2	
[213] Cascade Pump 3	

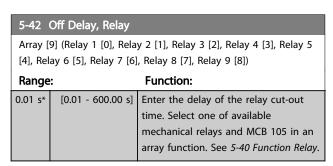
5-41 On Delay, Relay

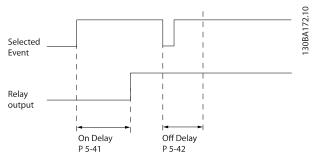
Array [9], (Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1], Relay 3 [2], Relay 4 [3], Relay 5 [4], Relay 6 [5], Relay 7 [6], Relay 8 [7], Relay 9 [8])

Range:	Function

	-	
0.01 s*	[0.01 - 600.00 s]	Enter the delay of the relay cut-in
		time. Select one of available
		mechanical relays and MCB 105 in an
		array function. See 5-40 Function Relay.
		Relay 3-6 are included in MCB 113.





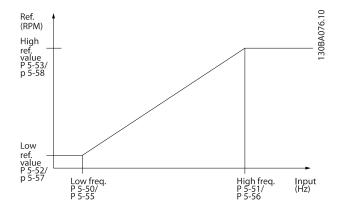


If the selected Event condition changes before the on- or off delay timer expires, the relay output is unaffected.

3.7.6 5-5* Pulse Input

The pulse input parameters are used to define an appropriate window for the impulse reference area by configuring the scaling and filter settings for the pulse inputs. Input terminals 29 or 33 act as frequency reference inputs. Set terminal 29 (5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input) or terminal 33 (5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input) to Pulse input [32]. If terminal 29 is used as an input, then set 5-02 Terminal 29 Mode to Input [0].





5-50 Term. 29 Low Frequency		
Range:		Function:
100 Hz*	[0 - 110000 Hz]	Enter the low frequency limit corresponding to the low motor shaft speed (i.e. low reference value) in 5-52 Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value. Refer to the diagram in this section.

5-51 Term. 29 High Frequency		
Range:		Function:
100 Hz*	[0 - 110000 Hz]	Enter the high frequency limit corresponding to the high motor shaft speed (i.e. high reference value) in 5-53 Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value.

5-52 Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value		
Range	•	Function:
0.000 *	[-999999.999 - 999999.999]	Enter the low reference value limit for the motor shaft speed [RPM]. This is also the lowest feedback value, see also 5-57 Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value.

5-53 Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value		
Range:		Function:
100.000 *	[-99999.999 - 999999.999]	Enter the high reference value [RPM] for the motor shaft speed and the high feedback value, see also 5-58 Term. 33 High Ref./ Feedb. Value.

5-54 Pulse Filter Time Constant #29		
Range:	e: Function:	
100	[1 - 1000	Enter the pulse filter time constant. The
ms*	ms]	pulse filter dampens oscillations of the
		feedback signal, which is an advantage if
	there is a lot of noise in the system. A high	
	time constant value results in better	
		dampening but also increases the time
		delay through the filter.

5-54 Pulse Filter Time Constant #29			
Range:	Range: Function:		
This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.			

5-55 Term. 33 Low Frequency		
Range:		Function:
100 Hz*	[0 - 110000	Enter the low frequency
	Hz]	corresponding to the low motor shaft
		speed (i.e. low reference value) in
		5-57 Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value.

5-56 Term. 33 High Frequency		
Range: Function:		
100 Hz*	[0 - 110000 Hz]	Enter the high frequency corresponding to the high motor shaft speed (i.e. high reference value) in 5-58 Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value.

5-57 Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value		
Range	•	Function:
0.000 *	[-99999.999 - 999999.999]	Enter the low reference value [RPM] for the motor shaft speed. This is also the low feedback value, see also 5-52 Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value.

5-58 Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value		
Range:	Function:	
100.000 *	[-999999.999 -	Enter the high reference value
	999999.999]	[RPM] for the motor shaft
		speed. See also 5-53 Term. 29
		High Ref./Feedb. Value.

5-59 Pulse Filter Time Constant #33		
Range:	Function:	
100 ms*	[1 - 1000	Enter the pulse filter time constant. The
	ms]	low-pass filter reduces the influence on
	and dampens oscillations on the feedback	
	signal from the control.	
	This is an advantage, e.g. if there is a	
		great amount on noise in the system.

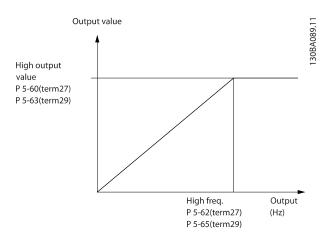
This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

3.7.7 5-6* Pulse Outputs

Parameters for configuring the scaling and output functions of pulse outputs. The pulse outputs are designated to terminals 27 or 29. Select terminal 27 output in 5-01 Terminal 27 Mode and terminal 29 output in 5-02 Terminal 29 Mode.



Alldales



Options for readout output variables

[0] No operation

[45] Bus ctrl.

[48] Bus ctrl. timeout

[100] Output frequency

[101] Reference

[102] Feedback

[103] Motor current

[104] Torque relative to limit

[105] Torque relative to rated

[106] Power

[107] Speed

[108] Torque

[0] *

[109] Max. Out Freq.

[113] Ext. Closed Loop

[114] Ext. Closed Loop

[115] Ext. Closed Loop

No operation

Select the operation variable assigned for terminal 27 readouts.

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running. Same options and functions as parameter group 5-6*.

5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable		
Option: Fu		Function:
[0] *	No operation	
[45]	Bus ctrl.	
[48]	Bus ctrl., timeout	
[100]	Output freq. 0-100	
[101]	Reference Min-Max	
[102]	Feedback +-200%	
[103]	Motor cur. 0-lmax	
[104]	Torque 0-Tlim	
[105]	Torque 0-Tnom	

5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable		
Option: Function:		Function:
[106]	Power 0-Pnom	
[107]	Speed 0-HighLim	
[113]	Ext. Closed Loop 1	
[114]	Ext. Closed Loop 2	
[115]	Ext. Closed Loop 3	

5-62 Pulse Output Max Freq #27

Set the maximum frequency for terminal 27, corresponding to the output variable selected in 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable.

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

Range:		Function:
5000 Hz*	[0 - 32000 Hz]	

5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable

Select the variable for viewing on the terminal 29 display. This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running. Same options and functions as parameter group 5-6*.

Option:		Function:
[0] *	No operation	
[45]	Bus ctrl.	
[48]	Bus ctrl., timeout	
[100]	Output freq. 0-100	
[101]	Reference Min-Max	
[102]	Feedback +-200%	
[103]	Motor cur. 0-lmax	
[104]	Torque 0-Tlim	
[105]	Torque 0-Tnom	
[106]	Power 0-Pnom	
[107]	Speed 0-HighLim	
[113]	Ext. Closed Loop 1	
[114]	Ext. Closed Loop 2	
[115]	Ext. Closed Loop 3	

5-65 Pulse Output Max Freq #29

Set the maximum frequency for terminal 29 corresponding to the output variable set in 5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable.

Range:		Function:
5000 Hz*	[0 - 32000 Hz]	

5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable

Select the variable for read-out on terminal X30/6.

This parameter is active when option module MCB 101 is installed in the frequency converter.

Same options and functions as parameter group 5-6*.

Option:		Function:
[0] *	No operation	
[45]	Bus ctrl.	
[48]	Bus ctrl., timeout	
[51]	MCO controlled	
[100]	Output frequency	
[101]	Reference	
[102]	Feedback	



5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable

Select the variable for read-out on terminal X30/6. This parameter is active when option module MCB 101 is installed in the frequency converter.

Same options and functions as parameter group 5-6*.

Option:	Function:
---------	-----------

[103]	Motor current	
[104]	Torque rel to limit	
[105]	Torq relate to rated	
[106]	Power	
[107]	Speed	
[108]	Torque	
[109]	Max Out Freq	
[119]	Torque % lim	

5-68 Pulse Output Max Freq #X30/6

Select the maximum frequency on terminal X30/6 referring to the output variable in *5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable*. This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running. This parameter is active when option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter.

Range:	Function:		
Application	[0 - 32000 Hz]		
dependent*			

3.7.8 5-9* Bus Controlled

This parameter group selects digital and relay outputs via a fieldbus setting.

5-9	5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control		
Range:		Function:	
0 *	[0 -	This parameter holds the state of the	
	2147483647]	digital outputs and relays that is controlled	
		by bus.	
		A logical '1' indicates that the output is	
		high or active.	
		A logical '0' indicates that the output is low	
		or inactive.	
		o macure.	

5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control			
Range:	Range: Function:		
	Bit 0	CC Digital Output Terminal 27	
	Bit 1	CC Digital Output Terminal 29	
	Bit 2	GPIO Digital Output Terminal X	
		30/6	
	Bit 3	GPIO Digital Output Terminal X	
		30/7	
	Bit 4	CC Relay 1 output terminal	
	Bit 5	CC Relay 2 output terminal	
	Bit 6	Option B Relay 1 output terminal	
	Bit 7	Option B Relay 2 output terminal	
	Bit 8	Option B Relay 3 output terminal	
	Bit 9-15	Reserved for future terminals	
	Bit 16	Option C Relay 1 output terminal	
	Bit 17	Option C Relay 2 output terminal	
	Bit 18	Option C Relay 3 output terminal	
	Bit 19	Option C Relay 4 output terminal	
	Bit 20	Option C Relay 5 output terminal	
	Bit 21	Option C Relay 6 output terminal	
	Bit 22	Option C Relay 7 output terminal	
	Bit 23	Option C Relay 8 output terminal	
	Bit	Reserved for future terminals	
	24-31		

5-93 Pulse Out #27 Bus Control		
Range:		Function:
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00 %]	Contains the frequency to apply to the digital output terminal 27, when it is configured as [Bus Controlled].

5-94 Pulse Out #27 Timeout Preset				
Range:		Function:		
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00	Contains the frequency to apply to		
	%]	the digital output terminal 27, when		
		it is configured as [Bus Controlled		
		Timeout] and timeout is detected.		

5-95 Pulse Out #29 Bus Control		
Range:		Function:
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00	Contains the frequency to apply to
	%]	Contains the frequency to apply to the digital output terminal 29, when
		it is configured as [Bus Controlled].

5-96 Pulse Out #29 Timeout Preset			
Range:		Function:	
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00	Contains the frequency to apply to	
	%]	the digital output terminal 29, when	
		it is configured as [Bus Controlled	
		Timeout] and timeout is detected	

5-97 Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control			
Range: Function:			
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00 %] Contains the frequency to apply to		
	the digital output terminal 27, when		
		it is configured as [Bus Controlled.	

ADS 102 Programming Guide

5-98 Pulse Out #X30/6 Timeout Preset			
Range: Function:			
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00	Contains the frequency to apply to	
	%]	the digital output terminal 6, when it	
	is configured as [Bus Controlled		
		Timeout] and time-out is detected.	



3.8 Main Menu - Analog In/Out - Group 6

3.8.1 6-0* Analog I/O Mode

Parameter group for setting up the analog I/O configuration.

The frequency converter is equipped with 2 analog inputs: Terminal 53 and 54. The analog inputs can freely be allocated to either voltage (0-10V) or current input (0/4-20mA)

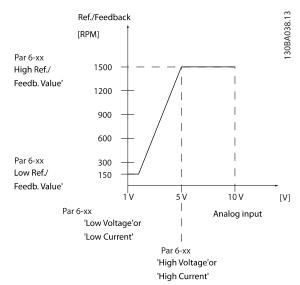
NOTE

Thermistors may be connected to either an analog or a digital input.

6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time			
Rang	je:	Function:	
10 s*	[1 - 99 s]	Enter the Live Zero Time-out time period. Live Zero Time-out Time is active for analog inputs, i.e. terminal 53 or terminal 54, used as reference or feedback sources. If the reference signal value associated with the selected current input falls below 50% of the value set in 6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage, 6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current, 6-20 Terminal 54 Low Voltage or 6-22 Terminal 54 Low Current for a time period longer than the time set in 6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time, the function	
		selected in 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function will be activated.	

6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function			
Option:	Function:		
	Select the time-out function. The function set in 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function will be activated if the input signal on terminal 53 or 54 is below 50% of the value in 6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage, 6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current, 6-20 Terminal 54 Low Voltage or 6-22 Terminal		
	54 Low Current for a time period defined in 6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time. If several time-outs occur simultaneously, the frequency converter prioritises the time-out functions as follows 1. 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function		
	8-04 Control Timeout Function The output frequency of the frequency converter can be: [1] frozen at the present value		
	 [2] overruled to stop [3] overruled to jog speed [4] overruled to max. speed [5] overruled to stop with subsequent trip 		
[0] * Off			

6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[1]	Freeze		
	output		
[2]	Stop		
[3]	Jogging		
[4]	Max.		
	speed		
[5]	Stop and		
	trip		



6-02 Fire Mode Live Zero Timeout Function			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		The function set in 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function will be activated if the input signal on analogue inputs is below 50% of the value defined in parameter group 6-1* to 6-6* "Terminal xx Low Current" or "Terminal xx Low Voltage" for a time period defined in 6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time.	
[0] *	Off		
[1]	Freeze output		
[2]	Stop		
[3]	Jogging		
[4]	Max. speed		
	·		



3.8.2 6-1* Analog Input 1

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog input 1 (terminal 53).

6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage		
Range		Function:
0.07 V*	[0.00 - par.	Enter the low voltage value. This analog input scaling value should correspond
	6-11 V]	input scaling value should correspond
		to the low reference/feedback value set
		in 6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value.

6-11 Terminal 53 High Voltage		
Range:	Function:	
10.00 V*	[par. 6-10 - 10.00 V]	Enter the high voltage value. This analog input scaling value should correspond to the high reference/ feedback value set in 6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value.

6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current			
Range:	Function:		
4.00	[0.00 -	Enter the low current value. This reference	
mA*	par. 6-13	signal should correspond to the low	
	mA]	reference/feedback value, set in	
	6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value. The		
	value must be set at >2 mA in order to		
	activate the Live Zero Time-out Function		
		in 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function.	

6-13 Terminal 53 High Current			
Range:	Function:		
20.00 mA*	[par. 6-12 - 20.00 mA]	Enter the high current value corresponding to the high reference/feedback set in 6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value.	

6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range: Function:			
0.000 *	[-999999.999 - 999999.999]	Enter the analog input scaling value that corresponds to the low voltage/low current set in 6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage and 6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current.	

6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range:	Function:		
Size related*	[-999999.999 -	Enter the analog input scaling	
	999999.999]	value that corresponds to the	
		high voltage/high current value	
		set in 6-11 Terminal 53 High	
		Voltage and 6-13 Terminal 53	
		High Current.	

6-16 T	6-16 Terminal 53 Filter Time Constant		
Range:	Range: Function:		
0.001 s*	[0.001 -	Enter the time constant. This is a first-	
	10.000 s]	order digital low pass filter time	
		constant for suppressing electrical noise	
		in terminal 53. A high time constant	
		value improves dampening but also	
		increases the time delay through the	
		filter.	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

6-17	6-17 Terminal 53 Live Zero		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		This parameter makes it possible to disable the Live Zero monitoring. E.g. to be used if the analog outputs are used as part of a de-central I/O system (e.g. when not as part of any frequency converter related control functions, but feeding a Building Management system with data).	
		autaj.	
[0]	Disabled		
[1] *	Enabled		

3.8.3 6-2* Analog Input 2

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog input 2 (terminal 54).

6-20 Terminal 54 Low Voltage			
Range	nge: Function:		
0.07 V*	[0.	.00 - par.	Enter the low voltage value. This analog
	6-21 V]	input scaling value should correspond
			to the low reference/feedback value, set
			in 6-24 Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value.

6-21 Terminal 54 High Voltage		
Range:		Function:
10.00 V*	[par. 6-20 -	Enter the high voltage value. This
	10.00 V]	analog input scaling value should
		correspond to the high reference/
		feedback value set in 6-25 Terminal 54
		High Ref./Feedb. Value.



6-22 Terminal 54 Low Current			
Range:		Function:	
4.00	[0.00 -	Enter the low current value. This reference	
mA*	par. 6-23	signal should correspond to the low	
	mA]	reference/feedback value, set in	
		6-24 Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value. The	
		value must be set at >2 mA in order to	
		activate the Live Zero Time-out Function	
		in 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function.	

6-23 Terminal 54 High Current			
Range:		Function:	
20.00 mA*	[par. 6-22 - 20.00 mA]	Enter the high current value corresponding to the high reference/ feedback value set in 6-25 Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value.	

6-24 Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range	:	Function:	
0.000 *	[-999999.999 - 999999.999]	Enter the analog input scaling value that corresponds to the low voltage/low current value set in 6-20 Terminal 54 Low Voltage and 6-22 Terminal 54 Low Current.	

6-25 Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range:		Function:	
100.000 *	[-999999.999 -	Enter the analog input scaling	
	999999.999]	value that corresponds to the	
		high voltage/high current value	
		set in 6-21 Terminal 54 High	
		Voltage and 6-23 Terminal 54 High	
		Current.	

6-26 Terminal 54 Filter Time Constant		
Range:		Function:
0.001 s*	[0.001 -	Enter the time constant. This is a first-
	10.000 s]	order digital low pass filter time
		constant for suppressing electrical noise
		in terminal 54. A high time constant
		value improves dampening but also
		increases the time delay through the
		filter.

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

6-2	6-27 Terminal 54 Live Zero		
Option: Fu		Function:	
		This parameter makes it possible to disable the	
		Live Zero monitoring. E.g. to be used if the	
	analog outputs are used as part of a de-central		
		I/O system (e.g. when not as part of any	
		frequency converter related control functions, but	

6-27	6-27 Terminal 54 Live Zero		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		feeding a Building Management System with data).	
[0]	Disabled		
[1] *	Enabled		

3.8.4 6-3* Analog Input 3 MCB 101

Parameter group for configuring the scale and limits for analog input 3 (X30/11) placed on option module MCB 101.

6-30 Terminal X30/11 Low Voltage		
Range		Function:
0.07 V*	[0.00 - par. 6-31 V]	Sets the analog input scaling value to correspond to the low reference/ feedback value (set in 6-34 Term. X30/11 Low Ref./Feedb. Value).

6-31 Terminal X30/11 High Voltage			
Range:	Function:		
10.00 V*	[par. 6-30 - 10.00 V]	Sets the analog input scaling value to correspond to the high reference/ feedback value (set in 6-35 Term. X30/11 High Ref./Feedb. Value).	

6-34 Term. X30/11 Low Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range:		Function:	
0.000 *	[-99999.999 - 999999.999]	Sets the analog input scaling value to correspond to the low voltage value (set in 6-30 Terminal X30/11 Low Voltage).	

6-35 Term. X30/11 High Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range:		Function:	
100.000 *	[-999999.999 - 999999.999]	Sets the analog input scaling value to correspond to the high voltage value (set in 6-31 Terminal X30/11 High Voltage).	

6-36 Term. X30/11 Filter Time Constant			
Range:	Function:		
0.001 s*	[0.001 - 10.000 s]	A 1st order digital low pass filter time constant for suppressing electrical noise on terminal X30/11.	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be changed while the motor is running.



6-37	6-37 Term. X30/11 Live Zero		
Option:		Function:	
		This parameter makes it possible to disable the	
		Live Zero monitoring. E.g. to be used if the	
		analog outputs are used as part of a decentral	
		I/O system (e.g. when not part of any frequency	
		converter related control functions, but feeding a	
		Building Management System with data).	
[0] *	Disabled		
[1] *	Enabled		

3.8.5 6-4* Analog Input 4 MCB 101

Parameter group for configuring the scale and limits for analog input 4 (X30/12) placed on option module MCB 101.

6-40 Terminal X30/12 Low Voltage			
Range: Function:		Function:	
0.07 V*	[6-41		Sets the analog input scaling value to correspond to the low reference/ feedback value set in 6-44 Term. X30/12 Low Ref./Feedb. Value.

6-41 Terminal X30/12 High Voltage			
Range:	Function:		
10.00 V*	[10.00	•	Sets the analog input scaling value to correspond to the high reference/ feedback value set in 6-45 Term. X30/12 High Ref./Feedb. Value.

6-44	6-44 Term. X30/12 Low Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range:		Function:		
0.000 *	[-99999.999 - 999999.999]	Sets the analog output scaling value to correspond to the low voltage value set in 6-40 Terminal X30/12 Low Voltage.		

6-45 Term. X30/12 High Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range:	: Function:		
100.000 *	[-99999.999 - 999999.999]	Sets the analog input scaling value to correspond to the high voltage value set in 6-41 Terminal X30/12 High Voltage.	

6-46 Term. X30/12 Filter Time Constant			
Range:	Function:		
0.001 s*	[0.001 - 10.000 s]	A 1st order digital low pass filter time constant for suppressing electrical noise on terminal X30/12.	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be changed while the motor is running.

6-47	6-47 Term. X30/12 Live Zero			
Option:		Function:		
		This parameter makes it possible to disable the		
		Live Zero monitoring. E.g. to be used if the		
		analog outputs are used as part of a decentral		
		I/O system (e.g. when not part of any frequency		
		converter related control functions, but feeding a		
		Building Management System with data)		
[0] *	Disabled			
[1]	Enabled			

3.8.6 6-5* Analog Output 1

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog output 1, i.e. Terminal 42. Analog outputs are current outputs: 0/4-20mA. Common terminal (terminal 39) is the same terminal and has the same electrical potential for analog common and digital common connection. Resolution on analog output is 12 bit.

6-50	6-50 Terminal 42 Output			
Optio	n:	Function:		
		Select the function of Terminal 42 as an analog current output. A motor current of 20 mA corresponds to I _{max} .		
[0]	No operation			
[100]	Output freq. 0-100	0 - 100 Hz, (0-20 mA)		
[101]	Reference Min-Max	Minimum reference - Maximum reference, (0-20 mA)		
[102]	Feedback +-200%	-200% to +200% of <i>20-14 Maximum</i> Reference/Feedb., (0-20 mA)		
[103]	Motor cur. 0-lmax	0 - Inverter Max. Current (<i>16-37 Inv. Max. Current</i>), (0-20 mA)		
[104]	Torque 0-Tlim	0 - Torque limit (4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode), (0-20 mA)		
[105]	Torque 0-Tnom	0 - Motor rated torque, (0-20 mA)		
[106]	Power 0-Pnom	0 - Motor rated power, (0-20 mA)		
[107]	Speed 0-HighLim	0 - Speed High Limit (4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] and 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]), (0-20 mA)		
[113]	Ext. Closed Loop 1	0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)		
[114]	Ext. Closed Loop 2	0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)		
[115]	Ext. Closed Loop 3	0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)		
[130]	Out frq 0-100 4-20mA	0 - 100 Hz		



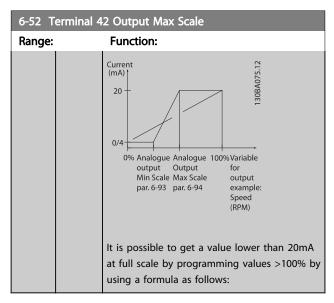
6-50	Terminal 42 Outpu	t
Optio	n:	Function:
[131]	Reference 4-20mA	Minimum Reference - Maximum Reference
[132]	Feedback 4-20mA	-200% to +200% of 20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb.
[133]	Motor cur. 4-20mA	0 - Inverter Max. Current (16-37 Inv. Max. Current)
[134]	Torq.0-lim 4-20 mA	0 - Torque limit (4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode)
[135]	Torq.0-nom 4-20mA	0 - Motor rated torque
[136]	Power 4-20mA	0 - Motor rated power
[137] *	Speed 4-20mA	0 - Speed High Limit (4-13 and 4-14)
[139]	Bus ctrl.	0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)
[140]	Bus ctrl. 4-20 mA	0 - 100%
[141]	Bus ctrl t.o.	0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)
[142]	Bus ctrl t.o. 4-20mA	0 - 100%
[143]	Ext. CL 1 4-20mA	0 - 100%
[144]	Ext. CL 2 4-20mA	0 - 100%
[145]	Ext. CL 3 4-20mA	0 - 100%

NOTE

Values for setting the Minimum Reference is found in open loop 3-02 Minimum Reference and for closed loop 20-13 Minimum Reference/Feedb. - values for maximum reference for open loop is found in 3-03 Maximum Reference and for closed loop 20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb..

6-51 Terminal 42 Output Min Scale		
Range:	Range: Function:	
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 200.00 %]	Scale for the minimum output (0 or 4mA) of the analog signal at terminal 42. Set the value to be the percentage of the full range of the variable selected in
		6-50 Terminal 42 Output.

6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale			
Range:	Function:		
100.00	[0.00 -	Scale for the maximum output (20mA) of the	
%*	200.00	analog signal at terminal 42.	
	%]	Set the value to be the percentage of the full	
		range of the variable selected in 6-50 Terminal	
		42 Output.	



20 mA / desired maximum current × 100 %

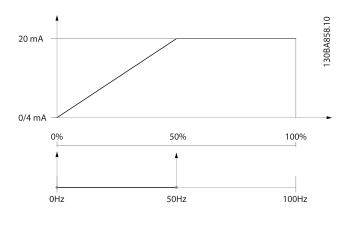
i.e. $10 \, mA$: $\frac{20 \, mA}{10 \, mA} \times 100 \, \% = 200 \, \%$

EXAMPLE 1:

Variable value= OUTPUT FREQUENCY, range = 0-100 Hz Range needed for output = 0-50Hz

Output signal 0 or 4mA is needed at 0Hz (0% of range) - set 6-51 Terminal 42 Output Min Scale to 0%

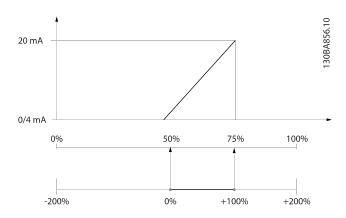
Output signal 20mA is needed at 50Hz (50% of range) - set 6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale to 50%





EXAMPLE 2:

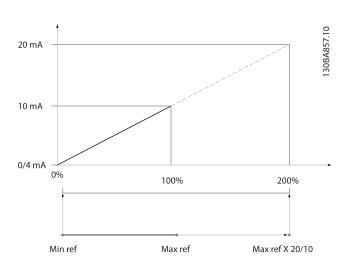
Variable= FEEDBACK, range= -200% to +200% Range needed for output= 0-100% Output signal 0 or 4mA is needed at 0% (50% of range) set 6-51 Terminal 42 Output Min Scale to 50% Output signal 20mA is needed at 100% (75% of range) set 6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale to 75%



EXAMPLE 3:

Variable value= REFERENCE, range= Min ref - Max ref Range needed for output= Min ref (0%) - Max ref (100%), 0-10 mA

Output signal 0 or 4mA is needed at Min ref - set 6-51 Terminal 42 Output Min Scale to 0%
Output signal 10mA is needed at Max ref (100% of range) - set 6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale to 200% (20mA/10mA x 100%=200%).



6-53 Terminal 42 Output Bus Control			
Range: Function:			
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00 %]	Holds the level of Output 42 if controlled by bus.	

6-54 Terminal 42 Output Timeout Preset		
Range:		Function:
0.00 %*	_	Holds the preset level of Output 42.
	100.00 %]	

6-54 Terminal 42 Output Timeout Preset		
Range:		Function:
		In case of a bus timeout and a timeout function is selected in 6-50 Terminal 42 Output the output will preset to this level.

3.8.7 6-6* Analog Output 2 MCB 101

Analog outputs are current outputs: 0/4 - 20mA. Common terminal (terminal X30/8) is the same terminal and electrical potential for analog common connection. Resolution on analog output is 12 bit.

6-60 Terminal X30/8 Output

Same options and functions as 6-50 Terminal 42 Output.

Option:		Function:
[0] *	No operation	

6-61 ·	6-61 Terminal X30/8 Min. Scale		
Range	:	Function:	
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 200.00 %]	Scales the minimum output of the selected analog signal on terminal X30/8. Scale the minimum value as a percentage of the maximum signal value, i.e. 0mA (or 0hz) is desired at 25% of the maximum output value and 25% is programmed. The value can never be higher than the corresponding setting in 6-62 Terminal X30/8 Max. Scale if value is below 100%.	
		This parameter is active when option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter.	

6-62	Terminal	X30/8 Max. Scale
Range	:	Function:
100.00	[0.00	Scales the maximum output of the selected
%*	-	analog signal on terminal X30/8. Scale the value
	200.00	to the desired maximum value of the current
	%]	signal output. Scale the output to give a lower
		current than 20mA at full scale or 20mA at an
		output below 100% of the maximum signal
		value. If 20mA is the desired output current at
		a value between 0 - 100% of the ful-scale
		output, program the percentage value in the
		parameter, i.e. 50% = 20mA. If a current
		between 4 and 20mA is desired at maximum
		output (100%), calculate the percentage value
		as follows:
		20 mA desired maximum current × 100 %
		i.e. $10 mA : \frac{20 mA}{10 mA} \times 100 \% = 200 \%$

3

6-63 Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control			
Range:	Range: Function:		
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00 %]	Contains the value to apply to the output terminal, when it is configured as [Bus Controlled].	

6-64 Terminal X30/8 Output Timeout Preset			
Range:	Range: Function:		
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00 %]	Contains the value to apply to the output terminal, when it is configured as [Bus Controlled Timeout] and timeout is detected.	



3.9 Main Menu - Communications and Options - Group 8

3.9.1 8-0* General Settings

8-01	8-01 Control Site		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		The setting in this parameter overrides the settings in 8-50 Coasting Select to 8-56 Preset Reference Select.	
[0] *	Digital and ctrl.word	Control by using both digital input and control word.	
[1]	Digital only	Control by using digital inputs only.	
[2]	Controlword only	Control by using control word only.	

8-02	8-02 Control Source		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the source of the control word: one of two serial interfaces or four installed options. During initial power-up, the frequency converter automatically sets this parameter to <i>Option A</i> [3] if it detects a valid fieldbus option installed in slot A. If the option is removed, the frequency converter detects a change in the configuration, sets 8-02 Control Source back to default setting FC Port, and the frequency converter then trips. If an option is installed after initial power-up, the setting of 8-02 Control Source will not change but the frequency converter will trip and display: Alarm 67 Option Changed.	
[0]	None		
[1]	FC Port		
[2]	USB Port		
[3] *	Option A		
[4]	Option B		
[5]	Option C0		
[6]	Option C1		
[30]	External Can		

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

8-03 Control Timeout Time		
Range:	Function:	
Size	[1.0 -	Enter the maximum time expected to pass
related*	18000.0	between the reception of two consecutive
	s]	telegrams. If this time is exceeded, it
		indicates that the serial communication has
		stopped. The function selected in
		8-04 Control Timeout Function Control Time-
		out Function will then be carried out.

8-03 Co	ntrol Timeout Time
Range:	Function:
Range:	Function: In BACnet the control timeout is only triggered if some specific objects are written. The object list hold information on the objects that triggers the control timeout: Analog Outputs Binary Outputs AV0 AV1 AV2 AV4 BV1
	BV2
	BV3
	BV4
	BV5
	Multistate Outputs

8-04 Control Timeout Function			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the time-out function. The time-out function is activated when the control word fails to be updated within the time period specified in 8-03 Control Timeout Time. Choice [20] only appears after setting the Metasys N2 protocol.	
[0] *	Off		
[1]	Freeze output		
[2]	Stop		
[3]	Jogging		
[4]	Max. speed		
[5]	Stop and trip		
[7]	Select setup 1		
[8]	Select setup 2		
[9]	Select setup 3		
[10]	Select setup 4		
[20]	N2 Override Release		

8-05	8-05 End-of-Timeout Function		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the action after receiving a valid control word following a time-out. This parameter is active only when 8-04 Control Timeout Function is set to [Set-up 1-4].	
[0]	Hold set-up	Retains the set-up selected in 8-04 Control Timeout Function and displays a warning,	



8-05 End-of-Timeout Function		
Opt	ion:	Function:
		until <i>8-06 Reset Control Timeout</i> toggles. Then the frequency converter resumes its original set-up.
[1] *	Resume set- up	Resumes the set-up active prior to the time-out.

8-06	8-06 Reset Control Timeout		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		This parameter is active only when the choice Hold set-up [0] has been selected in 8-05 End-of-Timeout Function .	
[0] *	Do not reset	Retains the set-up specified in 8-04 Control Timeout Function, [Select setup 1-4] following a control time-out.	
[1]	Do reset	Returns the frequency converter to the original set-up following a control word time-out. When the value is set to <i>Do reset</i> [1], the frequency converter performs the reset and then immediately reverts to the <i>Do not reset</i> [0] setting.	

8-07	8-07 Diagnosis Trigger			
Option:		Function:		
		This parameter has no function for BACnet.		
[0] *	Disable			
[1]	Trigger on alarms			
[2]	Trigger alarm/warn.			

3.9.2 8-1* Ctrl. Word Settings

8-10	8-10 Control Profile			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select the interpretation of the control and status words corresponding to the installed fieldbus. Only the selections valid for the fieldbus installed in slot A will be visible in the LCP display.		
[0] *	FC profile			
[1]	PROFIdrive profile			
[5]	ODVA			
[7]	CANopen DSP 402			

8-13	8-13 Configurable Status Word STW		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		This parameter enables configuration of bits 12 – 15 in the status word.	
[0]	No function		
[1] *	Profile Default	Function corresponds to the profile default selected in 8-10 Control Profile.	

8-13	8-13 Configurable Status Word STW		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[2]	Alarm 68 Only	Only set in case of an Alarm 68.	
[3]	Trip excl Alarm 68	Set in case of a trip, except if the trip is executed by an Alarm 68.	
[16]	T37 DI status	The bit indicates the status of terminal 37. "0" indicates T37 is low (safe stop) "1" indicates T37 is high (normal)	

3.9.3 8-3* Drive Port Settings

8-30) Protocol	
Opt	ion:	Function:
		Protocol selection for the integrated Drive (standard) Port (RS485) on the control card. Parameter group 8-7* is only visible when Drive Option [9] is chosen.
[0] *	FC	Communication according to the Drive Protocol as described in the ADS 102 Design Guide, RS485 Installation and Set-up.
[1]	FC MC	Same as Drive [0] but to be used when downloading SW to the frequency converter or uploading dll file (covering information regarding parameters available in the frequency converter and their inter-dependencies) to Motion Control Tool MCT10.
[2]	Modbus RTU	Communication according to the Modbus RTU protocol as described in the ADS 102 Design Guide, RS485 Installation and Set-up.
[3]	Metasys N2	Communication protocol. The N2 software protocol is designed to be general in nature in order to accommodate the unique properties each device may have. Please see separate manual ADS 102 Metasys MG.11.GX.YY.
[4]	FLN	Communication according to the Apogee FLN P1 protocol.
[5]	BACnet	Communication according to an open data communications protocol (Building Automation and Control Network), American National Standard (ANSI/ASHRAE 135-1995).
[9]	FC Option	To be used when a gateway is connected to the integrated RS485 port, e.g. the BACnet gateway. Following changes will take place: -Address for the Drive port will be set to 1 and 8-31 Address, is now used to set the address for the gateway on the network, e.g. BACnet. Please see separate manual ADS 102 BACnet, MG. 11.DX.YYBaud rate for the Drive port will be set to a fixed value (115.200 Baud) and 8-32 Baud Rate, is now used to set the baud rate for the network port (e.g. BACnet) on the gateway.



8-30	8-30 Protocol			
Option:		Function:		
[20]	LEN			

NOTE

Further details can be found in the Metasys manual, MG. 11.GX.YY.

8-31 Address				
Range: Function:				
Size related*	[1 255.]	Enter the address for the Drive (standard) port. Valid range: 1 - 126.		

8-32	8-32 Baud Rate			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Baud rates 9600, 19200, 38400 and 76800		
		baud are valid for BACnet only.		
[0]	2400 Baud			
[1]	4800 Baud			
[2] *	9600 Baud			
[3]	19200 Baud			
[4]	38400 Baud			
[5]	57600 Baud			
[6]	76800 Baud			
[7]	115200 Baud			

Default refers to the FC Protocol.

8-33	8-33 Parity / Stop Bits				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		Parity and Stop Bits for the protocol 8-30 Protocol using the Drive Port. For some of the protocols, not all options will be visible. Default depends on the protocol selected.			
[0] *	Even Parity, 1 Stop Bit				
[1]	Odd Parity, 1 Stop Bit				
[2]	No Parity, 1 Stop Bit				
[3]	No Parity, 2 Stop Bits				

8-34 Estimated cycle time		
Range:		Function:
0 ms*	[0 - 1000000 ms]	In a noisy environments, the interface may be blocked by due to overload of bad frames. This parameter specifies the time between two consecutive frames on the network. If the interface does not detect valid frames in that time it flushes the
		receive buffer.

8-35 Minimum Response Delay			
Range: Function:		Function:	
Size related*	[5 10000. ms]	Specify the minimum delay time between receiving a request and transmitting a response. This is used for overcoming modem turnaround delays.	

8-36 Maximum Response Delay			
Range:	Range: Function:		
Size related*	[11 10001.	Specify the maximum permissible	
	ms]	delay time between transmitting a	
		request and receiving a response.	
		Exceeding this delay time will cause	
		control word time-out.	

8-37 Maximum Inter-Char Delay				
Range: Function:				
Size related*	[0.00 - 35.00	Specify the maximum permissible		
	ms]	time interval between receipt of		
		two bytes. This parameter activates		
		time-out if transmission is		
		interrupted.		

3.9.4 8-4* Telegram Selection

8-40 Telegram Selection				
Opti	on:	Function:		
		Enables use of freely configurable telegrams or standard telegrams for the Drive port.		
[1] *	Standard telegram 1			
[101]	PPO 1			
[102]	PPO 2			
[103]	PPO 3			
[104]	PPO 4			
[105]	PPO 5			
[106]	PPO 6			
[107]	PPO 7			
[108]	PPO 8			
[200]	Custom telegram 1			

8-42 PCD write configuration				
Range: Function:				
Application dependent*	[0 - 9999]			

8-43 PCD read configuration			
Range: Function:			
Application	[0 - 9999]	Select the parameters to be	
dependent*		assigned to PCD's of the	
		telegrams. The number of	
		available PCDs depends on the	
		telegram type. PCDs contain the	



8-43 PCD read configuration		
Range:	Function:	
	actual data values of the selected parameters.	

3.9.5 8-5* Digital/Bus

Parameters for configuring the control word Digital/Bus merging.

NOTE

These parameters are active only when 8-01 Control Site is set to [0] Digital and control word.

8-50	8-50 Coasting Select		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select control of the coasting function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the bus.	
[0]	Digital input	Activates Start command via a digital input.	
[1]	Bus	Activates Start command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3] *	Logic OR	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	

8-52	8-52 DC Brake Select			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select control of the DC brake via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.		
		NOTE		
		Only selection [0] Digital input is available when 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM non salient SPM.		
[0]	Digital input	Activates Start command via a digital input.		
[1]	Bus	Activates Start command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.		
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.		
[3] *	Logic OR	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.		

8-53	8-53 Start Select			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select control of the frequency converter start function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.		
[0]	Digital input	Activates Start command via a digital input.		
[1]	Bus	Activates Start command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.		
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.		
[3] *	Logic OR	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.		

8-54	8-54 Reversing Select				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		Select control of the frequency converter reverse function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.			
[0] *	Digital input	Activates Reverse command via a digital input.			
[1]	Bus	Activates Reverse command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.			
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Reverse command via the fieldbus/ serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.			
[3]	Logic OR	Activates Reverse command via the fieldbus/ serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.			

NOTE

This parameter is active only when 8-01 Control Site is set to [0] Digital and control word.

8-55	8-55 Set-up Select		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select control of the frequency converter set- up selection via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.	
[0]	Digital input	Activates the set-up selection via a digital input.	
[1]	Bus	Activates the set-up selection via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates the set-up selection via the fieldbus/ serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3] *	Logic OR	Activate the set-up selection via the fieldbus/ serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	



8-56	8-56 Preset Reference Select		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select control of the frequency converter Preset Reference selection via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.	
[0]	Digital input	Activates Preset Reference selection via a digital input.	
[1]	Bus	Activates Preset Reference selection via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Preset Reference selection via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3] *	Logic OR	Activates the Preset Reference selection via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	

3.9.6 8-7* BACnet

8-7	8-70 BACnet Device Instance		
Ra	Range: Function:		
1 *	[0 - 4194302]	Enter a unique ID number for the BACnet device.	

NOTE

This parameter is active only when 8-30 Protocol is set to [9] Drive Option.

8-72 MS/TP Max Masters		
Range:		Function:
127 *	[1 - 127]	Define the address of the master which holds the highest address in this network. Decreasing this value optimises polling for the token.

NOTE

This parameter is active only when 8-30 Protocol is set to [9] Drive Option.

8-73 MS/TP Max Info Frames			
Range: Function:		Function:	
1 *	[1 - 65534]	Define how many info/data frames the device is allowed to send while holding the token.	

NOTE

This parameter is active only when 8-30 Protocol is set to [9] Option.

8-74	8-74 "I-Am" Service		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	Send at power-		
	up		

8-74	8-74 "I-Am" Service		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[1]	Continuously	Choose whether the device should send the "I-Am" service message only at power-up or continuously with an interval of approx. 1 min.	

NOTE

This parameter is active only when 8-30 Protocol is set to [9] Drive Option.

8-75 Initialisation Password			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[1 - 1]	Enter the password needed for execution of Drive Re-initialisation from BACnet.	

NOTE

This parameter is active only when 8-30 Protocol is set to [9] FCDrive Option.

3.9.7 8-8* Drive Port Diagnostics

These parameters are used for monitoring the Bus communication via the Drive Port.

8-8	8-80 Bus Message Count		
Ra	Range: Function:		
0 *	[0 - 0]	This parameter shows the number of valid	
	telegrams detected on the bus.		

8-8	8-81 Bus Error Count		
Ra	ange: Function:		
0 *	[0 - 0]	This parameter shows the number of telegrams	
		with faults (e.g. CRC fault), detected on the bus.	

8-8	8-82 Slave Messages Rcvd		
Ra	Range: Function:		
0 *	<u> </u>		

8-8	8-83 Slave Error Count		
Ra	Range: Function:		
0 *	[0 - 0]	This parameter shows the number of error	
		telegrams, which could not be executed by the	
		frequency converter.	

8-84 Slave Messages Sent			
Ra	Range: Function:		
0 *	0 * [0 - 0] This parameter shows the number of messages		
	sent from this frequency converter.		



8-8	8-85 Slave Timeout Errors			
Ra	Range: Function:			
0 * [0 - 0] This parameter shows the number of messages suppressed due to time-out.				

3.9.8 8-9* Bus Jog

8-90 Bu	8-90 Bus Jog 1 Speed		
Range: Function:			
100 RPM*	[0 - par. 4-13 RPM]	Enter the jog speed. This is a fixed jog speed activated via the serial port or fieldbus option.	

8-91 Bus Jog 2 Speed			
Range: Function:			
200 RPM*	200 RPM* [0 - par. 4-13 Enter the jog speed. This is a fixe		
RPM]		jog speed activated via the serial	
		port or fieldbus option.	

8-9	8-94 Bus Feedback 1		
Rai	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[-200 -	Write a feedback to this parameter via the	
	200]	serial communication port or fieldbus option.	
		This parameter must be selected in	
		20-00 Feedback 1 Source, 20-03 Feedback 2	
		Source or 20-06 Feedback 3 Source as a feedback	
		source.	

8-95 Bus Feedback 2			
Range:		Function:	
0 * [-200 - 200]		See 8-94 Bus Feedback 1 for further details.	

8-9	8-96 Bus Feedback 3		
Range:		Function:	
0 *	[-200 - 200]	See 8-94 Bus Feedback 1 for further details.	

3.10 Main Menu - Profibus - Group 9

9-15	P-15 PCD Write Configuration		
Array	[10]		
Optio	n:	Function:	
Орио		Select the parameters to be assigned to PCD 3 to 10 of the telegrams. The number of available PCDs depends on the telegram type. The values in PCD 3 to 10 will then be written to the selected parameters as data values. Alternatively, specify a standard Profibus telegram in 9-22 Telegram Selection.	
[0] *	None		
[302]	Minimum Reference		
[303]	Maximum Reference		
[341]	Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time		
[342]	Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time		
[351]	Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time		
[352]	Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time		
[380]	Jog Ramp Time		
[381]	Quick Stop Ramp Time		
[382]	Starting Ramp Up Time		
[411]	Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]		
[413]	Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]		
[416]	Torque Limit Motor Mode		
[417] [590]	Torque Limit Generator Mode Digital & Relay Bus Control		
[593]	Pulse Out #27 Bus Control		
[595]	Pulse Out #29 Bus Control		
[597]	Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control		
[653]	Terminal 42 Output Bus Control		
[663]	Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control		
[890]	Bus Jog 1 Speed		
[891]	Bus Jog 2 Speed		
[894]	Bus Feedback 1		
[895]	Bus Feedback 2		
[896]	Bus Feedback 3		
[1680]	Fieldbus CTW 1		
[1682]	Fieldbus REF 1		
[2013]	Minimum Reference/Feedb.		
[2014]	Maximum Reference/Feedb.		
[2021]	Setpoint 1		
[2022]	Setpoint 2		
[2023]	Setpoint 3		
[2643]	Terminal X42/7 Bus Control		
[2653]	Terminal X42/9 Bus Control		

9-15 PCD Write Configuration			
Array	Array [10]		
Option: Function:			
[2663]	Terminal X42/11 Bus Control		

PB-16 PCD Read Configuration

Array [10]

Optio	n:	Function:
		Select the parameters to be
		assigned to PCD 3 to 10 of
		the telegrams. The number of
		available PCDs depends on
		the telegram type. PCDs 3 to
		10 contain the actual data
		values of the selected
		parameters. For standard
		Profibus telegram, see
		9-22 Telegram Selection.
[0] *	None	
[894]	Bus Feedback 1	
[895]	Bus Feedback 2	
[896]	Bus Feedback 3	
[1500]		
[1501]	Running Hours	
[1502]	kWh Counter	
[1600]	Control Word	
[1601]	Reference [Unit]	
[1602]	Reference [%]	
[1603]	Status Word	
[1605]	Main Actual Value [%]	
[1609]	Custom Readout	
[1610]	Power [kW]	
[1611]	Power [hp]	
[1612]	Motor Voltage	
[1613]	Frequency	
[1614]	Motor Current	
[1615]	Frequency [%]	
[1616]	Torque [Nm]	
[1617]	Speed [RPM]	
[1618]	Motor Thermal	
[1622]	Torque [%]	
[1630]	DC Link Voltage	
[1632]	Brake Energy /s	
[1633]	Brake Energy /2 min	
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.	
[1635]	Drive Thermal	
[1638]	Logic Controller State	
[1639]	Control Card Temp.	
[1650]	External Reference	
[1652]	Feedback [Unit]	
[1653]	Digi Pot Reference	
[1654]	Feedback 1 [Unit]	
[1655]	Feedback 2 [Unit]	
	<u> </u>	



PB-16 PCD Read Configuration				
Array	Array [10]			
Optio	n:	Function:		
[1656]	Feedback 3 [Unit]			
[1660]	Digital Input			
[1661]	Terminal 53 Switch Setting			
[1662]	Analog Input 53			
[1663]	Terminal 54 Switch Setting			
[1664]	Analog Input 54			
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]			
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]			
[1667]	Freq. Input #29 [Hz]			
[1668]	Freq. Input #33 [Hz]			
[1669]	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]			
[1670]	Pulse Output #29 [Hz]			
[1671]	Relay Output [bin]			
[1672]	Counter A			
[1673]	Counter B			
[1675]	Analog In X30/11			
[1676]	Analog In X30/12			
[1677]	Analog Out X30/8 [mA]			
[1684]	Comm. Option STW			
[1685]	Drive Port CTW 1			
[1690]	Alarm Word			
[1691]	Alarm Word 2			
[1692]	Warning Word			
[1693]	Warning Word 2			
[1694]	Ext. Status Word			
[1695]	Ext. Status Word 2			
[1696]	Maintenance Word			
[1830]	Analog Input X42/1			
[1831]	Analog Input X42/3			
[1832]	Analog Input X42/5			
[1833]	Analog Out X42/7 [V]			
[1834]	Analog Out X42/9 [V]			
[1835]	Analog Out X42/11 [V]			

9-18	9-18 Node Address			
Rang	Range:		Function:	
126 *	[126.]	0 -	Enter the station address in this parameter or alternatively in the hardware switch. In order to adjust the station address in 9-18 Node Address, the hardware switch must be set to 126 or 127 (i.e. all switches set to 'on'). Otherwise this parameter will display the actual setting of the switch.	

9-22	9-22 Telegram Selection		
Option:		Function:	
		Select a standard Profibus telegram configuration for the frequency converter, as an alternative to using the freely configurable telegrams in <i>9-15 PCD Write Config-</i>	

9-22 Telegram Selection				
Optio	n:	Function:		
		uration and 9-16 PCD Read		
		Configuration.		
[1]	Standard telegram 1			
[101]	PPO 1			
[102]	PPO 2			
[103]	PPO 3			
[104]	PPO 4			
[105]	PPO 5			
[106]	PPO 6			
[107]	PPO 7			
[108] *	PPO 8			
[200]	Custom telegram 1			

Array [1000] Option: Function: This parameter contains a list of signals available for selection in 9-15 PCD Write Configuration and 9-16 PCD Read Configuration. [0] * None [302] Minimum Reference [303] Maximum Reference [341] Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time [342] Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time [351] Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time [352] Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time [352] Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time [380] Jog Ramp Time [381] Quick Stop Ramp Time [381] Quick Stop Ramp Time [411] Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] [413] Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] [414] Torque Limit Motor Mode [417] Torque Limit Generator Mode [590] Digital & Relay Bus Control [593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #28 Bus Control [663] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [663] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [689] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours [1502] kWh Counter	9-23	9-23 Parameters for Signals			
This parameter contains a list of signals available for selection in 9-15 PCD Write Configuration and 9-16 PCD Read Configuration. [0] * None [302] Minimum Reference [303] Maximum Reference [341] Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time [342] Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time [351] Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time [352] Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time [388] Jog Ramp Time [381] Quick Stop Ramp Time [381] Quick Stop Ramp Time [411] Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] [413] Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] [416] Torque Limit Motor Mode [417] Torque Limit Generator Mode [590] Digital & Relay Bus Control [593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #30/6 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #30/6 Bus Control [663] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours [1502] KWh Counter	Array [1000]				
This parameter contains a list of signals available for selection in 9-15 PCD Write Configuration and 9-16 PCD Read Configuration. [0] * None [302] Minimum Reference [303] Maximum Reference [341] Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time [342] Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time [351] Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time [352] Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time [388] Jog Ramp Time [381] Quick Stop Ramp Time [381] Quick Stop Ramp Time [411] Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] [413] Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] [416] Torque Limit Motor Mode [417] Torque Limit Generator Mode [590] Digital & Relay Bus Control [593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #30/6 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #30/6 Bus Control [663] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours [1502] KWh Counter	Optio	n:	Function:		
[302] Minimum Reference [303] Maximum Reference [341] Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time [342] Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time [351] Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time [352] Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time [380] Jog Ramp Time [381] Quick Stop Ramp Time [382] Starting Ramp Up Time [411] Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] [413] Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] [416] Torque Limit Motor Mode [417] Torque Limit Generator Mode [590] Digital & Relay Bus Control [593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [595] Pulse Out #29 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control [653] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [663] Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours [1502] kWh Counter	·		contains a list of signals available for selection in 9-15 PCD Write Configuration and 9-16 PCD Read		
[303] Maximum Reference [341] Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time [342] Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time [351] Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time [352] Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time [380] Jog Ramp Time [381] Quick Stop Ramp Time [382] Starting Ramp Up Time [411] Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] [413] Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] [416] Torque Limit Motor Mode [417] Torque Limit Generator Mode [590] Digital & Relay Bus Control [593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [595] Pulse Out #29 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control [653] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [663] Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours [1502] kWh Counter	[0] *	None			
[341] Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time [342] Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time [351] Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time [352] Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time [380] Jog Ramp Time [381] Quick Stop Ramp Time [382] Starting Ramp Up Time [411] Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] [413] Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] [414] Torque Limit Motor Mode [417] Torque Limit Generator Mode [590] Digital & Relay Bus Control [593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [595] Pulse Out #29 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #30/6 Bus Control [653] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [663] Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours [1502] kWh Counter	[302]	Minimum Reference			
[342] Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time [351] Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time [352] Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time [380] Jog Ramp Time [381] Quick Stop Ramp Time [382] Starting Ramp Up Time [411] Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] [413] Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] [416] Torque Limit Motor Mode [417] Torque Limit Generator Mode [590] Digital & Relay Bus Control [593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [595] Pulse Out #29 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #30/6 Bus Control [653] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [663] Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours [1502] kWh Counter	[303]	Maximum Reference			
[351] Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time [352] Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time [380] Jog Ramp Time [381] Quick Stop Ramp Time [382] Starting Ramp Up Time [411] Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] [413] Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] [416] Torque Limit Motor Mode [417] Torque Limit Generator Mode [590] Digital & Relay Bus Control [593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [595] Pulse Out #29 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control [653] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [663] Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours [1502] kWh Counter	[341]	Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time			
[352] Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time [380] Jog Ramp Time [381] Quick Stop Ramp Time [382] Starting Ramp Up Time [411] Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] [413] Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] [416] Torque Limit Motor Mode [417] Torque Limit Generator Mode [590] Digital & Relay Bus Control [593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [595] Pulse Out #29 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #30/6 Bus Control [653] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [663] Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours [1502] kWh Counter	[342]	Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time			
[380] Jog Ramp Time [381] Quick Stop Ramp Time [382] Starting Ramp Up Time [411] Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] [413] Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] [416] Torque Limit Motor Mode [417] Torque Limit Generator Mode [590] Digital & Relay Bus Control [593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [595] Pulse Out #29 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #30/6 Bus Control [653] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [663] Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours	[351]	Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time			
[381] Quick Stop Ramp Time [382] Starting Ramp Up Time [411] Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] [413] Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] [416] Torque Limit Motor Mode [417] Torque Limit Generator Mode [590] Digital & Relay Bus Control [593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [595] Pulse Out #29 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #29 Bus Control [653] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [663] Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours	[352]	Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time			
[382] Starting Ramp Up Time [411] Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] [413] Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] [416] Torque Limit Motor Mode [417] Torque Limit Generator Mode [590] Digital & Relay Bus Control [593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [595] Pulse Out #29 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #30/6 Bus Control [653] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [663] Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours	[380]	Jog Ramp Time			
[411] Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] [413] Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] [416] Torque Limit Motor Mode [417] Torque Limit Generator Mode [590] Digital & Relay Bus Control [593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [595] Pulse Out #29 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #30/6 Bus Control [653] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [663] Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours	[381]	Quick Stop Ramp Time			
[413] Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] [416] Torque Limit Motor Mode [417] Torque Limit Generator Mode [590] Digital & Relay Bus Control [593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [595] Pulse Out #29 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #30/6 Bus Control [653] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [663] Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours	[382]	Starting Ramp Up Time			
[416] Torque Limit Motor Mode [417] Torque Limit Generator Mode [590] Digital & Relay Bus Control [593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [595] Pulse Out #29 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control [653] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [663] Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours	[411]	Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]			
[417] Torque Limit Generator Mode [590] Digital & Relay Bus Control [593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [595] Pulse Out #29 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control [653] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [663] Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours	[413]	Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]			
[590] Digital & Relay Bus Control [593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [595] Pulse Out #29 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control [653] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [663] Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours	[416]	Torque Limit Motor Mode			
[593] Pulse Out #27 Bus Control [595] Pulse Out #29 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control [653] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [663] Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours	[417]	Torque Limit Generator Mode			
[595] Pulse Out #29 Bus Control [597] Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control [653] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [663] Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours	[590]	Digital & Relay Bus Control			
[597] Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control [653] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [663] Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours	[593]	Pulse Out #27 Bus Control			
[653] Terminal 42 Output Bus Control [663] Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours [1502] kWh Counter	[595]	Pulse Out #29 Bus Control			
[663] Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control [890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours [1502] kWh Counter	[597]	Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control			
[890] Bus Jog 1 Speed [891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours [1502] kWh Counter	[653]	Terminal 42 Output Bus Control			
[891] Bus Jog 2 Speed [894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours [1502] kWh Counter	[663]	Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control			
[894] Bus Feedback 1 [895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours [1502] kWh Counter	[890]	Bus Jog 1 Speed			
[895] Bus Feedback 2 [896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours [1502] kWh Counter	[891]				
[896] Bus Feedback 3 [1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours [1502] kWh Counter	[894]	Bus Feedback 1			
[1500] Operating Hours [1501] Running Hours [1502] kWh Counter	[895]	Bus Feedback 2			
[1501] Running Hours [1502] kWh Counter	[896]	Bus Feedback 3			
[1502] kWh Counter	[1500]	Operating Hours			
	[1501]	Running Hours			
[1600] Control Word	[1502]	kWh Counter			
	[1600]	Control Word			



9-23	Parameters for Signals	
Array	[1000]	
Optio	n:	Function:
[1601]	Reference [Unit]	
[1602]	Reference [%]	
[1603]	Status Word	
[1605]	Main Actual Value [%]	
[1609]	Custom Readout	
[1610]	Power [kW]	
[1611]	Power [hp]	
[1612]	Motor Voltage	
[1613]	Frequency	
[1614]	Motor Current	
[1615]	Frequency [%]	
[1616]	Torque [Nm]	
[1617]	Speed [RPM]	
[1618]	Motor Thermal	
[1622]	Torque [%]	
[1626]	Power Filtered [kW]	
[1627]	Power Filtered [hp]	
[1630]	DC Link Voltage	
[1632]	Brake Energy /s	
[1633]	Brake Energy /2 min	
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.	
[1635]	Inverter Thermal	
[1638]	SL Controller State	
[1639]	Control Card Temp.	
[1650]	External Reference	
[1652]	Feedback [Unit]	
[1653]	Digi Pot Reference	
[1654]	Feedback 1 [Unit]	
	Feedback 2 [Unit]	
	Feedback 3 [Unit]	
	Digital Input	
[1661]	Terminal 53 Switch Setting	
[1662]	Analog Input 53	
[1663]	Terminal 54 Switch Setting	
[1664]	Analog Input 54	
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]	
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]	
[1667]	Pulse Input #29 [Hz] Pulse Input #33 [Hz]	
[1668]	Pulse Input #33 [Hz] Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	
[1670]	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	
[1670]		
[1671]		
[1673]	Counter A Counter B	
[1675]		
[1676]		
[1677]		
[1680]		
[1682]		
[1684]		
[1685]	FC Port CTW 1	
[1003]		

9-23	9-23 Parameters for Signals			
Array	Array [1000]			
Optio	n:	Function:		
[1690]	Alarm Word			
[1691]	Alarm Word 2			
[1692]	Warning Word			
[1693]	Warning Word 2			
[1694]	Ext. Status Word			
[1695]	Ext. Status Word 2			
[1696]	Maintenance Word			
[1830]	Analog Input X42/1			
[1831]	Analog Input X42/3			
[1832]	Analog Input X42/5			
[1833]	Analog Out X42/7 [V]			
[1834]	Analog Out X42/9 [V]			
[1835]	Analog Out X42/11 [V]			
[1850]	Sensorless Readout [unit]			
[2013]	Minimum Reference/Feedb.			
[2014]	Maximum Reference/Feedb.			
[2021]	Setpoint 1			
[2022]	Setpoint 2			
[2023]	Setpoint 3			
[2643]	Terminal X42/7 Bus Control			
[2653]	Terminal X42/9 Bus Control			
[2663]	Terminal X42/11 Bus Control			

9-27	9-27 Parameter Edit			
Option:		Function:		
		Parameters can be edited via Profibus, the standard RS485 interface, or the LCP.		
[0]	Disabled	Disables editing via Profibus.		
[1] *	Enabled	Enables editing via Profibus.		

9-28	9-28 Process Control			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Process control (setting of Control Word, speed reference, and process data) is possible via either Profibus or standard fieldbus but not both simultaneously. Local control is always possible via the LCP. Control via process control is possible via either terminals or fieldbus depending on the settings in 8-50 Coasting Select to 8-56 Preset Reference Select.		
[0]	Disable	Disables process control via Profibus, and enables process control via standard fieldbus or Profibus Master class 2.		
[1] *	Enable cyclic master	Enables process control via Profibus Master Class 1, and disables process control via standard fieldbus or Profibus Master class 2.		



9-!	9-53 Profibus Warning Word			
Range: Function:		Function:		
0 *	[0 - 65535]	This parameter displays Profibus communication warnings. Please refer to the <i>Profibus Operating Instructions</i> for further information.		

Read only

Bit:	Meaning:
0	Connection with DP-master is not ok
1	Not used
2	FDLNDL (Fieldbus Data link Layer) is not ok
3	Clear data command received
4	Actual value is not updated
5	Baudrate search
6	PROFIBUS ASIC is not transmitting
7	Initialisation of PROFIBUS is not ok
8	Frequency converter is tripped
9	Internal CAN error
10	Wrong configuration data from PLC
11	Wrong ID sent by PLC
12	Internal error occured
13	Not configured
14	Timeout active
15	Warning 34 active

9-63	9-63 Actual Baud Rate		
Option:		Function:	
		This parameter displays the actual	
		Profibus baud rate. The Profibus	
		Master automatically sets the baud	
		rate.	
[0]	9,6 kbit/s		
[1]	19,2 kbit/s		
[2]	93,75 kbit/s		
[3]	187,5 kbit/s		
[4]	500 kbit/s		
[6]	1500 kbit/s		
[7]	3000 kbit/s		
[8]	6000 kbit/s		
[9]	12000 kbit/s		
[10]	31,25 kbit/s		
[11]	45,45 kbit/s		
[255] *	No baudrate found		

9-6	9-65 Profile Number		
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[0 - 0]	This parameter contains the profile identification.	
		Byte 1 contains the profile number and byte 2 the	
		version number of the profile.	

NOTE

This parameter is not visible via LCP.

9-70	9-70 Programming Set-up			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select the set-up to be edited.		
[0]	Factory setup	Uses default data. This option can be used as a data source to return the other set-ups to a known state.		
[1]	Set-up 1	Edits Set-up 1.		
[2]	Set-up 2	Edits Set-up 2.		
[3]	Set-up 3	Edits Set-up 3.		
[4]	Set-up 4	Edits Set-up 4.		
[9] *	Active Set-up	Follows the active set-up selected in 0-10 Active Set-up.		

This parameter is unique to LCP and fieldbuses. See also *0-11 Programming Set-up*.

9-71 Profibus		Save Data Values
Opt	ion:	Function:
		Parameter values changed via Profibus are not automatically stored in non-volatile memory. Use this parameter to activate a function that stores parameter values in the EEPROM non-volatile memory, so changed parameter values will be retained at power-down.
[0] *	Off	Deactivates the non-volatile storage function.
[1]	Store all setups	Stores all parameter values for all set-ups in the non-volatile memory. The selection returns to Off [0] when all parameter values have been stored.
[2]	Store all setups	Stores all parameter values for all set-ups in the non-volatile memory. The selection returns to Off [0] when all parameter values have been stored.

9-72	2 ProfibusDriv	eReset
Opt	ion:	Function:
[0] *	No action	
[1]	Power-on reset	Resets frequency converter upon power-up, as for power-cycle.
[3]	Comm option reset	Resets the Profibus option only, useful after changing certain settings in parameter group 9-**, e.g. 9-18 Node Address. When reset, the frequency converter disappears from the fieldbus, which may cause a communication error from the master.



9-8	30 Defined I	Parameters (1)
Array [116] No LCP access		
	ad only	
Ra	nge:	Function:
0 *	[0 - 9999]	This parameter displays a list of all the defined frequency converter parameters available for Profibus.

9-8	31 Defined I	Parameters (2)
	ay [116]	
	ad only	
Ra	nge:	Function:
0 *	[0 - 9999]	This parameter displays a list of all the defined frequency converter parameters available for Profibus.

9-8	32 Defined I	Parameters (3)
Arr	ay [116]	
No LCP access		
Rea	ad only	
l _		
Rai	nge:	Function:
Rai 0 *	nge: [0 - 9999]	Function: This parameter displays a list of all the defined
		This parameter displays a list of all the defined

9-8	33 Defined I	Parameters (4)
Arr	ay [116]	
No	LCP access	
Rea	ad only	
Ra	nge:	Function:
0 *	[0 - 9999]	This parameter displays a list of all the defined
		frequency converter parameters available for
		Profibus.

9-9	0 Changed	Parameters (1)
Arr	ay [116]	
No	LCP access	
Rea	ad only	
_		-
Kai	nge:	Function:
0 *		This parameter displays a list of all the
		This parameter displays a list of all the

9-9	1 Changed	Parameters (2)
Arr	ay [116]	
No	LCP access	
Rea	ad only	
Ra	nge:	Function:
0 *	[0 - 9999]	This parameter displays a list of all the
		frequency converter parameters deviating from
		default setting.

	9-92 Changed Parameters (3)		
	Array [116]		
No LCP access			
Read only			
	Ra	nge:	Function:
	0 *	[0 - 9999]	This parameter displays a list of all the
			frequency converter parameters deviating from
			default setting.
	9-94 Changed Parameters (5)		
	Array [116]		
	No LCP Address		
Read only			
	Ra	nge:	Function:

[0 - 9999] This parameter displays a list of all the

default setting.

frequency converter parameters deviating from



3.11 Main Menu - CAN Fieldbus - Group 10

3.11.1 10-** DeviceNet and CAN Fieldbus

3.11.2 10-0* Common Settings

10-00 CAN Protocol		
Option:		Function:
[1] *	DeviceNet	View the active CAN protocol.

NOTE

The parameter options depend on installed option.

10-0	10-01 Baud Rate Select		
Optio	on:	Function:	
		Select the fieldbus transmission speed. The selection must correspond to the transmission speed of the master and the other fieldbus nodes.	
[16]	10 Kbps		
[17]	20 Kbps		
[18]	50 Kbps		
[19]	100 Kbps		
[20] *	125 Kbps		
[21]	250 Kbps		
[22]	500 Kbps		
[23]	800 Kbps		
[24]	1000 Kbps		

10-02 MAC ID Range: Function: Size related* [0 - 63.] Selection of station address. Every station connected to the same DeviceNet network must have an unambiguous address.

10-05 Readout Transmit Error Counter		
nge:	Function:	
[0 - 255]	View the number of CAN control transmission errors since the last power-up.	
	nge:	

10-06 Readout Receive Error Counter			
Range:		Function:	
0 *	[0 - 255]	View the number of CAN control receipt errors	
		since the last power-up.	

10	10-07 Readout Bus Off Counter		
Range:		Function:	
0 *	[0 - 255]	View the number of Bus Off events since the last power-up.	

3.11.3 10-1* DeviceNet

10-1	10-10 Process Data Type Selection				
Option:		Function:			
		Select the Instance (telegram) for data transmission. The Instances available are dependent upon the setting of 8-10 Control Profile. When 8-10 Control Profile is set to [0] FC profile, 10-10 Process Data Type Selection options [0] and [1] are available. When 8-10 Control Profile is set to [5] ODVA, 10-10 Process Data Type Selection options [2] and [3] are available. Instances 100/150 and 101/151 are Alldalesspecific. Instances 20/70 and 21/71 are ODVA-specific AC Drive profiles. For guidelines in telegram selection, please refer to the DeviceNet Operating Instructions. Note that a change to this parameter will be executed immediately.			
[0] *	INSTANCE 100/150				
[1]	INSTANCE 101/151				
[2]	INSTANCE 20/70				
[3]	INSTANCE 21/71				

10-11 Process Data Config Write				
Optio	n:	Function:		
		Select the process write data for I/O Assembly Instances 101/151. Elements [2] and [3] of this array can be selected. Elements [0] and [1] of the array are fixed.		
[0] *	None			
[302]	Minimum Reference			
[303]	Maximum Reference			
[341]	Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time			
[342]	Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time			
[351]	Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time			
[352]	Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time			
[380]	Jog Ramp Time			
[381]	[31] Quick Stop Ramp Time			
[382]	Starting Ramp Up Time			
[411]	Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]			
[413]	Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]			
[416]	Torque Limit Motor Mode			



Alldales

10-11 Process Data Config Write				
Optio	n:	Function:		
[417]	Torque Limit Generator Mode			
[590]	Digital & Relay Bus Control			
[593]	Pulse Out #27 Bus Control			
[595]	Pulse Out #29 Bus Control			
[597]	Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control			
[653]	Terminal 42 Output Bus Control			
[663]	Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control			
[890]	Bus Jog 1 Speed			
[891]	Bus Jog 2 Speed			
[894]	Bus Feedback 1			
[895]	Bus Feedback 2			
[896]	Bus Feedback 3			
[1680]	Fieldbus CTW 1			
[1682]	Fieldbus REF 1			
[2013]	Minimum Reference/Feedb.			
[2014]	Maximum Reference/Feedb.			
[2021]	Setpoint 1			
[2022]	Setpoint 2	_		
[2023]	Setpoint 3			
[2643]	Terminal X42/7 Bus Control			
[2653]	Terminal X42/9 Bus Control			
[2663]	Terminal X42/11 Bus Control			

10-12 Process Data Config Read				
Optio	n:	Function:		
		Select the process read data for I/O Assembly Instances 101/151. Elements [2] and [3] of this array can be selected. Elements [0] and [1] of the array are fixed.		
[0] *	None			
[894]	Bus Feedback 1			
[895]	Bus Feedback 2			
[896]	Bus Feedback 3			
[1500]	Operating Hours			
[1501]	Running Hours			
[1502]	kWh Counter			
[1600]	Control Word			
[1601]	Reference [Unit]			
[1602]	Reference [%]			
[1603]	Status Word			
[1605]	Main Actual Value [%]			
[1609]	Custom Readout			
[1610]	Power [kW]			
[1611]	Power [hp]			
[1612]	Motor Voltage			
[1613]	Frequency			
[1614]	Motor Current			
[1615]	Frequency [%]			
[1616]	Torque [Nm]			
[1617]	Speed [RPM]			

10-12 Process Data Config Read				
Optio	n:	Function:		
[1618]	Motor Thermal			
[1622]	Torque [%]			
[1626]	Power Filtered [kW]			
[1627]	Power Filtered [hp]			
[1630]	DC Link Voltage			
[1632]	Brake Energy /s			
[1633]	Brake Energy /2 min			
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.			
[1635]	Inverter Thermal			
[1638]	SL Controller State			
[1639]	Control Card Temp.			
[1650]	External Reference			
[1652]	Feedback [Unit]			
[1653]	Digi Pot Reference			
[1654]	Feedback 1 [Unit]			
[1655]	Feedback 2 [Unit]			
[1656]	Feedback 3 [Unit]			
[1660]	Digital Input			
[1661]	Terminal 53 Switch Setting			
[1662]	Analog Input 53			
[1663]	Terminal 54 Switch Setting			
[1664]	Analog Input 54			
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]			
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]			
[1667]	Pulse Input #29 [Hz]			
[1668]	Pulse Input #33 [Hz]			
[1669]	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]			
[1670]	Pulse Output #29 [Hz]			
[1671]	Relay Output [bin]			
[1672]	Counter A			
[1673]	Counter B			
[1675]	Analog In X30/11			
[1676]	Analog In X30/12			
[1677]	Analog Out X30/8 [mA]			
[1684]	Comm. Option STW			
[1685]	FC Port CTW 1			
[1690]	Alarm Word			
[1691]	Alarm Word 2			
[1692]	Warning Word			
[1693]	Warning Word 2			
[1694]	Ext. Status Word			
[1695]	Ext. Status Word 2			
[1696]	Maintenance Word Analog Input X42/1			
[1831]				
[1832]	Analog Input X42/3			
[1833]	Analog Input X42/5 Analog Out X42/7 [V]			
[1834]	Analog Out X42/7 [V] Analog Out X42/9 [V]			
[1835]	Analog Out X42/9 [V] Analog Out X42/11 [V]			
[1850]	Sensorless Readout [unit]			
[1030]	sensoness neadout [unit]			

10	10-13 Warning Parameter		
Range:		Function:	
0 *	[0 - 65535]	View a DeviceNet-specific Warning word. One	
		bit is assigned to every warning. Please refer	
		to the DeviceNet Operating Instructions (MG.	
		33.DX.YY) for further information.	

Bit:	Meaning:
0	Bus not active
1	Explicit connection timeout
2	I/O connection
3	Retry limit reached
4	Actual is not updated
5	CAN bus off
6	I/O send error
7	Initialisation error
8	No bus supply
9	Bus off
10	Error passive
11	Error warning
12	Duplicate MAC ID Error
13	RX queue overrun
14	TX queue overrun
15	CAN overrun

10-1	10-14 Net Reference		
Read	Read only from LCP		
Opt	Option: Function:		
		Select the reference source in Instance 21/71 and 20/70.	
[0] *	Off	Enables reference via analog/digital inputs.	
[1]	On	Enables reference via the fieldbus.	

10-1	10-15 Net Control		
Reac	Read only from LCP		
Opt	Option: Function:		
		Select the control source in Instance 21/71 and 20/70.	
[0] *	Off	Enables control via analog/digital inputs.	
[1]	On	Enable control via the fieldbus.	

3.11.4 10-2* COS Filters

10	10-20 COS Filter 1		
Range:		Function:	
0 *	[0 - 65535]	Enter the value for COS Filter 1 to set up the filter mask for the Status Word. When operating in COS (Change-Of-State), this function filters out bits in the Status Word that should not be sent if they change.	

10	10-21 COS Filter 2			
Range:		Function:		
0 *	[0 - 65535]	Enter the value for COS Filter 2, to set up the filter mask for the Main Actual Value. When operating in COS (Change-Of-State), this function filters out bits in the Main Actual Value that should not be sent if they change.		

10	10-22 COS Filter 3			
Rai	nge:	Function:		
0 *	[0 - 65535]	Enter the value for COS Filter 3, to set up the		
		filter mask for PCD 3. When operating in COS		
		(Change-Of-State), this function filters out bits		
		in PCD 3 that should not be sent if they		
		change.		

10	10-23 COS Filter 4		
Range:		Function:	
0 *	[0 - 65535]	Enter the value for COS Filter 4 to set up the filter mask for PCD 4. When operating in COS (Change-Of-State), this function filters out bits in PCD 4 that should not be sent if they change.	

3.11.5 10-3* Parameter Access

Parameter group providing access to indexed parameters and defining programming set-up.

10	10-31 Store Data Values		
Op	otion:	Function:	
		Parameter values changed via DeviceNet are not automatically stored in non-volatile memory. Use this parameter to activate a function that stores parameter values in the EEPROM non-volatile memory, so changed parameter values will be retained at power-down.	
[0]	Off	Deactivates the non-volatile storage function.	
[1]	Store all setups	Stores all parameter values from the active set-up in the non-volatile memory. The selection returns to Off [0] when all values have been stored.	
[2]	Store all setups	Stores all parameter values for all set-ups in the non-volatile memory. The selection returns to <i>Off</i> [0] when all parameter values have been stored.	

10	10-33 Store Always		
Op	Option: Function:		
[0]	Off	Deactivates non-volatile storage of data.	
[1]	On	Stores parameter data received via DeviceNet in EEPROM non-volatile memory as default.	



3.12 Main Menu - LonWorks - Group 11

Parameter group for all LonWorks specific parameters. Parameters related to LonWorks ID.

11	11-00 Neuron ID		
Range: Function:		Function:	
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the Neuron chip's unique Neuron ID number.	

11-1	11-10 Drive Profile		
Option:		Function:	
		This parameter allows selecting between LONMARK Functional Profiles.	
[0] *	VSD profile	The Alldales Profile and the Node Object are common for all profiles.	
[1]	Pump controller		

11	11-15 LON Warning Word		
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[0 - 65535]	This parameter contains the LON specific warnings.	

Bit	Status
0	Internal fault
1	Internal fault
2	Internal fault
3	Internal fault
4	Internal fault
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Reserved
8	Reserved
9	Changeable types
10	Initialization error
11	Internal communication error
12	Software revision mismatch
13	Bus not active
14	Option not present
15	LON input (nvi/nci) exceeds limits

11-	11-17 XIF Revision			
Ra	nge:	Function:		
0 *	[0 - 0]	This parameter contains the version of the external interface file on the Neuron C chip on the LON option.		

11-18 LonWorks Revision		
Range:		Function:
0 *	[0 - 0]	This parameter contains the software version of the application program on the Neuron C chip on the LON option.

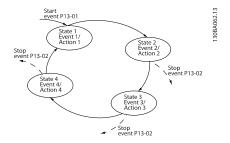
11-21 Store Data Values		
Option:		Function:
		This parameter is used to activate storing of
		data in non-volatile memory.
[0] *	Off	Store function is inactive.
[2]	Store all	Stores all parameter values in the E ² PROM.
	setups	The value returns to Off when all parameter
		values have been stored.



3.13 Main Menu - Smart Logic - Group 13

3.13.1 13-** Prog. Features Prog. Features

Smart Logic Control (SLC) is essentially a sequence of user defined actions (see 13-52 SL Controller Action [x]) executed by the SLC when the associated user defined event (see 13-51 SL Controller Event [x]) is evaluated as TRUE by the SLC. Events and actions are each numbered and linked together in pairs. This means that when event [0] is fulfilled (attains the value TRUE), action [0] is executed. After this, the conditions of event [1] will be evaluated and if evaluated TRUE, action [1] will be executed and so on. Only one event will be evaluated at any time. If an event is evaluated as FALSE, nothing happens (in the SLC) during the current scan interval and no other events will be evaluated. This means that when the SLC starts, it evaluates event [0] (and only event [0]) each scan interval. Only when event [0] is evaluated TRUE, will the SLC execute action [0] and start evaluating event [1]. It is possible to programme from 1 to 20 events and actions. When the last event/action has been executed, the sequence starts over again from event [0]/action [0]. The illustration shows an example with three event/actions



Starting and stopping the SLC:

Starting and stopping the SLC can be done by selecting On [1] or Off [0] in 13-00 SL Controller Mode. The SLC always starts in state 0 (where it evaluates event [0]). The SLC starts when the Start Event (defined in 13-01 Start Event) is evaluated as TRUE (provided that On [1] is selected in 13-00 SL Controller Mode). The SLC stops when the Stop Event (13-02 Stop Event) is TRUE. 13-03 Reset SLC resets all SLC parameters and starts programming from scratch.

3.13.2 13-0* SLC Settings

Use the SLC settings to activate, deactivate and reset the Smart Logic Control sequence. The logic functions and comparators are always running in the background, which opens for separate control of digital inputs and outputs.

13-0	13-00 SL Controller Mode		
Opti	on:	Function:	
[0]	Off	Disables the Smart Logic Controller.	
[1]	On	Enables the Smart Logic Controller.	

13-01 Start Event			
Option: Function:			
Opti	on:		
		Select the boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input to activate Smart Logic Control.	
[0] *	False	Enters the fixed value of FALSE in the logic rule.	
[1]	True	Enters the fixed value TRUE in the logic rule.	
[2]	Running	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	
[3]	In range	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	
[4]	On reference	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	
[5]	Torque limit	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	
[6]	Current limit	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	
[7]	Out of current range	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	
[8]	Below I low	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	
[9]	Above I high	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	
[10]	Out of speed range		
[11]	Below speed low	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	
[12]	Above speed high	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	
[13]	Out of feedb. range		
[14]	Below feedb. low		
[15]	Above feedb. high		
[16]	Thermal warning	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	
[17]	Mains out of range	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	
[18]	Reversing	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	
[19]	Warning	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	
[20]	Alarm (trip)	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	



13-01 Start Event			
Opti		Function:	
[22]	Comparator 0	Use the result of comparator 0 in the logic rule.	
[23]	Comparator 1	Use the result of comparator 1 in the logic rule.	
[24]	Comparator 2	Use the result of comparator 2 in the logic rule.	
[25]	Comparator 3	Use the result of comparator 3 in the logic rule.	
[26]	Logic rule 0	Use the result of logic rule 0 in the logic rule.	
[27]	Logic rule 1	Use the result of logic rule 1 in the logic rule.	
[28]	Logic rule 2	Use the result of logic rule 2 in the logic rule.	
[29]	Logic rule 3	Use the result of logic rule 3 in the logic rule.	
[33]	Digital input DI18	Use the value of DI18 in the logic rule (High = TRUE).	
[34]	Digital input DI19	Use the value of DI19 in the logic rule (High = TRUE).	
[35]	Digital input DI27	Use the value of DI27 in the logic rule (High = TRUE).	
[36]	Digital input DI29	Use the value of DI29 in the logic rule (High = TRUE).	
[37]	Digital input DI32	Use the value of DI32 in the logic rule (High = TRUE).	
[38]	Digital input DI33	Use the value of DI33 in the logic rule (High = TRUE).	
[39]	Start command	This event is TRUE if the frequency converter is started by any means (either via digital input, field bus or other).	
[40]	Drive stopped	This event is TRUE if the frequency converter is stopped or coasted by any means (either via digital input, fieldbus or other).	
[41]	Reset Trip	This event is TRUE if the frequency converter is tripped (but not triplocked) and the reset button is pressed.	
[42]	Auto Reset Trip	This event is TRUE if the frequency converter is tripped (but not triplocked) and an Automatic Reset is issued.	
[43]	OK Key	This event is TRUE if the OK key on the LCP is pressed.	

13-01 Start Event			
Opti	on:	Function:	
[44]	Reset Key	This event is TRUE if the Reset key on	
		the LCP is pressed.	
[45]	Left Key	This event is TRUE if the Left key on	
		the LCP is pressed.	
[46]	Right Key	This event is TRUE if the Right key on	
		the LCP is pressed.	
[47]	Up Key	This event is TRUE if the Up key on	
		the LCP is pressed.	
[48]	Down Key	This event is TRUE if the Down key on	
		the LCP is pressed.	
[50]	Comparator 4	Use the result of comparator 4 in the	
		logic rule.	
[51]	Comparator 5	Use the result of comparator 5 in the	
		logic rule.	
[60]	Logic rule 4	Use the result of logic rule 4 in the	
		logic rule.	
[61]	Logic rule 5	Use the result of logic rule 5 in the	
		logic rule.	
[76]	Digital Input x30 2		
[77]	Digital Input x30 3		
[78]	Digital Input x30 4		
[90]	ECB Drive Mode		
[91]	ECB Bypass Mode		
[92]	ECB Test Mode		
[100]	Fire Mode		

13-0	13-02 Stop Event		
Opti	on:	Function:	
		Select the boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input to deactivate Smart Logic Control.	
[0] *	False	Enters the fixed value of FALSE in the logic rule.	
[1]	True	Enters the fixed value TRUE in the logic rule.	
[2]	Running	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	
[3]	In range	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	
[4]	On reference	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	
[5]	Torque limit	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	
[6]	Current limit	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	
[7]	Out of current range	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.	

Alldales

Option: Function: See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. Parameter group 5-3* for furt description. Function: See parameter group 5-3* for furt description.	her her her
[8] Below I low See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. [9] Above I high See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. [10] Out of speed range [11] Below speed low See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. [12] Above speed high See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. [13] Out of feedb. range See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. [14] Below feedb. low See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. [15] Above feedb. high See parameter group 5-3* for furt description.	her her her
description. [10] Out of speed range [11] Below speed low See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. [12] Above speed high See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. [13] Out of feedb. range See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. [14] Below feedb. low See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. [15] Above feedb. high See parameter group 5-3* for furt description.	hher hher hher
[11] Below speed low See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. [12] Above speed high See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. [13] Out of feedb. range See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. [14] Below feedb. low See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. [15] Above feedb. high See parameter group 5-3* for furt description.	her her her
description. [12] Above speed high See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. [13] Out of feedb. range See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. [14] Below feedb. low See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. [15] Above feedb. high See parameter group 5-3* for furt description.	her her her
description. [13] Out of feedb. range See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. [14] Below feedb. low See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. [15] Above feedb. high See parameter group 5-3* for furt	her
description. [14] Below feedb. low See parameter group 5-3* for furt description. [15] Above feedb. high See parameter group 5-3* for furt	her her
description. [15] Above feedb. high See parameter group 5-3* for further sections of the section of the sectio	her
	her
[16] Thermal warning See parameter group 5-3* for furt description.	
[17] Mains out of range See parameter group 5-3* for furt description.	her
[18] Reversing See parameter group 5-3* for furt description.	her
[19] Warning See parameter group 5-3* for furt description.	her
[20] Alarm (trip) See parameter group 5-3* for furt description.	her
[21] Alarm (trip lock) See parameter group 5-3* for furt description.	her
[22] Comparator 0 Use the result of comparator 0 in logic rule.	the
[23] Comparator 1 Use the result of comparator 1 in logic rule.	the
[24] Comparator 2 Use the result of comparator 2 in logic rule.	the
[25] Comparator 3 Use the result of comparator 3 in logic rule.	the
[26] Logic rule 0 Use the result of logic rule 0 in the logic rule.	ie
[27] Logic rule 1 Use the result of logic rule 1 in the logic rule.	ie
[28] Logic rule 2 Use the result of logic rule 2 in the logic rule.	ie
[29] Logic rule 3 Use the result of logic rule 3 in the logic rule.	ie
[30] SL Time-out 0 Use the result of timer 0 in the lo rule.	gic

13-02 Stop Event			
Opti	on:	Function:	
[31]	SL Time-out 1	Use the result of timer 1 in the logic rule.	
[32]	SL Time-out 2	Use the result of timer 2 in the logic rule.	
[33]	Digital input DI18	Use the value of DI18 in the logic rule (High = TRUE).	
[34]	Digital input DI19	Use the value of DI19 in the logic rule (High = TRUE).	
[35]	Digital input DI27	Use the value of DI27 in the logic rule (High = TRUE).	
[36]	Digital input DI29	Use the value of DI29 in the logic rule (High = TRUE).	
[37]	Digital input DI32	Use the value of DI32 in the logic rule (High = TRUE).	
[38]	Digital input DI33	Use the value of DI33 in the logic rule (High = TRUE).	
[39]	Start command	This event is TRUE if the frequency converter is started by any means (either via digital input, fieldbus or other).	
[40]	Drive stopped	This event is TRUE if the frequency converter is stopped or coasted by any means (either via digital input, fieldbus or other).	
[41]	Reset Trip	This event is TRUE if the frequency converter is tripped (but not triplocked) and the reset button is pressed.	
[42]	Auto Reset Trip	This event is TRUE if the frequency converter is tripped (but not triplocked) and an Automatic Reset is issued.	
[43]	OK Key	This event is TRUE if the OK key on the LCP is pressed.	
[44]	Reset Key	This event is TRUE if the Reset key on the LCP is pressed.	
[45]	Left Key	This event is TRUE if the Left key on the LCP is pressed.	
[46]	Right Key	This event is TRUE if the Right key on the LCP is pressed.	
[47]	Up Key	This event is TRUE if the Up key on the LCP is pressed.	
[48]	Down Key	This event is TRUE if the Down key on the LCP is pressed.	
[50]	Comparator 4	Use the result of comparator 4 in the logic rule.	



13-02 Stop Event			
Opti	on:	Function:	
[51]	Comparator 5	Use the result of comparator 5 in the logic rule.	
[60]	Logic rule 4	Use the result of logic rule 4 in the logic rule.	
[61]	Logic rule 5	Use the result of logic rule 5 in the logic rule.	
[70]	SL Time-out 3	Use the result of timer 3 in the logic rule.	
[71]	SL Time-out 4	Use the result of timer 4 in the logic rule.	
[72]	SL Time-out 5	Use the result of timer 5 in the logic rule.	
[73]	SL Time-out 6	Use the result of timer 6 in the logic rule.	
[74]	SL Time-out 7	Use the result of timer 7 in the logic rule.	
[76]	Digital Input x30 2		
[77]	Digital Input x30 3		
[78]	Digital Input x30 4		
[80]	No Flow		
[81]	Dry Pump		
[82]	End of Curve		
[83]	Broken Belt		
[90]	ECB Drive Mode		
[91]	ECB Bypass Mode		
[92]	ECB Test Mode		
[100]	Fire Mode		

13-0	13-03 Reset SLC		
Option:		Function:	
[0] *	Do not reset SLC	Retains programmed settings in all group 13 parameters (13-**).	
[1]	Reset SLC	Resets all group 13 parameters (13-**) to default settings.	

3.13.3 13-1* Comparators

Comparators are used for comparing continuous variables (i.e. output frequency, output current, analog input etc.) to fixed preset values.

	Par. LC-11	10
	Comparator Operator	72.
Par. LC-10		1 8
Comparator Operand	<	30BB67
	=	<u> </u>
Par. LC-12	TRUE longer than.	
Comparator Value		

In addition, there are digital values that will be compared to fixed time values. See explanation in 13-10 Comparator Operand. Comparators are evaluated once in each scan interval. Use the result (TRUE or FALSE) directly. All parameters in this parameter group are array parameters with index 0 to 5. Select index 0 to programme Comparator 0, select index 1 to programme Comparator 1, and so on.

13-10 Comparator Operand		
Array [4]		
Option:		Function:
		Select the variable to be monitored
		by the comparator.
[0] *	DISABLED	
[1]	Reference	
[2]	Feedback	
[3]	Motor speed	
[4]	Motor current	
[5]	Motor torque	
[6]	Motor power	
[7]	Motor voltage	
[8]	DC-link voltage	
[9]	Motor thermal	
[10]	Drive thermal	
[11]	Heat sink temp.	
[12]	Analog input Al53	
[13]	Analog input Al54	
[14]	Analog input AIFB10	
[15]	Analog input AIS24V	
[17]	Analog input AICCT	
[18]	Pulse input FI29	
[19]	Pulse input FI33	
[20]	Alarm number	
[21]	Warning number	
[22]	Analog input x30 11	
[23]	Analog input x30 12	
[30]	Counter A	
[31]	Counter B	
[40]	Analog input x42/1	
[41]	Analog input x42/3	
[42]	Analog input x42/5	
[50]	FALSE	
[51]	TRUE	
[52]	Control ready	
[53]	Drive ready	
[54]	Running	
[55]	Reversing	
[56]	In range	
[60]	On reference	
[61]	Below reference, low	
[62]	Above ref, high	
[65]	Torque limit	
[66]	Current limit	
[67]	Out of current range	



Alldal	<u>es</u>
--------	-----------

12126		
13-10 Comparator Operand		
Array		
Opti	on:	Function:
[68]	Below I low	
[69]	Above I high	
[70]	Out of speed range	
[71]	Below speed low	
[72]	Above speed high	
[75]	Out of feedb. range	
[76]	Below feedb. low	
[77]	Above feedb. high	
[80]	Thermal warning	
[82]	Mains out of range	
[85]	Warning	
[86]	Alarm (trip)	
[87]	Alarm (trip lock)	
[90]	Bus OK	
[91]	Torque limit & stop	
[92]	Brake fault (IGBT)	
[93]	Mech. brake control	
[94]	Safe stop active	
[100]	Comparator 0	
[101]	Comparator 1	
[102]	Comparator 2	
[103]	Comparator 4	
[104]	Comparator 5	
[110]	Comparator 5 Logic rule 0	
[111]	Logic rule 1	
[112]	Logic rule 2	
[113]	Logic rule 3	
[114]	Logic rule 4	
[115]	Logic rule 5	
[120]	SL Time-out 0	
[121]	SL Time-out 1	
[122]	SL Time-out 2	
[123]	SL Time-out 3	
[124]	SL Time-out 4	
[125]	SL Time-out 5	
[126]	SL Time-out 6	
[127]	SL Time-out 7	
[130]	Digital input DI18	
[131]	Digital input DI19	
[132]	Digital input DI27	
[133]	Digital input DI29	
[134]	Digital input DI32	
[135]	Digital input DI33	
[150]	SL digital output A	
[151]	SL digital output B	
[152]	SL digital output C	
[153]	SL digital output D	
[154]	SL digital output E	
[155]	SL digital output F	
[160]	Relay 1	

13-10 Comparator Operand			
Array	Array [4]		
Opti	on:	Function:	
[161]	Relay 2		
[180]	Local ref. active		
[181]	Remote ref. active		
[182]	Start command		
[183]	Drive stopped		
[185]	Drive in hand mode		
[186]	Drive in auto mode		
[187]	Start command		
	given		
[190]	Digital input x30 2		
[191]	Digital input x30 3		
[192]	Digital input x30 4		

13-1	13-11 Comparator Operator				
Arra	y [6]				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
[0] *	<	Select < [0] for the result of the evaluation to be TRUE, when the variable selected in 13-10 Comparator Operand is smaller than the fixed value in 13-12 Comparator Value. The result will be FALSE, if the variable selected in 13-10 Comparator Operand is greater than the fixed value in 13-12 Comparator Value.			
[1]	≈ (equal)	Select \approx [1] for the result of the evaluation to be TRUE, when the variable selected in 13-10 Comparator Operand is approximately equal to the fixed value in 13-12 Comparator Value.			
[2]	>	Select > [2] for the inverse logic of option < [0].			
[5]	TRUE longer than				
[6]	FALSE longer than				
[7]	TRUE shorter than				
[8]	FALSE shorter than				

13-12 Comparator Value				
Array [6]	Array [6]			
Range:		Function:		
Size related*	[-100000.000 - 100000.000]	Enter the 'trigger level' for the variable that is monitored by this comparator. This is an array parameter containing comparator values 0 to 5.		



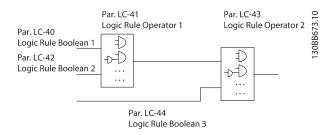
3.13.4 13-2* Timers

Use the result (TRUE or FALSE) from *timers* directly to define an *event* (see 13-51 SL Controller Event), or as boolean input in a logic rule (see 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 or 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3). A timer is only FALSE when started by an action (i.e. Start timer 1 [29]) until the timer value entered in this parameter is elapsed. Then it becomes TRUE again. All parameters in this parameter group are array parameters with index 0 to 2. Select index 0 to program Timer 0, select index 1 to program Timer 1, and so on.

13-20 SL Controller Timer			
Array [3]	Array [3]		
Range:	Function:		
Size	- 000.0	Enter the value to define the duration	
related*	0.000]	of the FALSE output from the	
		programmed timer. A timer is only	
		FALSE if it is started by an action (i.e.	
		Start timer 1 [29]) and until the given	
		timer value has elapsed.	

3.13.5 13-4* Logic Rules

Combine up to three boolean inputs (TRUE / FALSE inputs) from timers, comparators, digital inputs, status bits and events using the logical operators AND, OR, and NOT. Select boolean inputs for the calculation in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 and 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3. Define the operators used to logically combine the selected inputs in 13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1 and 13-43 Logic Rule Operator 2.



Priority of calculation

The results of 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1 and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 are calculated first. The outcome (TRUE / FALSE) of this calculation is combined with the settings of 13-43 Logic Rule Operator 2 and 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3, yielding the final result (TRUE / FALSE) of the logic rule.

13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1			
Array	Array [6]		
Option:		Function:	
[0] *	False	Enters the fixed value of FALSE in the logic rule.	

13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1		
Array [6]		
Opti		Function:
[1]	True	Enters the fixed value TRUE in the logic rule.
[2]	Running	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.
[3]	In range	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.
[4]	On reference	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.
[5]	Torque limit	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.
[6]	Current limit	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.
[7]	Out of current range	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.
[8]	Below I low	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.
[9]	Above I high	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.
[10]	Out of speed range	
[11]	Below speed low	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.
[12]	Above speed high	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.
[13]	Out of feedb. range	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.
[14]	Below feedb. low	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.
[15]	Above feedb. high	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.
[16]	Thermal warning	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.
[17]	Mains out of range	See parameter group for further description.
[18]	Reversing	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.
[19]	Warning	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.
[20]	Alarm (trip)	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	See parameter group 5-3* for further description.
[22]	Comparator 0	Use the result of comparator 0 in the logic rule.
[23]	Comparator 1	Use the result of comparator 1 in the logic rule.

3

13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1			
Array	Array [6]		
Opti	Option: Function:		
[24]	Comparator 2	Use the result of comparator 2 in the logic rule.	
[25]	Comparator 3	Use the result of comparator 3 in the logic rule.	
[26]	Logic rule 0	Use the result of logic rule 0 in the logic rule.	
[27]	Logic rule 1	Use the result of logic rule 1 in the logic rule.	
[28]	Logic rule 2	Use the result of logic rule 2 in the logic rule.	
[29]	Logic rule 3	Use the result of logic rule 3 in the logic rule.	
[30]	SL Time-out 0	Use the result of timer 0 in the logic rule.	
[31]	SL Time-out 1	Use the result of timer 1 in the logic rule.	
[32]	SL Time-out 2	Use the result of timer 2 in the logic rule.	
[33]	Digital input DI18	Use the value of DI18 in the logic rule (High = TRUE).	
[34]	Digital input DI19	Use the value of DI19 in the logic rule (High = TRUE).	
[35]	Digital input DI27	Use the value of DI27 in the logic rule (High = TRUE).	
[36]	Digital input DI29	Use the value of DI29 in the logic rule (High = TRUE).	
[37]	Digital input DI32	Use the value of DI32 in the logic rule (High = TRUE).	
[38]	Digital input DI33	Use the value of DI33 in the logic rule (High = TRUE).	
[39]	Start command	This logic rule is TRUE if the frequency converter is started by any means (either via digital input, field bus or other).	
[40]	Drive stopped	This logic rule is TRUE if the frequency converter is stopped or coasted by any means (either via digital input, fieldbus or other).	
[41]	Reset Trip	This logic rule is TRUE if the frequency converter is tripped (but not trip-locked) and the reset button is pressed.	
[42]	Auto Reset Trip	This logic rule is TRUE if the frequency converter is tripped (but not trip-locked) and an Automatic Reset is issued.	

13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1			
Array	Array [6]		
Opti	on:	Function:	
[43]	OK Key	This logic rule is TRUE if the OK key on the LCP is pressed.	
[44]	Reset Key	This logic rule is TRUE if the Reset key on the LCP is pressed.	
[45]	Left Key	This logic rule is TRUE if the Left key on the LCP is pressed.	
[46]	Right Key	This logic rule is TRUE if the Right key on the LCP is pressed.	
[47]	Up Key	This logic rule is TRUE if the Up key on the LCP is pressed.	
[48]	Down Key	This logic rule is TRUE if the Down key on the LCP is pressed.	
[50]	Comparator 4	Use the result of comparator 4 in the logic rule.	
[51]	Comparator 5	Use the result of comparator 5 in the logic rule.	
[60]	Logic rule 4	Use the result of logic rule 4 in the logic rule.	
[61]	Logic rule 5	Use the result of logic rule 5 in the logic rule.	
[70]	SL Time-out 3	Use the result of timer 3 in the logic rule.	
[71]	SL Time-out 4	Use the result of timer 4 in the logic rule.	
[72]	SL Time-out 5	Use the result of timer 5 in the logic rule.	
[73]	SL Time-out 6	Use the result of timer 6 in the logic rule.	
[74]	SL Time-out 7	Use the result of timer 7 in the logic rule.	
[76]	Digital Input x30 2		
[77]	Digital Input x30 3		
[78]	Digital Input x30 4		
[80]	No Flow		
[81]	Dry Pump		
[82]	End of Curve		
[83]	Broken Belt		
[90]	ECB Drive Mode		
[91]	ECB Bypass Mode		
[92]	ECB Test Mode		
[100]	Fire Mode		



Alldales

13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1			
Arra	Array [6]		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the first logical operator to use on the Boolean inputs from 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1 and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2. [13-**] signifies the boolean input of parameter group 13-**.	
[0] *	DISABLED	Ignores 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, 13-43 Logic Rule Operator 2, and 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3.	
[1]	AND	Evaluates the expression [13-40] AND [13-42].	
[2]	OR	evaluates the expression [13-40] OR [13-42].	
[3]	AND NOT	evaluates the expression [13-40] AND NOT [13-42].	
[4]	OR NOT	evaluates the expression [13-40] OR NOT [13-42].	
[5]	NOT AND	evaluates the expression NOT [13-40] AND [13-42].	
[6]	NOT OR	evaluates the expression NOT [13-40] OR [13-42].	
[7]	NOT AND NOT	evaluates the expression NOT [13-40] AND NOT [13-42].	
[8]	NOT OR NOT	evaluates the expression NOT [13-40] OR NOT [13-42].	

13-4	13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2		
Array	Array [6]		
Opti	on:	Function:	
		Select the second boolean (TRUE or	
		FALSE) input for the selected logic	
		rule.	
		See 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1 for	
		further descriptions of choices and	
		their functions.	
[0] *	False		
[1]	True		
[2]	Running		
[3]	In range		
[4]	On reference		
[5]	Torque limit		
[6]	Current limit		
[7]	Out of current range		
[8]	Below I low		
[9]	Above I high		
[10]	Out of speed range		
[11]	Below speed low		
[12]	Above speed high		
[13]	Out of feedb. range		
[14]	Below feedb. low		

13-4	13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2		
Array	Array [6]		
Opti	on:	Function:	
[15]	Above feedb. high		
[16]	Thermal warning		
[17]	Mains out of range		
[18]	Reversing		
[19]	Warning		
[20]	Alarm (trip)		
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)		
[22]	Comparator 0		
[23]	Comparator 1		
[24]	Comparator 2		
[25]	Comparator 3		
[26]	Logic rule 0		
[27]	Logic rule 1		
[28]	Logic rule 2		
[29]	Logic rule 3		
[30]	SL Time-out 0		
[31]	SL Time-out 1		
[32]	SL Time-out 2		
[33]	Digital input DI18		
[34]	Digital input DI19		
[35]	Digital input DI27		
[36]	Digital input DI29		
[37]	Digital input DI32		
[38]	Digital input DI33		
[39]	Start command		
[40]	Drive stopped		
[41]	Reset Trip		
[42]	Auto Reset Trip		
[43]	OK Key		
[44]	Reset Key		
[45]	Left Key		
[46]	Right Key		
[47]	Up Key		
[48]	Down Key		
[50]	Comparator 4		
[51]	Comparator 5		
[60]	Logic rule 4		
[61] [70]	Logic rule 5 SL Time-out 3		
[71]	SL Time-out 4		
[72]	SL Time-out 5		
[73]	SL Time-out 6		
[74]	SL Time-out 7		
[76]	Digital Input x30 2		
[77]	Digital Input x30 3		
[78]	Digital Input x30 4		
[80]	No Flow		
[81]	Dry Pump		
[82]	End of Curve		
[83]	Broken Belt		
[90]	ECB Drive Mode		



13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2			
Array [6]			
Option:		Function:	
[91]	ECB Bypass Mode		
[92]	ECB Test Mode		
[100]	Fire Mode		

13-4	13-43 Logic Rule Operator 2			
Arra	Array [6]			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select the second logical operator to be used on the boolean input calculated in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, and the boolean input coming from 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2. [13-44] signifies the boolean input of 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3. [13-40/13-42] signifies the boolean input calculated in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2. DISABLED [0] (factory setting). select this option to ignore 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3.		
[0] *	DISABLED			
[1]	AND			
[2]	OR			
[3]	AND NOT			
[4]	OR NOT			
[5]	NOT AND			
[6]	NOT OR			
[7]	NOT AND NOT			
[8]	NOT OR NOT			

13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3			
Array	Array [6]		
Opti	on:	Function:	
		Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule.	
		See 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1 for further descriptions of choices and their functions.	
[0] *	False		
[1]	True		
[2]	Running		
[3]	In range		
[4]	On reference		
[5]	Torque limit		
[6]	Current limit		
[7]	Out of current range		
[8]	Below I low		
[9]	Above I high		
[10]	Out of speed range		

13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3		
Array [6]		
Opti	on:	Function:
[11]	Below speed low	
[12]	Above speed high	
[13]	Out of feedb. range	
[14]	Below feedb. low	
[15]	Above feedb. high	
[16]	Thermal warning	
[17]	Mains out of range	
[18]	Reversing	
[19]	Warning	
[20]	Alarm (trip)	
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	
[22]	Comparator 0	
[23]	Comparator 1	
[24]	Comparator 2	
[25]	Comparator 3	
[26]	Logic rule 0	
[27]	Logic rule 1	
[28]	Logic rule 2	
[29]	Logic rule 3	
[30]	SL Time-out 0	
[31]	SL Time-out 1	
[32]	SL Time-out 2	
[33]	Digital input DI18	
[34]	Digital input DI19	
[35]	Digital input DI27	
[36]	Digital input DI29	
[37]	Digital input DI32	
[38]	Digital input DI33	
[39]	Start command	
[40]	Drive stopped	
[41]	Reset Trip	
[42]	Auto Reset Trip	
[43]	OK Key	
[44]	Reset Key	
[45]	Left Key	
[46]	Right Key	
[47]	Up Key	
[48]	Down Key	
[50]	Comparator 4	
[51]	Comparator 5	
[60]	Logic rule 4	
[61]	Logic rule 5	
[70]	SL Time-out 3	
[71]	SL Time-out 4	
[72]	SL Time-out 5	
[73]	SL Time-out 6	
[74]	SL Time-out 7	
[76]	Digital Input x30 2	
[77]	Digital Input x30 3	
[78]	Digital Input x30 4	
[80]	No Flow	



13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3			
Array [6]			
Opti	on:	Function:	
[81]	Dry Pump		
[82]	End of Curve		
[83]	Broken Belt		
[90]	ECB Drive Mode		
[91]	ECB Bypass Mode		
[92]	ECB Test Mode		
[100]	Fire Mode		

3.13.6 13-5* States

13-51 SL Controller Event			
Array	Array [20]		
Opti	on:	Function:	
		Select the boolean input (TRUE or FALSE) to define the Smart Logic Controller event. See 13-02 Stop Event for further descriptions of choices and their functions.	
[0] *	False		
[1]	True		
[2]	Running		
[3]	In range		
[4]	On reference		
[5]	Torque limit		
[6]	Current limit		
[7]	Out of current range		
[8]	Below I low		
[9]	Above I high		
[10]	Out of speed range		
[11]	Below speed low		
[12]	Above speed high		
[13]	Out of feedb. range		
[14]	Below feedb. low		
[15]	Above feedb. high		
[16]	Thermal warning		
[17]	Mains out of range		
[18]	Reversing		
[19]	Warning		
[20]	Alarm (trip)		
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)		
[22]	Comparator 0		
[23]	Comparator 1		
[24]	Comparator 2		
[25]	Comparator 3		
[26]	Logic rule 0		
[27]	Logic rule 1		
[28]	Logic rule 2		
[29]	Logic rule 3		
[30]	SL Time-out 0		

13-51 SL Controller Event			
Array	Array [20]		
Option:		Function:	
[31]	SL Time-out 1		
[32]	SL Time-out 2		
[33]	Digital input DI18		
[34]	Digital input DI19		
[35]	Digital input DI27		
[36]	Digital input DI29		
[37]	Digital input DI32		
[38]	Digital input DI33		
[39]	Start command		
[40]	Drive stopped		
[41]	Reset Trip		
[42]	Auto Reset Trip		
[43]	OK Key		
[44]	Reset Key		
[45]	Left Key		
[46]	Right Key		
[47]	Up Key		
[48]	Down Key		
[50]	Comparator 4		
[51]	Comparator 5		
[60]	Logic rule 4		
[61]	Logic rule 5		
[70]	SL Time-out 3		
[71]	SL Time-out 4		
[72]	SL Time-out 5		
[73]	SL Time-out 6		
[74]	SL Time-out 7		
[76]	Digital Input x30 2		
[77]	Digital Input x30 3		
[78]	Digital Input x30 4		
[80]	No Flow		
[81]	Dry Pump		
[82]	End of Curve		
[83]	Broken Belt		
[90]	ECB Drive Mode		
[91]	ECB Bypass Mode		
[92]	ECB Test Mode		
[100]	Fire Mode		

13-5	13-52 SL Controller Action	
Array	[20]	
Opti	on:	Function:
		Select the action corresponding to the SLC event. Actions are executed when the corresponding event (defined in 13-51 SL Controller Event) is evaluated as true. The following actions are available for selection:
[0] *	Disabled	
[1]	No action	



13-52 SL Controller Action					
Array [20]					
Opti	Option: Function:				
[2]	Select set-up 1	Changes the active set-up (0-10 Active Set-up) to '1'.			
[3]	Select set-up 2	Changes the active set-up (0-10 Active Set-up) to '2'.			
[4]	Select set-up 3	Changes the active set-up (0-10 Active Set-up) to '3'.			
[5]	Select set-up 4	Changes the active set-up (0-10 Active Set-up) to '4'. If the set-up is changed, it will merge with other set-up commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.			
[10]	Select preset ref 0	Selects preset reference 0.			
[11]	Select preset ref 1	Selects preset reference 1.			
[12]	Select preset ref 2	Selects preset reference 2.			
[13]	Select preset ref 3	Selects preset reference 3.			
[14]	Select preset ref 4	Selects preset reference 4.			
[15]	Select preset ref 5	Selects preset reference 5.			
[16]	Select preset ref 6	Selects preset reference 6.			
[17]	Select preset ref 7	Selects preset reference 7. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.			
[18]	Select ramp 1	Selects ramp 1			
[19]	Select ramp 2	Selects ramp 2			
[22]	Run	Issues a start command to the frequency converter.			
[23]	Run reverse	Issues a start reverse command to the frequency converter.			
[24]	Stop	Issues a stop command to the frequency converter.			
[26]	DC Brake	Issues a DC stop command to the frequency converter.			
[27]	Coast	The frequency converter coasts immediately. All stop commands including the coast command stop the SLC.			
[28]	Freeze output	Freezes the output frequency of the frequency converter.			
[29]	Start timer 0	Starts timer 0, see 13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.			
[30]	Start timer 1	Starts timer 1, see 13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.			
[31]	Start timer 2	Starts timer 2, see 13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.			

13-52 SL Controller Action					
Array [20]					
Optio	Option: Function:				
[32]	Set digital out A low	Any output with 'digital output 1' selected is low (off).			
[33]	Set digital out B low	Any output with 'digital output 2' selected is low (off).			
[34]	Set digital out C low	Any output with 'digital output 3' selected is low (off).			
[35]	Set digital out D low	Any output with 'digital output 4' selected is low (off).			
[36]	Set digital out E low	Any output with 'digital output 5' selected is low (off).			
[37]	Set digital out F low	Any output with 'digital output 6' selected is low (off).			
[38]	Set digital out A high	Any output with 'digital output 1' selected is high (closed).			
[39]	Set digital out B high	Any output with 'digital output 2' selected is high (closed).			
[40]	Set digital out C high	Any output with 'digital output 3' selected is high (closed).			
[41]	Set digital out D high	Any output with 'digital output 4' selected is high (closed).			
[42]	Set digital out E high	Any output with 'digital output 5' selected is high (closed).			
[43]	Set digital out F high	Any output with 'digital output 6' selected is high (closed).			
[60]	Reset Counter A	Resets Counter A to zero.			
[61]	Reset Counter B	Resets Counter A to zero.			
[70]	Start Timer 3	Starts timer 3, see 13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.			
[71]	Start Timer 4	Starts timer 4, see 13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.			
[72]	Start Timer 5	Starts timer 5, see 13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.			
[73]	Start Timer 6	Starts timer 6, see 13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.			
[74]	Start Timer 7	Starts timer 7, see 13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.			
[80]	Sleep Mode				
[90]	Set ECB Bypass Mode				
[91]	Set ECB Drive Mode				
[100]	Reset Alarms				



3.14 Main Menu - Special Functions - Group 14

3.14.1 14-0* Inverter Switching

14-0	14-00 Switching Pattern			
Option:		Function:		
		Select the switching pattern: 60° AVM or SFAVM.		
[0] *	60 AVM			
[1]	SFAVM			

14-01 Switching Frequency			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the inverter switching frequency. Changing the switching frequency can help to reduce acoustic noise from the motor. NOTE The output frequency value of the frequency converter must never exceed 1/10 of the switching frequency. When the motor is running, adjust the switching frequency in 14-01 Switching Frequency until the motor is as noiseless as possible. See also 14-00 Switching Pattern and the section Derating.	
[0]	1.0 kHz		
[1]	1.5 kHz		
[2]	2.0 kHz		
[3]	2.5 kHz		
[4]	3.0 kHz		
[5]	3.5 kHz		
[6]	4.0 kHz		
[7] *	5.0 kHz		
[8]	6.0 kHz		
[9]	7.0 kHz		
[10]	8.0 kHz		
[11]	10.0 kHz		
[12]	12.0 kHz		
[13]	14.0 kHz		
[14]	16.0 kHz		

NOTE

Enabling over-modulation can cause vibrations that may destroy the mechanics if running in field weakening ares (from 47Hz).

14-0	14-03 Overmodulation			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0]	Off	Selects no over-modulation of the output voltage in order to avoid torque ripple on the motor shaft.		
[1] *	On	The over-modulation function generates an extra voltage of up-to 8% of U _{max} output voltage without over-modulation, which results in an extra torque of 10-12% in the middle of the over-syncronous range		

14-03 Overmodulation			
Opt	Option: Function:		
		(from 0% at nominal speed rising to approximately 12% at double nominal speed).	

14-0	14-04 PWM Random			
Option:		Function:		
[0] *	Off	No change of the acoustic motor switching noise.		
[1]	On	Transforms the acoustic motor switching noise from a clear ringing tone to a less noticeable 'white' noise. This is achieved by slightly and randomly altering the synchronism of the pulse width modulated output phases.		

3.14.2 14-1* Mains On/Off

Parameters for configuring mains failure monitoring and handling.

14-10 Mains Failure			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the function at which the frequency converter must act, when the threshold set in 14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault has been reached or a Mains Failure Inverse command is activated via one of the digital inputs (par. 5-1*). Only selection [0] No function, [3] Coasting or [6] Alarm is available when 1-10 Motor	
		Construction is set to [1] PM non salient SPM	
[0] *	No function	The energy left in the capacitor bank will be used to "drive" the motor, but will be discharged.	
[1]	Ctrl. ramp- down	The frequency converter will perform a controlled ramp down. 2-10 Brake Function must be set to Off [0].	
[3]	Coasting	The inverter will turn off and the capacitor bank will back up the control card then ensuring a faster restart when mains reconnected (at short power zags).	
[4]	Kinetic back-up	The frequency converter will ride through by controlling speed for generative operation of the motor utilizing the moment of inertia of the system as long as sufficient energy is present.	
[6]	Alarm		



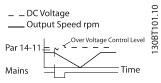


Illustration 3.5 Controlled Ramp down - short mains failure. Ramping down to stop followed by ramping up to reference.

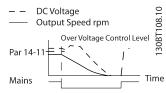


Illustration 3.6 Controlled Ramp down, longer mains failure. Ramping down as long as the energy in the system allows for it, then the motor is coasted.

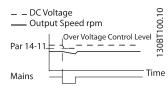


Illustration 3.7 Kinetic Back-up, short mains failure. Ride through as long as the energy in the system allows for it.

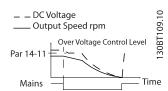


Illustration 3.8 Kinetic Back-up, longer mains failure. The motor is coasted as soon as the energy in the system is too low.

14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[180 - 600 V]	This parameter defines the threshold voltage at which the selected function in 14-10 Mains Failure should be activated. The detection level is at a factor sqrt(2) of the value in this parameter.	

14-1	14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance		
Option:		Function:	
		Operation under severe main imbalance	
		conditions reduces the lifetime of the motor.	
		Conditions are considered severe if the motor is	
operated continuously near nominal load (e.g. a			
		pump or fan running near full speed).	
		When a severe mains imbalance is detected:	

14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	Trip	Select <i>Trip</i> [0] to trip the frequency converter.	
[1]	Warning	Select Warning [1] to issue a warning.	
[2]	Disabled	Select Disabled [2] for no action.	
[3]	Derate	Select <i>Derate</i> [3] for derating the frequency converter.	

Parameters for configuring auto reset handling, special trip handling and control card self test or initialisation.

14-2	14-20 Reset Mode			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select the reset function after tripping. Once reset, the frequency converter can be restarted.		
[0] *	Manual reset	Select Manual reset [0], to perform a reset via [RESET] or via the digital inputs.		
[1]	Automatic reset x 1	Select Automatic reset x 1x20 [1]- [12] to perform between one and twenty automatic resets after tripping.		
[2]	Automatic reset x 2			
[3]	Automatic reset x 3			
[4]	Automatic reset x 4			
[5]	Automatic reset x 5			
[6]	Automatic reset x 6			
[7]	Automatic reset x 7			
[8]	Automatic reset x 8			
[9]	Automatic reset x 9			
[10]	Automatic reset x 10			
[11]	Automatic reset x 15			
[12]	Automatic reset x 20			
[13]	Infinite auto reset	Select <i>Infinite Automatic Reset</i> [13] for continuous resetting after tripping.		



The motor may start without warning. If the specified number of AUTOMATIC RESETs is reached within 10 minutes, the frequency converter enters Manual reset [0] mode. After the Manual reset is performed, the setting of 14-20 Reset Mode reverts to the original selection. If the number of automatic resets is not reached within 10 minutes, or when a Manual reset is performed, the internal AUTOMATIC RESET counter returns to zero.

NOTE

Automatic reset will also be active for resetting safe stop function.

NOTE

The setting in 14-20 Reset Mode is disregarded in case of Fire Mode being active (see parameter group 24-0* Fire Mode).

14-2	14-21 Automatic Restart Time		
Range: Function:		Function:	
10 s*		Enter the time interval from trip to start of the automatic reset function. This parameter is active when 14-20 Reset Mode is set to Automatic reset [1] - [13].	

14-	14-22 Operation Mode			
Ор	tion:	Function:		
		Use this parameter to specify normal operation, to perform tests or to initialise all parameters except 15-03 Power Up's, 15-04 Over Temp's and 15-05 Over Volt's. This function is active only when the power is cycled (power off-power on) to the frequency converter.		
[0] *	Normal operation	Select <i>Normal operation</i> [0] for normal operation of the frequency converter with the motor in the selected application.		
[1]	Control card test	Select Control card test [1] to test the analog and digital inputs and outputs and the +10 V control voltage. The test requires a test connector with internal connections. Use the following procedure for the control card test:		
		 Select Control card test [1]. Disconnect the mains supply and wait for the light in the display to go out. Set switches S201 (A53) and S202 (A54) = 'ON' / I. Insert the test plug (see below). Connect to mains supply. 		
		6. Carry out various tests.		

Option: Function: 7. The results are displayed on the LCP and the frequency converter moves into an infinite loop. 8. 14-22 Operation Mode is automatically set to Normal operation. Carry out a power cycle to start up in Normal operation after a control card test.

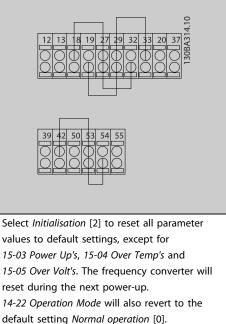
If the test is OK:

LCP read-out: Control Card OK.

Disconnect the mains supply and remove the test plug. The green LED on the control card will light up.

If the test fails:

LCP read-out: Control Card I/O failure.
Replace the frequency converter or control card.
The red LED on the control card is turned on.
To test the plugs, connect/group the following terminals as shown below: (18 - 27 - 32), (19 - 29 - 33) and (42 - 53 - 54).



14-23 Typecode Setting

Option: Function:

[2]

Initiali-

sation

Boot mode

Typecode re-writing. Use this parameter to set the typecode matching the specific frequency converter.



14-2	14-25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit		
Rang	je:	Function:	
60 s*	[0 - 60 s]	Enter the torque limit trip delay in seconds. When the output torque reaches the torque limits (4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode and 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode), a warning is triggered. When the torque limit warning has been continuously present for the period specified in this parameter, the frequency converter trips. Disable the trip delay by setting the parameter to 60 s = OFF. Thermal frequency converter monitoring will still remain active.	

14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault			
Range:	e: Function:		
Size related*	[0 - 35 s]	When the frequency converter detects an over-voltage in the set time trip will be effected after the set time.	

14-28	Production Settings	
Option:		Function:
[0] *	No action	
[1]	Service reset	
[2]	Set Production Mode	

14-2	29 Service Code	
Range: Function:		
0 *	[-2147483647 - 2147483647]	Service use only.

3.14.3 14-3* Current Limit Control

The frequency converter features an integral Current Limit Controller which is activated when the motor current, and thus the torque, is higher than the torque limits set in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode and 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode.

When the current limit is reached during motor operation or regenerative operation, the frequency converter will try to reduce torque below the preset torque limits as quickly as possible without losing control of the motor.

While the current control is active, the frequency converter can only be stopped by setting a digital input to *Coast inverse* [2] or *Coast and reset inv.* [3]. Any signal on terminals 18 to 33 will not be active until the frequency converter is no longer near the current limit.

By using a digital input set to *Coast inverse* [2] or *Coast and reset inv.* [3], the motor does not use the ramp down time, since the frequency converter is coasted.

14-30	14-30 Current Lim Ctrl, Proportional Gain		
Range: Function:			
100 %*	[0 - 500 %]	Enter the proportional gain value for the current limit controller. Selection of a high value makes the controller react faster. Too	

14-30 Current Lim Ctrl, Proportional Gain		
Range:		Function:
		high a setting leads to controller instability.

14-31 Current Lim Ctrl, Integration Time			
Range: Function:			
Size related*	[0.002 - 2.000 s]	Controls the current limit control integration time. Setting it to a lower value makes it react faster. A setting too low leads to control instability.	

14-32 Current Lim Ctrl, Filter Time			
Range:	Function:		
Size related*		Sets a time constant for the current limit controller low-pass filter.	

3.14.4 14-4*Energy Optimising

Parameters for adjusting the energy optimisation level in both Variable Torque (VT) and Automatic Energy Optimization (AEO) mode.

Automatic Energy Optimization is only active if 1-03 Torque Characteristics, is set for either Auto Energy Optim.

Compressor [2] or Auto Energy Optim. VT [3].

14-40 VT Level			
Range: Function:		Function:	
66 %*	[40 - 90 %]	Enter the level of motor magnetisation at low speed. Selection of a low value reduces energy loss in the motor, but also reduces load capability.	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

NOTE

This parameter is not active when 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM non salient SPM.

14-41 AEO Minimum Magnetisation			
Range:	nge: Function:		
Size related*	[40 - 75 %]	Enter the minimum allowable magnetisation for AEO. Selection of a low value reduces energy loss in the motor, but can also reduce resistance to sudden load changes.	



This parameter is not active when 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM non salient SPM.

14-42 Minimum AEO Frequency				
Range: Function:				
10 Hz*	[5 - 40 Hz]	Enter the minimum frequency at which the		
	Automatic Energy Optimisation (AEO) is to			
		be active.		

NOTE

This parameter is not active when 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM non salient SPM.

14-43 Motor Cosphi			
Range:	Function:		
Size	[0.40 -	The Cos(phi) setpoint is automatically	
related*	0.95] set for optimum AEO performance		
	during AMA. This parameter should		
	normally not be altered. However in		
	some situations it may be necessary to		
		enter a new value to fine-tune.	

NOTE

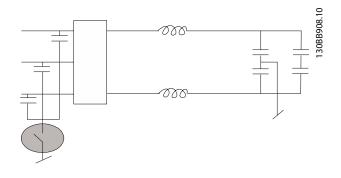
This parameter is not active when 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM non salient SPM.

3.14.5 14-5* Environment

These parameters help the frequency converter to operate under special environmental conditions.

3.14.6 14-50 RFI Filter

14-50 RFI Filter			
Opt	Option: Function:		
[0]	Off	Select Off [0] if the frequency converter is fed by an isolated mains source (IT mains). If a filter is used, select Off [0] during charging to prevent a high leakage current making the RCD switch. In this mode, the internal RFI filter capacitors between chassis and the mains RFI filter circuit are cut-out to reduce the ground capacity currents.	
[1] *	On	Select <i>On</i> [1] to ensure that the frequency converter complies with EMC standards.	



14-5	14-51 DC Link Compensation			
Opt	Option: Function:			
		The rectified AC-DC voltage at the frequency converter's DC link is associated with voltage ripples. These ripples can increase in magnitude with increased load. These ripples are undesirable because they can generate current and torque ripples. A compensation method is used to reduce these voltage ripples at DC link. In general, DC link compensation is recommended for most applications, but care must be taken when operating in field weakening as it can generate speed oscillations at the motor shaft. In field weakening, it is recommended to turn DC link compensation off		
[0]	Off	Disables DC Link Compensation.		
[1] *	On	Enables DC Link Compensation.		

14-5	14-52 Fan Control			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select the minimum speed of the main fan.		
[0] *	Auto	Select Auto [0] to run the fan only when the internal temperature of the frequency converter is in the range +35°C to approximately +55°C. The fan will run at low speed at +35°C and at full speed at approximately +55°C.		
[1]	On 50%			
[2]	On 75%			
[3]	On 100%			
[4]	Auto (Low temp env.)			

14-5	14-53 Fan Monitor			
Option:		Function:		
		Select which reaction the frequency converter should take in case a fan fault is detected.		
[0]	Disabled			
[1] *	Warning			
[2]	Trip			

14-55 Output Filter			
Option	}	Function:	
[0] *	No Filter		



14-55	Output Filter	
Optio	n:	Function:
[2]	Sine Wave Filter Fixed	

14-59 Actual Number of Inverter Units				
Range: Function:				
Size related*	[1 - 1.]	Sets the actual number of operating inverter units.		

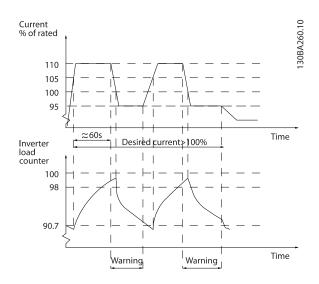
3.14.7 14-6* Auto Derate

This group contains parameters for derating the frequency converter in case of high temperature.

14-60 Function at Over Temperature				
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		If either heatsink or control card temperature exceeds a factory-programmed temperature limit, a warning will be activated. If the temperature increases further, select whether the frequency converter should trip (trip locked) or derate the output current.		
[0] *	Trip	The frequency converter will trip (trip locked) and generate an alarm. Power must be cycled to reset the alarm, but will not allow restart of the motor until the heat sink temperature has dropped below the alarm limit.		
[1]	Derate	If the critical temperature is exceeded the output current will be reduced until the allowable temperature has been reached.		

3.14.8 No Trip at Inverter Overload

In some pump systems, the frequency converter has not been sized properly to yield the current needed in all points of the operational flow-head characteristic. At these points, the pump will need a current higher than the rated current of the frequency converter. The frequency converter can yield 110% of the rated current continuously for 60 sec. If still overloaded, the frequency converter will normally trip (causing the pump to stop by coasting) and provide an alarm.



It may be preferable to run the pump at reduced speed for a while in case it is not possible to run continuously with demanded capacity.

Select Function at Inverter Overload, 14-61 Function at Inverter Overload to automatically reduce pump speed until the output current is below 100% of the rated current (set in 14-62 Inv. Overload Derate Current).

The Function at Inverter Overload is an alternative to letting the frequency converter trip.

The frequency converter estimates the load on the power section by means of an inverter load counter, which will cause a warning at 98% and a reset of the warning at 90%. At the value 100%, the frequency converter trips and provides an alarm.

Status for the counter can be read in 16-35 Inverter Thermal.

If 14-61 Function at Inverter Overload is set to Derate, the pump speed will be reduced when the counter exceeds 98, and stay reduced until the counter has dropped below 90.7.

If 14-62 Inv. Overload Derate Current is set e.g. to 95% a steady overload will cause the pump speed to fluctuate between values corresponding to 110% and 95% of rated output current for the frequency converter.

14-6	14-61 Function at Inverter Overload				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		Is used in case of steady overload beyond the thermal limits (110% for 60 sec.).			
[0] *	Trip	Choose Trip [0] to make the frequency converter trip and provide an alarm.			
[1]	Derate	Derate [1] to reduce pump speed in order to decrease the load on the power section and allowing this to cool down.			

14-62	14-62 Inv. Overload Derate Current		
Range	e:	Function:	
95 %*	[50 - 100 %]	Defines the desired current level (in % of rated output current for the frequency converter) when running with reduced pump speed after load on the frequency converter has exceeded the allowable limit (110% for 60 sec.).	



3.15 Main Menu - Drive Information - Group 15

Parameter group containing frequency converter information such as operating data, hardware configuration and software versions.

3.15.1 15-0* Operating Data

15-0	15-00 Operating Hours		
Ran	ge:	Function:	
0 h*	[0 - 2147483647 h]	View how many hours the frequency converter has run. The value is saved when the frequency converter is turned off.	

15-01 Running Hours			
Ran	ge:	Function:	
0 h*	[0 - 2147483647 h]	View how many hours the motor has run. Reset the counter in 15-07 Reset Running Hours Counter. The value is saved when the frequency converter is turned off.	

15-02 kWh Counter			
Range	•	Function:	
0 kWh*	[0 - 2147483647 kWh]	Registering the power consumption of the motor as a mean value over one hour. Reset the counter in 15-06 Reset kWh Counter.	

15	15-03 Power Up's			
Ra	nge:	Function:		
0 *	[0 - 2147483647]	View the number of times the frequency		
		converter has been powered up.		

15-04 Over Temp's			
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[0 - 65535]	View the number of frequency converter temperature faults which have occurred.	

15	15-05 Over Volt's		
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[0 - 65535]	View the number of frequency converter overvoltages which have occurred.	

15-06 Reset kWh Counter			
Option:		Function:	
[0] *	Do not reset	Select <i>Do not reset</i> [0] if no reset of the kWh counter is desired.	
[1]	Reset counter	Select <i>Reset</i> [1] and press [OK] to reset the kWh counter to zero (see <i>15-02 kWh Counter</i>).	

NOTE

The reset is carried out by pressing [OK].

15-07 Reset Running Hours Counter			
Option:		Function:	
[0] *	Do not reset	Select <i>Do not reset</i> [0] if no reset of the Running Hours counter is desired.	
[1]	Reset counter	Select Reset counter [1] and press [OK] to reset the Running Hours counter (15-01 Running Hours) and 15-08 Number of Starts to zero (see also 15-01 Running Hours).	

15-08 Number of Starts			
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[0 - 2147483647]	This is a read out parameter only. The counter shows the numbers of starts and stops caused by a normal Start/Stop command and/or when entering/leaving sleep mode.	

NOTE

This parameter will be reset when resetting 15-07 Reset Running Hours Counter.

3.15.2 15-1* Data Log Settings

The Data Log enables continuous logging of up to 4 data sources (15-10 Logging Source) at individual rates (15-11 Logging Interval). A trigger event (15-12 Trigger Event) and window (15-14 Samples Before Trigger) are used to start and stop the logging conditionally.

15-10 Logging Source					
Array	Array [4]				
Optio	n:	Function:			
		Select which variables are to			
		be logged.			
[0] *	None				
[1600]	Control Word				
[1601]	Reference [Unit]				
[1602]	Reference [%]				
[1603]	Status Word				
[1610]	Power [kW]				
[1611]	Power [hp]				
[1612]	Motor Voltage				
[1613]	Frequency				
[1614]	Motor Current				
[1616]	Torque [Nm]				
[1617]	Speed [RPM]				
[1618]	Motor Thermal				
[1622]	Torque [%]				
[1626]	Power Filtered [kW]				



15-10	Logging Source		
Array [4]			
Optio	n:	Function:	
[1627]	Power Filtered [hp]		
[1630]	DC Link Voltage		
[1632]	Brake Energy /s		
[1633]	Brake Energy /2 min		
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.		
[1635]	Inverter Thermal		
[1650]	External Reference		
[1652]	Feedback [Unit]		
[1654]	Feedback 1 [Unit]		
[1655]	Feedback 2 [Unit]		
[1656]	Feedback 3 [Unit]		
[1660]	Digital Input		
[1662]	Analog Input 53		
[1664]	Analog Input 54		
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]		
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]		
[1675]	Analog In X30/11		
[1676]	Analog In X30/12		
[1677]	Analog Out X30/8 [mA]		
[1690]	Alarm Word		
[1691]	Alarm Word 2		
[1692]	Warning Word		
[1693]	Warning Word 2		
[1694]	Ext. Status Word		
[1695]	Ext. Status Word 2		
[1830]	Analog Input X42/1		
[1831]	Analog Input X42/3		
[1832]	Analog Input X42/5		
[1833]	Analog Out X42/7 [V]		
[1834]	Analog Out X42/9 [V]		
[1835]	Analog Out X42/11 [V]		
[1850]	Sensorless Readout [unit]		
[3110]	Bypass Status Word		

15-11 Logging Interval			
Range:			Function:
Size related*	[0.000 -	Enter the interval in milliseconds
	0.000]		between each sampling of the
			variables to be logged.

15-1	15-12 Trigger Event		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Selects the trigger event. When the trigger event occurs, a window is applied to freeze the log. The log will then retain a specified percentage of samples before the occurrence of the trigger event (15-14 Samples Before Trigger).	
[0] *	False		
[1]	True		

15-1	15-12 Trigger Event		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[2]	Running		
[3]	In range		
[4]	On reference		
[5]	Torque limit		
[6]	Current limit		
[7]	Out of current range		
[8]	Below I low		
[9]	Above I high		
[10]	Out of speed range		
[11]	Below speed low		
[12]	Above speed high		
[13]	Out of feedb. range		
[14]	Below feedb. low		
[15]	Above feedb. high		
[16]	Thermal warning		
[17]	Mains out of range		
[18]	Reversing		
[19]	Warning		
[20]	Alarm (trip)		
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)		
[22]	Comparator 0		
[23]	Comparator 1		
[24]	Comparator 2		
[25]	Comparator 3		
[26]	Logic rule 0		
[27]	Logic rule 1		
[28]	Logic rule 2		
[29]	Logic rule 3		
[33]	Digital input DI18		
[34]	Digital input DI19		
[35]	Digital input DI27		
[36]	Digital input DI29		
[37]	Digital input DI32		
[38]	Digital input DI33		
[50]	Comparator 4		
[51]	Comparator 5		
[60]	Logic rule 4		
[61]	Logic rule 5		

15-1	15-13 Logging Mode		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	Log always	Select <i>Log always</i> [0] for continuous logging.	
[1]	Log once on trigger	Select <i>Log once on trigger</i> [1] to conditionally start and stop logging using 15-12 Trigger Event and 15-14 Samples Before Trigger.	



15-14 Samples Before Trigger		
Ran	ge:	Function:
50 *	[0 - 100]	Enter the percentage of all samples prior to a trigger event which are to be retained in the log. See also 15-12 Trigger Event and 15-13 Logging Mode.

3.15.3 15-2* Historic Log

View up to 50 logged data items via the array parameters in this parameter group. For all parameters in the group, [0] is the most recent data and [49] the oldest data. Data is logged every time an *event* occurs (not to be confused with SLC events). *Events* in this context are defined as a change in one of the following areas

- 1. Digital input
- 2. Digital outputs (not monitored in this SW release)
- 3. Warning word
- 4. Alarm word
- 5. Status word
- 6. Control word
- 7. Extended status word

Events are logged with value, and time stamp in msec. The time interval between two events depends on how often events occur (maximum once every scan time). Data logging is continuous but if an alarm occurs, the log is saved and the values can be viewed on the display. This feature is useful, for example when carrying out service following a trip. View the historic log contained in this parameter via the serial communication port or via the display.

15-	15-20 Historic Log: Event		
Arra	ay [50]		
Rar	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[0 - 255]	View the event type of the logged events.	

15	15-21 Historic Log: Value		
Arr	ay [50]		
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[0 -	View the value of the logged event.	
	2147483647]	Interpret the event values according to	
		this table:	

15-21 Historic Log: Value				
Array [50]				
Range:	Function:			
	Digtal input	Decimal value. See 16-60 Digital Input for description after converting to binary value.		
	Digital output (not monitored in this SW release) Warning word	Decimal value. See 16-66 Digital Output [bin] for description after converting to binary value. Decimal value. See		
	Alarm word	16-92 Warning Word for description. Decimal value. See		
		16-90 Alarm Word for description.		
	Status word	Decimal value. See 16-03 Status Word for description after converting to binary value.		
	Control word	Decimal value. See 16-00 Control Word for description.		
	Extended status word	Decimal value. See 16-94 Ext. Status Word for description.		

15-22	15-22 Historic Log: Time		
Array	[50]		
Range	e:	Function:	
0 ms*	[0 - 2147483647 ms]	View the time at which the logged event occurred. Time is measured in ms since frequency converter start. The max. value corresponds to approx. 24 days which means that the count will restart at zero after this	
		time period.	

15-23 Historic Log: Date and Time		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0-0]	Array parameter; Date & Time 0 - 49: This parameter shows at which time the logged event occurred.



3.15.4 15-3* Alarm Log

Parameters in this group are array parameters, where up to 10 fault logs can be viewed. [0] is the most recent logged data, and [9] the oldest. Error codes, values, and time stamp can be viewed for all logged data.

15	15-30 Alarm Log: Error Code		
Arr	ay [10]		
Range: Function:		Function:	
0 *	[0 - 255]	View the error code and look up its meaning in 4 <i>Troubleshooting</i> .	

15	5-31 Alarm Log: Value		
Arr	ay [10]		
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[-32767 - 32767]	View an extra description of the error.	
		This parameter is mostly used in	
		combination with alarm 38 'internal	
		fault'.	

15-	15-32 Alarm Log: Time		
Arra	Array [10]		
Range:		Function:	
0 s*	[0 - 2147483647 s]	View the time when the logged event	
		occurred. Time is measured in seconds	
		from frequency converter start-up.	

15-33 Alar	15-33 Alarm Log: Date and Time	
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0-0]	Array parameter; Date & Time 0 - 9: This parameter shows at which time the logged event occurred.

3.15.5 15-4* Drive Identification

Parameters containing read only information about the hardware and software configuration of the frequency converter.

15	15-40 FC Type		
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the FC type. The read-out is identical to the frequency converter series power field of the type code definition, characters 1-6.	

15-41 Power Section		
Rai	nge:	Function:
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the FC type. The read-out is identical to the frequency converter series power field of the type code definition, characters 7-10.

15	15-42 Voltage		
Range:		Function:	
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the FC type. The read-out is identical to the frequency converter series power field of the type code definition, characters 11-12.	

15	15-43 Software Version		
Range: Function:		Function:	
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the combined SW version (or 'package version') consisting of power SW and control SW.	

15	15-44 Ordered Typecode String		
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the type code string used for re-ordering the	
		frequency converter in its original configuration.	

15-45 Actual Typecode String		
Range:		Function:
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the actual string.

15	15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No		
Range:		Function:	
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the 8-digit ordering number used for re- ordering the frequency converter in its original configuration.	

15-	15-47 Power Card Ordering No		
Ran	ge:	Function:	
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the power card ordering number.	

15-48	LCP Id No	
Range	e:	Function:
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the LCP ID number.

15-	-49 SW IC	Control Card
Range:		Function:
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the control card software version number.

15-	50 SW ID	Power Card
Range:		Function:
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the power card software version number.

15-51 Frequency Converter Serial Number		ency Converter Serial Number
Rar	nge:	Function:
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the frequency converter serial number.

15-53 Power Card Serial Number Range: Function:		ard Serial Number
		Function:
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the power card serial number.

15-59 CSIV File	name	
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0 - 0]	CSIV Filename readout.



3.15.6 15-6* Option Ident.

This read-only parameter group contains information about the hardware and software configuration of the options installed in slots A, B, C0 and C1.

15-6	0 Option Mo	ounted
Rang	je:	Function:
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the installed option type.

15-	15-61 Option SW Version			
Rar	nge:	Function:		
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the installed option software version.		

15-62 Option Ordering No		
Rai	nge:	Function:
0 *	[0 - 0]	Shows the ordering number for the installed options.

15-	15-63 Option Serial No		
Rai	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the installed option serial number.	

15.	-70 Opti	OII III SIOL A
Range:		Function:
0 *		View the string for the option installed in slot A, and a translation of the string. E.g. for string 'AX' the translation is 'No option'.

15	-71 Slot	A Option SW Version	
Rai	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the software version for the option installed in slot A.	

	15-72 Option in Slot B		
Range: Function:		nge:	Function:
	0 *		View the string for the option installed in slot B, and a translation of the string. E.g. for string 'BX' the translation is 'No option'.

15	15-73 Slot B Option SW Version		
Range:		Function:	
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the software version for the option installed	
		in slot B.	

15-74 Option in Slot C0 Range: Function:			
		nge:	Function:
0 * [0 - 0] View the string for the option installed in slot			
			and a translation of the string. E.g. for string
			'CXXXX' the translation is 'No option'.

	15-75 Slot C0 Option SW Version				
Range: Function:		nge:	Function:		
	0 *	[0 - 0]	View the software version for the option installed in slot C.		

15-76 Option in Slot C1				
Range:		Function:		
		Shows the typecode string for the options (CXXXX if no option) and the translation i.e. >No option<.		

	15-77 Slot C1 Option SW Version			
Range: Function:	Range:			
0 * [0 - 0] Software version for the installed option in option slot C.	0 * [0 -			

15	15-92 Defined Parameters			
Arr	Array [1000]			
Range:		Function:		
0 * [0 - 9999]		View a list of all defined parameters in the frequency converter. The list ends with 0.		

15	15-93 Modified Parameters		
Arr	Array [1000]		
Range: Function:		Function:	
0 *	[0 - 3333] view a list of the parameters that have been		
		changed from their default setting. The list	
		ends with 0. Changes may not be visible until	
		up to 30 sec. after implementation.	

15-98 Drive Identification		
Range:		Function:
0 *	[0 - 0]	

15	15-99 Parameter Metadata		
Array [23]			
Range:		Function:	
0 *	[0 - 9999]	This parameter contains data used by the MCT10 software tool.	



3.16 Main Menu - Data Readouts - Group 16

Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 65535] View the Control word sent from the frequency converter via the serial communication port in hex code.

16-01 Reference [Unit]				
Range:	Function:			
0.000 Reference- FeedbackUnit*	[-999999.000 - 999999.000 ReferenceFeed- backUnit]	View the present reference value applied on impulse or analog basis in the unit resulting from the		
		configuration selected in <i>1-00 Configuration</i> <i>Mode</i> (Hz, Nm or RPM).		

16-02	Reference [%]	
Range:		Function:
0.0 %*	[-200.0 -	View the total reference. The total
	200.0 %]	reference is the sum of digital, analog,
		preset, bus, and freeze references, plus
		catch-up and slow-down.

1	16-03 Status Word		
R	ange:	Function:	
0	* [0 - 65535]	View the Status word sent from the frequency converter via the serial communication port in hex code.	

16-05 Main Actual Value [%]			[%]
Range:			Function:
	0.00 %*	[-100.00 - 100.00	View the two-byte word sent with
		%]	the Status word to the bus Master
			reporting the Main Actual Value.

16-09 Custom Readout		
Range:		Function:
0.00 CustomRea-	[-999999.99 -	View the user-defined
doutUnit*	999999.99	readouts as defined in
	CustomRea-	0-30 Custom Readout Unit,
	doutUnit]	0-31 Custom Readout Min
		Value and 0-32 Custom
		Readout Max Value.

3.16.1 16-1* Motor Status

16-10	16-10 Power [kW]		
Range	: :	Function:	
0.00	[0.00 -	Displays motor power in kW. The value	
kW*	10000.00	shown is calculated on the basis of the	
	kW]	actual motor voltage and motor current.	
		The value is filtered, and therefore approx.	
		30ms may pass from when an input value	
		changes to when the data read-out values	
		change. The resolution of read-out value	
		on fieldbus is in 10 W steps.	

16-11	Power [hp]	
Range:		Function:
0.00	[0.00 -	View the motor power in HP. The value
hp*	10000.00 hp]	shown is calculated on the basis of the
		actual motor voltage and motor current.
		The value is filtered, and therefore
		approximately 30ms may pass from
		when an input value changes to when
		the data read-out values change.

16-12	16-12 Motor Voltage		
Range	e:	Function:	
0.0 V*	[0.0 - 6000.0 V]	View the motor voltage, a calculated value used for controlling the motor.	

16-13 Frequency			
Range	e: Function:		
0.0 Hz*	[0.0 - 6500.0 Hz]	View the motor frequency, without resonance dampening.	

16-14	Motor Current	
Range		Function:
0.00 A*	[0.00 - 10000.00 A]	View the motor current measured as a mean value, IRMS. The value is filtered,
		and thus approximately 30ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data read-out values change.

16-15 Frequency [%]		
Range:		Function:
0.00	[-100.00 -	View a two-byte word reporting the
%*	100.00 %]	actual motor frequency (without
		resonance dampening) as a percentage
		(scale 0000-4000 Hex) of 4-19 Max Output
		Frequency. Set 9-16 PCD Read Configu-
		ration index 1 to send it with the Status
		Word instead of the MAV.



16-16	16-16 Torque [Nm]		
Range	2:	Function:	
0.0	[-30000.0 -	View the torque value with sign, applied to	
Nm*	30000.0	the motor shaft. Linearity is not exact	
	Nm]	between 110% motor current and torque in	
		relation to the rated torque. Some motors	
		supply more than 160% torque.	
		Consequently, the min. value and the max.	
		value will depend on the max. motor	
		current as well as the motor used. The value	
		is filtered, and thus approx. 1.3 sec. may	
		pass from when an input changes value to	
		when the data read-out values change.	

16-17 Speed [RPM] Range: Function: 0 RPM* [-30000 - 30000 RPM] View the actual motor RPM.

16-1	16-18 Motor Thermal		
Rang	ge:	Function:	
0 %*		View the calculated thermal load on the motor. The cut-out limit is 100%. The basis for calculation is the ETR function selected in 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection.	

16-2	16-22 Torque [%]		
Ran	ge:	Function:	
0 %*	[-200 - 200 %]	This is a read out parameter only. Shows the actual torque yielded in percentage of the rated torque, based on the setting of the motor size and rated speed in 1-20 Motor Power [kW] or 1-21 Motor Power [HP] and 1-25 Motor Nominal Speed.	
		This is the value monitored by the <i>Broken Belt Function</i> set in parameter group 22-6*.	

16-26 Power Filtered [kW]		
Range:		Function:
0.000 kW*	[0.000 - 10000.000 kW]	Motor power consumption. The value shown is calculated on basis of the actual motor voltage and motor current. The value is filtered, and a few sec. may pass from when an input value changes to when the data readout values change.
		out values change.

16-27 Power Filtered [hp]			
Range:	Function:		
0.000	[0.000 -	Motor power in HP. The value shown	
hp*	10000.000 hp]	is calculated on the basis of actual	
		motor voltage and motor current. The	
		value is filtered, and a few sec. may	
		pass from when an input value	
		changes to when the data read-out	
		values change.	

3.16.2 16-3* Drive Status

16-30 DC Link Voltage		
Ran	ge:	Function:
0 V*	[0 - 10000 V]	View a measured value. The value is filtered with an 30ms time constant.

16-32 Brake Energy /s			
Range:		Function:	
0.000 kW*	[0.000 - 10000.000	View the brake power	
	kW]	transmitted to an external brake	
		resistor, stated as an instan-	
		taneous value.	

16-33 Brake Energy /2 min			
Range:	Range: Function:		
0.000 kW*	[0.000 - 10000.000 kW]	View the brake power transmitted to an external brake resistor. The mean power is calculated on an average basis for the most recent 120 sec.	

16-34 Heatsink Temp.		
Range: Function:		Function:
0 °C*	[0 - 255 °C]	View the frequency converter heatsink
		temperature. The cut-out limit is 90 \pm 5°C,
		and the motor cuts back in at $60 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C.

16-35 Inverter Thermal		
Range:		Function:
0 %*	[0 - 100 %]	View the percentage load on the inverter.

16-36 Inv. Nom. Current		
Range:	Function:	
Size related*	[0.01 - 10000.00 A]	View the inverter nominal current, which should match the nameplate data on the connected motor. The data are used for calculation of torque, motor protection, etc.

16-37 Inv. Max. Current		
Range:	Function:	
Size related*	[0.01 - 10000.00 A]	View the inverter maximum current, which should match the nameplate data on the connected motor. The data are used for calculation of torque, motor protection, etc.

16	16-38 SL Controller State		
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[0 - 100]	View the state of the event under execution by the SL controller.	



16-3	16-39 Control Card Temp.		
Range:		Function:	
0 °C*	[0 - 100 °C]	View the temperature on the control card, stated in °C	

16-4	16-40 Logging Buffer Full		
Option: Function:		Function:	
		View whether the logging buffer is full (see parameter group 15-1*). The logging buffer will never be full when <i>15-13 Logging Mode</i> is set to <i>Log always</i> [0].	
[0] *	No		
[1]	Yes		

16-43	16-43 Timed Actions Status		
View th	View the timed actions mode.		
Option: Function:		Function:	
[0] *	Timed Actions Auto		
[1]	Timed Actions Disabled		
[2]	Constant On Actions		
[3]	Constant Off Actions		

16	16-49 Current Fault Source		
Range:		Function:	
0 *	[0 - 8]	Value indicates source of current fault, including: short circuit, over current and phase imbalance (from left): [1-4] Inverter, [5-8] Rectifier, [0] No fault recorded	

After a short circuit alarm (imax2) or over current alarm (imax1 or phase imbalance) this will contain the power card number associated with the alarm. It only holds one number so it will indicate the highest priority power card number (master first). The value will persist on power cycle but if a new alarm occurs it will be overwritten with the new power card number (even if it a lower priority number). The value will only be cleared when the alarm log is cleared (i.e. a 3-finger reset would reset the readout to 0).

3.16.3 16-5* Ref. & Feedb.

16-5	16-50 External Reference		
Range:		Function:	
0.0 *	[-200.0 - 200.0]	View the total reference, the sum of digital, analog, preset, bus and freeze references, plus catch-up and slow-down.	

16-52 Feedback [Unit]			
Range:		Function:	
0.000	[-999999.999 -	View value of resulting	
ProcessCtrlUnit*	999999.999	feedback value after	
	ProcessCtrlUnit]	processing of Feedback 1-3	
		(see 16-54 Feedback 1 [Unit],	
		16-55 Feedback 2 [Unit] and	

16-52 Feedback [Unit]		
Range:	Function:	
	par. 16-56) in the feedbac manager.	:k
	See parameter group 20-0 Feedback.	O*
	The value is limited by settings in 20-13 Minimun Reference/Feedb. and	า
	20-14 Maximum Reference, Feedb Units as set in 20-12 Reference/Feedback	/
	Unit.	

16-53	Digi Pot Reference		
Range	e:	Function:	
0.00 *	[-200.00 - 200.00]	View the contribution of the Digital Potentiometer to the actual reference.	

16-54 Feedback 1 [Unit]			
Range:		Function:	
0.000	[-999999.999 -	View value of Feedback 1,	
ProcessCtrlUnit*	999999.999	see parameter group 20-0*	
	ProcessCtrlUnit]	Feedback.	
		The value is limited by	
		settings in 20-13 Minimum	
		Reference/Feedb. and	
		20-14 Maximum Reference/	
		Feedb Units as set in	
		20-12 Reference/Feedback	
		Unit.	

16-55 Feedback 2 [Unit]			
Range:		Function:	
0.000	[-999999.999 -	View value of Feedback 2,	
ProcessCtrlUnit*	999999.999	see parameter group 20-0*	
	ProcessCtrlUnit]	Feedback.	
		The value is limited by	
		settings in 20-13 Minimum	
		Reference/Feedb. and	
		20-14 Maximum Reference/	
		Feedb Units as set in	
		20-12 Reference/Feedback	
		Unit.	



16-56 Feedback 3 [Unit]				
Range:		Function:		
0.000 ProcessCtrlUnit*	[-99999.999 - 999999.999 ProcessCtrlUnit]	View value of Feedback 3, see parameter group 20-0* Feedback. The value is limited by settings in 20-13 Minimum Reference/Feedb. and 20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb Units as set in 20-12 Reference/Feedback Unit.		

16-58	16-58 PID Output [%]		
Range	: :	Function:	
0.0 %*	[0.0 - 100.0 %]	This parameter returns the Drive Closed Loop PID controller output value in percent.	

3.16.4 16-6* Inputs and Outputs

16-60 Digital Input Range: **Function:** [0 -View the signal states from the active digital inputs. 1023] Example: Input 18 corresponds to bit no. 5, '0' = nosignal, '1' = connected signal. Bit 6 works in the opposite way, on = '0', off = '1' (safe stop input). Bit 0 Digital input term. 33 Bit 1 Digital input term. 32 Bit 2 Digital input term. 29 Bit 3 Digital input term. 27 Bit 4 Digital input term. 19 Bit 5 Digital input term. 18 Bit 6 Digital input term. 37 Bit 7 Digital input GP I/O term. X30/4 Bit 8 Digital input GP I/O term. X30/3 Bit 9 Digital input GP I/O term. X30/2 Bit 10-63 Reserved for future terminals DIT-33 65 -DIT-32 88 -DIT-29 BY -DIT-27 E DIT-19 DIT-18 DIT-37 -DI X30/4 -DI X30/3 DI X30/2 -DI X46/13 -DI X46/11 -DI X46/9 -DI X46/7 -DI X46/5 -DI X46/3 DI X46/1

16	16-61 Terminal 53 Switch Setting			
Op	otion:	Function:		
		View the setting of input terminal 53. Current = 0; Voltage = 1.		
[0]	Current			
[1]	Voltage			
[2]	Pt 1000 [°C]			
[3]	Pt 1000 [°F]			
[4]	Ni 1000 [°C]			
[5]	Ni 1000 [°F]			

16-62 Analog Input 53		
Range:		Function:
0.000 *	[-20.000 - 20.000]	View the actual value at input 53.

16-63 Terminal 54 Switch Setting			
Option:		Function:	
		View the setting of input terminal 54. Current = 0; Voltage = 1.	
[0]	Current		
[1]	Voltage		
[2]	Pt 1000 [°C]		
[3]	Pt 1000 [°F]		
[4]	Ni 1000 [°C]		
[5]	Ni 1000 [°F]		

16-64 Analog Input 54				
Range:		Function:		
0.000 *	[-20.000 - 20.000]	View the actual value at input 54.		

16-65 Analog Output 42 [mA]		
Range:		Function:
0.000 *	[0.000 -	View the actual value at output 42 in
	30.000]	mA. The value shown reflects the selection in <i>6-50 Terminal 42 Output</i> .

16-	16-66 Digital Output [bin]		
Rar	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[0 - 15]	View the binary value of all digital outputs.	

16	16-67 Pulse Input #29 [Hz]	
Ra	nge:	Function:
0 *	[0 - 130000]	View the actual frequency rate on terminal 29.

16	16-68 Pulse Input #33 [Hz]	
Range:		Function:
0 *	[0 - 130000]	View the actual value of the frequency applied at terminal 33 as an impulse input.



16	16-69 Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	
Ra	nge:	Function:
0 *	[0 - 40000]	View the actual value of impulses applied to
		terminal 27 in digital output mode.

16-70 Pulse Output #29 [Hz] Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 40000] View the actual value of pulses to terminal 29 in digital output mode.

16-71 Relay Output [bin]		
Ran	ge:	Function:
0 *	[0 - 511]	View the settings of all relays.
		Readout choice (Par. 16-71): Relay output (bin): 0 0 0 0 0 bin OptionB card relay 09 OptionB card relay 08 OptionB card relay 07 Power card relay 02 Power card relay 01

16-72 Counter A Range: Function: 0 * [-2147483648 - 2147483647] View the present value of Counter A. Counters are useful as comparator operands, see 13-10 Comparator Operand. The value can be reset or changed either via digital inputs (parameter group 5-1*) or by using an SLC action (13-52 SL Controller Action).

16	16-73 Counter B	
Ra	nge:	Function:
0 *	[-2147483648 -	View the present value of Counter B.
	2147483647]	Counters are useful as comparator
		operands (13-10 Comparator Operand).
		The value can be reset or changed either
		via digital inputs (parameter group 5-1*)
		or by using an SLC action (13-52 SL
		Controller Action).

16-75	16-75 Analog In X30/11	
Range	:	Function:
0.000 *	[-20.000 - 20.000]	View the actual value at input
		X30/11 of MCB 101.

	16-76	Analog In X30/12	
Range: Function		:	Function:
	0.000 *	-	View the actual value at input X30/12 of MCB 101.

16-77	16-77 Analog Out X30/8 [mA]	
Range:		Function:
0.000 *	[0.000 - 30.000]	View the actual value at input X30/8 in mA.

3.16.5 16-8* fieldbus & Drive Port

Parameters for reporting the BUS references and control words.

16	16-80 Fieldbus CTW 1		
Range:		Function:	
0 *	[0 - 65535]	View the two-byte Control word (CTW) received from the Bus-Master. Interpretation of the Control word depends on the fieldbus option installed and the Control word profile selected in 8-10 Control Profile.	
		For more information please refer to the relevant fieldbus manual.	

16	16-82 Fieldbus REF 1		
Range:		Function:	
0 *	[-200 - 200]	View the two-byte word sent with the control word form the Bus-Master to set the reference value. For more information please refer to the relevant fieldbus manual.	

16	16-84 Comm. Option STW			
Range:		Function:		
0 *	[0 - 65535]	View the extended fieldbus comm. option status word. For more information please refer to the relevant fieldbus manual.		

16	16-85 FC Port CTW 1					
Range:		Function:				
0 *	[0 - 65535]	View the two-byte Control word (CTW) received from the Bus-Master. Interpretation of the control word depends on the fieldbus option installed and the Control word profile selected in 8-10 Control Profile.				

16	16-86 FC Port REF 1				
Range:		Function:			
0 *	[-200 -	View the two-byte Status word (STW) sent to			
	200]	the Bus-Master. Interpretation of the Status			
		word depends on the fieldbus option installed			
		and the Control word profile selected in			
		8-10 Control Profile.			



3.16.6 16-9* Diagnosis Read-Outs

16	16-90 Alarm Word			
Range:		Function:		
0 * [0 - 4294967295]		View the alarm word sent via the serial communication port in hex code.		

16-91 Alarm Word 2					
Range:		Function:			
0 * [0 - 4294967295]		View the alarm word 2 sent via the			
		serial communication port in hex code.			

16	16-92 Warning Word				
Range:		Function:			
0 *	[0 - 4294967295]	View the warning word sent via the			
		serial communication port in hex code.			

16	16-93 Warning Word 2				
Range:		Function:			
0 *	[0 - 4294967295]	View the warning word 2 sent via the			
		serial communication port in hex code.			

	16-94 Ext. Status Word				
Range:		nge:	Function:		
	0 *	[0 - 4294967295]	Returns the extended status word sent via the serial communication port in hex code.		

16-	16-95 Ext. Status Word 2					
Rai	Range: Function:					
0 *	[0 - 4294967295]	Returns the extended warning word 2 sent via the serial communication port in hex code.				

16	6-96 Maintenance Word				
Ra	Range: Function:				
0	[0 -	Readout of the Preventive Maintenance			
*	4294967295]	Word. The bits reflect the status for the			
		programmed Preventive Maintenance Events			
		in parameter group 23-1*. 13 bits represent			
		combinations of all the possible items:			
		Bit 0: Motor bearings			
		Bit 1: Pump bearings			
		Bit 2: Fan bearings			
		Bit 3: Valve			
		Bit 4: Pressure transmitter			
		Bit 5: Flow transmitter			
		Bit 6: Temperature transmitter			
		Bit 7: Pump seals			
		Bit 8: Fan belt			
		Bit 9: Filter			

16-96 Maintenance Word

Range: Function:

- Bit 10: Drive cooling fan
- Bit 11: Drive system health check
- Bit 12: Warranty
- Bit 13: Maintenance Text 0
- Bit 14: Maintenance Text 1
- Bit 15: Maintenance Text 2
- Bit 16: Maintenance Text 3
- Bit 17: Maintenance Text 4

Positio	Valve	Fan	Pump	Motor
n 4⇒		bearing	bearing	bearing
		s	S	s
Positio	Pump	Temper	Flow	Pressur
n 3 ⇒	seals	ature	transmi	e
		transmi	tter	transmi
		tter		tter
Positio	Drive	Drive	Filter	Fan
n 2 ⇒	system	cooling		belt
	health	fan		
	check			
Positio				Warrant
n 1⇒				у
0 _{hex}	-	-	-	-
1 _{hex}	-	-	-	+
2 _{hex}	-	-	+	-
3 _{hex}	-	-	+	+
4 _{hex}	-	+	-	-
5 _{hex}	-	+	-	+
6 _{hex}	-	+	+	-
7 _{hex}	-	+	+	+
8 _{hex}	+	-	-	-
9 _{hex}	+	-	-	+
A _{hex}	+	-	+	-
Bhex	+	-	+	+
C _{hex}	+	+	-	-
Dhex	+	+	-	+
E _{hex}	+	+	+	-
Fhex	+	+	+	+

Example:

The Preventive Maintenance Word shows 040Ahex.

Position	1	2	3	4
hex-value	0	4	0	Α

The first digit 0 indicates that no items from the fourth row requires maintenance The second digit 4 refers to the third row indicating that the Drive Cooling Fan requires maintenance

16-96 Maintenance Word		
Ra	inge:	Function:
		The third digit 0 indicates that no items from
		the second row requires maintenance
The fourth digit A refers to the top row		The fourth digit A refers to the top row
		indicating that the Valve and the Pump
		Bearings require maintenance



3.17 Main Menu - Data Readouts 2 - Group 18

3.17.1 18-0* Maintenance Log

This group contains the last 10 Preventive Maintenance events. Maintenance Log 0 is the latest and Maintenance Log 9 the oldest.

By selecting one of the logs and pressing [OK], the Maintenance Item, Action and time of the occurrence can be found in 18-00 Maintenance Log: Item – 18-03 Maintenance Log: Date and Time.

The Alarm log button on the LCP allows access to both Alarm log and Maintenance log.

18-00 Maintenance Log: Item

Array [10]. Array parameter; Error code 0 - 9: The meaning of the error code can be found in the Troubleshooting section of the Design Guide.

Range:		Function:
0 *	[0 - 255]	Locate the meaning of the
		Maintenance Item in the
		description of 23-10 Maintenance
		Item .

18-01 Maintenance Log: Action

Array [10]. Array parameter; Error code 0 - 9: The meaning of the error code can be found in the Troubleshooting section of the Design Guide.

Range:		Function:
0 *	[0 - 255]	Locate the meaning of the
		Maintenance Item in the
		description of 23-11 Maintenance
		Action
	-	-

18-02 Maintenance Log: Time

Array [10]. Array parameter; Time 0 - 9: This parameter shows at which time the logged event occurred. Time is measured in seconds since start of the frequency converter.

каnge:		Function:
0 s*	[0 - 2147483647 s]	Shows when the logged
		event occurred. Time is
		measured in seconds
		since last power-up.

18-03 Maintenance Log: Date and Time

10-03 Maintenance Log. Date and Time		
	Function:	
[0 -	Shows when the logged event occurred.	
0]	NOTE	
	This requires that the date and time is programmed in <i>0-70 Date and Time</i> .	
	[0 -	

18-03 Maintenance Log: Date and Time		
Array [10]		
Range:	Function:	
	Date format depends on the setting in 0-71 Date Format, while the time format depends on the setting in 0-72 Time Format. NOTE The frequency converter has no back up of the clock function and the set date/time will reset to default (2000-01-01 00:00) after a power down unless a Real Time Clock module with back up is installed. In 0-79 Clock Fault it is possible to program for a Warning in case clock has not been set properly, e.g. after a power down. Incorrect setting of the clock will affect the time stamps for the Maintenance Events.	

NOTE

When mounting an Analog I/O MCB 109 option card, a battery back-up of date and time is included.

3.17.2 18-1* Fire Mode Log

The log covers the latest 10 faults which have been suppressed by the Fire Mode function. See parameter group 24-0*, Fire Mode. The log can be viewed either via the below parameters or by pressing the Alarm Log button on the LCP and select Fire Mode Log. It is not possible to reset the Fire Mode Log.

18	18-10 Fire Mode Log: Event		
Range: Function:		Function:	
0 *	[0 - 255]	This parameter contains an array with 10 elements. The number read represent an error code, which corresponds to a specific alarm. This can be found in the Troubleshooting section in the Design Guide.	

18-11 Fire Mode Log: Time			
Range:		Function:	
0 s*	[0 - 2147483647 s]	This parameter contains an array with	
		10 elements. The parameter shows at	
		which time the logged event occurred.	
		Time is measured in seconds since the	
		first start of the motor.	



18-12 Fire Mode Log: Date and Time		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0-	This parameter contains an array with 10 elements. The parameter shows at which date and time the logged event occurred. The function relies on that the actual date and time has been set in 0-70 Date and Time. Note: There is no build in battery back up of the clock. An external back up must be used, eg the one in the MCB 109 Analog I/O option card. See Clock Settings, parameter group 0-7*.

3.17.3 18-3* Analog I/O

Parameters for reporting the digital and analog I/O ports.

18-30	18-30 Analog Input X42/1		
Range	•	Function:	
0.000 *	[-20.000 - 20.000]	Read out of the value of the signal applied to terminal X42/1 on the Analog I/O Card. The units of the value shown in the LCP will correspond to the mode selected in 26-00 Terminal X42/1 Mode.	
		20-00 Terrilliai X42/T Mode.	

18-31	18-31 Analog Input X42/3		
Range	:	Function:	
0.000 *	[-20.000 -	Read out of the value of the signal	
	20.000]	applied to terminal X42/3 on the Analog	
		I/O Card.	
		The units of the value shown in the LCP	
		will correspond to the mode selected in	
		26-01 Terminal X42/3 Mode.	

18-32 Analog Input X42/5			
Range:		Function:	
0.000 *	[-20.000 -	Read out of the value of the signal	
	20.000]	applied to terminal X42/5 on the Analog	
		I/O Card.	
		The units of the value shown in the LCP	
		will correspond to the mode selected in	
		26-02 Terminal X42/5 Mode.	

18-33 Analog Out X42/7 [V]			
Range: Fu		Function:	
0.000 *	[0.000 -	Read out of the value of the signal	
	30.000]	applied to terminal X42/7 on the Analog	
		I/O Card.	
		The value shown reflects the selection in	
		26-40 Terminal X42/7 Output.	

18-34 Analog Out X42/9 [V]		
Range: Function:		Function:
0.000 *	[0.000 - 30.000]	Read out of the value of the signal applied to terminal X42/9 on the Analog I/O Card. The value shown reflects the selection in 26-50 Terminal X42/9 Output.

18-35 Analog Out X42/11 [V]			
Range: Function:		Function:	
0.000 *	[0.000 -	Read out of the value of the signal	
	30.000]	applied to terminal X42/11 on the	
		Analog I/O Card.	
		The value shown reflects the selection in	
		26-60 Terminal X42/11 Output.	

3.17.4 18-5* Ref. & Feedb.

NOTE

Sensorless Readout requires set up by MCT 10 with sensorless specific plug in.

18-50 Sensorless Readout [unit]			
Range:	Function:		
0.000	[-999999.999 -	View the pressure or flow	
Sensor-	999999.999	resulting from the sensor-less	
lessUnit*	SensorlessUnit]	calculations. This value is the	
		value not used for control. The	
		value will only be updated if	
		sensor-less data supports both	
		flow and pressure.	

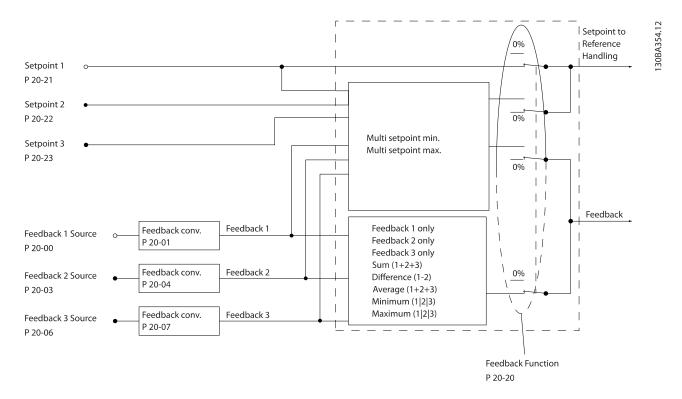


3.18 Main Menu - Drive Closed Loop - Group 20

This parameter group is used for configuring the closed loop PID Controller, that controls the output frequency of the frequency converter.

3.18.1 20-0* Feedback

This parameter group is used to configure the feedback signal for the frequency converter's closed loop PID Controller. Whether the frequency converter is in Closed Loop Mode or Open Loop Mode, the feedback signals can also be shown on the frequency converter's display, be used to control a frequency converter analog output, and be transmitted over various serial communication protocols.



20-0	20-00 Feedback 1 Source			
Opti	on:	Function:		
		Up to three different feedback signals can be used to provide the feedback signal for the frequency converter's PID Controller. This parameter defines which input will be used as the source of the first feedback signal. Analog input X30/11 and Analog input X30/12 refer to inputs on the optional General Purpose I/O board.		
[0]	No function			
[1]	Analog input 53			
[2] *	Analog input 54			
[3]	Pulse input 29			
[4]	Pulse input 33			
[7]	Analog input X30/11			
[8]	Analog input X30/12			
[9]	Analog Input X42/1			

20-00 Feedback 1 Source			
Opti	on:	Function:	
[10]	Analog Input X42/3		
[11]	Analog Input X42/5		
[15]	Analog Input X48/2		
[100]	Bus feedback 1		
[101]	Bus feedback 2		
[102]	Bus feedback 3		
[104]	Sensorless Flow	Requires set up by MCT 10 with sensorless specific plug in.	
[105]	Sensorless Pressure	Requires set up by MCT 10 with sensorless specific plug in.	



If a feedback is not used, its source must be set to *No Function* [0]. *20-20 Feedback Function* determines how the three possible feedbacks will be used by the PID Controller.

20-	20-01 Feedback 1 Conversion		
Op	tion:	Function:	
		This parameter allows a conversion function to be applied to Feedback 1.	
[0] *	Linear	Linear [0] has no effect on the feedback.	
[1]	Square root	Square root [1] is commonly used when a pressure sensor is used to provide flow feedback ((flow $\propto \sqrt{pressure}$)).	
[2]	Pressure to temperature	Pressure to temperature [2] is used in compressor applications to provide temperature feedback using a pressure sensor. The temperature of the refrigerant is calculated using the following formula: $\frac{A2}{Im(Pe+1)-A1}-A3,$ where A1, A2 and A3 are refrigerant-specific constants. The refrigerant must be selected in 20-30 Refrigerant. 20-21 Setpoint 1 through 20-23 Setpoint 3 allow the values of A1, A2 and A3 to be entered for a refrigerant that is not listed in 20-30 Refrigerant.	
[3]	Pressure to flow	Pressure to flow is used in applications where the air flow in a duct is to be controlled. The feedback signal is represented by a dynamic pressure measurement (pitot tube). Flow = Duct Area × √Dynamic Pressure × Air Density Factor See also 20-34 Duct 1 Area [m2] through 20-38 Air Density Factor [%] for setting of duct area and air density.	
[4]	Velocity to flow	Velocity to flow is used in applications where the air flow in a duct is to be controlled. The feedback signal is represented by an air velocity measurement. Flow = Duct Area × Air Velocity See also 20-34 Duct 1 Area [m2] through 20-37 Duct 2 Area [in2] for setting of duct area.	

20-0	20-02 Feedback 1 Source Unit		
Opti	on:	Function:	
		This parameter determines the unit that is used for this Feedback Source, prior to applying the feedback conversion of 20-01 Feedback 1 Conversion. This unit is not used by the PID Controller.	
[0] *	None		
[1]	%		

20-02 Feedback 1 Source Unit			
Opti	on:	Function:	
[5]	PPM		
[10]	1/min		
[11]	RPM		
[12]	Pulse/s		
[20]	l/s		
[21]	l/min		
[22]	l/h		
[23]	m³/s		
[24]	m³/min		
[25]	m³/h		
[30]	kg/s		
[31]	kg/min		
[32]	kg/h		
[33]	t/min		
[34]	t/h		
[40]	m/s		
[41]	m/min		
[45]	m		
[60]	°C		
[70]	mbar		
[71]	bar		
[72]	Pa		
[73]	kPa		
[74]	m WG		
[75]	mm Hg		
[80]	kW		
[120]	GPM		
[121]	gal/s		
[122]	gal/min		
[123]	gal/h		
[124]	CFM		
[125]			
	ft ³ /min		
[127]	ft³/h		
[130]	lb/s		
[131]	lb/min		
[132]	lb/h		
[140]	ft/s		
[141]	ft/min		
[145]	ft		
[160]	°F		
[170]	psi		
[171]	lb/in²		
[172]	in WG		
[173]	ft WG		
[174]	in Hg		
[180]	HP		



This parameter is only available when using pressure to temperature feedback conversion.

If the choice Linear [0] is selected in 20-01 Feedback 1 Conversion, then the setting of any choice in 20-02 Feedback 1 Source Unit does not matter as conversion will be one-to-one.

20-0	20-03 Feedback 2 Source				
Opti	on:	Function:			
		See 20-00 Feedback 1 Source for details.			
[0] *	No function				
[1]	Analog input 53				
[2]	Analog input 54				
[3]	Pulse input 29				
[4]	Pulse input 33				
[7]	Analog input X30/11				
[8]	Analog input X30/12				
[9]	Analog Input X42/1				
[10]	Analog Input X42/3				
[11]	Analog Input X42/5				
[15]	Analog Input X48/2				
[100]	Bus feedback 1				
[101]	Bus feedback 2				
[102]	Bus feedback 3				

20-0	20-04 Feedback 2 Conversion			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		See 20-01 Feedback 1 Conversion for details.		
[0] *	Linear			
[1]	Square root			
[2]	Pressure to temperature			
[3]	Pressure to flow			
[4]	Velocity to flow			

20-05 Feedback 2 Source Unit

Option:		Function:
		See 20-02 Feedback 1 Source Unit for details.

20-0	20-06 Feedback 3 Source			
Opti	on:	Function:		
		See 20-00 Feedback 1 Source for details.		
[0] *	No function			
[1]	Analog input 53			
[2]	Analog input 54			
[3]	Pulse input 29			
[4]	Pulse input 33			
[7]	Analog input X30/11			
[8]	Analog input X30/12			
[9]	Analog Input X42/1			
[10]	Analog Input X42/3			

20-06 Feedback 3 Source				
Opti	on:	Function:		
[11]	Analog Input X42/5			
[15]	Analog Input X48/2			
[100]	Bus feedback 1			
[101]	Bus feedback 2			
[102]	Bus feedback 3			

20-07 Feedback 3 Conversion				
Option:		Function:		
		See 20-01 Feedback 1 Conversion for details.		
[0] *	Linear			
[1]	Square root			
[2]	Pressure to temperature			
[3]	Pressure to flow			
[4]	Velocity to flow			

20-08 Feedback 3 Source Unit

Option:		Function:
		See 20-02 Feedback 1 Source Unit for details

20-12 Reference/Feedback Unit

Opt	ion:	Function:
		See 20-02 Feedback 1 Source Unit for details.

20-13 Minimum Reference/Feedb.			
Range:	Function:		
0.000	[-999999.999 -	Enter the desired minimum	
ProcessCtrlUnit*	par. 20-14	value for the remote	
	ProcessCtrlUnit]	reference when operating	
		with 1-00 Configuration	
		Mode set for Closed Loop	
		[3] operation. Units are set	
		in 20-12 Reference/Feedback	
		Unit.	
		Minimum feedback will be	
		-200% of either the value	
		set in 20-13 Minimum	
		Reference/Feedb. or in	
		20-14 Maximum Reference/	
		Feedb., which ever numeric	
		value is the highest.	

NOTE

If operating with 1-00 Configuration Mode set for Open Loop [0], 3-02 Minimum Reference must be used.



20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb.			
Range:	Function:		
100.000 ProcessCtrlUnit*	[par. 20-13 - 999999.999 ProcessCtrlUnit]	Enter the maximum reference/feedback for closed loop operation. The setting determines the highest value obtainable by summing all reference sources for closed loop operation. The setting determines 100% feedback in open and closed loop (total feedback range: -200% to +200%).	

If operating with 1-00 Configuration Mode set for Open Loop [0], 3-03 Maximum Reference must be used.

NOTE

The dynamics of the PID controller will depend on the value set in this parameter. See also *20-93 PID Proportional Gain*.

20-13 Minimum Reference/Feedb. and 20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb. also determine the feedback range when using feedback for display readout with 1-00 Configuration Mode set for Open Loop [0]. Same condition as above.

3.18.2 20-2* Feedback & Setpoint

This parameter group is used to determine how the frequency converter's PID Controller will use the three possible feedback signals to control the output frequency of the frequency converter. This group is also used to store the three internal setpoint references.

20-	20-20 Feedback Function		
Ор	tion:	Function:	
		This parameter determines how the three possible feedbacks will be used to control the output frequency of the frequency converter.	
[0]	Sum	Sum [0] sets up the PID Controller to use the sum of Feedback 1, Feedback 2 and Feedback 3 as the feedback. NOTE Any unused feedbacks must be set to No Function in 20-00 Feedback 1 Source, 20-03 Feedback 2 Source, or 20-06 Feedback 3 Source.	
		The sum of Setpoint 1 and any other references that are enabled (see parameter group 3-1*) will be used as the PID Controller's set-point reference.	

20-	20-20 Feedback Function				
Ор	tion:	Function:			
[1]	Difference	Difference [1] sets up the PID controller to use the difference between Feedback 1 and Feedback 2 as the feedback. Feedback 3 will not be used with this selection. Only Setpoint 1 will be used. The sum of Setpoint 1 and any other references that are enabled (see parameter group 3-1*) will be used as the PID controller's set-point reference.			
[2]	Average	Average [2] sets up the PID Controller to use the average of Feedback 1, Feedback 2 and Feedback 3 as the feedback. NOTE Any unused feedbacks must be set to No Function in 20-00 Feedback 1 Source, 20-03 Feedback 2 Source, or 20-06 Feedback 3 Source. The sum of Setpoint 1 and any other references that are enabled (see parameter group 3-1*) will be used as the PID Controller's set-point reference.			
*	Minimum	Minimum [3] sets up the PID Controller to com Feedback 1, Feedback 2 and Feedback 3 and use the lowest value as the feedback. NOTE Any unused feedbacks must be set to No Function in 20-00 Feedback 1 Source, 20-03 Feedback 2 Source, or 20-06 Feedback 3 Source. Only setpoint 1 will be used. The sum of Setpoint 1 and any other references that are enabled (see parameter group 3-1*) will be used as the PID Controller's setpoint reference.			
[4]	Maximum	Maximum [4] sets up the PID Controller to com Feedback 1, Feedback 2 and Feedback 3 and use the highest value as the feedback. NOTE Any unused feedbacks must be set to No Function in 20-00 Feedback 1 Source, 20-03 Feedback 2 Source, or 20-06 Feedback 3 Source. Only Setpoint 1 will be used. The sum of Setpoint 1 and any other references that are enabled (see parameter group 3-1*) will be used as the PID Controller's setpoint reference.			
[5]	Multi Setpoint Min	Multi-setpoint minimum [5] sets up the PID Controller to calculate the difference between Feedback 1 and Setpoint 1, Feedback 2 and Setpoint 2, and Feedback 3 and Setpoint 3. It will use the feedback/setpoint pair in which the feedback is the farthest below its corresponding			

3

20-20 Feedback Function

Option:

Function:

setpoint reference. If all feedback signals are above their corresponding setpoints, the PID Controller will use the feedback/setpoint pair in which the difference between the feedback and setpoint is the least.

NOTE

If only two feedback signals are used, the feedback that is not to be used must be set to No Function in 20-00 Feedback 1 Source, 20-03 Feedback 2 Source or 20-06 Feedback 3 Source. Note that each setpoint reference will be the sum of its respective parameter value (20-21 Setpoint 1, 20-22 Setpoint 2 and 20-23 Setpoint 3) and any other references that are enabled (see parameter group 3-1*).

[6] Multi Setpoint Max Multi-setpoint maximum [6] sets up the PID Controller to calculate the difference between Feedback 1 and Setpoint 1, Feedback 2 and Setpoint 2, and Feedback 3 and Setpoint 3. It will use the feedback/setpoint pair in which the feedback is farthest above its corresponding setpoint reference. If all feedback signals are below their corresponding setpoints, the PID Controller will use the feedback/setpoint pair in which the difference between the feedback and the setpoint reference is the least.

NOTE

If only two feedback signals are used, the feedback that is not to be used must be set to No Function in 20-00 Feedback 1 Source, 20-03 Feedback 2 Source or 20-06 Feedback 3 Source. Note that each setpoint reference will be the sum of its respective parameter value (20-21 Setpoint 1, 20-22 Setpoint 2 and 20-23 Setpoint 3) and any other references that are enabled (see parameter group 3-1*).

NOTE

Any unused feedback must be set to "No function" in its Feedback Source parameter: 20-00 Feedback 1 Source, 20-03 Feedback 2 Source or 20-06 Feedback 3 Source.

The feedback resulting from the function selected in 20-20 Feedback Function will be used by the PID Controller to control the output frequency of the frequency converter. This feedback can also be shown on the frequency converter's display, be used to control a frequency converter's analog output, and be transmitted over various serial communication protocols.

The frequency converter can be configured to handle multi zone applications. Two different multi zone applications are supported:

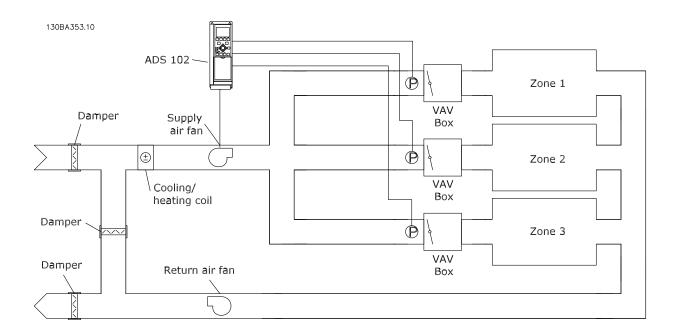
- Multi zone, single setpoint
- Multi zone, multi setpoint



The difference between the two is illustrated by the following examples:

Example 1 – Multi zone, single setpoint

In an office building, a VAV (variable air volume) ADS 102 system must ensure a minimum pressure at selected VAV boxes. Due to the varying pressure losses in each duct, the pressure at each VAV box cannot be assumed to be the same. The minimum pressure required is the same for all VAV boxes. This control method can be set up by setting 20-20 Feedback Function to option [3], Minimum, and entering the desired pressure in 20-21 Setpoint 1. The PID Controller will increase the speed of the fan if any one feedback is below the setpoint and decrease the speed of the fan if all feedbacks are above the setpoint.



Example 2 - Multi zone, multi setpoint

The previous example can be used to illustrate the use of multi zone, multi setpoint control. If the zones require different pressures for each VAV box, each setpoint may be specified in 20-21 Setpoint 1, 20-22 Setpoint 2 and 20-23 Setpoint 3. By selecting Multi setpoint minimum, [5], in 20-20 Feedback Function, the PID Controller will increase the speed of the fan if any one of the feedbacks is below its setpoint and decrease the speed of the fan if all feedbacks are above their individual setpoints.

20-21 Setpoint 1			
Range:	_	Function:	
0.000 ProcessCtrlUnit*	[par. 20-13 - par. 20-14 ProcessCtrlUnit]	Setpoint 1 is used in Closed Loop Mode to enter a setpoint reference that is used by the frequency converter's PID Controller. See the description of 20-20 Feedback Function.	
		NOTE Setpoint reference entered here is added to any other references that are enabled (see parameter group 3-1*).	

20-22 Setpoint 2			
Range:	Function:		
0.000	[par. 20-13 - par.	Setpoint 2 is used in	
ProcessCtrlUnit*	20-14	Closed Loop Mode to	
	ProcessCtrlUnit]	enter a setpoint reference	
		that may be used by the	
		frequency converter's PID	
		Controller. See the	
		description of Feedback	
		Function, 20-20 Feedback	
		Function.	

NOTE

The set-point reference entered here is added to any other references that are enabled (see parameter group 3-1*).

20-23 Setpoint	: 3	
Range:		Function:
0.000	[par. 20-13 -	Setpoint 3 is used in
ProcessCtrlUnit*	par. 20-14	Closed Loop Mode to enter
	ProcessCtrlUnit]	a setpoint reference that
		may be used by the
		frequency converter's PID
		Controller. See the
		description of
		20-20 Feedback Function.
		NOTE
		The setpoint reference entered here is added to any other references that are enabled (see parameter group 3-1*).

3.18.3 20-3* Feedback Adv. Conversion

In air conditioning compressor applications it is often useful to control the system based on the temperature of the refrigerant. However, it is generally more convenient to directly measure its pressure. This parameter group allows the frequency converter's PID Controller to convert refrigerant pressure measurements into temperature values.

20-3	20-30 Refrigerant		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the refrigerant used in the compressor	
		application. This parameter must be specified	
		correctly for the pressure to temperature	
		conversion to be accurate. If the refrigerant	
		used is not listed in choices [0] through [6],	
		select User defined [7]. Then, use 20-31 User	
		Defined Refrigerant A1, 20-32 User Defined	
		Refrigerant A2 and 20-33 User Defined Refrigerant	
		A3 to provide A1, A2 and A3 for the equation	
		below:	
		Temperature = $\frac{A2}{(\ln(Pe+1)-A1)} - A3$	
[0] *	R22		
[1]	R134a		
[2]	R404A		
[3]	R407C		
[4]	R410A		
[5]	R502		
[6]	R744		
[7]	User		
	defined		

20-31 User Defined Refrigerant A1			
Range:		Function:	
10.0000 *	[8.0000 -	Use this parameter to enter the	
	12.0000]	value of coefficient A1 when	
		20-30 Refrigerant is set to User	
		defined [7].	

20-32 User Defined Refrigerant A2			
Range:		Function:	
-2250.00 *	[-3000.00 - -1500.00]	Use this parameter to enter the value of coefficient A2 when 20-30 Refrigerant is set to User defined [7].	

20-33 User Defined Refrigerant A3			
Range:		Function:	
250.000 *	[200.000 -	Use this parameter to enter the	
	300.000]	value of coefficient A3 when	
		20-30 Refrigerant is set to User	
		defined [7].	

20-34 Duct 1 Area [m2]		
Range:		Function:
0.500	[0.001 -	Used for setting the area of the air ducts in
m2*	10.000	connection with feedback conversion
	m2]	pressure/velocity to flow. The unit (m²) is
		determined by the setting of 0-03 Regional
		Settings. Fan 1 is used with feedback 1. In
		case of flow difference control, set
		20-20 Feedback Function to [1] Difference, if
		flow fan 1 – flow fan 2 is to be controlled.

20-35 Fan 1 Area [in2]		
Range		Function:
		Used for setting the area of the air ducts in connection with feedback conversion pressure/velocity to flow. The unit (in²) is determined by the setting of 0-03 Regional Settings. Fan 1 is used with feedback 1. In case of flow difference control, set 20-20 Feedback Function to [1] Difference, if flow fan 1 – flow fan 2 is to be controlled.
750 in2*	[0 - 15000 in2]	

20-36 I	20-36 Fan 2 Area [m2]		
Range:		Function:	
		Used for setting the area of the air ducts in	
		connection with feedback conversion	
		pressure/velocity to flow. The unit (m²) is	
		determined by the setting of 0-03 Regional	
		Settings. Fan 2 is used with feedback 2. In	
		case of flow difference control, set	
		20-20 Feedback Function to [1] Difference, if	
		flow fan 1 – flow fan 2 is to be controlled.	



20-36 I	20-36 Fan 2 Area [m2]		
Range:		Function:	
0.500	[0.000 -		
m2*	10.000		
	m2]		

20-37	20-37 Fan 2 Area [in2]		
Range		Function:	
		Used for setting the area of the air ducts in connection with feedback conversion pressure/velocity to flow. The unit (in²) is determined by the setting of 0-03 Regional Settings. Fan 2 is used with feedback 2. In case of flow difference control, set 20-20 Feedback Function to [1] Difference, if flow fan 1 – flow fan 2 is to be controlled.	
750	[0 -		
in2*	15000 in2]		

20-38 Air Density Factor [%]		
Range		Function:
100 %*	[50 - 150	Set the air density factor for conversion
	%]	Set the air density factor for conversion from pressure to flow in % relative to the
		air density at sea level at 20 °C (100% ~
		1,2 kg/m³).

3.18.4 20-6* Sensorless

Parameters for Sensorless. See also 20-00 Feedback 1 Source, 18-50 Sensorless Readout [unit], 16-26 Power Filtered [kW] and 16-27 Power Filtered [hp].

NOTE

Sensorless unit and Sensorless Information requires set up by MCT 10 with sensorless specific plug in.

20-6	20-60 Sensorless Unit		
Opti	on:	Function:	
		Select the unit to be used with 18-50 Sensorless Readout [unit].	
[20]	I/s		
[21]	l/min		
[22]	l/h		
[23]	m³/s		
[24]	m³/min		
[25]	m³/h		
[70]	mbar		
[71]	bar		
[72]	Pa		
[73]	kPa		
[74]	m WG		
[75]	mm Hg		
[120]	GPM		

20-60 Sensorless Unit			
Opti	on:	Function:	
[121]	gal/s		
[122]	gal/min		
[123]	gal/h		
[124]	CFM		
[125]	ft³/s		
[126]	ft³/min		
[127]	ft³/h		
[170]	psi		
[171]	lb/in²		
[172]	in WG		
[173]	ft WG		
[174]	in Hg		

20-69 Sensorless Information				
Rar	Range: Function:			
0 *	[0 - 0]	View information about the sensor-less data.		

3.18.5 20-7* PID autotuning

The frequency converter PID Closed Loop controller (parameter group 20-**, Closed Loop) can be auto-tuned, simplifying and saving time during commissioning, whilst ensuring accurate PID control adjustment. To use auto-tuning it is necessary for the frequency converter to be configured for closed loop in 1-00 Configuration Mode.

A Graphical Local Control Panel (LCP) must be used in order to react on messages during the auto-tuning sequence.

Enabling 20-79 PID Autotuning, puts the frequency converter into auto-tuning mode. The LCP then directs the user with on-screen instructions.

The fan/pump is started by pressing [Auto On] button on the LCP and applying a start signal. The speed is adjusted manually by pressing the [▲] or [▼] navigation keys on the LCP to a level where the feedback is around the system set-point.

NOTE

It is not possible to run the motor at maximum or minimum speed, when manually adjusting the motor speed due to the need of giving the motor a step in the speed during auto-tuning.

PID auto-tuning functions by introducing step changes whilst operating at a steady state and then monitoring the feedback. From the feedback response, the required values for 20-93 PID Proportional Gain and 20-94 PID Integral Time are calculated. 20-95 PID Differentiation Time is set to value



0 (zero). 20-81 PID Normal/ Inverse Control is determined during tuning process.

These calculated values are presented on the LCP and the user can decide whether to accept or reject them. Once accepted, the values are written to the relevant parameters and auto-tuning mode is disabled in 20-79 PID Autotuning. Depending on the system being controlled the time required to carry out auto-tuning could be several minutes. It is advised to set the ramp times in 3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time, 3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time or 3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time and 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time according to the load inertia before carrying out PID autotuning. If PID autotuning is carried out with slow ramp times, the autotuned parameters will typically result in very slow control. Excessive feedback sensor noise should be removed using the input filter (parameter groups 6-**, 5-5* and 26-**, Terminal 53/54 Filter Time Constant/Pulse Filter Time Constant #29/33) before activating PID autotuning. In order to obtain the most accurate controller parameters, it is advised to carry out PID autotuning, when the application is running in typical operation, i.e. with a typical load.

20-7	20-70 Closed Loop Type					
Opt	ion:	Function:				
		This parameter defines the application response. The default mode should be sufficient for most applications. If the application response speed is known, it can be selected here. This will decrease the time needed for carrying out PID autotuning. The setting has no impact on the value of the tuned parameters and is used only for the autotuning sequence.				
[0] *	Auto					
[1]	Fast Pressure					
[2]	Slow Pressure					
[3]	Fast Temperature					
[4]	Slow Temperature					

20-7	20-71 PID Performance			
Option:		Function:		
[0] *	Normal	Normal setting of this parameter will be suitable for pressure control in fan systems.		
[1]	Fast	Fast setting would generally be used in pumping systems, where a faster control response is desirable.		

20-72 PID Output Change			
Range:		Function:	
0.10 *	[0.01 - 0.50]	This parameter sets the magnitude of step change during autotuning. The value is a percentage of full speed. I.e. if maximum output frequency in 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]/4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz] is	

20-72 PID Output Change		
Range:		Function:
		set to 50Hz, 0.10 is 10% of 50Hz, which is 5Hz.
		This parameter should be set to a value resulting in feedback changes of between 10%
		and 20% for best tuning accuracy.

20-73 Minimun	n Feedback Level	
Range:		Function:
-999999.000	[-999999.999 -	The minimum allowable
ProcessCtrlUnit*	par. 20-74	feedback level should be
	ProcessCtrlUnit]	entered here in User units
		as defined in
		20-12 Reference/Feedback
		Unit. If the level falls below
		20-73 Minimum Feedback
		Level, autotuning is
		aborted and an error
		message will appear on
		the LCP.

20-74 Maximum Feedback Level				
Range:		Function:		
999999.000	[par. 20-73 -	The maximum allowable		
ProcessCtrlUnit*	999999.999	feedback level should be		
	ProcessCtrlUnit]	entered here in User units		
		as defined in		
		20-12 Reference/Feedback		
		Unit. If the level rises		
		above 20-74 Maximum		
		Feedback Level, autotuning		
		is aborted and an error		
		message will appear on		
		the LCP.		

20-7	20-79 PID Autotuning			
Option:		Function:		
		This parameter starts the PID autotuning		
		sequence. Once the autotuning has successfully		
		completed and the settings have been accepted		
		or rejected by the user, by pressing [OK] or		
		[Cancel] buttons on the LCP at the end of tuning,		
		this parameter is reset to [0] Disabled.		
[0] *	Disabled			
[1]	Enabled			

3.18.6 20-8* PID Basic Settings

This parameter group is used to configure the basic operation of the frequency converter's PID Controller, including how it responds to a feedback that is above or below the setpoint, the speed at which it first starts functioning, and when it will indicate that the system has reached the setpoint.



20-8	20-81 PID Normal/ Inverse Control			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	Normal	Normal [0] causes the frequency converter's output frequency to decrease when the feedback is greater than the setpoint reference. This is common for pressure-controlled supply fan and pump applications.		
[1]	Inverse	Inverse [1] causes the frequency converter's output frequency to increase when the feedback is greater than the setpoint reference. This is common for temperature-controlled cooling applications, such as cooling towers.		

20-82 PI	D Start Sp	peed [RPM]
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0 - par. 4-13 RPM]	When the frequency converter is first started, it initially ramps up to this output speed in Open Loop Mode, following the active Ramp Up Time. When the output speed programmed here is reached, the frequency converter will automatically switch to Closed Loop Mode and the PID Controller will begin to function. This is useful in applications in which the driven load must first quickly accelerate to a minimum speed when it is started. NOTE This parameter will only be visible if 0-02 Motor Speed Unit is set to [0], RPM.

20-83 PID Start Speed [Hz] Range: **Function:** When the frequency converter is first Size [0.0 related* par. started, it initially ramps up to this output 4-14 frequency in Open Loop Mode, following Hz] the active Ramp Up Time. When the output frequency programmed here is reached, the frequency converter will automatically switch to Closed Loop Mode and the PID Controller will begin to function. This is useful in applications in which the driven load must first quickly accelerate to a minimum speed when it is started. NOTE This parameter will only be visible if 0-02 Motor Speed Unit is set to [1], Hz.

20-84 On Reference Bandwidth		
Range:		Function:
5 %*		When the difference between the feedback and
	200 %]	the setpoint reference is less than the value of this parameter, the frequency converter's display
		this parameter, the frequency converter's display

20-84 On Reference Bandwidth		
Range:	Function:	
	will show "Run on Reference". This status can be communicated externally by programming the function of a digital output for <i>Run on Reference/No Warning</i> [8]. In addition, for serial communications, the On Reference status bit of the frequency converter's Status Word will be high (1). The <i>On Reference Bandwidth</i> is calculated as a percentage of the setpoint reference.	

3.18.7 20-9* PID Controller

This group provides the ability to manually adjust this PID Controller. By adjusting the PID Controller parameters the control performance may be improved. See section *PID* in the ADS 102 Design Guide, *MG.11.IX.YY* for guidelines on adjusting the PID Controller parameters.

20-9	20-91 PID Anti Windup		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0]	Off	Off [0] The integrator will continue to change value also after output has reached one of the extremes. This can afterwards cause a delay of change of the output of the controller.	
[1] *	On	On [1] The integrator will be locked if the output of the built in PID controller has reached one of the extremes (min or max value) and therefore not able to add further change to the value of the process parameter controlled. This allows the controller to respond more quickly when it again can control the system.	

20-93 PID Proportional Gain			
Range: Function:			
0.50 *	[0.00 - 10.00]	The proportional gain indicates the number of times the error between the set point and the feedback signal is to be	
		applied.	

If (Error x Gain) jumps with a value equal to what is set in 20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb. the PID controller will try to change the output speed equal to what is set in 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]/4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz] but in practice of course limited by this setting. The proportional band (error causing output to change from 0-100%) can be calculated by means of the formula

 $\left(\frac{1}{\textit{Proportional Gain}}\right) \times \left(\textit{Max Reference}\right)$

NOTE

Always set the desired for 20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb. before setting the values for the PID controller in parameter group 20-9*.



20-94 PID Integral Time		
Range	:	Function:
20.00	[0.01 -	Over time, the integrator accumulates a
s*	10000.00	contribution to the output from the PID
	s]	controller as long as there is a deviation
		between the Reference/Setpoint and
		feedback signals. The contribution is propor-
		tional to the size of the deviation. This
		ensures that the deviation (error)
		approaches zero.
		Quick response on any deviation is obtained
		when the integral time is set to a low value.
		Setting it too low, however, may cause the
		control to become unstable.
		The value set, is the time needed for the
		integrator to add the same contribution as
		the proportional for a certain deviation.
		If the value is set to 10,000, the controller
		will act as a pure proportional controller
		with a P-band based on the value set in
		20-93 PID Proportional Gain. When no
		deviation is present, the output from the
		proportional controller will be 0.

20-95	20-95 PID Differentiation Time		
Range	Range: Function:		
0.00 s*	[0.00 - 10.00 s]	The differentiator monitors the rate of change of the feedback. If the feedback is changing quickly, it will adjust the output of the PID Controller to reduce the rate of change of the feedback. Quick PID Controller response is obtained when this value is large. However, if too large of a value is used, the frequency converter's output frequency may become unstable. Differentiation time is useful is situations where extremely fast frequency converter response and precise speed control are required. It can be difficult to adjust this for proper system control. Differentiation time is not commonly used in ADS 102 applications. Therefore, it is	
		generally best to leave this parameter at 0 or OFF.	

20-9	20-96 PID Diff. Gain Limit		
Rang	ge:	Function:	
5.0 *	[1.0 -	The differential function of a PID Controller	
	50.0]	responds to the rate of change of the feedback.	
		As a result, an abrupt change in the feedback	
		can cause the differential function to make a	
		very large change in the PID Controller's output.	
		This parameter limits the maximum effect that	
		the PID Controller's differential function can	
		produce. A smaller value reduces the maximum	
		effect of the PID Controller's differential function.	
		This parameter is only active when <i>20-95 PID</i> Differentiation Time is not set to OFF (0 s).	



3.19 Main Menu - Extended Closed Loop - Group 21

The ADS 102 offers 3 Extended Closed Loop PID controllers in addition to the PID Controller. These can be configured independently to control either external actuators (valves, dampers etc.) or be used together with the internal PID Controller to improve the dynamic responses to setpoint changes or load disturbances.

The Extended Closed Loop PID controllers may be interconnected or connected to the PID Closed Loop controller to form a dual loop configuration.

In order to control a modulating device (e.g. a valve motor), this device must be a positioning servo motor with built-in electronics accepting either a 0-10V (signal from Analog I/O card MCB 109) or a 0/4-20 mA (signal from Control Card and/or General Purpose I/O card MCB 101) control signal.

The output function can be programmed in the following parameters:

- Control Card, terminal 42: 6-50 Terminal 42 Output (setting [113]...[115] or [149]...[151], Ext. Closed Loop 1/2/3
- General Purpose I/O card MCB 101, terminal X30/8: 6-60 Terminal X30/8 Output, (setting [113]...
 [115] or [149]...[151], Ext. Closed Loop 1/2/3
- Analog I/O card MCB 109, terminal X42/7...11:
 26-40 Terminal X42/7 Output, 26-50 Terminal X42/9
 Output, 26-60 Terminal X42/11 Output (setting [113]...[115], Ext. Closed Loop 1/2/3

General Purpose I/O card and Analog I/O card are optional cards.

3.19.1 21-0* Extended CL autotuning

The extended PID Closed Loop PID controllers can each be auto-tuned, simplifying and saving time during commissioning, whilst ensuring accurate PID control adjustment.

To use PID autotuning it is necessary for the relevant Extended PID controller to have been configured for the application.

A graphical Local Control Panel (LCP) must be used in order to react on messages during the autotuning sequence.

Enabling autotuning *21-09 PID Autotuning* puts the relevant PID controller into PID autotuning mode. The LCP then directs the user with on-screen instructions.

PID autotuning functions by introducing step changes and then monitoring the feedback. From the feedback response, the required values for PID Proportional Gain, 21-21 Ext. 1 Proportional Gain for EXT CL 1, 21-41 Ext. 2 Proportional Gain for EXT CL 2 and 21-61 Ext. 3 Proportional Gain for EXT CL 3 and Integral Time, 21-22 Ext. 1 Integral Time for EXT CL 1, 21-42 Ext. 2 Integral Time for EXT CL 2 and 21-62 Ext. 3 Integral Time for EXT CL 3 are calculated. PID Differentiation Time, 21-23 Ext. 1 Differentation Time for EXT CL 2 and 21-63 Ext. 3 Differentation Time for EXT CL 2 and 21-63 Ext. 3 Differentation Time for EXT CL 3 are set to value 0 (zero). Normal / Inverse, 21-20 Ext. 1 Normal/Inverse Control for EXT CL 2 and 21-60 Ext. 3 Normal/Inverse Control for EXT CL 3 are determined during the tuning process.

These calculated values are presented on the LCP and the user can decide whether to accept or reject them. Once accepted, the values are written to the relevant parameters and PID autotuning mode is disabled in 21-09 PID Autotuning. Depending on the system being controlled the time required to carry out PID autotuning could be several minutes.

Excessive feedback sensor noise should be removed using the input filter (parameter groups 5-5*, 6-**, and 26-**, Terminal 53/54 Filter Time Constant/Pulse Filter Time Constant #29/33) before activating PID autotuning.

21-0	OO Closed Loop T	ype
Opt	ion:	Function:
		This parameter defines the application response. The default mode should be sufficient for most applications. If the relative application speed is known, it can be selected here. This will decrease the time needed for carrying out PID Autotuning. The setting has no impact on the value of the tuned parameters and is used only for the PID auto-tuning sequence.
[0] *	Auto	
[1]	Fast Pressure	
[2]	Slow Pressure	
[3]	Fast Temperature	
[4]	Slow Temperature	

21	21-01 PID Performance		
Op	otion:	Function:	
[0]	Normal	Normal setting of this parameter will be suitable for pressure control in fan systems.	
[1]	Fast	Fast setting would generally be used in pumping systems, where a faster control response is desirable.	



21-02 PID Output Change		
Rang	e:	Function:
0.10 *	[0.01 - 0.50]	This parameter sets the magnitude of step change during autotuning. The value is a percentage of full operating range. I.e. if maximum analog output voltage is set to 10 V, 0.10 is 10% of 10 V, which is 1 V. This parameter should be set to a value resulting in feedback changes of between 10% and 20% for best tuning accuracy.

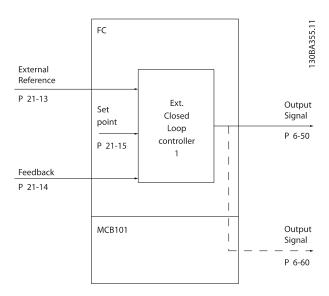
21-03 Minimum Feedback Level		
Range:		Function:
-999999.000 *	[-999999.999 - par. 21-04]	The minimum allowable feedback level should be entered here in User Units as defined in 21-10 Ext. 1 Ref./Feedback Unit for EXT CL 1, 21-30 Ext. 2 Ref./ Feedback Unit for EXT CL 2 or 21-50 Ext. 3 Ref./Feedback Unit for EXT CL 3. If the level falls below 21-03 Minimum Feedback Level, PID autotuning is aborted and an error message will appear on the LCP.

21-04 Maximum Feedback Level		
Range:		Function:
999999.000 *	[par. 21-03 - 9999999.999]	The maximum allowable feedback level should be entered here in User units as defined in 21-10 Ext. 1 Ref./Feedback Unit for EXT CL 1, 21-30 Ext. 2 Ref./Feedback Unit for EXT CL 2 or 21-50 Ext. 3 Ref./Feedback Unit for EXT CL 3 If the level rises above 21-04 Maximum Feedback Level, PID autotuning is aborted and an error message will appear on the LCP.

21-0	21-09 PID Autotuning		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		This parameter enables selection of the Extended PID controller to be autotuned and starts the PID autotuning for that controller. Once the autotuning has successfully completed and the settings have been accepted or rejected by the user, by pressing [OK] or [Cancel] buttons on the LCP at the end of tuning, this parameter is reset to [0] Disabled.	
[0] *	Disabled		
[1]	Enabled Ext CL 1 PID		

21-09 PID Autotuning		
Opt	ion:	Function:
[2]	Enabled Ext CL 2 PID	
[3]	Enabled Ext CL 3 PID	

3.19.2 21-1* Closed Loop 1 Ref/Feedback



21-10 Ext. 1 Ref./Feedback Unit		
Opti	on:	Function:
		Select the unit for the reference and feedback.
[0]	None	
[1] *	%	
[5]	PPM	
[10]	1/min	
[11]	RPM	
[12]	Pulse/s	
[20]	l/s	
[21]	l/min	
[22]	l/h	
[23]	m³/s	
[24]	m³/min	
[25]	m³/h	
[30]	kg/s	
[31]	kg/min	
[32]	kg/h	
[33]	t/min	
[34]	t/h	
[40]	m/s	
[41]	m/min	
[45]	m	
[60]	°C	
[70]	mbar	
[71]	bar	
[72]	Pa	



Alldales

21-10 Ext. 1 Ref./Feedback Unit		
Optio	on:	Function:
[73]	kPa	
[74]	m WG	
[75]	mm Hg	
[80]	kW	
[120]	GPM	
[121]	gal/s	
[122]	gal/min	
[123]	gal/h	
[124]	CFM	
[125]	ft³/s	
[126]	ft³/min	
[127]	ft³/h	
[130]	lb/s	
[131]	lb/min	
[132]	lb/h	
[140]	ft/s	
[141]	ft/min	
[145]	ft	
[160]	°F	
[170]	psi	
[171]	lb/in²	
[172]	in WG	
[173]	ft WG	
[174]	in Hg	
[180]	HP	

21-11 Ext. 1 Minimum Reference		
Range:		Function:
0.000	[-999999.999 - par.	Select the minimum
ExtPID1Unit*	21-12 ExtPID1Unit]	for the Closed Loop 1
		Controller.

21-12 Ext. 1 Maximum Reference		
Range:		Function:
100.000	[par. 21-11 -	Select the maximum for the
ExtPID1Unit*	999999.999	Closed Loop 1 Controller.
	ExtPID1Unit]	The dynamics of the PID
		controller will depend on
		the value set in this
		parameter. Please see also
		21-21 Ext. 1 Proportional
		Gain.

21-13 Ext. 1 Reference Source		
Opt	ion:	Function:
		This parameter defines which input on the frequency converter should be treated as the source of the reference signal for the Closed Loop 1 Controller. Analog input X30/11 and Analog input X30/12 refer to inputs on the General Purpose I/O.
[0] *	No function	
[1]	Analog input 53	
[2]	Analog input 54	
[7]	Pulse input 29	
[8]	Pulse input 33	
[20]	Digital pot.meter	
[21]	Analog input X30/11	
[22]	Analog input X30/12	
[23]	Analog Input X42/1	
[24]	Analog Input X42/3	
[25]	Analog Input X42/5	
[29]	Analog Input X48/2	
[30]	Ext. Closed Loop 1	
[31]	Ext. Closed Loop 2	
[32]	Ext. Closed Loop 3	

21-14 Ext. 1 Feedback Source		
Opti	on:	Function:
		This parameter defines which input
		on the frequency converter should
		be treated as the source of the
		feedback signal for the Closed Loop
		1 controller. Analog input X30/11
		and Analog input X30/12 refer to
		inputs on the General Purpose I/O.
[0] *	No function	
[1]	Analog input 53	
[2]	Analog input 54	
[3]	Pulse input 29	
[4]	Pulse input 33	
[7]	Analog input X30/11	
[8]	Analog input X30/12	
[9]	Analog Input X42/1	
[10]	Analog Input X42/3	
[11]	Analog Input X42/5	
[15]	Analog Input X48/2	
[100]	Bus feedback 1	
[101]	Bus feedback 2	
[102]	Bus feedback 3	



21-15 Ext. 1 Setpoint		
Range:		Function:
0.000	[par. 21-11 -	The setpoint reference is
ExtPID1Unit*	par. 21-12	used in extended 1 closed
	ExtPID1Unit]	loop. Ext.1 Setpoint is added
		to the value from the Ext.1
		Reference source selected in
		21-13 Ext. 1 Reference Source.

21-17 Ext. 1 Reference [Unit]		
Range:		Function:
0.000	[-999999.999 -	Readout of the
ExtPID1Unit*	999999.999	reference value for the
	ExtPID1Unit]	Closed Loop 1
		Controller.

21-18 Ext. 1 Feedback [Unit]		
Range:		Function:
0.000	[-999999.999 -	Readout of the
ExtPID1Unit*	999999.999	feedback value for the
	ExtPID1Unit]	Closed Loop 1
		Controller.

21-19 Ext. 1 Output [%]		
Rang	ge:	Function:
0 %*	[0 - 100 %]	Readout of the output value for the Closed Loop 1 Controller.

3.19.3 21-2* Closed Loop 1 PID

21	21-20 Ext. 1 Normal/Inverse Control		
O	otion:	Function:	
[0]	Normal	Select <i>Normal</i> [0] if the output should be reduced when feedback is higher than the reference.	
[1]	Inverse	Select <i>Inverse</i> [1] if the output should be increased when feedback is higher than the reference.	

21-21	21-21 Ext. 1 Proportional Gain	
Range: Fun		Function:
0.01 *	[0.00 - 10.00]	The proportional gain indicates the number of times the error between the set point and the feedback signal is to be applied.

If (Error x Gain) jumps with a value equal to what is set in 20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb., the PID controller will try to change the output speed equal to what is set in 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]/4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz] but in practice of course limited by this setting. The proportional band (error causing output to change from 0-100%) can be calculated by means of the formula

$$\left(\frac{1}{\textit{Proportional Gain}}\right) \times (\textit{Max Reference})$$

NOTE

Always set the desired for 20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb. before setting the values for the PID controller in parameter group 20-9*.

21-22 Ex	xt. 1 Integral Time	
Range:		Function:
10000.00 s*	[0.01 - 10000.00 s]	Over time, the integrator accumulates a contribution to the output from the PID controller as long as there is a deviation between the Reference/Setpoint and feedback signals. The contribution is proportional to the size of the deviation. This ensures that the deviation (error) approaches zero. Quick response on any deviation is obtained when the integral time is set to a low value. Setting it too low, however, may cause the control to become unstable. The value set, is the time needed for the integrator to add the same contribution as the proportional part for a certain deviation. If the value is set to 10,000, the controller will act as a pure proportional controller with a P-band based on the value set in 20-93 PID Proportional Gain. When no deviation is present, the output from the proportional controller will be 0.
		·.

21-23 Ext. 1 Differentation Time			
Range: Function:			
0.00 s*	[0.00 - 10.00	[0.00 - 10.00 The differentiator does not react to a	
	s]	constant error. It only provides a gain	
		when the feedback changes. The quicker	
		the feedback changes, the stronger the	
		gain from the differentiator.	

21-2	21-24 Ext. 1 Dif. Gain Limit		
Range:		Function:	
5.0 *	[1.0 - 50.0]	Set a limit for the differentiator gain (DG).	
		The DG will increase if there are fast	
		changes. Limit the DG to obtain a pure	
		differentiator gain at slow changes and a	
		constant differentiator gain where quick	
		changes occur.	



3.19.4 21-3* Closed Loop 2 Ref/Fb

21-30	0 Ext. 2 F	Ref./Feedback Unit
Optio	on:	Function:
		See 21-10 Ext. 1 Ref./Feedback Unit for details
[0]	None	
[1] *	%	
[5]	PPM	
[10]		
	1/min RPM	
[11]	Pulse/s	
[12]	I/s	
[20]	I/min	
[21]		
[22]	l/h	
[23]	m³/s	
[24]	m³/min	
[25]	m³/h	
[30]	kg/s	
[31]	kg/min	
[32]	kg/h	
[33]	t/min	
[34]	t/h	
[40]	m/s	
[41]	m/min	
[45]	m	
[60]	°C	
[70]	mbar	
[71]	bar	
[72]	Pa	
[73]	kPa	
[74]	m WG	
[75]	mm Hg	
[80]	kW	
[120]	GPM	
[121]	gal/s	
[122]	gal/min	
[123]	gal/h	
[124]	CFM	
[125]	ft ³ /s	
[126]	ft³/min	
[127]	ft³/h	
[130]	lb/s	
[131]	lb/min	
[132]	lb/h	
[140]	ft/s	
[141]	ft/min	
[145]	ft	
[160]	°F	
[170]	psi	
[171]	lb/in²	
[172]	in WG	
[173]	ft WG	
[174]	in Hg	
[180]	HP	
ر. 50	1	

21-31 Ext. 2 Minimum Reference			
Range:		Function:	
0.000 ExtPID2Unit*	[-999999.999 - par. 21-32 ExtPID2Unit]	See 21-11 Ext. 1 Minimum Reference for details.	

21-32 Ext. 2 Maximum Reference			
Range: Function:			
100.000	[par. 21-31 -	See 21-12 Ext. 1	
ExtPID2Unit*	999999.999	Maximum Reference	
	ExtPID2Unit]	for details.	

21-33 Ext. 2 Reference Source			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		See 21-13 Ext. 1 Reference Source for	
		details.	
[0] *	No function		
[1]	Analog input 53		
[2]	Analog input 54		
[7]	Pulse input 29		
[8]	Pulse input 33		
[20]	Digital pot.meter		
[21]	Analog input X30/11		
[22]	Analog input X30/12		
[23]	Analog Input X42/1		
[24]	Analog Input X42/3		
[25]	Analog Input X42/5		
[29]	Analog Input X48/2		
[30]	Ext. Closed Loop 1		
[31]	Ext. Closed Loop 2		
[32]	Ext. Closed Loop 3		

21-3	21-34 Ext. 2 Feedback Source			
Opti	on:	Function:		
		See 21-14 Ext. 1 Feedback Source for details.		
[0] *	No function			
[1]	Analog input 53			
[2]	Analog input 54			
[3]	Pulse input 29			
[4]	Pulse input 33			
[7]	Analog input X30/11			
[8]	Analog input X30/12			
[9]	Analog Input X42/1			
[10]	Analog Input X42/3			
[11]	Analog Input X42/5			
[15]	Analog Input X48/2			
[100]	Bus feedback 1			
[101]	Bus feedback 2	_		
[102]	Bus feedback 3			



21-35 Ext. 2 Setpoint Range: Function: 0.000 ExtPID2Unit* [par. 21-31 - par. See 21-15 Ext. 1 21-32 ExtPID2Unit] Setpoint for details.

21-38 Ext. 2 Feedback [Unit]		
Range:		Function:
0.000 ExtPID2Unit*	[-999999.999 -	See 21-18 Ext. 1
	999999.999	Feedback [Unit] for
	ExtPID2Unit]	details.

21-39 Ext. 2 Output [%]		
Range:		Function:
0 %*	[0 - 100 %]	See 21-19 Ext. 1 Output [%] for details.

3.19.5 21-4* Closed Loop 2 PID

21	21-40 Ext. 2 Normal/Inverse Control			
Option:		Function:		
		See 21-20 Ext. 1 Normal/Inverse Control for details.		
[0]	Normal			
[1]	Inverse			

21-41 Ext. 2 Proportional Gain				
Range:		Function:		
0.01 *	[0.00 - 10.00]	See 21-21 Ext. 1 Proportional Gain for		
		details.		

21-42 Ext. 2 Integral Time				
Range:		Function:		
10000.00 s*	[0.01 - 10000.00 s]	See 21-22 Ext. 1 Integral Time		
		for details.		

21-43 Ext. 2 Differentation Time				
Range:		Function:		
0.00 s*	[0.00 - 10.00 s]	See 21-23 Ext. 1 Differentation Time for details.		

21-44 Ext. 2 Dif. Gain Limit				
Range:		Function:		
5.0 *	[1.0 - 50.0]	See 21-24 Ext. 1 Dif. Gain Limit for details.		

3.19.6 21-5* Closed Loop 3 Ref/Fb

21-50	21-50 Ext. 3 Ref./Feedback Unit					
Optio	on:	Function:				
		See 21-10 Ext. 1 Ref./Feedback Unit for details.				
[0]	None					
[1] *	%					
[5]	PPM					
[10]	1/min					
[11]	RPM					
[12]	Pulse/s					
[20]	l/s					
[21]	l/min					
[22]	l/h					
[23]	m³/s					
[24]	m³/min					
[25]	m³/h					
[30]	kg/s					
[31]	kg/min					
[32]	kg/h					
[33]	t/min					
[34]	t/h					
[40]	m/s					
[41]	m/min					
[45]	m					
[60]	°C					
[70]	mbar					
[71]	bar					
[72]	Pa					
[73]	kPa					
[74]	m WG					
[75]	mm Hg					
[80]	kW					
[120]	GPM					
[121]	gal/s					
[122]	gal/min					
[123]	gal/h					
[124]	CFM					
[125]	ft³/s					
[126]	ft³/min					
[127]	ft³/h					
[130]	lb/s					
[131]	lb/min					
[132]	lb/h					
[140]	ft/s					
[141]	ft/min					
[145]	ft					
[160]	°F					
[170]	psi					
[171]	lb/in²					
[172]	in WG					
[173]	ft WG					
[174]	in Hg					
[180]	HP					



21-51 Ext. 3 Minimum Reference		
Range:		Function:
0.000 ExtPID3Unit*	[-999999.999 - par. 21-52 ExtPID3Unit]	See 21-11 Ext. 1 Minimum Reference for details.

21-52 Ext. 3 Maximum Reference		
Range:		Function:
100.000	[par. 21-51 -	See 21-12 Ext. 1
ExtPID3Unit*	999999.999	Maximum Reference
	ExtPID3Unit]	for details.

21-5	21-53 Ext. 3 Reference Source		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		See 21-13 Ext. 1 Reference Source for	
		details.	
[0] *	No function		
[1]	Analog input 53		
[2]	Analog input 54		
[7]	Pulse input 29		
[8]	Pulse input 33		
[20]	Digital pot.meter		
[21]	Analog input X30/11		
[22]	Analog input X30/12		
[23]	Analog Input X42/1		
[24]	Analog Input X42/3		
[25]	Analog Input X42/5		
[29]	Analog Input X48/2		
[30]	Ext. Closed Loop 1		
[31]	Ext. Closed Loop 2		
[32]	Ext. Closed Loop 3		

21-54 Ext. 3 Feedback Source		
Opti	on:	Function:
		See 21-14 Ext. 1 Feedback Source for
		details.
[0] *	No function	
[1]	Analog input 53	
[2]	Analog input 54	
[3]	Pulse input 29	
[4]	Pulse input 33	
[7]	Analog input X30/11	
[8]	Analog input X30/12	
[9]	Analog Input X42/1	
[10]	Analog Input X42/3	
[11]	Analog Input X42/5	
[15]	Analog Input X48/2	
[100]	Bus feedback 1	
[101]	Bus feedback 2	
[102]	Bus feedback 3	

21-55 Ext. 3 Setpoint		
Range: Function:		Function:
0.000 ExtPID3Unit*	[par. 21-51 - par.	
	21-52 ExtPID3Unit]	Setpoint for details.

21-57 Ext. 3 Reference [Unit]		
Range:		Function:
0.000 ExtPID3Unit*	[-999999.999 - 999999.999 ExtPID3Unit]	See 21-17 Ext. 1 Reference [Unit] for details.

21-58 Ext. 3 Feedback [Unit]		
Range: Function:		
0.000 ExtPID3Unit*	[-999999.999 - 999999.999 ExtPID3Unit]	See 21-18 Ext. 1 Feedback [Unit] for details.

21-59 Ext. 3 Output [%]			
Rang	Range: Function:		
0 %*	[0 - 100 %]	See 21-19 Ext. 1 Output [%] for details.	

3.19.7 21-6* Closed Loop 3 PID

21	21-60 Ext. 3 Normal/Inverse Control		
Op	Option: Function:		
		See 21-20 Ext. 1 Normal/Inverse Control for details.	
[0]	Normal		
[1]	Inverse		

21-61 Ext. 3 Proportional Gain		
Range	e:	Function:
0.01 *	[0.00 - 10.00]	See 21-21 Ext. 1 Proportional Gain for
		details.

21-62 Ext. 3 Integral Time		
Range:		Function:
10000.00 s*	[0.01 - 10000.00 s]	See 21-22 Ext. 1 Integral Time
		for details.

21-63 Ext. 3 Differentation Time		
Range	:	Function:
0.00 s*	[0.00 - 10.00 s]	See 21-23 Ext. 1 Differentation Time for details.

21-64 Ext. 3 Dif. Gain Limit			
Rang	Range: Function:		
5.0 *	[1.0 - 50.0]	See 21-24 Ext. 1 Dif. Gain Limit for details.	



3.20 Main Menu - Application Functions - Group 22

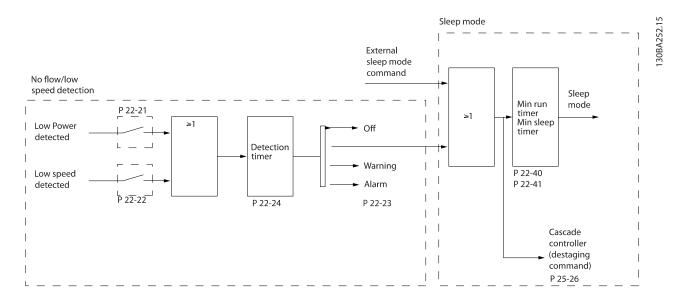
This group contains parameters used for monitoring ADS 102 applications.

22-	22-00 External Interlock Delay		
Range:		Function:	
0 s*	[0 - 600 s]	Only relevant if one of the digital inputs in parameter group 5-1* has been programmed for <i>External Interlock</i> [7]. The External Interlock Timer will introduce a delay after the signal has been	

22-	22-00 External Interlock Delay		
Range:		Function:	
		removed from the digital input programmed for External Interlock, before reaction takes place.	

22-01 Power Filter Time			
Range	:	Function:	
0.50 s*	[0.02 - 10.00 s]	Sets the time constant for the filtered power readout. A higher value will give a more steady readout but a slower system response to changes.	

3.20.1 22-2* No-Flow Detection



The frequency converter includes functions for detecting if the load conditions in the system allow the motor to be stopped:

*Low Power Detection

*Low Speed Detection

One of these two signals must be active for a set time (22-24 No-Flow Delay) before selected action takes place. Possible actions to select (22-23 No-Flow Function): No action, Warning, Alarm, Sleep Mode.

No Flow Detection:

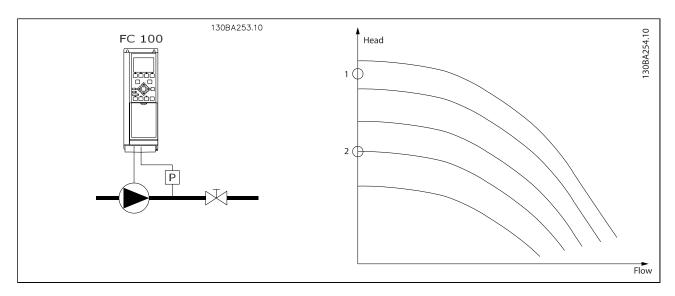
This function is used for detecting a no flow situation in pump systems where all valves can be closed. Can be used both when controlled by the integrated PI controller in the frequency converter or an external PI controller. Actual configuration must be programmed in 1-00 Configuration Mode.

Configuration mode for

- Integrated PI Controller: Closed Loop
- External PI Controller: Open Loop



Carry out No Flow tuning before setting the PI controller parameters!



No Flow Detection is based on the measurement of speed and power. For a certain speed the frequency converter calculates the power at no flow.

This coherence is based on the adjustment of two sets of speed and associated power at no flow. By monitoring the power it is possible to detect no flow conditions in systems with fluctuating suction pressure or if the pump has a flat characteristic towards low speed.

The two sets of data must be based on measurement of power at approx. 50% and 85% of maximum speed with the valve(s) closed. The data are programmed in the parameter group 22-3*. It is also possible to run a *Low Power Auto Set Up* (22-20 Low Power Auto Set-up) automatically stepping through the commissioning process and also automatically storing the data measured. The frequency converter must be set for Open Loop in 1-00 Configuration Mode, when carrying out the Auto Set Up (See No Flow Tuning parameter group 22-3*).

NOTE

If to use the integrated PI controller, carry out No Flow tuning before setting the PI controller parameters!

Low speed detection:

Low Speed Detection gives a signal if the motor is operating with minimum speed as set in 4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] or 4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]. Actions are common with No Flow Detection (individual selection not possible). The use of Low Speed Detection is not limited to systems with a no flow situation, but can be used in any system where operation at minimum speed allows for a stop of the motor until the load calls for a speed higher than minimum speed, e.g. systems with fans and compressors.

NOTE

In pump systems ensure that the minimum speed in 4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] or 4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz] has been set high enough for detection as the pump can run with a rather high speed even with valves closed.



Dry pump detection:

No Flow Detection can also be used for detecting if the pump has run dry (low power consumption-high speed). Can be used with both the integrated PI controller and an external PI controller.

The condition for Dry Pump signal:

- Power consumption below no flow level

and

 Pump running at maximum speed or maximum reference open loop, whichever is lowest.

The signal must be active for a set time (22-27 Dry Pump Delay) before selected the action takes place.
Possible Actions to select (22-26 Dry Pump Function):

- Warning
- Alarm

No Flow Detection must be enabled (22-23 No-Flow Function) and commissioned (parameter group 22-3*, No Power Tuning).

22-20 Low Power Auto Set-up Start of auto set-up of power data for No-Flow Power tuning. **Function:** Option: [0] * Off [1] Enabled When set for Enabled, an auto set up sequence is activated, automatically setting speed to approx. 50 and 85% of rated motor speed (4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM], 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]). At those two speeds, the power consumption is automatically measured and stored. Before enabling Auto Set Up: Close valve(s) in order to create a no flow condition The frequency converter must be set for Open Loop (1-00 Configuration Mode). Note that it is important also to set 1-03 Torque Characteristics.

NOTE

Auto Set Up must be done when the system has reached normal operating temperature!

NOTE

It is important that the 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] or 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz] is set to the max. operational speed of the motor!

It is important to do the Auto Set-up before configuring the integrated PI Contoller as settings will be reset when changing from Closed to Open Loop in 1-00 Configuration Mode.

NOTE

Carry out the tuning with the same settings in 1-03 Torque Characteristics, as for operation after the tuning.

22-21 Low Power Detection			
Option:		Function:	
[0] *	Disabled		
[1]	Enabled	If selecting Enabled, the Low Power Detection commissioning must be carried out in order to set the parameters in parameter group 22-3* for proper operation!	

22-22 Low Speed Detection			
Option:		Function:	
[0] *	Disabled		
[1]	Enabled	Select Enabled for detecting when the motor operates with a speed as set in 4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] or 4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz].	

22-23 No-Flow Function

Common actions for Low Power Detection and Low Speed Detection (Individual selections not possible).

Opt	ion:	Function:
[0] *	Off	
[1]	Sleep Mode	The frequency converter will enter Sleep Mode and stop when a No Flow condition is detected. See parameter group 22-4* for programming options for Sleep Mode.
[2]	Warning	The drive will continue to run, but activate a No-Flow Warning [W92]. A drive digital output or a serial communication bus can communicate a warning to other equipment.
[3]	Alarm	The frequency converter will stop running and activate a No-Flow Alarm [A 92]. A frequency converter digital output or a serial communication bus can communicate an alarm to other equipment.

NOTF

Do not set 14-20 Reset Mode, to [13] Infinite auto reset, when 22-23 No-Flow Function is set to [3] Alarm. Doing so will cause the frequency converter to continuously cycle between running and stopping when a No Flow condition is detected.

NOTE

If the frequency converter is equipped with a constant speed bypass with an automatic bypass function that starts the bypass if the frequency converter experiences a persistent alarm condition, be sure to disable the bypass's automatic bypass function, if [3] Alarm is selected as the No-Flow Function.



22-2	22-24 No-Flow Delay		
Range:		Function:	
10 s*	[1 - 600 s]	Set the time Low Power/Low Speed must stay	
		detected to activate signal for actions. If	
		detection disappears before run out of the	
		timer, the timer will be reset.	

22-2	22-26 Dry Pump Function		
Sele	Select desired action for dry pump operation.		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	Off		
[1]	Warning	The frequency converter will continue to run, but activate a Dry pump warning [W93]. A frequency converter digital output or a serial communication bus can communicate a warning to other equipment.	
[2]	Alarm	The frequency converter will stop running and activate a Dry pump alarm [A93]. A frequency converter digital output or a serial communication bus can communicate an alarm to other equipment.	
[3]	Man. Reset Alarm	The frequency converter will stop running and activate a Dry pump alarm [A93]. A frequency converter digital output or a serial communication bus can communicate an alarm to other equipment.	

Low Power Detection must be Enabled (22-21 Low Power Detection) and commissioned (using either parameter group 22-3*, No Flow Power Tuning, or 22-20 Low Power Auto Set-up) in order to use Dry Pump Detection.

NOTE

Do not set 14-20 Reset Mode, to [13] Infinite auto reset, when 22-26 Dry Pump Function is set to [2] Alarm. Doing so will cause the frequency converter to continuously cycle between running and stopping when a Dry Pump condition is detected.

NOTE

If the frequency converter is equipped with a constant speed bypass with an automatic bypass function that starts the bypass if the frequency converter experiences a persistent alarm condition, be sure to disable the bypass's automatic bypass function, if [2] Alarm or [3] Man. Reset Alarm is selected as the Dry Pump Function.

22-27 Dry Pump Delay		
Range: Function:		
10 s*	[0 - 600 s]	Defines for how long the Dry Pump condition must be active before activating Warning or Alarm

3.20.2 22-3* No-Flow Power Tuning

Tuning Sequence, if not choosing *Auto Set Up* in 22-20 Low *Power Auto Set-up*:

- 1. Close the main valve to stop flow
- 2. Run with motor until the system has reached normal operating temperature
- Press Hand On button on the LCP and adjust speed for approx. 85% of rated speed. Note the exact speed
- Read power consumption either by looking for actual power in the data line in the LCP or call 16-10 Power [kW] or 16-11 Power [hp] in Main Menu. Note the power read out
- 5. Change speed to approx. 50% of rated speed. Note the exact speed
- Read power consumption either by looking for actual power in the data line in the LCP or call 16-10 Power [kW] or 16-11 Power [hp] in Main Menu. Note the power read
- 7. Program the speeds used in 22-32 Low Speed [RPM], 22-33 Low Speed [Hz], 22-36 High Speed [RPM] and 22-37 High Speed [Hz]
- 8. Program the associated power values in 22-34 Low Speed Power [kW], 22-35 Low Speed Power [HP], 22-38 High Speed Power [kW] and 22-39 High Speed Power [HP]
- 9. Switch back by means of Auto On or Off

NOTE

Set 1-03 Torque Characteristics before tuning takes place.

22-30 No-Flow Power			
Range:		Function:	
0.00 kW*	[0.00 - 0.00 kW]	Read out of calculated No Flow power at actual speed. If power drops to the display value the frequency converter will consider the condition as a No Flow situation.	

22-31 Power Correction Factor		
Range:		Function:
100 %*	[1 - 400 %]	Make corrections to the calculated power at 22-30 No-Flow Power. If No Flow is detected, when it should not be detected, the setting should be decreased. However, if No Flow is not detected, when it should be detected, the setting should be increased to above 100%.



22-32 Low Speed [RPM]			
Range:	Function:		
Size	[0 - par.	To be used if 0-02 Motor Speed Unit	
related*	22-36 RPM]	has been set for RPM (parameter not	
		visible if Hz selected).	
		Set used speed for the 50% level.	
		This function is used for storing values	
		needed to tune No Flow Detection.	

22-33 Low Speed [Hz]			
Range:	Function:		
Size	[0.0 - par.	To be used if 0-02 Motor Speed Unit	
related*	22-37 Hz]	has been set for Hz (parameter not	
		visible if RPM selected).	
		Set used speed for the 50% level.	
		The function is used for storing values	
		needed to tune No Flow Detection.	

22-34 Low Speed Power [kW]			
Range:	_	Function:	
Size	- 00.0	To be used if 0-03 Regional Settings has	
related*	0.00 kW]	been set for International (parameter	
		not visible if North America selected).	
		Set power consumption at 50% speed	
		level.	
		This function is used for storing values	
		needed to tune No Flow Detection.	

22-35 Low Speed Power [HP]		
Range:		Function:
Size	- 00.00	To be used if 0-03 Regional Settings has
related*	0.00 hp]	been set for North America (parameter
		not visible if International selected).
		Set power consumption at 50% speed
		level.
		This function is used for storing values
		needed to tune No Flow Detection.

22-36 High Speed [RPM]			
Function:			
[0 - par.	To be used if 0-02 Motor Speed Unit		
4-13 RPM]	has been set for RPM (parameter not		
	visible if Hz selected).		
	Set used speed for the 85% level.		
	The function is used for storing values		
	needed to tune No Flow Detection.		
	[0 - par.		

22-37 High Speed [Hz]		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0.0 -	To be used if 0-02 Motor Speed Unit has
related*	par. 4-14	been set for Hz (parameter not visible
	Hz]	if RPM selected).
		Set used speed for the 85% level.
		The function is used for storing values
		needed to tune No Flow Detection.

22-38 High Speed Power [kW]			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0.00 - 0.00 kW]	To be used if 0-03 Regional Settings has been set for International (parameter not visible if North America selected). Set power consumption at 85% speed level. This function is used for storing values needed to tune No Flow Detection.	

22-39 High Speed Power [HP]			
Range:	Function:		
Size	- 0.00	To be used if 0-03 Regional Settings has	
related*	0.00 hp]	been set for North America (parameter	
		not visible if International selected).	
		Set power consumption at 85% speed	
		level.	
		This function is used for storing values	
		needed to tune No Flow Detection.	

3.20.3 22-4* Sleep Mode

If the load on the system allows for stop of the motor and the load is monitored, the motor can be stopped by activating the Sleep Mode function. This is not a normal Stop command, but ramps the motor down to 0 RPM and stops energizing the motor. When in Sleep Mode certain conditions are monitored to find out when load has been applied to the system again.

Sleep Mode can be activated either from the No Flow Detection/Minimum Speed Detection (must be programmed via parameters for No-Flow Detection, see the signal flow-diagram in parameter group 22-2*, No-Flow Detection) or via an external signal applied to one of the digital inputs (must be programmed via the parameters for configuration of the digital inputs, parameter group 5-1* selecting [66] Sleep Mode). Sleep mode is activated only when no wake-up conditions are present.

To make it possible to use e.g. an electro-mechanical flow switch to detect a no flow condition and activate Sleep Mode, the action takes place at raising edge of the external signal applied (otherwise the frequency converter would never come out of Sleep Mode again as the signal would be steady connected).

NOTE

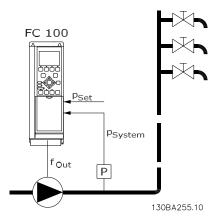
If Sleep Mode is to be based on No Flow Detection/ Minimum Speed, remember to choose Sleep Mode [1] in 22-23 No-Flow Function.

If 25-26 Destage At No-Flow is set for Enabled, activating Sleep Mode will send a command to the cascade controller

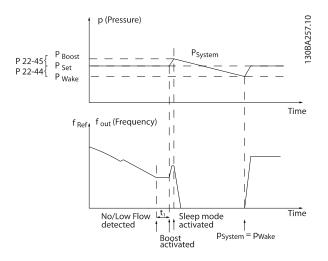
(if enabled) to start de-staging of lag pumps (fixed speed) before stopping the lead pump (variable speed).

When entering Sleep Mode, the lower status line in the Local Control Panel shows Sleep Mode.

See also signal flow chart in 3.20.1 22-2* No-Flow Detection. There are three different ways of using the Sleep Mode function:

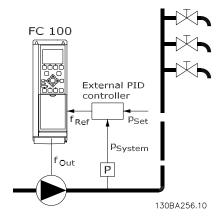


1) Systems where the integrated PI controller is used for controlling pressure or temperature e.g. boost systems with a pressure feed back signal applied to the frequency converter from a pressure transducer. *1-00 Configuration Mode* must be set for Closed Loop and the PI Controller configured for desired reference and feed back signals. Example: Boost system.



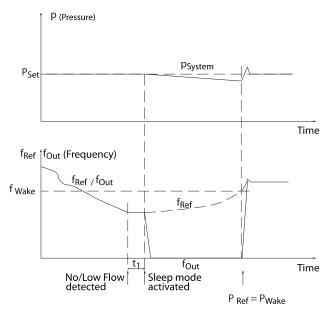
If no flow is detected, the frequency converter will increase the set point for pressure to ensure a slight over pressure in the system (boost to be set in 22-45 Setpoint Boost). The feedback from the pressure transducer is monitored and when this pressure has dropped with a set percentage below the normal set point for pressure (Pset), the motor

will ramp up again and pressure will be controlled for reaching the set value (Pset).



2) In systems where the pressure or temperature is controlled by an external PI controller, the wake up conditions can not be based on feedback from the pressure/temperature transducer as the setpoint is not known. In the example with a boost system, desired pressure Pset is not known. 1-00 Configuration Mode must be set for Open Loop.

Example: Boost system.



When low power or low speed is detected the motor is stopped, but the reference signal (f_{ref}) from the external controller is still monitored and because of the low pressure created, the controller will increase the reference signal to gain pressure. When the reference signal has reached a set value f_{wake} the motor restarts.



The speed is set manually by an external reference signal (Remote Reference). The settings (parameter group 22-3*) for tuning of the No Flow function must be set to default.

	Internal PI Controller (1-00 Configuration Mode: Closed loop)		External PI Controller or manual control (1-00 Configuration Mode: Open loop)	
	Sleep mode	Wake up	Sleep mode	Wake up
No Flow detection (pumps	Yes		Yes (except manual	
only)			setting of speed)	
Low speed detection	Yes		Yes	
External signal	Yes		Yes	
Pressure/Temperature		Yes		No
(transmitter connected)				
Output frequency		No		Yes

Table 3.3 Configuration possibilities, overview

NOTE

Sleep Mode will not be active when Local Reference is active (set speed manually by means of arrow buttons on the LCP). See *3-13 Reference Site*.

Does not work in Hand-mode. Auto set-up in open loop must be carried out before setting input/output in closed loop.

22-4	22-40 Minimum Run Time			
Range: Fu		Function:		
10 s*	[0 - 600 s]	Set the desired minimum running time for the motor after a start command (digital input or Bus) before entering Sleep Mode.		

22-41 Minimum Sleep Time			
Range: Function:			
10 s*	[0 - 600 s]	Set the desired Minimum Time for staying in Sleep Mode. This will override any wake up conditions.	

22-42 Wake-up Speed [RPM]		
	Function:	
[par.	To be used if 0-02 Motor Speed Unit has	
4-11 - par.	been set for RPM (parameter not visible	
4-13 RPM]	if Hz selected). Only to be used if	
	1-00 Configuration Mode is set for Open	
	Loop and speed reference is applied by	
	an external controller.	
	Set the reference speed at which the	
	Sleep Mode should be cancelled.	
	[par. 4-11 - par.	

22-43 Wake-up Speed [Hz]			d [Hz]
	Range:		Function:
	Size	[par.	To be used if 0-02 Motor Speed Unit, has
	related*	4-12 - par.	been set for Hz (parameter not visible if
		4-14 Hz]	RPM selected). Only to be used if
			1-00 Configuration Mode, is set for Open
			Loop and speed reference is applied by

22-43 Wake-up Speed [Hz]			
Range:	Function:		
		an external controller controlling the pressure. Set the reference speed at which the Sleep Mode should be cancelled.	

22-44 Wake-up Ref./FB Difference				
Range:		Function:		
10 %*	[0 - 100 %]	Only to be used if 1-00 Configuration Mode is set for Closed Loop and the integrated PI controller is used for controlling the pressure. Set the pressure drop allowed in percentage of set point for the pressure (Pset) before cancelling the Sleep Mode.		
		carreening are steep model		

NOTE

If used in application where the integrated PI controller is set for inverse control (e.g. cooling tower applications) in 20-71 PID Performance, the value set in 22-44 Wake-up Ref./FB Difference will automatically be added.

Range: Function: 0 [-100 Only to be used if 1-00 Configuration Mode, is set %* - 100 for Closed Loop and the integrated PI controller	22-4
	Ran
wsed. In systems with e.g. constant pressure control, it is advantageous to increase the system pressure before the motor is stopped. This will extend the time in which the motor is stopped and help to avoid frequent start/stop. Set the desired over pressure/temperature in percentage of set point for the pressure (Pset)/temperature before entering the Sleep Mode. If setting for 5%, the boost pressure will be Pset*1.05. The negative values can be used for e.g. cooling tower control where a negative change is needed.	0



22-46	22-46 Maximum Boost Time		
Range:		Function:	
60 s*	[0 - 600 s]	Only to be used if 1-00 Configuration Mode is set for Closed Loop and the integrated PI controller is used for controlling the pressure. Set the maximum time for which boost mode will be allowed. If the set time is exceeded, Sleep Mode will be entered, not waiting for the set boost pressure to be reached.	

3.20.4 22-5* End of Curve

The End of Curve conditions occur when a pump is yielding a too large volume to ensure the set pressure. This can occur if there is a leakage in the distribution pipe system after the pump causing the pump to operate at the end of the pump characteristic, valid for the max. speed set in 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] or 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz].

In case the feed back is 2.5% of the programmed value in 20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb. (or numerical value of 20-13 Minimum Reference/Feedb. whichever is highest) below the set point for the desired pressure for a set time (22-51 End of Curve Delay), and the pump is running with max. speed set in 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] or 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz], - the function selected in 22-50 End of Curve Function will take place.

It is possible to get a signal on one of the digital outputs by selecting End of Curve [192] in parameter group 5-3* *Digital Outputs* and/or parameter group 5-4* *Relays*. The signal will be present, when an End of Curve condition occurs and the selection in *22-50 End of Curve Function*, is different from Off. The end of curve function can only be used when operating with the built-in PID controller (Closed loop in *1-00 Configuration Mode*).

22-5	50 End of C	urve Function	
Option:		Function:	
[0] * Off		End of Curve monitoring not active.	
[1]	Warning	The frequency converter will continue to run but activate a End of Curve warning [W94]. A frequency converter digital output or a serial communication bus can communicate a warning to other equipment.	
[2]	Alarm	The frequency converter will stop running and activate a End of Curve alarm [A 94]. A frequency converter digital output or a serial communication bus can communicate an alarm to other equipment.	
[3]	Man. Reset Alarm	The frequency converter will stop running and activate a End of Curve alarm [A 94]. A frequency converter digital output or a serial communication bus can communicate an alarm to other equipment.	

NOTE

Automatic restart will reset the alarm and start the system again.

NOTE

Do not set 14-20 Reset Mode, to [13] Infinite auto reset, when 22-50 End of Curve Function is set to [2] Alarm. Doing so will cause the frequency converter to continuously cycle between running and stopping when a End of Curve condition is detected.

NOTE

If the frequency converter is equipped with a constant speed bypass with an automatic bypass function that starts the bypass if the frequency converter experiences a persistent alarm condition, be sure to disable the bypass's automatic bypass function, if [2] Alarm or [3] Man. Reset Alarm is selected as the End of Curve Function.

22-51 End of Curve Delay				
Range:		Function:		
10 s*	[0 - 600] When an End of Curve condition is detected,			
	s]	timer is activated. When the time set in this		
		parameter expires, and the End of Curve		
		condition has been steady in the entire period,		
		the function set in 22-50 End of Curve Function		
		will be activated. If the condition disappears		
		before the timer expires, the timer will be reset.		

3.20.5 22-6* Broken Belt Detection

The Broken Belt Detection can be used in both closed and open loop systems for pumps, fans and compressors. If the estimated motor torque is below the broken belt torque value (22-61 Broken Belt Torque) and the frequency converter output frequency is above or equal to 15 Hz, the broken belt function (22-60 Broken Belt Function) is performed

22-60 Broken Belt Function				
	Selects the action to be performed if the Broken Belt condition is			
	detected			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	Off			
[1]	Warning	The frequency converter will continue to run, but activate a Broken Belt Warning [W95]. A frequency converter digital output or a serial communication bus can communicate a warning to other equipment.		
[2]	Trip	The frequency converter will stop running and activate a Broken Belt alarm [A 95]. A frequency converter digital output or a serial communication bus can communicate an alarm to other equipment.		



Do not set 14-20 Reset Mode, to [13] Infinite auto reset, when 22-60 Broken Belt Function is set to [2] Trip. Doing so will cause the frequency converter to continuously cycle between running and stopping when a broken belt condition is detected.

NOTE

If the frequency converter is equipped with a constant speed bypass with an automatic bypass function that starts the bypass if the frequency converter experiences a persistent alarm condition, be sure to disable the bypass's automatic bypass function, if [2] Trip is selected as the Broken Belt Function.

22-61	22-61 Broken Belt Torque		
Range:		Function:	
10 %*	[0 - 100 %]	Sets the broken belt torque as a percentage of the rated motor torque.	

22-6	22-62 Broken Belt Delay		
Range:		Function:	
10 s [0 - 600 s]		Sets the time for which the Broken Belt	
		conditions must be active before carrying out	
		the action selected in 22-60 Broken Belt	
		Function.	

3.20.6 22-7* Short Cycle Protection

When controlling refrigeration compressors, often there will be a need for limiting the numbers of starts. One way to do this is to ensure a minimum run time (time between a start and a stop) and a minimum interval between starts. This means that any normal stop command can be overridden by the *Minimum Run Time* function (22-77 Minimum Run Time) and any normal start command (Start/Jog/Freeze) can be overridden by the *Interval Between Starts* function (22-76 Interval between Starts). None of the two functions are active if Hand On or Off modes have been activated via the LCP. If selecting Hand On or Off, the two timers will be reset to 0, and not start counting until Auto is pressed and an active start command applied.

22-7	22-75 Short Cycle Protection		
Option:		Function:	
[0] *	Disabled	Timer set in 22-76 Interval between Starts is disabled.	
[1]	Enabled	Timer set in 22-76 Interval between Starts is enabled.	

22-76 Interval between Starts				
Range:	nge: Function:			
Size related*	[par. 22-77	Sets the time desired as minimum		
	- 3600 s]	time between two starts. Any		
		normal start command (Start/Jog/		
		Freeze) will be disregarded until the		
		timer has expired.		

22-7	22-77 Minimum Run Time			
Ran	ge:		Function:	
0 s*	[0 - par.	Sets the time desired as minimum run time	
	22-7	76 s]	after a normal start command (Start/Jog/	
			Freeze). Any normal stop command will be	
			disregarded until the set time has expired. The	
			timer will start counting following a normal	
			start command (Start/Jog/Freeze).	
			The timer will be overridden by a Coast	
			(Inverse) or an External Interlock command.	

NOTE

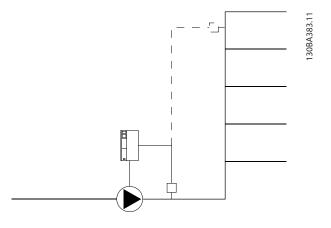
Does not work in cascade mode.

3.20.7 22-8* Flow Compensation

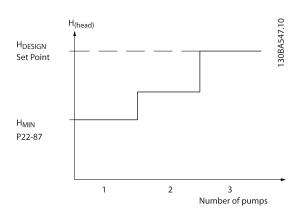
It is sometimes the case that is not possible for a pressure transducer to be placed at a remote point in the system and it can only be located close to the fan/pump outlet. Flow compensation operates by adjusting the set-point according to the output frequency, which is almost proportional to flow, thus compensating for higher losses at higher flow rates.

H_{DESIGN} (Required pressure) is the setpoint for closed loop (PI) operation of the frequency converter and is set as for closed loop operation without flow compensation.

It is recommended to use slip compensation and RPM as unit.



When flow compensation is used with the Cascade Controller (parameter group 25-**), the actual set-point will not depend on speed (flow) but on the number of pumps cut in. See below:



There are two methods which can be employed, depending upon whether or not the Speed at System design Working Point is known.

Parameter used	Speed at Design Point KNOWN	Speed at Design Point UNKNOWN	Cascade Controller
22-80 Flow Compensation	+	+	+
22-81 Square-linear Curve Approximation	+	+	-
22-82 Work Point Calculation	+	+	-
22-83 Speed at No-Flow [RPM]/22-84 Speed at No-Flow [Hz]	+	+	-
22-85 Speed at Design Point [RPM]/22-86 Speed at Design Point [Hz]	+	-	-
22-87 Pressure at No-Flow Speed	+	+	+
22-88 Pressure at Rated Speed	-	+	-
22-89 Flow at Design Point	-	+	-
22-90 Flow at Rated Speed	-	+	-

22-8	22-80 Flow Compensation				
Option:		Function:			
[0] *	Disabled	Set-Point compensation not active.			
[1]	Enabled	Set-Point compensation is active. Enabling this parameter allows the Flow Compensated Setpoint operation.			

22-81	22-81 Square-linear Curve Approximation		
Range:		Function:	
100 %*	[0 - 100 %]	Example 1:	
		Adjustment of this parameter allows the	
		shape of the control curve to be adjusted.	
		0 = Linear	
		100% = Ideal shape (theoretical).	

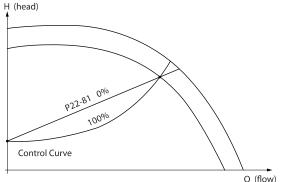
NOTE

Not visible when running in cascade.



30BA388.11





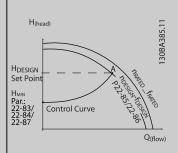
Q (flow)

Function:

22-82 Work Point Calculation

Option:

Example 1: Speed at System Design Working Point is known:

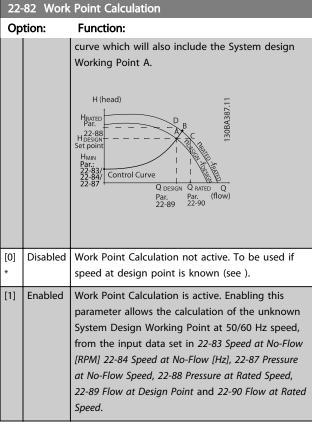


From the data sheet showing characteristics for the specific equipment at different speeds, simply reading across from the HDESIGN point and the QDESIGN point allows us to find point A, which is the System Design Working Point. The pump characteristics at this point should be identified and the associated speed programmed. Closing the valves and adjusting the speed until H_{MIN} has been achieved allows the speed at the no flow point to be identified.

Adjustment of 22-81 Square-linear Curve Approximation then allows the shape of the control curve to be adjusted infinitely.

Example 2:

Speed at System Design Working Point is not known: Where the Speed at System Design Working Point is unknown, another reference point on the control curve needs to be determined by means of the data sheet. By looking at the curve for the rated speed and plotting the design pressure (HDESIGN, Point C) the flow at that pressure Q_{RATED} can be determined. Similarly, by plotting the design flow (QDESIGN, Point D). the pressure H_{D} at that flow can be determined. Knowing these two points on the pump curve, along with H_{MIN} as described above, allows the frequency converter to calculate the reference point B and thus to plot the control



22-83 Speed at No-Flow [RPM]				
Range:	ced at No-	Function:		
Size related*	[0 - par. 22-85 RPM]	Resolution 1 RPM. The speed of the motor at which flow Is zero and minimum pressure H _{MIN} is achieved should be entered here in RPM. Alternatively, the speed in Hz can be entered in 22-84 Speed at No-Flow [Hz]. If it has been decided to use RPM in 0-02 Motor Speed Unit then 22-85 Speed at Design Point [RPM] should also be used. Closing the valves and reducing the speed until minimum pressure H _{MIN} is achieved will determine this value.		



22-84 Sp	Speed at No-Flow [Hz]		
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0.0 - par. 22-86 Hz]	Resolution 0.033 Hz. The speed of the motor at which flow has effectively stopped and minimum pressure H _{MIN} is achieved should be entered here in Hz. Alternatively, the speed in RPM can be entered in 22-83 Speed at No-Flow [RPM]. If it has been decided to use Hz in 0-02 Motor Speed Unit then 22-86 Speed at Design Point [Hz] should also be used. Closing the valves and reducing the speed until minimum pressure H _{MIN} is achieved will determine this value.	

22-85 Speed at Design Point [RPM]				
Range:		Function:		
Size related*	[par. 22-83 - 60000. RPM]	Resolution 1 RPM. Only visible when 22-82 Work Point Calculation is set to Disable. The speed of the motor at which the System Design Working Point is achieved should be entered here in RPM. Alternatively, the speed in Hz can be entered in 22-86 Speed at Design Point [Hz]. If it has been decided to use RPM in 0-02 Motor Speed Unit then 22-83 Speed at No-Flow [RPM] should also be used.		

22-86 Speed at Design Point [Hz]				
Range:		Function:		
Size related*	[par. 22-84 - par. 4-19 Hz]	Resolution 0.033 Hz. Only visible when 22-82 Work Point Calculation is set to Disable. The speed of the motor at which the System Design Working Point is achieved should be entered here in Hz. Alternatively, the speed in RPM can be entered in 22-85 Speed at Design Point [RPM]. If it has been decided to use Hz in		
		0-02 Motor Speed Unit, then 22-83 Speed at No-Flow [RPM] should also be used.		

22-87	87 Pressure at No-Flow Speed		
Range:		Function:	
0.000 *	[0.000 - par	. Enter the pressure H _{MIN}	
	22-88]	corresponding to Speed at No Flow	
		in Reference/Feedback Units.	

Please also see 22-82 Work Point Calculation point D.

22-88 Pressure at Rated Speed				
Range:		Function:		
999999.999 *	[par. 22-87 - 9999999.999]	Enter the value corresponding to the Pressure at Rated Speed, in Reference/Feedback Units. This value can be		
		defined using the pump datasheet.		

Please also see 22-82 Work Point Calculation point A.

22-89 Flow at Design Point				
Range	•	Function:		
0.000 *	[0.000 -	Enter the value corresponding to		
	999999.999]	the Flow at Design Point. No		
		units necessary.		

Please also see 22-82 Work Point Calculation point C.

22-90 Flow at Rated Speed			
Range	:	Function:	
0.000 *	[0.000 - 999999.999]	Enter the value corresponding to Flow at Rated Speed. This value can be defined using the pump datasheet.	



3.21 Main Menu - Time-based Functions - Group 23

3.21.1 23-0* Timed Actions

Use *Timed Actions* for actions needing to be performed on a daily or weekly basis, e.g. different references for working hours / non-working hours. Up to 10 Timed Actions can be programmed in the frequency converterThe Timed Action number is selected from the list when entering parameter group 23-0* from the LCP. *23-00 ON Time – 23-04 Occurrence* then refer to the selected Timed Action number. Each Timed Action is divided into an ON time and an OFF time, in which two different actions may be performed.

The clock control (parameter group 0-7* Clock Settings) of Timed Actions can be overridden from Timed Actions Auto (Clock Controlled) to Timed Actions Disabled, Constant OFF Actions or Constant ON Actions either in 23-08 Timed Actions Mode or with commands applied to the digital inputs ([68] Timed Actions Disabled, [69] Constant OFF Actions or [70] Constant ON Actions, in parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs.

Display lines 2 and 3 in the LCP show the status for Timed Actions Mode (0-23 Display Line 2 Large and 0-24 Display Line 3 Large, setting [1643] Timed Actions Status).

NOTE

A change in mode via the digital inputs can only take place if 23-08 Timed Actions Mode is set for [0] Times Actions Auto.

If commands are applied simultaneously to the digital inputs for Constant OFF and Constant ON, the Timed Actions mode will change to Timed Actions Auto and the two commands will be disregarded.

If 0-70 Date and Time is not set or the frequency converter is set to HAND or OFF mode (e.g. via the LCP), the Timed Actions mode will be change to Timed Actions Disabled. The Timed Actions have a higher priority than the same actions/commands activated by the digital inputs or the Smart Logic Controller.

NOTE

The clock (parameter group 0-7*) must be correctly programmed for Timed Actions to function correctly.

NOTE

When mounting an Analog I/O MCB 109 option card, a battery back up of the date and time is included.

23-00 ON Time			
Array [10]	Array [10]		
Range:			Function:
Size	[0 -	Sets the ON time for the Timed Action.
related*	0]		NOTE
			The frequency converter has no back up of the clock function and the set date/time will reset to default (2000-01-01 00:00) after a power down unless a Real Time Clock module with back up is installed. In 0-79 Clock Fault it is possible to program for a Warning in case clock has not been set properly, e.g. after a power down.

23-01 ON Action				
Arra [10]				
Opti	on:	Function:		
		Select the action during ON Time.		
		See 13-52 SL Controller Action for		
		descriptions of the options.		
[0] *	Disabled			
[1]	No action			
[2]	Select set-up 1			
[3]	Select set-up 2			
[4]	Select set-up 3			
[5]	Select set-up 4			
[10]	Select preset ref 0			
[11]	Select preset ref 1			
[12]	Select preset ref 2			
[13]	Select preset ref 3			
[14]	Select preset ref 4			
[15]	Select preset ref 5			
[16]	Select preset ref 6			
[17]	Select preset ref 7			
[18]	Select ramp 1			
[19]	Select ramp 2			
[22]	Run			
[23]	Run reverse			
[24]	Stop			
[26]	DC Brake			
[27]	Coast			
[32]	Set digital out A low			
[33]	Set digital out B low			
[34]	Set digital out C low			
[35]	Set digital out D low			
[36]	Set digital out E low			
[37]	Set digital out F low			
[38]	Set digital out A high			
[39]	Set digital out B high			



23-01 ON Action				
Arra	[10]			
Opti	on:	Function:		
[40]	Set digital out C high			
[41]	Set digital out D high			
[42]	Set digital out E high			
[43]	Set digital out F high			
[60]	Reset Counter A			
[61]	Reset Counter B			
[80]	Sleep Mode			
[90]	Set ECB Bypass Mode			
[91]	Set ECB Drive Mode			
[100]	Reset Alarms			

23-02 OFF Time			
Array [10]	Array [10]		
Range:		Function:	
Size	[0-	Sets the OFF time for the Timed Action.	
related*	0]	NOTE	
		The frequency converter has no back up of the clock function and the set date/time will reset to default (2000-01-01 00:00) after a power down unless a Real Time Clock module with back up is installed. In 0-79 Clock Fault it is possible to program for a Warning in case clock has not been set properly, e.g. after a power down.	

23-0	23-03 OFF Action				
Array	Array [10]				
Opti	on:	Function:			
		Select the action during OFF Time. See 13-52 SL Controller Action for descriptions of the options.			
[0] *	Disabled				
[1]	No action				
[2]	Select set-up 1				
[3]	Select set-up 2				
[4]	Select set-up 3				
[5]	Select set-up 4				
[10]	Select preset ref 0				
[11]	Select preset ref 1				
[12]	Select preset ref 2				
[13]	Select preset ref 3				
[14]	Select preset ref 4				
[15]	Select preset ref 5				
[16]	Select preset ref 6				
[17]	Select preset ref 7				
[18]	Select ramp 1				
[19]	Select ramp 2				
[22]	Run				

23-03 OFF Action					
Array	Array [10]				
Opti	on:	Function:			
[23]	Run reverse				
[24]	Stop				
[26]	DC Brake				
[27]	Coast				
[32]	Set digital out A low				
[33]	Set digital out B low				
[34]	Set digital out C low				
[35]	Set digital out D low				
[36]	Set digital out E low				
[37]	Set digital out F low				
[38]	Set digital out A high				
[39]	Set digital out B high				
[40]	Set digital out C high				
[41]	Set digital out D high				
[42]	Set digital out E high				
[43]	Set digital out F high				
[60]	Reset Counter A				
[61]	Reset Counter B				
[80]	Sleep Mode				
[90]	Set ECB Bypass Mode				
[91]	Set ECB Drive Mode				
[100]	Reset Alarms				

Array [10]		
Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select which day(s) the Timed Action applies to. Specify working/non-working days in 0-81 Working Days, 0-82 Additional Working Days and 0-83 Additional Non-Working Days.
[0] *	All days	
[1]	Working days	
[2]	Non-working days	
[3]	Monday	
[4]	Tuesday	
[5]	Wednesday	
[6]	Thursday	
[7]	Friday	
[8]	Saturday	
[9]	Sunday	

23-04 Occurrence

23-0	23-08 Timed Actions Mode				
Used	Used to enable and disable automatic timed actions.				
Option: Function:					
[0] *	Timed Actions Auto	Enable timed actions.			
[1]	Timed Actions Disabled	Disable timed actions, normal operation according to control commands.			



23-08 Timed Actions Mode			
Used to enable and disable automatic timed actions.			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[2]	Constant On Actions	Disable timed actions. Constant On Actions activated.	
[3]	Constant Off Actions	Disable timed actions. Constant Off Actions activated.	

23-0	23-09 Timed Actions Reactivation			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0]	Disabled	After an update of time/condition U(power cycling, setting date and time, change of summertime, change of Hand Auto mode, change of Constant ON and OFF, set-up change) all activated ON actions will be overridden to OFF actions until passing the next time for an ON action. Any OFF actions will remain unchanged.		
[1] *	Enabled	After an update of time/condition On and OFF actions are immediately set to the actual time programming of ON and OFF actions.		

To see an example of a reactivation test, see Illustration 3.9.

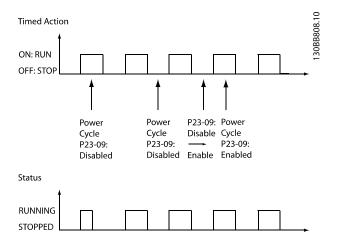


Illustration 3.9 Reactivation Test Diagram

3.21.2 23-1* Maintenance

Wear and tear calls for periodic inspection and service of elements in the application, e.g. motor bearings, feedback sensors and seals or filters. With Preventive Maintenance the service intervals may be programmed into the frequency converter. The frequency converter will give a message when maintenance is required. 20 Preventive Maintenance Events can be programmed into the frequency converter. For each Event the following must be specified:

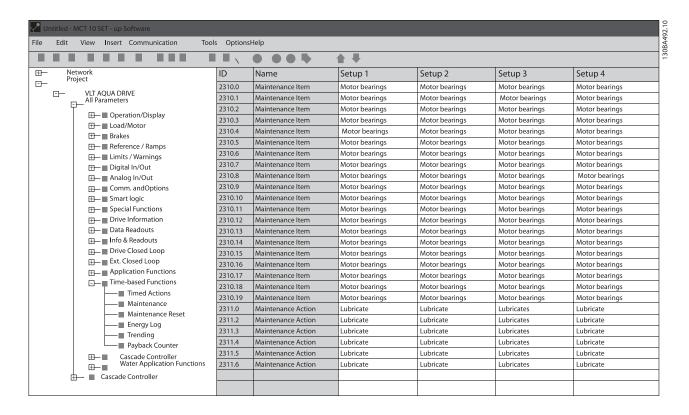
- Maintenance item (e.g. "Motor Bearings")
- Maintenance action (e.g. "Replace")
- Maintenance Time Base (e.g. "Running Hours" or a specific date and time)
- Maintenance Time Interval or the date and time of next maintenance

NOTE

To disable a Preventive Maintenance Event the associated 23-12 Maintenance Time Base must be set to Disabled [0].

Preventive Maintenance can be programmed from the LCP, but use of the PC-based VLT Motion Control Tool MCT10 is recommended.





The LCP indicates (with a wrench-icon and an "M") when it is time for a Preventive Maintenance Action, and can be programmed to be indicated on a digital output in parameter group 5-3*. The Preventive Maintenance Status may be read in 16-96 Maintenance Word. A Preventive Maintenance indication can be reset from a digital input, the Drive bus or manually from the LCP through 23-15 Reset Maintenance Word.

A Maintenance Log with the latest 10 loggings can be read from parameter group 18-0* and via the Alarm log button on the LCP after selecting Maintenance Log.

NOTE

The Preventive Maintenance Events are defined in a 20 element array. Hence each Preventive Maintenance Event must use the same array element index in 23-10 Maintenance Item to 23-14 Maintenance Date and Time.

23-1	23-10 Maintenance Item			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Array with 20 elements displayed below parameter number in the display. Press [OK] and step between elements by means of and buttons on the LCP. Select the item to be associated with the Preventive Maintenance Event.		
[1] *	Motor bearings			

23-1	23-10 Maintenance Item				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
[2]	Fan bearings				
[3]	Pump bearings				
[4]	Valve				
[5]	Pressure transmitter				
[6]	Flow transmitter				
[7]	Temperature transm.				
[8]	Pump seals				
[9]	Fan belt				
[10]	Filter				
[11]	Drive cooling fan				
[12]	System health check				
[13]	Warranty				
[20]	Maintenance Text 0				
[21]	Maintenance Text 1				
[22]	Maintenance Text 2				
[23]	Maintenance Text 3				
[24]	Maintenance Text 4				
[25]	Maintenance Text 5				

23-	23-11 Maintenance Action			
Opt	tion:	Function:		
		Select the action to be associated with		
		the Preventive Maintenance Event.		
[1]	Lubricate			
[2]	Clean			
[3]	Replace			
[4]	Inspect/Check			
[5]	Overhaul			
[6]	Renew			
[7]	Check			
[20]	Maintenance Text 0			
[21]	Maintenance Text 1			
[22]	Maintenance Text 2			
[23]	Maintenance Text 3			
[24]	Maintenance Text 4			
[25]	Maintenance Text 5			

23	23-12 Maintenance Time Base		
Op	otion:	Function:	
		Select the time base to be associated with the Preventive Maintenance Event.	
[0]	Disabled	Disabled [0] must be used when disabling the Preventive Maintenance Event.	
[1]	Running Hours	Running Hours [1] is the number of hours the motor has been running. Running hours are not reset at power-on. The Maintenance Time Interval must be specified in 23-13 Maintenance Time Interval.	
[2]	Operating Hours	Operating Hours [2] is the number of hours the frequency converter has been running. Operating hours are not reset at power-on. The Maintenance Time Interval must be specified in 23-13 Maintenance Time Interval.	
[3]	Date & Time	Date & Time [3] uses the internal clock. The date and time of the next maintenance occurrence must be specified in 23-14 Maintenance Date and Time.	

23-	23-13 Maintenance Time Interval		
Ran	nge:	Function:	
1 h*	[1 - 2147483647 h]	Set the interval associated with the current Preventive Maintenance Event. This parameter is only used if <i>Running Hours</i> [1] or <i>Operating Hours</i> [2] is selected in	
		23-12 Maintenance Time Base. The timer is reset from 23-15 Reset Maintenance Word. Example:	
		A Preventive Maintenance Event is set up Monday at 8:00. 23-12 Maintenance Time Base is Operating hours [2] and 23-13 Maintenance Time Interval is 7 x 24 hours=168 hours. Next Maintenance Event	

23-13 Maintenance Time Interval		
Range:		Function:
		will be indicated the following Monday at 8:00. If this Maintenance Event is not reset until Tuesday at 9:00, the next occurrence will be the following Tuesday at 9:00.

23-14 M	aintena	nce Date and Time
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0-	Set the date and time for next maintenance occurrence if the Preventive Maintenance Event is based on date/time. Date format depends on the setting in 0-71 Date Format while the time format depends on the setting in 0-72 Time Format. NOTE The frequency converter has no back up of the clock function and the set date/time will reset to default (2000-01-01 00:00) after a power down. In 0-79 Clock Fault it is possible to program for a Warning in case the clock has not been set properly, e.g. after a power down. The time set must be at least one hour from the actual time! NOTE When mounting an Analog I/O MCB 109 option card, a battery back up of the date and time is included.

23-15 Reset Maintenance Word		
Opt	ion:	Function:
		Set this parameter to <i>Do reset</i> [1] to reset the Maintenance Word in <i>16-96 Maintenance Word</i> and reset the message displayed in the LCP. This parameter will change back to <i>Do not reset</i> [0] when pressing OK.
[0] *	Do not	reset [0] when pressing Oil.
[0] *	reset	
[1]	Do reset	

When messages are reset - Maintenance Item, Action and Maintenance Date/Time are not cancelled. 23-12 Maintenance Time Base is set to Disabled [0].

23	23-16 Maintenance Text			
Range: Function:				
0 *	[0 - 0]	6 individual texts (Maintenance Text		
		0Maintenance Text 5) can be written for use in		
		either 23-10 Maintenance Item or 23-11 Maintenance		
		Action.		



23	23-16 Maintenance Text		
Ra	nge:	Function:	
		The text is written according to the guidelines in <i>0-37 Display Text 1</i> .	

3.21.3 23-5* Energy Log

The frequency converter is continuously accumulating the consumption of the motor controlled, based on the actual power yielded by the frequency converter.

These data can be used for an Energy Log function allowing the user to compare and structure the information about the energy consumption related to time.

There are basically two functions:

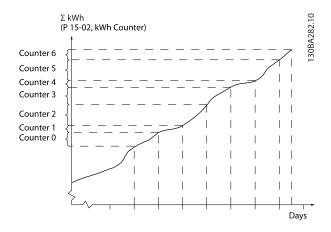
- Data related to a pre-programmed period, defined by a set date and time for start
- Data related to a predefined period back in time e.g. last seven days within the pre-programmed period

For each of the above two functions, the data are stored in a number of counters allowing for selecting time frame and a split on hours, days or weeks.

The period/split (resolution) can be set in 23-50 Energy Log Resolution.

The data are based on the value registered by the kWh counter in the frequency converter. This counter value can be read in 15-02 kWh Counter containing the accumulated value since the first power up or latest reset of the counter (15-06 Reset kWh Counter).

All data for the Energy Log are stored in counters which can be read from 23-53 Energy Log.



Counter 00 will always contain the oldest data. A counter will cover a period from XX:00 to XX:59 if hours or 00:00 to 23:59 if days.

If logging either the last hours or last days, the counters will shift contents at XX:00 every hour or at 00:00 every day.

Counter with highest index will always be subject to update (containing data for the actual hour since XX:00 or the actual day since 00:00).

The contents of counters can be displayed as bars on LCP. Select *Quick Menu*, *Loggings*, *Energy Log: Trending Continued Bin / Trending Timed Bin / Trending Comparison*.

23-5	23-50 Energy Log Resolution		
Option:		Function:	
		Select the desired type of period for logging of consumption. Hour of Day [0], Day of Week [1] or Day of Month [2]. The counters contain the logging data from the programmed date/time for start (23-51 Period Start) and the numbers of hours/days as programmed for (23-50 Energy Log Resolution). The logging will start on the date programmed in 23-51 Period Start, and continue until one day/week/month has gone. Last 24 Hours [5], Last 7 Days [6] or Last 5 Weeks [7]. The counters contain data for one day, one week or five weeks back in time and up to the actual time. The logging will start at the date programmed in 23-51 Period Start. In all cases the period split will refer to Operating Hours (time where frequency converter is powered up).	
[0]	Hour of Day		
[1]	Day of Week		
[2]	Day of Month		
[5] *	Last 24 Hours		
[6]	Last 7 Days		
[7]	Last 5 Weeks		

NOTE

The frequency converter has no back up of the clock function and the set date/time will reset to default (2000-01-01 00:00) after a power down unless a Real Time Clock module with back up is installed. Consequently the logging will be stopped until date/time is readjusted in 0-70 Date and Time. In 0-79 Clock Fault it is possible to program for a Warning in case clock not has been set properly, e.g. after a power down.



23-51 Period Start		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0-	Set the date and time at which the Energy Log starts update of the counters. First data will be stored in counter [00] and start at the time/date programmed in this parameter. Date format will depend on setting in 0-71 Date Format and time format on setting in 0-72 Time Format.

When mounting an Analog I/O MCB 109 option card, a battery back up of the date and time is included.

NOTE

All counters are automatically reset when changing the setting in 23-50 Energy Log Resolution. At overflow the update of the counters will stop at maximum value.

NOTE

When mounting an Analog I/O MCB 109 option card, a battery back up of the date and time is included.

23	23-54 Reset Energy Log			
Op	otion:	Function:		
		Select <i>Do reset</i> [1] to reset all values in the Energy Log counters shown in 23-53 Energy Log. After pressing OK the setting of the parameter value will automatically change to <i>Do not reset</i> [0].		
[0]	Do not reset			
[1]	Do reset			

3.21.4 23-6* Trending

Trending is used to monitor a process variable over a period of time and record how often the data falls into each of ten user-defined data ranges. This is a convenient tool to get a quick overview indicating where to put focus for improvement of operation.

Two sets of data for Trending can be created in order to make it possible to compare current values for a selected operating variable with data for a certain reference period, for the same variable. This reference period can be preprogrammed (23-63 Timed Period Start and 23-64 Timed Period Stop). The two sets of data can be read from 23-61 Continuous Bin Data (current) and 23-62 Timed Bin Data (reference).

It is possible to create Trending for following operation variables:

- Power
- Current
- Output frequency
- Motor Speed

The Trending function includes ten counters (forming a bin) for each set of data containing the numbers of registrations reflecting how often the operating variable is within each of ten pre-defined intervals. The sorting is based on a relative value of the variable.

The relative value for the operating variable is

Actual/Rated * 100%

for Power and Current and

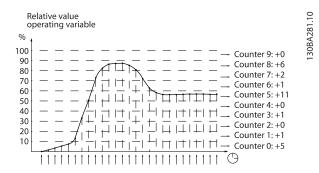
Actual/Max * 100%

for Output Frequency and Motor Speed.

The size of each interval can be adjusted individually, but will default be 10% for each. Power and Current can



exceed rated value, but those registrations will be included in 90%-100% (MAX) counter.



Once a second, the value of the operating variable selected is registered. If a value has been registered to equal 13%, the counter "10% - <20%" will be updated with the value "1". If the value stays at 13% for 10s, then "10" will be added to the counter value.

The contents of counters can be displayed as bars on LCP. Select *Quick Menu >Loggings*: *Trending Continued Bin / Trending Timed Bin / Trending Comparison*.

NOTE

The counters starts counting whenever the frequency converter is powered-up. Power cycle shortly after a reset will zero the counters. EEProm data are updated once per hour.

23-6	23-60 Trend Variable			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select the desired operating variable to be monitored for Trending.		
[0] *	Power [kW]	Power yielded to the motor. Reference for the relative value is the rated motor power programmed in 1-20 Motor Power [kW] or 1-21 Motor Power [HP]. Actual value can be read in 16-10 Power [kW] or 16-11 Power [hp].		
[1]	Current [A]	Output current to the motor. Reference for the relative value is the rated motor current programmed in 1-24 Motor Current. Actual value can be read in 16-14 Motor Current.		
[2]	Frequency [Hz]	Output frequency to the motor. Reference for the relative value is the maximum output frequency programmed in 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]. Actual value can be read in 16-13 Frequency.		
[3]	Motor Speed [RPM]	Speed of the motor. Reference for relative value is the maximum motor speed programmed in 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM].		

23-61 Continuous Bin Data		s Bin Data
Ra	nge:	Function:
*	[0 - 4294967295]	Array with 10 elements ([0]-[9] below parameter number in display). Press OK and step between elements by means of ▲ and ▼ buttons on the LCP.
occurre monito		10 counters with the frequency of occurrence for the operating variable monitored, sorted according to the following intervals:
		Counter [0]: 0% - <10%
		Counter [1]: 10% - <20%
		Counter [2]. 20% - <30%
		Counter [3]: 30% - <40%
		Counter [4]: 40% - <50%
		Counter [5]: 50% - <60%
		Counter [6]. 60% - <70%
		Counter [7]: 70% - <80%
		Counter [8]. 80% - <90%
		Counter [9]: 90% - <100% or Max
		The above minimum limits for the intervals are the default limits. These can be changed in 23-65 Minimum Bin Value.
		Starts to count when the frequency converter is powered up for the first time.
		All counters can be reset to 0 in 23-66 Reset
		Continuous Bin Data.

23-62 Timed Bin Data		
Rai	nge:	Function:
0 *	[0 - 4294967295]	Array with 10 elements ([0]-[9] below parameter number in display). Press OK and step between elements by means of ▲ and ▼ buttons on the LCP.
		10 counters with the frequency of occurrence for the operating data monitored sorted according to the intervals as for 23-61 Continuous Bin Data.
		Starts to count at the date/time programmed in 23-63 Timed Period Start, and stops at the time/date programmed in 23-64 Timed Period Stop. All counters can be reset to 0 in 23-67 Reset Timed Bin Data.



23-63 Timed Period Start			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0-0]	Set the date and time at which the Trending starts the update of the Timed Bin counters. Date format will depend on setting in 0-71 Date Format, and time format on setting in 0-72 Time Format.	

The frequency converter has no back up of the clock function and the set date/time will reset to default (2000-01-01 00:00) after a power down unless a Real Time Clock module with back up is installed. Consequently the logging will be stopped until date/time is readjusted in 0-70 Date and Time. In 0-79 Clock Fault it is possible to program for a Warning in case clock not has been set properly, e.g. after a power down.

NOTE

When mounting an Analog I/O MCB 109 option card, a battery back up of the date and time is included.

23-64 Timed Period Stop		
Range:	Function:	
Size related*	[0-0]	Set the date and time at which the Trend Analyses must stop update of the Timed Bin counters. Date format will depend on setting in 0-71 Date Format, and time format on setting in 0-72 Time Format.

NOTE

When mounting an Analog I/O MCB 109 option card, a battery back up of the date and time is included.

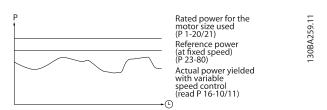
23-65 Minimum Bin Value			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0 - 100. %]	Array with 10 elements ([0]-[9] below parameter number in display). Press OK and step between elements by means of ▲ and ▼ buttons on the LCP. Set the minimum limit for each interval in 23-61 Continuous Bin Data and 23-62 Timed Bin Data. Example: if selecting counter [1] and changing setting from 10% to 12%, counter [0] will be based on the interval 0 - <12% and counter [1] on interval 12% - <20%	
		<20%.	

23-6	23-66 Reset Continuous Bin Data			
Option:		Function:		
[0] *	Do not reset	Select <i>Do reset</i> [1] to reset all values in 23-61 Continuous Bin Data. After pressing OK the setting of the parameter value will automatically change to <i>Do not reset</i> [0].		
[1]	Do reset			

23	23-67 Reset Timed Bin Data			
Option:		Function:		
		Select <i>Do reset</i> [1] to reset all counters in 23-62 Timed Bin Data. After pressing OK the setting of the parameter value will automatically change to <i>Do not reset</i> [0].		
[0]	Do not reset			
[1]	Do reset			

3.21.5 23-8* Payback Counter

The frequency converter includes a feature which can give a rough calculation on payback in cases where the frequency converter has been installed in an existing plant to ensure energy saving by changing from fixed to variable speed control. Reference for the savings is a set value to represent the average power yielded before the upgrade with variable speed control.



The difference between the Reference Power at fixed speed and the Actual Power yielded with speed control represent the actual saving.

As value for the fixed speed case, the rated motor size (kW) is multiplied with a factor (set in %) representing the power produced at fixed speed. The difference between this reference power and the actual power is accumulated and stored. The difference in energy can be read in 23-83 Energy Savings.

The accumulated value for the difference in power consumption is multiplied with the energy cost in local currency and the investment is subtracted. This calculation for Cost Savings can also be read in 23-84 Cost Savings.



Cost Savings =

 $\begin{cases} t \\ \Sigma \end{cases} [(\textit{Rated Motor Power } * \textit{Power Reference Factor}) \end{cases}$

- Actual Power Consumption] × Energy Cost}
- Investment Cost

Break even (payback) occurs when the value read in the parameter turns from negative to positive.

It is not possible to reset the Energy Savings counter, but the counter can be stopped any time by setting 23-80 Power Reference Factor to 0.

Parameter overview:

Paramete	r for settings	Parameters for readout	
Rated Motor Power	1-20 Motor Power [kW]	Energy Savings	23-83 Energy Savings
Power Reference Factor in %	23-80 Power Reference Factor	Actual Power	16-10 Power [kW], 16-11 Power [hp]
Energy Cost per kWh	23-81 Energy Cost	Cost Savings	23-84 Cost Savings
Investment	23-82 Investment		

23-84 Cost Savings

23-80 Power Reference Factor			
ed motor size			
or 1-21 Motor			
d to represent			
the time			
fore upgrade			
ent from zero to			

0 *		
0 *	[0 - 2147483647]	This parameter allows a readout of the calculation based on the above equation (in local currency).

23-81 Energy Cost			
Range:		Function:	
1.00 *	[0.00 - 999999.99]	Set the actual cost for a kWh in local currency. If the energy cost is changed later on it will impact the calculation for the entire period.	

23	23-82 Investment				
Range:		Function:			
0 *	[0 - 999999999]	Set the value of the investment spent on upgrading the plant with speed control, in same currency as used in 23-81 Energy Cost.			

23-83	23-83 Energy Savings		
Range		Function:	
0 kWh*	[0 - 0 kWh]	This parameter allows a readout of the accumulated difference between the reference power and the actual output power. If motor size set in hp (1-21 Motor Power [HP]), the equivalent kW value will be used for the Energy Savings.	



3.22 Main Menu - Application Functions 2 - Group 24

3.22.1 24-0* Fire Mode

ACAUTION

Please note the frequency converter is only one component of the ADS 102 system. Correct function of Fire Mode depends on the correct design and selection of system components. Ventilation systems working in life safety applications have to be approved by the local fire Authorities. Non-interruption of the frequency converter due to Fire Mode operation could cause over pressure and result in damage to ADS 102 system and components, hereunder dampers and air ducts. The frequency converter itself could be damaged and it may cause damage or fire. Alldales accepts no responsibility for errors, malfunctions personal injury or any damage to the frequency converter itself or components herein, ADS 102 systems and components herein or other property when the frequency converter has been programmed for Fire Mode. In no event shall Alldales be liable to the end user or any other party for any direct or indirect, special or consequential damage or loss suffered by such party, which has occurred due to the frequency converter being programmed and operated in Fire Mode

Background

Fire Mode is for use in critical situations, where it is imperative for the motor to keep running, regardless of the frequency converter's normal protective functions. These could be ventilation fans in tunnels or stairwells for instance, where continued operation of the fan facilitates safe evacuation of personnel in the event of a fire. Some

selections of Fire Mode Function cause alarms and trip conditions to be disregarded, enabling the motor to run without interruption.

Activation

Fire Mode is activated only via Digital Input terminals. See parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs.

Messages in display

When Fire Mode is activated, the display will show a status message "Fire Mode" and a warning "Fire Mode".

Once the Fire Mode is again deactivated, the status messages will disappear and the warning will be replaced by the warning "Fire M Was Active". This message can only be reset by power-cycling the frequency converter supply. If, whilst the frequency converter is active in Fire Mode, a warranty-affecting alarm (see 24-09 Fire Mode Alarm Handling) should occur, display will show the warning "Fire M Limits Exceeded".

Digital and relay outputs can be configured for the status messages "Fire Mode Active" and the warning "Fire M Was Active". See parameter group 5-3* and parameter group 5-4*.

"Fire M was Active" messages can also be accessed in the warning word via serial communication. (See relevant documentation).

The status messages "Fire Mode" can be accessed via the extended status word.

Message	Type	LCP	Messages in display	Warning Word 2	Ext. Status Word 2
Fire Mode	Status	+	+		+ (bit 25)
Fire Mode	Warning	+			
Fire M was Active	Warning	+	+	+ (bit 3)	
Fire M Limits Exceeded	Warning	+	+		

Log

An overview of events related to Fire Mode can be viewed in the Fire Mode log, parameter group 18-1*, or via the Alarm Log button on the LCP.

The log will include up to 10 of the latest events. Warranty Affecting Alarms will have a higher priority as the two other types of events.

The log cannot be reset!

Following events are logged:

*Warranty affecting alarms (see 24-09 Fire Mode Alarm Handling, Fire Mode Alarm Handling)

*Fire Mode activated

*Fire Mode deactivated

All other alarms occurring while Fire Mode activated will be logged as usual.

NOTE

During Fire Mode operation all stop commands to the frequency converter will be ignored, including Coast/Coast inverse and External Interlock. However, if your frequency converter incorporates "Safe-Stop", this function is still active. See Section "How to Order / Ordering Form Type Code".



If in Fire Mode it is desired to use the Live Zero function, then it will also be active for analog inputs other than that used for Fire Mode setpoint / feedback. Should the feedback to any of those other analog inputs be lost, for example a cable is burned, Live Zero function will operate. If this is undesirable then Live Zero function must be disabled for those other inputs.

Desired Live Zero function in case of missing signal when Fire Mode active, must be set in 6-02 Fire Mode Live Zero Timeout Function.

Warning for Live Zero will have a higher priority than the warning "Fire Mode".

NOTE

If setting the command Start Reversing [11] on a digital input terminal in 5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input, the drive will understand this as a reversing command.

24-0	24-00 Fire Mode Function			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	Disabled	Fire Mode Function is not active.		
[1]	Enabled - Run Forward	In this mode the motor will continue to operate in a clockwise direction. Works only in Open Loop. Set <i>24-01 Fire Mode Configuration</i> to Open Loop [0].		
[2]	Enabled - Run Reverse	In this mode the motor will continue to operate in a counter-clockwise direction. Works only in Open Loop. Set <i>24-01 Fire Mode Configuration</i> to Open Loop [0].		
[3]	Enabled - Coast	Whilst this mode is enabled, the output is disabled and the motor is allowed to coast to stop.		
[4]	Enabled - Run Fwd/Rev			

NOTE

In the above, alarms are produced or ignored in accordance with the selection in *24-09 Fire Mode Alarm Handling*.

24-0	24-01 Fire Mode Configuration			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	Open Loop	When Fire Mode is active, the motor will run with a fixed speed based on a Reference set. Unit will be the same as selected in 0-02 Motor Speed Unit.		
[3]	Closed Loop	When Fire Mode is active, the build in PID controller will control the speed based on the set point and a feed back signal, selected in 24-07 Fire Mode Feedback Source. Unit to be selected in 24-02 Fire Mode Unit. For other PID controller settings use parameter group 20-** as		

24-01 Fire Mode Configuration			
Option:		Function:	
		for normal operation. If the motor also is controlled by the build in PID controller when in normal operation, the same transmitter can be used for both cases by selecting the same source.	

NOTE

Before adjusting the PID controller set 24-09 Fire Mode Alarm Handling, [2] Trip, All Alarms/Test.

NOTE

If Enable-Run Reverse is selected in 24-00 Fire Mode Function, Closed Loop cannot be selected in 24-01 Fire Mode Configuration.

24-02 Fire Mode Unit			
Option:		Function:	
		Select the desired unit when Fire Mode is active	
		and running in Closed Loop.	
[0]	None		
[1]	%		
[2]	RPM		
[3]	Hz		
[4]	Nm		
[5]	PPM		
[10]	1/min		
[11]	RPM		
[12]	Pulse/s		
[20]	I/s		
[21]	l/min		
[22]	l/h		
[23]	m³/s		
[24]	m³/min		
[25]	m³/h		
[30]	kg/s		
[31]	kg/min		
[32]	kg/h		
[33]	t/min		
[34]	t/h		
[40]	m/s		
[41]	m/min		
[45]	m		
[60]	°C		
[70]	mbar		
[71]	bar		
[72]	Pa		
[73]	kPa		
[74]	m WG		
[75]	mm Hg		
[80]	kW		
[120]	GPM		
[121]	gal/s		
		ı	



24-0	24-02 Fire Mode Unit			
Opti	on:	Function:		
[122]	gal/min			
[123]	gal/h			
[124]	CFM			
[125]	ft³/s			
[126]	ft³/min			
[127]	ft³/h			
[130]	lb/s			
[131]	lb/min			
[132]	lb/h			
[140]	ft/s			
[141]	ft/min			
[145]	ft			
[160]	°F			
[170]	psi			
[171]	lb/in²			
[172]	in WG			
[173]	ft WG			
[174]	in Hg			
[180]	HP			

24-03 Fire Mode Min Reference			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[-999999.999 -	Minimum value for the reference/set point (limiting the	
related	FireModeUnit]	sum of value in 24-05 Fire Mode Preset Reference and value of	
		signal on input selected in 24-06 Fire Mode Reference Source). If running in Open loop when Fire Mode is active, the unit is chosen by the setting of 0-02 Motor Speed Unit. For closed loop, the unit is selected in 24-02 Fire Mode Unit.	

24-04 Fire Mode Max Reference			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[par. 24-03 -	Maximum value for the	
related*	999999.999	reference/set point (limiting the	
	FireModeUnit]	sum of value in 24-05 Fire Mode	
		Preset Reference and value of signal	
		on input selected in 24-06 Fire Mode	
		Reference Source).	
		If running in Open loop when Fire	
		Mode is active, the unit is chosen	
		by the setting of 0-02 Motor Speed	
		Unit. For closed loop, the unit is	
		selected in 24-02 Fire Mode Unit.	

24-05 Fire Mode Preset Reference				
Range:		Function:		
0.00 %*	[-100.00 -	Enter the required preset reference/set		
	100.00 %]	point as a percentage of the Fire Mode		
		Max Reference set in 24-04 Fire Mode		
		Max Reference. The set value will be		
		added to the value represented by the		
		signal on the analog input selected in		
		24-06 Fire Mode Reference Source.		

24-	24-06 Fire Mode Reference Source			
Opt	tion:	Function:		
		Select the external reference input to be used for the Fire Mode. This signal will be added to the value set in 24-06 Fire Mode Reference Source.		
[0]	No function			
[1]	Analog input 53			
[2]	Analog input 54			
[7]	Pulse input 29			
[8]	Pulse input 33			
[20]	Digital pot.meter			
[21]	Analog input X30/11			
[22]	Analog input X30/12			
[23]	Analog Input X42/1			
[24]	Analog Input X42/3			
[25]	Analog Input X42/5			

24-0	24-07 Fire Mode Feedback Source		
Opti	on:	Function:	
		Select the feed back input to be used for the Fire Mode feed back signal when Fire Mode is active. If the motor also is controlled by the built in PID controller when in normal operation, the same transmitter can be used for both cases by selecting the same source.	
[0] *	No function		
[1]	Analog input 53		
[2]	Analog input 54		
[3]	Pulse input 29		
[4]	Pulse input 33		
[7]	Analog input X30/11		
[8]	Analog input X30/12		
[9]	Analog Input X42/1		
[10]	Analog Input X42/3		
[11]	Analog Input X42/5		
[15]	Analog Input X48/2		
[100]	Bus feedback 1		
[101]	Bus feedback 2		
[102]	Bus feedback 3		



24-0	24-09 Fire Mode Alarm Handling		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0]	Trip+Reset, Critical Alarms	If this mode is selected, the frequency converter will continue to run, ignoring most alarms, even if doing so it may result in damage of the frequency converter. Critical alarms are alarms, which cannot be suppressed but a restart attempt is possible (Infinity Automatic Reset).	
[1] *	Trip, Critical Alarms	In case of a critical alarm, the frequency converter will trip and not auto-restart (Manual Reset).	
[2]	Trip, All Alarms/Test	It is possible to test the operation of Fire Mode, but all alarm states are activated normally (Manual Reset).	

Warranty-affecting alarms. Certain alarms can affect the lifetime of the frequency converter. Should one of these ignored alarms occur whilst in Fire Mode, a log of the event is stored in the Fire Mode Log.

Here the 10 latest events of warranty-affecting alarms, fire mode activation and fire mode deactivation are stored.

NOTE

The setting in 14-20 Reset Mode is disregarded in case of Fire Mode being active (see parameter group 24-0*, Fire Mode).

No:	Description	Critical Alarms	Warranty Affecting Alarms
4	Mains ph. Loss		х
7	DC over volt	х	
8	DC under volt	х	
9	Inverter overloaded		х
13	Over current	х	
14	Earth fault	х	
16	Short circuit	х	
29	Power card temp		x
33	Inrush fault		x
38	Internal fault		х
65	Ctrl. card temp		х
68	SafeStop	х	

3.22.2 24-1* Drive Bypass

The frequency converter includes a feature, which can be used to automatically activate an external electromechanical bypass in case of a trip/trip lock of the frequency converter or the event of a Fire Mode Coast (see 24-00 Fire Mode Function).

The bypass will switch the motor to operation direct on line. The external bypass is activated by means of one of the digital outputs or relays in the frequency converter, when programmed in parameter group 5-3* or parameter group 5-4*.

NOTE

Important! After enabling the Drive Bypass Function, the frequency converter is no longer Safety Certified (for using the Safe Stop in versions, where included).

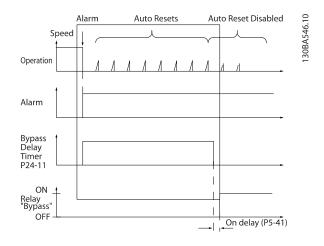
To deactivate the Drive Bypass at normal operation (Fire Mode not activated), one of following actions must be carried out:

- Press the Off button on the LCP, (or program two of the digital inputs for Hand On-Off-Auto).
- Activate External Interlock via digital input
- Carry out a Power Cycling.

NOTE

The Drive Bypass cannot be deactivated if in Fire Mode. It can be deactivated only by either removing the Fire Mode command signal or the power supply to the frequency converter!

When the Drive Bypass function is activated, the display on the LCP will show the status message Drive Bypass. This message has a higher priority than the Fire Mode status messages. When the automatic Drive Bypass function is enabled, it will cut in the external bypass according to the below sequence:



24-1	24-10 Drive Bypass Function		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		This parameter determines, what circumstances	
		will activate the Drive Bypass Function:	
[0] *	Disabled		
[1]	Enabled	If in normal operation the automatic Drive Bypass Function will be activated at following conditions:	
		At a Trip Lock or a Trip. After the programmed number of reset attempts, programmed in 14-20 Reset Mode or if the Bypass Delay Timer (24-11 Drive Bypass Delay Time) expires before reset attempts have been completed	
		When in Fire Mode, the Bypass Function will operate under following conditions:	
		When experiencing a trip at critical alarms, a Coast or if the Bypass Delay Timer expires before reset attempts have completed when [2] Enabled in Fire Mode. The Bypass Function will operate at trip at critical alarms, Coast or if the Bypass Delay Timer expires before reset attempts have been completed.	
[2]	Enabled (Fire M Only)	The Bypass Function will operate at Trip at Critical Alarms, Coast or Bypass Delay Timer if the timer expires before reset attempts have completed.	

ACAUTION

Important! After enabling the Drive Bypass Function, the Safe Stop function (in versions, where included) is not complying with standard EN 954-1, Cat. 3 installations anymore.

24-	24-11 Drive Bypass Delay Time		
Ran	ge:	Function:	
0 s*	[0 - 600 s]	Programmable in 1 s increments. Once the Bypass Function is activated in accordance with the setting in 24-10 Drive Bypass Function, the Bypass Delay Timer begins to operate. If the frequency converter has been set for a number of restart attempts, the timer will continue to run while the frequency converter tries to restart. Should the motor have restarted within the time period of the Bypass Delay Timer, then the timer is reset. Should the motor fail to restart at the end of the Bypass Delay Time, the Drive Bypass relay will be activated, which will have been programmed for Bypass in 5-40 Function Relay. If a [Relay Delay] has also been programmed in 5-41 On Delay, Relay, [Relay] or 5-42 Off Delay, Relay, [Relay], then this time must also elapse before the relay action is performed.	

24-	24-11 Drive Bypass Delay Time		
Ran	ige:	Function:	
		Where no restart attempts are programmed, the timer will run for the delay period set in this parameter and will then activate the Drive Bypass relay, which will have been programmed for Bypass in 5-40 Function Relay, Function Relay. If a Relay Delay has also been programmed in 5-41 On Delay, Relay, On Delay, Relay or 5-42 Off Delay, Relay, [Relay], then this time must also elapse before the relay action is performed.	

24-9	24-90 Missing Motor Function		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the action to be taken if the motor current is below the limit calculated as a function of the output frequency. The function is used for detecting e.g. a missing motor in multi-motor applications.	
[0] *	Off		
[1]	Warning		

24-91 Missing Motor Coefficient 1			
Range:		Function:	
0.0000 *	[-10.0000 - 10.0000]	Enter the cubic coefficient of the Missing Motor detection function multiplied by 1000.	

24-92 Missing Motor Coefficient 2			
Range:		Function:	
0.0000 *	[-100.0000 - 100.0000]	Enter the quadratic coefficient of the Missing Motor detection function multiplied by 1000.	

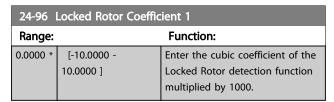
24-93	Missing Motor Coeffici	ent 3
Range:		Function:
0.0000 *	[-100.0000 -	Enter the linear coefficient of
	100.0000]	the Missing Motor detection
		function.

24-94 Missing Motor Coefficient 4		
Range	•	Function:
0.000 *		Enter the constant of the Missing Motor detection function.

24-95 Locked		d Rotor Function
Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select the action to be taken if the motor current is above the limit calculated as a function of the output frequency. The function is used for detecting e.g. a locked rotor in multi-motor applications.
[0] *	Off	
[1]	Warning	



Alldales



24-97	24-97 Locked Rotor Coefficient 2			
Range:		Function:		
0.0000 *	[-100.0000 -	Enter the quadratic coefficient of		
	100.0000]	the Locked Rotor detection		
		function multiplied by 1000.		

24-98	24-98 Locked Rotor Coefficient 3		
Range:		Function:	
0.0000 *	[-100.0000 - 100.0000]	Enter the linear coefficient of the Locked Rotor detection function.	

24-99 Locked Rotor Coefficient 4		
Range	•	Function:
0.000 *	[-500.000 - 500.000]	Enter the constant of the Locked Rotor detection function.



3.23 Main Menu - Cascade Controller - Group 25

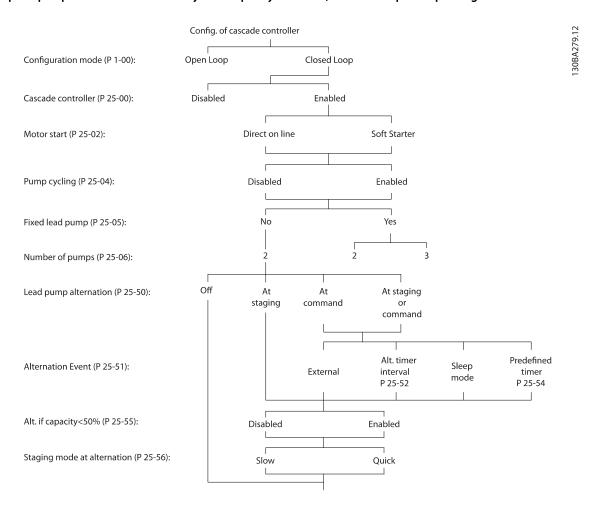
Parameters for configuring the Basic Cascade Controller for sequence control of multiple pumps. For a more application oriented description and wiring examples, see Chapter *Application Examples, item Basic Cascade Controller* in the Design Guide, MG20NXYY.

To configure the Cascade Controller to the actual system and the desired control strategy, it is recommended to follow the below sequence, starting with parameter group 25-0* *System Settings* and next parameter group 25-5* *Alternation Settings*. These parameter can normally be set in advance.

Parameters in 25-2* *Bandwidth Settings* and 25-4* *Staging settings*, will often be dependent on the dynamic of the system and final adjustment to be done at the commissioning of the plant.

NOTE

The Cascade Controller is supposed to operate in closed loop controlled by the built-in PI controller (Closed Loop selected in 1-00 Configuration Mode). If Open Loop is selected in 1-00 Configuration Mode, all fixed speed pumps will be destaged, but the variable speed pump will still be controlled by the frequency converter, now as an open loop configuration:





3.23.1 25-0* System Settings

Parameters related to control principles and configuration of the system.

25-0	25-00 Cascade Controller				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		For operation of multiple devices (pump/fan) systems where capacity is adapted to actual load by means of speed control combined with on/off control of the devices. For simplicity only pump systems are described.			
[0] *	Disabled	The Cascade Controller is not active. All built-in relays assigned to pump motors in the cascade function will be de-energized. If a variable speed pump is connected to the frequency converter directly (not controlled by a built-in relay); this pump/fan will be controlled as a single pump system.			
[1]	Enabled	The Cascade Controller is active and will stage/destage pumps according to load on the system.			

25-0	25-02 Motor Start			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Motors are connected to the mains directly with a contactor or with a soft starter. When the value of 25-02 Motor Start is set to an option other than Direct on Line [0], then 25-50 Lead Pump Alternation is automatically set to the default of Direct on Line [0].		
[0] *	Direct on Line	Each fixed speed pump is connected to line directly via a contactor.		
[1]	Soft Starter	Each fixed speed pump is connected to line via a soft starter.		
[2]	Star-Delta			

25-0	25-04 Pump Cycling				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		To provide equal hours of operation with fixed speed pumps, the pump use can be cycled. The selection of pump cycling is either "first in – last out" or equal running hours for each pump.			
[0] *	Disabled	The fixed speed pumps will be connected in the order 1 – 2 and disconnected in the order 2 – 1. (First in – last out).			
[1]	Enabled	The fixed speed pumps will be connected/disconnected to have equal running hours for each pump.			

25-05 Fixed Lead Pump		ixed Lead Pump
Option:		Function:
		Fixed Lead Pump means that the variable speed pump
		is connected directly to the frequency converter and if
		a contactor is applied between frequency converter

25-05 Fixed Lead Pump				
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		and pump, this contactor will not be controlled by the frequency converter. If operating with 25-50 Lead Pump Alternation set to other than Off[0], this parameter must be set to No [0].		
[0]	No	The lead pump function can alternate between the pumps controlled by the two built in relays. One pump must be connected to the built-in RELAY 1, and the other pump to RELAY 2. The pump function (Cascade Pump1 and Cascade Pump2) will automatically be assigned to the relays (maximum two pumps can in this case be controlled from the frequency converter).		
[1] *	Yes	The lead pump will be fixed (no alternation) and connected directly to the frequency converter. The 25-50 Lead Pump Alternation is automatically set to Off [0]. Built-in relays Relay 1 and Relay 2 can be assigned to separate fixed speed pumps. In total three pumps can be controlled by the frequency converter.		

25-06 Number of Pumps				
Range:		Function:		
2 *	[2 -	The number of pumps connected to the Cascade		
	9.]	Controller including the variable speed pump. If the		
		variable speed pump is connected directly to the		
		frequency converter and the other fixed speed		
		pumps (lag pumps) are controlled by the two built		
		in relays, three pumps can be controlled If both the		
		variable speed and fixed speed pumps are to be		
		controlled by built-in relays, only two pumps can be		
		connected.		
		If 25-05 Fixed Lead Pump, is set to No [0]: one		
		variable speed pump and one fixed speed pump;		
		both controlled by built in relay. If 25-05 Fixed Lead		
		Pump is set to Yes [1]: one variable speed pump and		
		one fixed speed pump controlled by built-in relay.		
		One lead pump, see 25-05 Fixed Lead Pump. Two fixed speed pumps controlled by built-in relays.		

3.23.2 25-2* Bandwidth Settings

Parameters for setting the bandwidth within which the pressure will be allowed to operate before staging/ destaging fixed speed pumps. Also includes various timers to stabilize the control.



25-20 Staging Bandwidth Range: Function: 10 [1-Set the staging bandwidth (SBW) percentage to par. accommodate normal system pressure fluctuation. 25-21 In cascade control systems, to avoid frequent %] switching of fixed speed pumps, the desired system pressure is typically kept within a bandwidth rather than at a constant level. The SBW is programmed as a percentage of 20-13 Minimum Reference/Feedb. and 20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb.. For example, if the set-point is 5 bar and the SBW is set to 10%, a system pressure between 4.5 and 5.5 bar is tolerated. No staging or de-staging will occur within this bandwidth. SBW

25-21 Override Bandwidth Range: **Function:** 100 When a large and quick change in the system [par. %* 25-20 demand occurs (such as a sudden water demand), - 100 the system pressure rapidly changes and an %] immediate staging or destaging of a fixed speed pump becomes necessary to match the requirement. The override bandwidth (OBW) is programmed to override the staging/destaging timer (25-23 SBW Staging Delay and 25-24 SBW Destaging Delay) for immediate response. The OBW must always be programmed to a higher value than the value set in Staging Bandwidth (SBW), 25-20 Staging Bandwidth. The OBW is a percentage of 3-02 Minimum Reference and 3-03 Maximum Reference. Override Bandwidth SBW Setpoint SBW Setting the OBW too close to the SBW could defeat the purpose with frequent staging at momentary

25-21 Override Bandwidth Range: Function: pressure changes. Setting the OBW too high might lead to unacceptably high or low pressure in the system while the SBW timers are running. The value can be optimized with increased familiarity with the system. See 25-25 OBW Time. To avoid unintended staging during the commissioning phase and fine tuning of the controller, initially leave the OBW at the factory setting of 100% (Off). When the fine tuning is completed, the OBW should be set to the desired value. An initial

value of 10% is suggested.

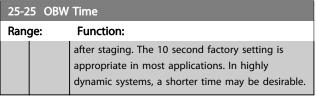
25-22 Fix	ed Spe	ed Bandwidth
Range:		Function:
Size related* 2	[par. 25-20 - par. 25-21 %]	When the cascade control system is running normally and the frequency converter issues a trip alarm, it is important to maintain the system head. The Cascade Controller does this by continuing to stage/destage the fixed speed pump on and off. Due to the fact that keeping the head at the setpoint would require frequent staging and destaging when only a fixed speed pump is running, a wider Fixed Speed Bandwidth (FSBW) is used instead of SBW. It is possible to stop the fixed speed pumps, in case of an alarm situation, by pressing the LCP OFF or HAND ON keys or if the signal programmed for Start on digital input goes low. In case the issued alarm is a trip-lock alarm then the Cascade Controller must stop the system immediately by cutting out all the fixed speed pumps. This is basically the same as Emergency Stop (Coast/Coast inverse Command) for the Cascade Controller.

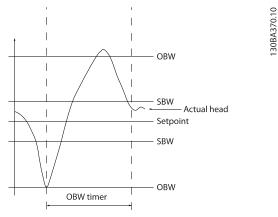


25-2	25-23 SBW Staging Delay				
Range:		Function:			
15 s*	[1 - 3000 s]	Immediate staging of a fixed speed pump is not desirable when a momentary pressure drop in the system exceeds the Staging Bandwidth (SBW). Staging is delayed by the length of time programmed. If the pressure increases to within the SBW before the timer has elapsed, the timer is reset.			
		SBW Setpoint SBW Setpoint SBW staging delay			

25-24 SBW Destaging Delay Range: **Function:** 15 [0 -Immediate destaging of a fixed speed pump is not 3000 s] desirable when a momentary pressure increase in the system that exceeds the Staging Bandwidth (SBW). Destaging is delayed by the length of time programmed. If the pressure decreases to within the SBW before the timer has elapsed, the timer is reset. SBW destage delay <u>Setpoi</u>nt SBW

25-2	25-25 OBW Time				
Range:		Function:			
10	[0 -	Staging a fixed speed pump creates a momentary			
s*	300 s]	pressure peak in the system, which might exceed			
		the Override Bandwidth (OBW). It is not desirable			
		to destage a pump in response to a staging			
		pressure peak. The OBW Time can be programmed			
		to prevent staging until the system pressure has			
		stabilized and normal control established. Set the			
		timer to a value that allows the system to stabilize			





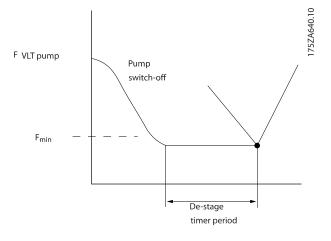
25-2	25-26 Destage At No-Flow		
Option:		Function:	
		The Destage at No-Flow parameter ensures that when a no-flow situation occurs, the fixed speed pumps will be destaged one-by-one until the no-flow signal disappears. This requires that No Flow Detection is active. See parameter group 22-2*. If Destage at No-Flow is disabled the Cascade Controller does not change the normal behavior of the system.	
[0] *	Disabled		
[1]	Enabled		

25	25-27 Stage Function			
Option:		Function:		
		If the Stage Function is set to <i>Disabled</i> [0], 25-28 Stage Function Time will not be activated.		
[0]	Disabled			
[1]	Enabled			

25-2	25-28 Stage Function Time		
Rang	je:	Function:	
15 s*	[0 - 300 s]	The Stage Function Time is programmed to avoid frequent staging of the fixed speed pumps. The Stage Function Time starts if it is <i>Enabled</i> [1] by 25-27 Stage Function, and when the variable speed pump is running at <i>Motor Speed High Limit</i> , 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] or 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz], with at least one fixed speed pump in the stop position. When the programmed value of the timer expires, a fixed speed pump is staged.	

25-2	25-29 Destage Function		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		The Destage Function ensures that the lowest numbers of pumps are running to save energy and to avoid dead head water circulation in the variable speed pump. If the Destage Function is set to <i>Disabled</i> [0], the <i>25-30 Destage Function Time</i> will not be activated.	
[0]	Disabled		
[1] *	Enabled		

25-30 Destage Function Time		
Rang	je:	Function:
15 s*	[0 - 300 s]	The Destage Function Timer is programmable to avoid frequent staging/destaging of the fixed speed pumps. The Destage Function Time starts when the adjustable speed pump is running at 4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] or 4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz], with one or more fixed speed pumps in operation and system requirements satisfied. In this situation, the adjustable speed pump contributes a little to the system. When the programmed value of the timer expires, a stage is removed, avoiding dead head water circulation in the adjustable speed pump.

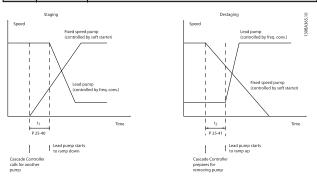


3.23.3 25-4* Staging Settings

Parameters determining conditions for staging/destaging the pumps.

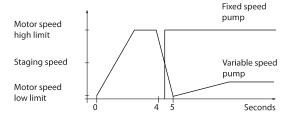
25-40	25-40 Ramp Down Delay			
Range	:	Function:		
10.0 s*	[0.0 - 120.0 s]	When adding a fixed speed pump controlled by a soft starter, it is possible to delay the ramp down of the lead pump until a preset time after the start of the fixed speed pump to eliminate pressure surges or water hammer in the system. Only to be used if Soft Starter [1] is selected in 25-02 Motor Start.		

25-41	25-41 Ramp Up Delay		
Rang	e:	Function:	
2.0 s*	[0.0 - 12.0 s]	When removing a fixed speed pump controlled by a soft starter, it is possible to delay the ramp up of the lead pump until a preset time after the stopping of the fixed speed pump to eliminate pressure surges or water hammer in the system. Only to be used if <i>Soft Starter</i> [1] is selected in 25-02 Motor Start.	



25-42 Staging Threshold			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[0	When adding a fixed speed pump, in order to	
related*	- 100	prevent an overshoot of pressure, the variable	
	%]	speed pump ramps down to a lower speed.	
		When the variable speed pump reaches the	
		"Staging Speed" the fixed speed pump is staged	
		on. The Staging Threshold is used to calculate	
		the speed of the variable speed pump when the	
		"cut-in point" of the fixed speed pump occurs.	
		The calculation of the Staging Threshold is the	
		ratio of 4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] or	
		4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz], to the	
		4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] or 4-14 Motor	
		Speed High Limit [Hz], expressed in percent.	
		Staging Threshold must range from	
		$CTACRY = \frac{LOW}{HIGH} \times 100\%$	

STAGE% = \overline{HIGH} × 100% to 100%, where n_{LOW} is Motor Speed Low Limit and n_{HIGH} is Motor Speed High Limit.



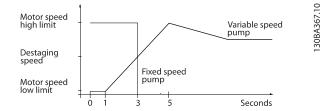
130BA366.10

178



If the set-point is reached after staging before the variable speed pump reaches its minimum speed - the system will enter the state closed loop as soon as the feedback pressure is crossing the set-point.

25-43 [25-43 Destaging Threshold		
Range:		Function:	
Size	[0	When removing a fixed speed pump, in order to	
related*	- 100	prevent an undershoot of pressure, the variable	
	%]	speed pump ramps up to a higher speed. When	
		the variable speed pump reaches the "Destaging	
		Speed" the fixed speed pump is destaged. The	
		Destaging Threshold is used to calculate the	
		speed of the variable speed pump when the	
		destaging of the fixed speed pump occurs. The	
		calculation of the Destaging Threshold is the	
		ratio of 4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] or	
		4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz], to the	
		4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] or 4-14 Motor	
		Speed High Limit [Hz], expressed in percent.	
		Destaging Threshold must range from	
		$STAGE\% = \frac{LOW}{HIGH} \times 100\%$ to 100%, where n _{LOW}	
		is Motor Speed Low Limit and n _{HIGH} is Motor	
		Speed High Limit.	



NOTE

If the set-point is reached after staging before the variable speed pump reaches its maximum speed - the system will enter the state closed loop as soon as the feedback pressure is crossing the set-point.

25-44 Staging Speed [RPM]		
Range:		Function:
0	[0 - 0 RPM]	Readout of the below calculated value for Staging Speed When adding a fixed speed pump, in order to prevent an overshoot of pressure, the variable speed pump ramps down to a lower speed. When the variable speed pump reaches the "Staging Speed" the fixed speed pump is staged on. Staging Speed calculation is based on 25-42 Staging Threshold, and 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]. Staging Speed is calculated with the following formula: STAGE = HIGH STAGE%

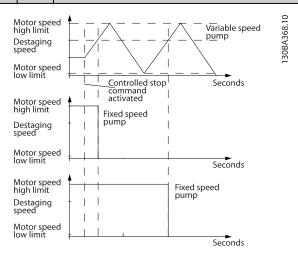
25-44	25-44 Staging Speed [RPM]		
Range	:	Function:	
		where n _{HIGH} is Motor Speed High Limit and n _{STAGE100%} is the value of Staging Threshold.	

25-4	25-45 Staging Speed [Hz]		
Rang	e:	Function:	
0.0 Hz*	[0.0 - 0.0 Hz]	Readout of the below calculated value for Staging Speed When adding a fixed speed pump, in order to prevent an overshoot of pressure, the variable speed pump ramps down to a lower speed. When the variable speed pump reaches the "Staging Speed" the fixed speed pump is staged on. Staging Speed calculation is based on 25-42 Staging Threshold, and 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]. Staging Speed is calculated with the following formula: STAGE = HIGH STAGE% where nHIGH is Motor Speed High Limit and nSTAGE100% is the value of Staging Threshold.	

25-46 Destaging Speed [RPM]		
Range	:	Function:
0	[0 - 0]	Readout of the below calculated value for
RPM*	RPM]	Destaging Speed. When removing a fixed speed
		pump, in order to prevent an undershoot of
		pressure, the variable speed pump ramps up to
		a higher speed. When the variable speed pump
		reaches the "Destaging Speed" the fixed speed
		pump is destaged. Destaging Speed is
		calculated based on 25-43 Destaging Threshold,
		and 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM].
		Destaging Speed is calculated with the
		following formula:
		$DESTAGE = HIGH \frac{DESTAGE\%}{100}$ where n _{HIGH} is Motor
		Speed High Limit and ndestage100% is the value
		of Destaging Threshold.



25-47 Destaging Speed [Hz]		
Range:		Function:
0.0	[0.0]	Readout of the below calculated value for
Hz*	- 0.0	Destaging Speed. When removing a fixed speed
	Hz]	pump, in order to prevent an undershoot of
		pressure, the variable speed pump ramps up to a
		higher speed. When the variable speed pump
		reaches the "Destaging Speed" the fixed speed
		pump is destaged. Destaging Speed is calculated
		based on 25-43 Destaging Threshold, and
		4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz].
		Destaging Speed is calculated with the following
		formula:
		DESTAGE = HIGH <u>DESTAGE</u> %
		where n _{HIGH} is Motor Speed High Limit and
		n _{DESTAGE100%} is the value of Destaging Threshold.



3.23.4 25-5* Alternation Settings

Parameters for defining the conditions for alternation of the variable speed pump (lead), if selected as part of the control strategy.

25-50 Lead Pump Alternation		
Opt	ion:	Function:
		Lead pump alternation equalizes the use of pumps by periodically changing the pump that is speed controlled. This ensures that pumps are equally used over time. Alternation equalizes the usage of pumps by always choosing the pump with the lowest number of used hours to stage on next.
[0] *	Off	No alternation of lead pump function will take place. It is not possible to set this parameter to options other that Off [0] if 25-02 Motor Start is set other than Direct on Line [0].
[1]	At staging	Alternation of the lead pump function will take place when staging another pump.

25-50 Lead Pump Alternation		
Opt	ion:	Function:
[2]	At command	Alternation of the lead pump function will take place at an external command signal or a pre-programmed event. See 25-51 Alternation Event for available options.
[3]	At staging or command	Alternation of the variable speed (lead) pump will take place at staging or the "At Command" signal. (See above.)

NOTE

It is not possible to select other than Off [0] if 25-05 Fixed Lead Pump is set to Yes [1].

25-	25-51 Alternation Event		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		This parameter is only active if the options At Command [2] or At Staging or Command [3] have been selected in 25-50 Lead Pump Alternation. If an Alternation Event is selected, the alternation of lead pump takes place every time the event occurs.	
[0] *	External	Alternation takes place when a signal is applied to one of the digital inputs on the terminal strip and this input has been assigned to Lead Pump Alternation [121] in parameter group 5-1*, Digital Inputs.	
[1]	Alternation Time Interval	Alternation takes place every time 25-52 Alternation Time Interval, expires.	
[2]	Sleep Mode	Alternation takes place each time the lead pump goes into sleep mode. 20-23 Setpoint 3 must be set to Sleep Mode [1] or an external signal applied for this function.	
[3]	Predefined Time	Alternation takes place at a defined time of the day. If 25-54 Alternation Predefined Time, is set, the alternation is carried out every day at the specified time. Default time is midnight (00:00 or 12:00AM depending on the time format).	

25-52 Alternation Time Interval		
Rang	e:	Function:
24 h*	[1 - 999 h]	If Alternation Time Interval [1] option in 25-51 Alternation Event, is selected, the alternation of the variable speed pump takes place every time the Alternation Time Interval expires (can be checked out in 25-53 Alternation Timer Value).

25-53 Alternation Timer Value		
	_	Function:
0 *	[0 - 0]	Readout parameter for the Alternation Time
		Interval value set in 25-52 Alternation Time Interval.



25-54 Alternation Predefined Time		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0-	If optionPredefined Time [3] in
related*	0]	25-51 Alternation Event, is selected, the
		variable speed pump alternation is carried
		out every day at the specified time set in
		Alternation Predefined Time. Default time is
		midnight (00:00 or 12:00AM depending on
		the time format).

25-5	25-55 Alternate if Load < 50%			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		If Alternation If Capacity <50% is enabled, the pump alternation can only occurs if the capacity is equal to or below 50%. The capacity calculation is the ratio of running pumps (including the variable speed pump) to the total number of available pumps (including variable speed pump, but not those interlocked). $Capacity = \frac{N_{RUNNINC}}{N_{TOTAL}} \times 100\%$ For the Basic Cascade Controller all pumps are equal size.		
[0]	Disabled	The lead pump alternation will take place at any pump capacity.		
[1] *	Enabled	The lead pump function will be alternated only if the numbers of pumps running are providing less than 50% of total pump capacity.		

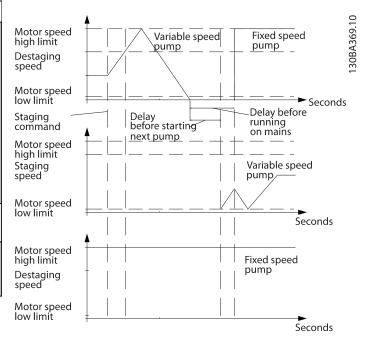
NOTE

Only valid if 25-50 Lead Pump Alternation is different from Off [0].

25-5	25-56 Staging Mode at Alternation			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		This parameter is only active if the option selected in 25-50 Lead Pump Alternation is different from Off [0]. Two types of staging and destaging of pumps are possible. Slow transfer makes staging and destaging smooth. Quick Transfer makes staging and destaging as fast as possible; the variable speed pump is just cut out (coasted).		
[0] *	Slow	At alternation, the variable speed pump is ramped up to maximum speed and then ramped down to a stand still.		
[1]	Quick	At alternation, the variable speed pump is ramped up to maximum speed and then coasted to stand still.		

The below figure is an example of the Slow transfer staging. The variable speed pump (top graph) and one fixed speed pump (bottom graph) are running before the staging command. When the *Slow* [0] transfer command is

activated, an alternation is carried out by ramping the variable speed pump to 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] or 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz], and then decelerated to zero speed. After a "Delay Before Starting Next Pump" (25-58 Run Next Pump Delay) the next lead pump (middle graph) is accelerated and another original lead pump (top graph) is added after the "Delay Before Running On Mains" (25-59 Run on Mains Delay) as a fixed speed pump. The next lead pump (middle graph) is decelerated to Motor Speed Low Limit and then allowed to vary speed to maintain system pressure.



25-58 Run Next Pump Delay			
Rang	e:	Function:	
0.1 s*	[0.1 -	This parameter is only active if the option	
	5.0 s]	selected in 25-50 Lead Pump Alternation, is	
		different from Off [0].	
		This parameter sets the time between stopping	
		the old variable speed pump and starting	
		another pump as a new variable speed pump.	
		Refer to 25-56 Staging Mode at Alternation, the	
		illustration for description of staging and	
		alternation.	

25-59 Run on Mains Delay			
Rang	e:	Function:	
0.5 s*	[par. 25-58 - 5.0 s]	This parameter is only active if the option selected in 25-50 Lead Pump Alternation, is different from Off [0]. This parameter sets the time between stopping the old variable speed pump and starting this pump as a new fixed speed pump. Refer to Illustration 3.10 for	
		description of staging and alternation.	



3.23.5 25-8* Status

Readout parameters informing about the operating status of the Cascade Controller and the pumps controlled.

25-8	25-80 Cascade Status		
Range: Function:		Function:	
0 *	[0 - 0]	Read out of the status of the Cascade Controller.	

25	25-81 Pump Status		
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[0 -	Pump Status shows the status for the number of pumps selected in 25-06 Number of Pumps. It is a readout of the status for each of the pumps showing a string, which consists of pump number and the current status of the pump. Example: Readout is with the abbreviation like "1:D 2:O" This means that pump 1 is running and speed controlled by the frequency converter and pump 2 is stopped.	

25	25-82 Lead Pump			
Ra	nge:		Function:	
0 *	[25-0	0 - par. 6]	Readout parameter for the actual variable speed pump in the system. The Lead Pump parameter is updated to reflect the current variable speed pump in the system when an alternation takes place. If no lead pump is selected (Cascade Controller disabled or all pumps interlocked) the display will show NONF	

25	25-83 Relay Status		
Arr	Array [2]		
Ra	Range: Function:		
0 *	[0 - 0]	Read out of the status for each of the relays assigned to control the pumps. Every element in the array represents a relay. If a relay is activated, the corresponding element is set to "On". If a relay is deactivated, the corresponding element is set to "Off".	

25-84	25-84 Pump ON Time		
Array	[2]		
Rang	je:	Function:	
Array [2] Range: 0 h* [0 - 2147483647 h]		Readout of the value for Pump ON Time. The Cascade Controller has separate counters for the pumps and for the relays that control the pumps. Pump ON Time monitors the "operating hours" of each pump. The value of each Pump ON Time counter can be reset to 0 by writing in the parameter, e.g. if the pump is replaced in case of service.	

25-8	25-85 Relay ON Time			
Arra	Array [2]			
Ran	ge:	Function:		
0 h*	[0 - 2147483647 h]	Readout of the value for Relay ON time. The Cascade Controller has separate counters for the pumps and for the relays that control the pumps. Pump cycling is always done based on the relay counters, otherwise it would always use the new pump if a pump is replaced and its value		
		in 25-84 Pump ON Time is reset. In order to use 25-04 Pump Cycling the Cascade Controller is monitoring the Relay ON time.		

25-8	25-86 Reset Relay Counters			
Option:		Function:		
		Resets all elements in 25-85 Relay ON Time counters.		
[0] *	Do not reset			
[1]	Do reset			

3.23.6 25-9* Service

Parameters used in case of service on one or more of the pumps controlled.

25-9	25-90 Pump Interlock				
Array	Array [2]				
Opti	ion:	Function:			
		In this parameter, it is possible to disable one or more of the fixed lead pumps. For example, the pump will not be selected for staging on even if it is the next pump in the operation sequence. It is not possible to disable the lead pump with the Pump Interlock command. The digital input interlocks are selected as Pump 1-3 Interlock [130 – 132] in parameter group 5-1*, Digital Inputs.			
[0] *	Off	The pump is active for staging/destaging.			
[1]	On	The Pump Interlock command is given. If a pump is running it is immediately destaged. If the pump is not running it is not allowed to stage on.			

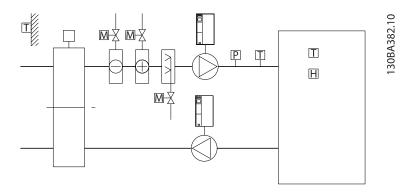
25	25-91 Manual Alternation				
Range:		Function:			
0 *	[0 - par.	Readout parameter for the actual variable			
	25-06]	speed pump in the system. The Lead Pump			
		parameter is updated to reflect the current			
		variable speed pump in the system when an			
		alternation takes place. If no lead pump is			
		selected (Cascade Controller disabled or all			
		pumps interlocked) the display will show			
		NONE.			

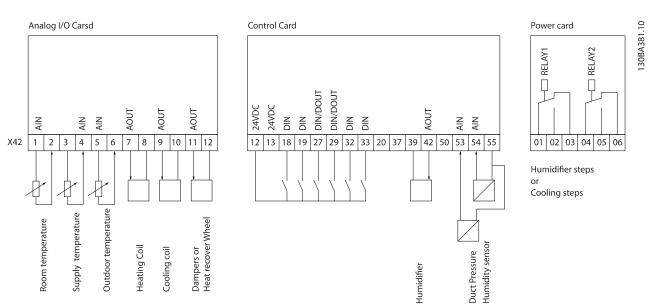


3.24 Main Menu - Analog I/O Option MCB 109 - Group 26

The Analog I/O Option MCB 109 extends the functionality of ADS 102 frequency converters, by adding a number of additional, programmable analog inputs and outputs. This could be especially useful in Building Management System installations where the frequency converter may be used as de-central I/O, obviating the need for an outstation and thus reducing cost.

Consider the diagram





This shows a typical Air Handling Unit (AHU). As can be seen, the addition of the Analog I/O option offers the possibility to control all of the functions from the frequency converter, such as inlet-, return- and exhaust dampers or heating/cooling coils with temperature and pressure measurements being read by the frequency converter.



NOTE

The maximum current for the analog outputs 0-10V is 1mA.

NOTE

Where Live Zero Monitoring is used, it is important that any analog inputs not being used for the frequency controller, i.e. being used as part of the Building Management System decentral I/O, should have their Live Zero function disabled.

Terminal	Parameters	Terminal	Parameters	Terminal	Parameters
Analog inputs		Analog	Analog inputs		
X42/1	26-00 Terminal X42/1 Mode, 26-1*	53	6-1*	Relay 1 Term 1, 2, 3	5-4*
X42/3	26-01 Terminal X42/3 Mode, 26-2*	54	6-2*	Relay 2 Term 4, 5, 6	5-4*
X42/5	26-02 Terminal X42/5 Mode, 26-3*				
Anal	og outputs	Analog	output		
X42/7	26-4*	42	6-5*		
X42/9	26-5*				
X42/11	26-6*				

Table 3.4 Relevant parameters

It is also possible to read the analog inputs, write to the analog outputs and control the relays, using communication via the serial bus. In this instance, these are the relevant parameters.

Terminal	Parameters	Terminal	Parameters	Terminal	Parameters
Analog inputs (read)	Analog inputs (read)			Relays	
X42/1	18-30 Analog Input X42/1	53	16-62 Analog Input 53	Relay 1 Term 1, 2, 3	16-71 Relay Output [bin]
X42/3	18-31 Analog Input X42/3	54	16-64 Analog Input 54	Relay 2 Term 4, 5, 6	16-71 Relay Output [bin]
X42/5	18-32 Analog Input X42/5				
Analog outputs (write)		Analog output (write)	•		
X42/7	18-33 Analog Out X42/7 [V]	42	6-53 Terminal 42 Output Bus Control	NOTE The relay outputs must be enabled via Control Word Bit 11 (Relay 1) and Bit 12 (Relay 2).	
X42/9	18-34 Analog Out X42/9 [V]				
X42/11	18-35 Analog Out X42/11 [V]				

Table 3.5 Relevant parameters

Setting of on-board Real Time Clock.

The Analog I/O option incorporates a real time clock with battery back-up. This can be used as back up of the clock function included in the frequency converter as standard. See 3.2.8 0-7* Clock Settings.

The Analog I/O option can be used for the control of devices such as actuators or valves, using the Extended Closed loop facility, thus removing control from the Building Management System. See 3.19 Main Menu - Extended Closed Loop - Group 21. There are three independent closed loop PID controllers.



3.24.1 26-0* Analog I/O Mode

Parameter group for setting up the analog I/O configuration. The option is equipped with 3 analog inputs. These analog inputs can be freely allocated to either voltage (0V - +10V), Pt 1000 or Ni 1000 temperature sensor input.

26-00 Terminal X42/1 Mode			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Terminal X42/1 can be programmed as an	
		analog input accepting a voltage or input	
		from either Pt1000 (1000 Ω at 0°C) or Ni 1000	
		(1000 Ω at 0°C) temperature sensors. Select	
		the desired mode.	
		<i>Pt 1000</i> , [2] and <i>Ni 1000</i> [4] if operating in	
		Celsius - Pt 1000 [3] and Ni 1000 [5] if	
		operating in Fahrenheit.	
		Notice: If the input is not in use, it must be	
		set for Voltage!	
		If set for temperature and used as feed back,	
		the unit must be set for either Celsius or	
		Fahrenheit (20-12 Reference/Feedback Unit,	
		21-10 Ext. 1 Ref./Feedback Unit, 21-30 Ext. 2	
		Ref./Feedback Unit or 21-50 Ext. 3 Ref./Feedback	
		Unit).	
[1] *	Voltage		
[2]	Pt 1000 [°C]		
[3]	Pt 1000 [°F]		
[4]	Ni 1000 [°C]		
[5]	Ni 1000 [°F]		

26-0	26-01 Terminal X42/3 Mode			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Terminal X42/3 can be programmed as an analog input accepting a voltage or input from either Pt 1000 or Ni 1000 temperature sensors. Select the desired mode. Pt 1000, [2] and Ni 1000, [4] if operating in Celsius - Pt 1000, [3] and Ni 1000, [5] if operating in Fahrenheit.		
		Notice: If the input is not in use, it must be set for Voltage! If set for temperature and used as feed back, the unit must be set for either Celsius or Fahrenheit (20-12 Reference/Feedback Unit, 21-10 Ext. 1 Ref./Feedback Unit, 21-30 Ext. 2 Ref./Feedback Unit or 21-50 Ext. 3 Ref./Feedback Unit).		
[1] *	Voltage			
[2]	Pt 1000 [°C]			
[3]	Pt 1000 [°F]			
[4]	Ni 1000 [°C]			
[5]	Ni 1000 [°F]			

26-0	2 Terminal	X42/5 Mode
Opt	ion:	Function:
		Terminal X42/5 can be programmed as an analog input accepting a voltage or input from either Pt 1000 (1000 Ω at 0° C) or Ni 1000 (1000 Ω at 0° C) temperature sensors. Select the desired mode. Pt 1000, [2] and Ni 1000, [4] if operating in Celsius - Pt 1000, [3] and Ni 1000, [5] if operating in Fahrenheit. Notice: If the input is not in use, it must be set for Voltage! If set for temperature and used as feed back, the unit must be set for either Celsius or Fahrenheit (20-12 Reference/Feedback Unit, 21-10 Ext. 1 Ref./Feedback Unit, 21-30 Ext. 2 Ref./Feedback Unit or 21-50 Ext. 3 Ref./Feedback Unit).
[1] *	Voltage	
[2]	Pt 1000 [°C]	
[3]	Pt 1000 [°F]	
[4]	Ni 1000 [°C]	
[5]	Ni 1000 [°F]	

3.24.2 26-1* Analog Input X42/1

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog input, terminal X42/1.

26-10 Terminal X42/1 Low Voltage				
Range	•	Function:		
0.07 V*	[0.00 - par.	Enter the low voltage value. This analog		
	6-31 V]	input scaling value should correspond		
		to the low reference/feedback value set		
		in 26-14 Term. X42/1 Low Ref./Feedb.		
		Value.		

26-11 Terminal X42/1 High Voltage				
Range:	Function:			
10.00 V*	[par. 6-30 -	Enter the high voltage value. This		
	10.00 V]	analog input scaling value should		
		correspond to the high reference/		
		feedback value set in 26-15 Term. X42/1		
		High Ref./Feedb. Value.		
		I riigii hei./reedb. valde.		

26-14 Term. X42/1 Low Ref./Feedb. Value				
Range:		Function:		
0.000 *	[-999999.999 -	Enter the analog input scaling		
	999999.999]	value that corresponds to the low		
		voltage value set in 26-10 Terminal		
		X42/1 Low Voltage.		



26-15 Term. X42/1 High Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range:	e: Function:		
100.000 *	[-999999.999 - 999999.999]	Enter the analog input scaling value that corresponds to the high voltage value set in 26-11 Terminal X42/1 High Voltage.	

26-16	26-16 Term. X42/1 Filter Time Constant				
Range:		Function:			
0.001 s*	[0.001 - 10.000 s]	Enter the time constant. This is a first- order digital low pass filter time constant for suppressing noise in terminal X42/1. A high time constant value improves dampening but also increases the time			
		delay through the filter. This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.			

26-1	26-17 Term. X42/1 Live Zero			
Option:		Function:		
		This parameter makes it possible to enable the		
		Live Zero monitoring. E.g. where the analog input		
		is a part of the frequency converter control,		
		rather than being used as part of a decentral I/O		
		system, such as a Building Management System.		
[0]	Disabled			
[1] *	Enabled			

3.24.3 26-2* Analog Input X42/3

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog input, terminal X42/3.

26-20	26-20 Terminal X42/3 Low Voltage				
Range: Function:			Function:		
0.07 V*	[6-31		Enter the low voltage value. This analog input scaling value should correspond to the low reference/feedback value set in 26-24 Term. X42/3 Low Ref./Feedb. Value.		

26-21 Terminal X42/3 High Voltage			
Range: Function:			
10.00 V*	[par. 6-30 - 10.00 V]	Enter the high voltage value. This analog input scaling value should correspond to the high reference/ feedback value set in 26-25 Term. X42/3 High Ref./Feedb. Value.	

26-24 Term. X42/3 Low Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range:		Function:	
0.000 *	[-999999.999 - 999999.999]	Enter the analog input scaling value that corresponds to the low	

26-24 Term. X42/3 Low Ref./Feedb. Value		
Range:	Function:	
	voltage value set in 26-20 Terminal X42/3 Low Voltage.	

26-25 Term. X42/3 High Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range: Function:			
100.000 *	[-999999.999 - 999999.999]	Enter the analog input scaling value that corresponds to the high voltage value set in 26-21 Terminal X42/3 High Voltage.	

26-26	26-26 Term. X42/3 Filter Time Constant				
Range:	Range: Function:				
0.001 s*	[0.001 -	Enter the time constant. This is a first-			
	10.000 s] order digital low pass filter time constant				
	for suppressing noise in terminal X42/3. A				
	high time constant value improves				
	dampening but also increases the time				
	delay through the filter. This parameter				
	cannot be adjusted while the motor is				
		running.			

26-2	26-27 Term. X42/3 Live Zero			
Option:		Function:		
		This parameter makes it possible to enable the		
		Live Zero monitoring. E.g. where the analog input		
		is a part of the frequency converter control,		
		rather than being used as part of a decentral I/O		
		system, such as a Building Management System.		
[0]	Disabled			
[1] *	Enabled			

3.24.4 26-3* Analog Input X42/5

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog input, terminal X42/5.

26-30 Terminal X42/5 Low Voltage				
Range:		Function:		
0.07 V*	[0.00 - par.	Enter the low voltage value. This analog		
	6-31 V]	input scaling value should correspond		
		to the low reference/feedback value set		
		in 26-34 Term. X42/5 Low Ref./Feedb.		
		Value.		

26-31 Terminal X42/5 High Voltage			
Range: Function:			
10.00 V*	[par. 6-30 - 10.00 V]	Enter the high voltage value. This analog input scaling value should correspond to the high reference/ feedback value set in 26-35 Term. X42/5 High Ref./Feedb. Value.	



26-34 Term. X42/5 Low Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range	•	Function:	
0.000 *	[-999999.999 - 999999.999]	Enter the analog input scaling value that corresponds to the low voltage value set in 26-30 Terminal X42/5 Low Voltage.	

26-35 Term. X42/5 High Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range:		Function:	
100.000 *	[-999999.999 - 999999.999]	Enter the analog input scaling value that corresponds to the high voltage value set in 26-21 Terminal X42/3 High Voltage.	

26-36 Term. X42/5 Filter Time Constant		
Range:		Function:
0.001 s*	[0.001 -	Enter the time constant. This is a first-
	10.000 s]	order digital low pass filter time constant
		for suppressing noise in terminal X42/5. A
		high time constant value improves
		dampening but also increases the time
		delay through the filter. This parameter
		cannot be adjusted while the motor is
		running.

26-3	26-37 Term. X42/5 Live Zero		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		This parameter makes it possible to enable the	
		Live Zero monitoring. E.g. where the analog input	
		is a part of the frequency converter control,	
		rather than being used as part of a decentral I/O	
		system, such as a Building Management System.	
[0]	Disabled		
[1] *	Enabled		

3.24.5 26-4* Analog Out X42/7

Parameters for configuring the scaling and output function for analog output, terminal X42/7.

26-4	26-40 Terminal X42/7 Output			
Opti	on:	Function:		
		Set the function of terminal X42/7 as an analog voltage output.		
[0] *	No operation			
[100]	Output freq. 0-100	0 - 100 Hz, (0-20 mA)		
[101]	Reference Min- Max	Minimum reference - Maximum reference, (0-20 mA)		
[102]	Feedback +-200%	-200% to +200% of 20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb., (0-20 mA)		
[103]	Motor cur. 0-lmax	0 - Inverter Max. Current (16-37 Inv. Max. Current), (0-20 mA)		

26-4	26-40 Terminal X42/7 Output				
Opti	on:	Function:			
[104]	Torque 0-Tlim	0 - Torque limit (<i>4-16 Torque Limit</i> <i>Motor Mode</i>), (0-20 mA)			
[105]	Torque 0-Tnom	0 - Motor rated torque, (0-20 mA)			
[106]	Power 0-Pnom	0 - Motor rated power, (0-20 mA)			
[107]	Speed 0-HighLim	0 - Speed High Limit (4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] and 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]), (0-20 mA)			
[113]	Ext. Closed Loop 1	0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)			
[114]	Ext. Closed Loop 2	0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)			
[115]	Ext. Closed Loop 3	0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)			
[139]	Bus ctrl.	0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)			
[141]	Bus ctrl t.o.	0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)			

26-41 Terminal X42/7 Min. Scale			
Range	:	Function:	
0.00	[0.00 -	Scale the minimum output of the selected	
%*	200.00 %]	analog signal at terminal X42/7, as a	
		percentage of the maximum signal level. E.g.	
		if a 0 V (or 0 Hz) is desired at 25% of the	
		maximum output value. Then programme	
		25%. Scaling values up to 100% can never	
		be higher than the corresponding setting in	
		26-42 Terminal X42/7 Max. Scale.	
		See principle graph for 6-51 Terminal 42	
		Output Min Scale.	

26-42 Terminal X42/7 Max. Scale		
Range:		Function:
100.00	[0.00	Scale the maximum output of the selected
%*	-	analog signal at terminal X42/7. Set the value
	200.00	to the maximum value of the voltage signal
	%]	output. Scale the output to give a voltage
		lower than 10V at full scale; or 10V at an
		output below 100% of the maximum signal
		value. If 10V is the desired output current at a
		value between 0-100% of the full-scale output,
		programme the percentage value in the
		parameter, i.e. 50% = 10V. If a voltage between
		0 and 10V is desired at maximum output,
		calculate the percentage as follows:
		$\left(\frac{10 V}{desired\ maximum\ voltage}\right) \times 100\%$
		i.e.
		$5V: \frac{10V}{5V} \times 100\% = 200\%$

See principle graph for 6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale.



26-43 Terminal X42/7 Bus Control			
Range:		Function:	
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00 %]	Holds the level of terminal X42/7 if controlled by bus.	

26-44	26-44 Terminal X42/7 Timeout Preset		
Range:		Function:	
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00 %]	Holds the preset level of terminal X42/7. In case of a bus timeout and a timeout function is selected in 26-50 Terminal X42/9 Output the output will preset to this level.	

3.24.6 26-5* Analog Out X42/9

Parameters for configuring the scaling and output function for analog output, terminal X42/9.

26-50 Terminal X42/9 Output			
Opti	Option: Function:		
		Set the function of terminal X42/9.	
[0] *	No operation		
[100]	Output freq. 0-100	0 - 100 Hz, (0-20 mA)	
[101]	Reference Min-Max	Minimum reference - Maximum reference, (0-20 mA)	
[102]	Feedback +-200%	-200% to +200% of 20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb., (0-20 mA)	
[103]	Motor cur. 0-lmax	0 - Inverter Max. Current (16-37 Inv. Max. Current), (0-20 mA)	
[104]	Torque 0-Tlim	0 - Torque limit (<i>4-16 Torque Limit</i> <i>Motor Mode</i>), (0-20 mA)	
[105]	Torque 0-Tnom	0 - Motor rated torque, (0-20 mA)	
[106]	Power 0-Pnom	0 - Motor rated power, (0-20 mA)	
[107]	Speed 0-HighLim	0 - Speed High Limit (4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] and 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]), (0-20 mA)	
[113]	Ext. Closed Loop 1	0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)	
[114]	Ext. Closed Loop 2	0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)	
[115]	Ext. Closed Loop 3	0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)	
[139]	Bus ctrl.	0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)	
[141]	Bus ctrl t.o.	0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)	

26-51 Terminal X42/9 Min. Scale		
Range:		Function:
0.00	[0.00 -	Scale the minimum output of the selected
%*	200.00 %]	analog signal at terminal X42/9, as a
		percentage of the maximum signal level.
		E.g. if a 0 V is desired at 25% of the
		maximum output value. Then programme
		25%. Scaling values up to 100% can never

26-51 Terminal X42/9 Min. Scale		
Range: Function:		
		be higher than the corresponding setting in 26-52 Terminal X42/9 Max. Scale.

See principle graph for 6-51 Terminal 42 Output Min Scale.

26-52	26-52 Terminal X42/9 Max. Scale		
Range:		Function:	
100.00	[0.00 -	Scale the maximum output of the selected	
%*	200.00	analog signal at terminal X42/9. Set the value	
	%]	to the maximum value of the voltage signal	
		output. Scale the output to give a voltage	
		lower than 10V at full scale; or 10V at an	
		output below 100% of the maximum signal	
		value. If 10V is the desired output current at a	
		value between 0-100% of the full-scale output,	
		programme the percentage value in the	
		parameter, i.e. 50% = 10V. If a voltage	
		between 0 and 10V is desired at maximum	
		output, calculate the percentage as follows:	
		(\frac{10 V}{desired maximum voltage}) x 100 %	
		i.e.	
		$5V: \frac{10V}{5V} \times 100\% = 200\%$	

See principle graph for 6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale.

26-53 Terminal X42/9 Bus Control					
Range:	Range: Function:				
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00 %]	Holds the level of terminal X42/9 if controlled by bus.			

26-54 Terminal X42/9 Timeout Preset				
Range: Function:				
0.00 %*	[0.00 -	Holds the preset level of terminal X42/9.		
	100.00 %]	In case of a bus timeout and a timeout		
		function is selected in 26-60 Terminal		
		X42/11 Output the output will preset to		
		this level.		

3.24.7 26-6* Analog Out X42/11

Parameters for configuring the scaling and output function for analog output, terminal X42/11.

26-60 Terminal X42/11 Output				
Option: Function:				
		Set the function of terminal X42/11.		
[0] *	No operation			
[100]	Output freq. 0-100	0 - 100 Hz, (0-20 mA)		
[101]	Reference Min-Max	Minimum reference - Maximum reference, (0-20 mA)		



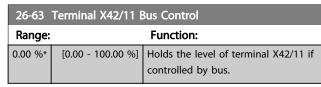
26-6	0 Terminal X42/11	Output
Opti	on:	Function:
[102]	Feedback +-200%	-200% to +200% of 20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb., (0-20 mA)
[103]	Motor cur. 0-lmax	0 - Inverter Max. Current (16-37 Inv. Max. Current), (0-20 mA)
[104]	Torque 0-Tlim	0 - Torque limit (4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode), (0-20 mA)
[105]	Torque 0-Tnom	0 - Motor rated torque, (0-20 mA)
[106]	Power 0-Pnom	0 - Motor rated power, (0-20 mA)
[107]	Speed 0-HighLim	0 - Speed High Limit (4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] and 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]), (0-20 mA)
[113]	Ext. Closed Loop 1	0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)
[114]	Ext. Closed Loop 2	0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)
[115]	Ext. Closed Loop 3	0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)
[139]	Bus ctrl.	0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)
[141]	Bus ctrl t.o.	0 - 100%, (0-20 mA)

26-61	26-61 Terminal X42/11 Min. Scale					
Range:	: Function:					
0.00	[0.00 -	Scale the minimum output of the selected				
%*	200.00 %]	analog signal at terminal X42/11, as a				
		percentage of the maximum signal level.				
		E.g. if a 0 V is desired at 25% of the				
		maximum output value. Then programme				
		25%. Scaling values up to 100% can never				
		be higher than the corresponding setting				
		in 26-62 Terminal X42/11 Max. Scale.				

See principle graph for 6-51 Terminal 42 Output Min Scale.

26-62	Terminal	X42/11 Max. Scale
Range:		Function:
100.00	[0.00 -	Scale the maximum output of the selected
%*	200.00	analog signal at terminal X42/9. Set the value
	%]	to the maximum value of the voltage signal
		output. Scale the output to give a voltage
		lower than 10V at full scale; or 10V at an
		output below 100% of the maximum signal
		value. If 10V is the desired output current at a
		value between 0-100% of the full-scale output,
		programme the percentage value in the
		parameter, i.e. 50% = 10V. If a voltage
		between 0 and 10V is desired at maximum
		output, calculate the percentage as follows:
		$\left(\frac{10 V}{desired \ maximum \ voltage}\right) \times 100 \%$
		i.e.
		$5V: \frac{10V}{5V} \times 100\% = 200\%$

See principle graph for 6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale.



26-64	26-64 Terminal X42/11 Timeout Preset				
Range: Function:					
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00 %]	Holds the preset level of terminal X42/11.			
	70]	In case a bus time-out and a time-out function are selected, the output will			
		preset to this level.			



4 Troubleshooting

4.1 Troubleshooting

A warning or an alarm is signalled by the relevant LED on the front of the frequency converter and indicated by a code on the display.

A warning remains active until its cause is no longer present. Under certain circumstances operation of the motor may still be continued. Warning messages may be critical, but are not necessarily so.

In the event of an alarm, the frequency converter will have tripped. Alarms must be reset to restart operation once their cause has been rectified.

This may be done in four ways:

- 1. By using the [RESET] control button on the LCP.
- 2. Via a digital input with the "Reset" function.
- 3. Via serial communication/optional fieldbus.
- 4. By resetting automatically using the [Auto Reset] function, which is a default setting for ADS 102, see 14-20 Reset Mode in the ADS 102 Programming Guide MGxxyy

NOTE

After a manual reset using the [RESET] button on the LCP, the [AUTO ON] or [HAND ON] button must be pressed to restart the motor.

If an alarm cannot be reset, the reason may be that its cause has not been rectified, or the alarm is trip-locked (see also table on following page).

ACAUTION

Alarms that are trip-locked offer additional protection, means that the mains supply must be switched off before the alarm can be reset. After being switched back on, the frequency converter is no longer blocked and may be reset as described above once the cause has been rectified. Alarms that are not trip-locked can also be reset using the automatic reset function in 14-20 Reset Mode (Warning: automatic wake-up is possible!)

If a warning and alarm is marked against a code in the table on the following page, this means that either a warning occurs before an alarm, or it can be specified whether it is a warning or an alarm that is to be displayed for a given fault.

This is possible, for instance, in 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection. After an alarm or trip, the motor carries on coasting, and the alarm and warning flash on the frequency converter. Once the problem has been rectified, only the alarm continues flashing.

NOTE

No missing motorphase detection (no 30-32) and no stall detection is active when 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM non salient SPM.

No.	Description	Warning	Alarm/ Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
1	10 Volts low	Х			
2	Live zero error	(X)	(X)		6-01
3	No motor	(X)			1-80
4	Mains phase loss	(X)	(X)	(X)	14-12
5	DC link voltage high	Х			
6	DC link voltage low	Х			
7	DC over voltage	Х	Х		
8	DC under voltage	Х	Х		
9	Inverter overloaded	Х	Х		
10	Motor ETR over temperature	(X)	(X)		1-90
11	Motor thermistor over temperature	(X)	(X)		1-90
12	Torque limit	Х	Х		
13	Over Current	Х	Х	Х	
14	Earth fault	X	Х	Х	
15	Hardware mismatch		Х	Х	
16	Short Circuit		Х	Х	
17	Control word timeout	(X)	(X)		8-04
18	Start failed		Х		

ADS 102 Programming Guide

No.	Description	Warning	Alarm/ Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
23	Internal Fan Fault	Х			
24	External Fan Fault	Х			14-53
25	Brake resistor short-circuited	Х			
26	Brake resistor power limit	(X)	(X)		2-13
27	Brake chopper short-circuited	Х	Х		
28	Brake check	(X)	(X)		2-15
29	Drive over temperature	Х	Х	Х	
30	Motor phase U missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58
31	Motor phase V missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58
32	Motor phase W missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58
33	Inrush fault		Х	Х	
34	Fieldbus communication fault	Х	Х		
35	Out of frequency range	Х	Х		
36	Mains failure	Х	Х		
37	Phase Imbalance	Х	Х		
38	Internal fault		Х	Х	
39	Heatsink sensor		Х	Х	
40	Overload of Digital Output Terminal 27	(X)			5-00, 5-01
41	Overload of Digital Output Terminal 29	(X)			5-00, 5-02
42	Overload of Digital Output On X30/6	(X)			5-32
42	Overload of Digital Output On X30/7	(X)			5-33
46	Pwr. card supply		Х	Х	
47	24 V supply low	X	Х	Х	
48	1.8 V supply low		Х	Х	
49	Speed limit	X	(X)		1-86
50	AMA calibration failed	1	X		1
51	AMA check U _{nom} and I _{nom}		Х		
52	AMA low I _{nom}		Х		
53	AMA motor too big		X		
54	AMA motor too small		X		
55	AMA Parameter out of range		X		
56	AMA interrupted by user		X		
57	AMA timeout		X		
58	AMA internal fault	X	X		
59	Current limit	X	^		
60	External Interlock	X			
62	Output Frequency at Maximum Limit	X			
64	Voltage Limit	X			
65	Control Board Over-temperature	X	Х	X	
66	Heat sink Temperature Low	X	^	, A	
67	Option Configuration has Changed	^	Х		
68	Safe Stop	(X)	X ¹⁾		5-19
	Pwr. Card Temp	(^)		v	3-19
69			Х	X	
70	Illegal FC configuration		V(1)	X	
71	PTC 1 Safe Stop	Х	X ¹⁾	\1\	
72	Dangerous Failure			X ¹⁾	
73	Safe Stop Auto Restart				
76	Power Unit Setup	X			
79	Illegal PS config		Х	X	
80	Drive Initialized to Default Value		Х		
91	Analog input 54 wrong settings			X	
92	NoFlow	X	Х		22-2*



No.	Description	Warning	Alarm/ Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
93	Dry Pump	Х	Х		22-2*
94	End of Curve	Х	Х		22-5*
95	Broken Belt	Х	Х		22-6*
96	Start Delayed	Х			22-7*
97	Stop Delayed	Х			22-7*
98	Clock Fault	Х			0-7*
201	Fire M was Active				
202	Fire M Limits Exceeded				
203	Missing Motor				
204	Locked Rotor				
243	Brake IGBT	Х	Х		
244	Heatsink temp	Х	Х	Χ	
245	Heatsink sensor		Х	Χ	
246	Pwr.card supply		Х	Х	
247	Pwr.card temp		Х	Х	
248	Illegal PS config		Х	Х	
250	New spare parts			Х	
251	New Type Code		Х	Х	

Table 4.1 Alarm/Warning code list

(X) Dependent on parameter

1) Can not be Auto reset via 14-20 Reset Mode

A trip is the action when an alarm has appeared. The trip will coast the motor and can be reset by pressing the reset button or make a reset by a digital input (parameter group 5-1* [1]). The original event that caused an alarm cannot damage the frequency converter or cause dangerous conditions. A trip lock is an action when an alarm occurs, which may cause damage to frequency converter or connected parts. A Trip Lock situation can only be reset by a power cycling.

LED indication			
Warning	yellow		
Alarm	flashing red		
Trip locked	yellow and red		

ADS 102 Programming Guide

Bit	Hex	Dec	Alarm Word	Warning Word	Extended Status Word
0	0000001	1	Brake Check	Brake Check	Ramping
1	00000002	2	Pwr. Card Temp	Pwr. Card Temp	AMA Running
2	0000004	4	Earth Fault	Earth Fault	Start CW/CCW
3	00000008	8	Ctrl.Card Temp	Ctrl.Card Temp	Slow Down
4	00000010	16	Ctrl. Word TO	Ctrl. Word TO	Catch Up
5	00000020	32	Over Current	Over Current	Feedback High
6	00000040	64	Torque Limit	Torque Limit	Feedback Low
7	00000080	128	Motor Th Over	Motor Th Over	Output Current High
8	00000100	256	Motor ETR Over	Motor ETR Over	Output Current Low
9	00000200	512	Inverter Overld.	Inverter Overld.	Output Freq High
10	00000400	1024	DC under Volt	DC under Volt	Output Freq Low
11	00000800	2048	DC over Volt	DC over Volt	Brake Check OK
12	00001000	4096	Short Circuit	DC Voltage Low	Braking Max
13	00002000	8192	Inrush Fault	DC Voltage High	Braking
14	00004000	16384	Mains ph. Loss	Mains ph. Loss	Out of Speed Range
15	0008000	32768	AMA Not OK	No Motor	OVC Active
16	00010000	65536	Live Zero Error	Live Zero Error	
17	00020000	131072	Internal Fault	10V Low	
18	00040000	262144	Brake Overload	Brake Overload	
19	00080000	524288	U phase Loss	Brake Resistor	
20	00100000	1048576	V phase Loss	Brake IGBT	
21	00200000	2097152	W phase Loss	Speed Limit	
22	00400000	4194304	Fieldbus Fault	Fieldbus Fault	
23	00800000	8388608	24 V Supply Low	24V Supply Low	
24	01000000	16777216	Mains Failure	Mains Failure	
25	02000000	33554432	1.8V Supply Low	Current Limit	
26	04000000	67108864	Brake Resistor	Low Temp	
27	08000000	134217728	Brake IGBT	Voltage Limit	
28	10000000	268435456	Option Change	Unused	
29	20000000	536870912	Drive Initialized	Unused	
30	40000000	1073741824	Safe Stop	Unused	
31	80000000	2147483648	Mech. brake low (A63)	Extended Status Word	

Table 4.2 Description of Alarm Word, Warning Word and Extended Status Word

The alarm words, warning words and extended status words can be read out via serial bus or optional fieldbus for diagnosis. See also 16-90 Alarm Word, 16-92 Warning Word and 16-94 Ext. Status Word.





4.1.1 Alarm Words

16-90 Alarm Word

Bit	Alarm Word
(Hex)	(16-90 Alarm Word)
0000001	
00000002	Power card over temperature
0000004	Earth fault
8000000	
0000010	Control word timeout
00000020	Over current
00000040	
0800000	Motor thermistor over temp.
00000100	Motor ETR over temperature
00000200	Inverter overloaded
00000400	DC link under voltage
0080000	DC link over voltage
00001000	Short circuit
00002000	
00004000	Mains phase loss
0008000	AMA not OK
00010000	Live zero error
00020000	Internal fault
00040000	
00080000	Motor phase U is missing
00100000	Motor phase V is missing
00200000	Motor phase W is missing
00800000	Control Voltage Fault
01000000	
02000000	VDD, supply low
0400000	Brake resistor short circuit
08000000	Brake chopper fault
10000000	Earth fault DESAT
2000000	Drive initialised
4000000	Safe Stop [A68]
80000000	

16-91 Alarm Word 2

Bit	Alarm Word 2
(Hex)	(16-91 Alarm Word 2)
0000001	
0000002	Reserved
0000004	Service Trip, Typecode / Sparepart
8000000	Reserved
0000010	Reserved
00000020	
0000040	
0800000	
00000100	Broken Belt
00000200	Not used
00000400	Not used
0080000	Reserved
00001000	Reserved
00002000	Reserved
00004000	Reserved
0008000	Reserved
00010000	Reserved
00020000	Not used
00040000	Fans error
00080000	ECB error
00100000	Reserved
00200000	Reserved
00400000	Reserved
0080000	Reserved
01000000	Reserved
02000000	Reserved
0400000	Reserved
08000000	Reserved
10000000	Reserved
20000000	Reserved
4000000	PTC 1 Safe Stop [A71]
80000000	Dangerous Failure [A72]



4.1.2 Warning Words

16-92 Warning Word

Bit	Warning Word
(Hex)	(16-92 Warning Word)
0000001	- 1
00000002	Power card over temperature
0000004	Earth fault
8000000	
0000010	Control word timeout
0000020	Over current
0000040	
0800000	Motor thermistor over temp.
00000100	Motor ETR over temperature
00000200	Inverter overloaded
00000400	DC link under voltage
00000800	DC link over voltage
00001000	
00002000	
00004000	Mains phase loss
0008000	No motor
00010000	Live zero error
00020000	
00040000	
00080000	
00100000	
00200000	
00400000	
0080000	
01000000	
02000000	Current limit
04000000	
08000000	
10000000	
20000000	
4000000	Safe Stop [W68]
80000000	Not used

16-93 Warning Word 2

Bit	Warning Word 2
(Hex)	(16-93 Warning Word 2)
0000001	
0000002	
0000004	Clock Failure
8000000	Reserved
0000010	Reserved
00000020	
0000040	
0800000	End of Curve
00000100	Broken Belt
00000200	Not used
00000400	Reserved
00000800	Reserved
00001000	Reserved
00002000	Reserved
00004000	Reserved
0008000	Reserved
00010000	Reserved
00020000	Not used
00040000	Fans warning
00080000	
00100000	Reserved
00200000	Reserved
00400000	Reserved
00800000	Reserved
01000000	Reserved
02000000	Reserved
04000000	Reserved
08000000	Reserved
10000000	Reserved
20000000	Reserved
4000000	PTC 1 Safe Stop [W71]
80000000	Reserved



4.1.3 Extended Status Words

Extended status word, 16-94 Ext. Status Word

Bit **Extended Status Word** (16-94 Ext. Status Word) (Hex) 00000001 Ramping 00000002 AMA tuning 0000004 Start CW/CCW 0000008 Not used 00000010 Not used 00000020 Feedback high 00000040 Feedback low 00000080 Output current high 00000100 Output current low 00000200 Output frequency high 00000400 Output frequency low 00000800 Brake check OK 00001000 Braking max 00002000 Braking 00004000 Out of speed range OVC active 0008000 00010000 AC brake 00020000 Password Timelock 00040000 **Password Protection** 00080000 Reference high 00100000 Reference low Local Ref./Remote Ref. 00200000 00400000 Reserved 00800000 Reserved 01000000 Reserved 02000000 Reserved 04000000 Reserved 08000000 Reserved 10000000 Reserved 20000000 Reserved 40000000 Reserved 80000000 Reserved

Extended status word 2, 16-95 Ext. Status Word 2

Bit	Extended Status Word 2 (16-95 Ext. Status
(Hex)	Word 2)
0000001	Off
00000002	Hand / Auto
0000004	Not used
8000000	Not used
0000010	Not used
00000020	Relay 123 active
00000040	Start Prevented
0800000	Control ready
00000100	Drive ready
00000200	Quick Stop
00000400	DC Brake
0080000	Stop
00001000	Standby
00002000	Freeze Output Request
00004000	Freeze Output
0008000	Jog Request
00010000	Jog
00020000	Start Request
00040000	Start
00080000	Start Applied
00100000	Start Delay
00200000	Sleep
00400000	Sleep Boost
00800000	Running
01000000	Bypass
02000000	Fire Mode
04000000	Reserved
08000000	Reserved
10000000	Reserved
20000000	Reserved
4000000	Reserved
80000000	Reserved



4.1.4 Fault Messages

The warning/alarm information below defines each warning/alarm condition, provides the probable cause for the condition, and details a remedy or troubleshooting procedure.

WARNING 1, 10 Volts low

The control card voltage is below 10V from terminal 50. Remove some of the load from terminal 50, as the 10V supply is overloaded. Max. 15mA or minimum 590Ω .

This condition can be caused by a short in a connected potentiometer or improper wiring of the potentiometer.

Troubleshooting: Remove the wiring from terminal 50. If the warning clears, the problem is with the customer wiring. If the warning does not clear, replace the control card

WARNING/ALARM 2, Live zero error

This warning or alarm will only appear if programmed by the user in 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function. The signal on one of the analog inputs is less than 50% of the minimum value programmed for that input. This condition can be caused by broken wiring or faulty device sending the signal.

Troubleshooting

Check connections on all the analog input terminals. Control card terminals 53 and 54 for signals, terminal 55 common. MCB 101 terminals 11 and 12 for signals, terminal 10 common. MCB 109 terminals 1, 3, 5 for signals, terminals 2, 4, 6 common).

Check that the frequency converter programming and switch settings match the analog signal type.

Perform Input Terminal Signal Test.

WARNING/ALARM 4, Mains phase loss

A phase is missing on the supply side, or the mains voltage imbalance is too high. This message also appears for a fault in the input rectifier on the frequency converter. Options are programmed at 14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance.

Troubleshooting: Check the supply voltage and supply currents to the frequency converter.

WARNING 5, DC link voltage high

The intermediate circuit voltage (DC) is higher than the high voltage warning limit. The limit is dependent on the frequency converter voltage rating. The unit is still active.

WARNING 6, DC link voltage low

The intermediate circuit voltage (DC) is lower than the low voltage warning limit. The limit is dependent on the frequency converter voltage rating. The unit is still active.

WARNING/ALARM 7, DC overvoltage

If the intermediate circuit voltage exceeds the limit, the frequency converter trips after a time.

Troubleshooting

Connect a brake resistor

Extend the ramp time

Change the ramp type

Activate the functions in 2-10 Brake Function

Increase 14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault

WARNING/ALARM 8, DC under voltage

If the intermediate circuit voltage (DC link) drops below the under voltage limit, the frequency converter checks if a 24V DC backup supply is connected. If no 24V DC backup supply is connected, the frequency converter trips after a fixed time delay. The time delay varies with unit size.

Troubleshooting:

Check that the supply voltage matches the frequency converter voltage.

Perform input voltage test

Perform soft charge circuit test

WARNING/ALARM 9, Inverter overload

The frequency converter is about to cut out because of an overload (too high current for too long). The counter for electronic, thermal inverter protection gives a warning at 98% and trips at 100%, while giving an alarm. The frequency converter *cannot* be reset until the counter is below 90%.

The fault is that the frequency converter is overloaded by more than 100% for too long.

Troubleshooting

Compare the output current shown on the LCP with the frequency converter rated current.

Compare the output current shown on the LCP with measured motor current.

Display the Thermal Drive Load on the LCP and monitor the value. When running above the frequency converter continuous current rating, the counter should increase. When running below the frequency converter continuous current rating, the counter should decrease.

See the derating section in the *Design Guide* for more details if a high switching frequency is required.

WARNING/ALARM 10, Motor overload temperature

According to the electronic thermal protection (ETR), the motor is too hot. Select whether the frequency converter gives a warning or an alarm when the counter reaches 100% in 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection. The fault occurs when the motor is overloaded by more than 100% for too long.

Troubleshooting

Check for motor overheating.

Check if the motor is mechanically overloaded

Check that the motor current set in *1-24 Motor Current* is correct.



Ensure that Motor data in parameters 1-20 through 1-25 are set correctly.

If an external fan is in use, check in 1-91 Motor External Fan that it is selected.

Running AMA in 1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA) may tune the frequency converter to the motor more accurately and reduce thermal loading.

WARNING/ALARM 11, Motor thermistor over temp

The thermistor might be disconnected. Select whether the frequency converter gives a warning or an alarm in 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection.

Troubleshooting

Check for motor overheating.

Check if the motor is mechanically overloaded.

When using terminal 53 or 54, check that the thermistor is connected correctly between either terminal 53 or 54 (analog voltage input) and terminal 50 (+10V supply) and that the terminal switch for 53 or 54 is set for voltage. Check 1-93 Thermistor Source selects terminal 53 or 54.

When using digital inputs 18 or 19, check that the thermistor is connected correctly between either terminal 18 or 19 (digital input PNP only) and terminal 50. Check *1-93 Thermistor Source* selects terminal 18 or 19.

WARNING/ALARM 12, Torque limit

The torque has exceeded the value in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode or the value in 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode. 14-25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit can change this from a warning only condition to a warning followed by an alarm.

Troubleshooting

If the motor torque limit is exceeded during ramp up, extend the ramp up time.

If the generator torque limit is exceeded during ramp down, extend the ramp down time.

If torque limit occurs while running, possibly increase the torque limit. Be sure the system can operate safely at a higher torque.

Check the application for excessive current draw on the motor.

WARNING/ALARM 13, Over current

The inverter peak current limit (approximately 200% of the rated current) is exceeded. The warning lasts about 1.5 secs., then the frequency converter trips and issues an alarm. This fault may be caused by shock loading or fast acceleration with high inertia loads. If extended mechanical brake control is selected, trip can be reset externally.

Troubleshooting

Remove power and check if the motor shaft can be turned.

Check that the motor size matches the frequency converter.

Check parameters 1-20 through 1-25. for correct motor data.

ALARM 14, Earth (ground) fault

There is current from the output phases to earth, either in the cable between the frequency converter and the motor or in the motor itself.

Troubleshooting

Remove power to the frequency converter and repair the earth fault.

Check for earth faults in the motor by measuring the resistance to ground of the motor leads and the motor with a megohmmeter.

ALARM 15, Hardware mismatch

A fitted option is not operational with the present control board hardware or software.

Record the value of the following parameters and contact your Alldales supplier:

15-40 FC Type

15-41 Power Section

15-42 Voltage

15-43 Software Version

15-45 Actual Typecode String

15-49 SW ID Control Card

15-50 SW ID Power Card

15-60 Option Mounted

15-61 Option SW Version (for each option slot)

ALARM 16, Short circuit

There is short-circuiting in the motor or motor wiring.

Remove power to the frequency converter and repair the short circuit.

WARNING/ALARM 17, Control word timeout

There is no communication to the frequency converter. The warning will only be active when 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function is NOT set to OFF.

If 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function is set to Stop and Trip, a warning appears and the frequency converter ramps down until it stops then displays an alarm.

Troubleshooting:

Check connections on the serial communication cable.

Increase 8-03 Control Word Timeout Time

Check the operation of the communication equipment.



Verify a proper installation based on EMC requirements.

ALARM 18, Start failed

The speed has not been able to exceed 1-77 Compressor Start Max Speed [RPM] during start within the allowed time. (set in 1-79 Compressor Start Max Time to Trip). This may be caused by a blocked motor.

WARNING 23, Internal fan fault

The fan warning function is an extra protective function that checks if the fan is running/mounted. The fan warning can be disabled in *14-53 Fan Monitor* ([0] Disabled).

For the D, E, and F Frame filters, the regulated voltage to the fans is monitored.

Troubleshooting:

Check for proper fan operation.

Cycle power to the frequency converter and check that the fan operates briefly at start up.

Check the sensors on the heatsink and control card.

WARNING 24, External fan fault

The fan warning function is an extra protective function that checks if the fan is running/mounted. The fan warning can be disabled in *14-53 Fan Monitor* ([0] Disabled).

Troubleshooting:

Check for proper fan operation.

Cycle power to the frequency converter and check that the fan operates briefly at start up.

Check the sensors on the heatsink and control card.

WARNING 25, Brake resistor short circuit

The brake resistor is monitored during operation. If a short circuit occurs, the brake function is disabled and the warning appears. The frequency converter is still operational but without the brake function. Remove power to the frequency converter and replace the brake resistor (see 2-15 Brake Check).

WARNING/ALARM 26, Brake resistor power limit

The power transmitted to the brake resistor is calculated as a mean value over the last 120 seconds of run time. The calculation is based on the intermediate circuit voltage and the brake resistance value set in 2-16 AC brake Max. Current. The warning is active when the dissipated braking is higher than 90% of the brake resistance power. If Trip [2] is selected in 2-13 Brake Power Monitoring, the frequency converter will trip when the dissipated braking power reaches 100%.

WARNING/ALARM 27, Brake chopper fault

The brake transistor is monitored during operation and if a short circuit occurs, the brake function is disabled and a warning is issued. The frequency converter is still operational but, since the brake transistor has short-circuited, substantial power is transmitted to the brake resistor, even if it is inactive.

Remove power to the frequency converter and remove the brake resistor.

WARNING/ALARM 28, Brake check failed

The brake resistor is not connected or not working. Check 2-15 Brake Check.

ALARM 29, Heatsink temp

The maximum temperature of the heatsink has been exceeded. The temperature fault will not reset until the temperature falls below a defined heatsink temperature. The trip and reset points are different based on the frequency converter power size.

Troubleshooting:

Check for the following conditions.

Ambient temperature too high.

Motor cable too long.

Incorrect airflow clearance above and below the frequency converter

Blocked airflow around the frequency converter.

Damaged heatsink fan.

Dirty heatsink.

ALARM 30, Motor phase U missing

Motor phase U between the frequency converter and the motor is missing.

Remove power from the frequency converter and check motor phase U.

ALARM 31, Motor phase V missing

Motor phase V between the frequency converter and the motor is missing.

Remove power from the frequency converter and check motor phase V.

ALARM 32, Motor phase W missing

Motor phase W between the frequency converter and the motor is missing.

Remove power from the frequency converter and check motor phase W.

ALARM 33. Inrush fault

Too many power-ups have occurred within a short time period. Let the unit cool to operating temperature.

WARNING/ALARM 34, communication fault

The fieldbus on the communication option card is not working.

WARNING/ALARM 36, Mains failure

This warning/alarm is only active if the supply voltage to the frequency converter is lost and 14-10 Mains Failure is NOT set to [0] No Function. Check the fuses to the frequency converter and mains power supply to the unit.



ALARM 38, Internal fault

When an internal fault occurs, a code number defined in the table below is displayed.

Troubleshooting

Cycle power

Check that the option is properly installed

Check for loose or missing wiring

It may be necessary to contact your Alldales supplier or service department. Note the code number for further troubleshooting directions.

No.	Text
0	Serial port cannot be initialised. Contact your
	Alldales supplier or Alldales Service Department.
256-258	Power EEPROM data is defective or too old
512-519	Internal fault. Contact your Alldales supplier or
	Alldales Service Department.
783	Parameter value outside of min/max limits
1024-1284	Internal fault. Contact your Alldales supplier or the
	Alldales Service Department.
1299	Option SW in slot A is too old
1300	Option SW in slot B is too old
1302	Option SW in slot C1 is too old
1315	Option SW in slot A is not supported (not allowed)
1316	Option SW in slot B is not supported (not allowed)
1318	Option SW in slot C1 is not supported (not
	allowed)
1379-2819	Internal fault. Contact your Alldales supplier or
	Alldales Service Department.
2820	LCP stack overflow
2821	Serial port overflow
2822	USB port overflow
3072-5122	Parameter value is outside its limits
5123	Option in slot A: Hardware incompatible with
	control board hardware
5124	Option in slot B: Hardware incompatible with
	control board hardware
5125	Option in slot C0: Hardware incompatible with
	control board hardware
5126	Option in slot C1: Hardware incompatible with
	control board hardware
5376-6231	Internal fault. Contact your Alldales supplier or
	Alldales Service Department.

ALARM 39, Heatsink sensor

No feedback from the heatsink temperature sensor.

The signal from the IGBT thermal sensor is not available on the power card. The problem could be on the power card, on the gate drive card, or the ribbon cable between the power card and gate drive card.

WARNING 40, Overload of digital output terminal 27

Check the load connected to terminal 27 or remove short-circuit connection. Check 5-00 Digital I/O Mode and 5-01 Terminal 27 Mode.

WARNING 41, Overload of digital output terminal 29

Check the load connected to terminal 29 or remove short-circuit connection. Check 5-00 Digital I/O Mode and 5-02 Terminal 29 Mode.

WARNING 42, Overload of digital output on X30/6 or overload of digital output on X30/7

For X30/6, check the load connected to X30/6 or remove the short-circuit connection. Check *5-32 Term X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101)*.

For X30/7, check the load connected to X30/7 or remove the short-circuit connection. Check *5-33 Term X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101)*.

ALARM 45, Earth fault 2

Earth (ground) fault on start up.

Troubleshooting

Check for proper earthing (grounding) and loose connections.

Check for proper wire size.

Check motor cables for short-circuits or leakage currents.

ALARM 46, Power card supply

The supply on the power card is out of range.

There are three power supplies generated by the switch mode power supply (SMPS) on the power card: 24V, 5V, +/- 18V. When powered with 24V DC with the MCB 107 option, only the 24V and 5V supplies are monitored. When powered with three phase mains voltage, all three supplies are monitored.

Troubleshooting

Check for a defective power card.

Check for a defective control card.

Check for a defective option card.

If a 24V DC power supply is used, verify proper supply power.

WARNING 47, 24V supply low

The 24 V DC is measured on the control card. The external 24V DC backup power supply may be overloaded, otherwise contact your Alldales supplier.

WARNING 48, 1.8V supply low

The 1.8V DC supply used on the control card is outside of allowable limits. The power supply is measured on the control card. Check for a defective control card. If an option card is present, check for an overvoltage condition.

WARNING 49, Speed limit

When the speed is not within the specified range in 4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] and 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM], the frequency converter will show a warning. When the speed is below the specified limit in 1-86 Trip Speed Low [RPM] (except when starting or stopping) the frequency converter will trip.



ALARM 50, AMA calibration failed

Contact your Alldales supplier or Alldales Service Department.

ALARM 51, AMA check Unom and Inom

The settings for motor voltage, motor current, and motor power are wrong. Check the settings in parameters 1-20 to 1-25.

ALARM 52, AMA low Inom

The motor current is too low. Check the setting in 4-18 Current Limit.

ALARM 53, AMA motor too big

The motor is too big for the AMA to operate.

ALARM 54, AMA motor too small

The motor is too small for the AMA to operate.

ALARM 55, AMA Parameter out of range

The parameter values of the motor are outside of the acceptable range. AMA will not run.

56 ALARM, AMA interrupted by user

The AMA has been interrupted by the user.

ALARM 57, AMA internal fault

Try to restart AMA again. Repeated restarts may over heat the motor.

ALARM 58, AMA internal fault

Contact your Alldales supplier.

WARNING 59, Current limit

The current is higher than the value in 4-18 Current Limit. Ensure that Motor data in parameters 1-20 through 1-25 are set correctly. Possibly increase the current limit. Be sure the system can operate safely at a higher limit.

WARNING 60, External interlock

A digital input signal is indicating a fault condition external to the frequency converter. An external interlock has commanded the frequency converter to trip. Clear the external fault condition. To resume normal operation, apply 24V DC to the terminal programmed for external interlock. Reset the frequency converter.

WARNING 62, Output frequency at maximum limit

The output frequency has reached the value set in 4-19 Max Output Frequency. Check the application to determine the cause. Possibly increase the output frequency limit. Be sure the system can operate safely at a higher output frequency. The warning will clear when the output drops below the maximum limit.

WARNING/ALARM 65, Control card over temperature

The cutout temperature of the control card is 80° C.

Troubleshooting

- Check that the ambient operating temperature is within limits.
- Check for clogged filters.
- Check fan operation.
- Check the control card.

WARNING 66, Heatsink temperature low

The frequency converter is too cold to operate. This warning is based on the temperature sensor in the IGBT module.

Increase the ambient temperature of the unit. Also, a trickle amount of current can be supplied to the frequency converter whenever the motor is stopped by setting 2-00 DC Hold/Preheat Current at 5% and 1-80 Function at Stop

ALARM 67, Option module configuration has changed

One or more options have either been added or removed since the last power-down. Check that the configuration change is intentional and reset the unit.

ALARM 68, Safe stop activated

Loss of the 24V DC signal on terminal 37 has caused the filter to trip. To resume normal operation, apply 24V DC to terminal 37 and reset the filter.

The temperature sensor on the power card is either too hot or too cold.

Troubleshooting

Check that the ambient operating temperature is within limits.

Check for clogged filters.

Check fan operation.

Check the power card.

ALARM 70, Illegal FC configuration

The control card and power card are incompatible. Contact your supplier with the type code of the unit from the nameplate and the part numbers of the cards to check compatibility.

ALARM 71, PTC 1 safe stop

Safe Stop has been activated from the PTC Thermistor Card (motor too warm). Normal operation can be resumed when the applies 24V DC to T-37 again (when the motor temperature reaches an acceptable level) and when the Digital Input from the is deactivated. When that happens, a reset signal must be is be sent (via Bus, Digital I/O, or by pressing [RESET]).

ALARM 72, Dangerous failure

Safe Stop with Trip Lock. The Dangerous Failure Alarm is issued if the combination of safe stop commands is unexpected. This is the case if the VLT PTC Thermistor Card enables X44/10 but safe stop is somehow not enabled. Furthermore, if the is the only device using safe stop (specified through selection [4] or [5] in 5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop), an unexpected combination is activation of safe stop without the X44/10 being activated. The following table summarizes the unexpected combinations that lead to Alarm 72. Note that if X44/10 is activated in selection 2 or 3, this signal is ignored! However, the will still be able to activate Safe Stop.



ALARM 80, Drive initialised to default value

Parameter settings are initialised to default settings after a manual reset. Reset the unit to clear the alarm.

ALARM 92, No flow

A no-flow condition has been detected in the system. 22-23 No-Flow Function is set for alarm. Troubleshoot the system and reset the frequency converter after the fault has been cleared.

ALARM 93, Dry pump

A no-flow condition in the system with the frequency converter operating at high speed may indicate a dry pump. 22-26 Dry Pump Function is set for alarm. Troubleshoot the system and reset the frequency converter after the fault has been cleared.

ALARM 94, End of curve

Feedback is lower than the set point. This may indicate leakage in the system. 22-50 End of Curve Function is set for alarm. Troubleshoot the system and reset the frequency converter after the fault has been cleared.

ALARM 95, Broken belt

Torque is below the torque level set for no load, indicating a broken belt. 22-60 Broken Belt Function is set for alarm. Troubleshoot the system and reset the frequency converter after the fault has been cleared.

ALARM 96, Start delayed

Motor start has been delayed due to short-cycle protection. 22-76 Interval between Starts is enabled. Troubleshoot the system and reset the frequency converter after the fault has been cleared.

WARNING 97, Stop delayed

Stopping the motor has been delayed due to short cycle protection. 22-76 Interval between Starts is enabled. Troubleshoot the system and reset the frequency converter after the fault has been cleared.

WARNING 98, Clock fault

Time is not set or the RTC clock has failed. Reset the clock in *0-70 Date and Time*.

WARNING 200, Fire mode

This indicates the frequency converter is operating in fire mode. The warning clears when fire mode is removed. See the fire mode data in the alarm log.

WARNING 201, Fire mode was active

This indicates the frequency converter had entered fire mode. Cycle power to the unit to remove the warning. See the fire mode data in the alarm log.

WARNING 202, Fire mode limits exceeded

While operating in fire mode one or more alarm conditions have been ignored which would normally trip the unit. Operating in this condition voids unit warranty. Cycle power to the unit to remove the warning. See the fire mode data in the alarm log.

WARNING 203, Missing motor

With a frequency converter operating multi-motors, an under-load condition was detected. This could indicate a missing motor. Inspect the system for proper operation.

WARNING 204, Locked rotor

With a frequency converter operating multi-motors, an overload condition was detected. This could indicate a locked rotor. Inspect the motor for proper operation.

WARNING 250, New spare part

A component in the frequency converter has been replaced. Reset the frequency converter for normal operation.

WARNING 251, New typecode

The power card or other components have been replaced and the typecode changed. Reset to remove the warning and resume normal operation.



5 Parameter Lists

5.1 Parameter Options

5.1.1 Default settings

Changes during operation:

"TRUE" means that the parameter can be changed while the frequency converter is in operation and "FALSE" means that the frequency converter must be stopped before a change can be made.

4-Set-up:

'All set-up': the parameter can be set individually in each of the four set-ups, i. e. one single parameter can have four different data values.

'1 set-up': data value will be the same in all set-ups.

SR:

Size related

<u>N/A:</u>

No default value available.

Conversion index:

This number refers to a conversion figure used when writing or reading by means of a frequency converter.

Conv.	100	75	74	70	67	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6
index																		
Conv.	1	3600000	3600	60	1/60	100000	10000	10000	1000	100	10	1	0.1	0.01	0.001	0.000	0.00001	0.00000
factor						0	0									1		1

Data type	Description	Туре
2	Integer 8	Int8
3	Integer 16	Int16
4	Integer 32	Int32
5	Unsigned 8	Uint8
6	Unsigned 16	Uint16
7	Unsigned 32	Uint32
9	Visible String	VisStr
33	Normalized value 2 bytes	N2
35	Bit sequence of 16 boolean variables	V2
54	Time difference w/o date	TimD



5.1.2 0-** Operation and Display

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during	Conver- sion index	Type
0 0* D-	ot - Coasto			operation		
	sic Settings	[O] Franksk	1	TOUT	1	11:-+0
0-01	Language	[0] English	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-02	Motor Speed Unit	[1] Hz	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
0-03	Regional Settings	[0] International	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
0-04	Operating State at Power-up	[0] Resume	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-05	Local Mode Unit	[0] As Motor Speed Unit	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
-	t-up Operations	<u> </u>		1	1	1
0-10	Active Set-up	[1] Set-up 1	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-11	Programming Set-up	[9] Active Set-up	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-12	This Set-up Linked to	[0] Not linked	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
0-13	Readout: Linked Set-ups	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
0-14	Readout: Prog. Set-ups / Channel	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
0-2* LC	P Display					
0-20	Display Line 1.1 Small	1602	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
0-21	Display Line 1.2 Small	1614	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
0-22	Display Line 1.3 Small	1610	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
0-23	Display Line 2 Large	1613	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
0-24	Display Line 3 Large	1502	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
0-25	My Personal Menu	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint16
0-3* LC	P Custom Readout			'	•	
0-30	Custom Readout Unit	[1] %	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-31	Custom Readout Min Value	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int32
0-32	Custom Readout Max Value	100.00 CustomReadoutUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int32
0-37	Display Text 1	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
0-38	Display Text 2	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
0-39	Display Text 3	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
0-4* LC	P Keypad		•	!	!	
0-40	[Hand on] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-41	[Off] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-42	[Auto on] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-43	[Reset] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-44	[Off/Reset] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-45	[Drive Bypass] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
-	ppy/Save				<u> </u>	
0-50	LCP Copy	[0] No copy	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
0-51	Set-up Copy	[0] No copy	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
0-6* Pa		[o] No copy	7 III See aps	TALSE	ļ	Onito
0-60	Main Menu Password	100 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Int16
0-61	Access to Main Menu w/o Password	[0] Full access	1 set-up	TRUE		Uint8
0-65	Personal Menu Password	200 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Int16
0-66	Access to Personal Menu w/o Password	[0] Full access	1 set-up	TRUE		Uint8
	ock Settings	[o] i un access	i set up	INOL	<u>I</u>	Jiilo
0-70	Date and Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
0-70	Date Format	ExpressionLimit	1 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-71	Time Format	·	•	TRUE	-	
0-72		ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-74	DST/Summertime DST/Summertime Start	[0] Off	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
		ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	-	0	TimeOfDay
0-77	DST/Summertime End	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
0-79	Clock Fault	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	_	Uint8



Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Type
0-81	Working Days	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-82	Additional Working Days	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
0-83	Additional Non-Working Days	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
0-89	Date and Time Readout	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]

5.1.3 1-** Load / Motor

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
1-0* Ge	eneral Settings				•	
1-00	Configuration Mode	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-03	Torque Characteristics	[3] Auto Energy Optim. VT	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-06	Clockwise Direction	[0] Normal	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-1* M	otor Selection					
1-10	Motor Construction	[0] Asynchron	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-1* V	C+ PM					
1-14	Damping Gain	120 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
1-15	Low Speed Filter Time Const.	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
1-16	High Speed Filter Time Const.	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
1-17	Voltage filter time const.	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
1-2* M	otor Data					
1-20	Motor Power [kW]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	1	Uint32
1-21	Motor Power [HP]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Uint32
1-22	Motor Voltage	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-23	Motor Frequency	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-24	Motor Current	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Uint32
1-25	Motor Nominal Speed	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	67	Uint16
1-28	Motor Rotation Check	[0] Off	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-29	Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)	[0] Off	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-3* Ac	lv. Motor Data			•	•	
1-30	Stator Resistance (Rs)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-31	Rotor Resistance (Rr)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-35	Main Reactance (Xh)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-36	Iron Loss Resistance (Rfe)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint32
1-37	d-axis Inductance (Ld)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-6	Int32
1-39	Motor Poles	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
1-40	Back EMF at 1000 RPM	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-5* Lo	ad Indep. Setting			•	•	
1-50	Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
1-51	Min Speed Normal Magnetising [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
1-52	Min Speed Normal Magnetising [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-58	Flystart Test Pulses Current	30 %	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-59	Flystart Test Pulses Frequency	200 %	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-6* Lo	ad Depen. Setting	•			•	
1-60	Low Speed Load Compensation	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
1-61	High Speed Load Compensation	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
1-62	Slip Compensation	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
1-63	Slip Compensation Time Constant	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
1-64	Resonance Dampening	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
1-65	Resonance Dampening Time Constant	5 ms	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint8



Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Type
1-66	Min. Current at Low Speed	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
1-7* Sta	art Adjustments					
1-70	PM startmode	Parking	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
1-71	Start Delay	0.0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-72	Start Function	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-73	Flying Start	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-77	Compressor Start Max Speed [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
1-78	Compressor Start Max Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-79	Compressor Start Max Time to Trip	5.0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint8
1-8* St	op Adjustments	•	•	•		
1-80	Function at Stop	[0] Coast	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-81	Min Speed for Function at Stop [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
1-82	Min Speed for Function at Stop [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-86	Trip Speed Low [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
1-87	Trip Speed Low [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-9* M	otor Temperature	•	•	•	•	
1-90	Motor Thermal Protection	[4] ETR trip 1	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-91	Motor External Fan	[0] No	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
1-93	Thermistor Source	[0] None	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8

5.1.4 2-** Brakes

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during	Conver- sion index	Type
				operation		
2-0* DO	Brake					
2-00	DC Hold/Preheat Current	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
2-01	DC Brake Current	50 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
2-02	DC Braking Time	10.0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
2-03	DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
2-04	DC Brake Cut In Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
2-06	Parking Current	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
2-07	Parking Time	3.0	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
2-1* Br	ake Energy Funct.		•			
2-10	Brake Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
2-11	Brake Resistor (ohm)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
2-12	Brake Power Limit (kW)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
2-13	Brake Power Monitoring	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
2-15	Brake Check	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
2-16	AC brake Max. Current	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint32
2-17	Over-voltage Control	[2] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8



5.1.5 3-** Reference / Ramps

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Type
3-0* Re	eference Limits	-		<u> </u>		
3-02	Minimum Reference	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
3-03	Maximum Reference	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
3-04	Reference Function	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-1* Re	eferences	•	•		•	
3-10	Preset Reference	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
3-11	Jog Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
3-13	Reference Site	[0] Linked to Hand / Auto	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-14	Preset Relative Reference	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int32
3-15	Reference 1 Source	[1] Analog input 53	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-16	Reference 2 Source	[20] Digital pot.meter	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-17	Reference 3 Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-19	Jog Speed [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
3-4* Ra	imp 1	•	•	•	•	
3-41	Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-42	Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-5* Ra	imp 2	•	•		•	
3-51	Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-52	Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-8* O	ther Ramps	•	•	•		
3-80	Jog Ramp Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-81	Quick Stop Ramp Time	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-82	Starting Ramp Up Time	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-9* Di	gital Pot.Meter	•	•	•		
3-90	Step Size	0.10 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
3-91	Ramp Time	1.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-92	Power Restore	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-93	Maximum Limit	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
3-94	Minimum Limit	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
3-95	Ramp Delay	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	TimD



5.1.6 4-** Limits / Warnings

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Type
4-1* M	otor Limits				-	
4-10	Motor Speed Direction	[2] Both directions	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
4-11	Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-12	Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-13	Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-14	Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-16	Torque Limit Motor Mode	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-17	Torque Limit Generator Mode	100.0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-18	Current Limit	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint32
4-19	Max Output Frequency	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint16
4-5* Ac	lj. Warnings			•		
4-50	Warning Current Low	0.00 A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
4-51	Warning Current High	Param. 1637	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
4-52	Warning Speed Low	0 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-53	Warning Speed High	Param. 413	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-54	Warning Reference Low	-99999.999 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
4-55	Warning Reference High	999999.999 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
4-56	Warning Feedback Low	-999999.999 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
4-57	Warning Feedback High	999999.999 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
4-58	Missing Motor Phase Function	[2] Trip 1000 ms	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
4-6* Sp	eed Bypass					
4-60	Bypass Speed From [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-61	Bypass Speed From [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-62	Bypass Speed To [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-63	Bypass Speed To [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-64	Semi-Auto Bypass Set-up	[0] Off	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8



5.1.7 5-** Digital In / Out

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during	Conver-	Туре
No. #			·	operation	sion index	'
5-0* Di	gital I/O mode	•	•		•	
5-00	Digital I/O Mode	[0] PNP - Active at 24V	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
5-01	Terminal 27 Mode	[0] Input	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-02	Terminal 29 Mode	[0] Input	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-1* Di	gital Inputs	•	•		•	!
5-10	Terminal 18 Digital Input	[8] Start	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-11	Terminal 19 Digital Input	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-12	Terminal 27 Digital Input	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-13	Terminal 29 Digital Input	[14] Jog	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-14	Terminal 32 Digital Input	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-15	Terminal 33 Digital Input	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-16	Terminal X30/2 Digital Input	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-17	Terminal X30/3 Digital Input	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-18	Terminal X30/4 Digital Input	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-19	Terminal 37 Safe Stop	[1] Safe Stop Alarm	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-3* Di	gital Outputs		•		•	
5-30	Terminal 27 Digital Output	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-31	Terminal 29 Digital Output	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-32	Term X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101)	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-33	Term X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101)	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-4* Re	elays	•	•		•	
5-40	Function Relay	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-41	On Delay, Relay	0.01 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-42	Off Delay, Relay	0.01 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-5* Pu	ulse Input		•		•	
5-50	Term. 29 Low Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-51	Term. 29 High Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-52	Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
5-53	Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value	100.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
5-54	Pulse Filter Time Constant #29	100 ms	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint16
5-55	Term. 33 Low Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-56	Term. 33 High Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-57	Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
5-58	Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value	100.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
5-59	Pulse Filter Time Constant #33	100 ms	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint16
5-6* Pu	ilse Output	•		•		
5-60	Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-62	Pulse Output Max Freq #27	5000 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-63	Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-65	Pulse Output Max Freq #29	5000 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-66	Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-68	Pulse Output Max Freq #X30/6	5000 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-9* Bu	ıs Controlled					
5-90	Digital & Relay Bus Control	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-93	Pulse Out #27 Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
5-94	Pulse Out #27 Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-95	Pulse Out #29 Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
5-96	Pulse Out #29 Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-97	Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
5-98	Pulse Out #X30/6 Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16



5.1.8 6-** Analog In / Out

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
6-0* Ar	alog I/O Mode			оролинон		
6-00	Live Zero Timeout Time	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
6-01	Live Zero Timeout Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-02	Fire Mode Live Zero Timeout Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-1* Ar	alog Input 53		!	!	-	
6-10	Terminal 53 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-11	Terminal 53 High Voltage	10.00 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-12	Terminal 53 Low Current	4.00 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	-5	Int16
6-13	Terminal 53 High Current	20.00 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	-5	Int16
6-14	Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-15	Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-16	Terminal 53 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
6-17	Terminal 53 Live Zero	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-2* Ar	alog Input 54		-	!	!	
6-20	Terminal 54 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-21	Terminal 54 High Voltage	10.00 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-22	Terminal 54 Low Current	4.00 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	-5	Int16
6-23	Terminal 54 High Current	20.00 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	-5	Int16
6-24	Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-25	Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value	100.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-26	Terminal 54 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
6-27	Terminal 54 Live Zero	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-3* Ar	alog Input X30/11		· ·			
6-30	Terminal X30/11 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-31	Terminal X30/11 High Voltage	10.00 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-34	Term. X30/11 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-35	Term. X30/11 High Ref./Feedb. Value	100.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-36	Term. X30/11 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
6-37	Term. X30/11 Live Zero	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-4* Ar	alog Input X30/12		•	•	,	
6-40	Terminal X30/12 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-41	Terminal X30/12 High Voltage	10.00 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-44	Term. X30/12 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-45	Term. X30/12 High Ref./Feedb. Value	100.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-46	Term. X30/12 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
6-47	Term. X30/12 Live Zero	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-5* Ar	alog Output 42		•			
6-50	Terminal 42 Output	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-51	Terminal 42 Output Min Scale	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-52	Terminal 42 Output Max Scale	100.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-53	Terminal 42 Output Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
6-54	Terminal 42 Output Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
6-55	Analog Output Filter	[0] Off	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-6* Ar	alog Output X30/8					
6-60	Terminal X30/8 Output	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-61	Terminal X30/8 Min. Scale	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-62	Terminal X30/8 Max. Scale	100.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-63	Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
6-64	Terminal X30/8 Output Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16



5.1.9 8-** Communication and Options

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
8-0* Gene	ral Settings					
8-01	Control Site	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-02	Control Source	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-03	Control Timeout Time	SR	1 set-up	TRUE	-1	Uint32
8-04	Control Timeout Function	[0] Off	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-05	End-of-Timeout Function	[1] Resume set-up	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-06	Reset Control Timeout	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-07	Diagnosis Trigger	[0] Disable	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-1* Contr	ol Settings					
8-10	Control Profile	[0] FC profile	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
8-13	Configurable Status Word STW	[1] Profile Default	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-3* FC Pc	ort Settings					
8-30	Protocol	null	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-31	Address	SR	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint8
8-32	Baud Rate	null	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-33	Parity / Stop Bits	null	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-34	Estimated cycle time	0 ms	2 set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint32
8-35	Minimum Response Delay	SR	1 set-up	TRUE	-3	Uint16
8-36	Maximum Response Delay	SR	1 set-up	TRUE	-3	Uint16
8-37	Maximum Inter-Char Delay	SR	1 set-up	TRUE	-5	Uint16
8-4* FC M	C protocol set	•		•		
8-40	Telegram Selection	[1] Standard telegram 1	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-42	PCD write configuration	SR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
8-43	PCD read configuration	SR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
8-5* Digita	al/Bus			•		•
8-50	Coasting Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-52	DC Brake Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-53	Start Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-54	Reversing Select	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-55	Set-up Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-56	Preset Reference Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-7* BACn	et	•		•	•	
8-70	BACnet Device Instance	1 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-72	MS/TP Max Masters	127 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint8
8-73	MS/TP Max Info Frames	1 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint16
8-74	"I-Am" Service	[0] Send at power-up	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-75	Initialisation Password	SR	1 set-up	TRUE	0	VisStr[20]
8-8* FC Pc	ort Diagnostics	•				•
8-80	Bus Message Count	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-81	Bus Error Count	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-82	Slave Messages Rcvd	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-83	Slave Error Count	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-84	Slave Messages Sent	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-85	Slave Timeout Errors	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-89	Diagnostics Count	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Int32
8-9* Bus J	og / Feedback	•	•	•	•	
8-90	Bus Jog 1 Speed	100 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
8-91	Bus Jog 2 Speed	200 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
8-94	Bus Feedback 1	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	N2



Parameter Lists

ADS 102 Programming Guide

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
8-95	Bus Feedback 2	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	N2
8-96	Bus Feedback 3	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	N2

5



5.1.10 9-** Profibus

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
9-00	Setpoint	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
9-07	Actual Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-15	PCD Write Configuration	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
9-16	PCD Read Configuration	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
9-18	Node Address	126 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint8
9-22	Telegram Selection	[108] PPO 8	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
9-23	Parameters for Signals	0	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
9-27	Parameter Edit	[1] Enabled	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint16
9-28	Process Control	[1] Enable cyclic master	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
9-44	Fault Message Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
9-45	Fault Code	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
9-47	Fault Number	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
9-52	Fault Situation Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
9-53	Profibus Warning Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	V2
9-63	Actual Baud Rate	[255] No baudrate found	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
9-64	Device Identification	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
9-65	Profile Number	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	OctStr[2]
9-67	Control Word 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	V2
9-68	Status Word 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	V2
9-71	Profibus Save Data Values	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
9-72	ProfibusDriveReset	[0] No action	1 set-up	FALSE	-	Uint8
9-80	Defined Parameters (1)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-81	Defined Parameters (2)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-82	Defined Parameters (3)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-83	Defined Parameters (4)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-84	Defined Parameters (5)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-90	Changed Parameters (1)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-91	Changed Parameters (2)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-92	Changed Parameters (3)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-93	Changed Parameters (4)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-94	Changed Parameters (5)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16



5.1.11 10-** CAN Fieldbus

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Type
10-0* C	Common Settings		•	•		
10-00	CAN Protocol	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
10-01	Baud Rate Select	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
10-02	MAC ID	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
10-05	Readout Transmit Error Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
10-06	Readout Receive Error Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
10-07	Readout Bus Off Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
10-1* C	PeviceNet					
10-10	Process Data Type Selection	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
10-11	Process Data Config Write	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
10-12	Process Data Config Read	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
10-13	Warning Parameter	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
10-14	Net Reference	[0] Off	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
10-15	Net Control	[0] Off	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
10-2* C	OS Filters	•	·			
10-20	COS Filter 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
10-21	COS Filter 2	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
10-22	COS Filter 3	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
10-23	COS Filter 4	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
10-3* P	arameter Access					
10-30	Array Index	0 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
10-31	Store Data Values	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
10-32	Devicenet Revision	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
10-33	Store Always	[0] Off	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
10-34	DeviceNet Product Code	120 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint16
10-39	Devicenet F Parameters	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32

5.1.12 11-** LonWorks

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре		
11-0* L	onWorks ID							
11-00	Neuron ID	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	OctStr[6]		
11-1* L	ON Functions		•	•				
11-10	Drive Profile	[0] VSD profile	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8		
11-15	LON Warning Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16		
11-17	XIF Revision	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	VisStr[5]		
11-18	LonWorks Revision	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	VisStr[5]		
11-2* L	11-2* LON Param. Access							
11-21	Store Data Values	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8		



5.1.13 13-** Smart Logic Controller

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Type
13-0* S	LC Settings	•	•	•	•	
13-00	SL Controller Mode	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-01	Start Event	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-02	Stop Event	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-03	Reset SLC	[0] Do not reset SLC	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-1 * C	Comparators	•	•	•		
13-10	Comparator Operand	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-11	Comparator Operator	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-12	Comparator Value	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
13-2* T	imers	•	•	•	•	
13-20	SL Controller Timer	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	-3	TimD
13-4* L	ogic Rules	•	•		'	
13-40	Logic Rule Boolean 1	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-41	Logic Rule Operator 1	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-42	Logic Rule Boolean 2	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-43	Logic Rule Operator 2	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-44	Logic Rule Boolean 3	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-5* S	tates	•	•	•		
13-51	SL Controller Event	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-52	SL Controller Action	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8



5.1.14 14-** Special Functions

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Type
14-0* l	nverter Switching					
14-00	Switching Pattern	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-01	Switching Frequency	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-03	Overmodulation	[1] On	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
14-04	PWM Random	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-1* N	Mains On/Off	•				
14-10	Mains Failure	[0] No function	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
14-11	Mains Voltage at Mains Fault	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
14-12	Function at Mains Imbalance	[0] Trip	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-2* F	leset Functions					
14-20	Reset Mode	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-21	Automatic Restart Time	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
14-22	Operation Mode	[0] Normal operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-23	Typecode Setting	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
14-25	Trip Delay at Torque Limit	60 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-26	Trip Delay at Inverter Fault	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-28	Production Settings	[0] No action	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-29	Service Code	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
14-3* (Current Limit Ctrl.	•	•	•	•	
14-30	Current Lim Ctrl, Proportional Gain	100 %	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
14-31	Current Lim Ctrl, Integration Time	0.020 s	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint16
14-32	Current Lim Ctrl, Filter Time	26.0 ms	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Uint16
14-4* E	nergy Optimising			•	•	
14-40	VT Level	66 %	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
14-41	AEO Minimum Magnetisation	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-42	Minimum AEO Frequency	10 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-43	Motor Cosphi	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
14-5* E	nvironment	•	•	-		
14-50	RFI Filter	[1] On	1 set-up	FALSE	-	Uint8
14-51	DC Link Compensation	[1] On	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-52	Fan Control	[0] Auto	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-53	Fan Monitor	[1] Warning	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-55	Output Filter	[0] No Filter	1 set-up	FALSE	-	Uint8
14-59	Actual Number of Inverter Units	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	FALSE	0	Uint8
14-6* A	auto Derate	<u> </u>		•	•	
14-60	Function at Over Temperature	[0] Trip	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-61	Function at Inverter Overload	[0] Trip	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-62	Inv. Overload Derate Current	95 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16



5.1.15 15-** Drive Information

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Type
15-0* C	Dperating Data			оролинон		
15-00	Operating Hours	0 h	All set-ups	FALSE	74	Uint32
15-01	Running Hours	0 h	All set-ups	FALSE	74	Uint32
15-02	kWh Counter	0 kWh	All set-ups	FALSE	75	Uint32
15-03	Power Up's	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
15-04	Over Temp's	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
15-05	Over Volt's	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
15-06	Reset kWh Counter	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
15-07	Reset Running Hours Counter	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
15-08	Number of Starts	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
15-1* C	Pata Log Settings			ı		
15-10	Logging Source	0	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
15-11	Logging Interval	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-3	TimD
15-12	Trigger Event	[0] False	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
15-13	Logging Mode	[0] Log always	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
15-14	Samples Before Trigger	50 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
	listoric Log		1	·		
15-20	Historic Log: Event	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
15-21	Historic Log: Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
15-22	Historic Log: Time	0 ms	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint32
15-23	Historic Log: Date and Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	TimeOfDay
	larm Log					
15-30	Alarm Log: Error Code	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
15-31	Alarm Log: Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int16
15-32	Alarm Log: Time	0 s	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
15-33	Alarm Log: Date and Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	TimeOfDay
	Prive Identification					
15-40	FC Type	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[6]
15-41	Power Section	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-42	Voltage	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-43	Software Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[5]
15-44	Ordered Typecode String	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[40]
15-45	Actual Typecode String	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[40]
15-46	Frequency Converter Ordering No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[8]
15-47	Power Card Ordering No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[8]
15-48	LCP Id No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-49	SW ID Control Card	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-50	SW ID Power Card	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-51	Frequency Converter Serial Number	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-53	Power Card Serial Number	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[10]
15-55	Vendor URL	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[40]
15-56	Vendor Name	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[40]
	Option Ident	V 14/7	7.iii see ups	. ALJE		¥15501[TO]
15-60	Option Mounted	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-61	Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-62	Option Ordering No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15 02	Option Serial No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[18]
15-63		U 11/ /\	/ iii aet-upa	I ALJL		4122(1[10]
15-63 15-70	Option in Slot A	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30]



Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Type
15-72	Option in Slot B	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-73	Slot B Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-74	Option in Slot C0	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-75	Slot C0 Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-76	Option in Slot C1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-77	Slot C1 Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-9* P	arameter Info					
15-92	Defined Parameters	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
15-93	Modified Parameters	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
15-98	Drive Identification	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[40]
15-99	Parameter Metadata	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16

5.1.16 16-** Data Readouts

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Type
16-0* G	ieneral Status	•		•	•	
16-00	Control Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-01	Reference [Unit]	0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-02	Reference [%]	0.0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Int16
16-03	Status Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-05	Main Actual Value [%]	0.00 %	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	N2
16-09	Custom Readout	0.00 CustomReadoutUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Int32
16-1* N	Notor Status	·		•		
16-10	Power [kW]	0.00 kW	All set-ups	FALSE	1	Int32
16-11	Power [hp]	0.00 hp	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Int32
16-12	Motor Voltage	0.0 V	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint16
16-13	Frequency	0.0 Hz	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint16
16-14	Motor Current	0.00 A	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Int32
16-15	Frequency [%]	0.00 %	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	N2
16-16	Torque [Nm]	0.0 Nm	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Int32
16-17	Speed [RPM]	0 RPM	All set-ups	FALSE	67	Int32
16-18	Motor Thermal	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
16-22	Torque [%]	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int16
16-26	Power Filtered [kW]	0.000 kW	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int32
16-27	Power Filtered [hp]	0.000 hp	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-3* C	Prive Status	•				
16-30	DC Link Voltage	0 V	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
16-32	Brake Energy /s	0.000 kW	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-33	Brake Energy /2 min	0.000 kW	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-34	Heatsink Temp.	0 ℃	All set-ups	FALSE	100	Uint8
16-35	Inverter Thermal	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
16-36	Inv. Nom. Current	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Uint32
16-37	Inv. Max. Current	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Uint32
16-38	SL Controller State	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
16-39	Control Card Temp.	0 ℃	All set-ups	FALSE	100	Uint8
16-40	Logging Buffer Full	[0] No	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
16-43	Timed Actions Status	[0] Timed Actions Auto	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
16-49	Current Fault Source	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
16-5* R	ef. & Feedb.	•		•		

Alldales

ADS 102 Programming Guide

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Type
16-50	External Reference	0.0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Int16
16-52	Feedback [Unit]	0.000 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-53	Digi Pot Reference	0.00 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Int16
16-54	Feedback 1 [Unit]	0.000 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-55	Feedback 2 [Unit]	0.000 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-56	Feedback 3 [Unit]	0.000 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-58	PID Output [%]	0.0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Int16
16-6* lr	nputs & Outputs		•			
16-60	Digital Input	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
16-61	Terminal 53 Switch Setting	[0] Current	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
16-62	Analog Input 53	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-63	Terminal 54 Switch Setting	[0] Current	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
16-64	Analog Input 54	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-65	Analog Output 42 [mA]	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int16
16-66	Digital Output [bin]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int16
16-67	Pulse Input #29 [Hz]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int32
16-68	Pulse Input #33 [Hz]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int32
16-69	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int32
16-70	Pulse Output #29 [Hz]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int32
16-71	Relay Output [bin]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int16
16-72	Counter A	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
16-73	Counter B	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
16-75	Analog In X30/11	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-76	Analog In X30/12	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-77	Analog Out X30/8 [mA]	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int16
16-8* F	ieldbus & FC Port		•	•		
16-80	Fieldbus CTW 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-82	Fieldbus REF 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	N2
16-84	Comm. Option STW	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-85	FC Port CTW 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-86	FC Port REF 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	N2
16-9* D	Diagnosis Readouts		•	'		
16-90	Alarm Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-91	Alarm Word 2	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-92	Warning Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-93	Warning Word 2	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-94	Ext. Status Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-95	Ext. Status Word 2	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
	Maintenance Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32



5.1.17 18-** Info & Readouts

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Type
18-0* N	Naintenance Log					
18-00	Maintenance Log: Item	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
18-01	Maintenance Log: Action	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
18-02	Maintenance Log: Time	0 s	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
18-03	Maintenance Log: Date and Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	TimeOf Day
18-1* F	ire Mode Log					
18-10	Fire Mode Log: Event	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
18-11	Fire Mode Log: Time	0 s	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
18-12	Fire Mode Log: Date and Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	TimeOf Day
18-3* l	nputs & Outputs					
18-30	Analog Input X42/1	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
18-31	Analog Input X42/3	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
18-32	Analog Input X42/5	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
18-33	Analog Out X42/7 [V]	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int16
18-34	Analog Out X42/9 [V]	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int16
18-35	Analog Out X42/11 [V]	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int16
18-36	Analog Input X48/2 [mA]	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
18-37	Temp. Input X48/4	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
18-38	Temp. Input X48/7	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
18-39	Temp. Input X48/10	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
18-5* F	lef. & Feedb.	•	•	•		
18-50	Sensorless Readout [unit]	0.000 SensorlessUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32



5.1.18 20-** FC Closed Loop

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
20-0* F	l eedback			operation		
20-00	Feedback 1 Source	[2] Analog input 54	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
20-01	Feedback 1 Conversion	[0] Linear	All set-ups	FALSE	_	Uint8
20-02	Feedback 1 Source Unit	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
20-03	Feedback 2 Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
20-04	Feedback 2 Conversion	[0] Linear	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
20-05	Feedback 2 Source Unit	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
20-06	Feedback 3 Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
20-07	Feedback 3 Conversion	[0] Linear	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
20-08	Feedback 3 Source Unit	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
20-12	Reference/Feedback Unit	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
20-13	Minimum Reference/Feedb.	0.000 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
20-14	Maximum Reference/Feedb.	100.000 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
20-2* F	eedback/Setpoint		•		!	
20-20	Feedback Function	[3] Minimum	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
20-21	Setpoint 1	0.000 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
20-22	Setpoint 2	0.000 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
20-23	Setpoint 3	0.000 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
20-3* F	eedb. Adv. Conv.		•			
20-30	Refrigerant	[0] R22	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
20-31	User Defined Refrigerant A1	10.0000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Uint32
20-32	User Defined Refrigerant A2	-2250.00 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int32
20-33	User Defined Refrigerant A3	250.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint32
20-34	Duct 1 Area [m2]	0.500 m2	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint32
20-35	Duct 1 Area [in2]	750 in2	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
20-36	Duct 2 Area [m2]	0.500 m2	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint32
20-37	Duct 2 Area [in2]	750 in2	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
20-38	Air Density Factor [%]	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
20-6* S	ensorless	•		•	•	
20-60	Sensorless Unit	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
20-69	Sensorless Information	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
20-7* F	ID Autotuning					
20-70	Closed Loop Type	[0] Auto	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
20-71	PID Performance	[0] Normal	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
20-72	PID Output Change	0.10 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
20-73	Minimum Feedback Level	-999999.000 ProcessCtrlUnit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
20-74	Maximum Feedback Level	999999.000 ProcessCtrlUnit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
20-79	PID Autotuning	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
20-8* F	ID Basic Settings			•	_	
20-81	PID Normal/ Inverse Control	[0] Normal	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
20-82	PID Start Speed [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
20-83	PID Start Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
20-84	On Reference Bandwidth	5 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
20-9* F	ID Controller	-		1	1	T
20-91	PID Anti Windup	[1] On	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
20-93	PID Proportional Gain	0.50 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
20-94	PID Integral Time	20.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
20-95	PID Differentiation Time	0.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
20-96	PID Diff. Gain Limit	5.0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16



5.1.19 21-** Ext. Closed Loop

21-00 C 21-01 PI 21-02 PI 21-03 M 21-04 M 21-09 PI 21-11 Ext. 21-10 Ex 21-11 Ex 21-12 Ex 21-13 Ex 21-14 Ex 21-15 Ex 21-17 Ex 21-18 Ex	Icc Autotuning Ilosed Loop Type ID Performance ID Output Change Inimum Feedback Level Id Autotuning ID Autotuning Icc I Ref./Fb. Inimum Reference Inimum Refere	[0] Auto [0] Normal 0.10 N/A -999999.000 N/A 999999.000 N/A [0] Disabled [1] % 0.000 ExtPID1Unit 100.000 ExtPID1Unit [0] No function [0] No function 0.000 ExtPID1Unit	2 set-ups 2 set-ups 2 set-ups 2 set-ups 2 set-ups All set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE	- -2 -3 -3 - - - -3 -3 -3 -3	Uint8 Uint16 Int32 Int32 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8
21-01 PI 21-02 PI 21-03 M 21-04 M 21-09 PI 21-1* Ext. 21-10 Ex 21-11 Ex 21-12 Ex 21-13 Ex 21-14 Ex 21-15 Ex 21-17 Ex 21-18 Ex	ID Performance ID Output Change Inimum Feedback Level ID Autotuning ID A	[0] Normal 0.10 N/A -999999.000 N/A 999999.000 N/A [0] Disabled [1] % 0.000 ExtPID1Unit 100.000 ExtPID1Unit [0] No function [0] No function 0.000 ExtPID1Unit	2 set-ups 2 set-ups 2 set-ups 2 set-ups All set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE	-3 -3 -	Uint8 Uint16 Int32 Int32 Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Int32 Uint8 Int32 Uint8
21-02 PI 21-03 M 21-04 M 21-09 PI 21-1* Ext. 21-10 Ex 21-11 Ex 21-12 Ex 21-13 Ex 21-14 Ex 21-15 Ex 21-17 Ex 21-18 Ex	ID Output Change Inimum Feedback Level In Autotuning In CL 1 Ref./Fb. In Autotuning In CL 1 Ref./Feedback Unit In Autotuning In CL 1 Ref./Feedback Unit In Inimum Reference In Inimum Referen	0.10 N/A -999999.000 N/A 999999.000 N/A [0] Disabled [1] % 0.000 ExtPID1Unit 100.000 ExtPID1Unit [0] No function [0] No function 0.000 ExtPID1Unit	2 set-ups 2 set-ups 2 set-ups All set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE	-3 -3 -	Uint16 Int32 Int32 Uint8 Uint8 Int32 Int32 Uint8
21-03 M 21-04 M 21-09 P 21-1* Ext. 21-10 Ex 21-11 Ex 21-12 Ex 21-13 Ex 21-14 Ex 21-15 Ex 21-17 Ex 21-18 Ex	Ainimum Feedback Level Aaximum Feedback Level ID Autotuning CL 1 Ref./Fb. At. 1 Ref./Feedback Unit At. 1 Minimum Reference At. 1 Maximum Reference At. 1 Reference Source At. 1 Feedback Source At. 1 Setpoint At. 1 Reference [Unit] At. 1 Feedback [Unit] At. 1 Output [%]	-999999.000 N/A 999999.000 N/A [0] Disabled [1] % 0.000 ExtPID1Unit 100.000 ExtPID1Unit [0] No function [0] No function 0.000 ExtPID1Unit	2 set-ups 2 set-ups All set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE	-3 -3 -	Int32 Int32 Uint8 Uint8 Int32 Int32 Uint8
21-04 M 21-09 PI 21-1* Ext. 21-10 Ex 21-12 Ex 21-13 Ex 21-14 Ex 21-15 Ex 21-17 Ex 21-18 Ex	Maximum Feedback Level ID Autotuning CL 1 Ref./Fb. xt. 1 Ref./Feedback Unit xt. 1 Minimum Reference xt. 1 Maximum Reference xt. 1 Reference Source xt. 1 Feedback Source xt. 1 Setpoint xt. 1 Reference [Unit] xt. 1 Feedback [Unit] xt. 1 Output [%]	999999.000 N/A [0] Disabled [1] % 0.000 ExtPID1Unit 100.000 ExtPID1Unit [0] No function [0] No function 0.000 ExtPID1Unit	2 set-ups All set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE	-3 - - -3	Uint8 Uint8 Uint8 Int32 Int32 Uint8
21-09 PI 21-1* Ext. 21-10 Ex 21-11 Ex 21-12 Ex 21-13 Ex 21-14 Ex 21-15 Ex 21-17 Ex 21-18 Ex	ID Autotuning CL 1 Ref./Fb. xt. 1 Ref./Feedback Unit xt. 1 Minimum Reference xt. 1 Maximum Reference xt. 1 Reference Source xt. 1 Feedback Source xt. 1 Setpoint xt. 1 Reference [Unit] xt. 1 Feedback [Unit] xt. 1 Output [%]	[0] Disabled [1] % 0.000 ExtPID1Unit 100.000 ExtPID1Unit [0] No function [0] No function 0.000 ExtPID1Unit 0.000 ExtPID1Unit	All set-ups All set-ups All set-ups All set-ups All set-ups All set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE	- - -3	Uint8 Uint8 Int32 Int32 Uint8
21-1* Ext. 21-10 Ext. 21-11 Ext. 21-12 Ext. 21-13 Ext. 21-14 Ext. 21-15 Ext. 21-17 Ext. 21-18 Ext.	xt. 1 Ref./Fb. xt. 1 Ref./Feedback Unit xt. 1 Minimum Reference xt. 1 Maximum Reference xt. 1 Reference Source xt. 1 Feedback Source xt. 1 Setpoint xt. 1 Reference [Unit] xt. 1 Feedback [Unit] xt. 1 Output [%]	[1] % 0.000 ExtPID1Unit 100.000 ExtPID1Unit [0] No function [0] No function 0.000 ExtPID1Unit 0.000 ExtPID1Unit	All set-ups All set-ups All set-ups All set-ups All set-ups All set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE	-3	Uint8 Int32 Int32 Uint8
21-10 Ex 21-11 Ex 21-12 Ex 21-13 Ex 21-14 Ex 21-15 Ex 21-17 Ex 21-18 Ex	xt. 1 Ref./Feedback Unit xt. 1 Minimum Reference xt. 1 Maximum Reference xt. 1 Reference Source xt. 1 Feedback Source xt. 1 Setpoint xt. 1 Reference [Unit] xt. 1 Feedback [Unit] xt. 1 Output [%]	0.000 ExtPID1Unit 100.000 ExtPID1Unit [0] No function [0] No function 0.000 ExtPID1Unit	All set-ups All set-ups All set-ups All set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE		Int32 Int32 Uint8
21-11 Ex 21-12 Ex 21-13 Ex 21-14 Ex 21-15 Ex 21-17 Ex 21-18 Ex	xt. 1 Minimum Reference xt. 1 Maximum Reference xt. 1 Reference Source xt. 1 Feedback Source xt. 1 Setpoint xt. 1 Reference [Unit] xt. 1 Feedback [Unit] xt. 1 Output [%]	0.000 ExtPID1Unit 100.000 ExtPID1Unit [0] No function [0] No function 0.000 ExtPID1Unit	All set-ups All set-ups All set-ups All set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE		Int32 Int32 Uint8
21-12 Ex 21-13 Ex 21-14 Ex 21-15 Ex 21-17 Ex 21-18 Ex	xt. 1 Maximum Reference xt. 1 Reference Source xt. 1 Feedback Source xt. 1 Setpoint xt. 1 Reference [Unit] xt. 1 Feedback [Unit] xt. 1 Output [%]	100.000 ExtPID1Unit [0] No function [0] No function 0.000 ExtPID1Unit 0.000 ExtPID1Unit	All set-ups All set-ups All set-ups	TRUE TRUE TRUE		Int32 Uint8
21-13 Ex 21-14 Ex 21-15 Ex 21-17 Ex 21-18 Ex	xt. 1 Reference Source xt. 1 Feedback Source xt. 1 Setpoint xt. 1 Reference [Unit] xt. 1 Feedback [Unit] xt. 1 Output [%]	[0] No function [0] No function 0.000 ExtPID1Unit 0.000 ExtPID1Unit	All set-ups All set-ups	TRUE TRUE	-3 -	Uint8
21-14 Ex 21-15 Ex 21-17 Ex 21-18 Ex	xt. 1 Feedback Source xt. 1 Setpoint xt. 1 Reference [Unit] xt. 1 Feedback [Unit] xt. 1 Output [%]	[0] No function 0.000 ExtPID1Unit 0.000 ExtPID1Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	
21-15 Ex 21-17 Ex 21-18 Ex	xt. 1 Setpoint xt. 1 Reference [Unit] xt. 1 Feedback [Unit] xt. 1 Output [%]	0.000 ExtPID1Unit 0.000 ExtPID1Unit	 		-	llin+0
21-17 Ex 21-18 Ex	xt. 1 Reference [Unit] xt. 1 Feedback [Unit] xt. 1 Output [%]	0.000 ExtPID1Unit	All set-ups			UIIILO
21-18 Ex	xt. 1 Feedback [Unit] xt. 1 Output [%]			TRUE	-3	Int32
	xt. 1 Output [%]	0.000 5 (0.00411)	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
21-19 Ex	<u> </u>	0.000 ExtPID1Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
		0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
21-2* Ext.	. CL 1 PID			•	•	
21-20 Ex	xt. 1 Normal/Inverse Control	[0] Normal	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
21-21 Ex	xt. 1 Proportional Gain	0.01 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
21-22 Ex	xt. 1 Integral Time	10000.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
21-23 Ex	xt. 1 Differentation Time	0.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
21-24 Ex	xt. 1 Dif. Gain Limit	5.0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
21-3* Ext.	. CL 2 Ref./Fb.		•	!		
21-30 Ex	xt. 2 Ref./Feedback Unit	[1] %	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
21-31 Ex	xt. 2 Minimum Reference	0.000 ExtPID2Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
21-32 Ex	xt. 2 Maximum Reference	100.000 ExtPID2Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
21-33 Ex	xt. 2 Reference Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
21-34 Ex	xt. 2 Feedback Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
21-35 Ex	xt. 2 Setpoint	0.000 ExtPID2Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
21-37 Ex	xt. 2 Reference [Unit]	0.000 ExtPID2Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
21-38 Ex	xt. 2 Feedback [Unit]	0.000 ExtPID2Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
21-39 Ex	xt. 2 Output [%]	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
21-4* Ext.	. CL 2 PID		•	•	•	
21-40 Ex	xt. 2 Normal/Inverse Control	[0] Normal	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
21-41 Ex	xt. 2 Proportional Gain	0.01 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
21-42 Ex	xt. 2 Integral Time	10000.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
21-43 Ex	xt. 2 Differentation Time	0.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
21-44 Ex	xt. 2 Dif. Gain Limit	5.0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
21-5* Ext.	. CL 3 Ref./Fb.					
21-50 Ex	xt. 3 Ref./Feedback Unit	[1] %	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
21-51 Ex	xt. 3 Minimum Reference	0.000 ExtPID3Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
	xt. 3 Maximum Reference	100.000 ExtPID3Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
	xt. 3 Reference Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
	xt. 3 Feedback Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
	xt. 3 Setpoint	0.000 ExtPID3Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
	xt. 3 Reference [Unit]	0.000 ExtPID3Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
	xt. 3 Feedback [Unit]	0.000 ExtPID3Unit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
	xt. 3 Output [%]	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32



ADS 102 Programming Guide

Parameter Lists

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Type
21-6* E	xt. CL 3 PID					
21-60	Ext. 3 Normal/Inverse Control	[0] Normal	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
21-61	Ext. 3 Proportional Gain	0.01 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
21-62	Ext. 3 Integral Time	10000.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
21-63	Ext. 3 Differentation Time	0.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
21-64	Ext. 3 Dif. Gain Limit	5.0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16



5.1.20 22-** Application Functions

				during operation	sion index	Type
22-0* N	l Aiscellaneous			орегасіон		
22-00	External Interlock Delay	0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-01	Power Filter Time	0.50 s	2 set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
	lo-Flow Detection				1	
22-20	Low Power Auto Set-up	[0] Off	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
22-21	Low Power Detection	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
22-22	Low Speed Detection	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
22-23	No-Flow Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
22-24	No-Flow Delay	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-26	Dry Pump Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
22-27	Dry Pump Delay	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-3* N	lo-Flow Power Tuning					
22-30	No-Flow Power	0.00 kW	All set-ups	TRUE	1	Uint32
22-31	Power Correction Factor	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-32	Low Speed [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
22-33	Low Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
22-34	Low Speed Power [kW]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	1	Uint32
22-35	Low Speed Power [HP]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
22-36	High Speed [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
22-37	High Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
22-38	High Speed Power [kW]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	1	Uint32
22-39	High Speed Power [HP]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
22-4* S	leep Mode				ļ	
22-40	Minimum Run Time	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-41	Minimum Sleep Time	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-42	Wake-up Speed [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
22-43	Wake-up Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
22-44	Wake-up Ref./FB Difference	10 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int8
22-45	Setpoint Boost	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int8
22-46	Maximum Boost Time	60 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-5* E	nd of Curve	•	'			
22-50	End of Curve Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
22-51	End of Curve Delay	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-6* B	roken Belt Detection	•	•			
22-60	Broken Belt Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
22-61	Broken Belt Torque	10 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
22-62	Broken Belt Delay	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-7* S	hort Cycle Protection	•	•		,	
22-75	Short Cycle Protection	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
22-76	Interval between Starts	Param. 2277	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-77	Minimum Run Time	0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
22-78	Minimum Run Time Override	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
22-79	Minimum Run Time Override Value	0.000 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
22-8* F	low Compensation					
22-80	Flow Compensation	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
22-81	Square-linear Curve Approximation	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
22-82	Work Point Calculation	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
22-83	Speed at No-Flow [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
22-84	Speed at No-Flow [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16



ADS 102 Programming Guide

Parameter Lists

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Type
22-85	Speed at Design Point [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
22-86	Speed at Design Point [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
22-87	Pressure at No-Flow Speed	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
22-88	Pressure at Rated Speed	999999.999 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
22-89	Flow at Design Point	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
22-90	Flow at Rated Speed	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32



5.1.21 23-** Time Based Funtions

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Type
23-0* T	imed Actions					
						TimeOfDay-
23-00	ON Time	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	WoDate
23-01	ON Action	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
						TimeOfDay-
23-02	OFF Time	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	WoDate
23-03	OFF Action	[1] No action	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
23-04	Occurrence	[0] All days	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
23-0* T	imed Actions Settings					
23-08	Timed Actions Mode	[0] Timed Actions Auto	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
23-09	Timed Actions Reactivation	[1] Enabled	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
23-1* N	Maintenance					
23-10	Maintenance Item	[1] Motor bearings	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
23-11	Maintenance Action	[1] Lubricate	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
23-12	Maintenance Time Base	[0] Disabled	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
23-13	Maintenance Time Interval	1 h	1 set-up	TRUE	74	Uint32
23-14	Maintenance Date and Time	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
23-1* N	Maintenance Reset				•	•
23-15	Reset Maintenance Word	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
23-16	Maintenance Text	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	VisStr[20]
23-5* E	nergy Log	•			•	
23-50	Energy Log Resolution	[5] Last 24 Hours	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
23-51	Period Start	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
23-53	Energy Log	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
23-54	Reset Energy Log	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
23-6* T	rending				•	•
23-60	Trend Variable	[0] Power [kW]	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
23-61	Continuous Bin Data	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
23-62	Timed Bin Data	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
23-63	Timed Period Start	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
23-64	Timed Period Stop	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
23-65	Minimum Bin Value	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
23-66	Reset Continuous Bin Data	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
23-67	Reset Timed Bin Data	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
23-8* P	ayback Counter	'	•	•	•	•
23-80	Power Reference Factor	100 %	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
23-81	Energy Cost	1.00 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
23-82	Investment	0 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
23-83	Energy Savings	0 kWh	All set-ups	TRUE	75	Int32
23-84	Cost Savings	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32





5.1.22 24-** Application Functions 2

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				during operation	sion index	
24-0* F	ire Mode					
24-00	Fire Mode Function	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
24-01	Fire Mode Configuration	[0] Open Loop	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
24-02	Fire Mode Unit	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
24-03	Fire Mode Min Reference	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
24-04	Fire Mode Max Reference	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
24-05	Fire Mode Preset Reference	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
24-06	Fire Mode Reference Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
24-07	Fire Mode Feedback Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
24-09	Fire Mode Alarm Handling	[1] Trip, Critical Alarms	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
24-1* C	Prive Bypass	•	•			
24-10	Drive Bypass Function	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
24-11	Drive Bypass Delay Time	0 s	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
24-9* N	Multi-Motor Funct.	•	•	•		
24-90	Missing Motor Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
24-91	Missing Motor Coefficient 1	0.0000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Int32
24-92	Missing Motor Coefficient 2	0.0000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Int32
24-93	Missing Motor Coefficient 3	0.0000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Int32
24-94	Missing Motor Coefficient 4	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
24-95	Locked Rotor Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
24-96	Locked Rotor Coefficient 1	0.0000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Int32
24-97	Locked Rotor Coefficient 2	0.0000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Int32
24-98	Locked Rotor Coefficient 3	0.0000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Int32
24-99	Locked Rotor Coefficient 4	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32



5.1.23 25-** Cascade Pack Controller

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #	•		· ·	during	sion index	"
				operation		
25-0* S	ystem Settings	•	•			•
25-00	Cascade Controller	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
25-02	Motor Start	[0] Direct on Line	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
25-04	Pump Cycling	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
25-05	Fixed Lead Pump	[1] Yes	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
25-06	Number of Pumps	2 N/A	2 set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
25-2* B	andwidth Settings	•	•	•		
25-20	Staging Bandwidth	10 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
25-21	Override Bandwidth	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
25-22	Fixed Speed Bandwidth	Param. 2520	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
25-23	SBW Staging Delay	15 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
25-24	SBW Destaging Delay	15 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
25-25	OBW Time	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
25-26	Destage At No-Flow	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
25-27	Stage Function	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
25-28	Stage Function Time	15 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
25-29	Destage Function	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
25-30	Destage Function Time	15 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
	taging Settings		1			
25-40	Ramp Down Delay	10.0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
25-41	Ramp Up Delay	2.0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
25-42	Staging Threshold	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
25-43	Destaging Threshold	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
25-44	Staging Speed [RPM]	0 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
25-45	Staging Speed [Hz]	0.0 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
25-46	Destaging Speed [RPM]	0 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
25-47	Destaging Speed [Hz]	0.0 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
	Alternation Settings	0.0 112	7th Set ups	INOL	'	Onicio
25-50	Lead Pump Alternation	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE		Uint8
25-51	Alternation Event	[0] External	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
25-52	Alternation Time Interval	24 h	All set-ups	TRUE	74	Uint16
25-53	Alternation Time Interval	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	VisStr[7]
23-33	Alternation filler value	U N/A	All set-ups	INUE	0	TimeOfDay-
25-54	Alternation Predefined Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	WoDate
25-55	Alternate if Load < 50%	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
25-56	Staging Mode at Alternation	[0] Slow	All set-ups	TRUE	_	Uint8
25-58	Run Next Pump Delay	0.1 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
25-59	Run on Mains Delay	0.1 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
25-39 25-8* S	·	1 0.3 5	All set-ups	INUE	=1	Julitio
25-8° 3	Cascade Status	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
25-80	Pump Status	0 N/A 0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	VisStr[25] VisStr[25]
25-81	Lead Pump	0 N/A	 	TRUE		
	·		All set-ups	 	0	Uint8
25-83	Relay Status	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	7.4	VisStr[4]
25-84	Pump ON Time	0 h	All set-ups	TRUE	74	Uint32
25-85	Relay ON Time	0 h	All set-ups	TRUE	74	Uint32
25-86	Reset Relay Counters	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
25-9* S		[0] 0°	A.I	TOUT		12.10
25-90	Pump Interlock	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
25-91	Manual Alternation	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8



5.1.24 26-** Analog I / O Option MCB 109

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Type
26-0* A	unalog I/O Mode	1				
26-00	Terminal X42/1 Mode	[1] Voltage	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
26-01	Terminal X42/3 Mode	[1] Voltage	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
26-02	Terminal X42/5 Mode	[1] Voltage	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
26-1* A	nalog Input X42/1	•		•	•	
26-10	Terminal X42/1 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-11	Terminal X42/1 High Voltage	10.00 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-14	Term. X42/1 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
26-15	Term. X42/1 High Ref./Feedb. Value	100.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
26-16	Term. X42/1 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
26-17	Term. X42/1 Live Zero	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
26-2* A	nalog Input X42/3	•	•	•	•	
26-20	Terminal X42/3 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-21	Terminal X42/3 High Voltage	10.00 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-24	Term. X42/3 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
26-25	Term. X42/3 High Ref./Feedb. Value	100.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
26-26	Term. X42/3 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
26-27	Term. X42/3 Live Zero	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
26-3* A	nalog Input X42/5	•				
26-30	Terminal X42/5 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-31	Terminal X42/5 High Voltage	10.00 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-34	Term. X42/5 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
26-35	Term. X42/5 High Ref./Feedb. Value	100.000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
26-36	Term. X42/5 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
26-37	Term. X42/5 Live Zero	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
26-4* A	nalog Out X42/7	•	•		•	
26-40	Terminal X42/7 Output	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
26-41	Terminal X42/7 Min. Scale	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-42	Terminal X42/7 Max. Scale	100.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-43	Terminal X42/7 Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
26-44	Terminal X42/7 Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
26-5* A	nalog Out X42/9	•	•	•		
26-50	Terminal X42/9 Output	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
26-51	Terminal X42/9 Min. Scale	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-52	Terminal X42/9 Max. Scale	100.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-53	Terminal X42/9 Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
26-54	Terminal X42/9 Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
26-6* Analog Out X42/11						
26-60	Terminal X42/11 Output	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
26-61	Terminal X42/11 Min. Scale	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-62	Terminal X42/11 Max. Scale	100.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
26-63	Terminal X42/11 Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
26-64	Terminal X42/11 Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16



Index	Deratir
	Device
A	Devi And
Abbreviations4	
Acceleration Time	Digital
Alarm	Drive Bypa
Log117	Close
Words	lden:
Alarm/Warning Code List192	Infor
Alarms And Warnings190	
Analog	Е
Input Scaling Value	End Of
Inputs	Energy
Auto Derate112	Log Opti
Energy Optimization Compressor	Enviror
Energy Optimization VT34	ETR
В	Examp
BACnet 85	Extend CL A
Brake Power	Statu
Braking	Statu
Break-away Torque5	
Broken Belt Detection	F
Bus Controlled	Fault M
C C	Feedba Feed & Set
Cascade Controller	Adv.
Changes Made	Fire Mo
•	Flow C
Changing A Group Of Numeric Data Values	Freeze
A Text Value19	Function
Data	
Parameter Data	Fuses
Coast Inverse14	
Coasting	G
Communication Option	Graphi
Compressor Start Max Speed [rpm]44	
Configuration82	Н
Cooling 46	Histori
Copyright, Limitation Of Liability And Revision Rights	How
Current	To O To O
Limit Control110	100
Rating197	
	l Indicat
D	
Data Log Settings114	Initialis . –
DC Link	Input T
Default Settings203, 20	
Definitions 4	

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	197
DeviceNet DeviceNet	
And CAN Fieldbus	
Digital Input	198
Drive Bypass	171
Closed Loop	
Identification	
Information	114
E	
End Of Curve	153
Energy	
Log	
Optimising	
Environment	
ETR	120
Example Of Changing Parameter Data	13
Extended	
CL Autotuning	
Status WordStatus Word 2	
Status Word Z	190
F	
Fault Messages	197
Feedback	
Feedback200,	
& SetpointAdv. Conversion	
Adv. Conversion	134
Adv. Conversion	134 168
Adv. Conversion	134 168 154
Adv. Conversion	134 168 154 4
Adv. Conversion	134 168 154 4
Adv. Conversion	134 168 154 4
Adv. Conversion	134 168 154 4
Adv. Conversion	
Adv. Conversion	
Adv. Conversion	
Adv. Conversion	134 168 154 154 199
Adv. Conversion	134 168 154 154 199
Adv. Conversion	134 168 154 15 199 9
Adv. Conversion	
Adv. Conversion	
Adv. Conversion	
Adv. Conversion	134 168 154 15 199 199 116 9 10
Adv. Conversion	
Adv. Conversion	





j
Jog4
L
Language Package 1
Package 2
LCP 1029
LEDs
Literature4
Local Reference23
Loggings 13
LonWorks95
M
Main
Menu - Drive Information - Group 15114 Menu Mode11. 13, 18
Menu Structure
Reactance38
Mains
On/Off
•••
Manual Initialisation
Motor Current197, 201
Data198, 201
Power201
Protection
Jtatus
N
No.
Operation 14
Trip At Inverter Overload112
0
Operating Mode23
Option Ident 118
Output Current
P
Parameter
Access
Info
Options
Selection
Set-Up
Password

PID	
Autotuning	
Basic Settings	
Controller	
Programming	
Protection Mode	8
0	
Quick	
Menu	11
Menu Mode	
Transfer Of Parameter Settings Between Multipl	erters 12
cy conve	
R	
Rated Motor Speed	4
RCD	6
Read-out And Programming Of Indexed Parameter	rs 19
Relay Outputs	65
Reset	197, 202
	•
S	
Safety Precautions	7
Serial Communication	5
Short Cycle Protection	154
Sleep Mode	150
Software Version	3
Start	
Delay Function	
Stator Leakage Reactance	38
Status	11
Messages	
Step-by-Step	19
Supply Voltage	199
Switching Frequency	197
Symbols	
Synchronous Motor Speed	
Т	
Thermal Load	
Thermistor	
Timed Actions	
Trending	164
Trip	
At Motor Speed Low Limit Reset	
Troubleshooting	
Troubleshouting	19/, 190



ADS 102 Programming Guide

V	
Value	19
VVCplus	6
W	
Warning Words	195

Index