



Programming Guide VLT[®] AutomationDrive



VLT[®] AutomationDrive Programming Guide

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Programming Guide Software version: 6.7x

This Programming Guide can be used for all FC 300 frequency converters with software version 6.7x.

The software version number can be seen from 15-43 Software Version.

Table 1.1

1.1.1 Approvals



Table 1.2

1.1.2 Symbols

The following symbols are used in this manual.

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

ACAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

CAUTION

Indicates a situation that may result in equipment or property-damage-only accidents.

NOTE

Indicates highlighted information that should be regarded with attention to avoid mistakes or operate equipment at less than optimal performance.

1.1.3 Definitions

Frequency converter <u>IVLT, MAX</u> Maximum output current.

Ivlt ,n

Rated output current supplied by the frequency converter.

UVLT, MAX Maximum output voltage.

Input

<u>Control command</u> Start and stop the connected motor by means of LCP and digital inputs.

Functions are divided into two groups.

Functions in group 1 have higher priority than functions in group 2.

Group 1	Reset, Coasting stop, Reset and Coasting stop,	
	Quick-stop, DC braking, Stop and the [OFF] key.	
Group 2	Start, Pulse start, Reversing, Start reversing, Jog	
	and Freeze output	

Table 1.3

Motor

Motor Running

Torque generated on output shaft and speed from zero rpm to max. speed on motor.

f_{JOG}

Motor frequency when the jog function is activated (via digital terminals).

 $\frac{f_{M}}{M}$ Motor frequency.

 $\frac{f_{MAX}}{Maximum}$ motor frequency.

viaximum motor frequency

<u>f_{MIN}</u> Minimum motor frequency.

 $\frac{f_{M,N}}{Rated} motor frequency (nameplate data).$

 $\frac{I_{M}}{M}$ Motor current (actual).

 $\underbrace{I_{M,N}}{Rated motor current (nameplate data).}$

 $\frac{n_{M,N}}{Rated}$ motor speed (nameplate data).

 $\underline{n_s}$ Synchronous motor speed

 $n_s = \frac{2 \times par. \ 1 - 23 \times 60 \ s}{par. \ 1 - 39}$

 $\frac{n_{slip}}{Motor \ slip}.$

 $\frac{P_{M,N}}{Rated}$ motor power (nameplate data in kW or HP).

Т_{м, N}

Rated torque (motor).

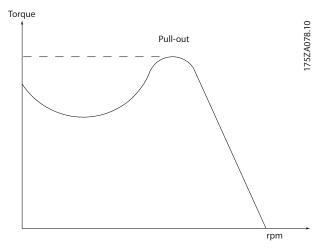
UM

Instantaneous motor voltage.

<u>Uм,</u>N

Rated motor voltage (nameplate data).

Break-away torque





ηvlt

The efficiency of the frequency converter is defined as the ratio between the power output and the power input.

Start-disable command

A stop command belonging to the group 1 control commands - see this group.

Stop command

See Control commands.

References

Analog Reference

A signal transmitted to the analog inputs 53 or 54, can be voltage or current.

Binary Reference

A signal transmitted to the serial communication port.

Preset Reference

A defined preset reference to be set from -100% to +100% of the reference range. Selection of eight preset references via the digital terminals.

Pulse Reference

A pulse frequency signal transmitted to the digital inputs (terminal 29 or 33).

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Ref_{MAX}

Determines the relationship between the reference input at 100% full scale value (typically 10 V, 20 mA) and the resulting reference. The maximum reference value set in *3-03 Maximum Reference*.

Refmin

Determines the relationship between the reference input at 0% value (typically 0 V, 0 mA, 4 mA) and the resulting reference. The minimum reference value set in *3-02 Minimum Reference*.

Miscellaneous

Analog Inputs

The analog inputs are used for controlling various functions of the frequency converter. There are two types of analog inputs: Current input, 0-20 mA and 4-20 mA Voltage input, -10 to +10 V DC.

Analog Outputs

The analog outputs can supply a signal of 0-20 mA, 4-20 mA.

Automatic Motor Adaptation, AMA

AMA algorithm determines the electrical parameters for the connected motor at standstill.

Brake Resistor

The brake resistor is a module capable of absorbing the brake power generated in regenerative braking. This regenerative braking power increases the intermediate circuit voltage and a brake chopper ensures that the power is transmitted to the brake resistor.

CT Characteristics

Constant torque characteristics used for all applications such as conveyor belts, displacement pumps and cranes.

Digital Inputs

The digital inputs can be used for controlling various functions of the frequency converter.

Digital Outputs

The frequency converter features two Solid State outputs that can supply a 24 V DC (max. 40 mA) signal.

<u>DSP</u>

Digital Signal Processor.

<u>ETR</u>

Electronic Thermal Relay is a thermal load calculation based on present load and time. Its purpose is to estimate the motor temperature.

<u>Hiperface[®]</u>

Hiperface[®] is a registered trademark by Stegmann.



Initialising

If initialising is carried out (14-22 Operation Mode), the frequency converter returns to the default setting.

Intermittent Duty Cycle

An intermittent duty rating refers to a sequence of duty cycles. Each cycle consists of an on-load and an off-load period. The operation can be either periodic duty or non-periodic duty.

<u>LCP</u>

The Local Control Panel makes up a complete interface for control and programming of the frequency converter. The control panel is detachable and can be installed up to 3 m from the frequency converter, i.e. in a front panel with the installation kit option.

lsb

Least significant bit.

<u>msb</u>

Most significant bit.

<u>MCM</u>

Short for Mille Circular Mil, an American measuring unit for cable cross-section. 1 MCM = 0.5067mm².

On-line/Off-line Parameters

Changes to on-line parameters are activated immediately after the data value is changed. Changes to off-line parameters are not activated until you enter [OK] on the LCP.

Process PID

The PID control maintains the desired speed, pressure, temperature, etc. by adjusting the output frequency to match the varying load.

<u>PCD</u>

Process Control Data

Power Cycle

Switch off the mains until display (LCP) is dark – then turn power on again.

Pulse Input/Incremental Encoder

An external, digital pulse transmitter used for feeding back information on motor speed. The encoder is used in applications where great accuracy in speed control is required.

RCD

Residual Current Device.

<u>Set-up</u>

You can save parameter settings in four Set-ups. Change between the four parameter Set-ups and edit one Set-up, while another Set-up is active.

<u>SFAVM</u>

Switching pattern called <u>Stator Flux</u> oriented <u>A</u>synchronous <u>Vector M</u>odulation (*14-00 Switching Pattern*).

Slip Compensation

The frequency converter compensates for the motor slip by giving the frequency a supplement that follows the measured motor load keeping the motor speed almost constant.

Smart Logic Control (SLC)

The SLC is a sequence of user defined actions executed when the associated user defined events are evaluated as true by the Smart Logic Controller. (Parameter group 13-** *Smart Logic Control (SLC)*.

<u>STW</u>

Status Word

FC Standard Bus

Includes RS-485 bus with FC protocol or MC protocol. See 8-30 Protocol.

<u>Thermistor</u>

A temperature-dependent resistor placed where the temperature is to be monitored (frequency converter or motor).

<u>Trip</u>

A state entered in fault situations, e.g. if the frequency converter is subject to an over-temperature or when the frequency converter is protecting the motor, process or mechanism. Restart is prevented until the cause of the fault has disappeared and the trip state is cancelled by activating reset or, in some cases, by being programmed to reset automatically. Trip may not be used for personal safety.

Trip Locked

A state entered in fault situations when the frequency converter is protecting itself and requiring physical intervention, e.g. if the frequency converter is subject to a short circuit on the output. A locked trip can only be cancelled by cutting off mains, removing the cause of the fault, and reconnecting the frequency converter. Restart is prevented until the trip state is cancelled by activating reset or, in some cases, by being programmed to reset automatically. Trip may not be used for personal safety.

VT Characteristics

Variable torque characteristics used for pumps and fans.

<u>VVC</u>plus

If compared with standard voltage/frequency ratio control, Voltage Vector Control (VVC^{plus}) improves the dynamics and the stability, both when the speed reference is changed and in relation to the load torque.

<u>60° AVM</u>

Switching pattern called 60° <u>A</u>synchronous <u>V</u>ector <u>M</u>odulation (*14-00 Switching Pattern*).

Power Factor

The power factor is the relation between I₁ and I_{RMS}.

A

Power factor = $\frac{\sqrt{3} \times U \times I_1 \cos \varphi}{\sqrt{3} \times U \times I_{RMS}}$

The power factor for 3-phase control:

$$= \frac{I1 \times cos\varphi_1}{I_{RMS}} = \frac{I_1}{I_{RMS}} since \cos\varphi_1 = 1$$

The power factor indicates to which extent the frequency converter imposes a load on the mains supply. The lower the power factor, the higher the I_{RMS} for the same kW performance.

$$I_{RMS} = \sqrt{I_1^2 + I_5^2 + I_7^2} + \dots + I_n^2$$

In addition, a high power factor indicates that the different harmonic currents are low.

The frequency converters' built-in DC coils produce a high power factor, which minimizes the imposed load on the mains supply.

The voltage of the frequency converter is dangerous whenever connected to mains. Incorrect installation of the motor, frequency converter or fieldbus may cause death, serious personal injury or damage to the equipment. Consequently, the instructions in this manual, as well as national and local rules and safety regulations, must be complied with.

Safety Regulations

- The mains supply to the frequency converter must be disconnected whenever repair work is to be carried out. Check that the mains supply has been disconnected and that the necessary time has elapsed before removing motor and mains supply plugs.
- 2. [Off] does not disconnect the mains supply and consequently it must not be used as a safety switch.
- The equipment must be properly earthed, the user must be protected against supply voltage and the motor must be protected against overload in accordance with applicable national and local regulations.
- 4. The earth leakage current exceeds 3.5 mA.
- Protection against motor overload is not included in the factory setting. If this function is desired, set 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection to data value ETR trip 1 [4] or data value ETR warning 1 [3].
- Do not remove the plugs for the motor and mains supply while the frequency converter is connected to mains. Check that the mains supply has been disconnected and that the necessary time has elapsed before removing motor and mains plugs.

7. Please note that the frequency converter has more voltage sources than L1, L2 and L3, when load sharing (linking of DC intermediate circuit) or external 24 V DC are installed. Check that all voltage sources have been disconnected and that the necessary time has elapsed before commencing repair work.

Warning against unintended start

- The motor can be brought to a stop by means of digital commands, bus commands, references or a local stop, while the frequency converter is connected to mains. If personal safety considerations (e.g. risk of personal injury caused by contact with moving machine parts following an unintentional start) make it necessary to ensure that no unintended start occurs, these stop functions are not sufficient. In such cases the mains supply must be disconnected or the Safe Stop function must be activated.
- 2. The motor may start while setting the parameters. If this means that personal safety may be compromised (e.g. personal injury caused by contact with moving machine parts), motor starting must be prevented, for instance by use of the Safe Stop function or secure disconnection of the motor connection.
- 3. A motor that has been stopped with the mains supply connected, may start if faults occur in the electronics of the frequency converter, through temporary overload or if a fault in the power supply grid or motor connection is remedied. If unintended start must be prevented for personal safety reasons (e.g. risk of injury caused by contact with moving machine parts), the normal stop functions of the frequency converter are not sufficient. In such cases the mains supply must be disconnected or the Safe Stop function must be activated.

NOTE

When using the Safe Stop function, always follow the instructions in the section *Safe Stop* of the Design Guide.

4. Control signals from, or internally within, the frequency converter may in rare cases be activated in error, be delayed or fail to occur entirely. When used in situations where safety is critical, e.g. when controlling the electromagnetic brake function of a hoist application, these control signals must not be relied on exclusively.

High Voltage

Touching the electrical parts may be fatal - even after the equipment has been disconnected from mains. Also make sure that other voltage inputs have been disconnected, such as external 24 V DC, load sharing (linkage of DC intermediate circuit), as well as the motor connection for kinetic back up.

Systems where frequency converters are installed must, if necessary, be equipped with additional monitoring and protective devices according to the valid safety regulations, e.g law on mechanical tools, regulations for the prevention of accidents etc. Modifications on the frequency converters by means of the operating software are allowed.

NOTE

Hazardous situations shall be identified by the machine builder/ integrator who is responsible for taking necessary preventive means into consideration. Additional monitoring and protective devices may be included, always according to valid national safety regulations, e.g. law on mechanical tools, regulations for the prevention of accidents.

NOTE

Crane, Lifts and Hoists: The controlling of external brakes must always have a redundant system. The frequency converter can in no circumstances be the primary safety circuit. Comply with relevant standards, e.g. Hoists and cranes: IEC 60204-32 Lifts: EN 81

Protection Mode

Once a hardware limit on motor current or dc-link voltage is exceeded the frequency converter will enter "Protection mode". "Protection mode" means a change of the PWM modulation strategy and a low switching frequency to minimize losses. This continues 10 s after the last fault and increases the reliability and the robustness of the frequency converter while re-establishing full control of the motor.

In hoist applications "Protection mode" is not usable because the frequency converter will usually not be able to leave this mode again and therefore it will extend the time before activating the brake – which is not recommendable. The "Protection mode" can be disabled by setting

14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault to zero which means that the frequency converter will trip immediately if one of the hardware limits is exceeded.

NOTE

It is recommended to disable protection mode in hoisting applications (14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault = 0)

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1.1.4 Electrical Wiring - Control Cables

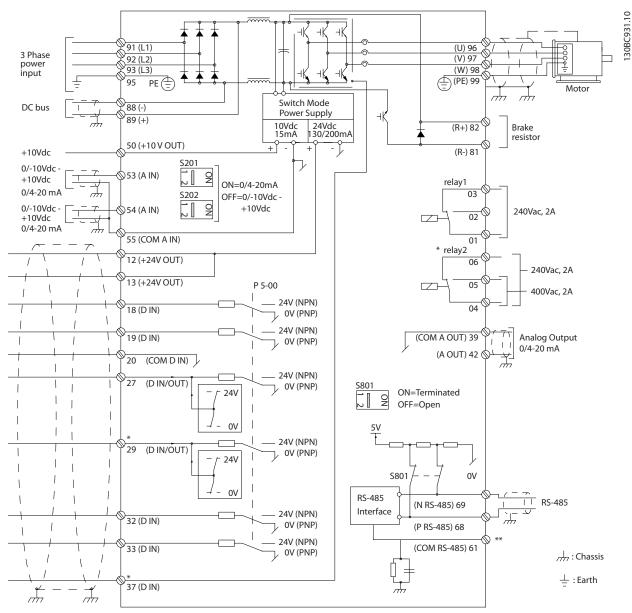


Illustration 1.2 Basic Wiring Schematic Drawing.

A=Analog, D=Digital

Terminal 37 is used for Safe Stop. For Safe Stop installation instructions, refer to the Design Guide.

* Terminal 37 is not included in FC 301 (except frame size A1). Relay 2 and terminal 29 have no function in FC 301.

** Do not connect cable screen.

Very long control cables and analog signals may in rare cases and depending on installation result in 50/60 Hz earth loops due to noise from mains supply cables.

If this occurs, it may be necessary to break the screen or insert a 100 nF capacitor between screen and chassis.

The digital and analog inputs and outputs must be connected separately to the common inputs (terminal 20, 55, 39) of the frequency converter to avoid ground currents from both groups to affect other groups. For example, switching on the digital input may disturb the analog input signal.

Introduction

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Input polarity of control terminals

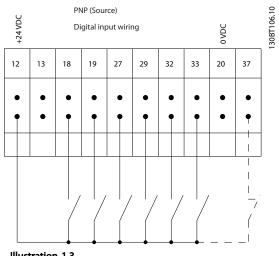
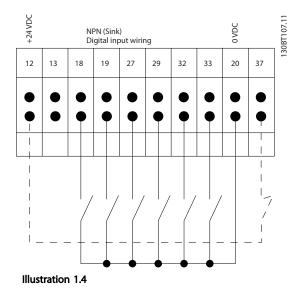


Illustration 1.3



NOTE

Control cables must be screened/armoured.

See section on earthing of screened/armoured control cables in the Design Guide for the correct termination of control cables.

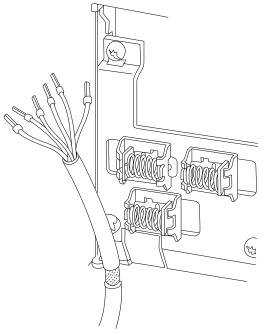
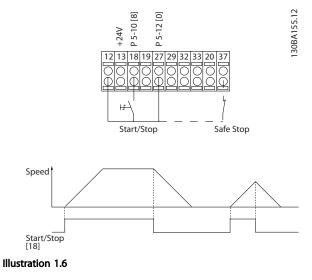


Illustration 1.5

1.1.5 Start/Stop

Terminal 18 = 5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input [8] Start Terminal 27 = 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input [0] No operation (Default coast inverse) Terminal 37 = Safe stop (where available)

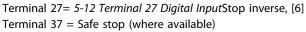


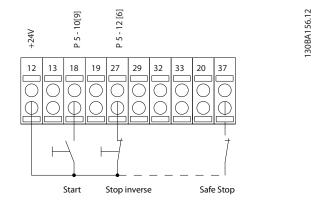
1



1.1.6 Pulse Start/Stop

Terminal 18 = 5-10 Terminal 18 Digital InputLatched start, [9]





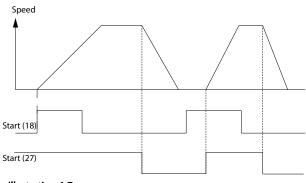


Illustration 1.7

1.1.7 Speed Up/Down

Terminals 29/32 = Speed up/down

Terminal 18 = 5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input Start [9] (default)

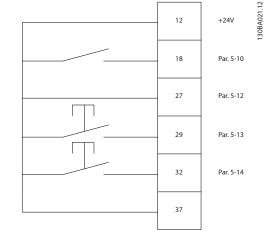
Terminal 27 = 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input Freeze reference [19]

Terminal 29 = 5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input Speed up [21]

Terminal 32 = 5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input Speed down [22]

NOTE

Terminal 29 only in FC x02 (x=series type).





1.1.8 Potentiometer Reference

Voltage reference via a potentiometer

Reference Source 1 = [1] Analog input 53 (default)

- Terminal 53, Low Voltage = 0 V
- Terminal 53, High Voltage = 10 V
- Terminal 53, Low Ref./Feedback = 0 RPM
- Terminal 53, High Ref./Feedback = 1500 RPM

Switch S201 = OFF(U)

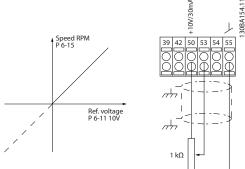


Illustration 1.9



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2 How to Programme

2.1 The Graphical and Numerical Local Control Panels

The easiest programming of the frequency converter is performed by the Graphical LCP (LCP 102). It is necessary to consult the frequency converter Design Guide, when using the Numeric Local Control Panel (LCP 101).

The control panel is divided into four functional groups

- 1. Graphical display with Status lines.
- Menu keys and indicator lights changing parameters and switching between display functions.
- 3. Navigation keys and indicator lights (LEDs).
- 4. Operation keys and indicator lights (LEDs).

All data is displayed in a graphical LCP display, which can show up to five items of operating data while displaying [Status].

Display lines

- a. **Status line:** Status messages displaying icons and graphic.
- b. Line 1-2: Operator data lines displaying data defined or chosen by the user. By pressing [Status], up to one extra line can be added.
- c. Status line: Status messages displaying text.

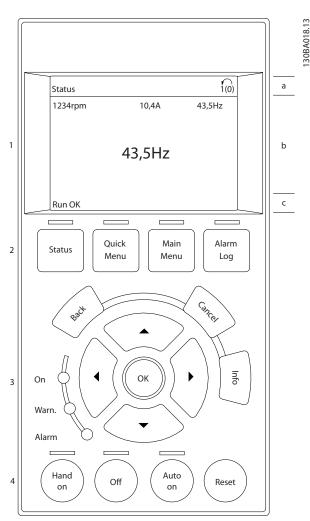


Illustration 2.1

2

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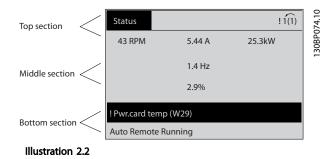
2.1.1 The LCD-Display

The LCD-display has back light and a total of 6 alphanumeric lines. The display lines show the direction of rotation (arrow), the chosen Set-up as well as the programming Set-up. The display is divided into 3 sections.

Top section shows up to 2 measurements in normal operating status.

The top line in the **Middle section** shows up to 5 measurements with related unit, regardless of status (except in the case of alarm/warning).

Bottom section always shows the state of the frequency converter in Status mode.



The Active Set-up (selected as the Active Set-up in *0-10 Active Set-up*) is shown. When programming another Set-up than the Active Set-up, the number of the programmed Set-up appears to the right.

Display contrast adjustment

Press [Status] and [▲] for darker display Press [Status] and [▼] for brighter display

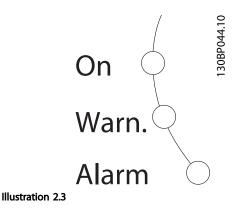
Most parameter set-ups can be changed immediately via the LCP, unless a password has been created via 0-60 Main Menu Password or via 0-65 Quick Menu Password.

Indicator lights (LEDs)

If certain threshold values are exceeded, the alarm and/or warning LED lights up. A status and alarm text appear on the LCP.

The ON LED is activated when the frequency converter receives mains voltage or via a DC bus terminal or 24 V external supply. At the same time, the back light is on.

- Green LED/On: Control section is working.
- Yellow LED/Warn.: Indicates a warning.
- Flashing Red LED/Alarm: Indicates an alarm.



LCP Keys

The control keys are divided into functions. The keys below the display and indicator lamps are used for parameter Set-up, including choice of display indication during normal operation.



Illustration 2.4

[Status] indicates the status of the frequency converter and/or the motor. Choose between 3 different readouts by pressing the [Status] key: 5 line readouts, 4 line readouts or Smart Logic Control.

Use **[Status]** for selecting the mode of display or for changing back to Display mode from either the Quick Menu mode, the Main Menu mode or Alarm mode. Also use the [Status] key to toggle single or double read-out mode.

[Quick Menu] allows quick access to different Quick Menus such as

- My Personal Menu
- Quick Set-up
- Changes Made
- Loggings

Use **[Quick Menu]** for programming the parameters belonging to the Quick Menu. It is possible to switch directly between Quick Menu mode and Main Menu mode.

[Main Menu] is used for programming all parameters. It is possible to switch directly between Main Menu mode and Quick Menu mode.

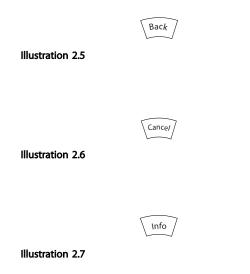
Parameter shortcut can be carried out by pressing down the **[Main Menu]** key for 3 seconds. The parameter shortcut allows direct access to any parameter. **[Alarm Log]** displays an Alarm list of the five latest alarms (numbered A1-A5). To obtain additional details about an alarm, use the arrow keys to manoeuvre to the alarm number and press [OK]. Information is displayed about the condition of the frequency converter before it enters the alarm mode.

[Back] reverts to the previous step or layer in the navigation structure.

[Cancel] last change or command will be cancelled as long as the display has not been changed.

[Info] supplies information about a command, parameter, or function in any display window. [Info] provides detailed information whenever help is needed.

Exit info mode by pressing either [Info], [Back], or [Cancel].

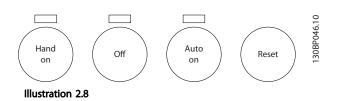


Navigation Keys

The four navigation keys are used to navigate between the different choices available in **[Quick Menu]**, **[Main Menu]** and **[Alarm Log]**. Use the keys to move the cursor.

[OK] is used for choosing a parameter marked by the cursor and for enabling the change of a parameter.

Local Control Key for local control are found at the bottom of the LCP.



[Hand On] enables control of the frequency converter via the LCP. [Hand On] also starts the motor, and it is now possible to enter the motor speed data by means of the arrow keys. The key can be selected as [1] Enable or [0] Disable via 0-40 [Hand on] Key on LCP

External stop signals activated by means of control signals or a serial bus will override a "start" command via the LCP. The following control signals will still be active when [Hand On] is activated

- [Hand on] [Off] [Auto On]
- Reset
- Coasting stop inverse
- Reversing
- Set-up select bit 0- Set-up select bit 1
- Stop command from serial communication
- Quick stop
- DC brake

[Off] stops the connected motor. The key can be selected as [1] Enable or [0] Disable via 0-41 [Off] Key on LCP. If no external stop function is selected and the [Off] key is inactive the motor can be stopped by disconnecting the voltage.

[Auto On] enables the frequency converter to be controlled via the control terminals and/or serial communication. When a start signal is applied on the control terminals and/or the bus, the frequency converter will start. The key can be selected as [1] Enable or [0] Disable via 0-42 [Auto on] Key on LCP.

NOTE

An active HAND-OFF-AUTO signal via the digital inputs has higher priority than the control keys [Hand On] – [Auto On].

[Reset] is used for resetting the frequency converter after an alarm (trip). It can be selected as [1] *Enable* or [0] *Disable* via 0-43 [*Reset*] Key on LCP.

The parameter shortcut can be carried out by holding down the [Main Menu] key for 3 seconds. The parameter shortcut allows direct access to any parameter.

2.1.2 Quick Transfer of Parameter Settings between Multiple Frequency Converters

Once the set-up of a frequency converter is complete, we recommend that you store the data in the LCP or on a PC via MCT 10 Set-up Software Tool.



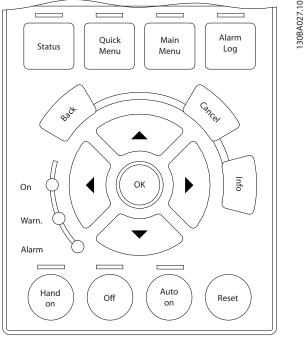


Illustration 2.9

Data storage in LCP

- 1. Go to 0-50 LCP Copy
- 2. Press the [OK] key
- 3. Select "All to LCP"
- 4. Press the [OK] key

All parameter settings are now stored in the LCP indicated by the progress bar. When 100% is reached, press [OK].

NOTE

Stop the motor before performing this operation.

Connect the LCP to another frequency converter and copy the parameter settings to this frequency converter as well.

Data transfer from LCP to frequency converter

- 1. Go to 0-50 LCP Copy
- 2. Press the [OK] key
- 3. Select "All from LCP"
- 4. Press the [OK] key

The parameter settings stored in the LCP are now transferred to the frequency converter indicated by the progress bar. When 100% is reached, press [OK].

NOTE

Stop the motor before performing this operation.

2.1.3 Display Mode

In normal operation, up to 5 different operating variables can be indicated continuously in the middle section: 1.1, 1.2, and 1.3 as well as 2 and 3.

2.1.4 Display Mode - Selection of Read-Outs

It is possible to toggle between three status read-out screens by pressing the [Status] key. Operating variables with different formatting are shown in each status screen - see below.

Table 2.1 shows the measurements you can link to each of the operating variables. When Options are mounted, additional measurements are available. Define the links via 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small, 0-21 Display Line 1.2 Small, 0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small, 0-23 Display Line 2 Large, and 0-24 Display Line 3 Large.

Each readout parameter selected in 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small to 0-24 Display Line 3 Large has its own scale and digits after a possible decimal point. By larger numeric value of a parameter fewer digits are displayed after the decimal point.

Ex.: Current readout 5.25A; 15.2A 105A.

Operating variable	Unit
16-00 Control Word	hex
16-01 Reference [Unit]	[unit]
16-02 Reference [%]	%
16-03 Status Word	hex
16-05 Main Actual Value [%]	%
16-10 Power [kW]	[kW]
16-11 Power [hp]	[HP]
16-12 Motor Voltage	[V]
16-13 Frequency	[Hz]
16-14 Motor Current	[A]
16-16 Torque [Nm]	Nm
16-17 Speed [RPM]	[RPM]
16-18 Motor Thermal	%
16-20 Motor Angle	
16-30 DC Link Voltage	V
16-32 Brake Energy /s	kW
16-33 Brake Energy /2 min	kW
16-34 Heatsink Temp.	С
16-35 Inverter Thermal	%
16-36 Inv. Nom. Current	A
16-37 Inv. Max. Current	A
16-38 SL Controller State	
16-39 Control Card Temp.	C
16-40 Logging Buffer Full	
16-50 External Reference	

How to Programme

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Operating variable	Unit
16-51 Pulse Reference	
16-52 Feedback [Unit]	[Unit]
16-53 Digi Pot Reference	
16-60 Digital Input	bin
16-61 Terminal 53 Switch Setting	V
16-62 Analog Input 53	
16-63 Terminal 54 Switch Setting	V
16-64 Analog Input 54	
16-65 Analog Output 42 [mA]	[mA]
16-66 Digital Output [bin]	[bin]
16-67 Pulse Input #29 [Hz]	[Hz]
16-68 Freq. Input #33 [Hz]	[Hz]
16-69 Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	[Hz]
16-70 Pulse Output #29 [Hz]	[Hz]
16-71 Relay Output [bin]	
16-72 Counter A	
16-73 Counter B	
16-80 Fieldbus CTW 1	hex
16-82 Fieldbus REF 1	hex
16-84 Comm. Option STW	hex
16-85 FC Port CTW 1	hex
16-86 FC Port REF 1	hex
16-90 Alarm Word	
16-92 Warning Word	
16-94 Ext. Status Word	

1.1. 1.

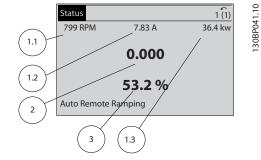
Table 2.1

Status screen I

This read-out state is standard after start-up or initialization.

Use [INFO] to obtain information about the measurement links to the displayed operating variables (1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 2 and 3).

See the operating variables shown in the screen below.

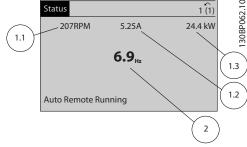


```
Illustration 2.10
```

Status screen II

See the operating variables (1.1, 1.2, 1.3 and 2) shown in the screen below.

In the example, Speed, Motor current, Motor power and Frequency are selected as variables in the first and second.





Status screen III

This state displays the event and action of the Smart Logic Control. For further information, see section *Smart Logic Control*.

Status		1 (1)	3.10
778 RPM	0.86 A	4.0 kW	30BP063.1
State: 0 off 0 (off) When:- Do:-			-
Auto Remote Runni	ing		



2.1.5 Parameter Set-Up

The frequency converter can be used for practically all assignments, which is why the number of parameters is quite large. The frequency converter offers a choice between two programming modes - a Main Menu and a Quick Menu mode.

The former provides access to all parameters. The latter takes the user through a few parameters making it possible to start operating the frequency converter. Regardless of the mode of programming, you can change a parameter both in the Main Menu mode and in the Quick Menu mode.

2.1.6 Quick Menu Key Functions

Pressing [Quick Menus] The list indicates the different areas contained in the Quick menu. Select *My Personal Menu* to display the chosen personal parameters. These parameters are selected in *0-25 My Personal Menu*. Up to 50 different parameters can be added in this menu.

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			0
ORPM	0.00A	1(1)	6.10
Quick Menus			6
Q1 My Persor	nal Menu	A	30BC
Q2 Quick Set	up		-
Q4 Smart Set	up		
Q5 Changes I	Made	\bigtriangledown	

Illustration 2.13

Select *Quick setup* to go through a limited amount of parameters to get the motor running almost optimally. The default setting for the other parameters considers the desired control functions and the configuration of signal inputs/outputs (control terminals).

The selection of parameter is effected by means of the arrow keys. The parameters in the following table are accessible.

Parameter	Setting
0-01 Language	
1-20 Motor Power [kW]	[kW]
1-22 Motor Voltage	[V]
1-23 Motor Frequency	[Hz]
1-24 Motor Current	[A]
1-25 Motor Nominal Speed	[rpm]
5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input	[0] No function*
1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)	[1] Enable complete
	AMA
3-02 Minimum Reference	[rpm]
3-03 Maximum Reference	[rpm]
3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp up Time	[sec]
3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time	[sec]
3-13 Reference Site	

Table 2.2

* If terminal 27 is set to "no function", no connection to +24 V on terminal 27 is necessary.

Select Changes made to get information about:

- the last 10 changes. Use the [▲] [▼] navigation keys to scroll between the last 10 changed parameters.
- the changes made since default setting.

Select *Loggings* to get information about the display line read-outs. The information is shown as graphs. Only display parameters selected in *0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small* and *0-24 Display Line 3 Large* can be viewed. It is possible to store up to 120 samples in the memory for later reference.

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2.1.7 Initial Commissioning

The easiest way of carrying out the initial commissioning is by using the [Quick Menu] key and follow the quick set-up procedure using LCP 102 (read *Table 2.3Table 2.4* from left to right). The example applies to open loop applications.

Press				
Quick Menu	$\left(\downarrow \right)$	Q2 Quick Menu	ОК	$\left(\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \end{array} \right)$
0-01 Language	ОК	Set language		
1-20 Motor Power [kW]	ОК	Set Motor nameplate power		
1-22 Motor Voltage	ОК	Set Nameplate voltage		
1-23 Motor Frequency	ОК	Set Nameplate frequency		
1-24 Motor Current	ОК	Set Nameplate current		
1-25 Motor Nominal Speed	ОК	Set Nameplate speed in RPM		
5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input	ОК	If terminal default is <i>Coast</i> <i>inverse</i> it is possible to change this setting to <i>No function</i> . No connection to terminal 27 is then needed for running AMA		
1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)	ОК	Set desired AMA function. Enable complete AMA is recommended		
3-02 Minimum Reference	ОК	Set the minimum speed of the motor shaft		
3-03 Maximum Reference	ОК	Set the maximum speed of the motor shaft		
3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp up Time	ОК	Set the ramping up time with reference to synchronous motor speed, n₅		
3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time	ОК	Set the ramping down time with reference to synchronous motor speed, n₅		
3-13 Reference Site	ОК	Set the site from where the reference must work		

Table 2.3

Another easy way of commissioning the drive is by using the **Smart Application Setup (SAS)**, which can also be found under the Quick Menu. Follow the indications on the successive screens for setting-up the applications listed.

[Info] can be used throughout the SAS to see help information for various selections, settings, and messages. The following three applications are included:

- Mechanical Brake
- Conveyor
- Pump/Fan

The following four field-busses can be selected:

- Profibus
- Profinet
- DeviceNet
- EthernetIP

NOTE

The start conditions will be ignored while in the wizard.

NOTE

The Smart Setup runs automatically on the first power-up of the frequency converter or after a reset to factory settings. If no action is taken, the SAS screen will automatically disappear after 10 min.

2.1.8 Main Menu Mode

Start the Main Menu mode by pressing [Main Menu]. The read-out shown below appears on the display.

The middle and bottom sections on the display show a list of parameter groups which can be chosen by toggling [\blacktriangle] and [\blacktriangledown] keys.

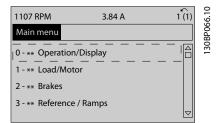


Illustration 2.14

Each parameter has a name and number which remain the same regardless of the programming mode. In the Main Menu mode, the parameters are divided into groups. The first digit of the parameter number (from the left) indicates the parameter group number. All parameters can be changed in the Main Menu. However, depending on the choice of configuration (1-00 Configuration Mode), some parameters can be "missing". E.g. open loop hides all the PID parameters, and other enabled options make more parameter groups visible.

2.1.9 Parameter Selection

In the Main menu mode, the parameters are divided into groups. Select a parameter group with the navigation keys. The following parameter groups are accessible:

Group no.	Parameter group
0-**	Operation/Display
1-**	Load/Motor
2-**	Brakes
3-**	References/Ramps
4-**	Limits/Warnings
5-**	Digital In/Out
6-**	Analog In/Out
7-**	Controls
8-**	Comm. and Options
9-**	Profibus
10-**	CAN Fieldbus
11-**	Reserved Com. 1
12-**	Reserved Com. 2
13-**	Smart Logic
14-**	Special Functions
15-**	Drive Information
16-**	Data Readouts
17-**	Motor Feedb. Option
18-**	Data Readouts 2
30-**	Special Features
32-**	MCO Basic Settings
33-**	MCO Adv. Settings
34-**	MCO Data Readouts

Table 2.4

After selecting a parameter group, choose a parameter by means of the navigation keys.

The middle section on the display shows the parameter number and name as well as the selected parameter value.

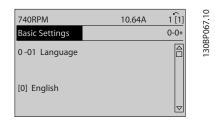


Illustration 2.15



130BP070.10

2.1.10 Changing Data

The procedure for changing data is the same in the Quick menu and the Main menu mode. Press [OK] to change the selected parameter.

The procedure for changing data depends on whether the selected parameter represents a numerical data value or a text value.

2.1.11 Changing a Text Value

If the selected parameter is a text value, change the text value with the $[\blacktriangle]$ $[\blacktriangledown]$ keys.

Place the cursor on the value to save and press [OK].

740RPM	10.64 A	1[1]	8.10
Basic Settings		0-0*	P06
0-01 Language			130BP068.10
[0] English		\bigtriangledown	

Illustration 2.16

2.1.12 Changing

If the chosen parameter represents a numeric data value, change the chosen data value by means of the $[\P] [\blacktriangleright]$ navigation keys as well as the $[\Lambda] [\P]$ navigation keys. Press $[\P] [\blacktriangleright]$ keys to move the cursor horizontally.

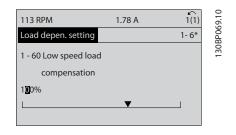


Illustration 2.17

Press [A] [V] keys to change the data value. [A] increases the data value, and [V] decreases the data value. Place the cursor on the value to save and press [OK].

729RPM	6.21A	1(1)
Load depen. setting		1- 6*
1 - 60 Low speed loa compensation		
1 6 0% L		

Illustration 2.18

2.1.13 Infinitely Variable Change of Numeric Data Value

If the chosen parameter represents a numeric data value, select a digit with [4] [▶].

1- 7*

Illustration 2.19

Change the selected digit infinitely variably with [▲] [▼]. The chosen digit is indicated by the cursor. Place the cursor on the digit to save and press [OK].

957RPM	11.58A	1 (1)
Start Adjustments		1-7*
1-71 High starting torq	jue time	
1-71 High starting torq 0.	jue time	

Illustration 2.20

2.1.14 Value, Step-by-Step

Certain parameters can be changed step by step or infinitely varying. This applies to 1-20 Motor Power [kW], 1-22 Motor Voltage and 1-23 Motor Frequency. The parameters are changed both as a group of numeric data values and as numeric data values infinitely varying.

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2.1.15 Read-out and Programming of Indexed Parameters

Parameters are indexed when placed in a rolling stack. 15-30 Fault Log: Error Code to 15-32 Alarm Log: Time contain a fault log which can be read out. Choose a parameter, press [OK], and use [▲] [▼] to scroll through the value log.

Use 3-10 Preset Reference as another example:

Choose the parameter, press [OK], and use [▲] [▼] to scroll through the indexed values. To change the parameter value, select the indexed value and press [OK]. Change the value by pressing [▲] [▼]. Press [OK] to accept the new setting. Press [Cancel] to abort. Press [Back] to leave the parameter.

The following instructions are valid for the Numerical LCP (LCP 101).

The control panel is divided into four functional groups:

- 1. Numerical display.
- 2. Menu keys and indicator lights changing parameters and switching between display functions.
- 3. Navigation keys and indicator lights (LEDs).
- 4. Operation keys and indicator lights (LEDs).

Display line: Status messages displaying icons and numeric value.

Indicator lights (LEDs)

- Green LED/On: Indicates if control section is on.
- Yellow LED/Wrn.: Indicates a warning.
- Flashing red LED/Alarm: Indicates an alarm.

LCP keys

[Menu] Select one of the following modes:

- Status
- Quick Setup
- Main Menu

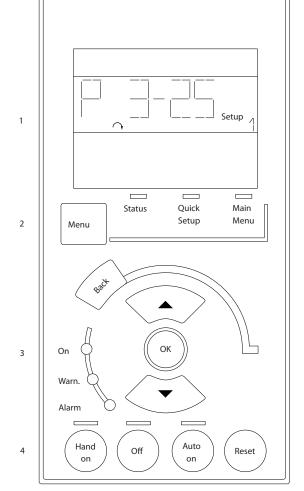


Illustration 2.21

Status Mode

Displays the status of the frequency converter or the motor.

If an alarm occurs the NLCP automatically switches to status mode.

A number of alarms can be displayed.

NOTE

Parameter copy is not possible with LCP 101 Numerical Local Control Panel.



Illustration 2.22



Illustration 2.23

Main Menu/Quick Setup is used for programming all parameters or only the parameters in the Quick Menu (see also description of the LCP 102 earlier in).

The parameter values can be changed by pressing [\blacktriangle] or [\blacktriangledown] when the value is flashing.

Select Main Menu by pressing [Menu] a number of times. Select the parameter group [xx-__] and press [OK]

Select the parameter [__-xx] and press [OK]

If the parameter is an array parameter select the array number and press [OK]

Select the wanted data value and press [OK]

Parameters with functional choices display values such as [1], [2], etc. For a description of the different choices, see the individual description of the parameters in *3 Parameter Descriptions*

[Back] for stepping backwards

[▲] [▼] are used for manoeuvring between commands and within parameters.

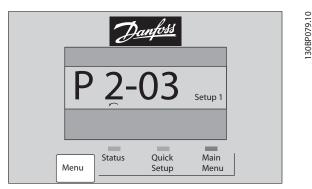
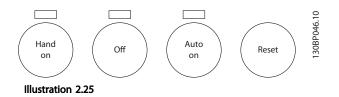


Illustration 2.24

2.1.16 Local Control Keys

Keys for local control are found at the bottom of the LCP.



[Hand On] enables control of the frequency converter via the LCP. [Hand On] also starts the motor and it is now

possible to enter the motor speed data by means of the arrow keys. The key can be selected as [1] Enable or [0] Disable via 0-40 [Hand on] Key on LCP.

External stop signals activated by means of control signals or a serial bus will override a 'start' command via the LCP. The following control signals are still active when [Hand On] is activated:

- [Hand On] [Off] [Auto On]
- Reset
- Coasting stop inverse
- Reversing
- Set-up select lsb Set-up select msb
- Stop command from serial communication
- Quick stop
- DC brake

[Off] stops the connected motor. The key can be selected as [1] Enable or [0] Disable via 0-41 [Off] Key on LCP. If no external stop function is selected and the [Off] key is inactive the motor can be stopped by disconnecting the voltage.

[Auto On] enables the frequency converter to be controlled via the control terminals and/or serial communication. When a start signal is applied on the control terminals and/or the bus, the frequency converter will start. The key can be selected as [1] Enable or [0] Disable via 0-42 [Auto on] Key on LCP.

NOTE

An active HAND-OFF-AUTO signal via the digital inputs has higher priority than the control keys [Hand On] [Auto On].

[Reset] is used for resetting the frequency converter after an alarm (trip). It can be selected as [1] *Enable* or [0] *Disable* via 0-43 [*Reset*] Key on LCP.

2.1.17 Initialisation to Default Settings

Initialise the frequency converter to default settings in two ways.

Recommended initialisation (via 14-22 Operation Mode)

- 1. Select 14-22 Operation Mode
- 2. Press [OK]
- 3. Select "Initialisation"
- 4. Press [OK]
- Cut off the mains supply and wait until the display turns off.

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- 6. Reconnect the mains supply the frequency converter is now reset.
- 14-22 Operation Mode initialises all except:
 - 14-50 RFI Filter
 - 8-30 Protocol
 - 8-31 Address
 - 8-32 FC Port Baud Rate
 - 8-35 Minimum Response Delay
 - 8-36 Max Response Delay
 - 8-37 Max Inter-Char Delay
 - 15-00 Operating Hours to 15-05 Over Volt's

15-20 Historic Log: Event to *15-22 Historic Log: Time*

15-30 Fault Log: Error Code to 15-32 Alarm Log: Time

Manual initialisation

- 1. Disconnect from mains and wait until the display turns off.
- 2. 2a Press [Status] [Main Menu] [OK] at the same time while power up for LCP 102, Graphical Display
 - 2b Press [Menu] while power up for LCP 101, Numerical Display
- 3. Release the keys after 5 s.
- 4. The frequency converter is now programmed according to default settings.

This procedure initialises all except:

15-00 Operating Hours

- 15-03 Power Up's
- 15-04 Over Temp's
- 15-05 Over Volt's

NOTE

A manual initialisation also resets serial communication, RFI filter settings (14-50 RFI Filter) and fault log settings.

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3 Parameter Descriptions

3.1 Parameter Selection

Parameters for FC 300 are grouped into various parameter groups for easy selection of the correct parameters for optimized operation of the frequency converter. 0-** Operation and Display parameters

- Basic Settings, set-up handling
- Display and Local Control Panel parameters for choosing readouts, setting up selections and copying functions

1-** Load and Motor parameters includes all load and motor related parameters

2-** Brake parameters

- DC brake
- Dynamic brake (Resistor brake)
- Mechanical brake
- Over Voltage Control

3-** References and ramping parameters includes DigiPot function

4-** Limits Warnings; setting of limits and warning parameters

5-** Digital inputs and outputs includes relay controls

6-** Analog inputs and outputs

7-** Controls; Setting parameters for speed and process controls

8-** Communication and option parameters for setting of FC RS485 and FC USB port parameters.

9-** Profibus parameters

10-** DeviceNet and CAN Fieldbus parameters

12-** Ethernet parameters

13-** Smart Logic Control parameters

14-** Special function parameters

15-** Drive information parameters

- 16-** Readout parameters
- 17-** Encoder Option parameters
- 18-** Readout 2 parameters
- 30-** Special Features
- 32-** MCO Basic Settings parameters
- 33-** MCO Adv. Settings parameters
- 34-** MCO Data Readouts
- 35-** Sensor Input Option parameters

Too see if a parameter can be used in a specific control mode, use the table in *4.1.2 Active/Inactive Parameters in Different Drive Control Modes*.



3.2 Parameters: 0-** Operation and Display

Parameters related to the fundamental functions of the frequency converter, function of the LCP keys and configuration of the LCP display.

3.2.1 0-0* Basic Settings

0-01 Language				
Option: Function:				
		Defines the language to be used in the display. The frequency converter can be delivered with 4 different language packages. English and German are included in all packages. English cannot be erased or manipulated.		
[0] *	English	Part of Language packages 1 - 4		
[1]	Deutsch	Part of Language packages 1 - 4		
[2]	Francais	Part of Language package 1		
[3]	Dansk	Part of Language package 1		
[4]	Spanish	Part of Language package 1		
[5]	Italiano	Part of Language package 1		
[6]	Svenska	Part of Language package 1		
[7]	Nederlands	Part of Language package 1		
[10]	Chinese	Part of Language package 2		
[20]	Suomi	Part of Language package 1		
[22]	English US	Part of Language package 4		
[27]	Greek	Part of Language package 4		
[28]	Bras.port	Part of Language package 4		
[36]	Slovenian	Part of Language package 3		
[39]	Korean	Part of Language package 2		
[40]	Japanese	Part of Language package 2		
[41]	Turkish	Part of Language package 4		
[42]	Trad.Chinese	Part of Language package 2		
[43]	Bulgarian	Part of Language package 3		
[44]	Srpski	Part of Language package 3		
[45]	Romanian	Part of Language package 3		
[46]	Magyar	Part of Language package 3		
[47]	Czech	Part of Language package 3		
[48]	Polski	Part of Language package 4		
[49]	Russian	Part of Language package 3		
[50]	Thai	Part of Language package 2		

0-01	Language	
Opt	ion:	Function:
[51]	Bahasa Indonesia	Part of Language package 2
[52]	Hrvatski	Part of Language package 3

0-02 Motor Speed Unit

Opt	ion:	Function:
		The display showing depends on settings in 0-02 Motor Speed Unit and 0-03 Regional Settings. The default setting of 0-02 Motor Speed Unit and 0-03 Regional Settings depends on which region of the world the frequency converter is supplied to, but can be re-programmed as required. NOTE Changing the Motor Speed Unit will reset certain parameters to their initial value. It is recommended to select the motor speed unit first, before modifying other parameters.
[0]	RPM	Selects display of motor speed variables and parameters (i.e. references, feedbacks and limits) in terms of motor speed (RPM).
[1] *	Hz	Selects display of motor speed variables and parameters (i.e. references, feedbacks and limits) in terms of output frequency to the motor (Hz).

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

0-03	0-03 Regional Settings		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	Interna- tional	Activates 1-20 Motor Power [kW] for setting the motor power in kW and sets the default value of 1-23 Motor Frequency to 50Hz.	
[1]	US	Activates 1-20 Motor Power [kW] for setting the motor power in HP and sets the default value of 1-23 Motor Frequency to 60Hz.	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

0-04	0-04 Operating State at Power-up (Hand)		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Selects the operating mode upon	
		reconnection of the frequency converter to mains voltage after power down in Hand (local) operation mode.	
[0]	Resume	Restarts the frequency converter, maintaining the same and the same start/stop settings	

0-04	0-04 Operating State at Power-up (Hand)			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		(applied by [Hand On/Off]) as before the frequency converter was powered down.		
[1] *	Forced stop, ref=old	Restarts the frequency converter with a saved local reference, after mains voltage reappears and after pressing [Hand On].		
[2]	Forced stop, ref=0	Resets the local reference to 0 upon restarting the frequency converter.		

3.2.2 0-1* Set-up Operations

Define and control the individual parameter setups. The frequency converter has four parameter setups that can be programmed independently of each other. This makes the frequency converter very flexible and able to solve advanced control functionality problems, often saving the cost of external control equipment. For example these can be used to program the frequency converter to operate according to one control scheme in one setup (e.g. motor 1 for horizontal movement) and another control scheme in another setup (e.g. motor 2 for vertical movement). Alternatively they can be used by an OEM machine builder to identically program all their factory fitted frequency converters for different machine types within a range to have the same parameters and then during production/commissioning simply select a specific setup depending on which machine the frequency converter is installed on.

The active setup (i.e. the setup in which the frequency converter is currently operating) can be selected in *0-10 Active Set-up* and is displayed in the LCP. Using Multi set-up it is possible to switch between setups with the frequency converter running or stopped, via digital input or serial communication commands. If it is necessary to change setups whilst running, ensure *0-12 This Set-up Linked to* is programmed as required. Using *0-11 Edit Set-up* it is possible to edit parameters within any of the setups whilst continuing the frequency converter operation in its Active Setup which can be a different setup to that being edited. Using *0-51 Set-up Copy* it is possible to copy parameter settings between the setups to enable quicker commissioning if similar parameter settings are required in different setups.

0-10 Active Set-up Option: Function: Select the set-up to control the frequency converter functions. [0] Factory setup Cannot be changed. It contains the Danfoss data set, and can be used as a data source when returning the other set-ups to a known state.

0-10	0-10 Active Set-up		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[1] *	Set-up 1	[1] Set-up 1 to [4] Set-up 4 are the four separate parameter set-ups within which all parameters can be programmed.	
[2]	Set-up 2		
[3]	Set-up 3		
[4]	Set-up 4		
[9]	Multi Set-up	Remote selection of set-ups using digital inputs and the serial communication port. This set-up uses the settings from 0-12 This Set-up Linked to. Stop the frequency converter before making changes to open- and closed loop functions	

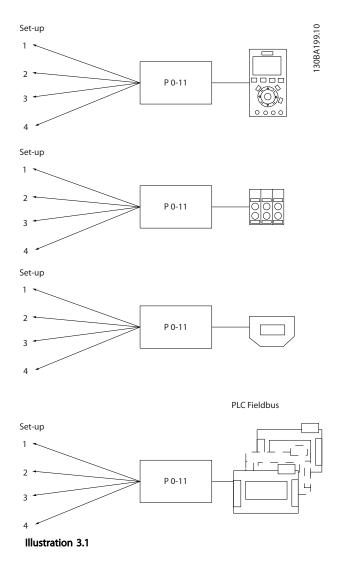
Use 0-51 Set-up Copy to copy a set-up to one or all other set-ups. Stop the frequency converter before switching between set-ups where parameters marked 'not changeable during operation' have different values. To avoid conflicting settings of the same parameter within two different set-ups, link the set-ups together using 0-12 This Set-up Linked to. Parameters which are 'not changeable during operation' are marked FALSE in the parameter lists in 4 Parameter Lists.

0-1 1	0-11 Edit Set-up			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select the set-up to be edited (i.e. programmed) during operation; either the active set-up or one of the inactive set-ups.		
[0]	Factory setup	Cannot be edited but it is useful as a data source to return the other set-ups to a known state.		
[1] *	Set-up 1	[1] Set-up 1 to [4] Set-up 4 can be edited freely during operation, independently of the active set-up.		
[2]	Set-up 2			
[3]	Set-up 3			
[4]	Set-up 4			
[9]	Active Set-up	Can also be edited during operation. Edit the chosen set-up from a range of sources: LCP, FC RS-485, FC USB or up to five fieldbus sites.		

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Parameter Descriptions

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0-12	0-12 This Set-up Linked to		
Optio	on:	Function:	
		To enable conflict-free changes from one set-up to another during operation, link set-ups containing parameters which are not changeable during operation. The link will ensure synchronising of the 'not changeable during operation' parameter values when moving from one set-up to another during operation. 'Not changeable during operation' parameters can be identified by the label FALSE in the parameter lists in the section <i>Parameter</i> <i>Lists</i> . <i>0-12 This Set-up Linked to</i> is used by Multi set- up in <i>0-10 Active Set-up</i> . Multi set-up is used to move from one set-up to another during operation (i.e. while the motor is running). Example: Use Multi set-up to shift from Set-up 1 to Set- up 2 whilst the motor is running. Programme in Set-up 1 first, then ensure that Set-up 1 and	

0-12	0-12 This Set-up Linked to				
Opti		Function:			
		 Set-up 2 are synchronised (or 'linked'). Synchronisation can be performed in two ways: 1. Change the edit set-up to Set-up 2 [2] in 0-11 Edit Set-up and set 0-12 This Set-up Linked to to Set-up 1 [1]. This will start the linking (synchronising) process. 			
		0 RPM 0.00A 1(1) Set-up Handling 0.1* 0-12 This Set-up Linked to			
		Illustration 3.2			
		OR 2. While still in Set-up 1, copy Set-up 1 to Set- up 2. Then set 0-12 This Set-up Linked to to Set- up 2 [2]. This will start the linking process. ORPM 0.00A 1(1) Set-up Handling 0-1* 0-12 This Set-up Linked to Illustration 3.3 After the link is complete, 0-13 Readout: Linked Set-ups will read {1,2} to indicate that all 'not			
		changeable during operation' parameters are now the same in Set-up 1 and Set-up 2. If there are changes to a 'not changeable during operation' parameter, e.g. <i>1-30 Stator Resistance</i> (<i>Rs</i>), in Set-up 2, they will also be changed automatically in Set-up 1. A switch between Set-up 1 and Set-up 2 during operation is now possible.			
[0] *	Not linked				
[1]	Set-up 1				
[2]	Set-up 2				
[3]	Set-up 3				
[4]	Set-up 4				



0-13 Readout: Linked Set-ups					
Arr	Array [5]				
Rai	Range: Function:				
0 *	[0 - 255]	View a list of all the set-ups linked by means of			
		0-12 This Set-up Linked to. The parameter has one			
		index for each	parameter set-up. The parameter		
		value displayed for each index represents which			
		set-ups are linked to that parameter set-up.			
		Index LCP value			
		0 {0}			
		1 {1,2}			
		2	{1,2}		
		3 {3}			
		4 {4}			
		Table 3.2 Example: Set-up 1 and Set-up 2 are			
		linked			

0-14	0-14 Readout: Edit Set-ups / Channel				
Rang	je:	Function:			
0	[-2147483648 -	View the setting of 0-11 Edit Set-up for			
N/A*	2147483647	each of the four different communi-			
	N/A]	cation channels. When the number is			
		displayed in hex, as it is in the LCP, each			
		number represents one channel.			
		Numbers 1-4 represent a set-up number;			
		'F' means factory setting; and 'A' means			
		active set-up. The channels are, from			
		right to left: LCP, FC-bus, USB, HPFB1-5.			
		Example: The number AAAAAA21h			
		means that the FC bus selected Set-up 2			
		in 0-11 Edit Set-up, the LCP selected Set-			
		up 1 and all others used the active set-			
		up.			

0-1	0-15 Readout: actual setup			
Ra	Range: Function:			
0 *	0 * [0 - 255] Makes it possible to read out the active set-up also when multi set-up is selected in 0-10 Active Set-up.			

3.2.3 0-2* LCP Display

Define the variables displayed in the Graphical Local Control Panel.

NOTE

Please refer to 0-37 Display Text 1, 0-38 Display Text 2 and 0-39 Display Text 3 for information on how to write display texts.

0-20 D	Display Line 1.1 Small	
Option	:	Function:
		Select a variable for display in
		line 1, left position.
[0] *	None	No display value selected.
[953]	Profibus Warning	
	Word	
[1005]	Readout Transmit	
[1000]	Error Counter	
[1006]	Readout Receive Error Counter	
[1007]	Readout Bus Off	
[1007]	Counter	
[1013]	Warning Parameter	
[1230]	Warning Parameter	
[1472]	VLT Alarm Word	
[1473]	VLT Warning Word	
[1474]	VLT Ext. Status Word	
[1501]	Running Hours	
[1502]	kWh Counter	
[1600]	Control Word	Present control word
[1601]	Reference [Unit]	Total reference (sum of digital/
		analog/preset/bus/freeze ref./
		catch up and slow-down) in
		selected unit.
[1602]	Reference %	Total reference (sum of digital/
		analog/preset/bus/freeze ref./
		catch up and slow-down) in
		percent.
[1603]	Status Word	Present status word.
[1605]	Main Actual Value [%]	Actual value as a percentage.
[1609]	Custom Readout	
[1610]	Power [kW]	Actual power consumed by the
		motor in kW.
[1611]	Power [hp]	Actual power consumed by the
		motor in HP.
[1612]	Motor Voltage	Voltage supplied to the motor.
[1613]	Frequency	Motor frequency, i.e. the output
		frequency from the frequency
		converter in Hz
[1614]	Motor Current	Phase current of the motor
		measured as effective value.
[1615]	Frequency [%]	Motor frequency, i.e. the output
		frequency from the frequency
		converter in percent.
[1616]	Torque [Nm]	Actual motor torque in Nm
[1617] *	Speed [RPM]	Speed in RPM (revolutions per
		minute) i.e. the motor shaft
		speed in closed loop.

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Optior	n:	Function:
[1618]	Motor Thermal	Thermal load on the motor, calculated by the ETR function.
[1619]	KTY sensor temperature	
[1620]	Motor Angle	
[1622]	Torque [%]	Present motor load as a percentage of the rated motor torque.
[1625]	Torque [Nm] High	
[1630]	DC Link Voltage	Intermediate circuit voltage in the frequency converter.
[1632]	Brake Energy /s	Present brake power transferred to an external brake resistor. Stated as an instantaneous value.
[1633]	Brake Energy /2 min	Brake power transferred to an external brake resistor. The mean power is calculated continuously for the most recent 120 s.
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.	Present heat sink temperature of the frequency converter. The cut-out limit is 95 ±5 °C; cuttin back in occurs at 70 ±5 °C.
[1635]	Inverter Thermal	Percentage load of the inverter
[1636]	Inv. Nom. Current	Nominal current of the frequency converter.
[1637]	Inv. Max. Current	Maximum current of the frequency converter.
[1638]	SL Controller State	State of the event executed by the control.
[1639]	Control Card Temp.	Temperature of the control car
[1650]	External Reference	Sum of the external reference a a percentage, i.e. the sum of analog/pulse/bus.
[1651]	Pulse Reference	Frequency in Hz connected to the digital inputs (18, 19 or 32, 33).
[1652]	Feedback [Unit]	Reference value from programmed digital input(s).
[1653]	Digi Pot Reference	
[1660]	Digital Input	Signal states form the 6 digital terminals (18, 19, 27, 29, 32 and 33). There are 16 bits in total, but only six of them are used. Input 18 corresponds to the leftmost of the used bits. Signal low = 0; Signal high = 1.

0-20 C	Display Line 1.1 Small	
Option	:	Function:
[1661]	Terminal 53 Switch Setting	Setting of input terminal 54. Current = 0; Voltage = 1.
[1662]	Analog Input 53	Actual value at input 53 either as a reference or protection value.
[1663]	Terminal 54 Switch Setting	Setting of input terminal 54. Current = 0; Voltage = 1.
[1664]	Analog Input 54	Actual value at input 54 either as reference or protection value.
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]	Actual value at output 42 in mA. Use 6-50 Terminal 42 Output to select the value to be shown.
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]	Binary value of all digital outputs.
[1667]	Freq. Input #29 [Hz]	Actual value of the frequency applied at terminal 29 as an impulse input.
[1668]	Freq. Input #33 [Hz]	Actual value of the frequency applied at terminal 33 as an impulse input.
[1669]	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	Actual value of impulses applied to terminal 27 in digital output mode.
[1670]	Pulse Output #29 [Hz]	Actual value of impulses applied to terminal 29 in digital output mode.
[1671]	Relay Output [bin]	
[1672]	Counter A	Application dependent (e.g. SLC Control)
[1673]	Counter B	Application dependent (e.g. SLC Control)
[1674]	Prec. Stop Counter	Display the actual counter value.
[1675]	Analog In X30/11	Actual value at input X30/11 either as reference or protection value.
[1676]	Analog In X30/12	Actual value at input X30/12 either as reference or protection value.
[1677]	Analog Out X30/8 [mA]	Actual value at output X30/8 in mA. Use <i>6-60 Terminal X30/8</i> <i>Output</i> to select the value to be shown.
[1678]	Analog Out X45/1 [mA]	
[1679]	Analog Out X45/3 [mA]	
[1680]	Fieldbus CTW 1	Control word (CTW) received from the Bus Master.

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0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small			
Option	:	Function:	
[1682]	Fieldbus REF 1	Main reference value sent with control word from the Bus Master.	
[1684]	Comm. Option STW	Extended fieldbus communi- cation option status word.	
[1685]	FC Port CTW 1	Control word (CTW) received from the Bus Master.	
[1686]	FC Port REF 1	Status word (STW) sent to the Bus Master.	
[1690]	Alarm Word	One or more alarms in a Hex code.	
[1691]	Alarm Word 2	One or more alarms in a Hex code.	
[1692]	Warning Word	One or more warnings in a Hex code.	
[1693]	Warning Word 2	One or more warnings in a Hex code.	
[1694]	Ext. Status Word	One or more status conditions in a Hex code.	
[3401]	PCD 1 Write to MCO		
[3402]	PCD 2 Write to MCO		
[3403]	PCD 3 Write to MCO		
[3404]	PCD 4 Write to MCO		
[3405]	PCD 5 Write to MCO		
[3406]	PCD 6 Write to MCO		
[3407]	PCD 7 Write to MCO		
[3408]	PCD 8 Write to MCO		
[3409]	PCD 9 Write to MCO		
[3410]	PCD 10 Write to MCO		
[3421]	PCD 1 Read from MCO		
[3422]	PCD 2 Read from MCO		
[3423]	PCD 3 Read from MCO		
[3424]	PCD 4 Read from MCO		
[3425]	PCD 5 Read from MCO		
[3426]	PCD 6 Read from MCO		
[3427]	PCD 7 Read from MCO		
[3428]	PCD 8 Read from MCO		
[3429]	PCD 9 Read from MCO		
[3430]	PCD 10 Read from MCO		
[3440]	Digital Inputs		

0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small				
Option:			Function:	
[3441]	Digital Outputs			
[3450]	Actual Position			
[3451]	Commanded Posi	tion		
[3452]	Actual Master Pos	sition		
[3453]	Slave Index Positi	on		
[3454]	Master Index Pos	ition		
[3455]	Curve Position			
[3456]	Track Error			
[3457]	Synchronizing Err	or		
[3458]	Actual Velocity			
[3459]	Actual Master Vel	ocity		
[3460]	Synchronizing Sta	itus		
[3461]	Axis Status			
[3462]	Program Status			
[3470]	MCO Alarm Word	1		
[3471]	MCO Alarm Word	2		
[9913]	Idle time			
[9914]	Paramdb request	s in		
	queue			
[9920]	HS Temp. (PC1)			
[9921]	HS Temp. (PC2)			
[9922]	HS Temp. (PC3)			
[9923]	HS Temp. (PC4)			
[9924]	HS Temp. (PC5)			
[9925]	HS Temp. (PC6)			
[9926]	HS Temp. (PC7)			
[9927]	927] HS Temp. (PC8)			
0-21 D	oisplay Line 1.2 S	mall		
Option				
		ale for	display in line 1, middle	
			as are the same as listed for	
	0-20 Display L	•		
0-22 D	isplay Line 1.3 S	mall		
Option	:	Fun	ction:	
[30120] *	Mains Current	Selec	t a variable for display in line 1,	
	[A]	right	right position. The options are the	
			e as listed for 0-20 Display Line 1.1	
		Smal	I.	
0-23 D) Display Line 2 Laı	ge		
Option: Function:				
[30100] *			ct a variable for display in line 2.	
	[A]		options are the same as listed for	
	2.0		Display Line 1.1 Small.	
0-24 Display Line 3 Large				
Select a variable for display in line 3.				
	Option: Function:			
[30121] *			options are the same as those	
[50121] /			ed in 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small.	

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0-25 My Personal Menu

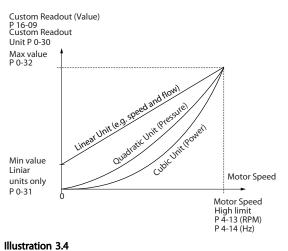
Range:		Function:
0	[0 -	Define up to 50 parameters to appear in the Q1
N/A*	9999	Personal Menu, accessible via the [Quick Menu]
	N/A]	key on the LCP. The parameters will be
		displayed in the Q1 Personal Menu in the order
		they are programmed into this array parameter.
		Delete parameters by setting the value to '0000'.
		For example, this can be used to provide quick,
		simple access to just one or up to 50 parameters
		which require changing on a regular basis (e.g.
		for plant maintenance reasons) or by an OEM to
		enable simple commissioning of their
		equipment.

3.2.4 0-3* LCP Custom Readout

It is possible to customize the display elements for various purposes: *Custom Readout. Value proportional to speed (Linear, squared or cubed depending on unit selected in *0-30 Custom Readout Unit*) *Display Text. Text string stored in a parameter.

Custom Readout

The calculated value to be displayed is based on settings in 0-30 Custom Readout Unit, 0-31 Custom Readout Min Value (linear only), 0-32 Custom Readout Max Value, 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM], 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz] and actual speed.



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The relation will depend on the type of unit selected in *0-30 Custom Readout Unit*:

Unit Type	Speed Relation	
Dimensionless		
Speed		
Flow, volume		
Flow, mass	Linear	
Velocity		
Length		
Temperature		
Pressure	Quadratic	
Power	Cubic	

Table 3.3

0-30 Unit for User-defined Readout			
Option:		Function:	
		It is possible to program a value to be shown in the display of the LCP. The value will have a linear, squared or cubed relation to speed. This relation will depend on the unit selected (see table above). The actual calculated value can be read in 16-09 Custom Readout, and/or shown in the display be selecting Custom Readout [16-09] in 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small to 0-24 Display Line 3 Large.	
[0] *	None		
[1]	%		
[5]	PPM		
[10]	1/min		
[11]	rpm		
[12]	Pulse/s		
[20]	l/s		
[21]	l/min		
[22]	l/h		
[23]	m³/s		
[24]	m³/min		
[25]	m³/h		
[30]	kg/s		
[31]	kg/min		
[32]	kg/h		
[33]	t/min		
[34]	t/h		
[40]	m/s		
[41]	m/min		
[45]	m		
[60]	°C		
[70]	mbar		
[71]	bar		
[72]	Ра		
[73]	kPa		
[74]	m WG		
[80]	kW		
[120]	GPM		
[121]	gal/s		
[122]	gal/min		
[123]	gal/h		

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Parameter Descriptions

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0-30 Unit for User-defined Readout		
Option:		Function:
[124]	CFM	
[125]	ft³/s	
[126]	ft³/min	
[127]	ft³/h	
[130]	lb/s	
[131]	lb/min	
[132]	lb/h	
[140]	ft/s	
[141]	ft/min	
[145]	ft	
[160]	°F	
[170]	psi	
[171]	lb/in²	
[172]	in WG	
[173]	ft WG	
[180]	HP	

0-31 Min Value of User-defined Readout

Range:	Function:		
0.00 Custom-	[-999999.99 -	This parameter sets the	
ReadoutUnit*	par. 0-32	min. value of the custom	
	CustomRea-	defined readout (occurs at	
	doutUnit]	zero speed). Only possible	
		to set different from 0 is	
		when selecting a linear unit	
		in 0-30 Unit for User-defined	
		Readout. For Quadratic and	
		Cubic units the minimum	
		value will be 0.	

0-32 Custom Readout Max Value

Range:		Function:
100.00 Custom-	[par. 0-31 -	This parameter sets the max
ReadoutUnit*	999999.99	value to be shown when
	CustomRea-	the speed of the motor has
	doutUnit]	reached the set value for
		4-13 Motor Speed High Limit
		[RPM] or 4-14 Motor Speed
		High Limit [Hz] (depends on
		setting in 0-02 Motor Speed
		Unit).

0-3	0-37 Display Text 1				
Range:		Function:			
0 *	[0 - 0]	Enter a text which can be viewed in the graphical			
		display by selecting Display Text 1 [37] in 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small, 0-21 Display Line 1.2			
		0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small, 0-21 Display Line 1.2			
		Small, 0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small, 0-23 Display Line 2			
		Large or 0-24 Display Line 3 Large.			

0-38 Display Text 2		
Range:		Function:
0 *	[0 - 0]	Enter a text which can be viewed in the graphical display by selecting Display Text 2 [38] in 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small, 0-21 Display Line 1.2 Small, 0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small, 0-23 Display Line 2 Large or 0-24 Display Line 3 Large.
0-39 Display Text 3 Range: Function:		
0 *	-	Enter a text which can be viewed in the graphical

3.2.5 0-4* LCP Keypad

Enable, disable and password protect individual keys on	
the LCP.	

0-40 [Hand on] Key on LCP			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	Disabled	No effect when [Hand On] is pressed. Select [0] <i>Disabled</i> to avoid accidental start of the frequency converter in <i>Hand on</i> mode.	
[1] *	Enabled	The LCP switches to <i>Hand on</i> mode directly when [Hand on] is pressed.	
[2]	Password	After pressing [Hand on] a password is required. If 0-40 [Hand on] Key on LCP is in included in My Personal Menu, define the password in 0-65 Quick Menu Password. Otherwise define the password in 0-60 Main Menu Password.	
0-41	0-41 [Off] Key on LCP		
Option:		Function:	

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Disabled	Avoids accidental stop of the frequency
		converter.
[1] *	Enabled	
[2]	Password	Avoids unauthorised stop. If 0-41 [Off] Key on LCP
		is included in the Quick Menu, then define the
		password in 0-65 Quick Menu Password.

0-42 [Auto on] Key on LCP

Option:		Function:	
[0] *	Disabled	Avoid accidental start of the frequency converter	
		in Auto mode.	
[1] *	Enabled		
[2]	Password	Avoids unauthorised start in Auto mode. If	
		0-42 [Auto on] Key on LCP is included in the	
		Quick Menu, then define the password in	
		0-65 Quick Menu Password.	

0-43	0-43 [Reset] Key on LCP			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	Disabled	No effect when [Reset] is pressed. Avoids		
		accidental alarm reset.		
[1] *	Enabled			
[2]	Password	Avoids unauthorised resetting. If 0-43 [Reset] Key		
		on LCP is included in the Quick Menu, then		
		define the password in 0-65 Quick Menu		
		Password.		

3.2.6 0-5* Copy/Save

Copy parameter settings between set-ups and to/from the LCP.

0-50	0-50 LCP Copy			
Option:		Function:		
[0] *	No сору			
[1]	All to LCP	Copies all parameters in all set-ups from the frequency converter memory to the LCP memory.		
[2]	All from LCP	Copies all parameters in all set-ups from the LCP memory to the frequency converter memory.		
[3]	Size indep. from LCP	Copy only the parameters that are independent of the motor size. The latter selection can be used to programme several frequency converters with the same function without disturbing motor data.		
[4]	File from MCO to LCP			
[5]	File from LCP to MCO			

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

0-5 1	0-51 Set-up Copy			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	No сору	No function		
[1]	Copy to set- up 1	Copies all parameters in the present Programming Set-up (defined in <i>0-11 Programming Set-up</i>) to Set-up 1.		
[2]	Copy to set- up 2	Copies all parameters in the present Programming Set-up (defined in <i>0-11 Programming Set-up</i>) to Set-up 2.		
[3]	Copy to set- up 3	Copies all parameters in the present Programming Set-up (defined in <i>0-11 Programming Set-up</i>) to Set-up 3.		

0-51	0-51 Set-up Copy			
Option:		Function:		
[4]	[4] Copy to set- up 4 Copies all parameters in the present Programming Set-up (defined in 0-11 Programming Set-up) to Set-up 4.			
[9]	Copy to all	Copies the parameters in the present set-up over to each of the set-ups 1 to 4.		

3.2.7 0-6* Password

0-60	0-60 Main Menu Password				
Ran	ge:	Function:			
100 *	[0 - 999]	Define the password for access to the Main Menu via the [Main Menu] key. If 0-61 Access to Main Menu w/o Password is set to [0] Full access, this parameter will be ignored.			
0-61	Access to	Main Menu w/o Password			
Opt	ion:	Function:			
[0] *	Full access	Disables password defined in 0-60 Main Menu Password.			
[1]	LCP: Read on	ly Prevent unauthorized editing of Main Menu parameters.			
[2]	LCP: No acce	ss Prevent unauthorized viewing and editing of Main Menu parameters.			
[3]	Bus: Read on	ly Read-only functions for parameters on Fieldbus and/or FC standard bus.			
[4]	Bus: No acce	ss No access to parameters is allowed via Fieldbus and/or FC standard bus.			
[5]	All: Read only	y Read-only function for parameters on LCP, Fieldbus or FC standard bus.			
[6]	All: No acces	s No access from LCP, Fieldbus or FC standard bus is allowed.			

If Full access [0] is selected then 0-60 Main Menu Password, 0-65 Personal Menu Password and 0-66 Access to Personal Menu w/o Password will be ignored.

NOTE

A more complex Password protection is available for OEMs upon request.

0-65 Quick Menu Password			
Range: Function:			
200 N/A*	[-9999 - Define the password for access to the		
	9999 N/A]	Quick Menu via the [Quick Menu] key.	
		If 0-66 Access to Quick Menu w/o	
		Password is set to [0] Full access, this	
		parameter will be ignored.	

Parameter Descriptions

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0-66	0-66 Access to Quick Menu w/o Password			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] * Full access		Disables the password defined in 0-65 Quick Menu Password.		
[1]	LCP: Read only	Prevents unauthorised editing of Quick Menu parameters.		
[2]	LCP: No access	Prevents unauthorised viewing and editing of Quick Menu parameters.		
[3]	Bus: Read only	Read only functions for Quick Menu parameters on Fieldbus and/ or FC standard bus.		
[4]	Bus: No access	No access to Quick Menu parameters is allowed via Fieldbus and/ or FC standard bus.		
[5]	All: Read only	read only function for Quick Menu parameters on LCP, Fieldbus or FC standard bus.		
[6]	All: No access	No access from LCP, Fieldbus or FC standard bus is allowed.		

If 0-61 Access to Main Menu w/o Password is set to [0] Full access then this parameter will be ignored.

0-67 Bus Password Access				
Range	:	Function:		
0 N/A*	[0 - 9999 N/A]	Writing to this parameter enables users to unlock the frequency converter from bus/MCT 10 Set-up Software.		

A 66	Accore	to Ouidle	Monu	111/0	Decouverd	
0-00	Access	ιο Quick	Menu	W/O	Password	

3.3 Parameters: 1-** Load and Motor

3.3.1 1-0* General Settings

Define whether the frequency converter operates in speed mode or torque mode; and whether the internal PID control should be active or not.

1-00	1-00 Configuration Mode				
Option:		Function:			
		Select the application control principle to be used when a Remote Reference (i.e. via analog input or fieldbus) is active. A Remote Reference can only be active when <i>3-13 Reference Site</i> is set to [0] or [1].			
[0] *	Speed open loop	Enables speed control (without feedback signal from motor) with automatic slip compensation for almost constant speed at varying loads. Compensations are active but can be disabled in the Load/Motor parameter group 1-0*. The speed control parameters are set in parameter group 7-0*.			
[1]	Speed closed loop	Enables Speed closed loop control with feed- back. Obtain full holding torque at 0 RPM. For increased speed accuracy, provide a feedback signal and set the speed PID control. The speed control parameters are set in parameter group 7-0*.			
[2]	Torque	Enables torque closed loop control with feed- back. Only possible with "Flux with motor feedback" option, <i>1-01 Motor Control Principle</i> . FC 302 only.			
[3]	Process	Enables the use of process control in the frequency converter. The process control parameters are set in parameter groups 7-2* and 7-3*.			
[4]	Torque open loop	Enables the use of torque open loop in VVC ⁺ mode (1-01 Motor Control Principle). The torque PID parameters are set in parameter group 7-1*.			

1-01 Motor Control Principle **Option:** Function: Select which motor control principle to employ. [0] * U/f special motor mode, for parallel connected motors in special motor applications. When U/f is selected the characteristic of the control principle can be edited in 1-55 U/f Characteristic - U and 1-56 U/f Characteristic -F. [1] * VVC+ Voltage Vector Control principle suitable for most applications. The main benefit of VVC^{plus} operation is that it uses a robust motor model.

1-01 Motor Control Principle

Opt	ion:	Function:
[2] Flux Flux Vector control without encoder sensorless feedback, for simple installation and robustness against sudden load chang 302 only.		feedback, for simple installation and robustness against sudden load changes. FC
[3]	Flux w/ motor feedb	very high accuracy speed and torque control, suitable for the most demanding applications. FC 302 only.

The best shaft performance is normally achieved using either of the two Flux Vector control modes [2] Flux sensorless and [3] Flux with encoder feedback.

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

NOTE

An overview of possible combinations of the settings in 1-00 Configuration Mode and 1-01 Motor Control Principle can be found in 4.1.2 Active/Inactive Parameters in Different Drive Control Modes.

1-02 Flux Motor Feedback Source		
Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select the interface at which to receive feedback from the motor.
[0]	Motor feedb. P1-02	
[1] *	24V encoder	A and B channel encoder, which can be connected to the digital input terminals 32/33 only. Terminals 32/33 must be programmed to <i>No operation</i> .
[2]	MCB 102	Encoder module option which can be configured in parameter group 17-1* FC 302 only.
[3]	MCB 103	Optional resolver interface module which can be configured in parameter group 17-5*
[5]	MCO Encoder 2	encoder interface 2 of the optional programmable motion controller MCO 305.
[6]	Analog input 53	
[7]	Analog input 54	
[8]	Frequency input 29	
[9]	Frequency input 33	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

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1-03	1-03 Torque Characteristics		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the torque characteristic required. VT and AEO are both energy saving operations.	
[0] *	Constant torque	Motor shaft output provides constant torque under variable speed control.	
[1]	Variable torque	Motor shaft output provides variable torque under variable speed control. Set the variable torque level in 14-40 VT Level.	
[2]	Auto Energy Optim.	Automatically optimises energy consumption by minimising magnetisation and frequency via 14-41 AEO Minimum Magnetisation and 14-42 Minimum AEO Frequency.	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

1-04	1-04 Overload Mode		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	High torque	Allows up to 160% over torque.	
[1]	Normal torque	For oversized motor - allows up to 110% over torque.	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

1-05	1-05 Local Mode Configuration	
Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select which application configuration mode (1-00 Configuration Mode), i.e. application control principle, to use when a Local (LCP) Reference is active. A Local Reference can be active only when 3-13 Reference Site is set to [0] or [2]. By default the local reference is active in Hand Mode only.
[0]	Speed open loop	
[1]	Speed closed loop	
[2] *	As mode par 1-00	

1-06 Clockwise Direction

This parameter defines the term "Clockwise" corresponding to the LCP direction arrow. Used for easy change of direction of shaft rotation without swapping motor wires.

Option: Function:

•		
[0] *	Normal	Motor shaft will turn in clockwise
		direction when the frequency

1-06 Clockwise Direction

This parameter defines the term "Clockwise" corresponding to the LCP direction arrow. Used for easy change of direction of shaft rotation without swapping motor wires.

Option:

Option:		Function:
		converter is connected U \Rightarrow U; V \Rightarrow V, and W \Rightarrow W to motor.
[1]	Inverse	Motor shaft will turn in counter clockwise direction when the frequency converter is connected $U\Rightarrow U; V\Rightarrow V$, and $W\Rightarrow W$ to motor.

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

1-0	1-07 Motor Angle Offset Adjust		
	This parameter will adjust the motor angle offset for an absolute position feedback device mounted on the motor.		
O	Option: Function:		
[0]	Manual	The frequency converter will use the motor angle offset entered in 1-41 Motor Angle Offset.	
[1]	Auto	The frequency converter will automatically adjust the motor angle offset by running a determined procedure.	

NOTE

This parameter is only valid when PM motors in Flux with motor feedback are used and for FC 302 only.

3.3.2 1-1* Special Settings

NOTE

The parameters within this parameter group cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

1-10	0 Motor Construction		
Option:		Function:	
		Select the motor design type.	
[0] *	Asynchron	For asynchronous motors.	
[1]	PM, non salient SPM	For salient or non-salient PM motors. PM motors are divided into two groups, with either surface mounted (non salient) or interior (salient) magnets.	



1-11 Motor Model

Automatically sets the manufacturer's values for the selected motor. If the default value [1] is used, settings must to be determined manually, according to the choice in *1-10 Motor Construction*.

This parameter is FC 302 only.

Option: Function:

Option:		Function:
[1]	Std. Asynchron	Default motor model when [0]* Asynchron is selected in 1-10 Motor Construction. Enter motor parameter manually.
[2]	Std. PM, non salient	Selectable when [1] PM, non salient SPM is selected in 1-10 Motor Construction. Enter motor parameter manually.
[10]	Danfoss OGD LA10	Selectable when [1] PM, non salient SPM is selected in 1-10 Motor Construction. Only available for T4, T5 in 1.5-3 kW. Settings are loaded automatically for this specific motor. See table for details.

NOTE This parameter is FC 302 only.

1-14 Damping Gain			
Range	e:	Function:	
140	[0 -	The damping gain will stabilize the PM machine	
%*	250 %]	in order to run the PM machine smooth and	
		stable. The value of Damping gain will control	
		the dynamic performance of the PM machine.	
		High damping gain will give high dynamic	
		performance and low damping gain will give low	
		dynamic performance. The dynamic performance	
		is related to the machine data and load type. If	
		the damping gain is too high or low the control	
		will become unstable.	

1-15 Low Speed Filter Time Const. Range: Function: Size related* [0.01 - 20 s] This time constant is used below 10% rated speed. Obtain quick
control through a short damping
time constant. However, if this value
is too short, the control gets
unstable.

1-16 High Speed Filter Time Const.

Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0.01 - 20 s]	This time constant is used above
		10% rated speed. Obtain quick
		control through a short damping
		time constant. However, if this value

1-16 High Speed Filter Time Const.			
Range:		Function:	
		is too short, the control gets unstable.	
1-17 Voltage filter time const.			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0.001 - 1	Reduces the influence of high	
	s]	frequency ripple and system	
		resonance in the calculation of	
		supply voltage. Without this filter, the	
		ripples in the currents can distort the	
		calculated voltage and affect the	
		stability of the system.	

3.3.3 1-2* Motor Data

Parameter group 1-2* comprises input data from the nameplate on the connected motor.

NOTE

Changing the value of these parameters affects the setting of other parameters.

NOTE

1-20 Motor Power [kW], 1-21 Motor Power [HP], 1-22 Motor Voltage and 1-23 Motor Frequency will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

1-20 I	Motor Power	· [kW]
Range		Function:
4.00 kW*	[0.09 - 3000.00 kW]	Enter the nominal motor power in kW according to the motor nameplate data. The default value corresponds to the nominal rated output of the unit. This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running. This parameter is visible in LCP if 0-03 Regional Settings is [0] International.
		Four sizes down, one size up from nominal unit rating.

1-21 Motor Power [HP]

Range:		Function:	
4.00	[0.09 -	Enter the nominal motor power in HP	
hp*	3000.00 hp]	according to the motor nameplate data.	
		The default value corresponds to the	
		nominal rated output of the unit. This	
		parameter is visible in LCP if	
		0-03 Regional Settings is [1] US	

Parameter Descriptions

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1-22 Motor Voltage		
Range:		Function:
500. V*	[10 1000.	Enter the nominal motor voltage
	V]	according to the motor nameplate data.
		The default value corresponds to the
		nominal rated output of the unit.

1-23	1-23 Motor Frequency	
Rang	e:	Function:
50.	[20 -	Min - Max motor frequency: 20-1000 Hz.
Hz*	1000	Select the motor frequency value from the
	Hz]	motor nameplate data. If a value different from
		50 Hz or 60 Hz is selected, it is necessary to
		adapt the load independent settings in
		1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed to
		1-53 Model Shift Frequency. For 87 Hz operation
		with 230/400 V motors, set the nameplate data
		for 230 V/50 Hz. Adapt 4-13 Motor Speed High
		Limit [RPM] and 3-03 Maximum Reference to the
		87 Hz application.

1-24 Motor Current

Range:		Function:	
7.20 A*	[0.10 - 10000.00	Enter the nominal motor current	
	A]	value from the motor nameplate	
		data. The data are used for	
		calculating torque, motor protection	
		etc.	

1-25 Motor Nominal Speed Range: Function: 1420. [10 - 60000 Enter the nominal motor speed value from the motor nameplate data. The data are used for calculating motor compensations. n_{m,n} = n_s - n_{slip}.

1-26 Motor Cont. Rated Torque

Range	:	Function:
0 Nm*	[0.1 -	Enter the value from the motor nameplate
	10000.0 Nm]	data. The default value corresponds to the
		nominal rated output. This parameter is
		available when 1-10 Motor Construction is
		set to [1] PM, non salient SPM, i.e. the
		parameter is valid for PM and non-salient
		SPM motors only.

1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)

Option:	Function:	
	The AMA function optimises dynamic motor	
	performance by automatically optimising the	
	advanced motor parameters (1-30 Stator	
	Resistance (Rs) to 1-35 Main Reactance (Xh)) at	
	motor standstill.	

1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)		
Opt	ion:	Function:
		Activate the AMA function by pressing [Hand on] after selecting [1] or [2]. See also the section <i>Automatic Motor Adaptation</i> in the Design Guide. After a normal sequence, the display will read: "Press [OK] to finish AMA". After pressing the [OK] key the frequency converter is ready for operation.
[0] *	Off	
[1]	Enable complete AMA	Performs AMA of the stator resistance R _s , the rotor resistance R _r , the stator leakage reactance X ₁ , the rotor leakage reactance X ₂ and the main reactance X _h . Do <i>not</i> select this option if an LC filter is used between the frequency converter and the motor. FC 301: The Complete AMA does not include X _h measurement for FC 301. Instead, the X _h value is determined from the motor database. Rs is the best adjustment method (see 1-3* Adv. Motor Data). T4/T5 E and F Frames, T7 D, E and F Frames will only run a Reduced AMA when the complete AMA is selected. It is recommended to obtain the Advanced Motor Data from the motor manufacturer to enter into 1-31 Rotor Resistance (Rr) through 1-36 Iron Loss Resistance (Rfe) for best performance.
[2]	Enable reduced AMA	Performs a reduced AMA of the stator resistance R_{s} in the system only.

Note:

- For the best adaptation of the frequency converter, run AMA on a cold motor.
- AMA cannot be performed while the motor is running.
- AMA cannot be performed on permanent magnet motors.

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

NOTE

It is important to set motor parameter group 1-2* Motor Data correctly, since these form part of the AMA algorithm. An AMA must be performed to achieve optimum dynamic motor performance. It may take up to 10 min, depending on the power rating of the motor.

NOTE

Avoid generating external torque during AMA.



NOTE

If one of the settings in parameter group 1-2* Motor Data is changed, 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs) to 1-39 Motor Poles, the advanced motor parameters, will return to default setting.

NOTE

AMA will work problem-free on 1 motor size down, typically work on 2 motor sizes down, rarely work on 3 sizes down and never work on 4 sizes down. Keep in mind that the accuracy of the measured motor data will be poorer when operating on motors smaller than nominal frequency converter size.

3.3.4 1-3* Adv. Motor Data

Parameters for advanced motor data. The motor data in 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs) to 1-39 Motor Poles must match the relevant motor in order to run the motor optimally. The default settings are figures based on common motor parameter values from standard motors. If the motor parameters are not set correctly, a malfunction of the frequency converter system may occur. If the motor data is not known, running an AMA (Automatic Motor Adaptation) is recommended. See the Automatic Motor Adaptation section in the Design Guide. The AMA sequence will adjust all motor parameters except the moment of inertia of the rotor and the iron loss resistance (1-36 Iron Loss Resistance (Rfe)).

Parameter groups 1-3* and 1-4* cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

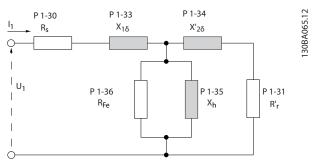


Illustration 3.6 Motor equivalent diagram for an asynchronous motor

NOTE

A simple check of the X1 + Xh sum value is to divide the line to line motor voltage by the sqrt(3) and divide this value by the motor no load current. $[VL-L/sqrt(3)]/I_{NL} = X1 + Xh$. These values are important to properly magnetize the motor. For high pole motors it is highly recommended to perform this check.

1-30	Stator	Resistance	(Rs)
------	--------	------------	------

Range:	Function:		
1.4000	[0.0140 -	Set the stator resistance value.	
Ohm*	140.0000 Ohm]	Enter the value from a motor data sheet or perform an AMA on a cold motor.	

1-31 R	otor Resistance (Rr)		
Range:		Functio	on:
1.0000	[0.0100 -	Fine-tuning R _r will improve shaft	
Ohm*	100.0000	performa	ance. Set the rotor resistance value
	Ohm]	using on	e of these methods:
		1.	Run an AMA on a cold motor. The frequency converter will measure the value from the motor. All compensations are reset to 100%.
		2.	Enter the R _r value manually. Obtain the value from the motor supplier.
		3.	Use the R_r default setting. The frequency converter establishes the setting on the basis of the motor nameplate data.

NOTE

1-31 Rotor Resistance (Rr) will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

1-33 Stator Leakage Reactance (X1)		
Range:		Function:
4.0000 Ohm*	[0.0400 - 400.0000 Ohm]	Set the stator leakage reactance of the motor using one of these methods: 1. Run an AMA on a cold motor. The frequency converter will measure the value from the motor.
		 Enter the X₁ value manually. Obtain the value from the motor supplier.
		 Use the X₁ default setting. The frequency converter establishes the setting on the basis of the motor name plate data.
		See Illustration 3.6.

NOTE

1-33 Stator Leakage Reactance (X1) will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

Parameter Descriptions

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1-34 Rc	otor Leakage Reactance (X2)		
Range:		Function:	
4.0000	[0.0400 -	Set the rotor leakage reactance of the	
Ohm*	400.0000	motor using one of these methods:	
	Ohm]	 Run an AMA on a cold motor. The frequency converter will measure the value from the motor. 	
		 Enter the X₂ value manually. Obtain the value from the motor supplier. 	
		 Use the X₂ default setting. The frequency converter establishes the setting on the basis of the motor name plate data. 	
		See Illustration 3.6.	

NOTE

1-34 Rotor Leakage Reactance (X2) will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

1-35 Main Reactance (Xh)			
Range:		Function:	
100.0000 Ohm*	[1.0000 - 10000.0000 Ohm]	Set the main reactance of the motor using one of these methods: 1. Run an AMA on a cold motor. The frequency converter will measure the value from the motor.	
		 Enter the X_h value manually. Obtain the value from the motor supplier. 	
		 Use the X_h default setting. The frequency converter establishes the setting on the basis of the motor name plate data. 	

1-36 Iron Loss Resistance (Rfe)		
Range:		Function:
10000.000	[0 -	Enter the equivalent iron loss
Ohm*	10000.000	resistance (R _{Fe}) value to
	Ohm]	compensate for iron loss in the
		motor.
	The R _{Fe} value cannot be found by	
	performing an AMA.	
	The R _{Fe} value is especially	
	important in torque control	
		applications. If R _{Fe} is unknown,
		leave 1-36 Iron Loss Resistance (Rfe)
		on default setting.

1-37 d-axis Inductance (Ld)				
Range	:	Function:		
0 mH*	[0 - 0	Enter the value of the d-axis inductance.		
	mH]	Obtain the value from the permanent magnet		
		motor data sheet.		
		This parameter is only active when 1-10 Motor		
		Construction has the value [1] PM, non-salient		
		SPM (Permanent Magnet Motor).		
		For a selection with one decimal, use this		
		parameter. For a selection with three decimals,		
		use 30-80 d-axis Inductance (Ld).		
		FC 302 only.		
1-38	1-38 q-axis Inductance (Lq)			

Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0.000 - 1000	Set the value of the q-axis
	mH]	inductance. See a motor data
		sheet.

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1-39 Motor Poles			
Range:		Functio	on:
4. N/A*	[2 - 100 N/A] Enter the number of motor poles.		
Poles ~nn@ 50Hz ~nn@60Hz			

Poles	~n _n @ 50Hz	~n _n @60Hz
2	2700-2880	3250-3460
4	1350-1450	1625-1730
6	700-960	840-1153

Table 3.4

The table shows the number of poles for normal speed ranges of various motor types. Define motors designed for other frequencies separately. The motor pole value is always an even number, because it refers to the total number of poles, not pairs of poles. The frequency converter creates the initial setting of *1-39 Motor Poles* based on *1-23 Motor Frequency* and *1-25 Motor Nominal Speed*.

1-40	1-40 Back EMF at 1000 RPM		
Range		Function:	
500. V*	[10 9000 V]	Set the nominal back EMF for the motor when running at 1000 RPM. This parameter is only active when 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM motor (Permanent Magnet Motor). FC 302 only. NOTE When using PM motors, it is recommended to use brake resistors.	

1-41	Motor Ang	le Offset
Rang	e:	Function:
0	[-32768 -	Enter the correct offset angle between the
N/A*	32767 N/A]	PM motor and the index position (single-turn)
		of the attached encoder or resolver. The
		value range of 0 - 32768 corresponds to 0 - 2
		* pi (radians). To obtain the offset angle
		value: After frequency converter start-up
		apply DC-hold and enter the value of
		16-20 Motor Angle into this parameter.
		This parameter is only active when
		1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM, non-
		salient SPM (Permanent Magnet Motor).

1-46 Position Detection Gain				
Range:		Function:		
100 %*	[20 - 200 %]	Adjusts the amplitude of the test pulse		
		during position detection at start. Adjust		
		this parameter to improve the position		
		measurement.		

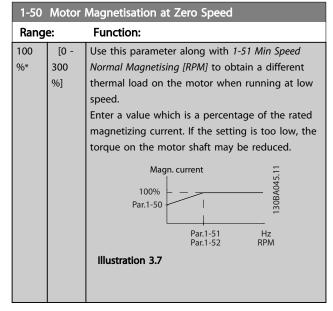
1-47 Low Speed Torque Calibration

This parameter is used to optimize the torque estimate at low speed. When running open loop flux at low speed the estimated torque is based on shaft power, $P_{shaft} = P_m - R_s * l^2$. This means that it is important to have the correct R_s . The R_s in this formula must be equal to the loss in both motor, cable and frequency converter. Sometimes it is not possible to adjust *1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs)* on each frequency converter to compensate for cable length, frequency converter losses and temperature deviation on motor. Therefore the frequency converter must be able to calculate R_s when starting.

The parameter is only active when running PM motor in Flux Open Loop.

Option:	Function:		
[0]	Off		
[1]	1st start after pwr- up	Calibrates at the first start- up after power up and keeps this value until reset by a power cycle.	
[2]	Every start	Calibrates at every start-up, compensating for a possible change in motor temperature since last start- up.	

3.3.5 1-5* Load Indep. Setting



NOTE

1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

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Range:



1-51 Min Speed Normal Magnetising [RPM]			
Range:		Function:	
Size	[10 - 300	Set the required speed for normal	
related*	RPM]	magnetising current. If the speed is set	
		lower than the motor slip speed,	
		1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed	
		and 1-51 Min Speed Normal Magnetising	
		[RPM] are of no significance.	
		Use this parameter along with	
		1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed.	
		See Table 3.4.	

NOTE

1-51 Min Speed Normal Magnetising [RPM] will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

1-52 Min Speed Normal Magnetising [Hz]			
Range:		Function:	
12.5 Hz*	[0 - 250.0	Set the required frequency for normal	
	Hz]	magnetising current. If the frequency is set	
		lower than the motor slip frequency,	
		1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed is	
		inactive.	
		Use this parameter along with 1-50 Motor	
		Magnetisation at Zero Speed. See drawing	
		for 1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed.	

1-53 Model Shift Frequency

Range:		Function:
0	[4.0	Flux Model shift
Hz*	- 0	Enter the frequency value for shift between two
	Hz]	models for determining motor speed. Choose the
		value based on settings in 1-00 Configuration Mode
		and 1-01 Motor Control Principle. There are two
		options: shift between Flux model 1 and Flux
		model 2; or shift between Variable Current mode
		and Flux model 2.FC 302 only.
		This parameter cannot be adjusted while the
		motor is running.
		Flux Model 1 – Flux model 2
		This model is used when 1-00 Configuration Mode
		is set to Speed closed loop [1] or Torque [2] and
		1-01 Motor Control Principle is set to Flux w/motor
		feedback [3]. With this parameter it is possible to
		make an adjustment of the shifting point where
		FC 302 changes between Flux model 1 and Flux
		model 2, which is useful in some sensitive speed
		and torque control applications.

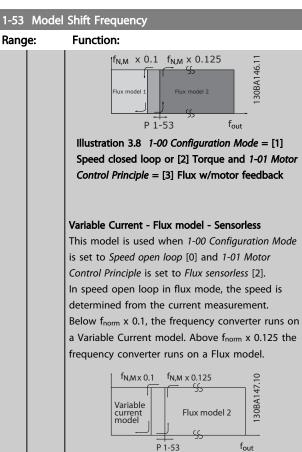


Illustration 3.9 1-00 Configuration Mode = [0] Speed open loop, 1-01 Motor Control Principle = [2] Flux sensorless

1-54 Voltage reduction in fieldweakening

Range:		Function:
0 V*	[0 - 100	The value of this parameter will reduce the
	V]	maximal voltage available for the flux of the
		motor in fieldweakning, giving more voltage
		available for torque. Be aware that too high
		value may give stall problems at high speed.

3

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1-55 U/f Char	acteristic - U
Range:	Function:

Ran	ge:	Function:
0 V*	[0.0 -	Enter the voltage at each frequency point to
	1000.0 V]	manually form a U/f characteristic matching
		the motor.
		The frequency points are defined in 1-56 U/f
		Characteristic - F.
		This parameter is an array parameter [0-5]
		and is only accessible when 1-01 Motor
		Control Principle is set to [0] U/f.

1-56 U/f Characteristic - F

Range:		Function:
0 Hz*	[0 - 1000.0	Enter the frequency points to manually
	Hz]	form a U/f-characteristic matching the
		motor.
		The voltage at each point is defined in
		1-55 U/f Characteristic - U.
		This parameter is an array parameter [0-5]
		and is only accessible when 1-01 Motor
		Control Principle is set to [0] U/f.

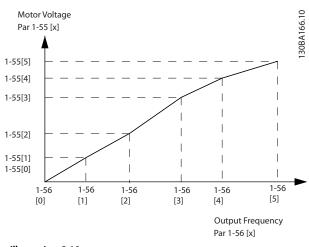


Illustration 3.10

1-58 Flys	1-58 Flystart Test Pulses Current		
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0 - 0 %]	Sets the current level for the flystart test pulses that are used to detect the motor direction. 100% means I _{m,n} . Adjust the value to be big enough to avoid noise influence but low enough to avoid affecting the accuracy (current must be able to drop to zero before the next pulse). Reduce the value to reduce the generated torque. Default is 30% for asynchronous motors, but may vary for PM motors. For PM motors adjusting the value will tune for back EMF and d-axis inductance of the motor. This parameter is only available in VVC ^{plus} .	

1-39 Flys	lail	rest	ruises riequency
Range:			Function:
Size	[0 -	Sets the frequency of the flyst

CO. Churteut Test Dul

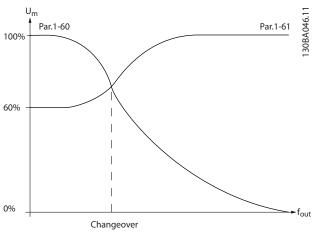
ize	[0 -	Sets the frequency of the flystart test pulses
elated*	0 %]	that are used to detect the motor direction.
		100% means means 2 x fslip. Increase this
		value to reduce the generated torque. For
		PM motors this value is the percentage
		nm,n of the free running PM motor. Above
		this value flystart is always performed. Below
		this value, the start mode is selected in
		1-70 PM Start Mode
		This parameter is only available in VVC ^{plus} .

3.3.6 1-6* Load Depend. Setting

1-60 l	1-60 Low Speed Load Compensation				
Range		Function:			
100 %*	[0 - 300 %]	Enter the % value to compensate voltage in relation to load when the motor is running at low speed and obtain the optimum U/f characteristic. The motor size determines the frequency range within which this parameter is active.			

Motor size	Change over		
0.25 kW - 7.5 kW	< 10 Hz		

Table 3.5





1-61 High Speed Load Compensation				
Range	Range: Function:			
100 %*	[0 - 300	Enter the % value to compensate voltage in		
	%]	relation to load when the motor is running		
		at high speed and obtain the optimum U/f		
		characteristic. The motor size determines		
		the frequency range within which this		
		parameter is active.		

Motor size	Change-over		
0.25 kW - 7.5 kW	> 10 Hz		

Table 3.6

1-62	1-62 Slip Compensation				
Range	:	Function:			
100. %*	[-500 - 500 %]	Enter the % value for slip compensation, to compensate for tolerances in the value of n _{M,N} . Slip compensation is calculated automat- ically, i.e. on the basis of the rated motor speed n _{M,N} . This function is not active when <i>1-00 Configu-</i> <i>ration Mode</i> is set to [<i>1</i>] <i>Speed closed loop</i> or [<i>2</i>] <i>Torque</i> Torque control with speed feedback			
		or when <i>1-01 Motor Control Principle</i> is set to [0] U/f special motor mode.			

1-63 Slip Compensation Time Constant				
Range: Function:				
[0.05 - 5.00	Enter the slip compensation reaction			
s]	speed. A high value results in slow			
	reaction, and a low value results in			
	quick reaction. If low-frequency			
	resonance problems arise, use a			
	longer time setting.			
	[0.05 - 5.00			

NOTE

1-63 Slip Compensation Time Constant will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

1-64	1-64 Resonance Dampening			
Range		Function:		
100 %*	[0 - 500	Enter the resonance dampening value. Set		
	%]	1-64 Resonance Dampening and		
		1-65 Resonance Dampening Time Constant to		
		help eliminate high-frequency resonance		
		problems. To reduce resonance oscillation,		
		increase the value of 1-64 Resonance		
		Dampening.		

NOTE

1-64 Resonance Dampening will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

1-65	1-65 Resonance Dampening Time Constant				
Rang	Range: Function:				
5 ms*	[5 - 50 ms]	Set 1-64 Resonance Dampening and			
		1-65 Resonance Dampening Time Constant to			
		help eliminate high-frequency resonance			
		problems. Enter the time constant that			
		provides the best dampening.			

NOTE

1-65 Resonance Dampening Time Constant will not have effect when *1-10 Motor Construction* = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

1-66	Min.	Current	at	Low	Speed
------	------	---------	----	-----	-------

	Function:
[1	Enter the minimum motor current at low speed,
200. %]	see 1-53 Model Shift Frequency. Increasing this
	current improves motor torque at low speed.
	1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed is enabled when
	1-00 Configuration Mode [0] Speed open loop only.
	The frequency converter runs with constant
	current through motor for speeds below 10æHz.
	For speeds above 10æHz, the motor flux model
	in the frequency converter controls the motor.
	4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode andæ/æor
	4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode automatically
	adjust 1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed. The
	parameter with the highest value adjusts
	1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed. The current
	setting in 1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed is
	composed of the torque generating current and
	the magnetizing current.
	Example: Set 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode to
	100% and set 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode
	to 60%. 1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed automat-
	ically adjusts to about 127%, depending on the
	motor size.
	FC 302 only.
	[1

1-67 Load Type

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Passive load	For conveyers, fan and pump applications.
[1]	Active load	For hoisting applications, used in slip compensation at low speed. When Active Load [1] is selected, set 1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed to a level which corresponds to maximum torque.

FC 302 only.

1-68 Minimum Inertia			
Range:		Function:	
0.0048	[0.0001 -	Needed for average inertia calculation.	
kgm²*	par. 1-69	Enter the minimum moment of inertia of	
	kgm²]	the mechanical system. 1-68 Minimum	
		Inertia and 1-69 Maximum Inertia are	
		used for pre-adjustment of the Propor-	
		tional Gain in the speed control, see	
		30-83 Speed PID Proportional Gain.	
		FC 302 only.	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while motor is running.

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1-69 Maximum Inertia			
Range:	Function:		
0.0048 kgm ² *	[par. 1-68 - 0.4800 kgm²]	Active in Flux Open Loop only. Used to compute the acceleration torque at low speed. Used in the torque limit controller. FC 302 only.	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while motor is running.

3.3.7 1-7* Start Adjustments

1-70 PM Start Mode

Select the PM motor start-up mode. This is done to initialize the VVC^{plus} control core for previously free running PM motor. Both selections will estimate the speed and angle. Active for PM motors in VVC^{plus} only.

Option:		Function:		
[0]	Rotor Detection	Estimates the electrical angle		
		of the rotor and uses this as a		
		starting point. Standard		
		selection for AutomationDrive		
		applications.		
[1]	Parking	The Parking function applies		
		DC current across the stator		
		winding and rotates the rotor		
		to electrical zero position		
		(typically selected for HVAC		
		applications).		

1-71 Start Delay

Rang	e:	Function:
0.0 s*	[0.0 - 10.0 s]	This parameter refers to the start function
		selected in 1-72 Start Function.
		Enter the time delay required before
		commencing acceleration.

1-72 Start Function

Op	tion:	Function:		
		Select the start function during start delay. This parameter is linked to <i>1-71 Start Delay</i> .		
[0]	DC Hold/ delay time	Energizes motor with a DC holding current (2-00 DC Hold Current) during the start delay time.		
[1]	DC Brake/ delay time	Energizes motor with a DC braking current (2-01 DC Brake Current) during the start delay time.		
[2] *	Coast/delay time	Motor coasted during the start delay time (inverter off).		
[3]	Start speed cw	Only possible with VVC ^{plus} .		

1-7	1-72 Start Function			
Op	tion:	Function:		
		Connect the function described in 1-74 Start Speed [RPM] and 1-76 Start Current in the start delay time. Regardless of the value applied by the reference signal, the output speed applies the setting of the start speed in 1-74 Start Speed [RPM] or 1-75 Start Speed [Hz] and the output current corresponds to the setting of the start current in 1-76 Start Current. This function is typically used in hoisting applications without counterweight and especially in applications with a Cone-motor, where the start is clockwise, followed by rotation in the reference direction.		
[4]	Horizontal operation	Only possible with VVC ^{plus} . For obtaining the function described in 1-74 Start Speed [RPM] and 1-76 Start Current during the start delay time. The motor rotates in the reference direction. If the reference signal equals zero (0), 1-74 Start Speed [RPM] is ignored and the output speed equals zero (0). The output current corresponds to the setting of the start current in 1-76 Start Current.		
[5]	VVC+/Flux clockwise	for the function described in 1-74 Start Speed [RPM] only. The start current is calculated automatically. This function uses the start speed in the start delay time only. Regardless of the value set by the reference signal, the output speed equals the setting of the start speed in 1-74 Start Speed [RPM].Start speed/current clockwise [3] and VVC ^{plus} /Flux clockwise [5] are typically used in hoisting applications. Start speed/current in reference direction [4] is particularly used in applications with counterweight and horizontal movement.		
[6]	Hoist Mech. Brake Rel	For utilizing mechanical brake control functions, 2-24 Stop Delay to 2-28 Gain Boost Factor. This parameter is only active when 1-01 Motor Control Principle is set to [3] Flux w/ motor feedback (FC 302 only).		
1-7	3 Flying Star	t		

1-73	1-75 Flying Start			
Option:		Function:		
		This function makes it possible to catch a motor which is spinning freely due to a mains drop-out.		
[0] *	Disabled	No function		
[1]	Enabled	Enables the frequency converter to "catch" and control a spinning motor. When 1-73 Flying Start is enabled, 1-71 Start Delay and 1-72 Start Function have no function.		



NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while motor is running.

NOTE

This function is not recommended for hoisting applications.

For power levels above 55 kW, flux mode must be used to achieve the best performance.

NOTE

To obtain the best flying start performance the advanced motor data, *1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs)* through *1-35 Main Reactance (Xh)*, must be correct.

1-74 Start Speed [RPM]			
Range:		Function:	
0 RPM*	[0 - 600 RPM]	Set a motor start speed. After the start signal, the output speed leaps to set value. Set the start function in <i>1-72 Start Function</i> to [3], [4] or [5], and set a start delay time in <i>1-71 Start Delay</i> .	

1-7	1-75 Start Speed [Hz]				
Range:		Function:			
0 H	z* [0.0 -	This parameter can be used for hoist			
	500.0 Hz]	applications (cone rotor). Set a motor start			
		speed. After the start signal, the output			
		speed leaps to set value. Set the start			
		function in 1-72 Start Function to [3], [4] or			
		[5], and set a start delay time in 1-71 Start			
		Delay.			

1-76 \$	1-76 Start Current			
Range	:	Function:		
0.00	[0.00 -	Some motors, e.g. cone rotor motors, need		
A*	par. 1-24	extra current/starting speed to disengage the		
	A]	rotor. To obtain this boost, set the required		
		current in 1-76 Start Current. Set 1-74 Start		
		Speed [RPM]. Set 1-72 Start Function to [3] or		
		[4], and set a start delay time in 1-71 Start		
		Delay.		
		This parameter can be used for hoist		
		applications (cone rotor).		

3.3.8 1-8* Stop Adjustments

1-80 Function at Stop		
Option:		Function:
		Select the frequency converter function after
		a stop command or after the speed is
		ramped down to the settings in 1-81 Min
		Speed for Function at Stop [RPM].

1-80 Function at Stop				
Opt	tion:	Function:		
[0] *	Coast	Leaves motor in free mode. The motor is disconnected from the frequency converter.		
[1]	DC hold	Energizes motor with a DC holding current (see 2-00 DC Hold Current).		
[2]	Motor check	Checks if a motor has been connected.		
[3]	Pre- magnetizing	Builds up a magnetic field while the motor is stopped. This allows the motor to produce torque quickly at subsequent start commands (asynchronous motors only). This Pre-magnetizing function does not help the very first start command. Two different solutions are available to pre-magnetize the machine for the first start command: 1. Start the frequency converter with a 0 RPM reference and wait 2 to 4 rotor time constants (see below) before increasing the speed reference. 2a. Set 1-71 Start Delay to the desired pre-mag time (2 to 4 rotor time constants - see below). 2b. Set 1-72 Start Function to either [0] DC-hold or [1] DC-Brake. Set the DC-hold or DC-brake current magnitude (2-00 DC Hold Current or 2-01 DC Brake Current) to be equal to 1_pre-mag = Unom/ (1.73 x Xh) Sample rotor time constants = (Xh+X2)/(6.3*Freq_nom*Rr) 1 kW = 0.2 s 10 kW = 0.5 s 100 kW = 1.7 s		
[4]	DC Voltage U0	When the motor is stopped, the 1-55 U/f Characteristic - U [0] parameter defines the voltage at 0 Hz.		

1-81	Min	Speed	for Function	on at Stop [RI	PW]
------	-----	-------	--------------	----------------	-----

Range:	Range: Function:			
Size related*	[0 - 600 RPM]	Set the speed at which to activate		
		1-80 Function at Stop.		
1-82 Min Speed for Function at Stop [Hz]				
Range:	Function:			
Size related*	[0.0 - 20.0 Hz]			
		to activate 1-80 Function at Stop.		

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1-83 Precise Stop Function				
FC 302 only.				
Option: Function:				
[0] *	Precise ramp stop	Only optimal when the operational speed - of e.g. the conveyor belt - is constant. This is an open loop control. Achieves high repetitive precision at the stopping point.		
[1]	Cnt stop with reset	Counts the number of pulses, typically from an encoder and generates a stop signal after a pre- programmed number of pulses - <i>1-84 Precise</i> <i>Stop Counter Value</i> - has been received at T29 or T33 [30]. This is a direct feedback with one-way closed loop control. The counter function is activated (starts timing) at the edge of the start signal (when it changes from stop to start). After each precise stop the number of pulses counted during ramp down to 0 RPM is reset.		
[2]	Cnt stop w/o reset	Same as [1] but the number of pulses counted during ramp down to 0 rpm is deducted from the counter value entered in <i>1-84 Precise Stop</i> <i>Counter Value</i> . This reset function can for example be used to compensate for the extra distance done during ramping down and to reduce the impacts of gradual wear of mechanical parts.		
[3]	Speed comp stop	Stops at precisely the same point, regardless of the present speed, the stop signal is delayed internally when the present speed is lower than the maximum speed (set in 4-19 Max Output Frequency). The delay is calculated on the basis of the reference speed of the frequency converter and not on the basis of the actual speed. Please therefore make sure that the frequency converter has ramped up before you activate the speed compensated stop.		
[4]	Com cnt stop w/rst	Same as [3] but after each precise stop the number of pulses counted during ramp down to 0 rpm is reset.		
[5]	Comp cnt stop w/o r	Same as [3] but the number of pulses counted during ramp down to 0 rpm is deducted from the counter value entered in <i>1-84 Precise Stop</i> <i>Counter Value</i> . This reset function can for example be used to compensate for the extra distance done during ramping down and to reduce the impacts of gradual wear of mechanical parts.		

The Precise Stop Functions are advantageous in applications where high precision is required. If you use a standard stop command the accuracy is determined by the internal task time. That is not the case when using the precise stop function; it eliminates the task time dependence and increases the accuracy substantially. The frequency converter tolerance is normally given by its task time. However, by using its special precise stop function the tolerance is independent of the task time because the stop signal immediately interrupts the execution of the frequency converter program. The precise stop function gives a highly reproducible delay from the stop signal is given until the ramping down starts. A test must be done to find this delay as it is a sum of sensor, PLC, frequency converter and mechanical parts. To ensure optimum accuracy there should be at least 10 cycles during ramping down, see 3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time, 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp down Time, 3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down Time and 3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time. The Precise Stop Function is set up here and enabled from DI T29 or T33.

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

1-84 Precise Stop Counter Value				
Range:		Function:		
100000	[0 - 999999999	Enter the counter value to be		
N/A*	N/A]	used in the integrated precise		
		stop function, 1-83 Precise Stop		
		Function.		
		The maximum permissible		
		frequency at terminal 29 or 33 is		
		110 kHz.		
		Not used for selection [0] and [3]		
		in 1-83 Precise Stop Function		
		P		

1-85	Precise Ste	on Sneed	d Compens	ation Delay
1 00	1100000	op opee	a compens	

Range:		Function:	
10 ms*	[0 - 100	Enter the delay time for sensors, PLCs, etc.	
	ms]	for use in 1-83 Precise Stop Function. In	
		speed compensated stop mode, the delay	
		time at different frequencies has a major	
		influence on the stop function.	
		Not used for selection [0], [1] and [2] in	
		1-83 Precise Stop Function	

3.3.9 1-9* Motor Temperature

1-90 Motor Thermal Protection

Option:		Function:
		Thermal motor protection can be
i		implemented using a range of techniques:

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1-90 Motor Thermal Protection					
Opt	Option: Function:				
		• Via a PTC sensor in the motor windings connected to one of the analog or digital inputs (1-93 Thermistor Source). See 3.3.10.1 PTC Thermistor Connection.			
		• Via a KTY sensor in the motor winding connected to an analog input (1-96 KTY Thermistor Resource). See 3.3.10.2 KTY Sensor Connection.			
		 Via calculation (ETR = Electronic Thermal Relay) of the thermal load, based on the actual load and time. The calculated thermal load is compared with the rated motor current I_{M,N} and the rated motor frequency f_{M,N}. See 3.3.10.3 ETR and 3.3.10.4 ATEX ETR. 			
		• Via a mechanical thermal switch (Klixon type). See <i>3.3.10.5 Klixon</i> .			
		For the North American market: The ETR functions provide class 20 motor overload protection in accordance with NEC.			
[0] *	No protection	Continuously overloaded motor, when no warning or trip of the frequency converter is required.			
[1]	Thermistor warning	Activates a warning when the connected thermistor or KTY-sensor in the motor reacts in the event of motor over-temperature.			
[2]	Thermistor trip	Stops (trips) frequency converter when connected thermistor or KTY sensor in the motor reacts in the event of motor over- temperature. The thermistor cut-out value must be > 3 $k\Omega$.			
		Integrate a thermistor (PTC sensor) in the motor for winding protection.			
[3]	ETR warning 1	Calculates the load when set-up 1 is active and activates a warning on the display when the motor is overloaded. Programme a warning signal via one of the digital outputs.			
[4]	ETR trip 1	Calculates the load when set-up 1 is active and stops (trips) frequency converter when the motor is overloaded. Programme a warning signal via one of the digital outputs. The signal appears in the event of a warning and if the frequency converter trips (thermal warning).			
[5]	ETR warning 2				
[6]	ETR trip 2				

1-90 Motor Thermal Protection			
Option:		Function:	
[7]	ETR warning		
	3		
[8]	ETR trip 3		
[9]	ETR warning		
	4		
[10]	ETR trip 4		

NOTE

If [20] is selected, follow strictly the instructions described in the dedicated chapter of the VLT[®] AutomationDrive design guide and the instructions given by the motor manufacturer.

NOTE

If [20] is selected, 4-18 Current Limit must be set to 150%.

3.3.10.1 PTC Thermistor Connection

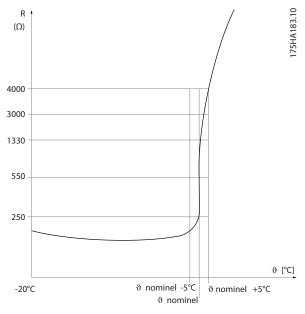
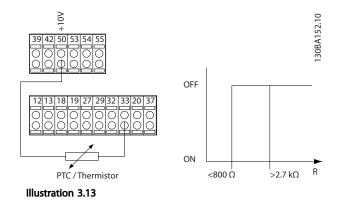


Illustration 3.12 PTC Profile

Using a digital input and 10 V as power supply: Example: The frequency converter trips when the motor temperature is too high.

Parameter set-up:

Set 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection to [2] Thermistor Trip Set 1-93 Thermistor Source to [6] Digital Input



Using an analog input and 10 V as power supply: Example: The frequency converter trips when the motor temperature is too high.

Parameter set-up:

Set 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection to [2] Thermistor Trip Set 1-93 Thermistor Source to [2] Analog Input 54

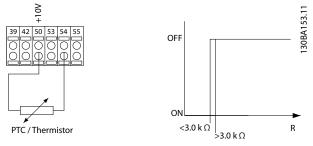


Illustration 3.14

Input Digital/analog		Threshold Cut-out Values
Digital	10 V	< 800 Ω - > 2.7 kΩ
Analog	10 V	< 3.0 kΩ - > 3.0 kΩ

Table 3.7

NOTE

Check that the chosen supply voltage follows the specification of the used thermistor element.

3.3.10.2 KTY Sensor Connection

(FC 302 only)

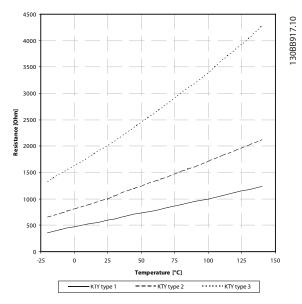
KTY sensors are used especially in Permanent Magnet Servo Motors (PM motors) for dynamic adjusting of motor parameters as stator resistance (1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs)) for PM motors and also rotor resistance (1-31 Rotor Resistance (Rr)) for asynchronous motors, depending on winding temperature. The calculation is:

 $Rs = Rs_{20^{\circ} C} x (1 + \alpha_{cu} x \Delta T) [\Omega]$ where $\alpha_{cu} = 0.00393$

KTY sensors can be used for motor protecting (1-97 KTY Threshold level).

FC 302 can handle three types of KTY sensors, defined in *1-95 KTY Sensor Type*. The actual sensor temperature can be read out from *16-19 KTY sensor temperature*.

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KTY Sensor 1: 1 kΩ at 100 °C (e.g. Philips KTY 84-1) KTY Sensor 2: 1 kΩ at 25 °C (e.g. Philips KTY 83-1) KTY Sensor 3: 2 kΩ at 25 °C (e.g. Infineon KTY-10

NOTE

If the temperature of the motor is utilized through a thermistor or KTY sensor the PELV is not complied with in case of short circuits between motor windings and sensor. In order to comply with PELV the sensor must be extra isolated.



3.3.10.3 ETR

The calculations estimate the need for a lower load at lower speed due to less cooling from the fan incorporated in the motor.

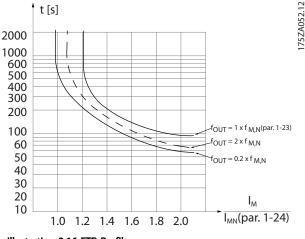


Illustration 3.16 ETR Profile

3.3.10.4 ATEX ETR

The B-option MCB 112 PTC Thermistor option offers ATEX approved monitoring of motor temperature. Alternatively, an external ATEX approved PTC protection device can be used.

NOTE

Only ATEX Ex-e approved motors may be used for this function. See motor nameplate, approval certificate, data sheet or contact motor supplier.

When controlling an Ex-e motor with "Increased Safety", it is important to ensure certain limitations. The parameters that must be programmed are presented in the following application example.

[
Function	Setting
1-90 Motor Thermal	[20] ATEX ETR
Protection	
1-94 ATEX ETR cur.lim. speed	20%
reduction	
1-98 ATEX ETR interpol.	
points freq.	Motor name plate
1-99 ATEX ETR interpol	
points current	
1-23 Motor Frequency	Enter the same value as for
	4-19 Max Output Frequency
4-19 Max Output Frequency	Motor name plate, possibly
	reduced for long motor cables,
	sinus filter or reduced supply
	voltage
4-18 Current Limit	Forced to 150% by 1-90 [20]
5-15 Terminal 33 Digital	[80] PTC Card 1
Input	
5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop	[4] PTC 1 Alarm
14-01 Switching Frequency	Check that the default value fulfils
	the requirement from Motor name
	plate. If not -use sine wave filter.
14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter	0
Fault	

Table 3.8 Parameters

It is mandatory to compare the minimum switching frequency requirement stated by the motor manufacturer to the minimum switching frequency of the frequency converter, the default value in 14-01 Switching Frequency. If the frequency converter does not meet this requirement, a sine wave filter must be used.

More information about ATEX ETR Thermal Monitoring can be found in the Application Note MN33G.

3.3.10.5 Klixon

The Klixon type thermal circuit breaker uses a KLIXON[®] metal dish. At a predetermined overload, the heat caused by the current through the disc causes a trip.

Using a digital input and 24 V as power supply: Example: The frequency converter trips when the motor temperature is too high Parameter set-up:

Set 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection to [2] Thermistor Trip Set 1-93 Thermistor Source to [6] Digital Input

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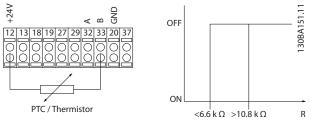


Illustration 3.17

1-91	1-91 Motor External Fan				
Option:		Function:			
[0] *	No	No external fan is required, i.e. the motor is derated at low speed.			
[1]	Yes	Applies an external motor fan (external ventilation), so no derating of the motor is required at low speed. The upper curve in graph above (fout = $1 \times fM,N$) is followed if the motor current is lower than nominal motor current (see <i>1-24 Motor Current</i>). If the motor current exceeds nominal current, the operation time still decreases as if no fan were installed.			

1-93 Thermistor Source

Option:		Function:
		Select the input to which the thermistor (PTC sensor) should be connected. An analog input option [1] or [2] cannot be selected if the analog input is already in use as a reference source (selected in 3-15 Reference 1 Source, 3-16 Reference 2 Source or 3-17 Reference 3 Source). When using MCB 112, choice [0] None must always be selected.
[0] *	None	
[1]	Analog input 53	
[2]	Analog input 54	
[3]	Digital input 18	
[4]	Digital input 19	
[5]	Digital input 32	
[6]	Digital input 33	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

NOTE

Digital input should be set to [0] PNP - Active at 24 V in 5-00 Digital I/O Mode.

1-94 ATEX ETR cur.lim. speed reduction			
FC 302 only.			
Only visible if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20].			
Range: Function:			
0 %*	[0 - 100 %]		

The reaction for operating in Ex-e current limit must be configured.

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0%: The frequency converter does not change anything besides issuing warning 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning. >0%: The frequency converter issuing warning 163 and reduces motor speed following ramp 2 (parameter group *3-5* Ramp 2*).

Example:

Actual reference = 50 RPM 1-94 ATEX ETR cur.lim. speed reduction = 20% Resulting reference = 40 RPM

1-95	1-95 KTY Sensor Type				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		Select the used type of KTY sensor. FC 302 only.			
[0] *	KTY Sensor 1	1 kΩ at 100 °C			
[1]	KTY Sensor 2	1 k Ω at 25 $^\circ\text{C}$			
[2]	KTY Sensor 3	2 kΩ at 25 °C			
1-96	5 KTY Therm	istor Resource			
Opt		Function:			
		Selecting analog input terminal 54 to be used			
		as KTY sensor input. Terminal 54 cannot be			
		selected as KTY source if otherwise used as			
		reference (see 3-15 Reference Resource 1 to			
		3-17 Reference Resource 3).			

FC 302 only.

NOTE

Connection of KTY-sensor between term. 54 and 55 (GND). See *Illustration 3.15*.

[0] * None [2] Analog input 54

1-97 KTY Threshold level

Range	2:	Function:
80 °C*	[-40 - 140 °C]	Select the KTY sensor threshold level for motor thermal protection. FC 302 only.

1-98 ATEX ETR interpol. points freq.

FC 302 only.

Only visible if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20].

Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0 - 1000.0 Hz]	

Enter the four frequency points [Hz] from the motor name plate into this array. Together with *1-99 ATEX ETR interpol points current*, these make up a table (f [Hz],I [%]).

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3

NOTE

All frequency/current limit points from the motor name plate or motor data sheet must be programmed.

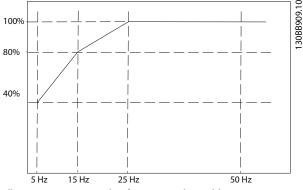


Illustration 3.18 Example of ATEX ETR thermal limitation curve. x-axis: fm [Hz]

y-axis: I_m/I_{m,n} x 100 [%]

1-98 ATEX ETR interpol. points	1-99 ATEX ETR interpol
freq.	points current
[0] = 5 Hz	[0] = 40%
[1] = 15 Hz	[1] = 80%
[2] = 25 Hz	[2] = 100%
[3] = 50 Hz	[3] = 100%

Table 3.9

All operating points underneath the curve are allowed continuously. Above the line, however, only for a limited time calculated as a function of the overload. In the event of a machine current greater than 1.5 times the rated current, shut down is immediate.

1-99 ATEX ETR interpol points current			
FC 302 only. Only visible if <i>1-90 Motor Thermal Protection</i> is set to [20] or [21].			
Range:	ige: Function:		
Size related*	[0 - 100 %]	Definition of thermal limitation curve.	
		For example, see 1-98 ATEX ETR	
		interpol. points freq.	

Use the four current points [A] from the motor name plate. Calculate the values as percentage of nominal motor current, $I_m/I_{m,n} \ge 100$ [%], and enter into this array.

Together with 1-98 ATEX ETR interpol. points freq., these make up a table (f [Hz],I [%]).

NOTE

All frequency/current limit points from the motor name plate or motor data sheet must be programmed.



3.4 Parameters: 2-** Brakes

3.4.1 2-0* DC-Brakes

Parameter group for configuring the DC brake and DC hold functions.

2-00	2-00 DC Hold Current				
Range	e:	Function:			
50 %*	[0 - 160. %]	Enter a value for holding current as a percentage of the rated motor current $I_{M,N}$ set in <i>1-24 Motor Current</i> . 100% DC holding current corresponds to $I_{M,N}$. This parameter holds the motor function (holding torque) or pre-heats the motor.			
		This parameter is active if <i>DC</i> hold is selected in <i>1-72 Start Function</i> [0] or <i>1-80 Function at</i> <i>Stop</i> [1].			

NOTE

The maximum value depends on the rated motor current. Avoid 100 % current for too long. It may damage the motor.

Low values of DC hold will produce larger than expected currents with larger motor power sizes. This error will increase as the motor power increases.

2-01 DC Brake		e Current	
Rang	e:	Function:	
50 %*	[0 - 1000. %]	Enter a value for current as a percentage of the rated motor current $I_{M,N}$, see <i>1-24 Motor Current</i> . 100% DC braking current corresponds to $I_{M,N}$. DC brake current is applied on a stop command, when the speed is lower than the limit set in <i>2-03 DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]</i> ; when the DC Brake Inverse function is active; or	
		via the serial communication port. The braking current is active during the time period set in <i>2-02 DC Braking Time</i> .	

NOTE

The maximum value depends on the rated motor current. Avoid 100 % current for too long. It may damage the motor.

2-02 DC Braking Time				
Range:		Function:		
10.0 s*	[0.0 - 60.0 s]	Set the duration of the DC braking current set in 2-01 DC Brake Current, once activated.		
2-03 DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]				
Range:		Function:		
0 RPM*	[0 - par. 4-13 RPM]	3 Set the DC brake cut-in speed for activation of the DC braking current		

2-03 DC Brake Cut in Speed [RPM]		
Range	:	Function:
		set in <i>2-01 DC Brake Current</i> , upon a stop command.
2-04 DC Brake Cut In Speed [Hz]		
Range: Function:		
0.0 Hz*	[0.0 - par. 4-14	Set the DC brake cut-in speed for

[0.0 - par. 4-14	Set the DC brake cut-in speed for
Hz]	activation of the DC braking current
	set in 2-01 DC Brake Current, upon a
	stop command.
	Hz]

NOTE

2-04 DC Brake Cut In Speed [Hz] will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

2-0	2-06 Parking Current		
Ran	Range: Function:		
50 %	[0 - 1000	%] Set current as percentage of rated motor current, <i>1-24 Motor Current</i> . Will be used when enabled in <i>1-70 PM Start Mode</i> .	
2-0	2-07 Parking Time		
Ran	Range: Function:		
3 s*	[0.1 - 60 s]	Set the duration of the Parking Current set in2-06 Parking Current, once activated.	

3.4.2 2-1* Brake Energy Funct.

Parameter group for selecting dynamic braking parameters. Only valid for frequency converters with brake chopper.

2-10	2-10 Brake Function		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	Off	No brake resistor is installed.	
[1]	Resistor brake	A brake resistor is incorporated in the system, for dissipation of surplus brake energy as heat. Connecting a brake resistor allows a higher DC link voltage during braking (generating operation). The Resistor brake function is only active in frequency converters with an integral dynamic brake.	
[2]	AC brake	Is selected to improve braking without using a brake resistor. This parameter controls an overmagnetization of the motor when running with a generatoric load. This function can improve the OVC-function. Increasing the electrical losses in the motor allows the OVC function to increase the braking torque without exceeding the over voltage limit. Please note that AC brake is not as effective as dynamic breaking with resistor. AC brake is for VVC ^{plus} and flux mode in both open and closed loop.	

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2-11 Brake Resistor (ohm)		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[5.00 - 65535.00 Ohm]	Set the brake resistor value in Ohms. This value is used for monitoring the power to the brake resistor in 2-13 Brake Power Monitoring. This parameter is only active in frequency converters with an integral dynamic brake.
		Use this parameter for values without decimals. For a selection with two decimals, use 30-81 Brake Resistor (ohm).

2-12 Brake Power Limit (kW)

Range:		Function:
Size	[0.00	1 - 2-12 Brake Power Limit (kW) is the expected
related*	2000.00	0 average power dissipated in the brake
	kW]	resistor over a period of 120 s. It is used as
		the monitoring limit for 16-33 Brake
		Energy /2 min and thereby specifies when a
		warning/ alarm is to be given.
		To calculate 2-12 Brake Power Limit (kW),
		the following formula can be used.
		$P_{br,avg}[W] = \frac{U_{br}^2[V] \times t_{br}[s]}{R_{br}[\Omega] \times T_{br}[s]}$
		P _{br,avg} is the average power dissipated in
		the brake resistor, R _{br} is the resistance of
		the brake resistor. tbr is the active breaking
		time within the 120 s period, T _{br} .
		U _{br} is the DC voltage where the brake
		resistor is active. This depends on the unit
		as follows:
		T2 units: 390 V
		T4 units: 778 V
		T5 units: 810 V
		T6 units: 943 V/1099 V for D – F frames
		T7 units: 1099 V
		NOTE
		If R _{br} is not known or if T _{br} is different
		from 120 s, the practical approach is
		to run the brake application, readout
		16-33 Brake Energy /2 min and then
		enter this + 20% in 2-12 Brake Power
		Limit (kW).
2-13 Bi	ake Pov	ver Monitoring
Option:		Function:
		This parameter is only active in frequency

This parameter is only active in frequency
converters with an integral dynamic brake.
This parameter enables monitoring of the
power to the brake resistor. The power is
calculated on the basis of the resistance

2-13	2-13 Brake Power Monitoring		
Opt	Option: Function:		
		(2-11 Brake Resistor (ohm)), the DC link voltage, and the resistor duty time.	
[0] *	Off	No brake power monitoring required.	
[1]	Warning	Activates a warning on the display when the power transmitted over 120 s exceeds 100% of the monitoring limit (<i>2-12 Brake Power Limit</i> (<i>kW</i>)). The warning disappears when the transmitted power falls below 80% of the monitoring limit.	
[2]	Trip	Trips frequency converter and displays an alarm when the calculated power exceeds 100% of the monitoring limit.	
[3]	Warning and trip	Activates both of the above, including warning, trip and alarm.	

If power monitoring is set to [0] Off or [1] Warning, the brake function remains active, even if the monitoring limit is exceeded. This may lead to thermal overload of the resistor. It is also possible to generate a warning via a relay/digital outputs. The measuring accuracy of the power monitoring depends on the accuracy of the resistance of the resistor (better than ±20%).

2-15 Brake Check			
Opt	tion:	Functio	on:
		Select type of test and monitoring function to check the connection to the brake resistor, or whether a brake resistor is present, and then display a warning or an alarm in the event of a fault. NOTE The brake resistor disconnection function is tested during power-up. However the brake IGBT test is performed when there is no braking. A warning or trip disconnects the brake function.	
		The test	ing sequence is as follows:
		1.	The DC link ripple amplitude is measured for 300 ms without braking.
		2.	The DC link ripple amplitude is measured for 300 ms with the brake turned on.
		3.	If the DC link ripple amplitude while braking is lower than the DC link ripple amplitude before braking + 1%: <i>Brake</i> <i>check has failed by returning a warning</i> <i>or alarm.</i>
		4.	If the DC link ripple amplitude while braking is higher than the DC link ripple

Parameter Descriptions

2-15 Brake Check

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2-15 Brake Check		
Op	tion:	Function:
		amplitude before braking + 1%: <i>Brake</i> check is OK.
[0] *	Off	Monitors brake resistor and brake IGBT for a short-circuit during operation. If a short-circuit occurs, warning 25 appears.
[1]	Warning	Monitors brake resistor and brake IGBT for a short-circuit, and runs a test for brake resistor disconnection during power-up.
[2]	Trip	Monitors for a short-circuit or disconnection of the brake resistor, or a short-circuit of the brake IGBT. If a fault occurs, the frequency converter cuts out while displaying an alarm (trip locked).
[3]	Stop and trip	Monitors for a short-circuit or disconnection of the brake resistor, or a short-circuit of the brake IGBT. If a fault occurs, the frequency converter ramps down to coast and then trips. A trip lock alarm is displayed (e.g. warning 25, 27 or 28).
[4]	AC brake	Monitors for a short-circuit or disconnection of the brake resistor, or a short-circuit of the brake IGBT. If a fault occurs, the frequency converter performs a controlled ramp-down. This option is available for FC 302 only.

NOTE

Remove a warning arising in connection with [0] Off or [1] Warning by cycling the mains supply. The fault must be corrected first. For [0] Off or [1] Warning, the frequency converter keeps running even if a fault is located.

This parameter is only active in frequency converters with an integral dynamic brake.

2-16 AC brake Max. Current		
Range:		Function:
100.0 %*	[0.0 - 1000.0 %]	Enter the maximum permissible current when using AC brake to avoid overheating of motor windings.

NOTE

2-16 AC brake Max. Current will not have effect when 1-10 Motor Construction = [1] PM, non salient SPM.

2-17 Over-voltage Control		
Option: Function:		
		Over-voltage control (OVC) reduces the risk
		of the frequency converter tripping due to

3 17	0	110 40 0	e Control
	LUWer		

	, and the go control		
Option:		Function:	
		an over voltage on the DC link caused by generative power from the load.	
[0] *	Disabled	No OVC required.	
[1]	Enabled (not at stop)	Activates OVC except when using a stop signal to stop the frequency converter.	
[2]	Enabled	Activates OVC.	

NOTE

OVC must not be enabled in hoisting applications.

2-18	2-18 Brake Check Condition				
Range: Function:			ר:		
[0] * At Power Up Brake check will be performed at power up		ck will be performed at power up			
2-19	2-19 Over-voltage Gain				
Range: Function:			Function:		
100 9	6*	[0 - 20	0 %]	Select over-voltage gain.	

3.4.3 2-2* Mechanical Brake

Parameters for controlling operation of an electromagnetic (mechanical) brake, typically required in hoisting applications.

To control a mechanical brake, a relay output (relay 01 or relay 02) or a programmed digital output (terminal 27 or 29) is required. Normally this output must be closed during periods when the frequency converter is unable to 'hold' the motor, e.g. due to an excessive load. Select [32] Mechanical Brake Control for applications with an electromagnetic brake in 5-40 Function Relay, 5-30 Terminal 27 Digital Output, or 5-31 Terminal 29 Digital Output. When selecting [32] Mechanical brake control, the mechanical brake is closed from start up until the output current is above the level selected in 2-20 Release Brake Current. During stop, the mechanical brake activates when the speed falls below the level specified in 2-21 Activate Brake Speed [RPM]. If the frequency converter enters an alarm condition or an over-current or over-voltage situation, the mechanical brake immediately cuts in. This is also the case during safe stop.

NOTE

Protection mode and trip delay features (14-25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit and 14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault) may delay the activation of the mechanical brake in an alarm condition. These features must be disabled in hoisting applications.

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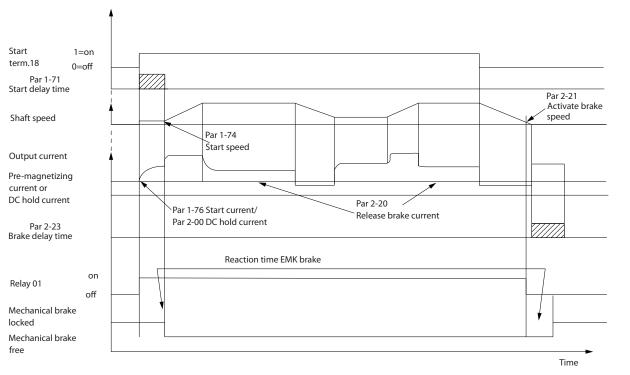


Illustration 3.19 Mechanical Brake

2-20 Re	2-20 Release Brake Current			
Range:		Function:		
par. 16-37 A*	[0.00 - par. 16-37 A]	Set the motor current for release of the mechanical brake, when a start condition is present. The default value is the maximum current the inverter can provide for the particular power size. The upper limit is specified in 16-37 Inv. Max. Current. NOTE When Mechanical brake control output is selected but no mechanical brake is connected, the function will not work by default setting due to too low motor current.		

2-21 /	2-21 Activate Brake Speed [RPM]			
Range:		Function:		
0 RPM*	[0 - 30000 RPM]	Set the motor speed for activation of the mechanical brake, when a stop condition is present. The upper speed limit is specified in <i>4-53 Warning Speed</i> <i>High</i> .		

2-22	2-22 Activate Brake Speed [Hz]		
Range:		Function:	
0 Hz*		Set the motor frequency for activation of the mechanical brake, when a stop condition is present.	

2-23 Activate Brake Delay				
Rang	e:	Function:		
0.0 s*	[0.0 - 5.0 s]	Enter the brake delay time of the coast after ramp-down time. The shaft is held at zero speed with full holding torque. Ensure that th mechanical brake has locked the load before the motor enters coast mode. See <i>Mechanical</i> <i>Brake Control</i> section in the Design Guide.		
2-24	Stop Dela	у		
Rang	e:	Function:		
0.0 s*	[0.0 - 5.0	Set the time interval from the moment when the motor is stopped until the brake closes. This parameter is a part of the stopping function.		
2-25	Brake Rele	ease Time		
Rang	e:	Function:		
0.20 s*	[0.00 - 5 s]	.00 This value defines the time it takes for the mechanical brake to open. This parameter must act as a time-out when brake feedback is activated.		
2-26	2-26 Torque Ref			
Rang	e:	Function:		
0.00 %	o* [0 - 0 %	The value defines the torque applied against the closed mechanical brake, before release		

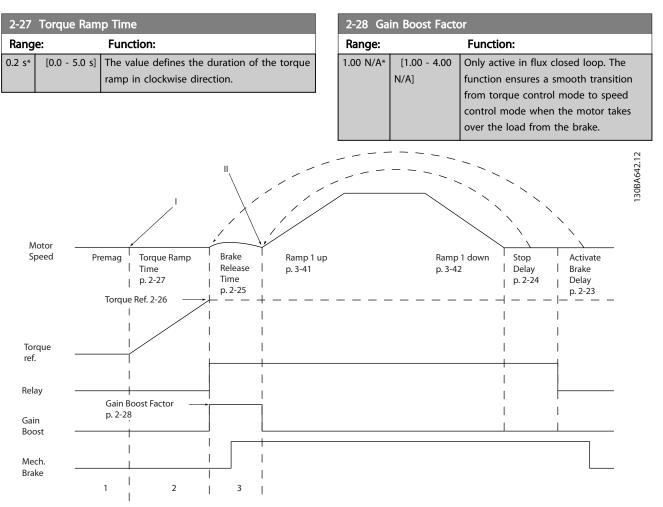


Illustration 3.20 Brake release sequence for hoist mechanical brake control

I) Activate brake delay: The frequency converter starts again from the mechanical brake engaged position.

II) Stop delay: When the time between successive starts is shorter than the setting in 2-24 Stop Delay, the frequency converter starts without applying the mechanical brake (e.g. reversing).

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3.5 Parameters: 3-** Reference/Ramps

Parameters for reference handling, definition of limitations, and configuration of the reaction of the frequency converter to changes.

3.5.1 3-0* Reference Limits

3-00	3-00 Reference Range		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the range of the reference signal and the feedback signal. Signal values can be positive only, or positive and negative. The minimum limit may have a negative value, unless [1] Speed closed loop control or [3] Process is selected in 1-00 Configuration Mode.	
[0]	Min - Max		
[1] *	-Max - +Max	For both positive and negative values (both directions, relative to <i>4-10 Motor Speed Direction</i>).	

3-01 Reference/Feedback Unit

Option:		Function:
		Select the unit to be used in Process PID Control references and feedbacks. <i>1-00 Configuration Mode</i> must be either [3] Process or [8] Extended PID Control.
[0] *	None	
[1]	%	
[2]	RPM	
[3]	Hz	
[4]	Nm	
[5]	PPM	
[10]	1/min	
[12]	Pulse/s	
[20]	l/s	
[21]	l/min	
[22]	l/h	
[23]	m³/s	
[24]	m³/min	
[25]	m³/h	
[30]	kg/s	
[31]	kg/min	
[32]	kg/h	
[33]	t/min	
[34]	t/h	
[40]	m/s	
[41]	m/min	
[45]	m	
[60]	°C	

3-01	Referer	nce/Feedback Unit
Option:		Function:
[70]	mbar	
[71]	bar	
[72]	Ра	
[73]	kPa	
[74]	m WG	
[80]	kW	
[120]	GPM	
[121]	gal/s	
[122]	gal/min	
[123]	gal/h	
[124]	CFM	
[125]	ft³/s	
[126]	ft³/min	
[127]	ft³/h	
[130]	lb/s	
[131]	lb/min	
[132]	lb/h	
[140]	ft/s	
[141]	ft/min	
[145]	ft	
[150]	lb ft	
[160]	°F	
[170]	psi	
[171]	lb/in²	
[172]	in WG	
[173]	ft WG	
[180]	HP	

3-02 Minimum Reference

Range:	Function:		
0 Reference-	[-999999.999 -	Enter the Minimum	
FeedbackUnit*	par. 3-03	Reference. The Minimum	
	ReferenceFeed-	Reference is the lowest	
	backUnit]	value obtainable by	
		summing all references.	
		Minimum Reference is active	
		only when 3-00 Reference	
		Range is set to [0] Min Max.	
		The Minimum Reference	
		unit matches:	
		The choice of	
		configuration in	
		1-00 Configuration	
		Mode Configuration	
		Mode: for [1] Speed	
		closed loop, RPM;	
		for [2] Torque, Nm.	
		The unit selected	
		in 3-01 Reference/	
		Feedback Unit.	

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3-03 Maximun	3-03 Maximum Reference		
Range:		Function:	
1500.000	[par. 3-02 -	Enter the Maximum	
ReferenceFeed-	999999.999	Reference. The Maximum	
backUnit*	ReferenceFeed-	Reference is the highest	
	backUnit]	value obtainable by	
		summing all references.	
		The Maximum Reference	
		unit matches:	
		The choice of	
		configuration in	
		1-00 Configuration	
		Mode: for [1] Speed	
		closed loop, RPM;	
		for [2] Torque, Nm.	
		• The unit selected	
		in 3-00 Reference	
		Range.	

3-04 Reference Function		
Option:		Function:
[0] *	Sum	Sums both external and preset reference sources.
[1]	External/Preset	Use either the preset or the external reference source. Shift between external and preset via a command or a digital input.

3.5.2 3-1* References

Select the preset reference(s). Select Preset ref. bit 0/1/2 [16], [17] or [18] for the corresponding digital inputs in parameter group 5-1*.

3-10	3-10 Preset Reference				
Array [Array [8]				
Range:	0-7				
Range	:	Function:			
0.00	[-100.00 -	Enter up to eight different preset references			
%*	100.00 %]	(0-7) in this parameter, using array			
		programming. The preset reference is stated			
		as a percentage of the value Ref _{MAX}			
		(3-03 Maximum Reference) If a Ref _{MIN}			
		different from 0 (3-02 Minimum Reference) is			
		programmed, the preset reference is			
		calculated as a percentage of the full			
		reference range, i.e. on the basis of the			
		difference between Ref _{MAX} and Ref _{MIN} .			
		Afterwards, the value is added to Ref _{MIN} .			
		When using preset references, select Preset			
		ref. bit 0/1/2 [16], [17] or [18] for the			
		corresponding digital inputs in parameter			
		group 5-1*.			

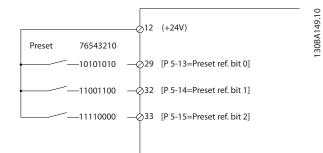


Illustration 3.21

Preset ref. bit	2	1	0
Preset ref. 0	0	0	0
Preset ref. 1	0	0	1
Preset ref. 2	0	1	0
Preset ref. 3	0	1	1
Preset ref. 4	1	0	0
Preset ref. 5	1	0	1
Preset ref. 6	1	1	0
Preset ref. 7	1	1	1

Table 3.10 Preset Ref. Bit

3-11 Jog Speed [Hz]		
Range:		Function:
0 Hz*	[0.0 - par. 4-14 Hz]	The jog speed is a fixed output speed at which the frequency converter is running when the jog function is activated. See also <i>3-80 Jog Ramp Time</i> .

3-12 Catch up/slow Down Value

Range	:	Function:
0.00	[0.00 -	Enter a percentage (relative) value to be
%*	100.00 %]	either added to or deducted from the actual
		reference for Catch up or Slow down respec-
		tively. If Catch up is selected via one of the
		digital inputs (5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input to
		5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input), the percentage
		(relative) value is added to the total reference.
		If Slow down is selected via one of the digital
		inputs (5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input to
		5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input), the percentage
		(relative) value is deducted from the total
		reference. Obtain extended functionality with
		the DigiPot function. See parameter group
		3-9* Digital Potentiometer.

Parameter Descriptions

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3-13	3-13 Reference Site		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select which reference site to activate.	
[0] *	Linked to Hand / Auto	Use local reference when in Hand mode; or remote reference when in Auto mode.	
[1]	Remote	Use remote reference in both Hand mode and Auto mode.	
[2]	Local	Use local reference in both Hand mode and Auto mode. NOTE When set to [2] Local, the frequency converter will start with this setting again following a 'power down'.	

3-14 Preset Relative Reference

Range:		Function:
0.00	[-100.00 -	The actual reference, X, is increased or
%*	100.00 %]	decreased with the percentage Y, set in
		3-14 Preset Relative Reference. This results
		in the actual reference Z. Actual reference
		(X) is the sum of the inputs selected in
		3-15 Reference 1 Source, 3-16 Reference 2
		Source, 3-17 Reference 3 Source and
		8-02 Control Source.

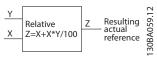


Illustration 3.22

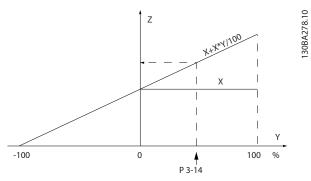


Illustration 3.23

3-15 Reference Resource 1			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the reference input to be used	
		for the first reference signal.	
		3-15 Reference Resource 1,	
		3-16 Reference Resource 2 and	
		3-17 Reference Resource 3 define up to	
		three different reference signals. The	

3-15 Reference Resource 1				
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		sum of these reference signals defines the actual reference.		
[0]	No function			
[1] *	Analog input 53			
[2]	Analog input 54			
[7]	Frequency input 29			
[8]	Frequency input 33			
[11]	Local bus reference			
[20]	Digital pot.meter			
[21]	Analog input X30-11	(General Purpose I/O Option Module)		
[22]	Analog input X30-12	(General Purpose I/O Option Module)		

3-16 Reference Resource 2

Optio	on:	Function:
		Select the reference input to be
		used for the second reference
		signal. 3-15 Reference Resource 1,
		3-16 Reference Resource 2 and
		3-17 Reference Resource 3 define up
		to three different reference signals.
		The sum of these reference signals
		defines the actual reference.
[0]	No function	
[1]	Analog input 53	
[2]	Analog input 54	
[7]	Frequency input 29	
[8]	Frequency input 33	
[11]	Local bus reference	
[20] *	Digital pot.meter	
[21]	Analog input X30-11	
[22]	Analog input X30-12	

3-17 Reference Resource 3

Optio	on:	Function:
		Select the reference input to be
		used for the third reference signal.
		3-15 Reference Resource 1,
		3-16 Reference Resource 2 and
		3-17 Reference Resource 3 define up
		to three different reference signals.
		The sum of these reference signals
		defines the actual reference.
[0]	No function	
[1]	Analog input 53	
[2]	Analog input 54	
[7]	Frequency input 29	
[8]	Frequency input 33	
[11] *	Local bus reference	
[20]	Digital pot.meter	
[21]	Analog input X30-11	
[22]	Analog input X30-12	

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3-18 Relative Scaling Reference Resource				
Opt	Option: Function:			
		Select a variable value to be added to the fixed value (defined in <i>3-14 Preset Relative Reference</i>). The sum of the fixed and variable values (labelled Y in the illustration below) is multiplied with the actual reference (labelled X in the illustration below). This product is then added to the actual reference (X+X*Y/100) to give the resultant actual reference. $ \underbrace{\frac{Y}{X}}_{Z=X+X*Y/100} \underbrace{Z}_{actual} \underbrace{Resulting}_{reference} \underbrace{E}_{000} \underbrace{E}_{0$		
[0] *	No function			
[1]	Analog input 53			
[2]	Analog input 54			
[7]	Frequency input 29			
[8]	Frequency input 33			
[11]	Local bus reference			
[20]	Digital pot.meter			
[21]	Analog input X30-11			
[22]	Analog input X30-12			

NOTE

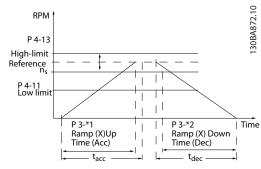
This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

3-19 Jog Speed [RPM]			
Range:		Function:	
150.	[0 - par.	Enter a value for the jog speed n _{JOG} ,	
RPM*	4-13 RPM]	which is a fixed output speed. The	
		frequency converter runs at this speed	
		when the jog function is activated. The	
		maximum limit is defined in 4-13 Motor	
		Speed High Limit [RPM].	
		See also 3-80 Jog Ramp Time.	

3.5.3 Ramps 3-4* Ramp 1

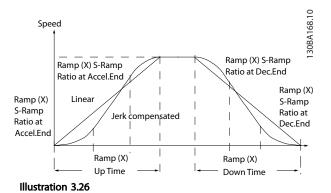
For each of four ramps (parameter groups 3-4*, 3-5*, 3-6* and 3-7*) configure the ramp parameters: ramp type, ramping times (duration of acceleration and deceleration) and level of jerk compensation for S ramps.

Start by setting the linear ramping times corresponding to the figures.





If S-ramps are selected then set the level of non-linear jerk compensation required. Set jerk compensation by defining the proportion of ramp-up and ramp-down times where acceleration and deceleration are variable (i.e. increasing or decreasing). The S-ramp acceleration and deceleration settings are defined as a percentage of the actual ramp time.





3-40	3-40 Ramp 1 Type		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the ramp type, depending on requirements for acceleration/deceleration. A linear ramp will give constant acceleration during ramping. An S-ramp will give non- linear acceleration, compensating for jerk in the application.	
[0] *	Linear		
[1]	S-ramp Const Jerk	Acceleration with lowest possible jerk.	
[2]	S-ramp Const Time	S-ramp based on the values set in 3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp up Time and 3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time.	

NOTE

If [1] S-ramp Const Jerk is selected and the reference during ramping is changed the ramp time may be prolonged in order to realize a jerk free movement which may result in a longer start or stop time.

Additional adjustment of the S-ramp ratios or switching initiators may be necessary.

3-41	3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp up Time		
Range	e:	Function:	
3.00	[0.01 -	Enter the ramp-up time, i.e. the acceleration	
S*	3600.00 s]	time from 0 RPM to the synchronous motor speed ns. Choose a ramp-up time such that	
		the output current does not exceed the	
		current limit in 4-18 Current Limit during	
		ramping. The value 0.00 corresponds to 0.01 s	
		in speed mode. See ramp-down time in	
		3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time.	
		$Par. 3 - 41 = \frac{t_{acc}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$	

3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time

Range:		Function:
3.00	[0.01 -	Enter the ramp-down time, that is, the
S*	3600.00	deceleration time from the synchronous motor
	s]	speed n_s to 0 RPM. Choose a ramp-down time
		such that no over-voltage arises in the inverter
		due to regenerative operation of the motor,
		and such that the generated current does not
		exceed the current limit set in 4-18 Current
		Limit. The value 0.00 corresponds to 0.01 s in
		speed mode. See ramp-up time in 3-41 Ramp 1
		Ramp up Time.
		$Par. 3 - 42 = \frac{t_{dec}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$

	3-45 Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start			
Range:		e:	Function:	
	50 %*	[1 - 99.	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up	
		%]	time (3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp up Time) in which	

3-45 Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start

Range	e:	Function:
		the acceleration torque increases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compensation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks occurring in the application.
2-16	Domo 1 C-r	mn Patio at Accol End
3-46 Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End		
	-	
Range	e:	Function:
Range 50 %*	e: [1 - 99. %]	Function: Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up
		Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up
		Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up time (3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp up Time) in which
		Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up time (<i>3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp up Time</i>) in which the acceleration torque decreases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk
		Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up time (<i>3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp up Time</i>) in which the acceleration torque decreases. The larger

3-47	3-47 Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start		
Range	2:	Function:	
50 %*	[1 - 99. %]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-down time (3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time) where the deceleration torque increases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compensation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks in the application.	

3-48 Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End

Range:		Function:
50 %*	[1 - 99. %]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-down time (3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time) where the deceleration torque decreases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compensation achieved, and thus the lower
		the torque jerks in the application.

3.5.4 3-5* Ramp 2

Choosing ramp parameters, see parameter group 3-4*.

3-50	3-50 Ramp 2 Type		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the ramp type, depending on requirements for acceleration/deceleration. A linear ramp will give constant acceleration during ramping. An S-ramp will give non- linear acceleration, compensating for jerk in the application.	
[0] *	Linear		
[1]	S-ramp Const Jerk	Acceleration with lowest possible jerk	
[2]	S-ramp Const Time	S-ramp based on the values set in 3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp up Time and 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp down Time	



NOTE

If [1] S-ramp Const Jerk is selected and the reference during ramping is changed the ramp time may be prolonged in order to realize a jerk free movement which may result in a longer start or stop time.

Additional adjustment of the S-ramp ratios or switching initiators may be necessary.

3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp up Time		
Range	e:	Function:
3.00	[0.01 -	Enter the ramp-up time, i.e. the acceleration
S*	3600.00 s]	time from 0 RPM to the rated motor speed n _s .
		Choose a ramp-up time such that the output
		current does not exceed the current limit in
		4-18 Current Limit during ramping. The value
		0.00 corresponds to 0.01 s in speed mode.
		See ramp-down time in 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp
		down Time.
		$Par. 3 - 51 = \frac{t_{acc}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$

3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp down Time

Rang	e:	Function:
3.00	[0.01 -	Enter the ramp-down time, i.e. the
S*	3600.00	deceleration time from the rated motor speed
	s]	ns to 0 RPM. Choose a ramp-down time such
		that no over-voltage arises in the inverter due
		to regenerative operation of the motor, and
		such that the generated current does not
		exceed the current limit set in 4-18 Current
		Limit. The value 0.00 corresponds to 0.01 s in
		speed mode. See ramp-up time in 3-51 Ramp 2
		Ramp up Time.
		$Par. 3 - 52 = \frac{t_{dec}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$

3-55 Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Star

Range:		Function:
50 %*	[1 - 99. %]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up
		time (3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp up Time) in which
		the acceleration torque increases. The larger
		the percentage value, the greater the jerk
		compensation achieved, and thus the lower
		the torque jerks in the application.

3-56 Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End

Range:		Function:
50 %*	[1 - 99. %]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up
		time (3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp up Time) in which
		the acceleration torque decreases. The larger
		the percentage value, the greater the jerk
		compensation achieved, and thus the lower
		the torque jerks in the application.

3-57 Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start

		•
Rang	e:	Function:
50 %*	[1 - 99. %]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-down
		time (3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp down Time) where
		the deceleration torque increases The larger
		the percentage value, the greater the jerk
		compensation achieved, and thus the lower
		the torque jerks in the application.
3-58	Ramp 2 S-ra	amp Ratio at Decel. End
Rang	e:	Function:
50 %*	[1 - 99. %]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-down
		time (3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp down Time) where
		the deceleration torque decreases. The larger
		the percentage value, the greater the jerk
		compensation achieved, and thus the lower

the torque jerks in the application.

3.5.5 3-6* Ramp 3

Configure ramp parameters, see 3-4*.

3-60	Ramp 3 Type		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the ramp type, depending on requirements for acceleration and deceleration. A linear ramp will give constant acceleration during ramping. An S-ramp will give non-linear acceleration, compensating for jerk in the application.	
[0] *	Linear		
[1]	S-ramp Const Jerk	Accelerates with lowest possible jerk.	
[2]	S-ramp Const Time	S-ramp based on the values set in <i>3-61 Ramp</i> <i>3 Ramp up Time</i> and <i>3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down</i> <i>Time</i>	

NOTE

If [1] S-ramp Const Jerk is selected and the reference during ramping is changed the ramp time may be prolonged in order to realize a jerk free movement which may result in a longer start or stop time.

Additional adjustment of the S-ramp ratios or switching initiators may be necessary.

3-61	3-61 Ramp 3 Ramp up Time			
Range	:	Function:		
3.00 s*	[0.01 -	Enter the ramp-up time, i.e. the		
	3600.00 s]	acceleration time from 0 RPM to the rated		
		motor speed n _s . Choose a ramp-up time		
		such that the output current does not		
		exceed the current limit in 4-18 Current		
		Limit during ramping. The value 0.00		
		corresponds to 0.01 s in speed mode. See		

3-61 Ramp 3 Ramp up Time		
Range:	Function:	
	ramp-down time in 3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down Time.	

3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down Time

Range:		Function:
3.00	[0.01 -	Enter the ramp-down time, i.e. the
s*	3600.00	deceleration time from the rated motor speed
	s]	ns to 0 RPM. Choose a ramp-down time such
		that no over-voltage arises in the inverter due
		to regenerative operation of the motor, and
		such that the generated current does not
		exceed the current limit set in 4-18 Current
		Limit. The value 0.00 corresponds to 0.01 s in
		speed mode. See ramp-up time in 3-61 Ramp 3
		Ramp up Time.
		$Par. 3 - 62 = \frac{t_{dec}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$

 3-65 Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start

 Range:
 Function:

 50 %*
 [1 - 99. %]
 Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up time (3-61 Ramp 3 Ramp up Time) in which the acceleration torque increases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compensation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks in the application.

3-66 Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End

2:	Function:
[1 - 99. %]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up
	time (3-61 Ramp 3 Ramp up Time) in which
	the acceleration torque decreases. The larger
	the percentage value, the greater the jerk
	compensation achieved, and thus the lower
	the torque jerks in the application.

 3-67 Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start

 Range:
 Function:

 50 %*
 [1 - 99. %]
 Enter the proportion of the total ramp-down time (3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down Time) where the deceleration torque increases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compensation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks in the application.

3-68 Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End				
Range:		Function:		
50 %*	[1 - 99. %]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-		
		downdecel time (3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down		
		Time) where the deceleration torque		
		decreases. The larger the percentage value,		
		the greater the jerk compensation achieved,		
		and thus the lower the torque jerks in the		
		application.		

3.5.6 3-7* Ramp 4

Configure ramp parameters, see parameter group 3-4*.

3-70	3-70 Ramp 4 Type		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the ramp type, depending on requirements for acceleration and deceleration. A linear ramp will give constant acceleration during ramping. An S-ramp will give non-linear acceleration, compensating for jerk in the application	
[0] *	Linear		
[1]	S-ramp Const Jerk	Accelerates with lowest possible jerk.	
[2]	S-ramp Const Time	S-ramp based on the values set in <i>3-71 Ramp</i> <i>4 Ramp up Time</i> and <i>3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down</i> <i>Time</i> .	

NOTE

If [1] S-ramp Const Jerk is selected and the reference during ramping is changed the ramp time may be prolonged in order to realize a jerk free movement which may result in a longer start or stop time.

Additional adjustment of the S-ramp ratios or switching initiators may be necessary.

3-71	3-71 Ramp 4 Ramp up Time		
Range	2:	Function:	
3.00	[0.01 -	Enter the ramp-up time, i.e. the acceleration	
S*	3600.00 s]	time from 0 RPM to the rated motor speed n_s .	
		Choose a ramp-up time such that the output	
		current does not exceed the current limit in	
		4-18 Current Limit during ramping. The value	
		0.00 corresponds to 0.01 s in speed mode.	
		See ramp-down time in 3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp	
		Down Time.	
		$Par. 3 - 71 = \frac{t_{acc}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$	

3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time

Range:		Function:
3.00	[0.01 -	Enter the ramp-down time, i.e. the
S*	3600.00	deceleration time from the rated motor speed
	s]	n_{s} to 0 RPM. Choose a ramp-down time such

VLT® AutomationDrive Programming Guide



3-72	Ramp 4	Ramp	Down	Time
------	--------	------	------	------

Range	:	Function:
		that no over-voltage arises in the inverter due
		to regenerative operation of the motor, and
		such that the generated current does not
		exceed the current limit set in 4-18 Current
		Limit. The value 0.00 corresponds to 0.01 s in
		speed mode. See ramp-up time in 3-71 Ramp 4
		Ramp up Time.
		$Par. 3 - 72 = \frac{t_{dec}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$

3-75 Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start

Range	e:	Function:
50 %*	[1 - 99. %]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up
		time (3-71 Ramp 4 Ramp up Time) in which
		time (3-71 Ramp 4 Ramp up Time) in which the acceleration torque increases. The larger
		the percentage value, the greater the jerk
		compensation achieved, and thus the lower
		the torque jerks in the application.

3-76 Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End

Range	e:	Function:
50 %*	[1 - 99. %]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-up
		time (3-71 Ramp 4 Ramp up Time) in which
		the acceleration torque decreases. The larger
		the percentage value, the greater the jerk
		compensation achieved, and thus the lower
		the torque jerks in the application.

3-77 Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start

Range	e:	Function:
50 %*	[1 - 99. %]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-down
		time (3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time) where
		the deceleration torque increases. The larger
		the percentage value, the greater the jerk
		compensation achieved, and thus the lower
		the torque jerks in the application.

3-78	3-78 Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End			
Range	e:	Function:		
50 %*	[1 - 99. %]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-down		
		time (3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time) where		
		the deceleration torque decreases. The large		
		the percentage value, the greater the jerk		
		compensation achieved, and thus the lower		
		the torque jerks in the application.		

3.5.7 3-8* Other Ramps

3-80	3-80 Jog Ramp Time			
Range		Function:		
3.00	[0.01 -	Enter the jog ramp time, i.e. the		
S*	3600.00 s]	acceleration/deceleration time between 0		

3-80 Jog Ramp Time

Range:	Function:
	RPM and the rated motor frequency n _s . Ensure that the resultant output current required for the given jog ramp time does not exceed the current limit in <i>4-18 Current</i> <i>Limit</i> . The jog ramp time starts upon activation of a jog signal via the LCP, a selected digital input, or the serial communi- cation port. When jog state is disabled then
	the normal ramping times are valid.

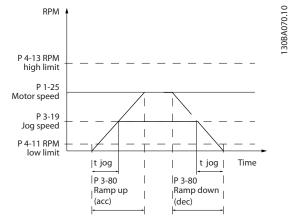


Illustration 3.27

<i>Par</i> . 3 – 80 =	t _{jog} [s] x n _s [RPM]
rai. 5 - 80 =	Δ jog speed (par. 3 – 19) [RPM]

3-81 Quick Stop Ramp Time			
Range	:	Function:	
3.00	[0.01 -	Enter the quick-stop ramp-down time, i.e.	
S*	3600.00 s]	the deceleration time from the synchronous	
		motor speed to 0 RPM. Ensure that no	
		resultant over-voltage will arise in the	
		inverter due to regenerative operation of the	
		motor required to achieve the given ramp-	
		down time. Ensure also that the generated	
		current required to achieve the given ramp-	
		down time does not exceed the current limit	
		(set in 4-18 Current Limit). Quick-stop is	
		activated by means of a signal on a selected	
		digital input, or via the serial communication	
		port.	

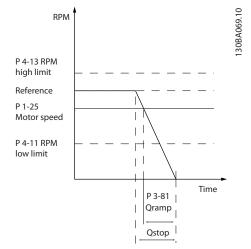


Illustration 3.28

3-82	3-82 Quick Stop Ramp Type		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the ramp type, depending on requirements for acceleration and deceleration. A linear ramp will give constant acceleration during ramping. An S-ramp will give non-linear acceleration, compensating for jerk in the application.	
[0] *	Linear		
[1]	S-ramp Const Jerk		
[2]	S-ramp Const Time		

3-83 Quick Stop S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start Function: Range: 50 %* 1 - 99 Enter the proportion of the total ramp-down [%] time (3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time) where the deceleration torque increases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compensation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks in the application.

3-84 Quick Stop S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End

e:	Function:
[1 - 99 %]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-down
	time (3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time) where the deceleration torque decreases. The larger
	the deceleration torque decreases. The larger
	the percentage value, the greater the jerk
	compensation achieved, and thus the lower
	the torque jerks in the application.
	[1 - 99 %]

3.5.8 3-9* Digital Pot.Meter

The digital potentiometer function allows the user to increase or decrease the actual reference by adjusting the set-up of the digital inputs using the functions Increase, Decrease or Clear. To activate the function, at least one digital input must be set up to Increase or Decrease.

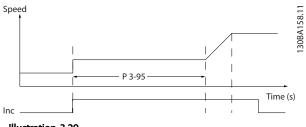
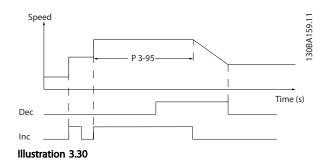


Illustration 3.29



3-90 Step Size				
Range:		Function:		
0.10 %*	[0.01 - 200.00 %]	Enter the increment size required for INCREASE/DECREASE, as a percentage of the synchronous motor speed, n _s . If INCREASE/DECREASE is activated the resulting reference will be increased/ decreased by the amount set in this		
		parameter.		

3-91 Ramp Time

Range	2:	Function:
1.00	[0.00 -	Enter the ramp time, i.e. the time for
S*	3600.00 s]	adjustment of the reference from 0% to
		100% of the specified digital potentiometer
		function (Increase, Decrease or Clear).
		If Increase/ Decrease is activated for longer
		than the ramp delay period specified in
		3-95 Ramp Delay the actual reference will be
		ramped up / down according to this ramp
		time. The ramp time is defined as the time
		used to adjust the reference by the step size
		specified in 3-90 Step Size.

Parameter Descriptions

Danfoss

3-92	3-92 Power Restore			
Opt	Option: Function:			
[0] *	Off	Resets the Digital Potentiometer reference to 0% after		
		power up.		
[1]	On	Restores the most recent Digital Potentiometer		
		reference at power up.		
3-93 Maximum Limit				
Ran	ge:	Function:		

Range		Function:
100 %*	[-200 - 200	Set the maximum permissible value for
	%]	the resultant reference. This is advisable if
		the Digital Potentiometer is used for fine
		tuning of the resulting reference.

3-94 Minimum Limit				
Rang	e:	Function:		
-100 %	* [-200 - 200	Set the minimum permissible value for		
	%]	the resultant reference. This is advisable		
		if the Digital Potentiometer is used for		
		fine tuning of the resulting reference.		

3-95 Ramp Delay				
Range	:	Function:		
0 N/A*	[0 - 0	Enter the delay required from activation of		
	N/A]	the digital potentiometer function until the		
		frequency converter starts to ramp the		
		reference. With a delay of 0 ms, the reference		
		starts to ramp as soon as INCREASE/		
		DECREASE is activated. See also 3-91 Ramp		
		Time.		

3.6 Parameters: 4-** Limits/Warnings

3.6.1 4-1* Motor Limits

Define torque, current and speed limits for the motor, and the reaction of the frequency converter when the limits are exceeded.

A limit may generate a message on the display. A warning will always generate a message on the display or on the fieldbus. A monitoring function may initiate a warning or a trip, upon which the frequency converter will stop and generate an alarm message.

set to <i>Clockwise</i> [0] as default. The setting in 4-10 Motor Speed Direction does not limit options for setting 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM].	4-10 Motor Speed Direction			
Use this parameter to prevent unwanted reversing. When 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to Process [3], 4-10 Motor Speed Direction i set to Clockwise [0] as default. The setting in 4-10 Motor Speed Direction does not limit options for setting 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]. [0] * Clockwise The reference is set to CW rotation. Reversing input (Default term 19) must be open. [1] Counter clockwise The reference is set to CCW rotation. Reversing input (Default term 19) must be closed. If Reversing is required with 'Reverse' input is open the motor direction can be	Opt	ion:	Function:	
Imput (Default term 19) must be open. [1] Counter clockwise The reference is set to CCW rotation. Reversing input (Default term 19) must be closed. If Reversing is required with 'Reverse' input is open the motor direction can be			Use this parameter to prevent unwanted reversing. When 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to Process [3], 4-10 Motor Speed Direction is set to Clockwise [0] as default. The setting in 4-10 Motor Speed Direction does not limit options for setting 4-13 Motor Speed High	
clockwise Reversing input (Default term 19) must be closed. If Reversing is required with 'Reverse' input is open the motor direction can be	[0] *	Clockwise	The reference is set to CW rotation. Reversing input (Default term 19) must be open.	
	[1]		Reversing input (Default term 19) must be closed. If Reversing is required with 'Reverse' input is open the motor direction can be	
[2] Both Allows the motor to rotate in both directions. directions	[2]		Allows the motor to rotate in both directions.	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]			
Range	:	Function:	
0 RPM*	[0 - par.	Enter the minimum limit for motor speed.	
	4-13 RPM]	The Motor Speed Low Limit can be set to	
		correspond to the manufacturer's	
		recommended minimum motor speed. The	
		Motor Speed Low Limit must not exceed	
		the setting in 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit	
		[RPM].	

4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]

Range:		Function:
0 Hz*	[0.0 - par. 4-14 Hz]	Enter the minimum limit for motor speed.
	4-14 Hz]	The Motor Speed Low Limit can be set to
		correspond to the minimum output
		frequency of the motor shaft. The Motor
		Speed Low Limit must not exceed the
		setting in 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz].

1-13	Motor	Sneed	High	limit	[PDM]
4-15	INICIOI	Speed	I IIGII	LIIIIU	

Range:	Function:	
3600.	[par. 4-11 -	Enter the maximum limit for motor
RPM*	60000. RPM]	speed. The Motor Speed High Limit can
		be set to correspond to the
		manufacturer's maximum rated motor
		speed. The Motor Speed High Limit
		must exceed the setting in 4-11 Motor
		Speed Low Limit [RPM].

NOTE

Max. output frequency cannot exceed 10% of the inverter switching frequency (14-01 Switching Frequency).

4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[par. 4-12 - par. 4-19 Hz]	Enter the maximum limit for motor speed. The Motor Speed High Limit can be set to correspond to the manufacturer's recommended maximum of the motor shaft. The Motor Speed High Limit must exceed the in 4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]. Only 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] or 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz] will be displayed depending on other	
		parameters in the Main Menu and depending on default settings dependant on global location.	

NOTE

Max. output frequency cannot exceed 10% of the inverter switching frequency (14-01 Switching Frequency).

4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode		
Range:		Function:
160.0 %*	[0.0 - 1000.0 %]	This function limits the
Application	[Application	torque on the shaft to
dependent*	dependant]	protect the mechanical
		installation.

NOTE

Changing 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode when 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to Speed open loop [0], 1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed is automatically readjusted.

NOTE

The torque limit reacts on the actual, non-filtrated torque, including torque spikes. This is not the torque that is seen from the or the as that is filtered.



4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode		
Range:		Function:
100.0 %*	[0.0 - 1000.0 %]	This function limits the torque on the shaft to protect the mechanical installation.

NOTE

The torque limit reacts on the actual, non-filtrated torque, including torque spikes. This is not the torque that is seen from the or the as that is filtered.

4-18 Cu	4-18 Current Limit		
Range:		Function:	
160.0	[1.0 -	This is a true current limit function that	
%*	1000.0 %]	continues in the oversynchronous range,	
		however due to field weakening the	
		motor torque at current limit will drop	
		accordingly when the voltage increase	
		stops above the synchronised speed of	
		the motor.	

NOTE

If [20] is selected in *1-90 Motor Thermal Protection*, *4-18 Current Limit* current limit must be set to 150%.

4-19 Max Output Frequency		
Range:	Function:	
132.0	[1.0 -	Provides a final limit on the output
Hz*	1000.0 Hz]	frequency for improved safety in
		applications where you want to avoid
		accidental over-speeding. This limit is
		final in all configurations (independent
		of the setting in 1-00 Configuration
		Mode).

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

NOTE

Max. output frequency cannot exceed 10% of the inverter switching frequency (14-01 Switching Frequency).

4-20 Torque Limit Factor Source	
Option:	Function:
	Select an analog input for scaling the
	settings in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor
	Mode and 4-17 Torque Limit Generator
	Mode from 0% to 100% (or inverse).
	The signal levels corresponding to
	0% and 100% are defined in the
	analog input scaling, e.g. parameter
	group 6-1*. This parameter is only
	active when 1-00 Configuration Mode

4-20 Torque Limit Factor Source		
Opt	ion:	Function:
		is in Speed Open Loop or Speed Closed Loop.
[0] *	No function	
[2]	Analog in 53	
[4]	Analog in 53 inv	
[6]	Analog in 54	
[8]	Analog in 54 inv	
[10]	Analog in X30-11	
[12]	Analog in X30-11	
	inv	
[14]	Analog in X30-12	
[16]	Analog in X30-12	
	inv	

4-21 Speed Limit Factor SourceOption

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select an analog input for scaling the settings in <i>4-19 Max Output</i> <i>Frequency</i> from 0% to 100% (or vice versa). The signal levels corresponding to 0% and 100% are defined in the analog input scaling, e.g. parameter group 6-1*. This parameter is only active when <i>1-00 Configuration Mode</i> is in <i>Torque</i> <i>Mode</i> .
[0] *	No function	
[2]	Analog input 53	
[4]	Analog input 53 inv	
[6]	Analog input 54	
[8]	Analog input 54 inv	
[10]	Analog input X30-11	
[12]	Analog input X30-11 inv	
[14]	Analog input X30-12	
[16]	Analog input X30-12 inv	

3.6.2 4-3* Motor Feedback Monitoring

The parameter group includes monitoring and handling of motor feedback devices as encoders, resolvers etc.

4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function	
Option:	Function:
	This function is used to monitor for
	consistency in feedback signal, i.e. if
	the feedback signal is available.
	Select which reaction the frequency
	converter should take if a feedback
	fault is detected. The selected action
	is to take place when the feedback
	signal differs from the output speed

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4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function		
Opt	Option: Function:	
		by the value set in 4-31 Motor
		Feedback Speed Error for longer than
		the value set in4-32 Motor Feedback
		Loss Timeout.
[0]	Disabled	
[1]	Warning	
[2] *	Trip	
[3]	Jog	
[4]	Freeze Output	
[5]	Max Speed	
[6]	Switch to Open	
	Loop	
[7]	Select Setup 1	
[8]	Select Setup 2	
[9]	Select Setup 3	
[10]	Select Setup 4	
[11]	stop & trip	

Warning 90 is active as soon as the value in *4-31 Motor Feedback Speed Error* is exceeded, regardless of the setting of *4-32 Motor Feedback Loss Timeout*. Warning/Alarm 61 Feedback Error is related to the Motor Feedback Loss Function.

4-31 Motor Feedback Speed Error		
Range:		Function:
300 RPM*	[1 - 600 RPM]	Select the max allowed error in speed
		(output speed vs. feedback).

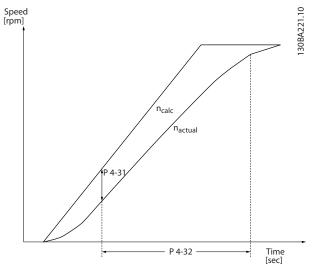


Illustration 3.31

4-32 Motor Feedback Loss Timeout		
Range	:	Function:
0.05 s*	[0.00 - 60.00 s]	Set the timeout value allowing the speed error set in 4-31 Motor Feedback Speed Error to be exceeded before

Ran	nge: Function:		
		enabling the function selected in	
		4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function.	
		Error Function	
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		This function is used to monitor that the	
		application follows the expected speed profile.	
		In Closed loop the speed reference to the PID	
		is compared to the encoder feedback (filtered)	
		In open loop the speed reference to the PID is	
		compensated for slip and compared to the	
		frequency that is sent to the motor	
		(16-13 Frequency).	
	The reaction will be activated if the measured		
	difference is more than specified in		
	4-35 Tracking Error for the time specified in		
	4-36 Tracking Error Timeout.		
	A tracking error in closed loop does not imply		
		that there is a problem with the feedback	
		signal! A tracking error can be the result of	
		torque limit at too big loads.	
[0] *	Disable		
[1]	Warning		
[2]	Trip		
[3]	Trip after		
	stop		

4-32 Motor Feedback Loss Timeout

Warning/Alarm 78 Tracking Error is related to the Tracking Error Function.

4-35 Tracking Error				
Range	e:			Function:
10 RPM		[1 - 6 RPM]	00	Enter the maximum permissible speed error between the motor speed and the output of the ramp when not ramping. In open loop the motor speed is estimated and in closed loop it is the feedback from encoder/resolver.
4-36	Tra	cking	Error	Timeout
Range	e:		Fun	ction:
1 s*	greate		great	the time-out period during which an error er than the value set in <i>4-35 Tracking Error</i> rmissible.
4-37	Tra	cking	Error	Ramping
Range	Range: Function:			
100 RP	'M*	[1 - RPM]	600	Enter the maximum permissible speed error between the motor speed and the output of the ramp when ramping. In open loop the motor speed is estimated and in closed loop it is the feedback from encoder/resolver.

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4-3	-38 Tracking Error Ramping Timeout		
Range: 1 s* [0 - 60 s]		Function: Enter the time-out period during which an error greater than the value set in 4-37 Tracking Error Ramping while Ramping is permissible.	
4-3	9 Tracking	Error After Ramping Timeout	
4-3 Ran		Error After Ramping Timeout Function:	

3.6.3 4-5* Adjustable Warnings

Use these parameters to adjust warning limits for current, speed, reference and feedback.

Warnings are shown on the LCP, and can be programmed to be outputs or to be read out via serial bus in the Extended Status Word.

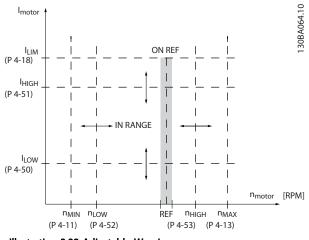


Illustration 3.32 Adjustable Warnings

4-50 Warning Current Low		
1	Function:	
[0.00 -	Enter the I_{LOW} value. When the motor	
par. 4-51	current falls below this limit, the display	
A]	reads Current Low. The signal outputs can be	
	programmed to produce a status signal on	
	terminal 27 or 29 (FC 302 only) and on relay	
	output 01 or 02 (FC 302 only). Refer to	
	Illustration 3.32.	
	[0.00 - par. 4-51	

4-51 Warning Current High			
Range: Function:			
par.	[par. 4-50	Enter the I_{HIGH} value. When the motor	
par. 16-37 A*	- par. 16-37 A]	current exceeds this limit, the display	
	16-37 A]	reads Current High. The signal outputs can	
		be programmed to produce a status	

4-51 \	Warning Cur	rent High	
Range:		Function:	
		signal on terminal 27 or 29 (FC 302 only) and on relay output 01 or 02 (FC 302 only). Refer to <i>Illustration 3.32</i> .	
4-52 \	Warning Spe	eed Low	
Range	:	Function:	
0 RPM*	[0 - par. 4-53 RPM]	Enter the n_{LOW} value. When the motor speed exceeds this limit, the display reads <i>Speed Low</i> . The signal outputs can be programmed to produce a status signal on terminal 27 or 29 (FC 302 only) and on relay output 01 or 02 (FC 302 only).	
4-53 Warning Speed High			

Range:		Function:
par.	[par.	Enter the nHIGH value. When the motor
4-13	4-52 -	speed exceeds this limit, the display reads
RPM*	par. 4-13	Speed High. The signal outputs can be
	RPM]	programmed to produce a status signal on
		terminal 27 or 29 and on relay output 01 or
		02. Programme the upper signal limit of the
		motor speed, n _{HIGH} , within the normal
		working range of the frequency converter.
		Refer to Illustration 3.32.

4-54 Warning Reference Low

Range:	_	Function:
-999999.999	[-999999.999 -	Enter the lower reference limit.
N/A*	par. 4-55 N/A]	When the actual reference falls
		below this limit, the display
		indicates <i>Ref_{LOW}</i> . The signal
		outputs can be programmed
		to produce a status signal on
		terminal 27 or 29 (FC 302 only)
		and on relay output 01 or 02
		(FC 302 only).

4-55 Warning Reference High

Range:		Function:
999999.999 N/A*	[par. 4-54 - 999999.999 N/A]	Enter the upper reference limit. When the actual reference exceeds this limit, the display reads Ref High. The signal outputs can be programmed to produce a status signal on terminal 27 or 29 (FC 302 only) and on relay output 01 or 02 (FC
		302 only).

Parameter Descriptions

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4-56 Warning Feedback Low			
Range:		Function:	
-999999.999	[-999999.999 -	Enter the lower feedback	
ReferenceFeed-	par. 4-57	limit. When the feedback	
backUnit*	ReferenceFeed-	falls below this limit, the	
	backUnit]	display reads Feedb Low.	
		The signal outputs can	
		be programmed to	
		produce a status signal	
		on terminal 27 or 29 (FC	
		302 only) and on relay	
		output 01 or 02 (FC 302	
		only).	

4-57 Warning Feedback High

Range:		Function:
999999.999 ReferenceFeed- backUnit*	[par. 4-56 - 999999.999 ReferenceFeed- backUnit]	Enter the upper feedback limit. When the feedback exceeds this limit, the display reads Feedb High. The signal outputs can be programmed to produce a status signal on terminal 27 or 29 (FC 302 only) and on relay output 01 or 02 (FC 302 only).

4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function

Displays alarm 30, 31 or 32 in the event of a missing motor phase. It is strongly recommended to enable to avoid motor damage.

Option: Function:

	•		
[0] *	Disabled	The frequency converter does not issue a	
		missing motor phase alarm. Not	
		recommended due to risk of motor damage.	
[1]	Trip 100 ms	For a quick detection time and alarm in the	
		event of a missing motor phase.	
[2]	Trip 1000 ms	For a slow detection time and alarm in the	
		event of a missing motor phase.	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

3.6.4 4-6* Speed Bypass

Some systems call for avoiding certain output frequencies or speeds, due to resonance problems in the system. A maximum of four frequency or speed ranges can be avoided.

4-60 Bypass Speed From [RPM]					
Array [4]					
Range: Function:					
0 RPM*	RPM] o		ou pr lo	ome systems call for avoiding certain utput speeds due to resonance oblems in the system. Enter the wer limits of the speeds to be roided.	
4-61 Bypass Speed From [Hz]					
Array [4]					
Range: Function:					
Size related* [0.0 - p 4-14 Hz]		par.	Some systems call for avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance problems in the system. Enter the lower limits of the speeds to be avoided.		
4-62 Bypass Speed To [RPM]					
Array [4]					
Range:		Function:			
0 RPM*	RPM]		ou pr up	Some systems call for avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance problems in the system. Enter the upper limits of the speeds to be avoided.	
4-63 Bypass Speed To [Hz]					
Array [4]					
Range: Fund			Fu	nction:	
0 Hz*	[0.0 · Hz]	- par. 4-14	outµ prol	ne systems call for avoiding certain out speeds due to resonance olems in the system. Enter the upper ts of the speeds to be avoided.	



3.7 Parameters: 5-** Digital In/Out3.7.1 5-0* Digital I/O Mode

Parameters for configuring the input and output using NPN and PNP.

5-00	5-00 Digital I/O Mode		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Digital inputs and programmed digital outputs are pre-programmable for operation either in PNP or NPN systems.	
[0] *	PNP	Action on positive directional pulses (‡). PNP systems are pulled down to GND.	
[1]	NPN	Action on negative directional pulses (‡). NPN systems are pulled up to + 24 V, internally in the frequency converter.	

NOTE

Once this parameter has been changed, it must be activated by performing a power cycle.

5-01 Terminal 27 Mode			
Option:		Function:	
[0] *	Input	Defines terminal 27 as a digital input.	
[1]	Output	Defines terminal 27 as a digital output.	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

5-02	5-02 Terminal 29 Mode				
Optic	on:	Function:			
[0] *	Input	Defines terminal 29 as a digital input.			
[1]	Output	Defines terminal 29 as a digital output.			

This parameter is available for FC 302 only.

3.7.2 Digital Inputs

The digital inputs are used for selecting various functions in the frequency converter. All digital inputs can be set to the following functions:

Digital input function	Select	Terminal
No operation	[0]	All *term 32, 33
Reset	[1]	All
Coast inverse	[2]	All *term 27
Coast and reset inverse	[3]	All
Quick stop inverse	[4]	All
DC-brake inverse	[5]	All
Stop inverse	[6]	All
Start	[8]	All *term 18

Digital input function	Select	Terminal
Latched start	[9]	All
Reversing	[10]	All *term 19
Start reversing	[11]	All
Enable start forward	[12]	All
Enable start reverse	[13]	All
Jog	[14]	All *term 29
Preset reference on	[15]	All
Preset ref bit 0	[16]	All
Preset ref bit 1	[17]	All
Preset ref bit 2	[18]	All
Freeze reference	[19]	All
Freeze output	[20]	All
Speed up	[21]	All
Speed down	[22]	All
Set-up select bit 0	[23]	All
Set-up select bit 1	[24]	All
Precise stop inverse	[26]	18, 19
Precises start, stop	[27]	18, 19
Catch up	[28]	All
Slow down	[29]	All
Counter input	[30]	29, 33
Pulse input Edge Trigged	[31]	29, 33
Pulse input Time Based	[32]	29, 33
Ramp bit 0	[34]	All
Ramp bit 1	[35]	All
Latched precise start	[40]	18, 19
Latched precise stop	[41]	18, 19
inverse		
External interlock	[51]	
DigiPot Increase	[55]	All
DigiPot Decrease	[56]	All
DigiPot Clear	[57]	All
Digipot Hoist	[58]	All
Counter A (up)	[60]	29, 33
Counter A (down)	[61]	29, 33
Reset Counter A	[62]	All
Counter B (up)	[63]	29, 33
Counter B (down)	[64]	29, 33
Reset Counter B	[65]	All
Mech. Brake Feedb.	[70]	All
Mech. Brake Feedb. Inv.	[71]	All
PID Error Inv.	[72]	All
PID Reset I-part	[73]	All
PID enable	[74]	All
MCO Specific	[75]	
PTC Card 1	[80]	All
Profidrive OFF2	[91]	
Profidrive OFF3	[92]	
Start edge triggered	[98]	
Safe Option Reset	[100]	

Table 3.11 Digital Input Function

3

FC 300 standard terminals are 18, 19, 27, 29, 32 and 33. MCB 101 terminals are X30/2, X30/3 and X30/4. Terminal 29 functions as an output only in FC 302.

Functions dedicated to only one digital input are stated in the associated parameter.

All digital inputs can be programmed to these functions:

[0]	No	No reaction to signals transmitted to the
[0]	operation	terminal.
[1]	Reset	Resets frequency converter after a TRIP/
		ALARM. Not all alarms can be reset.
[2]	Coast	(Default Digital input 27): Coasting stop,
	inverse	inverted input (NC). The frequency converter
		leaves the motor in free mode. Logic '0'
		⇒coasting stop.
[3]	Coast and	Reset and coasting stop Inverted input (NC).
	reset inverse	Leaves motor in free mode and resets
		frequency converter. Logic '0' \Rightarrow coasting stop
		and reset.
[4]	Quick stop	Inverted input (NC). Generates a stop in
	inverse	accordance with quick-stop ramp time set in
		3-81 Quick Stop Ramp Time. When motor
		stops, the shaft is in free mode. Logic '0' \Rightarrow
		Quick-stop.
[5]	DC-brake	Inverted input for DC braking (NC). Stops
	inverse	motor by energizing it with a DC current for
		a certain time period. See 2-01 DC Brake
		Current to 2-03 DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM].
		The function is only active when the value in
		2-02 DC Braking Time is different from 0.
		Logic '0' => DC braking.
[6]	Stop inverse	Stop Inverted function. Generates a stop
		function when the selected terminal goes
		from logical level '1' to '0'. The stop is
		performed according to the selected ramp
		time (3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time,
		3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp down Time, 3-62 Ramp 3
		Ramp down Time, 3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down
		Time).
		NOTE
		When the frequency converter is at the
		torque limit and has received a stop
		command, it may not stop by itself. To
		ensure that the frequency converter
		stops, configure a digital output to
		Torque limit & stop [27] and connect this
		digital output to a digital input that is
		configured as coast.
[8]	Start	(Default Digital input 18): Select start for a
		start/stop command. Logic '1' = start, logic '0'
		= stop.
[9]	Latched	The motor starts, if a pulse is applied for min.
	start	2ms. The motor stops when Stop inverse is
		activated or a reset command (via DI) is
		given.
_		

[10]	Reversing	(Default Digital input 19). Change the
		direction of motor shaft rotation. Select Logic
		'1' to reverse. The reversing signal only
		changes the direction of rotation. It does not
		activate the start function. Select both
		directions in 4-10 Motor Speed Direction. The
		function is not active in process closed loop.
[11]	Start	Used for start/stop and for reversing on the
	reversing	same wire. Signals on start are not allowed at
		the same time.
[12]	Enable start	Disengages the counterclockwise movement
	forward	and allows for the clockwise direction.
[13]	Enable start	Disengages the clockwise movement and
	reverse	allows for the counterclockwise direction.
[14]	Jog	(Default Digital input 29): Use to activate jog
		speed. See 3-11 Jog Speed [Hz].
[15]	Preset	Shifts between external reference and preset
	reference on	reference. It is assumed that [1] External/preset
		has been selected in 3-04 Reference Function.
		Logic '0' = external reference active; logic '1'
		= one of the eight preset references is active.
[16]	Preset ref	Preset ref. bit 0,1, and 2 enables a choice
	bit 0	between one of the eight preset references
		according to Table 3.12.
[17]	Preset ref	Same as Preset ref bit 0 [16].
	bit 1	
[18]	Preset ref	Same as Preset ref bit 0 [16].
	bit 2	

Preset ref. bit	2	1	0
Preset ref. 0	0	0	0
Preset ref. 1	0	0	1
Preset ref. 2	0	1	0
Preset ref. 3	0	1	1
Preset ref. 4	1	0	0
Preset ref. 5	1	0	1
Preset ref. 6	1	1	0
Preset ref. 7	1	1	1

Table 3.12 Preset Ref. Bit

[19]	Freeze ref	Freezes the actual reference, which is now the point of enable/condition for Speed up and Speed down to be used. If Speed up/down is used, the speed change always follows ramp 2 (3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp up Time and 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp down Time) in the range 0 - 3-03 Maximum Reference.
[20]	Freeze output	Freezes the actual motor frequency (Hz), which is now the point of enable/condition for Speed up and Speed down to be used. If Speed up/down is used, the speed change always follows ramp 2 (3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp up Time and 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp down Time) in the range 0 - 1-23 Motor Frequency.

NOTE

When Freeze output is active, the frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low 'start [8]' signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse. [21] Speed Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function by selecting either

Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed up/down is activated for less than 400 msec. the resulting reference will be increased/ decreased by 0.1 %. If Speed up/down is activated for more than 400 msec. the resulting reference will follow the setting in ramping up/ down parameter 3-x1/ 3-x2.

	Shut down	Catch up
Unchanged speed	0	0
Reduced by %-value	1	0
Increased by %-value	0	1
Reduced by %-value	1	1

Table 3.13

up

[22]	Speed down	Same as [21] Speed up.
[23]	Set-up	Select Set-up select bit 0 or Select Set-up select
	select bit	bit 1 to select one of the four set-ups. Set
	0	0-10 Active Set-up to Multi Set-up.
[24]	Set-up	(Default Digital input 32): Same as [23] Set-up
	select bit	select bit 0.
	1	
[26]	Precise	Sends an inverted stop signal when the precise
	stop inv.	stop function is activated in 1-83 Precise Stop
		Function.
		<i>Function.</i> Precise stop inverse function is available for

[27]	Precise	Use when Precise ramp stop [0] is selected in
	start, stop	1-83 Precise Stop Function.
		Precise start, stop is available for terminals 18
		and 19.
		Precise start makes sure that the angle that the
		rotor turns from standing still to reference is the
		same for each start (for same ramp time, same
		set-point). This is the equivalent to the precise
		stop where the angle that the rotor turns from
		reference to standing still is the same for each
		stop.
		When using for 1-83 Precise Stop Function [1] or
		[2]:
		The frequency converter needs a Precise Stop
		signal before the value of 1-84 Precise Stop
		Counter Value is reached. If this is not supplied,
		the frequency converter will not stop when the
		value in 1-84 Precise Stop Counter Value is
		reached.
		Precise start, stop must be triggered by a Digital
		Input and is available for terminals 18 and 19.
[28]	Catch up	Increases reference value by percentage
	cutch up	(relative) set in 3-12 Catch up/slow Down Value.
[29]	Slow	Reduces reference value by percentage (relative)
	down	set in 3-12 Catch up/slow Down Value.
[30]	Counter	Precise stop function in 1-83 Precise Stop
	input	Function acts as Counter stop or speed
		compensated counter stop with or without
		reset. The counter value must be set in
		1-84 Precise Stop Counter Value.
[31]	Pulse	Counts the number of pulse flanks per sample
	edge	time. This gives a higher resolution at high
	triggered	frequencies, but is not as precise at lower
		frequencies. Use this pulse principle for
		encoders with very low resolution (e.g. 30 ppr).
		Sample time 4
		13
		Illustration 3.33
[32]	Pulse time	Measures the duration between pulse flanks.
	based	This gives a higher resolution at lower
		frequencies, but is not as precise at higher
		frequencies. This principle has a cut-off
		frequency which makes it unsuited for encoders
		with very low resolutions (e.g. 30 ppr) at low
		speeds.
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Parameter Descriptions

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		Speed [rpm]	Speed [rpm] 0.
		a: very low encoder	b: standard encoder
		resolution	resolution
		2011	of the second se
[34]	Ramp bit	Enables a choice betwee	•
	0	available, according to t	he table below.
[35]	Ramp bit 1	Same as Ramp bit 0.	

Preset ramp bit	1	0
Ramp 1	0	0
Ramp 2	0	1
Ramp 3	1	0
Ramp 4	1	1

Table 3.15 Preset Ramp Bit

[40]	Latched	A latched Precise Start only requires a pulse		
	Precise Start	of 3ms on T18 or T19.		
		When using for 1-83 [1] or [2]:		
		When the reference is reached, the		
		frequency converter will internally enable		
		the Precise Stop signal. This means that the		
		frequency converter will do the Precise		
		Stop when the counter value of 1-84 Precise		
		Stop Counter Value is reached.		
[41]	Latched	Sends a latched stop signal when the		
	Precise Stop	precise stop function is activated in		
	inverse	1-83 Precise Stop Function. The Latched		
		Precise stop inverse function is available for		
		terminals 18 or 19.		
[51]	External	This function makes it possible to give an		
	interlock	external fault to the drive. This fault is		
		treated in the same way as an internally		
		generated alarm.		
[55]	DigiPot	INCREASE signal to the Digital Potenti-		
	Increase	ometer function described in parameter		
		group 3-9*		
[56]	DigiPot	DECREASE signal to the Digital Potenti-		
	Decrease	ometer function described in parameter		
		group 3-9*		

[57]	DigiPot Clear	Clears the Digital Potentiometer reference described in parameter group 3-9*
1401	c	
[60]	Counter A	(Terminal 29 or 33 only) Input for increment counting in the SLC counter.
[61]	Counter A	(Terminal 29 or 33 only) Input for
[01]		decrement counting in the SLC counter.
[62]	Reset	Input for reset of counter A.
	Counter A	
[63]	Counter B	(Terminal 29 or 33 only) Input for
		increment counting in the SLC counter.
[64]	Counter B	(Terminal 29 or 33 only) Input for
		decrement counting in the SLC counter.
[65]	Reset	Input for reset of counter B.
[]	Counter B	
[70]	Mech. Brake	Brake feedback for hoisting applications:
	Feedback	Set 1-01 Motor Control Principle to [3] flux w/
		motor feedback; set 1-72 Start Function to
		[6] Hoist mech brake Ref.
[71]	Mech. Brake	Inverted brake feedback for hoisting
U 13	Feedback inv.	applications
[72]	PID error	When enabled, it inverts the resulting error
[/ 2]	inverse	from the process PID controller. Available
	inverse	· ·
		only if "Configuration Mode" is set to
		"Surface Winder", "Extended PID Speed OL"
		or "Extended PID Speed CL".
[73]	PID reset I-	When enabled, resets the I-part of the
	part	Process PID controller. Equivalent to
		7-40 Process PID I-part Reset. Available only
		if "Configuration Mode" is set to "Surface
		Winder", "Extended PID Speed OL" or
		"Extended PID Speed CL".
[74]	PID enable	When enabled, enables the extended
		process PID controller. Equivalent to
		7-50 Process PID Extended PID. Available only
		if "Configuration Mode" is set "Extended
		PID Speed OL" or "Extended PID Speed CL".
[80]	PTC Card 1	All Digital Inputs can be set to PTC Card 1
		[80]. However, only one Digital Input must
		be set to this choice.
[91]	Profidrive	The functionality is the same as the
	OFF2	according control word bit of the Profibus/
		Profinet option.
[92]	Profidrive	The functionality is the same as the
L	OFF3	according control word bit of the Profibus/
		Profinet option.
[98]	Start edge	Edge triggered start command. Keeps the
[20]	triggered	start command alive, even if the input is
	liggered	going back to low - can be used for a start
		push-button.
[100]	Safe Ontion	pash button.
[100]	Safe Option Reset	
5-10	Terminal 18	Digital Input
Opti	on: Functio	n:

[8] *	Start	Functions are described under parameter group 5-1*
		Digital Inputs

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c = c	

F 11	Tam	ateal 10	
) Digital Input
Opt	_		Function:
[10] *	Reve	-	unctions are described under parameter group -1* Digital Inputs
5-12	2 Terr	ninal 27	' Digital Input
Opti	ion:		Function:
[2] *	Coast	inverse	Functions are described under parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs
5-13	Terr	ninal 29) Digital Input
Opti	ion:	Functi	ion:
[14] *	Jog	range a [64]. Co function Functio	he function from the available digital input and the additional options [60], [61], [63] and bunters are used in Smart Logic Control ns.This parameter is available for FC 302 only. Ins are described under parameter group 5-1*
		Digital I	Inputs
5-14	Terr	ninal 32	2 Digital Input
Opti	ion:		Function:
			Select the function from the available digital
[0] *	No op	peration	input range. Functions are described under 5-1* Digital Inputs
5-15	Terr	ninal 33	B Digital Input
Opti	ion:		Function:
			Select the function from the available digital
[0] *	Νο οι	peration	input range and the additional options [60], [61], [63] and [64]. Counters are used in Smart Logic Control functions. Functions are described under <i>5-1* Digital</i> <i>Inputs</i>
5-16	5 Terr	ninal X3	30/2 Digital Input
Opt	ion:		Function:
[0] *	Νο οι	peration	This parameter is active when option module MCB101 is installed in the frequency converter. Functions are described under 5-1* <i>Digital Inputs</i>
5-17	7 Terr	ninal X3	80/3 Digital Input
Opt	ion:		Function:
[0] *	Νο οι	peration	This parameter is active when option module MCB101 is installed in the frequency converter. Functions are described under 5-1* <i>Digital Inputs</i>
5-18	Terr	nin <u>al X</u>	80/4 Digital Input
Opti			Function:
[0] *	Νο οι	peration	This parameter is active when option module MCB101 is installed in the frequency converter. Functions are described under

5-1* Digital Inputs

5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop				
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[1] *	Safe Stop Alarm	Coasts frequency converter when safe stop is activated. Manual reset from LCP, digital input or fieldbus.		
[3]	Safe Stop Warning	Coasts frequency converter when safe stop is activated (T-37 off). When safe stop circuit is reestablished, the frequency converter will continue without manual reset.		
[4]	PTC 1 Alarm	Coasts frequency converter when safe stop is activated. Manual reset from LCP, digital input or fieldbus. Choice 4 is only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.		
[5]	PTC 1 Warning	Coasts frequency converter when safe stop is activated (T-37 off). When safe stop circuit is reestablished, the frequency converter will continue without manual reset, unless a Digital Input set to PTC Card 1 [80] is still enabled. Choice 5 is only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.		
[6]	PTC 1 & Relay A	This choice is used when the PTC option is gated together with a Stop button through a Safety relay to T-37. Coasts frequency converter when safe stop is activated. Manual reset from LCP, digital input or fieldbus. Choice 6 is only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.		
[7]	PTC 1 & Relay W	This choice is used when the PTC option is gated together with a Stop button through a Safety relay to T-37. Coasts frequency converter when safe stop is activated (T-37 off). When safe stop circuit is reestablished, the frequency converter will continue without manual reset, unless a Digital Input set to PTC Card 1 [80] is (still) enabled. Choice 7 is only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.		
[8]	PTC 1 & Relay A/W	This choice makes it possible to use a combination of Alarm and Warning. Choice 8 is only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.		
[9]	PTC 1 & Relay W/A	This choice makes it possible to use a combination of Alarm and Warning. Choice 9 is only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.		

Choises 4 - 9 are only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.

NOTE

When Auto Reset/Warning is selected the frequency converter opens up for automatic restart.

Function	No.	РТС	Relay
No Function	[0]	-	-
Safe Stop Alarm	[1]*	-	Safe Stop [A68]
Safe Stop Warning	[3]	-	Safe Stop [W68]
PTC 1 Alarm	[4]	PTC 1 Safe Stop	-
		[A71]	
PTC 1 Warning	[5]	PTC 1 Safe Stop	-
		[W71]	
PTC 1 & Relay A	[6]	PTC 1 Safe Stop	Safe Stop [A68]
		[A71]	
PTC 1 & Relay W	[7]	PTC 1 Safe Stop	Safe Stop [W68]
		[W71]	
PTC 1 & Relay A/W	[8]	PTC 1 Safe Stop	Safe Stop [W68]
		[A71]	
PTC 1 & Relay W/A	[9]	PTC 1 Safe Stop	Safe Stop [A68]
		[W71]	

Table 3.16 Overview of Functions, Alarms and Warnings

W means warning and A means alarm. For further information, see Alarms and Warnings in section Troubleshooting in the Design Guide or the Operating Instructions

A dangerous failure related to Safe Stop will give Alarm: Dangerous Failure [A72].

Refer to in Table 5.3.

5-20 Terminal X46/1 Digital Input			
Option:		Function:	
[0] *	No operation	This parameter is active when option module MCB 113 is installed in the frequency	
		MCB 113 is installed in the frequency	
		converter. Functions are described under	
		parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs	

5-21 Terminal X46/3 Digital Input

Option:		Function:
[0] *	No operation	This parameter is active when option
		moduleMCB 113 is installed in the frequency
		converter. Functions are described under
		parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs

5-22 Terminal X46/5 Digital Input

Option:		Function:
[0] * No operation		This parameter is active when option
		moduleMCB 113 is installed in the frequency
		converter. Functions are described under
		parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs

5-23 Terminal X46/7 Digital Input		
Opt	ion:	Function:
[0] *	No operation	This parameter is active when option moduleMCB 113 is installed in the frequency converter. Functions are described under parameter group <i>5-1* Digital Inputs</i>
5-24	4 Terminal X4	16/9 Digital Input
Opt	ion:	Function:
[0] *	No operation	This parameter is active when option module MCB 113 is installed in the frequency converter. Functions are described under
		parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs
5-2	5 Terminal X4	16/11 Digital Input
	5 Terminal X ²	
	ion:	16/11 Digital Input
Opt [0] *	ion: No operation	46/11 Digital Input Function: This parameter is active when option moduleMCB 113 is installed in the frequency converter. Functions are described under
Opt [0] * 5-20	ion: No operation	46/11 Digital Input Function: This parameter is active when option moduleMCB 113 is installed in the frequency converter. Functions are described under parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs

3.7.3 5-3* Digital Outputs

The 2 solid-state digital outputs are common for terminals 27 and 29. Set the I/O function for terminal 27 in *5-01 Terminal 27 Mode*, and set the I/O function for terminal 29 in *5-02 Terminal 29 Mode*.

NOTE

These parameters cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

[0]	No operation	Default for all digital outputs and relay
		outputs
[1]	Control ready	The control card is ready. E.g.: Feedback
		from a frequency converter where the
		control is supplied by an external 24 V
		(MCB 107) and the main power to the
		unit is not detected.
[2]	Drive ready	The frequency converter is ready for
		operation and applies a supply signal on
		the control board.
[3]	Drive ready /	The frequency converter is ready for
	remote control	operation and is in [Auto On] mode.
[4]	Enable / no	Ready for operation. No start or stop
	warning	command is been given (start/disable).
		No warnings are active.
[5]	VLT running	Motor is running and shaft torque
		present.

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[6]	Running / no	Output speed is higher than the speed
	warning	set in 1-81 Min Speed for Function at Stop
		[RPM]. The motor is running and there
		are no warnings.
[7]	Run in range /	Motor is running within the programmed
	no warning	current and speed ranges set in
		4-50 Warning Current Low to 4-53 Warning
		Speed High. There are no warnings.
[8]	Run on	Motor runs at reference speed. No
	reference / no	warnings.
	warning	<u> </u>
[9]	Alarm	An alarm activates the output. There are
		no warnings.
[10]	Alarm or	An alarm or a warning activates the
[]	warning	output.
[11]	At torque limit	The torque limit set in 4-16 Torque Limit
		Motor Mode or 4-17 Torque Limit
		Generator Mode has been exceeded.
[12]	Out of current	The motor current is outside the range
[12]		set in 4-18 Current Limit.
[12]	range Below current,	Motor current is lower than set in
[13]		
54.41	low	4-50 Warning Current Low.
[14]	Above current,	Motor current is higher than set in
(4 F)	high	4-51 Warning Current High.
[15]	Out of range	Output frequency is outside the
		frequency range set in 4-52 Warning
		Speed Low and 4-53 Warning Speed High.
[16]	Below speed,	Output speed is lower than the setting in
	low	4-52 Warning Speed Low.
[17]	Above speed,	Output speed is higher than the setting
	high	in 4-53 Warning Speed High.
[18]	Out of	Feedback is outside the range set in
	feedback range	4-56 Warning Feedback Low and
		4-57 Warning Feedback High.
[19]	Below feedback	Feedback is below the limit set in
	low	4-56 Warning Feedback Low.
[20]	Above feedback	Feedback is above the limit set in
	high	4-57 Warning Feedback High.
[21]	Thermal	The thermal warning turns on when the
	warning	temperature exceeds the limit in the
		motor, the frequency converter, the
		brake resistor, or the thermistor.
[22]	Ready, no	Frequency converter is ready for
	thermal	operation and there is no over-
	warning	temperature warning.
[23]	Remote, ready,	Frequency converter is ready for
_	no thermal	operation and is in [Auto On] mode.
	warning	There is no over-temperature warning.
[24]	Ready, no	Frequency converter is ready for
	over-/ under	operation and the mains voltage is within
	voltage	the specified voltage range (see General
		Specifications section in the Design
		Guide).
[25]	Reverse	The motor runs (or is ready to run)
[]		clockwise when logic=0 and counter
		clockwise when logic=0 and counter
I	I	seesand mich logic=1. The output

		changes as soon as the reversing signal is applied.
[26]	Bus OK	Active communication (no time-out) via the serial communication port.
[27]	Torque limit and stop	Use in performing a coasting stop and in torque limit condition. If the frequency converter has received a stop signal and is at the torque limit, the signal is Logic '0'.
[28]	Brake, no brake warning	Brake is active and there are no warnings.
[29]	Brake ready, no fault	Brake is ready for operation and there are no faults.
[30]	Brake fault (IGBT)	Output is Logic '1' when the brake IGBT is short-circuited. Use this function to protect the frequency converter if there is a fault on the brake modules. Use the output/relay to cut out the main voltage from the frequency converter.
[31]	Relay 123	Relay is activated when Control Word [0] is selected in parameter group 8-**.
[32]	Mechanical brake control	Enables control of an external mechanical brake, see description in the section <i>Control of Mechanical Brake</i> , and parameter group 2-2*
[33]	Safe stop activated (FC 302 only)	Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 has been activated.
[40]	Out of ref range	Active when the actual speed is outside settings in 4-52 Warning Speed Low to 4-55 Warning Reference High.
[41]	Below reference low	Active when actual speed is below speed reference setting.
[42]	Above reference high	Active when actual speed is above speed reference setting
[43]	Extended PID Limit	
[45]	Bus Ctrl	Controls output via bus. The state of the output is set in <i>5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control</i> . The output state is retained in the event of bus time-out.
[46]	Bus Ctrl On at timeout	Controls output via bus. The state of the output is set in <i>5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control</i> . In the event of bus time-out the output state is set high (On).
[47]	Bus Ctrl Off at timeout	Controls output via bus. The state of the output is set in <i>5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control</i> . In the event of bus time-out the output state is set low (Off).
[51]	MCO controlled	Active when a MCO 302 or MCO 305 is connected. The output is controlled from option.
[55]	Pulse output	
[60]	Comparator 0	See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 0 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.

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[61]	Comparator 1	See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 1 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[62]	Comparator 2	See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 2 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[63]	Comparator 3	See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 3 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[64]	Comparator 4	See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 4 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[65]	Comparator 5	See parameter group 13-1*. If Comparator 5 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[70]	Logic Rule 0	See parameter group 13-4*. If Logic Rule 0 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[71]	Logic Rule 1	See parameter group 13-4*. If Logic Rule 1 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[72]	Logic Rule 2	See parameter group 13-4*. If Logic Rule 2 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[73]	Logic Rule 3	See parameter group 13-4*. If Logic Rule 3 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[74]	Logic Rule 4	See parameter group 13-4*. If Logic Rule 4 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[75]	Logic Rule 5	See parameter group 13-4*. If Logic Rule 5 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[80]	SL Digital Output A	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The output will go high whenever the Smart Logic Action [38] Set dig. out. A high is executed. The output will go low whenever the Smart Logic Action [32] Set dig. out. A low is executed.
[81]	SL Digital Output B	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The input will go high whenever the Smart Logic Action [39] Set dig. out. B high is executed. The input will go low whenever the Smart Logic Action [33] Set dig. out. B low is executed.
[82]	SL Digital Output C	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The input will go high whenever the Smart Logic Action [40] Set dig. out. C high is executed. The input will go low whenever the Smart Logic Action [34] Set dig. out. C low is executed.

[83]	SL Digital	See 13-52 SL Contro		•
	Output D	will go high whenever the Smart Logic		3
		Action [41] Set dig.	<i>out. D</i> higl	n is
		executed. The input	5	
		whenever the Smar	t Logic Ac	tion [35] Set
		dig. out. D low is ex	ecuted.	
[84]	SL Digital	See 13-52 SL Contro		•
	Output E	will go high whene		5
		Action [42] Set dig.	-	
		executed. The input	-	
		whenever the Smar	-	tion [36] Set
10.51		dig. out. E low is exe		
[85]	SL Digital	See 13-52 SL Contro		•
	Output F	will go high whene		3
		Action [43] Set dig.	-	
		executed. The input	5	
		whenever the Smar dig. out. F low is exe	-	1011 [37] Sel
[120]	Local reference	Output is high whe		aranca Sita -
	active	[2] Local or when 3		
		Linked to hand auto		
		the LCP is in [Hand		
		Reference site	Local	Remote
		set in	referen	reference
		3-13 Reference	ce	active
		Site	active	[121]
			[120]	
1		Reference site:	1	0
		Reference site: Local	1	0
			1	0
		Local	1	0
		Local 3-13 Reference Site	0	0
		Local 3-13 Reference Site [2] Reference site: Remote		
		Local 3-13 Reference Site [2] Reference site:		
		Local 3-13 Reference Site [2] Reference site: Remote 3-13 Reference Site [1]		
		Local 3-13 Reference Site [2] Reference site: Remote 3-13 Reference Site [1] Reference site:		
		Local 3-13 Reference Site [2] Reference site: Remote 3-13 Reference Site [1] Reference site: Linked to Hand/		
		Local 3-13 Reference Site [2] Reference site: Remote 3-13 Reference Site [1] Reference site: Linked to Hand/ Auto	0	1
		Local 3-13 Reference Site [2] Reference site: Remote 3-13 Reference Site [1] Reference site: Linked to Hand/ Auto Hand	0	0
		Local 3-13 Reference Site [2] Reference site: Remote 3-13 Reference Site [1] Reference site: Linked to Hand/ Auto Hand Hand -> off	0	1 0 0
		Local 3-13 Reference Site [2] Reference site: Remote 3-13 Reference Site [1] Reference site: Linked to Hand/ Auto Hand Hand -> off Auto -> off	0	1 0 0 0
		Local 3-13 Reference Site [2] Reference site: Remote 3-13 Reference Site [1] Reference site: Linked to Hand/ Auto Hand Hand -> off	0	1 0 0
		Local 3-13 Reference Site [2] Reference site: Remote 3-13 Reference Site [1] Reference site: Linked to Hand/ Auto Hand Hand -> off Auto -> off	0	1 0 0 0
[121]	Remote	Local 3-13 Reference Site [2] Reference site: Remote 3-13 Reference Site [1] Reference site: Linked to Hand/ Auto Hand Hand -> off Auto -> off Auto	0	1 0 0 0 1
[121]	Remote reference active	Local 3-13 Reference Site [2] Reference site: Remote 3-13 Reference Site [1] Reference site: Linked to Hand/ Auto Hand Hand -> off Auto -> off Auto Table 3.17	0 1 1 0 0	1 0 0 0 1
[121]		Local 3-13 Reference Site [2] Reference site: Remote 3-13 Reference Site [1] Reference site: Linked to Hand/ Auto Hand Hand -> off Auto -> off Auto Table 3.17 Output is high whe	0 1 1 0 0 13-13 Refe	1 0 0 0 1 2 erence Site = auto [0]
[121]		Local 3-13 Reference Site [2] Reference site: Remote 3-13 Reference Site [1] Reference site: Linked to Hand/ Auto Hand Hand Hand -> off Auto -> off Auto Table 3.17 Output is high whe Remote [1] or Linked	0 1 1 0 0 13-13 Refe	1 0 0 0 1 2 erence Site = auto [0]
[121]		Local 3-13 Reference Site [2] Reference site: Remote 3-13 Reference Site [1] Reference site: Linked to Hand/ Auto Hand Hand Hand Hand -> off Auto -> off Auto Table 3.17 Output is high whe Remote [1] or Linked while the LCP is in	0 1 1 0 0 n <i>3-13 Refi d to hand/d</i> [Auto on]	1 0 0 0 1 2 erence Site = auto [0] mode. See
	reference active	Local 3-13 Reference Site [2] Reference site: Remote 3-13 Reference Site [1] Reference site: Linked to Hand/ Auto Hand Hand -> off Auto -> off Auto Table 3.17 Output is high whe Remote [1] or Linked while the LCP is in above.	0 1 1 0 0 n <i>3-13 Refe</i> <i>d to hand/</i> [Auto on] n no alarm	1 0 0 0 1 erence Site = auto [0] mode. See
[122]	reference active No alarm	Local 3-13 Reference Site [2] Reference site: Remote 3-13 Reference Site [1] Reference site: Linked to Hand/ Auto Hand Hand -> off Auto -> off Auto -> off Auto Table 3.17 Output is high whe Remote [1] or Linked while the LCP is in above. Output is high whe	0 1 1 0 0 0 n <i>3-13 Refe</i> <i>d to hand/</i> [Auto on] n no alarm n there is	1 0 0 0 1 ierence Site = auto [0] mode. See n is present. an active
[122]	reference active No alarm Start command	Local 3-13 Reference Site [2] Reference site: Remote 3-13 Reference Site [1] Reference site: Linked to Hand/ Auto Hand Hand -> off Auto -> off Auto -> off Auto Table 3.17 Output is high whe Remote [1] or Linked while the LCP is in above. Output is high whe Output is high whe	0 1 1 0 0 0 n <i>3-13 Refe</i> <i>d to hand/a</i> [Auto on] n no alarn n there is via digita	1 0 0 0 1 2 erence Site = auto [0] mode. See n is present. an active l input bus
[122]	reference active No alarm Start command	Local 3-13 Reference Site [2] Reference site: Remote 3-13 Reference Site [1] Reference site: Linked to Hand/ Auto Hand Hand -> off Auto -> off Auto -> off Auto Table 3.17 Output is high whe Remote [1] or Linked while the LCP is in above. Output is high whe Start command (i.e.	0 1 1 0 0 n <i>3-13 Refe</i> <i>d to hand//</i> [Auto on] n no alarm n there is via digita d on] or [<i>A</i>	1 0 1 mode. See n is present. an active I input bus Auto on]),

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[124]	Running	Output is high when the frequency
	reverse	converter is running counter clockwise
		(the logical product of the status bits
		'running' AND 'reverse').
[125]	Drive in hand	Output is high when the frequency
	mode	converter is in [Hand on] mode (as
		indicated by the LED light above [Hand
		on]).
[126]	Drive in auto	Output is high when the frequency
	mode	converter is in [Hand on] mode (as
		indicated by the LED light above [Auto
		on]).
[151]	ATEX ETR cur.	Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal
	alarm	Protection is set to [20] or [21]. If the
		alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is
		active, the output will be 1.
[152]	ATEX ETR freq.	Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal
	alarm	Protection is set to [20] or [21]. If the
		alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is
10-		active, the output will be 1.
[153]	ATEX ETR cur.	Selectable if1-90 Motor Thermal Protection
	warning	is set to [20] or [21]]. If the alarm 163
		ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the
14 5 43		output will be 1.
[154]	ATEX ETR freq.	Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal
	warning	Protection is set to [20] or [21]. If the
		warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is
[100]		active, the output will be 1.
[188]	AHF Capacitor Connect	The capacitors will be turned on at 20%
	Connect	(hysteresis of 50% gives an interval of
		10% - 30%). The capacitors will be disconnected below 10%. The off delay is
		10s and will restart if the nominal power
		goes above 10% during the delay.
		5-80 AHF Cap Reconnect Delay is used to
		guarantee a minimum off-time for the
		capacitors.
[189]	External fan	The internal logics for the internal fan
[105]	control	control is transferred to this output to
	control	
		-
		make it possible to control an external
[190]	Safe Function	-
[190]	Safe Function active	make it possible to control an external
[190]		make it possible to control an external
	active	make it possible to control an external
	active Safe Opt. Reset	make it possible to control an external
[191]	active Safe Opt. Reset req.	make it possible to control an external fan (relevant for HP duct cooling).
[191]	active Safe Opt. Reset req. RS Flipflop 0	make it possible to control an external fan (relevant for HP duct cooling). See parameter group 13-1* Comparators
[191] [192] [193]	active Safe Opt. Reset req. RS Flipflop 0 RS Flipflop 1	make it possible to control an external fan (relevant for HP duct cooling). See parameter group 13-1* Comparators See parameter group 13-1* Comparators
[191] [192] [193] [194]	active Safe Opt. Reset req. RS Flipflop 0 RS Flipflop 1 RS Flipflop 2	make it possible to control an external fan (relevant for HP duct cooling). See parameter group 13-1* Comparators See parameter group 13-1* Comparators See parameter group 13-1* Comparators See parameter group 13-1* Comparators
[191] [192] [193] [194] [195]	active Safe Opt. Reset req. RS Flipflop 0 RS Flipflop 1 RS Flipflop 2 RS Flipflop 3	make it possible to control an external fan (relevant for HP duct cooling). See parameter group 13-1* Comparators See parameter group 13-1* Comparators See parameter group 13-1* Comparators
[191] [192] [193] [194] [195] [196] [197]	active Safe Opt. Reset req. RS Flipflop 0 RS Flipflop 1 RS Flipflop 3 RS Flipflop 4 RS Flipflop 5	make it possible to control an external fan (relevant for HP duct cooling). See parameter group 13-1* Comparators See parameter group 13-1* Comparators
[191] [192] [193] [194] [195] [196]	active Safe Opt. Reset req. RS Flipflop 0 RS Flipflop 1 RS Flipflop 2 RS Flipflop 3 RS Flipflop 4	make it possible to control an external fan (relevant for HP duct cooling). See parameter group 13-1* Comparators See parameter group 13-1* Comparators See parameter group 13-1* Comparators See parameter group 13-1* Comparators See parameter group 13-1* Comparators

5-30	Terminal 27	Digital	Output	
Opti				
[0] *				
[0]			3* Digital Outputs	
5-31	5-31 Terminal 29 Digital Output			
Opti	ption: Function:			
[0] *	No operation	Function	s are described under parameter	
			3* Digital Outputs	
		This para	ameter only applies to FC 302	
5-32	2 Term X30/6	Digi Qu	t (MCB 101)	
Opti		bigi ou	Function:	
[0] *	No operation		This parameter is active when	
[0]			option module MCB 101 is	
			mounted in the frequency	
			converter. Functions are described	
			under parameter group 5-3* Digital	
			Outputs	
[1]	Control ready	,		
[2]	Drive ready			
[3]	Drive rdy/rem	n ctrl		
[4]	Enable / no v	varning		
[5]	VLT running			
[6]	Running / no	warning		
[7]	Run in range/	'no warn		
[8]	Run on ref/no	o warn		
[9]	Alarm			
[10]	Alarm or warning			
[11]	At torque limit			
[12]	Out of current range			
[13]	Below current, low			
[14]	Above curren			
[15]	Out of speed	-		
[16]	Below speed,			
[17]	Above speed,	-		
[18]	Out of feedb. Below feedba	-		
[19]	Above feedba			
[20]	Thermal warn			
[22]	Ready,no the			
[23]	Remote,ready			
[24]	Ready, Voltag			
[25]	Reverse			
[26]	Bus OK			
[27]	Torque limit 8	& stop		
[28]	Brake, no bra	ke war		
[29]	Brake ready, ı	no fault		
[30]	Brake fault (IC	GBT)		
[31]	Relay 123			
[32]	Mech brake c	trl		
[33]	Safe stop acti	ve		
[40]	Out of ref ran	ige		
[41]	Below referen	ice, low		
[42]	Above ref, hig	gh		

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5-32 Term X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101)				
Opti	on:	Function:		
[45]	Bus ctrl.			
[46]	Bus ctrl, 1 if timeout			
[47]	Bus ctrl, 0 if timeout			
[51]	MCO controlled			
[55]	Pulse output			
[60]	Comparator 0			
[61]	Comparator 1			
[62]	Comparator 2			
[63]	Comparator 3			
[64]	Comparator 4			
[65]	Comparator 5			
[70]	Logic rule 0			
[71]	Logic rule 1			
[72]	Logic rule 2			
[73]	Logic rule 3			
[74]	Logic rule 4			
[75]	Logic rule 5			
[80]	SL digital output A			
[81]	SL digital output B			
[82]	SL digital output C			
[83]	SL digital output D			
[84]	SL digital output E			
[85]	SL digital output F			
[120]	Local ref active			
[121]	Remote ref active			
[122]	No alarm			
[123]	Start command activ			
[124]	Running reverse			
[125]	Drive in hand mode			
[126]	Drive in auto mode			
5-33	Term X30/7 Digi Ou	t (MCB 101)		
Opti	on:	Function:		
[0] *	No operation	This parameter is active when		
		antian markets antian markets MCD		

Option:		Function:
[0] *	No operation	This parameter is active when option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described under parameter group <i>5-3* Digital</i> <i>Outputs</i>
[1]	Control ready	
[2]	Drive ready	
[3]	Drive rdy/rem ctrl	
[4]	Enable / no warning	
[5]	VLT running	
[6]	Running / no warning	
[7]	Run in range/no warn	
[8]	Run on ref/no warn	
[9]	Alarm	
[10]	Alarm or warning	
[11]	At torque limit	
[12]	Out of current range	
[13]	Below current, low	
[14]	Above current, high	

5-33 Term X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101)			
	Option: Function:		
[15]	Out of speed range		
[16]	Below speed, low		
[17]	Above speed, high		
[18]	Out of feedb. range		
[19]	Below feedback, low		
[20]	Above feedback, high		
[21]	Thermal warning		
[22]	Ready,no thermal W		
[23]	Remote,ready,no TW		
[24]	Ready, Voltage OK		
[25]	Reverse		
[26]	Bus OK		
[27]	Torque limit & stop		
[28]	Brake, no brake war		
[29]	Brake ready, no fault		
[30]	Brake fault (IGBT)		
[31]	Relay 123		
[32]	Mech brake ctrl		
[33]	Safe stop active		
[40]	Out of ref range		
[41]	Below reference, low		
[42]	Above ref, high		
[45]	Bus ctrl.		
[46]	Bus ctrl, 1 if timeout		
[47]	Bus ctrl, 0 if timeout		
[51]	MCO controlled		
[55]	Pulse output		
[60]	Comparator 0		
[61]	Comparator 1		
[62]	Comparator 2		
[63]	Comparator 3		
[64]	Comparator 4		
[65]	Comparator 5		
[70]	Logic rule 0		
[71]	Logic rule 1		
[72]	Logic rule 2		
[73]	Logic rule 3		
[74]	Logic rule 4		
[75]	Logic rule 5		
[80]	SL digital output A		
[81]	SL digital output B		
[82]	SL digital output C		
[83]	SL digital output D		
[84]	SL digital output E		
[85]	SL digital output F		
[120]	Local ref active		
[121]	Remote ref active		
[122]	No alarm		
[123]	Start command activ		
[124]	Running reverse		
[125]	Drive in hand mode		
[126]	Drive in auto mode		



3.7.4 5-4* Relays

Parameters for configuring the timing and the output functions for the relays.

5-40 Function Relay Array [9]

(Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1], Relay 3 [2] (MCB 113), Relay 4 [3] (MCB 113), Relay 5 [4] (MCB 113), Relay 6 [5] (MCB 113), Relay 7 [6] (MCB 105), Relay 8 [7] (MCB 105), Relay 9 [8] (MCB 105))

Option:		Function:	
[0] *	No operation	All digital and relay outputs are default set to "No Operation".	
[1]	Control ready	The control card is ready. E.g.: Feedback from a drive where the control is supplied by an external 24 V (MCB 107) and the main power to drive is not detected.	
[2]	Drive ready	Drive is ready to operate. Mains and control supplies are OK.	
[3]	Drive rdy/rem ctrl	The frequency converter is ready for operation and is in Auto On mode	
[4]	Enable / no warning	Ready for operation. No start or stop commands have been applied (start/ disable). No warnings are active.	
[5]	VLT running	Motor is running, and shaft torque present.	
[6]	Running / no warning	Output speed is higher than the speed set in 1-81 Min Speed for Function at Stop [RPM] Min Speed for Function at Stop [RPM]. The motor is running and no warnings.	
[7]	Run in range/no warn	Motor is running within the programmed current and speed ranges set in 4-50 Warning Current Low and 4-53 Warning Speed High. No warnings.	
[8]	Run on ref/no warn	Motor runs at reference speed. No warnings.	
[9]	Alarm	An alarm activates the output. No warnings	
[10]	Alarm or warning	An alarm or a warning activates the output.	
[11]	At torque limit	The torque limit set in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode or 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode has been exceeded.	
[12]	Out of current range	The motor current is outside the range set in 4-18 Current Limit.	
[13]	Below current, low	Motor current is lower than set in 4-50 Warning Current Low.	

5-40 Function Relay

Array [9]

(Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1], Relay 3 [2] (MCB 113), Relay 4 [3] (MCB 113), Relay 5 [4] (MCB 113), Relay 6 [5] (MCB 113), Relay 7 [6] (MCB 105), Relay 8 [7] (MCB 105), Relay 9 [8] (MCB 105))

	Option: Function:		
		Motor current is higher than set in	
[14]	Above current, high	4-51 Warning Current High.	
[15]	Out of speed range	Output speed/frequency is outside the frequency range set in 4-52 Warning Speed Low and 4-53 Warning Speed High.	
[16]	Below speed, low	Output speed is lower than the setting in <i>4-52 Warning Speed Low</i>	
[17]	Above speed, high	Output speed is higher than the setting in 4-53 Warning Speed High.	
[18]	Out of feedb. range	Feedback is outside the range set in 4-56 Warning Feedback Low and 4-57 Warning Feedback High.	
[19]	Below feedback, low	Feedback is below the limit set in 4-56 Warning Feedback Low.	
[20]	Above feedback, high	Feedback is above the limit set in 4-57 Warning Feedback High.	
[21]	Thermal warning	Thermal warning turns on when the temperature exceeds the limit either in motor, frequency converter, brake resistor, or connected thermistor.	
[22]	Ready,no thermal W	Frequency converter is ready for operation and there is no over- temperature warning.	
[23]	Remote,ready,no TW	Frequency converter is ready for operation and is in Auto On mode. There is no over-temperature warning.	
[24]	Ready, Voltage OK	Frequency converter is ready for operation and the mains voltage is within the specified voltage range (see General Specifications section in Design Guide).	
[25]	Reverse	The motor runs (or is ready to run) clockwise when logic=0 and counter clockwise when logic=1. The output changes as soon as the reversing signal is applied.	
[26]	Bus OK	Active communication (no time-out) via the serial communication port.	
[27]	Torque limit & stop	Use in performing a coasted stop and frequency converter in torque limit condition. If the frequency converter has received a stop signal	

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5-40 Function Relay

Array [9]

(Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1], Relay 3 [2] (MCB 113), Relay 4 [3] (MCB 113), Relay 5 [4] (MCB 113), Relay 6 [5] (MCB 113), Relay 7 [6] (MCB 105), Relay 8 [7] (MCB 105), Relay 9 [8] (MCB 105))

Option:		Function:	
		and is in torque limit, the signal is Logic '0'.	
[28]	Brake, no brake war	Brake is active and there are no warnings.	
[29]	Brake ready, no fault	Brake is ready for operation and there are no faults.	
[30]	Brake fault (IGBT)	Output is Logic '1' when the brake IGBT is short-circuited. Use this function to protect the frequency converter if there is a fault on the brake module. Use the digital output/relay to cut out the main voltage from the frequency converter.	
[31]	Relay 123	Digital output/relay is activated when Control Word [0] is selected in parameter group 8-**.	
[32]	Mech brake ctrl	Selection of mechanical brake control. When selected parameters in parameter group 2-2* are active. The output must be reinforced to carry the current for the coil in the brake. Usually solved by connecting an external relay to the selected digital output.	
[33]	Safe stop active	(FC 302 only) Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 has been activated.	
[36]	Control word bit 11	Activate relay 1 by control word from fieldbus. No other functional impact in the frequency converter. Typical application: controlling auxiliary device from fieldbus. The function is valid when FC profile [0] in <i>8-10 Control Word Profile</i> is selected.	
[37]	Control word bit 12	Activate relay 2 FC 302 only) by control word from fieldbus. No other functional impact in the frequency converter. Typical application: controlling auxiliary device from fieldbus. The function is valid when FC profile [0] in <i>8-10 Control Word</i> <i>Profile</i> is selected.	
[40]	Out of ref range	Active when the actual speed is outside settings in <i>4-52 Warning</i>	

5-40 Function Relay

Array [9]

(Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1], Relay 3 [2] (MCB 113), Relay 4 [3] (MCB 113), Relay 5 [4] (MCB 113), Relay 6 [5] (MCB 113), Relay 7 [6] (MCB 105), Relay 8 [7] (MCB 105), Relay 9 [8] (MCB 105))

Option: Function:		
		Speed Low to 4-55 Warning Reference High.
[41]	Below reference, low	Active when actual speed is below speed reference setting.
[42]	Above ref, high	Active when actual speed is above speed reference setting.
[45]	Bus ctrl.	Controls digital output/relay via bus. The state of the output is set in 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control. The output state is retained in the event of bus time-out.
[46]	Bus ctrl, 1 if timeout	Controls output via bus. The state of the output is set in <i>5-90 Digital &</i> <i>Relay Bus Control</i> . In the event of bus time-out the output state is set high (On).
[47]	Bus ctrl, 0 if timeout	Controls output via bus. The state of the output is set in <i>5-90 Digital &</i> <i>Relay Bus Control.</i> In the event of bus time-out the output state is set low (Off).
[51]	MCO controlled	Active when a MCO 302 or MCO 305 is connected. The output is controlled from option.
[60]	Comparator 0	See parameter group 13-1* (Smart Logic Control). If Comparator 0 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[61]	Comparator 1	See parameter group 13-1* (Smart Logic Control). If Comparator 1 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[62]	Comparator 2	See parameter group 13-1* (Smart Logic Control). If Comparator 2 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[63]	Comparator 3	See parameter group 13-1* (Smart Logic Control). If Comparator 3 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[64]	Comparator 4	See parameter group 13-1* (Smart Logic Control). If Comparator 4 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[65]	Comparator 5	See parameter group 13-1* Smart Logic Control. If Comparator 5 in SLC

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5-40 Function Relay

Array [9]

(Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1], Relay 3 [2] (MCB 113), Relay 4 [3] (MCB 113), Relay 5 [4] (MCB 113), Relay 6 [5] (MCB 113), Relay 7 [6] (MCB 105), Relay 8 [7] (MCB 105), Relay 9 [8] (MCB 105))

Opti	Option: Function:		
		is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.	
[70]	Logic rule 0	See parameter group 13-4* Smart Logic Control. If Logic Rule 0 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.	
[71]	Logic rule 1	See parameter group 13-4* Smart Logic Control. If Logic Rule 1 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.	
[72]	Logic rule 2	See parameter group <i>13-4* Smart</i> <i>Logic Control.</i> If Logic Rule 2 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.	
[73]	Logic rule 3	See parameter group <i>13-4* Smart</i> <i>Logic Control.</i> If Logic Rule 3 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.	
[74]	Logic rule 4	See parameter group 13-4* Smart Logic Control. If Logic Rule 4 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.	
[75]	Logic rule 5	See parameter group 13-4* Smart Logic Control. If Logic Rule 5 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.	
[80]	SL digital output A	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. Output A is low on Smart Logic Action [32]. Output A is high on Smart Logic Action [38].	
[81]	SL digital output B	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. Output B is low on Smart Logic Action [33]. Output B is high on Smart Logic Action [39].	
[82]	SL digital output C	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. Output C is low on Smart Logic Action [34]. Output C is high on Smart Logic Action [40].	
[83]	SL digital output D	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. Output D is low on Smart Logic Action [35]. Output D is high on Smart Logic Action [41]	
[84]	SL digital output E	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. Output E is low on Smart Logic Action [36]. Output E is high on Smart Logic Action [42].	

5-40 Function Relay

Array [9]

(Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1], Relay 3 [2] (MCB 113), Relay 4 [3] (MCB 113), Relay 5 [4] (MCB 113), Relay 6 [5] (MCB 113), Relay 7 [6] (MCB 105), Relay 8 [7] (MCB 105), Relay 9 [8] (MCB 105))

	Option: Function:			,,
[85]	SL digital output F	See 13-52 SL Cont Output F is low of Action [37]. Outp Smart Logic Actio	on Smart ut F is hi	Logic
[120]	Local ref active	Output is high wi Site = [2] Local or 3-13 Reference Situ hand auto at the LCP is in [Hand o	when e = [0] Lin same tim	nked to ne as the
		Reference site set in 3-13 Reference Site	Local referen ce active [120]	Remote reference active [121]
		Reference site: Local 3-13 Reference Site [2]	1	0
		Reference site: Remote 3-13 Reference Site [1]	0	1
		Reference site: Linked to Hand/ Auto		
		Hand	1	0
		Hand -> off	1	0
		Auto -> off	0	0
		Auto Table 3.18	0	1
[121]	Remote ref active	Output is high wi Site = Remote [1] auto [0] while the on] mode. See ab	or Linke E LCP is ii	d to hand/
[122]	No alarm	Output is high w present.	hen no al	arm is
[123]	Start command activ	Output is high wi command high (i bus connection o [Auto On]), and a last command.	.e. via dig r [Hand (jital input, Dn] or
[124]	Running reverse	Output is high w converter is runni clockwise (the log status bits 'runnir	ing count gical proc	er luct of the

5-40 Function Relay

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Array [9] (Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1], Relay 3 [2] (MCB 113), Relay 4 [3] (MCB 113), Relay 5 [4] (MCB 113), Relay 6 [5] (MCB 113), Relay 7 [6] (MCB 105), Relay 8 [7] (MCB 105), Relay 9 [8] (MCB 105))		
Option: Function:		Function:
[125]	Drive in hand mode	Output is high when the frequency converter is in [Hand on] mode (as indicated by the LED light above [Hand on]).
[126]	Drive in auto mode	Output is high when the frequency converter is in 'Auto' mode (as indicated by LED on above [Auto on]).

5-41 On Delay, Relay

Array [9], (Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1], Relay 3 [2], Relay 4 [3], Relay 5 [4], Relay 6 [5], Relay 7 [6], Relay 8 [7], Relay 9 [8])

Range:

Range	:	Function:
0.01 s*	[0.01 - 600.00 s]	Enter the delay of the relay cut-in
		time. The relay will only cut in if the
		condition in 5-40 Function Relay is
		uninterrupted during the specified
		time. Select one of available
		mechanical relays and MCB 105 in an
		array function. See 5-40 Function Relay.
		Relay 3-6 are included in MCB 113.

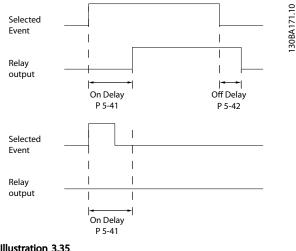
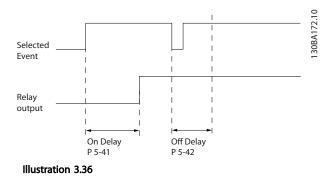


Illustration	3.35
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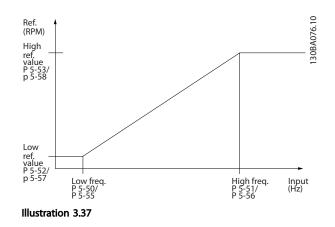
5-42	Off Delay, Relay	
Array[2	ray[2]: Relay1[0], Relay2[1]	
Range:		Function:
0.01 s*	[0.01 - 600.00	Enter the delay of the relay cut-out
	s]	time. Select one of available
		mechanical relays and MCB 105 in an
		array function. See 5-40 Function Relay.



If the selected Event condition changes before the on- or off delay timer expires, the relay output is unaffected.

3.7.5 5-5* Pulse Input

The pulse input parameters are used to define an appropriate window for the impulse reference area by configuring the scaling and filter settings for the pulse inputs. Input terminals 29 or 33 act as frequency reference inputs. Set terminal 29 (5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input) or terminal 33 (5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input) to [32] Pulse input. If terminal 29 is used as an input, then set 5-01 Terminal 27 Mode to [0] Input.



5-50 T	5-50 Term. 29 Low Frequency		
Range:		Function:	
100 Hz*	[0 - 110000	Enter the low frequency limit	
	Hz]	corresponding to the low motor shaft	
		speed (i.e. low reference value) in	
		5-52 Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value. Refer	
		to the diagram in this section.	
		This parameter is available for FC 302	
		only.	

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Range:

5-55 Term. 33 Low Frequency



5-51 T	5-51 Term. 29 High Frequency		
Range: Function:		Function:	
100 Hz*	[0 - 110000	Enter the high frequency limit	
	Hz]	corresponding to the high motor shaft	
		speed (i.e. high reference value) in	
		5-53 Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value.	
		This parameter is available for FC 302	
		only.	

Range:		Function:
0.000 Reference-	[-999999.999 -	Enter the low reference
FeedbackUnit*	999999.999	value limit for the motor
	ReferenceFeed-	shaft speed [RPM]. This is
	backUnit]	also the lowest feedback
		value, see also 5-57 Term.
		33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value.
		Set terminal 29 to digital
		input (5-02 Terminal 29
		<i>Mode =input</i> [0] (default)
		and 5-13 Terminal 29
		<i>Digital Input</i> = applicable
		value).
		This parameter is
		available for FC 302 only.

5-53 Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value Function: Range: 1500.000 Referen-[-999999.999 -Enter the high reference ceFeedbackUnit* 999999.999 value [RPM] for the ReferenceFeedmotor shaft speed and backUnit] the high feedback value, see also 5-58 Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value. Select terminal 29 as a digital input (5-02 Terminal 29 Mode = [0] input (default) and 5-13 Terminal 29 Digital *Input* = applicable value).

5-54 Pulse Filter Time Constant #29

Range:	Function:	
100	[1 -	Enter the pulse filter time constant. The
ms*	1000 ms]	pulse filter dampens oscillations of the
		feedback signal, which is an advantage if
		there is a lot of noise in the system. A high
		time constant value results in better
		dampening but also increases the time delay
		through the filter. This parameter is available
		for FC 302 only.
		This parameter cannot be adjusted while the
		motor is running.

This parameter is available for FC 302 only.

5-52 Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value

100 Hz* 5-56 Tr Range: 100 Hz*	Hz] Term. 33 High Fre		Enter the low frequency corresponding to the low motor shaft speed (i.e. low reference value) in 5-57 Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value. equency Function: Enter the high frequency corresponding to the high motor shaft speed (i.e. high reference value) in 5-58 Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value.		
5-57 _T	erm. 33 Lov	v Ref	./Fe	edb. Value	
Range:				Function:	
0.000 *	[-999999.999 - 9999999.999]		Enter the low reference value [RPM] for the motor shaft speed. This is also the low feedback value, see also 5-52 Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value.		
5-58 Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value					
Range:					Function:
1500.000 Feedback	Reference- ‹Unit*			eFeed-	Enter the high reference value [RPM] for the motor shaft speed. See also 5-53 Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value.
5-59 P	ulse Filter T	ime (Con	istant #33	
Range:		Fu	Incl	tion:	
100 ms*	[1 - 1000 ms]	Enter the pulse filter time constant. The low-pass filter reduces the influence on and dampens oscillations on the feedback signal from the control.			

Function:

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

This is an advantage, e.g. if there is a

great amount on noise in the system.

3.7.6 5-6* Pulse Outputs

These parameters are to configure pulse outputs with their functions and scaling. Terminal 27 and 29 are allocated to pulse output via 5-01 Terminal 27 Mode and 5-02 Terminal 29 Mode, respectively.



NOTE

These parameters cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

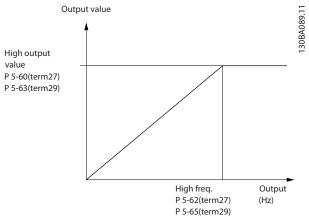


Illustration 3.38

Options for readout output variables:

		Parameters for configuring the scaling and output functions of pulse outputs. The pulse outputs are designated to terminals 27 or 29. Select terminal 27 output in 5-01 Terminal 27 Mode and terminal 29 output in 5-02 Terminal 29 Mode.
[0]	No operation	
[45]	Bus control	
[48]	Bus control time-out	
[51]	MCO controlled	
[100]	Output frequency	
[101]	Reference	
[102]	Feedback	
[103]	Motor current	
[104]	Torque relative to limit	
[105]	Torque relative to rated	
[106]	Power	
[107]	Speed	
[108]	Torque	
[109]	Max Out Freq	

5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable

Opti	on:	Function:
[0] *	No operation	Select the desired display output for terminal 27.
[45]	Bus ctrl.	
[48]	Bus ctrl., timeout	
[51]	MCO controlled	
[100]	Output frequency	
[101]	Reference	
[102]	Feedback	

			• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable			
Opti	on:		Function:	
[103]	Motor curre	nt		
[104]	Torque rel t	o limit		
[105]	Torq relate	to rated		
[106]	Power			
	Speed			
	Torque			
[109]	Max Out Fr	eq		
[119]	Torque % li	m		
5-62	Pulse Out	put Max	Freq #27	
Ranc			Function:	
5000.	Hz* [0 - 3	2000 Hz]	Set the maximum terminal 27, corres output variable se 5-60 Terminal 27 P Variable.	sponding to the lected in
5-63	Terminal 2	29 Pulse	Output Variable	
Opti			Function:	
[0] *	No operatio	n	Select the desired	display output for
[0]			terminal 29. This p available for FC 30	arameter is
[45]	Bus ctrl.			
[48]	Bus ctrl., tin	neout		
[51]	MCO controlled			
[100]	Output frequency			
[101]	Reference			
[102]				
[103]	Motor current			
[104]	Torque rel to limit			
[105]	Torq relate to rated			
[106]	Power			
[107]	Speed			
[108]	Torque			
[109]	Max Out Fr	eq		
[119]	Torque % lim			
Set tl	5-65 Pulse Output Max Freq #29 Set the maximum frequency for terminal 29 corresponding to the output variable set in <i>5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable</i> .			
5000	Hz* [0 - 32		2000 Hz]	
5-66			ulse Output Variat	
Select the variable for read-out on terminal X30/6. This parameter is active when option module MCB 101 is				
instal	installed in the frequency converter. Same options and functions as parameter group 5-6*.			
			Function:	
[0] *		No oper	ration	
[45]		Bus ctrl.		
[10]	Bus Ctri			

Bus ctrl., timeout

[48]

5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pul	se Output Variable
-------------------------	--------------------

Select the variable for read-out on terminal X30/6.

This parameter is active when option module MCB 101 is installed in the frequency converter.

Same options and functions as parameter group 5-6*.

Option:		Function:
[51]	MCO controlled	
[100]	Output frequency	
[101]	Reference	
[102]	Feedback	
[103]	Motor current	
[104]	Torque rel to limit	
[105]	Torq relate to rated	
[106]	Power	
[107]	Speed	
[108]	Torque	
[109]	Max Out Freq	
[119]	Torque % lim	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

5-68 Pulse Output Max Freq #X30/6

Select the maximum frequency on terminal X30/6 referring to the output variable in *5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable*. This parameter is active when option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter.

Function:

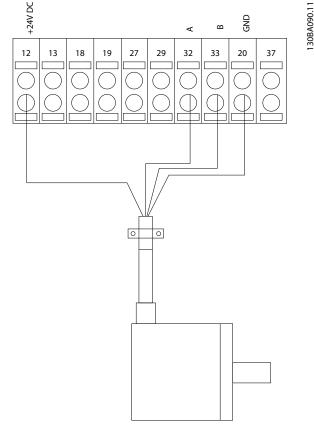
Range:	
5000. Hz*	[0 - 32000 Hz

3.7.7 5-7* 24 V Encoder Input

Connect the 24 V encoder to terminal 12 (24 V DC supply), terminal 32 (Channel A), terminal 33 (Channel B), and terminal 20 (GND). The digital inputs 32/33 are active for encoder inputs when [1] 24 V encoder is selected in 1-02 Flux Motor Feedback Source and 7-00 Speed PID Feedback Source. The encoder used is a dual channel (A and B) 24 V type. Max input frequency: 110 kHz.

Encoder Connection to the frequency converter

24 V incremental encoder. Max. cable length 5 m.



24V or 10-30V encoder

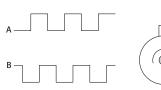
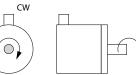
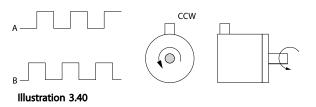


Illustration 3.39



30BA646.10



5-70 Term 32/33 Pulses per Revolution			
Range:	Range: Function:		
1024 N/A*	[1 - 4096 N/A]	Set the encoder pulses per revolution on the motor shaft. Read the correct value from the encoder.	



NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

5-71	5-71 Term 32/33 Encoder Direction			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Change the detected encoder rotation direction without changing the wiring to the encoder.		
[0] *	Clockwise	Sets channel A 90° (electrical degrees) behind channel B upon clockwise rotation of the encoder shaft.		
[1]	Counter clockwise	Sets channel A 90° (electrical degrees) ahead of channel B upon clockwise rotation of the encoder shaft.		

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

3.7.8 5-8* I/O Options

5-80	5-80 AHF Cap Reconnect Delay		
Rang	je:	Function:	
25 s*	[1 - 120 s]	Guarantees a minimum off-time for the capacitors. The timer starts once the AHF capacitor disconnects and needs to expire before the output is allowed to be on again. It will only turn on again if the drive power is between 20% and 30%.	

3.7.9 5-9*

This parameter group selects digital and relay outputs via a fieldbus setting.

5-90	5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control		
Range:		Function:	
0 N/A*	[0 - 2147483647	This parameter holds the state of	
	N/A]	the digital outputs and relays that is	
		controlled by bus.	
		A logical '1' indicates that the	
	output is high or active.		
		A logical '0' indicates that the	
		output is low or inactive.	

Bit 0	Digital Output Terminal 27
Bit 1	Digital Output Terminal 29
Bit 2	Digital Output Terminal X 30/6
Bit 3	Digital Output Terminal X 30/7
Bit 4	Relay 1 output terminal
Bit 5	Relay 2 output terminal
Bit 6	Option B Relay 1 output terminal
Bit 7	Option B Relay 2 output terminal
Bit 8	Option B Relay 3 output terminal
Bit 9-15	Reserved for future terminals
Bit 16	Option C Relay 1 output terminal
Bit 17	Option C Relay 2 output terminal
Bit 18	Option C Relay 3 output terminal
Bit 19	Option C Relay 4 output terminal
Bit 20	Option C Relay 5 output terminal
Bit 21	Option C Relay 6 output terminal
Bit 22	Option C Relay 7 output terminal
Bit 23	Option C Relay 8 output terminal
Bit 24-31	Reserved for future terminals

Table 3.19

5-93 Pulse Out #27 Bus Control				
Range: Function:				
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00	Set the output frequency transferred to		
	%]	the output terminal 27 when the		
		terminal is configured as [45] Bus		
		Controlled in 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse		
		Output Variable.		
5-94 P	Pulse Out #27 1	limeout Preset		
Range:		Function:		
0.00 %*	[0.00 -	Set the output frequency transferred to		
0.00 %	100.00 %]	the output terminal 27 when the		
	100.00 /0]	terminal is configured as [48] Bus Ctrl		
		Timeout in 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output		
		Variable. And a time-out is detected.		
vanable. And a time-out is detected.				
5-95 P	Pulse Out #29 E	Bus Control		
5-95 P Range:		Bus Control Function:		
Range:		Function:		
Range:	[0.00 -	Function: Set the output frequency transferred to		
Range:	[0.00 -	Function: Set the output frequency transferred to the output terminal 29 when the		
Range:	[0.00 -	Function: Set the output frequency transferred to the output terminal 29 when the terminal is configured as [45] Bus		
Range:	[0.00 -	Function: Set the output frequency transferred to the output terminal 29 when the terminal is configured as [45] Bus Controlled in 5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse		
Range: 0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00 %]	Function: Set the output frequency transferred to the output terminal 29 when the terminal is configured as [45] Bus Controlled in 5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable.		
Range: 0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00 %] Pulse Out #29 T	Function: Set the output frequency transferred to the output terminal 29 when the terminal is configured as [45] Bus Controlled in 5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable. This parameter only applies for FC 302.		
Range: 0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00 %] Pulse Out #29 T	Function: Set the output frequency transferred to the output terminal 29 when the terminal is configured as [45] Bus Controlled in 5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable. This parameter only applies for FC 302.		
Range: 0.00 %* 5-96 P Range:	[0.00 - 100.00 %] Pulse Out #29 T	Function: Set the output frequency transferred to the output terminal 29 when the terminal is configured as [45] Bus Controlled in 5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable. This parameter only applies for FC 302. Fimeout Preset Function:		
Range: 0.00 %* 5-96 P Range:	[0.00 - 100.00 %] Pulse Out #29 T [0.00 - 100.00 %]	Function:Set the output frequency transferred to the output terminal 29 when the terminal is configured as [45] Bus Controlled in 5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable. This parameter only applies for FC 302.Timeout PresetFunction:Set the output frequency transferred to		

Variable. And a time-out is detected. This parameter only applies for FC 302.

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5-	-97	Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control		
R	Range:		Function:	
0 9	%*	[0 - 100 %]	Set the output frequency transferred to the	
			output terminal X30/6 when the terminal is	
			configured as 'Bus Controlled' in	
			5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable,	
	Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable [45].			

5-98	5-98 Pulse Out #X30/6 Timeout Preset			
Range:		Function:		
0 %*	[0 - 100 %]	Set the output frequency transferred to the		
	output terminal X30/6 when the terminal is			
configured as [48] Bus Ctrl Timeout in		configured as [48] Bus Ctrl Timeout in		
	5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable.			
		And a time-out is detected.		

3.8 Parameters: 6-** Analog In/Out

3.8.1 6-0* Analog I/O Mode

The analog inputs can freely be allocated to be either voltage (FC 301: 0..10 V, FC 302: 0..± 10 V) or current (FC 301/FC 302: 0/4..20 mA) input.

NOTE

Thermistors may be connected to either an analog or a digital input.

6-00	6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time				
Range:		Function:			
10 s*	[1 - 99 s]	Enter the Live Zero Time-out time period. Live Zero Time-out Time is active for analog inputs, i.e. terminal 53 or terminal 54, used as reference or feedback sources. If the reference signal value associated with the selected current input falls below 50% of the value set in 6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage, 6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current, 6-20 Terminal 54 Low Voltage or 6-22 Terminal 54 Low Current for a time period longer than the time set in 6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time, the function selected in 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function will be activated.			

6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function

Option:		Function:			
		Select the time-out function. The function set in 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function will be activated if the input signal on terminal 53 or 54 is below 50% of the value in 6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage, 6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current, 6-20 Terminal 54 Low Voltage or 6-22 Terminal 54 Low Current for a time period defined in 6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time. If several time- outs occur simultaneously, the frequency converter prioritises the time-out functions as follows: 1. 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function 2. 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function			
[0] *	Off				
[1]	Freeze output	Frozen at the present value			
[2]	Stop	Overruled to stop			
[3]	Jogging	Overruled to jog speed			
[4]	Max. speed	Overruled to max. speed			
[5]	Stop and trip	Overruled to stop with subsequent trip			
[20]	Coast				
[21]	Coast and trip				

3.8.2 6-1* Analog Input 1

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog input 1 (terminal 53).

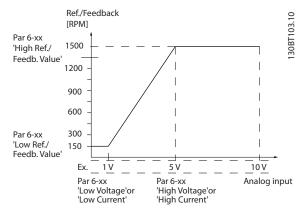


Illustration 3.41

6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage				
Range: Function:			inction:	
0.07 V*		-10.00 - par. 11 V]	inp to <i>6-1</i>	ter the low voltage value. This analog but scaling value should correspond the minimum reference value, set in 4 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value. e also the section Reference Handling.
6-11 7	er	minal 53 H	igh V	'oltage
Range			F	unction:
10.00 V* [par. 6-10 - E 10.00 V] a c f		ar cc fe	Enter the high voltage value. This analog input scaling value should correspond to the high reference/ feedback value set in <i>6-15 Terminal 53</i> <i>High Ref./Feedb. Value</i> .	
6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current				
6-12 1	er	minal 53 L	ow C	urrent
6-12 7 Ranges		minal 53 L		urrent ction:
	, r	minal 53 L [0.00 - bar. 6-13 nA]	Fun Enter signa refere Refere	ction: T the low current value. This reference I should correspond to the minimum ence value, set in <i>3-02 Minimum</i> ence. The value must be set at >2 mA der to activate the Live Zero Time-out tion in <i>6-01 Live Zero Timeout</i>
Range : 0.14 mA*	r r	[0.00 - par. 6-13	Fun Enter signa refer in orr Func Func	ction: The low current value. This reference I should correspond to the minimum ence value, set in 3-02 Minimum ence. The value must be set at >2 mA der to activate the Live Zero Time-out tion in 6-01 Live Zero Timeout tion.
Range : 0.14 mA*	r r	[0.00 - bar. 6-13 nA]	Fun Enter signa refer in orr Func Func	ction: The low current value. This reference I should correspond to the minimum ence value, set in 3-02 Minimum ence. The value must be set at >2 mA der to activate the Live Zero Time-out tion in 6-01 Live Zero Timeout tion.

Value.



6-14 -	Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range	:	Function:		
0.000 *	[-999999.999 - 999999.999]	Enter the analog input scaling value that corresponds to the low voltage/low current set in 6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage and 6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current.		

6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value

Range:	Function:		
1500.000 Referen-	[-999999.999 -	Enter the analog input	
ceFeedbackUnit*	999999.999	scaling value that	
	ReferenceFeed-	corresponds to the	
	backUnit]	maximum reference	
		feedback value set in	
		6-11 Terminal 53 High	
		Voltage and	
		6-13 Terminal 53 High	
		Current.	

6-16 Terminal 53 Filter Time Constant			
Range:	Function:		
0.001 s*	[0.001 -	Enter the time constant. This is a first-	
	10.000 s]	order digital low pass filter time	
		constant for suppressing electrical noise	
		in terminal 53. A high time constant	
		value improves dampening but also	
		increases the time delay through the	
		filter.	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

3.8.3 6-2* Analog Input 2

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog input 2 (terminal 54).

6-20 Terminal 54 Low Voltage			
Range	Range: Function:		
0.07 V*	[-10.00 - par. 6-21 V]	Enter the low voltage value. This analog input scaling value should correspond to the minimum reference value, set in 3-02 Minimum Reference. See also 3.5 Parameters: 3-** Reference/Ramps.	

6-21	Terminal	54 Hiah	Voltage
021	I CI IIIIII IGI	J-r i ligit	voluge

Function:	
[par. 6-20 -	Enter the high voltage value. This
10.00 V]	analog input scaling value should
	correspond to the high reference/
	feedback value set in 6-25 Terminal 54
	High Ref./Feedb. Value.

6-22 Terminal 54 Low Current

Function:	
[0.00 -	Enter the low current value. This reference
par. 6-23	signal should correspond to the minimum
mA]	reference value, set in 3-02 Minimum
	<i>Reference</i> . The value must be set at >2 mA
	in order to activate the Live Zero Time-out
	Function in 6-01 Live Zero Timeout
	Function.
	par. 6-23

6-23 Terminal 54 High Current Range: Function: 20.00 mA* [par. 6-22 - 20.00 mA] Enter the high current value corresponding to the high reference/ feedback value set in 6-25 Terminal

6-24 Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range: Function:			
0 ReferenceFeed-	[-999999.999 -	Enter the analog	
backUnit*	999999.999	input scaling value	
	ReferenceFeed-	that corresponds to	
	backUnit]	the minimum	
		reference feedback	
		value set in	
		3-02 Minimum	
		Reference.	

54 High Ref./Feedb. Value.

6-25 Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value

Range:		Function:
1500.000 Referen-	[-999999.999 -	Enter the analog input
ceFeedbackUnit*	999999.999	scaling value that
	ReferenceFeed-	corresponds to the
	backUnit]	maximum reference
		feedback value set in
		3-03 Maximum
		Reference.

6-26 Terminal 54 Filter Time Constant

Range:	Function:	
0.001 s*	[0.001 -	Enter the time constant. This is a first-
	10.000 s]	order digital low pass filter time
		constant for suppressing electrical noise
		in terminal 54. A high time constant
		value improves dampening but also
		increases the time delay through the
		filter.

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

3.8.4 6-3* Analog Input 3 MCB 101

Parameter group for configuring the scale and limits for analog input 3 (X30/11) placed on option module MCB 101.

6-30 Terminal X30/11 Low Voltage		
Range: Function:		Function:
0.07 V*	[0.00 - par. 6-31 V]	Sets the analog input scaling value to correspond to the low reference/ feedback value (set in <i>6-34 Term.</i> <i>X30/11 Low Ref./Feedb. Value</i>).

6-31 Terminal X30/11 High Voltage		
Range:	Function:	
10.00 V*	[par. 6-30 - 10.00 V]	Sets the analog input scaling value to correspond to the high reference/ feedback value (set in 6-35 Term. X30/11 High Ref./Feedb. Value).

6-34 Term. X30/11 Low Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range	: Function:		
0.000 *	[-999999.999 - 999999.999]	Sets the analog input scaling value to correspond to the low voltage value (set in 6-30 Terminal X30/11 Low Voltage).	

6-35 Term. X30/11 High Ref./Feedb. Value			
Function:			
[-999999.999 -	Sets the analog input scaling		
999999.999]	value to correspond to the high		
	voltage value (set in		
	6-31 Terminal X30/11 High		
	Voltage).		
	[-999999.999 -		

6-36 Term. X30/11 Filter Time Constant

Range:	Function:		
0.001 s*	[0.001 - 10.000 s]	A 1 st order digital low pass filter	
		time constant for suppressing electrical noise on terminal X30/11.	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

3.8.5 6-4* Analog Input 4 MCB 101

Parameter group for configuring the scale and limits for analog input 4 (X30/12) placed on option module MCB 101.

6-40 Terminal X30/12 Low Voltage				
Range	:	Function:		
0.07 V*	[0.00 - par. 6-41 V]	Sets the analog input scaling value to correspond to the low reference/		

6-40 Te	erminal X30/12 Lo	ow \	/oltage	
Range:	Function:			
	feedback value set in 6-44 Term.			
	(ا	(30/1	2 Low Ref./Feedb. Value.	
6-41 Te	erminal X30/12 H	liah	Voltage	
Range:			nction:	
10.00 V*	[par. 6-40 -		the analog input scaling value to	
10.00 V			espond to the high reference/	
	-		back value set in 6-45 Term.	
		X30/	/12 High Ref./Feedb. Value.	
6-44 Te	rm. X30/12 Low	Ref.	/Feedb. Value	
Range:			Function:	
0.000 *	[-999999.999 -		Sets the analog output scaling	
9	999999.999]		value to correspond to the low	
	vo		voltage value set in 6-40 Terminal	
			X30/12 Low Voltage.	
6-45 Te	rm. X30/12 High	Ref	./Feedb. Value	
Range:			Function:	
100.000 *	[-999999.999 -		Sets the analog input scaling	
	999999.999]		value to correspond to the high	
			voltage value set in	
			6-41 Terminal X30/12 High	
			Voltage.	
6-46 Te	erm. X30/12 Filte	r Tip	ne Constant	
Range:			unction:	
0.001 s*	[0.001 - 10.000 s]	A	1 st order digital low pass filter	
			ne constant for suppressing	
	electrical noise on terminal X30/12.			
NOTE				

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

3.8.6 6-5* Analog Output 1

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog output 1, i.e. Terminal 42. Analog outputs are current outputs: 0/4 to 20 mA. Common terminal (terminal 39) is the same terminal and has the same electrical potential for analog common and digital common connection. Resolution on analog output is 12 bit.

6-50 Terminal 42 Output		
Option:		Function:
		Select the function of Terminal 42 as an
		analog current output. Depending on the
		selection the output is either a 0-20 mA or
		4-20 mA output. The current value can be
		read out in LCP in 16-65 Analog Output 42
		[mA].

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6-50	6-50 Terminal 42 Output				
Opti	on:	Function:			
[0] *	No operation	When no signal on the analog output.			
[52]	MCO 0-20mA				
[53]	MCO 4-20mA				
[100]	Output frequency	0 Hz = 0 mA; 100 Hz = 20 mA.			
[101]	Reference	3-00 Reference Range [Min - Max] 0% = 0 mA; 100% = 20 mA 3-00 Reference Range [-Max - Max] -100% = 0 mA; 0% = 10 mA; +100% = 20 mA			
[102]	Feedback				
[103]	Motor current	Value is taken from <i>16-37 Inv. Max. Current</i> . Inverter max. current (160% current) is equal to 20 mA. Example: Inverter norm current (11 kW) = 24			
		A. 160% = 38.4 A. Motor norm current = 22 A Read-out 11.46 mA. $\frac{20 mA \times 22 A}{38.4 A} = 11.46 mA$			
		$\frac{1}{38.4 \text{ A}} = 11.46 \text{ mA}$ In case the norm motor current is equal to 20 mA, the output setting of 6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale is:			
		$\frac{I_{VLT_{Max}} \times 100}{I_{Motor_{Norm}}} = \frac{38.4 \times 100}{22} = 175 \%$			
[104]	Torque rel to limit	The torque setting is related to setting in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode			
[105]	Torq relate to rated	The torque is related to the motor torque setting.			
[106]	Power	Taken from 1-20 Motor Power [kW].			
[107]	Speed	Taken from 3-03 Maximum Reference. 20 mA = value in 3-03 Maximum Reference			
[108]	Torque	Torque reference related to 160% torque.			
[109]	Max Out Freq	0 Hz = 0 mA,4-19 Max Output Frequency = 20 mA.			
[119]	Torque % lim				
[130]	Output freq. 4-20mA	0 Hz = 4 mA, 100 Hz = 20 mA			
[131]	Reference 4-20mA	3-00 Reference Range [Min-Max] 0% = 4 mA; 100% = 20 mA 3-00 Reference Range [-Max-Max] -100% = 4 mA; 0% = 12 mA; +100% = 20 mA			
[132]	Feedback 4-20mA				
[133]	Motor cur. 4-20mA	Value is taken from <i>16-37 Inv. Max. Current.</i> Inverter max. current (160% current) is equal to 20 mA.			

6-50	Terminal 42	Output

	Terminal 4	
Opti	on:	Function:
		Example: Inverter norm current (11 kW) = 24 A. 160% = 38.4 A. Motor norm current = 22 A Read-out 11.46 mA.
		$\frac{16 mA \times 22 A}{38.4 A} + 4 mA = 13.17 mA$
		In case the norm motor current is equal to 20 mA, the output setting of <i>6-62 Terminal X30/8 Max. Scale</i> is:
		$\frac{I_{VLT} x_{Max} x_{100}}{I_{Motor} x_{Norm}} = \frac{38.4 \times 100}{22} = 175 \%$
[134]	Torq.% lim 4-20 mA	The torque setting is related to setting in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode.
[135]	Torq.% nom 4-20 mA	The torque setting is related to the motor torque setting.
[136]	Power 4-20mA	Taken from 1-20 Motor Power [kW]
[137]	Speed 4-20mA	Taken from <i>3-03 Maximum Reference</i> . 20 mA = Value in <i>3-03 Maximum Reference</i> .
[138]	Torque 4-20mA	Torque reference related to 160% torque.
[139]	Bus ctrl. 0-20 mA	An output value set from fieldbus process data. The output will work independently of internal functions in the frequency converter.
[140]	Bus ctrl. 4-20 mA	An output value set from fieldbus process data. The output will work independently of internal functions in the frequency converter.
[141]	Bus ctrl 0-20mA t.o.	<i>4-54 Warning Reference Low</i> defines the behaviour of the analog output in case of bus time-out.
[142]	Bus ctrl 4-20mA t.o.	<i>4-54 Warning Reference Low</i> defines the behaviour of the analog output in case of bus time-out.
[149]	Torque % lim 4-20mA	Analog output at zero torque = 12 mA. Motoric torque will increase the output current to max torque limit 20 mA (set in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode). Generative torque will decrease the output to torque limit Generator Mode (set in 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode) Ex: 4-16 Torque Limit Generator Mode: 200% and 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode: 200%. 20 mA = 200% Motoric and 4 mA = 200% Generatoric. $\frac{0mA 4mA}{Par 4.17}$ $\frac{12mA}{0\% Torque}$ $\frac{20mA}{Par 4.16}$ 0 $\frac{12mA}{200\%}$ 0 Hlustration 3.42

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6-50 Terminal 42 Output					
Opti	Option: Fu		Fui	nction:	
[150]			0 Hz mA.	0 Hz = 0 mA,4-19 Max Output Frequency = 20 mA.	
6-51	6-51 Terminal 42 Output Min Scale				
Range:			Function:		
0.00 %	6* [0.00 -		Scale for the minimum output (0 or 4	

0.00 /0	[0.00	Scale for the minimum output (o of 4
	200.00 %]	mA) of the analog signal at terminal 42.
		Set the value to be the percentage of
		the full range of the variable selected in
		6-50 Terminal 42 Output.

6-52	Terminal	42 Out	put Max	Scale
------	----------	--------	---------	-------

Range:	Function:	
100.00	[0.00 -	Scale the maximum output of the selected
%*	200.00 %]	analog signal at terminal 42. Set the value
		to the maximum value of the current signal
		output. Scale the output to give a current
		lower than 20 mA at full scale; or 20 mA at
		an output below 100% of the maximum
		signal value. If 20 mA is the desired output
		current at a value between 0 - 100% of the
		full-scale output, programme the
		percentage value in the parameter, i.e. 50%
		= 20 mA. If a current between 4 and 20 mA
		is desired at maximum output (100%),
		calculate the percentage value as follows:

20 mA / desired maximum current x 100 % i.e. 10 mA : $\frac{20}{10}$ x 100 = 200 %

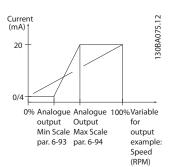


Illustration 3.43

6-53 Terminal 42 Output Bus Control				
Range:		Function:		
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00	[0.00 - 100.00 %] Holds the level of Output 42 if		
		controlled by bus.		
6-54 T	6-54 Terminal 42 Output Timeout Preset			
Range:	Function:			
0.00 %*	[0.00 -	Holds the preset level of Output 42.		
0.00 %*				

6-54 Terminal 42 Output Timeout Preset					
Ran	ge:	Function:			
		Output the output will preset to this			
		level.			
6-55	5 An	alog Output Filter			
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		The following readout analog	parameters f	rom	
		selection in 6-50 Terminal 42 C	<i>Dutput</i> have a	filter	
		selected when 6-55 Analog Output Filter is on:			
		Selection 0-20 mA 4-20 mA			
		Motor current (0 - I _{max}) [103] [133]			
		Torque limit (0 - T _{lim}) [104] [134]			
		Rated torque (0 - T _{nom}) [105] [135]			
		Power (0 - P _{nom}) [106] [136]		[136]	
		Speed (0 - Speed _{max}) [107] [137]		[137]	
		Table 3.20			
[0] *	Off	Filter off			
[1]	On	Filter on			

3.8.7 6-6* Analog Output 2 MCB 101

Analog outputs are current outputs: 0/4 - 20 mA. Common terminal (terminal X30/8) is the same terminal and electrical potential for analog common connection. Resolution on analog output is 12 bit.

6-60 Terminal X30/8 Output		
Opti	on:	Function:
		Select the function of Terminal X30/8 as an analog current output. Depending on the selection the output is either a 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA output. The current value can be read out in LCP in <i>16-65 Analog Output 42</i> [<i>mA</i>].
[0] *	No operation	When no signal on the analog output.
[52]	MCO 0-20mA	
[53]	MCO 4-20mA	
[100]	Output frequency	0 Hz = 0 mA; 100 Hz = 20 mA.
[101]	Reference	3-00 Reference Range [Min - Max] 0% = 0 mA; 100% = 20 mA 3-00 Reference Range [-Max - Max] -100% = 0 mA; 0% = 10 mA; +100% = 20 mA
[102]	Feedback	
[103]	Motor current	Value is taken from <i>16-37 Inv. Max. Current.</i> Inverter max. current (160% current) is equal to 20 mA.

3

6-60 Terminal X30/8 Output

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Opti	on:	Function:
		Example: Inverter norm current (11 kW) = 24 A. 160% = 38.4 A. Motor norm current = 22 A Read-out 11.46 mA.
		$\frac{20 \ mA \ x \ 22 \ A}{38.4 \ A} = 11.46 \ mA$
		In case the norm motor current is equal to 20 (2.2)
		mA, the output setting of 6-62 Terminal X30/8 Max. Scale is:
		$\frac{I_{VLT_{Max}} \times 100}{I_{Motor_{Norm}}} = \frac{38.4 \times 100}{22} = 175 \%$
[104]	Torque rel to limit	The torque setting is related to setting in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode.
[105]	Torq relate to rated	The torque is related to the motor torque setting.
[106]	Power	Taken from 1-20 Motor Power [kW].
[107]	Speed	Taken from <i>3-03 Maximum Reference</i> . 20 mA = value in <i>3-03 Maximum Reference</i>
[108]	Torque	Torque reference related to 160% torque.
[109]	Max Out Freq	In relation to 4-19 Max Output Frequency.
[119]	Torque % lim	
[130]	Output freq. 4-20mA	0 Hz = 4 mA, 100 Hz = 20 mA
[131]	Reference 4-20mA	3-00 Reference Range [Min-Max] 0% = 4 mA; 100% = 20 mA 3-00 Reference Range [-Max-Max] -100% = 4 mA; 0% = 12 mA; +100% = 20 mA
[132]	Feedback 4-20mA	
[133]	Motor cur. 4-20mA	Value is taken from <i>16-37 Inv. Max. Current.</i> Inverter max. current (160% current) is equal to 20 mA.
		Example: Inverter norm current (11 kW) = 24 A. 160% = 38.4 A. Motor norm current = 22 A Read-out 11.46 mA.
		$\frac{16 \ mA \ x \ 22 \ A}{38.4 \ A} = 9.17 \ mA$
		In case the norm motor current is equal to 20 mA, the output setting of <i>6-62 Terminal X30/8 Max. Scale</i> is:
		$\frac{I_{VLT_{Max}} \times 100}{I_{Motor_{Norm}}} = \frac{38.4 \times 100}{22} = 175\%$
[134]	Torq.% lim 4-20 mA	The torque setting is related to setting in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode.
[135]	Torq.% nom 4-20 mA	The torque setting is related to the motor torque setting.

6-60	Terminal X	(30/8 Output
Opti	on:	Function:
[136]	Power 4-20mA	Taken from 1-20 Motor Power [kW]
[137]	Speed 4-20mA	Taken from <i>3-03 Maximum Reference</i> . 20 mA = Value in <i>3-03 Maximum Reference</i> .
[138] Torque 4-20mA		Torque reference related to 160% torque.
[139]	Bus ctrl. 0-20 mA	An output value set from fieldbus process data. The output will work independently of internal functions in the frequency converter
[140]	Bus ctrl. 4-20 mA	An output value set from fieldbus process data. The output will work independently of internal functions in the frequency converter
[141]	Bus ctrl 0-20mA t.o.	<i>4-54 Warning Reference Low</i> defines the behaviour of the analog output in case of bus time-out.
[142]	Bus ctrl 4-20mA t.o.	<i>4-54 Warning Reference Low</i> defines the behaviour of the analog output in case of bus time-out.
[149]	Torque % lim 4-20mA	Torque% Lim 4-20 mA: Torque reference. 3-00 Reference Range [Min-Max] 0% = 4 mA; 100% = 20 mA 3-00 Reference Range [-Max - Max] -100% = 4 mA; 0% = 12 mA; +100% = 20 mA
[150] Max Out Fr 4-20mA		In relation to 4-19 Max Output Frequency.
6-61	Terminal X	(30/8 Min. Scale
Rang		Function:
0.00 [0.00 - %* 200.00 %]		Scales the minimum output of the selected analog signal on terminal X30/8. Scale the minimum value as a percentage of the maximum signal value, i.e. 0 mA (or 0 Hz) is desired at 25% of the maximum output valu and 25% is programmed. The value can never be higher than the corresponding setting in <i>6-62 Terminal X30/8 Max. Scale</i> if value is below 100%. This parameter is active when option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter.
6.62	Terminal X	(30/8 Max. Scale
6-62		Function:
o-o2 Rang	je:	

the maximum signal value. If 20 mA is the desired output current at a value between 0 - 100% of the ful-scale output, program the



 6-62 Terminal X30/8 Max. Scale

 Range:
 Function:

 percentage value in the parameter, i.e. 50%

 = 20 mA. If a current between 4 and 20 mA is desired at maximum output (100%), calculate the percentage value as follows:

20 mA / desired maximum current x 100% i.e. 10 mA : $\frac{20-4}{10}$ x 100 = 160%

6-63 Terminal X30/8 Bus Control				
Range: Function:		Function:		
0 %*	[0 - 100 %]	Holds the level of Output X30/8 if controlled by bus.		
6-64	6-64 Terminal X30/8 Output Timeout Preset			
Range: Function:				
Rang	ge:	Function:		
Rang 0 %*		Function: Holds the preset level of Output X30/8. In case of a bus timeout and a timeout		

3.8.8 6-7* Analog Output 3 MCB 113

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog output 3, Terminal X45/1 and X45/2. Analog outputs are current outputs: 0/4–20 mA. Resolution on analog output is 11 bit.

6-70	6-70 Terminal X45/1 Output		
Opti	on:	Function:	
		Select the function of Terminal X45/1 as an	
		analog current output.	
[0]	No	When no signal on the analog output.	
	operation		
[52]	MCO 305		
	0-20 mA		
[53]	MCO 305		
	4-20 mA		
[100]	Output	0 Hz = 0 mA; 100 Hz = 20 mA.	
	frequency		
	0-20 mA		
[101]	Reference	3-00 Reference Range [Min - Max] 0% = 0	
	0-20 mA	mA; 100% = 20 mA	
		3-00 Reference Range [-Max - Max] -100% = 0	
		mA; 0% = 10 mA; +100% = 20 mA	
[102]	Feedback		
[103]	Motor	Value is taken from 16-37 Inv. Max. Current.	
	current 0-20	Inverter max. current (160% current) is equal	
	mA	to 20 mA.	
		Example: Inverter norm current (11 kW) = 24	
		A. 160% = 38.4 A. Motor norm current = 22	
		A Read-out 11.46 mA.	
		$\frac{20 \ mA \ x \ 22 \ A}{38.4 \ A} = 11.46 \ mA$	

	Terminal X4	Function:
Opti	on:	
		In case the norm motor current is equal to 20 mA, the output setting of 6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale is: $\frac{I_{VLT}Max}{I_{Motor Norm}} = \frac{38.4 \times 100}{22} = 175\%$
		Motor Norm
[104]	Torque rel to lim 0-20 mA	The torque setting is related to setting in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode
[105]	Torque rel to rated motor torque 0-20 mA	The torque is related to the motor torque setting.
[106]	Power 0-20 mA	Taken from 1-20 Motor Power [kW].
[107]	Speed 0-20 mA	Taken from 3-03 Maximum Reference. 20 m/ = value in 3-03 Maximum Reference
[108]	Torque ref. 0-20 mA	Torque reference related to 160% torque.
[109]	Max Out Freq 0-20 mA	In relation to 4-19 Max Output Frequency.
[130]	Output freq. 4-20 mA	0 Hz = 4 mA, 100 Hz = 20 mA
[131]	Reference 4-20 mA	3-00 Reference Range [Min-Max] 0% = 4 mA 100% = 20 mA 3-00 Reference Range [-Max-Max] -100% = 4 mA; 0% = 12 mA; +100% = 20 mA
[132]	Feedback 4-20 mA	
[133]	Motor cur. 4-20 mA	Value is taken from 16-37 Inv. Max. Current. Inverter max. current (160% current) is equato 20 mA. Example: Inverter norm current (11 kW) = 2 A. 160% = 38.4 A. Motor norm current = 22 A Read-out 11.46 mA. $\frac{16 mA \times 22 A}{38.4 A} = 9.17 mA$ In case the norm motor current is equal to 20 mA, the output setting of 6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale is: $\frac{I_{VLT}}{Max} \times \frac{100}{I_{Motor}} = \frac{38.4 \times 100}{22} = 175\%$
[134]	Torque% lim. 4-20 mA	The torque setting is related to setting in <i>4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode</i> .
[135]	Torque% nom 4-20 mA	The torque setting is related to the motor torque setting.
[136]	Power 4-20 mA	Taken from 1-20 Motor Power [kW]
[137]	Speed 4-20	Taken from 3-03 Maximum Reference. 20 mA

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6-70	6-70 Terminal X45/1 Output		
Opti	on:	Function:	
[138]	Torque 4-20	Torque reference related to 160% torque.	
	mA		
[139]	Bus ctrl.	An output value set from fieldbus process	
	0-20 mA	data. The output will work independently of	
		internal functions in the frequency converter.	
[140]	Bus ctrl.	An output value set from fieldbus process	
	4-20 mA	data. The output will work independently of	
		internal functions in the frequency converter.	
[141]	Bus ctrl.	4-54 Warning Reference Low defines the	
	0-20 mA,	behaviour of the analog output in case of	
	timeout	bus time-out.	
[142]	Bus ctrl.	4-54 Warning Reference Low defines the	
	4-20 mA,	behaviour of the analog output in case of	
	timeout	bus time-out.	
[150]	Max Out	In relation to 4-19 Max Output Frequency.	
	Freq 4-20		
	mA		

6-71	Terminal X45,	1 Output Min Scale
Range	:	Function:
0.00%*	[0.00 -	Scale the minimum output of

0.00%*	[0.00 -	Scale the minimum output of the selected
	200.00%]	analog signal at terminal X45/1, as a
		percentage of the maximum signal value.
		E.g. if 0 mA (or 0 Hz) is desired at 25% of
		the maximum output value, then
		programme 25%. Scaling values up to
		100% can never be higher than the
		corresponding setting in 6-72 Terminal
		X45/1 Max. Scale.

6-72 Terminal X45/1 Output Max Scale

Range:		Function:	
100%*	[0.00 -	Scale the maximum output of the selected	
	200.00%]	analog signal at terminal X45/1. Set the value	
		to the maximum value of the current signal	
		output. Scale the output to give a current	
		lower than 20 mA at full scale; or 20 mA at	
		an output below 100% of the maximum	
		signal value. If 20 mA is the desired output	
		current at a value between 0 - 100% of the	
		full-scale output, programme the percentage	
		value in the parameter, i.e. $50\% = 20$ mA. If a	
		current between 4 and 20 mA is desired at	
		maximum output (100%), calculate the	
		percentage value as follows (example where	
		desired max. output is 10 mA):	
		<pre> IRANGE[mA] X 100% Interpretation</pre>	
		$=\frac{20-4\ mA}{10\ mA}\ x\ 100\ \%\ =\ 160\ \%$	

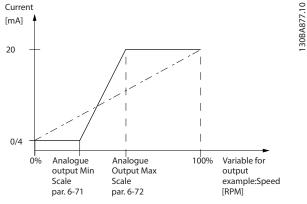


Illustration 3.44

6-73 Terminal X45/1 Output Bus Control	
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Range	Function:		
0.00%* [0.00 - 100.00%]		Holds the level of Analog Output 3	
		(terminal X45/1) if controlled by bus.	

6-74 Te	erminal X45/1	Output Tim	neout Preset
---------	---------------	------------	--------------

Range:		Function:	
0.00%* [0.00 -		Holds the preset level of Analog Output	
100.00%]		3 (terminal X45/1).	
		In case of a bus timeout and a timeout	
		function is selected in 6-70 Terminal	
		X45/1 Output the output will preset to	
		this level.	

3.8.9 6-8* Analog Output 4 MCB 113

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog output 4. Terminal X45/3 and X45/4. Analog outputs are current outputs: 0/4 to 20 mA. Resolution on analog output is 11 bit.

6-80 Terminal X45/3 Output			
Option:		Function:	
		Select the function of Terminal X45/3 as an	
		analog current output.	
[0] *	No operation	Same selections available as for 6-70 Terminal	
		X45/1 Output	

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o or reminar x 15/5 output min scale				
Option:		Function:		
[0.00%] *	0.00 -	Scales the minimum output of the		
	200.00%	selected analog signal on terminal X45/3.		
		Scale the minimum value as a percentage		
		of the maximum signal value, i.e. 0 mA		
		(or 0 Hz) is desired at 25% of the		
		maximum output value and 25% is		
		programmed. The value can never be		
		higher than the corresponding setting in		
		6-82 Terminal X45/3 Max. Scale if value is		
		below 100%.		
		This parameter is active when option		
		module MCB 113 is mounted in the		
		frequency converter.		

6-81 Terminal X45/3 Output Min Scale

6-82 Terminal X45/3 Output Max Scale

Option:	:	Function:	
[0.00%]	0.00 -	Scales the maximum output of the selected	
*	200.00%	analog signal on terminal X45/3. Scale the	
		value to the desired maximum value of the	
		current signal output. Scale the output to	
		give a lower current than 20 mA at full scale	
		or 20 mA at an output below 100% of the	
		maximum signal value. If 20 mA is the	
		desired output current at a value between 0	
		- 100% of the ful-scale output, program the	
		percentage value in the parameter, i.e. 50%	
		= 20 mA. If a current between 4 and 20 mA	
		is desired at maximum output (100%),	
		calculate the percentage value as follows	
		(example where desired max. output is 10	
		mA):	
		$\frac{I_{RANGE}[mA]}{I_{DESIRED \ MAX} \ [mA]} \ x \ 100 \ \%$ $= \frac{20 \ - \ 4 \ mA}{10 \ mA} \ x \ 100 \ \% = \ 160 \ \%$	

6-83 Terminal X45/3 Output Bus Control

0-05 16	6-83 Terminal X45/3 Output Bus Control					
Option:		Function:				
[0.00%] *	0.00 - 100.00%	Holds the level of output 4 (X45/3) if				
	controlled by bus.					
6-84 Te	rminal X45/3 C	Output Timeout Preset				
Option:		Function:				
[0.00%] *	0.00 - 100.00%	Holds the present level of output 4				
	(X45/3). In case of a bus timeout and a					
	timeout function is selected in					
	6-80 Terminal X45/3 Output the output					
		will preset to this level.				



3.9 Parameters: 7-** Controllers3.9.1 7-0* Speed PID Ctrl.

7-00	7-00 Speed PID Feedback Source				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		Select the encoder for closed loop feedback. The feedback may come from a different encoder (typically mounted on the application itself) than the motor mounted encoder feedback selected in 1-02 Flux Motor Feedback Source.			
[0] *	Motor feedb. P1-02				
[1]	24V encoder				
[2]	MCB 102				
[3]	MCB 103				
[5]	MCO Encoder 2				
[6]	Analog input 53				
[7]	Analog input 54				
[8]	Frequency input 29				
[9]	Frequency input 33				

NOTE

3

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

NOTE

If separate encoders are used (FC 302 only) the ramp settings parameters in the following parameter groups: 3-4*, 3-5*, 3-6*, 3-7* and 3-8* must be adjusted according to the gear ratio between the two encoders.

7-02	7-02 Speed PID Proportional Gain				
Rang	e:	Function:			
0 N/A*	[0.000 - 1.000 N/A]	Enter the speed controller proportional gain. The proportional gain amplifies the error (i.e. the deviation between the feedback signal and the set-point). This parameter is used with 1-00 Configuration Mode [0] Speed open loop and [1] Speed closed loop control. Quick control is obtained at high amplification.			
		However if the amplification is too great, the process may become unstable. Use this parameter for values with three decimals. For a selection with four decimals, use 3-83 Quick Stop S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start.			

7 02	Speed		Integral	Time
7-05	speed	PID	Integral	Time

Range:		Function:
Rang 8.0 ms*	e: [2.0 - 20000.0 ms]	Enter the speed controller integral time, which determines the time the internal PID control takes to correct errors. The greater the error, the more quickly the gain increases. The integral time causes a delay of the signal and therefore a dampening effect, and can be used to eliminate steady state speed error. Obtain quick control through a short integral time, though if the integral time is too short, the process becomes unstable. An excessively long integral time disables the integral action, leading to major deviations from the required
		reference, since the process regulator takes too long to regulate errors. This parameter is used with [0] Speed open loop and [1] Speed closed loop control, set in 1-00 Configuration Mode.

7-04 Speed PID Differentiation Time

Range:		Function:
30.0	[0.0 -	Enter the speed controller differentiation
ms*	200.0 ms]	time. The differentiator does not react to
		constant error. It provides gain proportional
		to the rate of change of the speed feedback.
		The quicker the error changes, the stronger
		the gain from the differentiator. The gain is
		proportional with the speed at which errors
		change. Setting this parameter to zero
		disables the differentiator. This parameter is
		used with 1-00 Configuration Mode [1] Speed
		closed loop control.

7-05 Speed PID Diff. Gain Limit

Range:		Function:
5.0	[1.0 -	Set a limit for the gain provided by the
N/A*	20.0 N/A]	differentiator. Since the differential gain
		increases at higher frequencies, limiting the
		gain may be useful. For example, set up a
		pure D-link at low frequencies and a
		constant D-link at higher frequencies. This
		parameter is used with 1-00 Configuration
		Mode [1] Speed closed loop control.

7-06 Speed PID Lowpass Filter Time

Range:		Function:	
10.0	[1.0 -	Set a time constant for the speed control low-	
ms*	100.0	pass filter. The low-pass filter improves steady-	
	ms]	state performance and dampens oscillations on	
		the feedback signal. This is an advantage if	
		there is a great amount on noise in the system,	
		see Illustration 3.45. For example, if a time	
		constant (τ) of 100 ms is programmed, the cut-	
		off frequency for the low-pass filter will be	
		1/0.1= 10 RAD/s., corresponding to (10/2 x π) =	

7-06	-06 Speed PID Lowpass Filter Time		
Range	:	Function:	
		1.6 Hz. The PID regulate	or only regulates a
		feedback signal that var	ries by a frequency of
		less than 1.6 Hz. If the f	eedback signal varies by
		a higher frequency than	n 1.6 Hz, the PID
		regulator does not react	t.
		Practical settings of 7-06	6 Speed PID Lowpass
		Filter Time taken from the number of pulses per	
		revolutions from encoder:	
		Encoder PPR 7-06 Speed PID	
		Lowpass Filter Time	
		512 10 ms	
		1024 5 ms	
		2048	2 ms
		4096	1 ms
		Table 3.21	

NOTE

Severe filtering can be detrimental to dynamic performance.

This parameter is used with 1-00 Configuration Mode [1] Speed closed loop and [2] Torque control.

The filter time in flux sensorless must be adjusted to 3-5 ms.

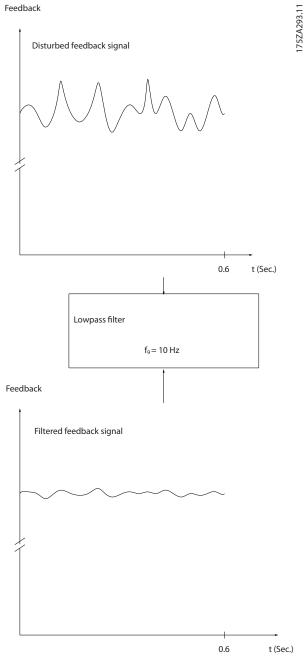


Illustration 3.45

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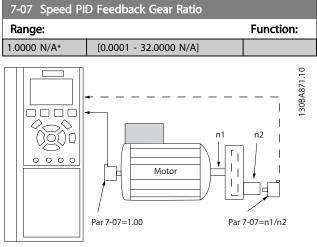
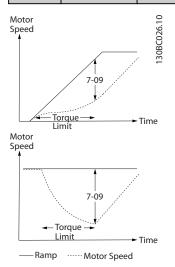


Illustration 3.46

7-08	7-08 Speed PID Feed Forward Factor		
Range: Function:			
0 %*	[0 - 500 %]	The reference signal bypasses the speed controller by the amount specified. This feature increases the dynamic performance of the speed control loop.	

7-09 Speed PID Error Correction w/ Ramp			
Range:	Range: Function:		
300 RPM*	[10 - 100000	The speed error between ramp and	
	RPM]	actual speed is held up against the	
		setting in this parameter. If the speed	
		error exceeds this parameter entry,	
		the speed error will be corrected via	
		ramping in a controlled way.	





3.9.2 7-1* Torque PI Control

Parameters for configuring the torque PI control in torque open loop (1-00 Configuration Mode).

7-12	7-12 Torque PI Proportional Gain		
Range		Function:	
100 %*	[0 - 500 %] Enter the proportional gain value for the torque controller. Selection of a high value makes the controller react faster. Too high a setting leads to controller instability.		
7-13 1	7-13 Torque Pl Integration Time		
Range	: Function:		
0.020 s*	[0.002 - 2.0 s]	 Enter the integration time for the torque controller. Selection of a low value makes the controller react faster. Too low a setting leads to control instability. 	

3.9.3 7-2* Process Ctrl. Feedb.

Select the feedback sources for the Process PID Control, and how this feedback should be handled.

7-20	7-20 Process CL Feedback 1 Resource			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		The effective feedback signal is made up of the sum of up to two different input signals. Select which input should be treated as the source of the first of these signals. The second input signal is defined in 7-22 Process CL Feedback 2 Resource.		
[0] *	No function			
[1]	Analog input 53			
[2]	Analog input 54			
[3]	Frequency input 29			
[4]	Frequency input 33			
[7]	Analog input X30/11			
[8]	Analog input X30/12			

	7-22	Process	CL Feed	lback 2	Resource
--	------	---------	---------	---------	----------

Opt	ion:	Function:
		The effective feedback signal is made
		up of the sum of up to two different
		input signals. Select which input
		should be treated as the source of
		the second of these signals. The first
		input signal is defined in 7-20 Process
		CL Feedback 1 Resource.
[0] *	No function	
[1]	Analog input 53	
[2]	Analog input 54	

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7-22 Process CL Feedback 2 Resource			
Option:		Function:	
[3]	Frequency input 29		
[4]	Frequency input 33		
[7]	Analog input X30/11		
[8]	Analog input X30/12		

3.9.4 7-3* Process PID Ctrl.

7-30	7-30 Process PID Normal/ Inverse Control			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Normal and inverse control are implemented by introducing a difference between the reference signal and the feedback signal.		
[0] *	Normal	Sets process control to increase the output frequency.		
[1]	Inverse	Sets process control to reduce the output frequency.		

7-31 Process PID Anti Windup

	Option:		Function:	
[0] Off Continues regulation of an error even when the		Continues regulation of an error even when the		
			output frequency cannot be increased or decreased.	
	[1] *	On	Ceases regulation of an error when the output	
			frequency can no longer be adjusted.	

7-32 Process PID Start Speed

Range:		Function:
0 RPM*	[0 -	Enter the motor speed to be attained as a
	6000	start signal for commencement of PID
	RPM]	control. When the power is switched on, the
		will commence ramping and then operate
		under speed open loop control. Thereafter,
		when the Process PID start speed is reached,
		the will change over to Process PID control.

7-33 Process PID Proportional Gain			
Range:		Function:	
0.01 N/A*	[0.00 - 10.00 N/A]	Enter the PID proportional gain. The proportional gain multiplies the error between the set point and the feedback signal.	

7-34 Process PID Integral Time

	-		
Range:		Function:	
10000.00 s*	[0.01 -	Enter the PID integral time. The	
	10000.00 s]	integrator provides an increasing	
		gain at a constant error between the	
		set point and the feedback signal.	
		The integral time is the time needed	
		by the integrator to reach the same	
		gain as the proportional gain.	

Range: Function: 0.00 s* [0.00 - Enter the PID differentiation time. The differentiator does not react to a constant error, but provides a gain only when the error changes. The shorter the PID differentiation time, the stronger the gain from the differentiator. 7-36 Process PID Diff. Gain Limit Range: Function: 5.0 N/A* [1.0 - 50.0] Enter a limit for the differentiator gain (DG). If there is no limit, the DG will increase when there are fast changes. Limit the DG to obtain a pure differentiator gain at slow changes and a constant differentiator gain where fast changes occur. 7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Factor Range: Function: 0 %* [0 - Enter the PID feed forward (FF) factor. The FF factor sends a constant fraction of the reference signal to bypass the PID control, so the PID control only affects the remaining fraction of the control signal. Any change to this parameter will thus affect the motor speed. When the FF factor is activated it provides less overshoot, and high dynamics when changing the set point. 7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Factor is active when 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to [3] Process. 7-39 On Reference Bandwidth	7-35	Pi	ocess P	ID Differentiation Time		
0.00 s* [0.00 - 10.00 s] Enter the PID differentiation time. The differentiator does not react to a constant error, but provides a gain only when the error changes. The shorter the PID differentiation time, the stronger the gain from the differentiator. 7-36 Process PID Diff. Gain Limit Range: Function: 5.0 N/A* [1.0 - 50.0] N/A] Enter a limit for the differentiator gain (DG). If there is no limit, the DG will increase when there are fast changes. Limit the DG to obtain a pure differentiator gain at slow changes and a constant differentiator gain at slow changes and a constant differentiator gain where fast changes occur. 7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Factor Range: Function: 0 %* [0 - 500 %] Enter the PID feed forward (FF) factor. The FF factor sends a constant fraction of the reference signal to bypass the PID control, so the PID control only affects the remaining fraction of the control signal. Any change to this parameter will thus affect the motor speed. When the FF factor is activated it provides less overshoot, and high dynamics when changing the set point. 7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Factor is active when 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to [3] Process. 7-39 On Reference Bandwidth Range: Function:						
Range: Function: 5.0 N/A* [1.0 - 50.0] Enter a limit for the differentiator gain (DG). If there is no limit, the DG will increase when there are fast changes. Limit the DG to obtain a pure differentiator gain at slow changes and a constant differentiator gain where fast changes occur. 7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Factor Range: Function: 0 %* [0 - 500 %] Enter the PID feed forward (FF) factor. The FF factor sends a constant fraction of the reference signal to bypass the PID control, so the PID control only affects the remaining fraction of the control signal. Any change to this parameter will thus affect the motor speed. When the FF factor is activated it provides less overshoot, and high dynamics when changing the set point. <i>7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Factor</i> is active when <i>1-00 Configuration Mode</i> is set to [3] <i>Process</i> . 7-39 On Reference Bandwidth Range: Function:	0.00 s		-	differentiator does not react to a constant error, but provides a gain only when the error changes. The shorter the PID differ- entiation time, the stronger the gain from		
5.0 N/A* [1.0 - 50.0] Enter a limit for the differentiator gain (DG). If there is no limit, the DG will increase when there are fast changes. Limit the DG to obtain a pure differen- tiator gain at slow changes and a constant differentiator gain where fast changes occur. 7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Factor Range: Function: 0 %* [0 - 500 %] Enter the PID feed forward (FF) factor. The FF factor sends a constant fraction of the reference signal to bypass the PID control, so the PID control only affects the remaining fraction of the control signal. Any change to this parameter will thus affect the motor speed. When the FF factor is activated it provides less overshoot, and high dynamics when changing the set point. 7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Factor is active when 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to [3] Process. 7-39 On Reference Bandwidth Range: Function:	7-36	Pi	ocess P	ID Diff. Gain Limit		
N/A] (DG). If there is no limit, the DG will increase when there are fast changes. Limit the DG to obtain a pure differentiator gain at slow changes and a constant differentiator gain where fast changes occur. 7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Factor Range: Function: 0 %* [0 - 500 %] Enter the PID feed forward (FF) factor. The FF factor sends a constant fraction of the reference signal to bypass the PID control, so the PID control only affects the remaining fraction of the control signal. Any change to this parameter will thus affect the motor speed. When the FF factor is activated it provides less overshoot, and high dynamics when changing the set point. 7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Factor is active when 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to [3] Process. 7-39 On Reference Bandwidth Range: Function:	Rang	ge:		Function:		
Range: Function: 0 %* [0 - 500 %] Enter the PID feed forward (FF) factor. The FF factor sends a constant fraction of the reference signal to bypass the PID control, so the PID control only affects the remaining fraction of the control signal. Any change to this parameter will thus affect the motor speed. When the FF factor is activated it provides less overshoot, and high dynamics when changing the set point. 7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Factor is active when 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to [3] Process. 7-39 On Reference Bandwidth Range: Function:	5.0 N/	5.0 N/A*[1.0 - 50.0Enter a limit for the differentiator gain (DG). If there is no limit, the DG will increase when there are fast changes. Limit the DG to obtain a pure differen- tiator gain at slow changes and a constant differentiator gain where fast changes				
Range: Function: 0 %* [0 - Enter the PID feed forward (FF) factor. The FF factor sends a constant fraction of the reference signal to bypass the PID control, so the PID control only affects the remaining fraction of the control signal. Any change to this parameter will thus affect the motor speed. When the FF factor is activated it provides less overshoot, and high dynamics when changing the set point. 7-39 On Reference Bandwidth Range: Function:	7-38	Pi	ocess P	ID Feed Forward Factor		
0 %* [0 - Enter the PID feed forward (FF) factor. The FF 500 %] factor sends a constant fraction of the reference signal to bypass the PID control, so the PID control only affects the remaining fraction of the control signal. Any change to this parameter will thus affect the motor speed. When the FF factor is activated it provides less overshoot, and high dynamics when changing the set point. 7-39 On Reference Bandwidth Range: Function:						
Range: Function:	0 %* [0 - Enter the PID feed forward (FF) factor. The FF 500 %] factor sends a constant fraction of the reference signal to bypass the PID control, so the PID control only affects the remaining fraction of the control signal. Any change to this parameter will thus affect the motor speed. When the FF factor is activated it provides less overshoot, and high dynamics when changing the set point. 7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Factor is active when 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to [3]					
	7-39	0	n Refere	ence Bandwidth		
5 %* [0 - 200 Enter the On Reference bandwidth. When the	Range: Function:					
%] PID Control Error (the difference between the reference and the feedback) is less than the set value of this parameter the On Reference status bit is high, i.e. =1.	5 %*	-		reference and the feedback) is less than the set value of this parameter the On Reference		

3.9.5 7-4* Advanced Process PID Ctrl.

Parameter group 7-4* is only used if 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to [7] Extended PID speed CL or [8] Extended PID Speed OL.

7-40 Process PID I-part Reset			
Opt	Option: Function:		
[0] *	No		
[1]	Yes	Select [1] Yes to reset the I-part of the process PID controller. The selection will automatically revert to [0] No. Resetting the I-part makes it possible to start from a welldefined point after changing something in the process, e.g. changing a textile roll.	

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7-41	7-41 Process PID Output Neg. Clamp				
Range	:		Function:		
-100 %*	[-100 - pa	ar. 7-42 %]	Enter a negative limit for the		
			process PID controller output.		
-					
7-42	Process PID	Output P	os. Clamp		
Range			Function:		
100 %*	[par. 7-41	- 100 %]	Enter a positive limit for the		
			process PID controller output.		
7-43	Process PID	Gain Scal	le at Min. Ref.		
Range		Functio	n:		
100 %*	[0 - 100	Enter a so	caling percentage to apply to the		
	%]	process P	ID output when operating at the		
		minimum	reference. The scaling percentage		
		will be ad	ljusted linearly between the scale		

at min. ref. (7-43 Process PID Gain Scale at Min. Ref.) and the scale at max. ref. (7-44 Process PID Gain Scale at Max. Ref.).

7-44 Process PID Gain Scale at Max. Ref.

Range		Function:
100 %*	[0 - 100	Enter a scaling percentage to apply to the
	%]	process PID output when operating at the
		maximum reference. The scaling percentage
		will be adjusted linearly between the scale
		at min. ref. (7-43 Process PID Gain Scale at
		Min. Ref.) and the scale at max. ref.
		(7-44 Process PID Gain Scale at Max. Ref.).

7-45	7-45 Process PID Feed Fwd Resource				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
[0] *	No function	Select which drive input should be used as the feed forward factor. The FF factor is added directly to the output of the PID controller. This increases dynamic performance.			
[1]	Analog Input 53				
[2]	Analog Input 54				
[7]	Frequency input 29				
[8]	Frequency input 33				
[11]	Local bus reference				
[20]	Digital pot.meter				
[21]	Analog input X30-11				
[22]	Analog input X30-12				
[29]	Analog Input X48/2				
[32]	Bus PCD	Selects a bus reference configured by 8-02 Control Word Source. Change 8-42 PCD Write Configuration for the bus used in order to make the feed- forward available in 7-48 PCD Feed Forward. Use index 1 for feed-forward [748] (and index 2 for reference [1682]).			

7-46 Process PID Feed Fwd Normal/ Inv. Ctrl.				
Opt	Option: Function:			
[0] *	* Normal Select [0] Normal to set the feed forward factor to treat the FF resource as a positive value.			
[1]	Inverse	Select [1]Inverse to treat the FF resource as a negative value.		
7-48	B PCD F	eed Forward		
Ran	ge:	Function:		
0 *	[0 - 655	 Read-out parameter where the bus 7-45 Process PID Feed Fwd Resource [32]) can be read. 		
7-49	Proces	s PID Output Normal/ Inv. Ctrl.		
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	Normal	Select [0] Normal to use the resulting output from the process PID controller as is.		
[1]	Inverse	Select [1] Inverse to invert the resulting output from the process PID controller. This operation is performed after the feed forward factor is applied.		

3.9.6 7-5*Ext. Process PID Ctrl.

Parameter group 7-5* is only used if 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to [7] Extended PID speed CL or [8] Extended PID Speed OL.

7-50 Process PID Extended PID				
Ор	tion:	Function:		
[0]	Disabled	Disables the extended parts of the process PID controller.		
[1] *	Enabled	Enables the extended parts of the PID controller.		
7-5	1 Process	9 PID Feed Fwd Gain		
Rai	nge:	Function:		
1 *	[0 - 100]	The feed forward is used to obtain the desired level, based on a well-known signal available. The PID controller then only takes care of the smaler part of the control, necessary because of unknown characters. The standard feed fwd factor in 7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Factor is always related to the reference whereas 7-51 Process PID Feed Fwd Gain has more choices. In winder applications, the feed fwd factor will typically be the line speed of the system.		
7-5	7-52 Process PID Feed Fwd Ramp up			
Rai	Range: Function:			

Range:		Function:	
0.01 s*	[0.01 - 10 s]	Controls the dynamics of the feed forward	
	signal when ramping up.		

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7-53 P	7-53 Process PID Feed Fwd Ramp down		
Range:	Range: Function:		
0.01 s*	[0.01 - 10 s]	Controls the dynamics of the feed forward signal when ramping down.	
7-56 P	rocess PID R	ef. Filter Time	
Range:		Function:	
0.001 s*	[0.001 - 1 s]	Set a time constant for the reference first order low-pass filter. The low-pass filter improves steady-state performance and dampens oscillations on the reference/ feedback signals. However severe filtering can be detrimental to dynamic performance.	
7-57 P	Process PID FI	b. Filter Time	
Range:	Range: Function:		
0.001 s*	[0.001 - 1 s]	Set a time constant for the feedback first order low-pass filter. The low-pass filter improves steady-state performance and dampens oscillations on the reference/ feedback signals. However severe filtering	

can be detrimental to dynamic

performance.



3.10 Parameters: 8-** Communications and Options

3.10.1 8-0* General Settings

8-01 Control Site				
Option:		Function:		
		The setting in this parameter overrides the settings in 8-50 Coasting Select to 8-56 Preset Reference Select.		
[0] *	Digital and ctrl.word	Control by using both digital input and control word.		
[1]	Digital only	Control by using digital inputs only.		
[2]	Controlword only	Control by using control word only.		

8-02 Control Word Source

Select the source of the control word: one of two serial interfaces or four installed options. During initial power-up, the frequency converter automatically sets this parameter to [3] Option A if it detects a valid fieldbus option installed in slot A. If the option is removed, the frequency converter detects a change in the configuration, sets 8-02 Control Word Source back to default setting RS-485, and the frequency converter trips. If an option is installed after initial power-up, the setting of 8-02 Control Word Source does not change, but the frequency converter trips and displays: Alarm 67 Option Changed.

When retrofitting a bus option into a frequency converter, that did not have a bus option installed to begin with, take an ACTIVE decision to move the control to Bus based. This is done for safety reasons to avoid an accidental change.

Option:		Function:
[0]	None	
[1] *	FC RS485	
[2]	FC USB	
[3] *	Option A	
[4]	Option B	
[5]	Option C0	
[6]	Option C1	
[30]	External Can	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

8-03	8-03 Control Word Timeout Time		
Range	e:	Function:	
[1.0 s]	0.1-18000.0 s	Enter the maximum time expected to	
		pass between the reception of two	
		consecutive telegrams. If this time is	
		exceeded, it indicates that the serial	
		communication has stopped. The	
		function selected in 8-04 Control Word	
		Timeout Function is then carried out. A	

8-03 Control Word Timeout Time

Range:		Function:	
		valid control word triggers the time-out	
		counter.	
20 s*	[0.1 -	Enter the maximum time expected to	
	18000.0 s]	pass between the reception of two	
		consecutive telegrams. If this time is	
		exceeded, it indicates that the serial	
		communication has stopped. The	
		function selected in 8-04 Control Word	
		<i>Timeout Function</i> is then carried out. A	
		valid control word triggers the time-out	
		counter.	

8-04 Control Word Timeout Function

Select the time-out function. The time-out function activates when the control word fails to be updated within the time period specified in *8-03 Control Word Timeout Time*.

Option:		Function:	
[0] *	Off	Resumes control via serial bus (fieldbus or standard) using the most recent control word.	
[1]	Freeze output	Freezes output frequency until communi- cation resumes.	
[2]	Stop	Stops with auto restart when communi- cation resumes.	
[3]	Jogging	Runs the motor at JOG frequency until communication resumes.	
[4]	Max. speed	Runs the motor at maximum frequency until communication resumes.	
[5]	Stop and trip	Stops the motor, then resets the frequency converter to restart: via the fieldbus, via [Reset], or via a digital input.	
[7]	Select setup 1	Changes the set-up upon reestablishment or communication following a control word time-out. If communication resumes after a time-out, 8-05 End-of-Timeout Function defines whether to resume the set-up used before the time-out, or to retain the set-up endorsed by the time-out function.	
[8]	Select setup 2	See [7] Select setup 1	
[9]	Select setup 3	See [7] Select setup 1	
[10] Select setup 4 See [7] Select setup 1		See [7] Select setup 1	

NOTE

To change the set-up after a time-out, the following configuration is required:

Set 0-10 Active Set-up to [9] Multi set-up and select the relevant link in 0-12 This Set-up Linked to.

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Option:		Function:
		Select the action after receiving a valid control word following a time-out. This parameter is active only when <i>8-04 Control</i> <i>Timeout Function</i> is set to [7] <i>Set-up 1</i> , [8] <i>Set-up 2</i> , [9] <i>Set-up 3</i> or [10] <i>Set-up 4</i> .
[0]	Hold set-up	Retains the set-up selected in 8-04 Control Timeout Function and displays a warning, until 8-06 Reset Control Timeout toggles. Then the frequency converter resumes its original set- up.
[1] *	Resume set- up	Resumes the set-up active before the time- out.

8-06 Reset Control Word Timeout

This parameter is active only when [0] Hold set-up has been selected in 8-05 End-of-Timeout Function.

Option:		Function:	
[0] *	Do not reset	Retains the set-up specified in 8-04 Control	
		Word Timeout Function, following a control	
		word time-out.	
[1]	Do reset	Returns the frequency converter to the	
		original set-up following a control word time-	
		out. The frequency converter performs the	
		reset and then immediately reverts to the [0]	
		Do not reset setting	

3.10.2 8-1* Ctrl. Word Settings

8-10 Control Word Profile

Select the interpretation of the control and status words corresponding to the installed fieldbus. Only the selections valid for the fieldbus installed in slot A will be visible in the LCP display.

For guidelines in selection of [0] FC profile and [1] PROFIdrive profile please refer to the Serial communication via RS-485 Interface section in the Design Guide.

For additional guidelines in the selection of [1] *PROFIdrive profile*, please refer to the Operating Instructions for the installed fieldbus.

Option:		Function:
[0] *	FC profile	
[1]	PROFIdrive profile	

8-13 Configurable Status Word STW

Opt	ion:	Function:
[0]	No function	The input is always low.
[1] *	Profile Default	Depended on the profile set in
		8-10 Control Profile.
[2]	Alarm 68 Only	The input goes high whenever Alarm 68
		is active and goes low whenever no
		alarm 68 is actived

8-13 Configurable Status Word STW

Option:		Function:	
[3]	Trip excl Alarm 68		
[16]	T37 DI status	The input goes high whenever T37 has 0 V and goes low whenever T37 has 24 V	
8-14 Configurable Control Word CTW			
Option: Function:		Function:	
		Selection of control word bit 10 if it	

		Selection of control word bit 10 if it is active low or active high.
[0]	None	
[1] *	Profile default	
[2]	CTW Valid, active low	

8-19 Product Code		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0 - 2147483647]	Select [0] to readout the actual
related*		fieldbus product code
		according to the mounted
		fieldbus option. Select [1] to
		readout the actual Vendor ID.

3.10.3 8-3* FC Port Settings

8-30	8-30 Protocol		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the protocol to be used. Changing	
		protocol will not be effective until after	
		powering off the frequency converter.	
[0] *	FC		
[1]	FC MC		
[2]	Modbus RTU		

8-31 Address

.

Range: Function: Size related* [1 255.] Enter the address for the FC (standard) port. Valid range: 1-126.			
(standard) port.	Range:	e: Function:	
	Size related*		(standard) port.

8-32 FC Port Baud Rate		
Opt	ion:	Function:
[0]	2400 Baud	Baud rate selection for the FC (standard)
		port.
[1]	4800 Baud	
[2] *	9600 Baud	
[3]	19200 Baud	
[4]	38400 Baud	
[5]	57600 Baud	
[6]	76800 Baud	
[7]	115200 Baud	

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8-33	8-33 Parity / Stop Bits			
Optior	Option: Function:			
[0] *	Even Parity, 1 St	Even Parity, 1 Stop Bit		
[1]	Odd Parity, 1 St	op Bit		
[2]	No Parity, 1 Stop	o Bit		
[3]	No Parity, 2 Sto	No Parity, 2 Stop Bits		
8-35 I	8-35 Minimum Response Delay			
Range	Range: Function:			
10 ms*	[1 - 10000.	Specify the minimum	delay time	
ms] between receiving a request and				
	transmitting a response. This is used			
	for overcoming modem turnaround			
	delays.			
8-36 I	8-36 Max Response Delay			

8-30 Max Response Delay		
Range:	Function:	
10001. ms*	[11	Specify the maximum permissible
	10001 ms]	delay time between transmitting a
		request and receiving a response. If a
		response from the frequency converter
		is exceeding the time setting then it
		will be discarded.

8-37 Max Inter-Char Delay		
Range:		Function:
25.00 ms*	[0.00 -	Specify the maximum permissible time
	35.00 ms]	interval between receipt of two bytes.
		This parameter activates time-out if
		transmission is interrupted.
		This parameter is active only when
		8-30 Protocol is set to [1] FC MC
		protocol.

3.10.4 8-4* FC MC Protocol Set

8-40	8-40 Telegram selection		
Opti	on:	Function:	
[1] *	Standard telegram 1	Enables use of freely configurable telegrams or standard telegrams for the FC port.	
[101]	PPO 1		
[102]	PPO 2		
[103]	PPO 3		
[104]	PPO 4		
[105]	PPO 5		
[106]	PPO 6		
[107]	PPO 7		
[108]	PPO 8		
[200]	Custom telegram 1	Enables use of freely configurable telegrams or standard telegrams for the FC port.	

8-41 Parameters for Signals					
Optio	Option: Function:				
[0] *	None	This parameter contains a list of signals available for selection in 8-42 PCD Write Configuration and 8-43 PCD Read Configu- ration.			
[15]	Readout: actual setup				
[302]	Minimum Reference				
[303]	Maximum Reference				
[312]	Catch up/slow Down Value				
[341]	Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time				
[342]	Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time				
[351]	Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time				
[352]	Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time				
[380]	Jog Ramp Time				
[381]	Quick Stop Ramp Time				
[411]	Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]				
[412]	Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]				
[413]	Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]				
[414]	Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]				
[416]	Torque Limit Motor Mode				
[417]	Torque Limit Generator Mode				
[590]	Digital & Relay Bus Control				
[593]	Pulse Out #27 Bus Control				
[595]	Pulse Out #29 Bus Control				
[597]	Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control				
[653]	Term 42 Output Bus Ctrl				
[663]	Terminal X30/8 Bus Control				
[673]	Terminal X45/1 Bus Control				
[683]	Terminal X45/3 Bus Control PCD Feed Forward				
[748] [890]	Bus Jog 1 Speed				
[890]	Bus Jog 2 Speed				
[1472]	Legacy Alarm Word				
[1473]	Legacy Warning Word				
[1474]	Leg. Ext. Status Word				
[1500]	Operating hours				
[1501]	Running Hours				
[1502]	kWh Counter				
[1600]	Control Word				
[1601]	Reference [Unit]				
[1602]	Reference %				
[1603]	Status Word				
[1605]	Main Actual Value [%]				
[1609]	Custom Readout				
[1610]	Power [kW]				
[1611]	Power [hp]				
[1612]	Motor Voltage				
[1613]	Frequency				
[1614]	Motor current				
[1615]	Frequency [%]				
[1616]	Torque [Nm]				

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8-41	Parameters for Signals	
Optio	n:	Function:
[1617]	Speed [RPM]	
[1618]	Motor Thermal	
[1619]	KTY sensor temperature	
[1620]	Motor Angle	
[1621]	Torque [%] High Res.	
[1622]	Torque [%]	
[1625]	Torque [Nm] High	
[1630]	DC Link Voltage	
[1632]	Brake Energy /s	
[1633]	Brake Energy /2 min	
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.	
[1635]	Inverter Thermal	
[1638]	SL Controller State	
[1639]	Control Card Temp.	
[1648]	Speed Ref. After Ramp [RPM]	
[1650]	External Reference	
[1651]	Pulse Reference	
[1652]	Feedback[Unit]	
[1653]	Digi Pot Reference	
[1657]	Feedback [RPM]	
[1660]	Digital Input	
[1661]	Terminal 53 Switch Setting	
[1662]	Analog Input 53	
[1663]	Terminal 54 Switch Setting	
[1664]	Analog Input 54	
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]	
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]	
[1667]	Freq. Input #29 [Hz]	
[1668]	Freq. Input #33 [Hz]	
[1669]	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	
[1670]	Pulse Output #29 [Hz]	
[1671]	Relay Output [bin]	
[1672]	Counter A	
[1673]	Counter B	
[1674]	Prec. Stop Counter	
[1675]	Analog In X30/11	
[1676]	Analog In X30/12	
[1677]	Analog Out X30/8 [mA]	
[1678]	Analog Out X45/1 [mA]	
[1679]	Analog Out X45/3 [mA]	
[1680]	Fieldbus CTW 1	
[1682]	Fieldbus REF 1	
[1684]	Comm. Option STW	
[1685]	FC Port CTW 1	
[1686]	FC Port REF 1	
[1687]	Bus Readout Alarm/Warning	
[1690]	Alarm Word	
[1691]	Alarm Word 2	
[1692]	Warning Word	
[1693]	Warning Word 2	
[1694]	Ext. Status Word	
[1860]	Digital Input 2	

Option: Function: [3310] Sync Factor Master [3311] Sync Factor Slave [3401] PCD 1 Write to MCO [3402] PCD 2 Write to MCO [3403] PCD 3 Write to MCO [3404] PCD 4 Write to MCO [3405] PCD 5 Write to MCO [3406] PCD 6 Write to MCO [3407] PCD 7 Write to MCO [3408] PCD 8 Write to MCO [3409] PCD 9 Write to MCO [3410] PCD 10 Write to MCO [3422] PCD 1 Read from MCO [3423] PCD 3 Read from MCO [3424] PCD 4 Read from MCO [3425] PCD 5 Read from MCO [3426] PCD 6 Read from MCO [3427] PCD 7 Read from MCO [3428] PCD 8 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3441] Digital Inputs [3442] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3443] Actual Position [3444] Digital Outputs <th>8-41</th> <th>Parameters for Signals</th> <th></th>	8-41	Parameters for Signals	
33111 Sync Factor Slave [3401] PCD 1 Write to MCO [3402] PCD 2 Write to MCO [3403] PCD 3 Write to MCO [3404] PCD 4 Write to MCO [3405] PCD 5 Write to MCO [3406] PCD 6 Write to MCO [3407] PCD 7 Write to MCO [3408] PCD 8 Write to MCO [34109] PCD 1 Write to MCO [3421] PCD 1 Read from MCO [3422] PCD 2 Read from MCO [3423] PCD 3 Read from MCO [3424] PCD 4 Read from MCO [3425] PCD 5 Read from MCO [3426] PCD 6 Read from MCO [3427] PCD 7 Read from MCO [3428] PCD 8 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3420] PCD 10 Read from MCO [3441] Digital Inputs [3442] PCD 10 Read from MCO [3443] PCD 10 Read from MCO [3444] Digital Inputs [3445] Actual Position [3445] Actual Position	Optio	n:	Function:
33111 Sync Factor Slave [3401] PCD 1 Write to MCO [3402] PCD 2 Write to MCO [3403] PCD 3 Write to MCO [3404] PCD 4 Write to MCO [3405] PCD 5 Write to MCO [3406] PCD 6 Write to MCO [3407] PCD 7 Write to MCO [3408] PCD 8 Write to MCO [34109] PCD 1 Write to MCO [3421] PCD 1 Read from MCO [3422] PCD 2 Read from MCO [3423] PCD 3 Read from MCO [3424] PCD 4 Read from MCO [3425] PCD 5 Read from MCO [3426] PCD 6 Read from MCO [3427] PCD 7 Read from MCO [3428] PCD 8 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3420] PCD 10 Read from MCO [3441] Digital Inputs [3442] PCD 10 Read from MCO [3443] PCD 10 Read from MCO [3444] Digital Inputs [3445] Actual Position [3445] Actual Position	[3310]	Sync Factor Master	
14011 PCD 1 Write to MCO [3402] PCD 2 Write to MCO [3403] PCD 3 Write to MCO [3404] PCD 4 Write to MCO [3405] PCD 5 Write to MCO [3406] PCD 6 Write to MCO [3407] PCD 7 Write to MCO [3408] PCD 8 Write to MCO [3409] PCD 19 Write to MCO [3410] PCD 10 Write to MCO [3421] PCD 1 Read from MCO [3422] PCD 2 Read from MCO [3423] PCD 4 Read from MCO [3424] PCD 4 Read from MCO [3425] PCD 5 Read from MCO [3426] PCD 6 Read from MCO [3427] PCD 7 Read from MCO [3428] PCD 8 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3420] PCD 10 Read from MCO [3421] PCD 7 Read from MCO [3422] PCD 7 Read from MCO [3423] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3424] Digital Inputs [3440] Digital Inputs [3441] Digital Outputs </td <td></td> <td>·</td> <td></td>		·	
3402) PCD 2 Write to MCO [3403] PCD 3 Write to MCO [3404] PCD 4 Write to MCO [3405] PCD 5 Write to MCO [3406] PCD 6 Write to MCO [3407] PCD 7 Write to MCO [3408] PCD 8 Write to MCO [3409] PCD 9 Write to MCO [3410] PCD 10 Write to MCO [3421] PCD 1 Read from MCO [3422] PCD 2 Read from MCO [3423] PCD 5 Read from MCO [3424] PCD 6 Read from MCO [3425] PCD 7 Read from MCO [3426] PCD 7 Read from MCO [3427] PCD 7 Read from MCO [3428] PCD 8 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3440] Digital Inputs [3441] Digital Outputs [3453] Actual Master Position [3454] Commanded Position [3455] Curve Position [3456] Track Error		•	
3403 PCD 3 Write to MCO [3404] PCD 4 Write to MCO [3405] PCD 5 Write to MCO [3406] PCD 6 Write to MCO [3407] PCD 7 Write to MCO [3408] PCD 8 Write to MCO [3409] PCD 9 Write to MCO [3410] PCD 10 Write to MCO [3421] PCD 1 Read from MCO [3422] PCD 2 Read from MCO [3423] PCD 3 Read from MCO [3424] PCD 4 Read from MCO [3425] PCD 5 Read from MCO [3426] PCD 6 Read from MCO [3427] PCD 7 Read from MCO [3428] PCD 8 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3441] Digital Inputs [3442] DCD 10 Read from MCO [3443] Digital Outputs [3444] Digital Nuputs [3445] Actual Position [3445] Commanded Position [345] Curve Position [345] Curve Position			
3404 PCD 4 Write to MCO [3405] PCD 5 Write to MCO [3406] PCD 6 Write to MCO [3407] PCD 7 Write to MCO [3408] PCD 8 Write to MCO [3409] PCD 9 Write to MCO [3410] PCD 10 Write to MCO [3421] PCD 1 Read from MCO [3422] PCD 2 Read from MCO [3423] PCD 3 Read from MCO [3424] PCD 4 Read from MCO [3425] PCD 5 Read from MCO [3426] PCD 6 Read from MCO [3427] PCD 7 Read from MCO [3428] PCD 8 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3430] PCD 10 Read from MCO [3441] Digital Inputs [3450] Actual Position [3451] Commanded Position [3452] Actual Master Position [3453] Slave Index Position [3454] Master Index Position [3455] Curve Position [3456] Track Error <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Status PCD 5 Write to MCO [3405] PCD 6 Write to MCO [3407] PCD 7 Write to MCO [3408] PCD 8 Write to MCO [3409] PCD 9 Write to MCO [3410] PCD 10 Write to MCO [3421] PCD 1 Read from MCO [3422] PCD 2 Read from MCO [3423] PCD 3 Read from MCO [3424] PCD 4 Read from MCO [3425] PCD 5 Read from MCO [3426] PCD 6 Read from MCO [3427] PCD 7 Read from MCO [3428] PCD 8 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3440] Digital Inputs [3441] Digital Outputs [3442] Actual Position [3453] Save Index Position [3454] Master Index Position [3455] Curve Position [3456] Track Error [3457] Synchronizing Error [3458] Actual Master Velocity [3459] Actual Master Velocity <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Status PCD 6 Write to MCO [3406] PCD 7 Write to MCO [3408] PCD 8 Write to MCO [3409] PCD 9 Write to MCO [3410] PCD 10 Write to MCO [3421] PCD 1 Read from MCO [3422] PCD 2 Read from MCO [3423] PCD 3 Read from MCO [3424] PCD 4 Read from MCO [3425] PCD 5 Read from MCO [3426] PCD 6 Read from MCO [3427] PCD 7 Read from MCO [3428] PCD 8 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3430] PCD 10 Read from MCO [3441] Digital Inputs [3441] Digital Outputs [3452] Actual Position [3453] Save Index Position [3454] Master Index Position [3455] Curve Position [3456] Track Error [3457] Synchronizing Error [3458] Actual Master Velocity [3459] Actual Master Velocity<			
3407 PCD 7 Write to MCO [3408] PCD 8 Write to MCO [3409] PCD 9 Write to MCO [3410] PCD 10 Write to MCO [3421] PCD 1 Read from MCO [3422] PCD 2 Read from MCO [3423] PCD 3 Read from MCO [3424] PCD 4 Read from MCO [3425] PCD 5 Read from MCO [3426] PCD 6 Read from MCO [3427] PCD 7 Read from MCO [3428] PCD 8 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3440] Digital Inputs [3441] Digital Outputs [3454] Actual Position [3455] Curve Position [3454] Master Index Position [3455] Curve Position [3456] Track Error [3457] Synchronizing Error [3458] Actual Velocity [3459] Actual Master Velocity [3460] Synchronizing Status [3461] Axis Status <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>			
3408 PCD 8 Write to MCO [3409] PCD 9 Write to MCO [3410] PCD 10 Write to MCO [3421] PCD 1 Read from MCO [3422] PCD 2 Read from MCO [3423] PCD 3 Read from MCO [3424] PCD 4 Read from MCO [3425] PCD 5 Read from MCO [3426] PCD 6 Read from MCO [3427] PCD 7 Read from MCO [3428] PCD 8 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3440] Digital Inputs [3441] Digital Outputs [3453] Actual Position [3454] Commanded Position [3455] Curve Position [3456] Track Error [3457] Synchronizing Error [3458] Actual Velocity [3459] Actual Master Velocity [3451] Consol Status [3452] Actual Master Velocity [3453] Sactus [3454] Master Index Position			
[3409] PCD 9 Wite to MCO [3410] PCD 10 Write to MCO [3421] PCD 1 Read from MCO [3422] PCD 2 Read from MCO [3423] PCD 4 Read from MCO [3424] PCD 4 Read from MCO [3425] PCD 5 Read from MCO [3426] PCD 6 Read from MCO [3427] PCD 7 Read from MCO [3428] PCD 8 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3441] Digital Inputs [3441] Digital Outputs [3452] Actual Position [3453] Slave Index Position [3454] Master Index Position [3455] Curve Position [3456] Track Error [3457] Synchronizing Error [3458] Actual Velocity [3459] Actual Master Velocity [3451] Corream Status [3452] Program Status [3453] Sheven row of 1 [3454] Master Velocity [3455] MCO 302 Control [3464]			
3410 PCD 10 Write to MCO [3421] PCD 1 Read from MCO [3422] PCD 2 Read from MCO [3423] PCD 3 Read from MCO [3424] PCD 4 Read from MCO [3425] PCD 5 Read from MCO [3426] PCD 6 Read from MCO [3427] PCD 7 Read from MCO [3428] PCD 8 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 10 Read from MCO [3441] Digital Inputs [3441] Digital Outputs [3450] Actual Position [3451] Commanded Position [3452] Actual Master Position [3453] Slave Index Position [3454] Master Index Position [3455] Curve Position [3456] Track Error [3457] Synchronizing Error [3458] Actual Velocity [3459] Actual Master Velocity [3451] Congram Status [3462] Program Status [3463] MCO 302 Control			
[3421] PCD 1 Read from MCO [3422] PCD 2 Read from MCO [3423] PCD 3 Read from MCO [3424] PCD 4 Read from MCO [3425] PCD 5 Read from MCO [3426] PCD 6 Read from MCO [3427] PCD 7 Read from MCO [3428] PCD 8 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3421] Digital Inputs [3441] Digital Outputs [3451] Commanded Position [3452] Actual Position [3453] Slave Index Position [3454] Master Index Position [3455] Curve Position [3456] Track Error [3457] Synchronizing Error [3458] Actual Velocity [3459] Actual Master Velocity [3450] Synchronizing Status [3461] Axis Status [3462] Program Status [3464] MCO 302 Control [3470] MCO Alarm Word 1 [3471] MCO Alarm Word 2 [4280] Safe Option Status [4280]			
[3422] PCD 2 Read from MCO [3423] PCD 3 Read from MCO [3424] PCD 4 Read from MCO [3425] PCD 5 Read from MCO [3426] PCD 6 Read from MCO [3427] PCD 7 Read from MCO [3428] PCD 8 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3430] PCD 10 Read from MCO [3441] Digital Inputs [3441] Digital Outputs [3453] Actual Position [3454] Actual Position [3455] Curve Position [3454] Master Index Position [3455] Curve Position [3456] Track Error [3457] Synchronizing Error [3458] Actual Velocity [3459] Actual Master Velocity [3460] Synchronizing Status [3461] Axis Status [3462] Program Status [3464] MCO 302 Control [3470] MCO Alarm Word 1 [3471] MCO Alarm Word 2 [4280] Safe Option Status [4280] <		PCD 1 Read from MCO	
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[3424]PCD 4 Read from MCO[3425]PCD 5 Read from MCO[3426]PCD 6 Read from MCO[3427]PCD 7 Read from MCO[3428]PCD 8 Read from MCO[3429]PCD 9 Read from MCO[3430]PCD 10 Read from MCO[3441]Digital Inputs[3441]Digital Outputs[3450]Actual Position[3451]Commanded Position[3452]Actual Position[3453]Slave Index Position[3454]Master Index Position[3455]Curve Position[3456]Track Error[3457]Synchronizing Error[3458]Actual Master Velocity[3460]Synchronizing Status[3461]Axis Status[3462]Program Status[3463]MCO 302 Control[3470]MCO Alarm Word 1[3471]MCO Alarm Word 2[4286]Safe Option Info 8-42 PCD Write Configuration			
[3425] PCD 5 Read from MCO [3426] PCD 6 Read from MCO [3427] PCD 7 Read from MCO [3428] PCD 8 Read from MCO [3429] PCD 9 Read from MCO [3430] PCD 10 Read from MCO [3441] Digital Inputs [3441] Digital Outputs [3451] Commanded Position [3452] Actual Position [3453] Slave Index Position [3454] Master Index Position [3455] Curve Position [3456] Track Error [3457] Synchronizing Error [3458] Actual Velocity [3459] Actual Master Velocity [3459] Actual Master Velocity [3459] Actual Master Velocity [3451] Gorgam Status [3462] Program Status [3463] MCO 302 Control [3470] MCO Alarm Word 1 [3471] MCO Alarm Word 2 [4286] Safe Option Status [4286] Safe Option Info			
[3427]PCD 7 Read from MCO[3428]PCD 8 Read from MCO[3429]PCD 9 Read from MCO[3430]PCD 10 Read from MCO[3440]Digital Inputs[3441]Digital Outputs[3450]Actual Position[3451]Commanded Position[3452]Actual Master Position[3453]Slave Index Position[3454]Master Index Position[3455]Curve Position[3456]Track Error[3457]Synchronizing Error[3458]Actual Master Velocity[3459]Actual Master Velocity[3459]Actual Master Velocity[3461]Axis Status[3462]Program Status[3463]MCO 302 Control[3470]MCO Alarm Word 1[3471]MCO Alarm Word 2[4286]Safe Option Info8-42PCD Write Configuration	[3425]	PCD 5 Read from MCO	
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[3430]PCD 10 Read from MCO[3440]Digital Inputs[3441]Digital Outputs[3450]Actual Position[3451]Commanded Position[3452]Actual Master Position[3453]Slave Index Position[3454]Master Index Position[3455]Curve Position[3456]Track Error[3457]Synchronizing Error[3458]Actual Master Velocity[3459]Actual Master Velocity[3460]Synchronizing Status[3461]Axis Status[3462]Program Status[3463]MCO 302 Control[3470]MCO Alarm Word 1[3471]MCO Alarm Word 2[4285]Active Safe Func.[4286]Safe Option Info	[3428]	PCD 8 Read from MCO	
[3440]Digital Inputs[3441]Digital Outputs[3451]Commanded Position[3452]Actual Master Position[3453]Slave Index Position[3454]Master Index Position[3455]Curve Position[3456]Track Error[3457]Synchronizing Error[3458]Actual Master Velocity[3459]Actual Master Velocity[3450]Synchronizing Status[3461]Axis Status[3462]Program Status[3463]MCO 302 Control[3470]MCO Alarm Word 1[3471]MCO Alarm Word 2[4285]Active Safe Func.[4286]Safe Option Info	[3429]	PCD 9 Read from MCO	
[3441]Digital Outputs[3450]Actual Position[3451]Commanded Position[3452]Actual Master Position[3453]Slave Index Position[3454]Master Index Position[3455]Curve Position[3456]Track Error[3457]Synchronizing Error[3458]Actual Velocity[3459]Actual Master Velocity[3450]Synchronizing Status[3461]Axis Status[3462]Program Status[3463]MCO 302 Control[3470]MCO Alarm Word 1[3471]MCO Alarm Word 2[4280]Safe Option Status[4285]Active Safe Func.[4286]Safe Option Info	[3430]	PCD 10 Read from MCO	
[3450]Actual Position[3451]Commanded Position[3452]Actual Master Position[3453]Slave Index Position[3454]Master Index Position[3455]Curve Position[3456]Track Error[3457]Synchronizing Error[3458]Actual Velocity[3459]Actual Master Velocity[3460]Synchronizing Status[3461]Axis Status[3462]Program Status[3463]MCO 302 Control[3470]MCO Alarm Word 1[3471]MCO Alarm Word 2[4280]Safe Option Status[4286]Safe Option Info 8-42 PCD Write Configuration	[3440]	Digital Inputs	
[3451]Commanded Position[3452]Actual Master Position[3453]Slave Index Position[3454]Master Index Position[3455]Curve Position[3456]Track Error[3457]Synchronizing Error[3458]Actual Velocity[3459]Actual Master Velocity[3460]Synchronizing Status[3461]Axis Status[3462]Program Status[3463]MCO 302 Control[3470]MCO Alarm Word 1[3471]MCO Alarm Word 2[4285]Active Safe Func.[4286]Safe Option Info 8-42 PCD Write Configuration	[3441]	Digital Outputs	
[3452]Actual Master Position[3453]Slave Index Position[3454]Master Index Position[3455]Curve Position[3455]Curve Position[3456]Track Error[3457]Synchronizing Error[3458]Actual Velocity[3459]Actual Master Velocity[3460]Synchronizing Status[3461]Axis Status[3462]Program Status[3463]MCO 302 Status[3464]MCO 302 Control[3470]MCO Alarm Word 1[3471]MCO Alarm Word 2[4285]Active Safe Func.[4286]Safe Option Info8-42PCD Write Configuration	[3450]	Actual Position	
[3453]Slave Index Position[3454]Master Index Position[3455]Curve Position[3456]Track Error[3457]Synchronizing Error[3458]Actual Velocity[3459]Actual Master Velocity[3460]Synchronizing Status[3461]Axis Status[3462]Program Status[3463]MCO 302 Status[3464]MCO 302 Control[3470]MCO Alarm Word 1[3471]MCO Alarm Word 2[4280]Safe Option Status[4285]Active Safe Func.[4286]Safe Option Info	[3451]	Commanded Position	
[3454]Master Index Position[3454]Master Index Position[3455]Curve Position[3456]Track Error[3457]Synchronizing Error[3458]Actual Velocity[3459]Actual Master Velocity[3460]Synchronizing Status[3461]Axis Status[3462]Program Status[3463]MCO 302 Status[3464]MCO 302 Control[3470]MCO Alarm Word 1[3471]MCO Alarm Word 2[4280]Safe Option Status[4285]Active Safe Func.[4286]Safe Option Info	[3452]	Actual Master Position	
[3455]Curve Position[3455]Curve Position[3456]Track Error[3457]Synchronizing Error[3458]Actual Velocity[3459]Actual Master Velocity[3460]Synchronizing Status[3461]Axis Status[3462]Program Status[3463]MCO 302 Status[3464]MCO 302 Control[3470]MCO Alarm Word 1[3471]MCO Alarm Word 2[4280]Safe Option Status[4285]Active Safe Func.[4286]Safe Option Info	[3453]	Slave Index Position	
[3456]Track Error[3457]Synchronizing Error[3458]Actual Velocity[3459]Actual Master Velocity[3460]Synchronizing Status[3461]Axis Status[3462]Program Status[3463]MCO 302 Status[3464]MCO 302 Control[3470]MCO Alarm Word 1[3471]MCO Alarm Word 2[4280]Safe Option Status[4285]Active Safe Func.[4286]Safe Option Info	[3454]	Master Index Position	
[3457]Synchronizing Error[3458]Actual Velocity[3459]Actual Master Velocity[3460]Synchronizing Status[3461]Axis Status[3462]Program Status[3463]MCO 302 Status[3464]MCO 302 Control[3470]MCO Alarm Word 1[3471]MCO Alarm Word 2[4280]Safe Option Status[4285]Active Safe Func.[4286]Safe Option Info	[3455]	Curve Position	
[3458]Actual Velocity[3459]Actual Master Velocity[3460]Synchronizing Status[3461]Axis Status[3462]Program Status[3464]MCO 302 Status[3465]MCO 302 Control[3470]MCO Alarm Word 1[3471]MCO Alarm Word 2[4280]Safe Option Status[4285]Active Safe Func.[4286]Safe Option Info	[3456]	Track Error	
[3459]Actual Master Velocity[3460]Synchronizing Status[3461]Axis Status[3462]Program Status[3464]MCO 302 Status[3465]MCO 302 Control[3470]MCO Alarm Word 1[3471]MCO Alarm Word 2[4280]Safe Option Status[4285]Active Safe Func.[4286]Safe Option Info	[3457]	Synchronizing Error	
[3460]Synchronizing Status[3461]Axis Status[3462]Program Status[3464]MCO 302 Status[3464]MCO 302 Control[3465]MCO 302 Control[3470]MCO Alarm Word 1[3471]MCO Alarm Word 2[4280]Safe Option Status[4285]Active Safe Func.[4286]Safe Option Info	[3458]	Actual Velocity	
[3461] Axis Status [3462] Program Status [3464] MCO 302 Status [3465] MCO 302 Control [3470] MCO Alarm Word 1 [3471] MCO Alarm Word 2 [4280] Safe Option Status [4285] Active Safe Func. [4286] Safe Option Info	[3459]	Actual Master Velocity	
[3462] Program Status [3464] MCO 302 Status [3465] MCO 302 Control [3470] MCO Alarm Word 1 [3471] MCO Alarm Word 2 [4280] Safe Option Status [4285] Active Safe Func. [4286] Safe Option Info	[3460]	Synchronizing Status	
[3464] MCO 302 Status [3465] MCO 302 Control [3470] MCO Alarm Word 1 [3471] MCO Alarm Word 2 [4280] Safe Option Status [4285] Active Safe Func. [4286] Safe Option Info 8-42 PCD Write Configuration	[3461]	Axis Status	
[3465]MCO 302 Control[3470]MCO Alarm Word 1[3471]MCO Alarm Word 2[4280]Safe Option Status[4285]Active Safe Func.[4286]Safe Option Info8-42PCD Write Configuration	[3462]	Program Status	
[3470]MCO Alarm Word 1[3471]MCO Alarm Word 2[4280]Safe Option Status[4285]Active Safe Func.[4286]Safe Option Info8-42PCD Write Configuration	[3464]	MCO 302 Status	
[3471]MCO Alarm Word 2[4280]Safe Option Status[4285]Active Safe Func.[4286]Safe Option Info8-42PCD Write Configuration	[3465]	MCO 302 Control	
[4280] Safe Option Status [4285] Active Safe Func. [4286] Safe Option Info 8-42 PCD Write Configuration	[3470]	MCO Alarm Word 1	
[4285] Active Safe Func. [4286] Safe Option Info 8-42 PCD Write Configuration	[3471]		
[4286] Safe Option Info 8-42 PCD Write Configuration	[4280]		
8-42 PCD Write Configuration	[4285]		
	[4286]	Safe Option Info	
	8- <u>42</u>	PCD Write Configuration	

Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0 - 9999]	Select the parameters to be assigned
		to PCD's telegrams. The number of
		available PCDs depends on the
		telegram type. The values in PCD's

Da	<u>nfvšš</u>
0-	

8-42 PCD	Write Config	uration
Range:		Function:
		will then be written to the selected
		parameters as data values.
8-43 PCD Read Configuration		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0 - 9999]	Select the parameters to be assigned to PCD's of the telegrams. The number of available PCDs depends on the telegram type. PCDs contain the actual data values of the selected parameters.

3.10.5 8-5* Digital/Bus

Parameters for configuring the control word Digital/Bus merging.

NOTE

These parameters are active only when 8-01 Control Site is set to [0] Digital and control word.

8-50	8-50 Coasting Select		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select control of the coasting function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the bus.	
[0]	Digital input	Activates Start command via a digital input.	
[1]	Bus	Activates Start command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3] *	Logic OR	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	

8-51 Quick Stop Select

Select control of the Quick Stop function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the bus.

Option:		Function:
[0]	Digital input	
[1]	Bus	
[2]	Logic AND	
[3] *	Logic OR	

8-52 DC Brake Select		
Opt	Option: Function:	
		Select control of the DC brake via the terminals
	(digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.	

8-52	8-52 DC Brake Select		
Option:		Function: NOTE Only selection [0] Digital input is available when 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM non-salient SPM.	
[0]	Digital input	Activates Start command via a digital input.	
[1]	Bus	Activates Start command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	 Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs. 	
[3] *	Logic OR	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	

8-53	8-53 Start Select			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select control of the frequency converter start function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.		
[0]	Digital input	Activates Start command via a digital input.		
[1]	Bus	Activates Start command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.		
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.		
[3] *	Logic OR	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.		
8-54	Reversing	Select		
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0]	Digital input	Select control of the frequency converter reverse function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.		
[1]	Bus	Activates the Reverse command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.		
[2]	Logic AND	Activates the Reverse command via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.		
[3] *	Logic OR	Activates the Reverse command via the		

fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one

of the digital inputs.

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8-55	8-55 Set-up Select			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select control of the frequency converter set- up selection via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.		
[0]	Digital input	Activates the set-up selection via a digital input.		
[1]	Bus	Activates the set-up selection via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.		
[2]	[2] Logic AND Activates the set-up selection via the fields serial communication port, AND additional via one of the digital inputs.			
[3] *	Logic OR	Activate the set-up selection via the fieldbus/ serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.		

8-56 Preset Reference Select

Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select control of the frequency converter Preset Reference selection via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.	
[0]	Digital input	Activates Preset Reference selection via a digital input.	
[1]	Bus	Activates Preset Reference selection via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Preset Reference selection via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3] *	Logic OR	Activates the Preset Reference selection via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	

8-57 Profidrive OFF2 Select

Select control of the OFF2 selection via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus. This parameter is active only when par. 8-01 Control Site is set to [0] Digital and ctrl. word and par. 8-10 is set to [1] Profidrive profile.

Option: F		Function:
[0]	Digital input	
[1]	Bus	
[2]	Logic AND	
[3] *	Logic OR	

8-58 Profidrive OFF3 Select

Select control of the OFF3 selection via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus. This parameter is active only when par. 8-01 Control Site is set to [0] Digital and control word and par. 8-10 is set to [1] Profidrive profile.

Option:		Function:	
[0]	Digital input		
[1]	Bus		
[2]	Logic AND		

8-58 Profidrive OFF3 Select

Select control of the OFF3 selection via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus. This parameter is active only when par. 8-01 Control Site is set to [0] Digital and control word and par. 8-10 is set to [1] Profidrive profile.

Option:		Function:
[3] *	Logic OR	

3.10.6 8-8* FC Port Diagnostics

These parameters are used for monitoring the Bus communication via the FC Port.

8-80 Bus Message Count					
Ra	Range: Function:				
0 *	0 * [0 - 0] This parameter shows the number of valid				
		telegrams detected on the bus.			
8-8	31 Bus Ei	rror Count			
Ra	nge:	Function:			
0 *	[0 - 0]	This parameter shows the number of telegrams			
		with faults (e.g. CRC fault), detected on the bus.			
8-8	R2 Slave	Messages Brud			
	8-82 Slave Messages Rcvd				
Ra	nge:	Function:			
	nge:				
Ra	nge:	Function:			
Ra	nge:	Function: This parameter shows the number of valid			
Ra 0 *	nge: [0 - 0]	Function: This parameter shows the number of valid telegrams addressed to the slave, sent by the frequency converter.			
Ra 0 *	nge: [0 - 0] 33 Slave	Function: This parameter shows the number of valid telegrams addressed to the slave, sent by the frequency converter. Error Count			
Ra 0 *	nge: [0 - 0] 33 Slave	Function: This parameter shows the number of valid telegrams addressed to the slave, sent by the frequency converter.			
Ra 0 *	nge: [0 - 0] 33 Slave nge:	Function: This parameter shows the number of valid telegrams addressed to the slave, sent by the frequency converter. Error Count			
Ra 0 * 8-8 Ra	nge: [0 - 0] 33 Slave nge:	Function: This parameter shows the number of valid telegrams addressed to the slave, sent by the frequency converter. Error Count Function:			
Ra 0 * 8-8 Ra	nge: [0 - 0] 33 Slave nge:	Function: This parameter shows the number of valid telegrams addressed to the slave, sent by the frequency converter. Error Count Function: This parameter shows the number of error			

3.10.7 8-9* Bus Jog

8-90 Bus Jog 1 Speed			
Range:		Function:	
100 RPM*	[0 - par. 4-13 RPM]	Enter the jog speed. Activate this fixed jog speed via the serial port or fieldbus option.	
8-91 Bu	8-91 Bus Jog 2 Speed		
Range:		Function:	

3.11 Parameters: 9-** Profibus

For Profibus parameter descriptions, see the Profibus Operating Instructions.

3.12 Parameters: 10-** DeviceNet CAN Fieldbus

For Devicenet parameter descriptions, see the Devicenet Operating Instructions.

3.13 Parameters: 12-** Ethernet

For Ethernet parameter descriptions, see the Ethernet Operating Instructions.

3.14 Parameters: 13-** Smart Logic Control

3.14.1 Prog. Features

Smart Logic Control (SLC) is essentially a sequence of user defined actions (see 13-52 SL Controller Action [x]) executed by the SLC when the associated user defined *event* (see 13-51 SL Controller Event [x]) is evaluated as TRUE by the SLC.

The condition for an event can be a particular status or that the output from a Logic Rule or a Comparator Operand becomes TRUE. That will lead to an associated Action as illustrated:

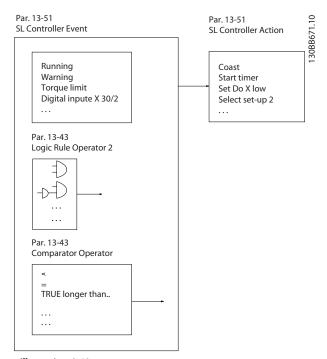


Illustration 3.48

Events and actions are each numbered and linked together in pairs (states). This means that when event [0] is fulfilled (attains the value TRUE), action [0] is executed. After this, the conditions of event [1] will be evaluated and if evaluated TRUE, action [1] will be executed and so on. Only one event will be evaluated at any time. If an event is evaluated as FALSE, nothing happens (in the SLC) during the current scan interval and no other events will be evaluated. This means that when the SLC starts, it evaluates event [0] (and only event [0]) each scan interval. Only when event [0] is evaluated TRUE, will the SLC execute action [0] and start evaluating event [1]. It is possible to programme from 1 to 20 events and actions. When the last event/action has been executed, the sequence starts over again from event [0]/action [0]. The illustration shows an example with three event / actions:

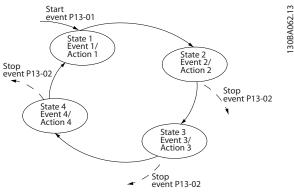


Illustration 3.49

Starting and stopping the SLC:

Starting and stopping the SLC can be done by selecting .On [1]. or .Off [0]. in *13-00 SL Controller Mode*. The SLC always starts in state 0 (where it evaluates *event* [0]). The SLC starts when the Start Event (defined in *13-01 Start Event*) is evaluated as TRUE (provided that *On* [1] is selected in *13-00 SL Controller Mode*). The SLC stops when the *Stop Event* (*13-02 Stop Event*) is TRUE. *13-03 Reset SLC* resets all SLC parameters and start programming from scratch.

NOTE

SLC is only active in AUTO mode, not Hand On mode

3.14.2 13-0* SLC Settings

Use the SLC settings to activate, deactivate and reset the Smart Logic Control sequence. The logic functions and comtors are always running in the background, which opens for sete control of digital inputs and outputs.

3

13-0)0 SL (Controller M	ode
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0]	Off Disables the -**Smart Logic Controller.		
[1]	On Enables the Smart Logic Controller.		
13-0)1 Stai	t Event	
Sele	ct the b	oolean (TRUE	or FALSE) input to activate Smart Logic
Con	trol.		
Opt	ion:		Function:
[0] *	False		Select the boolean (TRUE or FALSE)
			input to activate Smart Logic Control. Enters the fixed value - FALSE
[1]	True		Enters the fixed value - TRUE.
[2]	Runnin	ıg	The motor is running.
[3]	In rang	je	The motor is running within the
			programmed current and speed ranges
			set in 4-50 Warning Current Low to 4-53 Warning Speed High.
[4]	On ref	erence	The motor is running on reference.
[5]	Torque	e limit	The torque limit, set in 4-16 Torque
			Limit Motor Mode or 4-17 Torque Limit
			Generator Mode, has been exceeded.
[6]	Curren	t limit	The motor current limit, set in <i>4-18 Current Limit</i> , has been exceeded.
[7]	Out of		
[7]	Out of current range		The motor current is outside the range set in <i>4-18 Current Limit</i> .
[8]	Below I low		The motor current is lower than set in
			4-50 Warning Current Low.
[9]	Above I high		The motor current is higher than set in
			4-51 Warning Current High.
[10]	Out of speed		The speed is outside the range set in
	range		4-52 Warning Speed Low and 4-53 Warning Speed High.
[11]	Bolow	speed low	The output speed is lower than the
	DEIUW	speed low	setting in 4-52 Warning Speed Low.
[12]	Above	speed high	The output speed is higher than the
			setting in 4-53 Warning Speed High.
[13]	Out of	feedb.	The feedback is outside the range set
	range		in 4-56 Warning Feedback Low and
	4-57 Warning Feedback High.		
[14]	Below	feedb. low	The feedback is below the limit set in 4-56 Warning Feedback Low.
[15]	Above	feedb. high	The feedback is above the limit set in
		2	4-57 Warning Feedback High.
[16]	Therma	al warning	The thermal warning turns on when
			the temperature exceeds the limit in
			the motor, the frequency converter,
			the brake resistor or the thermistor.

13-01 Start Event

Select the boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input to activate Smart Logic Control.

Control.			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[17]	Mains out of range	The mains voltage is outside the specified voltage range.	
[18]	Reversing	The output is high when the frequency converter is running counter clockwise (the logical product of the status bits "running" AND "reverse").	
[19]	Warning	A warning is active.	
[20]	Alarm (trip)	A (trip) alarm is active.	
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	A (Trip lock) alarm is active.	
[22]	Comparator 0	Use the result of comparator 0.	
[23]	Comparator 1	Use the result of comparator 1.	
[24]	Comparator 2	Use the result of comparator 2.	
[25]	Comparator 3	Use the result of comparator 3.	
[26]	Logic rule 0	Use the result of logic rule 0.	
[27]	Logic rule 1	Use the result of logic rule 1.	
[28]	Logic rule 2	Use the result of logic rule 2.	
[29]	Logic rule 3	Use the result of logic rule 3.	
[33]	Digital input DI18	Use the result of digital input 18.	
[34]	Digital input DI19	Use the result of digital input 19.	
[35]	Digital input DI27	Use the result of digital input 27.	
[36]	Digital input DI29	Use the result of digital input 29.	
[37]	Digital input DI32	Use the result of digital input 32.	
[38]	Digital input DI33	Use the result of digital input 33.	
[39]	Start command	A start command is issued.	
[40]	Drive stopped	A stop command (Jog, Stop, Qstop, Coast) is issued – and not from the SLC itself.	
[41]	Reset Trip	A reset is issued	
[42]	Auto-reset Trip	An Auto reset is performed.	
[43]	Ok key	The [OK] key is pressed.	
[44]	Reset key	The [Reset] key is pressed.	
[45]	Left key	The [4] key is pressed.	
[46]	Right key	The [►] key is pressed.	
[47]	Up key	The [▲] key is pressed.	
[48]	Down key	The [▼] key is pressed.	
[50]	Comparator 4	Use the result of comparator 4.	
[51]	Comparator 5	Use the result of comparator 5.	
[60]	Logic rule 4	Use the result of logic rule 4.	
[61]	Logic rule 5	Use the result of logic rule 5.	

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13-02 Stop Event

Select the boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input to deactivate Smart Logic Control.

-	Option: Function:			
[0] ^	False	For descriptions [0]-[61], see 13-01 Start Event Start Event		
[1]	True			
[2]	Running			
[3]	In range			
[4]	On reference			
[5]	Torque limit			
[6]	Current limit			
[7]	Out of current range			
[8]	Below I low			
[9]	Above I high			
[10]	Out of speed range			
[11]	Below speed low			
[12]	Above speed high			
[13]	Out of feedb. range			
[14]	Below feedb. low			
[15]	Above feedb. high			
[16]	Thermal warning			
[17]	Mains out of range			
[18]	Reversing			
[19]	Warning			
[20]	Alarm (trip)			
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)			
[22]	Comparator 0			
[23]	Comparator 1			
[24]	Comparator 2			
[25]	Comparator 3			
[26]	Logic rule 0			
[27]	Logic rule 1			
[28]	Logic rule 2			
[29]	Logic rule 3			
[30]	SL Time-out 0			
[31]	SL Time-out 1			
[32]	SL Time-out 2			
[33]	Digital input DI18			
[34]	Digital input DI19			
[35]	Digital input DI27			
[36]	Digital input DI29			
[37]	Digital input DI32			
[38]	Digital input DI33			
[39]	Start command			
[40]	Drive stopped			
[41]	Reset Trip			
[42]	Auto-reset Trip			
[43]	Ok key			
[44]	Reset key			
[45]	Left key			
[46]	Right key			
[47]	Up key			
[48]	Down key			

13-02 Stop Event

Select the boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input to deactivate Smart Logic Control.

Opt	ion:	Function:	
[50]	Comparator 4		
[51]	Comparator 5		
[60]	Logic rule 4		
[61]	Logic rule 5		
[70]	SL Time-out 3	Smart Logic Controller timer 3 is timed out.	
[71]	SL Time-out 4	Smart Logic Controller timer 4 is timed out.	
[72]	SL Time-out 5	Smart Logic Controller timer 5 is timed out.	
[73]	SL Time-out 6	Smart Logic Controller timer 6 is timed out.	
[74]	SL Time-out 7	Smart Logic Controller timer 7 is timed out.	
[75]	Start command given		

13-0	13-03 Reset SLC			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	Do not reset SLC	Retains programmed settings in all parameter group 13-** Smart Logic Control.		
[1]	Reset SLC	Resets all parameters in parameter group 13-** Smart Logic Control to default settings.		

3.14.3 13-1* Comparators

Comparators are used for comparing continuous variables (i.e. output frequency, output current, analog input etc.) to fixed preset values.

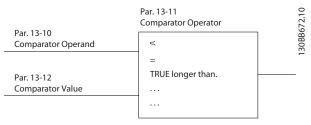


Illustration 3.50

In addition, there are digital values that will be compared to fixed time values. See explanation in *13-10 Comparator Operand*. Comparators are evaluated once in each scan interval. Use the result (TRUE or FALSE) directly. All parameters in this parameter group are array parameters with index 0 to 5. Select index 0 to programme Comparator 0, select index 1 to programme Comparator 1, and so on.

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13-10 Comparator Operand				
Array	/ [6]			
Opti	Option: Function:			
		Choices [1] to [31] are variables which will be compared based on their values. Choices [50] to [186] are digital values (TRUE/FALSE) where the comparison is based on the amount of time during which they are set to TRUE or FALSE, respectively. See 13-11 Comparator Operator. Select the variable to be monitored by the comparator.		
[0] *	DISABLED	The comparator is disabled.		
[1]	Reference	The resulting remote reference (not local) as a percentage.		
[2]	Feedback	In the unit [RPM] or [Hz]		
[3]	Motor speed	[RPM] or [Hz]		
[4]	Motor current	[A]		
[5]	Motor torque	[Nm]		
[6]	Motor power	[kW] or [hp]		
[7]	Motor voltage	[V]		
[8]	DC-link voltage	[V]		
[9]	Motor thermal	Expressed as a percentage.		
[10]	VLT thermal	Expressed as a percentage.		
[11]	Heat sink temp.	Expressed as a percentage.		
[12]	Analog input Al53	Expressed as a percentage.		
[13]	Analog input Al54	Expressed as a percentage.		
[14]	Analog input AIFB10	[V]. AIFB10 is internal 10 V supply.		
[15]	Analog input AIS24V	[V] Analog input AICCT [17] [°]. AIS24V is switch mode power supply: SMPS 24V.		
[17]	Analog input AICCT	[°]. AICCT is control card temperature.		
[18]	Pulse input FI29	Expressed as a percentage.		
[19]	Pulse input FI33	Expressed as a percentage.		
[20]	Alarm number	The error number.		
[30]	Counter A	Number of counts		
[31]	Counter B	Number of counts		
[50]	FALSE	Enters the fixed value of false in the comparator.		
[51]	TRUE	Enters the fixed value of true in the comparator.		
[52]	Control ready	The control board receives supply voltage		

13-10 Comparator Operand

A		
Array Opti		Function:
[53]	Drive ready	The frequency converter is ready for operation and applies a supply signal on the control board.
[54]	Running	The motor is running.
[55]	Reversing	The output is high when the frequency converter is running counter clockwise (the logical product of the status bits "running" AND "reverse")
[56]	In range	The motor is running within the programmed current and speed ranges set in <i>4-50 Warning Current Low</i> to <i>4-53 Warning Speed High</i> .
[60]	On reference	The motor is running on reference.
[61]	Below reference, low	The motor is running below the value given in 4-54 Warning Reference Low
[62]	Above ref, high	The motor is running above the value given in 4-55 Warning Reference High
[65]	Torque limit	The torque limit, set in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode or 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode, has been exceeded.
[66]	Current limit	The motor current limit, set in 4-18 Current Limit, has been exceeded.
[67]	Out of current range	The motor current is outside the range set in <i>4-18 Current Limit</i> .
[68]	Below I low	The motor current is lower than set in 4-50 Warning Current Low.
[69]	Above I high	The motor current is higher than set in 4-51 Warning Current High.
[70]	Out of speed range	The speed is outside the range set in 4-52 Warning Speed Low and 4-53 Warning Speed High.
[71]	Below speed low	The output speed is lower than the setting in 4-52 Warning Speed Low.
[72]	Above speed high	The output speed is higher than the setting in 4-53 Warning Speed High.
[75]	Out of feedb. range	The feedback is outside the range set in 4-56 Warning Feedback Low and 4-57 Warning Feedback High.
[76]	Below feedb. low	The feedback is below the limit set in 4-56 Warning Feedback Low.
[77]	Above feedb. high	The feedback is above the limit set in 4-57 Warning Feedback High.
[80]	Thermal warning	The thermal warning turns on when the temperature exceeds the limit in the motor, the frequency converter, the brake resistor or thermistor.

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13-10 Comparator Operand				
Array	r [6]			
Opti		Function:		
[82]	Mains out of	The mains voltage is outside the		
[05]	range			
[85] [86]	Warning Alarm (trip)	A warning is active. A (trip) alarm is active.		
		A (Trip lock) alarm is active.		
[87]	Alarm (trip lock) Bus OK	· · ·		
[90]	BUS OK	Active communication (no time-out) via the serial communication port.		
[91]	Torque limit & stop	If the frequency converter has received a stop signal and is at the torque limit, the signal is logic "0".		
[92]	Brake fault (IGBT)	The brake IGBT is short circuited.		
[93]	Mech. brake control	The mechanical brake is active.		
[94]	Safe stop active			
[100]	Comparator 0	The result of comparator 0.		
[101]	Comparator 1	The result of comparator 1.		
[102]	Comparator 2	The result of comparator 2.		
[103]	Comparator 3	The result of comparator 3.		
[104]	Comparator 4	The result of comparator 4.		
[105]	Comparator 5	The result of comparator 5.		
[110]	Logic rule 0	The result of Logic rule 0.		
[111]	Logic rule 1	The result of Logic rule 1.		
[112]	Logic rule 2	The result of Logic rule 2.		
[113]	Logic rule 3	The result of Logic rule 3.		
[114]	Logic rule 4	Logic rule 4 The result of Logic rule 4.		
[115]	Logic rule 5	The result of Logic rule 5.		
[120]	SL Time-out 0	The result of SLC timer 0.		
[121]	SL Time-out 1	The result of SLC timer 1.		
[122]	SL Time-out 2	The result of SLC timer 2.		
[123]	SL Time-out 3	The result of SLC timer 3.		
[124]	SL Time-out 4	The result of SLC timer 4.		
[125]	SL Time-out 5	The result of SLC timer 5.		
[126]	SL Time-out 6	The result of SLC timer 6.		
[127]	SL Time-out 7	The result of SLC timer 7.		
[130]	Digital input DI18	Digital input 18. High = True.		
[131]	Digital input DI19	Digital input 19. High = True.		
[132]	Digital input DI27	Digital input 27. High = True.		
[133]	Digital input DI29	Digital input 29. High = True.		
[134]	Digital input DI32	Digital input 32. High = True.		
[135]	Digital input DI33	Digital input 33. High = True.		

13-10 Comparator Operand				
Array	Array [6]			
Opti	ion:		Function:	
[150]	SL digital output A		Use the result of the SLC output A.	
[151]	SL digital output B		Jse the result of the SLC output B.	
[152]	SL digital output C	U	Jse the result of the SLC output C.	
[153]	SL digital output D	U	Jse the result of the SLC output D.	
[154]	SL digital output	ΕU	Jse the result of the SLC output E.	
[155]	SL digital output	FU	Jse the result of the SLC output F.	
[160]	Relay 1	R	Relay 1 is active	
[161]	Relay 2	R	Relay 2 is active	
[180]	Local ref. active		High when 3-13 Reference Site = [2] Local or when 3-13 Reference Site is [0] Linked to hand Auto, at the same time as the LCP is in Hand On mode.	
[181]	Remote ref. active		High when 3-13 Reference Site= [1] Remote or [0] Linked to hand/auto, while the LCP is in Auto On mode.	
[182]	Start command		ligh when there is an active start command, and no stop command.	
[183]	Drive stopped		A stop command (Jog, Stop, Qstop, Coast) is issued – and not from the SLC itself.	
[185]	Drive in hand mode		ligh when the frequency converter is n hand mode.	
[186]	Drive in auto mode		ligh when the frequency converter is n auto mode.	
[187]	Start command given			
13-1	1 Comparator (pera	ator	
Array	Array [6]			
Opt	Option: Function:			
	Select the operator to be used in the comparison. This is an array parameter containing comparator operators 0 to 5.		ison. This is an array parameter	
[0]	The result of the evaluation is TRUE, when the variable selected in 13-10 Comparator Operand is smaller than the fixed value in 13-12 Comparator Value. The result is FALSE,			

if the variable selected in 13-10 Comparator Operand is greater than the fixed value in

The result of the evaluation is TRUE, when the variable selected in 13-10 Comparator Operand is approximately equal to the fixed

13-12 Comparator Value.

value in 13-12 Comparator Value.

[1] * ≈ (equal)

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13-11 Comparator Operator				
Arra	y [6]			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[2]	>	Inverse logic of option < [0].		
[5]	TRUE longer			
	than			
[6]	FALSE			
	longer than			
[7]	TRUE shorter			
	than			
[8]	FALSE			
	shorter			
	than			

13-12 Comparator Value						
Array [6]	Array [6]					
Range:		Function:				
Size related*	[-100000.000 - 100000.000]	Enter the 'trigger level' for the variable that is monitored by				
		this comtor. This is an array parameter containing comtor				
		values 0 to 5.				

3.14.4 13-1* RS Flip Flops

The Reset-Set Flip Flops hold the signal until set/reset.

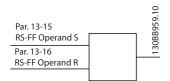
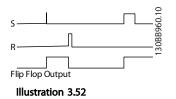


Illustration 3.51

Two parameters are used and the output can be used in the logic rules and as events.



The two operators can be selected from a long list. As a special case, the same digital input can be used as both Set and Reset, making it possible to use the same digital input as start/stop. The following settings can be used to set up the same digital input as start/stop (example given with DI32 but is not a requirement).

Deremeter	Cotting	Notos
Parameter	Setting	Notes
13-00 SL Controller Mode	On	
13-01 Start Event	TRUE	
13-02 Stop Event	FALSE	
13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1 [0]	[37] Digital Input DI32	
13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 [0]	[2] Running	
13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1 [0]	[3] AND NOT	
13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1 [1]	[37] Digital Input DI32	
13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 [1]	[2] Running	
13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1 [1]	[1] AND	
13-15 RS-FF Operand S [0]	[26] Logicrule 0	Output from 13-41 [0]
13-16 RS-FF Operand R [0]	[27] Logicrule 1	Output from 13-41 [1]
13-51 SL Controller Event [0]	[94] RS Flipflop 0	Output from evaluating 13-15 and 13-16
13-52 SL Controller Action [0]	[22] Run	
13-51 SL Controller Event [1]	[27] Logicrule 1	
13-52 SL Controller Action [1]	[24] Stop	

Table 3.22

13-15 RS-FF Operand S		
Option:		Function:
[0]	False	
[1]	True	
[2]	Running	
[3]	In range	
[4]	On reference	
[5]	Torque limit	
[6]	Current Limit	
[7]	Out of current range	
[8]	Below I low	
[9]	Above I high	
[10]	Out of speed range	
[11]	Below speed low	
[12]	Above speed high	
[13]	Out of feedb. range	
[14]	Below feedb. low	
[15]	Above feedb. high	
[16]	Thermal warning	
[17]	Mains out of range	
[18]	Reversing	
[19]	Warning	

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13-15	RS-FF Operand S	
Option		Function:
[20]	Alarm (trip)	
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	
[22]	Comparator 0	
[23]	Comparator 1	
[24]	Comparator 2	
[25]	Comparator 3	
[26]	Logic rule 0	
[27]	Logic rule 1	
[28]	Logic rule 2	
[29]	Logic rule 3	
[30]	SL Time-out 0	
[31]	SL Time-out 1	
[32]	SL Time-out 2	
[33]	Digital input DI18	
[34]	Digital input DI19	
[35]	Digital input DI27	
[36]	Digital input DI29	
[37]	Digital input DI32	
[38]	Digital input DI33	
[39]	Start command	
[40]	Drive stopped	
[41]	Reset Trip	
[42]	Auto-reset Trip	
[43]	Ok key	
[44]	Reset key	
[45]	Left key	
[46]	Right key	
[47]	Up key	
[48]	Down key	
[50]	Comparator 4	
[51]	Comparator 5	
[60]	Logic rule 4	
[61]	Logic rule 5	
[70]	SL Time-out 3	
[71]	SL Time-out 4	
[72]	SL Time-out 5	
[73]	SL Time-out 6	
[74]	SL Time-out 7	
[75]	Start command given	
[76]	Digital input x30/2	
[77]	Digital input x30/3	
[78]	Digital input x30/4	
[79]	Digital input x46/1	
[80]	Digital input x46/3	
[81]	Digital input x46/5	
[82]	Digital input x46/7	
[83]	Digital input x46/9	
[84]	Digital input x46/11	
[85]	Digital input x46/13	
[90]	ATEX ETR cur. warning	
[91]	ATEX ETR cur. alarm	
[92]	ATEX ETR freq. warning	

13-15	RS-FF Operand S	
Option		Function:
[93]	ATEX ETR freq. alarm	
[94]	RS Flipflop 0	
[95]	RS Flipflop 1	
[96]	RS Flipflop 2	
[97]	RS Flipflop 3	
[98]	RS Flipflop 4	
[99]	RS Flipflop 5	
[100]	RS Flipflop 6	
[101]	RS Flipflop 7	
13-16	RS-FF Operand R	•
Option		Function:
[0]	• False	
[1]	True	
[2]		
[2]	Running	
[3]	In range On reference	
[4]	Torque limit	
[6]	Current Limit	
[7]	Out of current range	
[7]	Below I low	
[9]	Above I high	
[10]	Out of speed range	
[11]	Below speed low	
[12]	Above speed high	
[12]	Out of feedb. range	
[13]	Below feedb. low	
[14]	Above feedb. high	
[16]	Thermal warning	
[17]	Mains out of range	
[17]	Reversing	
[19]	Warning	
[20]	Alarm (trip)	
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	
[22]	Comparator 0	
[23]	Comparator 1	
[24]	Comparator 2	
[25]	Comparator 3	
[26]	Logic rule 0	
[27]	Logic rule 1	
[28]	Logic rule 2	
[29]	Logic rule 3	
[30]	SL Time-out 0	
[31]	SL Time-out 1	
[32]	SL Time-out 2	
[33]	Digital input DI18	
[34]	Digital input DI19	
[35]	Digital input DI27	
[36]	Digital input DI29	
[37]	Digital input DI32	
[38]	Digital input DI33	
[39]	Start command	
Les va	1	

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13-16	RS-FF Operand R	
Option:	4	Function:
[40]	Drive stopped	
[41]	Reset Trip	
[42]	Auto-reset Trip	
[43]	Ok key	
[44]	Reset key	
[45]	Left key	
[46]	Right key	
[47]	Up key	
[48]	Down key	
[50]	Comparator 4	
[51]	Comparator 5	
[60]	Logic rule 4	
[61]	Logic rule 5	
[70]	SL Time-out 3	
[71]	SL Time-out 4	
[72]	SL Time-out 5	
[73]	SL Time-out 6	
[74]	SL Time-out 7	
[75]	Start command given	
[76]	Digital input x30/2	
[77]	Digital input x30/3	
[78]	Digital input x30/4	
[79]	Digital input x46/1	
[80]	Digital input x46/3	
[81]	Digital input x46/5	
[82]	Digital input x46/7	
[83]	Digital input x46/9	
[84]	Digital input x46/11	
[85]	Digital input x46/13	
[90]	ATEX ETR cur. warning	
[91]	ATEX ETR cur. alarm	
[92]	ATEX ETR freq. warning	
[93]	ATEX ETR freq. alarm	
[94]	RS Flipflop 0	
[95]	RS Flipflop 1	
[96]	RS Flipflop 2	
[97]	RS Flipflop 3	
[98]	RS Flipflop 4	
[99]	RS Flipflop 5	
[100]	RS Flipflop 6	
[101]	RS Flipflop 7	

3.14.5 13-2* Timers

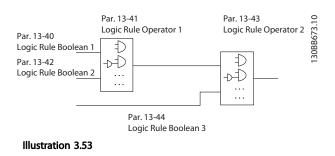
Use the result (TRUE or FALSE) from *timers* directly to define an *event* (see 13-51 SL Controller Event), or as boolean input in a *logic rule* (see 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 or 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3). A timer is only FALSE when started by an action (i.e. [29] Start timer 1) until the timer value entered in this parameter is elapsed. Then it becomes TRUE again.

All parameters in this parameter group are array parameters with index 0 to 2. Select index 0 to program Timer 0, select index 1 to program Timer 1, and so on.

13-20 S	13-20 SL Controller Timer			
Range:		Function:		
0.000	[0.000 -	Enter the value to define the duration of		
N/A*	0.000 N/A]	the FALSE output from the programmed		
		timer. A timer is only FALSE if it is		
		started by an action (i.e. Start timer 1		
		[29]) and until the given timer value has		
		elapsed.		

3.14.6 13-4* Logic Rules

Combine up to three boolean inputs (TRUE/FALSE inputs) from timers, comtors, digital inputs, status bits and events using the logical operators AND, OR, and NOT. Select boolean inputs for the calculation in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 and 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3. Define the operators used to logically combine the selected inputs in 13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1 and 13-43 Logic Rule Operator 2.



Priority of calculation

The results of 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1 and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 are calculated first. The outcome (TRUE/FALSE) of this calculation is combined with the settings of 13-43 Logic Rule Operator 2 and 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3, yielding the final result (TRUE/FALSE) of the logic rule.

13-4	13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1			
Arra				
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	False	Select the first boolean (TRUE or		
		FALSE) input for the selected logic		
		rule.		
		See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and		
		13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for		
		further description.		
[1]	True			
[2]	Running			
[3]	In range			
[4]	On reference			

13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1

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A		
	y [6]	
Opt	ion:	Function:
[5]	Torque limit	
[6]	Current limit	
[7]	Out of current range	
[8]	Below I low	
[9]	Above I high	
[10]	Out of speed range	
[11]	Below speed low	
[12]	Above speed high	
[13]	Out of feedb. range	
[14]	Below feedb. low	
[15]	Above feedb. high	
[16]	Thermal warning	
[17]	Mains out of range	
[18]	Reversing	
[19]	Warning	
[20]	Alarm (trip)	
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	
[22]	Comparator 0	
[23]	Comparator 1	
[24]	Comparator 2	
[25]	Comparator 3	
[26]	Logic rule 0	
[27]	Logic rule 1	
[28]	Logic rule 2	
[29]	Logic rule 3	
[30]	SL Time-out 0	
[31]	SL Time-out 1	
[32]	SL Time-out 2	
[33]	Digital input DI18	
[34]	Digital input DI19	
[35]	Digital input DI27	
[36]	Digital input DI29	
	Digital input DI32	
[38]	Digital input DI33	
[39]	Start command	
[40]	Drive stopped	
[41]	Reset Trip	
[42]	Auto-reset Trip	
[43]	Ok key	
[44]	Reset key	
[45]	Left key	
[46]	Right key	
[47]	Up key	
[48]	Down key	
[50]	Comparator 4	
[51]	Comparator 5	
[60]	Logic rule 4	
[61]	Logic rule 5	
[70]	SL Time-out 3	
[71]	SL Time-out 4	
[72]	SL Time-out 5	

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	13-4	10 Logic Rule I	Boolea	n 1
	Arra	y [6]		
	Opt	ion:		Function:
	[73]	SL Time-out 6		
	[74]	SL Time-out 7		
	[75]	Start command	given	
	13-4	41 Logic Rule (Operat	or 1
	Arra	y [6]		
	Opt	ion:	Func	tion:
			the Bo Booled [13-**]	the first logical operator to use on bolean inputs from 13-40 Logic Rule in 1 and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2. I signifies the boolean input of leter group 13-** Smart Logic Control.
	[0] *	DISABLED	13-43	es 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, Logic Rule Operator 2, and 13-44 Logic oolean 3.
	[1]	AND	Evalua [13-42	tes the expression [13-40] AND].
	[2]	OR	Evalua	tes the expression [13-40] OR [13-42].
	[3]	AND NOT	Evalua [13-42	tes the expression [13-40] AND NOT].
	[4]	OR NOT	Evalua [13-42	tes the expression [13-40] OR NOT].
	[5]	NOT AND	Evalua [13-42	tes the expression NOT [13-40] AND].
	[6]	NOT OR	Evalua [13-42	tes the expression NOT [13-40] OR].
	[7]	NOT AND NOT		tes the expression NOT [13-40] AND 13-42].
	[8]	NOT OR NOT		tes the expression NOT [13-40] OR 13-42].
	1 <u>3-</u> 4	12 Logic Rule I	Boo <u>lea</u>	n 2
	Arra	-		
		ion:		Function:

Opt	ion:	Function:
[0] *	False	Select the second boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for further description.
[1]	True	
[2]	Running	
[3]	In range	
[4]	On reference	
[5]	Torque limit	
[6]	Current limit	
[7]	Out of current range	
[8]	Below I low	
[9]	Above I high	

13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2



Arra	y [6]	
Opt	ion:	Function:
[10]	Out of speed range	
[11]	Below speed low	
[12]	Above speed high	
[13]	Out of feedb. range	
[14]	Below feedb. low	
[15]	Above feedb. high	
[16]	Thermal warning	
[17]	Mains out of range	
[18]	Reversing	
[19]	Warning	
[20]	Alarm (trip)	
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	
[22]	Comparator 0	
[23]	Comparator 1	
[24]	Comparator 2	
[25]	Comparator 3	
[26]	Logic rule 0	
[27]	Logic rule 1	
[28]	Logic rule 2	
[29]	Logic rule 3	
[30]	SL Time-out 0	
[31]	SL Time-out 1	
[32]	SL Time-out 2	
[33]	Digital input DI18	
[34]	Digital input DI19	
[35]	Digital input DI27	
[36]	Digital input DI29	
[37]	Digital input DI32	
[38]	Digital input DI33	
[39]	Start command	
[40]	Drive stopped	
[41]	Reset Trip	
[42]	Auto-reset Trip	
[43]	Ok key	
[44]	Reset key	
[45]	Left key	
[46]	Right key	
[47]	Up key	
[48]	Down key	
[50]	Comparator 4	
[51]	Comparator 5	
[60]	Logic rule 4	
[61]	Logic rule 5	
[70]	SL Time-out 3	
[71]	SL Time-out 4	
[72]	SL Time-out 5	
[73]	SL Time-out 6	
[74]	SL Time-out 7	
[75]	Start command given	

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13-4	13 Logic Rule (Operat	tor 2		
Arra	v [6]				
Opt		Fund	tion:		
opt			the second logical operator to be		
			on the boolean input calculated in		
			13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule		
		Operator 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2,			
		and the boolean input coming from			
		13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2.			
		[13-44] signifies the boolean input of			
		13-44	Logic Rule Boolean 3.		
		[13-40	0/13-42] signifies the boolean input		
			ated in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1,		
			Logic Rule Operator 1, and 13-42 Logic		
			Boolean 2. [0] DISABLED (factory		
			g). select this option to ignore		
		15-44	Logic Rule Boolean 3.		
[0] *	DISABLED				
[1]	AND				
[2]	OR				
[3]	AND NOT				
[4]	OR NOT				
[5]	NOT AND	-			
[6]	NOT OR				
[6] [7]	NOT OR NOT AND NOT				
[6]	NOT OR				
[6] [7] [8]	NOT OR NOT AND NOT	Boolea	ın 3		
[6] [7] [8]	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT I4 Logic Rule I	Boolea	n 3		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Arra	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT I4 Logic Rule I y [6]	Boolea			
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Array Opt	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT I4 Logic Rule I y [6] ion:	Boolea	Function:		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Arra	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT I4 Logic Rule I y [6] ion:	Boolea	Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Array Opt	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT I4 Logic Rule I y [6] ion:	Boolea	Function:		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Array Opt	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT I4 Logic Rule I y [6] ion:	Boolea	Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Array Opt	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT I4 Logic Rule I y [6] ion:	Boolea	Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61])		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Arra [0] *	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT 44 Logic Rule I y [6] ion: False	Boolea	Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Arra Opt [0] *	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT 4 Logic Rule I y [6] ion: False	Boolea	Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Arra [0] *	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT I4 Logic Rule I y [6] ion: False True Running	Boolea	Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Arra Opt [0] *	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT 4 Logic Rule I y [6] ion: False	Boolea	Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Arra Opt [0] * [1] [2] [3]	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT 44 Logic Rule I y [6] ion: False True Running In range	Boolea	Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Arra: Opt [0] * [1] [2] [3] [4]	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT 4 Logic Rule I (6) ion: False True Running In range On reference	Boolea	Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for		
[6] [7] [8] 13- 4 Array Opt [0] * [1] [2] [3] [4] [5]	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT 4 Logic Rule I y [6] ion: False False True Running In range On reference Torque limit		Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for		
[6] [7] [8] 13- 4 Array Opt [0] * [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6]	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT I4 Logic Rule I y [6] ion: False False True Running In range On reference Torque limit Current limit		Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Array [0] * [0] * [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7]	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT Id Logic Rule I y [6] ion: False True Running In range On reference Torque limit Current limit Out of current r		Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Arra [0] * [0] * [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8]	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT Id Logic Rule I y [6] ion: False True Running In range On reference Torque limit Current limit Out of current r Below I low	range	Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Array Opt [0] * [0] * [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9]	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT V[6] ion: False True Running In range On reference Torque limit Current limit Out of current r Below I low Above I high	range	Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Array Opt [0] * [0] * [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10]	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT Id Logic Rule I y [6] ion: False False True Running In range On reference Torque limit Current limit Out of current n Below I low Above I high Out of speed ra	range	Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Array Opt [0] * [0] * [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11]	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT I4 Logic Rule I y [6] ion: False False True Running In range On reference Torque limit Current limit Out of current r Below I low Above I high Out of speed ra Below speed low	range inge w	Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Arra [0] * [0] * [0] * [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12]	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT IA Logic Rule I y [6] ion: False False True Running In range On reference Torque limit Current limit Out of current r Below I low Above I high Out of speed ra Below speed hi	range inge w igh ange	Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Arra Opt [0] * [0] * [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [11] [12] [13]	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT VI OR NOT IA Logic Rule I y [6] ion: False False True Running In range On reference Torque limit Current limit Out of current r Below I low Above I high Out of speed ra Below speed lor Above speed hi Out of feedb. ra	range mge w igh ange w	Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Array Opt [0] * [0] * [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [11] [12] [13] [14]	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT I4 Logic Rule I y [6] ion: False False True Running In range On reference Torque limit Current limit Out of current n Below I low Above I high Out of speed ra Below speed low Above speed hi Out of feedb. ra Below feedb. lo	range mge w igh ange w igh	Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Array Opt [0] * [0] * [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [13] [13]	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT I4 Logic Rule I y [6] ion: False False True Running In range On reference Torque limit Current limit Out of current n Below I low Above I high Out of speed ra Below speed lov Above speed hi Out of feedb. ra Below feedb. lo Above feedb. h	range inge w igh ange w igh g	Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for		
[6] [7] [8] 13-4 Arra Opt [0] * [0] * [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16]	NOT OR NOT AND NOT NOT OR NOT NOT OR NOT (NOT OR NOT (range inge w igh ange w igh g	Function: Select the third boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for		

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	y [6]	F
· ·	ion:	Function:
[20]	Alarm (trip)	
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	
[22]	Comparator 0	
[23]	Comparator 1	
[24]	Comparator 2	
[25]	Comparator 3	
[26]	Logic rule 0	
[27]	Logic rule 1	
[28]	Logic rule 2	
[29]	Logic rule 3	
[30]	SL Time-out 0	
[31]	SL Time-out 1	
[32]	SL Time-out 2	
[33]	Digital input DI18	
[34]	Digital input DI19	
[35]	Digital input DI27	
[36]	Digital input DI29	
[37]	Digital input DI32	
[38]	Digital input DI33	
[39]	Start command	
[40]	Drive stopped	
[41]	Reset Trip	
[42]	Auto-reset Trip	
[43]	Ok key	
[44]	Reset key	
[45]	Left key	
[46]	Right key	
[47]	Up key	
[48]	Down key	
[50]	Comparator 4	
[51]	Comparator 5	
[60]	Logic rule 4	
[61]	Logic rule 5	
[70]	SL Time-out 3	
[71]	SL Time-out 4	
[72]	SL Time-out 5	
[73]	SL Time-out 6	
[74]	SL Time-out 7	
[75]	Start command given	

13-51 SL Controller Event

Arra	y [20]	
Opt	ion:	Function:
[1]	True	
[2]	Running	
[3]	In range	
[4]	On reference	
[5]	Torque limit	
[6]	Current limit	
[7]	Out of current range	
[8]	Below I low	
[9]	Above I high	
[10]	Out of speed range	
[11]	Below speed low	
[12]	Above speed high	
[13]	Out of feedb. range	
[14]	Below feedb. low	
[15]	Above feedb. high	
[16]	Thermal warning	
[17]	Mains out of range	
[18]	Reversing	
[19]	Warning	
[20]	Alarm (trip)	
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	
[22]	Comparator 0	
[23]	Comparator 1	
[24]	Comparator 2	
[25]	Comparator 3	
[26]	Logic rule 0	
[27]	Logic rule 1	
[28]	Logic rule 2	
[29]	Logic rule 3	
[30]	SL Time-out 0	
[31]	SL Time-out 1	
[32]	SL Time-out 2	
[33]	Digital input DI18	
[34]	Digital input DI19	
[35]	Digital input DI27	
[36]	Digital input DI29	
[37]	Digital input DI32	
[38]	Digital input DI33	
[39]	Start command	
[40]	Drive stopped	
[41]	Reset Trip	
[42]	Auto-reset Trip	
[43]	Ok key	
[44]	Reset key	
[45]	Left key	
[46]	Right key	
[47]	Up key	
[48]	Down key	
[50]	Comparator 4	
[51]	Comparator 5	
[60]	Logic rule 4	

3.14.7 13-5* States

13-5	13-51 SL Controller Event			
Array [20]				
Option:			Function:	
[0] *	False		Select the boolean input (TRUE or FALSE) to define the Smart Logic Controller event. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [74]) for further description.	

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13-51 SL Controller Event				
Array [20]				
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[61]	Logic rule 5			
[70]	SL Time-out 3			
[71]	SL Time-out 4			
[72]	SL Time-out 5			
[73]	SL Time-out 6			
[74]	SL Time-out 7			
[75]	Start command g	Iven		
13-5	52 SL Controller	Action		
Arra	y [20]			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	DISABLED	Select the action corresponding to the		
		SLC event. Actions are executed when		
		the corresponding event (defined in		
		13-51 SL Controller Event) is evaluated as true. The following actions are available		
		for selection:		
		[0] *DISABLED		
[1]	No action			
[2]	Select set-up 1	Changes the active set-up (0-10 Active Set-		
		<i>up</i>) to '1'. If the set-up is changed, it will merge		
		with other set-up commands coming		
		from either the digital inputs or via a		
		fieldbus.		
[3]	Select set-up 2	Changes the active set-up 0-10 Active Set-		
		<i>up</i>) to '2'.		
		If the set-up is changed, it will merge		
		with other set-up commands coming		
		from either the digital inputs or via a		
		fieldbus.		
[4]	Select set-up 3	Changes the active set-up (0-10 Active Set-		
		<i>up</i>) to '3'.		
		If the set-up is changed, it will merge		
		with other set-up commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a		
		fieldbus.		
[[]]	Coloct act			
[5]	Select set-up 4	Changes the active set-up (0-10 Active Set- up) to '4'.		
		If the set-up is changed, it will merge		
		with other set-up commands coming		
		from either the digital inputs or via a		
		fieldbus.		
[10]	Select preset ref	Selects preset reference 0.		
	0	If the active preset reference is changed,		
		it will merge with other preset reference		
		commands coming from either the digital		
		inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[11]	Select preset ref	Selects preset reference 1.		
	1			

Alla	y [20]	
Opt	ion:	Function:
		If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digita inputs or via a fieldbus.
[12]	Select preset ref 2	Selects preset reference 2. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.
[13]	Select preset ref	Selects preset reference 3. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.
[14]	Select preset ref 4	Selects preset reference 4. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.
[15]	Select preset ref 5	Selects preset reference 5. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.
[16]	Select preset ref	Selects preset reference 6. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.
[17]	Select preset ref 7	Selects preset reference 7. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.
[18]	Select ramp 1	Selects ramp 1.
[19]	Select ramp 2	Selects ramp 2.
[20]	Select ramp 3	Selects ramp 3.
[21]	Select ramp 4	Selects ramp 4.
[22]	Run	Issues a start command to the frequency converter.
[23]	Run reverse	lssues a start reverse command to the frequency converter.
[24]	Stop	Issues a stop command to the frequency converter.
[25]	Qstop	Issues a quick stop command to the frequency converter.
[26]	Dcstop	Issues a DC stop command to the

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	52 SL Controller y [20]	
		Function:
[27]	i on: Coast	
[27]	Coast	The frequency converter coasts immediately. All stop commands
		including the coast command stop the
		SLC.
[28]	Freeze output	Freezes the output frequency of the
		frequency converter.
[29]	Start timer 0	Starts timer 0, see 13-20 SL Controller
		<i>Timer</i> for further description.
[30]	Start timer 1	Starts timer 1, see 13-20 SL Controller
		<i>Timer</i> for further description.
[31]	Start timer 2	Starts timer 2, see 13-20 SL Controller
		Timer for further description.
[32]	Set digital out A low	Any output with SL output A will be low
[33]	Set digital out B low	Any output with SL output B will be low
[34]	Set digital out C low	Any output with SL output Cwill be low.
[35]	Set digital out D low	Any output with SL output D will be low
[36]	Set digital out E low	Any output with SL output E will be low
[37]	Set digital out F low	Any output with SL output F will be low
[38]	Set digital out A high	Any output with SL output A will be hig
[39]	Set digital out B high	Any output with SL output B will be hig
[40]	Set digital out C high	Any output with SL output C will be hig
[41]	Set digital out D high	Any output with SL output D will be high.
[42]	Set digital out E high	Any output with SL output E will be hig
[43]	Set digital out F high	Any output with SL output Fwill be high
[60]	Reset Counter A	Resets Counter A to zero.
[61]	Reset Counter B	Resets Counter B to zero.
[70]	Start timer 3	Start Timer 3, see 13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.
[71]	Start timer 4	Start Timer 4, see 13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.
[72]	Start timer 5	Start Timer 5, see 13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.
[73]	Start timer 6	Start Timer 6, see 13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.
[74]	Start timer 7	Start Timer 7, see p13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.

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3.15 Parameters: 14-** Special Functions

3.15.1 14-0* Inverter Switching

14-0	14-00 Switching Pattern				
Option:		Function:			
		Select the switching pattern: 60° AVM or SFAVM.			
[0]	60 AVM				
[1] *	SFAVM				

NOTE

The switching pattern may be automatically adapted by the frequency converter in order to avoid a trip. See application note on derating for more details.

14-01 Switching Frequency

Select the inverter switching frequency. Changing the switching frequency can help to reduce acoustic noise from the motor. Default depends on power size.

Option:		Function:
[0]	1.0 kHz	
[1]	1.5 kHz	Default switching frequency for 355-1200 kW, 690 V
[2]	2.0 kHz	Default switching frequency for 250-800 kW, 400 V and 37-315 kW, 690 V
[3]	2.5 kHz	
[4]	3.0 kHz	Default switching frequency for 18.5-37 kW, 200 V and 37-200 kW, 400 V
[5]	3.5 kHz	
[6]	4.0 kHz	Default switching frequency for 5.5–15 kW, 200 V and 11-30 kW, 400 V
[7] *	5.0 kHz	Default switching frequency for 0.25–3,7 kW, 200 V and 0.37-7.5 kW, 400 V
[8]	6.0 kHz	
[9]	7.0 kHz	
[10]	8.0 kHz	
[11]	10.0 kHz	
[12]	12.0 kHz	
[13]	14.0 kHz	
[14]	16.0 kHz	

NOTE

The output frequency value of the frequency converter must never exceed 1/10 of the switching frequency. When the motor is running, adjust the switching frequency in 14-01 Switching Frequency until the motor is as noiseless as possible.

NOTE

The switching frequency may be automatically adapted by the frequency converter in order to avoid a trip. See application note on derating for more details.

14-()3	Overi	nodulation
Opt	ion	: Fu	nction:
[0]	Of	volt sha	ect [0] Off for no overmodulation of the output tage, in order to avoid torque ripple on the motor ft. This feature may be useful for applications such grinding machines.
[1] *	On	for is ru of t syn acc Ove har Cor up	ect [1] On to enable the overmodulation function the output voltage. This is the right choice when it equired that the output voltage is higher than 95% the input voltage (typical when running over- chronously). The output voltage is increased ording to the degree of overmodulation. ermodulation leads to increased torque ripple as monics are increased. htrol in FLUX mode provides an output current of to 98% of the input current, regardless of 03 Overmodulation.
14-()4	PWM	Random
Opt	ion	: Fu	nction:
[0] *	Of	f No	change of the acoustic motor switching noise.
[1]	On	clea Thi: syn	nsforms the acoustic motor switching noise from a ar ringing tone to a less noticeable 'white' noise. s is achieved by slightly and randomly altering the chronism of the pulse width modulated output ases.
14-()6_	De <u>ad</u>	Time Compensation
Opt			Function:
[0]		Off	No compensation.

3.15.2 14-1* Mains On/Off

[1] *

On

Parameters for configuring mains failure monitoring and handling. If a mains failure appears, the frequency converter will try to continue in a controlled way until the power in the DC link has been exhausted.

Activates dead time compensation.

14	14-10 Mains Failure				
Ор	tion:	Function:			
		14-10 Mains Failure is typically used where very			
		short mains interruptions (voltage dips) are			
		present. At 100% load and a short voltage			
		interruption, the DC voltage on the main			
		capacitors drops quickly. For larger drives it only			
		takes a few milliseconds before the DC level is			

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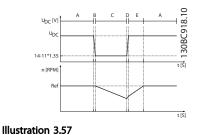
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14	-10 Mains	5 Failure
Op	otion:	Function:
		down to about 373 V DC and the IGBTs cut off and looses the control over the motor. When the mains is restored, and the IGBTs start again, the output frequency and voltage vector does not correspond to the speed/frequency of the motor, and the result is normally an overvoltage or overcurrent, mostly resulting in a trip lock. 14-10 Mains Failure can be programmed to avoid this situation.
		Select the function to which the frequency converter must act when the threshold in 14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault has been reached. 14-10 Mains Failure cannot be changed while motor is running.
[0] *	No function	The frequency converter will not compensate for a mains interruption. The voltage on the DC-link will drop quickly and motor control will be lost within milliseconds to seconds. Trip lock will be the result.
[1]	Ctrl. ramp- down	The frequency converter will remain control of the motor and do a controlled ramp down from 14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault level. If 2-10 Brake Function is [0] Off or [2] AC brake, the ramp will follow the Over Voltage Ramping. If 2-10 Brake Function is [1] Resistor Brake the ramp will follow the setting in 3-81 Quick Stop Ramp Time. This selection is particularly useful in pump applications, where the inertia is low and the friction is high. When the mains is restored, the output frequency will ramp the motor up to the reference speed (if the mains interruption is prolonged, the controlled ramp down might take the output frequency all the way down to 0 RPM, and when the mains is restored, the application is ramped up from 0rpm to the previous reference speed via the normal ramp up). If the energy in the DC-link disappears before the motor is ramped to zero the motor will be coasted.
[2]	Ctrl. ramp- down, trip	This selection is similar to selection [1] except that in [2] a reset is necessary for starting up after power-up.
[3]	Coasting	Centrifuges can run for an hour without power supply. In those situations it is possible to select a coast function at mains interruption, together with a flying start which occurs when the mains is restored.
[4]	Kinetic back-up	Kinetic back-up ensures that the frequency converter keeps running as long as there is energy in the system due to the inertia from motor and load. This is done by converting the mechanical energy to the DC-link and thereby

14-10 Mains Failure

Option: Function:

maintaining control of the drive and motor. This can extend the controlled operation, depending on the inertia in the system. For fans it is typically several seconds, for pumps up to 2 seconds and for compressors only for a fraction of a second. Many industry applications can extend controlled operation for many seconds, which is often enough time for the mains to return.



A = Normal Operation	D = Mains return
B = Mains failure	E = Normal Operation:
	ramping
C = Kinetic back-upa	

Table 3.26

The DC-level during [4] Kinetic back-up is 14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault* 1,35. If the mains do not return U_{DC} is maintained as long as possible by ramping the speed down towards 0 RPM. Finally the frequency converter coasts.

If the mains return while in kinetic back-up U_{DC} will increase above *14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault**1.35. This is detected in one of the following ways.

- 1. If U_{DC} > 14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault*1.35*1.05
- If the speed is above the reference. This is relevant if the mains come back at a lower level than before, e.g. 14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault*1.35*1.02. This does not fulfil the criterion in point one and the frequency converter will try to reduce U_{DC} to 14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault*1.35 by increasing the speed. This will not succeed as the mains cannot be lowered.
- If running motoric. The same mechanism as in point two, but where the inertia will prevent that the speed goes above the reference speed. This will lead to the

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Out-	

14	14-10 Mains Failure				
Option:		Function:			
		above the referer	otoric until the speed is nce speed and the two occurs. Instead of riterion three is		
[5]	Kinetic back-up, trip	The difference between kir without trip is that the latt down to 0 RPM and trip, r mains return or not. The function is made so th detect if mains return, this relatively high level on the down. $\frac{u_{DC}[V]}{u_{DC}} = \frac{A}{u_{DC}}$ Illustration 3.58 A = Normal Operation B = Mains failure Table 3.27	er will always ramp egardless of whether nat it will not even is the reason for the PDC-link during ramp		
[6]	Alarm				

14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault

Range:		Function:
Size	[180 -	This parameter defines the threshold voltage
related*	600 V]	at which the selected function in
		14-10 Mains Failure should be activated. It
		may be considered to choose 90% of the
		nominal mains as the detection level,
		depending on the supply quality. For a
		supply of 380 V 14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains
		Fault should thus be set to 342 V. This
		results in a DC detection level of 462 V
		(14-11 * 1.35)

14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault

Range:	Function:
	NOTE
	Note for converting between VLT 5000 and FC 300:
	Even though the setting of the Mains
	Voltage at Mains Fault is the same for
	VLT 5000 and FC 300, the detection
	level is different. Use the following
	formula to obtain the same detection
	level as in VLT 5000: 14-11 Mains
	Voltage at Mains Fault (VLT 5000 level) =
	Value used in VLT 5000 * 1,35/sqrt(2).

14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance

Operation under severe main imbalance conditions reduces the lifetime of the motor. Conditions are considered severe if the motor is operated continuously near nominal load (e.g. a pump or fan running near full speed).

Option:	Function:	
[0] *	Trip	Trips the frequency converter
[1]	Warning	Issues a warning
[2]	Disabled	No action

14-14 Kin. Backup Time Out

Range:		Function:
60 s*	[0 - 60 s]	This parameter defines the Kinetic Backup Time Out in flux mode when running on low voltage grids. If the supply voltage does not increase above the value defined in <i>14-11 Mains Voltage</i> <i>at Mains Fault</i> +5% within the specified time, the drive will then automatically run a controlled ramp-down profile prior to stop.

14-15 Kin. Backup Trip Recovery Level			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0 - 60000.000	This parameter specifies	
	ReferenceFeedbackUnit]	the Kinetic Backup Trip	
		Recovery Level. The unit	
		is defined in 0-02 Motor	
		Speed Unit.	

Parameters for configuring auto reset handling, special trip handling and control card self test or initialisation.

14-20 Reset Mode		
Option:		Function:
		Select the reset function after tripping. Once reset, the frequency converter can be restarted.

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14-2	14-20 Reset Mode				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
[0] *	Manual reset	Select [0] Manual reset, to perform a reset via [RESET] or via the digital inputs.			
[1]	Automatic reset x 1	Select [1]-[12] Automatic reset x 1 x20 to perform between one and twenty automatic resets after tripping.			
[2]	Automatic reset x 2				
[3]	Automatic reset x 3				
[4]	Automatic reset x 4				
[5]	Automatic reset x 5				
[6]	Automatic reset x 6				
[7]	Automatic reset x 7				
[8]	Automatic reset x 8				
[9]	Automatic reset x 9				
[10]	Automatic reset x 10				
[11]	Automatic reset x 15				
[12]	Automatic reset x 20				
[13]	Infinite auto reset	Select [13] Infinite Automatic Reset for continuous resetting after tripping.			
[14]	Reset at power-up				

NOTE

The motor may start without warning. If the specified number of AUTOMATIC RESETs is reached within 10 minutes, the frequency converter enters Manual reset [0] mode. After the Manual reset is performed, the setting of *14-20 Reset Mode* reverts to the original selection. If the number of automatic resets is not reached within 10 minutes, or when a Manual reset is performed, the internal AUTOMATIC RESET counter returns to zero.

NOTE

Automatic reset will also be active for resetting safe stop function in firmware version < 4.3x.

14-21 Automatic Restart Time		
Range:		Function:
10 s*	[0 - 600 s]	Enter the time interval from trip to start of the automatic reset function. This parameter is active when 14-20 Reset Mode is set to [1] - [13] Automatic reset.

NOTE

Remember to set switches S201 (A53) and S202 (A54) as specified below when performing a control card test in *14-22 Operation Mode* [1]. Otherwise, the test will fail!

14-22 Operation Mode **Option:** Function: Use this parameter to specify normal operation; to perform tests; or to initialise all parameters except 15-03 Power Up's, 15-04 Over Temp's and 15-05 Over Volt's. This function is active only when the power is cycled to the frequency converter. Select [0] Normal operation for normal operation of the frequency converter with the motor in the selected application. Select [1] Control card test to test the analog and digital inputs and outputs and the +10 V control voltage. The test requires a test connector with internal connections. Use the following procedure for the control card test: Select [1] Control card test. 1. Disconnect the mains supply and 2. wait for the light in the display to go out.

- 3. Set switches S201 (A53) and S202 (A54) = 'ON'/I.
- 4. Insert the test plug (see *Illustration 3.59*).
- 5. Connect to mains supply.
- 6. Carry out various tests.
- The results are displayed on the LCP and the frequency converter moves into an infinite loop.
- 8. 14-22 Operation Mode is automatically set to Normal operation. Carry out a power cycle to start up in Normal operation after a control card test.

If the test is OK

LCP read-out: Control Card OK. Disconnect the mains supply and remove the test plug. The green LED on the Control Card will light up.

If the test fails

LCP read-out: Control Card I/O failure. Replace the frequency converter or Control card. The red LED on the Control Card is turned on. Test plugs (connect the following terminals to each other): 18 - 27 - 32; 19 - 29 - 33; 42 - 53 - 54 14-22 Operation Mode

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14-22 Operation Mode			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		12 13 18 19 27 29 32 38 20 37 000000000000000000000000000000000000	
		12 13 18 19 27 32 33 20 OOOOOO OOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOO	
		39 42 50 33 54 55 OOOOOFC 302 OOOOOFC 302	
		Illustration 3.59	
		Select [2] Initialization to reset all parameter values to default settings, except for 15-03 Power Up's, 15-04 Over Temp's, and 15-05 Over Volt's. The frequency converter will reset during the next power-up. 14-22 Operation Mode will also revert to the default setting [0] Normal operation.	
[0] *	Normal		
[1]	operation Control		
[1]	control card test		
[2]	Initialisation		
[3]	Boot mode		

14-24 Trip Delay at Current Limit		
Range:		Function:
60 s*	[0 - 60	Enter the current limit trip delay in seconds.
	s]	When the output current reaches the current
		limit (4-18 Current Limit), a warning is triggered.
		When the current limit warning has been contir
		uously present for the period specified in this
		parameter, the frequency converter trips. To rur
		continuously in current limit without tripping, s
		the parameter to $60 \text{ s} = \text{Off.}$ Thermal monitoring
		of the frequency converter will still remain activ

14-25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit

Ra	Range:		Function:
60	S*	[0 - 60	Enter the torque limit trip delay in seconds.
		s]	When the output torque reaches the torque
			limits (4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode and
			4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode), a warning is
			triggered. When the torque limit warning has
			been continuously present for the period
			specified in this parameter, the frequency
			converter trips. Disable the trip delay by setting

		the parameter to $60 \text{ s} = \text{Off.}$ Thermal monitoring of the frequency converter will still remain active
14-2	6 Trip D	elay at Inverter Fault
Rang	ge:	Function:
0. s*	[0 - 35 s	 When the frequency converter detects an overvoltage in the set time trip will be effected after the set time. If value = 0, protection mode is disabled NOTE It is recommended to disable protection mode in hoisting applications.

Range:		:	Function:
	0 N/A*	[-2147483647 - 2147483647 N/A]	For internal service only.

3.15.3 14-3* Current Limit Control

The frequency converter features an integral Current Limit Controller which is activated when the motor current, and thus the torque, is higher than the torque limits set in *4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode* and *4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode*.

When the current limit is reached during motor operation or regenerative operation, the frequency converter will try to reduce torque below the preset torque limits as quickly as possible without losing control of the motor.

While the current control is active, the frequency converter can only be stopped by setting a digital input to [2] Coast inverse or [3] Coast and reset inv. Any signal on terminals 18 to 33 will not be active until thefrequency converter is no longer near the current limit.

By using a digital input set to [2] *Coast inverse* or [3] *Coast and reset inv.*, the motor does not use the ramp-down time, since the frequency converter is coasted. If a quick stop is necessary, use the mechanical brake control function along with an external electro-mechanical brake attached to the application.

14-30 Current Lim Ctrl, Proportional Gain			
Range: Function:		Function:	
100 %*	[0 - 500 %]	Enter the proportional gain value for the current limit controller. Selection of a high value makes the controller react faster. Too high a setting leads to controller instability.	

et

g

/e.

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14-31 Curr	14-31 Current Lim Ctrl, Integration Time		
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0.002 - 2.000 s]	Controls the current limit control integration time. Setting it to a lower value makes it react faster. A setting too low leads to control instability.	

14-32 Current Lim Ctrl, Filter Time

nunge.		
Size related	;*k	[1 - 100 ms]

Disabled

Enabled

[0]

[1] *

14-3	14-35 Stall Protection		
Opt	Option: Function:		
		Select Enable [1] to enable the stall protection in	
		field-weakening in flux mode. Select [0] Disabled	
		if you desire to disable it. This might cause the	
		motor to be lost. 14-35 Stall Protection is active in	

3.15.4 14-4* Energy Optimising

Flux mode only.

Parameters for adjusting the energy optimisation level in both Variable Torque (VT) and Automatic Energy Optimization (AEO) mode in *1-03 Torque Characteristics*.

14-40 VT Level		
Range:		Function:
66 %*	[40 - 90 %]	Enter the level of motor magnetisation at low speed. Selection of a low value reduces energy loss in the motor, but also reduces load capability.

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

NOTE

This parameter is not active when 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM non salient SPM.

14-41 AEO Minimum Magnetisation			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[40 - 75 %]	Enter the minimum allowable magnet- isation for AEO. Selection of a low value reduces energy loss in the motor, but can also reduce resistance to sudden load changes.	

NOTE

This parameter is not active when 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM non salient SPM.

14-42 Minimum AEO Frequency		
Range: Function:		
10 Hz*	[5 - 40 Hz]	Enter the minimum frequency at which the Automatic Energy Optimisation (AEO) is to be active.

NOTE

Function:

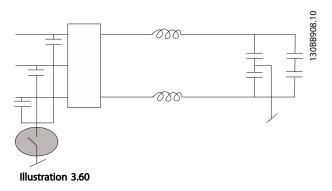
This parameter is not active when 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM non salient SPM.

14-43 Motor Cosphi		
Range:	Function:	
0.66	[0.40 -	The Cos(phi) setpoint is automatically set
N/A*	0.95 N/A]	for optimum AEO performance. This
		parameter should normally not be
		altered. However in some situations it
		may be necessary to enter a new value to
		fine-tune.

3.15.5 14-5* Environment

These parameters help the frequency converter to operate under special environmental conditions.

14-5	14-50 RFI Filter		
	This parameter is only available for FC 302. It is not relevant toFC 301 due to different design and shorter motor cables.		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0]	Off	Select [0] Off if the frequency converter is fed by an isolated mains source (IT mains). If a filter is used, select Off [0] during charging to prevent a high leakage current making the RCD switch. In this mode, the internal RFI filter capacitors between chassis and the mains RFI filter circuit are cut-out to reduce the ground capacity currents.	
[1] *	On	Select [1] On to ensure that the frequency converter complies with EMC standards.	



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14-51 DC Link Compensation

Option:		Function:
		The rectified AC-DC voltage at the frequency
		converter's DC link is associated with voltage ripples.
		These ripples can increase in magnitude with
		increased load. These ripples are undesirable because
		they can generate current and torque ripples. A
		compensation method is used to reduce these voltage
		ripples at DC link. In general, DC link compensation is
		recommended for most applications, but care must be
		taken when operating in field weakening as it can
		generate speed oscillations at the motor shaft. In field
		weakening, it is recommended to turn DC link
		compensation off.
[0]	Off	Disables DC Link Compensation.
[1] *	On	Enables DC Link Compensation.

14-52 Fan Control

Sele	Select minimum speed of the main fan.			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	Auto	Select [0] Auto to run fan only when internal temperature in frequency converter is in range 35 °C to approx. 55 °C. Fan will run at low speed below 35 °C, and at full speed at approx. 55 °C.		
[1]	On 50%	The fan will always run at 50% speed or above. The fan will run at 50% speed at 35 °C, and at full speed at approx. 55 °C.		
[2]	On 75%	The fan will always run at 75% speed or above. The fan will run at 75% speed at 35 °C, and at full speed at approx. 55 °C.		
[3]	On 100%	The fan will run at 100% speed always.		

14-53 Fan Monitor				
Option:		Function:		
		Select which reaction the frequency converter should take in case a fan fault is detected.		
[0]	Disabled			
[1] *	Warning			
[2]	Trip			

14-5	14-55 Output Filter			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select the type of output filter connected. This parameter cannot be adjusted while motor is running.		
[0] *	No Filter	This is the default setting and should be used with dU/dt filters or high-frequency common- mode (HF-CM) filters.		
[1]	Sine- Wave Filter	This setting is only for backwards compatibility. It enables operation with FLUX control principle when the parameters 14-56 Capacitance Output		

14-55 Output Filter

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Filter and 14-57 Inductance Output Filter are
		programmed with the output filter capacitance and inductance. It DOES NOT limit the range of
		and inductance. It DOES NOT limit the range of
		the switching frequency.

14-56 Capacitance Output Filter

Compensation function of the LC-filter requires the per phase equivalent star connected capacitance of the filter (3 times the capacity between two phases when capacitance is 'Delta' connection).

Range		Function:
2.0 uF*	[0.1 - 6500.0 uF]	Set the capacitance of the output
		filter. The value can be found on the
		filter label.
		NOTE
		This is required for correct
		compensation in Flux mode
		(1-01 Motor Control Principle)
14-57	Inductance Outr	out Filter
	-	
Range		Function:

Range:		Function:
7.000	[0.001 -	Set the inductance of the output
mH*	65.000 mH]	filter. The value can be found on the
		filter label.
		NOTE
		This is required for correct
		compensation in Flux mode
		(1-01 Motor Control Principle)

3.15.6 14-7* Compatibility

The parameters in this group are for setting of compatibility for VLT 3000, VLT 5000 to FC 300.

14	14-72 VLT Alarm Word			
Option:		Function:		
[0]	0 - 4294967295	Read out the alarm word corresponding to VLT 5000.		
14	14-73 VLT Warning Word			
Op	otion:	Function	:	
[0] 0 - 4294967295		Read out the warning word corresponding to VLT 5000.		
14	14-74 VLT Ext. Status Word			
Range: Function:			Function:	
0 N	/A* [0 - 429496	57295 N/A]	Read out the ext. status word corresponding to VLT 5000	



3.15.7 14-8* Options

14-8	14-80 Option Supplied by External 24VDC			
Option:		Function:		
[0]	No	Select [0] No to use the frequency converter's 24 V DC supply.		
[1] *	Yes	Select [1] Yes if an external 24 V DC supply will be used to power the option. Inputs/Outputs will be galvanically isolated from the drive when operated from an external supply.		

NOTE

This parameter is only changing function by performing a power cycle.

14-89 Option Detection Selects the behaviour of the frequency converter when a change in the option configuration is detected.

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Protect Option	Freezes the current settings and
	Config.	prevents unwanted changes when
		missing or defective options are
		detected.

14-89 Option Detection

Selects the behaviour of the frequency converter when a change in the option configuration is detected.

Opt	Option:		Function:	
[1]	Enable Op	otion	Changes drive settings and is used	
	Change		when modifying the system configu-	
			ration. This Parameter setting will	
			return to [0] after an Option Change.	
14-9	14-90 Fault Level			
Option: Func		Function	:	
[0] *	Off	Use this p	Use this parameter to customize Fault levels. Use	
		[0] Off wit	h caution as it will ignore all Warnings	
			h caution as it will ignore all Warnings for the chosen source.	
[1]	Warning			
[1]	Warning Trip			

Failure	Alarm	Off	Warning	Trip	Trip Lock
10 V low	1	Х	D		
24 V low	47	x			D
1.8 V supply low	48	Х			D
Voltage limit	64	Х	D		
Earth fault during ramping	14			D	Х
Earth fault 2 during cont. operation	45			D	Х
Torque Limit	12	Х	D		
Over Current	13			х	D
Short Circuit	16			х	D
Heatsink temperature	29			х	D
Heatsink sensor	39			х	D
Control card temperature	65			х	D
Power card temperature	6		2)	х	D
Heatsink temperature ¹⁾	244			Х	D
Heatsink sensor ¹⁾	245			Х	D
Power card temperature ¹⁾	247				

Table 3.28 Table for Selection of Choice of Action when Selected Alarm Appears

D = Default setting. x = possible selection.

1) Only high power drives

In FC small and medium A69 is only a warning



3.16 Parameters: 15-** Drive Information

3.16.1 15-0* Operating Data

15-0	15-00 Operating Hours			
Ran	ge:	Function:		
0 h*	[0 - 2147483647 h]	View how many hours the frequency		
		converter has run. The value is saved		
		when the frequency converter is		
		turned off.		

15-01 Running Hours

Range:		Function:	
0 h*	[0 - 2147483647	View how many hours the motor has	
	h]	run. Reset the counter in 15-07 Reset	
		Running Hours Counter. The value is	
		saved when the frequency converter is	
		turned off.	

15-02 kWh Counter Range: Function: 0 kWh* [0 - 2147483647 kWh] Registering the power consumption of the motor as a mean value over one hour. Reset the counter in

15-06 Reset kWh Counter.

15	15-03 Power Up's			
Range: Function:				
0 *	[0 - 2147483647]	View the number of times the frequency converter has been powered up.		

15-04 Over Temp's				
Range:		Function:		
0 *	[0 - 65535]	View the number of frequency converter		
		temperature faults which have occurred.		
	Ra	Range:		

15-05 Over Volt's			
Ra	Range: Function:		
0 * [0 - 65535]		View the number of frequency converter overvoltages which have occurred.	
15-06 Reset Wh Counter			

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Do not reset	Nno reset of the kWh counter is desired.
[1]	Reset counter	Press [OK] to reset the kWh counter to zero (see <i>15-02 kWh Counter</i>).

NOTE

The reset is carried out by pressing [OK].

15-0	15-07 Reset Running Hours Counter		
Option:		Function:	
[0] *	Do not reset		
[1]	Reset counter	Select [1] Reset and press [OK] to reset the	
		Running Hours counter to zero (see	
		15-01 Running Hours). This parameter cannot	
		be selected via the serial port, RS-485.	
		Select [0] Do not reset if no reset of the	
		Running Hours counter is desired.	

3.16.2 15-1* Data Log Settings

The Data Log enables continuous logging of up to 4 data sources (*15-10 Logging Source*) at individual rates (*15-11 Logging Interval*). A trigger event (*15-12 Trigger Event*) and window (*15-14 Samples Before Trigger*) are used to start and stop the logging conditionally.

15-10	Logging Source		
Array [4]			
Optio	Option: Function:		
		Select which variables are to be logged.	
[0] *	None		
[1472]	VLT Alarm Word		
[1473]	VLT Warning Word		
[1474]	VLT Ext. Status Word		
[1600]	Control Word		
[1601]	Reference [Unit]		
[1602]	Reference %		
[1603]	Status Word		
[1610]	Power [kW]		
[1611]	Power [hp]		
[1612]	Motor Voltage		
[1613]	Frequency		
[1614]	Motor Current		
[1616]	Torque [Nm]		
[1617]	Speed [RPM]		
[1618]	Motor Thermal		
[1622]	Torque [%]		
[1625]	Torque [Nm] High		
[1630]	DC Link Voltage		
[1632]	Brake Energy /s		
[1633]	Brake Energy /2 min		
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.		
[1635]	Inverter Thermal		
[1650]	External Reference		
[1651]	Pulse Reference		
[1652]	Feedback [Unit]		
[1660]	Digital Input		
[1662]	Analog Input 53		
[1664]	Analog Input 54		
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]		
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]		
_			

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15-10 Logging Source				
Array	Array [4]			
Optio	n:	Function:		
[1675]	Analog In X30/11			
[1676]	Analog In X30/12			
[1677]	Analog Out X30/8 [mA]			
[1690]	Alarm Word			
[1692]	Warning Word			
[1694]	Ext. Status Word			
[3470]	MCO Alarm Word 1			
[3471]	MCO Alarm Word 2			

	5 5		
Array [4]			
Range:			Function:
Size related*	[0.000]	0.000 -	Enter the interval in milliseconds between each sampling of the variables to be logged.

15-12 Trigger Event

15-11 Logging Interval

Select the trigger event. When the trigger event occurs, a window is applied to freeze the log. The log will then retain a specified percentage of samples before the occurrence of the trigger event (*15-14 Samples Before Trigger*).

Option:		Function:
[0] *	False	
[1]	True	
[2]	Running	
[3]	In range	
[4]	On reference	
[5]	Torque limit	
[6]	Current limit	
[7]	Out of current range	
[8]	Below I low	
[9]	Above I high	
[10]	Out of speed range	
[11]	Below speed low	
[12]	Above speed high	
[13]	Out of feedb. range	
[14]	Below feedb. low	
[15]	Above feedb. high	
[16]	Thermal warning	
[17]	Mains out of range	
[18]	Reversing	
[19]	Warning	
[20]	Alarm (trip)	
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	
[22]	Comparator 0	
[23]	Comparator 1	
[24]	Comparator 2	
[25]	Comparator 3	
[26]	Logic rule 0	
[27]	Logic rule 1	
[28]	Logic rule 2	

15-12 Trigger Event

Select the trigger event. When the trigger event occurs, a window is applied to freeze the log. The log will then retain a specified percentage of samples before the occurrence of the trigger event (*15-14 Samples Before Trigger*).

Option:		Function:
[29]	Logic rule 3	
[33]	Digital input DI18	
[34]	Digital input DI19	
[35]	Digital input DI27	
[36]	Digital input DI29	
[37]	Digital input DI32	
[38]	Digital input DI33	
[50]	Comparator 4	
[51]	Comparator 5	
[60]	Logic rule 4	
[61]	Logic rule 5	

15-13 Logging Mode			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	Log always	Select [0] Log always for continuous logging.	
[1]	Log once on trigger	Select [1] Log once on trigger to conditionally start and stop logging using 15-12 Trigger Event and 15-14 Samples Before Trigger.	

15-14 Samples Before Trigger

	-	
Range:		Function:
50 N/A*	[0 - 100	Enter the percentage of all samples prior
	N/A]	to a trigger event which are to be
		retained in the log. See also 15-12 Trigger
		Event and 15-13 Logging Mode.

3.16.3 15-2* Historic Log

View up to 50 logged data items via the array parameters in this parameter group. For all parameters in the group, [0] is the most recent data and [49] the oldest data. Data is logged every time an *event* occurs (not to be confused with SLC events). *Events* in this context are defined as a change in one of the following areas

- 1. Digital input
- 2. Digital outputs (not monitored in this SW release)
- 3. Warning word
- 4. Alarm word
- 5. Status word
- 6. Control word
- 7. Extended status word

Events are logged with value, and time stamp in ms. The time interval between two events depends on how often

events occur (maximum once every scan time). Data logging is continuous but if an alarm occurs, the log is saved and the values can be viewed on the display. This feature is useful, for example when carrying out service following a trip. View the historic log contained in this parameter via the serial communication port or via the display.

15-	-20 Historic I	Log:	Event	
Arr	ay [50]			
Rai	nge:	Fu	nction:	
0 *	[0 - 255]	Viev	w the event type	e of the logged events.
15-	-21 Historic I	Log:	Value	
Arr	ay [50]			
Rai	nge:		Function:	
0 *	[0 -		View the value	of the logged event.
	2147483647]		Interpret the ev this table:	ent values according to
			Digtal input	Decimal value. See
				16-60 Digital Input for
				description after
				converting to binary
				value.
			Digital output	Decimal value. See
			(not	16-66 Digital Output [bin]
			monitored in	for description after
			this SW	converting to binary
			release)	value.
			Warning word	Decimal value. See
				16-92 Warning Word for
				description.
			Alarm word	Decimal value. See
				16-90 Alarm Word for
			<u> </u>	description.
			Status word	Decimal value. See
				16-03 Status Word for
				description after converting to binary
				value.
			Control word	Decimal value. See
				16-00 Control Word for
				description.
			Extended	Decimal value. See
			status word	16-94 Ext. Status Word for
				description.
			Table 3.30	

15-22 Historic Log: Time

Array [50]		
Range:		Function:
0 ms*	[0 - 2147483647 ms]	View the time at which the logged event occurred. Time is measured in ms since frequency converter start.

15-22 Historic Log: Time	
Array [50]	
Range:	Function:
	The max. value corresponds to approx. 24 days which means that the count will restart at zero after this time period.

3.16.4 15-3* Alarm Log

Parameters in this group are array parameters, where up to 10 fault logs can be viewed. [0] is the most recent logged data, and [9] the oldest. Error codes, values, and time stamp can be viewed for all logged data.

15-	-30 Fault Log: Error Code				
Arra	ıy [10]				
Rar	ige:	Function:			
0 N/	A* [0 - 255 N/A]	•			
		meaning in 5 Troubleshooting.			
15-	15-31 Alarm Log: Value				
Arra	Array [10]				
Rar	ige:	Function:			
0 *	[-32767 - 32767]	View an extra description of the error.			
		This parameter is mostly used in			
		combination with alarm 38 'internal			
		fault'.			
15-	15-32 Alarm Log: Time				
Arra	ıy [10]				
Rar	Range: Function:				
0 s*	[0 - 2147483647	s] View the time when the logged event			
		occurred. Time is measured in seconds			
		from frequency converter start-up.			

3.16.5 15-4* Drive Identification

Parameters containing read only information about the hardware and software configuration of the frequency converter.

15-40 FC Type		
Range	:	Function:
0 N/A*	[0 - 0 N/A]	View the frequency converter type. The read-out is identical to the FC 300 Series power field of the type code definition, characters 1-6.

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15-41 Power Section Range: Function: 0 N/A* [0 - 0 N/A] View the FC type. The read-out is identical to the FC 300 Series power field of the type code definition, characters 7-10. 15-42 Voltage Range: Function: 0 N/A* [0 - 0 N/A] View the FC type. The read-out is identical				
0 N/A* [0 - 0 N/A] View the FC type. The read-out is identical to the FC 300 Series power field of the type code definition, characters 7-10. 15-42 Voltage Range: Function:				
Range: Function:				
0 N/A* [0 - 0 N/A] View the FC type. The read-out is identical				
to the FC 300 Series power field of the type code definition, characters 11-12.				
15-43 Software Version				
Range: Function:				
0 * [0 - 0] View the combined SW version (or 'package version') consisting of power SW and control SW.				
15-44 Ordered Typecode String				
Range: Function:				
0 * [0 - 0] View the type code string used for re-ordering the frequency converter in its original configuration.				
15-45 Actual Typecode String				
Range: Function:				
0 * [0 - 0] View the actual type code string.				
0 * [0 - 0] View the actual type code string.				
0 * [0 - 0] View the actual type code string. 15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No Range: Function:				
15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No				
15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the 8-digit ordering number used for re- ordering the frequency converter in its original				
15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the 8-digit ordering number used for re- ordering the frequency converter in its original configuration.				
15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the 8-digit ordering number used for re- ordering the frequency converter in its original configuration. 15-47 Power Card Ordering No				
15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the 8-digit ordering number used for re- ordering the frequency converter in its original configuration. 15-47 Power Card Ordering No Range: Function:				
15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the 8-digit ordering number used for re- ordering the frequency converter in its original configuration. 15-47 Power Card Ordering No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the power card ordering number.				
15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the 8-digit ordering number used for re- ordering the frequency converter in its original configuration. 15-47 Power Card Ordering No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the power card ordering number.				
15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the 8-digit ordering number used for re- ordering the frequency converter in its original configuration. 15-47 Power Card Ordering No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the power card ordering number. 15-48 LCP Id No Range: Function:				
15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the 8-digit ordering number used for re- ordering the frequency converter in its original configuration. 15-47 Power Card Ordering No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the power card ordering number. 15-48 LCP Id No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the LCP ID number.				
15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the 8-digit ordering number used for re-ordering the frequency converter in its original configuration. 15-47 Power Card Ordering No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the power card ordering number. 15-48 LCP Id No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the LCP ID number. 15-49 SW ID Control Card				
15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the 8-digit ordering number used for re- ordering the frequency converter in its original configuration. 15-47 Power Card Ordering No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the power card ordering number. 15-48 LCP Id No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the LCP ID number. 15-49 SW ID Control Card Range: Function:				
15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the 8-digit ordering number used for reordering the frequency converter in its original configuration. 15-47 Power Card Ordering No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the power card ordering number. IS-48 LCP Id No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the power card ordering number. IS-49 SW ID Control Card Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] 0 * [0 - 0] View the LCP ID number.				
15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the 8-digit ordering number used for reordering the frequency converter in its original configuration. 15-47 Power Card Ordering No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the power card ordering number. IS-48 LCP Id No Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the LCP ID number. IS-49 SW ID Control Card Range: Function: 0 * [0 - 0] View the control card software version number. IS-50 SW ID Power Card				
15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No Range: Function: 0* [0 - 0] View the 8-digit ordering number used for re- ordering the frequency converter in its original configuration. 15-47 Power Card Ordering No Range: Function: 0* [0 - 0] View the power card ordering number. 15-48 LCP Id No Range: Function: 0* [0 - 0] View the LCP ID number. 15-49 SW ID Control Card Range: Function: 0* [0 - 0] View the control card software version number. 15-50 SW ID Power Card Range: Function:				
15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No Range: Function: 0* [0 - 0] View the 8-digit ordering number used for re- ordering the frequency converter in its original configuration. 15-47 Power Card Ordering No Range: Function: 0* [0 - 0] View the power card ordering number. IS-48 LCP Id No Range: [0 - 0] View the power card ordering number. 0* [0 - 0] View the LCP ID number. IS-49 SW ID Control Card Range: Function: 0 0* [0 - 0] View the control card software version number. IS-50 SW ID Power Card Range: Function: 0* [0 - 0] View the control card software version number. Other card Range: Function: 0* View the control card software version number. Other card View the power card software version number.				

15-53 Power Card Serial Number				
Range: Function:				
0 * [0 - 0] Viev	v the power card serial number.		
15-58 Smart Setup Filename				
Range:	Range: Function:			
Size related*	[0 - 0]	Shows the currently used smart application setup filename.		
15-59 CSIV	15-59 CSIV Filename			
Range:	Range: Function:			
Size related*	[0 - 0]	Shows the currently used CSIV (Costumer Specific Initial Values) filename.		

3.16.6 15-6* Option Ident.

This read-only parameter group contains information about the hardware and software configuration of the options installed in slots A, B, C0 and C1.

15-60 Option Mounted						
Arra	y [8]					
Ran	ge:	Function:				
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the installed option type.				
15- 6	15-61 Option SW Version					
Array [8]						
Range: Function:						
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the installed option software version.				
15-6	52 Option	Ordering No				
Arra	y [8]		٦			
Ran	ge: Fi	unction:				
0 *		ows the ordering number for the installed tions.				
15-6	53 Option	Serial No				
Arra	y [8]		٦			
Ran	ge:	Function:				
0 *	[0 - 0]	View the installed option serial number.				
15-8	30 Fan Rur	ning Hours				
Ran	ge:	Function:				
0 h*	[0 - 21474	83647 h] View how many hours the heatsink fan has run (increments for each hour). The value is saved when the drive is turned off.				

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0	

15	-92 Defined	15-92 Defined Parameters			
Arr	Array [1000]				
Ra	nge:	Function:			
0 *	[0 - 9999]	View a list of all defined parameters in the			
		frequency converter. The list ends with 0.			
15	15-93 Modified Parameters				
Arr	Array [1000]				
Ra	Range: Function:				
0 *	[0 - 9999]	View a list of the parameters that have been			
		changed from their default setting. The list			
		ends with 0. Changes may not be visible until			
	up to 30 s after implementation.				
15	15-99 Parameter Metadata				
Arr	ay [30]				
Ra	Range: Function:				
0 N,	/A* [0 - 999	9 N/A] This parameter contains data used by			
the MCT 10 Set-up Software.					

3.17 Parameters: 16-** Data Read-outs

16-00 Control Wo		Word
Range:		Function:
0 *	[0 - 65535]	View the Control word sent from the frequency converter via the serial communi- cation port in hex code.

16-01 Reference [Unit]		
Range:		Function:
0.000 Reference-	[-999999.000 -	View the present
FeedbackUnit*	999999.000	reference value applied
	ReferenceFeed-	on impulse or analog
	backUnit]	basis in the unit
		resulting from the
		configuration selected
		in 1-00 Configuration
		Mode (Hz, Nm or RPM).

16-02	Reference [%]	
Range	:	Function:
0.0 %*	[-200.0 -	View the total reference. The total
	200.0 %]	reference is the sum of digital, analog,
		preset, bus, and freeze references, plus
		catch-up and slow-down.

16-03 Status Word

Ra	inge:	Function:
0 *	[0 - 65535]	View the Status word sent from the frequency converter via the serial communication port in hex code.

16-05 Main Actual Value [%]

Range:		Function:
0.00 %*	[-100.00 - 100.00 %]	View the two-byte word sent with the Status word to the bus Master reporting the Main Actual Value.

16-09 Custom Readout		
Range:		Function:
0.00 CustomRea- doutUnit*	[0.00 - 0.00 CustomRea- doutUnit]	View the value of custom readout from 0-30 Unit for User-defined Readout to 0-32 Custom Readout Max Value

3.17.1 16-1* Motor Status

16-10	Power [kW]	
Range	:	Function:
0.00	[0.00 -	Displays motor power in kW. The value
kW*	10000.00	shown is calculated on the basis of the
	kW]	actual motor voltage and motor current.
		The value is filtered, and therefore approx.

16-10	Power [kW	/]
Range	:	Function:
		30 ms may pass from when an input value
		changes to when the data read-out values
		change. The resolution of read-out value on fieldbus is in 10 W steps.
16-11	Power [hp	
Range		Function:
0.00 hp*	[0.00 - 10000.00 h	View the motor power in HP. The value pl shown is calculated on the basis of the
		actual motor voltage and motor current.
		The value is filtered, and therefore
		approximately 30 ms may pass from
		when an input value changes to when the data read-out values change.
	Motor Vol	
Range		Function:
0.0 V*	[0.0 - 6000	0 V] View the motor voltage, a calculated value used for controlling the motor.
16-13	Frequency	,
Range	:	Function:
0.0 Hz*	[0.0 - 650	
		resonance dampening.
16-14 Motor Current		
16-14	Motor Cur	rent
16-14 Range		Function:
	: [0.00 -	Function: View the motor current measured as a
Range	2:	Function: View the motor current measured as a mean value, IRMS. The value is filtered,
Range	:: [0.00 -	Function: View the motor current measured as a
Range	:: [0.00 -	Function: View the motor current measured as a mean value, IRMS. The value is filtered, and thus approximately 30 ms may pass
Range 0.00 A*	e: [0.00 - 10000.00 A	Function: View the motor current measured as a mean value, IRMS. The value is filtered, and thus approximately 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data read-out values change.
Range 0.00 A* 16-15	: [0.00 - 10000.00 A Frequency	Function: View the motor current measured as a mean value, IRMS. The value is filtered, and thus approximately 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data read-out values change.
Range 0.00 A*	: [0.00 - 10000.00 A Frequency	Function: View the motor current measured as a mean value, IRMS. The value is filtered, and thus approximately 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data read-out values change. [%] Function:
Range 0.00 A* 16-15 Range	: [0.00 - 10000.00 A Frequency	Function: View the motor current measured as a mean value, IRMS. The value is filtered, and thus approximately 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data read-out values change. (%) Function: View a two-byte word reporting the actual motor frequency (without
Range 0.00 A* 16-15 Range 0.00	: [0.00 - 10000.00 A Frequency : [-100.00 -	Function: View the motor current measured as a mean value, IRMS. The value is filtered, and thus approximately 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data read-out values change. / [%] Function: · View a two-byte word reporting the actual motor frequency (without resonance dampening) as a percentage
Range 0.00 A* 16-15 Range 0.00	: [0.00 - 10000.00 A Frequency : [-100.00 -	Function: View the motor current measured as a mean value, IRMS. The value is filtered, and thus approximately 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data read-out values change. (%) Function: View a two-byte word reporting the actual motor frequency (without resonance dampening) as a percentage (scale 0000-4000 Hex) of 4-19 Max Output
Range 0.00 A* 16-15 Range 0.00	: [0.00 - 10000.00 A Frequency : [-100.00 -	Function: View the motor current measured as a mean value, IRMS. The value is filtered, and thus approximately 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data read-out values change. / [%] Function: · View a two-byte word reporting the actual motor frequency (without resonance dampening) as a percentage
Range 0.00 A* 16-15 Range 0.00	: [0.00 - 10000.00 A Frequency : [-100.00 -	Function: View the motor current measured as a mean value, IRMS. The value is filtered, and thus approximately 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data read-out values change. (%) Function: View a two-byte word reporting the actual motor frequency (without resonance dampening) as a percentage (scale 0000-4000 Hex) of 4-19 Max Output Frequency. Set 9-16 PCD Read Configu-
Range 0.00 A* 16-15 Range 0.00 %*	E: [0.00 - 10000.00 A Frequency : [-100.00 - 100.00 %]	Function: View the motor current measured as a mean value, IRMS. The value is filtered, and thus approximately 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data read-out values change. (%) Function: View a two-byte word reporting the actual motor frequency (without resonance dampening) as a percentage (scale 0000-4000 Hex) of 4-19 Max Output Frequency. Set 9-16 PCD Read Configuration index 1 to send it with the Status Word instead of the MAV.
Range 0.00 A* 16-15 Range 0.00 %*	E: [0.00 - 10000.00 A Frequency : [-100.00 - 100.00 %] Torque [N	Function: View the motor current measured as a mean value, IRMS. The value is filtered, and thus approximately 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data read-out values change. (%) Function: View a two-byte word reporting the actual motor frequency (without resonance dampening) as a percentage (scale 0000-4000 Hex) of 4-19 Max Output Frequency. Set 9-16 PCD Read Configuration index 1 to send it with the Status Word instead of the MAV.
Range 0.00 A* 16-15 Range 0.00 %*	E: [0.00 - 10000.00 A Frequency : [-100.00 - 100.00 %] Torque [N	Function: View the motor current measured as a mean value, IRMS. The value is filtered, and thus approximately 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data read-out values change. (%) Function: View a two-byte word reporting the actual motor frequency (without resonance dampening) as a percentage (scale 0000-4000 Hex) of 4-19 Max Output Frequency. Set 9-16 PCD Read Configuration index 1 to send it with the Status Word instead of the MAV. m]
Range 0.00 A* 16-15 Range 0.00 %* 16-16 Range	: [0.00 - 10000.00 A Frequency : [-100.00 - 100.00 %] Torque [N :	Function: View the motor current measured as a mean value, IRMS. The value is filtered, and thus approximately 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data read-out values change. (%) Function: View a two-byte word reporting the actual motor frequency (without resonance dampening) as a percentage (scale 0000-4000 Hex) of 4-19 Max Output Frequency. Set 9-16 PCD Read Configuration index 1 to send it with the Status Word instead of the MAV. m] Function:
Range 0.00 A* 16-15 Range 0.00 %* 16-16 Range 0.0	:: [0.00 - 10000.00 A Frequency : [-100.00 - 100.00 %] Torque [N : [-3000.0 -	Function: View the motor current measured as a mean value, IRMS. The value is filtered, and thus approximately 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data read-out values change. / [%] Function: / [%] / [%] Function: (scale 0000-4000 Hex) of 4-19 Max Output Frequency. Set 9-16 PCD Read Configuration index 1 to send it with the Status Word instead of the MAV. m] Function: View the torque value with sign, applied to the motor shaft. Linearity is not exact between 160% motor current and torque in
Range 0.00 A* 16-15 Range 0.00 %* 16-16 Range 0.0	:: [0.00 - 10000.00 A Frequency : [-100.00 - 100.00 %] Torque [N : : [-3000.0 - 3000.0 -	Function: View the motor current measured as a mean value, IRMS. The value is filtered, and thus approximately 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data read-out values change. P[96] Function: View a two-byte word reporting the actual motor frequency (without resonance dampening) as a percentage (scale 0000-4000 Hex) of 4-19 Max Output Frequency. Set 9-16 PCD Read Configuration index 1 to send it with the Status Word instead of the MAV. m] Function: View the torque value with sign, applied to the motor shaft. Linearity is not exact between 160% motor current and torque in relation to the rated torque. Some motors
Range 0.00 A* 16-15 Range 0.00 %* 16-16 Range 0.0	:: [0.00 - 10000.00 A Frequency : [-100.00 - 100.00 %] Torque [N : : [-3000.0 - 3000.0 -	Function: View the motor current measured as a mean value, IRMS. The value is filtered, and thus approximately 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data read-out values change. / [%] Function: / [%] / [%] Function: (scale 0000-4000 Hex) of 4-19 Max Output Frequency. Set 9-16 PCD Read Configuration index 1 to send it with the Status Word instead of the MAV. m] Function: View the torque value with sign, applied to the motor shaft. Linearity is not exact between 160% motor current and torque in

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16-16 Torque [Nm]		
Range	2:	Function:
		as well as the motor used. The value is filtered, and thus approx. 30 ms may pass from when an input changes value to when the data read-out values change.

16-17 Speed [RPM]		
Range		Function:
0 RPM*	[-30000 - 30000 RPM]	View the actual motor RPM. In open loop or closed loop process control the motor RPM is estimated. In speed closed loop modes the motor RPM is measured.
		measured.

16-18 Motor Thermal		
Rang	je:	Function:
0 %*	[0 - 100 %]	View the calculated thermal load on the motor. The cut-out limit is 100%. The basis for calculation is the ETR function selected in <i>1-90 Motor Thermal Protection</i> .

16-19	KTY sensor temper	ature

Rang	je:	Function:
0 °C*	[0 - 0 °C]	Returning the actual temperature on KTY
		sensor buil into the motor.
		See parameter group 1-9* Motor Temperature.

16-20 Motor Angle

Range:		Function:
0 N/A*	[0 - 65535	View the current encoder/resolver
	N/A]	angle offset relative to the index
		position. The value range of 0-65535
		corresponds to 0-2*pi (radians).

16-21 Torque [%] High Res.				
Range: Function:				
0 %*	[-200 - 200 %]	The value shown is the torque in percent of nominal torque, with sign and 0.1% resolution, applied to the motor shaft.		

16-22 Torque [%]

Range:		Function:
0 %*	[-200 - 200 %]	Value shown is the torque in percent of
		nominal torque, with sign, applied to the motor shaft.

16-25 Torque [Nm] High

Range	:	Function:
0.0	[-200000000.0 -	View the torque value with sign,
Nm*	200000000.0	applied to the motor shaft. Some
	Nm]	motors supply more than 160%
		torque. Consequently, the min. value
		and the max. value will depend on
		the max. motor current as well as the

16-25 Torque [Nm] High

Range	:	Function:
		motor used. This specific readout has been adapted to be able to show higher values than the standard readout in <i>16-16 Torque [Nm]</i> .

3.17.2 16-3* Drive Status

16-30 I	DC Link Vo	ltage		
Range:		Functio	n:	
0 V* [0	- 10000 V]		neasured value. The value is filtered 30 ms time constant.	
16-32 I	Brake Ener	gy /s		
Range: Function:				
0.000 kW	1.000 kW* [0.000 - 10000.00 kW]		 View the brake power transmitted to an external brake resistor, stated as an instan- taneous value. 	
16-33 I	Brake Ener	gy /2 mir	1	
Range:			Function:	
0.000 kW	0.000 kW* [0.000 - 10000.000 kW]		View the brake power transmitted to an external brake resistor. The mean power is calculated on an average basis for the most recent 120 s.	
16-34 I	Heatsink T	emp.		
Range:		Function	n:	
0 °C* [I	0 - 255 °C]	View the frequency converter heatsink temperature. The cut-out limit is 90 \pm 5 °C, and the motor cuts back in at 60 \pm 5 °C.		
16-35 I	nverter Th	ermal		
Range:		Functio	n:	
0 %* [0 - 100 %]	View the	percentage load on the inverter.	
16-36 I	nv. Nom. (Current		
Range:		F	unction:	
10.00 A* [0.01 - 10000.00 A]		N] wi da da	View the inverter nominal current, which should match the nameplate data on the connected motor. The data are used for calculation of torque, motor protection, etc.	
16-37 I	nv. Max. C	urrent		
Range:		F	unction:	
16.00 A*	[0.01 - 10000.00 <i>F</i>	N] wi	ew the inverter maximum current, hich should match the nameplate ata on the connected motor. The	

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10	27	I.e. a	M C		
			Max. C	urrent	
Ran	ige:				Function:
					data are used for calculation of
				t	orque, motor protection, etc.
16-3	38	SL C	ontroll	er State	
Ran	ge:			Fun	ction:
0 N/	A*	[0 -	100 N/	the state of the event under	
				execu	ution by the SL controller.
16-3	39	Cont	rol Ca	rd Temp).
Ran	ge:			Functio	on:
0 °C*	÷	[0 - 1	00 °C]	View the stated in	e temperature on the control card, n °C
16-4	40	Logo	jing <u>B</u> i	uffer Ful	I
Opt			unctio		
		ne	•	full wher	Log Settings). The logging buffer will n 15-13 Logging Mode is set to [0]
[0] *	No	,			
[1]	Ye	_			
16-4	48	Spee	d Ref.	After Ra	amp [RPM]
Ran	ge:	:			Function:
0 RP	M*	[-30	0000 - 3	30000	This parameter specifies the
		RPM			reference given to the drive after
					the speed ramp.
16-	49	Curre	ent Fa	ult Sour	ce
Ran	ge:		Func	tion:	
0 *	[0	- 8]	short (from 1-4 In	circuit, ov left):	source of current faults including ver current, and phase imbalance
				e 1.	

16-51	16-51 Pulse Reference					
Range:		F	unction:			
		re	ad-out can	also reflect the impulses		
		fro	om an incr	emental encoder.		
16-52	Feedback	[Unit]				
Range:				Function:		
0.000 Re	ference-	[-999999	.999 -	View the feedback unit		
Feedbac	kUnit*	9999999.99	-	resulting from the		
		Reference	Feed-	selection of unit and		
		backUnit]		scaling in 3-00 Reference Range, 3-01 Reference/		
				Feedback Unit,		
				3-02 Minimum Reference		
				and 3-03 Maximum		
				Reference.		
16-53	Digi Pot F	16-53 Digi Pot Reference				
Range:			Funct	ion:		
Range: 0.00 N/A		0 - 200.00	View th	ne contribution of the		
-			View th Digital	ne contribution of the Potentiometer to the		
-	* [-200.0		View th Digital	ne contribution of the		
0.00 N/A	* [-200.0	0 - 200.00	View th Digital	ne contribution of the Potentiometer to the		
0.00 N/A	* [-200.0 N/A] Feedback	0 - 200.00 [RPM]	View th Digital	ne contribution of the Potentiometer to the		
0.00 N/A	* [-200.0 N/A] Feedback [-30000 -	0 - 200.00 [RPM] Func Read-	View th Digital actual tion:	e contribution of the Potentiometer to the reference. eter where the actual		
0.00 N/A 16-57 Range:	* [-200.0 N/A] Feedback	0 - 200.00 [RPM] Func 1] Read- motor	View th Digital actual tion: out param	eter where the actual		
0.00 N/A 16-57 Range:	* [-200.0 N/A] Feedback [-30000 -	0 - 200.00 [RPM] Func 1] Read- motor can b	tion: out param read in b	eter where the actual n the feed-back source poth closed loop and		
0.00 N/A 16-57 Range:	* [-200.0 N/A] Feedback [-30000 -	(RPM) [RPM] Func [Read- motor can b open	tion: out param read in t loop. The	eter where the actual n the feed-back source poth closed loop and feed-back source is		
0.00 N/A 16-57 Range:	* [-200.0 N/A] Feedback [-30000 -	(RPM) [RPM] Func [Read- motor can b open	View th Digital actual ction: out param RPM fron e read in h loop. The ed by 7-00	eter where the actual n the feed-back source poth closed loop and		

3.17.3 16-5* Ref. & Feedb.

0 No fault recorded

16-50 External Reference				
Range:	Function:			
0.0 N/A*	[-200.0 - 200.0 View the total reference, the sum of N/A] digital, analog, preset, bus and freeze references, plus catch-up and slow- down.			
16-51 I	Pulse Reference			
Range:		Function:		
0.0 N/A*	[-200.0 - 200.0 N/A]	View the reference value from programmed digital input(s). The		



3.17.4 16-6* Inputs and Outputs

16	5-60 Dig	ital Ing	out				
	ange:	Func					
0	[0 -			I states from the active digital inputs.			
*	1023]			18 corresponds to bit no. 5, '0' = no			
				nnected signal. Bit 6 works in the			
		oppos	ite way,	on = '0', off = '1' (safe stop input).			
		Bit 0		Digital input term. 33			
		Bit 1		Digital input term. 32			
		Bit 2		Digital input term. 29			
		Bit 3		Digital input term. 27			
		Bit 4		Digital input term. 19			
		Bit 5 Bit 6		Digital input term. 18 Digital input term. 37			
		Bit 7		Digital input GP I/O term. X30/4			
		Bit 7		Digital input GP I/O term. X30/4			
		Bit 9		Digital input GP I/O term. X30/2			
		Bit 10	-63	Reserved for future terminals			
			05				
		Table	e 3.34				
		0000	9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				
			DIT-29 b				
				DIT-19 DIT-18			
				DI T -37 DI X30/4			
				DI X30/3 DI X30/2			
				DI X46/13 DI X46/11			
				DI X46/9 DI X46/7			
				DI X46/7 DI X46/5 DI X46/3			
				DI X46/1			
		Illust	ration 3.	63			
16	5-61 Ter	mi <u>nal </u>	53 <u>Swito</u>	h Setting			
0	ption:	F	unctior	1:			
		V	iew the s	setting of input terminal 53. Current =			
			; Voltage				
[0]	0] Current						
[1]	[1] Voltage						
[2]	[2] Pt 1000 [°C]						
[3]	[3] Pt 1000 [°F]						
[4]	Ni 1000	[°C]					
[5]	Ni 1000	[°F]					
16	5-62 Ana	alo <u>g In</u>	put <u>53</u>				
	ange:			Function:			

[-20.000 - 20.000 N/A] View the actual value at input 53.

0.000 N/A*

16	-63 Tei	rmina	l 54 Sw	itch	Settir	ıg	
Op	otion:		Functi	on:			
			View the	e set	tting of	f input terminal 54. Current =	
			0; Volta	ge =	1.		
[0]	Current			_			
[1]	Voltage						
[2]	Pt 1000 Pt 1000						
[3]	Ni 1000						
[5]	Ni 1000						
16	-64 An	alog	Input 54	4			
	nge:					Function:	
	00 N/A*	[-20	0.000 - 20	0.000) N/A]	View the actual value at input 54.	
16	-65 An	aloq	Output	42 [[mA]		
	nge:				Fund	tion:	
_	00 N/A*	[0.0]	00 - 30.0	00	View	the actual value at output 42	
		N/A]			in mA	. The value shown reflects	
						election in 6-50 Terminal 42	
					Outpu	ť.	
16	-66 Dig	gital (Output	bin]			
Ra	nge:		F	unct	ion:		
0 N	/A* [0	- 15	N/A] View the binary value of all digital				
			ou	tput	s.		
16	-67 Pu	lse In	put #29	ĨHz	1		
	nge:		Fun				
0 *	<u> </u>	30000] View 29.	the	actual	frequency rate on terminal	
16	-68 Fre	eq. In	put #33	[Hz]		
Ra	nge:			F	unctio	on:	
0 N		- 130	000 N/A			actual value of the	
			frequ		•	quency applied at terminal 33 as	
				ar	n impu	lse input.	
16	-69 Pu	lse O	utput #2	27 [I	Hz]		
Ra	nge:			Fu	Inctior	ז:	
0 N	/A* [0	- 400	000 N/A]			actual value of pulses applied al 27 in digital output mode.	
16	-70 Pu	lse O	utput #2	29 [Hz]		
	nge:			_	Inctior	ווייי	
0 N		- 400	000 N/A]	teri	minal 2 s parar	actual value of pulses at 29 in digital output mode. neter is available for FC 302	

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16-71 Relay Output [bin]						
0 *	ge: [0 - 511]	Function: View the settings of all relays. Readout choice (Par. 16-71): Relay output (bin): 0 0 0 0 0 bin OptionB card relay 09 OptionB card relay 08 OptionB card relay 07 Power card relay 01				
		Illustration 3.65				

16-72 Co	unter A
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Rang	e:	Function:
0	[-2147483648 -	View the present value of Counter A.
N/A*	2147483647 N/A]	Counters are useful as comparator
		operands, see 13-10 Comparator
		Operand.
		The value can be reset or changed
		either via digital inputs (parameter
		group 5-1* Digital Inputs) or by using
		an SLC action (13-52 SL Controller
		Action).

16-73	Counter	R
10-75	Counter	-

Rang	e:	Function:
0	[-2147483648 -	View the present value of Counter B.
N/A*	2147483647 N/A]	Counters are useful as comparator
		operands (13-10 Comparator Operand).
		The value can be reset or changed
		either via digital inputs (parameter
		group 5-1*) or by using an SLC action
		(13-52 SL Controller Action).

16-74 Prec. Stop Counter				
Range	:	Function:		
0 N/A*	[0 - 2147483647 N/A]	Returns the actual counter value of precise counter (1-84 Precise Stop Counter Value).		

16-75 Analog In X30/11			
Range	:	Function:	
0.000 *	[-20.000 - 20.000]	View the actual value at input X30/11 of MCB 101.	
16-76 Analog In X30/12			
16-76	Analog In X30/12		
16-76 Range	J	Function:	

16-77	6-77 Analog Out X30/8 [mA]				
Range:		Function:			
0.000 *	[0	[0.000 - 30.000] View the actual value at input X30/8 in mA.			
16-78	16-78 Analog Out X45/1 [mA]				
Range:				Function:	
0.000 N/	Ά*	[0.000 - 30.00 N/A]	0	View the actual value at output X45/1. The value shown reflects the selection in <i>6-70 Terminal X45/1 Output</i> .	
16-79	An	alog Out X45/	3 [I	mA]	
Range:	Range: Function:			Function:	
0.000 N/	′A*	[0.000 - 30.00 N/A]	0	View the actual value at output X45/3. The value shown reflects the selection in <i>6-80 Terminal X45/3 Output</i> .	

3.17.5 16-8* Fieldbus & FC Port

Parameters for reporting the BUS references and control words.

16	16-80 Fieldbus CTW 1		
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[0 - 65535]	View the two-byte Control word (CTW) received from the Bus-Master. Interpretation of the Control word depends on the Fieldbus option installed and the Control word profile selected in <i>8-10 Control Profile</i> . For more information, refer to the relevant Fieldbus manual.	
16	-82 Fieldbus	REF 1	
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[-200 -	View the two-byte word sent with the control	

ка	nge:	Function:
0 *	[-200 -	View the two-byte word sent with the control
	200]	word form the Bus-Master to set the
		reference value.
		For more information, refer to the relevant
		fieldbus manual.

16.04	C	Ontion	CTM
10-84	Comm.	Option	SIW

Ra	nge:	Function:
0 *	[0 - 65535]	View the extended Fieldbus comm. option
		status word.
		For more information, refer to the relevant
		Fieldbus manual.

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16-85 FC Port CTW 1		
Ra	nge:	Function:
0 *	[0 - 65535]	View the two-byte Control word (CTW) received from the Bus-Master. Interpretation of
		the control word depends on the Fieldbus option installed and the Control word profile selected in <i>8-10 Control Profile</i> .

16-86 FC Port REF 1				
Range:		Function:		
0 *	[-200 - 200]	View the two-byte Status word (STW) sent to the Bus-Master. Interpretation of the Status word depends on the fieldbus option installed and the Control word profile selected in <i>8-10 Control Profile</i> .		

16-87 Bus Readout Alarm/Warning						
Range:		Function:				
0 *	[0 - 65535]	Alarm and Warning numbers in hex as displayed in the Alarm log. The High byte contains the Alarm, the Low byte the Warning. The Alarm number is the first one that occurred after the last reset.				

3.17.6 16-9* Diagnosis Read-Outs

When using MCT-10, the read-out parameters can only be read online, i.e. as the actual status. This means that the status is not stored in the MCT-10 file.

16	-90	Alarm Word				
Range:		:	Function:			
0 * [0 - 4294967295]		View the alarm word sent via the serial				
			comm	unication port in hex code.		
16-91 Alarm Word 2						
Range:				Function:		
0 N	0 N/A* [0 - 429496729:		95 N/A]	View the alarm word sent via the serial communication port in hex code.		
16-92 Warning Word						
16	-92	Warning Word				
	-92 nge		Funct	tion:		
	nge		Func	t ion: he warning word sent via the		
Ra	nge	:	Funct View t			
Ra 0 *	nge [0	:	Funct View t serial d	he warning word sent via the		
Ra 0 * 16	nge [0	: - 4294967295] Warning Word	Funct View t serial d	he warning word sent via the		

16-94 Ext. Status Word								
Ra	ange:		Function:					
0 N/A* [0 - 4294967295 N			5					
			word sent via the serial communication port in hex code.					
			communication port in nex code.					
16-96 Maintenance Word								
Ra	ange:	Function:						
0	[0 -		the Preventive Maintenance					
*	4294967295]		bits reflect the status for the ed Preventive Maintenance Events					
			er group 23-1*. 13 bits represent					
			ons of all the possible items:					
		• Bi	it 0: Motor bearings					
		• Bi	it 1: Pump bearings					
		• Bi	it 2: Fan bearings					
		• Bi	it 3: Valve					
		• Bi	it 4: Pressure transmitter					
		• Bi	it 5: Flow transmitter					
		• Bi	it 6: Temperature transmitter					
		• Bi	it 7: Pump seals					
		• Bi	it 8: Fan belt					
		• Bi	it 9: Filter					
		• Bi	it 10: Drive cooling fan					
		• Bi	it 11: Drive system health check					
		• Bi	it 12: Warranty					
		• Bi	it 13: Maintenance Text 0					
		• Bi	it 14: Maintenance Text 1					
		• Bi	it 15: Maintenance Text 2					
		• Bi	it 16: Maintenance Text 3					
		• Bi	it 17: Maintenance Text 4					

Parameter Descriptions

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16-96 Maintenar	nce Word				
	Functio	. .			
Range:			-		
	Positio	Valve	Fan	Pump	Motor
	n 4⇒		bea-	bea-	bea-
	Desitie	D	rings	rings	rings
	Positio	Pump	Tempe-	Flow	Pressur
	n 3 ⇒	seals	rature transmi	trans- mitter	e transmi
			tter	mitter	tter
	Positio	Drive	Drive	Filter	Fan
	$n 2 \Rightarrow$	system	cooling	Filler	belt
		health	fan		Deit
		check	Tan		
	Positio	encer			Warrant
	n 1⇒				y
	0 _{hex}	-	-	-	-
	1 _{hex}	-	-	-	+
	2 _{hex}			+	
	3 _{hex}		-	+	+
	4 _{hex}		+	-	-
	5 _{hex}		+		+
	6hex	-	+	+	-
	7 _{hex}		+	+	+
	8 _{hex}	+	-	-	-
	9 _{hex}	+	-	-	+
	Ahex	+	-	+	-
	Bhex	+	-	+	+
	Chex	+	+	-	-
	Dhex	+	+	-	+
	Ehex	+	+	+	-
	Fhex	+	+	+	+
	Table 3.Example:The Preve040Ahex.		intenance	e Word sl	hows
	Position	1	2	3	4
	hex-value	e 0	4	0	A
	Table 3.38				
	The first of the fourth The secor indicating maintenau The third the secon The fourth indicating	n row rec nd digit 4 that the nce digit 0 ir nd row re h digit A	uires mai refers to Drive Co ndicates ti quires ma refers to	ntenance the third oling Far hat no itd aintenanc the top r	e d row n requires ems from re row



3.18 Parameters: 17-** Motor Feedb. Option

Additional parameters to configure the Encoder (MCB 102) or the Resolver (MCB 103) Feedback Option.

3.18.1 17-1* Inc. Enc. Interface

Parameters in this group configure the incremental interface of the MCB 102 option. Note that both the incremental and absolute interfaces are active at the same time.

NOTE

These parameters cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

17-10 Signal Type

Select the incremental type (A/B channel) of the encoder in use. Find the information on the encoder data sheet. Select [0] None if the feedback sensor is an absolute encoder only.

Option:		Function:
[0]	None	
[1] *	RS422 (5V TTL)	
[2]	Sinusoidal 1Vpp	

17-11 Resolution (PPR)		
Range:		Function:
1024 N/A*	[10 - 10000 N/A]	Enter the resolution of the incremental track, i.e. the number of pulses or periods per revolution.

3.18.2 17-2* Abs. Enc. Interface

Parameters in this group configure the absolute interface of the MCB 102 option. Note that both the incremental and absolute interfaces are active at the same time.

17-20 Protocol Selection			
Select [1] HIPERFACE if the encoder is absolute only.			
Select [0] None if the feedback sensor is an incremental encoder			
only.			
Option:		Function:	
[0] *	None		
[1]	HIPERFACE		
[2]	EnDat		
[4]	SSI		

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

Select the resolution of the absolute encoder, i.e. the number of counts per revolution.

The value depends on setting in 17-20 Protocol Selection.
Range: Function:

nange.	
8192. N/A*	[4 131072. N/A]

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

17-24 SSI Data Length			
Ran	ge:		Function:
13 N/	/A* [13 - 25	;	Set the number of bits for the SSI
	N/A]		telegram. Choose 13 bits for single-turn
			encoders and 25 bits for multi-turn
			encoder.
17-2	25 Clock Ra	te	
Ran	ge:		Function:
0 kHz	z* [100 - 0	kHz]	Set the SSI clock rate. With long encoder
			cables the clock rate must be reduced.
17-26 SSI Data Format			
Opt	ion:	Fur	nction:
[0] *	Gray code		
[1]	Binary code	Set 1	he data format of the SSI data. Choose
		between Gray or Binary format.	
17-34 HIPERFACE Baudrate			
Sele	Select the baud rate of the attached encoder.		
The parameter is only accessible when 17-20 Protocol Selection is			
set to [1] HIPERFACE.			
Opt	ion:		Function:

Option:		Function:
[0]	600	
[1]	1200	
[2]	2400	
[3]	4800	
[4] *	9600	
[5]	19200	
[6]	38400	

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

3.18.3 17-5* Resolver Interface

Parameter group 17-5* is used for setting parameters for the MCB 103 Resolver Option.

Usually the resolver feedback is used as motor feedback from Permanent Magnet motors with *1-01 Motor Control Principle* set to Flux with motor feedback.

Resolver parameters cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

17-50	Poles		
Range	2:	Function:	
2 N/A*	[2 - 2 N/A]	Set the number of poles on the resolver.	
		The value is stated in the data sheet for	
		resolvers.	
17-51	17-51 Input Voltage		
Range	e:	Function:	
7.0 V*	[2.0 - 8.0 V]	Set the input voltage to the resolver. The	
		voltage is stated as RMS value.	
		The value is stated in the data sheet for	
		resolvers	

17-52 Input Frequency			
Range:		Function:	
10.0 kHz*	[2.0 - 15.0	Set the input frequency to the	
	kHz]	resolver.	

17-53	Transformation	Ratio

Range:		Function:
0.5 N/A*	[0.1 - 1.1	Set the transformation ratio for the
	N/A]	resolver.
		The transformation ration is:
		$T_{ratio} = \frac{V_{Out}}{V_{In}}$ The value is stated in the data sheet for resolvers.

for resolvers.

The value is stated in the data sheet

17-56 Encoder Sim. Resolution

Set the resolution and activate the encoder emulation function (generation of encoder signals from the measured position from a resolver). Needed when necessary to transfer the speed or position information from one drive to another. To disable the function, select [0] Disabled.

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Disabled	
[1]	512	
[2]	1024	
[3]	2048	
[4]	4096	

17-59 Resolver Interface	Resolver Interface	17-59
--------------------------	--------------------	-------

Activate the MCB 103 resolver option when the resolver parameters are selected. To avoid damage to resolvers *17-50 Poles – 17-53 Transformation Ratio* must be adjusted before activating this parameter. **Option:** Function:

[0] * Disabled [1] Enabled	I	e puern		
[1] Enabled		[0] *	Disabled	
		[1]	Enabled	

3.18.4 17-6* Monitoring and Application

This parameter group is for selecting additional functions when MCB 102 Encoder option or MCB 103 Resolver option is fitted into option slot B as speed feedback. Monitoring and Application parameters cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

17-60 Feedback Direction		
Change the detected encoder rotation direction without changing the wiring to the encoder.		
Option: Function:		
[0] *	Clockwise	
[1]	Counter clockwise	
NATE		

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

17-61 Feedback Signal Monitoring		
Select which reaction the frequency converter should take in case a faulty encoder signal is detected. The encoder function in 17-61 Feedback Signal Monitoring is an		
electrical check of the hardware circuit in the encoder system Option: Function:		·
[0]	Disabled	
[1] *	Warning	
[2]	Trip	
[3]	Jog	
[4]	Freeze Output	
[5]	Max Speed	
[6]	Switch to Open Loop	
[7]	Select Setup 1	
[8]	Select Setup 2	
[9]	Select Setup 3	
[10]	Select Setup 4	
[11]	stop & trip	

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3.19 Parameters: 18-** Data Readouts 2

18-36 Analog Input X48/2 [mA]		
Range: Function:		
	/iew the actual current measured at (48/2.	input
18-37 Temp. Inj	put X48/4	
Range:	Function:	
0 * [-500 - 500]	View the actual temperature measinput X48/4. The temperature unit on the selection in <i>35-00 Term. X4.</i> <i>Temperature Unit</i> .	is based
18-38 Temp. Inj	put X48/7	
Range:	Function:	
0 * [-500 - 500]	View the actual temperature measinput X48/7. The temperature unit on the selection in <i>35-02 Term. X4</i> . <i>Temperature Unit</i> .	is based
18-39 Temp. Inj		
Range:	Function:	
0 * [-500 - 500] View the actual temperature measured at input X48/10. The temperature unit is based on the selection in 35-04 Term. X48/10 Temperature Unit.		
18-60 Digital Input 2 Range: Function:		
Range:		
0 * [0 - 65535]	View the signal states from the act inputs. '0' = no signal, '1' = connec	-
18-90 Process P	PID Error	
Range:	Functio	n:
0 %* [-200	- 200 %]	
18-91 Process PID Output		
Range:	Functio	n:
0 %* [-200 - 200 %]		
18-92 Process PID Clamped Output		
Range: Function:		
0 %* [-20	00 - 200 %]	
18-93 Process P	PID Gain Scaled Output	
Range:	Functio	n:
0 %* [-20	00 - 200 %]	

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3.20 Parameters: 30-** Special Features3.20.1 30-0* Wobble Function

The wobble function is primarily used for synthetic yarn winding applications. The wobble option is to be installed in the frequency converter controlling the traverse drive. The traverse drive frequency converter will move the yarn back and forth in a diamond pattern across the surface of the yarn package. To prevent a buildup of yarn at the same points at the surface, this pattern must be altered. The wobble option can accomplish this by continuously varying the traverse velocity in a programmable cycle. The wobble function is created by superimposing a delta frequency around a center frequency. To compensate for the inertia in the system a quick frequency jump can be included. Especially suitable for elastic yarn applications the option features a randomized wobble ratio.

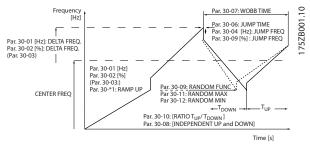


Illustration 3.66

30-0	30-00 Wobble Mode			
Option:		Function:		
		The standard speed open loop mode in 1-00 Configuration Mode is extended with a wobble function. In this parameter it is possible to select which method to be used for the wobbler. The parameters can be set as absolute values (direct frequencies) or as relative values (percentage of other parameter). The wobble cycle time can be set as an absolute alue or as independent up- and down times. When using an absolute cycle time, the up- and down times are configured through the wobble ratio.		
[0] *	Abs. Freq., Abs. Time			
[1]	Abs. Freq., Up/ Down Time			
[2]	Rel. Freq., Abs. Time			
[3]	Rel. Freq., Up/ Down Time			

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while running.

NOTE

The setting of "Center Frequency" takes place via the normal reference handling parameter group, 3-1*

Range: Function: 5 Hz* [0 - The delta frequency is determining the	30-0 ⁻	
5 Hz* [0 - The delta frequency is determining the	Range:	
25 Hz] magnitude of the wobble frequency. The delta frequency is superimposed on the center frequency. <i>30-01 Wobble Delta Frequency [Hz]</i> is selecting both the positive and negative delta frequency. The setting of <i>30-01 Wobble Delta</i> <i>Frequency [Hz]</i> must thus not be higher than th setting of the center frequency. The initial ram up time from standstill until the wobble sequence is running is determined by paramet group 3-1*.	5 Hz*	

30-02	Wohhle	Delta Fre	quency [%]
20 02		Denta i i e	

Range:		Function:	
25 %*	[0 - 100 %]	The delta frequency can also be expressed	
		as percentage of the center frequency and	
		can thus be maximum 100%. The function	
		is the same as for 30-01 Wobble Delta	
		Frequency [Hz].	

30-03 Wobble Delta Freq. Scaling Resource

Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select which drive input should be used to scale the delta frequency setting.	
[0] *	No function		
[1]	Analog Input 53		
[2]	Analog Input 54		
[3]	Frequency input 29	FC 302 only	
[4]	Frequency input 33		
[7]	Analog Input X30/11		
[8]	Analog Input X30/12		
[15]	Analog Input X48/2		

30-04 Wobble Jump Frequency [Hz]

Range:			Function:
0 Hz*	[0 -	The jump frequency is used to compensate for
	20.0	Hz]	the inertia in the traverse system. If a jump in
			the output frequency is required in the top and
			in the bottom of the wobble sequence, the
			frequency jump is set in this parameter. If the
			traverse system has a very high inertia a high
			jump frequency may create a torque limit
			warning or trip (warning/alarm 12) or an over

	ble Jump Frequency [Hz]		
Range:	Function:		
	voltage warning or trip (warning/alarm 7). This		
	parameter can only be changed in stop-mode		
30-05 Wob	ble Jump Frequency [%]		
Range:	Function:		
0 %* [0 - 10	0 %] The jump frequency can also be expressed as		
	percentage of the center frequency. The		
	function is the same as for 30-04 Wobble		
	Jump Frequency [Hz].		
30-06 Wob	ble Jump Time		
Range:	Function:		
Size related*	[0.005 - 5.000 s]		
Size Telateu	[0.003 - 3.000 3]		
	ble Sequence Time		
Range:	Function:		
10 s* [1 - 10	000 s] This parameter determines the wobble		
	sequence period. This parameter can only be		
	changed in stop-mode. Wobble time = $t_{up} + t_{down}$		
	Wobble time – tap i taown		
30-08 Wob	ble Up/ Down Time		
Range:	Function:		
5 s* [0.1 - 10	000 s] Defines the individual up- and down times		
	for each wobble cycle.		
30-09 Wobble Random Function			
Option:	Function		
	Function:		
Option: [0] * [1]	Function: Off On		
Option: [0] * [1] 30-10 Wobl	Function: Off On ble Ratio		
Option: [0] * [1] 30-10 Wobl Range:	Function: Off On On On ble Ratio Function:		
Option: [0] * [1] 30-10 Wobl Range:	Function: Off On On On ble Ratio Function: I If the ratio 0.1 is selected: t _{down} is 10 times		
Option: [0] * [1] 30-10 Wobl Range:	Function: Off Image: Colspan="2">Off On Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2">Off Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2" Image: Colspan="2" I		
Option: [0] * [1] 30-10 Wobl Range:	Function: Off Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2">Off On Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2" Image: Colspan="2" Ima		
Option: [0] * [1] 30-10 Wobl Range:	Function: Off Image: Colspan="2">Off On Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2">Off Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2" Image: Colspan="2" I		
Option: [0] * [1] 30-10 Wobl Range: 1 * [0.1 - 10	Function: Off Image: Colspan="2">On On Image: Colspan="2">On ble Ratio Function: If the ratio 0.1 is selected: t _{down} is 10 times greater than t _{up} . If the ratio 10 is selected: t _{up} is 10 times greater		
Option: [0] * [1] 30-10 Wob! Range: 1 * [0.1 - 10	Function: Off On On On ble Ratio Function: If the ratio 0.1 is selected: t _{down} is 10 times greater than t _{up} . If the ratio 10 is selected: t _{up} is 10 times greater than t _{down} .		
Option: [0] * [1] 30-10 Wobl Range: 1 * [0.1 - 10 30-11 Wobl Range:	Function: Off On On On ble Ratio Function: If the ratio 0.1 is selected: t _{down} is 10 times greater than t _{up} . If the ratio 10 is selected: t _{up} is 10 times greater than t _{down} . ble Random Ratio Max. Bandom Ratio Max.		
Option: [0] * [1] 30-10 Wobl Range: 1 * [0.1 - 10 30-11 Wobl Range:	Function: Off On On On ble Ratio Function: If the ratio 0.1 is selected: t _{down} is 10 times greater than t _{up} . If the ratio 10 is selected: t _{up} is 10 times greater than t _{down} . ble Random Ratio Max. Function:		
Option: [0] * [1] 30-10 Wobl Range: 1 * [0.1 - 10 30-11 Wobl Range: 10 * [par. 1]	Function: Off On On Image: Colspan="2">On ble Ratio Function: If the ratio 0.1 is selected: t _{down} is 10 times greater than t _{up} . If the ratio 10 is selected: t _{up} is 10 times greater than t _{down} . ble Random Ratio Max. Function: 7-53 - 10] Enter the maximum allowed wobble ratio.		
Option: [0] * [1] 30-10 Wobl Range: 1 * [0.1 - 10 30-11 Wobl Range: 10 * [par. 1] 30-12 Wobl	Function: On On On On On Image: Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Function: On Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2">Function: T-53 - 10 Enter the maximum allowed wobble ratio. Image: Colspan="2">Function: Function: Colspan="2">Function: Colspan="2">Function: Function: Colspan="2">Function: Function: Colspan="2">Function: Function: Colspan="2">Function: Function: Colspan="2">Function:		
Option: [0] * [1] 30-10 Wobl Range: 1 * [0,1 - 10 30-11 Wobl Range: 30-12 Wobl Range:	Function: On On ble Ratio Function: Function: If the ratio 0.1 is selected: t _{down} is 10 times greater than t _{up} . If the ratio 10 is selected: t _{up} is 10 times greater than t _{down} . ble Random Ratio Max. Function: 7-53 - 10] Enter the maximum allowed wobble ratio. ble Random Ratio Min. Function:		
Option: [0] * [1] 30-10 Wobl Range: 1 * [0.1 - 10] 30-11 Wobl Range: 10 * [par. 1] 30-12 Wobl Range:	Function: On On On On On Image: Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Function: On Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2">Function: T-53 - 10 Enter the maximum allowed wobble ratio. Image: Colspan="2">Function: Function: Colspan="2">Function: Colspan="2">Function: Function: Colspan="2">Function: Function: Colspan="2">Function: Function: Colspan="2">Function: Function: Colspan="2">Function:		

30-19	30-19 Wobble Delta Freq. Scaled				
Rang	e:	Function:			
0 Hz*	[0 - 1000 Hz]	Readout parameter. View the actual wobble delta frequency after scaling has been applied.			

3.20.2 30-2* Adv. Start Adjust

30-20 High	n Startin	gТ	orque Time [s]		
Range:			Function:		
Size related*	[0 - 60 s]		High starting torque time for PM-Mote in Flux mode without feedback. This parameter is available for FC 302 only		it feedback. This
30-21 High	n Startin	g T	orque Current	[%]	
Range:					Function:
Size related*		[0 - 200.0 %]		
30-22 Lock	ed Rote	or P	rotection		
			for PM-Motor in r is available for		
Option:				Fun	ction:
[0] *	(Dff			
[1]	(Dn			
30-23 Locked Rotor Detection Time [s]					
	Locked Rotor Detection Time for PM-Motor in Flux mode without feedback. This parameter is available for FC 302 only.				
Range:					
Size related*		[(0.05 - 1 s]		

3.20.3 30-8* Compatibility

30-80	30-80 d-axis Inductance (Ld)					
Range:			unction:			
0 mH*			Enter the value of the d-axis inductance. Obtain the value from the permanent magnet motor data sheet. The d-axis inductance cannot be found by performing an AMA.			
30-81	Brake I	Resistor	ohm)			
Range	:				Function:	
50. Ohr	n*	[5 3	000.0 Ohm]			
30-83	Speed	PID Pro	ortional Gain			
Range	:		Function:			
0 N/A*	[0.0000 - 1.0000 N/A]		at high ampl	Quick cor ification. is too g	ntrol is obtained However if reat, the process	

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30-	30-84 Process PID Proportional Gain					
Ran	Range:		Function:			
0.100) *	[0 - 10]	Enter the process controller proportional gain. Quick control is obtained at high amplifi- cation. However if amplification is too great, the process may become unstable.			

3.21 Parameters: 35-** Sensor Input Option3.21.1 35-0* Temp. Input Mode (MCB 114)

35-00 Term. X48/4 Temperature Unit

Select the unit to be used with temperature input X48/4 settings and readouts:

Option:				unction:
[60] *		°C		
[160]		°F		
35-01 Term. X48/4 Input Type				
View the temp	erature	e sensor type detect	ed	at input X48/4:
Option:				Function:
[0] *	Not Connected			
[1]	PT100 2-wire			
[3] PT1000 2-wire				
[5]	PT100 3-wire			
[7]	PT100	0 3-wire		

35-02 Term. X48/7 Temperature Unit

Select the unit to be used with temperature input X48/7 settings and readouts:

Option:		Function:	
[60] *	°C		
[160]	°F		

35-03 Term. X48/7 Input Type

View the temperature sensor type detected at input X48/7:

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Not Connected	
[1]	PT100 2-wire	
[3]	PT1000 2-wire	
[5]	PT100 3-wire	
[7]	PT1000 3-wire	

35-04 Term. X48/10 Temperature Unit

Select the unit to be used with temperature input X48/10 settings and readouts:

	Function:
°C	
°F	
	L

35-05 Term. X48/10 Input Type

View the temperature sensor type detected at input X48/10:

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Not Connected	
[1]	PT100 2-wire	
[3]	PT1000 2-wire	
[5]	PT100 3-wire	
[7]	PT1000 3-wire	

35-06 Temperature Sensor Alarm Function				
Select the alarm function:				
Option:		Function:		
[0]	Off			
[2]	Stop			
[5] *				

3.21.2 35-1* Temp. Input X48/4 (MCB 114)

35-14 Term. X48/4 Filter Time Constant			
Range:	Function:		
0.001 s*	[0.001 - 10	Enter the filter time constant. This is a	
	s]	first-order digital low pass filter time	
		constant for suppressing electrical noise	
		in terminal X48/4. A high time constant	
		value improves dampening but also	
		increases the time delay through the	
		filter.	

35-15 Term. X48/4 Temp. Monitor

This parameter gives the possibility of enabling or disabling the temperature monitor for terminal X48/4. The temperature limits can be set in *35-16 Term. X48/4 Low Temp. Limit* and *35-17 Term. X48/4 High Temp. Limit*.

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Disabled	
[1]	Enabled	

35-16 Term. X48/4 Low Temp. Limit

35 To Territ. X40/4 Eow Terrip. Ennic			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[-50 - par. 35-17]	Enter the minimum temperature reading that is expected for normal operation of the temperature sensor at terminal X48/4.	
35-17 Tern	n. X48/4 High Te	emp. Limit	
35-17 Tern Range:	n. X48/4 High Te	emp. Limit Function:	

3.21.3 35-2* Temp. Input X48/7 (MCB 114)

X48/4.

35-24 Term. X48/7 Filter Time Constant			
Range: Function:			
0.001 s*	[0.001 - 10	Enter the filter time constant. This is a	
	s]	first-order digital low pass filter time	
		constant for suppressing electrical noise	
		in terminal X48/7. A high time constant	
		value improves dampening but also	



35-24 Term. X48/7 Filter Time Constant				
Range:	Range: Function:			
	increases the time filter.	e delay through the		
35-25 Term. X4	18/7 Temp. Monitor			
This parameter gives the possibility of enabling or disabling the temperature monitor for terminal X48/7. The temperature limits can be set in 35-26 Term. X48/7 Low Temp. Limit and 35-27 Term. X48/7 High Temp. Limit.				
Option: Function:				
[0] *	Disabled			
[1]	Enabled			
35-26 Term. X48/7 Low Temp. Limit				
Range: Function:				
Size related*	[-50 - par. 35-27]			
35-27 Term. X48/7 High Temp. Limit				
Range:		Function:		
Size related*	[par. 35-26 - 204]			

3.21.4 35-3* Temp. Input X48/10 (MCB 114)

35-34 Term. X48/10 Filter Time Constant			
Range:	Function:		
0.001 s*	[0.001 - 10	Enter the filter time constant. This is a	
	s]	first-order digital low pass filter time	
		constant for suppressing electrical noise	
		in terminal X48/10. A high time constant	
		value improves dampening but also	
		increases the time delay through the	
		filter.	

35-35 Term. X48/10 Temp. Monitor

This parameter gives the possibility of enabling or disabling the temperature monitor for terminal X48/10. The temperature limits can be set in *35-36 Term. X48/10 Low Temp. Limit/35-37 Term. X48/10 High Temp. Limit.*

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Disabled	
[1]	Enabled	

35-36 Term. X48/10 Low Temp. Limit

Range:	Function:	
Size related*	[-50 - par. 35-37]	Enter the minimum temperature reading that is expected for normal operation of the temperature sensor at terminal X48/10.

	35-37	Term.	X48/10	Hiah	Temp.	Limit
--	-------	-------	--------	------	-------	-------

Range:	Function:		
Size related*	[par. 35-36 - Enter the maximum temperature		
	204]	reading that is expected for	
		normal operation of the	
		temperature sensor at terminal	
		X48/10.	

3.21.5 35-4* Analog Input X48/2 (MCB 114)

35-42 Term. X48/2 Low Current		
Range:		Function:
4 mA*	[0 - par.	Enter the current (mA) that corresponds to
	35-43 mA]	the low reference value, set in 35-44 Term.
		X48/2 Low Ref./Feedb. Value. The value must
		be set at >2 mA in order to activate the
		Live Zero Time-out Function in 6-01 Live
		Zero Timeout Function.

35-43 Term. X48/2 High Current			
Range:		Function:	
20 mA*	[par. 35-42 - 20 mA]	Enter the current (mA) that corresponds to the high reference value (set in 35-45 Term. X48/2 High Ref./Feedb. Value).	

35-44 Term. X48/2 Low Ref./Feedb. Value

Ra	nge:	Function:				
0 *	[-999999.999 -	Enter the reference or feedback value				
	999999.999] (in RPM, Hz, bar, etc.) that					
		corresponds to the voltage or current				
		set in 35-42 Term. X48/2 Low Current.				

35-45 Term. X48/2 High Ref./Feedb. Value

Rang	le:	Function:
100 *	[-999999.999 - 999999.999]	Enter the reference or feedback
	נפט.פטעע [value (in RPM, Hz, bar, etc.) that corresponds to the voltage or current set in <i>35-43 Term. X48/2</i> <i>High Current.</i>

35-46 Term. X48/2 Filter Time Constant

Range:		Function:
0.001 s*	[0.001 - 10	Enter the filter time constant. This is a
	s]	first-order digital low pass filter time
		constant for suppressing electrical noise
		in terminal X48/2. A high time constant
		value improves dampening but also
		increases the time delay through the
		filter.

4 Parameter Lists

Frequency converter series

All = valid for FC 301 and FC 302 series 01 = valid for FC 301 only 02 = valid for FC 302 only

Changes during operation

"TRUE" means that the parameter can be changed while the frequency converter is in operation and "FALSE" means that the frequency converter must be stopped before a change can be made.

4-Set-up

'All set-ups': the parameter can be set individually in each of the four set-ups, i. e. one single parameter can have four different data values.

'1 set-up': data value will be the same in all set-ups.

Data	Description	Туре
type		
2	Integer 8	Int8
3	Integer 16	Int16
4	Integer 32	lnt32
5	Unsigned 8	Uint8
6	Unsigned 16	Uint16
7	Unsigned 32	Uint32
9	Visible String	VisStr
33	Normalized value 2 bytes	N2
35	Bit sequence of 16 boolean variables	V2
54	Time difference w/o date	TimD

Table 4.1

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4.1.1 Conversion

The various attributes of each parameter are displayed in Factory Setting. Parameter values are transferred as whole numbers only. Conversion factors are therefore used to transfer decimals.

4

4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz] has a conversion factor of 0.1. To preset the minimum frequency to 10 Hz, transfer the value 100. A conversion factor of 0.1 means that the value transferred is multiplied by 0.1. The value 100 is therefore read as 10.0.

Examples:

 $0s \Rightarrow$ conversion index 0 $0.00s \Rightarrow$ conversion index -2 $0ms \Rightarrow$ conversion index -3 $0.00ms \Rightarrow$ conversion index -5

Conversion index	Conversion factor
100	
75	
74	
67	
6	1000000
5	100000
4	10000
3	1000
2	100
1	10
0	1
-1	0.1
-2	0.01
-3	0.001
-4	0.0001
-5	0.00001
-6	0.000001
-7	0.000001

Table 4.2 Conversion Table

4.1.2 Active/Inactive Parameters in Different Drive Control Modes

+ = active

- = not active

1-10 Motor Construction		A	C motor			PM Non sa	lient Motor	•
1-01 Motor Control Principle	U/f mode	VVC ^{plus}	Flux sensorless	Flux w/ motor feedback	U/f mode	VVC ^{plus}	Flux sensorles s	Flux w/ motor feedbac k
0-** Operation and Display (all parameters)	+	+	+	+				
1-00 Configuration Mode							•	
[0] Speed Open Loop	+	+	+	-				
[1] Speed Closed Loop	-	+	-	+				
[2] Torque	-	-	-	+				
[3] Process	+	+	+	-				
[4] Torque Open Loop	-	+	-	-				
[5] Wobble	+	+	+	+				
[6] Surface Winder	+	+	+	-				
[7] Ext. PID Open Loop	+	+	+	-				
[8] Ext. PID Closed Loop	-	+	-	+				
1-02 Flux Motor Feedback Source	-	-	-	+				
1-03 Torque Characteristics	-	+ see 1, 2, 3)	+ see 1, 3, 4)	+ see 1, 3, 4)				
1-04 Overload Mode	+	+	+	+	+		+	+
1-05 Local Mode Configuration	+	+	+	+	+		+	+
1-06 Clockwise Direction	+	+	+	+	+		+	+
1-20 Motor Power [kW] (Par. 023 = International)	+	+	+	+				

1-10 Motor Construction		A	C motor		F	PM Non sa	lient Motor	
1-01 Motor Control Principle	U/f mode	VVC ^{plus}	Flux sensorless	Flux w/ motor feedback	U/f mode	VVC ^{plus}	Flux sensorles s	Flux w/ motor feedbac k
1-21 Motor Power [HP]	+	+	+	+				
(Par. 023 = US)	Ŧ	Ŧ	т	т				
1-22 Motor Voltage	+	+	+	+				
1-23 Motor Frequency	+	+	+	+				
1-24 Motor Current	+	+	+	+				
1-25 Motor Nominal Speed	+	+	+	+				
1-26 Motor Cont. Rated Torque	-	-	-	-	+		+	+
1-29 Automatic Motor								
Adaptation (AMA)	+	+	+	+				
1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs)	+	+	+	+	+			
1-31 Rotor Resistance (Rr)		+						
	-	see 5)	+	+				
1-33 Stator Leakage Reactance (X1)	+	+	+	+	+			
1-34 Rotor Leakage Reactance		+						
(X2)	-	see 5)	+	+				
1-35 Main Reactance (Xh)	+	+	+	+	+			
1-36 Iron Loss Resistance (Rfe)	-	-	+	+	-		-	-
1-37 d-axis Inductance (Ld)	-	-	-	-			+	+
1-39 Motor Poles	+	+	+	+				
1-40 Back EMF at 1000 RPM	-	_	-	-	+		+	+
1-41 Motor Angle Offset	_	_	-	-				+
1-50 Motor Magnetisation at								
Zero Speed	-	+	-	-	-		-	-
1-51 Min Speed Normal								
Magnetising [RPM](Par. 002 = rmp)	-	+	-	-	-		-	-
1-52 Min Speed Normal								
Magnetising $[Hz](Par. 002 = Hz)$	-	+	-	-	-		-	-
1-53 Model Shift Frequency	_	-	+	+	_		+	+
1-54 Voltage reduction in			+	,				1
fieldweakening	-	-	see 6)	+	-		-	-
1-55 U/f Characteristic - U	+	_	-	-			-	-
1-56 U/f Characteristic - F			-		+			
	+	-	-	-	+		-	-
1-58 Flystart Test Pulses Current	-	+	-	-	-		-	-
1-59 Flystart Test Pulses Frequency	-	+	-	-	-		-	-
1-60 Low Speed Load Compen-	_	+	_	_	_		_	_
sation	-	Ŧ	-	-	-		-	-
1-61 High Speed Load Compen-								
sation	-	+	-	-	-		-	-
1-62 Slip Compensation	-	+ see 7)	+	-	-		-	-
1-63 Slip Compensation Time	+		+		+		+	
Constant	see 8)	+	see 8)	-	see 8)		see 8)	-
1-64 Resonance Dampening	+	+	+	-	+		+	-
1-65 Resonance Dampening	+	+	+	-	+		+	-
Time Constant								
1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed	-	-	+	+	-		+	+
1-67 Load Type	-	-	+	-	-		-	-

1-10 Motor Construction		A	C motor	1	PM Non salient Motor				
1-01 Motor Control Principle	U/f mode	VVC ^{plus}	Flux sensorless	Flux w/ motor feedback	U/f mode	VVC ^{plus}	Flux sensorles s	Flux w/ motor feedbac k	
1-68 Minimum Inertia	-	-	+	-	-		-	-	
1-69 Maximum Inertia	-	-	+	-	-		-	-	
1-71 Start Delay	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	
1-72 Start Function	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	
1-73 Flying Start	-	+	+	+	-		-	-	
1-74 Start Speed [RPM](Par. 002 = rmp)	-	+	-	-	-		-	-	
1-75 Start Speed [Hz](Par. 002 = Hz)	-	+	-	-	-		-	-	
1-76 Start Current	-	+	-	-	-		-	-	
1-80 Function at Stop	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	
1-81 Min Speed for Function at Stop [RPM] (Par. 002 = rpm)	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	
1-82 Min Speed for Function at Stop [Hz] (Par. 002 = Hz)	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	
1-83 Precise Stop Function	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	
1-84 Precise Stop Counter Value	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	
1-85 Precise Stop Speed Compensation Delay	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	
1-90 Motor Thermal Protection	+	+	+	+					
1-91 Motor External Fan	+	+	+	+					
1-93 Thermistor Resource	+	+	+	+					
1-95 KTY Sensor Type	+	+	+	+					
1-96 KTY Thermistor Resource	+	+	+	+					
1-97 KTY Threshold level	+	+	+	+					
1-98 ATEX ETR interpol. points freq.	+	+	+	+					
1-99 ATEX ETR interpol points current	+	+	+	+					
2-00 DC Hold Current	+	+	+	+					
2-01 DC Brake Current	+	+	+	+					
2-02 DC Braking Time	+	+	+	+					
2-03 DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]	+	+	+	+					
2-04 DC Brake Cut In Speed [Hz]	+	+	+	+					
2-05 Maximum Reference	+	+	+	+					
2-10 Brake Function	+ see 9)	+	+	+					
2-11 Brake Resistor (ohm)	+	+	+	+					
2-12 Brake Power Limit (kW)	+	+	+	+					
2-13 Brake Power Monitoring	+	+	+	+					
2-15 Brake Check	+ see 9)	+	+	+					
2-16 AC brake Max. Current	-	+	+	+					
2-17 Over-voltage Control	+	+	+	+					
2-18 Brake Check Condition	+	+	+	+					
2-19 Over-voltage Gain	+	+	+	-					
2-20 Release Brake Current	+	+	+	+					

1-10 Motor Construction		A	C motor			PM Non sa	lient Motor	
1-01 Motor Control Principle				Flux w/			Flux	Flux w/
	U/f mode	WC ^{plus}	Flux sensorless	motor feedback	U/f mode	WC ^{plus}	sensorles s	motor feedbac k
2-21 Activate Brake Speed [RPM]	+	+	+	+				
2-22 Activate Brake Speed [Hz]	+	+	+	+				
2-23 Activate Brake Delay	+	+	+	+				
2-24 Stop Delay	-	-	-	+				
2-25 Brake Release Time	-	-	-	+				
2-26 Torque Ref	-	-	-	+				
2-27 Torque Ramp Time	-	-	-	+				
2-28 Gain Boost Factor	-	-	-	+				
3-** Reference/Ramps (all								
parameters)	+	+	+	+				
4-10 Motor Speed Direction	+	+	+	+				
4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]	+	+	+	+				
4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]	+	+	+	+				
4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]	+	+	+	+				
4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]	+	+	+	+				
4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode	+	+	+	+				
4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode	+	+	+	+				
4-18 Current Limit	+	+	+	+				
4-19 Max Output Frequency	+	+	+	+				
4-20 Torque Limit Factor Source	+	+	+	+				
4-21 Speed Limit Factor Source	- -	+ see 10)	-	+ see 11)				
4-30 Motor Feedback Loss	-	+ See 10)	-	+ see 11)				
Function	-	+ see 12)	-	+ see 12)				
4-31 Motor Feedback Speed	_	+ see 12)	-	+ see 12)				
Error 4-32 Motor Feedback Loss	_	+ see 12)		+ see 12)				
Timeout								
4-34 Tracking Error Function	+	+	+	+				
4-35 Tracking Error	+	+	+	+				
4-36 Tracking Error Timeout	+	+	+	+				
4-37 Tracking Error Ramping	+	+	+	+				
4-38 Tracking Error Ramping Timeout	+	+	+	+				
4-39 Tracking Error After Ramping Timeout	+	+	+	+				
4-50 Warning Current Low	+	+	+	+				
4-51 Warning Current High	+	+	+	+				
4-52 Warning Speed Low	+	+	+	+				
4-53 Warning Speed High	+	+	+	+				
4-54 Warning Reference Low	+	+	+	+				
4-55 Warning Reference High	+	+	+	+		1		
4-56 Warning Feedback Low	+	+	+	+		+		
4-57 Warning Feedback High	+	+	+	+				
4-58 Missing Motor Phase	· ·		1	· ·				
Function	+	+	+	+				
					I	ļ	1	

4

Parameter Lists

Danfoss

1-10 Motor Construction		Α	C motor			PM Non sa	lient Motor	
1-01 Motor Control Principle	U/f mode	VVC ^{plus}	Flux sensorless	Flux w/ motor feedback	U/f mode	WC ^{plus}	Flux sensorles s	Flux w/ motor feedbac k
4-60 Bypass Speed From [RPM]	+	+	+	+				
4-61 Bypass Speed From [Hz]	+	+	+	+				
4-62 Bypass Speed To [RPM]	+	+	+	+				
4-63 Bypass Speed To [Hz]	+	+	+	+				
5-** Digital In/Out (all parameters except 5-70 and 71)	+	+	+	+				
5-70 Term 32/33 Pulses per Revolution	-	+ see 12)	-	+				
5-71 Term 32/33 Encoder Direction	-	+ see 12)	-	+				
6-** Analog In/Out (all parameters)	+	+	+	+				
7-00 Speed PID Feedback Source	-	+ see 12)	-	+				
7-02 Speed PID Proportional Gain	-	+ see 12)	+	+				
7-03 Speed PID Integral Time	-	+ see 12)	+	+				
7-04 Speed PID Differentiation Time	-	+ see 12)	+	+				
7-05 Speed PID Diff. Gain Limit	-	+ see 12)	+	+				
7-06 Speed PID Lowpass Filter Time	-	+ see 12)	+	+				
7-07 Speed PID Feedback Gear Ratio	-	+ see 12)	-	+				
7-08 Speed PID Feed Forward Factor	-	+ see 12)	-	-				
7-12 Torque PI Proportional Gain	_	+ see 10)	-	-				
7-13 Torque PI Integration Time	_	+ see 10)	-	-				
7-20 Process CL Feedback 1 Resource	+	+	+	+				
7-22 Process CL Feedback 2 Resource	+	+	+	+				
7-30 Process PID Normal/ Inverse Control	+	+	+	+				
7-31 Process PID Anti Windup	+	+	+	+				
7-32 Process PID Start Speed	+	+	+	+				
7-33 Process PID Proportional Gain	+	+	+	+				
7-34 Process PID Integral Time	+	+	+	+				
7-35 Process PID Differentiation Time	+	+	+	+				
7-36 Process PID Diff. Gain Limit	+	+	+	+			1	
7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Factor	+	+	+	+				
7-39 On Reference Bandwidth	+	+	+	+				
7-40 Process PID I-part Reset	+	+	+	+				
7-41 Process PID Output Neg. Clamp	+	+	+	+				
7-42 Process PID Output Pos. Clamp	+	+	+	+				

Uff modeWCPIPFlux sensoriessFlux motor metabackUff motor metabackWCPIPWCPIPImport metabackMotor <br< th=""><th>1-10 Motor Construction</th><th></th><th>A</th><th>C motor</th><th></th><th>PM Non sa</th><th>lient Motor</th><th></th></br<>	1-10 Motor Construction		A	C motor		PM Non sa	lient Motor	
U/f mode WCPUs PLUX sensories motor feedback U/f WCPUs sensories feedback 7.43 Process PID Gain Scale at Min. Ref. +	1-01 Motor Control Principle				E I			Flux w/
Min. Ref.++<		U/f mode	WC ^{plus}		motor	VVC plus	sensorles	motor feedbac k
Min. Ref.Image: Control of the sector of the se	7-43 Process PID Gain Scale at	+	+	+	+			
Max. Ref. T			•					
Max. Ref. Image: Control of the second of the		+	+	+	+			
Resource +<								
746 Process PID Feed Fwd + </td <td></td> <td>+</td> <td>+</td> <td>+</td> <td>+</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		+	+	+	+			
Normal I Inv. Crtl. + + + + 7-48 Process PID Doutput Normal/ Inv. Crtl. + + + + + 7-50 Process PID Deted Fwd Gain + + + + + 7-50 Process PID Feed Fwd Gain + + + + + 7-50 Process PID Feed Fwd Gain + + + + + Ramp up + + + + + 7-50 Process PID Feed Fwd Gain + + + + Ramp up + + + + + 7-50 Process PID Feed Fwd + + + + + 7-50 Process PID F. Filter Time + + + + + 7-50 Process PID F. Filter Time + + + + + 7-50 Process PID F. Filter Time + + + + + 7-50 Process PID F. Filter Time + + + + + 8-** Communications and + + + + + 9-arrower collage and mainters) + + + + 14-00 Switching Prequency + + + +								
7-48 PCD Feed Forward +		+	+	+	+			
7.49 Process PID Output Normal/ Inv. Crd. + </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
Inv. Ctrl. + + + + + + + + + -		+	+	+	+			
7:50 Process PID Extended PID + <t< td=""><td></td><td>+</td><td>+</td><td>+</td><td>+</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>		+	+	+	+			
7.51 Process PID Feed Fwd +<								
7-52 Process PID Feed Fwd +<								
Ramp up + </td <td></td> <td>+</td> <td>+</td> <td>+</td> <td>+</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		+	+	+	+			
7-53 Process PID Feed Fwd Ramp down +		+	+	+	+			
Ramp down +								
7-56 Process PID Ek. Filter Time +		+	+	+	+			
7-57 Process PID Fb. Filter Time +	· ·							
8-** Communications and Options (all parameters) +								
Options (all parameters) +<		+	+	+	+			
13-** Smart Logic Control (all parameters) + <td< td=""><td></td><td>+</td><td>+</td><td>+</td><td>+</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>		+	+	+	+			
parameters) + + + + + 14-00 Switching Pattern + + + + + - - 14-00 Switching Frequency + + + + + - - - 14-03 Overmodulation + + + + + -								
14-00 Switching Pattern + </td <td>-</td> <td>+</td> <td>+</td> <td>+</td> <td>+</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	-	+	+	+	+			
14-01 Switching Frequency + + + + + 14-03 Overmodulation + + + + + + 14-04 PWM Random + + + + + + + 14-04 DPWM Random + + + + + + + + 14-04 DPWM Random +	• •	+	+	+	+			
14-03 Overmodulation +	-							
14-04 PWM Random +								
14-06 Dead Time Compensation + <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>								
14-10 Mains Failure [0] No function + + + + + [1] Ctrl. rampdown - + + + + [2] Ctrl. rampdown, trip - + + + + [3] Coasting + + + + + [4] Kinetic back-up - + + + + [5] Kinetic back-up, trip - + + + + [6] Alarm + + + + + - [6] Alarm + + + + + + + - [6] Alarm + + + + + + + + [14-12 Function at Mains + + + + + + + + <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr<>								
[0] No function +		1	1	1	I			
11 Ctrl. rampdown - + + + +		+	+	+	+			
[2] Ctrl. rampdown, trip - + + + + + (a) [3] Coasting + + + + + (b) (c) [4] Kinetic back-up - + + + + (c) (c) [5] Kinetic back-up, trip - + + + + (c) (c) [6] Alarm + + + + + (c) (c) (c) [14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains + + + + + + (c) (c) [4] 14-12 Function at Mains + <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		-						
[3] Coasting + <		-						
[4] Kinetic back-up - + + + + - - [5] Kinetic back-up, trip - + + + + - - [6] Alarm + + + + + - - - [14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains + + + + + - - [14-12 Function at Mains + + + + + - - - [14-14 Kin. Backup Time Out - - + + + - - - [14-15 Kin. Backup Trip Recovery + + + + + -								
[5] Kinetic back-up, trip-++++[6] Alarm+++++14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault++++++-14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance++++++-14-14 Kin. Backup Time Out+++14-15 Kin. Backup Trip Recovery Level++++14-20 Reset Mode++++14-22 Operation Mode++++14-22 Trip Delay at Current Limit++++14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault++++	-							
[6] Alarm+++++14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault+++++14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance+++++14-14 Kin. Backup Time Out+++14-15 Kin. Backup Time Out+++14-15 Kin. Backup Trip Recovery Level+++++14-20 Reset Mode+++++14-22 Operation Mode++++14-22 Operation Mode++++14-25 Trip Delay at Current Limit++++14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault++++								
14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault++++++14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance+++++++14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance++++++++14-14 Kin. Backup Time Out++++14-15 Kin. Backup Trip Recovery Level++++++14-20 Reset Mode+++++14-20 Reset Mode+++++14-21 Automatic Restart Time+++++14-22 Operation Mode+++++14-24 Trip Delay at Current Limit+++++14-25 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault+++++14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault+++++								
Fault+++++14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance++++++14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance++++++14-14 Kin. Backup Time Out+++14-15 Kin. Backup Trip Recovery Level+++++14-20 Reset Mode+++++14-20 Reset Mode++++14-21 Automatic Restart Time++++14-22 Operation Mode++++14-25 Trip Delay at Current Limit+++++14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault+++++		1		1	1			
14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance++++++14-14 Kin. Backup Time Out+++14-15 Kin. Backup Trip Recovery Level++++14-15 Kin. Backup Trip Recovery Level++++14-20 Reset Mode++++14-20 Reset Mode++++14-21 Automatic Restart Time++++14-22 Operation Mode++++ </td <td>-</td> <td>+</td> <td>+</td> <td>+</td> <td>+</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	-	+	+	+	+			
Imbalance+++++14-14 Kin. Backup Time Out++14-15 Kin. Backup Trip Recovery Level+++++ </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
14-14 Kin. Backup Time Out++14-15 Kin. Backup Trip Recovery Level+++++14-20 Reset Mode+++++14-20 Reset Mode++++-14-21 Automatic Restart Time++++-14-22 Operation Mode++++-14-22 Operation Mode++++-14-25 Trip Delay at Current Limit++++14-25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit++++14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault++++		+	+	+	+			
14-15 Kin. Backup Trip Recovery Level+++++14-20 Reset Mode+++++14-21 Automatic Restart Time+++++14-22 Operation Mode+++++14-22 Operation Mode+++++14-24 Trip Delay at Current Limit+++++14-25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit+++++14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault+++++		-	-	+	+			
Level + <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
14-20 Reset Mode +		+	+	+	+			
14-21 Automatic Restart Time++++14-22 Operation Mode+++++14-24 Trip Delay at Current Limit+++++14-25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit+++++14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault+++++		+	+	+	+			
14-22 Operation Mode +						1		
14-24 Trip Delay at Current Limit++++14-25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit++++14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault++++								
14-25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit++++14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault++++								
14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault + + + + +								
14-29 Service Code + + + + +								

Parameter Lists

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1-10 Motor Construction		Α	C motor			PM Non salient Motor		
1-01 Motor Control Principle	U/f mode	VVC ^{plus}	Flux sensorless	Flux w/ motor feedback	U/f mode	VVC ^{plus}	Flux sensorles s	Flux w/ motor feedbac k
14-30 Current Lim Ctrl, Propor- tional Gain	+	+	+	+				
14-31 Current Lim Ctrl, Integration Time	+	+	+	+				
14-32 Current Lim Ctrl, Filter Time	+	+	+	+				
14-35 Stall Protection	-	-	+	+				
14-40 VT Level	-	+	+	+				
14-41 AEO Minimum Magneti- sation	-	+	+	+				
14-42 Minimum AEO Frequency	-	+	+	+				
14-43 Motor Cosphi	-	+	+	+				
14-50 RFI Filter	+	+	+	+				
14-51 DC Link Compensation	+	+	+	+				
14-52 Fan Control	+	+	+	+				
14-53 Fan Monitor	+	+	+	+				
14-55 Output Filter	+	+	+	+				
14-56 Capacitance Output Filter	-	-	+	+				
14-57 Inductance Output Filter	-	-	+	+				
14-74 VLT Ext. Status Word	+	+	+	+				
14-80 Option Supplied by External 24VDC	+	+	+	+				
14-89 Option Detection	+	+	+	+				
14-90 Fault Level	+	+	+	+				

Table 4.3

1) Constant torque

2) Variable torque

3) AEO

4) Constant power

5) Used in flystart

6) Used when 1-03 Torque Characteristics is constant power

7) Not used when 1-03 Torque Characteristics = VT

8) Part of resonance damping

9) Not AC brake

10) Torque open loop

11) Torque

12) Speed closed loop

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4.1.3 0-** Operation/Display

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302 only	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
0-0* B	asic Settings						
0-01	Language	[0] English	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-02	Motor Speed Unit	[0] RPM	2 set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
0-03	Regional Settings	[0] International	2 set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
0-04	Operating State at Power-up (Hand)	[1] Forced stop, ref=old	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-09	Performance Monitor	0.0 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16
0-1* S	et-up Operations						
0-10	Active Set-up	[1] Set-up 1	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-11	Edit Set-up	[1] Set-up 1	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-12	This Set-up Linked to	[0] Not linked	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
0-13	Readout: Linked Set-ups	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
0-14	Readout: Edit Set-ups / Channel	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
0-15	Readout: actual setup	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint8
0-2* L	CP Display	1					
0-20	Display Line 1.1 Small	1617	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
0-21	Display Line 1.2 Small	1614	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
0-22	Display Line 1.3 Small	1610	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
0-23	Display Line 2 Large	1613	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
0-24	Display Line 3 Large	1602	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
0-25	My Personal Menu	App.Dependent	1 set-up		TRUE	0	Uint16
0-3* L	CP Custom Readout	1					
0-30	Unit for User-defined Readout	[0] None	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-31	Min Value of User-defined Readout	0.00 CustomReadoutUnit	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int32
		100.00 CustomRea-					
0-32	Max Value of User-defined Readout	doutUnit	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int32
0-37	Display Text 1	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
0-38	Display Text 2	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
0-39	Display Text 3	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
	CP Keypad						
0-40	[Hand on] Key on LCP	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-41	[Off] Key on LCP	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-42	[Auto on] Key on LCP	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-43	[Reset] Key on LCP	null 	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-44	[Off/Reset] Key on LCP	null 	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-45	[Drive Bypass] Key on LCP	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
	opy/Save						
0-50	LCP Copy	[0] No copy	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
0-51	Set-up Copy	[0] No copy	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
	assword	100 11/4	1		TOUE		1
0-60	Main Menu Password	100 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	Int16
0-61	Access to Main Menu w/o Password	[0] Full access	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-65	Quick Menu Password	200 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	Int16
0-66	Access to Quick Menu w/o Password	[0] Full access	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-67	Bus Password Access	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16

4.1.4 1-** Load/Motor

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
1-0* Ge	eneral Settings			operation		
1-00	Configuration Mode	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-01	Motor Control Principle	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-02	Flux Motor Feedback Source	[1] 24 V encoder	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-03	Torque Characteristics	[0] Constant torque	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-04	Overload Mode	[0] High torque	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-05	Local Mode Configuration	[2] As mode par 1-00	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-06	Clockwise Direction	[0] Normal	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-07	Motor Angle Offset Adjust	[0] Manual	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-1* M	otor Selection					
1-10	Motor Construction	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-11	Motor Model	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-14	Damping Gain	140%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
1-15	Low Speed Filter Time Const.	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
1-16	High Speed Filter Time Const.	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
1-17	Voltage filter time const.	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
1-2* M	otor Data	P. P. C. P. P. C. P. C. P.				
1-20	Motor Power [kW]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	1	Uint32
1-21	Motor Power [HP]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Uint32
1-22	Motor Voltage	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-23	Motor Frequency	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-24	Motor Current	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Uint32
1-25	Motor Nominal Speed	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	67	Uint16
1-26	Motor Cont. Rated Torque	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint32
1-29	Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)	[0] Off	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
-	dv. Motor Data	[0] 0				0
1-30	Stator Resistance (Rs)	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-31	Rotor Resistance (Rr)	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-33	Stator Leakage Reactance (X1)	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-34	Rotor Leakage Reactance (X2)	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-35	Main Reactance (Xh)	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-36	Iron Loss Resistance (Rfe)	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint32
1-37	d-axis Inductance (Ld)	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Int32
1-39	Motor Poles	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
1-40	Back EMF at 1000 RPM	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-41	Motor Angle Offset	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int16
1-46	Position Detection Gain	100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
1-47	Low Speed Torque Calibration	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
	ad Indep. Setting	Philippine and a second				
1-50	Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed	100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
1-51	Min Speed Normal Magnetising [RPM]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
1-52	Min Speed Normal Magnetising [Hz]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-53	Model Shift Frequency	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint16
1-54	Voltage reduction in fieldweakening	0 V	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
1-55	U/f Characteristic - U	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-56	U/f Characteristic - F	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-58	Flystart Test Pulses Current	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-58	Flystart Test Pulses Frequency	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
	ad Depen. Setting		7.11 Set up3			Unitio

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Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during	Conver- sion index	Туре
NO. #				operation	SIGH INGEX	
1-60	Low Speed Load Compensation	100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
1-61	High Speed Load Compensation	100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
1-62	Slip Compensation	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
1-63	Slip Compensation Time Constant	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
1-64	Resonance Dampening	100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
1-65	Resonance Dampening Time Constant	5 ms	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint8
1-66	Min. Current at Low Speed	100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
1-67	Load Type	[0] Passive load	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-68	Minimum Inertia	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-69	Maximum Inertia	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-7* St	art Adjustments					
1-70	PM Start Mode	[0] Rotor Detection	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-71	Start Delay	0.0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint8
1-72	Start Function	[2] Coast/delay time	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-73	Flying Start	null	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-74	Start Speed [RPM]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
1-75	Start Speed [Hz]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-76	Start Current	0.00 A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
1-8* St	op Adjustments					
1-80	Function at Stop	[0] Coast	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-81	Min Speed for Function at Stop [RPM]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
1-82	Min Speed for Function at Stop [Hz]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-83	Precise Stop Function	[0] Precise ramp stop	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-84	Precise Stop Counter Value	100000 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
1-85	Precise Stop Speed Compensation Delay	10 ms	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint8
1-9* M	otor Temperature					
1-90	Motor Thermal Protection	[0] No protection	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-91	Motor External Fan	[0] No	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
1-93	Thermistor Resource	[0] None	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-94	ATEX ETR cur.lim. speed reduction	0.0%	2 set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-95	KTY Sensor Type	[0] KTY Sensor 1	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-96	KTY Thermistor Resource	[0] None	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-97	KTY Threshold level	80 °C	1 set-up	TRUE	100	lnt16
1-98	ATEX ETR interpol. points freq.	App.Dependent	1 set-up	TRUE	-1	Int16
1-99	ATEX ETR interpol points current	App.Dependent	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16

Table 4.5

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4.1.5 2-** Brakes

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
2-0* D	C-Brake	ŀ				
2-00	DC Hold Current	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
2-01	DC Brake Current	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
2-02	DC Braking Time	10.0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
2-03	DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
2-04	DC Brake Cut In Speed [Hz]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
2-05	Maximum Reference	MaxReference (P303)	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
2-06	Parking Current	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
2-07	Parking Time	3.0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
2-1* Br	ake Energy Funct.					
2-10	Brake Function	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
2-11	Brake Resistor (ohm)	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
2-12	Brake Power Limit (kW)	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
2-13	Brake Power Monitoring	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
2-15	Brake Check	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
2-16	AC brake Max. Current	100.0%	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint32
2-17	Over-voltage Control	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
2-18	Brake Check Condition	[0] At Power Up	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
2-19	Over-voltage Gain	100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
2-2* M	echanical Brake	•				
2-20	Release Brake Current	ImaxVLT (P1637)	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
2-21	Activate Brake Speed [RPM]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
2-22	Activate Brake Speed [Hz]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
2-23	Activate Brake Delay	0.0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint8
2-24	Stop Delay	0.0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint8
2-25	Brake Release Time	0.20 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
2-26	Torque Ref	0.00%	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
2-27	Torque Ramp Time	0.2 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint8
2-28	Gain Boost Factor	1.00 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16

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4.1.6 3-** Reference/Ramps

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
3-0* Re	eference Limits	1				
3-00	Reference Range	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-01	Reference/Feedback Unit	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-02	Minimum Reference	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
3-03	Maximum Reference	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
3-04	Reference Function	[0] Sum	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-1* Re	ferences	-				
3-10	Preset Reference	0.00%	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
3-11	Jog Speed [Hz]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
3-12	Catch up/slow Down Value	0.00%	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
3-13	Reference Site	[0] Linked to Hand / Auto	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-14	Preset Relative Reference	0.00%	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int32
3-15	Reference Resource 1	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-16	Reference Resource 2	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-17	Reference Resource 3	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-18	Relative Scaling Reference Resource	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-19	Jog Speed [RPM]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
3-4* Ra	imp 1					
3-40	Ramp 1 Type	[0] Linear	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-41	Ramp 1 Ramp up Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-42	Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-45	Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-46	Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-47	Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-48	Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-5* Ra	imp 2	ł				
3-50	Ramp 2 Type	[0] Linear	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-51	Ramp 2 Ramp up Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-52	Ramp 2 Ramp down Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-55	Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-56	Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-57	Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-58	Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-6* Ra	imp 3	4				
3-60	Ramp 3 Type	[0] Linear	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-61	Ramp 3 Ramp up Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-62	Ramp 3 Ramp down Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-65	Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-66	Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-67	Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-68	Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-7* Ra	imp 4					
3-70	Ramp 4 Type	[0] Linear	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-71	Ramp 4 Ramp up Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-72	Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-75	Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-76	Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-77	Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-78	Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8

Parameter Lists

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Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
3-80	Jog Ramp Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-81	Quick Stop Ramp Time	App.Dependent	2 set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-82	Quick Stop Ramp Type	[0] Linear	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-83	Quick Stop S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-84	Quick Stop S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
3-9* Di	gital Pot.Meter	•				
3-90	Step Size	0.10%	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
3-91	Ramp Time	1.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-92	Power Restore	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-93	Maximum Limit	100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
3-94	Minimum Limit	-100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
3-95	Ramp Delay	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	TimD

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4.1.7 4-** Limits / Warnings

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
4-1* M	otor Limits					
4-10	Motor Speed Direction	null	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
4-11	Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-12	Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-13	Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-14	Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-16	Torque Limit Motor Mode	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-17	Torque Limit Generator Mode	100.0%	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-18	Current Limit	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint32
4-19	Max Output Frequency	132.0 Hz	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint16
4-2* Lii	mit Factors	1				
4-20	Torque Limit Factor Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
4-21	Speed Limit Factor Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
4-3* M	otor Speed Mon.					
4-30	Motor Feedback Loss Function	[2] Trip	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
4-31	Motor Feedback Speed Error	300 RPM			67	Uint16
4-32	Motor Feedback Loss Timeout	0.05 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
4-34	Tracking Error Function	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
4-35	Tracking Error	10 RPM	All set-ups TRUE		67	Uint16
4-36	Tracking Error Timeout	1.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
4-37	Tracking Error Ramping	100 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-38	Tracking Error Ramping Timeout	1.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
4-39	Tracking Error After Ramping Timeout	5.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
4-5* Ac	dj. Warnings					
4-50	Warning Current Low	0.00 A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
4-51	Warning Current High	ImaxVLT (P1637)	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
4-52	Warning Speed Low	0 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-53	Warning Speed High	outputSpeedHighLimit (P413)	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-54	Warning Reference Low	-999999.999 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
4-55	Warning Reference High	999999.999 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
		-999999.999 ReferenceFeed-	· · ·			
4-56	Warning Feedback Low	backUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
		999999.999 ReferenceFeed-				
4-57	Warning Feedback High	backUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
4-58	Missing Motor Phase Function	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
4-6* Sp	peed Bypass	'	•			
4-60	Bypass Speed From [RPM]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-61	Bypass Speed From [Hz]	App.Dependent All set-ups TRUE		-1	Uint16	
4-62	Bypass Speed To [RPM]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-63	Bypass Speed To [Hz]	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16

4.1.8 5-** Digital In/Out

Soft Digital I/O Mode (D) PNP All setups FALSE - Uin 5:00 Digital I/O Mode (D) PNP All setups TRUE - Uin 5:01 Terminal 29 Mode (D) Input All setups TRUE - Uin 5:10 Terminal 18 Digital Input null All setups TRUE - Uin 5:11 Terminal 29 Digital Input null All setups TRUE - Uin 5:12 Terminal 20 Digital Input null All setups TRUE - Uin 5:13 Terminal 32 Digital Input null All setups TRUE - Uin 5:14 Terminal 22 Digital Output null All setups TRUE - Uin 5:15 Terminal 27 Digital Output null All setups TRUE - Uin 5:16 Terminal 27 Digital Output null All setups TRUE - Uin 5:37 Terminal 29 Digital Output null All	Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
5-01 Terminal 27 Mode (0) Input All setups TRUE Uin 5-02 Terminal 29 Mode (0) Input All setups TRUE Uin 5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input null All setups TRUE Uin 5-11 Terminal 19 Digital Input null All setups TRUE Uin 5-12 Terminal 20 Digital Input null All setups TRUE Uin 5-13 Terminal 32 Digital Input null All setups TRUE Uin 5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input null All setups TRUE Uin 5-15 Terminal 32 Digital Output null All setups TRUE Uin 5-14 Terminal 29 Digital Output null All setups TRUE Uin 5-15 Terminal 29 Digital Output null All setups TRUE Uin 5-16 Terminal 29 Digital Output	5-0* Di	gital I/O mode					
5-02 Terminal 29 Mode (0) Input All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-11 Terminal 19 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-13 Terminal 32 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-14 Terminal 27 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-20 Terminal 29 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-40 Incolea, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-41 On Delag, Relay 0.01 s <td>5-00</td> <td>Digital I/O Mode</td> <td>[0] PNP</td> <td>All set-ups</td> <td>FALSE</td> <td>-</td> <td>Uint8</td>	5-00	Digital I/O Mode	[0] PNP	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
5-1* Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-10 Terminal 12 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-11 Terminal 22 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-13 Terminal 32 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-17 Terminal 27 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-30 Terminal 27 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-31 Terminal 27 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-41 Horitoin Relay null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-41 Term. 29 Low Represency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uin 5-52 Term. 29 Low Refr	5-01	Terminal 27 Mode	[0] Input	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE Uin 5-11 Terminal 22 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE Uin 5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE Uin 5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE Uin 5-15 Terminal 32 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE Uin 5-16 Terminal 32 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE Uin 5-20 Terminal 27 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE Uin 5-30 Terminal 20 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE Uin 5-40 Function Relay null All set-ups TRUE Uin 5-41 On Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE Uin 5-51 Term. 29 Low Requency	5-02	Terminal 29 Mode	[0] Input	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE Uin 5-11 Terminal 22 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE Uin 5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE Uin 5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE Uin 5-15 Terminal 32 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE Uin 5-16 Terminal 32 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE Uin 5-20 Terminal 27 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE Uin 5-30 Terminal 20 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE Uin 5-40 Function Relay null All set-ups TRUE Uin 5-41 On Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE Uin 5-51 Term. 29 Low Requency	5-1* Di	gital Inputs					
5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-15 Terminal 37 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-30 Terminal 27 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-30 Terminal 27 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-31 Terminal 27 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-31 Terminal 29 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-40 Function Relay null All set-ups TRUE -2 Uint 5-41 On Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE -2 Uint 5-51 Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	5-10	i · ·	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-16 Terminal 37 Safe Stop [1] Safe Stop Alarm I set-up TRUE - Uin 5-30 Terminal 27 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-40 Function Relay null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-41 On Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-42 Of Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-51 Term. 29 Low Requency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-52 Term. 29 High Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-53 Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	5-11	Terminal 19 Digital Input	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE . Uin 5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input null All set-ups TRUE . Uin 5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop [1] Safe Stop Alarm 1 set-up TRUE . Uin 5-30 Terminal 27 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE . Uin 5-31 Terminal 27 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE . Uin 5-34 Relay null All set-ups TRUE . Uin 5-44 Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE .2 Uint 5-42 Off Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-54 Puise Input .	5-12	Terminal 27 Digital Input	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-15 Terminal 33 Digital input null All set-ups TRUE . Uin 5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop [1] Safe Stop Alarm 1 set-up TRUE . Uin 5-30 Terminal 27 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE . Uin 5-31 Terminal 27 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE . Uin 5-41 On Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE . Uin 5-42 Off Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE Uint 5-43 Do Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE Uint 5-44 Off Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-55 Term. 29 Low Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE .3 Int: 5-54 Pulse Filter Time Constant #29 100 ms All set-ups TRUE .3 Int: 5-55 Term. 33 Low Frequency	5-13	Terminal 29 Digital Input	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop [1] Safe Stop Alarm 1 set-up TRUE . Uin 5-30 Terminal 27 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE . Uin 5-30 Terminal 27 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE . Uin 5-40 Function Relay null All set-ups TRUE . Uin 5-41 On Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE 2 Uint 5-50 Term. 29 Low Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-51 Term. 29 Low Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-52 Term. 29 Low Rel/Feedb. Value 0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE .3 Int: 5-54 Pulse Filter Time Constant #29 100 ms All set-ups TRUE .3 Int: 5-55 Term. 33 Low Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE .3 Int: 5-56 <t< td=""><td>5-14</td><td>Terminal 32 Digital Input</td><td>null</td><td>All set-ups</td><td>TRUE</td><td>-</td><td>Uint8</td></t<>	5-14	Terminal 32 Digital Input	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-3* Digital Outputs null All set-ups TRUE Image: Constant Relation of the const	5-15	Terminal 33 Digital Input	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-30Terminal 27 Digital OutputnullAll set-upsTRUE.Uin5-31Terminal 29 Digital OutputnullAll set-upsTRUE.Uin5-40Function RelaynullAll set-upsTRUE.Uint5-41On Delay, Relay0.01 sAll set-upsTRUE.2Uint5-42Off Delay, Relay0.01 sAll set-upsTRUE.2Uint5-43Function Relay0.01 sAll set-upsTRUE.2Uint5-45Pulse Input	5-19	Terminal 37 Safe Stop	[1] Safe Stop Alarm	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-31 Terminal 29 Digital Output null All set-ups TRUE . Uin 5-44 Felays null All set-ups TRUE . Uin 5-40 Function Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE .2 Uint 5-42 Off Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE .2 Uint 5-54 Term. 29 Low Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-55 Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value 0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE .3 Int: 5-53 Term. 29 Ligh Ref./Feedb. Value 0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE .3 Int: 5-54 Term. 31 Low Ref./Feedb. Value App.Dependent All set-ups TRUE .3 Int: 5-55 Term. 33 Low Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE .3 Int: 5-55 Term. 33 Low Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE .0 Uint 5-56 Term. 33 High Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE .3 Int: 5-57 Term. 33 Ligh Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE .3 Int:	5-3* Di	gital Outputs					
5-4* Relays null All set-ups TRUE - Uin 5-40 Function Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE -2 Uint 5-41 On Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE -2 Uint 5-42 Off Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE -2 Uint 5-57 Dise Input 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-51 Term. 29 Low Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-51 Term. 29 High Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-52 Term. 29 Low Ref/Feedb. Value 0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnt All set-ups TRUE -3 Int: 5-54 Pulse Filter Time Constant #29 100 ms All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-55 Term. 33 Low Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-56 Term. 33 High Ref/Feedb. Value 0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnt All set-ups TRUE -3 Int:	5-30	Terminal 27 Digital Output	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-40Function RelaynullAll set-upsTRUE-Uin5-41On Delay, Relay0.01 sAll set-upsTRUE-2Uint5-54Off Delay, Relay0.01 sAll set-upsTRUE-2Uint5-57Term. 29 Low Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-50Term. 29 Low Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-51Term. 29 Low Ref/Feedb. Value0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnitAll set-upsTRUE-3Int:5-53Term. 29 High Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE-3Int:5-54Pulse Filter Time Constant #29100 msAll set-upsFALSE-3Uint5-55Term. 33 Low Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-56Term. 33 Ligh Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-57Term. 33 Low Ref/Feedb. Value0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnitAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-58Term. 33 High Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE-3Int:5-59Pulse OutputAll set-upsTRUE-3Uint5-56Term. 33 High Ref/Feedb. ValueApp.DependentAll set-upsTRUE-3Int:5-57Term. 33 Ligh Ref/Feedb. ValueApp.DependentAll set-upsTRUE-3Uint5-59Pulse Output MarinablenullAll set-upsTRUE-3Uint </td <td>5-31</td> <td>Terminal 29 Digital Output</td> <td>null</td> <td>All set-ups</td> <td>TRUE</td> <td>-</td> <td>Uint8</td>	5-31	Terminal 29 Digital Output	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-41 On Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE -2 Uint 5-42 Off Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE -2 Uint 5-54 Pulse Input -2 Uint 5-50 Term. 29 Low Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-51 Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value 0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int: 5-53 Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value App.Dependent All set-ups TRUE -3 Int: 5-54 Pulse Filter Time Constant #29 100 ms All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-55 Term. 33 Low Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-56 Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value 0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int: 5-57 Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value 0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE -3 <td>5-4* Re</td> <td>lays</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	5-4* Re	lays	•				
5-42 Off Delay, Relay 0.01 s All set-ups TRUE -2 Uint 5-50 Term. 29 Low Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-50 Term. 29 High Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-51 Term. 29 High Frequency 0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int3 5-53 Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value App.Dependent All set-ups TRUE -3 Int3 5-54 Pulse Filter Time Constant #29 100 ms All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-55 Term. 33 Low Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-56 Term. 33 High Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-57 Term. 33 High Ref/Feedb. Value 0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int3 5-58 Pulse Filter Time Constant #33 100 ms All set-ups TRUE -3 Int3	5-40	Function Relay	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-5* Pulse InputImage: constant #29Image: constant #29Image: constant #295-50Term. 29 Low Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-51Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnitAll set-upsTRUE-3Int:5-53Term. 29 High Frequency0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnitAll set-upsTRUE-3Int:5-54Pulse Filter Time Constant #29100 msAll set-upsTRUE-3Uint5-55Term. 33 Low Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-56Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnitAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-57Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnitAll set-upsTRUE-3Int:5-58Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnitAll set-upsTRUE-3Int:5-58Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. ValueApp.DependentAll set-upsTRUE-3Int:5-59Pulse Filter Time Constant #33100 msAll set-upsTRUE-3Uint5-60Terminal 27 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-61Ferminal 27 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-62Pulse Output Max Freq #27App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-70Term 32/33 Pulse per Revolution1024 N/AAll set-upsFALS	5-41	On Delay, Relay	0.01 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-50Term. 29 Low Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-51Term. 29 High Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-52Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnitAll set-upsTRUE-3Int:5-53Term. 29 Ligh Ref./Feedb. ValueApp.DependentAll set-upsTRUE-3Int:5-54Pulse Filter Time Constant #29100 msAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-55Term. 33 Low Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-56Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnitAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-57Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnitAll set-upsTRUE-3Int:5-58Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnitAll set-upsTRUE-3Int:5-58Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnitAll set-upsTRUE-3Int:5-59Pulse Filter Time Constant #33100 msAll set-upsTRUE-3Int:5-60Terminal 27 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE-Uint5-61Terminal 27 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-62Pulse Output Max Freq #29App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-63Terminal 29 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-ups <td>5-42</td> <td>Off Delay, Relay</td> <td>0.01 s</td> <td>All set-ups</td> <td>TRUE</td> <td>-2</td> <td>Uint16</td>	5-42	Off Delay, Relay	0.01 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-51Term. 29 High Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-52Term. 29 Low Ref/Feedb. Value0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnitAll set-upsTRUE-3Int5-53Term. 29 High Ref/Feedb. ValueApp.DependentAll set-upsTRUE-3Int5-54Pulse Filter Time Constant #29100 msAll set-upsFALSE-3Uint5-55Term. 33 Low Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-56Term. 33 High Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-57Term. 33 High Frequency0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnitAll set-upsTRUE-3Int5-58Term. 33 High Ref/Feedb. Value0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnitAll set-upsTRUE-3Int5-59Pulse Filter Time Constant #33100 msAll set-upsTRUE-3Int5-59Pulse Output	5-5* Pu	ilse Input					
5-52 Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value 0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int 5-53 Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value App.Dependent All set-ups TRUE -3 Int 5-54 Pulse Filter Time Constant #29 100 ms All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-55 Term. 33 Low Frequency 100 Hz All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-56 Term. 31 Low Ref./Feedb. Value 0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-57 Term. 31 Low Ref./Feedb. Value 0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int 5-58 Term. 31 Bigh Ref./Feedb. Value 0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnit All set-ups TRUE -3 Int 5-59 Pulse Filter Time Constant #33 100 ms All set-ups TRUE -3 Uint 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable null All set-ups TRUE - Uint 5-61 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable null	5-50	Term. 29 Low Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-53Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. ValueApp.DependentAll set-upsTRUE3Int5-54Pulse Filter Time Constant #29100 msAll set-upsFALSE3Uint5-55Term. 33 Low Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-56Term. 33 High Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-57Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnitAll set-upsTRUE3Int5-58Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. ValueApp.DependentAll set-upsTRUE3Int5-59Pulse Filter Time Constant #33100 msAll set-upsFALSE3Uint5-60Terminal 27 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE-Uint5-62Pulse Output Max Freq #27App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-63Terminal 29 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-64Pulse Output Max Freq #27App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-70Terminal 29 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-71Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable1024 N/AAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-70Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable1024 N/AAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-71Term 32/33 Encoder Direction1024 N/AAll set-upsFALSE0Uint	5-51	Term. 29 High Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-54Pulse Filter Time Constant #29100 msAll set-upsFALSE3Uint5-55Term. 33 Low Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-56Term. 33 High Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-57Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnitAll set-upsTRUE3Int5-58Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. ValueApp.DependentAll set-upsTRUE3Int5-59Pulse Filter Time Constant #33100 msAll set-upsFALSE3Uint5-60Terminal 27 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE-Uint5-62Pulse Output Max Freq #27App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE-Uint5-63Terminal 29 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE-Uint5-64Pulse Output Max Freq #29App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-70Terminal 29 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-70Term 32/33 Encoder Direction1024 N/AAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-71Term 32/33 Encoder Direction1024 N/AAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-70Term 32/33 Encoder Direction1024 N/AAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-71Term 32/33 Encoder Direction1024 N/AAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-74Digi	5-52	Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
5-55Term. 33 Low Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-56Term. 33 High Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-57Term. 33 Low Ref/Feedb. Value0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnitAll set-upsTRUE-3Int5-58Term. 33 High Ref/Feedb. ValueApp.DependentAll set-upsTRUE-3Int5-59Pulse Filter Time Constant #33100 msAll set-upsFALSE-3Uint5-60Terminal 27 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE-Uint5-62Pulse Output Max Freq #27App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-63Terminal 29 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-64Pulse Output Max Freq #29App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-65Pulse Output Max Freq #29App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-70Term 32/33 Pulses per Revolution1024 N/AAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-71Term 32/33 Encoder Direction[0] ClockwiseAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-74 VOptions5 2 set-upsTRUE0Uint5-75Pulse Output0 N/AAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-70Term 32/33 Encoder Direction[0] ClockwiseAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-71Term 32/33 Encoder Direction </td <td>5-53</td> <td>Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value</td> <td>App.Dependent</td> <td>All set-ups</td> <td>TRUE</td> <td>-3</td> <td>Int32</td>	5-53	Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
5-56Term. 33 High Frequency100 HzAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-57Term. 33 Low Ref/Feedb. Value0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnitAll set-upsTRUE3Int5-58Term. 33 High Ref/Feedb. ValueApp.DependentAll set-upsTRUE3Int5-59Pulse Filter Time Constant #33100 msAll set-upsFALSE3Uint5-60Terminal 27 Pulse OutputVariablenullAll set-upsTRUE-Uint5-62Pulse Output Max Freq #27App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-63Terminal 29 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE-Uint5-64Pulse Output Max Freq #29App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-65Pulse Output Max Freq #29App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-70Term 32/33 Pulses per Revolution1024 N/AAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-71Term 32/33 Encoder Direction[0] ClockwiseAll set-upsFALSE-Uin5-74VOptions5-752 set-upsTRUE0Uint5-79Digital & Relay Bus Control0 N/AAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-99Digital & Relay Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2Ni25-94Pulse Out #27 Timeout Preset0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2Ni25-95Pulse Out #29	5-54	Pulse Filter Time Constant #29	100 ms	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint16
5-57Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnitAll set-upsTRUE-3Int5-58Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. ValueApp.DependentAll set-upsTRUE-3Int5-59Pulse Filter Time Constant #33100 msAll set-upsFALSE-3Uint5-60Terminal 27 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE-Uint5-61Terminal 27 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-62Pulse Output Max Freq #27App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-63Terminal 29 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-64Pulse Output Max Freq #29App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-75Pulse Output Max Freq #29App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-76Term 32/33 Pulses per Revolution1024 N/AAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-77Term 32/33 Pulses per Revolution1024 N/AAll set-upsFALSE-Uint5-78 <i>VO</i> Dependent 0Vint 5-95 2 set-upsTRUE0Uint5-79Term 32/33 Pulses per Revolution1024 N/AAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-70Term 32/33 Pulses per Revolution1024 N/AAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-79Digital & Relay Bus Control0 N/AAll set-upsTRUE	5-55	Term. 33 Low Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-58Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. ValueApp.DependentAll set-upsTRUE-3Int5-59Pulse Filter Time Constant #33100 msAll set-upsFALSE-3Uint5-60Terminal 27 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE-Uint5-62Pulse Output Max Freq #27App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-63Terminal 29 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-64Pulse Output Max Freq #27App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-65Pulse Output Max Freq #29App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-76Term 32/33 Pulses per Revolution1024 N/AAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-77Term 32/33 Encoder Direction[0] ClockwiseAll set-upsFALSE-Uint5-78VOptionsTerm 32/33 Encoder Direction[0] ClockwiseAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-79Digital & Relay Bus Control0 N/AAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-99Digital & Relay Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2NZ5-94Pulse Out #27 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2NZ5-95Pulse Out #29 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2NZ	5-56	Term. 33 High Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-59Pulse Filter Time Constant #33100 msAll set-upsFALSE-3Uint5-6*Pulse Output1100 msAll set-upsTRUE-Uint5-60Terminal 27 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE-Uint5-62Pulse Output Max Freq #27App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-63Terminal 29 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE-Uin5-65Pulse Output Max Freq #29App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-70Term 32/33 Pulses per Revolution1024 N/AAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-70Term 32/33 Encoder Direction[0] ClockwiseAll set-upsFALSE-Uin5-80AHF Cap Reconnect Delay25 s2 set-upsTRUE0Uint5-99Digital & Relay Bus Control0 N/AAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-93Pulse Out #27 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2NZ5-94Pulse Out #29 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2NZ	5-57	Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
5-6* Pulse OutputnullAll set-upsTRUE-Uin5-60Terminal 27 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-62Pulse Output Max Freq #27App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-63Terminal 29 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE-Uin5-65Pulse Output Max Freq #29App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-67Term 32/33 Pulses per Revolution1024 N/AAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-70Term 32/33 Encoder Direction[0] ClockwiseAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-71Term 32/33 Encoder Direction[0] ClockwiseAll set-upsFALSE-Uin5-80AHF Cap Reconnect Delay25 s2 set-upsTRUE0Uint5-90Digital & Relay Bus Control0 N/AAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-93Pulse Out #27 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2NZ5-95Pulse Out #29 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2NZ	5-58	Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
5-60Terminal 27 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE-Uin5-62Pulse Output Max Freq #27App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-63Terminal 29 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE-Uin5-65Pulse Output Max Freq #29App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-76Fern 32/33 Pulses per Revolution1024 N/AAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-70Term 32/33 Encoder Direction[0] ClockwiseAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-71Term 32/33 Encoder Direction[0] ClockwiseAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-80AHF Cap Reconnect Delay25 s2 set-upsTRUE0Uint5-90Digital & Relay Bus Control0 N/AAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-93Pulse Out #27 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2N25-95Pulse Out #29 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2N2	5-59	Pulse Filter Time Constant #33	100 ms	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint16
5-62Pulse Output Max Freq #27App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-63Terminal 29 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE-Uint5-65Pulse Output Max Freq #29App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-67Pulse Output Max Freq #29App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-78Zercoder Input01024 N/AAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-70Term 32/33 Pulses per Revolution1024 N/AAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-71Term 32/33 Encoder Direction[0] ClockwiseAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-81Options5-84I/O Options1024 N/AAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-80AHF Cap Reconnect Delay25 s2 set-upsTRUE0Uint5-90Digital & Relay Bus Control0 N/AAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-93Pulse Out #27 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2NZ5-94Pulse Out #27 Timeout Preset0.00%1 set-upTRUE-2NZ5-95Pulse Out #29 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2NZ	5-6* Pu	lse Output					
5-63Terminal 29 Pulse Output VariablenullAll set-upsTRUE-Uin5-63Terminal 29 Pulse Output Max Freq #29App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-65Pulse Output Max Freq #29App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-70Term 32/33 Pulses per Revolution1024 N/AAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-71Term 32/33 Encoder Direction[0] ClockwiseAll set-upsFALSE-Uint5-74VOptionsTerm 32/33 Encoder Direction[0] ClockwiseAll set-upsFALSE-Uint5-80AHF Cap Reconnect Delay25 s2 set-upsTRUE0Uint5-90Digital & Relay Bus Control0 N/AAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-93Pulse Out #27 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2NZ5-94Pulse Out #29 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2NZ5-95Pulse Out #29 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2NZ	5-60	Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-65Pulse Output Max Freq #29App.DependentAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-77Term 32/33 Pulses per Revolution1024 N/AAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-71Term 32/33 Encoder Direction[0] ClockwiseAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-71Term 32/33 Encoder Direction[0] ClockwiseAll set-upsFALSE-Uint5-8* I/O Options5-80AHF Cap Reconnect Delay25 s2 set-upsTRUE0Uint5-98Controlled00 N/AAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-93Pulse Out #27 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2NZ5-94Pulse Out #27 Timeout Preset0.00%1 set-upsTRUE-2NZ5-95Pulse Out #29 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2NZ	5-62	Pulse Output Max Freq #27	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-7* 24V Encoder InputImage: Control input inpu	5-63	Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-70Term 32/33 Pulses per Revolution1024 N/AAll set-upsFALSE0Uint5-71Term 32/33 Encoder Direction[0] ClockwiseAll set-upsFALSE-Uint5-81// Options5-80AHF Cap Reconnect Delay25 s2 set-upsTRUE0Uint5-94Digital & Relay Bus Control0 N/AAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-95Pulse Out #27 Timeout Preset0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2NZ5-95Pulse Out #29 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2NZ	5-65	Pulse Output Max Freq #29	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-71Term 32/33 Encoder Direction[0] ClockwiseAll set-upsFALSEUin5-81// Options5-80AHF Cap Reconnect Delay25 s2 set-upsTRUE0Uint5-98Sourcolled00 N/AAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-90Digital & Relay Bus Control0 N/AAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-93Pulse Out #27 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2N25-94Pulse Out #27 Timeout Preset0.00%1 set-upTRUE-2N25-95Pulse Out #29 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2N2	5-7* 24	V Encoder Input					
5-8* I/O Options 5-80 AHF Cap Reconnect Delay 25 s 2 set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control 0 N/A All set-ups TRUE 0 Uint 5-93 Pulse Out #27 Bus Control 0.00% All set-ups TRUE -2 NZ 5-94 Pulse Out #27 Timeout Preset 0.00% 1 set-up TRUE -2 NZ 5-95 Pulse Out #29 Bus Control 0.00% All set-ups TRUE -2 NZ	5-70	Term 32/33 Pulses per Revolution	1024 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
5-80AHF Cap Reconnect Delay25 s2 set-upsTRUE0Uint5-98 USControlled000005-90Digital & Relay Bus Control0 N/AAll set-upsTRUE00005-93Pulse Out #27 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2NZ5-94Pulse Out #27 Timeout Preset0.00%1 set-upTRUE-2Vint5-95Pulse Out #29 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2NZ	5-71	Term 32/33 Encoder Direction	[0] Clockwise	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
5-9* Bus ControlledImage: ControlledImage: Controlled5-90Digital & Relay Bus Control0 N/AAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-93Pulse Out #27 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2N25-94Pulse Out #27 Timeout Preset0.00%1 set-upTRUE-2Uint5-95Pulse Out #29 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2N2	5-8* I/C) Options			1	.	
5-90Digital & Relay Bus Control0 N/AAll set-upsTRUE0Uint5-93Pulse Out #27 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2N25-94Pulse Out #27 Timeout Preset0.00%1 set-upTRUE-2Uint5-95Pulse Out #29 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2N2	5-80		25 s	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
5-93Pulse Out #27 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2N25-94Pulse Out #27 Timeout Preset0.00%1 set-upTRUE-2Uint5-95Pulse Out #29 Bus Control0.00%All set-upsTRUE-2N2							
5-94 Pulse Out #27 Timeout Preset 0.00% 1 set-up TRUE -2 Uint 5-95 Pulse Out #29 Bus Control 0.00% All set-ups TRUE -2 N2	5-90	5 ,	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-95 Pulse Out #29 Bus Control 0.00% All set-ups TRUE -2 N2	5-93	Pulse Out #27 Bus Control	0.00%	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
	5-94					-2	Uint16
5-96 Pulse Out #29 Timeout Preset 0.00% 1 set-up TRUE -2 Uint	5-95		0.00%	All set-ups	1	-2	N2
	5-96	Pulse Out #29 Timeout Preset	0.00%	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16

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4.1.9 6-** Analog In/Out

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
6-0* A	nalog I/O Mode					
6-00	Live Zero Timeout Time	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
6-01	Live Zero Timeout Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-1* A	nalog Input 1					
6-10	Terminal 53 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-11	Terminal 53 High Voltage	10.00 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-12	Terminal 53 Low Current	0.14 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	-5	Int16
6-13	Terminal 53 High Current	20.00 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	-5	lnt16
6-14	Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	lnt32
6-15	Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	lnt32
6-16	Terminal 53 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
6-2* A	nalog Input 2	•				
6-20	Terminal 54 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-21	Terminal 54 High Voltage	10.00 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	lnt16
6-22	Terminal 54 Low Current	0.14 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	-5	lnt16
6-23	Terminal 54 High Current	20.00 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	-5	Int16
6-24	Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	lnt32
6-25	Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	lnt32
6-26	Terminal 54 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
6-5* A	nalog Output 1					
6-50	Terminal 42 Output	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-51	Terminal 42 Output Min Scale	0.00%	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-52	Terminal 42 Output Max Scale	100.00%	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-53	Term 42 Output Bus Ctrl	0.00%	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
6-54	Terminal 42 Output Timeout Preset	0.00%	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
6-55	Analog Output Filter	[0] Off	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8

4.1.10 7-** Controllers

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
7-0* Sp	beed PID Ctrl.	1				
7-00	Speed PID Feedback Source	null	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
7-02	Speed PID Proportional Gain	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
7-03	Speed PID Integral Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Uint32
7-04	Speed PID Differentiation Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Uint16
7-05	Speed PID Diff. Gain Limit	5.0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
7-06	Speed PID Lowpass Filter Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Uint16
7-07	Speed PID Feedback Gear Ratio	1.0000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
7-08	Speed PID Feed Forward Factor	0%	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
7-09	Speed PID Error Correction w/ Ramp	300RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint32
7-1* To	orque PI Ctrl.					
7-12	Torque PI Proportional Gain	100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
7-13	Torque PI Integration Time	0.020 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
7-2* Pr	ocess Ctrl. Feedb	•				
7-20	Process CL Feedback 1 Resource	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
7-22	Process CL Feedback 2 Resource	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
7-3* Pr	ocess PID Ctrl.	1				
7-30	Process PID Normal/ Inverse Control	[0] Normal	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
7-31	Process PID Anti Windup	[1] On	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
7-32	Process PID Start Speed	0 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
7-33	Process PID Proportional Gain	0.01 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
7-34	Process PID Integral Time	10000.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
7-35	Process PID Differentiation Time	0.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
7-36	Process PID Diff. Gain Limit	5.0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
7-38	Process PID Feed Forward Factor	0%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
7-39	On Reference Bandwidth	5%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
7-4* Ac	dv. Process PID I	1				
7-40	Process PID I-part Reset	[0] No	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
7-41	Process PID Output Neg. Clamp	-100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
7-42	Process PID Output Pos. Clamp	100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
7-43	Process PID Gain Scale at Min. Ref.	100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
7-44	Process PID Gain Scale at Max. Ref.	100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
7-45	Process PID Feed Fwd Resource	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
7-46	Process PID Feed Fwd Normal/ Inv. Ctrl.	[0] Normal	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
7-48	PCD Feed Forward	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
7-49	Process PID Output Normal/ Inv. Ctrl.	[0] Normal	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
7-5* Ac	iv. Process PID II	1				
7-50	Process PID Extended PID	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
7-51	Process PID Feed Fwd Gain	1.00 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
7-52	Process PID Feed Fwd Ramp up	0.01 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
7-53	Process PID Feed Fwd Ramp down	0.01 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
7-56	Process PID Ref. Filter Time	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
7-57	Process PID Fb. Filter Time	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16

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4.1.11 8-** Comm. and Options

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
8-0* Ge	eneral Settings			operation		
8-01	Control Site	[0] Digital and ctrl.word	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-02	Control Word Source	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-03	Control Word Timeout Time	1.0 s	1 set-up	TRUE	-1	Uint32
8-04	Control Word Timeout Function	null	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-05	End-of-Timeout Function	[1] Resume set-up	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-06	Reset Control Word Timeout	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-07	Diagnosis Trigger	[0] Disable	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-08	Readout Filtering	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-1* Ct	rl. Word Settings					
8-10	Control Word Profile	[0] FC profile	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-13	Configurable Status Word STW	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-14	Configurable Control Word CTW	[1] Profile default	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-19	Product Code	App. Dependent	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-3* FC	Port Settings					
8-30	Protocol	[0] FC	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-31	Address	1 N/A	1 N/A 1 set-up TRUE		0	Uint8
8-32	FC Port Baud Rate	null			-	Uint8
8-33	Parity / Stop Bits	[0] Even Parity, 1 Stop Bit	· · ·		-	Uint8
8-34	Estimated cycle time	0 ms	· · ·		-3	Uint32
8-35	Minimum Response Delay	10 ms			-3	Uint16
8-36	Max Response Delay	App.Dependent			-3	Uint16
8-37	Max Inter-Char Delay	App.Dependent	1 set-up	TRUE	-5	Uint16
8-4* FC	MC protocol set					
8-40	Telegram selection	[1] Standard telegram 1	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-41	Parameters for signals	0	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint16
8-42	PCD write configuration	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
8-43	PCD read configuration	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
8-5* Di	gital/Bus	•				
8-50	Coasting Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-51	Quick Stop Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-52	DC Brake Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-53	Start Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-54	Reversing Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-55	Set-up Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-56	Preset Reference Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-57	Profidrive OFF2 Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-58	Profidrive OFF3 Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-8* FC	Port Diagnostics	•				
8-80	Bus Message Count	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-81	Bus Error Count	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-82	Slave Messages Rcvd	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-83	Slave Error Count	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-9* Bu	, is Jog					
8-90	Bus Jog 1 Speed	100 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
8-91	Bus Jog 2 Speed	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16

Table 4.12

4

4.1.12 9-** Profibus

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during	Conver-	Туре
No. #				operation	sion index	
9-00	Setpoint	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
9-07	Actual Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-15	PCD Write Configuration	App.Dependent	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint16
9-16	PCD Read Configuration	App.Dependent	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
9-18	Node Address	126 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint8
9-22	Telegram Selection	[100] None	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
9-23	Parameters for Signals	0	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
9-27	Parameter Edit	[1] Enabled	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint16
9-28	Process Control	[1] Enable cyclic master	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
9-44	Fault Message Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
9-45	Fault Code	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
9-47	Fault Number	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
9-52	Fault Situation Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
9-53	Profibus Warning Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	V2
		[255] No baudrate				
9-63	Actual Baud Rate	found	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
9-64	Device Identification	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
9-65	Profile Number	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	OctStr[2]
9-67	Control Word 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	V2
9-68	Status Word 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	V2
9-71	Profibus Save Data Values	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
9-72	ProfibusDriveReset	[0] No action	1 set-up	FALSE	-	Uint8
9-75	DO Identification	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
9-80	Defined Parameters (1)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-81	Defined Parameters (2)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-82	Defined Parameters (3)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-83	Defined Parameters (4)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-84	Defined Parameters (5)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-90	Changed Parameters (1)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-91	Changed Parameters (2)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-92	Changed Parameters (3)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-93	Changed parameters (4)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-94	Changed parameters (5)	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
9-99	Profibus Revision Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16

4.1.13 10-** CAN Fieldbus

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during	sion	
					operation	index	
10-0*	Common Settings						
10-00	CAN Protocol	null	2 set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
10-01	Baud Rate Select	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
10-02	MAC ID	App.Dependent	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
10-05	Readout Transmit Error Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
10-06	Readout Receive Error Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
10-07	Readout Bus Off Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
10-1*	DeviceNet						
10-10	Process Data Type Selection	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
10-11	Process Data Config Write	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
10-12	Process Data Config Read	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
10-13	Warning Parameter	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
10-14	Net Reference	[0] Off	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
10-15	Net Control	[0] Off	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
10-2*	COS Filters	•					
10-20	COS Filter 1	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
10-21	COS Filter 2	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
10-22	COS Filter 3	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
10-23	COS Filter 4	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
10-3*	Parameter Access						
10-30	Array Index	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
10-31	Store Data Values	[0] Off	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
10-32	Devicenet Revision	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
10-33	Store Always	[0] Off	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
10-34	DeviceNet Product Code	App.Dependent	1 set-up		TRUE	0	Uint16
10-39	Devicenet F Parameters	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
10-5*	CANopen						
10-50	Process Data Config Write.	App.Dependent	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
10-51	Process Data Config Read.	App.Dependent	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16

Table 4.14

4

4.1.14 12-** Ethernet

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302 only	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
12-0*	IP Settings						
12-00	IP Address Assignment	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-01	IP Address	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	OctStr[4]
12-02	Subnet Mask	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	OctStr[4]
12-03	Default Gateway	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	OctStr[4]
12-04	DHCP Server	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	OctStr[4]
12-05	Lease Expires	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	TimD
12-06	Name Servers	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	OctStr[4]
12-07	Domain Name	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	VisStr[48]
12-08	Host Name	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	VisStr[48]
12-09	Physical Address	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	VisStr[17]
12-1*	Ethernet Link Parameters	-					
12-10	Link Status	[0] No Link	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-11	Link Duration	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	TimD
12-12	Auto Negotiation	[1] On	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-13	Link Speed	[0] None	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-14	Link Duplex	[1] Full Duplex	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-2*	Process Data						
12-20	Control Instance	App.Dependent	1 set-up		TRUE	0	Uint8
12-21	Process Data Config Write	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
12-22	Process Data Config Read	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
12-23	Process Data Config Write Size	16 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
12-24	Process Data Config Read Size	16 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
12-27	Primary Master	0 N/A	1 set-up		FALSE	0	
12-28	Store Data Values	[0] Off	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-29	Store Always	[0] Off	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-3*	EtherNet/IP						
12-30	Warning Parameter	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
12-31	Net Reference	[0] Off	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-32	Net Control	[0] Off	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-33	CIP Revision	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
12-34	CIP Product Code	App.Dependent	1 set-up		TRUE	0	Uint16
12-35	EDS Parameter	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
12-37	COS Inhibit Timer	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
12-38	COS Filter	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
12-4*	Modbus TCP	ļ.					
12-40	Status Parameter	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
12-41	Slave Message Count	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
12-42	Slave Exception Message Count	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
	EtherCAT	1	·		1		
	Configured Station Alias	0 N/A	1 set-up		FALSE	0	Uint16
12-51	Configured Station Address	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
12-59	EtherCAT Status	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32

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Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302 only	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
12-8*	Other Ethernet Services						
12-80	FTP Server	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-81	HTTP Server	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-82	SMTP Service	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-89	Transparent Socket Channel Port	App.Dependent	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
12-9*	Advanced Ethernet Services						
12-90	Cable Diagnostic	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-91	MDI-X	[1] Enabled	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-92	IGMP Snooping	[1] Enabled	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-93	Cable Error Length	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	Uint16
12-94	Broadcast Storm Protection	-1 %	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Int8
12-95	Broadcast Storm Filter	[0] Broadcast only	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-96	Port Mirroring	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-98	Interface Counters	4000 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
12-99	Media Counters	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32

4.1.15 13-** Smart Logic

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
13-0* 5	LC Settings					
13-00	SL Controller Mode	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-01	Start Event	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-02	Stop Event	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-03	Reset SLC	[0] Do not reset SLC	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-1* (Comparators					
13-10	Comparator Operand	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-11	Comparator Operator	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-12	Comparator Value	App.Dependent	2 set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
13-1* F	S Flip Flops	•	•			
13-15	RS-FF Operand S	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-16	RS-FF Operand R	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-2* 1	imers					
13-20	SL Controller Timer	App.Dependent	1 set-up	TRUE	-3	TimD
13-4* L	ogic Rules					
13-40	Logic Rule Boolean 1	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-41	Logic Rule Operator 1	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-42	Logic Rule Boolean 2	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-43	Logic Rule Operator 2	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-44	Logic Rule Boolean 3	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-5* 5	itates	•				
13-51	SL Controller Event	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-52	SL Controller Action	null	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8

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4.1.16 14-** Special Functions

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
14-0* li	nverter Switching	I		•		
14-00	Switching Pattern	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-01	Switching Frequency	null	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-03	Overmodulation	[1] On	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
14-04	PWM Random	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-06	Dead Time Compensation	[1] On	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-1* N	Nains On/Off	·				
14-10	Mains Failure	[0] No function	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
14-11	Mains Voltage at Mains Fault	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
14-12	Function at Mains Imbalance	[0] Trip	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-13	Mains Failure Step Factor	1.0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint8
14-14	Kin. Backup Time Out	60 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-15	Kin. Backup Trip Recovery Level	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint32
14-2* T	rip Reset					
14-20	Reset Mode	[0] Manual reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-21	Automatic Restart Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
14-22	Operation Mode	[0] Normal operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-24	Trip Delay at Current Limit	60 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-25	Trip Delay at Torque Limit	60 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-26	Trip Delay at Inverter Fault	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-28	Production Settings	[0] No action	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-29	Service Code	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
14-3* C	Current Limit Ctrl.	I				
14-30	Current Lim Ctrl, Proportional Gain	100%	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
14-31	Current Lim Ctrl, Integration Time	0.020 s	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint16
14-32	Current Lim Ctrl, Filter Time	1.0 ms	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Uint16
14-35	Stall Protection	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
14-4* E	inergy Optimising					
14-40	VT Level	66%	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
14-41	AEO Minimum Magnetisation	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-42	Minimum AEO Frequency	10 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-43	Motor Cosphi	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
14-5* E	nvironment					
14-50	RFI Filter	[1] On	1 set-up	FALSE	-	Uint8
14-51	DC Link Compensation	[1] On	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-52	Fan Control	[0] Auto	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-53	Fan Monitor	[1] Warning	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-55	Output Filter	[0] No Filter	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
14-56	Capacitance Output Filter	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-7	Uint16
14-57	Inductance Output Filter	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-6	Uint16
14-59	Actual Number of Inverter Units	App.Dependent	1 set-up	FALSE	0	Uint8
	Compatibility	····	· ·			
14-72	Legacy Alarm Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
14-73	Legacy Warning Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
14-74	Leg. Ext. Status Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
14-8* 0	5	1			-	
14-80	Option Supplied by External 24VDC	[1] Yes	2 set-ups	FALSE	_	Uint8
14-89	Option Detection	[0] Protect Option Config.	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
	ault Settings	i i j i steet option comig.				

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Parameter Lists

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Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
14-90	Fault Level	null	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8

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4.1.17 15-** Drive Information

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
15-0* C	Derating Data			operation		
15-00	Operating Hours	0 h	All set-ups	FALSE	74	Uint32
15-01	Running Hours	0 h	All set-ups	FALSE	74	Uint32
15-02	kWh Counter	0 kWh	All set-ups	FALSE	75	Uint32
15-03	Power Up's	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
15-04	Over Temp's	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
15-05	Over Volt's	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
15-06	Reset kWh Counter	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
15-07	Reset Running Hours Counter	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
15-1* C	Data Log Settings					
15-10	Logging Source	0	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
15-11	Logging Interval	App.Dependent	2 set-ups	TRUE	-3	TimD
15-12	Trigger Event	[0] False	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
15-13	Logging Mode	[0] Log always	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
15-14	Samples Before Trigger	50 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
	listoric Log				-	
15-20	Historic Log: Event	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
15-21	Historic Log: Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
15-22	Historic Log: Time	0 ms	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint32
	ault Log	0	7		5	0
15-30	Fault Log: Error Code	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
15-31	Fault Log: Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int16
15-32	Fault Log: Time	0 s	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
	Drive Identification				-	
15-40	FC Type	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[6]
15-41	Power Section	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-42	Voltage	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-43	Software Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[5]
15-44	Ordered Typecode String	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[40]
15-45	Actual Typecode String	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[40]
15-46	Frequency Converter Ordering No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[8]
15-47	Power Card Ordering No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[8]
15-48	LCP Id No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-49	SW ID Control Card	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-50	SW ID Power Card	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-51	Frequency Converter Serial Number	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[10]
15-53	Power Card Serial Number	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[19]
15-58	Smart Setup Filename	App.Dependent	1 set-up	FALSE	0	VisStr[16]
15-59	CSIV Filename	App.Dependent	1 set-up	FALSE	0	VisStr[16]
	Deption Ident	hpp.bependent	- i set up	THESE	-	(1554[16]
15-60	Option Mounted	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-61	Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-62	Option Ordering No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-63	Option Serial No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[18]
15-70	Option in Slot A	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-70	Slot A Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30] VisStr[20]
15-71	Option in Slot B	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20] VisStr[30]
15-72	Slot B Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30] VisStr[20]
C1-C1		0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	, v	v13301[20]

Parameter Lists

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Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
15-75	Slot C0 Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-76	Option in Slot C1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-77	Slot C1 Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-9* C	Dperating Data II					
15-80	Fan Running Hours	0 h	All set-ups	TRUE	74	Uint32
15-9* P	Parameter Info	+				
15-92	Defined Parameters	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
15-93	Modified Parameters	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
15-98	Drive Identification	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[40]
15-99	Parameter Metadata	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16

Table 4.19

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4.1.18 16-** Data Readouts

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
16-0* 0	Eeneral Status			operation		
16-00	Control Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-01	Reference [Unit]	0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-02	Reference %	0.0%	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Int16
16-03	Status Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-05	Main Actual Value [%]	0.00%	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	N2
16-09	Custom Readout	0.00 CustomReadoutUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Int32
16-1* N	Aotor Status	•				
16-10	Power [kW]	0.00 kW	All set-ups	FALSE	1	Int32
16-11	Power [hp]	0.00 hp	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Int32
16-12	Motor Voltage	0.0 V	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint16
16-13	Frequency	0.0 Hz	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint16
16-14	Motor Current	0.00 A	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Int32
16-15	Frequency [%]	0.00%	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	N2
16-16	Torque [Nm]	0.0 Nm	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Int16
16-17	Speed [RPM]	0 RPM	All set-ups	FALSE	67	Int32
16-18	Motor Thermal	0%	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
16-19	KTY sensor temperature	0 °C	All set-ups	FALSE	100	Int16
16-20	Motor Angle	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
16-21	Torque [%] High Res.	0.0%	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Int16
16-22	Torque [%]	0%	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int16
16-25	Torque [Nm] High	0.0 Nm	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Int32
16-3* E	Drive Status		-			
16-30	DC Link Voltage	0 V	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
16-32	Brake Energy /s	0.000 kW	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-33	Brake Energy /2 min	0.000 kW	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-34	Heatsink Temp.	0 °C	All set-ups	FALSE	100	Uint8
16-35	Inverter Thermal	0%	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
16-36	Inv. Nom. Current	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Uint32
16-37	Inv. Max. Current	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Uint32
16-38	SL Controller State	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
16-39	Control Card Temp.	0 °C	All set-ups	FALSE	100	Uint8
16-40	Logging Buffer Full	[0] No	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
						VisStr[5
16-41	LCP Bottom Statusline	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	0]
16-48	Speed Ref. After Ramp [RPM]	0 RPM	All set-ups	FALSE	67	Int32
16-49	Current Fault Source	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
16-5* F	lef. & Feedb.	•				
16-50	External Reference	0.0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Int16
16-51	Pulse Reference	0.0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Int16
16-52	Feedback [Unit]	0.000 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	lnt32
16-53	Digi Pot Reference	0.00 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Int16
16-57	Feedback [RPM]	0 RPM	All set-ups	FALSE	67	lnt32
16-6* l	nputs & Outputs					
16-60	Digital Input	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
16-61	Terminal 53 Switch Setting	[0] Current	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
16-62	Analog Input 53	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-63	Terminal 54 Switch Setting	[0] Current	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
16-64	Analog Input 54	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32

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Parameter Lists

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Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
16-65	Analog Output 42 [mA]	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int16
16-66	Digital Output [bin]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int16
16-67	Freq. Input #29 [Hz]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int32
16-68	Freq. Input #33 [Hz]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int32
16-69	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int32
16-70	Pulse Output #29 [Hz]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int32
16-71	Relay Output [bin]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int16
16-72	Counter A	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
16-73	Counter B	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
16-74	Prec. Stop Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
16-75	Analog In X30/11	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-76	Analog In X30/12	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-77	Analog Out X30/8 [mA]	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int16
16-78	Analog Out X45/1 [mA]	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int16
16-79	Analog Out X45/3 [mA]	0.000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int16
16-8* F	ieldbus & FC Port					
16-80	Fieldbus CTW 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-82	Fieldbus REF 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	N2
16-84	Comm. Option STW	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-85	FC Port CTW 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-86	FC Port REF 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	N2
16-87	Bus Readout Alarm/Warning	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
16-9* [Diagnosis Readouts	•				
16-90	Alarm Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-91	Alarm Word 2	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-92	Warning Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-93	Warning Word 2	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-94	Ext. Status Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32

Table 4.20

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4.1.19 17-** Motor Feedb.Option

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
17-1* l	nc. Enc. Interface					
17-10	Signal Type	[1] RS422 (5V TTL)	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
17-11	Resolution (PPR)	1024 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
17-2* <i>F</i>	bs. Enc. Interface	•				
17-20	Protocol Selection	[0] None	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
17-21	Resolution (Positions/Rev)	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
17-24	SSI Data Length	13 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
17-25	Clock Rate	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	3	Uint16
17-26	SSI Data Format	[0] Gray code	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
17-34	HIPERFACE Baudrate	[4] 9600	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
17-5* F	lesolver Interface	•				
17-50	Poles	2 N/A	1 set-up	FALSE	0	Uint8
17-51	Input Voltage	7.0 V	1 set-up	FALSE	-1	Uint8
17-52	Input Frequency	10.0 kHz	1 set-up	FALSE	2	Uint8
17-53	Transformation Ratio	0.5 N/A	1 set-up	FALSE	-1	Uint8
17-56	Encoder Sim. Resolution	[0] Disabled	1 set-up	FALSE	-	Uint8
17-59	Resolver Interface	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
17-6* N	Nonitoring and App.					
17-60	Feedback Direction	[0] Clockwise	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
17-61	Feedback Signal Monitoring	[1] Warning	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8

Table 4.21

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4.1.20 18-** Data Readouts 2

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during	sion	
					operation	index	
18-3*	Analog Readouts						
18-36	Analog Input X48/2 [mA]	0.000 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
18-37	Temp. Input X48/4	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
18-38	Temp. Input X48/7	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
18-39	Temp. Input X48/10	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
18-6*	Inputs & Outputs 2						
18-60	Digital Input 2	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
18 -9 0	PID Readouts						
18-90	Process PID Error	0.0 %	All set-ups		FALSE	-1	Int16
18-91	Process PID Output	0.0 %	All set-ups		FALSE	-1	Int16
18-92	Process PID Clamped Output	0.0 %	All set-ups		FALSE	-1	Int16
18-93	Process PID Gain Scaled Output	0.0 %	All set-ups		FALSE	-1	Int16

Table 4.22

Danfoss

4.1.21 30-** Special Features

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during	Conver- sion index	Туре
				operation		
30-0* V	Vobbler	·				
30-00	Wobble Mode	[0] Abs. Freq., Abs. Time	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
30-01	Wobble Delta Frequency [Hz]	5.0 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint8
30-02	Wobble Delta Frequency [%]	25%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
30-03	Wobble Delta Freq. Scaling Resource	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
30-04	Wobble Jump Frequency [Hz]	0.0 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint8
30-05	Wobble Jump Frequency [%]	0%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
30-06	Wobble Jump Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
30-07	Wobble Sequence Time	10.0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
30-08	Wobble Up/ Down Time	5.0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
30-09	Wobble Random Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
30-10	Wobble Ratio	1.0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint8
30-11	Wobble Random Ratio Max.	10.0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint8
30-12	Wobble Random Ratio Min.	0.1 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint8
30-19	Wobble Delta Freq. Scaled	0.0 Hz	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint16
30-2* <i>i</i>	Adv. Start Adjust					
30-20	High Starting Torque Time [s]	0.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint8
30-21	High Starting Torque Current [%]	100.0%	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint32
30-22	Locked Rotor Protection	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
30-23	Locked Rotor Detection Time [s]	0.10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint8
30-8* 0	Compatibility (I)					
30-80	d-axis Inductance (Ld)	App.Dependent	All set-ups	FALSE	-6	Int32
30-81	Brake Resistor (ohm)	App.Dependent	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint32
30-83	Speed PID Proportional Gain	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Uint32
30-84	Process PID Proportional Gain	0.100 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16

Table 4.23

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4.1.22 32-** MCO Basic Settings

Par. No.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302 only	Change during	Conver- sion	Туре
#				·	operation	index	
32-0*	Encoder 2						
32-00	Incremental Signal Type	[1] RS422 (5V TTL)	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-01	Incremental Resolution	1024 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-02	Absolute Protocol	[0] None	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-03	Absolute Resolution	8192 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-04	Absolute Encoder Baudrate X55	[4] 9600	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
32-05	Absolute Encoder Data Length	25 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
32-06	Absolute Encoder Clock Frequency	262.000 kHz	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-07	Absolute Encoder Clock Generation	[1] On	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-08	Absolute Encoder Cable Length	0 m	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
32-09	Encoder Monitoring	[0] Off	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-10	Rotational Direction	[1] No action	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-11	User Unit Denominator	1 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-12	User Unit Numerator	1 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-13	Enc.2 Control	[0] No soft changing	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-14	Enc.2 node ID	127 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
32-15	Enc.2 CAN guard	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-3*	Encoder 1						
32-30	Incremental Signal Type	[1] RS422 (5V TTL)	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-31	Incremental Resolution	1024 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-32	Absolute Protocol	[0] None	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-33	Absolute Resolution	8192 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-35	Absolute Encoder Data Length	25 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
32-36	Absolute Encoder Clock Frequency	262.000 kHz	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-37	Absolute Encoder Clock Generation	[1] On	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-38	Absolute Encoder Cable Length	0 m	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
32-39	Encoder Monitoring	[0] Off	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-40	Encoder Termination	[1] On	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-43	Enc.1 Control	[0] No soft changing	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-44	Enc.1 node ID	127 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
32-45	Enc.1 CAN guard	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-5*	Feedback Source						
32-50	Source Slave	[2] Encoder 2	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-51	MCO 302 Last Will	[1] Trip	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-52	Source Master	[1] Encoder 1 X56	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-6*	PID Controller						
32-60	Proportional factor	30 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-61	Derivative factor	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-62	Integral factor	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-63	Limit Value for Integral Sum	1000 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
32-64	PID Bandwidth	1000 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
	Velocity Feed-Forward	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-66	Acceleration Feed-Forward	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-67	Max. Tolerated Position Error	20000 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-68	Reverse Behavior for Slave	[0] Reversing allowed	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
	Sampling Time for PID Control	1 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16
	Scan Time for Profile Generator	1 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint8
32-71	Size of the Control Window (Activation)	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-72	Size of the Control Window (Deactiv.)	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32

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Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302 only	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
32-73	Integral limit filter time	0 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int16
32-74	Position error filter time	0 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int16
32-8*	Velocity & Accel.						
32-80	Maximum Velocity (Encoder)	1500 RPM	2 set-ups		TRUE	67	Uint32
32-81	Shortest Ramp	1.000 s	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint32
32-82	Ramp Type	[0] Linear	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-83	Velocity Resolution	100 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-84	Default Velocity	50 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-85	Default Acceleration	50 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-86	Acc. up for limited jerk	100 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint32
32-87	Acc. down for limited jerk	0 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint32
32-88	Dec. up for limited jerk	0 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint32
32-89	Dec. down for limited jerk	0 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint32
32-9*	Development	•					
32-90	Debug Source	[0] Controlcard	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8

Table 4.24

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4.1.23 33-** MCO Adv. Settings

Par. No.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302 only	Change during	Conver- sion	Туре
#					operation	index	
33-0*	Home Motion						
33-00	Force HOME	[0] Home not forced	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-01	Zero Point Offset from Home Pos.	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
33-02	Ramp for Home Motion	10 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
33-03	Velocity of Home Motion	10 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
33-04	Behaviour during HomeMotion	[0] Revers and index	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-1* 5	Synchronization						
33-10	Sync Factor Master	1 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
33-11	Sync Factor Slave	1 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
33-12	Position Offset for Synchronization	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
33-13	Accuracy Window for Position Sync.	1000 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
33-14	Relative Slave Velocity Limit	0 %	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
33-15	Marker Number for Master	1 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
33-16	Marker Number for Slave	1 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
33-17	Master Marker Distance	4096 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
33-18	Slave Marker Distance	4096 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
33-19	Master Marker Type	[0] Encoder Z positive	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-20	Slave Marker Type	[0] Encoder Z positive	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-21	Master Marker Tolerance Window	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
33-22	Slave Marker Tolerance Window	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
33-23	Start Behaviour for Marker Sync	[0] Start Function 1	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
33-24	Marker Number for Fault	10 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
33-25	Marker Number for Ready	1 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
33-26	Velocity Filter	0 us	2 set-ups		TRUE	-6	Int32
33-27	Offset Filter Time	0 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint32
33-28	Marker Filter Configuration	[0] Marker filter 1	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
	Filter Time for Marker Filter	0 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
33-30	Maximum Marker Correction	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
33-31	Synchronisation Type	[0] Standard	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
	Feed Forward Velocity Adaptation	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
	Velocity Filter Window	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
33-34	Slave Marker filter time	0 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint32
	Limit Handling						
	Behaviour at End Limit Switch	[0] Call error handler	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
	Negative Software End Limit	-500000 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
	Positive Software End Limit	500000 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
	Negative Software End Limit Active	[0] Inactive	2 set-ups		TRUE	_	Uint8
	Positive Software End Limit Active	[0] Inactive	2 set-ups		TRUE	_	Uint8
	Time in Target Window	0 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint8
	Target Window LimitValue	1 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
	Size of Target Window	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
	//O Configuration		2 300 up3				
33-50	Terminal X57/1 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-51	Terminal X57/2 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
	Terminal X57/3 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups 2 set-ups		TRUE	_	Uint8
33-52	Terminal X57/4 Digital Input	[0] No function			TRUE	_	Uint8
	e .		2 set-ups		-	-	
33-54	Terminal X57/5 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
	Terminal X57/6 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8 Uint8
33-56	Terminal X57/7 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uin

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Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No.				only	during	sion	
#					operation	index	
33-57	Terminal X57/8 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-58	Terminal X57/9 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-59	Terminal X57/10 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-60	Terminal X59/1 and X59/2 Mode	[1] Output	2 set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
33-61	Terminal X59/1 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-62	Terminal X59/2 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-63	Terminal X59/1 Digital Output	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-64	Terminal X59/2 Digital Output	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-65	Terminal X59/3 Digital Output	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-66	Terminal X59/4 Digital Output	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-67	Terminal X59/5 Digital Output	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-68	Terminal X59/6 Digital Output	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-69	Terminal X59/7 Digital Output	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-70	Terminal X59/8 Digital Output	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-8*	Global Parameters						
33-80	Activated Program Number	-1 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Int8
33-81	Power-up State	[1] Motor on	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-82	Drive Status Monitoring	[1] On	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-83	Behaviour afterError	[0] Coast	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-84	Behaviour afterEsc.	[0] Controlled stop	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-85	MCO Supplied by External 24VDC	[0] No	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-86	Terminal at alarm	[0] Relay 1	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-87	Terminal state at alarm	[0] Do nothing	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-88	Status word at alarm	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
33-9*	MCO Port Settings						
33-90	X62 MCO CAN node ID	127 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
33-91	X62 MCO CAN baud rate	[20] 125 Kbps	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-94	X60 MCO RS485 serial termination	[0] Off	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-95	X60 MCO RS485 serial baud rate	[2] 9600 Baud	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8

Table 4.25

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4.1.24 34-** MCO Data Readouts

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302 only	Change during	Conver- sion	Туре
					operation	index	
34-0*	PCD Write Par.	1					
34-01	PCD 1 Write to MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-02	PCD 2 Write to MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-03	PCD 3 Write to MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-04	PCD 4 Write to MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-05	PCD 5 Write to MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-06	PCD 6 Write to MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-07	PCD 7 Write to MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-08	PCD 8 Write to MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-09	PCD 9 Write to MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-10	PCD 10 Write to MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-2*	PCD Read Par.						
34-21	PCD 1 Read from MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-22	PCD 2 Read from MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-23	PCD 3 Read from MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-24	PCD 4 Read from MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-25	PCD 5 Read from MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-26	PCD 6 Read from MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-27	PCD 7 Read from MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-28	PCD 8 Read from MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-29	PCD 9 Read from MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-30	PCD 10 Read from MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-4*	nputs & Outputs						
34-40	Digital Inputs	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-41	Digital Outputs	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-5*	Process Data						
34-50	Actual Position	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-51	Commanded Position	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-52	Actual Master Position	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-53	Slave Index Position	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-54	Master Index Position	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
	Curve Position	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-56	Track Error	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-57	Synchronizing Error	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-58	Actual Velocity	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-59	Actual Master Velocity	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-60	Synchronizing Status	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-61	Axis Status	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-62	Program Status	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-64		0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-65	MCO 302 Control	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
	Diagnosis readouts						
34-70	MCO Alarm Word 1	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint32
34-71	MCO Alarm Word 2	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint32

Table 4.26

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4.1.25 35-** Sensor Input Option

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during	sion	
					operation	index	
35-0*	Temp. Input Mode	1					
35-00	Term. X48/4 Temp. Unit	[60] °C	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
35-01	Term. X48/4 Input Type	[0] Not Connected	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
35-02	Term. X48/7 Temp. Unit	[60] °C	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
35-03	Term. X48/7 Input Type	[0] Not Connected	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
35-04	Term. X48/10 Temp. Unit	[60] °C	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
35-05	Term. X48/10 Input Type	[0] Not Connected	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
35-06	Temperature Sensor Alarm Function	[5] Stop and trip	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
35-1*	Temp. Input X48/4						
35-14	Term. X48/4 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16
35-15	Term. X48/4 Temp. Monitor	[0] Disabled	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
35-16	Term. X48/4 Low Temp. Limit	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
35-17	Term. X48/4 High Temp. Limit	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
35-2*	Temp. Input X48/7						
35-24	Term. X48/7 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16
35-25	Term. X48/7 Temp. Monitor	[0] Disabled	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
35-26	Term. X48/7 Low Temp. Limit	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
35-27	Term. X48/7 High Temp. Limit	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
35-3*	Temp. Input X48/10						
35-34	Term. X48/10 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16
35-35	Term. X48/10 Temp. Monitor	[0] Disabled	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
35-36	Term. X48/10 Low Temp. Limit	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
35-37	Term. X48/10 High Temp. Limit	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
35-4*	Analog Input X48/2	•					
35-42	Term. X48/2 Low Current	4.00 mA	All set-ups		TRUE	-5	Int16
35-43	Term. X48/2 High Current	20.00 mA	All set-ups		TRUE	-5	Int16
35-44	Term. X48/2 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
35-45	Term. X48/2 High Ref./Feedb. Value	100.000 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
35-46	Term. X48/2 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16

Table 4.27

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5.1.1 Warnings/Alarm Messages

A warning or an alarm is signalled by the relevant LED on the front of the frequency converter and indicated by a code on the display.

A warning remains active until its cause is no longer present. Under certain circumstances, operation of the motor may still be continued. Warning messages may be critical, but are not necessarily so.

In the event of an alarm, the frequency converter trips. Reset the alarm to resume operation once the cause has been rectified.

Three ways to reset:

- Press [Reset].
- Via a digital input with the "Reset" function.
- Via serial communication/optional fieldbus.

NOTE

After a manual reset pressing [Reset] press [Auto On] to restart the motor.

If an alarm cannot be reset, the reason may be that its cause has not been rectified, or the alarm is trip-locked (see also *Table 5.1*).

Alarms that are trip-locked offer additional protection, meaning that the mains supply must be switched off before the alarm can be reset. After being switched back on, the frequency converter is no longer blocked and can be reset as described above once the cause has been rectified.

Alarms that are not trip-locked can also be reset using the automatic reset function in *14-20 Reset Mode* (Warning: automatic wake-up is possible!)

If a warning or alarm is marked against a code in *Table 5.1*, this means that either a warning occurs before an alarm, or else that it is possible to specify whether a warning or an alarm should be displayed for a given fault.

This is possible, for instance, in *1-90 Motor Thermal Protection*. After an alarm or trip, the motor carries on coasting, and the alarm and warning flash. Once the problem has been rectified, only the alarm continues flashing until the frequency converter is reset.

NOTE

No missing motor phase detection (numbers 30-32) and no stall detection is active when 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM non salient SPM.

No.	Description	Warning	Alarm/Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
1	10 Volts low	Х			
2	Live zero error	(X)	(X)		6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function
3	No motor	(X)			1-80 Function at Stop
4	Mains phase loss	(X)	(X)	(X)	14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance
5	DC link voltage high	Х			
6	DC link voltage low	Х			
7	DC over-voltage	Х	Х		
8	DC under voltage	Х	Х		
9	Inverter overloaded	Х	Х		
10	Motor ETR over temperature	(X)	(X)		1-90 Motor Thermal Protection
11	Motor thermistor over temperature	(X)	(X)		1-90 Motor Thermal Protection
12	Torque limit	Х	Х		
13	Over Current	Х	Х	Х	
14	Earth Fault	Х	Х		

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No.	Description	Warning	Alarm/Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
15	Hardware mismatch		Х	Х	
16	Short Circuit		Х	Х	
17	Control word time-out	(X)	(X)		8-04 Control Word
					Timeout Function
18	Start Failed		Х		1-77 Compressor Start
					Max Speed [RPM] and
					1-79 Compressor Start
					Max Time to Trip
19	Discharge Temp. High	X	Х		28-2x Discharge Temp. Monitor
20	Temp. Input Error				
21	Param Error				
22	Hoist Mech. Brake	(X)	(X)		Parameter group 2-2*
23	Internal Fans	Х			
24	External Fans	Х			
25	Brake resistor short-circuited	Х			
26	Brake resistor power limit	(X)	(X)		2-13 Brake Power
					Monitoring
27	Brake chopper short-circuited	Х	Х		
28	Brake check	(X)	(X)		2-15 Brake Check
29	Heatsink temp	Х	Х	Х	
30	Motor phase U missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58 Missing Motor
					Phase Function
31	Motor phase V missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58 Missing Motor
					Phase Function
32	Motor phase W missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58 Missing Motor
					Phase Function
33	Inrush Fault		Х	Х	
34	Fieldbus communication fault	Х	Х		
35	Option Fault				
36	Mains failure	Х	Х		
37	Phase imbalance		Х		
38	Internal Fault		Х	Х	
39	Heatsink sensor		Х	Х	
40	Overload of Digital Output Terminal 27	(X)			5-00 Digital I/O Mode,
					5-01 Terminal 27 Mode
41	Overload of Digital Output Terminal 29	(X)			5-00 Digital I/O Mode,
					5-02 Terminal 29 Mode
42	Ovrld X30/6-7	(X)			
43	Ext. Supply (option)				
45	Earth Fault 2	х	Х		
46	Pwr. card supply		X	х	
47	24 V supply low	x	X	x	
48	1.8 V supply low		X X	X	
49	Speed limit		X		1-86 Trip Speed Low [RPM]
50	AMA calibration failed		Х		
51	AMA check Unom and Inom		Х		
52	AMA low Inom		Х		
53	AMA motor too big		x X		
54	AMA motor too small		X X		
55	AMA parameter out of range		× ×		

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No.	Description	Warning	Alarm/Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
56	AMA interrupted by user		Х		
57	AMA time-out		Х		
58	AMA internal fault	X	Х		
59	Current limit	Х			
60	External Interlock	Х	Х		
61	Feedback Error	(X)	(X)		4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function
62	Output Frequency at Maximum Limit	Х			
63	Mechanical Brake Low		(X)		2-20 Release Brake Current
64	Voltage Limit	Х			
65	Control Board Over-temperature	Х	Х	Х	
66	Heat sink Temperature Low	Х			
67	Option Configuration has Changed		Х		
68	Safe Stop	(X)	(X) ¹⁾		5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop
69	Pwr. Card Temp		Х	Х	
70	Illegal FC configuration			х	
71	PTC 1 Safe Stop				
72	Dangerous failure				
73	Safe Stop Auto Restart	(X)	(X)		5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop
74	PTC Thermistor			Х	
75	Illegal Profile Sel.		Х		
76	Power Unit Setup	Х			
77	Reduced power mode	X			14-59 Actual Number of Inverter Units
78	Tracking Error	(X)	(X)		4-34 Tracking Error Function
79	Illegal PS config		Х	Х	
80	Drive Initialized to Default Value		Х		
81	CSIV corrupt		Х		
82	CSIV parameter error		Х		
83	Illegal Option Combination			Х	
84	No Safety Option		Х		
88	Option Detection			Х	
89	Mechanical Brake Sliding	Х			
90	Feedback Monitor	(X)	(X)		17-61 Feedback Signal Monitoring
91	Analog input 54 wrong settings			Х	\$202
163	ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning	Х			
164	ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm		Х		
165	ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning	Х			
166	ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm		Х		
246	Pwr.card supply				
250	New spare parts			Х	
251	New Type Code		Х	Х	

Table 5.1 Alarm/Warning Code List

(X) Dependent on parameter

1) Cannot be Auto reset via 14-20 Reset Mode

A trip is the action when an alarm has appeared. The trip coasts the motor and is reset by pressing [Reset] or by a digital input (parameter group 5-1* [1]). The origin event

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that caused an alarm cannot damage the frequency converter or cause dangerous conditions. A trip lock is an action when an alarm occurs, which could damage the frequency converter or connected parts. A Trip Lock situation can only be reset by a power cycling.

Warning	yellow
Alarm	flashing red
Trip locked	yellow and red

Table 5.2 LED Indication

Bit	Hex	Dec	Alarm Word	Alarm Word 2	Warning Word	Warning Word 2	Extended Status Word	Extended Status Word 2
Alarr	n Word Exte	ended Stat	us Word	Į			ł	
0	0000000 1	1	Brake Check (A28)	ServiceTrip, Read/Write	Brake Check (W28)	Start Delayed	Ramping	Off
1	0000000 2	2	Pwr.card temp (A69)	ServiceTrip, (reserved)	Pwr.card temp (A69)	Stop Delayed	AMA Running	Hand/Auto
2	4	4	Earth Fault (A14)	ServiceTrip, Typecode/ Sparepart	Earth Fault (W14)	reserved	Start CW/CCW start_possible is active, when the DI selections [12] OR [13] are active and the requested direction matches the reference sign	Profibus OFF1 active
3	0000000 8	8	Ctrl.Card Temp (A65)	ServiceTrip, (reserved)	Ctrl.Card Temp (W65)	reserved	Slow Down slow down command active, e.g. via CTW bit 11 or DI	Profibus OFF2 active
4	0000001 0	16	Ctrl. Word TO (A17)	ServiceTrip, (reserved)	Ctrl. Word TO (W17)		Catch Up catch up command active, e.g. via CTW bit 12 or DI	Profibus OFF3 active
5	0000002 0	32	Over Current (A13)	reserved	Over Current (W13)	reserved	Feedback High feedback > 4-57	Relay 123 active
6	0000004 0	64	Torque Limit (A12)	reserved	Torque Limit (W12)	reserved	Feedback Low feedback < 4-56	Start Prevented
7	0000008 0	128	Motor Th Over (A11)	reserved	Motor Th Over (W11)	reserved	Output Current High current > 4-51	Control Ready
8	0000010 0	256	Motor ETR Over (A10)	reserved	Motor ETR Over (W10)	reserved	Output Current Low current < 4-50	Drive Ready
9	0000020 0	512	Inverter Overld. (A9)	Discharge High	Inverter Overld (W9)	Discharge High	Output Freq High speed > 4-53	Quick Stop
10	0000040 0	1024	DC under Volt (A8)	Start Failed	DC under Volt (W8)	Multi- motor underload	Output Freq Low speed < 4-52	DC Brake
11	0000080 0	2048	DC over Volt (A7)	Speed Limit	DC over Volt (W7)	Multi- motor Overload	Brake Check OK brake test NOT ok	Stop
12	0000100 0	4096	Short Circuit (A16)	External Interlock	DC Voltage Low (W6)	Compress or Interlock	Braking Max BrakePower > BrakePowerLimit (2-12)	Stand by
13	0000200 0	8192	Inrush Fault (A33)	Illegal Option Combi.	DC Voltage High (W5)	Mechanic al Brake Sliding	Braking	Freeze Output Request

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Bit	Hex	Dec	Alarm Word	Alarm Word 2	Warning Word	Warning Word 2	Extended Status Word	Extended Status Word 2
14	0000400	16384	Mains ph. Loss	No Safety	Mains ph. Loss (W4)	Safe	Out of Speed	Freeze Output
	0		(A4)	Option		Option	Range	
						Warning	-	
15	0000800	32768	AMA Not OK	reserved	No Motor (W3)	Auto DC	OVC Active	Jog Request
	0	02,00				Braking		log nequest
16	0001000	65536	Live Zero Error	reserved	Live Zero Error (W2)	braining	AC Brake	pol
10	0	05550	(A2)	leselved				Jog
17	0002000	131072	Internal Fault	KTY error	10V Low (W1)	KTY Warn	Password	Start Request
	0		(A38)				Timelock	
							number of	
							allowed password	
							trials exceeded -	
				_		_	timelock active	
18	0004000	262144	Brake Overload	Fans error	Brake Overload (W26)	Fans	Password	Start
	0		(A26)			Warn	Protection	
							0-61 =	
							ALL_NO_ACCESS	
							OR	
							BUS_NO_ACCESS	
							OR	
							BUS READONLY	
19	0008000	524288	U phase Loss	ECB error	Brake Resistor (W25)	ECB Warn	Reference High	Start Applied
	0	52 1200	(A30)		brane nesistor (1125)		reference > 4-55	Start Applied
20	0010000	1048576	V phase Loss	un no mun d	Brake IGBT (W27)	reserved	Reference Low	Chart dalari
20		1046576	-	reserved		reserved		Start delay
	0		(A31)				reference < 4-54	
21	0020000	2097152	W phase Loss	reserved	Speed Limit (W49)	reserved	Local Reference	Sleep
	0		(A32)				reference site =	
							REMOTE -> auto	
							on pressed &	
							active	
22	0040000	4194304	Fieldbus Fault	reserved	Fieldbus Fault (W34)	reserved	Protection mode	Sleep Boost
	0		(A34)				notifikation	
23	0080000	8388608	24 V Supply	reserved	24V Supply Low (W47)	reserved	Unused	Running
	0		Low (A47)					_
24	0100000	16777216	Mains Failure	reserved	Mains Failure (W36)	reserved	Unused	Drive Bypass
	0		(A36)					
25	0200000	33554432	1.8V Supply Low	Current Limit	Current Limit (W59)	reserved	Unused	Fire Mode
	0		(A48)	(A59)				
26	0400000	67108864	Brake Resistor	reserved	Low Temp (W66)	reserved	Unused	External Interlock
	0		(A25)		• • •			
27	0800000	134217728	Brake IGBT (A27)	reserved	Voltage Limit (W64)	reserved	Unused	Firemode Limit
	0				101.age 2 (110.)	. eser rea		Exceed
28	1000000	268435456	Option Change	reserved	Encoder loss (W90)	reserved	Unused	FlyStart active
20		200433430	1 3			reserved		
20	0	F360-001-	(A67)			D 1515		
29	2000000	536870912	Drive	Encoder loss	Output freq. lim.	BackEMF	Unused	
	0		Initialized(A80)	(A90)	(W62)	too High		
30	4000000	107374182	Safe Stop (A68)	PTC Thermistor	Safe Stop (W68)	РТС	Unused	
	0	4		(A74)		Thermisto		
						r (W74)		
31	8000000	214748364	Mech. brake low	Dangerous	Extended Status Word		Protection Mode	
	1	8	(A63)	failure (A72)	1			

Table 5.3 Description of Alarm Word, Warning Word and Extended Status Word

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The alarm words, warning words and extended status words can be read out via serial bus or optional fieldbus for diagnostics. See also *16-94 Ext. Status Word*.

WARNING 1, 10 Volts low

The control card voltage is below 10 V from terminal 50. Remove some of the load from terminal 50, as the 10 V supply is overloaded. Max. 15 mA or minimum 590 Ω .

This condition can be caused by a short in a connected potentiometer or improper wiring of the potentiometer.

Troubleshooting

Remove the wiring from terminal 50. If the warning clears, the problem is with the customer wiring. If the warning does not clear, replace the control card.

WARNING/ALARM 2, Live zero error

This warning or alarm only appears if programmed by the user in *6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function*. The signal on one of the analog inputs is less than 50% of the minimum value programmed for that input. Broken wiring or faulty device sending the signal can cause this condition.

Troubleshooting

Check connections on all the analog input terminals. Control card terminals 53 and 54 for signals, terminal 55 common. MCB 101 terminals 11 and 12 for signals, terminal 10 common. MCB 109 terminals 1, 3, 5 for signals, terminals 2, 4, 6 common).

Check that the frequency converter programming and switch settings match the analog signal type.

Perform Input Terminal Signal Test.

WARNING/ALARM 3, No motor

No motor has been connected to the output of the frequency converter.

WARNING/ALARM 4, Mains phase loss

A phase is missing on the supply side, or the mains voltage imbalance is too high. This message also appears for a fault in the input rectifier on the frequency converter. Options are programmed at *14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance*.

Troubleshooting

Check the supply voltage and supply currents to the frequency converter.

WARNING 5, DC link voltage high

The intermediate circuit voltage (DC) is higher than the high voltage warning limit. The limit is dependent on the frequency converter voltage rating. The unit is still active.

WARNING 6, DC link voltage low

The intermediate circuit voltage (DC) is lower than the low voltage warning limit. The limit is dependent on the frequency converter voltage rating. The unit is still active.

WARNING/ALARM 7, DC overvoltage

If the intermediate circuit voltage exceeds the limit, the frequency converter trips after a time.

Troubleshooting

Connect a brake resistor

Extend the ramp time

Change the ramp type

Activate the functions in 2-10 Brake Function

Increase 14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault

If the alarm/warning occurs during a power sag the solution is to use kinetic back-up (14-10 Mains Failure)

WARNING/ALARM 8, DC under voltage

If the intermediate circuit voltage (DC link) drops below the under voltage limit, the frequency converter checks if a 24 V DC backup supply is connected. If no 24 V DC backup supply is connected, the frequency converter trips after a fixed time delay. The time delay varies with unit size.

Troubleshooting

Check that the supply voltage matches the frequency converter voltage.

Perform input voltage test.

Perform soft charge circuit test.

WARNING/ALARM 9, Inverter overload

The frequency converter is about to cut out because of an overload (too high current for too long). The counter for electronic, thermal inverter protection issues a warning at 98% and trips at 100%, while giving an alarm. The frequency converter *cannot* be reset until the counter is below 90%.

The fault is that the frequency converter has run with more than 100% overload for too long.

Troubleshooting

Compare the output current shown on the LCP with the frequency converter rated current.

Compare the output current shown on the LCP with measured motor current.

Display the Thermal Drive Load on the LCP and monitor the value. When running above the frequency converter continuous current rating, the counter increases. When running below the frequency converter continuous current rating, the counter decreases.

WARNING/ALARM 10, Motor overload temperature

According to the electronic thermal protection (ETR), the motor is too hot. Select whether the frequency converter issues a warning or an alarm when the counter reaches 100% in *1-90 Motor Thermal Protection*. The fault occurs when the motor runs with more than 100% overload for too long.

Troubleshooting

Check for motor overheating.

Check if the motor is mechanically overloaded

Check that the motor current set in *1-24 Motor Current* is correct.

Ensure that Motor data in parameters 1-20 through 1-25 are set correctly.

If an external fan is in use, check in 1-91 Motor External Fan that it is selected.

Running AMA in *1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation* (*AMA*) tunes the frequency converter to the motor more accurately and reduces thermal loading.

WARNING/ALARM 11, Motor thermistor over temp

Check whether the thermistor is disconnected. Select whether the frequency converter issues a warning or an alarm in *1-90 Motor Thermal Protection*.

Troubleshooting

Check for motor overheating.

Check if the motor is mechanically overloaded.

When using terminal 53 or 54, check that the thermistor is connected correctly between either terminal 53 or 54 (analog voltage input) and terminal 50 (+10 V supply). Also check that the terminal switch for 53 or 54 is set for voltage. Check *1-93 Thermistor Source* selects terminal 53 or 54.

When using digital inputs 18 or 19, check that the thermistor is connected correctly between either terminal 18 or 19 (digital input PNP only) and terminal 50. Check *1-93 Thermistor Source* selects terminal 18 or 19.

WARNING/ALARM 12, Torque limit

The torque has exceeded the value in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode or the value in 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode. 14-25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit can change this from a warning only condition to a warning followed by an alarm.

Troubleshooting

If the motor torque limit is exceeded during ramp up, extend the ramp up time.

If the generator torque limit is exceeded during ramp down, extend the ramp down time.

If torque limit occurs while running, possibly increase the torque limit. Make sure that the system can operate safely at a higher torque.

Check the application for excessive current draw on the motor.

WARNING/ALARM 13, Over current

The inverter peak current limit (approximately 200% of the rated current) is exceeded. The warning lasts about 1.5 s, then the frequency converter trips and issues an alarm. This fault can be caused by shock loading or quick

acceleration with high inertia loads. It can also appear after kinetic back-up if the acceleration during ramp up is quick. If extended mechanical brake control is selected, trip can be reset externally.

Troubleshooting

Remove power and check if the motor shaft can be turned.

Check that the motor size matches the frequency converter.

Check parameters 1-20 to 1-25 for correct motor data.

ALARM 14, Earth (ground) fault

There is current from the output phases to earth, either in the cable between the frequency converter and the motor or in the motor itself.

Troubleshooting:

Remove power to the frequency converter and repair the earth fault.

Check for earth faults in the motor by measuring the resistance to ground of the motor leads and the motor with a megohmmeter.

ALARM 15, Hardware mismatch

A fitted option is not operational with the present control board hardware or software.

Record the value of the following parameters and contact your Danfoss supplier:

- 15-40 FC Type
- 15-41 Power Section
- 15-42 Voltage
- 15-43 Software Version
- 15-45 Actual Typecode String
- 15-49 SW ID Control Card
- 15-50 SW ID Power Card
- 15-60 Option Mounted

15-61 Option SW Version (for each option slot)

ALARM 16, Short circuit

There is short-circuiting in the motor or motor wiring.

Remove power to the frequency converter and repair the short circuit.

WARNING/ALARM 17, Control word timeout

There is no communication to the frequency converter. The warning is only active when *8-04 Control Word Timeout Function* is NOT set to [0] Off.

If 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function is set to [5] Stop and Trip, a warning appears and the frequency converter ramps down until it stops then displays an alarm.



Check connections on the serial communication cable.

Increase 8-03 Control Word Timeout Time

Check the operation of the communication equipment.

Verify a proper installation based on EMC requirements.

ALARM 18, Start failed

The speed has not been able to exceed 1-77 Compressor Start Max Speed [RPM] during start within the allowed time. (set in 1-79 Compressor Start Max Time to Trip). This may be caused by a blocked motor.

Warning/ Alarm 19, Discharge Temperature High Warning:

The discharge temperature exceeds the level programmed in 28-25 Warning Level.

Alarm:

The discharge temperature exceeds the level programmed in 28-26 Emergency Level.

WARNING/ALARM 20, Temp. input error

The temperature sensor is not connected.

WARNING/ALARM 21, Parameter error

The parameter is out of range. The parameter number is reported in the LCP. The affected parameter must be set to a valid value.

WARNING/ALARM 22, Hoist mechanical brake

Report value shows what kind it is.

- 0 = The torque ref. was not reached before timeout.
- 1 = There was no brake feedback before timeout.

WARNING 23, Internal fan fault

The fan warning function is an extra protective function that checks if the fan is running/mounted. The fan warning can be disabled in *14-53 Fan Monitor* ([0] Disabled).

For the D, E, and F Frame filters, the regulated voltage to the fans is monitored.

Troubleshooting

Check for proper fan operation.

Cycle power to the frequency converter and check that the fan operates briefly at start-up.

Check the sensors on the heatsink and control card.

WARNING 24, External fan fault

The fan warning function is an extra protective function that checks if the fan is running/mounted. The fan warning can be disabled in *14-53 Fan Monitor* ([0] Disabled).

Troubleshooting

Check for proper fan operation.

Cycle power to the frequency converter and check that the fan operates briefly at start-up.

Check the sensors on the heatsink and control card.

WARNING 25, Brake resistor short circuit

The brake resistor is monitored during operation. If a short circuit occurs, the brake function is disabled and the warning appears. The frequency converter is still operational but without the brake function. Remove power to the frequency converter and replace the brake resistor (see 2-15 Brake Check).

WARNING/ALARM 26, Brake resistor power limit

The power transmitted to the brake resistor is calculated as a mean value over the last 120 seconds of run time. The calculation is based on the intermediate circuit voltage and the brake resistance value set in 2-16 AC brake Max. Current. The warning is active when the dissipated braking is higher than 90% of the brake resistance power. If [2] Trip is selected in 2-13 Brake Power Monitoring, the frequency converter trips when the dissipated braking power reaches 100%.

WARNING/ALARM 27, Brake chopper fault

The brake transistor is monitored during operation and if a short circuit occurs, the brake function is disabled and a warning is issued. The frequency converter is still operational but, since the brake transistor has shortcircuited, substantial power is transmitted to the brake resistor, even if it is inactive.

Remove power to the frequency converter and remove the brake resistor.

WARNING/ALARM 28, Brake check failed

The brake resistor is not connected or not working. Check *2-15 Brake Check*.

ALARM 29, Heatsink temp

The maximum temperature of the heatsink has been exceeded. The temperature fault will not reset until the temperature falls below a defined heatsink temperature. The trip and reset points are different based on the frequency converter power size.

Troubleshooting

Check for the following conditions.

- Ambient temperature too high.
- Motor cable too long.

Incorrect airflow clearance above and below the frequency converter.

- Blocked airflow around the frequency converter.
- Damaged heatsink fan.
- Dirty heatsink.

ALARM 30, Motor phase U missing

Motor phase U between the frequency converter and the motor is missing.

Remove power from the frequency converter and check motor phase U.

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ALARM 31, Motor phase V missing

Motor phase V between the frequency converter and the motor is missing.

Remove power from the frequency converter and check motor phase V.

ALARM 32, Motor phase W missing

Motor phase W between the frequency converter and the motor is missing.

Remove power from the frequency converter and check motor phase W.

ALARM 33, Inrush fault

Too many power-ups have occurred within a short time period. Let the unit cool to operating temperature.

WARNING/ALARM 34, Fieldbus communication fault

The fieldbus on the communication option card is not working.

WARNING/ALARM 35, Option fault

An option alarm is received. The alarm is option-specific. The most likely cause is a power-up or a communication fault.

WARNING/ALARM 36, Mains failure

This warning/alarm is only active if the supply voltage to the frequency converter is lost and 14-10 Mains Failure is NOT set to [0] No Function. Check the fuses to the frequency converter and mains power supply to the unit.

ALARM 37, Phase imbalance

There is a current imbalance between the power units

ALARM 38, Internal fault

When an internal fault occurs, a code number defined in *Table 5.4* is displayed.

Troubleshooting

Cycle power

Check that the option is properly installed

Check for loose or missing wiring

It may be necessary to contact your Danfoss supplier or service department. Note the code number for further troubleshooting directions.

No.	Text
0	Serial port cannot be initialised. Contact your
	Danfoss supplier or Danfoss Service Department.
256-258	Power EEPROM data is defective or too old.
	Replace power card.
512-519	Internal fault. Contact your Danfoss supplier or
	Danfoss Service Department.
783	Parameter value outside of min/max limits
1024-1284	Internal fault. Contact your Danfoss supplier or the
	Danfoss Service Department.
1299	Option SW in slot A is too old
1300	Option SW in slot B is too old
1302	Option SW in slot C1 is too old
1315	Option SW in slot A is not supported (not allowed)

No.	Text
1316	Option SW in slot B is not supported (not allowed)
1318	Option SW in slot C1 is not supported (not
	allowed)
1379-2819	Internal fault. Contact your Danfoss supplier or
	Danfoss Service Department.
2561	Replace control card
2820	LCP stack overflow
2821	Serial port overflow
2822	USB port overflow
3072-5122	Parameter value is outside its limits
5123	Option in slot A: Hardware incompatible with
	control board hardware
5124	Option in slot B: Hardware incompatible with
	control board hardware
5125	Option in slot C0: Hardware incompatible with
	control board hardware
5126	Option in slot C1: Hardware incompatible with
	control board hardware
5376-6231	Internal fault. Contact your Danfoss supplier or
	Danfoss Service Department.

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Table 5.4 Internal Fault Codes

ALARM 39, Heatsink sensor

No feedback from the heatsink temperature sensor.

The signal from the IGBT thermal sensor is not available on the power card. The problem could be on the power card, on the gate drive card, or the ribbon cable between the power card and gate drive card.

WARNING 40, Overload of digital output terminal 27

Check the load connected to terminal 27 or remove shortcircuit connection. Check *5-00 Digital I/O Mode* and *5-01 Terminal 27 Mode*.

WARNING 41, Overload of digital output terminal 29

Check the load connected to terminal 29 or remove shortcircuit connection. Check *5-00 Digital I/O Mode* and *5-02 Terminal 29 Mode*.

WARNING 42, Overload of digital output on X30/6 or overload of digital output on X30/7

For X30/6, check the load connected to X30/6 or remove the short-circuit connection. Check *5-32 Term X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101)*.

For X30/7, check the load connected to X30/7 or remove the short-circuit connection. Check *5-33 Term X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101)*.

ALARM 43, Ext. supply

MCB 113 Ext. Relay Option is mounted without ext. 24V DC. Either connect an ext. 24V DC supply or specify that no external supply is used via 14-80 Option Supplied by External 24VDC [0]. A change in 14-80 Option Supplied by External 24VDC requires a power cycle.

ALARM 45, Earth fault 2

Earth (ground) fault on start-up.



Check for proper earthing (grounding) and loose connections.

Check for proper wire size.

Check motor cables for short-circuits or leakage currents.

ALARM 46, Power card supply

The supply on the power card is out of range.

There are three power supplies generated by the switch mode power supply (SMPS) on the power card: 24 V, 5 V, \pm 18 V. When powered with 24 V DC with the MCB 107 option, only the 24 V and 5 V supplies are monitored. When powered with three phase mains voltage, all three supplies are monitored.

Troubleshooting

Check for a defective power card.

Check for a defective control card.

Check for a defective option card.

If a 24 V DC power supply is used, verify proper supply power.

WARNING 47, 24 V supply low

The 24 V DC is measured on the control card. The external 24 V DC backup power supply may be overloaded, otherwise contact the Danfoss supplier.

WARNING 48, 1.8 V supply low

The 1.8 V DC supply used on the control card is outside of allowable limits. The power supply is measured on the control card. Check for a defective control card. If an option card is present, check for an overvoltage condition.

WARNING 49, Speed limit

When the speed is not within the specified range in 4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] and 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM], the frequency converter shows a warning. When the speed is below the specified limit in 1-86 Trip Speed Low [RPM] (except when starting or stopping) the frequency converter will trip.

ALARM 50, AMA calibration failed

Contact your Danfoss supplier or Danfoss Service Department.

ALARM 51, AMA check Unom and Inom

The settings for motor voltage, motor current and motor power are wrong. Check the settings in parameters 1-20 to 1-25.

ALARM 52, AMA low Inom

The motor current is too low. Check the settings.

ALARM 53, AMA motor too big

The motor is too big for the AMA to operate.

ALARM 54, AMA motor too small

The motor is too small for the AMA to operate.

ALARM 55, AMA Parameter out of range

The parameter values of the motor are outside of the acceptable range. AMA will not run.

ALARM 56, AMA interrupted by user

The user has interrupted the AMA.

ALARM 57, AMA internal fault

Try to restart AMA again. Repeated restarts can over heat the motor.

ALARM 58, AMA internal fault

Contact your Danfoss supplier.

WARNING 59, Current limit

The current is higher than the value in *4-18 Current Limit*. Ensure that Motor data in parameters 1-20 to 1-25 are set correctly. Possibly increase the current limit. Be sure that the system can operate safely at a higher limit.

WARNING 60, External interlock

A digital input signal is indicating a fault condition external to the frequency converter. An external interlock has commanded the frequency converter to trip. Clear the external fault condition. To resume normal operation, apply 24 V DC to the terminal programmed for external interlock. Reset the frequency converter.

WARNING/ALARM 61, Feedback error

An error between calculated speed and speed measurement from feedback device. The function Warning/ Alarm/Disabling setting is in 4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function. Accepted error setting in 4-31 Motor Feedback Speed Error and the allowed time the error occur setting in 4-32 Motor Feedback Loss Timeout. During a commissioning procedure the function may be effective.

WARNING 62, Output frequency at maximum limit

The output frequency has reached the value set in 4-19 Max Output Frequency. Check the application to determine the cause. Possibly increase the output frequency limit. Be sure the system can operate safely at a higher output frequency. The warning will clear when the output drops below the maximum limit.

ALARM 63, Mechanical brake low

The actual motor current has not exceeded the "release brake" current within the "Start delay" time window.

WARNING/ALARM 65, Control card over temperature

The cutout temperature of the control card is 80 °C.

Troubleshooting

- Check that the ambient operating temperature is within limits
- Check for clogged filters
- Check fan operation
- Check the control card

WARNING 66, Heatsink temperature low

The frequency converter is too cold to operate. This warning is based on the temperature sensor in the IGBT module.



Increase the ambient temperature of the unit. Also, a trickle amount of current can be supplied to the frequency converter whenever the motor is stopped by setting 2-00 DC Hold/Preheat Current at 5% and 1-80 Function at Stop

ALARM 67, Option module configuration has changed

One or more options have either been added or removed since the last power-down. Check that the configuration change is intentional and reset the unit.

ALARM 68, Safe Stop activated

Loss of the 24 V DC signal on terminal 37 has caused the filter to trip. To resume normal operation, apply 24 V DC to terminal 37 and reset the filter.

ALARM 69, Power card temperature

The temperature sensor on the power card is either too hot or too cold.

Troubleshooting

Check that the ambient operating temperature is within limits.

Check for clogged filters.

Check fan operation.

Check the power card.

ALARM 70, Illegal frequency converter configuration

The control card and power card are incompatible. Contact your supplier with the type code of the unit from the nameplate and the part numbers of the cards to check compatibility.

ALARM 71, PTC 1 safe stop

Safe Stop has been activated from the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card (motor too warm). Normal operation can be resumed when the MCB 112 applies 24 V DC to T-37 again (when the motor temperature reaches an acceptable level) and when the Digital Input from the MCB 112 is deactivated. When that happens, a reset signal must be is be sent (via Bus, Digital I/O, or by pressing [Reset]).

ALARM 72, Dangerous failure

Safe Stop with Trip Lock. The Dangerous Failure Alarm is issued if the combination of safe stop commands is unexpected. This is the case if the MCB 112 VLT PTC Thermistor Card enables X44/10 but safe stop is somehow not enabled. Furthermore, if the MCB 112 is the only device using safe stop (specified through selection [4] or [5] in *5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop*), an unexpected combination is activation of safe stop without the X44/10 being activated. The following table summarizes the unexpected combinations that lead to Alarm 72. Note that if X44/10 is activated in selection 2 or 3, this signal is ignored! However, the MCB 112 will still be able to activate Safe Stop.

WARNING 73, Safe stop auto restart

Safe stopped. With automatic restart enabled, the motor may start when the fault is cleared.

ALARM 74, PTC Thermistor

Alarm related to the ATEX option. The PTC is not working.

ALARM 75, Illegal profile sel.

Parameter value must not be written while motor is running. Stop motor before writing MCO profile to *8-10 Control Word Profile* for instance.

WARNING 76, Power unit setup

The required number of power units does not match the detected number of active power units.

Troubleshooting:

When replacing an F-frame module, this will occur if the power specific data in the module power card does not match the rest of the frequency converter. Confirm the spare part and its power card are the correct part number.

WARNING 77, Reduced power mode

This warning indicates that the frequency converter is operating in reduced power mode (i.e. less than the allowed number of inverter sections). This warning will be generated on power cycle when the frequency converter is set to run with fewer inverters and will remain on.

ALARM 78, Tracking error

The difference between set point value and actual value has exceeded the value in 4-35 Tracking Error. Disable the function by 4-34 Tracking Error Function or select an alarm/ warning also in 4-34 Tracking Error Function. Investigate the mechanics around the load and motor, Check feedback connections from motor – encoder – to frequency converter. Select motor feedback function in 4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function. Adjust tracking error band in 4-35 Tracking Error and 4-37 Tracking Error Ramping.

ALARM 79, Illegal power section configuration

The scaling card is the incorrect part number or not installed. Also MK102 connector on the power card could not be installed.

ALARM 80, Drive initialised to default value

Parameter settings are initialised to default settings after a manual reset. Reset the unit to clear the alarm.

ALARM 81, CSIV corrupt

CSIV file has syntax errors.

ALARM 82, CSIV parameter error

CSIV failed to init a parameter.

ALARM 83, Illegal option combination

The mounted options are not supported to work together.

ALARM 84, No safety option

The safety option was removed without applying a general reset. Reconnect the safety option.

ALARM 88, Option detection

A change in the option layout has been detected. This alarm occurs when 14-89 Option Detection is set to [0] Frozen configuration and the option layout for some reason has changed. An option layout change has to be enabled in 14-89 Option Detection before the change is accepted. If the change of configuration is not accepted, it is only

possible to reset Alarm 88 (Trip-lock) when the option configuration has been re-established/corrected.

WARNING 89, Mechanical brake sliding

The hoist brake monitor has detected a motor speed > 10 RPM.

ALARM 90, Feedback monitor

Check the connection to encoder/resolver option and eventually replace the MCB 102 or MCB 103.

ALARM 91, Analog input 54 wrong settings

Switch S202 has to be set in position OFF (voltage input) when a KTY sensor is connected to analog input terminal 54.

WARNING/ALARM 104, Mixing fan fault

The fan monitor checks that the fan is spinning at powerup or whenever the mixing fan is turned on. If the fan is not operating, then the fault is annunciated. The mixingfan fault can be configured as a warning or an alarm trip by 14-53 Fan Monitor.

Troubleshooting Cycle power to the frequency converter to determine if the warning/alarm returns.

WARNING 163, ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning

The frequency converter has run above the the characteristic curve for more than 50 s. The warning is activated at 83% and de-activated at 65% of the permitted thermal overload.

ALARM 164, ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm

Operating above the characteristic curve for more than 60 s within a period of 600 s activates the alarm and the frequency converter trips.

WARNING 165, ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning

The frequency converter is running more than 50 s below the permitted minimum frequency (*1-98 ATEX ETR interpol. points freq.* [0]).

ALARM 166, ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm

The frequency converter has operated more than 60 s (in a period of 600 s) below the permitted minimum frequency (1-98 ATEX ETR interpol. points freq. [0]).

ALARM 246, Power card supply

This alarm is only for F Frame frequency converters. It is equivalent to Alarm 46. The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm:

1 = left most inverter module.

2 = middle inverter module in F2 or F4 frequency converter.

2 = right inverter module in F1 or F3 frequency converter.

3 = right inverter module in F2 or F4 frequency converter.

5 = rectifier module.

WARNING 250, New spare part

A component in the frequency converter has been replaced. Reset the frequency converter for normal operation.

WARNING 251, New typecode

The power card or other components have been replaced and the typecode changed. Reset to remove the warning and resume normal operation.



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