

Safety

Safety

AWARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!

Adjustable frequency drives contain high voltage when connected to AC line power. Installation, start-up, and maintenance should be performed by qualified personnel only. Failure to perform installation, start-up, and maintenance by qualified personnel could result in death or serious injury.

High Voltage

Adjustable frequency drives are connected to hazardous AC line voltage. Extreme care should be taken to protect against shock. Only trained personnel familiar with electronic equipment should install, start, or maintain this equipment.

AWARNING

UNINTENDED START!

When the adjustable frequency drive is connected to AC line power, the motor may start at any time. The adjustable frequency drive, motor, and any driven equipment must be in operational readiness. Failure to be in operational readiness when the adjustable frequency drive is connected to AC line power could result in death, serious injury, equipment, or property damage.

Unintended Start

When the adjustable frequency drive is connected to the AC line power, the motor may be started by means of an external switch, a serial bus command, an input reference signal, or a cleared fault condition. Use appropriate caution to guard against an unintended start.

AWARNING

DISCHARGE TIME!

Adjustable frequency drives contain DC link capacitors that can remain charged even when the adjustable frequency drive is not powered. To avoid electrical hazards, disconnect AC line power, any permanent magnet type motors, and any remote DC link power supplies, including battery backups, UPS and DC link connections to other adjustable frequency drives. Wait for the capacitors to fully discharge before performing any service or repair work. The wait time required is listed in the *Discharge Time* table. Failure to wait for the specified period of time after power has been removed to do service or repair could result in death or serious injury.

Voltage [V]	Minimum Waiting Time [Minutes]							
	4	4 7						
200–240	0.34-5 hp		7.5-60 hp [5.5-					
	[0.25–3.7 kW]		45 kW]					
380-480	0.5-10 hp		15-125 hp [11-					
	[0.37-7.5 kW]		90 kW]					
525-600	1–10 hp [0.75–		15-125 hp [11-					
	7.5 kW]		90 kW]					
525-690		1.5-10 hp [1.1-	15-125 hp [11-					
		7.5 kW]	90 kW]					
High voltage may be present even when the warning LED								

High voltage may be present even when the warning LED display lights are off.

Discharge Time

Symbols

The following symbols are used in this manual.

AWARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

ACAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.



CAUTION

Indicates a situation that may result in equipment or property damage-only accidents.

NOTE!

Indicates highlighted information that should be observed in order to avoid mistakes or operate equipment at less than optimal performance.



Approvals

NOTE!

Imposed limitations on the output frequency (due to export control regulations):

From software version 1.99, the output frequency of the adjustable frequency drive is limited to 590 Hz. Software versions 1x.xx also limit the maximum output frequency to 590 Hz, but these versions cannot be flashed, i.e., neither downgraded nor upgraded.



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1 Introduction

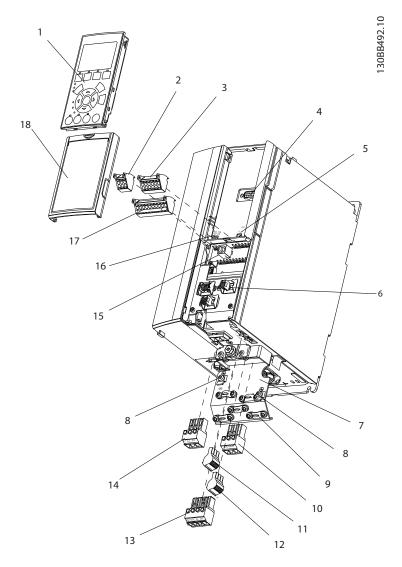


Figure 1.1 Exploded View A Size

1	LCP	10	Motor output terminals 96 (U), 97 (V), 98 (W)
2	RS-485 serial bus connector (+68, -69)	11	Relay 2 (01, 02, 03)
3	Analog I/O connector	12	Relay 1 (04, 05, 06)
4	LCP input plug	13	Brake (-81, +82) and load sharing (-88, +89) terminals
5	Analog switches (A53), (A54)	14	Line power input terminals 91 (L1), 92 (L2), 93 (L3)
6	Cable strain relief/PE ground	15	USB connector
7	Decoupling plate	16	Serial bus terminal switch
8	Grounding clamp (PE)	17	Digital I/O and 24 V power supply
9	Shielded cable grounding clamp and strain relief	18	Control cable cover plate

Table 1.1 Legend to Figure 1.1

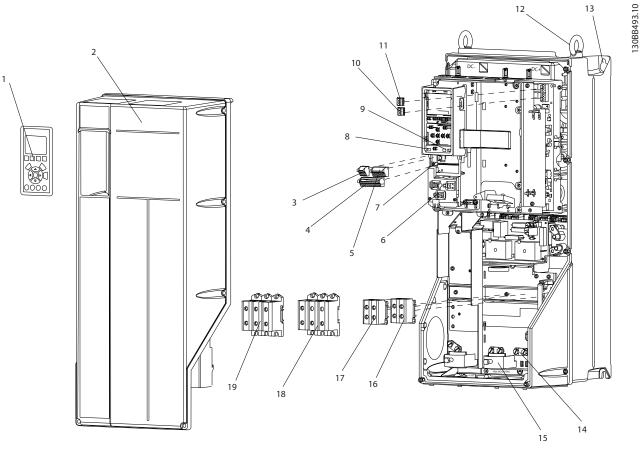


Figure 1.2 Exploded View B and C Sizes

1	LCP	11	Relay 2 (04, 05, 06)
2	Cover	12	Lifting ring
3	RS-485 serial bus connector	13	Mounting slot
4	Digital I/O and 24 V power supply	14	Grounding clamp (PE)
5	Analog I/O connector	15	Cable strain relief / PE ground
6	Cable strain relief/PE ground	16	Brake terminal (-81, +82)
7	USB connector	17	Load sharing terminal (DC bus) (-88, +89)
8	Serial bus terminal switch	18	Motor output terminals 96 (U), 97 (V), 98 (W)
9	Analog switches (A53), (A54)	19	Line power input terminals 91 (L1), 92 (L2), 93 (L3)
10	Relay 1 (01, 02, 03)		

Table 1.2 Legend to Figure 1.2



1.1 Purpose of the Manual

This manual is intended to provide detailed information for the installation and of the adjustable frequency drive. 2 Installation provides requirements for mechanical and electrical installation, including input, motor, control and serial communications wiring, and control terminal functions. 3 Start-up and Functional Testing provides detailed procedures for start-up, basic operational programming, and functional testing. The remaining chapters provide supplementary details. These include user interface, detailed programming, application examples, start-up troubleshooting, and specifications.

1.2 Additional Resources

Other resources are available to understand advanced adjustable frequency drive functions and programming.

- The VLT® Programming Guide provides greater detail on working with parameters and many application examples.
- The VLT® Design Guide provides detailed capabilities and functionality to design motor control systems.
- Supplementary publications and manuals are available from Danfoss.
 See www.danfoss.com/BusinessAreas/DrivesSolutions/Documentations/VLT+Technical +Documentation.htm for listings.
- Optional equipment that may change some of the procedures described is available. Reference the instructions supplied with those options for specific requirements. Contact the local Danfoss supplier or visit the Danfoss website: www.danfoss.com/BusinessAreas/DrivesSolutions/ Documentations/VLT+Technical+Documentation.htmfor downloads or additional information.

1.3 Product Overview

An adjustable frequency drive is an electronic motor controller that converts AC line power input into a variable AC waveform output. The frequency and voltage of the output are regulated to control the motor speed or torque. The adjustable frequency drive can vary the speed of the motor in response to system feedback, such as changing temperature or pressure for controlling fan, compressor, or pump motors. The adjustable frequency drive can also regulate the motor by responding to remote commands from external controllers.

In addition, the adjustable frequency drive monitors the system and motor status, issues warnings or alarms for fault conditions, starts and stops the motor, optimizes energy efficiency, and offers many more control, monitoring, and efficiency functions. Operation and monitoring functions are available as status indications to an outside control system or serial communication network.

For single phase adjustable frequency drives (S2 and S4) installed in the EU, the following applies:
Single phase adjustable frequency drives (S2 and S4) with an input current less than 16 A and an input of more than 1 kW are intended for use as professional equipment in trades, professions, or industries. Designated application areas are:

 Public pools, public water supplies, agriculture, commercial buildings and industries.

They are not intended for general public use or use in residential areas. All other single phase adjustable frequency drives are only intended for use in private low-voltage systems interfacing with public supply only at a medium or high voltage level. Operators of private systems must ensure that the EMC environment complies with IEC 610000-3-6 and/or the contractual agreements.



1.4 Internal Component Functions

Figure 1.3 is a block diagram of the adjustable frequency drive's internal components. See *Table 1.3* for their functions.

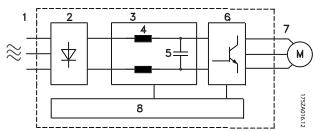


Figure 1.3 Adjustable Frequency Drive Block Diagram

Area	Title	Functions
1	Line power input	Three-phase AC line power supply to the adjustable frequency drive
2	Rectifier	The rectifier bridge converts the AC input to DC current to supply inverter power
3	DC bus	Intermediate DC bus circuit handles the DC current
4	DC reactors	Filter the intermediate DC circuit voltage
		Prove line transient protection
		Reduce RMS current
		Raise the power factor reflected back to the line
		Reduce harmonics on the AC input
5	Capacitor bank	Stores the DC power
		Provides ride-through protection for short power losses
6	Inverter	Converts the DC into a controlled PWM AC waveform for a controlled variable output to the motor
7	Output to motor	Regulated three-phase output power to the motor

Area	Title	Functions
8	Control circuitry	Input power, internal processing, output, and motor current are monitored to provide efficient operation and control
		User interface and external commands are monitored and performed
		Status output and control can be provided

Table 1.3 Legend to Figure 1.3



1.5 Frame Sizes and Power Ratings

References to frame sizes used in this manual are defined in Table 1.4.

	Frame Size (hp [kW])											
Volts [V]	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	C1	C2	СЗ	C4
200-240	0.34-3	4-5 [3.0-	0.34-3	0.34-5	7.5–15	20 [15]	7.5–15	20–25	25-40	50-60	30–40	50-60
	[0.25–	3.7]	[0.25-2.2]	[0.25–	[5.5–11]		[5.5–11]	[15–18.5]	[18.5–30]	[37–45]	[22–30]	[37–45]
	2.2]			3.7]								
380-480	0.5-5	7.5–10	0.5-5	0.5–10	15-25	30-40	15–25	30-50	50-75	100-125	60-75	100-125
	[0.37–	[5.5–7.5]	[0.37-4.0]	[0.37–	[11–18.5]	[22-30]	[11–18.5]	[22–37]	[37–55]	[75–90]	[45–55]	[75–90]
	4.0]			7.5]								
525-600	n/a	1–10	n/a	1–10	15–25	30-40	15–25	30–50	50-75	100-125	60-75	100–125
		[0.75–7.5]		[0.75–	[11–18.5]	[22-30]	[11–18.5]	[22–37]	[37–55]	[75–90]	[45–55]	[75–90]
				7.5]								
525-690	n/a	1.5–10	n/a	n/a	n/a	15-40	n/a	n/a	n/a	50-125	60-75	n/a
		[1.1–7.5]				[11–30]				[37–90]	[45–55]	
Single phas	se			•			•	•				•
200-240	n/a	1.5 [1.1]	n/a	1.5 [1.1]	2–7.5	10 [7.5]	n/a	n/a	20 [15]	30 [22]	n/a	n/a
					[1.5–5.5]							
380-480	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	10 [7.5]	15 [11]	n/a	n/a	25 [18.5]	50 [37]	n/a	n/a

Table 1.4 Frame Sizes and Power Ratings

1.6 Safe Stop

The adjustable frequency drive can perform the safety function *Safe Torque Off* (STO, as defined by EN IEC 61800-5-2¹) and *Stop Category 0* (as defined in EN 60204-1²).

Danfoss has named this functionality *Safe Stop*. Before integration and use of Safe Stop in an installation, perform a thorough risk analysis to determine whether the Safe Stop functionality and safety levels are appropriate and sufficient. Safe Stop is designed and approved suitable for the requirements of:

- Safety Category 3 according to EN ISO 13849-1
- Performance Level "d" according to EN ISO 13849-1:2008
- SIL 2 Capability according to IEC 61508 and EN 61800-5-2
- SILCL 2 according to EN 62061

Activation and Termination of Safe Stop

The Safe Stop (STO) function is activated by removing the voltage at Terminal 37 of the Safe Inverter. By connecting the Safe Inverter to external safety devices providing a safe delay, an installation for a safe Stop Category 1 can be

obtained. The Safe Stop function can be used for asynchronous, synchronous, and permanent magnet motors.

AWARNING

After installation of Safe Stop (STO), a commissioning test as specified in *1.6.2 Safe Stop Commissioning Test* must be performed. A passed commissioning test is mandatory after first installation and after each change to the safety installation.

Safe Stop Technical Data

The following values are associated to the different types of safety levels:

Reaction time for T37

- Maximum reaction time: 10 ms

Reaction time = delay between de-energizing the STO input and switching off the adjustable frequency drive output bridge.

Data for EN ISO 13849-1

- Performance Level "d"
- MTTF_d (Mean Time To Dangerous Failure): 14,000 years
- DC (Diagnostic Coverage): 90%
- Category 3
- Lifetime 20 years

 $^{^{1)}}$ Refer to EN IEC 61800-5-2 for details of Safe torque off (STO) function.

 $^{^{\}rm 2)}$ Refer to EN IEC 60204-1 for details of stop category 0 and 1.



Data for EN IEC 62061, EN IEC 61508, EN IEC 61800-5-2

- SIL 2 Capability, SILCL 2
- PFH (Probability of Dangerous failure per Hour)=1e-10FIT=7e-19/h-9/h>90%
- SFF (Safe Failure Fraction) >99%
- HFT (Hardware Fault Tolerance)=0 (1001 architecture)
- Lifetime 20 years

Data for EN IEC 61508 low demand

- PFDavg for one year proof test: 1E-10
- PFDavg for three year proof test: 1E-10
- PFDavg for five year proof test: 1E-10

No maintenance of the STO functionality is needed.

Security measures have to be taken by the user, e.g., installation in a closed cabinet that is only accessible for skilled personnel.

SISTEMA Data

Functional safety data is available via a data library for use with the SISTEMA calculation tool from the IFA (Institute for Occupational Safety and Health of the German Social Accident Insurance) and data for manual calculation. The library is complete and continually extended.

1.6.1 Terminal 37 Safe Stop Function

The adjustable frequency drive is available with safe stop functionality via control terminal 37. Safe stop disables the control voltage of the power semiconductors of the adjustable frequency drive output stage. This in turn prevents generating the voltage required to rotate the motor. When the Safe Stop (T37) is activated, the adjustable frequency drive issues an alarm, trips the unit, and coasts the motor to a stop. Manual restart is required. The safe stop function can be used as an emergency stop for the adjustable frequency drive. In normal operating mode when safe stop is not required, use the regular stop function instead. When automatic restart is used, ensure the requirements of ISO 12100-2 paragraph 5.3.2.5 are fulfilled.

Liability Conditions

It is the responsibility of the user to ensure that qualified personnel installs and operates the safe stop function:

- Read and understand the safety regulations concerning health and safety/accident prevention
- Understand the generic and safety guidelines given in this description and the extended description in the relevant *Design Guide*
- Have a good knowledge of the generic and safety standards applicable to the specific application

User is defined as: integrator, operator, service technician, maintenance technician.

Standards

Use of safe stop on terminal 37 requires that the user satisfies all provisions for safety including relevant laws, regulations and guidelines. The optional safe stop function complies with the following standards.

- IEC 60204-1: 2005 category 0 uncontrolled stop
- IEC 61508: 1998 SIL2
- IEC 61800-5-2: 2007 safe torque off (STO) function
- IEC 62061: 2005 SIL CL2
- ISO 13849-1: 2006 Category 3 PL d
- ISO 14118: 2000 (EN 1037) prevention of unexpected start-up

The information and instructions of the instruction manual are not sufficient for a proper and safe use of the safe stop functionality. The related information and instructions of the relevant *Design Guide* must be followed.

Protective Measures

- Qualified and skilled personnel are required for installation and commissioning of safety engineering systems
- The unit must be installed in an IP54 cabinet or in an equivalent environment. In special applications, a higher IP degree is required
- The cable between terminal 37 and the external safety device must be short circuit protected according to ISO 13849-2 table D.4
- When external forces influence the motor axis (for example, suspended loads), additional measures are required (for example, a safety holding brake) to eliminate potential hazards

Safe Stop Installation and Set-up

AWARNING

SAFE STOP FUNCTION!

The safe stop function does NOT isolate AC line voltage to the adjustable frequency drive or auxiliary circuits. Perform work on electrical parts of the adjustable frequency drive or the motor only after isolating the AC line voltage supply and waiting the length of time specified in *Table 1.1*. Failure to isolate the AC line voltage supply from the unit and waiting the time specified could result in death or serious injury.

- It is not recommended to stop the adjustable frequency drive by using the Safe Torque Off function. If a running adjustable frequency drive is stopped by using the function, the unit trips and stops by coasting. If unacceptable or dangerous, use another stopping mode to stop the adjustable frequency drive and machinery, before using this function. Depending on the application, a mechanical brake can be required.
- For synchronous and permanent magnet motor adjustable frequency drives, in a multiple IGBT power semiconductor failure: In spite of the activation of the Safe Torque Off function, the system can produce an alignment torque which maximally rotates the motor shaft by 180/p degrees. p denotes the pole pair number.
- This function is suitable for performing mechanical work on the system or affected area of a machine only. It does not provide electrical safety. Do not use this function as a control for starting and/or stopping the adjustable frequency drive.

Follow these steps to perform a safe installation of the adjustable frequency drive:

- Remove the jumper wire between control terminals 37 and 12 or 13. Cutting or breaking the jumper is not sufficient to avoid shortcircuiting. (See jumper on Figure 1.4.)
- Connect an external Safety monitoring relay via a NO safety function to terminal 37 (safe stop) and either terminal 12 or 13 (24 V DC). Follow the instructions for the safety device. The Safety monitoring relay must comply with Category 3 /PL "d" (ISO 13849-1) or SIL 2 (EN 62061).

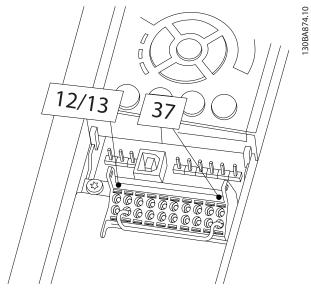


Figure 1.4 Jumper between Terminal 12/13 (24 V) and 37

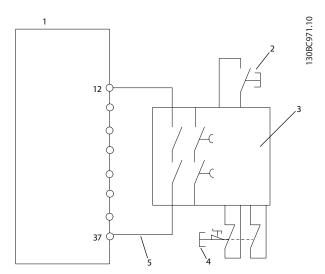


Figure 1.5 Installation to Achieve a Stopping Category 0 (EN 60204-1) with Cat. 3 /PL "d" (ISO 13849-1) or SIL 2 (EN 62061).

1	Adjustable frequency drive
2	[Reset] key
3	Safety relay (cat. 3, PL d or SIL2
4	Emergency stop button
5	Short-circuit protected cable (if not inside installation IP54
	cabinet)

Table 1.5 Legend to Figure 1.5



Safe Stop Commissioning Test

After installation and before first operation, perform a commissioning test of the installation using safe stop. Also, perform the test after each modification of the installation.

AWARNING

Safe Stop activation (that is removal of 24 V DC voltage supply to terminal 37) does not provide electrical safety. The Safe Stop function itself is therefore not sufficient to implement the Emergency-Off function as defined by EN 60204-1. Emergency-Off requires measures of electrical isolation, for example, by switching off line power via an additional contactor.

- Activate the Safe Stop function by removing the 24 V DC voltage supply to the terminal 37.
- After activation of Safe Stop (that is, after the response time), the adjustable frequency drive coasts (stops creating a rotational field in the motor). The response time is typically less than 10 ms.

The adjustable frequency drive is guaranteed not to restart creation of a rotational field by an internal fault (in accordance with Cat. 3 PL d acc. EN ISO 13849-1 and SIL 2 acc. EN 62061). After activation of Safe Stop, the display shows the text "Safe Stop activated". The associated help text says, "Safe Stop has been activated". This means that the Safe Stop has been activated, or that normal operation has not been resumed yet after Safe Stop activation.

NOTE!

The requirements of Cat. 3 /PL "d" (ISO 13849-1) are only fulfilled while 24 V DC supply to terminal 37 is kept removed or low by a safety device which itself fulfills Cat. 3 PL "d" (ISO 13849-1). If external forces act on the motor, it must not operate without additional measures for fall protection. External forces can arise for example, in the event of vertical axis (suspended loads) where an unwanted movement, for example caused by gravity, could cause a hazard. Fall protection measures can be additional mechanical brakes.

By default the Safe Stop function is set to an Unintended Restart Prevention behavior. Therefore, to resume operation after activation of Safe Stop,

- reapply 24 V DC voltage to terminal 37 (text Safe Stop activated is still displayed)
- 2. create a reset signal (via bus, digital I/O, or [Reset] key.

The Safe Stop function can be set to an Automatic Restart behavior. Set the value of *5-19 Terminal 37 Digital Input* from default value [1] to value [3].

Automatic Restart means that Safe Stop is terminated, and normal operation is resumed, as soon as the 24 V DC are applied to Terminal 37. No Reset signal is required.

AWARNING

Automatic Restart Behavior is permitted in one of the two situations:

- Unintended restart prevention is implemented by other parts of the safe stop installation.
- A presence in the hazard zone can be physically excluded when safe stop is not activated. In particular, paragraph 5.3.2.5 of ISO 12100-2 2003 must be observed

1.6.2 Safe Stop Commissioning Test

After installation and before first operation, perform a commissioning test of an installation or application, using Safe Stop.

Perform the test again after each modification of the installation or application involving the Safe Stop.

NOTE!

A passed commissioning test is mandatory after first installation and after each change to the safety installation.

The commissioning test (select one of cases 1 or 2 as applicable):

Case 1: Restart prevention for Safe Stop is required (that is Safe Stop only where 5-19 Terminal 37 Digital Input is set to default value [1], or combined Safe Stop and MCB 112 where 5-19 Terminal 37 Digital Input is set to [6] PTC 1 & Relay A or [9] PTC 1 & Relay W/A):

- 1.1 Remove the 24 V DC voltage supply to terminal 37 using the interrupt device while the adjustable frequency drive drives the motor (that is line power supply is not interrupted). The test step is passed when
 - the motor reacts with a coast, and
 - the mechanical brake is activated (if connected)
 - the alarm "Safe Stop [A68]" is displayed in the LCP, if mounted

1.2 Send Reset signal (via bus, digital I/O, or [Reset] key). The test step is passed if the motor remains in the safe stop state, and the



mechanical brake (if connected) remains activated.

- 1.3 Reapply 24 V DC to terminal 37. The test step is passed if the motor remains in the coasted state, and the mechanical brake (if connected) remains activated.
- 1.4 Send Reset signal (via bus, digital I/O, or [Reset] key). The test step is passed when the motor becomes operational again.

The commissioning test is passed if all four test steps 1.1, 1.2, 1.3 and 1.4 are passed.

Case 2: Automatic Restart of Safe Stop is wanted and allowed (that is, Safe Stop only where 5-19 Terminal 37 Digital Input is set to [3], or combined Safe Stop and MCB 112 where 5-19 Terminal 37 Digital Input is set to [7] PTC 1 & Relay W or [8] PTC 1 & Relay A/W):

2.1 Remove the 24 V DC voltage supply to terminal 37 by the interrupt device while the adjustable frequency drive drives the motor (that is line power supply is not interrupted). The test step is passed when

- the motor reacts with a coast, and
- the mechanical brake is activated (if connected)
- the alarm "Safe Stop [A68]" is displayed in the LCP, if mounted
- 2.2 Reapply 24 V DC to terminal 37.

The test step is passed if the motor becomes operational again. The commissioning test is passed if both test steps 2.1 and 2.2 are passed.

NOTE!

See warning on the restart behavior in 1.6.1 Terminal 37 Safe Stop Function

AWARNING

The Safe Stop function can be used for asynchronous, synchronous and permanent magnet motors. Two faults can occur in the power semiconductor of the adjustable frequency drive. When using synchronous or permanent magnet motors a residual rotation can result from the faults. The rotation can be calculated to Angle = 360/ (Number of Poles). The application using synchronous or permanent magnet motors must take this residual rotation into consideration and ensure that it does not pose a safety risk. This situation is not relevant for asynchronous motors.



Danfoss



Introduction





2 Installation

2.1 Installation Site Checklist

- The adjustable frequency drive relies on the ambient air for cooling. Observe the limitations on ambient air temperature for optimal operation
- Ensure that the installation location has sufficient support strength to mount the adjustable frequency drive
- Keep the manual, drawings, and diagrams accessible for detailed installation and operation instructions. It is important that the manual is available for equipment operators.
- Locate equipment as near to the motor as possible. Keep motor cables as short as possible. Check the motor characteristics for actual tolerances. Do not exceed
 - 1,000 ft [300 m] for unshielded motor leads
 - 500 ft [150 m] for shielded cable.
- Ensure that the ingress protection rating of the adjustable frequency drive is suitable for the installation environment. IP55 (NEMA 12) or IP66 (NEMA 4) enclosures may be necessary.

ACAUTION

Ingress protection

IP54, IP55 and IP66 ratings can only be guaranteed if the unit is properly closed.

- Ensure that all cable connectors and unused holes for connectors are properly sealed.
- Ensure that the unit cover is properly closed

ACAUTION

Device damage through contamination

Do not leave the adjustable frequency drive uncovered.

2.2 Adjustable Frequency Drive and Motor Pre-installation Checklist

- Compare the model number of unit on the nameplate to what was ordered to verify the proper equipment
- Ensure each of the following are rated for the same voltage:

Line power

Adjustable frequency drive

Motor

 Ensure that the adjustable frequency drive output current rating is equal to or greater than motor full load current for peak motor performance.

> Motor size and adjustable frequency drive power must match for proper overload protection

If adjustable frequency drive rating is less than motor, full motor output cannot be achieved

2.3 Mechanical Installation

2.3.1 Cooling

- To provide cooling airflow, mount the unit to a solid flat surface or to the optional backplate (see 2.3.3 Mounting)
- Top and bottom clearance for air cooling must be provided. Generally, 100–225 mm (4–10 in) is required. See Figure 2.1 for clearance requirements
- Improper mounting can result in overheating and reduced performance.
- Derating for temperatures starting between 104
 °F [40 °C] and 122 °F [50 °C] and elevation 3300
 ft [1000 m] above sea level must be considered.
 See the equipment Design Guide for detailed information.

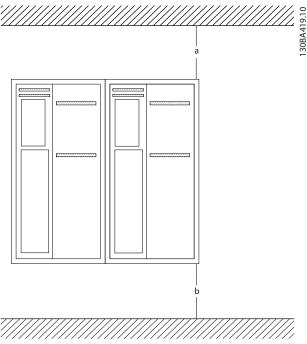


Figure 2.1 Top and Bottom Cooling Clearance

Enclosure	A2-A5	B1-B4	C1, C3	C2, C4
a/b (inch	100	200	200	225
[mm])	100	200	200	223

Table 2.1 Minimum Airflow Clearance Requirements

2.3.2 Lifting

- Check the weight of the unit to determine a safe lifting method
- Ensure that the lifting device is suitable for the task
- If necessary, plan for a hoist, crane, or forklift with the appropriate rating to move the unit
- For lifting, use hoist rings on the unit, where provided

2.3.3 Mounting

- Mount the unit vertically
- The adjustable frequency drive allows side by side installation
- Ensure that the strength of the mounting location will support the unit weight
- Mount the unit onto a solid flat surface or onto the optional backplate to provide cooling airflow (see Figure 2.2 and Figure 2.3)

- Improper mounting can result in overheating and reduced performance
- Use the slotted mounting holes on the unit for wall mounting, when provided.

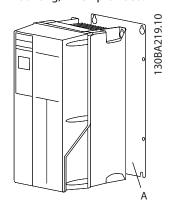


Figure 2.2 Proper Mounting with Backplate

Item A is a backplate properly installed for required airflow to cool the unit.

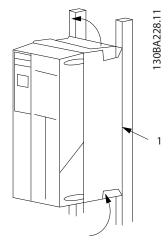


Figure 2.3 Proper Mounting with Railings

NOTE!

Backplate is needed when mounted on railings.

2.3.4 Tightening Torques

See *10.4 Connection Tightening Torques* for proper tightening specifications.

2.4 Electrical Installation

This section contains detailed instructions for wiring the adjustable frequency drive. The following tasks are described.

- Wiring the motor to the adjustable frequency drive output terminals
- Wiring the AC line power to the adjustable frequency drive input terminals

- Connecting control and serial communication wiring
- After power has been applied, checking input and motor power; programming control terminals for their intended functions

Figure 2.4 shows a basic electrical connection.

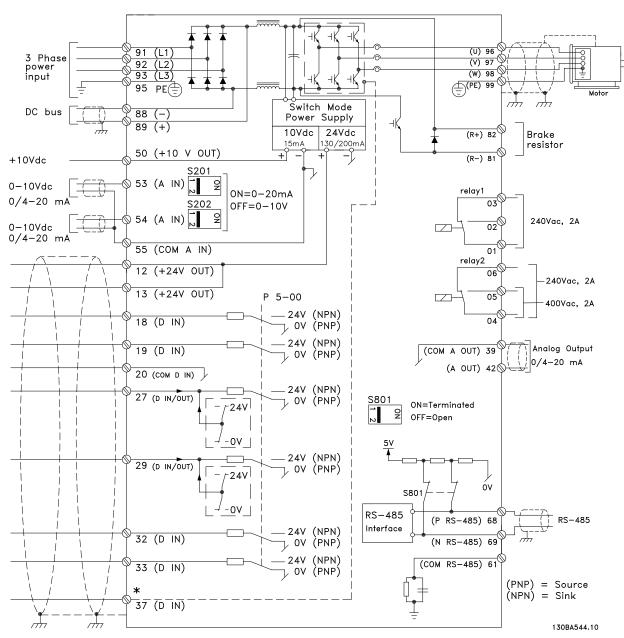


Figure 2.4 Basic Wiring Schematic Drawing.

^{*} Terminal 37 is an option

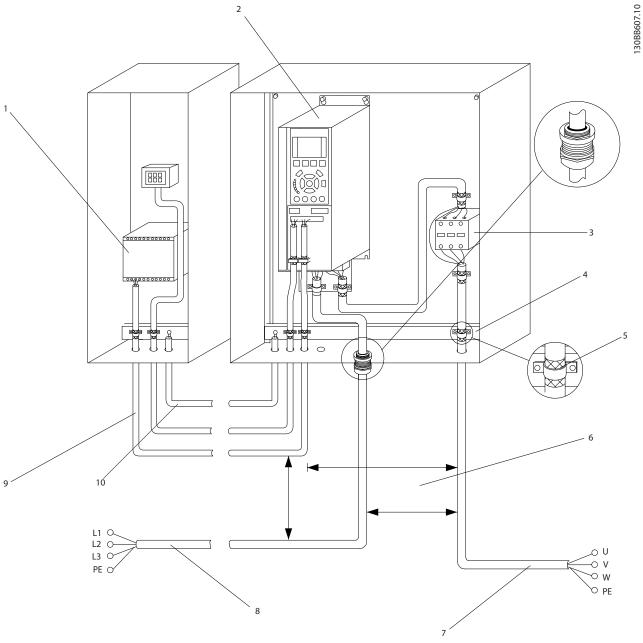


Figure 2.5 Typical Electrical Connection

1	PLC	6	Min. 7.9 in [200 mm] between control cables, motor and line
			power
2	Adjustable frequency drive	7	Motor, 3-phase and PE
3	Output contactor (generally not recommended)	8	Line power, 3-phase and reinforced PE
4	Grounding rail (PE)	9	Control wiring
5	Cable insulation (stripped)	10	Equalizing min. 0.025 in ² [16 mm ²]

Table 2.2 Legend to Figure 2.5



2.4.1 Requirements

AWARNING

EQUIPMENT HAZARD!

Rotating shafts and electrical equipment can be hazardous. All electrical work must conform to national and local electrical codes. It is strongly recommended that installation, start-up, and maintenance be performed only by trained and qualified personnel. Failure to follow these guidelines could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

WIRING ISOLATION!

Run input power, motor wiring and control wiring in three separate metallic conduits or use separated shielded cable for high frequency noise isolation. Failure to isolate power, motor and control wiring could result in less than optimum adjustable frequency drive and associated equipment performance.

For your safety, comply with the following requirements.

- Electronic controls equipment is connected to hazardous AC line voltage. Extreme care should be taken to protect against electrical hazards when applying power to the unit.
- Run motor cables from multiple adjustable frequency drives separately. Induced voltage from output motor cables run together can charge equipment capacitors even with the equipment turned off and locked out.

Overload and Equipment Protection

- An electronically activated function within the adjustable frequency drive provides overload protection for the motor. The overload calculates the level of increase to activate timing for the trip (controller output stop) function. The higher the current draw, the quicker the trip response. The overload provides Class 20 motor protection. See 8 Warnings and Alarms for details on the trip function.
- Because the motor wiring carries high frequency current, it is important that wiring for line power, motor power, and control is run separately. Use metallic conduit or separated shielded wire.
 Failure to isolate power, motor, and control wiring could result in less than optimum equipment performance.
- All adjustable frequency drives must be provided with short-circuit and overcurrent protection.

Input fusing is required to provide this protection, see *Figure 2.6*. If not factory supplied, fuses must be provided by the installer as part of installation. See maximum fuse ratings in 10.3 Fuse Specifications.

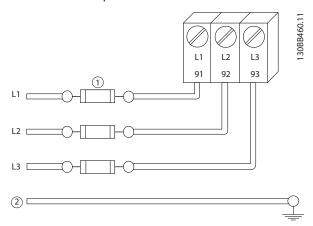


Figure 2.6 Fuses

Wire Type and Ratings

- All wiring must comply with local and national regulations regarding cross-section and ambient temperature requirements.
- Danfoss recommends that all power connections be made with a minimum 167 °F [75° C] rated copper wire.
- See 10.1 Power-dependent Specifications for recommended wire sizes.

2.4.2 Grounding Requirements

AWARNING

GROUNDING HAZARD!

For operator safety, it is important to ground the adjustable frequency drive properly in accordance with national and local electrical codes as well as instructions contained within this document. Ground currents are higher than 3.5 mA. Failure to ground the adjustable frequency drive properly could result in death or serious injury.

NOTE!

It is the responsibility of the user or certified electrical installer to ensure correct grounding of the equipment in accordance with national and local electrical codes and standards.



- Follow all local and national electrical codes to ground electrical equipment properly.
- Proper protective grounding for equipment with ground currents higher than 3.5 mA must be established, see 2.4.2.1 Leakage Current (>3.5 mA)
- A dedicated ground wire is required for input power, motor power and control wiring
- Use the clamps provided with the equipment for proper ground connections
- Do not ground one adjustable frequency drive to another in a "daisy chain" fashion
- Keep the ground wire connections as short as possible
- Using high-strand wire to reduce electrical noise is recommended
- Follow the motor manufacturer wiring requirements

2.4.2.1 Leakage Current (>3.5 mA)

Follow national and local codes regarding protective grounding of equipment with a leakage current > 3.5 mA. Adjustable frequency drive technology implies high frequency switching at high power. This will generate a leakage current in the ground connection. A fault current in the adjustable frequency drive at the output power terminals might contain a DC component which can charge the filter capacitors and cause a transient ground current. The ground leakage current depends on various system configurations including RFI filtering, shielded motor cables, and adjustable frequency drive power.

EN/IEC61800-5-1 (Power Drive System Product Standard) requires special care if the leakage current exceeds 3.5 mA. Grounding must be reinforced in one of the following ways:

- Ground wire of at least 0.0155 in² [10 mm²]
- Two separate ground wires both complying with the dimensioning rules

See EN 60364-5-54 § 543.7 for further information.

Using RCDs

Where residual current devices (RCDs), also known as ground leakage circuit breakers (GLCBs), are used, comply with the following:

Use RCDs of type B only which are capable of detecting AC and DC currents

Use RCDs with an inrush delay to prevent faults due to transient ground currents

Dimension RCDs according to the system configuration and environmental considerations

2.4.2.2 Grounding Using Shielded Cable

Grounding clamps are provided for motor wiring (see *Figure 2.7*).

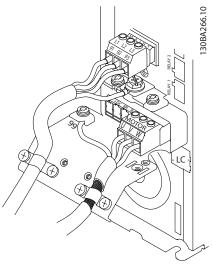


Figure 2.7 Grounding with Shielded Cable

2.4.3 Motor Connection

AWARNING

INDUCED VOLTAGE!

Run output motor cables from multiple adjustable frequency drives separately. Induced voltage from output motor cables run together can charge equipment capacitors even with the equipment turned off and locked out. Failure to run output motor cables separately could result in death or serious injury.

- For maximum wire sizes, see 10.1 Powerdependent Specifications
- Comply with local and national electrical codes for cable sizes.
- Motor wiring knockouts or access panels are provided at the base of IP21 and higher (NEMA1/12) units
- Do not install power factor correction capacitors between the adjustable frequency drive and the motor
- Do not wire a starting or pole-changing device between the adjustable frequency drive and the motor.
- Connect the 3-phase motor wiring to terminals 96 (U), 97 (V), and 98 (W).

2

- Ground the cable in accordance with grounding instructions provided.
- Torque terminals in accordance with the information provided in 10.4.1 Connection Tightening Torques
- Follow the motor manufacturer wiring requirements

The three following figures represent line power input, motor, and ground for basic adjustable frequency drives. Actual configurations vary with unit types and optional equipment.

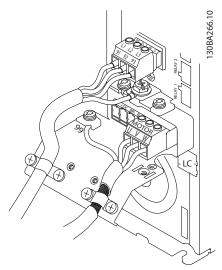


Figure 2.8 Motor, Line Power and Ground Wiring for A-Frame Sizes

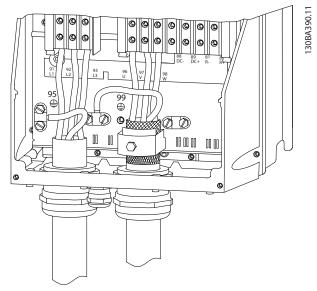


Figure 2.9 Motor, Line Power and Ground Wiring for B-Frame Sizes and Above Using Shielded Cable

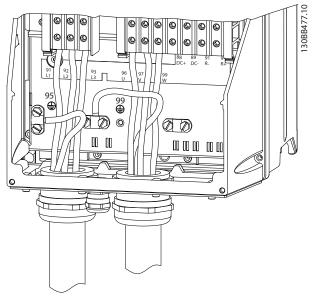


Figure 2.10 Motor, Line Power and Ground Wiring for B-Frame Sizes and Above Using Conduit



2.4.4 AC Line Input Connection

- Size wiring based upon the input current of the adjustable frequency drive. For maximum wire sizes, see 10.1 Power-dependent Specifications.
- Comply with local and national electrical codes for cable sizes.
- Connect 3-phase AC input power wiring to terminals L1, L2, and L3 (see *Figure 2.11*).
- Depending on the configuration of the equipment, input power will be connected to the line power input terminals or the input disconnect.

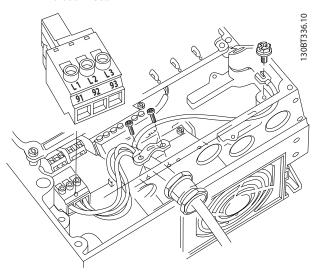


Figure 2.11 Connecting to AC Line Power

- Ground the cable in accordance with grounding instructions provided in 2.4.2 Grounding Requirements
- All adjustable frequency drives may be used with an isolated input source as well as with ground reference power lines. When supplied from an isolated line power source (IT line power or floating delta) or TT/TN-S line power with a grounded leg (grounded delta), set 14-50 RFI 1 to OFF. When off, the internal RFI filter capacitors between the chassis and the intermediate circuit are isolated to avoid damage to the intermediate circuit and to reduce ground capacity currents in accordance with IEC 61800-3.

2.4.5 Control Wiring

- Isolate control wiring from high power components in the adjustable frequency drive.
- If the adjustable frequency drive is connected to a thermistor, for PELV isolation, optional thermistor control wiring must be reinforced/ double insulated. A 24 V DC supply voltage is recommended.

2.4.5.1 Access

- Remove access cover plate with a screw driver.
 See Figure 2.12.
- Or remove front cover by loosening attaching screws. See Figure 2.13.

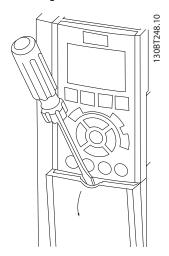


Figure 2.12 Control Wiring Access for A2, A3, B3, B4, C3 and C4 Enclosures

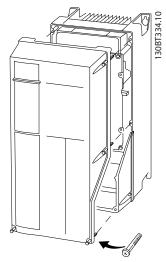


Figure 2.13 Control Wiring Access for A4, A5, B1, B2, C1 and C2 Enclosures

See Table 2.3 before tightening the covers.

Frame	IP20	IP21	IP55	IP66
A4/A5	-	-	1.5 [2]	1.5 [2]
B1	-	*	1.6 [2.2]	1.6 [2.2]
B2	-	*	1.6 [2.2]	1.6 [2.2]
C1	-	*	1.6 [2.2]	1.6 [2.2]
C2	-	*	1.6 [2.2]	1.6 [2.2]
* No screws to tighten				

^{*} No screws to tighten

Table 2.3 Tightening Torques for Covers (ft lb [Nm])

2.4.5.2 Control Terminal Types

Figure 2.17 shows the removable adjustable frequency drive connectors. Terminal functions and default settings are summarized in *Table 2.4*.

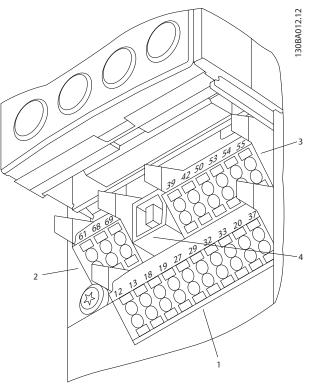


Figure 2.14 Control Terminal Locations

- Connector 1 provides four programmable digital inputs terminals, two additional digital terminals programmable as either input or output, a 24 V DC terminal supply voltage, and a common for optional customer-supplied 24 V DC voltage
- Connector 2 terminals (+)68 and (-)69 are for an RS-485 serial communications connection
- Connector 3 provides two analog inputs, one analog output, 10 V DC supply voltage, and commons for the inputs and output
- Connector 4 is a USB port available for use with the MCT 10 Set-up Software
- Also provided are two Form C relay outputs that are in various locations depending upon the adjustable frequency drive configuration and size
- Some options available for ordering with the unit may provide additional terminals. See the manual provided with the equipment option.

⁻ Does not exist

See 10.2 General Technical Data for terminal ratings details.

Terminal Description			
		al Inputs/Out	
		Default	F
Terminal	Parameter	Setting	Description
12, 13	-	+24 V DC	24 V DC supply
			voltage. Maximum
			output current is 200
			mA total for all 24 V
			loads. Usable for
			digital inputs and
			external transducers.
18	5-10	[8] Start	
19	5-11	[0] No	
		operation	
32	5-14	[0] No	Digital inputs.
		operation	
33	5-15	[0] No	
		operation	
27	5-12	[2] Coast	Selectable for either
		inverse	digital input or
29	5-13	[14] JOG	output. Default setting
			is input.
20	-		Common for digital
			inputs and 0 V
			potential for 24 V
			supply.
37	-	Safe Torque	(optional) Safe input.
		Off (STO)	Used for STO.
	Ana	og Inputs/Out	outs
39	-		Common for analog
			output
42	6-50	Speed 0 -	Programmable analog
		High Limit	output. The analog
			signal is 0–20 mA or
			4-20 mA at a
			maximum of 500Ω
50	-	+10 V DC	10 V DC analog
			supply voltage. 15 mA
			maximum commonly
			used for potenti-
			ometer or thermistor.
53	6-1	Reference	Analog input.
54	6-2	Feedback	Selectable for voltage
			or current. Switches
			A53 and A54 select
			mA or V.
55	-		Common for analog
			input
	Seri	al Communicat	_ · ·

Terminal Description			
Digital Inputs/Outputs			
		Default	
Terminal	Parameter	Setting	Description
61	-		Integrated RC filter for
			cable screen. ONLY for
			connecting the shield
			when experiencing
			EMC problems.
68 (+)	8-3		RS-485 Interface. A
69 (-)	8-3		control card switch is
			provided for
			termination resistance.
Relays			
01, 02, 03	5-40 [0]	[0] Alarm	Form C relay output.
04, 05, 06	5-40 [1]	[0] Running	Usable for AC or DC
			voltage and resistive
			or inductive loads.

Table 2.4 Terminal Description

2.4.5.3 Wiring to Control Terminals

Control terminal connectors can be unplugged from the adjustable frequency drive for ease of installation, as shown in Figure 2.15.

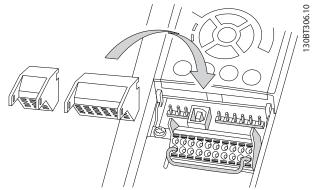


Figure 2.15 Unplugging Control Terminals

- 1. Open the contact by inserting a small screwdriver into the slot above or below the contact, as shown in Figure 2.16.
- 2. Insert the bared control wire into the contact.
- 3. Remove the screwdriver to fasten the control wire into the contact.
- Ensure the contact is firmly established and not loose. Loose control wiring can be the source of equipment faults or less than optimal operation.

See 10.1 Power-dependent Specifications for control terminal wiring sizes.



See 6 Application Set-up Examples for typical control wiring connections.

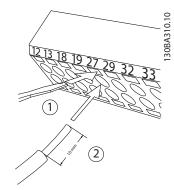


Figure 2.16 Connecting Control Wiring

2.4.5.4 Using Shielded Control Cables

Correct shielding

The preferred method in most cases is to secure control and serial communication cables with shielding clamps provided at both ends to ensure best possible high frequency cable contact.

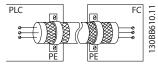


Figure 2.17 Shielding Clamps at Both Ends

50/60 Hz ground loops

With very long control cables, ground loops may occur. To eliminate ground loops, connect one end of the shield-to-ground with a 100 nF capacitor (keeping leads short).

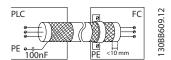


Figure 2.18 Connection with a 100 nF Capacitor

Avoid EMC noise on serial communication

To eliminate low-frequency noise between adjustable frequency drives, connect one end of the shield to terminal 61. This terminal is connected to ground via an internal RC link. Use twisted-pair cables to reduce interference between conductors.

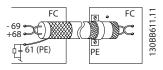


Figure 2.19 Twisted-pair Cables

2.4.5.5 Control Terminal Functions

Adjustable frequency drive functions are commanded by receiving control input signals.

- Each terminal must be programmed for the function it will be supporting in the parameters associated with that terminal. See *Table 2.4* for terminals and associated parameters.
- It is important to confirm that the control terminal is programmed for the correct function.
 See 4 User Interface for details on accessing parameters and 5 About Adjustable Frequency Drive Programming for details on programming.
- The default terminal programming is intended to initiate adjustable frequency drive functioning in a typical operational mode.

2.4.5.6 Jumper Terminals 12 and 27

A jumper wire may be required between terminal 12 (or 13) and terminal 27 for the adjustable frequency drive to operate when using factory default programming values.

- Digital input terminal 27 is designed to receive a 24 V DC external interlock command. In many applications, the user wires an external interlock device to terminal 27
- When no interlock device is used, wire a jumper between control terminal 12 (recommended) or 13 to terminal 27. This provides an internal 24 V signal on terminal 27.
- No signal present prevents the unit from operating.
- When the status line at the bottom of the LCP reads AUTO REMOTE COASTING or Alarm 60 External Interlock is displayed, this indicates that the unit is ready to operate but is missing an input signal on terminal 27.



 When factory installed optional equipment is wired to terminal 27, do not remove that wiring.

2.4.5.7 Terminal 53 and 54 Switches

- Analog input terminals 53 and 54 can select either voltage (0 to 10 V) or current (0/4–20 mA) input signals
- Remove power to the adjustable frequency drive before changing switch positions.
- Set switches A53 and A54 to select the signal type. U selects voltage, I selects current.
- The switches are accessible when the LCP has been removed (see Figure 2.20). Note that some option cards available for the unit may cover these switches and must be removed to change switch settings. Always remove power to the unit before removing option cards.
- Terminal 53 default is for a speed reference signal in open-loop set in 16-61 Terminal 53 Switch Setting
- Terminal 54 default is for a feedback signal in closed-loop set in 16-63 Terminal 54 Switch Setting

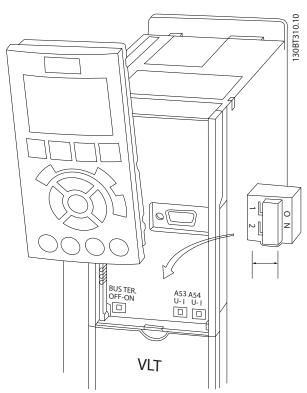


Figure 2.20 Location of Terminals 53 and 54 Switches

2.4.5.8 Mechanical Brake Control

In hoisting/lowering applications, it is necessary to be able to control an electro-mechanical brake:

- Control the brake using any relay output or digital output (terminal 27 or 29).
- Keep the output closed (voltage-free) as long as the adjustable frequency drive is unable to 'support' the motor, such as when the load is too heavy, for example.
- Select [32] Mechanical brake control in parameter group 5-4* Relays for applications with an electromechanical brake.
- The brake is released when the motor current exceeds the preset value in 2-20 Release Brake Current.
- The brake is engaged when the output frequency is less than the frequency set in 2-21 Activate Brake Speed [RPM] or 2-22 Activate Brake Speed [Hz], and only if the adjustable frequency drive carries out a stop command.

If the adjustable frequency drive is in alarm mode or in an overvoltage situation, the mechanical brake immediately cuts in.

In the vertical movement, the key point is that the load must be held, stopped, controlled (raised, lowered) in a safe mode during the entire operation. Because the adjustable frequency drive is not a safety device, the crane/lift designer (OEM) must decide on the type and number of safety devices (e.g., speed switch, emergency brakes, etc.) to be used, in order to be able to stop the load in case of emergency or malfunction of the system, according to relevant national crane/lift regulations.

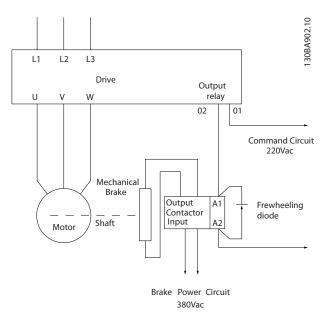


Figure 2.21 Connecting the Mechanical Brake to the Adjustable Frequency Drive

2.4.6 Serial Communication

Connect RS-485 serial communication wiring to terminals (+)68 and (-)69.

- A shielded serial communication cable is recommended
- See 2.4.2 Grounding Requirements for proper grounding

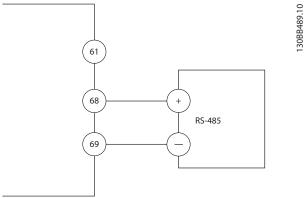


Figure 2.22 Serial Communication Wiring Diagram

For basic serial communication set-up, select the following

- 1. Protocol type in 8-30 Protocol.
- 2. Adjustable frequency drive address in 8-31 Address.
- 3. Baud rate in 8-32 Baud Rate.
- Four communication protocols are internal to the adjustable frequency drive. Follow the motor manufacturer wiring requirements.

Danfoss FC

Modbus RTU

Johnson Controls N2®

- Functions can be programmed remotely using the protocol software and RS-485 connection or in parameter group 8-** Communications and Options.
- Selecting a specific communication protocol changes various default parameter settings to match that protocol's specifications along with making additional protocol-specific parameters available
- Option cards for the adjustable frequency drive are available to provide additional communication protocols. See the option-card documentation for installation and instruction manual



7



3 Start-up and Functional Testing

3.1 Pre-start

3.1.1 Safety Inspection

AWARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!

If input and output connections have been connected improperly, there is potential for high voltage on these terminals. If power leads for multiple motors are improperly run in same conduit, there is potential for leakage current to charge capacitors within the adjustable frequency drive, even when disconnected from line power input. For initial start-up, make no assumptions about power components. Follow pre-start procedures. Failure to follow pre-start procedures could result in personal injury or damage to equipment.

- Input power to the unit must be OFF and locked out. Do not rely on the adjustable frequency drive disconnect switches for input power isolation.
- Verify that there is no voltage on input terminals L1 (91), L2 (92), and L3 (93), phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground,
- 3. Verify that there is no voltage on output terminals 96 (U), 97 (V), and 98 (W), phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground.
- 4. Confirm continuity of the motor by measuring ohm values on U-V (96-97), V-W (97-98), and W-U (98-96).
- 5. Check for proper grounding of the adjustable frequency drive as well as the motor.
- Inspect the adjustable frequency drive for loose connections on terminals.
- 7. Record the following motor nameplate data: power, voltage, frequency, full load current, and nominal speed. These values are needed to program motor nameplate data later.
- 8. Confirm that the supply voltage matches voltage of adjustable frequency drive and motor.



CAUTION

Before applying power to the unit, inspect the entire installation as detailed in *Table 3.1*. Check mark those items when completed.

Inspect for	Description	Ø
Auxiliary equipment	Look for auxiliary equipment, switches, disconnects, or input fuses/circuit breakers that may reside on the input power side of the adjustable frequency drive or output side to the motor. Ensure that they are ready for full speed operation.	
	Check function and installation of any sensors used for feedback to the adjustable frequency drive.	
	Remove power factor correction caps on motor(s), if present.	
Cable routing	Ensure that input power, motor wiring and control wiring are separated or in three separate metallic conduits for high frequency noise isolation.	
Control wiring	Check for broken or damaged wires and loose connections.	
	Check that control wiring is isolated from power and motor wiring for noise immunity.	
	Check the voltage source of the signals, if necessary.	
	The use of shielded cable or twisted pair is recommended. Ensure that the shield is terminated correctly.	
Cooling clearance	Make sure that the top and bottom clearance is adequate to ensure proper airflow for cooling.	
EMC considerations	Check for proper installation regarding electromagnetic compatibility.	
Environmental consider-	See equipment label for the maximum ambient operating temperature limits.	
ations	Humidity levels must be 5–95% non-condensing.	
Fusing and circuit	Check for proper fusing or circuit breakers.	
breakers	Check that all fuses are inserted firmly and in operational condition and that all circuit breakers are in the open position.	
Grounding	The unit requires a ground wire from its chassis to the building ground.	
	Check for good ground connections that are tight and free of oxidation.	
	Grounding to conduit or mounting the back panel to a metal surface is not a suitable ground.	
Input and output power	Check for loose connections.	
wiring	Check that motor and line power are in separate conduit or separated shielded cables.	
Panel interior	Make sure that the unit interior is free of dirt, metal chips, moisture, and corrosion.	
Switches	Ensure that all switch and disconnect settings are in the proper positions.	
Vibration	Check that the unit is mounted solidly or that shock mounts are used, as necessary.	
	Check for an unusual amount of vibration.	

Table 3.1 Start-up Check List

3.2 Applying Power to the Adjustable Frequency Drive

AWARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!

Adjustable frequency drives contain high voltage when connected to AC line power. Installation, start-up and maintenance should be performed by qualified personnel only. Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

AWARNING

UNINTENDED START!

When the adjustable frequency drive is connected to AC line power, the motor may start at any time. The adjustable frequency drive, motor, and any driven equipment must be in operational readiness. Failure to comply could result in death, serious injury, equipment, or property damage.

- Confirm that the input voltage is balanced within 3%. If not, correct input voltage imbalance before proceeding. Repeat this procedure after the voltage correction.
- 2. Ensure that optional equipment wiring, if present, matches the installation application.
- Ensure that all operator devices are in the OFF position. Panel doors should be closed or cover mounted.
- 4. Apply power to the unit. DO NOT start the adjustable frequency drive at this time. For units with a disconnect switch, turn to the ON position to apply power to the adjustable frequency drive.

NOTE!

If the status line at the bottom of the LCP reads AUTO REMOTE COASTING or *Alarm 60 External Interlock* is displayed, this indicates that the unit is ready to operate but is missing an input signal on terminal 27. See *Figure 1.4* for details.

3.3 Basic Operational Programming

3.3.1 Required Initial Adjustable Frequency Drive Programming

Adjustable frequency drives require basic operational programming before running for best performance. Basic operational programming requires entering motor nameplate data for the motor being operated and the minimum and maximum motor speeds. Enter data in accordance with the following procedure. The recommended parameter settings are intended for start-up and checkout purposes. Application settings may vary. See 4 User Interface for detailed instructions on entering data through the LCP.

Enter data with power ON, but before operating the adjustable frequency drive.

- 1. Press [Main Menu] twice on the LCP.
- 2. Use the navigation keys to scroll to parameter group 0-** Operation/Display and press [OK].

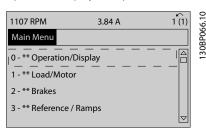


Figure 3.1 Main Menu

3. Use navigation keys to scroll to parameter group *0-0* Basic Settings* and press [OK].

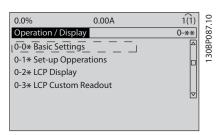


Figure 3.2 Operation/Display



4. Use navigation keys to scroll to *0-03 Regional Settings* and press [OK].

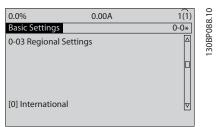


Figure 3.3 Basic Settings

- Use navigation keys to select [0] International or [1] North America as appropriate and press [OK]. (This changes the default settings for a number of basic parameters. See 5.4 International/North American Default Parameter Settings for a complete list.)
- 6. Press [Quick Menu] on the LCP.
- 7. Use the navigation keys to scroll to parameter group Q2 *Quick Set-up* and press [OK].

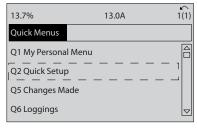


Figure 3.4 Quick Menus

- 8. Select language and press [OK].
- 9. A jumper wire should be in place between control terminals 12 and 27. If this is the case, leave 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input at factory default. Otherwise select No Operation. For adjustable frequency drives with an optional Danfoss bypass, no jumper wire is required.
- 10. 3-02 Minimum Reference
- 11. 3-03 Maximum Reference
- 12. 3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp-up Time
- 13. 3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp-down Time
- 14. *3-13 Reference Site*. Linked to Hand/Auto* Local Remote.

3.4 PM Motor Set-up in VVCplus

CAUTION

Use only a PM motor with fans and pumps.

Initial Programming Steps

- Activate PM motor operation 1-10 Motor Construction, select [1) PM, non-salient SPM
- 2. Make sure to set 0-02 Motor Speed Unit to [0] RPM

Programming motor data.

After selecting PM motor in 1-10 Motor Construction, the PM motor-related parameters in parameter groups 1-2*, 1-3* and 1-4* are active.

The information can be found on the motor nameplate and in the motor data sheet.

Following parameters must be programmed in the listed order

- 1. 1-24 Motor Current
- 2. 1-26 Motor Cont. Rated Torque
- 3. 1-25 Motor Nominal Speed
- 4. 1-39 Motor Poles
- 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs)
 Enter line to common stator winding resistance
 (Rs). If only line-line data are available, divide the line-line value by 2 to achieve the line to common (starpoint) value.
 - It is also possible to measure the value with an ohmmeter, which will also take the resistance of the cable into account. Divide the measured value by 2 and enter the result.
- 6. 1-37 d-axis Inductance (Ld)
 Enter line to common direct axis inductance of the PM motor.
 - If only line-line data are available, divide the lineline value by 2 to achieve the line-common (starpoint) value.
 - It is also possible to measure the value with an inductance meter, which will also take the inductance of the cable into account. Divide the measured value by 2 and enter the result.
- 7. 1-40 Back EMF at 1000 RPM
 Enter line-to-line back EMF of PM Motor at 1,000
 RPM mechanical speed (RMS value). Back EMF is
 the voltage generated by a PM motor when no
 drive is connected and the shaft is turned
 externally. Back EMF is normally specified for
 nominal motor speed or for 1000 RPM measured
 between two lines. If the value is not available for
 a motor speed of 1000 RPM, calculate the correct



value as follows: If back EMF is, e.g., 320 V at 1800 RPM, it can be calculated at 1000 RPM as follows: Back EMF= (Voltage / RPM)*1000 = (320/1800)*1000 = 178. This is the value that must be programmed for 1-40 Back EMF at 1000 RPM

Test Motor Operation

- Start the motor at low speed (100 to 200 RPM). If the motor does not turn, check installation, general programming and motor data.
- 2. Check if start function in *1-70 PM Start Mode* fits the application requirements.

Rotor detection

This function is the recommended choice for applications where the motor starts from standstill, e.g., pumps or conveyors. On some motors, an acoustic sound is heard when the impulse is sent out. This does not harm the motor.

Parking

This function is the recommended choice for applications where the motor is rotating at slow speed, e.g., windmilling in fan applications. 2-06 Parking Current and 2-07 Parking Time can be adjusted. Increase the factory setting of these parameters for applications with high inertia.

Start the motor at nominal speed. In case the application does not run well, check the VVC^{plus} PM settings. Recommendations for different applications can be seen in *Table 3.2*.

Application	Settings	
Low inertia applications	1-17 Voltage filter time const. to be	
I _{Load} /I _{Motor} <5	increased by factor 5 to 10	
	1-14 Damping Gain should be	
	reduced	
	1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed	
	should be reduced (<100%)	
Low inertia applications	Keep calculated values	
50>I _{Load} /I _{Motor} >5		
High inertia applications	1-14 Damping Gain, 1-15 Low Speed	
$I_{Load}/I_{Motor} > 50$	Filter Time Const. and 1-16 High	
	Speed Filter Time Const. should be	
	increased	
High load at low speed	1-17 Voltage filter time const. should	
<30% (rated speed)	be increased	
	1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed	
	should be increased (>100% for	
	longer time can overheat the motor)	

Table 3.2 Recommendations for Different Applications

If the motor starts oscillating at a certain speed, increase 1-14 Damping Gain. Increase the value in small steps. Depending on the motor, a good value for this parameter can be 10% or 100% higher than the default value.

Starting torque can be adjusted in 1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed. 100% provides nominal torque as starting torque.

3.5 Automatic Motor Adaptation

Automatic motor adaptation (AMA) is a test procedure that measures the electrical characteristics of the motor to optimize compatibility between the adjustable frequency drive and the motor.

- The adjustable frequency drive builds a mathematical model of the motor for regulating output motor current. The procedure also tests the input phase balance of electrical power. It compares the motor characteristics with the data entered in parameters 1-20 to 1-25.
- It does not cause the motor to run or harm to the motor
- Some motors may be unable to run the complete version of the test. In that case, select [2] Enable reduced AMA
- If an output filter is connected to the motor, select Enable reduced AMA
- If warnings or alarms occur, see 8 Warnings and Alarms
- Run this procedure on a cold motor for best results

NOTE!

The AMA algorithm does not work when using PM motors.

To run AMA

- 1. Press [Main Menu] to access parameters.
- 2. Scroll to parameter group 1-** Load and Motor.
- 3. Press [OK].
- 4. Scroll to parameter group 1-2* Motor Data.
- 5. Press [OK].
- 6. Scroll to 1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA).
- 7. Press [OK].
- 8. Select [1] Enable complete AMA.
- 9. Press [OK].
- 10. Follow on-screen instructions.



11. The test will run automatically and indicate when it is complete.

3.6 Check Motor Rotation

Before running the adjustable frequency drive, check the motor rotation. The motor will run briefly at 5 Hz or the minimum frequency set in 4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz].

- 1. Press [Main Menu].
- 2. Press [OK].
- 3. Navigate to 1-28 Motor Rotation Check.
- 4. Press [OK].
- 5. Scroll to [1] Enable.

The following text will appear: *Note! Motor may run in wrong direction*.

- 6. Press [OK].
- 7. Follow the on-screen instructions.

To change the direction of rotation, remove power to the adjustable frequency drive and wait for power to discharge. Reverse the connection of any two of the three motor cables on the motor or adjustable frequency drive side of the connection.

3.7 Local Control Test

ACAUTION

MOTOR START!

Ensure that the motor, system and any attached equipment are ready for start. It is the responsibility of the user to ensure safe operation under any condition. Failure to ensure that the motor, system, and any attached equipment are ready for start could result in personal injury or equipment damage.

NOTE!

The [Hand On] key provides a local start command to the adjustable frequency drive. The [Off] key provides the stop function.

When operating in local mode, $[\]$ and $[\]$ increase and decrease the speed output of the adjustable frequency drive. $[\]$ and $[\]$ move the display cursor in the numeric display.

- 1. Press [Hand On].
- Accelerate the adjustable frequency drive by pressing [*] to full speed. Moving the cursor left of the decimal point provides quicker input changes.
- 3. Note any acceleration problems.
- Press [Off].
- 5. Note any deceleration problems.

If acceleration problems were encountered

- If warnings or alarms occur, see 8 Warnings and Alarms.
- Check that motor data is entered correctly.
- Increase the ramp-up time accel time in 3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp-up Time.
- Increase current limit in 4-18 Current Limit.
- Increase torque limit in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode.

If deceleration problems were encountered

- If warnings or alarms occur, see 8 Warnings and Alarms.
- Check that motor data is entered correctly.
- Increase the ramp-down time decel time in 3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp-down Time.
- Enable overvoltage control in 2-17 Over-voltage Control.

See 4.1.1 Local Control Panel for resetting the adjustable frequency drive after a trip.

NOTE!

3.2 Applying Power to the Adjustable Frequency Drive to 3.3 Basic Operational Programming conclude the procedures for applying power to the adjustable frequency drive, basic programming, set-up and functional testing.



3.8 System Start-up

The procedure in this section requires user-wiring and application programming to be completed. 6 Application Set-up Examples is intended to help with this task. Other aids to application set-up are listed in 1.2 Additional Resources. The following procedure is recommended after application set-up by the user is completed.

ACAUTION

MOTOR START!

Ensure that the motor, system and any attached equipment is ready for start. It is the responsibility of the user to ensure safe operation under any condition. Failure to do so could result in personal injury or equipment damage.

- 1. Press [Auto On].
- Ensure that external control functions are properly wired to the adjustable frequency drive and all programming completed.
- 3. Apply an external run command.
- 4. Adjust the speed reference throughout the speed range.
- 5. Remove the external run command.
- 6. Note any problems.

If warnings or alarms occur, see 8 Warnings and Alarms.

3.9 Acoustic Noise or Vibration

If the motor or the equipment driven by the motor, e.g., a fan blade, is making noise or vibrations at certain frequencies, try the following:

- Speed Bypass, parameter group 4-6*
- Overmodulation, 14-03 Overmodulation set to off
- Switching pattern and switching frequency parameter group 14-0*
- Resonance Dampening, 1-64 Resonance Dampening





4 User Interface

4.1 Local Control Panel

The local control panel (LCP) is the combined display and keypad on the front of the unit. The LCP is the user interface to the adjustable frequency drive.

The LCP has several user functions.

- Start, stop, and control speed when in local control
- Display operational data, status, warnings and
 cautions
- Programming adjustable frequency drive functions
- Manually reset the adjustable frequency drive after a fault when auto-reset is inactive

An optional numeric LCP (NLCP) is also available. The NLCP operates in a manner similar to the LCP. See the *Programming Guide* for details on use of the NLCP.

4.1.1 LCP Layout

The LCP is divided into four functional groups (see *Figure 4.1*).

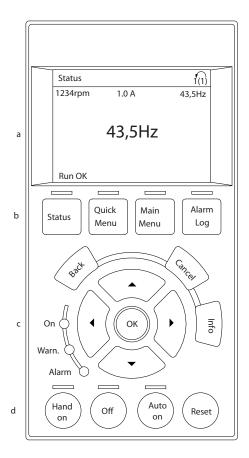


Figure 4.1 LCP

- a. Display area.
- b. Display menu keys for changing the display to show status options, programming, or error message history.
- c. Navigation keys for programming functions, moving the display cursor, and speed control in local operation. Also included are the status indicator lights.
- d. Operational mode keys and reset.



4.1.2 Setting LCP Display Values

The display area is activated when the adjustable frequency drive receives power from AC line voltage, a DC bus terminal, or an external 24 V DC supply.

The information displayed on the LCP can be customized for user application.

- Each display readout has a parameter associated with it
- Options are selected in the quick menu *Q3-13*Display Settings
- Display 2 has an alternate larger display option
- The adjustable frequency drive status at the bottom line of the display is generated automatically and is not selectable

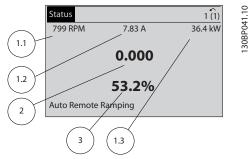


Figure 4.2 Display Readouts

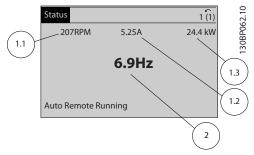


Figure 4.3 Display Readouts

Display	Parameter number	Default setting
1.1	0-20	Motor RPMs
1.2	0-21	Motor current
1.3	0-22	Motor power (kW)
2	0-23	Motor frequency
3	0-24	Reference in percent

Table 4.1 Legend to Figure 4.2 and Figure 4.3

4.1.3 Display Menu Keys

Menu keys are used for menu access for parameter set-up, toggling through status display modes during normal operation, and viewing fault log data.



Figure 4.4 Menu Keys

Key	Function
Status	Shows operational information. In Auto mode, press to toggle between status readout displays. Press repeatedly to scroll through each status display.
	 Press [Status] plus [♠] or [▼] to adjust the display brightness. The symbol in the upper right corner of the display shows the direction of motor rotation and which set-up is active. This is not programmable.
Quick Menu	Allows access to programming parameters for initial set-up instructions and many detailed application instructions. • Press to access Q2 Quick Set-up for sequenced instructions to program the basic adjustable frequency drive set-up • Follow the sequence of parameters as presented for the function set-up
Main Menu	Allows access to all programming parameters. Press twice to access top-level index Press once to return to the last location accessed. Press to enter a parameter number for direct access to that parameter.
Alarm Log	Displays a list of current warnings, the last ten alarms, and the maintenance log. • For details about the adjustable frequency drive before it entered the alarm mode, select the alarm number using the navigation keys and press [OK].

Table 4.2 Function Description Menu Keys

4.1.4 Navigation Keys

Navigation keys are used for programming functions and moving the display cursor. The navigation keys also provide speed control in local (hand) operation. Three adjustable frequency drive status indicators are also located in this area.

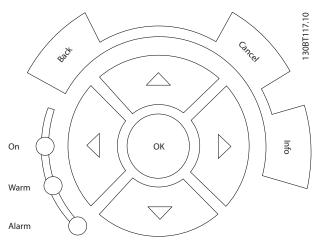


Figure 4.5 Navigation Keys

Key	Function
Back	Reverts to the previous step or list in the menu
	structure.
Cancel	Cancels the last change or command as long as
	the display mode has not changed.
Info	Press for a definition of the function being
	displayed.
Navigation	Use the four navigation keys to move between
Keys	items in the menu.
ОК	Use to access parameter groups or to enable a
	choice.

Table 4.3 Navigation Keys Functions

Light	Indicator	Function
Green	ON	The ON light activates when the
		adjustable frequency drive receives
		power from AC line voltage, a DC
		bus terminal, or an external 24 V
		supply.
Yellow	WARNING	When warning conditions are met,
		the yellow WARNING light comes
		on and text appears in the display
		area identifying the problem.
Red	ALARM	A fault condition causes the red
		alarm light to flash and an alarm
		text is displayed.

Table 4.4 Indicator Lights Functions

4.1.5 Operation Keys

Operation keys are found at the bottom of the LCP.

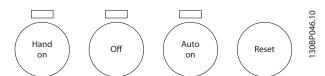


Figure 4.6 Operation Keys

Key	Function
Hand On	Starts the adjustable frequency drive in local control. Use the navigation keys to control adjustable frequency drive speed. An external stop signal by control input or serial communication overrides the local hand on
Off	Stops the motor but does not remove power to the adjustable frequency drive.
Auto On	Puts the system in remote operational mode. Responds to an external start command by control terminals or serial communication Speed reference is from an external source
Reset	Resets the adjustable frequency drive manually after a fault has been cleared.

Table 4.5 Operation Keys Functions

4.2 Backup and Copying Parameter Settings

Programming data is stored internally in the adjustable frequency drive.

- The data can be uploaded into the LCP memory as a storage backup.
- Once stored in the LCP, the data can be downloaded back into the adjustable frequency drive.
- Data can also be downloaded into other adjustable frequency drives by connecting the LCP into those units and downloading the stored settings. (This is a quick way to program multiple units with the same settings).
- Initialization of the adjustable frequency drive to restore factory default settings does not change data stored in the LCP memory.



▲WARNING

UNINTENDED START!

When the adjustable frequency drive is connected to AC line power, the motor may start at any time. The adjustable frequency drive, motor, and any driven equipment must be in operational readiness. Failure to be in operational readiness when the adjustable frequency drive is connected to AC line power could result in death, serious injury, or equipment or property damage.

4.2.1 Uploading Data to the LCP

- Press [Off] to stop the motor before uploading or downloading data.
- 2. Go to 0-50 LCP Copy.
- 3. Press [OK].
- 4. Select All to LCP.
- 5. Press [OK]. A progress bar shows the uploading process.
- 6. Press [Hand On] or [Auto On] to return to normal operation.

4.2.2 Downloading Data from the LCP

- Press [Off] to stop the motor before uploading or downloading data.
- 2. Go to 0-50 LCP Copy.
- Press [OK].
- 4. Select All from LCP.
- 5. Press [OK]. A progress bar shows the downloading process.
- 6. Press [Hand On] or [Auto On] to return to normal operation.

4.3 Restoring Default Settings

CAUTION

Initialization restores the unit to factory default settings. Any programming, motor data, localization, and monitoring records will be lost. Uploading data to the LCP provides a backup before initialization.

Restoring the adjustable frequency drive parameter settings back to default values is done by initialization of the adjustable frequency drive. Initialization can be through 14-22 Operation Mode or manually.

- Initialization using 14-22 Operation Mode does not change adjustable frequency drive data such as operating hours, serial communication selections, personal menu settings, fault log, alarm log, and other monitoring functions
- Using 14-22 Operation Mode is generally recommended.
- Manual initialization erases all motor, programming, localization, and monitoring data and restores factory default settings.

4.3.1 Recommended Initialization

- 1. Press [Main Menu] twice to access parameters.
- 2. Scroll to 14-22 Operation Mode.
- 3. Press [OK].
- 4. Scroll to *Initialization*.
- Press [OK].
- 6. Remove power to the unit and wait for the display to turn off.
- 7. Apply power to the unit.

Default parameter settings are restored during start-up. This may take slightly longer than normal.

- 8. Alarm 80 is displayed.
- 9. Press [Reset] to return to operation mode.

4.3.2 Manual Initialization

- Remove power to the unit and wait for the display to turn off.
- 2. Press and hold [Status], [Main Menu], and [OK] at the same time and apply power to the unit.

Factory default parameter settings are restored during start-up. This may take slightly longer than normal.

Manual initialization does not reset the following adjustable frequency drive information

- 15-00 Operating hours
- 15-03 Power-ups
- 15-04 Over Temps
- 15-05 Over Volts

30BT762.10

5 About Adjustable Frequency Drive Programming

5.1 Introduction

The adjustable frequency drive is programmed for its application functions using parameters. Parameters are accessed by pressing either [Quick Menu] or [Main Menu] on the LCP. (See 4 User Interface for details on using the LCP function keys.) Parameters may also be accessed through a PC using the MCT 10 Set-up Software (see)5.6 Remote Programming with MCT 10 Set-up Software.

The Quick Menu is intended for initial start-up (Q2-** Quick Set-up) and detailed instructions for common adjustable frequency drive applications (Q3-** Function Set-up). Stepby-step instructions are provided. These instructions enable the user to walk through the parameters used for programming applications in their proper sequence. Data entered in a parameter can change the options available in the parameters following that entry. The quick menu presents easy guidelines for getting most systems up and running.

The Quick Menu also contains Q7-** Water and Pumps providing very quick access to all dedicated water and pump features of the VLT® AQUA Drive

The main menu accesses all parameters and allows for advanced adjustable frequency drive applications.

5.2 Programming Example

Here is an example for programming the adjustable frequency drive for a common application in open-loop.

- This procedure programs the adjustable frequency drive to receive a 0-10 V DC analog control signal on input terminal 53
- The adjustable frequency drive will respond by providing 6-60 Hz output to the motor proportional to the input signal (0-10 V DC = 6-60 Hz)

Select the following parameters using the navigation keys to scroll to the titles and press [OK] after each action.

3-15 Reference 1 Source

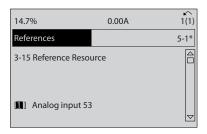


Figure 5.1 References 3-15 Reference 1 Source

3-02 Minimum Reference. Set minimum internal 2. adjustable frequency drive reference to 0 Hz. (This sets the minimum adjustable frequency drive speed at 0 Hz.)

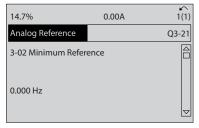
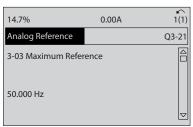


Figure 5.2 Analog Reference 3-02 Minimum Reference

3-03 Maximum Reference. Set maximum internal adjustable frequency drive reference to 60 Hz. (This sets the maximum adjustable frequency drive speed at 60 Hz. Note that 50/60 Hz is a regional variation.)





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4. 6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage. Set minimum external voltage reference on Terminal 53 at 0 V. (This sets the minimum input signal at 0 V.)

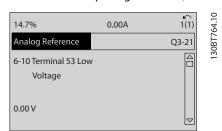


Figure 5.4 Analog Reference 6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage

5. 6-11 Terminal 53 High Voltage. Set maximum external voltage reference on Terminal 53 at 10 V. (This sets the maximum input signal at 10 V.)

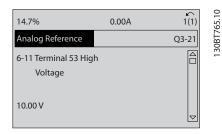


Figure 5.5 Analog Reference 6-11 Terminal 53 High Voltage

 6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value. Set minimum speed reference on Terminal 53 at 6 Hz. (This tells the adjustable frequency drive that the minimum voltage received on Terminal 53 (0 V) equals 6 Hz output.)

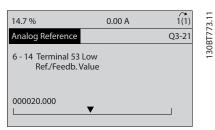


Figure 5.6 Analog Reference 6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value

7. 6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value. Set maximum speed reference on Terminal 53 at 60 Hz. (This tells the adjustable frequency drive that the maximum voltage received on Terminal 53 (10 V) equals 60 Hz output.)

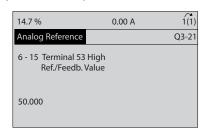


Figure 5.7 Analog Reference 6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value

With an external device providing a 0–10 V control signal connected to adjustable frequency drive terminal 53, the system is now ready for operation. Note that the scroll bar on the right in the last figure of the display is at the bottom, indicating the procedure is complete.

Figure 5.8 shows the wiring connections used to enable this set-up.

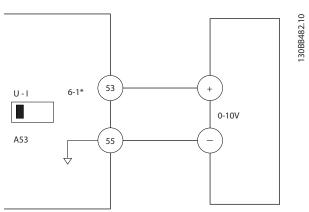


Figure 5.8 Wiring Example for External Device Providing 0–10 V Control Signal (Adjustable Frequency Drive Left, External Device Right)

5.3 Control Terminal Programming Examples

Control terminals can be programmed.

- Each terminal has specified functions it is capable of performing.
- Parameters associated with the terminal enable the function.

See *Table 2.4* for control terminal parameter number and default setting. (Default setting can change based on the selection in *0-03 Regional Settings*.)

The following example shows accessing Terminal 18 to see the default setting.

1. Press [Main Menu] twice, scroll to parameter group 5-** Digital In/Out and press [OK].

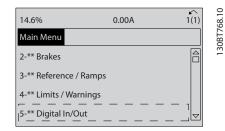


Figure 5.9 6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value

2. Scroll to parameter group *5-1* Digital Inputs* and press [OK].

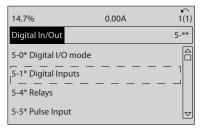


Figure 5.10 Digital In/Out

3. Scroll to *5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input*. Press [OK] to access function choices. The default setting *Start* is shown.

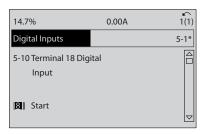


Figure 5.11 Digital Inputs

5.4 International/North American Default Parameter Settings

Setting *0-03 Regional Settings* to International or North America changes the default settings for some parameters. *Table 5.1* lists those parameters that are effected.

Parameter	International Default Parameter Value	North American Default Parameter Value
0-03 Regional	International	North America
Settings		
0-71 Date Format	YYYY-MM-DD	MM/DD/YYYY
0-72 Time Format	24h	12h
1-20 Motor Power [kW]	See Note 1	See Note 1
1-21 Motor Power [HP]	See Note 2	See Note 2
1-22 Motor Voltage	230 V/400 V/575 V	208 V/460 V/575 V
1-23 Motor	20-1000 Hz	60 Hz
Frequency		
3-03 Maximum	50 Hz	60 Hz
Reference		
3-04 Reference	Sum	External/Preset
Function		
4-13 Motor Speed	1500 RPM	1800 RPM
High Limit [RPM]		
See Note 3		
4-14 Motor Speed	50 Hz	60 Hz
High Limit [Hz]		
See Note 4	10 1000 0 11	120 11
4-19 Max Output	1.0-1000.0 Hz	120 Hz
Frequency	1500 DDM	1000 DDM
4-53 Warning Speed High	1500 RPM	1800 RPM
5-12 Terminal 27	Coast inverse	External interlock
Digital Input		
5-40 Function Relay	Alarm	No alarm



Parameter	International Default Parameter Value	North American Default Parameter Value
6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value	50	60
6-50 Terminal 42 Output	100	Speed 4–20 mA
14-20 Reset Mode	Automatic reset x 10	Infinite auto reset
22-85 Speed at Design Point [RPM] See Note 3	1500 RPM	1800 RPM
22-86 Speed at Design Point [Hz]	50 Hz	60 Hz

Table 5.1 International/North American Default Parameter Settings

Note 1: 1-20 Motor Power [kW] is only visible when 0-03 Regional Settings is set to [0] International.

Note 2: 1-21 Motor Power [HP], is only visible when 0-03 Regional Settings is set to [1] North America.

Note 3: This parameter is only visible when 0-02 Motor Speed Unit is set to [0] RPM.

Note 4: This parameter is only visible when 0-02 Motor Speed Unit is set to [1] Hz.

Changes made to default settings are stored and available for viewing in the quick menu along with any programming entered into parameters.

- 1. Press [Quick Menu].
- 2. Scroll to Q5 Changes Made and press [OK].

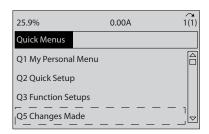


Figure 5.12 Quick Menus

3. Select Q5-2 *Since Factory Setting* to view all programming changes or Q5-1 *Last 10 Changes* for the most recent.

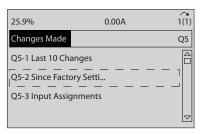


Figure 5.13 Changes Made

5.5 Parameter Menu Structure

Establishing the correct programming for applications often requires setting functions in several related parameters. These parameter settings provide the adjustable frequency drive with system details it needs to operate properly. System details may include such things as input and output signal types, programming terminals, minimum and maximum signal ranges, custom displays, automatic restart, and other features.

- See the LCP display to view detailed parameter programming and setting options.
- Press [Info] in any menu location to view additional details for that function.
- Press and hold [Main Menu] to enter a parameter number for direct access to that parameter
- Details for common application set-ups are provided in 6 Application Set-up Examples.



5.5.1 Quick Menu Structure

Q2 Quick Set-up	0-37 Display Text 1	20-12 Reference/Feedback Unit	Trending Comparison	29-13 Derag Speed [RPM]
0-01 Language	0-38 Display Text 2	3-02 Minimum Reference	Q7 Water and Pumps	29-14 Derag Speed [Hz]
0-02 Motor Speed Unit	0-39 Display Text 3	3-03 Maximum Reference	Q7-1 Pipe Fill	29-15 Derag Off Delay
1-20 Motor Power [kW]	Q3-12 Analog Output	6-20 Terminal 54 Low Voltage	Q7-10 Horizontal Pipes	29-22 Derag Power Factor
1-22 Motor Voltage	6-50 Terminal 42 Output	6-21 Terminal 54 High Voltage	29-00 Pipe Fill Enable	29-23 Derag Power Delay
1-23 Motor Frequency	6-51 Terminal 42 Output Min Scale	6-24 Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	29-01 Pipe Fill Speed [RPM]	29-24 Low Speed [RPM]
1-24 Motor Current	6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale	6-25 Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value	29-02 Pipe Fill Speed [Hz]	29-25 Low Speed [Hz]
1-25 Motor Nominal Speed	Q3-13 Relays Option relays if applicable	6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time	29-03 Pipe Fill Time	29-26 Low Speed Power [kW]
3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp-up Time	Relay 1 ⇒ 5-40 Function Relay	6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function	29-04 Pipe Fill Rate	29-27 Low Speed Power [HP]
3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp-down Time	Relay 2⇒ 5-40 Function Relay	Q3-31 PID Settings	29-05 Filled Setpoint	29-28 High Speed [RPM]
4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]	Q3-2 Open-loop Settings	20-81 PID Normal/ Inverse Control	29-05 Filled Setpoint	29-29 High Speed [Hz]
4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]	Q3-20 Digital Reference	20-82 PID Start Speed [RPM]	29-06 No-Flow Disable Timer	29-30 High Speed Power [kW]
1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)	3-02 Minimum Reference	20-21 Setpoint 1	Q7-11 Vertical Pipes	29-31 High Speed Power [HP]
Q3 Function Set-up	3-03 Maximum Reference	20-93 PID Proportional Gain	29-00 Pipe Fill Enable	29-32 Derag On Ref Bandwidth
Q3-1 General Settings	3-10 Preset Reference	20-94 PID Integral Time	29-04 Pipe Fill Rate	Q7-3 Dry Run
Q3-10 Clock Settings	5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input	Q5 Changes Made	29-05 Filled Setpoint	22-21 Low Power Detection
0-70 Date and Time	5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input	Q5-1 Last 10 Changes	29-06 No-Flow Disable Timer	22-20 Low Power Auto Set-up
0-71 Date Format	5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input	Q5-2 Since Factory Setting	Q7-12 Mixed Systems	22-27 Dry Pump Delay
0-72 Time Format	Q3-21 Analog Reference	Q5-3 Input Assignments	29-00 Pipe Fill Enable	22-26 Dry Pump Function
0-74 DST/Summertime	3-02 Minimum Reference	Q6 Loggings	29-01 Pipe Fill Speed [RPM]	Q7-4 End of Curve Detection
0-76 DST/Summertime Start	3-03 Maximum Reference	Reference [Unit]	29-02 Pipe Fill Speed [Hz]	22-50 End of Curve Function
0-77 DST_Summertime End	6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage	Analog Input 53	29-03 Pipe Fill Time	22-51 End of Curve Delay
Q3-11 Display Settings	6-11 Terminal 53 High Voltage	Motor current	29-05 Filled Setpoint	Q7-5 Sleep Mode
0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small	6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	Frequency	29-06 No-Flow Disable Timer	Q7-50 Low Speed
0-21 Display Line 1.2 Small	6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value	Feedback [Unit]	Q7-2 Deragging	22-22 Low Speed Detection
0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small	Q3-3 Closed-loop Settings	Energy Log	29-10 Derag Cycles	22-23 No-Flow Function
0-23 Display Line 2 Large	Q3-30 Feedback Settings	Trending Cont Bin	29-11 Derag at Start/Stop	22-24 No-Flow Delay
0-24 Display Line 3 Large	1-00 Configuration Mode	Trending Timed Bin	29-12 Deragging Run Time	22-28 No-Flow Low Speed [RPM]

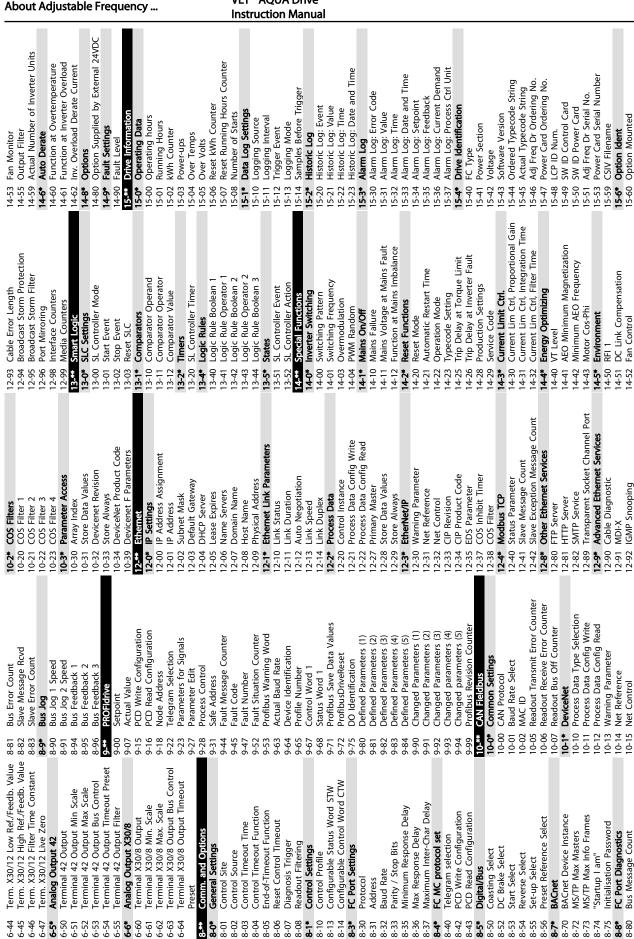
Table 5.2 Quick Menu Structure

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22-29 No-Flow Low Speed [Hz]	22-24 No-Flow Delay	22-20 Low Power Auto Set-up	Q7-6 Flow Compensation	22-90 Flow at Rated Speed
22-40 Minimum Run Time	22-20 Low Power Auto Set-up	22-22 Low Speed Detection	22-80 Flow Compensation	Q7-7 Special Ramps
22-41 Minimum Sleep Time	22-40 Minimum Run Time	22-28 No-Flow Low Speed [RPM]	22-81 Square-linear Curve Approxi-	3-84 Initial Ramp Time
			mation	
22-42 Wake-up Speed [RPM]	22-41 Minimum Sleep Time	22-29 No-Flow Low Speed [Hz]	22-82 Work Point Calculation	3-88 Final Ramp Time
22-43 Wake-up Speed [Hz]	22-42 Wake-up Speed [RPM]	22-40 Minimum Run Time	22-83 Speed at No-Flow [RPM]	3-85 Check Valve Ramp Time
22-44 Wake-up Ref./FB Difference	22-43 Wake-up Speed [Hz]	22-41 Minimum Sleep Time	22-84 Speed at No-Flow [Hz]	3-86 Check Valve Ramp End Speed
				[RPM]
22-45 Setpoint Boost	22-44 Wake-up Ref./FB Difference	22-42 Wake-up Speed [RPM]	22-85 Speed at Design Point [RPM]	3-87 Check Valve Ramp End Speed
				[HZ]
22-46 Maximum Boost Time	22-45 Setpoint Boost	22-43 Wake-up Speed [Hz]	22-86 Speed at Design Point [Hz]	
Q7-51 Low Power	22-46 Maximum Boost Time	22-44 Wake-up Ref./FB Difference	22-87 Pressure at No-Flow Speed	
22-21 Low Power Detection	Q7-52 Low Speed/Power	22-45 Setpoint Boost	22-88 Pressure at Rated Speed	
22-23 No-Flow Function	22-21 Low Power Detection	22-46 Maximum Boost Time	22-89 Flow at Design Point	

.

	Instruction Manual	
Term. 29 Low Frequency Term. 29 High Frequency Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value Pulse Filter Time Constant #29 Term. 33 Low Frequency Term. 33 Low Frequency Term. 33 Low Frequency Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value Pulse Filter Time Constant #33 Pulse Output Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable Pulse Output Max Freq #27 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable Pulse Output Max Freq #29 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable Pulse Output Max Freq #29 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable Pulse Output Max Freq #39	AHF Cap Reconnect Delay Bus Controlled Duistal & Relay Bus Control Pulse Out #27 Bus Control Pulse Out #29 Bus Control Pulse Out #29 Bus Control Pulse Out #30 Bus Control Pulse Out #30 Firmeout Preset Pulse Out #30/6 Bus Control Pulse Out #30/6 Timeout Preset Analog I/O Mode Live Zero Timeout Time Live Zero Timeout Function Analog Input 53 Terminal 53 Low Voltage Terminal 53 Low Voltage Terminal 53 Low Current Terminal 53 High Voltage	Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value Terminal 53 Live Ref./Feedb. Value Terminal 53 Live Zero Analog Input 54 Terminal 54 Low Voltage Terminal 54 Live Caro Terminal 54 Live Caro Terminal 54 High Voltage Terminal 54 High Current Terminal 54 High Current Terminal 54 High Current Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value Terminal 54 Live Zero Analog Input X30/11 Low Voltage Terminal X30/11 Low Voltage Terminal X30/11 Low Ref./Feedb. Value Terminal X30/11 Live Zero Analog Input X30/12 Low Voltage Terminal X30/11 Live Zero
5-50 5-51 5-52 5-53 5-54 5-56 5-60 5-68 5-68	5.5.90 5.5.90 5.5.94 5.5.94 5.5.94 6.00 6.00 6.11	6 6 1 4 6 1 5 6 1 5 6 1 6 6 1 6 6 1 6 6 1 6 6 1 6 6 1 6 6 1 6 6 1 6 6 1 6 6 1 6 6 1 6 6 1
Step Size Ramp Time Power Restore Maximum Limit Minimum Limit Ramp Delay Linits //Varnings Motor Speed Low Limit (RPM) Motor Speed Low Limit (RPM) Motor Speed High Limit (RPM) Motor Speed Hi	Warning Current Llow Warning Current High Warning Speed Low Warning Speed Low Warning Reference Low Warning Reference High Warning Feedback Llow Warning Feedback High Missing Motor Phase Function Speed Bypass Bypass Speed From [RPM] Bypass Speed From [Hz] Bypass Speed From [Hz] Bypass Speed To [Hz] Senni-Auto Bypass Set-up Digital In/Out Digital I/O mode	Terminal 27 Mode Terminal 29 Mode Digital Inputs Terminal 19 Digital Input Terminal 19 Digital Input Terminal 29 Digital Input Terminal 32 Digital Input Terminal 32 Digital Input Terminal 33 Digital Input Terminal 330/3 Digital Input Terminal 330/3 Digital Input Terminal 37 Digital Input Terminal 37 Digital Input Terminal 37 Digital Input Terminal 27 Digital Input Terminal 29 Digital Output Terminal 29 Digital Output Terminal 29 Digital Output Term X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101) Term X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101) Relays Function Relay On Delay, Relay On Delay, Relay Off Delay, Relay
3-90 3-91 3-92 3-94 3-95 4-11 4-12 4-13 4-14 4-14 4-14 4-17 4-16 4-17 4-19 4-19 4-19 4-19 4-19 4-19 4-19 4-19	4-50 4-51 4-54 4-55 4-60 4-60 4-64 4-64 4-64 4-64 4-64 4-64	5.01 5.01 5.01 5.01 5.01 5.01 5.01 6.02 6.03
Start Speed [Hz] Start Current Stop Adjustments Function at Stop Min Speed for Function at Stop [RPM] Min Speed for Function at Stop [Hz] Trip Speed Low [RPM] Trip Speed Low [Hz] Motor Temperature Motor Temperature Motor External Fan Thermistor Source 15/16/58 DC Baake DC HoldPreheat Current DC Brake Current DC Brake Current DC Brake Current	DC Brake Cut-in Speed [RPM] DC Brake Cut-in Speed [Hz] Parking Current Parking Current Parking Time Brake Energy Funct. Brake Function Brake Power Limit (kW) Brake Power Limit (kW) Brake Power Limit (kW) Brake Power Limit (kW) Brake Power Corrent AC Brake Max. Current Over-voltage Control Istarence Infants Minimum Reference Minimum Reference Reference Function Reference Function References	Preset Reference Jog Speed [Hz] Reference Site Preset Relative Reference Reference 1 Source Reference 2 Source Reference 3 Source Reference 3 Source Reference 3 Source Ramp 1 Ramp-up Time Ramp 1 Ramp-down Time Ramp 2 Ramp-down Time Ramp 2 Ramp-down Time Ramp 2 Ramp-down Time Other Ramps Jog Ramp Time Check Valve Ramp Time Check Valve Ramp End Speed [RPM] Check Valve Ramp End Speed [HZ] Final Ramp Time
1-75 1-84 1-80 1-81 1-87 1-90 1-91 1-91 1-91 1-92 2-00 2-01	2 - 03 2 - 04 2 - 04 2 - 10 2 - 10 2 - 15 2 - 15 3 - 04 3	3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
Date and Time Readout Lote and Motor General Settings Configuration Mode Motor Control Principle Torque Characteristics Clockwise Direction Motor Selection Motor Construction WC+ PM Damping Gain Low Speed Filter Time Const. High Speed Filter Time Const. Voltage filter time const. Motor Data Motor Power [kW] Motor Power [kW] Motor Power [kW]	Motor Frequency Motor Current Motor Current Motor Nominal Speed Motor Rotation Steed Motor Rotation Check Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA) Add Motor Data Stator Resistance (Rs) Rotor Resistance (Rs) Stator Leakage Reactance (X1) Rotor Leakage Reactance (X2) Main Reactance (Xh) Iron Loss Resistance (Rfe) d-axis Inductance (Ld) Motor Poles Back EMF at 1000 RPM Position Detection Gain Load-Indep. Setting	Motor Magnetization at Zero Speed Min Speed Normal Magnetizing [RPM] Min Speed Normal Magnetizing Min Speed Normal Magnetizing Min Speed Normal Magnetizing [Hz] W/f Characteristic - f Flystart Test Pulses Current Flystart Test Pulses Frequency Load-Depend. Settg. Load-Depend. Settg. Load-Depend. Settg. Load-Depend. Settg. Speed Load Compensation High Speed Load Compensation Slip Speed Load Compening Resonance Dampening Time Constant Min. Current at Low Speed Start Adjustments Start Delay Start Delay Start Function Flying Start Start Speed [RPM]
0-89 1-0-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	1.24 1.25 1.26 1.26 1.30 1.30 1.30 1.30 1.30 1.30 1.30 1.30	150 151 155 155 155 165 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167
7		0-44 [Off/Reset] Key on LCP 0-45 [Drive Bypass] Key on LCP 0-50 (LCP Copy) 0-51 Set-up Copy 0-61 Set-up Copy 0-61 Access to Main Menu w/o Password 0-60 Main Menu Password 0-60 Access to Personal Menu w/o Password Access to Personal Menu w/o 0-65 Access to Personal Menu w/o 0-66 Access to Personal Menu w/o 0-78 Date and Time 0-77 Clock Settings 0-70 Date and Time 0-71 Date Format 0-72 Time Format 0-74 DST/Summertime Start 0-75 DST/Summertime End 0-76 DST/Summertime End 0-77 Clock Fault 0-78 Morking Days 0-81 Additional Non-Working Days
7. 7. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.		



About Adjustable Frequency ...

VLT® AQUA Drive

About Adjustable Frequency	Instruction Manual
Broken Belt Torque Broken Belt Delay Short Cycle Protection Interval between Starts Minimum Run Time Override Minimum Run Time Override Value Minimum Run Time Override Value How Compensation Flow Compensation Flow Compensation Flow Compensation Speed at No-Flow [RPM] Speed at No-Flow [RPM] Speed at No-Flow [Hz] Speed at No-Flow [Hz] Speed at No-Flow [Hz] Speed at No-Flow Speed Pressure at No-Flow Speed Pressure at Rated Speed Flow at Design Point Flow at Design Point	23-0* Timed Actions 23-00 No Time 23-00 No Time 23-01 On Action 23-02 OFF Time 23-14 Maintenance 23-15 Maintenance Rem 23-17 Maintenance Rem 23-18 Maintenance Time Base 23-19 Maintenance Time Base 23-11 Maintenance Time Base 23-13 Maintenance Time Interval 23-14 Maintenance Time Interval 23-15 Reset Maintenance Word 23-16 Maintenance Peset 23-17 Remover Reset 23-18 Maintenance Text 23-19 Reset Maintenance Word 23-16 Maintenance Text 23-17 Remover Reset 23-18 Reset Energy Log 23-54 Reset Energy Log 23-55 Timed Bin Data 23-65 Timed Bin Data 23-67 Timed Bin Data 23-68 Minimum Bin Value 23-68 Minimum Bin Value 23-69 Mover Reference Factor 23-81 Finesty Counter 23-82 Investment 23-83 Energy Savings 24-18 Drive Bypass 24-19 Drive Bypass Function
22-61 22-73 22-74 22-75 22-77 22-77 22-78 22-78 22-89 22-80 22-80 22-80 22-80 22-80 22-80 22-80 22-80 22-80	23.00
21-4* Ext. CL. 2 PID 21-40 Ext. 2 Normal/Inverse Control 21-41 Ext. 2 Proportional Gain 21-42 Ext. 2 Integral Time 21-43 Ext. 2 Differentation Time 21-44 Ext. 2 Differentation Time 21-5-5 Ext. 3 Ref./Feedback Unit 21-5-5 Ext. 3 Ref./Feedback Unit 21-5-5 Ext. 3 Ref./Feedback Cource 21-5-5 Ext. 3 Reference Source 21-5-5 Ext. 3 Reference Source 21-5-5 Ext. 3 Reference [Unit] 21-5-5 Ext. 3 Setpoint 21-5-5 Ext. 3 Setpoint 21-5-5 Ext. 3 Setpoint 21-5-5 Ext. 3 Setpoint 21-5-5 Ext. 3 Perpoint 21-5-6 Ext. 3 Proportional Gain 21-6-7 Ext. 3 Normal/Inverse Control 21-6-7 Ext. 3 Normal/Inverse Control 21-6-7 Ext. 3 Integral Time	21-63 Ext. 3 Diffication Finations 12-64 Ext. 3 Diff. Gain Limit 22-64 Miscellaneous 22-7 Miscellaneous 22-7 Miscellaneous 22-7 Mo-Flow Detection 22-2 No-Flow Detection 22-2 Low Speed Detection 22-2 Low Speed Detection 22-2 Low Speed Detection 22-2 No-Flow Delay 22-2 No-Flow Delay 22-2 Dry Pump Delay 22-2 Dry Pump Delay 22-2 No-Flow Delay 22-2 No-Flow Dewer Tuning 22-3 No-Flow Low Speed [RPM] 22-3 No-Flow Power Tuning 22-3 No-Flow Power Tuning 22-3 No-Flow Power Tuning 22-3 No-Flow Power [RM] 22-3 Low Speed [RPM] 22-3 Low Speed [RPM] 22-3 Low Speed [RPM] 22-3 High Speed Power [RM] 22-3 High Speed Power [RM] 22-3 High Speed Power [RM] 22-3 High Speed [RPM] 22-3 High Speed [RPM] 22-3 High Speed [RPM] 22-3 High Speed [RPM] 22-4 Maximum Boost Time 22-4 Maximum Boost Time 22-4 Maximum Boost Time 22-4 Maximum Boost Time 22-5 End of Curve Pelay 22-50 End of Curve Pelay 22-50 Broken Belt Detection 22-6 Broken Belt Function
20-08 Feedback 3 Source Unit 20-12 Reference/Feedback Unit 20-24 Feedback/Setpoint 20-27 Feedback Function 20-21 Setpoint 1 20-25 Setpoint 2 20-28 Setpoint 3 20-7* PID Autotuning 20-70 FID Deformance 20-72 PID Deformance 20-72 PID Deformance 20-72 PID Output Change 20-73 Minimum Feedback Level 20-73 Minimum Feedback Level 20-79 PID Autotuning 20-89 PID Start Speed [RPM] 20-89 PID Start Speed [RPM] 20-89 PID Start Speed [RPM] 20-89 PID Start Speed [RZ] 20-80 PID Start Speed [RZ]	
16-61 Terminal 53 Switch Setting 16-62 Analog Input 53 16-63 Terminal 54 Switch Setting 16-64 Analog Input 54 16-65 Digital Output 16in] 16-66 Digital Output [bin] 16-66 Pulse Input #29 [Hz] 16-79 Pulse Input #39 [Hz] 16-70 Pulse Output #29 [Hz] 16-70 Pulse Output #29 [Hz] 16-71 Relay Output [bin] 16-72 Counter A 16-73 Counter B 16-73 Analog In X30/11 16-74 Analog In X30/12 16-75 Analog In X30/12 16-76 Analog Out X30/8 [mA] 16-87 Fieldbus GTW 1 16-88 Fieldbus CTW 1 16-88 Fieldbus REF 1 16-89 Fieldbus REF 1 16-86 Fieldbus REF 1	
15-61 Option SW Version 15-62 Option Ordering No 15-70 Option in Slot A 15-71 Slot A Option SW Version 15-72 Option in Slot B 15-73 Slot B Option SW Version 15-74 Option in Slot CO 15-75 Slot CO/FO Option SW Version 15-76 Option in Slot C1 15-76 Option in Slot C1 15-77 Slot C1/FI Option SW Version 15-79 Slot C1/FI Option SW Version 15-70 Option in Slot C1 15-90 Defined Parameters 15-91 Modified Parameters 15-92 Defined Parameters 15-93 Modified Parameters 15-93 Modified Parameters 15-99 Parameter Metadata 16-74 Data ReaCouts 16-74 General Status 16-00 Control Word	



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Time Constant 27-30 Auto Tune Staging Speeds [RPM] 27-31 Stage On Speed [RPM] 27-32 Stage On Speed [RPM] 27-32 Stage On Speed [Hz] 4. Voltage 27-44 Staging Settings Settings Ef./Feedb. Value 27-40 Auto Tune Staging Settings Ef./Feedb. Value 27-41 Ramp Down Delay [RPM] 27-42 Ramp Up Delay [RPM] 27-43 Staging Threshold 27-44 Destaging Threshold 27-45 Staging Speed [RPM] 17-45 Staging Speed [RPM] 18-46 Stagi	35-26 36-34 36-34 35-36 35-36 35-36 35-36 35-42 35-42 35-45 35-46 35-46 35-46
### Constant **Outage Voltage **Voltage #### Constant **Outage **Voltage **Voltag	
	Number of Purves Number of Purps Number of Purps Number of Purps Runtime Balancing Motor Starters Spin Time for Unused Pumps Reset Current Runtime Hours Bandwidth Settings Normal Operating Range Override Limit Fixed Speed Only Operating Range Staging Delay Destaging Delay Min Speed Destage Delay Min Speed Destage Delay
25-0* System Settings 25-0* System Settings 25-0* System Settings 25-00 Motor Start 25-04 Pump Cycling 25-05 Motor Start 25-04 Pump Cycling 25-05 Fixed Lead Pump 25-06 Number Of Pumps 25-05 Fixed Lead Pump 25-05 Staging Bandwidth 25-21 Override Bandwidth 25-22 Staging Bandwidth 25-24 SWW Staging Delay 25-25 Staging Bandwidth 25-25 Staging Bandwidth 25-26 Destage An No-Flow 25-27 Stage Function Time 25-27 Staging Threshold 25-30 Destage Function Time 25-30 Destage Function Time 25-30 Destage Function 25-31 Ramp-up Delay 25-41 Ramp-up Delay 25-52 Alternation Function 25-53 Alternation Function 25-53 Alternation Function 25-54 Alternation Function 25-55 Alternation Function 25-55 Alternation Function 25-56 Staging Mode at Alternation 25-57 Run-on Line Delay 25-58 Grassage Status 25-81 Pump Status 25-81 Pump Status 25-81 Relay Status 2	Relay Status Pump ON Time Relay ON Time Reset Relay Counters Sentice Pump Internation Analog I/O Osition Terminal X42/1 Mode Terminal X42/5 Mode Terminal X42/5 Mode Terminal X42/1 Low Voltage Terminal X42/1 Liw Voltage



5.6 Remote Programming with MCT 10 Setup Software

Danfoss has a software program available for developing, storing, and transferring adjustable frequency drive programming. The MCT 10 Set-up Software allows the user to connect a PC to the adjustable frequency drive and perform live programming rather than using the LCP. Additionally, all adjustable frequency drive programming can be done off-line and simply downloaded to the adjustable frequency drive. Or the entire adjustable frequency drive profile can be loaded onto the PC for backup storage or analysis.

The USB connector or RS-485 terminal is available for connecting to the adjustable frequency drive.

MCT 10 Set-up Software is available for free download at www.VLT-software.com. A CD is also available by requesting part number 130B1000. For further information, see the Instruction Manual.





6 Application Set-up Examples

6.1 Introduction

NOTE!

When the optional safe stop feature is used, a jumper wire may be required between terminal 12 (or 13) and terminal 37 for the adjustable frequency drive to operate when using factory default programming values.

The examples in this section are intended as a quick reference for common applications.

- Parameter settings are the regional default values unless otherwise indicated (selected in 0-03 Regional Settings)
- Parameters associated with the terminals and their settings are shown next to the drawings.
- Where switch settings for analog terminals A53 or A54 are required, these are also shown.

6.2 Application Examples

			Parameters	
FC		10	Function	Setting
+24 V	120] 30BB675.10		
+24 V	130	30BB	6-22 Terminal 54 Low	4 mA*
DIN	180		Current	
DIN	190		6-23 Terminal 54	20 mA*
СОМ	200		High Current	
DIN	270		6-24 Terminal 54 Low	0*
DIN	290		Ref./Feedb. Value	
DIN	320		6-25 Terminal 54	50*
DIN	330		High Ref./Feedb.	
DIN	370		Value	
			* = Default Value	
+10 V	500	+	Notes/comments:	
A IN	530			
A IN	540			
СОМ	550	4-20 mA		
A OUT	420			
СОМ	390			
U - I				
A 54				

Table 6.1 Analog Current Feedback Transducer

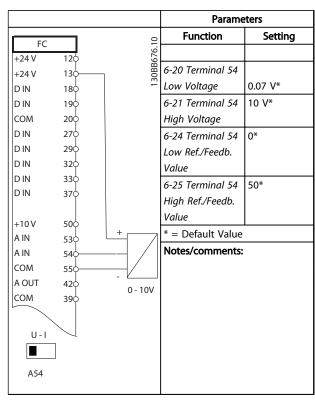


Table 6.2 Analog Voltage Feedback Transducer (3-wire)

			Parame	eters
FC	\neg	10	Function	Setting
+24 V	120	3088677.10		
+24 V	130	U U U	6-20 Terminal 54	
DIN	180	13	Low Voltage	0.07 V*
DIN	190		6-21 Terminal 54	10 V*
СОМ	200		High Voltage	
DIN	270		6-24 Terminal 54	0*
DIN	290		Low Ref./Feedb.	
DIN	320		Value	
DIN	330		6-25 Terminal 54	50*
DIN	370		High Ref./Feedb.	
			Value	
+10 V A IN	500	+	* = Default Value	
AIN	53¢ 540		Notes/con	amonto.
СОМ	550		Notes/con	iiileiits.
A OUT	420			
СОМ	390	0 - 10V		
		0 - 100		
U-1				
	7			
A54				

Table 6.3 Analog Voltage Feedback Transducer (4-wire)



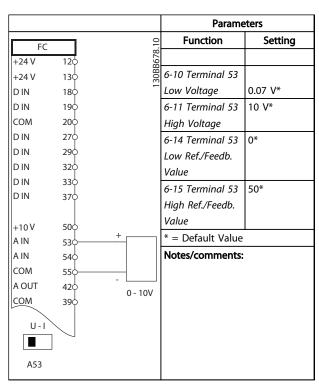


Table 6.4 Analog Speed Reference (Voltage)

NOTE!

Note switch setting for selecting voltage or current.

				Parame	eters
FC			10	Function	Setting
+24 V	120		30BB679.10		
+24 V	130		088	6-12 Terminal 53	4 mA*
D IN	180		13	Low Current	
DIN	190			6-13 Terminal 53	20 mA*
СОМ	200			High Current	
DIN	270			6-14 Terminal 53	0*
DIN	290			Low Ref./Feedb.	
DIN	320			Value	
DIN	330			6-15 Terminal 53	50*
DIN	370				30
				High Ref./Feedb.	
+10 V	50 φ	+ -		Value	
A IN	530-			* = Default Value	
A IN	540			Notes/comments:	
СОМ	550-				
A OUT	420	- L	- 20mA		
СОМ	390	4	- 2011IA		
U-I					
	7				
A53					

Table 6.5 Analog Speed Reference (Current)

NOTE!

Note switch setting for selecting voltage or current.

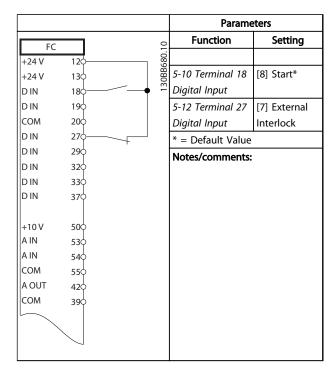


Table 6.6 Run/Stop Command with External Interlock

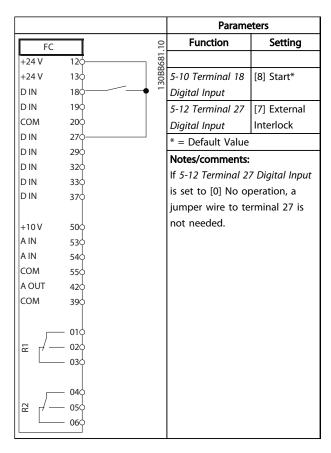


Table 6.7 Run/Stop Command without External Interlock

			Parame	eters
FC	\neg	10	Function	Setting
+24 V	120-	130BB682.10		
+24 V	130	0BB	5-11 Terminal 19	[1] Reset
DIN	180	 13	Digital Input	
DIN	190		* = Default Value	
сом	200		Notes/com	nments:
D IN	270			
DIN	290			
DIN	320			
DIN	330			
D IN	370			
+10 V	500			
A IN	530			
A IN	540			
СОМ	550			
A OUT	420			
СОМ	390			
	7			

Table 6.8 External Alarm Reset

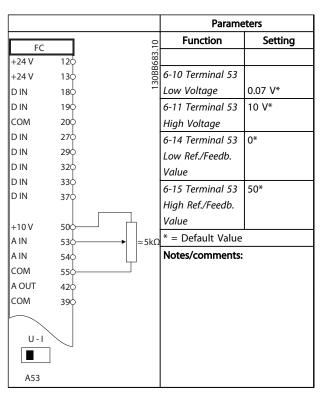


Table 6.9 Speed Reference (using a manual potentiometer)

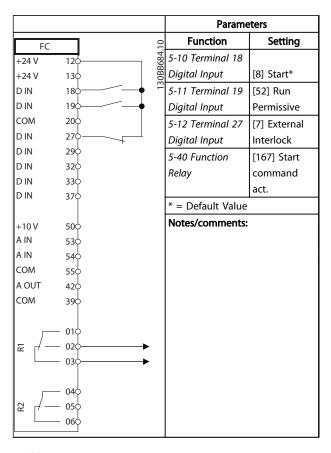


Table 6.10 Run Permissive

			Parame	eters
FC		10	Function	Setting
+24 V	120	30BB685.10		
+24 V	130	08B	8-30 Protocol	FC*
DIN	180	13	8-31 Address	1*
DIN	190		8-32 Baud Rate	9600*
СОМ	200		* = Default Value	l
DIN	270		N-4/	
DIN	290		Notes/comments:	
DIN	320		Select protocol, a	
DIN	330		baud rate in the a	
DIN	370		mentioned param	eters.
+10 V	500			
A IN	530			
A IN	540			
СОМ	550			
A OUT	420			
СОМ	390			
	010			
≅	020			
	030			
	040			
	050			
	060	RS-485		
	000			
	610	+		
	680	<u> </u>		
	690	-		

Parameters **Function** Setting +24 V +24 V 1-90 Motor [2] D IN Thermal Thermistor D IN Protection trip СОМ 200 1-93 Thermistor [1] Analog D IN Source input 53 D IN * = Default Value D IN 320 D IN 330 Notes/comments: D IN If only a warning is desired, 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection +10 V 500 should be set to [1] Thermistor A IN 530 A IN warning. СОМ 550 A OUT 420 сом U - I

Table 6.12 Motor Thermistor

Table 6.11 RS-485 Network Connection (N2, Modbus RTU, FC)

CAUTION

Thermistors must use reinforced or double insulation to meet PELV insulation requirements.



7 Status Messages

7.1 Status Display

When the adjustable frequency drive is in status mode, status messages are generated automatically from within the adjustable frequency drive and appear in the bottom line of the display (see *Figure 7.1*.)

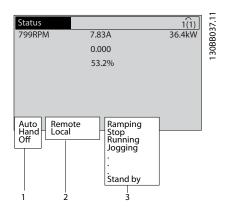


Figure 7.1 Status Display

- a. The first part of the status line indicates where the stop/start command originates.
- b. The second part of the status line indicates where the speed control originates.
- c. The last part of the status line gives the present adjustable frequency drive status. These show the operational mode the adjustable frequency drive is in.

NOTE!

In auto/remote mode, the adjustable frequency drive requires external commands to execute functions.

7.2 Status Message Definitions

The next three tables define the meaning of the status message display words.

	Operation Mode
Off	The adjustable frequency drive does not react
	to any control signal until [Auto On] or [Hand
	On] is pressed.
Auto On	The adjustable frequency drive is controlled
	from the control terminals and/or the serial
	communication.
	The navigation keys on the LCP control the
	adjustable frequency drive. Stop commands,
	reset, reversing, DC brake, and other signals
	applied to the control terminals can override
	local control.

Table 7.1 Status Message Operation Mode

	Reference Site
Remote	The speed reference is given from external
	signals, serial communication, or internal
	preset references.
Local	The adjustable frequency drive uses [Hand On]
	control or reference values from the LCP.

Table 7.2 Status Message Reference Site

	Operation Status	
AC Brake	AC Brake was selected in 2-10 Brake Function.	
	The AC brake overmagnetizes the motor to	
	achieve a controlled slow-down.	
AMA finish OK	Automatic motor adaptation (AMA) was	
	carried out successfully.	
AMA ready	AMA is ready to start. Press [Hand On] to start.	
AMA running	AMA process is in progress.	
Braking	The brake chopper is in operation. Generative	
	energy is absorbed by the brake resistor.	
Braking max.	The brake chopper is in operation. The power	
	limit for the brake resistor defined in	
	2-12 Brake Power Limit (kW) has been reached.	
Coast	Coast inverse was selected as a function	
	for a digital input (parameter group 5-1*	
	Digital Inputs). The corresponding terminal	
	is not connected.	
	Coast activated by serial communication	



	Operation Status
Ctrl. Ramp-down	 Control Ramp-down was selected in 14-10 Mains Failure. The AC line voltage is below the value set in 14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault at line power fault. The adjustable frequency drive ramps down the motor using a controlled rampdown.
Current High	The adjustable frequency drive output current is above the limit set in 4-51 Warning Current High.
Current Low	The adjustable frequency drive output current is below the limit set in 4-52 Warning Speed Low
DC Hold	DC hold is selected in 1-80 Function at Stop and a stop command is active. The motor is held by a DC current set in 2-00 DC Hold/Preheat Current.
DC Stop	 The motor is held with a DC current (2-01 DC Brake Current) for a specified time (2-02 DC Braking Time). DC Brake is activated in 2-03 DC Brake Cutin Speed [RPM] and a Stop command is active. DC Brake (inverse) is selected as a function for a digital input (parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs). The corresponding terminal is not active. The DC Brake is activated via serial communication.
Feedback high	The sum of all active feedback is above the feedback limit set in 4-57 Warning Feedback High.
Feedback low	The sum of all active feedback is below the feedback limit set in 4-56 Warning Feedback Low.
Freeze output	 The remote reference is active, which holds the present speed. Freeze output was selected as a function for a digital input (parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs). The corresponding terminal is active. Speed control is only possible via the terminal functions Speed Up and Slow. Hold ramp is activated via serial communication.
Freeze output request	A freeze output command has been given, but until a run permissive signal is received, the motor remains stopped.

	Operation Status
Freeze ref.	Freeze Reference was chosen as a function for
	a digital input (parameter group 5-1* Digital
	Inputs). The corresponding terminal is active.
	The adjustable frequency drive saves the
	actual reference. Changing the reference is
	now only possible via terminal functions
	Speed Up and Slow.
Jog request	A jog command has been given, but until a
	run permissive signal is received via a digital
	input, the motor is stopped
Jogging	The motor is running as programmed in
20999	3-19 Jog Speed [RPM].
	 Jog was selected as function for a digital
	input (parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs).
	The corresponding terminal (for example,
	Terminal 29) is active.
	,
	The Jog function is activated via the serial
	communication.
	The Jog function was selected as a
	reaction for a monitoring function (for
	example, No signal). The monitoring
	function is active.
Motor check	In 1 00 Function at Stan Mater Charles
Wotor check	In 1-80 Function at Stop, Motor Check was
	selected. A stop command is active. To ensure
	that a motor is connected to the adjustable
	frequency drive, a permanent test current is
	applied to the motor.
Over Voltage	Overvoltage control was activated in 2-17 Over-
Control (OVC)	voltage Control. The connected motor is
	supplying the adjustable frequency drive with
	generative energy. Overvoltage control adjusts
	the V/Hz ratio to run the motor in controlled
	mode and to prevent the adjustable
	frequency drive from tripping.
PowerUnit Off	(For adjustable frequency drives with an
	external 24 V power supply installed only.)
	Line power supply to the adjustable frequency
	drive is removed, but the control card is
	supplied by the external 24 V.
Protection md	Protection mode is active. The unit has
	detected a critical status (an overcurrent or
	overvoltage).
	To avoid tripping, switching frequency is
	reduced to 4 kHz.
	If possible, Protection mode ends after
	approximately 10 s
	Protection mode can be restricted in
	14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault



	Operation Status
QStop	The motor is decelerating using 3-81 Quick
QSTOP	Stop Ramp Time.
	Quick stop inverse was chosen as a
	function for a digital input (parameter
	group 5-1*). The corresponding terminal is
	not active.
	The quick stop function was activated via
	serial communication.
Ramping	The motor is accelerating/decelerating using
	the active ramp-up/down. The reference, a
	limit value or a standstill is not yet reached.
Ref. high	The sum of all active references is above the
	reference limit set in 4-55 Warning Reference
	High.
Ref. low	The sum of all active references is below the
	reference limit set in 4-54 Warning Reference
	Low.
Run on ref.	The adjustable frequency drive is running in
	the reference range. The feedback value
	matches the setpoint value.
Run request	A start command has been given, but the
	motor is stopped until a run permissive signal
	is received via digital input.
Running	The adjustable frequency drive runs the
	motor.
Sleep Mode	The energy saving function is enabled. The
	motor has stopped, but will restart automat-
	ically when required.
Speed high	Motor speed is above the value set in
	4-53 Warning Speed High.
Speed low	Motor speed is below the value set in
	4-52 Warning Speed Low.
Standby	In Auto On Auto mode, the adjustable
,	frequency drive starts the motor with a start
	signal from a digital input or serial communi-
	cation.
Start delay	In 1-71 Start Delay, a delay starting time was
	set. A start command is activated and the
	motor will start after the start delay time
	expires.
Start fwd/rev	Start forward and start reverse were selected
	as functions for two different digital inputs
	(parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs). The
	motor starts in forward or reverse depending
	on which corresponding terminal is activated.
Stop	The adjustable frequency drive has received a
	stop command from the LCP, digital input or
	serial communication.

	Operation Status							
Trip	An alarm occurred and the motor is stopped.							
	Once the cause of the alarm is cleared, the							
	adjustable frequency drive can be reset							
	manually by pressing [Reset] or remotely by							
	control terminals or serial communication.							
Trip lock	An alarm occurred and the motor is stopped.							
	Once the cause of the alarm is cleared, power							
	must be cycled to the adjustable frequency							
	drive. The adjustable frequency drive can then							
	be reset manually by pressing [Reset] or							
	remotely by control terminals or serial							
	communication.							

Table 7.3 Status Message Operation Status



8 Warnings and Alarms

8.1 System Monitoring

The adjustable frequency drive monitors the condition of its input power, output, and motor factors as well as other system performance indicators. A warning or alarm may not necessarily indicate a problem internal to the adjustable frequency drive itself. In many cases, it indicates failure conditions from input voltage, motor load or temperature, external signals, or other areas monitored by the adjustable frequency drive's internal logic. Be sure to investigate those areas exterior to the adjustable frequency drive as indicated in the alarm or warning.

8.2 Warning and Alarm Types

Warnings

A warning is issued when an alarm condition is impending or when an abnormal operating condition is present and may result in the adjustable frequency drive issuing an alarm. A warning clears by itself when the abnormal condition is removed.

Alarms

Trip

An alarm is issued when the adjustable frequency drive is tripped, that is, the adjustable frequency drive suspends operation to prevent adjustable frequency drive or system damage. The motor will coast to a stop. The adjustable frequency drive logic will continue to operate and monitor the adjustable frequency drive status. After the fault condition is remedied, the adjustable frequency drive can be reset. It will then be ready to start operation again.

A trip can be reset in any of four ways

- Press [Reset] on the LCP
- Digital reset input command
- Serial communication reset input command
- Auto reset

An alarm that causes the adjustable frequency drive to trip-lock requires that input power is cycled. The motor will coast to a stop. The adjustable frequency drive logic will continue to operate and monitor the adjustable frequency drive status. Remove input power to the adjustable frequency drive and correct the cause of the fault, then restore power. This action puts the adjustable frequency drive into a trip condition as described above and may be reset in any of those four ways.

8.3 Warning and Alarm Displays

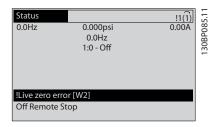


Figure 8.1 Warning Display

An alarm or trip lock alarm will flash on display along with the alarm number.

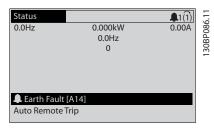


Figure 8.2 Alarm Display

130BB467.10



In addition to the text and alarm code on the adjustable frequency drive LCP, there are three status indicator lights.

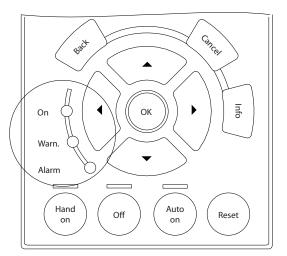


Figure 8.3 Status Indicator Lights

	Warning LED	Alarm LED
Warning	On	Off
Alarm	Off	On (Flashing)
Trip Lock	On	On (Flashing)

Table 8.1 Status Indicator Lights Explanations

8.4 Warning and Alarm Definitions

CAUTION

Before applying power to the unit, inspect the entire installation as detailed in *Table 3.1*. Check mark those items when completed.

Inspect for	Description	Ø
Auxiliary equipment	 Look for auxiliary equipment, switches, disconnects, or input fuses/circuit breakers that may reside on the input power side of the adjustable frequency drive or output side to the motor. Ensure that they are ready for full speed operation. Check function and installation of any sensors used for feedback to the adjustable frequency drive 	
	Remove power factor correction caps on motor(s), if present	
Cable routing	Ensure that input power, motor wiring, and control wiring are separated or in three separate metallic conduits for high frequency noise isolation	
Control wiring	Check for broken or damaged wires and loose connections.	
	Check that control wiring is isolated from power and motor wiring for noise immunity.	
	Check the voltage source of the signals, if necessary.	
	The use of shielded cable or twisted pair is recommended. Ensure that the shield is terminated correctly	
Cooling clearance	Make sure that the top and bottom clearance is adequate to ensure proper airflow for cooling.	
EMC considerations	Check for proper installation regarding electromagnetic compatibility.	
Environmental consider-	See equipment label for the maximum ambient operating temperature limits	
ations	Humidity levels must be 5%–95% non-condensing.	
Fusing and circuit	Check for proper fusing or circuit breakers.	
breakers	Check that all fuses are inserted firmly and in operational condition and that all circuit breakers are in the open position	
Grounding	The unit requires a ground wire from its chassis to the building ground	
	Check for good ground connections that are tight and free of oxidation	
	Grounding to conduit or mounting the back panel to a metal surface is not a suitable ground	
Input and output power	Check for loose connections.	
wiring	Check that motor and line power are in separate conduits or separated shielded cables	
Panel interior	Make sure that the unit interior is free of dirt, metal chips, moisture, and corrosion.	
Switches	Ensure that all switch and disconnect settings are in the proper positions	
Vibration	Check that the unit is mounted solidly or that shock mounts are used, as necessary.	
	Check for an unusual amount of vibration	

Table 8.2 Start-up Check List

Q



9 Basic Troubleshooting

9.1 Start-up and Operation

Symptom	Possible cause	Solution	
	Missing input power	See Table 3.1	Check the input power source
	Missing or open fuses or circuit	See open fuses and tripped circuit	Follow the recommendations
	breaker tripped	breaker in this table for possible	provided
		causes.	
	No power to the LCP	Check the LCP cable for proper	Replace the faulty LCP or
		connection or damage.	connection cable.
	Shortcut on control voltage	Check the 24 V control voltage	Wire the terminals properly.
	(terminal 12 or 50) or at control	supply for terminals 12/13 to 20-39	
5. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	terminals	or 10 V supply for terminals 50 to	
Display dark/No function		55.	
	Wrong LCP (LCP from VLT® 2800		Use only LCP 101 (P/N 130B1124)
	or 5000/6000/8000/ FCD or FCM)		or LCP 102 (P/N 130B1107).
	Wrong contrast setting		Press [Status] + [▲]/[▼] to adjust
			the contrast
	Display (LCP) is defective	Test using a different LCP	Replace the faulty LCP or
			connection cable.
	Internal voltage supply fault or		Contact supplier
	SMPS is defective		
	Overloaded power supply (SMPS)	To rule out a problem in the	If the display stays lit, then the
landa a marita di ancia	due to improper control wiring or	control wiring, disconnect all	problem is in the control wiring.
	a fault within the adjustable	control wiring by removing the	Check the wiring for shorts or
Intermittent display	frequency drive.	terminal blocks.	incorrect connections. If the display
			continues to cut out, follow the
			procedure for display dark.



Symptom	Possible cause	Solution			
	Service switch open or missing	Check if the motor is connected	Connect the motor and check the		
	motor connection	and the connection is not	service switch.		
		interrupted (by a service switch or			
		other device).			
	No line power with 24 V DC	If the display is functioning but no	Apply line power to run the unit.		
	option card	output, check that line power is			
		applied to the adjustable frequency			
		drive.			
	LCP Stop	Check if [Off] has been pressed.	Press [Auto On] or [Hand On]		
			(depending on operation mode) to		
			run the motor.		
Motor not running	Missing start signal (Standby)	Check 5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input	Apply a valid start signal to start		
		for correct setting for terminal 18	the motor.		
		(use default setting)			
	Motor coast signal active	Check 5-12 Coast inv. for correct	Apply 24 V on terminal 27 or		
	(Coasting)	setting for terminal 27 (use default	program this terminal to No		
		setting).	operation.		
	Wrong reference signal source	Check reference signal: Local,	Program correct settings. Check		
		remote or bus reference? Preset	3-13 Reference Site. Set preset		
		reference active? Terminal	reference active in parameter		
		connection correct? Scaling of	group 3-1* References. Check for		
		terminals correct? Reference signal	correct wiring. Check scaling of		
		available?	terminals. Check reference signal.		
	Motor rotation limit	Check that 4-10 Motor Speed	Program correct settings.		
		Direction is programmed correctly.			
Motor running in wrong	Active reversing signal	Check if a reversing command is	Deactivate reversing signal.		
direction		programmed for the terminal in			
		parameter group 5-1* Digital inputs.	6		
	Wrong motor phase connection		See in this manual.		
	Frequency limits set wrong.	Check output limits in 4-13 Motor	Program correct limits.		
		Speed High Limit [RPM], 4-14 Motor			
		Speed High Limit [Hz] and 4-19 Max			
Motor is not reaching	Deference in much signed make and ad-	Output Frequency. Check reference input signal	Due sue us as use at a satting as		
maximum speed.	Reference input signal not scaled	' '	Program correct settings.		
	correctly	scaling in 6-0* Analog I/O Mode and parameter group 3-1* References.			
		Reference limits in parameter			
		group 3-0* Reference Limit.			
	Possible incorrect parameter	Check the settings of all motor	Check settings in parameter group		
	settings	parameters, including all motor	1-6* Analog I/O mode. For closed-		
Motor speed unstable	9	compensation settings. For closed-	loop operation, check settings in		
		loop operation, check PID settings.	parameter group 20-0* Feedback.		
	Possible over-magnetization	Check for incorrect motor settings	Check motor settings in parameter		
		in all motor parameters.	groups 1-2* Motor Data, 1-3* Adv		
Motor runs rough	1				
			Motor Data, and 1-5* Load Indep.		
			Motor Data, and 1-5* Load Indep. Setting.		
	Possible incorrect settings in the	Check brake parameters. Check			
Motor will not brake.	Possible incorrect settings in the brake parameters. Possible too	Check brake parameters. Check ramp time settings.	Setting.		



Basic Troubleshooting VLT® AQUA Drive Instruction Manual

Symptom	Possible cause	Test	Solution
	Phase to phase short	Motor or panel has a short phase	Eliminate any shorts detected.
		to phase. Check motor and panel	
		phase for shorts.	
	Motor overload	Motor is overloaded for the	Perform start-up test and verify
		application.	motor current is within specifi-
Open power fuses or circuit			cations. If motor current is
breaker trip.			exceeding nameplate full load
			current, motor may run only with
			reduced load. Review the specifi-
			cations for the application.
	Loose connections	Perform pre-startup check for loose	Tighten loose connections.
		connections.	
	Problem with line power (See	Rotate input power leads into the	If imbalanced leg follows the wire,
	Alarm 4 Line phase loss	adjustable frequency drive one	it is a power problem. Check line
Line power current	description).	position: A to B, B to C, C to A.	power supply.
imbalance greater than 3%	Problem with the adjustable	Rotate input power leads into the	If imbalance leg stays on same
	frequency drive	adjustable frequency drive one	input terminal, it is a problem with
		position: A to B, B to C, C to A.	the unit. Contact the supplier.
	Problem with motor or motor	Rotate output motor leads one	If imbalanced leg follows the wire,
	wiring	position: U to V, V to W, W to U.	the problem is in the motor or
Motor current imbalance			motor wiring. Check motor and
greater than 3%			motor wiring.
greater than 5%	Problem with the adjustable	Rotate output motor leads one	If imbalance leg stays on same
	frequency drives	position: U to V, V to W, W to U.	output terminal, it is a problem
			with the unit. Contact the supplier.
		Bypass critical frequencies by using	
		parameters in parameter group	
		4-6* Speed Bypass.	
		Turn off over-modulation in	Check if noise and/or vibration
Acoustic noise or vibration	Resonances	14-03 Overmodulation	have been reduced to an
Acoustic Hoise of Albiation	inesoriarices	Change switching pattern and	acceptable limit.
		frequency in parameter group	acceptable illilit.
		14-0* Inverter Switching.	
		Increase Resonance Dampening in	
		1-64 Resonance Dampening	

Table 9.1 Troubleshooting

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10 Specifications

10.1 Power-dependent Specifications

10.1.1 Line Power Supply 1 x 200–240 V AC

Line Power Supply 1 x 200–240 V AC Adjustable frequency drive	P1K1				P3K7	P5K5	DZVC	D1FV	Daak
, ,		P1K5	P2K2	P3K0			P7K5	P15K	P22K
Typical Shaft Output [kW]	1.1	1.5	2.2	3.0	3.7	5.5	7.5	15	22
Typical Shaft Output [HP] at 240 V	1.5	2.0	2.9	4.0	4.9	7.5	10	20	30
IP20/Chassis	A3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IP21/NEMA 1	-	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B2	C1	C2
IP55/NEMA 12	A5	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B2	C1	C2
IP66	A5	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B2	C1	C2
Output current	,		•						•
Continuous (3 x 200-240 V) [A]	6.6	7.5	10.6	12.5	16.7	24.2	30.8	59.4	88
Intermittent(3 x 200–240 V) [A]	7.3	8.3	11.7	13.8	18.4	26.6	33.4	65.3	96.8
Continuous kVA (208 V AC) [kVA]						5.00	6.40	12.27	18.30
Max. input current			•				•		
Continuous (1 x 200-240 V) [A]	12.5	15	20.5	24	32	46	59	111	172
Intermittent (1 x 200–240 V) [A]	13.8	16.5	22.6	26.4	35.2	50.6	64.9	122.1	189.2
Max. pre-fuses ¹⁾ [A]	20	30	40	40	60	80	100	150	200
Additional specifications									
Estimated power loss at rated	44	30	11	60	74	110	150	200	440
max. load [W] ⁴⁾	44	30	44	60	/4	110	150	300	440
Max. cable size (line power, motor,				-					
brake)		I	[0.2-4]/(4-1	0)		[10]/(7)	[35]/(2)	[50]/(1)/0	[95]/(4/0)
[mm ²]/(AWG) ²⁾									
Weight enclosure IP20 (lb [kg])	10.8 [4.9]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Weight enclosure IP21 (lb [kg])		50.71	50.71	50.71	50.71 [22]	50.71	50 52 [27]	99.21	143.3
	-	[23]	[23]	[23]	50.71 [23]	[23]	59.53 [27]	[45]	[65]
Weight enclosure IP55 (lb [kg])		50.71	50.71	50.71	FO 71 [22]	50.71	EO E3 [37]	99.21	143.3
	-	[23]	[23]	[23]	50.71 [23]	[23]	59.53 [27]	[45]	[65]
Weight enclosure IP66 (lb [kg])		50.71	50.71	50.71	FO 71 [22]	50.71	EO E3 [37]	99.21	143.3
	-	[23]	[23]	[23]	50.71 [23]	[23]	59.53 [27]	[45]	[65]
Efficiency 3)	0.968	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98

Table 10.1 Line Power Supply 1 x 200–240 V AC - Normal Overload 110% for 1 Minute



10.1.2 Line Power Supply 3 x 200–240 V AC

Adjustable frequency drive	PK25	PK37	PK55	PK75	P1K1	P1K5	P2K2	РЗКО	P3K7
Typical Shaft Output [kW]	0.25	0.37	0.55	0.75	1.1	1.5	2.2	3	3.7
Typical Shaft Output [HP] at 208 V	0.25	0.37	0.55	0.75	1.5	2.0	2.9	4.0	4.9
IP20/NEMA Chassis	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	А3	А3
IP21/NEMA 1	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	А3	А3
IP55/NEMA 12	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5
IP66	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5
Output current									
Continuous (3 x 200–240 V) [A]	1.8	2.4	3.5	4.6	6.6	7.5	10.6	12.5	16.7
Intermittent (3 x 200–240 V) [A]	1.98	2.64	3.85	5.06	7.26	8.3	11.7	13.8	18.4
Continuous kVA (208 V AC) [kVA]	0.65	0.86	1.26	1.66	2.38	2.70	3.82	4.50	6.00
Max. input current								-	
Continuous (3 x 200–240 V) [A]	1.6	2.2	3.2	4.1	5.9	6.8	9.5	11.3	15.0
Intermittent (3 x 200–240 V) [A]	1.7	2.42	3.52	4.51	6.5	7.5	10.5	12.4	16.5
Max. pre-fuses ¹⁾ [A]	10	10	10	10	20	20	20	32	32
Additional specifications	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] 4)	21	29	42	54	63	82	116	155	185
Max. cable size (line power, motor, brake) [mm²]/(AWG) ²⁾				[0.	2-4]/(4-	10)			
Weight enclosure IP20 (lb [kg])	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	14.55	14.55
	[4.9]	[4.9]	[4.9]	[4.9]	[4.9]	[4.9]	[4.9]	[6.6]	[6.6]
Weight enclosure IP21 (lb [kg])	12.13	12.13	12.13	12.13	12.13	12.13	12.13	16.54	16.54
	[5.5]	[5.5]	[5.5]	[5.5]	[5.5]	[5.5]	[5.5]	[7.5]	[7.5]
Weight enclosure IP55 (lb [kg])	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76
	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]
Weight enclosure IP66 (lb [kg])	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76
	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]
Efficiency 3)	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96

Table 10.2 Line Power Supply 3 \times 200–240 V AC - Normal Overload 110% for 1 Minute



VLT® AQUA Drive Instruction Manual

Line Power Supply 3 x 200–240 V A	C - Normal	overload 1	10% for 1 r	ninute					
Adjustable frequency drive	P5K5	P7K5	P11K	P15K	P18K	P22K	P30K	P37K	P45K
Typical Shaft Output [kW]	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45
Typical Shaft Output [HP] at 208 V	7.5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60
IP20/NEMA Chassis*	В3	В3	В3	B4	B4	C3	C3	C4	C4
IP21/NEMA 1	B1	B1	B1	B2	C1	C1	C1	C2	C2
IP55/NEMA 12	B1	B1	B1	B2	C1	C1	C1	C2	C2
IP66	B1	B1	B1	B2	C1	C1	C1	C2	C2
Output current									
Continuous (3 x 200-240 V) [A]	24.2	30.8	46.2	59.4	74.8	88.0	115	143	170
Intermittent (3 x 200–240 V) [A]	26.6	33.9	50.8	65.3	82.3	96.8	127	157	187
Continuous kVA (208 V AC) [kVA]	8.7	11.1	16.6	21.4	26.9	31.7	41.4	51.5	61.2
Max. input current									
Continuous (3 x 200-240 V) [A]	22.0	28.0	42.0	54.0	68.0	80.0	104.0	130.0	154.0
Intermittent (3 x 200–240 V) [A]	24.2	30.8	46.2	59.4	74.8	88.0	114.0	143.0	169.0
Max. pre-fuses ¹⁾ [A]	63	63	63	80	125	125	160	200	250
Additional specifications	•				•				
Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] ⁴⁾	269	310	447	602	737	845	1140	1353	1636
Max. cable size (line power, motor,		•							[120]/
brake)		[10]/(7)		[35]/(2)		[50]/(1/0)		[95]/(4/0)	(250
[mm ²]/(AWG) ²⁾									MCM)
Weight enclosure IP20 (lb [kg])	26.46 [12]	26.46 [12]	26.46 [12]	51.81 [23.5]	51.81 [23.5]	77.16 [35]	77.16 [35]	110.23 [50]	110.23 [50]
Weight enclosure IP21 (lb [kg])	50.71 [23]	50.71 [23]	50.71 [23]	59.53 [27]	99.21 [45]	99.21 [45]	143.3 [65]	143.3 [65]	143.3 [65]
Weight enclosure IP55 (lb [kg])	50.71 [23]	50.71 [23]	50.71 [23]	59.53 [27]	99.21 [45]	99.21 [45]	143.3 [65]	143.3 [65]	143.3 [65]
Weight enclosure IP66 (lb [kg])	50.71 [23]	50.71 [23]	50.71 [23]	59.53 [27]	99.21 [45]	99.21 [45]	143.3 [65]	143.3 [65]	143.3 [65]
Efficiency 3)	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97

Table 10.3 Line Power Supply 3 x 200–240 V AC - Normal Overload 110% for 1 Minute

Specifications

^{*} B3+4 and C3+4 may be converted to IP21 using a conversion kit (contact Danfoss)



10.1.3 Line Power Supply 1 x 380–480 V AC

Line Power Supply 1 x 380 V AC - Normal overload 110% for 1 minute	•			
Adjustable frequency drive	P7K5	P11K	P18K	P37K
Typical Shaft Output [kW]	7.5	11	18.5	37
Typical Shaft Output [HP] at 460 V	10	15	25	50
IP21/NEMA 1	B1	B2	C1	C2
IP55/NEMA 12	B1	B2	C1	C2
IP66	B1	B2	C1	C2
Output current	•			
Continuous (3 x 380–440 V) [A]	16	24	37.5	73
Intermittent (3 x 380-440 V) [A]	17.6	26.4	41.2	80.3
Continuous (3 x 441–480 V) [A]	14.5	21	34	65
Intermittent (3 x 441–480 V) [A]	15.4	23.1	37.4	71.5
Continuous kVA (400 V AC) [kVA]	11.0	16.6	26	50.6
Continuous kVA (460 V AC) [kVA]	11.6	16.7	27.1	51.8
Max. input current	·			
Continuous (1 x 380–440 V) [A]	33	48	78	151
Intermittent (1 x 380–440 V) [A]	36	53	85.8	166
Continuous (1 x 441–480 V [A]	30	41	72	135
Intermittent (1 x 441–480 V [A]	33	46	79.2	148
Max. pre-fuses ¹⁾ [A]	63	80	160	250
Additional specifications				
Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] 4)	300	440	740	1480
Max. cable size (line power, motor, brake) [mm²]/(AWG) 2)	[10]/(7)	[35]/(2)	[50]/(1/0)	[120]/(4/0)
Weight enclosure IP21 (lb [kg])	50.71 [23]	59.53 [27]	99.21 [45]	143.3 [65]
Weight enclosure IP55 (lb [kg])	50.71 [23]	59.53 [27]	99.21 [45]	143.3 [65]
Weight enclosure IP66 (lb [kg])	50.71 [23]	59.53 [27]	99.21 [45]	143.3 [65]
Efficiency ³⁾	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96

Table 10.4 Line Power Supply 1 x 380 V AC - Normal Overload 110% for 1 Minute



10.1.4 Line Power Supply 3 x 380–480 V AC

Line Power Supply 3 x 380–480 V AC - Normal over	erload 1109	% for 1 n	ninute							
Adjustable frequency drive	PK37	PK55	PK75	P1K1	P1K5	P2K2	Р3К0	P4K0	P5K5	P7K5
Typical Shaft Output [kW]	0.37	0.55	0.75	1.1	1.5	2.2	3	4	5.5	7.5
Typical Shaft Output [HP] at 460 V	0.5	0.75	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.9	4.0	5.3	7.5	10
IP20/NEMA Chassis	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A3	А3
IP21/NEMA 1										
IP55/NEMA 12	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5
IP66	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	AA	A5
Output current	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Continuous (3 x 380–440 V) [A]	1.3	1.8	2.4	3	4.1	5.6	7.2	10	13	16
Intermittent (3 x 380-440 V) [A]	1.43	1.98	2.64	3.3	4.5	6.2	7.9	11	14.3	17.6
Continuous (3 x 441–480 V) [A]	1.2	1.6	2.1	2.7	3.4	4.8	6.3	8.2	11	14.5
Intermittent (3 x 441–480 V) [A]	1.32	1.76	2.31	3.0	3.7	5.3	6.9	9.0	12.1	15.4
Continuous kVA (400 V AC) [kVA]	0.9	1.3	1.7	2.1	2.8	3.9	5.0	6.9	9.0	11.0
Continuous kVA (460 V AC) [kVA]	0.9	1.3	1.7	2.4	2.7	3.8	5.0	6.5	8.8	11.6
Max. input current										
Continuous (3 x 380–440 V) [A]	1.2	1.6	2.2	2.7	3.7	5.0	6.5	9.0	11.7	14.4
Intermittent (3 x 380-440 V) [A]	1.32	1.76	2.42	3.0	4.1	5.5	7.2	9.9	12.9	15.8
Continuous (3 x 441–480 V) [A]	1.0	1.4	1.9	2.7	3.1	4.3	5.7	7.4	9.9	13.0
Intermittent (3 x 441–480 V) [A]	1.1	1.54	2.09	3.0	3.4	4.7	6.3	8.1	10.9	14.3
Max. pre-fuses ¹⁾ [A]	10	10	10	10	10	20	20	20	30	30
Additional specifications										
Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] 4)	35	42	46	58	62	88	116	124	187	255
Max. cable size (line power, motor, brake)					[4]/	(10)		•		
[mm ²]/(AWG) ²⁾					[4]/	(10)				
Weight enclosure IP20 (lb [kg])	10.36	10.36	10.58	10.58	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	14.55	14.55
	[4.7]	[4.7]	[4.8]	[4.8]	[4.9]	[4.9]	[4.9]	[4.9]	[6.6]	[6.6]
Weight enclosure IP21 (lb [kg])										
Weight enclosure IP55 (lb [kg])	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76	31.31	31.31
	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[14.2]	[14.2]
Weight enclosure IP66 (lb [kg])	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76	29.76	31.31	31.31
	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[13.5]	[14.2]	[14.2]
Efficiency ³⁾	0.93	0.95	0.96	0.96	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97

Table 10.5 Line Power Supply 3 x 380–480 V AC - Normal Overload 110% for 1 Minute

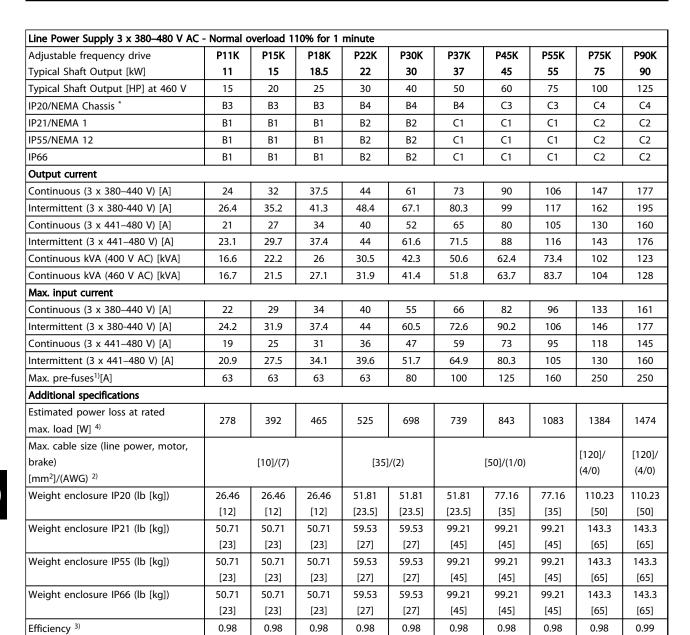


Table 10.6 Line Power Supply 3 x 380-480 V AC - Normal Overload 110% for 1 Minute

^{*} B3+B4 and C3+C4 may be converted to IP21 using a conversion kit (contact Danfoss)



10.1.5 Line Power Supply 3 x 525-600 V AC

Normal overload 110% for 1 minute									
Adjustable frequency drive	PK75	P1K1	P1K5	P2K2	РЗКО	P4K0	P5K5	P7K5	P11K
Typical Shaft Output [kW]	0.75	1.1	1.5	2.2	3	4	5.5	7.5	11
IP20/NEMA Chassis	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A3	А3	В3
IP21/NEMA 1	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A3	А3	B1
IP55/NEMA 12	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	B1
IP66	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	B1
Output current									
Continuous (3 x 525-550 V) [A]	1.8	2.6	2.9	4.1	5.2	6.4	9.5	11.5	19
Intermittent (3 x 525–550 V) [A]		2.9	3.2	4.5	5.7	7.0	10.5	12.7	21
Continuous (3 x 525-600 V) [A]	1.7	2.4	2.7	3.9	4.9	6.1	9.0	11.0	18
Intermittent (3 x 525–600 V) [A]		2.6	3.0	4.3	5.4	6.7	9.9	12.1	20
Continuous kVA (525 V AC) [kVA]	1.7	2.5	2.8	3.9	5.0	6.1	9.0	11.0	18.1
Continuous kVA (575 V AC) [kVA]	1.7	2.4	2.7	3.9	4.9	6.1	9.0	11.0	17.9
Max. input current									
Continuous (3 x 525-600 V) [A]	1.7	2.4	2.7	4.1	5.2	5.8	8.6	10.4	17.2
Intermittent (3 x 525–600 V) [A]		2.7	3.0	4.5	5.7	6.4	9.5	11.5	19
Max. pre-fuses ¹⁾ [A]	10	10	10	20	20	20	32	32	40
Additional specifications	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] 4)	35	50	65	92	122	145	195	261	225
Max. cable size (line power, motor, brake)	Vlax. cable size (line power, motor, brake)						•	[4.6].((6)	
[mm ²]/(AWG) ²⁾		[0.2–4]/(24–10)						[16]/(6)	
Weight enclosure IP20 (lb [kg])	14.33	14.33	14.33	14.33	14.33	14.33	14.55	14.55	26.46
	[6.5]	[6.5]	[6.5]	[6.5]	[6.5]	[6.5]	[6.6]	[6.6]	[12]
Efficiency ⁴⁾	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.98

Table 10.7 Line Power Supply 3 x 525-600 V AC

Values are based on a typical motor efficiency (eff2/eff3 border line). Lower efficiency motors will also add to the power loss in the adjustable frequency drive and vice versa.

If the switching frequency is raised from nominal, the power losses may rise significantly.

LCP and typical control card power consumption values are included. Further options and customer load may add up to 30 Watts to the losses. (Though typically only 4 W extra for a fully loaded control card or options for slot A or slot B, each).

Although measurements are made with state-of-the-art equipment, some measurement inaccuracy must be allowed for (± 5%).

¹⁾ For type of fuse, see 10.3.2 Fuse Tables

²⁾ American Wire Gauge

 $^{^{3)}}$ Measured using 16 ft [5 m] shielded motor cables at rated load and rated frequency

 $^{^{4)}}$ The typical power loss is at normal load conditions and expected to be within \pm 15% (tolerance relates to variety in voltage and cable conditions).

⁵⁾ Motor and line cable: 300 MCM/150 mm²

Specifications



Normal overload 110% for 1 minute									
Adjustable frequency drive	P15K	P18K	P22K	P30K	P37K	P45K	P55K	P75K	P90K
Typical Shaft Output [kW]	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90
IP20/NEMA Chassis	В3	В3	B4	B4	B4	C3	C3	C4	C4
IP21/NEMA 1	B1	B1	B2	B2	B2	C1	C1	C2	C2
IP55/NEMA 12	B1	B1	B2	B2	B2	C1	C1	C2	C2
IP66	B1	B1	B2	B2	B2	C1	C1	C2	C2
Output current									
Continuous (3 x 525–550 V) [A]	23	28	36	43	54	65	87	105	137
Intermittent (3 x 525–550 V) [A]	25	31	40	47	59	72	96	116	151
Continuous (3 x 525–600 V) [A]	22	27	34	41	52	62	83	100	131
Intermittent (3 x 525–600 V) [A]	24	30	37	45	57	68	91	110	144
Continuous kVA (525 V AC) [kVA]	21.9	26.7	34.3	41	51.4	61.9	82.9	100	130.5
Continuous kVA (575 V AC) [kVA]	21.9	26.9	33.9	40.8	51.8	61.7	82.7	99.6	130.5
Max. input current									
Continuous (3 x 525–600 V) [A]	20.9	25.4	32.7	39	49	59	78.9	95.3	124.3
Intermittent (3 x 525–600 V) [A]	23	28	36	43	54	65	87	105	137
Max. pre-fuses ¹⁾ [A]	40	50	60	80	100	150	160	225	250
Additional specifications		•							
Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] 4)	285	329	460	560	740	860	890	1020	1130
Max. cable size (line power, motor, brake)				[25]/(2)	•	[50]	1//1)	[O. 5]:	1 ((2 (0)
[mm ²]/(AWG) ²⁾			[35]/(2)		[50]/(1)		[95 ⁵⁾]/(3/0)		
Weight enclosure IP20 (lb [kg])	26.46	26.46	51.81	51.81	51.81	77.16	77.16	110.23	110.23
	[12]	[12]	[23.5]	[23.5]	[23.5]	[35]	[35]	[50]	[50]
Efficiency 4)	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98

Table 10.8 Line Power Supply 3 x 525-600 V AC

Values are based on a typical motor efficiency (eff2/eff3 border line). Lower efficiency motors will also add to the power loss in the adjustable frequency drive and vice versa.

If the switching frequency is raised from nominal, the power losses may rise significantly.

LCP and typical control card power consumption values are included. Further options and customer load may add up to 30 Watts to the losses. (Though typically only 4 W extra for a fully loaded control card or options for slot A or slot B, each).

Although measurements are made with state-of-the-art equipment, some measurement inaccuracy must be allowed for $(\pm 5\%)$.

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¹⁾ For type of fuse, see 10.3.2 Fuse Tables

²⁾ American Wire Gauge

 $^{^{3)}}$ Measured using 16 ft [5 m] shielded motor cables at rated load and rated frequency

 $^{^{4)}}$ The typical power loss is at normal load conditions and expected to be within \pm 15% (tolerance relates to variety in voltage and cable conditions).

⁵⁾ Motor and line cable: 300 MCM/150 mm²



10.1.6 Line Power Supply 3 x 525–690 V AC

Line Power Supply 3 x 525–690 V AC							
Adjustable Frequency Drive	P1K1	P1K5	P2K2	P3K0	P4K0	P5K5	P7K5
Typical Shaft Output [kW]	1.1	1.5	2.2	3	4	5.5	7.5
Enclosure IP20 (only)	A3	A3	А3	A3	A3	A3	А3
Output current High overload 110% for 1 min							
Continuous (3x525-550 V) [A]	2.1	2.7	3.9	4.9	6.1	9	11
Intermittent (3x525–550 V) [A]	2.3	3.0	4.3	5.4	6.7	9.9	12.1
Continuous kVA (3x551-690 V) [A]	1.6	2.2	3.2	4.5	5.5	7.5	10
Intermittent kVA (3x551–690 V) [A]	1.8	2.4	3.5	4.9	6.0	8.2	11
Continuous kVA 525 V AC	1.9	2.6	3.8	5.4	6.6	9	12
Continuous kVA 690 V AC	1.9	2.6	3.8	5.4	6.6	9	12
Max. input current		•			•	•	
Continuous (3x525-550 V) [A]	1.9	2.4	3.5	4.4	5.5	8	10
Intermittent (3x525–550 V) [A]	2.1	2.6	3.8	8.4	6.0	8.8	11
Continuous kVA (3x551-690 V) [A]	1.4	2.0	2.9	4.0	4.9	6.7	9
Intermittent kVA (3x551–690 V) [A]	1.5	2.2	3.2	4.4	5.4	7.4	9.9
Additional specifications							
IP20 max. cable cross-section ⁵⁾ (line power,				0.2 41//24 10	`		
motor, brake and load sharing) [mm ²]/(AWG)	[0.2–4]/(24–10)						
Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] 4)	44	60	88	120	160	220	300
Weight, enclosure IP20 (lbs [kg])	14.55 [6.6]	14.55 [6.6]	14.55 [6.6]	14.55 [6.6]	14.55 [6.6]	14.55 [6.6]	14.55 [6.6]
Efficiency 4)	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96

Table 10.9 Line Power Supply 3 x 525–690 V AC IP20

10



Normal overload 110% for 1	minute									
Adjustable frequency drive	P11K	P15K	P18K	P22K	P30K	P37K	P45K	P55K	P75K	P90K
Typical Shaft Output [kW]	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90
Typical Shaft Output [HP] at	10	16.4	20.1	24	33	40	50	60	75	100
575 V										
IP21/NEMA 1	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2
IP55/NEMA 12	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2
Output current										
Continuous (3 x 525-550 V)	14	19	23	28	36	43	54	65	87	105
[A]										
Intermittent (3 x 525–550 V)	15.4	20.9	25.3	30.8	39.6	47.3	59.4	71.5	95.7	115.5
[A]										
Continuous (3 x 551-690 V)	13	18	22	27	34	41	52	62	83	100
[A]										
Intermittent (3 x 551–690 V)	14.3	19.8	24.2	29.7	37.4	45.1	57.2	68.2	91.3	110
[A]										
Continuous kVA (550 V AC)	12.2	10.1	21.0	26.7	242	41	51.4	61.0	02.0	100
[kVA]	13.3	18.1	21.9	26.7	34.3	41	51.4	61.9	82.9	100
Continuous kVA (575 V AC)	12.0	17.0	21.0	26.0	22.0	40.0	51.0	61.7	02.7	00.6
[kVA]	12.9	17.9	21.9	26.9	33.8	40.8	51.8	61.7	82.7	99.6
Continuous kVA (690 V AC)	15.5	21.5	26.2	22.2	40.6	40	62.1	741	00.2	110.5
[kVA]	15.5	21.5	26.3	32.3	40.6	49	62.1	74.1	99.2	119.5
Max. input current		•								
Continuous (3 x 525-690 V)	15	19.5	24	29	36	49	59	71	87	99
[A]										
Intermittent (3 x 525–690 V)	16.5	21.5	26.4	31.9	39.6	53.9	64.9	78.1	95.7	108.9
[A]										
Max. pre-fuses ¹⁾ [A]	63	63	63	63	80	100	125	160	160	160
Additional specifications		•	•			•	•	•	•	
Estimated power loss at	201	205	225	275	420	502	720	000	1200	1.440
rated max. load [W] 4)	201	285	335	375	430	592	720	880	1200	1440
Max. cable size (line power,		•	•			•	•	•	•	•
motor, brake) [mm ²]/(AWG)		[35]/(1/0)					[95]/	(4/0)		
2)										
Weight IP21 (lbs [kg])	59.53 [27]	59.53 [27]	59.53 [27]	59.53 [27]	59.53	143.3	143.3	143.3	143.3	143.3
- 3					[27]	[65]	[65]	[65]	[65]	[65]
Weight IP55 (lbs [kg])	59.53 [27]	59.53 [27]	59.53 [27]	59.53 [27]	59.53	143.3	143.3	143.3	143.3	143.3
					[27]	[65]	[65]	[65]	[65]	[65]
Efficiency ⁴⁾	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98

Table 10.10 Line Power Supply 3 x 525-690 V AC IP21-IP55/NEMA 1-NEMA 12



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Normal overload 110% for 1 minute				
Adjustable frequency drive	P45K	P55K		
Typical Shaft Output [kW]	45	55		
Typical Shaft Output [HP] at 575 V	60	75		
IP20/Chassis	C3	C3		
Output current				
Continuous (3 x 525–550 V) [A]	54	65		
Intermittent (3 x 525–550 V) [A]	59.4	71.5		
Continuous (3 x 551–690 V) [A]	52	62		
Intermittent (3 x 551–690 V) [A]	57.2	68.2		
Continuous kVA (550 V AC) [kVA]	51.4	62		
Continuous kVA (575 V AC) [kVA]	62.2	74.1		
Continuous kVA (690 V AC) [kVA]	62.2	74.1		
Max. input current				
Continuous (3 x 525–550 V) [A]	52	63		
Intermittent (3 x 525–550 V) [A]	57.2	69.3		
Continuous (3 x 551–690 V) [A]	50	60		
Intermittent (3 x 551–690 V) [A]	55	66		
Max. pre-fuses ¹⁾ [A]	100	125		
Additional specifications				
Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] 4)	592	720		
Max. cable size (line power, motor, brake) [mm2]/(AWG) ²⁾	50	50 (1)		
Weight IP20 (lbs [kg])	77.16 [35]	77.16 [35]		
Efficiency ⁴⁾	0.98	0.98		

Table 10.11 Line Power Supply 3 x 525-690 V IP20

Values are based on a typical motor efficiency (eff2/eff3 border line). Lower efficiency motors will also add to the power loss in the adjustable frequency drive and vice versa.

If the switching frequency is raised from nominal, the power losses may rise significantly.

LCP and typical control card power consumption values are included. Further options and customer load may add up to 30 W to the losses. (Though typically only 4 W extra for a fully loaded control card or options for slot A or slot B, each).

Although measurements are made with state of the art equipment, some measurement inaccuracy must be allowed for (±5%).

¹⁾ For type of fuse, see 10.3.2 Fuse Tables

²⁾ American Wire Gauge

³⁾ Measured using 16 ft [5 m] shielded motor cables at rated load and rated frequency

⁴⁾ The typical power loss is at normal load conditions and expected to be within $\pm 15\%$ (tolerance relates to variety in voltage and cable conditions).

⁵⁾ Motor and line cable: 300 MCM/150 mm²



10.2 General Technical Data

Protection and Features

- Electronic thermal motor protection against overload.
- Temperature monitoring of the heatsink ensures that the adjustable frequency drive trips if the temperature reaches 203 °F \pm 10 °F[95 °C \pm 5 °C]. An overload temperature cannot be reset until the temperature of the heatsink is below 158 °F \pm 10 °F [70 °C \pm 5 °C] (Guideline these temperatures may vary for different power sizes, enclosures etc.). VLT® AQUA Drive has an auto derating function to avoid its heatsink reaching 203 °F [95 °C].
- The frequency converter is protected against short circuits on motor terminals U, V, W.
- If a line phase is missing, the adjustable frequency drive trips or issues a warning (depending on the load).
- Monitoring of the intermediate circuit voltage ensures that the adjustable frequency drive trips if the intermediate circuit voltage is too low or too high.
- The adjustable frequency drive is protected against ground faults on motor terminals U, V, W.

Line	power	supp	ly ((L1,	L2,	L3)	١
------	-------	------	------	------	-----	-----	---

Supply voltage	200-240 V ±10%
Supply voltage	380-480 V ±10%
Supply voltage	525-600 V ±10%
Supply voltage	525-690 V ±10%

AC line voltage low/line drop-out:

During low AC line voltage or a line drop-out, the adjustable frequency drive continues until the intermediate circuit voltage drops below the minimum stop level, which corresponds typically to 15% below the adjustable frequency drive's lowest rated supply voltage. Power-up and full torque cannot be expected at AC line voltage lower than 10% below the adjustable frequency drive's lowest rated supply voltage.

Supply frequency 50/60 Hz +4/-6%

The adjustable frequency drive power supply is tested in accordance with IEC61000-4-28, 50 Hz +4/-6%.

Max. temporary imbalance between line phases	3.0% of rated supply voltage
True Power Factor (λ)	≥ 0.9 nominal at rated load
Displacement Power Factor (cosφ) near unity	(> 0.98)
Switching on input supply L1, L2, L3 (power-ups) ≤ enclosure type A	maximum 2 times/min.
Switching on input supply L1, L2, L3 (power-ups) ≥ enclosure type B, C	maximum 1 time/min.
Switching on input supply L1, L2, L3 (power-ups) ≥ enclosure type D, E, F	maximum 1 time/2 min.
Environment according to EN60664-1	overvoltage category III/pollution degree 2

The unit is suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100,000 RMS symmetrical Amperes, 240/480/600/690 V maximum.

Motor output (U, V, W)

Output voltage	0–100% of supply voltage
Output frequency	0–590 Hz*
Switching on output	Unlimited
Ramp times	1–3600 s

^{*} Dependent on power size.

Torque characteristics

To the characteristics	
Starting torque (Constant torque)	maximum 110% for 1 min.*
Starting torque	maximum 135% up to 0.5 s*
Overload torque (Constant torque)	maximum 110% for 1 min.*

^{*}Percentage relates to VLT AQUA Drive's nominal torque.



Common for terminals 68 and 69

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Max. motor cable length, shielded/armored	500 ft [150 m]
Max. motor cable length, unshielded/unarmored	1000 ft [300 m]
Max. cross-section to motor, line power, load sharing and brake *	
Maximum cross-section to control terminals, rigid wire	1.5 mm²/16 AWG (2 x 0.75 mm²)
Maximum cross-section to control terminals, flexible cable	0.0016 in² [1 mm²]/18 AWG
Maximum cross-section to control terminals, cable with enclosed core	0.5 mm²/20 AWG
Minimum cross-section to control terminals	0.00039 in² [0.25 mm²]
* See Line Power Supply tables for more information!	
Control card, RS-485 serial communication	
Terminal number	68 (P,TX+, RX+), 69 (N,TX-, RX-)

The RS-485 serial communication circuit is functionally seated from other central circuits and galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV).

Analog inputs

Terminal number 61

Analog inputs	
Number of analog inputs	2
Terminal number	53, 54
Modes	Voltage or current
Mode select	Switch S201 and switch S202
Voltage mode	Switch S201/switch S202 = OFF (U)
Voltage level	0 to +10 V (scaleable)
Input resistance, Ri	approx. 10 kΩ
Max. voltage	±20 V
Current mode	Switch S201/switch S202 = ON (I)
Current level	0/4 to 20 mA (scaleable)
Input resistance, R _i	approx. 200 Ω
Max. current	30 mA
Resolution for analog inputs	10 bit (+ sign)
Accuracy of analog inputs	Max. error 0.5% of full scale
Bandwidth	200 Hz

The analog inputs are galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

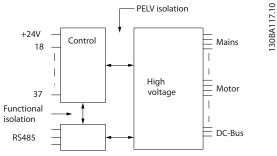


Figure 10.1 PELV Isolation of Analog Inputs

Analog output

Analog output	
Number of programmable analog outputs	1
Terminal number	42
Current range at analog output	0/4–20 mA
Max. resistor load to common at analog output	500 Ω
Accuracy on analog output	Max. error: 0.8% of full scale
Resolution on analog output	8 bit

The analog output is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.



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Digital inputs	
Programmable digital inputs	4 (6)
Terminal number	18, 19, 27 ¹⁾ , 29 ¹⁾ , 32, 33,
Logic	PNP or NPN
Voltage level	0-24 V DC
Voltage level, logic'0' PNP	<5 V DC
Voltage level, logic'1' PNP	>10 V DC
Voltage level, logic '0' NPN	>19 V DC
Voltage level, logic '1' NPN	<14 V DC
Maximum voltage on input	28 V DC
Input resistance, R _i	approx. 4 kΩ

All digital inputs are galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

¹⁾ Terminals 27 and 29 can also be programmed as output.

Digital output	
Programmable digital/pulse outputs	2
Terminal number	27, 29 ¹⁾
Voltage level at digital/frequency output	0-24 V
Max. output current (sink or source)	40 mA
Max. load at frequency output	1 kΩ
Max. capacitive load at frequency output	10 nF
Minimum output frequency at frequency output	0 Hz

Maximum output frequency at frequency output32 kHzAccuracy of frequency outputMax. error: 0.1% of full scaleResolution of frequency outputs12 bit

1) Terminal 27 and 29 can also be programmed as input.

The digital output is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

Pulse inputs

Programmable pulse inputs	2	
Terminal number pulse	29, 33	
Max. frequency at terminal, 29, 33	110 kHz (push-pull driven)	
Max. frequency at terminal, 29, 33	5 kHz (open collector)	
Min. frequency at terminal 29, 33	4 Hz	
Voltage level	see 10.2.1	
Maximum voltage on input	28 V DC	
Input resistance, R _i	approx. 4 kΩ	
Pulse input accuracy (0.1–1 kHz)	Max. error: 0.1% of full scale	
Control card, 24 V DC output		
Terminal number	12, 13	
Max. load	200 mA	

The 24 V DC supply is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV), but has the same potential as the analog and digital inputs and outputs.

Relay outputs

Programmable relay outputs	2
Relay 01 Terminal number	1-3 (break), 1-2 (make)
Max. terminal load (AC-1) ¹⁾ on 1-3 (NC), 1-2 (NO) (Resistive load)	240 V AC, 2 A
Max. terminal load (AC-15) ¹⁾ (Inductive load @ cosφ 0.4)	240 V AC, 0.2 A
Max. terminal load (DC-1) ¹⁾ on 1-2 (NO), 1-3 (NC) (Resistive load)	60 V DC, 1 A
Max. terminal load (DC-13) ¹⁾ (Inductive load)	24 V DC, 0.1 A
Relay 02 Terminal number	4-6 (break), 4-5 (make)
Max. terminal load (AC-1) ¹⁾ on 4-5 (NO) (Resistive load) ²⁾³⁾	400 V AC, 2 A



Specifications VLT® AQUA Drive Instruction Manual	
instruction wanted	
Max. terminal load (AC-15) $^{1)}$ on 4-5 (NO) (Inductive load @ $\cos \phi$ 0.4)	240 V AC, 0.2 A
Max. terminal load (DC-1) ¹⁾ on 4-5 (NO) (Resistive load)	80 V DC, 2 A
Max. terminal load (DC-13) ¹⁾ on 4-5 (NO) (Inductive load)	24 V DC, 0.1 A
Max. terminal load (AC-1) ¹⁾ on 4-6 (NC) (Resistive load)	240 V AC, 2 A
Max. terminal load (AC-15) ¹⁾ on 4-6 (NC) (Inductive load @ cosφ 0.4)	240 V AC, 0.2 A
Max. terminal load (DC-1) ¹⁾ on 4-6 (NC) (Resistive load)	50 V DC, 2 A
Max. terminal load (DC-13) ¹⁾ on 4-6 (NC) (Inductive load)	24 V DC, 0.1 A
Min. terminal load on 1-3 (NC), 1-2 (NO), 4-6 (NC), 4-5 (NO)	24 V DC 10 mA, 24 V AC 20 mA
Environment according to EN 60664-1	overvoltage category III/pollution degree 2
1) IEC 60947 parts 4 and 5	
The relay contacts are galvanically isolated from the rest of the circuit b 2) Overvoltage Category II 3) UL applications 300 V AC 2 A	py reinforced isolation (PELV).
Control card, 10 V DC output	
Terminal number	50
Output voltage	10.5 V ±0.5 V
Max. load	25 mA
The 10 V DC supply is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PE	LV) and other high-voltage terminals.
Control characteristics	
Resolution of output frequency at 0–1000 Hz	±0.003 Hz
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33)	
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop)	≤ 2 ms 1:100 of synchronous speed
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop)	1:100 of synchronous speed
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop)	1:100 of synchronous speed
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor	1:100 of synchronous speed
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2 Enclosure type B3/B4	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP20/Chassis
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2 Enclosure type B3/B4	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type 12, IP66
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2 Enclosure type B3/B4 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type C3/C4	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type 12, IP66 IP20/Chassis
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2 Enclosure type B3/B4 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type C3/C4 Enclosure type D1/D2/E1 Enclosure type D3/D4/E2	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type 12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2 Enclosure type B3/B4 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type C3/C4 Enclosure type D1/D2/E1 Enclosure type D3/D4/E2	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type 12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2 Enclosure type B3/B4 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type C3/C4 Enclosure type D1/D2/E1 Enclosure type D3/D4/E2 Enclosure kit available ≤ enclosure type A	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type 12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2 Enclosure type B3/B4 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type C3/C4 Enclosure type D1/D2/E1 Enclosure type D3/D4/E2 Enclosure kit available ≤ enclosure type A Vibration test enclosure D/E/F	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type 12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/TYPE 1/IP4X top 0.035 oz [1.0 g] 0.024 oz [0.7 g]
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2 Enclosure type B3/B4 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type C3/C4 Enclosure type D1/D2/E1 Enclosure type D3/D4/E2 Enclosure kit available ≤ enclosure type A Vibration test enclosure D/E/F	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type 12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/TYPE 1/IP4X top 0.035 oz [1.0 g] 0.024 oz [0.7 g]
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2 Enclosure type B3/B4 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type C3/C4 Enclosure type D1/D2/E1 Enclosure type D3/D4/E2 Enclosure kit available ≤ enclosure type A Vibration test enclosure A/B/C Vibration test enclosure D/E/F Max. relative humidity Signature 18, 29, 32, 33, 33, 31, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type 12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type 12 IP00/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/TYPE 1/IP4X top 0.035 oz [1.0 g] 0.024 oz [0.7 g]
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2 Enclosure type B3/B4 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type C3/C4 Enclosure type D1/D2/E1 Enclosure type D3/D4/E2 Enclosure type D3/D4/E2 Enclosure kit available ≤ enclosure type A Vibration test enclosure A/B/C Vibration test enclosure D/E/F Max. relative humidity S%-95% (IE Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), uncoated	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type 12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/TYPE 1/IP4X top 0.035 oz [1.0 g] 0.024 oz [0.7 g] C 721-3-3; Class 3K3 (non-condensing) during operation class 3C2 class 3C3
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2 Enclosure type B3/B4 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type C3/C4 Enclosure type D1/D2/E1 Enclosure type D3/D4/E2 Enclosure kit available ≤ enclosure type A Vibration test enclosure A/B/C Vibration test enclosure D/E/F Max. relative humidity Symptomic Symptomic (IEC 721-3-3), uncoated Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), coated Test method according to IEC 60068-2-43 H2S (10 days)	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type 12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/TYPE 1/IP4X top 0.035 oz [1.0 g] 0.024 oz [0.7 g] CC 721-3-3; Class 3K3 (non-condensing) during operation class 3C2 class 3C3
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2 Enclosure type B3/B4 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type D1/D2/E1 Enclosure type D3/D4/E2 Enclosure type D3/D4/E2 Enclosure kit available ≤ enclosure type A Vibration test enclosure A/B/C Vibration test enclosure D/E/F Max. relative humidity Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), uncoated Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), coated Test method according to IEC 60068-2-43 H2S (10 days) Ambient temperature	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type 12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/Type 1/IP4X top 0.035 oz [1.0 g] 0.024 oz [0.7 g] C 721-3-3; Class 3K3 (non-condensing) during operation class 3C2 class 3C3
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2 Enclosure type B3/B4 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type C3/C4 Enclosure type D1/D2/E1 Enclosure type D3/D4/E2 Enclosure kit available ≤ enclosure type A Vibration test enclosure A/B/C Vibration test enclosure D/E/F Max. relative humidity 5%-95% (IE Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), uncoated Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), coated Test method according to IEC 60068-2-43 H2S (10 days) Ambient temperature Derating for high ambient temperature, see section on special condition	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type 12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/TYPE 1/IP4X top 0.035 oz [1.0 g] 0.024 oz [0.7 g] C 721-3-3; Class 3K3 (non-condensing) during operation class 3C3 Class 3C3 Max. 122 °F [50 °C]
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2 Enclosure type B3/B4 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type D1/D2/E1 Enclosure type D3/D4/E2 Enclosure kit available ≤ enclosure type A Vibration test enclosure A/B/C Vibration test enclosure D/E/F Max. relative humidity Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), uncoated Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), coated Test method according to IEC 60068-2-43 H2S (10 days) Ambient temperature Derating for high ambient temperature, see section on special condition Minimum ambient temperature during full-scale operation	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type 12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/TYPE 1/IP4X top 0.035 oz [1.0 g] 0.024 oz [0.7 g] 5C 721-3-3; Class 3K3 (non-condensing) during operation class 3C2 class 3C3 Max. 122 °F [50 °C]
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2 Enclosure type B3/B4 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type C3/C4 Enclosure type D1/D2/E1 Enclosure type D3/D4/E2 Enclosure kit available ≤ enclosure type A Vibration test enclosure A/B/C Vibration test enclosure D/E/F Max. relative humidity S9-95% (IE Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), uncoated Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), coated Test method according to IEC 60068-2-43 H2S (10 days) Ambient temperature Derating for high ambient temperature, see section on special condition Minimum ambient temperature at reduced performance	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type 12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/Type 1/IP4X top 0.035 oz [1.0 g] 0.024 oz [0.7 g] 6C 721-3-3; Class 3K3 (non-condensing) during operation class 3C3 Max. 122 °F [50 °C] 14 °F [-10 °C]
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2 Enclosure type B3/B4 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type C3/C4 Enclosure type D1/D2/E1 Enclosure type D3/D4/E2 Enclosure kit available ≤ enclosure type A Vibration test enclosure A/B/C Vibration test enclosure D/E/F Max. relative humidity 5%−95% (IE Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), uncoated Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), coated Test method according to IEC 60068-2-43 H2S (10 days) Ambient temperature Derating for high ambient temperature, see section on special condition Minimum ambient temperature during full-scale operation Minimum ambient temperature at reduced performance Temperature during storage/transport	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type 12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/Type 1/IP4X top 0.035 oz [1.0 g] 0.024 oz [0.7 g] C 721-3-3; Class 3K3 (non-condensing) during operation class 3C3 Max. 122 °F [50 °C] 14 °F [-10 °C] -13 to +149/158 °F [-25 to +65/70 °C]
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2 Enclosure type B3/B4 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type D1/D2/E1 Enclosure type D3/D4/E2 Enclosure kit available ≤ enclosure type A Vibration test enclosure A/B/C Vibration test enclosure D/E/F Max. relative humidity Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), uncoated Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), coated Test method according to IEC 60068-2-43 H2S (10 days) Ambient temperature Derating for high ambient temperature, see section on special condition Minimum ambient temperature during full-scale operation Minimum ambient temperature at reduced performance Temperature during storage/transport Maximum altitude above sea level without derating	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type 12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/TYPE 1/IP4X top 0.035 oz [1.0 g] 0.024 oz [0.7 g] C 721-3-3; Class 3K3 (non-condensing) during operation class 3C2 class 3C3 Max. 122 °F [50 °C] 14 °F [-10 °C] -13 to +149/158 °F [-25 to +65/70 °C] 3300 ft [1000 m]
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2 Enclosure type B3/B4 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type C3/C4 Enclosure type D1/D2/E1 Enclosure type D3/D4/E2 Enclosure kit available ≤ enclosure type A Vibration test enclosure A/B/C Vibration test enclosure D/E/F Max. relative humidity 5%–95% (IE Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), uncoated Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), coated Test method according to IEC 60068-2-43 H2S (10 days) Ambient temperature Derating for high ambient temperature, see section on special condition Minimum ambient temperature during full-scale operation Minimum ambient temperature at reduced performance Temperature during storage/transport Maximum altitude above sea level without derating Maximum altitude above sea level with derating	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type 12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/TYPE 1/IP4X top 0.035 oz [1.0 g] 0.024 oz [0.7 g] 1005 or 1006 or 10
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2 Enclosure type B3/B4 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type D1/D2/E1 Enclosure type D3/D4/E2 Enclosure type D3/D4/E2 Enclosure kit available ≤ enclosure type A Vibration test enclosure A/B/C Vibration test enclosure D/E/F Max. relative humidity 5%−95% (IE Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), uncoated Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), coated Test method according to IEC 60068-2-43 H2S (10 days) Ambient temperature Derating for high ambient temperature, see section on special condition Minimum ambient temperature during full-scale operation Minimum ambient temperature at reduced performance Temperature during storage/transport Maximum altitude above sea level without derating Maximum altitude above sea level with derating Derating for high altitude, see section on special conditions	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type 12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/TYPE 1/IP4X top 0.035 oz [1.0 g] 0.024 oz [0.7 g] 0.024 oz [0.7 g] C 721-3-3; Class 3K3 (non-condensing) during operation class 3C2 class 3C3 Max. 122 °F [50 °C] 14 °F [-10 °C] -13 to +149/158 °F [-25 to +65/70 °C] 3300 ft [1000 m] 10,000 ft [3000 m]
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33) Speed control range (open-loop) Speed accuracy (open-loop) All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asynchronous motor Surroundings Enclosure type A Enclosure type B1/B2 Enclosure type B3/B4 Enclosure type C1/C2 Enclosure type C3/C4 Enclosure type D1/D2/E1 Enclosure type D3/D4/E2 Enclosure kit available ≤ enclosure type A Vibration test enclosure A/B/C Vibration test enclosure D/E/F Max. relative humidity 5%–95% (IE Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), uncoated Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), coated Test method according to IEC 60068-2-43 H2S (10 days) Ambient temperature Derating for high ambient temperature, see section on special condition Minimum ambient temperature during full-scale operation Minimum ambient temperature at reduced performance Temperature during storage/transport Maximum altitude above sea level without derating Maximum altitude above sea level with derating	1:100 of synchronous speed 30-4,000 rpm: Maximum error of ±8 rpm IP20/Chassis, IP21 kit/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP55/Type 12, IP66 IP20/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/Type 1, IP54/Type12 IP00/Chassis IP21/TYPE 1/IP4X top 0.035 oz [1.0 g] 0.024 oz [0.7 g] C 721-3-3; Class 3K3 (non-condensing) during operation class 3C2 class 3C3 Max. 122 °F [50 °C] 14 °F [-10 °C] -13 to +149/158 °F [-25 to +65/70 °C] 3300 ft [1000 m]



Specifications	VLT [®] AQUA Drive Instruction Manual
	EN 61000-4-2, EN 61000-4-3, EN 61000-4-4, EN 61000-4-5, EN 61000-4-6
See section on special conditions	
Control card performance	
Scan interval	5 ms
Control card, USB serial communication	1
USB standard	1.1 (Full speed)

ACAUTION

Connection to PC is carried out via a standard host/device USB cable.

The USB connection is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

The USB connection is <u>not</u> galvanically isolated from ground protection. Only use an isolated laptop/PC as the connection to the USB connector on an VLT AQUA Drive or an isolated USB cable/drive.

10.3 Fuse Specifications

10.3.1 CE Compliance

Fuses or circuit breakers are mandatory to comply with IEC 60364. Danfoss recommend using a selection of the following.

The fuses below are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering 100,000 Arms (symmetrical) with the following voltage

- 240 V
- 480 V
- 600 V
- 690 V

depending on the drive voltage rating. With the proper fusing, the drive Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) is 100,000 Arms.

10.3.2 Fuse Tables

Enclosure	Power (hp [kW])	Recommended fuse size	Recommended Max. fuse	Recommended circuit breaker Moeller	Max trip level [A]
A1	-	gG-10	gG-25	PKZM0-16	16
A2	0.34–3 [0.25–2.2]	gG-10 (0.34–2 [0.25–1.5]) gG-16 (3 [2.2])	gG-25	PKZM0-25	25
A3	4–5 [3.0–3.7]	gG-16 (4 [3]) gG-20 (5 [3.7])	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
A4	0.34–3 [0.25–2.2]	gG-10 (0.34–2 [0.25–1.5]) gG-16 (3 [2.2])	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
A5	0.34–5 [0.25–3.7]	gG-10 (0.34–2 [0.25–1.5]) gG-16 (3–4 [2.2–3]) gG-20 (5 [3.7])	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
B1	7.5–15 [5.5–11]	gG-25 (7.5 [5.5]) gG-32 (10 [7.5])	gG-80	PKZM4-63	63
B2	20 [15]	gG-50	gG-100	NZMB1-A100	100
В3	7.5–15 [5.5–11]	gG-25	gG-63	PKZM4-50	50
B4	20–25 [15–18]	gG-32 (10 [7.5]) gG-50 (15 [11]) gG-63 (20 [15])	gG-125	NZMB1-A100	100
C1	25–40 [18.5–30]	gG-63 (20 [15]) gG-80 (25 [18.5]) gG-100 (30 [22])	gG-160 (20–25 [15–18.5)] aR-160 (30 [22])	NZMB2-A200	160
C2	50-60 [37-45]	aR-160 (40 [30]) aR-200 (50 [37])	aR-200 (40 [30]) aR-250 (50 [37])	NZMB2-A250	250
C3	30-40 [22-30]	gG-80 (25 [18.5]) aR-125 (30 [22])	gG-150 (25 [18.5]) aR-160 (30 [22])	NZMB2-A200	150
C4	50-60 [37-45]	aR-160 (40 [30]) aR-200 (50 [37])	aR-200 (40 [30]) aR-250 (50 [37])	NZMB2-A250	250

Table 10.12 200-240 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C

Specifications

VLT® AQUA Drive Instruction Manual

Enclosure	Power (hp [kW])	Recommended	Recommended	Recommended circuit	Max trip level [A]
		fuse size	Max. fuse	breaker	
				Moeller	
A1	-	gG-10	gG-25	PKZM0-16	16
A2	1.5–5 [1.1–4.0]	gG-10 (0.5-4 [0.37-3])	gG-25	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-16 (5 [4])			
A3	7.5–10 [5.5–7.5]	gG-16	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
A4	1.5-5 [1.1-4.0]	gG-10 (0.5-4 [0.37-3])	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-16 (5 [4])			
A5	1.5–10 [1.1–7.5]	gG-10 (0.5-4 [0.37-3])	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-16 (5-10 [4-7.5])			
B1	15–25 [11–18.5]	gG-40	gG-80	PKZM4-63	63
B2	30-40 [22-30]	gG-50 (25 [18.5])	gG-100	NZMB1-A100	100
		gG-63 (30 [22])			
В3	15–25 [11–18]	gG-40	gG-63	PKZM4-50	50
B4	30–50 [22–37]	gG-50 (25 [18.5])	gG-125	NZMB1-A100	100
		gG-63 (30 [22])			
		gG-80 (40 [30])			
C1	50–75 [37–55]	gG-80 (40 [30])	gG-160	NZMB2-A200	160
		gG-100 (50 [37])			
		gG-160 (60 [45])			
C2	100–125 [75–90]	aR-200 (75 [55])	aR-250	NZMB2-A250	250
		aR-250 (100 [75])			
C3	60-75 [45-55]	gG-100 (50 [37])	gG-150 (50 [37])	NZMB2-A200	150
		gG-160 (60 [45])	gG-160 (60 [45])		
C4	100–125 [75–90]	aR-200 (75 [55])	aR-250	NZMB2-A250	250
		aR-250 (100 [75])			

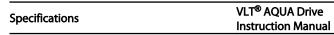
Table 10.13 380–480 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C



Specifications VLT® AQUA Drive Instruction Manual

Enclosure	Power (hp [kW])	Recommended	Recommended	Recommended circuit	Max trip level [A]
		fuse size	Max. fuse	breaker	
				Moeller	
A2	1.5–5 [1.1–4.0]	gG-10	gG-25	PKZM0-25	25
A3	7.5–10 [5.5–7.5]	gG-10 (75 [5.5])	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-16 (100 [7.5])			
A5	1.5–10 [1.1–7.5]	gG-10 (1–7.5 [0.75–5.5])	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-16 (10 [7.5])			
B1	15–25 [11–18]	gG-25 (15 [11])	gG-80	PKZM4-63	63
		gG-32 (20 [15])			
		gG-40 (25 [18.5])			
B2	30-40 [22-30]	gG-50 (30 [22])	gG-100	NZMB1-A100	100
		gG-63 (40 [30])			
В3	15–25 [11–18.5]	gG-25 (15 [11[)	gG-63	PKZM4-50	50
		gG-32 (20 [15])			
B4	30–50 [22–37]	gG-40 (25 [18.5])	gG-125	NZMB1-A100	100
		gG-50 (30 [22])			
		gG-63 (40 [30])			
C1	50–75 [37–55]	gG-63 (50 [37])	gG-160 (50–60 [37–45])	NZMB2-A200	160
		gG-100 (60 [45])	aR-250 (75 [55])		
		aR-160 (75 [55])			
C2	100–125 [75–90]	aR-200 (100 [75])	aR-250	NZMB2-A250	250
C3	60-75 [45-55]	gG-63 (50 [37])	gG-150	NZMB2-A200	150
		gG-100 (60 [45])			
C4	100–125 [75–90]	aR-160 (75 [55])	aR-250	NZMB2-A250	250
		aR-200 (100 [75])			

Table 10.14 525-600 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C



Enclosure	Power (hp [kW])	Recommended fuse size	Recommended max. fuse	Recommended circuit	Max trip level[A]
				breaker	
				Danfoss	
	1.5 [1.1]	gG-6	gG-25	CTI25M 10-16	16
	2 [1.5]	gG-6	gG-25	CTI25M 10-16	16
	3 [2.2]	gG-6	gG-25	CTI25M 10-16	16
А3	4 [3]	gG-10	gG-25	CTI25M 10-16	16
	5 [4]	gG-10	gG-25	CTI25M 10-16	16
	7.5 [5.5]	gG-16	gG-25	CTI25M 10-16	16
	10 [7.5]	gG-16	gG-25	CTI25M 10-16	16
	15 [11]	gG-25	gG-63		
B2	20 [15]	gG-25	gG-63		
D2	25 [18]	gG-32			
	30 [22]	gG-32			
	40 [30]	gG-40			
	50 [37]	gG-63	gG-80		
C2	60 [45]	gG-63	gG-100		
	75 [55]	gG-80	gG-125		
	100 [75]	gG-100	gG-160		
C3	50 [37]	gG-100	gG-125		
C3	60 [45]	gG-125	gG-160		
	50 [37]	gG-125	gG-125		
D	60 [45]	gG-160	gG-160	_	
	75–100 [55–75]	gG-200	gG-200		
	125 [90]	aR-250	aR-250		

Table 10.15 525-690 V, Frame Sizes A, C and D (non-UL fuses)

10.3.3 UL Compliance

Fuses or circuit breakers are mandatory to comply with UL for NEC 2009. We recommend using a selection of the following.

The fuses below are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering 100,000 Arms (symmetrical) with the following voltage

- 240 V
- 480 V
- 600 V
- 690 V

depending on the drive voltage rating. With the proper fusing, the drive Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) is 100,000 Arms.

					Re	ecomme	nded m	ax. fuse					
Power (hp [kW])	Max. prefuse size [A]	Buss- mann	SIBA RK1	Littel fuse	Ferraz- Shawmut	Ferraz- Shawmut	Ferraz- Shawmut						
(116 [1(11)	312C p q	JFHR2	RK1	J	T	cc	cc	CC	1411	RK1	CC	RK1	J
		FWX-1	KTN-			FNQ-	KTK-	LP-	501790	KLN-			
1.5 [1.1]	15	5	R15	JKS-15	JJN-15	R-15	R-15	CC-15	6-016	R15	ATM-R15	A2K-15R	HSJ15
		FWX-2	KTN-			FNQ-	KTK-	LP-	501790	KLN-			
2 [1.5]	20	0	R20	JKS-20	JJN-20	R-20	R-20	CC-20	6-020	R20	ATM-R20	A2K-20R	HSJ20
		FWX-3	KTN-			FNQ-	KTK-	LP-	501240	KLN-			
3 [2.2]	30*	0	R30	JKS-30	JJN-30	R-30	R-30	CC-30	6-032	R30	ATM-R30	A2K-30R	HSJ30
		FWX-3	KTN-							KLN-			
4 [3.0]	35	5	R35	JKS-35	JJN-35					R35		A2K-35R	HSJ35
		FWX-5	KTN-						501400	KLN-			
5 [3.7]	50	0	R50	JKS-50	JJN-50				6-050	R50		A2K-50R	HSJ50
		FWX-6	KTN-						501400	KLN-			
7.5 [5.5]	60**	0	R60	JKS-60	JJN-60				6-063	R60		A2K-60R	HSJ60
		FWX-8	KTN-						501400	KLN-			
10 [7.5]	80	0	R80	JKS-80	JJN-80				6-080	R80		A2K-80R	HSJ80
		FWX-1	KTN-	JKS-15	JJN-15				202822	KLN-			
20 [15]	150	50	R150	0	0				0-150	R150		A2K-150R	HSJ150
		FWX-2	KTN-	JKS-20	JJN-20				202822	KLN-			
30 [22]	200	00	R200	0	0				0-200	R200		A2K-200R	HSJ200

Table 10.16 1 x 200-240 V

^{*} Siba allowed up to 32 A

^{**} Siba allowed up to 63 A

	Recommended max. fuse												
Power	Max. prefuse	Buss-	Buss-	Buss-	Buss-	Buss-	Buss-	Buss-	SIBA	Littel	Ferraz-	Ferraz-	Ferraz-
(hp [kW])	size [A]	mann	mann	mann	mann	mann	mann	mann	RK1	fuse	Shawmut	Shawmut	Shawmut
		JFHR2	RK1	J	T	cc	CC	CC		RK1	CC	RK1	J
		FWH-6	KTS-						501400	KLS-			
10 [7.5]	60	0	R60	JKS-60	JJS-60				6-063	R60	-	A6K-60R	HSJ60
		FWH-8	KTS-						202822	KLS-			
15 [11]	80	0	R80	JKS-80	JJS-80				0-100	R80	-	A6K-80R	HSJ80
		FWH-1	KTS-	JKS-15	JJS-15				202822	KLS-			
30 [22]	150	50	R150	0	0				0-160	R150	-	A6K-150R	HSJ150
		FWH-2	KTS-	JKS-20	JJS-20				202822	KLS-20			
50 [37]	200	00	R200	0	0				0-200	0		A6K-200R	HSJ200

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Table 10.17 1 x 380-500 V

KTS fuses from Bussmann may substitute KTN for 240 V adjustable frequency drives FWH fuses from Bussmann may substitute FWX for 240 V adjustable frequency drives JJS fuses from Bussmann may substitute JJN for 240 V adjustable frequency drives KLSR fuses from LITTLE FUSES may substitute KLNR fuses for 240 V adjustable frequency drives A6KR fuses from FERRAZ SHAWMUT may substitute A2KR for 240 V adjustable frequency drives

			Recommended max. 1	fuse		
Power (hp	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann
[kW])	Type RK1 1)	Type J	Type T	Type CC		Type CC
0.34-0.5	KTN-R-05	JKS-05	JJN-05	FNQ-R-5	KTK-R-5	LP-CC-5
[0.25-0.37]						
0.75–1.5	KTN-R-10	JKS-10	JJN-10	FNQ-R-10	KTK-R-10	LP-CC-10
[0.55–1.1]						
2 [1.5]	KTN-R-15	JKS-15	JJN-15	FNQ-R-15	KTK-R-15	LP-CC-15
3 [2.2]	KTN-R-20	JKS-20	JJN-20	FNQ-R-20	KTK-R-20	LP-CC-20
4 [3.0]	KTN-R-25	JKS-25	JJN-25	FNQ-R-25	KTK-R-25	LP-CC-25
5 [3.7]	KTN-R-30	JKS-30	JJN-30	FNQ-R-30	KTK-R-30	LP-CC-30
7.5–10	KTN-R-50	KS-50	JJN-50	-	-	-
[5.5–7.5]						
15 [11]	KTN-R-60	JKS-60	JJN-60	-	-	-
20 [15]	KTN-R-80	JKS-80	JJN-80	-	-	-
25-30	KTN-R-125	JKS-125	JJN-125	-	-	-
[18.5–22]						
40 [30]	KTN-R-150	JKS-150	JJN-150	-	-	-
50 [37]	KTN-R-200	JKS-200	JJN-200	-	-	-
60 [45]	KTN-R-250	JKS-250	JJN-250	-	-	-

Table 10.18 3 \times 200–240 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C



VLT® AQUA Drive Instruction Manual

	Recommended max. fuse								
Power (hp	SIBA	Littel fuse	Ferraz-	Ferraz-					
[kW])	Type RK1	Type RK1	Shawmut	Shawmut					
			Type CC	Type RK1 ³⁾					
0.34-0.5	5017906-005	KLN-R-05	ATM-R-05	A2K-05-R					
[0.25–0.37]									
0.75–1.5	5017906-010	KLN-R-10	ATM-R-10	A2K-10-R					
[0.55–1.1]									
2 [1.5]	5017906-016	KLN-R-15	ATM-R-15	A2K-15-R					
3 [2.2]	5017906-020	KLN-R-20	ATM-R-20	A2K-20-R					
4 [3.0]	5017906-025	KLN-R-25	ATM-R-25	A2K-25-R					
5 [3.7]	5012406-032	KLN-R-30	ATM-R-30	A2K-30-R					
7.5–10	5014006-050	KLN-R-50	-	A2K-50-R					
[5.5–7.5]									
15 [11]	5014006-063	KLN-R-60	-	A2K-60-R					
20 [15]	5014006-080	KLN-R-80	-	A2K-80-R					
25-30	2028220-125	KLN-R-125	-	A2K-125-R					
[18.5–22]									
40 [30]	2028220-150	KLN-R-150	-	A2K-150-R					
50 [37]	2028220-200	KLN-R-200	-	A2K-200-R					
60 [45]	2028220-250	KLN-R-250	-	A2K-250-R					

Table 10.19 3 \times 200–240 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C

Specifications

		Recommended max. fuse		
Power (hp [kW])	Bussmann	Littel fuse JFHR2	Ferraz- Shawmut	Ferraz- Shawmut
[KVV])	Type JFHR2 ²⁾	JFFINZ	JFHR2 ⁴⁾	J
0.34-0.5	FWX-5	-	-	HSJ-6
0.75-1.5 [0.55-1.1]	FWX-10	-	-	HSJ-10
2 [1.5]	FWX-15	-	-	HSJ-15
3 [2.2]	FWX-20	-	-	HSJ-20
4 [3.0]	FWX-25	-	-	HSJ-25
5 [3.7]	FWX-30	=	-	HSJ-30
7.5–10 [5.5–7.5]	FWX-50	-	-	HSJ-50
15 [11]	FWX-60	-	-	HSJ-60
20 [15]	FWX-80	-	-	HSJ-80
25–30 [18.5–22]	FWX-125	-	-	HSJ-125
40 [30]	FWX-150	L25S-150	A25X-150	HSJ-150
50 [37]	FWX-200	L25S-200	A25X-200	HSJ-200
60 [45]	FWX-250	L25S-250	A25X-250	HSJ-250

Table 10.20 3 x 200–240 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C

- 1) KTS fuses from Bussmann may substitute for KTN for 240 V adjustable frequency drives.
- 2) FWH fuses from Bussmann may substitute for FWX for 240 V adjustable frequency drives.
- 3) A6KR fuses from FERRAZ SHAWMUT may substitute for A2KR for 240 V adjustable frequency drives.
- 4) A50X fuses from FERRAZ SHAWMUT may substitute for A25X for 240 V adjustable frequency drives.

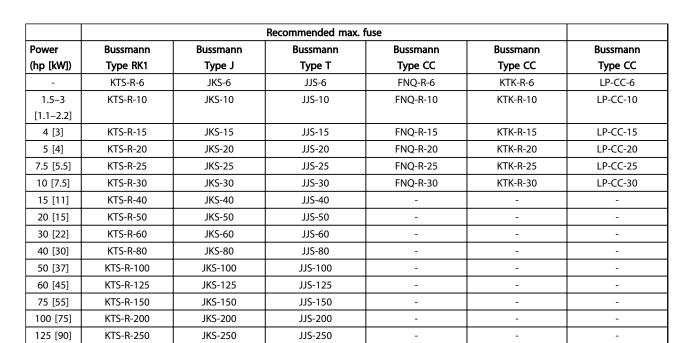


Table 10.21 3 x 380-480 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C

		Recommend	ed max. fuse	
Power (hp [kW])	SIBA	Littel fuse	Ferraz-	Ferraz-
	Type RK1	Type RK1	Shawmut	Shawmut
			Type CC	Type RK1
-	5017906-006	KLS-R-6	ATM-R-6	A6K-6-R
1.5–3 [1.1–2.2]	5017906-010	KLS-R-10	ATM-R-10	A6K-10-R
4 [3]	5017906-016	KLS-R-15	ATM-R-15	A6K-15-R
5 [4]	5017906-020	KLS-R-20	ATM-R-20	A6K-20-R
7.5 [5.5]	5017906-025	KLS-R-25	ATM-R-25	A6K-25-R
10 [7.5]	5012406-032	KLS-R-30	ATM-R-30	A6K-30-R
15 [11]	5014006-040	KLS-R-40	-	A6K-40-R
20 [15]	5014006-050	KLS-R-50	-	A6K-50-R
30 [22]	5014006-063	KLS-R-60	-	A6K-60-R
40 [30]	2028220-100	KLS-R-80	-	A6K-80-R
50 [37]	2028220-125	KLS-R-100	-	A6K-100-R
60 [45]	2028220-125	KLS-R-125	-	A6K-125-R
75 [55]	2028220-160	KLS-R-150	-	A6K-150-R
100 [75]	2028220-200	KLS-R-200	-	A6K-200-R
125 [90]	2028220-250	KLS-R-250	-	A6K-250-R

Table 10.22 3 \times 380–480 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C



Specifications VLT® AQUA Drive Instruction Manual

		Recommer	nded max. fuse	
Power (hp [kW])	Bussmann	Ferraz-Shawmut	Ferraz-Shawmut	Littel fuse
	JFHR2	J	JFHR2 ¹⁾	JFHR2
-	FWH-6	HSJ-6	-	-
1.5-3 [1.1-2.2]	FWH-10	HSJ-10	-	-
4 [3]	FWH-15	HSJ-15	-	-
5 [4]	FWH-20	HSJ-20	-	-
7.5 [5.5]	FWH-25	HSJ-25	-	-
10 [7.5]	FWH-30	HSJ-30	-	-
15 [11]	FWH-40	HSJ-40	-	-
20 [15]	FWH-50	HSJ-50	-	-
30 [22]	FWH-60	HSJ-60	-	-
40 [30]	FWH-80	HSJ-80	-	-
50 [37]	FWH-100	HSJ-100	-	-
60 [45]	FWH-125	HSJ-125	-	-
75 [55]	FWH-150	HSJ-150	-	-
100 [75]	FWH-200	HSJ-200	A50-P-225	L50-S-225
125 [90]	FWH-250	HSJ-250	A50-P-250	L50-S-250

Table 10.23 3 \times 380–480 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C

1) Ferraz-Shawmut A50QS fuses may substitute for A50P fuses.

			Recommended max.	fuse		
Power (hp [kW])	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann
	Type RK1	Type J	Type T	Type CC	Type CC	Type CC
1–1.5 [0.75–1.1]	KTS-R-5	JKS-5	JJS-6	FNQ-R-5	KTK-R-5	LP-CC-5
2–3 [1.5–2.2]	KTS-R-10	JKS-10	JJS-10	FNQ-R-10	KTK-R-10	LP-CC-10
4 [3]	KTS-R15	JKS-15	JJS-15	FNQ-R-15	KTK-R-15	LP-CC-15
4	KTS-R20	JKS-20	JJS-20	FNQ-R-20	KTK-R-20	LP-CC-20
7.5 [5.5]	KTS-R-25	JKS-25	JJS-25	FNQ-R-25	KTK-R-25	LP-CC-25
10 [7.5]	KTS-R-30	JKS-30	JJS-30	FNQ-R-30	KTK-R-30	LP-CC-30
15–20 [11–15]	KTS-R-35	JKS-35	JJS-35	-	-	-
25 [18]	KTS-R-45	JKS-45	JJS-45	-	-	-
30 [22]	KTS-R-50	JKS-50	JJS-50	-	-	-
40 [30]	KTS-R-60	JKS-60	JJS-60	-	-	-
50 [37]	KTS-R-80	JKS-80	JJS-80	-	-	-
60 [45]	KTS-R-100	JKS-100	JJS-100	-	-	-
75 [55]	KTS-R-125	JKS-125	JJS-125	-	-	-
100 [75]	KTS-R-150	JKS-150	JJS-150	-	-	-
125 [90]	KTS-R-175	JKS-175	JJS-175	-	-	-

Table 10.24 3 x 525–600 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C

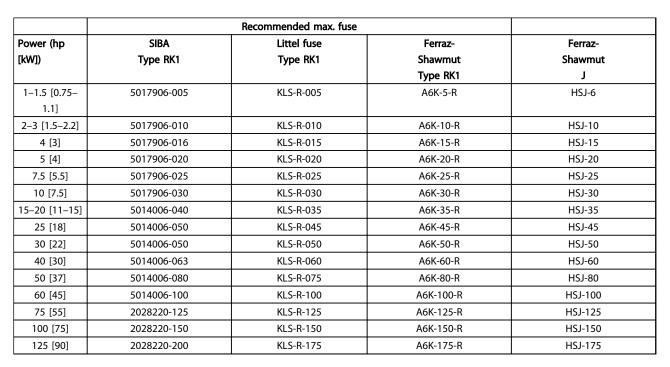


Table 10.25 3 \times 525-600 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C

1) 170M fuses shown from Bussmann use the -/80 visual indicator. –TN/80 Type T, -/110 or TN/110 Type T indicator fuses of the same size and amperage may be substituted.

				Re	ecommended max.	fuse		
Power (hp [kW])	Max. prefuse [A]	Bussmann E52273 RK1/JDDZ	Bussmann E4273 J/JDDZ	Bussmann E4273 T/JDDZ	SIBA E180276 RK1/JDDZ	LittelFuse E81895 RK1/JDDZ	Ferraz- Shawmut E163267/E2137	Ferraz- Shawmut E2137
							RK1/JDDZ	J/HSJ
15-20 [11-	30	KTS-R-30	JKS-30	JKJS-30	5017906-030	KLS-R-030	A6K-30-R	HST-30
15]								
30 [22]	45	KTS-R-45	JKS-45	JJS-45	5014006-050	KLS-R-045	A6K-45-R	HST-45
40 [30]	60	KTS-R-60	JKS-60	JJS-60	5014006-063	KLS-R-060	A6K-60-R	HST-60
50 [37]	80	KTS-R-80	JKS-80	JJS-80	5014006-080	KLS-R-075	A6K-80-R	HST-80
60 [45]	90	KTS-R-90	JKS-90	JJS-90	5014006-100	KLS-R-090	A6K-90-R	HST-90
75 [55]	100	KTS-R-100	JKS-100	JJS-100	5014006-100	KLS-R-100	A6K-100-R	HST-100
100 [75]	125	KTS-R-125	JKS-125	JJS-125	2028220-125	KLS-150	A6K-125-R	HST-125
125 [90]	150	KTS-R-150	JKS-150	JJS-150	2028220-150	KLS-175	A6K-150-R	HST-150
		•		* UL-compli	ance 525–600 V on	lly		

Table 10.26 3 x 525–690 V*, Frame Sizes B and C

10.4 Connection Tightening Torques

	Power (hp [kW])			Torque (Nm)						
Enclo- sure	200–240 V	380–480/500 V	525–600 V	525–690 V	Line power	Motor	DC connection	Brake	Ground	Relay
A2	0.34–3 [0.25–2.2]	0.5–5 [0.37–4.0]			1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3	0.6
А3	4–5 [3.0–3.7]	7.5–10 [5.5–7.5]	1–10 [0.75– 7.5]	1.5–10 [1.1– 7.5]	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3	0.6
A4	0.34–3 [0.25–2.2]	0.5-5 [0.37-4.0]			1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3	0.6
A5	0.34–5 [0.25–3.7]	0.5–10 [0.37–7.5]	1–10 [0.75– 7.5]		1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3	0.6
B1	7.5–10 [5.5– 7.5]	15–20 [11–15]	15–20 [11– 15]		1.8	1.8	1.5	1.5	3	0.6
B2	15 [11]	25 [18] 30 [22]	25 [18] 30 [22]	15 [11] 30 [22]	4.5 4.5	4.5 4.5	3.7 3.7	3.7 3.7	3	0.6 0.6
В3	7.5–10 [5.5– 7.5]	15–20 [11–15]	15–20 [11– 15]		1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3	0.6
B4	15–20 [11– 15]	25–40 [18–30]	25–40 [18– 30]		4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	3	0.6
C1	20–30 [15– 22]	40-60 [30-45]	40-60 [30- 45]		10	10	10	10	3	0.6
C2	40–50 [30– 37]	75–100 [55–75]	75–100 [55– 75]	40–100 [30– 75]	14/24 ¹⁾	14/24 ¹⁾	14	14	3	0.6
С3	25–30 [18– 22]	50-60 [37-45]	50–60 [37– 45]	60–75 [45– 55]	10	10	10	10	3	0.6
C4	40-50 [30- 37]	75–100 [55–75]	75–100 [55– 75]		14/24 ¹⁾	14/24 ¹⁾	14	14	3	0.6

Table 10.27 Tightening of Terminals

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¹⁾ For different cable dimensions x/y, where $x \le 95 \text{ mm}^2$ and $y \ge 95 \text{ mm}^2$.







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