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VLT<sup>®</sup> Compressor Drives CDS 302/CDS 303



Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

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### 1 Introduction

#### 1.1 Introduction to Compressor Drive Systems

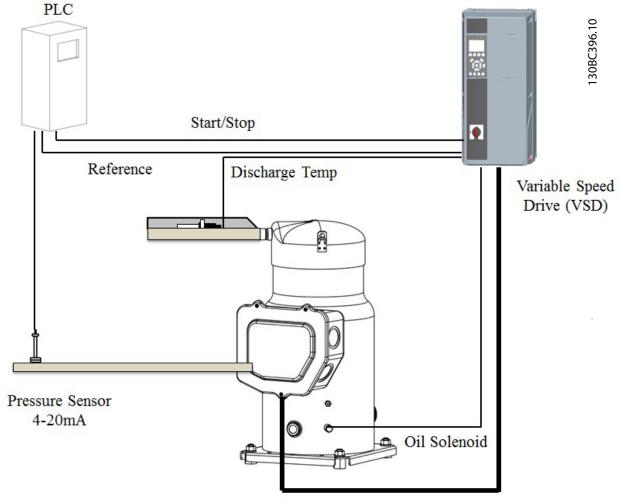


Illustration 1.1 Compressor Drive System

The VLT<sup>®</sup> Compressor Drives utilise and combine Danfoss design and manufacturing expertise. Our extensive application knowledge of refrigeration, air conditioning, and motion controls ensures an optimised product design and package solution:

- One package "plug & play" solution.
- Operation efficiency.
- Flexibility & best control accuracy.
- Innovative and reliable solution.

The frequency converter is 100% pre-set for speed open loop configuration with 0-10 V reference corresponding to 1800-5400 RPM for CDS 302 and 1500-6000 RPM for CDS 303. The dedicated frequency converter functionality includes:

Start Up

Once the frequency converter has a start command, the compressor runs up to 3000 RPM and remains at that speed for 10 s. Once this initial time is complete, the frequency converter slowly ramps to the reference speed.

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Shut Down

The stop command bypasses the normal ramp time and the frequency converter ramps the compressor to stop fast.

#### Short Cycle Prevention

The frequency converter has a minimum running time of 12 s, with an interval between starts of 5 minutes (300 s). The short cycle delay values are

adjustable in parameter group 28-0\* Short Cycle Protection.

• Oil Injection

The frequency converter cycles a solenoid valve via its relay 1. This cycling ensures that the oil is distributed to the scroll set, improves tightness, and reduces internal gas leakage during the compression process.

Oil Management

If compressor speed is below 3000 RPM for a determined amount of time (within 60 minutes), the boost cycle runs the compressor back to 4200 RPM for a determined amount of time (within 90 s). The maximum time between fixed boosts is limited to a determined amount of time (within 24 hours).

#### • Discharge Temperature Limit

If the discharge temperature exceeds the warning level of 130 °C, the compressor drops in speed by 10 Hz for the next 3 minutes. The compressor continues to drop 10 Hz for each 3 minutes for as long as the temperature is over the warning level. If the discharge temperature exceeds the emergency level of 145 °C, the compressor is stops.

• Crankcase Heater

On VSH088 and VSH117, when the compressor is stopped, the frequency converter provides a DC current to the compressor motor. The DC current keeps the oil warm and an external crankcase heater is not needed. VSH170 needs an external crankcase heater

(surface sump heater or belt type).

#### Low Pressure Switch

An LP switch is mandatory with the frequency converter compressor in any type of application.

High Pressure Switch

The high-pressure switch must be connected to input terminal 27 of the frequency converter in series with the other safety devices.

#### 1.1.1 Sequence of Operation

All compressor types have strong demands to speed limits to ensure the oil lubrication of the bearings. Therefore, fast acceleration from standstill to minimum speed with a special start ramp is important, when a start command is given. This is also the reason why the Compressor Drive trips with an alarm [A49] *Speed Limit*, if the speed falls below minimum speed e.g. when the current limit controller reduces the speed due to a high load. This alarm is reset automatically after 30 s and the compressor restarts. If a rotor is blocked, the Compressor Drive trips with an alarm [A18] *Start failed*, if the speed fails to get above the minimum speed limit for the compressor within 2 s. This alarm is reset automatically after 30 s and the compressor restarts.

The manufacturer sets up the necessary start settings, motor data and all the other preferred settings for each compressor type/size. Automatically set up the values by selecting the actual compressor in *1-13 Compressor Selection*.

## 2 Safety Instructions and General Warnings

2.1 Safety and Warnings

2.1.1 High Voltage Warning

## 

The voltage of the frequency converter is dangerous whenever the converter is connected to mains. Incorrect fitting of the motor or frequency converter may damage the equipment, or cause serious injury, or death. It is essential to comply with the instructions in this manual as well as local and national rules and safety regulations.

## 

Installation in high altitudes: By altitudes above 2 km, contact Danfoss regarding PELV.

2.1.2 Caution

## 

The VLT<sup>®</sup> Compressor Drives DC link capacitors remain charged after power has been disconnected. To avoid an electrical shock hazard, disconnect the frequency converter from the mains before carrying out maintenance. Wait at least as follows before doing service on the frequency converter:

CDS 302: 11-22 kW 15 minutes

CDS 303: High voltage can be present on the DC link even when the LEDs are turned off.

#### 2.1.3 Disposal



Illustration 2.1

#### Drive

Do not dispose of equipment containing electrical components together with domestic waste. It must be collected separately with Electrical and Electronic Waste according to local and currently valid legislation.

#### Compressors

Do not to throw away a used compressor, but dispose of it and its oil at a specialised recycling company site.

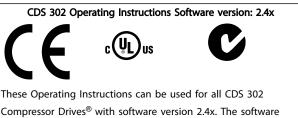
#### NOTE

## Imposed limitations on the output frequency (due to export control regulations):

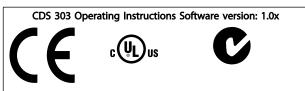
From software versions 2.4x (CDS 302) and 1.0x (CDS 303), the output frequency of the frequency converter is limited to 590 Hz.

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#### 2.1.4 Software Version



version number can be read in 15-43 Software Version.



These Operating Instructions can be used for all CDS 303 Compressor Drives<sup>®</sup> with software version 1.0x. The software version number can be read in *15-43 Software Version*.

#### 2.1.5 Safety Instructions

- Make sure that the frequency converter is properly connected to earth
- Do not remove mains plugs or motor plugs while the frequency converter is connected to mains
- Protect personnel against supply voltage
- Protect the motor against overloading according to national and local regulations
- Motor overload protection is included in the default settings
- The earth leakage current exceeds 3.5 mA
- The [Off] key is not a safety switch. It does not disconnect the frequency converter from mains



2

#### 2.1.6 General Warning

## 

#### Warning:

Touching the electrical parts may be fatal - even after the equipment has been disconnected from mains. Also make sure that other voltage inputs have been disconnected, such as load-sharing (linkage of DC intermediate circuit). Using VLT<sup>®</sup> Compressor Drives: Wait at least 15 minutes. Shorter time is allowed only if indicated on the nameplate for the specific unit.

#### 2.1.7 Leakage Current

## **A**CAUTION

The earth leakage current from the frequency converter exceeds 3.5 mA. Ensure good mechanical earth connection (terminal 95) to the earth cable. Use at least 10 mm<sup>2</sup> cable cross section or 2 times rated earth wires terminated separately.

#### 2.1.8 Residual Current Device

## **A**CAUTION

This product can cause a DC current in the protective conductor. Where a residual current device (RCD) is used for extra protection, only use an RCD of Type B (time delayed) on the supply side of this product. See also *RCD Application Note, MN90G.* Protective earthing of the frequency converter and the use of RCDs must always follow national and local regulations.

#### 2.1.9 IT Mains

## 

Do not connect 400 V frequency converters with RFI-filters to mains supplies with a voltage between phase and earth of more than 440 V. For IT mains and delta earth (grounded leg), mains voltage may exceed 440 V between phase and earth. To disconnect the internal RFI capacitors from the RFI filter to earth, use *14-50 RFI 1* on the frequency converter. This procedure reduces the RFI performance to A2 level.

#### 2.1.10 Avoid Unintended Start

While the frequency converter is connected to mains, the motor can be started/stopped using

- digital commands
- bus commands
- references

via the Local Control Panel (LCP)

Disconnect the frequency converter from mains whenever personal safety considerations make it necessary to avoid unintended start. To avoid unintended start, always press [OFF] before changing parameters. An electronic fault, temporary overload, a fault in the mains supply, or lost motor connection may cause a stopped motor to start. A frequency converter with Safe Torque Off provides a certain degree of protection against such unintended start, if the Safe Torque Off Terminal 37 is on low voltage level or disconnected.

#### 2.2 Safe Torque Off

The frequency converter can perform the safety function *Safe Torque Off* (STO, as defined by EN IEC 61800-5-2<sup>1</sup>) and *Stop Category 0* (as defined in EN 60204-1<sup>2</sup>). Before integration and use of Safe Torque Off in an installation, perform a thorough risk analysis to determine whether the Safe Torque Off functionality and safety levels are appropriate and sufficient. Safe Torque Off is designed and approved suitable for the requirements of:

- Safety Category 3 in EN 954-1 (and EN ISO 13849-1)
- Performance Level "d" in EN ISO 13849-1:2008
- SIL 2 Capability in IEC 61508 and EN 61800-5-2
- SILCL 2 in EN 62061

<sup>1)</sup> Refer to EN IEC 61800-5-2 for details of Safe torque off (STO) function.

 $^{\rm 2)}$  Refer to EN IEC 60204-1 for details of stop category 0 and 1.

#### Activation and Termination of Safe Torque Off

The Safe Torque Off (STO) function is activated by removing the voltage at terminal 37 of the safe inverter. By connecting the safe inverter to external safety devices providing a safe delay, an installation for a Safe Torque Off Category 1 can be obtained. The Safe Torque Off function can be used for asynchronous, synchronous, and permanent magnet motors.

## **A**WARNING

After installation of Safe Torque Off (STO), a commissioning test as specified in section *Safe Torque Off Commissioning Test* of the Design Guide must be performed. A passed commissioning test is mandatory after first installation and after each change to the safety installation.

#### Safe Torque Off Technical Data

The following values are associated to the different types of safety levels:

#### Reaction time for T37

Maximum reaction time: 10 ms

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Reaction time = delay between de-energizing the STO input and switching off the frequency converter output bridge.

#### Data for EN ISO 13849-1

- Performance Level "d"
- MTTF<sub>d</sub> (Mean Time To Dangerous Failure): 24816 years
- DC (Diagnostic Coverage): 99%
- Category 3
- Lifetime 20 years

#### Data for EN IEC 62061, EN IEC 61508, EN IEC 61800-5-2

- SIL 2 Capability, SILCL 2
- PFH (Probability of Dangerous failure per Hour)=7e-10FIT=7e-19/h
- SFF (Safe Failure Fraction) >99%
- HFT (Hardware Fault Tolerance)=0 (1001 architecture)
- Lifetime 20 years
- Data for EN IEC 61508 low demand
  - PFDavg for one-year proof test: 3, 07E-14
  - PFDavg for three year proof tests: 9, 20E-14
  - PFDavg for five year proof tests: 1, 53E-13

No maintenance of the STO functionality is needed.

Take the necessary security measures, e.g. installation in a closed cabinet that is only accessible for skilled personnel.

#### SISTEMA Data

Functional safety data is available via a data library for use with the SISTEMA calculation tool from the IFA (Institute for Occupational Safety and Health of the German Social Accident Insurance), and data for manual calculation. The library is permanently completed and extended.

Abbrev.	Ref.	Description	
Cat.	EN 954-1	Category, level "B, 1-4"	
FIT		Failure In Time: 1E-9 hours	
HFT	IEC 61508	Hardware Fault Tolerance: HFT = n	
		means, that n+1 faults could cause a	
		loss of the safety function	
MTTFd	EN ISO	Mean Time To Failure - dangerous. Unit:	
	13849-1	years	
PFH	IEC 61508	Probability of Dangerous Failures per	
		Hour. Consider the PFH value when the	
		safety device is operated in high	
		demand (more often than once per	
		year); or operated in continuous mode,	
		where the frequency of demands for	
		operation made on a safety-related	
		system is greater than one per year.	

Abbrev.	Ref.	Description	
PL	EN ISO	Discrete level used to specify the ability	
	13849-1	of safety-related parts of control systems	
		to perform a safety function under	
		foreseeable conditions. Levels a-e.	
SFF	IEC 61508	Safe Failure Fraction [%]; Percentage	
		part of safe failures and dangerous	
		detected failures of a safety function or	
		a subsystem related to all failures.	
SIL	IEC 61508	Safety Integrity Level	
STO	EN	Safe Torque Off	
	61800-5-2		
SS1	EN 61800	Safe Torque Off 1	
	-5-2		

#### Table 2.1 Abbreviations Related to Functional Safety

The  $PFD_{avg}$  value (Probability of Failure on Demand) Failure probability in the event of a request of the safety function.

#### 2.2.1 Terminal 37 Safe Torque Off Function

The frequency converter is available with Safe Torque Off functionality via control terminal 37. Safe Torque Off disables the control voltage of the power semiconductors of the frequency converter output stage. This in turn prevents generating the voltage required to rotate the motor. When the Safe Torque Off (T37) is activated, the frequency converter issues an alarm, trips the unit, and coasts the motor to a stop. Manual restart is required. The Safe Torque Off function can be used as an emergency stop for the frequency converter. In normal operating mode when Safe Torque Off is not required, use the regular stop function instead. When automatic restart is used, ensure the requirements of ISO 12100-2 paragraph 5.3.2.5 are fulfilled.

#### **Liability Conditions**

Ensure that qualified personnel installs and operates the Safe Torque Off function:

- Read and understand the safety regulations concerning health and safety/accident prevention
- Understand the generic and safety guidelines given in this description and the extended description in the relevant *Design Guide*
- Have a good knowledge of the generic and safety standards applicable to the specific application

User is defined as

- integrator
- operator
- service technician
- maintenance technician

#### Standards

Use of Safe Torque Off on terminal 37 requires fulfilling of all provisions for safety, including relevant laws, regulations and guidelines. The optional Safe Torque Off function complies with the following standards.

- IEC 60204-1: 2005 category 0 uncontrolled stop
- IEC 61508: 1998 SIL2
- IEC 61800-5-2: 2007 safe torque off (STO) function
- IEC 62061: 2005 SIL CL2
- ISO 13849-1: 2006 Category 3 PL d
- ISO 14118: 2000 (EN 1037) prevention of unexpected startup

The information and instructions of the instruction manual are not sufficient for a proper and safe use of the Safe Torque Off functionality. The related information and instructions of the relevant *Design Guide* must be followed.

#### **Protective Measures**

- Qualified and skilled personnel are required for installation and commissioning of safety engineering systems
- The unit must be installed in an IP54 cabinet or in an equivalent environment. In special applications, a higher IP degree is required
- The cable between terminal 37 and the external safety device must be short circuit protected according to ISO 13849-2 table D.4
- When external forces influence the motor axis (for example, suspended loads), more measures are required (for example, a safety holding brake) to eliminate potential hazards

## Safe Torque Off Installation and Set-Up

#### SAFE TORQUE OFF FUNCTION!

The Safe Torque Off function does NOT isolate mains voltage to the frequency converter or auxiliary circuits. Perform work on electrical parts of the frequency converter or the motor only after isolating the mains voltage supply and waiting the length of time specified in *2.1 Safety and Warnings*. Failure to isolate the mains voltage supply from the unit and waiting the time specified could result in death or serious injury.

- It is not recommended to stop the frequency converter by using the Safe Torque Off function. If a running frequency converter is stopped by using the function, the unit trips and stops by coasting. If unacceptable or dangerous, use another stop mode to stop the frequency converter and machinery, before using this function. Depending on the application, a mechanical brake can be required.
- For synchronous and permanent magnet motor frequency converters, in a multiple IGBT power semiconductor failure: In spite of the activation of the Safe Torque Off function, the system can produce an alignment torque which maximally rotates the motor shaft by 180/p degrees. p denotes the pole pair number.
- This function is suitable for performing mechanical work on the system or affected area of a machine only. It does not provide electrical safety. Do not use this function as a control for starting and/or stopping the frequency converter.

To perform a safe installation of the frequency converter, follow these steps:

- 1. Remove the jumper wire between control terminals 37 and 12 or 13. Cutting or breaking the jumper is not sufficient to avoid short-circuiting. (See jumper on *Illustration 2.2.*)
- Connect an external Safety monitoring relay via a NO safety function to terminal 37 (Safe Torque Off) and either terminal 12 or 13 (24 V DC). Follow the instruction for the safety device. The Safety monitoring relay must comply with Category 3 /PL "d" (ISO 13849-1) or SIL 2 (EN 62061).

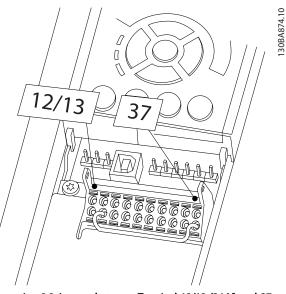
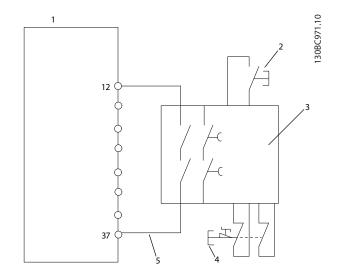
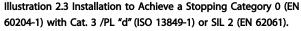


Illustration 2.2 Jumper between Terminal 12/13 (24 V) and 37

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Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303





1	Frequency converter
2	[Reset] key
3	Safety relay (cat. 3, PL d or SIL2
4	Emergency stop button
5	Short-circuit protected cable (if not inside installation IP54
	cabinet)

#### Table 2.2 Legend to Illustration 2.3

#### Safe Torque Off Commissioning Test

After installation and before first operation, perform a commissioning test of the installation using Safe Torque Off. Moreover, perform the test after each modification of the installation.

#### **Example with STO**

A safety relay evaluates the E-Stop button signals and triggers an STO function on the frequency converter in the event of an activation of the E-Stop button (See *Illustration 2.4*). This safety function corresponds to a category 0 stop (uncontrolled stop) in accordance with IEC 60204-1. If the function is triggered during operation, the motor runs down in an uncontrolled manner. The power to the motor is safely removed, so that no further movement is possible. It is not necessary to monitor plant at a standstill. If an external force effect can occur, provide additional measures to prevent any potential movement (for example mechanical brakes).

#### NOTE

For all applications with Safe Torque Off it is important that short circuit in the wiring to T37 can be excluded. Exclude the short circuit as described in EN ISO 13849-2 D4 by the use of protected wiring (shielded or segregated).

#### Example with SS1

SS1 corresponds to a controlled stop, stop category 1 according to IEC 60204-1 (see *Illustration 2.5*). When activating the safety function, the frequency converter performs a normal controlled stop. This can be activated through terminal 27. After the safe delay time has expired on the external safety module, the STO will be triggered and terminal 37 will be set low. Ramping down as configured in the frequency converter. If the frequency converter is not stopped after the safe delay time, the activation of STO will coast the frequency converter.

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#### NOTE

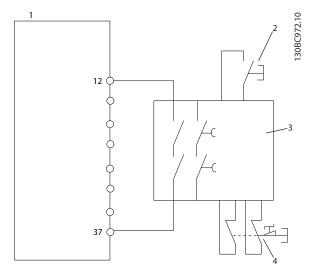
When using the SS1 function, the brake ramp of the frequency converter is not monitored with respect to safety.

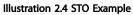
#### Example with Category 4/PL e application

Where the safety control system design requires two channels for the STO function to achieve Category 4/PL e, implement one channel via Safe Torque Off T37 (STO) and the other by a contactor. Connect the contactor in either the frequency converter input or output power circuits and controlled by the Safety relay (see *lllustration 2.6*). The contactor must be monitored through an auxiliary guided contact, and connected to the reset input of the Safety Relay.

#### Paralleling of Safe Torque Off input the one Safety Relay

Safe Torque Off inputs T37 (STO) may be connected directly if it is required to control multiple frequency converters from the same control line via one Safety Relay (see *Illustration 2.7*). Connecting inputs increases the probability of a fault in the unsafe direction. A fault in one frequency converter can result in all frequency converters becoming enabled. The probability of a fault for T37 is so low, that the resulting probability still meets the requirements for SIL2.





1	Frequency converter
2	[Reset] key
3	Safety relay
4	Emergency stop

#### Table 2.3 Legend to Illustration 2.4

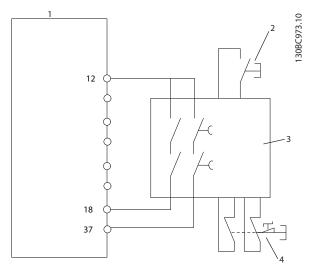
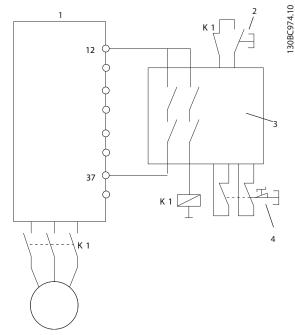


Illustration 2.5 SS1 Example

1	Frequency converter
2	[Reset] key
3	Safety relay
4	Emergency stop

Table 2.4 Legend to Illustration 2.5



#### Illustration 2.6 STO Category 4 Example

1	Frequency converter
2	[Reset] key
3	Safety relay
4	Emergency stop

Table 2.5 Legend to Illustration 2.6

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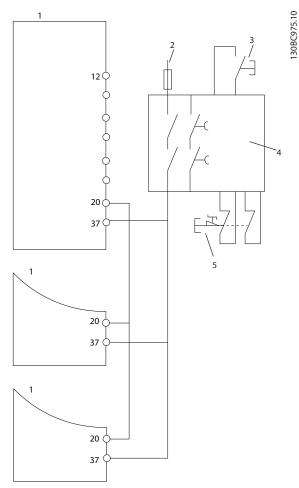


Illustration 2.7 Paralleling of Multiple Drives Example

1	Frequency converter
2	24 V DC
3	[Reset] key
4	Safety relay
5	Emergency stop

Table 2.6 Legend to Illustration 2.7

## 

Safe Torque Off activation (that is removal of 24 V DC voltage supply to terminal 37) does not provide electrical safety. The Safe Torque Off function itself is therefore not sufficient to implement the Emergency-Off function as defined by EN 60204-1. Emergency-Off requires measures of electrical isolation, for example, by switching off mains via an additional contactor.

- 1. Activate the Safe Torque Off function by removing the 24 V DC voltage supply to the terminal 37.
- 2. After activation of Safe Torque Off (that is, after the response time), the frequency converter

coasts (stops creating a rotational field in the motor). The response time is typically less than 10 ms.

The frequency converter is guaranteed not to restart creation of a rotational field by an internal fault (in accordance with Cat. 3 of EN 954-1, PL d acc. EN ISO 13849-1 and SIL 2 acc. EN 62061). After activation of Safe Torque Off, the display shows the text "Safe Stop activated". The associated help text says, "Safe Stop has been activated. This means that the Safe Torque Off has been activated, or that normal operation has not been resumed yet after Safe Torque Off activation".

### NOTE

The requirements of Cat. 3 (EN 954-1)/PL "d" (ISO 13849-1) are only fulfilled while 24 V DC supply to terminal 37 is kept removed or low by a safety device which itself fulfills Cat. 3 (EN 954-1) PL "d" (ISO 13849-1). If external forces act on the motor, it must not operate without additional measures for fall protection. External forces can arise for example, in the event of vertical axis (suspended loads) where an unwanted movement, for example caused by gravity, could cause a hazard. Fall protection measures can be additional mechanical brakes.

By default the Safe Torque Off function is set to an Unintended Restart Prevention behaviour. Therefore, to resume operation after activation of Safe Torque Off,

- 1. reapply 24 V DC voltage to terminal 37 (text Safe Torque Off activated is still displayed)
- 2. create a reset signal (via bus, Digital I/O, or [Reset] key.

The Safe Torque Off function can be set to an Automatic Restart behaviour. Set the value of *5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop* from default value [1] to value [3]. Automatic Restart means that Safe Torque Off is terminated, and normal operation is resumed, as soon as the 24 V DC are applied to Terminal 37. No Reset signal is required.

## 

Automatic Restart Behaviour is permitted in one of the two situations:

- 1. The Unintended Restart Prevention is implemented by other parts of the Safe Torque Off installation.
- 2. A presence in the dangerous zone can be physically excluded when Safe Torque Off is not activated. In particular, paragraph 5.3.2.5 of ISO 12100-2 2003 must be observed

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#### 2.2.2 Safe Torque Off Commissioning Test

After installation and before first operation, perform a commissioning test of an installation or application, using Safe Torque Off.

Perform the test again after each modification of the installation or application involving the Safe Torque Off.

#### NOTE

A passed commissioning test is mandatory after first installation and after each change to the safety installation.

The commissioning test (select one of cases 1 or 2 as applicable):

Case 1: Restart prevention for Safe Torque Off is required (that is Safe Torque Off only where *5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop* is set to default value [1], or combined Safe Torque Off and MCB 112 where *5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop* is set to [6] PTC 1 & Relay A or [9] PTC 1 & Relay W/A):

1.1 Remove the 24 V DC voltage supply to terminal 37 using the interrupt device while the frequency converter drives the motor (that is mains supply is not interrupted). The test step is passed when

- the motor reacts with a coast, and
- the mechanical brake is activated (if connected)
- the alarm "Safe Torque Off [A68]" is displayed in the LCP, if mounted

1.2 Send Reset signal (via Bus, Digital I/O, or [Reset] key). The test step is passed if the motor remains in the Safe Torque Off state, and the mechanical brake (if connected) remains activated.

1.3 Reapply 24 V DC to terminal 37. The test step is passed if the motor remains in the coasted state, and the mechanical brake (if connected) remains activated.

1.4 Send Reset signal (via Bus, Digital I/O, or [Reset] key). The test step is passed when the motor becomes operational again.

The commissioning test is passed if all four test steps 1.1, 1.2, 1.3 and 1.4 are passed.

Case 2: Automatic Restart of Safe Torque Off is wanted and allowed (that is, Safe Torque Off only where 5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop is set to [3], or combined Safe Stop and MCB 112 where 5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop is set to [7] PTC 1 & Relay W or [8] PTC 1 & Relay A/W):

2.1 Remove the 24 V DC voltage supply to terminal 37 by the interrupt device while the frequency converter drives the motor (that is

mains supply is not interrupted). The test step is passed when

- the motor reacts with a coast, and
- the mechanical brake is activated (if connected)
- the alarm "Safe Stop [A68]" is displayed in the LCP, if mounted

2.2 Reapply 24 V DC to terminal 37.

If the motor becomes operational again, The test step is passed. If both test steps 2.1 and 2.2 are passed, the commissioning test is passed.

#### NOTE

See warning on the restart behaviour in 2.2.1 Terminal 37 Safe Torque Off Function

## 

The Safe Torque Off function can be used for asynchronous, synchronous and permanent magnet motors. Two faults can occur in the power semiconductor of the frequency converter. When using synchronous or permanent magnet motors a residual rotation can result from the faults. The rotation can be calculated to Angle = 360/(Number of Poles). The application using synchronous or permanent magnet motors must take this residual rotation into consideration and ensure that it does not pose a safety risk. This situation is not relevant for asynchronous motors.

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3.1 Environment

#### 3.1.1 Ambient Temperature and Altitude

The normal ambient temperature supported by the CDS is -10 °C to +50 °C without derating. The CDS operates normally down to -20 °C with only the LCP display function impaired but without performance reduction.

For ambient temperatures above +50 °C, it is mandatory to integrate the derating output factor for the maximum compressor electrical motor power/current.

For altitudes above 1000 m, apply derating as shown in *Table 3.1.* 

For more details on derating due to environmental factors, contact Danfoss technical support.

Altitude [m]	Derating factor
1000	1
1500	0.95
2000	0.90
2500	0.86
3000	0.82
3500	0.78

Table 3.1 Altitude Derating Factor

#### 3.1.2 Environmental Requirements for Mechanical Installation

The unit is air-cooled.

To protect the unit from overheating, ensure that the ambient temperature does not exceed the maximum temperature stated for the 24-hour average temperature. If the ambient temperature is in the range of 45 °C to 55 °C, derating becomes relevant. If derating for ambient temperature is not taken into account, the service life of the unit is reduced.

#### 3.2 Mechanical Installation

#### 3.2.1 Accessory Bags

Find the following parts included in the accessory bag:



Illustration 3.1 Enclosures B1 and B2, IP21/IP55/Type 1/Type 12



Illustration 3.2 Enclosure B3, IP20/Chassis



Illustration 3.3 Enclosure B4, IP20/Chassis



Illustration 3.4 Enclosures C1 and C2, IP55/66/Type 1/Type 12

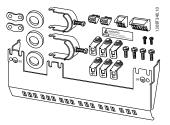


Illustration 3.5 Enclosure C3, IP20/Chassis

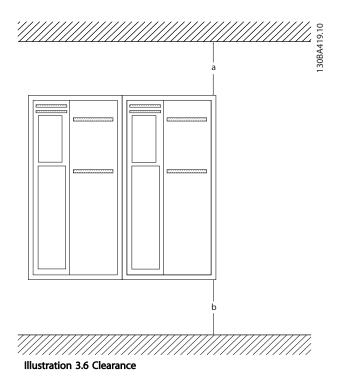
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#### 3.2.2 Mechanical Mounting

- 1. Drill holes in accordance with the measurements given.
- 2. Provide screws suitable for the surface on which the compressor drive should be mounted.
- 3. Retighten all four screws.

The frequency converter IP20 allows side-by-side installation. Because of the need for cooling, there must be a minimum of 200 mm free air passage above and below the frequency converter.

The back wall must always be solid. All frequency converters are equipped with a back metal plate to guarantee proper heat exchanger ventilation. Never remove this metal sheet.



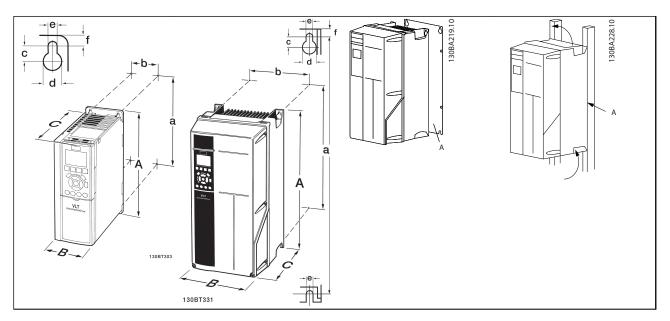
Frame size	A1*/A2/A3/A4/A5/ B1	B2/B3/B4/ C1/C3	C2/C4
a [mm]	100	200	225
b [mm]	100	200	225

Table 3.2 Air Passage for Different Frame Sizes

#### 3.2.3 Mechanical Dimensions

IP 20 Chassis	T2 [240 V]	T4 [480 V]	T6 [575 V]
VSH088 [15 kW]	B4	В3	В3
VSH117 [18 kW]	C3	B4	B4
VSH170 [22 kW]	C3	B4	B4
IP 55 NEMA 12			
VSH088 [15 kW]	C1	B1	B1
VSH117 [18 kW]	C1	B2	B2
VSH170 [22 kW]	C1	B2	B2

#### Table 3.3 Related VSH Numbers



#### Table 3.4 Dimensional Drawings

		B1	B2	B3	B4	C1	C3
Height [mm]							
Backplate	A	480	650	399	520	680	550
Distance between mounting holes	а	454	624	380	495	648	521
Width [mm]	•	•	•				•
Back plate	В	242	242	165	230	308	308
Distance between mounting holes	b	210	210	140	200	272	270
Depth [mm]	ŀ						•
Without option	C	260	260	249	242	310	333
With option	C	260	260	262	242	310	333
Screw holes [mm]							
	с	12.0	12.0	8		12.0	
	d	Ø 19.0	Ø 19.0	12		Ø 19.0	
	e	Ø 9.0	Ø 9.0	8.8	8.5	Ø 9.0	8.5
	f	9.0	9.0	7.9	15	9.8	17
Other Specifications							
Max. weight [kg]		23.0	27.0	12	23.5	45	50

**Table 3.5 Mechanical Dimensions** 

#### 3.3 Electrical Installation

#### 3.3.1 Cables General

## **A**CAUTION

#### Cables general:

Always comply with national and local regulations on cable cross-sections.

Frame size	200-240 V [kW]	380-500 V [kW]	525-690 V [kW]	Cable for	Tightening torque [Nm]
5120		[((1)]		Mains, motor cables	1.8
B1	5.5-7.5	11-15	15	Relay	0.5-0.6
				Earth	2-3
				Mains	4.5
22	11	18.5-22	8.5-22 18.5-22	Motor cables	4.5
B2	11			Relay	0.5-0.6
				Earth	2-3
				Mains, motor cables	1.8
B3	5.5-7.5	11-15	15	Relay	0.5-0.6
				Earth	2-3
				Mains, motor cables	4.5
B4	11-15	18.5-30	18.5-22	Relay	0.5-0.6
				Earth	2-3

#### Table 3.6 Tightening Torque

#### 3.3.2 Removal of Knockouts for Extra Cables

- Remove cable entry from the frequency converter (avoiding foreign parts in the frequency converter when removing knockouts)
- Support cable entry around the knockout that should be removed
- The knockout can now be removed with a strong mandrel and a hammer
- Remove burrs from the hole
- Mount cable entry on frequency converter

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#### 3.3.3 Mains Connection for B1, B2 and B3

#### NOTE

Frequency converter sizes differ, but terminal numbers are always the same. Incoming power is always 91, 92, 93 labeled L1, L2, L3.

#### NOTE

For correct cable dimensions see 8 General Specifications.

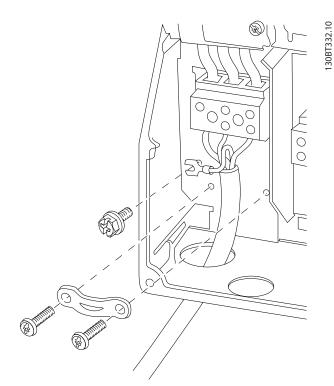


Illustration 3.7 How to Connect to Mains and Earthing for B1 and B2

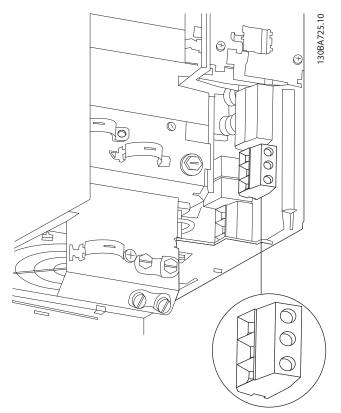


Illustration 3.8 How to Connect to Mains and Earthing for B3 without RFI

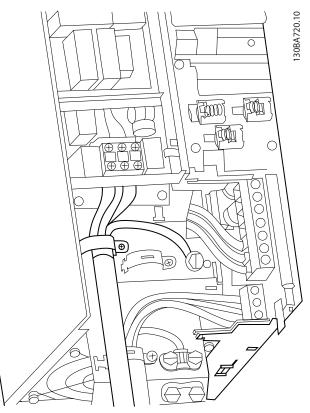


Illustration 3.9 How to Connect to Mains and Earthing for B3 with RFI



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#### 3.3.4 Mains connection for B4, C1 and C3

#### NOTE

Frequency converter sizes differ but terminal numbers are always the same. Incoming power is always 91, 92, 93 labeled L1, L2, L3.

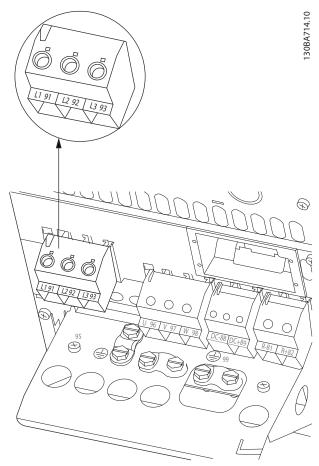


Illustration 3.10 How to Connect to Mains and Earthing for B4

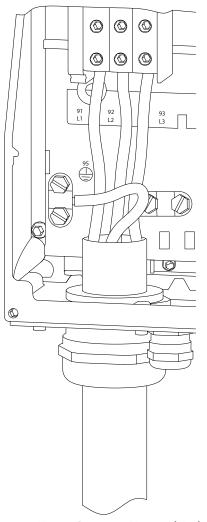


Illustration 3.11 How to Connect to Mains and Earthing for C1 and C2

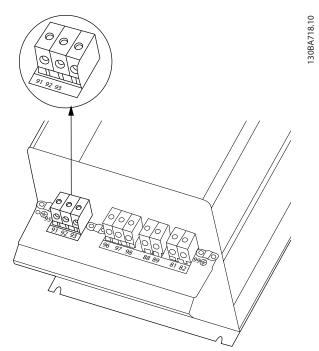


Illustration 3.12 How to Connect C3 to Mains and Earthing

#### 3.3.5 Motor Compressor Connection

#### NOTE

Always wire terminal 96 (U) to T1, 97 (V) to T2, and 98 (W) to T3.

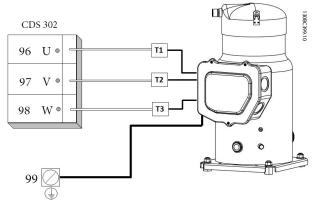


Illustration 3.13 Motor/Compressor Wiring

Motor compressor cable must be screened/armoured. If an unscreened/unarmoured cable is used, some EMC requirements are out of compliance. For more information, see EMC specifications.

- 1. Fasten decoupling plate to the bottom of the frequency converter with screws and washers from the accessory bag.
- 2. Attach motor compressor cable to terminals 96 (U), 97 (V), 98 (W).

 Connect to earth connection (terminal 99) on decoupling plate with screws from the accessory bag.

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- 4. Insert terminals 96 (U), 97 (V), 98 (W) and motor compressor cable to terminals labelled MOTOR.
- 5. Fasten screened cable to decoupling plate with screws and washers from the accessory bag.
- 6. Connect U, V, W for motor compressor clockwise.

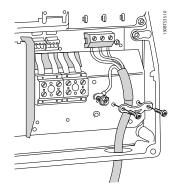


Illustration 3.14 How to Connect to Motor Terminals B1/B2

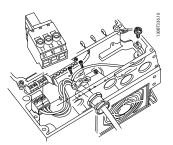


Illustration 3.15 How to Connect to Mains and Earth without Mains Disconnect

#### 3.3.6 Motor Compressors Cables

Correct dimensioning of motor compressor cable crosssection and length is described in the application manual.

- Use a screened/armoured motor compressor cable to comply with EMC emission specifications
- Keep the motor compressor cable as short as possible to reduce the noise level and leakage currents
- Connect the motor compressor cable screen to both the decoupling plate of the frequency converters and to the metal cabinet of the motor compressor
- Make the screen connections with the largest possible surface area (cable clamp). Use the supplied installation devices in the frequency converter for making the screen connections.



#### 3.3.7 Electrical Installation of Motor Compressor Cables

#### Screening of cables

Avoid installation with twisted screen ends (pigtails). They reduce the screening effect at higher frequencies.

#### Cable length and cross section

The frequency converter has been tested with a given length of cable and a given cross section of that cable. If the cross section is increased, the cable capacitance - and thus the leakage current - may increase, and the cable length must be reduced correspondingly.

#### Aluminium conductors

Aluminium conductors are not recommended. Terminals accept aluminium conductors, but clean the conductor surface and remove and seal the oxidation by neutral acidfree Vaseline grease before the conductor is connected. Furthermore, the terminal screw must be retightened after two days due to the softness of the aluminium. It is crucial to keep the connection a gas tight joint, otherwise the aluminium surface oxidises again.

#### 3.3.8 Compressor Motor Protection

The frequency converter fully provides electrical compressor motor protection.

- The frequency converter makes through an Electronic current measurement anti-overload and lock-rotor compressor motor protection (see description in the application manual).
- The frequency converter is protected against short circuits on compressor terminals T1, T2, T3
- If a mains phase is missing, the frequency converter trips or issues a warning (depending on the load)
- If a compressor motor phase is missing, the frequency converter trips
- The frequency converter is protected against earth faults on compressor motor terminals T1, T2, T3

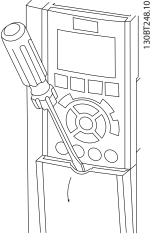


Illustration 3.16 B3, B4 and C3 Enclosures

3.3.9 Access to Control Terminals

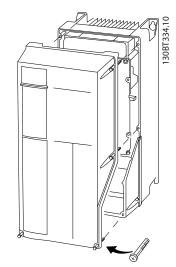


Illustration 3.17 C1, B1 and B2 Enclosures

Control terminals are located beneath the LCP. The inside of the removable cover shows the terminals.

#### Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

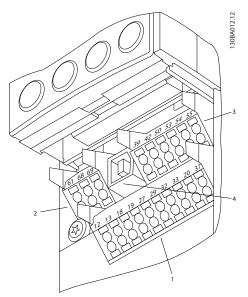


Illustration 3.18 Control Terminals

- 1. 10 pole plug digital I/O
- 2. 3 pole plug RS485 Bus
- 3. 6 pole analog I/O
- 4. USB Connection

To mount the cable to the terminal:

- 1. Strip isolation of 9-10 mm.
- 2. Insert a screwdriver in the square hole.
- 3. Insert the cable in the adjacent circular hole.
- 4. Remove the screwdriver. The cable is now mounted to the terminal.

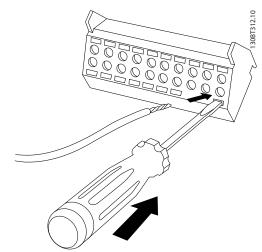


Illustration 3.19 Mounting the Cable

To remove the cable from the terminal:

- 1. Insert a screwdriver in the square hole.
- 2. Pull out the cable.

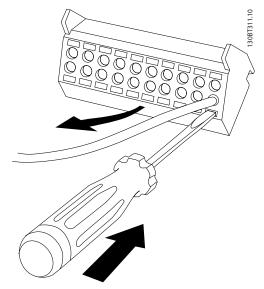
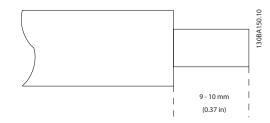


Illustration 3.20 Removing the Cable





#### 3.3.10 Basic Wiring Example

1. Mount terminals from the accessory bag to the front of the frequency converter.

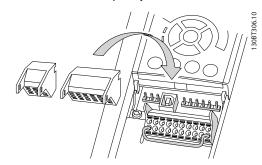
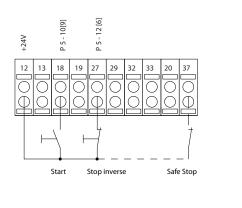


Illustration 3.22 Mounting the Terminals

2. Connect terminals 18, 27 and 37 to +24 V (terminal 12/13)

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Default settings: 18 = start 27 = coast inverse



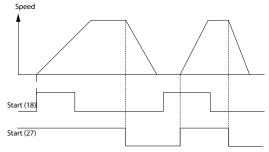


Illustration 3.23 Example of Basic Wiring

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#### 3.3.11 Electrical Installation, Control Cables

Use terminal 37 as input for safe stop. In rare cases, control cables more than 100 m (330 ft) and analog signals result in 50/60 Hz earth loops due to noise from mains supply cables. If this situation occurs, break the screen or insert a 100 nF capacitor between screen and chassis. Connect the digital and analog in- and outputs separately to the frequency converter common inputs (terminal 20, 55, 39) to avoid earth currents affecting the system.

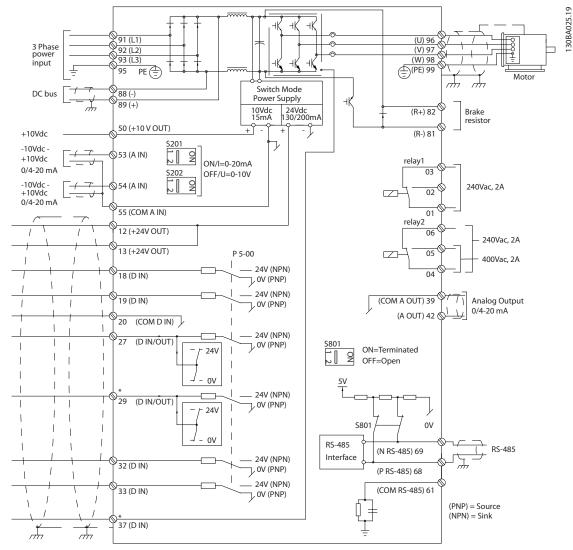


Illustration 3.24 Electrical Diagram - Control Cables

Control cables must be screened/armoured. To connect the screen to the frequency converter decoupling plate for control cables, use a clamp from the accessory bag.

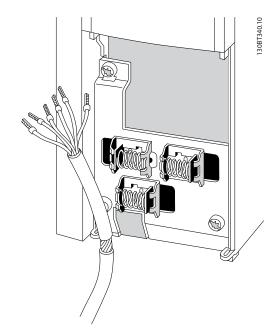


Illustration 3.25 Control Cable Connection

*Illustration 3.26* indicates how correct earthing is carried out and what to do if in doubt.

#### a. Correct earthing

Control cables and cables for serial communication must be fitted with cable clamps at both ends to ensure the best possible electrical contact.

#### b. Wrong earthing

Do not use twisted cable ends (pigtails). They increase the screen impedance at high frequencies.

## c. Protection concerning earth potential between PLC (Program Logic Controller) and frequency converter

If the earth potential between the frequency converter and the PLC (etc.) is different, electric noise may occur that disturbs the entire system. Solve this problem by fitting an equalising cable, next to the control cable. Minimum cable cross-section: 16 mm<sup>2</sup>.

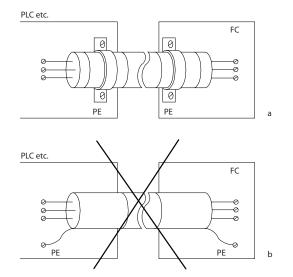
#### d. For 50/60 Hz earth loops

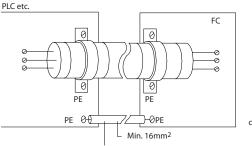
If long control cables are used, 50/60 Hz earth loops may occur. Solve this problem by connecting one end of the screen to earth via a 100 nF capacitor (keeping leads short).

#### e. Cables for serial communication

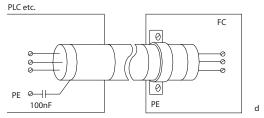
Eliminate low-frequency noise currents between two frequency converters by connecting one end of the screen

to terminal 61. This terminal is connected to earth via an internal RC link. To reduce the differential mode interference between the conductors, use twisted-pair cables.





Equalizing cable



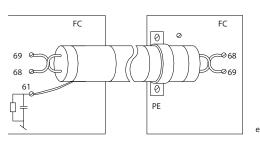


Illustration 3.26 Examples of Earth Wiring

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#### 3.3.12 Electrical Installation - EMC Protection

The following is a guideline to good engineering practice when installing frequency converters. To comply with EN 61800-3 First environment, follow these guidelines. If the installation is in EN 61800-3 Second environment, i.e. industrial networks, or in an installation with its own transformer, deviation from these guidelines is allowed, but not recommended.

## Good engineering practice to ensure EMC-correct electrical installation

- Use only braided screened/armoured motor compressor cables and braided screened/ armoured control cables. The screen should provide a minimum coverage of 80%. The screen material must be metal, not limited to but typically copper, aluminium, steel, or lead. There are no special requirements for the mains cable.
- Installations using rigid metal conduits are not required to use screened cable, but the motor compressor cable must be installed in conduit separate from the control and mains cables. Full connection of the conduit from the frequency converter to the motor compressor is required. The EMC performance of flexible conduits varies a lot and information from the manufacturer must be obtained.

• Connect the screen/armour/conduit to earth at both ends for motor compressor cables as well as for control cables. In some cases, it is not possible to connect the screen in both ends. If so, connect the screen at the frequency converter. See also 3.3.11 Electrical Installation, Control Cables.

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- Avoid terminating the screen/armour with twisted ends (pigtails). It increases the high frequency impedance of the screen, which reduces its effectiveness at high frequencies. Use low impedance cable clamps or EMC cable glands instead.
- Avoid using unscreened/unarmoured motor compressor or control cables inside cabinets housing the frequency converter(s).

Leave the screen as close to the connectors as possible.

*Illustration 3.27* shows an example of an EMC-correct electrical installation of an IP20 frequency converter. The frequency converter is fitted in an installation cabinet with an output contactor and connected to a PLC, which is installed in a separate cabinet. Other ways of doing the installation may have just as good an EMC performance, provided the above guide lines to engineering practice are followed. Installing without following the guideline, and using unscreened cables and control wires do not comply with all emission requirements, although the immunity requirements are fulfilled.

#### Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

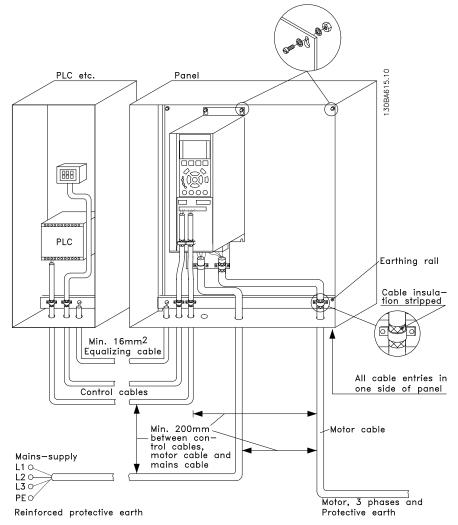


Illustration 3.27 EMC Correct Installation of an IP20 Frequency Converter

#### 3.3.13 Safety Earth Connection

The frequency converter has a high leakage current and must be earthed appropriately for safety reasons according to EN 50178. The earth leakage current from the frequency converter exceeds 3.5 mA. To ensure a good mechanical connection from the earth cable to the earth connection (terminal 95), the cable cross-section must be at least 10 mm<sup>2</sup> or 2 rated earth wires terminated separately.

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## 3.3.14 Basic Examples of Control Connections

Controls using an external controller with 0-10 V signal. It is not necessary to change any parameters, as this is the default value.

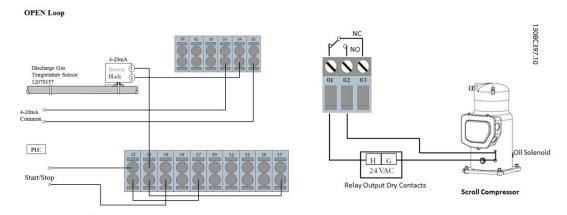


Illustration 3.28 Example of External Controller with 0-10 V Signal

Controls using an external controller with 4-20 mA signal. Change switch 53 from U to I. It is not necessary to change any parameters, as this is the default value.

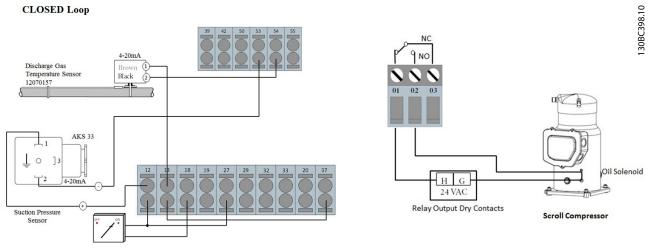


Illustration 3.29 Example of External Controller with 4-20 mA Signal



#### 3.3.15 High-voltage Test

Carry out a high-voltage test by short-circuiting terminals U, V, W, L1, L2 and L3. Energise by max. 2.15 kV DC for 1 s between this short circuit and the chassis.

#### NOTE

When running high-voltage tests of the entire installation, frequency converter and compressor electrical motor compressor test can be conducted together.

## 

When conducting a high-voltage test, make sure that the system is not under vacuum: a vacuum may cause electrical motor compressor failure.

## 

Never apply the high-voltage test to the control circuit.

3.4 Fuses and Circuit Breakers

3.4.1 Fuses

#### NOTE

To ensure compliance with IEC 60364 for CE or NEC 2009 for UL, use fuses and/or circuit breakers on the supply side of the unit for protection of electrical components within the frequency converter.

## 

Personnel and property must be protected against the consequence of component break-down internally in the frequency converter.

#### **Branch Circuit Protection**

To protect the installation against electrical and fire hazard, all branch circuits in an installation, switch gear, machines etc., must be protected against short circuit and overcurrent according to national/international regulations.

#### NOTE

## The recommendations given do not provide UL branch circuit protection.

Danfoss recommends using the fuses/circuit breakers listed in the following tables to protect service personnel and property in case of component break-down in the frequency converter.

#### 3.4.2 Recommendations



In case of malfunction, ignoring recommended fuse types may result in personnel risk and damage to the frequency converter and other equipment.

The following tables list the recommended rated current. Recommended fuses are of the type gG for small to medium power sizes. For larger powers, aR fuses are recommended. For circuit breakers, Moeller types have been tested to have a recommendation. Other circuit breakers may be used if they limit the energy into the frequency converter to a level equal to or lower than the Moeller types.

For further information, see Application Note Fuses and Circuit Breakers, MN90T

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### 3.4.3 CE Compliance

Fuses or circuit breakers are mandatory to comply with IEC 60364. Danfoss recommends using a selection of the following.

The fuses below are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering 100,000 Arms (symmetrical), 240 V, 480 V, 500 V, or 600 V depending on the unit's voltage rating. With the proper fusing, the frequency converter short circuit current rating (SCCR) is 100,000 Arms.

#### 3.4.4 Fuse Specifications

Enclosure	Power [kW]	Recommended	Recommended	Recommended circuit	Max trip level [A]
Size		fuse size	Max. fuse	breaker	
				Moeller	
B1	5.5-7.5	gG-25 (5.5)	gG-80	PKZM4-63	63
		gG-32 (7.5)			
B2	11	gG-50	gG-100	NZMB1-A100	100
B3	5.5	gG-25	gG-63	PKZM4-50	50
B4	7.5-15	gG-32 (7.5)	gG-125	NZMB1-A100	100
		gG-50 (11)			
		gG-63 (15)			
C1	15-22	gG-63 (15)	gG-160 (15-18.5)	NZMB2-A200	160
		gG-80 (18.5)	aR-160 (22)		
		gG-100 (22)			
C2	30-37	aR-160 (30)	aR-200 (30)	NZMB2-A250	250
		aR-200 (37)	aR-250 (37)		
C3	18.5-22	gG-80 (18.5)	gG-150 (18.5)	NZMB2-A200	150
		aR-125 (22)	aR-160 (22)		
C4	30-37	aR-160 (30)	aR-200 (30)	NZMB2-A250	250
		aR-200 (37)	aR-250 (37)		

#### Table 3.7 200-240 V, Frame Sizes B and C

Enclosure	Power [kW]	Recommended	Recommended	Recommended circuit	Max trip level [A]
Size		fuse size	Max. fuse	breaker	
				Moeller	
B1	11-15	gG-40	gG-80	PKZM4-63	63
B2	18.5-22	gG-50 (18.5)	gG-100	NZMB1-A100	100
		gG-63 (22)			
B3	11-15	gG-40	gG-63	PKZM4-50	50
B4	18.5-30	gG-50 (18.5)	gG-125	NZMB1-A100	100
		gG-63 (22)			
		gG-80 (30)			
C1	30-45	gG-80 (30)	gG-160	NZMB2-A200	160
		gG-100 (37)			
		gG-160 (45)			
C2	55-75	aR-200 (55)	aR-250	NZMB2-A250	250
		aR-250 (75)			
C3	37-45	gG-100 (37)	gG-150 (37)	NZMB2-A200	150
		gG-160 (45)	gG-160 (45)		
C4	55-75	aR-200 (55)	aR-250	NZMB2-A250	250
		aR-250 (75)			

Table 3.8 380-500 V, Frame Sizes B and C

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#### Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

Enclosure	Power [kW]	Recommended	Recommended	Recommended circuit	Max trip level [A]
Size		fuse size	Max. fuse	breaker	
				Moeller	
B1	11-18	gG-25 (11)	gG-80	PKZM4-63	63
		gG-32 (15)			
		gG-40 (18.5)			
B2	22-30	gG-50 (22)	gG-100	NZMB1-A100	100
		gG-63 (30)			
B3	11-15	gG-25 (11)	gG-63	PKZM4-50	50
		gG-32 (15)			
B4	18.5-30	gG-40 (18.5)	gG-125	NZMB1-A100	100
		gG-50 (22)			
		gG-63 (30)			
C1	37-55	gG-63 (37)	gG-160 (37-45)	NZMB2-A200	160
		gG-100 (45)	aR-250 (55)		
		aR-160 (55)			
C2	75	aR-200 (75)	aR-250	NZMB2-A250	250
C3	37-45	gG-63 (37)	gG-150	NZMB2-A200	150
		gG-100 (45)			
C4	55-75	aR-160 (55)	aR-250	NZMB2-A250	250
		aR-200 (75)			

Table 3.9 525-600 V, Frame Sizes B and C

#### **UL** Compliance

Fuses or circuit breakers are mandatory to comply with NEC 2009. Danfoss recommends using a selection of the following.

The fuses below are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering 100,000 Arms (symmetrical), 240 V, 480 V, 500 V, or 600 V depending on the unit's voltage rating. With the proper fusing, the frequency converter's Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) is 100,000 Arms.

	Recommended max. fuse					
Power [kW]	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann
11	KTN-R-80	JKS-80	JJN-80	-	-	-
15-18.5	KTN-R-125	JKS-125	JJN-125	-	-	-
22	KTN-R-150	JKS-150	JJN-150	-	-	-
30	KTN-R-200	JKS-200	JJN-200	-	-	-
37	KTN-R-250	JKS-250	JJN-250	-	-	-

#### Table 3.10 200-240 V, Frame Sizes B and C

	Recommended max. fuse						
Power[kW]	SIBA	Littel fuse	Ferraz-	Ferraz-			
		Litter Tuse	Shawmut	Shawmut			
	Type RK1	Type RK1	Type CC	Type RK1			
11	5014006-080	KLN-R-80	-	A2K-80-R			
15-18.5	2028220-125	KLN-R-125	-	A2K-125-R			
22	2028220-150	KLN-R-150	-	A2K-150-R			
30	2028220-200	KLN-R-200	-	A2K-200-R			
37	2028220-250	KLN-R-250	-	A2K-250-R			

Table 3.11 200-240 V, Frame Sizes B and C

3

#### Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

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Power[kW]	Bussmann	Littel fuse	Ferraz-	Ferraz-
			Shawmut	Shawmut
	Type JFHR2 <sup>1)</sup>	JFHR2	JFHR2 <sup>2)</sup>	J
11	FWX-80	-	-	HSJ-80
15-18.5	FWX-125	-	-	HSJ-125
22	FWX-150	L25S-150	A25X-150	HSJ-150
30	FWX-200	L25S-200	A25X-200	HSJ-200
37	FWX-250	L25S-250	A25X-250	HSJ-250

#### Table 3.12 200-240 V, Frame Sizes B and C

- <sup>1)</sup> FWH-fuses from Bussmann may substitute FWX for 240 V frequency converters.
- $^{2)}$  A50X fuses from FERRAZ SHAWMUT may substitute A25X for 240 V frequency converters.

	Recommended max. fuse						
Power [kW]	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	
	Type RK1	Type J	Туре Т	Type CC	Type CC	Type CC	
11	KTS-R-40	JKS-40	JJS-40	-	-	-	
15	KTS-R-50	JKS-50	JJS-50	-	-	-	
18	KTS-R-60	JKS-60	JJS-60	-	-	-	
22	KTS-R-80	JKS-80	JJS-80	-	-	-	
30	KTS-R-100	JKS-100	JJS-100	-	-	-	
37	KTS-R-125	JKS-125	JJS-125	-	-	-	
45	KTS-R-150	JKS-150	JJS-150	-	-	-	
55	KTS-R-200	JKS-200	JJS-200	-	-	-	
75	KTS-R-250	JKS-250	JJS-250	-	-	-	

#### Table 3.13 380-500 V, Frame Sizes B and C

	Recommended max. fuse							
Power [kW]	SIBA	Littel fuse	Ferraz- Shawmut	Ferraz- Shawmut				
	Type RK1	Type RK1	Type CC	Type RK1				
11	5014006-040	KLS-R-40	-	A6K-40-R				
15	5014006-050	KLS-R-50	-	A6K-50-R				
18	5014006-063	KLS-R-60	-	A6K-60-R				
22	2028220-100	KLS-R-80	-	A6K-80-R				
30	2028220-125	KLS-R-100	-	A6K-100-R				
37	2028220-125	KLS-R-125	-	A6K-125-R				
45	2028220-160	KLS-R-150	-	A6K-150-R				
55	2028220-200	KLS-R-200	-	A6K-200-R				
75	2028220-250	KLS-R-250	-	A6K-250-R				

Table 3.14 380-500 V, Frame Sizes B and C

	Recommended max. fuse						
Power [kW]	Bussmann	Ferraz-Shawmut	Ferraz-Shawmut	Littel fuse			
	JFHR2	J	JFHR2 <sup>1)</sup>	JFHR2			
11	FWH-40	HSJ-40	-	-			
15	FWH-50	HSJ-50	-	-			
18	FWH-60	HSJ-60	-	-			
22	FWH-80	HSJ-80	-	-			
30	FWH-100	HSJ-100	-	-			
37	FWH-125	HSJ-125	-	-			
45	FWH-150	HSJ-150	-	-			
55	FWH-200	HSJ-200	A50-P-225	L50-S-225			
75	FWH-250	HSJ-250	A50-P-250	L50-S-250			

#### Table 3.15 380-500 V, Frame Sizes B and C

<sup>1)</sup> Ferraz-Shawmut A50QS fuses may substitute for A50P fuses.

Power [kW]	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann
	Type RK1	Type J	Type T	Type CC	Type CC	Type CC
11	KTS-R-35	JKS-35	JJS-35	-	-	-
15	KTS-R-45	JKS-45	JJS-45	-	-	-
18	KTS-R-50	JKS-50	JJS-50	-	-	-
22	KTS-R-60	JKS-60	JJS-60	-	-	-
30	KTS-R-80	JKS-80	JJS-80	-	-	-
37	KTS-R-100	JKS-100	JJS-100	-	-	-
45	KTS-R-125	JKS-125	JJS-125	-	-	-
55	KTS-R-150	JKS-150	JJS-150	-	-	-
75	KTS-R-175	JKS-175	JJS-175	-	-	-

Table 3.16 525-600 V, Frame Sizes B and C

Power [kW]	SIBA	Littel fuse	Ferraz-	Ferraz-
			Shawmut	Shawmut
	Type RK1	Type RK1	Type RK1	J
11	5014006-040	KLS-R-035	A6K-35-R	HSJ-35
15	5014006-050	KLS-R-045	A6K-45-R	HSJ-45
18	5014006-050	KLS-R-050	A6K-50-R	HSJ-50
22	5014006-063	KLS-R-060	A6K-60-R	HSJ-60
30	5014006-080	KLS-R-075	A6K-80-R	HSJ-80
37	5014006-100	KLS-R-100	A6K-100-R	HSJ-100
45	2028220-125	KLS-R-125	A6K-125-R	HSJ-125
55	2028220-150	KLS-R-150	A6K-150-R	HSJ-150
75	2028220-200	KLS-R-175	A6K-175-R	HSJ-175

#### Table 3.17 525-600 V, Frame Sizes B and C

<sup>1)</sup> 170M fuses shown from Bussmann use the -/80 visual indicator. -TN/80 Type T, -/110 or TN/110 Type T indicator fuses of the same size and amperage may be substituted.

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- 3.5 Application Example Pack Controller
- 3.5.1 BASIC Cascade/Pack Controller

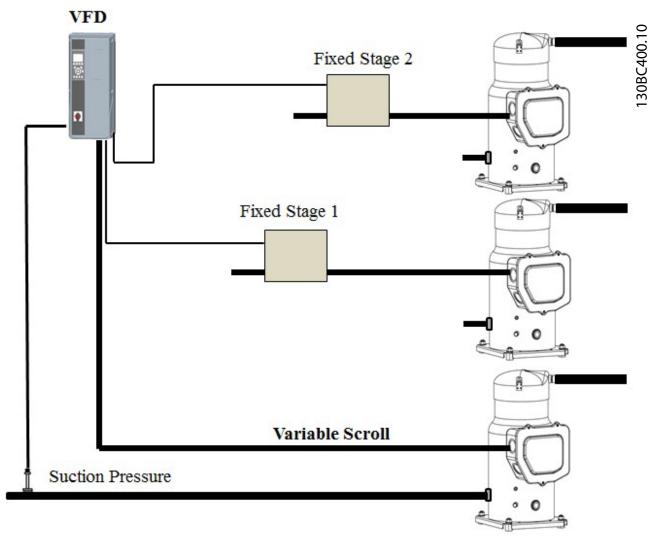


Illustration 3.30 Example of BASIC Cascade/Pack Controller

The BASIC Cascade/Pack Controller is used for up to 3 compressors to control up to two on/off compressors together with one variable speed compressor. The capacity control is typically based on suction pressure feedback, but it could also be e.g. a cold room temperature.

#### **Fixed Lead Compressor**

The BASIC Pack Controller allows the frequency converter to control up to 3 compressors using the frequency converter's two built-in relays. The variable compressor (lead) is connected directly to the frequency converter, while 2 bilt-in relays control the other 2 compressors.

#### NOTE

Only one fixed speed compressor can be controlled with the built-in relays. To control two fixed compressors, an extra relay is needed via the MCB 105 Relay Option.

#### Bandwidth Management

In pack control systems, to avoid frequent switching of fixed speed compressors, the desired system load is kept within a bandwidth rather than at a constant level. The Staging Bandwidth provides the required bandwidth for operation. When a large and quick change in system load occurs, the Override Bandwidth overrides the Staging Bandwidth to prevent immediate response to a short duration load change. An Override Bandwidth Timer can be programmed to prevent staging until the system load has stabilised and normal control established.

When the Pack Controller is enabled and running normally, and the frequency converter issues a trip alarm, staging and destaging fixed speed compressors maintain the system head pressure. To prevent frequent staging and destaging and minimise load fluctuations, a wider Fixed Speed Bandwidth is used instead of the Staging bandwidth.

### 3.5.2 System Status and Operation

When the pack controller is enabled, the operation status for each compressor and the pack controller is displayed in the LCP. Information displayed includes:

- Compressor Status, is a readout of the status for the relays assigned to each compressor. The display shows compressors that are disabled, off, running on the frequency converter or running on the mains
- Pack Status, is a readout of the status for the Pack Controller. The display shows that the Pack Controller is disabled, all compressors are off, and emergency has stopped all compressors, all compressors are running, fixed speed compressors are being staged/destaged.
- If a no load need occurs, then destaging ensures that all fixed speed compressors are stopped individually followed by the variable speed compressor.

## 3.5.3 Pack Compressor Wiring Diagram

The wiring diagram shows an example with the built-in BASIC Cascade Controller with one variable speed compressor (lead) and two fixed speed compressors, a 4-20 mA transmitter and System Safety Interlock.

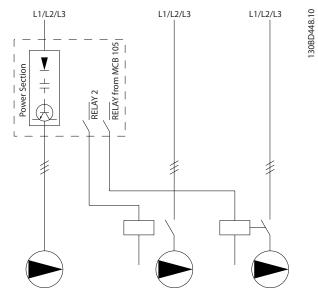


Illustration 3.31 Example with Built-in BASIC Cascade Controller

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#### How to Install

### Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

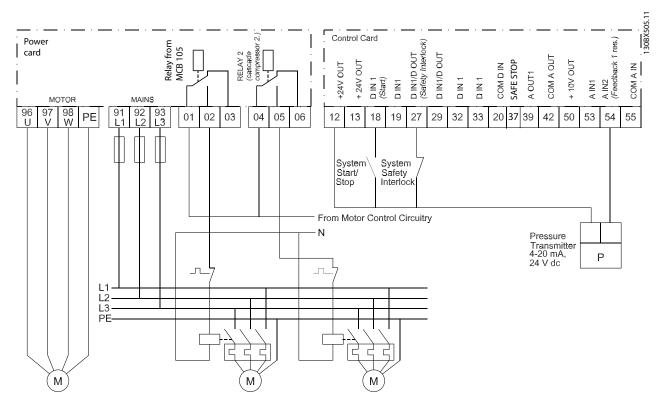


Illustration 3.32 Example with Built-in BASIC Cascade Controller

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# 4 Quick Set-up

### 4.1 Programming Procedures

4.1.1 Basic Programming Procedures

The following describes the basic procedure for running the frequency converter.

# 

When the connections are made, the compressor starts automatically.

- 1. Connect the power supply to the terminals (L1, L2 and L3) of the frequency converter as shown in *3.3.4 Mains connection for B4, C1 and C3*.
- Connect motor cable between the frequency converter (U, V & W) and Compressor (clockwise on terminal), see 3.3.5 Motor Compressor Connection. (The connectors utilised in these first 2 steps are provided in the accessory bag which accompanies the frequency converter).
- 3. Press [Quick Menu] and go to quick set-up. Ensure that the correct compressor model is selected in *1-13 Compressor Selection*.
- 4. Connect terminal 12 with terminal 18 (start signal), terminal 12 with terminal 27 (inverse coast signal) and terminal 12 with terminal 37\* (safe stop inverse signal).

\*See 3.3.10 Basic Wiring Example and 2.2.1 Terminal 37 Safe Torque Off Function.

# **A**CAUTION

If an error trips the frequency converter, it automatically tries to restart the compressor after 30 s (unless the error is severe and causes a trip lock). See also 14-20 Reset Mode and 14-21 Automatic Restart Time.

### 4.1.2 Open Loop with External Reference

- Apply analog speed reference signal (0-10 V) on terminal 53 using the terminal 55 as common. See 3.3.14 Basic Examples of Control Connections.
- Check if switch A53 is positioned to U (voltage) instead of I (current). The switch A53 is on the frequency converter and is visible when the LCP is removed.
- Ready to Run: If the frequency converter is supplied with display: Press [Hand On] to set a

local speed reference in the display (good for testing purposes). Press [Auto On] for running in operation and with an external reference.

*Illustration 4.1* shows the screen after configuring the frequency converter for *Speed Open loop* application, *Hand On mode*.

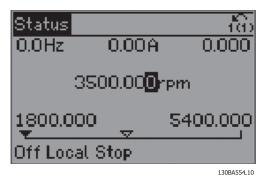


Illustration 4.1 Speed Open Loop, Hand On Mode

This is what the screen will look like after configuring the frequency converter for *Speed Open loop* application, *Auto On mode*:

Status		ົ້າຕົ້
70Hz	0.00A	0.000
4200RPM		
77.8%		
Auto Ren	note Running	
		130BA555.10

Illustration 4.2 Speed Open Loop, Auto On Mode

4. Done.

### 4.1.3 PID Closed Loop with 4-20 mA Pressure Transmitter

- 1. Connect pressure transmitter to analog input on terminal 54 according to 3.3.14 Basic Examples of Control Connections.
- 2. Make sure that the switch for analogue input 54 is set to "I" for current input.
- Press [Quick Menu], go to "PID Closed Loop" and then to "Basic PID Settings) menu.

Л

Now change parameters to

1-00 Configuration Mode: Select [3] Process

3-01 Reference/Feedback Unit: Select [71] Bar

3-02 Minimum Reference and 3-03 Maximum

*Reference*: Enter the lower and upper limits of the setpoint range [bar].

3-15 Reference Resource 1: Select [0] No function for fixed setpoint.

6-22 Terminal 54 Low Current + 6-23 Terminal 54 High Current: The values of these parameters should match the output of the pressure transmitter (4-20 mA for example is the factory setting).

6-24 Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value + 6-25 Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value: Set range of pressure transmitter (factory setting -1/+12 bar)

Return to 3-13 Reference Site: Select [2] Local to run with a fixed setpoint adjustable via LCP. Select [1] Remote if the setpoint is given by the analog input (as defined in 3-15 Reference Resource 1).

4. Press [Quick Menu], go to *My Personal Menu*, go to *0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small* and select [1652] *Feedback [unit]*. The pressure [bar] is going to be shown in the upper right corner of the display

This is what the screen will look like, after configuring the frequency converter for *Closed loop* application.

Status		ැත
ORPM	0.00A	0.000bar
	3.00 <b>0</b> 68	ar
1,000	<del>v</del>	5.000
Off Loca	al Stop	
		130BA556.10

Illustration 4.3 Closed Loop

- 5. Ready to Run: Press [Hand On] and set reference in bars using the arrows on the display. Before leaving the site, never forget the next step.
- 6. Ready to Run: Press [Auto On].

For more details on PID Closed Loop, see Illustration 4.4.

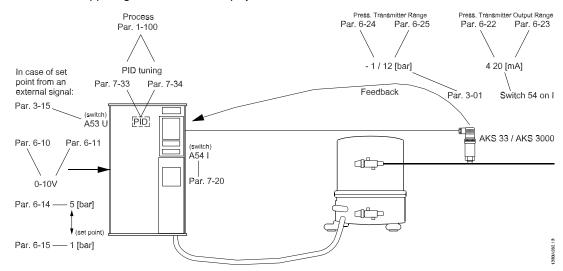


Illustration 4.4 Example of Closed Loop Application

### 4.1.4 Other Compressor Features

To set up other dedicated compressor features press [Quick Menu] and go to Q4 or follow Illustration 4.5.

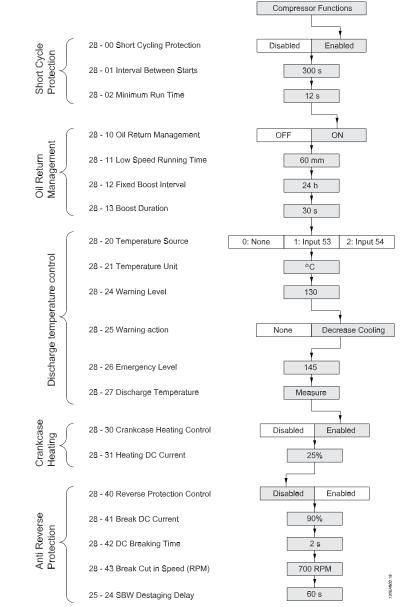


Illustration 4.5 Flowchart

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# 5 How to Program

### 5.1 How to Program on the Graphical LCP

### 5.1.1 Control Panel

The following instructions are valid for the graphical LCP (LCP 102):

The control panel is divided into four functional groups: 1.

- 1. Graphical display with Status lines. All data is displayed in a graphical LCP display, which can show up to five items of operating data while displaying [Status].
- 2. Menu keys and indicator lights changing parameters and switching between display functions.
- 3. Navigation keys and indicator lights (LEDs).
- 4. Operation keys and indicator lights (LEDs).

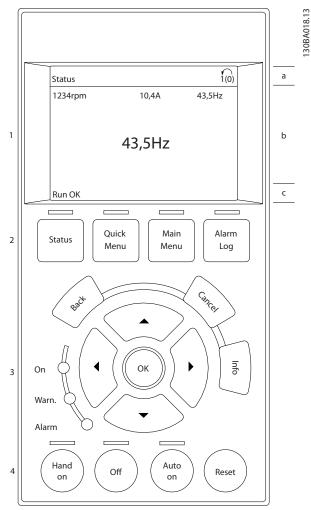


Illustration 5.1 Overview of LCP

### 5.1.2 Display Lines

#### a. Status line:

Status messages displaying icons and graphic.

b. Line 1-2:

Operator data lines displaying data defined or chosen by the user. By pressing the [Status] key, up to one extra line can be added.

#### c. Status line:

Status messages displaying text.

### 5.1.3 Display Contrast Adjustment

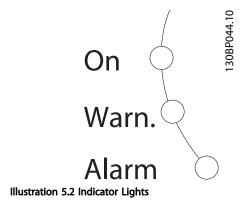
Press [Status] and [▼] for darker display Press [Status] and [▲] for brighter display



### 5.1.4 Indicator Lights

If certain threshold values are exceeded, the alarm and/or warning LED lights up. A status and alarm text appear on the control panel. The on LED is activated when the frequency converter receives mains voltage.

- Green LED/On: Control section is working.
- Yellow LED/Warn.: Indicates a warning.
- Flashing Red LED/Alarm: Indicates an alarm



### 5.2 LCP Keys

### 5.2.1 Function Keys

The control keys are divided into functions. The keys below the display and indicator lamps are used for parameter set-up, including choice of display indication during normal operation.



Illustration 5.3 Function Keys

**[Status]** indicates the status of the frequency converter and/or the compressor motor. Choose between 3 different readouts by pressing the [Status] key: 5 line readouts, 4 line readouts or Smart Logic Control by pushing [Status] twice.

Press [Status] to select the display mode or to change back to Display mode from either Quick Menu mode, Main Menu mode or Alarm mode. Also press [Status] to toggle single or double read-out mode. [Quick Menu] allows quick access to different Quick Menus such as:

- Q1 My Personal Menu
- Q2 Quick Set-up
- Q3 PID Process Loop
- Q4 Compressor Functions
- Q5 Changes Made
- Q6 Loggings
- Q7 Load Profile

Use [Quick Menu] for programming the parameters belonging to the Quick Menu. It is possible to switch directly between Quick Menu mode and Main Menu mode.

### 5.2.2 Navigation Keys

The 4 navigation keys are used to navigate between the different choices available in [Quick Menu], [Main Menu] and [Alarm Log]. Press the keys to move the cursor. [OK] is used for choosing a parameter marked by the cursor and for enabling the change of a parameter and loggings from Quick Menu.

### 5.2.3 Local Control Keys

Local control keys for local control are found at the bottom of the control panel.



Illustration 5.4 Local Control Keys

**[Hand On]** enables control of the frequency converter via the LCP. [Hand on] also starts the motor compressor, and it is now possible to enter the motor compressor speed data by means of the arrow keys. The key can be selected as [1] *Enable* or [0] *Disable* via 0-40 [Hand on] Key on LCP. External stop signals activated by means of control signals or a serial bus will override a "start" command via the LCP. The following control signals will still be active when [Hand on] is activated:

- [Hand On] [Off] [Auto On]
- Reset
- Coasting stop inverse
- Reversing

- Set-up select lsb (least significant bit) Set-up select msb (most significant bit)
- Stop command from serial communication
- Quick stop
- DC brake

**[Off]** stops the connected motor compressor. The key can be selected as [1] *Enable* or [0] *Disable* via 0-41 [Off] Key on *LCP*.

If no external stop function is selected and the [Off] key is inactive the motor compressor can be stopped by disconnecting the voltage.

[Auto On] enables the frequency converter is to be controlled via the control terminals and/or serial communication. When a start signal is applied on the control terminals and/or the bus, the frequency converter will start. The key can be selected as [1] Enable or [0] Disable via 0-42 [Auto on] Key on LCP.

### NOTE

An active HAND-OFF-AUTO signal via the digital inputs has higher priority than the control keys [Hand on] and [Auto on].

**[Reset]** is used for resetting the frequency converter after an alarm (trip). It can be selected as [1] Enable or [0] Disable via 0-43 [Reset] Key on LCP.

The **parameter shortcut** can be carried out by holding down the [Main Menu] key for 3 seconds. The parameter shortcut allows direct access to any parameter.

### 5.2.4 Quick Transfer of Parameter Settings

Once the set-up of a frequency converter is complete, store the data in the LCP or on a PC via MCT 10 Set-up Software.

### 5.2.5 Data Storage in LCP

- 1. Go to 0-50 LCP Copy in the Main Menu.
- 2. Press [OK].
- 3. Select [1] All to LCP.
- 4. Press [OK].

All parameter settings are now stored in the LCP indicated by the progress bar. When 100% is reached, press [OK].

# NOTE

Stop the motor compressor before performing this operation. The LCP can now be connected to another frequency converter and the parameter settings copied to this frequency converter as well.

### 5.2.6 Initialisation to Default Settings

Initialise the frequency converter to default settings in two ways:

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#### Recommended initialisation (via14-22 Operation Mode)

- 1. Select 14-22 Operation Mode.
- 2. Press [OK].
- 3. Select [2] Initialisation.
- 4. Press [OK].
- 5. Disconnect mains supply and wait until the display turns off.
- 6. Reconnect the mains supply.
- 7. Drive initialised [A80] (Alarm 80) appears the frequency converter is now reset.

14-22 Operation Mode initialises all except:

- 8-30 Protocol
- 8-31 Address
- 8-32 FC Port Baud Rate
- 8-33 Parity / Stop Bits
- 8-34 Estimated cycle time
- 8-35 Minimum Response Delay
- 8-36 Max Response Delay
- 8-37 Max Inter-Char Delay
- 14-50 RFI Filter
- 15-00 Operating hours
- 15-01 Running Hours
- 15-02 kWh Counter
- 15-03 Power Up's
- 15-04 Over Temp's
- 15-05 Over Volt's
- 15-20 Historic Log: Event
- 15-21 Historic Log: Value
- 15-22 Historic Log: Time
- 15-30 Fault Log: Error Code
- 15-31 Fault Log: Value
- 15-32 Fault Log: Time

Manual initialisation

- 1. Disconnect from mains and wait until the display turns off.
- Press [Status] [Main Menu] [OK] at the same time while power up for LCP 102, Graphical Display.

- 3. Release the keys after 5 s.
- 4. The frequency converter is now programmed according to default settings.

This procedure initialises all except:

- 15-00 Operating hours
- 15-03 Power Up's
- 15-04 Over Temp's
- 15-05 Over Volt's

### 5.2.7 Data Transfer from LCP to Frequency Converter

### NOTE

Stop the motor compressor before performing this operation.

- 1. Go to 0-50 LCP Copy.
- 2. Press [OK].
- 3. Select [2] All from LCP.
- 4. Press [OK] again.

The parameter settings stored in the LCP are now transferred to the frequency converter indicated by the progress bar. When 100% is reached, press [OK].

### 5.2.8 Parameter Selection

In the Main menu mode, the parameters are divided into groups. Use the navigation keys for selecting a parameter group.

The following parameter groups are accessible:

- 0-\*\* Operation/Display
- 1-\*\* Load/Motor
- 3-\*\* Reference/Ramps
- 4-\*\* Limits/Warnings
- 5-\*\* Digital In/Out
- 6-\*\* Analog In/Out
- 7-\*\* Controls
- 8-\*\* Comm. and Options
- 13-\*\* Smart Logic
- 14-\*\* Special Functions
- 15-\*\* Drive Information
- 16-\*\* Data Readouts
- 25-\*\* Cascade Controller
- 28-\*\* Compressor Functions

After selecting a parameter group, select a parameter with the navigation keys. The middle section on the display shows the parameter number and name as well as the selected parameter value.



#### Illustration 5.5 Display Example - Parameter Selection

### 5.2.9 Changing Data

The procedure for changing data is the same in both the Quick menu and the Main menu mode.

Press [OK] to change the selected parameter. The procedure for changing data depends on whether the selected parameter represents a numerical data value or a text value.

### 5.2.10 Changing a Text Value

If the selected parameter is a text value, change the text value by pressing the [A]/[V] navigation keys. [A] increases the value and [V] decreases the value. Place the cursor on the value and press [OK] to save.

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# 5.2.11 Changing a Group of Numeric Data Values

If the chosen parameter represents a numeric data value, change it by pressing the navigation keys. Press []/[] to move the cursor horizontally. Press []/[] to change the data value. [] increases the data value, and [] decreases the data value. Place the cursor on the value and press [OK] to save.



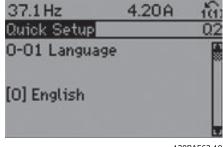


Illustration 5.6 Display Example

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# 6.1 LCP Display

# 6.1.1 LCP Programming

Table 6.1 lists the parameters that cannot be changed from the LCP. These parameters are defined by the compressor choice made in 1-13 Compressor Selection.

Parameter	Parameter	Parameter
1-01 Motor Control Principle	1-45 q-axis Inductance (Lq) 200% I <sub>NOM</sub>	5-41 On Delay, Relay
1-03 Torque Characteristics	1-40 Back EMF at 1000 RPM	5-42 Off Delay, Relay
1-04 Overload Mode	1-47 Low Speed Torque Calibration	7-00 Speed PID Feedback Source
1-05 Local Mode Configuration	1-49 Current at min. inductance	7-02 Speed PID Proportional Gain
1-10 Motor Construction	1-62 Slip Compensation	7-03 Speed PID Integral Time
1-20 Motor Power [kW]	1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed	7-04 Speed PID Differentiation Time
1-22 Motor Voltage	1-68 Minimum Inertia	7-05 Speed PID Diff. Gain Limit
1-23 Motor Frequency	1-69 Maximum Inertia	13-10 Comparator Operand
1-24 Motor Current	1-71 Start Delay	13-11 Comparator Operator
1-25 Motor Nominal Speed	1-72 Start Function	13-12 Comparator Value
1-26 Motor Cont. Rated Torque	1-73 Flying Start	14-00 Switching Pattern
1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)	1-74 Start Speed [RPM]	14-01 Switching Frequency
1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs)	1-76 Start Current	14-10 Mains Failure
1-31 Rotor Resistance (Rr)	1-77 Compressor Start Min Speed [RPM]	14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault
1-33 Stator Leakage Reactance (X1)	1-79 Compressor Start Max Time to Trip	14-21 Automatic Restart Time
1-34 Rotor Leakage Reactance (X2)	1-86 Compressor Min. Speed for Trip [RPM]	14-25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit
1-35 Main Reactance (Xh)	3-82 Starting Ramp Up Time	14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault
1-36 Iron Loss Resistance (Rfe)	4-10 Motor Speed Direction	28-30 Crankcase Heating Control
1-37 d-axis Inductance (Ld)	4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]	28-31 Heating DC Current
1-38 q-axis Inductance (Lq)	4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]	28-40 Reverse Protection Control
1-39 Motor Poles	4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode	28-41 DC Brake Current
1-40 Back EMF at 1000 RPM	4-18 Current Limit	28-42 DC Braking Time
1-44 d-axis Inductance (Ld) 200% I <sub>NOM</sub>	4-19 Max Output Frequency	28-43 DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]

Table 6.1 Compressor Related Parameters



# 6.2 Parameters: 0-\*\* Operation and Display

# 6.2.1 0-0\* Basic Settings

0-01 La	inguage	
Option: Fu		Function:
[0]	English	
[1]	Deutsch	
[2]	Francais	
[3]	Dansk	
[4]	Spanish	
[5]	Italiano	
[6]	Svenska	
[7]	Nederlands	
[10]	Chinese	
[20]	Suomi	
[22]	English US	
[27]	Greek	
[28]	Bras.port	
[36]	Slovenian	
[39]	Korean	
[40]	Japanese	
[41]	Turkish	
[42]	Trad.Chinese	
[43]	Bulgarian	
[44]	Srpski	
[45]	Romanian	
[46]	Magyar	
[47]	Czech	
[48]	Polski	
[49]	Russian	
[50]	Thai	
[51]	Bahasa Indonesia	

0-02 Motor Speed Unit

### Option: Function:

		Select display of motor speed parameters (i.e.
		references, feedbacks and limits) in terms of shaft
		speed (RPM) or output frequency to the motor (Hz).
_		
[0]	RPM	
[1]	Hz	

### NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

0-0	0-04 Operating State at Power-up (Hand)		
Option: Function:		Function:	
		Selects the operating mode upon reconnection of the frequency converter to mains voltage after power down in Hand (local) operation mode.	
[0]	Resume	Restarts the frequency converter, maintaining the same and the same start/stop settings	

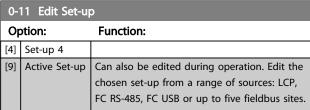
0-0	0-04 Operating State at Power-up (Hand)			
Op	otion:	Function:		
		(applied by [Hand On/Off]) as before the frequency converter was powered down.		
[1]	Forced stop, ref=old	Restarts the frequency converter with a saved local reference, after mains voltage reappears and after pressing [Hand On].		
[2]	Forced stop, ref=0	Resets the local reference to 0 upon restarting the frequency converter.		
0-	10 Active Set	-up		
Op	otion:	Function:		
		Select the set-up to control the frequency converter functions.		
[0]	Factory setup	Cannot be changed. It contains the Danfoss data set, and can be used as a data source when returning the other set-ups to a known state.		
[1]	Set-up 1	[1] Set-up 1 to [4] Set-up 4 are the four separate parameter set-ups within which all parameters can be programmed.		
[2]	Set-up 2			
[3]	Set-up 3			
[4]	Set-up 4			
[9]	Multi Set-up	Remote selection of set-ups using digital inputs and the serial communication port. This set-up uses the settings from <i>0-12 This Set-up</i> <i>Linked to.</i> Stop the frequency converter before making changes to open- and closed loop functions		

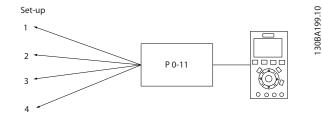
Use 0-51 Set-up Copy to copy a set-up to one or all other set-ups. Stop the frequency converter before switching between set-ups where parameters marked 'not changeable during operation' have different values. To avoid conflicting settings of the same parameter within two different set-ups, link the set-ups together using 0-12 This Set-up Linked to. Parameters which are 'not changeable during operation' are marked FALSE in the parameter lists in 6.16 Parameter Lists.

0-1	0-11 Edit Set-up		
Op	otion:	Function:	
		Select the set-up to be edited (i.e. programmed) during operation; either the active set-up or one of the inactive set-ups.	
[0]	Factory setup	Cannot be edited but it is useful as a data source to return the other set-ups to a known state.	
[1]	Set-up 1	[1] Set-up 1 to [4] Set-up 4 can be edited freely during operation, independently of the active set-up.	
[2]	Set-up 2		
[3]	Set-up 3		

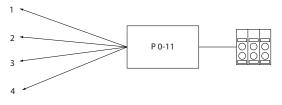
### Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303



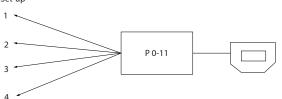




Set-up



Set-up



PLC Fieldbus

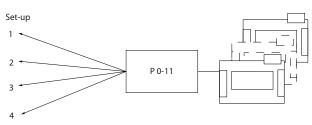


Illustration 6.1 Edit Set-up

0-1	0-12 This Set-up Linked to		
Op	otion:	Function:	
		To enable conflict-free changes from one set-up	
		to another during operation, link set-ups	
		containing parameters which are not changeable	
		during operation. The link will ensure synchro-	
		nising of the 'not changeable during operation'	
		parameter values when moving from one set-up	
		to another during operation. 'Not changeable	
		during operation' parameters can be identified by	
		the label FALSE in the parameter lists in	
		6.16 Parameter Lists.	
		<i>0-12 This Set-up Linked to</i> is used by Multi set-up in <i>0-10 Active Set-up</i> . Multi set-up is used to move	

# 0-12 This Set-up Linked to Option: Function:

Juon.	Function.		
	from one set-up to another during operation (i.e. while the motor is running).		
	Example:		
	Use Multi set-up to shift from Set-up 1 to Set-up 2 whilst the motor is running. Programme in Set-		
	up 1 first, then ensure that Set-up 1 and Set-up 2		
	are synchronised (or 'linked'). Synchronisation can		
	be performed in two ways:		
	1. Change the edit set-up to [2] Set-up 2 in		
	0-11 Edit Set-up and set 0-12 This Set-up Linked to		
	to [1] Set-up 1. This will start the linking (synchro-		
	nising) process.		
	0 RPM 0.00A 1(1)		
	Set-up Handling 0-1* 2 0-12 This Set-up Linked to 8		
	130		
	Setup 1		
	Illustration 6.2 Set-up 1		
	······································		
	OR		
	2. While still in Set-up 1, copy Set-up 1 to Set-up		
	2. Then set 0-12 This Set-up Linked to to [2] Set-up		
	2. This will start the linking process.		
	0 RPM 0.00A 1(1)		
	Set-up Handling 0-1*		
	0-12 This Set-up Linked to		
	2 Setup 2		
	Illustration 6.3 Set-up 2		
	After the link is complete, 0-13 Readout: Linked Set-ups will read {1,2} to indicate that all 'not		
	changeable during operation' parameters are		
	now the same in Set-up 1 and Set-up 2. If there		
	are changes to a 'not changeable during		
	operation' parameter, e.g. 1-30 Stator Resistance		
	( <i>Rs</i> ), in Set-up 2, they will also be changed		
	automatically in Set-up 1. A switch between Set-		
	up 1 and Set-up 2 during operation is now		
	possible.		
Not linked			
Set-up 1			
Set-up 2			
Set-up 3			
Set-up 4			

[0] [1] [2] [3] [4]

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0-13	<b>Readout:</b>	Linked	Set-u	05

Arr	Array [5]			
Ra	nge:	Function:		
0 *	[0 - 255 ]	View a list of all the set-ups linked by means of <i>0-12 This Set-up Linked to</i> . The parameter has one index for each parameter set-up. The parameter value displayed for each index represents which		
		set-ups are linke	ed to that parameter set-up.	
		Index	LCP value	
		0	{0}	
		1	{1,2}	
		2	{1,2}	
		3 {3}		
		4 {4}		
		Table 6.3 Example: Set-up 1 and Set-up 2 are linked		

# 0-14 Readout: Edit Set-ups / Channel

Range:		Function:
0 *	[-2147483648 -	View the setting of 0-11 Edit Set-up for
	2147483647 ]	each of the four different communication
		channels. When the number is displayed in
		hex, as it is in the LCP, each number
		represents one channel.
		Numbers 1-4 represent a set-up number;
		'F' means factory setting; and 'A' means
		active set-up. The channels are, from right
		to left: LCP, FC-bus, USB, HPFB1-5.
		Example: The number AAAAAA21h means
		that the FC bus selected Set-up 2 in
		0-11 Edit Set-up, the LCP selected Set-up 1
		and all others used the active set-up.

# 6.2.2 0-2\* LCP Display

Define the display	in the Graphical	Logic Control Panel.
--------------------	------------------	----------------------

0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small		
Optio	n:	Function:
		Select a variable for display in line 1, left position.
[0]	None	
[953]	Profibus Warning Word	
[1005]	Readout Transmit Error Counter	
[1006]	Readout Receive Error Counter	
[1007]	Readout Bus Off Counter	
[1013]	Warning Parameter	
[1501]	Running Hours	
[1502]	kWh Counter	
[1508]	Number of Starts	
[1509]	Number of Auto Resets	

0-20	Display Line 1.1 Small	
Optio	n:	Function:
[1600]	Control Word	
[1601]	Reference [Unit]	
[1602]	Reference %	
[1603]	Status Word	
[1605]	Main Actual Value [%]	
[1609]	Custom Readout	
[1610]	Power [kW]	
[1611]	Power [hp]	
[1612]	Motor Voltage	
[1613]	Frequency	
[1614]	Motor current	
[1615]	Frequency [%]	
[1616]	Torque [Nm]	
[1617]	Speed [RPM]	
[1618]	Motor Thermal	
[1619]	KTY sensor temperature	
[1620]	Motor Angle	
[1622]	Torque [%]	
[1630]	DC Link Voltage	
[1632]	Brake Energy /s	
[1633]	Brake Energy /2 min	
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.	
[1635]	Inverter Thermal	
[1636]	Inv. Nom. Current	
[1637]	Inv. Max. Current	
[1638]	SL Controller State	
[1639]	Control Card Temp.	
[1650]	External Reference	
[1651]	Pulse Reference	
[1652]	Feedback[Unit]	
[1653]	Digi Pot Reference	
[1654]	Feedback 1 [Unit]	
	Feedback 2 [Unit]	
[1660]	Digital Input	
[1661]	Terminal 53 Switch Setting	
[1662]	Analog Input 53	
[1663]	Terminal 54 Switch Setting	
[1664]	Analog Input 54	
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]	
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]	
[1667]	Freq. Input #29 [Hz]	
[1668]	Freq. Input #33 [Hz]	
[1669]	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	
[1670]	Pulse Output #29 [Hz] Relay Output [bin]	
[1671] [1672]	Counter A	
[1672]	Counter A	
[1675]	Fieldbus CTW 1	
[1682]	Fieldbus REF 1	
[1684]	Comm. Option STW	
[1685]	FC Port CTW 1	
[1686]	FC Port REF 1	
[1000]		

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0-20	Display Line 1.1 Small	
Optio	n:	Function:
[1690]	Alarm Word	
[1691]	Alarm Word 2	
[1692]	Warning Word	
[1693]	Warning Word 2	
[1694]	Ext. Status Word	
[2580]	Cascade Status	
[2581]	] Compressor Status	
[2587]	Inverse Interlock	
[2827]	Discharge Temperature	
[9913]	Idle time	
[9914]	Paramdb requests in queue	
[9917]	tCon1 time	
[9918]	tCon2 time	
[9919]	Time Optimize Measure	
0-25	My Personal Menu	

0-25 My Personal Menu		
Range:	-	Function:
Size	[0 -	Define up to 20 parameters to include in
related*	9999 ]	the Q1 Personal Menu, accessible via the
		[Quick Menu] key on the LCP. The
		parameters will be displayed in the Q1
		Personal Menu in the order they are
		programmed into this array parameter.
		Delete parameters by setting the value
		to « 0000 ».

### 0-21 Display Line 1.2 Small

Option:		Function:
		Options are the same as in
		0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small
[1614] *	Motor Current [A]	

0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small

Option:		Function:
		Options are the same as in 0-20 Display
		Line 1.1 Small.
[1610] *	Power [kW]	

### 0-23 Display Line 2 Large

Option:	Function:
---------	-----------

		Options are the same as in 0-20 Display
		Line 1.1 Small.
[1613] *	Frequency [Hz]	

### 0-24 Display Line 3 Large

Option:		Function:
		Options are the same as in
		0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small.
[1662] *	Analog Input 53	

0-30	Unit fo	r User-defined Readout
Option:		Function:
		It is possible to program a value to be shown in the display of the LCP. The value will have a linear, squared or cubed relation to speed. This relation will depend on the unit selected (see ). The actual calculated value can be read in 16-09 Custom Readout, and/or shown in the display be selecting [16-09] Custom Readout in 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small to 0-24 Display Line 3 Large.
[0]	None	
[1]	%	
[5]	PPM	
[10]	1/min	
[11]	rpm	
[12]	Pulse/s	
[20]	l/s	
[21]	l/min	
[22]	l/h	
[23]	m³/s	
[24]	m³/min	
[25]	m³/h	
[30]	kg/s	
[31]	kg/min	
[32]	kg/h	
[33]	t/min	
[34]	t/h	
[40]	m/s	
[41]	m/min	
[45]	m	
[60]	°C	
[70]	mbar	
[71]	bar	
[72]	Pa	
[73]	kPa	
[74]	m WG	
[80]	kW	
[120]	GPM	
[121]	gal/s	
[122]	gal/min	
[123]	gal/h	
[124]	CFM	
[125]	ft³/s	
[126]	ft³/min	
[127]	ft³/h	
[130]	lb/s	
[131]	lb/min	
[132]	lb/h	
[140]	ft/s	
[141]	ft/min	
[145]	ft	
[160]	°F	
[170]	psi	

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0-30 Unit for User-defined Readout			
Option:		Function:	
[171]	lb/in²		
[172]	in WG		
[173]	ft WG		
[180]	HP		
0-31 Min Value of User-defined Readout			

Range:		Function:
0 CustomRea-	[-999999.99 -	This parameter sets the
doutUnit*	par. 0-32	min. value of the custom
	CustomRea-	defined readout (occurs at
	doutUnit]	zero speed). Only possible
		to set different from 0 is
		when selecting a linear unit
		in 0-30 Unit for User-defined
		Readout. For Quadratic and
		Cubic units the minimum
		value will be 0.

### 0-32 Custom Readout Max Value

Range:		Function:
100 CustomRea-	[par. 0-31 -	This parameter sets the max
doutUnit*	999999.99	value to be shown when
	CustomRea-	the speed of the motor has
	doutUnit]	reached the set value for
		4-13 Motor Speed High Limit
		[RPM] or 4-14 Motor Speed
		High Limit [Hz] (depends on
		setting in 0-02 Motor Speed
		Unit).

# 6.2.3 0-4\* LCP Keypad

Enable and disable individual keys on the LCP keypad.

0-40	0-40 [Hand on] Key on LCP			
Option: Function:				
		If 0-40 [Hand on] Key on LCP is included in the		
		Quick Menu, then define the password in		
		0-65 Quick Menu Password.		
[0]	Disabled	Prevents accidental start of the frequency		
		converter in Hand mode.		
[1] *	Enabled	Prevents unauthorised start in Hand mode.		
0-41 [Off] Key on LCP				
Opt	Option: Function:			
	Options are the same as in 0-40 [Hand on] Key on LCP.			

0-42 [Auto on] Key on LCP

#### **Option:** Function:

Options are the same as in 0-40 [Hand on] Key on LCP.

### 0-43 [Reset] Key on LCP

### Option: Function:

Options are the same as in 0-40 [Hand on] Key on LCP.

## 6.2.4 0-5\* Copy/Save

Copy parameter settings between set-ups and to/from the LCP.

0-50 LCP Copy				
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	No сору			
[1]	All to LCP	Copies all parameters in all set-ups from		
		the frequency converter memory to the		
		LCP memory.		
[2]	All from LCP	Copies all parameters in all set-ups from		
		the LCP memory to the frequency		
		converter memory.		
[3]	Size indep. from	Copies only the parameters that are		
	LCP	independent of the motor size.		

#### 0-51 Set-up Copy

Option:		Function:
[0]	No сору	
[1]	Copy to set-up 1	Copies all parameters in the present edit
		set-up (defined in par. 0-11 Edit Set-up) to
		Set-up 1. Likewise, select the option
		corresponding to the other set-up(s).
[2]	Copy to set-up 2	
[3]	Copy to set-up 3	
[4]	Copy to set-up 4	
[9]	Copy to all	Copies the parameters in the present set-
		up over to each of the set-ups 1 to 4.

### 6.2.5 0-6\* Password

Define password access to menus.

0-60	Main	Menu	Password

### **Option:** Function:

	Define the password for access to the Main Menu via
	the [Main Menu] key. If 0-61 Access to Main Menu w/o
	Password is set to [0] Full access, this parameter will be
	ignored.

### 0-61 Access to Main Menu w/o Password

Option:		Function:
		NOTE If [0] Full access is selected, 0-60 Main Menu Password, 0-65 Quick Menu Password and 0-66 Access to Quick Menu w/o Password are ignored.
[0] *	Full access	Disables the password defined in 0-60 Main Menu Password.
[1]	Read only	Prevents unauthorised editing of Main Menu parameters.
[2]	No access	Prevents unauthorised viewing and editing of Main Menu parameters.



### 0-65 Quick Menu Password

### **Option: Function:**

Define the password for access to the Quick Menu via the [Quick Menu] key. If 0-66 Access to Quick Menu w/o Password is set to [0] Full access, this parameter will be ignored.

0-66 Access to Quick Menu w/o Password

Option:		Function:
		NOTE If 0-61 Access to Main Menu w/o Password is set to [0] Full access, this parameter will be ignored.
[0] *	Full access	Disables the password defined in 0-65 Quick Menu Password.
[1]	Read only	Prevents unauthorised editing of Quick Menu parameters.
[2]	No access	Prevents unauthorised viewing and editing of Quick Menu parameters.

## 6.3 Parameters: 1-\*\* Load and Motor

## 6.3.1 1-0\* General Settings

Define whether the frequency converter operates in speed mode or torque mode; and whether the internal PID control should be active or not. All parameters from 1-01 Motor Control Principle (included) to 1-81 Min Speed for Function at Stop [RPM] (included) are read only. Only 1-13 Compressor Selection remains accessible for compressor selection.

1-00 Configuration Mode

Opt	ion:	Function:
		NOTE
		This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.
		Select the application control principle to be
		used when a Remote Reference (via analog
		input) is active. A Remote Reference can only
		be active when 3-13 Reference Site is set to [0]
		or [1].
[0] *	Speed	Enables speed control (without feedback signal
	open loop	from motor) to the input signal over the
		compressor speed range.
[3]	Process	Enables the use of process control in the
		frequency converter. The process control
		parameters are set in parameter groups 7-2*
		Process PID Feedback and 7-3* Process PID
		Control.

#### 1-13 Compressor Selection

Range:		Function:
		The default setting of most of the parameters
		in the frequency converter (e.g. motor data,
		limits, ramps etc.) depends upon the
		compressor and system refrigerant selected for
		the frequency converter.
		The frequency converter selects the default
		compressor based upon the power size and
		voltage range for the frequency converter.
		Under normal circumstances this should not
		be changed. During test/repair situations a
		different compressor can be selected – or if
		the system is not using the default refrigerant.
		NOTE
		If the compressor selection is changed,
		then all dependent parameters reset to
		default and any user settings will be lost.
Size	[]	Select the compressor/refrigerant combination
dependent.		for the system.

### 6.4 Parameters: 3 -\*\* Reference/Ramps

## 6.4.1 3-0\* Reference Limits

Parameters for reference handling, definition of limitations, and configuration of the reaction of the frequency converter to changes.

3-00 Reference Range			
Opt	ion:		Function:
			Select the range of the reference signal and
			the feedback signal. Signal values can be
			positive only, or positive and negative. The
			minimum limit may have a negative value,
			unless [1] Speed closed loop control is selected
			in 1-00 Configuration Mode.
[0] *	Min N	Лах	For positive values only
[1]	-Max -		For both positive and negative values
	+Max		
2.01	Defer		//
3-01 Reference/Feedback Unit			
Opt	ion:	Fur	nction:
		Sele	ct the unit to be used in Process PID Control

		Select the unit to be used in Process PID Control
		references and feedbacks.
[0]	None	
[71] *	bar	
[60]	°C	
[160]	°F	
[170]	psi	



### 3-02 Minimum Reference

### Option: Function:

Enter the minimum reference. The minimum reference is the lowest value obtainable by summing all references. Minimum reference is active only when *3-00 Reference Range* is set to [0] Min.- Max..

#### The minimum reference unit matches:

- The choice of configuration in 1-00 Configuration Mode: for [1] Speed closed loop.
- The unit selected in 3-01 Reference/Feedback Unit.

#### 3-03 Maximum Reference

#### Option: Function:

Enter the maximum reference.

#### 3-10 Preset Reference

#### Array [8]

0.00%*	[-100.00	Must remain 0 for Open Loop Control.
	- 100.00	The preset reference is stated as a percentage
	%]	of the value Ref <sub>MAX</sub> (3-03 Maximum Reference)
		or as a percentage of the other external
		references. If a Ref <sub>MIN</sub> 0 (3-02 Minimum
		Reference) is programmed, the preset
		reference is calculated as a percentage of the
		full reference range, i.e. on the basis of the
		difference between RefMAX and RefMIN.
		Afterwards, the value is added to Ref <sub>MIN</sub> .
		When using preset references, select [16]
		Preset ref. bit 0, [17] Preset ref. bit 1 or [18]
		Preset ref. bit 2 for the corresponding digital
		inputs in parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs.

### 3-12 Catch up/slow Down Value

Range:		Function:	
0 %*	[0 -	Enter a percentage (relative) value to be either	
	100 %]	added to or deducted from the actual reference	
		for Catch up or Slow down respectively. If Catch	
		up is selected via one of the digital inputs	
		(5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input to 5-15 Terminal 33	
		Digital Input), the percentage (relative) value is	
		added to the total reference. If <i>Slow down</i> is	
		selected via one of the digital inputs	
		(5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input to 5-15 Terminal 33	
		Digital Input), the percentage (relative) value is	
		deducted from the total reference. Obtain	
		extended functionality with the DigiPot function.	
		See parameter group 3-9* Digital Potentiometer.	

### 3-13 Reference Site

Option:	Function:
	Select which reference site to activate.

### 3-13 Reference Site

Op	otion:	Function:
[0]	Linked to	Use the local reference when in Hand mode;
	Hand / Auto	or the remote reference when in Auto mode
[1]	Remote	Use the remote reference in both Hand
		mode and Auto mode
[2]	Local	Use the local reference in both Hand mode
		and Auto mode

#### 3-14 Preset Relative Reference

Range	:	Function:
0.00%*	[-100.00 -	Define a fixed value (in %) to be added to
	100.00 %]	the variable value (defined in 3-18 Relative
		Scaling Reference Source). The sum of the
		fixed and variable values is multiplied with
		the actual reference. This product is then
		added to the actual reference (X+X*Y/100)
		to give the resultant actual reference.

### 3-15 Reference Resource 1

Opt	ion:	Function:
		NOTE
		This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.
		Select the reference input to be used for the first reference signal. 3-15 Reference Resource 1, 3-16 Reference Resource 2 and 3-17 Reference Resource 3 define up to three different reference signals. The sum of these reference signals defines the actual reference.
[0]	No function	
[1] *	Analog input 53	
[2]	Analog input 54	
[7]	Frequency input 29	
[8]	Frequency input 33	
[11]	Local bus reference	
[20]	Digital pot.meter	

### 3-16 Reference Resource 2

Opt	ion:	Function:
		NOTE
		This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.
		Select the reference input to be used for the
		second reference signal. Parameters
		3-15 Reference Resource 1, 3-16 Reference
		Resource 2 and 3-17 Reference Resource 3
		define up to three different reference signals.
		The sum of these reference signals defines the
		actual reference.
		Same options as 3-15 Reference Resource 1.
[0] *	No	
	function	

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3-17 Reference Resource 3	
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Opt	ion:	Function:
		<b>NOTE</b> This parameter cannot be adjusted while
		the motor is running.
		Select the reference input to be used for the
		third reference signal. 3-15 Reference Resource
		1, 3-16 Reference Resource 2 and 3-17 Reference
		Resource 3 define up to three different
		reference signals. The sum of these reference
		signals defines the actual reference.
		Same options as 3-15 Reference Resource 1.
[0] *	No	
	function	

### 3-18 Relative Scaling Reference Resource

Option:		Function:
		Select a variable value to be added to the
		fixed value (defined in 3-14 Preset Relative
		Reference). The sum of the fixed and variable
		values is multiplied with the actual reference.
		This product is then added to the actual
		reference (X+X*Y/100) to give the resultant
		actual reference
		Same options as 3-15 Reference Resource 1.
[0] *	No function	

### 3-19 Jog Speed [RPM]

Range:	_	Function:		
Size	[0 - par.	Enter a value for the jog speed nJOG,		
related*	4-13 RPM]	which is a fixed output speed. The		
		frequency converter runs at this speed		
		when the jog function is activated. The		
		maximum limit is defined in 4-13 Motor		
		Speed High Limit [RPM].		
		See also 3-80 Jog Ramp Time.		

### 3-40 Ramp 1 Type

Option:		Function:
		Select the ramp type, depending on requirements
		for acceleration/deceleration. A linear ramp will give
		constant acceleration during ramping.
[0] *	Linear	

3-41 Ramp Up Time Running (sec)	3-41	Ramp	Up	Time	Running	(sec)
---------------------------------	------	------	----	------	---------	-------

Range:		Function:
5 s min.*	[Comp dependent]	Enter the ramp-up time, i.e. the
		acceleration time to reach the
		system required motor speed.
3-42 Ra	mp Down Time Rur	nning (sec)
Range:		Function:
5 s min.*	[Comp dependent]	Enter the ramp-down time, i.e.
		the deceleration time to reach
		compressor minimum motor
		speed.

## 3-50 Ramp 2 Type

Op	otion:	Function:
		Select the ramp type, depending on requirements for acceleration/deceleration. A linear ramp will give constant acceleration during ramping. An S-ramp will give non-linear acceleration, compensating for jerk in the application.
[0]	Linear	
[1]	S-ramp Const Jerk	Acceleration with lowest possible jerk
[2]	S-ramp Const Time	S-ramp based on the values set in 3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time and 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time

# NOTE

If [1] S-ramp Const Jerk is selected and the reference during ramping is changed the ramp time may be prolonged in order to realize a jerk free movement which may result in a longer start or stop time.

Additional adjustment of the S-ramp ratios or switching initiators may be necessary.

## 3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time

Range:		Function:
Size	[ 0.01	Enter the ramp-up time, i.e. the acceleration
related*	- 3600	time from 0 RPM to the rated motor speed
	s]	ns. Choose a ramp-up time such that the
		output current does not exceed the current
		limit in 4-18 Current Limit during ramping.
		The value 0.00 corresponds to 0.01 s in
		speed mode. See ramp-down time in
		3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time.
		$Par. 3 - 51 = \frac{t_{acc}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$

### 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time

Range:		Function:
Size	[ 0.01	Enter the ramp-down time, i.e. the
related*	- 3600	deceleration time from the rated motor speed
	s]	ns to 0 RPM. Choose a ramp-down time such
		that no over-voltage arises in the inverter due
		to regenerative operation of the motor, and
		such that the generated current does not
		exceed the current limit set in 4-18 Current
		Limit. The value 0.00 corresponds to 0.01 s in
		speed mode. See ramp-up time in 3-51 Ramp
		2 Ramp Up Time.
		$Par. 3 - 52 = \frac{t_{dec}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$

### 3-60 Ramp 3 Type

Option:		Function:	
		Select the ramp type, depending on	
		requirements for acceleration and deceleration.	



3-0	3-60 Ramp 3 Type				
Op	otion:	Function:			
		A linear ramp will give constant acceleration during ramping. An S-ramp will give non-linear acceleration, compensating for jerk in the application.			
[0]	Linear				
[1]	S-ramp	Accelerates with lowest possible jerk.			
	Const Jerk				
[2]	S-ramp	S-ramp based on the values set in 3-61 Ramp 3			
	Const Time	Ramp up Time and 3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down			
		Time			

# NOTE

If [1] S-ramp Const Jerk is selected and the reference during ramping is changed the ramp time may be prolonged in order to realize a jerk free movement which may result in a longer start or stop time.

Additional adjustment of the S-ramp ratios or switching initiators may be necessary.

3-61 Ramp 3 Ramp up Time			
Range:	-	Function:	
Size	[ 0.01 -	Enter the ramp-up time, i.e. the	
related*	3600 s]	acceleration time from 0 RPM to the	
		rated motor speed ns. Choose a ramp-up	
		time such that the output current does	
		not exceed the current limit in	
		4-18 Current Limit during ramping. The	
		value 0.00 corresponds to 0.01 s in	
		speed mode. See ramp-down time in	
		3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down Time.	

### 3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down Time

Range:		Function:
Size	[ 0.01	Enter the ramp-down time, i.e. the
related*	- 3600	deceleration time from the rated motor speed
	s]	ns to 0 RPM. Choose a ramp-down time such
		that no over-voltage arises in the inverter due
		to regenerative operation of the motor, and
		such that the generated current does not
		exceed the current limit set in 4-18 Current
		Limit. The value 0.00 corresponds to 0.01 s in
		speed mode. See ramp-up time in 3-61 Ramp
		3 Ramp up Time.
		$Par. 3 - 62 = \frac{t_{dec}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$

### 3-70 Ramp 4 Type

Op	otion:	Function:
		Select the ramp type, depending on
		requirements for acceleration and deceleration.
		A linear ramp will give constant acceleration
		during ramping. An S-ramp will give non-linear

### 3-70 Ramp 4 Type

Op	otion:	Function:	
		acceleration, compensating for jerk in the application	
[0]	Linear		
[1]	S-ramp	Accelerates with lowest possible jerk.	
	Const Jerk		
[2]	S-ramp	S-ramp based on the values set in 3-71 Ramp 4	
	Const Time	Ramp up Time and 3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down	
		Time.	

# NOTE

If [1] S-ramp Const Jerk is selected and the reference during ramping is changed the ramp time may be prolonged in order to realize a jerk free movement which may result in a longer start or stop time.

Additional adjustment of the S-ramp ratios or switching initiators may be necessary.

3-71 Ramp 4 Ramp up Time		
Range:		Function:
Size	[ 0.01	Enter the ramp-up time, i.e. the acceleration
related*	- 3600	time from 0 RPM to the rated motor speed
	s]	ns. Choose a ramp-up time such that the
		output current does not exceed the current
		limit in 4-18 Current Limit during ramping.
		The value 0.00 corresponds to 0.01 s in
		speed mode. See ramp-down time in
		3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time.
		$Par. 3 - 71 = \frac{t_{acc}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$

#### 3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time

Range:		Function:
Size	[ 0.01	Enter the ramp-down time, i.e. the
related*	- 3600	deceleration time from the rated motor speed
	s]	ns to 0 RPM. Choose a ramp-down time such
		that no over-voltage arises in the inverter due
		to regenerative operation of the motor, and
		such that the generated current does not
		exceed the current limit set in 4-18 Current
		Limit. The value 0.00 corresponds to 0.01 s in
		speed mode. See ramp-up time in 3-71 Ramp
		4 Ramp up Time.
		$Par. 3 - 72 = \frac{t_{dec}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{rof[RPM]}$

#### 3-80 Jog Ramp Time

Range:		Function:
Size	[0.01 -	Enter the jog ramp time, i.e. the
related*	3600 s]	acceleration/deceleration time between 0
		RPM and the rated motor frequency $n_s$ .
		Ensure that the resultant output current
		required for the given jog ramp time does
		not exceed the current limit in 4-18 Current

ref RPM

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3-80 Jog Ramp Time		
Range:		Function:
		Limit. The jog ramp time starts upon
		activation of a jog signal via the LCP, a
		selected digital input, or the serial
		communication port. When jog state is
		disabled then the normal ramping times are
		valid.

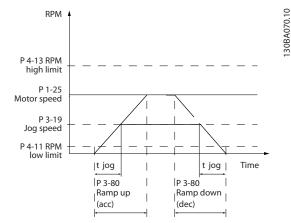


Illustration 6.4 Jog Ramp Time

<i>Par</i> . 3 – 80 =	_	t <sub>jog</sub> [s] x n <sub>s</sub> [RPM]
	-	$\Delta$ jog speed (par. 3 - 19) [RPM]

3-81 Quick Stop Ramp Time		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0.01 - 3600 s]	Enter the quick-stop ramp-down time, i.e. the deceleration time from the synchronous motor speed to 0 RPM. Ensure that no resultant over-voltage will arise in the inverter due to regenerative operation of the motor required to achieve the given ramp-down time. Ensure also that the generated current required to achieve the given ramp-down time does not exceed the current limit (set in <i>4-18 Current Limit</i> ). Quick-stop is activated by means of a signal on a selected digital input, or via the serial communication port.

RPM

Illustration 6.5 Quick Stop Ramp Time

## 6.5 Parameters: 4-\*\* Limits/Warnings

### 6.5.1 4-1\* Motor Limits

Define torque, current and speed limits for the motor, and the reaction of the frequency converter when the limits are exceeded.

A limit may generate a message on the display. A warning will always generate a message on the display or on the fieldbus. A monitoring function may initiate a warning or a trip, upon which the frequency converter will stop and generate an alarm message.

4-20 Torque Limit Factor Source			
Opt	tion:	Function:	
		Select an analog input for scaling the settings in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode and 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode from 0% to 100% (or inverse). The signal levels corresponding to 0% and 100% are defined in the analog input scaling, e.g. parameter group 6-1* Analog Input 1. This parameter is only active when 1-00 Configuration Mode is in Speed Open Loop or Speed Closed Loop.	
[0]	No function		
[2]	Analog in 53		
[4]	Analog in 53 inv		
[6]	Analog in 54		
[8]	Analog in 54 inv		
[10]	Analog in X30-11		
[12]	Analog in X30-11 inv		
[14]	Analog in X30-12		
[16]	Analog in X30-12 inv		

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4-21 Speed Limit Factor SourceOption **Option:** Function: Select an analog input for scaling the settings in 4-19 Max Output Frequency from 0% to 100% (or vice versa). The signal levels corresponding to 0% and 100% are defined in the analog input scaling, e.g. parameter group 6-1\* Analog Input 1. This parameter is only active when 1-00 Configuration Mode is in Torque Mode. No function [0] \* [2] Analog input 53 Analog input 53 inv [4]

6.5.2	4-5* Adjustable Warnings	

Use these parameters to adjust warning limits for current, speed, reference and feedback.

4-50	4-50 Warning Current Low		
Ran	ge:	Function:	
0 A*	[0 - par. 4-51 A]	Enter the ILOW value. When the motor current	
	4-51 A]	falls below this limit, the display reads Current	
		Low. The signal outputs can be programmed	
		to produce a status signal on terminal 27 or	
		29 and on relay output 01 or 02. Refer to .	

4-51 Warning Current High			
Range:	Function:		
Size	[ par. 4-50	Enter the $I_{HIGH}$ value. When the motor	
related*	- par. 16-37	current exceeds this limit, the display	
	A]	reads Current High. The signal outputs	
		can be programmed to produce a	
		status signal on terminal 27 or 29 and	
		on relay output 01 or 02.	

# 4-52 Warning Speed Low

Range:	Function:	
Size	[0 - par.	Enter the $n_{LOW}$ value. When the motor
related*	4-53 RPM]	speed exceeds this limit, the display
		reads Speed Low. The signal outputs
		can be programmed to produce a
		status signal on terminal 27 or 29 and
		on relay output 01 or 02.

4-53 Warning Speed High			
Function:			
[ par.	Enter the $n_{HIGH}$ value. When the motor		
4-52 -	speed exceeds this limit, the display		
60000	reads Speed High. The signal outputs can		
RPM]	be programmed to produce a status		
	signal on terminal 27 or 29 and on relay		
	output 01 or 02. Programme the upper		
	signal limit of the motor speed, n <sub>HIGH</sub> ,		
	within the normal working range of the		
	frequency converter.		
	[ par. 4-52 - 60000		

#### 4-54 Warning Reference Low

Range:		Function:	
-999999.999 *	[-9999999.999 -	Enter the lower reference limit.	
	par. 4-55 ]	When the actual reference falls	
		below this limit, the display	
		indicates <i>Ref<sub>LOW</sub></i> . The signal	
		outputs can be programmed to	
		produce a status signal on	
		terminal 27 or 29 and on relay	
		output 01 or 02.	

### 4-55 Warning Reference High

Range:		Function:	
999999,999 *	[ par. 4-54 - 9999999.999 ]	Enter the upper reference limit. When the actual reference exceeds this limit, the display reads Ref High. The signal outputs can be programmed to produce a status signal on terminal 27 or 29 and on relay output 01 or 02.	

### 4-56 Warning Feedback Low

Range:		Function:
-999999.999	[-999999.999 -	Enter the lower
ReferenceFeed-	par. 4-57	feedback limit. When the
backUnit*	ReferenceFeed-	feedback falls below this
	backUnit]	limit, the display reads
		Feedb Low. The signal
		outputs can be
		programmed to produce
		a status signal on
		terminal 27 or 29 and
		on relay output 01 or
		02.

### 4-57 Warning Feedback High

Range:		Function:
999999.999	[ par. 4-56 -	Enter the upper
ReferenceFeed-	999999.999	feedback limit. When
backUnit*	ReferenceFeed-	the feedback exceeds
	backUnit]	this limit, the display

[6]

[8]

[10]

[12]

[14]

inv

inv

Analog input 54

Analog input 54 inv

Analog input X30-11 Analog input X30-11

Analog input X30-12 [16] Analog input X30-12

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#### Parameter Descriptions

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4-57 Warning Feedback High		
Range:	Function:	
	reads Feedb High. The signal outputs can be programmed to produce a status signal on terminal 27 or 29 and on relay output 01 or 02.	

## 4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function

Displays alarm 30, 31 or 32 in the event of a missing motor phase. It is strongly recommended to enable to avoid motor damage.

### **Option: Function:**

		NOTE This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.
[0]	Off	No alarm is displayed if a missing motor phase occurs.
[1]	On	

## 6.5.3 4-6\* Speed Bypass

Some systems call for avoiding certain output frequencies or speeds, due to resonance problems in the system. A maximum of four frequency or speed ranges can be avoided.

4-60 Bypass Speed From [RPM]			
Array [4]			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0 - par. 4-13 RPM]	Some systems call for avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance problems in the system. Enter the lower limits of the speeds to be avoided.	

### 4-61 Bypass Speed From [Hz] Array [4]

Range:	Function:	
Size related*	[0 - par.	Some systems call for avoiding
	4-14 Hz]	certain output speeds due to
		resonance problems in the system.
		Enter the lower limits of the speeds
		to be avoided.

### 4-62 Bypass Speed To [RPM]

Array [4]		
Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0 - par. 4-13 RPM]	Some systems call for avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance problems in the system.

4-62 Bypas	4-62 Bypass Speed To [RPM]		
Array [4]			
Range:	Function:		
		Enter the upper limits of the	
		speeds to be avoided.	
4.62 Dame		-1	
4-63 Bypas	4-63 Bypass Speed To [Hz]		
Array [4]	Array [4]		
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[0 - par.	Some systems call for avoiding	
	4-14 Hz]	certain output speeds due to	
		resonance problems in the system.	
		Enter the upper limits of the	
		speeds to be avoided.	

# 6.6 Parameters: 5-\*\* Digital In/Out

# 6.6.1 5-\*\* Digital In/Out

Parameter group for configuring the digital input and output.

# 6.6.2 5-0\* Digital In/Out Mode

5-00 Digital In/Out Mode			
Option: Function:			
		Digital inputs and programmed digital outputs are	
		pre-programmable for operation either in PNP or NPN	
		systems.	
[0] *	PNP	Action on positive directional pulses.	
[1]	NPN		
5-01	5-01 Terminal 27 Mode		

Option: Function:

[0] * In	nput	Defines terminal 27 as a digital input.
[1] O	Dutput	Defines terminal 27 as a digital output.

## NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

5-02	Terminal 29 Mode	

Option	1	Function:
		Similar to Terminal 27

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# 6.6.3 5-1\* Digital Inputs

Parameters for configuring the input functions for the input terminals.

The digital inputs are used for selecting various functions in the frequency converter. All digital inputs can be set to the following functions:

Digital input function	Select	Terminal	
No operation	[0]	All *term 19, 29, 33	
Reset	[1]	All *term 32	
Coast inverse	[2]	All	
Coast and reset inverse	[3]	All	
Quick stop inverse	[4]	All	
DC-brake inverse	[5]	All	
Stop inverse	[6]	All *term 27	
Start	[8]	All *term 18	
Latched start	[9]	All	
Reversing	[10]	All	
Start reversing	[11]	All	
Enable start forward	[12]	All	
Enable start reverse	[13]	All	
Jog	[14]	All	
Preset reference on	[15]	All	
Preset ref bit 0	[16]	All	
Preset ref bit 1	[17]	All	
Preset ref bit 2	[18]	All	
Freeze reference	[19]	All	
Freeze output	[20]	All	
Speed up	[21]	All	
Speed down	[22]	All	
Set-up select bit 0	[23]	All	
Set-up select bit 1	[24]	All	
Catch up	[28]	All	
Slow down	[29]	All	
Pulse input	[32]	29, 33	
Ramp bit 0	[34]	All	
Ramp bit 1	[35]	All	
Mains failure inverse	[36]	All	
Day/night control	[39]	All	
DigiPot Increase	[55]	All	
DigiPot Decrease	[56]	All	
DigiPot Clear	[57]	All	
Counter A (up)	[60]	29, 33	
Counter A (down)	[61]	29, 33	
Reset Counter A	[62]	All	
Counter B (up)	[63]	29, 33	
Counter B (down)	[64]	29, 33	
Reset Counter B	[65]	All	
Lead pump start	[120]	All	
Lead pump alternation	[121]	All	
Comp. 1 Interlock	[130]	All	
Comp. 2 Interlock	[131]	All	
Comp. 3 Interlock	[132]	All	
Comp. 1 Inv. interlock	[139]	All	
Comp. 2 Inv. interlock	[140]	All	

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Digital input function	Select	Terminal
Comp. 3 Inv. interlock	[141]	All

Table 6.4 Overview of Digital Inputs

Functions dedicated to only one digital input are stated in the associated parameter.

All digital inputs can be programmed to these functions:

[0]	No operation	No reaction to signals transmitted to the terminal.
[1]	Reset	Resets frequency converter after a TRIP/ ALARM. Not all alarms can be reset.
[2]	Coast inverse	(Default Digital input 27): Coasting stop, inverted input (NC). The frequency converter leaves the motor in free mode. Logic '0' $\Rightarrow$ coasting stop.
[3]	Coast and reset inverse	Reset and coasting stop Inverted input (NC). Leaves motor in free mode and resets frequency converter. Logic '0' $\Rightarrow$ coasting stop and reset.
[4]	Quick stop inverse	Inverted input (NC). Generates a stop in accordance with quick-stop ramp time set in 3-81 Quick Stop Ramp Time. When motor stops, the shaft is in free mode. Logic '0' $\Rightarrow$ Quick-stop.
[5]	DC-brake inverse	Inverted input for DC braking (NC). Stops motor by energizing it with a DC current for a certain time period. See 2-01 DC Brake Current to 2-03 DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]. The function is only active when the value in 2-02 DC Braking Time is different from 0. Logic '0' $\Rightarrow$ DC braking.
[6]	Stop inverse	Stop Inverted function. Generates a stop function when the selected terminal goes from logical level '1' to '0'. The stop is performed according to the selected ramp time (3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time, 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time, 3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down Time, 3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time). <b>NOTE</b> When the frequency converter is at the torque limit and has received a stop command, it may not stop by itself. To ensure that the frequency converter stops, configure a digital output to [27] Torque limit & stop and connect this digital output to a digital input that is configured as coast.
[8]	Start	(Default Digital input 18): Select start for a start/stop command. Logic '1' = start, logic '0' = stop.
[9]	Latched start	The motor starts, if a pulse is applied for min. 2 ms. The motor stops when Stop inverse is activated.

[10]	Reversing	(Default Digital input 19). Change the
		direction of motor shaft rotation. Select Logic
		'1' to reverse. The reversing signal only
		changes the direction of rotation. It does not
		activate the start function. Select both
		directions in 4-10 Motor Speed Direction. The
		function is not active in process closed loop.
[11]	Start	Used for start/stop and for reversing on the
	reversing	same wire. Signals on start are not allowed at
		the same time.
[12]	Enable start	Rotates motor shaft clockwise at start.
	forward	
[13]	Enable start	Rotates motor shaft counterclockwise at start.
	reverse	
[14]	Jog	(Default Digital input 29): Use to activate jog
		speed. See 3-11 Jog Speed [Hz].
[15]	Preset	Shifts between external reference and preset
	reference on	reference. It is assumed that [1] External/preset
		has been selected in 3-04 Reference Function.
		Logic '0' = external reference active; logic '1'
		= one of the eight preset references is active.
[16]	Preset ref bit	Preset ref. bit 0,1, and 2 enables a choice
	0	between one of the eight preset references
		according to Table 6.5.
[17]	Preset ref bit	Same as Preset ref bit 0 [16].
	1	
[18]	Preset ref bit	Same as Preset ref bit 0 [16].
	2	

Preset ref. bit	2	1	0
Preset ref. 0	0	0	0
Preset ref. 1	0	0	1
Preset ref. 2	0	1	0
Preset ref. 3	0	1	1
Preset ref. 4	1	0	0
Preset ref. 5	1	0	1
Preset ref. 6	1	1	0
Preset ref. 7	1	1	1

Table 6.5 Reference Bits

[19]	Freeze	Freezes the actual reference, which is now the		
	ref	point of enable/condition for Speed up and Speed		
		down to be used. If Speed up/down is used, the		
		speed change always follows ramp 2 (3-51 Ramp 2		
		Ramp Up Time and 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time)		
		in the range 0 - 3-03 Maximum Reference.		
[20]	Freeze	Freezes the actual motor frequency (Hz), which is		
	output	now the point of enable/condition for Speed up		
		and Speed down to be used. If Speed up/down is		

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		used, the speed change always follows ramp 2 (3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time and 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time) in the range 0 to 1-23 Motor Frequency. <b>NOTE</b> When Freeze output is active, the frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for [2] Coasting inverse or [3] Coast and reset, inverse.
[21]	Speed up	Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potenti- ometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed up/ down is activated for less than 400 ms the resulting reference will be increased/ decreased by 0.1 %. If Speed up/ down is activated for more than 400 ms the resulting reference will follow the setting in ramping up/ down parameter 3-x1/ 3-x2.

	Shut down	Catch up
Unchanged speed	0	0
Reduced by %-value	1	0
Increased by %-value	0	1
Reduced by %-value	1	1

### Table 6.6 Digital Speed Control

[22]	Speed down	Same as Speed up [21].
[23]	Set-up select	Select Set-up select bit 0 or Select Set-up
	bit 0	select bit 1 to select one of the 4 set-ups.
		Set 0-10 Active Set-up to Multi Set-up.
[24]	Set-up select	(Default Digital input 32): Same as [23] Set-
	bit 1	up select bit 0.
[28]	Catch up	Increases or reduces reference value set in
		3-12 Catch up/slow Down Value.
[29]	Slow down	[28] Same as Catch up.
[30]	Counter input	Precise stop function in 1-83 Precise Stop
		Function acts as Counter stop or speed
		compensated counter stop with or without
		reset. The counter value must be set in
		1-84 Precise Stop Counter Value.
[32]	Pulse input	Use pulse sequence as either reference or
		feedback. Scaling is done in parameter
		group 5-5* Pulse Input.
[34]	Ramp bit 0	Enables a choice between one of the 4
		ramps available, according to Table 6.7.
[35]	Ramp bit 1	Same as [34] Ramp bit 0.

Preset ramp bit	1	0
Ramp 1	0	0
Ramp 2	0	1
Ramp 3	1	0
Ramp 4	1	1

Table 6.7 Ramp Bits

[36]	Mains failure inverse	Activates 14-10 Mains Failure. Mains failure inverse is active in the Logic .0.
		situation.
[39]	Day/Night	Reduce the max. frequency with the
	Control	setting in 28-74 Night Speed Drop [RPM].
[41]	Latched Precise	Sends a latched stop signal when the
	Stop inverse	precise stop function is activated in
		1-83 Precise Stop Function. The Latched
		Precise stop inverse function is available
		for terminals 18 or 19.
[55]	DigiPot Increase	INCREASE signal to the Digital Potenti-
		ometer function described in parameter
		group 3-9* Digital Potmeter.
[56]	DigiPot Decrease	DECREASE signal to the Digital Potenti-
		ometer function described in parameter
		group 3-9* Digital Potmeter
[57]	DigiPot Clear	Clears the Digital Potentiometer
		reference described in parameter group
[(0]	Counter A	3-9* Digital Potmeter (Terminal 29 or 33 only) Input for
[60]	Counter A	increment counting in the SLC counter.
[61]	Counter A	(Terminal 29 or 33 only) Input for
	Counter A	decrement counting in the SLC counter.
[62]	Reset Counter A	Input for reset of counter A.
[63]	Counter B	(Terminal 29 or 33 only) Input for
[03]		increment counting in the SLC counter.
[64]	Counter B	(Terminal 29 or 33 only) Input for
		decrement counting in the SLC counter.
[65]	Reset Counter B	Input for reset of counter B.
[70]	Mech. Brake	Brake feedback for hoisting applications
	Feedback	
[71]	Mech. Brake	Inverted brake feedback for hoisting
	Feedback inv.	applications
[80]	PTC Card 1	All Digital Inputs can be set to [80] PTC
		Card 1. However, only one Digital Input
		must be set to this choice.
[121]	Lead Pump	
	Alternation	
[130]	Compressor	Use with cascade controller. Logic 1 will
	Interlock	stop the fixed speed compressor and
		give a warning
[131]	Compressor	Use with cascade controller. Logic 1 will
	Interlock	stop the fixed speed compressor and
[100]	C	give a warning
[132]	Compressor	Use with cascade controller. Logic 1 will
	Interlock	stop the fixed speed compressor and give a warning
5-10	Terminal 18 Dig	ital Input

# Option: Function:

[8] *	Start	Functions are described under parameter group 5-1*
		Digital Inputs

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5-11	Terminal	19 Digi	tal Input
Opti	on:	Functi	ion:
[10] *	Reversing	Functio	ns are described under parameter group
		5-1* Dig	gital Inputs
5-12	Terminal	27 Digi	tal Input
Opti	ion:	Fun	ction:
[2] *	Coast invers	se Func	tions are described under parameter
		grou	p 5-1* Digital Inputs
5-13	Terminal	29 Digi	tal Input
Opti			Function:
			Select the function from the available
			digital input range and the additional
			options [60], [61], [63] and [64].
			Counters are used in Smart Logic
			Control functions.
[14] *	Jog		
[60]	Counter A	(up)	
[61]	Counter A	(down)	
[63]	Counter B	(up)	
[64]	Counter B	(down)	
5-14	Terminal	32 Digi	tal Input
Opti	on:	Fun	ction:

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select the function from the available digital
		input range.
[0] *	No operation	Functions are described under 5-1* Digital
		Inputs

### 5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select the function from the available digital
		input range and the additional options [60],
		[61], [63] and [64]. Counters are used in
		Smart Logic Control functions.
[0] *	No operation	Functions are described under 5-1* Digital
		Inputs
5-10	Torminal 27	7 Safa Stan

5-19	Terminal 37 Safe Stop	
Optio	n:	Function:
[1]	Safe Stop Alarm	
[3]	Safe Stop Warning	
[4]	PTC 1 Alarm	
[5]	PTC 1 Warning	
[6]	PTC 1 & Relay A	
[7]	PTC 1 & Relay W	
[8]	PTC 1 & Relay A/W	
[9]	PTC 1 & Relay W/A	

## 6.6.4 5-3\* Digital Outputs

Parameters for configuring the output functions for the output terminals. The 2 solid-state digital outputs are common for terminals 27 and 29. Set the I/O function for

terminal 27 in *5-01 Terminal 27 Mode*, and set the I/O function for terminal 29 in *5-02 Terminal 29 Mode*. Digital outputs appear if *5-01 Terminal 27 Mode* or *5-02 Terminal 29 Mode* are set to output.

# NOTE

These parameters cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

# NOTE

Only for activating 24 V DC devices – restricted use for relays.

		The digital outputs can be programmed
		with these functions:
[0]	No operation	Default for all digital outputs and relay outputs
[1]	Control ready	The control board receives supply voltage.
[2]	Drive ready	The frequency converter is ready for
		operation and applies a supply signal on
		the control board.
[3]	Drive ready /	The frequency converter is ready for
	remote	operation and is in Auto On mode.
	control	
[4]	Stand-by / no	The frequency converter is ready for
	warning	operation. No start or stop command is
		been given (start/disable). There are no
		warnings.
[5]	Running	The motor is running.
[6]	Running / no	The output speed is higher than the speed
	warning	set in 1-81 Min Speed for Function at Stop
		[RPM]. The motor is running and there are
r=1	2	no warnings.
[7]	Run on	The motor runs at reference speed.
	reference / no	
[8]	warning Run in range /	The motor runs in speed range.
[0]	no warning	The motor runs in speed range.
[9]	Alarm	An alarm activates the output. There are
[-]		no warnings.
[10]	Alarm or	An alarm or a warning activates the
	warning	output.
[11]	At torque	The torque limit set in 4-16 Torque Limit
	limit	Motor Mode or 1-17 Voltage filter time
		const. has been exceeded.
[12]	Out of current	The motor current is outside the range set
	range	in 4-18 Current Limit.
[13]	Below current,	The motor current is lower than set in
	low	4-50 Warning Current Low.
[14]	Above	The motor current is higher than set in
	current, high	4-51 Warning Current High.
[15]	Out of speed	The output speed is outside the range set
	range	in 4-52 Warning Speed Low and
		4-53 Warning Speed High.
[16]	Below speed,	The output speed is lower than the setting
	low	in 4-52 Warning Speed Low.

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[17]	Above speed,	The output speed is higher than the
	high	setting in 4-53 Warning Speed High.
[18]	Out of	The feedback is outside the range set in
	feedback	4-56 Warning Feedback Low and
	range	4-57 Warning Feedback High.
[19]	Below	The feedback is below the limit set in
	feedback low	4-56 Warning Feedback Low Warning
		Feedback Low.
[20]	Above	The feedback is above the limit set in
	feedback high	4-57 Warning Feedback High Warning
		Feedback High.
[21]	Thermal	The thermal warning turns on when the
	warning	temperature exceeds the limit in the
		motor, the frequency converter, the brake
		resistor, or the thermistor.
[25]	Reverse	Reversing. Logic '1' = relay activated, 24 V
[2]	Neverse	DC when CW rotation of the motor. Logic
		'0' = relay not activated, no signal, when
		CCW rotation of the motor.
[26]	Pur OK	
[26]	Bus OK	Active communication (no time-out) via
[27]	T	the serial communication port.
[27]	Torque limit	Use in performing a coasting stop and in
	and stop	torque limit condition. If the frequency
		converter has received a stop signal and is
		at the torque limit, the signal is Logic '0'.
[28]	Brake, no	The brake is active and there are no
	warning	warnings.
[29]	Brake ready,	The brake is ready for operation and there
	no fault	are no faults.
[30]	Brake fault	The output is Logic '1' when the brake
	(IGBT)	IGBT is short-circuited. Use this function to
		protect the frequency converter if there is
		a fault on the brake modules. Use the
		output/relay to cut out the main voltage
		output/relay to cut out the main voltage from the frequency converter.
[33]	Safe Stop	from the frequency converter.
[33]	Safe Stop Active	
	Active	from the frequency converter. Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 is active.
[33]	Active External	from the frequency converter. Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 is active. External Interlock function has been
[35]	Active External Interlock	from the frequency converter. Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 is active. External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs.
	Active External Interlock Out of ref	from the frequency converter. Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 is active. External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. Active when the actual speed is outside
[35]	Active External Interlock	from the frequency converter. Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 is active. External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. Active when the actual speed is outside the settings in 4-52 Warning Speed Low to
[35]	Active External Interlock Out of ref range	from the frequency converter. Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 is active. External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. Active when the actual speed is outside the settings in 4-52 Warning Speed Low to 4-55 Warning Reference High.
[35]	Active External Interlock Out of ref range Below	from the frequency converter. Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 is active. External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. Active when the actual speed is outside the settings in 4-52 Warning Speed Low to 4-55 Warning Reference High. Active when the actual speed is below the
[35] [40] [41]	Active External Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low	from the frequency converter. Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 is active. External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. Active when the actual speed is outside the settings in 4-52 Warning Speed Low to 4-55 Warning Reference High. Active when the actual speed is below the speed reference setting.
[35]	Active External Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above	from the frequency converter. Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 is active. External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. Active when the actual speed is outside the settings in 4-52 Warning Speed Low to 4-55 Warning Reference High. Active when the actual speed is below the speed reference setting. Active when the actual speed is above the
[35] [40] [41] [42]	Active External Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high	from the frequency converter. Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 is active. External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. Active when the actual speed is outside the settings in 4-52 Warning Speed Low to 4-55 Warning Reference High. Active when the actual speed is below the speed reference setting. Active when the actual speed is above the speed reference setting.
[35] [40] [41]	Active External Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above	from the frequency converter. Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 is active. External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. Active when the actual speed is outside the settings in 4-52 Warning Speed Low to 4-55 Warning Reference High. Active when the actual speed is below the speed reference setting. Active when the actual speed is above the speed reference setting. Control output via bus. The state of the
[35] [40] [41] [42]	Active External Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high	from the frequency converter. Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 is active. External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. Active when the actual speed is outside the settings in 4-52 Warning Speed Low to 4-55 Warning Reference High. Active when the actual speed is below the speed reference setting. Active when the actual speed is above the speed reference setting.
[35] [40] [41] [42]	Active External Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high	from the frequency converter. Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 is active. External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. Active when the actual speed is outside the settings in 4-52 Warning Speed Low to 4-55 Warning Reference High. Active when the actual speed is below the speed reference setting. Active when the actual speed is above the speed reference setting. Control output via bus. The state of the
[35] [40] [41] [42]	Active External Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high	from the frequency converter. Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 is active. External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. Active when the actual speed is outside the settings in 4-52 Warning Speed Low to 4-55 Warning Reference High. Active when the actual speed is below the speed reference setting. Active when the actual speed is above the speed reference setting. Control output via bus. The state of the output is set in 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus
[35] [40] [41] [42]	Active External Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high	from the frequency converter. Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 is active. External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. Active when the actual speed is outside the settings in 4-52 Warning Speed Low to 4-55 Warning Reference High. Active when the actual speed is below the speed reference setting. Active when the actual speed is above the speed reference setting. Control output via bus. The state of the output is set in 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control. The output state is retained in the
[35] [40] [41] [42] [45]	Active External Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl	from the frequency converter. Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 is active. External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. Active when the actual speed is outside the settings in 4-52 Warning Speed Low to 4-55 Warning Reference High. Active when the actual speed is below the speed reference setting. Active when the actual speed is above the speed reference setting. Control output via bus. The state of the output is set in 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control. The output state is retained in the event of bus time-out.
[35] [40] [41] [42] [45]	Active External Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl Bus Ctrl 1 if	from the frequency converter. Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 is active. External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. Active when the actual speed is outside the settings in 4-52 Warning Speed Low to 4-55 Warning Reference High. Active when the actual speed is below the speed reference setting. Active when the actual speed is above the speed reference setting. Control output via bus. The state of the output is set in 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control. The output state is retained in the event of bus time-out. Controls output via bus. The state of the
[35] [40] [41] [42] [45]	Active External Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl Bus Ctrl 1 if	from the frequency converter. Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 is active. External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. Active when the actual speed is outside the settings in 4-52 Warning Speed Low to 4-55 Warning Reference High. Active when the actual speed is below the speed reference setting. Active when the actual speed is above the speed reference setting. Control output via bus. The state of the output is set in 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control. The output state is retained in the event of bus time-out. Controls output via bus. The state of the output is set in 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control. In the event of bus time-out the
[35] [40] [41] [42] [45] [46]	Active External Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl Bus Ctrl 1 if timeout	from the frequency converter. Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 is active. External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. Active when the actual speed is outside the settings in 4-52 Warning Speed Low to 4-55 Warning Reference High. Active when the actual speed is below the speed reference setting. Active when the actual speed is above the speed reference setting. Control output via bus. The state of the output is set in 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control. The output state is retained in the event of bus time-out. Controls output via bus. The state of the output is set in 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control. In the event of bus time-out the output state is set low (On).
[35] [40] [41] [42] [45]	Active External Interlock Out of ref range Below reference low Above reference high Bus Ctrl Bus Ctrl 1 if	from the frequency converter. Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 3 is active. External Interlock function has been activated via one of the digital inputs. Active when the actual speed is outside the settings in 4-52 Warning Speed Low to 4-55 Warning Reference High. Active when the actual speed is below th speed reference setting. Active when the actual speed is above th speed reference setting. Control output via bus. The state of the output is set in 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control. The output state is retained in th event of bus time-out. Controls output via bus. The state of the output is set in 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control. In the event of bus time-out the

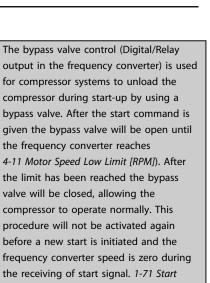
		<i>Control.</i> In the event of bus time-out the output state is set low (Off).
[55]	Pulse output	
[60]	Comparator 0	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators. If Comparator 0 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[61]	Comparator 1	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators. If Comparator 2 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[62]	Comparator 2	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators. If Comparator 2 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[63]	Comparator 3	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators. If Comparator 3 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[64]	Comparator 4	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators. If Comparator 4 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[65]	Comparator 5	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators. If Comparator 4 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[70]	Logic Rule 0	See parameter group 13-4* Logic Rules. If Logic Rule 0 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[71]	Logic Rule 1	See parameter group 13-4* Logic Rules If Logic Rule 1 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[72]	Logic Rule 2	See parameter group 13-4* Logic Rules. If Logic Rule 2 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[73]	Logic Rule 3	See parameter group 13-4* Logic Rules. If Logic Rule 3 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[74]	Logic Rule 4	See parameter group 13-4* Logic Rules. If Logic Rule 4 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[75]	Logic Rule 5	See parameter group 13-4* Logic Rules. If Logic Rule 5 is evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[80]	SL Digital Output A	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The input will go high whenever the Smart Logic Action [38] Set dig. out. A high is executed. The input will go low whenever the Smart Logic Action [32] Set dig. out. A low is executed.

[195]

Bypass Valve

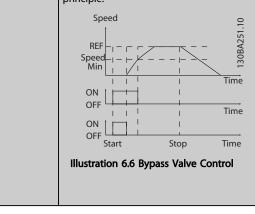
Control

[81]	SL Digital Output B	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The input will go high whenever the Smart Logic Action [39] Set dig. out. A high is executed. The input will go low whenever the Smart Logic Action [33] Set dig. out. A low is executed.
[82]	SL Digital Output C	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The input will go high whenever the Smart Logic Action [40] Set dig. out. A high is executed. The input will go low whenever the Smart Logic Action [34] Set dig. out. A low is executed.
[83]	SL Digital Output D	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The input will go high whenever the Smart Logic Action [41] Set dig. out. A high is executed. The input will go low whenever the Smart Logic Action [35] Set dig. out. A low is executed.
[84]	SL Digital Output E	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The input will go high whenever the Smart Logic Action [42] Set dig. out. A high is executed. The input will go low whenever the Smart Logic Action [36] Set dig. out. A low is executed.
[85]	SL Digital Output F	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The input will go high whenever the Smart Logic Action [43] Set dig. out. A high is executed. The input will go low whenever the Smart Logic Action [37] Set dig. out. A low is executed.
[122]	No alarm	The output is high when no alarm is present.
[123]	Start command active	The output is high when there is an active Start command (i.e. via digital input bus connection or [Hand on] or [Auto on], and no Stop or Start command is active.
[124]	Running reverse	The output is high when the frequency converter is running counter clockwise (the logical product of the status bits 'running' AND 'reverse').
[125]	Drive in hand mode	The output is high when the frequency converter is in Hand on mode (as indicated by the LED light above [Hand on].
[126]	Drive in auto mode	The output is high when the frequency converter is in Hand on mode (as indicated by the LED light above [Auto on].
[139]	Compressor Inv. Interlock	Use with cascade controller. Logic will stop the fixed speed compressor and give a warning.
[140]	Compressor Inv. Interlock	Use with cascade controller. Logic will stop the fixed speed compressor and give a warning.
[141]	Compressor Inv. Interlock	Use with cascade controller. Logic will stop the fixed speed compressor and give a warning.



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frequency converter speed is zero during the receiving of start signal. *1-71 Start Delay* can be used in order to delay the motor start. The bypass valve control principle:



The below setting options are all related to the Cascade Controller.

Wiring diagrams and settings for parameter, see parameter group 25-\*\* Cascade Pack Controller or more details.

6.6.5 5-4\* Relays (Dry Contacts)

# NOTE

Relays 7, 8, and 9 are only available if MCB 105 relay card is installed.

# NOTE

Relay 1 is dedicated to controlling the solenoid valve.

Parameters for configuring the timing and the output functions for the relays.

### 5-40 Function Relay

Array [8] (Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1], Relay 7 [6], Relay 8 [7], Relay 9 [8])

[0]	No Operation	
[1]	Control Ready	
[2]	Drive Ready	
[3]	Drive Ready/Remote	

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		_	
[4]	Stand-by/No Warning		
[5] *	Running	_	
[6]	Running/No Warning		
[8]	Run on Ref./No Warning		
[9]	Alarm		
[10]	Alarm or Warning		
[11]	At Torque Limit		
[12]	Out of Current Range		
[13]	Below Current, low		
[14]	Above Current, high		
[15]	Out of Speed Range		
[16]	Below Speed, low		
[17]	Above Speed, high		
[18]	Out of Feedb. Range		
[19]	Below Feedback, low		
[20]	Above Feedback, high		
[21]	Thermal Warning		
[22]	Ready, no thermal w		
[25]	Reverse		
[26]	Bus OK		
[27]	Torque Limit & Stop		
[28]	Brake, No Warning		
[29]	Brake Ready, No Fault		
[30]	Brake Fault (IGBT)		
[31]	Relay 123		
[32]	Mech brake ctrl		
[33]	Safe stop active		
[35]	External Interlock		
[36]	Control Word Bit 11		
[37]	Control Word Bit 12		
[40]	Out of Ref. Range		
[41]	Below Reference, low		
[42]	Above Ref. high		
[45]	Bus ctrl		
[46]	Bus ctrl, 1 if timeout		
[47]	Bus ctrl, 0 if timeout		
[60]	Comparator 0		
[61]	Comparator 1		
[62]	Comparator 2		
[63]	Comparator 3		
[64]	Comparator 4		
[65]	Comparator 5		
[70]			
[71]	Logic Rule 0		
[71]	Logic Rule 1		
[73]	Logic Rule 3		
[73]	Logic Rule 3		
[74]	Logic Rule 4		
[80]	Logic Rule 5		
	SL Digital Output A		
[81]	SL Digital Output B		
[82]	SL Digital Output C		
[83]	SL Digital Output D		
[84]	SL Digital Output E		
[85]	SL Digital Output F		

[120]	Local Ref. Active				
[121]	Remot	te Ref.	Active		
[122]	No Ala	arm			
[123]	Start C	Cmd. A	Active		
[124]	Runnii	ng Rev	/erse		
[125]	Drive	in Har	nd Mode		
[126]	Drive	in Aut	o Mode		
[195]	Bypas	s Valve	e Control		
[211]	Casca	de Cor	mpressor 1		
[212]	Casca	de Cor	mpressor 2		
[213]	Casca	de Cor	mpressor 3		
5-50 Term	. 29 L	ow Fr	equency		
Range:			Function:		
	- 1100	000		frequency limit	
Hz]		,00		to the low motor shaft	
				reference value) in	
			• •	Low Ref./Feedb. Value.	
				iagram in this section.	
5-51 Term	. 29 H	ligh F	requency		
Range:			Function:		
100 Hz*     [0 - 110000     Enter the high frequency limit					
Hz]					
			speed (i.e. high reference value) in		
			5-53 Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value.		
	_	-			
5-52 Term	. 29 L	ow Re	ef./Feedb. Val	ue	
Range:				Function:	
0 ReferenceF	eed-	[-99	9999.999 -	Enter the low reference	
backUnit*		9999	99.999	value limit for the motor	
		Refer	enceFeed-	shaft speed [RPM]. This	
		back	Unit]	is also the lowest	
				feedback value, see also	
				5-57 Term. 33 Low Ref./	
				Feedb. Value. Set	
				<i>Feedb. Value.</i> Set terminal 29 to digital	
				terminal 29 to digital	
				terminal 29 to digital input (5-02 Terminal 29	
				terminal 29 to digital input (5-02 Terminal 29 Mode = [0] input	
				terminal 29 to digital input ( <i>5-02 Terminal 29</i> <i>Mode</i> = [0] <i>input</i> (default) and	

### 5-53 Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value

Range:		Function:
Size	[-999999.999 -	Enter the high reference value
related*	999999.999	[RPM] for the motor shaft
	ReferenceFeed-	speed and the high feedback
	backUnit]	value, see also 5-58 Term. 33
		High Ref./Feedb. Value. Select
		terminal 29 as a digital input
		(5-02 Terminal 29 Mode = [0]
		input (default) and
		5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input =
		applicable value).

### Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303



5-54 F	Pulse	Filter 1	īme (	Consta	nt #29

Range:	Range: Function:	
100 ms*	[1 - 1000	Enter the pulse filter time constant. The
	ms]	pulse filter dampens oscillations of the
		feedback signal, which is an advantage if
		there is a lot of noise in the system. A
		high time constant value results in better
		dampening but also increases the time
		delay through the filter.

5-55 Term. 33 Low Frequency			
Range: Function:			
100 Hz*	[0 - 110000	Enter the low frequency	
	Hz]	corresponding to the low motor shaft	
		speed (i.e. low reference value) in	
		5-57 Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value.	

5-56 Term. 33 High Frequency			
Range: Function:			
100 Hz*	[0 - 110000	Enter the high frequency	
	Hz]	corresponding to the high motor shaft	
		speed (i.e. high reference value) in	
		5-58 Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value.	

5-5	5-57 Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range:		Function:		
0 *	[-999999.999 -	Enter the low reference value [RPM]		
	999999.999 ]	for the motor shaft speed. This is also		
		the low feedback value, see also		
		5-52 Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value.		

5-58 Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value			
Range:		Function:	
Size related*	[-999999.999 -	Enter the high reference	
	999999.999	value [RPM] for the motor	
	ReferenceFeedbackUnit]	shaft speed. See also	
		5-53 Term. 29 High Ref./	
		Feedb. Value.	

5-59 Pulse Filter Time Constant #33

Range:	Function:	
100 ms*	[1 - 1000	Enter the pulse filter time constant. The
	ms]	low-pass filter reduces the influence on
		and dampens oscillations on the feedback
		signal from the control.
		This is an advantage, e.g. if there is a
		great amount on noise in the system.

5-60	5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable		
Option:		Function:	
[0]	No operation	Select the desired display output for terminal 27.	
[45]	Bus ctrl.		
[48]	Bus ctrl., timeout		

5-60	5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable				
Opti	on:		F	unction:	
[51]	MCO c	ontrolled			
[100]	Output	frequency			
[101]	Referer	nce			
[102]	Feedba	ack			
[103]	Motor	Current			
[104]	Torque	rel to limit			
[105]	Torq re	elate to rated			
[106]	Power				
[107]	Speed				
[108]	Torque	1			
[109]	Max Out Freq				
[119]	Torque % lim				
= <0					
5-62 Pulse Output Max F			F	eq #27	
Rang	ge:			Function:	
Size related* [0 - 32000			Set the maximum frequency for		

e related*	[0 - 32000	Set the maximum frequency for
	Hz]	terminal 27, corresponding to the
		output variable selected in
		5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output
		Variable.

= <0		00 D			
5-63	Terminal	29 Pu	ilse Oi	utput v	variable

Opti	on:	Function:			
[0]	No operation	Select the desired display output for			
		terminal 29.			
[45]	Bus ctrl.				
[48]	Bus ctrl., timeout				
[51]	MCO controlled				
[100]	Output frequency				
[101]	Reference				
[102]	Feedback				
[103]	Motor Current				
[104]	Torque rel to limit				
[105]	Torq relate to rated				
[106]	Power				
[107]	Speed				
[108]	Torque				
[109]	Max Out Freq				

5-65 Pulse Output Max Freq #29

Set the maximum frequency for terminal 29 corresponding to the output variable set in 5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable.

Range:			Function:	
5000 Hz* [0		- 32000 Hz]		
5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control				
Rai	nge:		Function:	
0 *	[0 - 21474836	47]	This parameter holds the state of the	
			digital outputs ar	nd relays that is
			controlled by bus	
			A logical '1' indica	ates that the output is
			high or active.	

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5-90 Digit	5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control		
Range:	Function:		
	A logical '0' indicates that the output is low or inactive.		
Bit 0	Digital Output Terminal 27		
Bit 1	Digital Output Terminal 29		
Bit 2	Digital Output Terminal X 30/6		
Bit 3	Digital Output Terminal X 30/7		
Bit 4	Relay 1 output terminal		
Bit 5	Relay 2 output terminal		
Bit 6	Option B Relay 1 output terminal		
Bit 7	Option B Relay 2 output terminal		
Bit 8	Option B Relay 3 output terminal		
Bit 9-15	Reserved for future terminals		
Bit 16	Option C Relay 1 output terminal		
Bit 17	Option C Relay 2 output terminal		
Bit 18	Option C Relay 3 output terminal		
Bit 19	Option C Relay 4 output terminal		
Bit 20	Option C Relay 5 output terminal		
Bit 21	Option C Relay 6 output terminal		
Bit 22	Option C Relay 7 output terminal		
Bit 23	Option C Relay 8 output terminal		
Bit 24-31	Reserved for future terminals		

#### Table 6.8 Bus-controlled Digital Outputs and Relays

5-93	5-93 Pulse Out #27 Bus Control		
Range:		Function:	
0 %*	[0 - 100 %]	Set the output frequency transferred to the output terminal 27 when the terminal is configured as [45] Bus Controlled in 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable.	

#### 5-95 Pulse Out #29 Bus Control

Range:		Function:
0 %*	[0 - 100 %]	Set the output frequency transferred to the
		output terminal 29 when the terminal is
		configured as [45] Bus Controlled in
		5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable.

### 6.7 Parameters: 6-\*\* Analog In/Out

Parameter group for configuration of the analog input and output.

### 6.7.1 6-0\* Analog In/Out Mode

Parameter group for setting up the analog In/Out configuration.

The frequency converter is equipped with 2 analog inputs: Terminal 53 and 54. The analog inputs on the frequency converter can freely be allocated to either voltage (-10 V to +10 V) or current input (0/4 to 20 mA).

6-00	6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time				
Rang	je:	Function:			
Kang	[1 - 99 s]	Enter the Live Zero Time-out time period. Live Zero Time-out Time is active for analog inputs, i.e. terminal 53 or terminal 54, used as reference or feedback sources. If the reference signal value associated with the selected current input falls below 50% of the value set in 6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage, 6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current, 6-20 Terminal 54 Low Voltage or 6-22 Terminal 54 Low Current for a time period longer than the time set in 6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time, the function selected in 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function will be			
		activated.			

#### 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function

Option:		Function:
		Select the time-out function. The function set
		in 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function will be
		activated if the input signal on terminal 53 or
		54 is below 50% of the value in 6-10 Terminal
		53 Low Voltage, 6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current,
		6-20 Terminal 54 Low Voltage or 6-22 Terminal
		54 Low Current for a time period defined in
		6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time. If several time-
		outs occur simultaneously, the frequency
		converter prioritises the time-out functions as
		follows:
		1. 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function
		2. 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function
[1]	Freeze	Frozen at the present value
	Output	
[0] *	Off	
[1]	Freeze	Frozen at the present value
	output	
[2]	Stop	Overruled to stop
[3]	Jogging	Overruled to jog speed
[4]	Max. speed	Overruled to max. speed
[5]	Stop and trip	Overruled to stop with subsequent trip

### 6.7.2 6-1\* Analog Input 1

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog input 1 (terminal 53).

## NOTE

Analog input 53 is preset for usage with "open loop" control on 0-10 V. Terminal 54 is preset for "Process Loop" control using a pressure sensor AKS with a pressure range of -1 : 12 bar.

6 <u>-10 T</u>	e <u>rm</u>	inal 53 L	o <u>w V</u>	oltage	
Range:				Function:	
0.00V*		.0 - par.	c	This analog input scaling val correspond to the minimum value, set in 3-02 Minimum F	reference
6-11 T	erm	inal 53 H	ligh \	/oltage	
Range:			F	unction:	
10.00V*		10 to 10	- va	nis analog input scaling valu prrespond to the maximum alue, set in <i>3-03 Maximum R</i> Turrent	reference
Range:				Function:	
4.0mA*	[0.0 mA]	0 to par. 6	5-13	This reference signal should correspond to the minimum reference value, set in 3-02 <i>Reference</i> .	m
6-13 T	erm	inal 53 H	ligh (	Current	
Range:				Function:	
20.0mA*	[6-12 to 20 mA]		mA]	This reference signal shoul correspond to the maximu reference value, set in 3-02 <i>Reference</i> .	ım
6-14 T	erm	inal 53 L	ow R	ef./Feedb. Value	
Range:					Function
Size rela	ted*	that corr current s	espoi set in	halog input scaling value nds to the low voltage/low 6-10 Terminal 53 Low -12 Terminal 53 Low	
6-15 T	erm	inal 53 H	ligh I	Ref./Feedb. Value	
Range:		Fu	nctio	n:	
Size rela	ted*	corr feed	espor Iback	analog input scaling value nds to the maximum referer value set in 6-11 Terminal 5 nd 6-13 Terminal 53 High Cu	nce 53 High
6-16 T	erm	inal 53 F	ilter	Time Constant	
Range:				nction:	
0.001 s*	[0 s]	.001 - 10	This whi	DTE s parameter cannot be ac le the motor is running. er the time constant. This is er digital low pass filter time	a first-
			53. /	suppressing electrical noise i A high time constant value opening but also increases the stheory of the filter	improves

delay through the filter.

# 6.7.3 6-2\* Analog Input 2

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog input 2 (terminal 54).

# NOTE

Analog input 53 is preset for usage with "open loop" control on 0-10 V. Terminal 54 is preset for "Process Loop" control using a pressure sensor AKS with a pressure range of -1 : 12 bar.

6-20 T	erminal 5	4 Low Vo	bltage
Range:			Function:
1.00V*	[-10.0 - p 6-11]	s	This analog input scaling value should correspond to the minimum putput value of the pressure sensor
6-21 T	erminal 5	4 High V	oltage
Range:		Fur	nction:
5.00V*	[6-10 to 7	corr	analog input scaling value should espond to the maximum output e of the pressure sensor.
6-22 T	erminal 5	4 Low Cu	ırrent
Range:			Function:
4.0mA *	[0.0 to   mA]	par. 6-13	This reference signal should correspond to the minimum output value of the pressure sensor.
6-23 T	erminal 5	4 High C	urrent
Range:			Function:
20.0mA	* [6-12 t	o 20 mA]	This reference signal should correspond to the maximum output value of the pressure sensor.
6-24 T	erminal 5	4 Low Re	ef./Feedb.
Range:		Function	1:
-1 (bar)	[Value]	correspon	analog input scaling value that ds to the minimum reference value set in <i>3-02 Minimum Reference</i> .
6-25 T	erminal 5	4 High R	ef./Feedb.
Range:		Functio	n:
12 (bar)	[Value ]	correspo	e analog input scaling value that nds to the maximum reference s value set in <i>3-03 Maximum</i> e.

### Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303



6-26 Terminal 54 Filter Time Constant			
ange:		Function:	
001 s*	[0.001 - 10	NOTE	
	s]	This parameter cannot be adjusted	
		while the motor is running.	
		Enter the time constant. This is a first-	
		order digital low pass filter time constant for suppressing electrical noise in terminal	
		54. A high time constant value improves	
		dampening but also increases the time	
		delay through the filter.	
	ange:	ange: 001 s* [0.001 - 10	

# 6-50 Terminal 42 Output

Opti	on:	Function:
		Select the function of Terminal 42 as an analog current output. Depending on the selection the output is either a 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA output. The current value can be read out in LCP in <i>16-65 Analog Output 42</i> [mA].
[0]	No operation	There is no signal on the analog output.
[100]	Output frequency 0-20 mA	0 Hz = 0 mA; 100 Hz = 20 mA.
[101]	Reference 0-20 mA	3-00 Reference Range [Min - Max] 0% = 0 mA; 100% = 20 mA 3-00 Reference Range [-Max - Max] -100% = 0 mA; 0% = 10 mA; +100% = 20 mA
[103]	Motor current 0-20 mA	Value is taken from 16-37 Inv. Max. Current. Inverter max. current (160% current) is equal to 20 mA. Example: Inverter norm current (11 kW) = 24 A. 160% = 38.4 A. Motor norm current = 22 A Read-out 11.46 mA. $\frac{20 \text{ mA} \times 22 \text{ A}}{38.4 \text{ A}} = 11.46 \text{ mA}$ In case the norm motor current is equal to 20 mA, the output setting of 6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale is: $\frac{I_{VLT}}{Max} \times 100}{I_{Motor}} = \frac{38.4 \times 100}{22} = 175\%$
[104]	Torque rel to lim 0-20 mA	The torque setting is related to setting in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode
[105]	Torque rel to rated motor torque 0-20 mA	The torque is related to the motor torque setting.
[106]	Power 0-20 mA	Taken from 1-20 Motor Power [kW].
[107]	Speed 0-20 mA	Taken from <i>3-03 Maximum Reference</i> . 20 mA = value in <i>3-03 Maximum Reference</i>

# 6-50 Terminal 42 Output

Opti	on:	Function:
[108]	Torque ref.	Torque reference related to 160% torque.
	0-20 mA	
[109]	Max Out	In relation to 4-19 Max Output Frequency.
	Freq 0-20	
	mA	
[134]	Torque%	The torque setting is related to setting in
	lim. 4-20	4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode.
	mA	
[135]	Torque%	The torque setting is related to the motor
	nom 4-20	torque setting.
	mA	1 5
[141]	Bus ctrl.	4-54 Warning Reference Low defines the
	0-20 mA,	behaviour of the analog output in case of
	timeout	bus time-out.
[142]	Bus ctrl.	4-54 Warning Reference Low defines the
	4-20 mA,	behaviour of the analog output in case of
	timeout	bus time-out.
[150]	Max Out	In relation to 4-19 Max Output Frequency.
	Freq 4-20	
	mA	
[119]	Torque %	
	lim	
[149]	Torque %	Analog output at zero torque = 12 mA.
	lim 4-20mA	Motoric torque will increase the output
		current to max torque limit 20 mA (set in
		4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode).
		Generative torque will decrease the output to
		torque limit Generator Mode (set in
		4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode)
		Ex: 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode: 200% and
		4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode: 200%. 20
		mA = 200% Motoric and 4 mA = 200%
		Generatoric.
		0mA 4mA 12 mA 20 mA Q
		Par 4-17 0% Torque Par 4-16
		30B
		⊢ Illustration 6.7
[0] *	No	When no signal on the analog output.
	operation	
[52]	мсо	
	0-20mA	
[53]	мсо	
	4-20mA	
[100]	-	0 Hz = 0 mA; 100 Hz = 20 mA.
[]	frequency	
[101]	Reference	3-00 Reference Range [Min - Max] 0% = 0 mA;
		100% = 20  mA
		3-00 Reference Range [-Max - Max] -100% = 0
		mA; 0% = 10 mA; +100% = 20 mA
[102]	Feedback	
,		

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# 6-50 Terminal 42 Output

Option:		Function:
[103]	Motor	Value is taken from 16-37 Inv. Max. Current.
	current	Inverter max. current (160% current) is equal
		to 20 mA.
		Example: Inverter norm current (11 kW) = $24$
		A. 160% = 38.4 A. Motor norm current = 22A
		Read-out 11.46 mA.
		$\frac{20 mA \times 22 A}{38.4 A} = 11.46 mA$
		In case the norm motor current is equal to
		20 mA, the output setting of 6-52 Terminal 42
		Output Max Scale is:
		$\frac{I_{VLT}}{I_{Motor Norm}} = \frac{38.4 \times 100}{22} = 175 \%$
		Motor <sub>Norm</sub> = 22 = 173 %
[104]	Torque rel	The torque setting is related to setting in
	to limit	4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode
[105]	Torq relate	The torque is related to the motor torque
	to rated	setting.
[106]	Power	Taken from 1-20 Motor Power [kW].
[107]	Speed	Taken from 3-03 Maximum Reference. 20 mA
		= value in 3-03 Maximum Reference
[108]	Torque	Torque reference related to 160% torque.
[109]	Max Out	0 Hz = 0 mA,4-19 Max Output Frequency = 20
	Freq	mA.
[130]	Output	0 Hz = 4 mA, 100 Hz = 20 mA
	freq.	
	4-20mA	
[131]	Reference	3-00 Reference Range [Min-Max] 0% = 4 mA;
	4-20mA	100% = 20 mA
		3-00 Reference Range [-Max-Max] -100% = 4
		mA; 0% = 12 mA; +100% = 20 mA
[132]	Feedback 4-20mA	
[133]	Motor cur.	Value is taken from 16-37 Inv. Max. Current.
	4-20mA	Inverter max. current (160% current) is equal
		to 20 mA.
		Example: Inverter norm current (11 kW) = 24
		A. 160% = 38.4 A. Motor norm current = 22
		A Read-out 11.46 mA.
		$\frac{16 mA x 22 A}{38.4 A} + 4 mA = 13.17 mA$
		In case the norm motor current is equal to
		20 mA, the output setting of 6-62 Terminal
		X30/8 Max. Scale is:
		$\frac{I_{VLT}_{Max} \times 100}{I_{MotorNorm}} = \frac{38.4 \times 100}{22} = 175\%$
		$\frac{I_{Motor}}{Norm} = \frac{22}{22} = 175\%$
[134]	Torq.% lim	The torque setting is related to setting in
	4-20 mA	4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode.
[135]	Torq.%	The torque setting is related to the motor
	nom 4-20	torque setting.
	mA	
[136]	Power	Taken from 1-20 Motor Power [kW]
	4-20mA	
[137]	Speed	Taken from 3-03 Maximum Reference. 20 mA
	4-20mA	= Value in 3-03 Maximum Reference.

# 6-50 Terminal 42 Output

Opti	on:	Function:
[138]	Torque	Torque reference related to 160% torque.
	4-20mA	
[139]	Bus ctrl.	An output value set from fieldbus process
	0-20 mA	data. The output will work independently of
		internal functions in the frequency converter.
[140]	Bus ctrl.	An output value set from fieldbus process
	4-20 mA	data. The output will work independently of
		internal functions in the frequency converter.
[141]	Bus ctrl	4-54 Warning Reference Low defines the
	0-20mA t.o.	behaviour of the analog output in case of
		bus time-out.
[142]	Bus ctrl	4-54 Warning Reference Low defines the
	4-20mA t.o.	behaviour of the analog output in case of
		bus time-out.
[150]	Max Out Fr	0 Hz = 0 mA,4-19 Max Output Frequency = 20
	4-20mA	mA.

6-51 Terminal 42 Output Min Scale Range: Function:

	<b>.</b>	
0 %*	[0 - 200	Scale for the minimum output (0 or 4 mA) of
	%]	the analog signal at terminal 42.
		Set the value to be the percentage of the full
		range of the variable selected in
		6-50 Terminal 42 Output.

### 6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale

Range:		Function:
100	[0 -	Scale the maximum output of the selected
%*	200 %]	analog signal at terminal 42. Set the value to
		the maximum value of the current signal output.
		Scale the output to give a current lower than 20
		mA at full scale; or 20 mA at an output below
		100% of the maximum signal value. If 20 mA is
		the desired output current at a value between 0
		- 100% of the full-scale output, programme the
		percentage value in the parameter, i.e. $50\% = 20$
		mA. If a current between 4 and 20 mA is desired
		at maximum output (100%), calculate the
		percentage value as follows:

20 mA / desired maximum current x 100 % *i.e.* 10 mA :  $\frac{20}{10}$  x 100 = 200 %



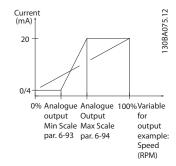


Illustration 6.8 Output Max Scale

6-53 Terminal 42 Output Bus Control				
Range: Function:				
0 %*	[0 - 100 %]	Holds the level of Output 42 if controlled by bus.		

# 6.8 Parameters: 7-\*\* Controllers

7-06 Speed PID Lowpass Filter Time				
Range:		Function:		
Size related*	[0.1 - 100 ms]	pass filter. The low-pass steady-state performan- oscillations on the feed advantage if there is a in the system, see <i>lllust</i> if a time constant ( $\tau$ ) of programmed, the cut-o low-pass filter will be 1 corresponding to (10/2 regulator only regulates that varies by a frequer If the feedback signal v frequency than 1.6 Hz, not react. Practical settings of 7-0	et a time constant for the speed control low- ass filter. The low-pass filter improves eady-state performance and dampens scillations on the feedback signal. This is an lvantage if there is a great amount on noise the system, see <i>Illustration 6.9</i> . For example, a time constant ( $\tau$ ) of 100 ms is ogrammed, the cut-off frequency for the w-pass filter will be 1/0.1= 10 RAD/s., prresponding to (10/2 x $\pi$ ) = 1.6 Hz. The PID gulator only regulates a feedback signal at varies by a frequency of less than 1.6 Hz. the feedback signal varies by a higher equency than 1.6 Hz, the PID regulator does bot react. actical settings of <i>7-06 Speed PID Lowpass</i> <i>ther Time</i> taken from the number of pulses	
		Encoder PPR	7-06 Speed PID Lowpass Filter Time	
		512	10 ms	
		1024	5 ms	
		2048	2 ms	
		4096	1 ms	

# NOTE

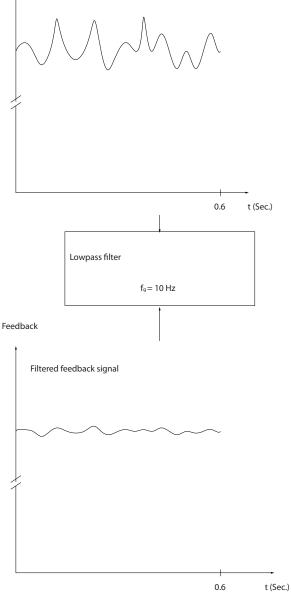
Feedback

Severe filtering can be detrimental to dynamic performance.

This parameter is used with 1-00 Configuration Mode [1] Speed closed loop and [2] Torque control. The filter time in flux sensorless must be adjusted to

3-5 ms.

Disturbed feedback signal



#### Illustration 6.9 Feedback Signal



#### 6.8.1 7-2\* Process PID Feedback

Select the feedback sources for the Process PID Control, and how this feedback should be handled.

7-20	) Process CL Feedback 1 Re	source
Opt	ion:	Function:
		For process loop with current input, 54 switch has to be positionned on I (current).
[0]	No function	
[1]	Analog input 53	
[2] *	Analog input 54	
[3]	Frequency input 29 (FC 302 only)	
[4]	Frequency input 33	

### 7-22 Process CL Feedback 2 Resource

Opt	tion:	Function:
		The effective feedback signal is made up of the sum of up to two different input signals. Select which frequency converter input should be treated as the source of the second of these signals. The first input signal is defined in 7-20 Process CL Feedback 1 Resource.
[0]	No function	
[1]	Analog Input 53	
[2]	Analog Input 54	
[3]	Frequency input 29	
[4]	Frequency input 33	
[7]	Analog Input X30/11	
[8]	Analog Input X30/12	
[15]	Analog Input X48/2	

7-30 Process PID Normal/Inverse Control

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Inverse action has to be selected for a process
		loop using a suction pressure sensor to control the
		system.
[0]	Normal	
[1] *	Inverse	

7-31 Process PID Anti Windup

#### Option: Function:

[0]	Off	Continue regulation of an error when the output	
		frequency can no longer be adjusted.	
[1] *	On	Continue regulation of an error even when the output	
		frequency cannot be increased or decreased.	

#### 7-32 Process PID Start Speed

Range:		Function:
3000	[Set	Enter the motor speed to be attained as a
[RPM]	point ]	start signal for commencement of PID

#### 7-32 Process PID Start Speed

# Range: Function: control. When the power is switched on, the frequency converter will commence ramping and then operate under speed open loop control. Thereafter, when the Process PID start speed is reached, the frequency converter will change over to Process PID control.

#### 7-33 Process PID Proportional Gain

Range:		Function:
2.00N/A		Enter the PID proportional gain. The
	N/A]	proportional gain multiplies the error
		between the set point and the
		feedback signal.

#### 7-34 Process PID Integral Time

Range	:	Function:	
9.00 s*	[0.01 -	Enter the PID integral time. The	
	10000.00 ]	integrator provides an increasing gain	
		at a constant error between the set	
		point and the feedback signal. The	
		integral time is the time needed by the	
		integrator to reach the same gain as	
		the proportional gain.	
7-35 Process PID Differentiation Time			
7-35	Process PID D	ifferentiation Time	
7-35 Range		ifferentiation Time Function:	
Range	:	Function:	
Range	[0.00 -	Function: Enter the PID differentiation time. The	
Range	[0.00 -	Function: Enter the PID differentiation time. The differentiator does not react to a constant	
Range	[0.00 -	Function: Enter the PID differentiation time. The differentiator does not react to a constant error, but provides a gain only when the	

#### NOTE

This PID parameters are confortable to start any system, but depending on its design they have to be adjusted to follow the inertia and all responses of the real refrigeration machine.

7-3	7-36 Process PID Diff. Gain Limit		
Range:		Function:	
5 * [1 - 50 ] Enter a limit for the differentiator gain		Enter a limit for the differentiator gain (DG). If there is no limit, the DG will increase when there	
		are fast changes. Limit the DG to obtain a pure	
		differentiator gain at slow changes and a constant differentiator gain where fast changes occur.	
7-3	8 Process	PID Feed Forward Factor	
	8 Process	PID Feed Forward Factor Function:	
	nge:		
Rai	nge:	Function:	
Rai	nge: * [0 -	Function: Enter the PID feed forward (FF) factor. The FF	



7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Facto	r
-------------------------------------	---

Rang	ge:	Function:
		control signal. Any change to this parameter will
		thus affect the motor speed. When the FF factor
		is activated it provides less overshoot, and high
		dynamics when changing the set point.
		7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Factor is active
		when 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to [3]
		Process.

7-39 On Reference Bandwidth

Range:			
		ge:	Function:
	5 %*	[0 - 200	Enter the On Reference bandwidth. When the
		%]	PID Control Error (the difference between the
			reference and the feedback) is less than the
			set value of this parameter the On Reference
			status bit is high, i.e. =1.

#### 6.8.2 7-6\* Feedback Conversion

Select how the signals from the feedback sources must be converted.

7-60 Feedback 1 Conversion		
Option:		Function:
		Selects the conversion to apply to the
		feedback signal measured on the analog
		input selected as feedback 1 source in 7-20
		Process CL Feedback 1 Resource.
[0] *	Linear	No conversion is applied. The feedback
		signal is assumed to be in the unit selected
		in 3-01 Reference/Feedback Unit and enters
		the process controller unchanged.
[1]	Square root	The square root of the feedback signal is
		calculated before passing it to the process
		controller.
[2]	Pressure to	The feedback signal is a pressure with units
	temperature	as specified in 7-61 Feedback 1 Source Unit.
		It is converted to a temperature before
		passing it to the process controller. The
		pressure to temperature conversion is
		based on the refrigerant selected in 7-70
		Refrigerant.

#### 7-61 Feedback 1 Source Unit

Option:		Function:
		Select the pressure unit applicable to feedback
		source 1 defined in 7-20 Process CL Feedback 1
		Resource.
[70]	mbar	
[71]	bar	
[72]	Ра	
[73]	kPa	
[74]	m WG	

#### 7-61 Feedback 1 Source Unit

Option:		Function:
[170]	psi	
[171]	lb/in2	
[172]	in WG	
[173]	ft WG	

#### 7-62 Feedback 2 Conversion

Option:		Function:
		Selects the conversion to apply to the
		feedback signal measured on the analog
		input selected as feedback 2 source in 7-22
		Process CL Feedback 2 Resource.
[0] *	Linear	No conversion is applied. The feedback
		signal is assumed to be in the unit selected
		in 3-01 Reference/Feedback Unit and enters
		the process controller unchanged.
[1]	Square root	The square root of the feedback signal is
		calculated before passing it to the process
		controller.
[2]	Pressure to	The feedback signal is a pressure with units
	temperature	as specified in 7-62 Feedback 2 Source Unit.
		It is converted to a temperature before
		passing it to the process controller. The
		pressure to temperature conversion is
		based on the refrigerant selected in 7-70
		Refrigerant.

#### 7-63 Feedback 2 Source Unit

Option:		Function:
		Select the pressure unit applicable to feedback
		source 1 defined in 7-22 Process CL Feedback 2
		Resource.
[70]	mbar	
[71]	bar	
[72]	Ра	
[73]	kPa	
[74]	m WG	
[170]	psi	
[171]	lb/in2	
[172]	in WG	
[173]	ft WG	

#### 6.8.3 7-7\* Pressure to Temperature Conversion

The conversion of a feedback signal P in units of a pressure to a temperature T is accomplished via the formula:

T = A2/(log(P+1)-A1) - A3

where A1, A2 and A3 are refrigerant dependent constants.

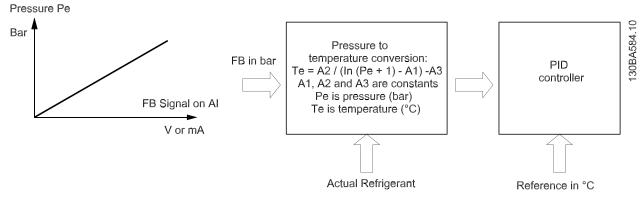


Illustration 6.10 Converting Pressure to Temperature

The parameters in this group allow selection of a refrigerant, which implicitly determines the constants A1, A2 and A3. Alternatively, user defined constants can be programmed explicitly.

7-70 Refrigerant				
Option:		Function:		
[0]	R22			
[1]	R134a			
[2] *	R404A			
[3]	R407C			
[4]	R410A			
[5]	R502			
[6]	R744			
[7]	User defined			

7-71 User Defined Refrigerant A1

Range:	Function:
--------	-----------

[8.0000 –	Selects the value used for the constant A1
12.0000]	in the pressure to temperature conversion
	formula (see parameter group 7-7* Pressure
	to Temperature Conversion).

7-72 User Defined Refrigerant A2

 Range:	Function:
[-3000.00 –	Selects the value used for the constant A2
-1500.00]	in the pressure to temperature conversion
	formula (see parameter group 7-7* Pressure
	to Temperature Conversion).

7-73 User Defined Refrigerant A3			
Range:	Function:		
[200.000 -	Selects the value used for the constant A3		
300.000]	in the pressure to temperature conversion		
	formula (see parameter group 7-7* Pressure		
	to Temperature Conversion).		

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#### 6.8.4 7-8\* Thermostat/Pressostat Function

The Thermostat-Pressostat Function (TPF) can be used to stop and start the compressor when running in closed loop. The TPF monitors and compares the resulting feedback with the Cut-out value in 7-81 Cut-out Value. When the resulting feedback gets below 7-81 Cut-out Value a stop signal is generated and the compressor stops. When the resulting feedback gets above the Cut-in value in 7-82 Cut-in Value the stop signal is removed and the compressor starts again.

The Set-point should be set to a value in between Cut-in and Cut-out.

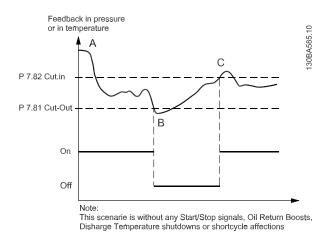


Illustration 6.11 Thermostat/Pressostat Function

Point A: At start-up the temperature will be higher than wanted in the evaporator and therefore a higher pressure than the Cut-in level and the compressor must run. Another situation could be that the start situation is where the feedback is between Cut-out and Cut-in. In that case, no STOP is initiated.

Point B: After some time the cut-out level may be reached and the compressor must be shut off.

Point C: Cut-in is reached and the compressor is restarted.

#### NOTE

When using the TPF together with the Cascade Controller further consideration must be taken. The Cut-Out value should be below the Override Bandwidth setting (see 25-21 Override Bandwidth). Cut-In should be set above the set-point and below the value for Staging Bandwidth (see 25-20 Staging Bandwidth).

7-80 Thermostat/Pressostat Function				
Option:		Function:		
[0] *	Off	Function is inactive		

7-80	7-80 Thermostat/Pressostat Function			
Option:			Function:	
[1]		On	Function is active	
7-81	Cut-ou	t Value		
Range: Func			Function:	
1 bar*	[-300	0 - par.7-82]	Select the Cut-out Level where the	
			stop signal is activated and the	
			compressor stops.	
7-82	7-82 Cut-in Value			
Range:			Function:	
3 bar*	[Par.7	-81 –	Select the Cut-in Level where the stop	
	3000]		signal is de-activated and the	
			compressor starts.	

## 6.9 Parameters: 8-\*\* Communications and Options

#### 6.9.1 8-0\* General Settings

8-0	8-01 Control Site			
Op	otion:	Function:		
		The setting in this parameter overrides the settings in 8-50 Coasting Select to 8-56 Preset Reference Select.		
[0]	Digital and ctrl.word	Control by using both digital input and control word.		
[1]	Digital only	Control by using digital inputs only.		
[2]	Controlword only	Control by using control word only.		

#### 8-02 Control Word Source

Option:	Function:
	NOTE
	This parameter cannot be adjusted while
	the motor is running.
	Select the source of the control word: one of
	two serial interfaces or four installed options.
	During initial power-up, the frequency
	converter automatically sets this parameter to
	[3] Option A if it detects a valid fieldbus option
	installed in slot A. If the option is removed,
	the frequency converter detects a change in
	the configuration, sets 8-02 Control Word
	Source back to default setting RS-485, and the
	frequency converter trips. If an option is
	installed after initial power-up, the setting of
	8-02 Control Word Source does not change, but
	the frequency converter trips and displays:
	Alarm 67 Option Changed.

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## 8-02 Control Word Source Option: Function:

Option:		Function:
		When retrofitting a bus option into a frequency converter, that did not have a bus option installed to begin with, take an ACTIVE decision to move the control to Bus based. This is done for safety reasons to avoid an accidental change.
[0]	None	
[1]	FC RS485	
[2]	FC USB	
[3]	Option A	
[4]	Option B	
[5]	Option C0	
[6]	Option C1	
[30]	External	
	Can	

#### 8-03 Control Word Timeout Time

Range	e:	Function:
[1.0 s]	0.1-18000.0 s	Enter the maximum time expected to
		pass between the reception of two
		consecutive telegrams. If this time is
		exceeded, it indicates that the serial
		communication has stopped. The
		function selected in 8-04 Control Word
		Timeout Function is then carried out. A
		valid control word triggers the time-out
		counter.
20 s*	[0.1 -	Enter the maximum time expected to
	18000.0 s]	pass between the reception of two
		consecutive telegrams. If this time is
		exceeded, it indicates that the serial
		communication has stopped. The
		function selected in 8-04 Control Word
		Timeout Functionis then carried out. A
		valid control word triggers the time-out
		counter.

#### 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function

Select the time-out function. The time-out function activates when the control word fails to be updated within the time period specified in *8-03 Control Word Timeout Time*.

Opt	tion:	Function:
[0]	Off	Resumes control via serial bus (fieldbus or standard) using the most recent control word.
[1]	Freeze output	Freezes output frequency until communi- cation resumes.
[2]	Stop	Stops with auto restart when communi- cation resumes.
[3]	Jogging	Runs the motor at JOG frequency until communication resumes.

#### 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function

Select the time-out function. The time-out function activates when the control word fails to be updated within the time period specified in *8-03 Control Word Timeout Time*.

Opt	tion:	Function:
[4]	Max. speed	Runs the motor at maximum frequency until communication resumes.
[5]	Stop and trip	Stops the motor, then resets the frequency converter to restart: via the fieldbus, via [Reset], or via a digital input.
[7]	Select setup 1	Changes the set-up upon reestablishment of communication following a control word time-out. If communication resumes after a time-out, <i>8-05 End-of-Timeout Function</i> defines whether to resume the set-up used before the time-out, or to retain the set-up endorsed by the time-out function.
[8]	Select setup 2	See [7] Select setup 1
[9]	Select setup 3	See [7] Select setup 1
[10]	Select setup 4	See [7] Select setup 1
[26]	Trip	

#### NOTE

## To change the set-up after a time-out, the following configuration is required:

Set 0-10 Active Set-up to [9] Multi set-up and select the relevant link in 0-12 This Set-up Linked to.

8-0	8-05 End-of-Timeout Function		
Op	otion:	Function:	
		Select the action after receiving a valid control word following a time-out. This parameter is active only when 8-04 Control Timeout Function is set to [7] Set-up 1, [8] Set-up 2, [9]Set-up 3 or [10] Set-up 4.	
[0]	Hold set-up	Retains the set-up selected in <i>8-04 Control</i> <i>Timeout Function</i> and displays a warning, until <i>8-06 Reset Control Timeout</i> toggles. Then the frequency converter resumes its original set-up.	
[1]	Resume set- up	Resumes the set-up active before the time-out.	
8-0	06 Reset Cor	ntrol Word Timeout	
	This parameter is active only when [0] Hold set-up has been selected in 8-05 End-of-Timeout Function.		
Or	otion:	Function:	
[0]	Do not reset	Retains the set-up specified in <i>8-04 Control</i> <i>Word Timeout Function</i> , following a control word time-out.	
[1]	Do reset	Returns the frequency converter to the original set-up following a control word time-out. The frequency converter performs the reset and	

Da	n <u>fvss</u>
0-	

8-06 Reset Control Word Timeout		
This parameter is active only when [0] Hold set-up has been		
selected in 8-05 End-of-Timeout Function.		
Option:	Function:	
	then immediately reverts to the [0] Do not reset	
	setting	

#### 6.9.2 8-1\* Ctrl. Word Settings

#### 8-10 Control Word Profile

Select the interpretation of the control and status words corresponding to the installed fieldbus. Only the selections valid for the fieldbus installed in slot A will be visible in the LCP display.

For guidelines in selection of [0] FC profile and [1] PROFIdrive profile, refer to the Serial communication via RS-485 Interface section in the Design Guide.

For additional guidelines in the selection of [1] *PROFIdrive profile*, refer to the Operating Instructions for the installed fieldbus.

Option:		Function:
[0] *	FC profile	
[1]	PROFIdrive profile	

8-13 Configurable Status Word STW

Opt	ion:	Function:
[0]	No function	The input is always low.
[1] *	Profile Default	Depended on the profile set in
		8-10 Control Profile.
[2]	Alarm 68 Only	The input goes high whenever Alarm 68
		is active and goes low whenever no
		alarm 68 is actived
[3]	Trip excl Alarm 68	
[16]	T37 DI status	The input goes high whenever T37 has
		0 V and goes low whenever T37 has
		24 V

#### 6.9.3 8-3\* FC Port Settings

8-30	8-30 Protocol			
Opt	ion:		Fund	tion:
			Select	the protocol to be used. Changing
			proto	col will not be effective until after
			powe	ring off the frequency converter.
[0] *	FC			
[1]	FC MC			
[2]	Modbus	s RTU		
8-31	8-31 Address			
Ran	ge:			Function:
Size ı	elated*	[1-	255]	Enter the address for the FC (standard)
				port.
				Valid range: 1-126.

#### 8-32 FC Port Baud Rate

Op	otion:	Function:
[0]	2400 Baud	Baud rate selection for the FC (standard) port.
[1]	4800 Baud	
[2]	9600 Baud	
[3]	19200 Baud	
[4]	38400 Baud	
[5]	57600 Baud	
[6]	76800 Baud	
[7]	115200 Baud	

#### 8-33 Parity / Stop Bits

Option: Function:		Function:
[0]	Even Parity, 1 Stop Bit	
[1]	Odd Parity, 1 Stop Bit	
[2]	No Parity, 1 Stop Bit	
[3]	No Parity, 2 Stop Bits	

#### 8-35 Minimum Response Delay

Range:		Function:
10 ms*	[1 - 10000	Specify the minimum delay time
	ms]	between receiving a request and
		transmitting a response. This is used for overcoming modem turnaround delays.

#### 8-36 Max Response Delay

Range:		Function:
Size	[11 -	Specify the maximum permissible
related*	10001 ms]	delay time between transmitting a
		request and receiving a response. If a
		response from the frequency
		converter is exceeding the time
		setting then it will be discarded.

#### 8-37 Max Inter-Char Delay

Range:		Function:
Size	[ 0.00 -	Specify the maximum permissible
related*	35.00 ms]	time interval between receipt of two
		bytes. This parameter activates time-
		out if transmission is interrupted.
		This parameter is active only when
		8-30 Protocol is set to [1] FC MC
		protocol.



#### 6.9.4 8-5\* Digital/Bus

Parameters for configuring the control word Digital/Bus merging.

#### NOTE

These parameters are active only when 8-01 Control Site is set to [0] Digital and control word.

8-5	8-50 Coasting Select		
Op	otion:	Function:	
		Select control of the coasting function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the bus.	
[0]	Digital input	Activates Start command via a digital input.	
[1]	Bus	Activates Start command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3]	Logic OR	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	

8-51 Quick Stop Select

Select control of the Quick Stop function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the bus.

Option:		Function:
[0]	Digital input	
[1]	Bus	
[2]	Logic AND	
[3]	Logic OR	

8-5	8-52 DC Brake Select		
Op	otion:	Function:	
		Select control of the DC brake via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.	
		NOTE Only selection [0] Digital input is available when 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM non-salient SPM.	
[0]	Digital	Activates Start command via a digital input.	
	input		

8-53 Start Select

Option:		Function:
		Select control of the frequency converter start function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.
[0]	Digital input	Activates Start command via a digital input.

8-!	8-53 Start Select		
Op	ption:	Function:	
[1]	Bus	Activates Start command via the serial	
		communication port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3]	Logic OR	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	
8-	54 Reversin	g Select	
Op	ption:	Function:	
[0]	Digital input	Select control of the frequency converter reverse function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.	
[1]	Bus	Activates the Reverse command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates the Reverse command via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3]	Logic OR	Activates the Reverse command via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	
8-	55 Set-up S	elect	
Oŗ	ption:	Function:	
		Select control of the frequency converter set-up selection via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.	

 [0]
 Digital input
 Activates the set-up selection via a digital input.

 [1]
 Bus
 Activates the set-up selection via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.

 [2]
 Logic AND
 Activates the set-up selection via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.

 [3]
 Logic OR
 Activate the set-up selection via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.

8-56 Preset Reference Select

Option:		Function:
		Select control of the frequency converter Preset Reference selection via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.
[0]	Digital input	Activates Preset Reference selection via a digital input.
[1]	Bus	Activates Preset Reference selection via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.



8-!	8-56 Preset Reference Select		
Op	otion:	Function:	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Preset Reference selection via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3]	Logic OR	Activates the Preset Reference selection via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	

#### 6.9.5 8-8\* FC Port Diagnostics

These parameters are used for monitoring the Bus communication via the FC Port.

8-8	0 Bus M	lessage Count	
	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[0 - 0 ]	This parameter shows the number of valid	
		telegrams detected on the bus.	
8-8	1 Bus Ei	rror Count	
Rai	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[0 - 0 ]	This parameter shows the number of telegrams	
		with faults (e.g. CRC fault), detected on the bus.	
8-8	2 Slave	Messages Rcvd	
Rai	nge:	Function:	
0 *	[0 - 0 ]	This parameter shows the number of valid	
		telegrams addressed to the slave, sent by the	
		frequency converter.	
8-83 Slave Error Count			
Rai	Range: Function:		
0 *	[0 - 0 ]	This parameter shows the number of error	
		telegrams, which could not be executed by the	

#### 6.9.6 8-9\* Bus Jog

8-90 Bus Jog 1 Speed		
Range:		Function:
100 RPM*	[0 - par. 4-13 RPM]	Enter the jog speed. Activate this fixed jog speed via the serial port or fieldbus option.
8-91 Bus Jog 2 Speed		
Range:		Function:
200 RPM*	[0 - par. 4-13 RPM]	Enter the jog speed. Activate this fixed jog speed via the serial port

#### 6.10 Parameters: 13-\*\* Smart Logic Control

#### 6.10.1 Prog. Features

Smart Logic Control (SLC) is essentially a sequence of user defined actions (see 13-52 SL Controller Action [x]) executed by the SLC when the associated user defined *event* (see 13-51 SL Controller Event [x]) is evaluated as TRUE by the SLC.

The condition for an event can be a particular status or that the output from a Logic Rule or a Comparator Operand becomes TRUE. That will lead to an associated Action as illustrated:

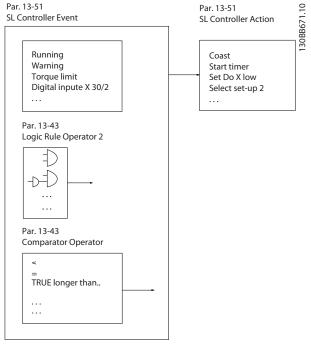


Illustration 6.12 Smart Logic Control (SLC)

Events and actions are each numbered and linked together in pairs (states). This means that when event [0] is fulfilled (attains the value TRUE), action [0] is executed. After this, the conditions of event [1] will be evaluated and if evaluated TRUE, action [1] will be executed and so on. Only one event will be evaluated at any time. If an event is evaluated as FALSE, nothing happens (in the SLC) during the current scan interval and no other events will be evaluated. This means that when the SLC starts, it evaluates event [0] (and only event [0]) each scan interval. Only when event [0] is evaluated TRUE, will the SLC execute action [0] and start evaluating event [1]. It is possible to programme from 1 to 20 events and actions. When the last event/action has been executed, the sequence starts over again from event [0]/action [0]. The illustration shows an example with three event/actions:

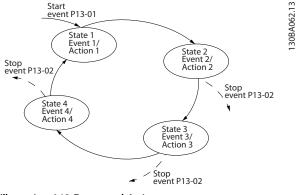


Illustration 6.13 Events and Actions

#### Starting and stopping the SLC:

Starting and stopping the SLC can be done by selecting .On [1]. or .Off [0]. in *13-00 SL Controller Mode*. The SLC always starts in state 0 (where it evaluates *event* [0]). The SLC starts when the Start Event (defined in *13-01 Start Event*) is evaluated as TRUE (provided that *On* [1] is selected in *13-00 SL Controller Mode*). The SLC stops when the *Stop Event* (*13-02 Stop Event*) is TRUE. *13-03 Reset SLC* resets all SLC parameters and start programming from scratch.

#### NOTE

SLC is only active in AUTO mode, not Hand On mode

#### 6.10.2 13-0\* SLC Settings

Use the SLC settings to activate, deactivate and reset the Smart Logic Control sequence. The logic functions and comtors are always running in the background, which opens for sete control of digital inputs and outputs.

13-0	13-00 SLC Controller Mode			
Opti	Option: Function:			
[0] *	Off	Disables the Sm	art Logic Control.	
[1]	On	Enables the Sma	art Logic Control to start when a start	
		command is pre	sent, e.g. via a digital input.	
13-0	1 St	tart Event		
	Select the boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input to activate Smart Logic			
Cont				
Option:			Function:	
[0]	Fals	e	Select the boolean (TRUE or FALSE)	
			input to activate Smart Logic Control.	
			Enters the fixed value - FALSE	
[1]	True	9	Enters the fixed value - TRUE.	
[2]	Run	ining	The motor is running.	
[3]	In r	ange	The motor is running within the	
			programmed current and speed	
			ranges set in 4-50 Warning Current	
			Low to 4-53 Warning Speed High.	

#### 13-01 Start Event

Select the boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input to activate Smart Logic Control.

Option: Function:		
[4] On reference		The motor is running on reference.
[5]	Torque limit	The torque limit, set in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode or 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode, has been exceeded.
[6]	Current Limit	The motor current limit, set in 4-18 Current Limit, has been exceeded.
[7]	Out of current range	The motor current is outside the range set in <i>4-18 Current Limit</i> .
[8]	Below I low	The motor current is lower than set in <i>4-50 Warning Current Low</i> .
[9]	Above I high	The motor current is higher than set in <i>4-51 Warning Current High</i> .
[10]	Out of speed range	The speed is outside the range set in 4-52 Warning Speed Low and 4-53 Warning Speed High.
[11]	Below speed low	The output speed is lower than the setting in 4-52 Warning Speed Low.
[12]	Above speed high	The output speed is higher than the setting in 4-53 Warning Speed High.
[13]	Out of feedb. range	The feedback is outside the range set in 4-56 Warning Feedback Low and 4-57 Warning Feedback High.
[14]	Below feedb. low	The feedback is below the limit set in 4-56 Warning Feedback Low.
[15]	Above feedb. high	The feedback is above the limit set in 4-57 Warning Feedback High.
[16]	Thermal warning	The thermal warning turns on when the temperature exceeds the limit in the motor, the frequency converter, the brake resistor or the thermistor.
[17]	Mains out of range	The mains voltage is outside the specified voltage range.
[18]	Reversing	The output is high when the frequency converter is running counter clockwise (the logical product of the status bits "running" AND "reverse").
[19]	Warning	A warning is active.
[20]	Alarm (trip)	A (trip) alarm is active.
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	A (Trip lock) alarm is active.
[22]	Comparator 0	Use the result of comparator 0.
[23]	Comparator 1	Use the result of comparator 1.
[24]	Comparator 2	Use the result of comparator 2.

#### Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

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	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
13-01	Start Event	

Select the boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input to activate Smart Logic Control.

Cont Opti		Function:
[25]	Comparator 3	Use the result of comparator 3.
[26]	Logic rule 0	Use the result of logic rule 0.
[27]	Logic rule 1	Use the result of logic rule 1.
[28]	Logic rule 2	Use the result of logic rule 2.
[20]	Logic rule 3	Use the result of logic rule 3.
	5	_
[33]	Digital input DI18	Use the result of digital input 18.
[34]	Digital input DI19	Use the result of digital input 19.
[35]	Digital input DI27	Use the result of digital input 27.
[36]	Digital input DI29	Use the result of digital input 29.
[37]	Digital input DI32	Use the result of digital input 32.
[38]	Digital input DI33	Use the result of digital input 33.
[39]	Start command	A start command is issued.
[40]	Drive stopped	A stop command (Jog, Stop, Qstop, Coast) is issued – and not from the SLC itself.
[41]	Reset Trip	A reset is issued
[42]	Auto-reset Trip	An Auto reset is performed.
[43]	Ok key	[OK] is pressed.
[44]	Reset key	[Reset] is pressed.
[45]	Left key	<ul><li>[] is pressed.</li></ul>
[46]	Right key	[►] is pressed.
[47]	Up key	[▲] is pressed.
[48]	Down key	[▼] is pressed.
[50]	Comparator 4	Use the result of comparator 4.
[51]	Comparator 5	Use the result of comparator 5.
[60]	Logic rule 4	Use the result of logic rule 4.
[61]	Logic rule 5	Use the result of logic rule 5.
[94]	RS Flipflop 0	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators
[95]	RS Flipflop 1	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators
[96]	RS Flipflop 2	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators
[97]	RS Flipflop 3	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators
[98]	RS Flipflop 4	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators
[99]	RS Flipflop 5	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators

12.0	1 Start Evont			
13-01 Start Event				
Select the boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input to activate Smart Logic				
	Control.			
Opti	tion: Function:			
[100]	RS Flipflop 6	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators		
[101]	RS Flipflop 7		e parameter group 13-1*	
		0	mparators	
13-0	2 Stop Event			
Selec	t the boolean (TRUE o	or F/	ALSE) input to deactivate Smart	
	Control.		,	
Opti			Function:	
[0]	False			
[0]	Faise		For descriptions [0]-[61], see 13-01 Start Event Start Event	
[1]	True			
[2]	Running			
[3]	In range			
[4]	On reference			
[5]	Torque limit			
[6]	Current Limit			
[7]	Out of current range			
[8]	Below I low			
[9]	Above I high			
[10]	Out of speed range			
[11]	Below speed low			
[12]	Above speed high			
[13]	Out of feedb. range			
[14]	Below feedb. low			
[15]	Above feedb. high	_		
[16]	Thermal warning			
[17]	Mains out of range	_		
[18]	Reversing			
[19]	Warning	_		
[20]	Alarm (trip)			
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)			
[22]	Comparator 0			
[23]	Comparator 1			
[24]	Comparator 2			
[25]	Comparator 3 Logic rule 0			
[26]	•			
[27] [28]	Logic rule 1 Logic rule 2			
[20]	Logic rule 3			
[30]	SL Time-out 0			
[31]	SL Time-out 1			
[32]	SL Time-out 2			
[33]	Digital input DI18			
[34]	Digital input DI19			
[35]	Digital input DI27			
[36]	Digital input DI29			
[37]	Digital input DI32			
1201				

[38]

Digital input DI33

13-02 Stop Event

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Opti	ion:	Function:
[39]	Start command	
[40]	Drive stopped	
[41]	Reset Trip	
[42]	Auto-reset Trip	
[43]	Ok key	
[44]	Reset key	
[45]	Left key	
[46]	Right key	
[47]	Up key	
[48]	Down key	
[50]	Comparator 4	
[51]	Comparator 5	
[60]	Logic rule 4	
[61]	Logic rule 5	
[70]	SL Time-out 3	Smart Logic Controller timer 3 timed out.
[71]	SL Time-out 4	Smart Logic Controller timer 4 timed out.
[72]	SL Time-out 5	Smart Logic Controller timer ! timed out.
[73]	SL Time-out 6	Smart Logic Controller timer e timed out.
[74]	SL Time-out 7	Smart Logic Controller timer 7 timed out.
[75]	Start command given	
[76]	Digital input x30/2	
[77]	Digital input x30/3	
[78]	Digital input x30/4	
[79]	Digital input x46/1	
[80]	Digital input x46/3	
[81]	Digital input x46/5	
[82]	Digital input x46/7	
[83]	Digital input x46/9	
[84]	Digital input x46/11	
[85]	Digital input x46/13	
[90]	ATEX ETR cur. warning	Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thern Protection is set to [20] ATEX I or [21] Advanced ETR. If the al 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.
[91]	ATEX ETR cur. alarm	Selectable if 1-90 Motor Therm Protection is set to [20] ATEX E or [21] Advanced ETR. If the al 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.
[92]	ATEX ETR freq. warning	Selectable if 1-90 Motor Therm

13-02	Stop	Event
13-02	Stop	Event

Select the boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input to deactivate Smart Logic Control.

Opti	on:	Function:	
		163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.	
[93]	ATEX ETR freq. alarm	Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.	
[94]	RS Flipflop 0	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators	
[95]	RS Flipflop 1	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators	
[96]	RS Flipflop 2	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators	
[97]	RS Flipflop 3	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators	
[98]	RS Flipflop 4	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators	
[99]	RS Flipflop 5	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators	
[100]	RS Flipflop 6	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators	
[101]	RS Flipflop 7	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators	
13-0	13-03 Reset SLC		

13	13-03 Reset SLC		
Op	otion:	Function:	
[0]	Do not reset SLC	Retains programmed settings in all parameter group 13-** Smart Logic Control.	
[1]	Reset SLC	Resets all parameters in parameter group 13- ** Smart Logic Control to default settings.	

#### 6.10.3 13-1\* Comparators

Comparators are used for comparing continuous variables (i.e. output frequency, output current, analog input etc.) to fixed preset values.

Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm

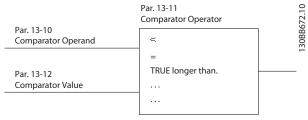


Illustration 6.14 Comparators

In addition, there are digital values that will be compared to fixed time values. See explanation in *13-10 Comparator Operand*. Comparators are evaluated once in each scan interval. Use the result (TRUE or FALSE) directly. All parameters in this parameter group are array parameters with index 0 to 5. Select index 0 to programme Comparator 0, select index 1 to programme Comparator 1, and so on.

13-10 Comparator Operand			
Array	Array [6]		
Opti	on:	Function:	
		Choices [1] to [31] are variables which will be compared based on their values. Choices [50] to [186] are digital values (TRUE/FALSE) where the comparison is based on the amount of time during which they are set to TRUE or FALSE, respectively. See <i>13-11 Comparator Operator</i> . Select the variable to be monitored by the comparator.	
[0]	DISABLED	The comparator is disabled.	
[1]	Reference	The resulting remote reference (not local) as a percentage.	
[2]	Feedback	In the unit [RPM] or [Hz]	
[3]	Motor speed	[RPM] or [Hz]	
[4]	Motor Current	[A]	
[5]	Motor torque	[Nm]	
[6]	Motor power	[kW] or [hp]	
[7]	Motor voltage	[V]	
[8]	DC-link voltage	[V]	
[9]	Motor Thermal	Expressed as a percentage.	
[10]	Drive thermal	Expressed as a percentage.	
[11]	Heat sink temp.	Expressed as a percentage.	
[12]	Analog input Al53	Expressed as a percentage.	
[13]	Analog input Al54	Expressed as a percentage.	
[14]	Analog input AIFB10	[V]. AIFB10 is internal 10 V supply.	

13-1	13-10 Comparator Operand		
Array	Array [6]		
Opti	Option: Function:		
[15]	Analog input AIS24V	[V] Analog input AICCT [17] [°]. AIS24V is switch mode power supply: SMPS 24V.	
[17]	Analog input AICCT	[°]. AICCT is control card temperature.	
[18]	Pulse input FI29	Expressed as a percentage.	
[19]	Pulse input FI33	Expressed as a percentage.	
[20]	Alarm number	The error number.	
[21]	Warning number		
[22]	Analog input x30 11		
[23]	Analog input x30 12		
[30]	Counter A	Number of counts	
[31]	Counter B	Number of counts	
[50]	FALSE	Enters the fixed value of false in the comparator.	
[51]	TRUE	Enters the fixed value of true in the comparator.	
[52]	Control ready	The control board receives supply voltage	
[53]	Drive ready	The frequency converter is ready for operation and applies a supply signal on the control board.	
[54]	Running	The motor is running.	
[55]	Reversing	The output is high when the frequency converter is running counter clockwise (the logical product of the status bits "running" AND "reverse").	
[56]	In range	The motor is running within the programmed current and speed ranges set in <i>4-50 Warning Current Low</i> to <i>4-53 Warning Speed High</i> .	
[60]	On reference	The motor is running on reference.	
[61]	Below reference, low	The motor is running below the value given in 4-54 Warning Reference Low.	
[62]	Above ref, high	The motor is running above the value given in 4-55 Warning Reference High	
[65]	Torque limit	The torque limit, set in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode or 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode, has been exceeded.	
[66]	Current Limit	The motor current limit, set in 4-18 Current Limit, has been exceeded.	
[67]	Out of current range	The motor current is outside the range set in <i>4-18 Current Limit</i> .	

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13-10 Comparator Operand			
Array	[6]		
Opti	on:	Function:	
[68]	Below I low	The motor current is lower than set in <i>4-50 Warning Current Low.</i>	
[69]	Above I high	The motor current is higher than set in <i>4-51 Warning Current High</i> .	
[70]	Out of speed range	The speed is outside the range set in 4-52 Warning Speed Low and 4-53 Warning Speed High.	
[71]	Below speed low	The output speed is lower than the setting in 4-52 Warning Speed Low.	
[72]	Above speed high	The output speed is higher than the setting in 4-53 Warning Speed High.	
[75]	Out of feedback range	The feedback is outside the range set in 4-56 Warning Feedback Low and 4-57 Warning Feedback High.	
[76]	Below feedback low	The feedback is below the limit set in 4-56 Warning Feedback Low.	
[77]	Above feedback high	The feedback is above the limit set in 4-57 Warning Feedback High.	
[80]	Thermal warning	The thermal warning turns on when the temperature exceeds the limit in the motor, the frequency converter, the brake resistor or thermistor.	
[82]	Mains out of range	The mains voltage is outside the specified voltage range.	
[85]	Warning	A warning is active.	
[86]	Alarm (trip)	A (trip) alarm is active.	
[87]	Alarm (trip lock)	A (Trip lock) alarm is active.	
[90]	Bus OK	Active communication (no time-out) via the serial communication port.	
[91]	Torque limit & stop	If the frequency converter has received a stop signal and is at the torque limit, the signal is logic "0".	
[92]	Brake fault (IGBT)	The brake IGBT is short circuited.	
[93]	Mech. brake control	The mechanical brake is active.	
[94]	Safe stop active		
[100]	Comparator 0	The result of comparator 0.	
[101]	Comparator 1	The result of comparator 1.	
[102]	Comparator 2	The result of comparator 2.	
[103]	Comparator 3	The result of comparator 3.	
[104]	Comparator 4	The result of comparator 4.	
[105]	Comparator 5	The result of comparator 5.	
[110]	Logic rule 0	The result of Logic rule 0.	
[111]	Logic rule 1	The result of Logic rule 1.	

13-10 Comparator Operand			
Array	Array [6]		
Opti	Option: Function:		
[112]	Logic rule 2	The result of Logic rule 2.	
[113]	Logic rule 3	The result of Logic rule 3.	
[114]	Logic rule 4	The result of Logic rule 4.	
[115]	Logic rule 5	The result of Logic rule 5.	
[120]	SL Time-out 0	The result of SLC timer 0.	
[121]	SL Time-out 1	The result of SLC timer 1.	
[122]	SL Time-out 2	The result of SLC timer 2.	
[123]	SL Time-out 3	The result of SLC timer 3.	
[124]	SL Time-out 4	The result of SLC timer 4.	
[125]	SL Time-out 5	The result of SLC timer 5.	
[126]	SL Time-out 6	The result of SLC timer 6.	
[127]	SL Time-out 7	The result of SLC timer 7.	
[130]	Digital input DI18	Digital input 18. High = True.	
[131]	Digital input DI19	Digital input 19. High = True.	
[132]	Digital input DI27	Digital input 27. High = True.	
[133]	Digital input DI29	Digital input 29. High = True.	
[134]	Digital input DI32	Digital input 32. High = True.	
[135]	Digital input DI33	Digital input 33. High = True.	
[150]	SL digital output A	Use the result of the SLC output A.	
[151]	SL digital output B	Use the result of the SLC output B.	
[152]	SL digital output C	Use the result of the SLC output C.	
[153]	SL digital output D	Use the result of the SLC output D.	
[154]	SL digital output E	Use the result of the SLC output E.	
[155]	SL digital output F	Use the result of the SLC output F.	
[160]	Relay 1	Relay 1 is active	
[161]	Relay 2	Relay 2 is active	
[180]	Local referecnce active	High when 3-13 Reference Site = [2] Local or when 3-13 Reference Site is [0] Linked to hand Auto, at the same time as the LCP is in Hand On mode.	
[181]	Remote reference active	High when 3-13 Reference Site= [1] Remote or [0] Linked to hand/auto, while the LCP is in Auto On mode.	
[182]	Start command	High when there is an active start command, and no stop command.	
[183]	Drive stopped	A stop command (Jog, Stop, Qstop, Coast) is issued – and not from the SLC itself.	
[185]	Drive in hand mode	High when the frequency converter is in hand mode.	

13	13-10 Comparator Operand				
Arı	Array [6]				
Op	otion:	Function:			
[18	6] Drive in aut	o High when the frequency converter is			
	mode	in auto mode.			
[18]	7] Start comm	and			
	given				
[19	- 3 1				
[19					
[19]					
[19]					
[19 <sup>4</sup> [19					
[19					
[19]					
[19					
[19					
-	1				
	-11 Compara	tor Operator			
Arı	ray [6]				
Op	otion:	Function:			
		Select the operator to be used in the			
		comparison. This is an array parameter			
		containing comparator operators 0 to 5.			
[0]	<	The result of the evaluation is TRUE, when the			
		variable selected in 13-10 Comparator Operand			
		is smaller than the fixed value in 13-12 Comparator Value. The result is FALSE, if			
		the variable selected in 13-10 Comparator			
		Operand is greater than the fixed value in			
		13-12 Comparator Value.			
[1]	$\approx$ (equal)	The result of the evaluation is TRUE, when the			
	()	variable selected in 13-10 Comparator Operand			
		is approximately equal to the fixed value in			
		13-12 Comparator Value.			
[2]	>	Inverse logic of option < [0].			
[5]	5] TRUE longer				
	than				
[6]	FALSE longer	ALSE longer			
	than	han			
[7]	TRUE shorter				
	than				
[8]	FALSE				
	shorter				
	than				

13-12 Comparator Value					
Array [6]	Array [6]				
Range: Function:					
Size related*	[-100000 - 100000 ]	Enter the 'trigger level' for the variable that is monitored by this comtor. This is an array parameter containing comtor values 0 to 5.			

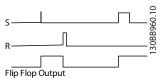
#### 6.10.4 13-1\* RS Flip Flops

The Reset/Set Flip Flops hold the signal until set/reset.



Illustration 6.15 Reset/Set Flip Flops

Two parameters are used and the output can be used in the logic rules and as events.





The two operators can be selected from a long list. As a special case, the same digital input can be used as both Set and Reset, making it possible to use the same digital input as start/stop. The following settings can be used to set up the same digital input as start/stop (example given with DI32 but is not a requirement).

Parameter	Setting	Notes
13-00 SL Controller Mode	On	
13-01 Start Event	TRUE	
13-02 Stop Event	FALSE	
13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1 [0]	[37] Digital Input DI32	
13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 [0]	[2] Running	
13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1 [0]	[3] AND NOT	
13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1 [1]	[37] Digital Input DI32	
13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 [1]	[2] Running	
13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1 [1]	[1] AND	
13-15 RS-FF Operand S [0]	[26] Logicrule 0	Output from 13-41 [0]
13-16 RS-FF Operand R [0]	[27] Logicrule 1	Output from 13-41 [1]

Parameter	Setting	Notes
13-51 SL Controller Event [0]	[94] RS Flipflop 0	Output from evaluating 13-15 and 13-16
13-52 SL Controller Action [0]	[22] Run	
13-51 SL Controller Event [1]	[27] Logicrule 1	
13-52 SL Controller Action [1]	[24] Stop	

#### Table 6.9 Operators

13-15	RS-FF Operand S	
Option:		Function:
[0]	False	
[1]	True	
[2]	Running	
[3]	In range	
[4]	On reference	
[5]	Torque limit	
[6]	Current Limit	
[7]	Out of current range	
[8]	Below I low	
[9]	Above I high	
[10]	Out of speed range	
[11]	Below speed low	
[12]	Above speed high	
[13]	Out of feedb. range	
[14]	Below feedb. low	
[15]	Above feedb. high	
[16]	Thermal warning	
[17]	Mains out of range	
[18]	Reversing	
[19]	Warning	
[20]	Alarm (trip)	
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	
[22]	Comparator 0	
[23]	Comparator 1	
[24]	Comparator 2	
[25]	Comparator 3	
[26]	Logic rule 0	
[27]	Logic rule 1	
[28]	Logic rule 2	
[29]	Logic rule 3	
[30]	SL Time-out 0	
[31]	SL Time-out 1	
[32]	SL Time-out 2	
[33]	Digital input DI18	
[34]	Digital input DI19	
[35]	Digital input DI27	
[36]	Digital input DI29	
[37]	Digital input DI32	
[38]	Digital input DI33	
[39]	Start command	
[40]	Drive stopped	

13-15 F	RS-FF Operand S	
Option:		Function:
[41]	Reset Trip	
[42]	Auto-reset Trip	
[43]	Ok key	
[44]	Reset key	
[45]	Left key	
[46]	Right key	
[47]	Up key	
[48]	Down key	
[50]	Comparator 4	
[51]	Comparator 5	
[60]	Logic rule 4	
[61]	Logic rule 5	
[70]	SL Time-out 3	
[71]	SL Time-out 4	
[72]	SL Time-out 5	
[73]	SL Time-out 6	
[74]	SL Time-out 7	
[74]	Start command given	
[76]	Digital input x30/2	
[77]	Digital input x30/3	
[78]	Digital input x30/4	
[79]	Digital input x46/1	
[80]	Digital input x46/3	
[81]	Digital input x46/5	
[82]	Digital input x46/7	
[83]	Digital input x46/9	
[84]	Digital input x46/11	
[85]	Digital input x46/13	
[90]	ATEX ETR cur. warning	
[91]	ATEX ETR cur. alarm	
[91]	ATEX ETR freq. warning	
[92]	ATEX ETR freq. alarm	
[93]	RS Flipflop 0	
[95]	RS Flipflop 1	
[95]	RS Flipflop 2	
[90]	RS Flipflop 3	
[97]	RS Flipflop 4	
[90]	RS Flipflop 5	
[100]	RS Flipflop 6	
[101]	RS Flipflop 7	
[101]		
13-16 F	RS-FF Operand R	
Option:		Function:
[0]	False	
[1]	True	
[2]	Running	
[3]	In range	
[4]	On reference	
[5]	Torque limit	
[6]	Current Limit	
[7]	Out of current range	
[8]	Below I low	

13-16	RS-FF Operand R	
Option		Function:
[9]	Above I high	
[10]	Out of speed range	
[11]	Below speed low	
[12]	Above speed high	
[13]	Out of feedb. range	
[14]	Below feedb. low	
[15]	Above feedb. high	
[16]	Thermal warning	
[17]	Mains out of range	
[18]	Reversing	
[19]	Warning	
[20]	Alarm (trip)	
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	
[22]	Comparator 0	
[23]	Comparator 1	
[23]	Comparator 2	
[24]	Comparator 2	
[25]	Logic rule 0	
[20]	Logic rule 1	
[27]	Logic rule 2	
	5	
[29] [30]	Logic rule 3 SL Time-out 0	
[31]	SL Time-out 1	
[32]	SL Time-out 2	
[33] [34]	Digital input DI18	
[35]	Digital input DI19 Digital input DI27	
[36] [37]	Digital input DI29	
	Digital input DI32 Digital input DI33	
[38]		
[39]	Start command	
[40]	Drive stopped	
[41]	Reset Trip	
[42]	Auto-reset Trip	
[43]	Ok key	
[44]	Reset key	
[45]	Left key	
[46]	Right key	
[47]	Up key	
[48]	Down key	
[50]	Comparator 4	
[51]	Comparator 5	
[60]	Logic rule 4	
[61]	Logic rule 5	
[70]	SL Time-out 3	
[71]	SL Time-out 4	
[72]	SL Time-out 5	
[73]	SL Time-out 6	
[74]	SL Time-out 7	
[75]	Start command given	
[76]	Digital input x30/2	
[77]	Digital input x30/3	

13-16 RS-FF Operand R		
Option:		Function:
[78]	Digital input x30/4	
[79]	Digital input x46/1	
[80]	Digital input x46/3	
[81]	Digital input x46/5	
[82]	Digital input x46/7	
[83]	Digital input x46/9	
[84]	Digital input x46/11	
[85]	Digital input x46/13	
[90]	ATEX ETR cur. warning	
[91]	ATEX ETR cur. alarm	
[92]	ATEX ETR freq. warning	
[93]	ATEX ETR freq. alarm	
[94]	RS Flipflop 0	
[95]	RS Flipflop 1	
[96]	RS Flipflop 2	
[97]	RS Flipflop 3	
[98]	RS Flipflop 4	
[99]	RS Flipflop 5	
[100]	RS Flipflop 6	
[101]	RS Flipflop 7	

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#### 6.10.5 13-2\* Timers

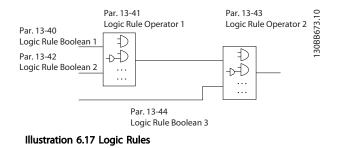
Use the result (TRUE or FALSE) from *timers* directly to define an *event* (see 13-51 SL Controller Event), or as boolean input in a *logic rule* (see 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 or 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3). A timer is only FALSE when started by an action (i.e. [29] Start timer 1) until the timer value entered in this parameter is elapsed. Then it becomes TRUE again. All parameters in this parameter group are array parameters with index 0 to 2. Select index 0 to program Timer 0, select index 1 to program Timer 1, and so on.

13-20 SL Controller Timer			
Range:	Function:		
Size	[ 0.000 -	Enter the value to define the duration	
related*	0.000 ]	of the FALSE output from the	
	programmed timer. A timer is only		
	FALSE if it is started by an action (i.e.		
		[29] Start timer 1) and until the given	
		timer value has elapsed.	

#### 6.10.6 13-4\* Logic Rules

Combine up to 3 boolean inputs (TRUE/FALSE inputs) from timers, comtors, digital inputs, status bits and events using the logical operators AND, OR, and NOT. Select boolean inputs for the calculation in *13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1*, *13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2* and *13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3*.

Define the operators used to logically combine the selected inputs in 13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1 and 13-43 Logic Rule Operator 2.



#### Priority of calculation

The results of 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1 and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 are calculated first. The outcome (TRUE/FALSE) of this calculation is combined with the settings of 13-43 Logic Rule Operator 2 and 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3, yielding the final result (TRUE/FALSE) of the logic rule.

13-4	13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1		
Array	Array [6]		
Opti	on:	Function:	
[0]	False	Select the first boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for further description.	
[1]	True		
[2]	Running		
[3]	In range		
[4]	On reference		
[5]	Torque limit		
[6]	Current Limit		
[7]	Out of current range		
[8]	Below I low		
[9]	Above I high		
[10]	Out of speed range		
[11]	Below speed low		
[12]	Above speed high		
[13]	Out of feedb. range		
[14]	Below feedb. low		
[15]	Above feedb. high		
[16]	Thermal warning		
[17]	Mains out of range		
[18]	Reversing		
[19]	Warning		
[20]	Alarm (trip)		
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)		
[22]	Comparator 0		
[23]	Comparator 1		

13-4	13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1				
Array	Array [6]				
Opti	on:	Function:			
[24]	Comparator 2				
[25]	Comparator 3				
[26]	Logic rule 0				
[27]	Logic rule 1				
[28]	Logic rule 2				
[29]	Logic rule 3				
[30]	SL Time-out 0				
[31]	SL Time-out 1				
[32]	SL Time-out 2				
[33]	Digital input DI18				
[34]	Digital input DI19				
[35]	Digital input DI27				
[36]	Digital input DI29				
[37]	Digital input DI32				
[38]	Digital input DI33				
[39]	Start command				
[40]	Drive stopped				
[41]	Reset Trip				
[42]	Auto-reset Trip				
[43]	Ok key				
[44]	Reset key				
[45]	Left key				
[46]	Right key				
[47]	Up key				
[48]	Down key				
[50]	Comparator 4				
[51]	Comparator 5				
[60]	Logic rule 4				
[61]	Logic rule 5				
[70]	SL Time-out 3				
[71]	SL Time-out 4				
[72]	SL Time-out 5				
[73]	SL Time-out 6				
[74]	SL Time-out 7				
[75]	Start command given				
[76]	Digital input x30/2				
[77]	Digital input x30/3				
[78]	Digital input x30/4				
[79]	Digital input x46/1				
[80]	Digital input x46/3				
[81]	Digital input x46/5				
[82]	Digital input x46/7				
[83]	Digital input x46/9				
[84]	Digital input x46/11				
[85]	Digital input x46/13				
[90]	ATEX ETR cur. warning	Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal			
		<i>Protection</i> is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm			
		164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is			
		active, the output will be 1.			

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#### Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

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13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1				
Arı	ray [6]			
Op	otion:		Function:	
[91]	ATEX ETR cui	. alarm	Selectable if1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.	
[92]	ATEX ETR fre	q. warning	Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.	
[93]	ATEX ETR freq. alarm		Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.	
[94]	RS Flipflop 0		See 13-1* Comparators	
[95]	RS Flipflop 1		See 13-1* Comparators	
[96]	RS Flipflop 2		See 13-1* Comparators	
[97]	RS Flipflop 3		See 13-1* Comparators	
[98]	RS Flipflop 4		See 13-1* Comparators	
[99]	RS Flipflop 5		See 13-1* Comparators	
[10	0] RS Flipflop 6		See 13-1* Comparators	
[10]	1] RS Flipflop 7		See 13-1* Comparators	
13	-41 Logic Rule	• Operator	<sup>.</sup> 1	
	ray [6]			
Op	otion:	Functior	n:	
		Boolean ir 1 and 13-4 [13-**] sig	first logical operator to use on the nputs from 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 42 Logic Rule Boolean 2. nifies the boolean input of r group 13-** Smart Logic Control.	
[0]	DISABLED	-	3-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, ic Rule Operator 2, and 13-44 Logic an 3.	
[1]	AND Evaluates th		the expression [13-40] AND [13-42].	
[2]	OR Evaluates t		the expression [13-40] OR [13-42].	
[3]	AND NOT	Evaluates [13-42].	the expression [13-40] AND NOT	
[4]	OR NOT Evaluates the exp [13-42].		the expression [13-40] OR NOT	
[5]	NOT AND Evaluates the expression NOT [13 [13-42].		the expression NOT [13-40] AND	
[6]	NOT OR Evaluates		the expression NOT [13-40] OR	

## 13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1 Array [6] Option: Function: [7] NOT AND NOT Evaluates the expression NOT [13-40] AND NOT [13-42]. [8] NOT OR NOT Evaluates the expression NOT [13-40] OR NOT [13-42]. 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 Array [6] **Option:** Function: [0] False Select the second boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for further description. True [1] | 2| 3| 4| | 4| 4| | 5| 5| 6| | 6| 6| 6| | 7| 7| | 8| 8| | 9| | 9| | 9| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 1| | 2| | 2| | 2| | 2| | 2| | 2| | 2| | 2| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| | 3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3| ||3

1]	True	
2]	Running	
3]	In range	
4]	On reference	
5]	Torque limit	
6]	Current Limit	
7]	Out of current range	
8]	Below I low	
9]	Above I high	
10]	Out of speed range	
11]	Below speed low	
12]	Above speed high	
13]	Out of feedb. range	
14]	Below feedb. low	
15]	Above feedb. high	
16]	Thermal warning	
17]	Mains out of range	
18]	Reversing	
19]	Warning	
20]	Alarm (trip)	
21]	Alarm (trip lock)	
22]	Comparator 0	
23]	Comparator 1	
24]	Comparator 2	
25]	Comparator 3	
26]	Logic rule 0	
27]	Logic rule 1	
28]	Logic rule 2	
29]	Logic rule 3	
30]	SL Time-out 0	
31]	SL Time-out 1	
32]	SL Time-out 2	
33]	Digital input DI18	
34]	Digital input DI19	
35]	Digital input DI27	
36]	Digital input DI29	
37]	Digital input DI32	

6

[13-42].

Array [6] Option:

[38]

[39]

[40]

[41]

[42]

[43] [44]

[45]

[46]

[47]

[48]

[50]

[51]

[60]

[61] [70]

[71]

[72]

[73]

[74]

[75]

[76]

[77]

[78]

[79]

[80]

[81]

[82]

[83]

[84]

[85]

[90]

[91]

[92]

[93]

13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2

Digital input DI33

Start command

Drive stopped

Auto-reset Trip

Reset Trip

Ok key

Reset key

Left key

Up key

Right key

Down key

Comparator 4

Comparator 5

SL Time-out 3 SL Time-out 4

SL Time-out 5

SL Time-out 6

SL Time-out 7

Start command given

Digital input x30/2

Digital input x30/3

Digital input x30/4 Digital input x46/1

Digital input x46/3

Digital input x46/5

Digital input x46/7

Digital input x46/9

Digital input x46/11

Digital input x46/13

ATEX ETR cur. alarm

ATEX ETR freq. warning

ATEX ETR freq. alarm

ATEX ETR cur. warning

active, the output will be 1.

Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal

Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.

Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR

Logic rule 4 Logic rule 5

#### Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

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2	13-4	2 Logic Rule	Boolean	2
	Array	/ [6]		
Function:	Option:			Function:
				freq.lim.warning is active, the
				output will be 1.
	[94]	RS Flipflop 0		See 13-1* Comparators
	[95]	RS Flipflop 1		See 13-1* Comparators
	[96]	RS Flipflop 2		See 13-1* Comparators
	[97]	RS Flipflop 3		See 13-1* Comparators
	[98]	RS Flipflop 4		See 13-1* Comparators
	[99]	RS Flipflop 5		See 13-1* Comparators
	[100]	RS Flipflop 6		See 13-1* Comparators
	[101]	RS Flipflop 7		See 13-1* Comparators
	12_/	3 Logic Rule	Operator	· 🤈
	Array		operator	2
	Opti		Functior	n:
				second logical operator to be used
			on the boolean input calculated in	
			13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2,	
				oolean input coming from
			-	<i>ic Rule Boolean 2</i> . Inifies the boolean input of
			-	ic Rule Boolean 3.
			-	42] signifies the boolean input
			calculated	in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1,
			-	ic Rule Operator 1, and 13-42 Logic
			Rule Boolean 2. [0] DISABLED (factory setting).	
			select this Boolean 3	option to ignore 13-44 Logic Rule
	[0] D	DISABLED		
Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal		ND		
Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR	[2] C	DR		
or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm	[3] A	ND NOT		
164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.	[4] C	DR NOT		
	[5] N	IOT AND		
Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal		IOT OR		
Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm		NOT AND NOT		
166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is	[8] N	NOT OR NOT		

#### 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3

Arı	ray	[6]	
-			

Option:		Function:	
[0]	False	Select the third boolean (TRUE or	
		FALSE) input for the selected logic	
		rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] -	
		[61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] -	
		[75]) for further description.	
[1]	True		
[2]	Running		

#### Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

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Array	/ [6]	
Opti	ion:	Function:
[3]	In range	
[4]	On reference	
[5]	Torque limit	
[6]	Current Limit	
[7]	Out of current range	
[8]	Below I low	
[9]	Above I high	
[10]	Out of speed range	
[11]	Below speed low	
[12]	Above speed high	
[13]	Out of feedb. range	
[14]	Below feedb. low	
[15]	Above feedb. high	
[16]	Thermal warning	
[17]	Mains out of range	
[18]	Reversing	
[19]	Warning	
[20]	Alarm (trip)	
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	
[22]	Comparator 0	
[23]	Comparator 1	
[24]	Comparator 2	
[25]	Comparator 3	
[26]	Logic rule 0	
[27]	Logic rule 1	
[28]	Logic rule 2	
[29]	Logic rule 3	
[30]	SL Time-out 0	
[31]	SL Time-out 1	
[32]	SL Time-out 2	
[33]	Digital input DI18	
[34]	Digital input DI19	
[35]	Digital input DI27	
[36]	Digital input DI29	
[37]	Digital input DI32	
[38]	Digital input DI33	
[39]	Start command	
[40]	Drive stopped	
[41]	Reset Trip	
[42]	Auto-reset Trip	
[43]	Ok key	
[44]	Reset key	
[45]	Left key	
[46]	Right key	
[47]	Up key	
[48]	Down key	
[50]	Comparator 4	
[51]	Comparator 5	
[60]	Logic rule 4	
[61]	Logic rule 5	
[70]	SL Time-out 3	

Parameter Descriptions			Operating Instructions VL1® CDS 302 and		
13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3				13-4	4 Logic Rule
Arra	/ [6]			Array	/ [6]
Opt	ion:	Function:		Option:	
[3]	In range			[71]	SL Time-out 4
[4]	On reference			[72]	SL Time-out 5
[5]	Torque limit			[73]	SL Time-out 6
[6]	Current Limit			[74]	SL Time-out 7
[7]	Out of current range			[75]	Start command
[8]	Below I low			[76]	Digital input x
[9]	Above I high			[77]	Digital input x
[10]	Out of speed range			[78]	Digital input x
[11]	Below speed low			[79]	Digital input x
[12]	Above speed high			[80]	Digital input x
[13]	Out of feedb. range			[81]	Digital input x
[14]	Below feedb. low			[82]	Digital input x
[15]	Above feedb. high			[83]	Digital input x
[16]	Thermal warning			[84]	Digital input x

13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3         Array [6]         Function:         [71]       SL Time-out 4       [72]         [73]       SL Time-out 5       [73]         [74]       SL Time-out 7       [74]         [75]       Start command given       [77]         [76]       Digital input x30/3       [77]         [77]       Digital input x30/3       [78]         [80]       Digital input x46/1       [81]         [80]       Digital input x46/3       [82]         [81]       Digital input x46/5       [82]         [82]       Digital input x46/1       [83]         [83]       Digital input x46/13       [84]         [90]       ATEX ETR cur. warning       Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.         [91]       ATEX ETR cur. alarm       Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq. warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.         [92]       ATEX ETR freq. alarm       Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.         [93]       ATE
Option:Function:[71]SL Time-out 4[72][73]SL Time-out 5[73][74]SL Time-out 7[74][75]Start command given[76][77]Digital input x30/2[77][78]Digital input x30/3[78][79]Digital input x46/1[79][80]Digital input x46/5[70][81]Digital input x46/5[70][82]Digital input x46/7[70][83]Digital input x46/7[70][84]Digital input x46/7[70][84]Digital input x46/13[70][85]Digital input x46/13[70][90]ATEX ETR cur. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 16
[71]SL Time-out 4[72]SL Time-out 5[73]SL Time-out 6[74]SL Time-out 7[75]Start command given[76]Digital input x30/2[77]Digital input x30/3[78]Digital input x46/1[80]Digital input x46/3[81]Digital input x46/5[82]Digital input x46/7[83]Digital input x46/7[84]Digital input x46/7[85]Digital input x46/1[86]Digital input x46/1[87]Digital input x46/1[88]Digital input x46/1[89]ATEX ETR cur. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
[72]SL Time-out 5[73][74]SL Time-out 7[75]Start command given[76]Digital input x30/2[77]Digital input x30/3[78]Digital input x30/4[79]Digital input x46/1[80]Digital input x46/5[81]Digital input x46/7[83]Digital input x46/7[84]Digital input x46/7[85]Digital input x46/7[86]Digital input x46/11[87]Digital input x46/13[90]ATEX ETR cur. warning[91]ATEX ETR cur. warning[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarm[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarm[92]ATEX ETR freq. warning[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[94]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[95]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[96]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[97]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[98]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[99]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[91]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[92]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[94]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[95]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[96]Selectable if 1-90 Motor ThermalProtection is set to [20] ATEX ETR freq. alarm[97]ATEX ETR fre
[73]SL Time-out 6[74]SL Time-out 7[75]Start command given[76]Digital input x30/2[77]Digital input x30/3[78]Digital input x40/1[80]Digital input x46/1[81]Digital input x46/5[82]Digital input x46/7[83]Digital input x46/7[84]Digital input x46/11[85]Digital input x46/13[90]ATEX ETR cur. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR freq. lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
[74]SL Time-out 7[75]Start command given[76]Digital input x30/2[77]Digital input x30/3[78]Digital input x30/4[79]Digital input x46/1[80]Digital input x46/3[81]Digital input x46/5[82]Digital input x46/7[83]Digital input x46/9[84]Digital input x46/11[85]Digital input x46/13[90]ATEX ETR cur. warning[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarm[92]ATEX ETR cur. alarm[92]ATEX ETR freq. warning[92]Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warning[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[94]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[95]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[97]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[98]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[99]ATEX ETR freq. alarm
TriangleDigital input x30/2[76]Digital input x30/3[77]Digital input x30/4[78]Digital input x30/4[79]Digital input x46/1[80]Digital input x46/5[81]Digital input x46/7[83]Digital input x46/9[84]Digital input x46/11[85]Digital input x46/13[90]ATEX ETR cur. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarm[92]ATEX ETR freq. warning selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warning selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[94]Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[94]Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
[77]Digital input x30/3[78]Digital input x30/4[79]Digital input x46/1[80]Digital input x46/3[81]Digital input x46/5[82]Digital input x46/7[83]Digital input x46/1[84]Digital input x46/13[85]Digital input x46/13[90]ATEX ETR cur. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarm[92]ATEX ETR freq. warning[92]ATEX ETR freq. warning[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm
[78]Digital input x30/4[79]Digital input x46/1[80]Digital input x46/3[81]Digital input x46/5[82]Digital input x46/7[83]Digital input x46/9[84]Digital input x46/11[85]Digital input x46/13[90]ATEX ETR cur. warning[90]ATEX ETR cur. warning[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarm[91]Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarm[92]ATEX ETR freq. warning[92]ATEX ETR freq. warning[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm
[79]Digital input x46/1[80]Digital input x46/3[81]Digital input x46/5[82]Digital input x46/7[83]Digital input x46/9[84]Digital input x46/11[85]Digital input x46/13[90]ATEX ETR cur. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
[80]Digital input x46/3[81]Digital input x46/5[82]Digital input x46/7[83]Digital input x46/9[84]Digital input x46/11[85]Digital input x46/13[90]ATEX ETR cur. warning[91]ATEX ETR cur. warning[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarm[91]Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarm[92]ATEX ETR freq. warning[92]ATEX ETR freq. warning[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm
[81]Digital input x46/5[82]Digital input x46/7[83]Digital input x46/9[84]Digital input x46/13[85]Digital input x46/13[90]ATEX ETR cur. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
[82]Digital input x46/7[83]Digital input x46/9[84]Digital input x46/13[85]Digital input x46/13[90]ATEX ETR cur. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warning Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
[83]       Digital input x46/9         [84]       Digital input x46/11         [85]       Digital input x46/13         [90]       ATEX ETR cur. warning       Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.         [91]       ATEX ETR cur. alarm       Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.         [91]       ATEX ETR cur. alarm       Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.         [92]       ATEX ETR freq. warning       Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.         [93]       ATEX ETR freq. alarm       Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR.]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.
[84]Digital input x46/11[85]Digital input x46/13[90]ATEX ETR cur. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warning Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
[85]       Digital input x46/13         [90]       ATEX ETR cur. warning       Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.         [91]       ATEX ETR cur. alarm       Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.         [91]       ATEX ETR cur. alarm       Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.         [92]       ATEX ETR freq. warning       Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.         [93]       ATEX ETR freq. alarm       Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR [req.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.
[90]ATEX ETR cur. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.
Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarm164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR freq. lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the warning is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
[91]ATEX ETR cur. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warning Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is active, the output will be 1.[92]ATEX ETR freq. warning Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
[92]ATEX ETR freq. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
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[92]ATEX ETR freq. warningSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm 163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarm163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is active, the output will be 1.[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
[93]ATEX ETR freq. alarmSelectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
[93]       ATEX ETR freq. alarm       Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal         Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR       or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the         warning 165 ATEX ETR       freq.lim.warning is active, the
Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
or <i>[21] Advanced ETR</i> ]. If the warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
warning 165 ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning is active, the
freq.lim.warning is active, the
[94] RS Flipflop 0 See 13-1* Comparators
[95]     RS Flipflop 1     See 13-1* Comparators
[96]     RS Flipflop 2     See 13-1* Comparators
[98]     RS Flipflop 4     See 13-1* Comparators       [00]     DS Flipflop 5     See 13 1* Comparators
[99]     RS Flipflop 5     See 13-1* Comparators
[100] RS Flipflop 6 See 13-1* Comparators
[101] RS Flipflop 7 See 13-1* Comparators

Operating Instructions  $\mathsf{VLT}^{\textcircled{B}}$  CDS 302 and CDS 303

Danfoss

#### 6.10.7 13-5\* States

12 5	1 SI Controllor Event				
	13-51 SL Controller Event				
Array					
Opti	on:	Function:			
[0]	False	Select the boolean input (TRUE or FALSE) to define the Smart Logic Controller event. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [74]) for further description.			
[1]	True				
[2]	Running				
[3]	In range				
[4]	On reference				
[5]	Torque limit				
[6]	Current Limit				
[7]	Out of current range				
[8]	Below I low				
[9]	Above I high				
[10]	Out of speed range				
[11]	Below speed low				
[12]	Above speed high				
[13]	Out of feedb. range				
[14]	Below feedb. low				
[15]	Above feedb. high				
[16]	Thermal warning				
[17]	Mains out of range				
[18]	Reversing				
[19]	Warning				
[20]	Alarm (trip)				
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)				
[22]	Comparator 0				
[23]	Comparator 1				
[24]	Comparator 2				
[25]	Comparator 3				
[26]	Logic rule 0				
[27]	Logic rule 1				
[28]	Logic rule 2				
[29]	Logic rule 3				
[30]	SL Time-out 0				
[31]	SL Time-out 1				
[32]	SL Time-out 2				
[33]	Digital input DI18				
[34]	Digital input DI19				
[35]	Digital input DI27				
[36]	Digital input DI29				
[37]	Digital input DI32				
[38]	Digital input DI33				
[39]	Start command				
[40]	Drive stopped				
[41]	Reset Trip				
[42]	Auto-reset Trip				

13-51 SL Controller Event					
Array [20]					
Opti		Function:			
[43]	Ok key				
[44]	Reset key				
[45]	Left key				
[46]	Right key				
[47]	Up key				
[48]	Down key				
[50]	Comparator 4				
[51]	Comparator 5				
[60]	Logic rule 4				
[61]	Logic rule 5				
[70]	SL Time-out 3				
[71]	SL Time-out 4				
[72]	SL Time-out 5				
[73]	SL Time-out 6				
[74]	SL Time-out 7				
[75]	Start command given				
[76]	Digital input x30/2				
[77]	Digital input x30/3				
[78]	Digital input x30/4				
[79]	Digital input x46/1				
[80]	Digital input x46/3				
[81]	Digital input x46/5				
[82]	Digital input x46/7				
[83]	Digital input x46/9				
[84]	Digital input x46/11				
[85]	Digital input x46/13				
[90]	ATEX ETR cur. warning	Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR			
		or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm			
		164 ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm is			
		active, the output will be 1.			
[91]	ATEX ETR cur. alarm	Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal			
[91]		Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR			
		or [21] Advanced ETR]. If the alarm			
		166 ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm is			
		active, the output will be 1.			
[92]	ATEX ETR freq. warning	Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal			
[]	,	Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR			
		or [21] Advanced ETR. If the alarm			
		163 ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning is			
		active, the output will be 1.			
[93]	ATEX ETR freq. alarm	Selectable if 1-90 Motor Thermal			
		Protection is set to [20] ATEX ETR			
		or [21] Advanced ETR. If the			
		warning 165 ATEX ETR			
		freq.lim.warning is active, the			
		output will be 1.			
[94]	RS Flipflop 0	See 13-1* Comparators			
[95]	RS Flipflop 1	See 13-1* Comparators			
[96]	RS Flipflop 2	See 13-1* Comparators			

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#### Operating Instructions $\mathsf{VLT}^{\textcircled{B}}$ CDS 302 and CDS 303

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13-51 SL Controller Event				
Array [20]				
Option:			Function:	
[97]	RS Flipflop 3		See 13-1* Comparators	
[98]	] RS Flipflop 4		See 13-1* Comparators	
[99] RS Flipflop 5			See 13-1* Comparators	
[100]	RS Flipflop 6		See 13-1* Comparators	
[101]	RS Flipflop 7		See 13-1* Comparators	
13-5	2 SL Controller	Action		
Array [20]				
Opti	on:	Funct	ion:	
[0]	DISABLED	SLC eve corresp <i>Control</i>		
[1]	No action			
[2] :	Select set-up 1	Changes the active set-up (0-10 Active Set- up) to '1'. If the set-up is changed, it will merge with other set-up commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[3]	Select set-up 2	Changes the active set-up 0-10 Active Set- up) to '2'. If the set-up is changed, it will merge with other set-up commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[4] :	Select set-up 3	Changes the active set-up (0-10 Active Set- up) to '3'. If the set-up is changed, it will merge with other set-up commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[5]	Select set-up 4	Changes the active set-up (0-10 Active Set- up) to '4'. If the set-up is changed, it will merge with other set-up commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
	Select preset ref 0	Selects preset reference 0. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
	Select preset ref 1	Selects preset reference 1. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
	Select preset ref 2	Selects	preset reference 2.	

13-52 SL Controller Action				
Array [20]				
Opt	tion:	Function:		
		If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[13]	Select preset ref 3	Selects preset reference 3. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[14]	Select preset ref 4	Selects preset reference 4. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[15]	Select preset ref 5	Selects preset reference 5. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[16]	Select preset ref 6	Selects preset reference 6. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[17]	Select preset ref 7	Selects preset reference 7. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[18]	Select ramp 1	Selects ramp 1.		
[19]	Select ramp 2	Selects ramp 2.		
[20]	Select ramp 3	Selects ramp 3.		
[21]	Select ramp 4	Selects ramp 4.		
[22]	Run	lssues a start command to the frequency converter.		
[23]	Run reverse	lssues a start reverse command to the frequency converter.		
[24]	Stop	lssues a stop command to the frequency converter.		
[25]	Qstop	Issues a quick stop command to the frequency converter.		
[26]	Dcstop	Issues a DC stop command to the frequency converter.		
[27]	Coast	The frequency converter coasts immediately. All stop commands including the coast command stop the SLC.		

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13-:	13-52 SL Controller Action				
Arra	Array [20]				
Opt	tion:	Function:			
[28]	Freeze output	Freezes the output frequency of the frequency converter.			
[29]	Start timer 0	Starts timer 0, see 13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.			
[30]	Start timer 1	Starts timer 1, see 13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.			
[31]	Start timer 2	Starts timer 2, see 13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.			
[32]	Set digital out A low	Any output with SL output A will be low.			
[33]	Set digital out B low	Any output with SL output B will be low.			
[34]	Set digital out C low	Any output with SL output Cwill be low.			
[35]	Set digital out D low	Any output with SL output D will be low.			
[36]	Set digital out E low	Any output with SL output E will be low.			
[37]	Set digital out F low	Any output with SL output F will be low.			
[38]	Set digital out A high	Any output with SL output A will be high.			
[39]	Set digital out B high	Any output with SL output B will be high.			
[40]	Set digital out C high	Any output with SL output C will be high.			
[41]	Set digital out D high	Any output with SL output D will be high.			
[42]	Set digital out E high	Any output with SL output E will be high.			
[43]	Set digital out F high	Any output with SL output Fwill be high.			
[60]	Reset Counter A	Resets Counter A to zero.			
[61]	Reset Counter B	Resets Counter B to zero.			
[70]	Start timer 3	Start Timer 3, see 13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.			
[71]	Start timer 4	Start Timer 4, see 13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.			
[72]	Start timer 5	Start Timer 5, see 13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.			
[73]	Start timer 6	Start Timer 6, see 13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.			
[74]	Start timer 7	Start Timer 7, see 13-20 SL Controller Timer for further description.			

#### 6.11 Parameters: 14-\*\* Special Functions

#### 6.11.1 14-\*\* Special Functions

Parameter group for configuring special frequency converter functions.

#### 6.11.2 14-0\* Inverter Switching

Parameters for configuring the inverter switching.

14-03 Overmodulation					
Opt	Option: Function:				
[0]	Off	Connect the overmodulation function for the output			
		voltage, to obtain an output voltage up to 15%			
		greater than the mains voltage.			
[1] *	On	No overmodulation of the output voltage, in order to			
		avoid torque ripple on the motor shaft. This feature			
		may be useful for applications such as grinding			
		machines.			

#### 6.11.3 14-1\* Mains On/Off

Parameters for configuring mains failure monitoring and handling.

#### 14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance

Option:		Function:
		Operation under severe main imbalance
		conditions reduces the lifetime of the motor.
		Conditions are considered severe if the motor is
		operated continuously near nominal load.
[0]	Trip	Trips the frequency converter
[1] *	Warning	Issues a warning
[2]	Disabled	No action

#### 6.11.4 14-2\* Trip Reset

Parameters for configuring auto reset handling, special trip handling and control card self test or initialisation.

14-20	14-20 Reset Mode				
Option:		Function:			
		Select the reset function after tripping.			
		Once reset, the frequency converter			
		can be restarted.			
[0]	Manual reset	et Performs a reset via [Reset] or via the			
		digital inputs.			
[10] *	Automatic reset	Performs between one and twenty			
	x 10	automatic resets after tripping.			

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#### NOTE

If the specified number of AUTOMATIC RESETs is reached within 10 minutes, the frequency converter enters [0] *Manual reset* mode. After the Manual reset is performed, the setting of 14-20 Reset Mode reverts to the original selection. If the number of AUTOMATIC RESETs is not reached within 10 minutes, or when a Manual reset is performed, the internal AUTOMATIC RESET counter returns to zero.

#### 

The motor may start without warning.

#### **Application Tip:**

Since the default setting of the reset mode in the compressor drive is set up to auto-reset after 30 s this should be taken in consideration if a relay output is set to call for a service technician in case of an alarm. By setting *5-40 Function Relay* to [9] Alarm and *5-41 On Delay, Relay* to 40 s the relay will only activate at either a trip lock alarm or an alarm, which could not be auto-reset. Only the relay output can be used for this; the digital outputs do not have the On Delay feature.

14-2	14-21 Automatic Restart Time				
Range:		Function:			
30 s* [0 - 600 s]		Enter the time interval from trip to start of			
		the automatic reset function. This parameter			
		is active when 14-20 Reset Mode is set to			
		Automatic reset.			

#### 14-22 Operation Mode

Option:		Function:			
		Use this parameter to specify normal operation; to perform tests; or to initialise all parameters except <i>15-03 Power Up's</i> , <i>15-04 Over Temp's</i> and <i>15-05 Over Volt's</i> . This function is active only when the power is cycled to the frequency converter.			
[0]	Normal	Normal operation of the frequency converter			
*	operation	with the motor in the selected application.			
[1]	Control	Tests the analog and digital inputs and outputs			
	card test	and the +10 V control voltage. The test requires			
		a test connector with internal connections.			
		Use the following procedure for the control			
		card test:			
		1. Select Control card test [1].			
		<ol> <li>Disconnect the mains supply and wait for the light in the display to go out.</li> </ol>			
		3. Set switches S201 (A53) and S202 (A54) = ON./I.			
		4. Insert the test plug (see below).			
		5. Connect to mains supply.			

#### 14-22 Operation Mode

Opt	tion:	Function:				
		6. Carry out various tests.				
		<ol> <li>The results are displayed on the LCP and the frequency converter moves into an infinite loop.</li> </ol>				
		8. <i>14-20 Reset Mode</i> is automatically set to Normal operation. Carry out a power cycle to start up in Normal operation after a control card test.				
		If the test is OK:				
		LCP read-out: Control Card OK.				
		Disconnect the mains supply and remove the				
		test plug. The green LED on the Control Card				
		will light up.				
		If the test fails:				
		LCP read-out: Control Card I/O failure.				
		Replace the frequency converter or Control				
		card. The red LED on the Control Card is turned				
		on. Test plugs (connect the following terminals				
		to each other): 18 - 27 - 32; 19 - 29 - 33; 42 - 53 - 54 1.				
		53 - 54 1.				
		12 13 18 19 27 29 32 33 20 37 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				
		<b>39 42 50 53 54 55</b>				
		130BA571.10				
		Illustration 6.19				
[2]	Initiali-	Resets all parameter values to default settings,				
	sation	except for 15-03 Power Up's, 15-04 Over Temp's				
		and 15-05 Over Volt's. The frequency converter				
		will reset during the next power-up. <i>14-20 Reset Mode</i> will also revert to the default				
		setting [0] Normal operation.				
		setting [0] Normal operation.				

#### Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303



14-52 Fan Control
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Option:		Function:		
		Select the minimum speed of the internal fan.		
[0] *	Auto	Runs the fan only when the internal temperature of the frequency converter is in the range 35 °C . approx. 55 °C. The fan will run at low speed at 35 °C, and at full speed at approx. 55 °C.		
[1]	On 50%			
[2]	On 75%			
[3]	On 100%			

#### 14-53 Fan Monitor

Option:		Function:
		Select which reaction the frequency converter
		should take in case a fan fault is detected.
[0]	Disabled	
[1]	Warning	
[2]	Trip	

#### 14-60 Function at Over Temperature

Option:		Function:			
		If either heatsink or control card temperature			
		exceeds a factory-programmed temperature limit, a			
		warning will be activated. If the temperature			
		increases further, select whether the frequency			
		converter should trip (trip locked) or derate the			
		output current.			
[0]	Trip	The frequency converter will trip (trip locked) and			
		generate an alarm. Power must be cycled to reset			
		the alarm, but will not allow restart of the motor			
		until the heat sink temperature has dropped belo			
		the alarm limit.			
[1] *	Derate	If the critical temperature is exceeded the output			
		current will be reduced until the allowable			
		temperature has been reached.			

14-61 Function at Inverter Overload

#### Option: Function:

		Is used in case of steady overload beyond the		
		thermal limits (110% for 60 sec.).		
[0]	Trip	The frequency converter trips and provides an		
		alarm.		
[1] *	Derate	Reduce pump speed to decrease the load on the		
		power section and allowing this to cool down.		

#### 14-62 Inv. Overload Derate Current

Range:		Function:		
95 %*	[50 - 100	Defines the desired current level (in % of		
	%]	rated output current for the frequency		
		converter) when running with reduced		
		pump speed after load on the frequency		
		converter has exceeded the allowable limit		
		(110% for 60 s).		

Option: Function:	
[0] Off Use this parameter to customize Fault leve	els. Use
[0] Off with caution as it will ignore all Wa	arnings &
Alarms for the chosen source.	
[1] Warning	
[2] Trip	
[3] Trip Lock	

Failure	Alarm	Off	War-	Trip	Trip
			ning		Lock
Over Current	13			D	Х
Motor phase	30			D	Х
missing					
Motor phase	31			D	Х
missing					
Motor phase	32			D	Х
missing					

## Table 6.10 Table for Selection of Choice of Action when Selected Alarm Appears

D = Default setting. x = possible selection.

1) Only high power drives

In FC small and medium A69 is only a warning

#### 6.12 Parameters: 15-\*\* Drive Information

#### 6.12.1 15-\*\* Drive Information

Parameter group containing compressor drive information such as

- operating data
- hardware configuration
- software versions

#### 6.12.2 15-0\* Operating data

Parameter group containing operating data, e.g. counters.

15-0	15-00 Operating hours					
Range:		Function:				
0 h* [0 - 2147483647 h]		View how many hours the frequency converter has run. The value is saved when the frequency converter is turned off.				
15-01 Running Hours						
Range: Function:						
0 h*	[0 - 2147483647 h]	View how many hours the motor has run. Reset the counter in <i>15-07 Reset</i> <i>Running Hours Counter</i> . The value is saved when the frequency converter is turned off.				



6.13	Parameters:	16-** [	Data	Readouts
------	-------------	---------	------	----------

	ige:	Function:	
0 *	[0 - 65535 ]	View the Control wor frequency converter cation port in hex co	via the serial communi-
16-	01 Reference	e [Unit]	
Rar	ige:		Function:
	ferenceFeed- Unit*	[-999999 - 999999 ReferenceFeed- backUnit]	View the present reference value applie on impulse or analog basis in the unit resulting from the configuration selected in 1-00 Configuration Mode (Hz, Nm, or RPM
16-	02 Reference	e [%]	· ·
Rar	ige:	Function:	
0 %* [-200 - 200 View the total reference. The total %] reference is the sum of digital, analog, preset, bus, and freeze references, plus catch-up and slow-down.			
	03 Status W Ige:	ord Function:	
	[0 - 65535 ] View the status word sent from the freque converter via the serial communication por hex code.		
0 *	•	converter via the seri	
	[0 - 65535 ]	converter via the seri	
0 *	[0 - 65535 ] 05 Main Act	converter via the seri hex code.	
0 *	[0 - 65535 ] 05 Main Act	converter via the seri hex code. ual Value [%] Function: %] View the two-by	al communication port te word sent with the ne Bus Master reporting
0 * 16- Rar 0 %*	[0 - 65535 ] 05 Main Act	converter via the seri hex code. ual Value [%] Function: % View the two-by status word to th the Main Actual	al communication port te word sent with the ne Bus Master reporting
0 * 16- Rar 0 %*	[0 - 65535 ] 05 Main Act 1ge: [-100 - 100 09 Custom I	converter via the seri hex code. ual Value [%] Function: % View the two-by status word to th the Main Actual	al communication port te word sent with the ne Bus Master reporting

15-02 kWh Counter				
nge:			Function:	
Vh*	[0 - 214748364	47	Registering the power consumption	
	kWh]		of the motor as a mean value over	
			one hour. Reset the counter in	
			15-06 Reset kWh Counter.	
			•	
15-03 Power Up's				
nge:		Fu	nction:	
[0	- 2147483647 ]	Viev	v the number of times the frequency	
		con	verter has been powered up.	
	nge: Vh* •03 nge:	n <b>ge:</b> Vh* [0 - 214748364 kWh]	nge: Vh* [0 - 2147483647 kWh] 03 Power Up's nge: Fui [0 - 2147483647 ] View	

_15·	15-04 Over Temp's				
Range:		Function:			
0 *	[0 - 65535 ]	View the number of frequency converter temperature faults which have occurred.			
15-05 Over Volt's					
15	-05 Over Vol	t's			
	-05 Over Vol <sup>.</sup> nge:	t's Function:			

15-06 Reset kWh Counter			
Option:		Function:	
[0]	Do not reset	No reset of the kWh counter is desired.	
[1] Reset counter Press [OK] to reset the kV (see 15-02 kWh Counter).		Press [OK] to reset the kWh counter to zero (see 15-02 kWh Counter).	

#### NOTE

The reset is carried out by pressing [OK].

15-07 Reset Running Hours Counter			
Option:		Function:	
[0]	Do not reset		
[1]	Reset counter	Select [1] Reset and press [OK] to reset the Running Hours counter to zero (see 15-01 Running Hours). This parameter cannot be selected via the serial port, RS-485. Select [0] Do not reset if no reset of the Running Hours counter is desired.	

15-08	Number	of Starts
-------	--------	-----------

Range:	Function:
[0 - 4294967295]	View the total number of starts performed
	since power-on. The value is cleared to zero
	at power-up.

15-09 Number of Auto Resets

Range:	Function:
[0 - 4294967295]	View the total number of auto resets
	performed since power-on. The counter is
	cleared to zero at power-up.
	[0 - 4294967295]

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#### 6.13.1 16-1\* Motor Status

16-10 Power [kW]		
Range	e:	Function:
0 kW*	[0 - 10000 kW]	Displays motor power in kW. The value shown is calculated based on the actual motor voltage and motor current. The value is filtered, and therefore approx. 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data readout values change. The resolution of readout value on fieldbus is in
		10 W steps.

16-11 Power [hp]		
Range:		Function:
0 hp* h	[0 - 10000 ເອ]	View the motor power in hp. The value shown is calculated based on the actual motor voltage and motor current. The value is filtered, and therefore approximately 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data readout values change.

16-1	16-12 Motor Voltage		
Range:		Function:	
0 V*		View the motor voltage, a calculated value used for controlling the motor.	

#### 16-13 Frequency

Range:		Function:
0 Hz*	[0 - 6500 Hz]	View the motor frequency, without
		resonance dampening.

16-14 Motor current			
Range:		Function:	
0 A*	[0 - 10000 A]	View the motor current measured as a mean value, $I_{RMS}$ . The value is filtered, and thus approximately 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data readout values change.	

16-1	16-15 Frequency [%]			
Range:		Function:		
0 %*	[-100 - 100 %]	View a two-byte word reporting the actual motor frequency (without resonance dampening) as a percentage (scale 0000-4000 Hex) of 4-19 Max Output Frequency. Set 9-16 PCD Read Configuration index 1 to send it with the status word instead of the MAV.		

16-16 Torque [Nm]			
-			
3000 the motor shaft. Linearity is not exact betwee Nm] 160% motor current and torque in relation the rated torque. Some motors supply more than 160% torque. Consequently, the min. value and the max. value depend on the m motor current as well as the motor used. The		Function: View the torque value with sign, applied to the motor shaft. Linearity is not exact between 160% motor current and torque in relation to the rated torque. Some motors supply more than 160% torque. Consequently, the min. value and the max. value depend on the max. motor current as well as the motor used. The value is filtered, and thus approx. 30 ms may pass from when an input changes value to when the data readout values change.	
0 RPM			
	30000 RP	M] loop or closed loop process control, the motor RPM is estimated. In speed closed loop modes the motor RPM is measured.	
16-18	Motor Th	nermal	
Range	e:	Function:	
0 %*	0 %* [0 - 100 %] View the calculated thermal load on the motor. The cut-out limit is 100%. The basis for calculation is the ETR function selected in <i>1-90 Motor Thermal Protection</i> .		
16-19	KTY sens	or temperature	
Range	e:	Function:	
0 °C*	[0 - 0 °C]	Returning the actual temperature on KTY sensor built into the motor. See parameter group <i>1-9* Motor Temperature</i> .	
16-20	Motor A	ngle	
Range		Function:	
0* [	0 - 65535 ]	View the current encoder/resolver angle offset relative to the index position. The value range of 0-65535 corresponds to 0-2*pi (radians).	
16-21	Torque [	%] High Res.	
Range	e:	Function:	
0 %*	[-200 - 200	0 %] The value shown is the torque in percent of nominal torque, with sign and 0.1% resolution, applied to the motor shaft.	
16-22 Torque [%]			
Range	e:	Function:	
0 %*	[-200 - 200	0 %]         Value shown is the torque in percent of nominal torque, with sign, applied to the	

motor shaft.

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#### **Parameter Descriptions**

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Range: Function:	
0 Nm* [-200000000 - View the torque value with 200000000 Nm] applied to the motor shaft motors supply more than Consequently, the min. va max. value depend on the current as well as the mo specific readout has been able to show higher value standard readout in 16-16	t. Some 160% torque. alue and the e max. motor tor used. This adapted to be es than the

#### 6.13.2 16-3\* Drive Status

16-30 DC Link Voltage				
Rang	Range: Function:			
0 V*	[0 - 10000 V]	View a measured value. The value is filtered		
		with a 30 ms time constant.		
16-32	16-32 Brake Energy /s			
Range: Function:		Function:		
0 kW*	[0 - 10000 k	W] View the brake power transmitted to an		
		external brake resistor, stated as an		
		instantaneous value.		
16-33	16-33 Brake Energy /2 min			
Range:		Function:		
0 kW*	[0 - 10000	View the brake power transmitted to an		
	kW]	external brake resistor. The mean power		
		is calculated on an average basis for the		
		most recent 120 s.		

16-34 Heatsink Temp.			
Range: Function:			
0 °C*		View the frequency converter heatsink temperature. The cut-out limit is 90 $\pm$ 5 °C, and the motor cuts back in at 60 $\pm$ 5 °C.	

16-35 Inverter Thermal			
Range: Function:			
0 %*	[0 - 100 %]	View the percentage load on the inverter.	
16-36 Inv. Nom. Current			

Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0.01 - 10000 A]	View the inverter nominal current, which must match the nameplate data on the connected motor. The data are used for calculation of torque, motor protection, etc.

#### Range: Function: Size related\* [0.01 -View the inverter maximum current, 10000 A] which must match the nameplate data on the connected motor. The data are used for calculation of torque, motor protection, etc. 16-38 SL Controller State Range: Function: View the state of the event under execution by [0 - 100 ] 0 \* the SL controller. 16-39 Control Card Temp. Range: Function: 0 °C\* [0 - 100 °C] View the temperature on the control card, stated in °C 16-40 Logging Buffer Full **Option:** Function: View whether the logging buffer is full (see parameter group 15-1\* Data Log Settings). The logging buffer is never full when setting 15-13 Logging Mode to [0] Log always.

16-37 Inv. Max. Current

## [0] No [1] Yes 16-48 Speed Ref. After Ramp [RPM] Range: Function: 0 RPM\* [-30000 - 30000 RPM] This parameter specifies the reference given to the frequency converter after the speed ramp.

#### 6.13.3 16-5\* Ref. & Feedb.

16-	16-50 External Reference				
Rar	nge:	Function:			
0 *	[-200 - 200 ]		nce, the sum of digital,		
		5.1	nd freeze references, plus		
		catch-up and slow-d	own.		
16-	51 Pulse Refe	erence			
Range: Function:					
0 *	[-200 - 200 ]	View the reference value from programmed			
		digital input(s). The readout can also reflect			
		the impulses from an incremental encoder.			
16-	16-52 Feedback[Unit]				
Range: Function:			Function:		
0 Re	eferenceFeed-	[-999999.999 -	View the feedback unit		
back	‹Unit*	999999.999	resulting from the		
			selection of unit and		

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16-52 Feedback[Unit]			
Range:		Function:	
	ReferenceFeed- backUnit]	scaling in 3-00 Reference Range, 3-01 Reference/ Feedback Unit, 3-02 Minimum Reference and 3-03 Maximum Reference.	
16-53 Digi Pot Reference			

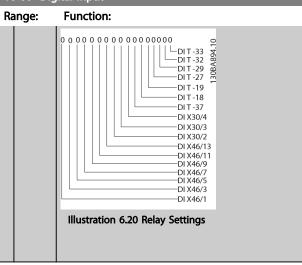
Range:		Fur	nction:	
0 *	[-2	200 - 200 ]	View the contribution of the Digital Potenti- ometer to the actual reference.	
16-	16-57 Feedback [RPM]			
Range:			Function:	
0 RF	PM*	[-30000 -		Readout parameter where the actual
		30000 RPN	Λ]	motor RPM from the feedback source
				can be read in both closed loop and
				open loop. Select the feedback source in

7-00 Speed PID Feedback Source.

#### 6.13.4 16-6\* Inputs and Outputs

10	16-60 Digital Input				
Ra	ange:	Function:			
0 *	[0 - 1023 ]	View the signal Example: Input signal, '1' = co opposite way, Bit 0 Bit 1 Bit 2 Bit 3 Bit 4 Bit 5 Bit 6 Bit 7 Bit 8 Bit 9 Bit 10-63	al states from the active digital inputs. t 18 corresponds to bit no. 5, '0' = no nnected signal. Bit 6 works in the on = '0', off = '1' (safe stop input). Digital input term. 33 Digital input term. 32 Digital input term. 29 Digital input term. 27 Digital input term. 19 Digital input term. 18 Digital input term. 37 Digital input GP I/O term. X30/4 Digital input GP I/O term. X30/2 Reserved for future terminals		
		Bit 4 Bit 5 Bit 6 Bit 7 Bit 8 Bit 9 Bit 10-63	Digital input term. 19 Digital input term. 18 Digital input term. 37 Digital input GP I/O term. X30/4 Digital input GP I/O term. X30/3 Digital input GP I/O term. X30/2		

#### 16-60 Digital Input



16-61	Terminal	53	Switch	Setting

Option: F		Fund	ction:	
		View	the setting of input terminal 53.	
[0]	Current			
[1] Voltage				
16-0	16-62 Analog Input 53			
Range:			Function:	
0 *	[-20 - 20	] ]	View the actual value at input 53.	

## 16-63 Terminal 54 Switch Setting

10-	10-05 Terrininal 54 Switch Setting				
Option:		Function:			
		View the setting of input terminal 54.			
[0]	Current				
[1]	Voltage				

#### 16-64 Analog Input 54

		<b>3</b> p	
Range:			Function:
0 *	[-20 - 20	)]	View the actual value at input 54.
16-	65 Analo	g Out	put 42 [mA]
Rar	nge:	Func	tion:
0 *	[0 - 30 ]		the actual value at output 42 in mA. The shown reflects the selection in <i>6-50 Terminal</i>
		42 Ou	tput.
16-	66 Digita	l Outp	out [bin]
Rar	nge:	Fu	nction:
0 *	[0 - 15 ]	Viev	v the binary value of all digital outputs.
16-	67 Pulse	Input	#29 [Hz]
Range:			Function:
0 *	[0 - 1300	00 ] V	/iew the actual frequency rate on terminal
			19.

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#### **Parameter Descriptions**

#### Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

16-68	Freq. Input	: #33 [Hz]
Range	:	Function:
0 * [(	0 - 130000 ]	View the actual value of the frequency applied at terminal 33 as an impulse input.
16-69	Pulse Outp	out #27 [Hz]
Range	:	Function:
0 * [0		/iew the actual value of pulses applied to erminal 27 in digital output mode.
16-70	Pulse Outp	out #29 [Hz]
Range	:	Function:
0 * [0		/iew the actual value of pulses at terminal 29 η digital output mode.
16-71	Relay Outp	out [bin]
Range	:	Function:
0 *	[0 - 511 ]	View the settings of all relays.
		Readout choice (Par. 16-71): Relay output (bin): 0 0 0 0 0 bin OptionB card relay 09 OptionB card relay 07 Power card relay 02 Power card relay 01 Illustration 6.22 Relay Settings

#### 16-72 Counter A

Ra	nge:	Function:			
0 *	[-2147483648 -	View the present value of Counter A.			
	2147483647 ]	Counters are useful as comparator			
		operands, see 13-10 Comparator Operand.			
		The value can be reset or changed either			
		via digital inputs (parameter group 5-1*			
		Digital Inputs) or by using an SLC action			
		(13-52 SL Controller Action).			

#### 16-73 Counter B

R	ange:	Function:
0 ;	· [-2147483648 -	View the present value of Counter B.
	2147483647 ]	Counters are useful as comparator
		operands (13-10 Comparator Operand).
		The value can be reset or changed either
		via digital inputs (parameter group 5-1*
		Digital Inputs) or by using an SLC action
		(13-52 SL Controller Action).

16	16-74 Prec. Stop Counter			
Range:		Function:		
0 *	[0 - 2147483647 ]	Returns the actual counter value of precise counter (1-84 Precise Stop Counter Value).		

#### 6.13.5 16-8\* Fieldbus & FC Port

Parameters for reporting the BUS references and control words.

16	-80 Fieldbus	CTW 1
Rai	nge:	Function:
0 *	[0 - 65535 ]	View the two-byte control word (CTW) received from the Bus-Master. Interpretation of the control word depends on the fieldbus option installed and the control word profile selected in <i>8-10 Control Profile</i> . For more information, refer to the relevant fieldbus manual.
16	-82 Fieldbus	REF 1
Rai	nge:	Function:
0 *	[-200 - 200 ]	View the two-byte word sent with the control word form the Bus-Master to set the reference value. For more information, refer to the relevant fieldbus manual.
16	-84 Comm. C	Pption STW
Rai	nge:	Function:
0 *	[0 - 65535 ]	View the extended fieldbus comm. option status word. For more information, refer to the relevant fieldbus manual.
16-	-85 FC Port C	TW 1
-	nge:	Function:
0 *	[0 - 65535 ]	View the two-byte control word (CTW) received from the Bus-Master. Interpretation of the control word depends on the fieldbus option installed and the control word profile selected in <i>8-10 Control Profile</i> .
16-	-86 FC Port F	EF 1
Rai	nge:	Function:
0 *	[-200 - 200 ]	View the two-byte status word (STW) sent to the Bus-Master. Interpretation of the status word depends on the fieldbus option installed and the control word profile selected in <i>8-10 Control Profile</i> .



#### 6.13.6 16-9\* Diagnosis Read-Outs

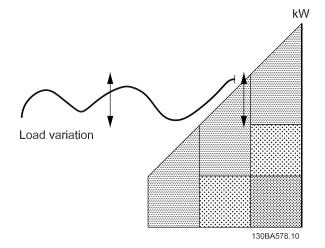
#### NOTE

When using MCT 10 Set-up Software, the readout parameters can only be read online, i.e. as the actual status. This means that the status is not stored in the MCT 10 Set-up Software file.

16	00	Alarm Word	
		Alarm word	
Ra	nge:		Function:
0 *	[0	- 4294967295 ]	View the alarm word sent via the serial
			communication port in hex code.
16	-91	Alarm Word 2	
Ra	nge:		Function:
0 *	[0	- 4294967295 ]	View the alarm word sent via the serial
			communication port in hex code.
16	-92	Warning Word	
Ra	nge:		Function:
0 *	[0	- 4294967295 ]	View the warning word sent via the
			serial communication port in hex code.
16	-93	Warning Word	2
Ra	nge:		Function:
0 *	[0	- 4294967295 ]	View the warning word sent via the
			serial communication port in hex code.
16	-94	Ext. Status Wo	rd
Ra	nge:		Function:
0 *	[0	- 4294967295 ]	Returns the extended warning word sent
			via the serial communication port in hex
			code.
16	-95	Ext. Status Wo	rd 2
Ra	nge:		Function:
0 *	[0	- 4294967295 ]	Returns the extended warning word 2
			sent via the serial communication port
			in hex code.

#### 6.14 Parameters: 25-\*\* Cascade Controller

Parameters for configuring the Basic Cascade Controller for sequence control of multiple compressors.



#### Illustration 6.23 Cascade Controller Feedback Signals

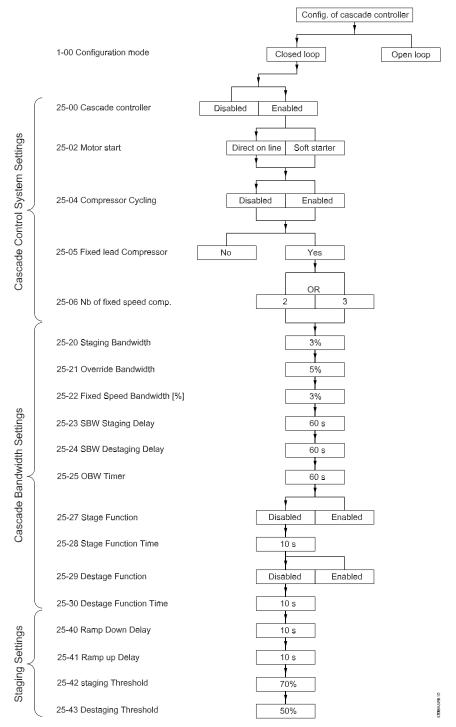
To configure the Cascade Controller to the actual system and the desired control strategy, it is recommended to follow the below sequence, starting with parameter group 25-0\* System Settings, and next parameter group 25-5\* Alternation Settings. These parameters can normally be set in advance.

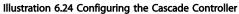
Parameters in parameter group 25-2\* Bandwidth Settings and 25-4\* Staging settings will often be dependent on the dynamic of the system and final adjustment to be done at the commissioning of the plant.

#### NOTE

The Cascade Controller is supposed to operate in closed loop controlled by the built-in PI controller ([1] Speed Closed Loop selected in 1-00 Configuration Mode). If [0] Speed Open Loop is selected in 1-00 Configuration Mode, all fixed speed compressors will be destaged, but the variable speed compressor will still be controlled by the frequency converter, now as an open loop configuration:

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#### 6.14.1 25-0\* System Settings

Parameters related to control principles and configuration of the system.

25-0	25-00 Cascade Controller			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		For operation of multiple devices (compressor)		
		systems where capacity is adapted to actual load		
		by means of speed control combined with on/off		
		control of the devices. For simplicity only		
		compressor systems are described.		
[0] *	Disabled	The Cascade Controller is not active. All built-in		
		relays assigned to compressor motors in the		
		cascade function will be de-energized. If a		
		variable speed compressor is connected to the		
		frequency converter directly (not controlled by a		
		built-in relay), this compressor will be controlled		
		as a single compressor system.		
[1]	Enabled	The Cascade Controller is active and will stage/		
		destage compressors according to load on the		
		system.		

#### NOTE

This parameter can only be [1] Enabled, if 22-75 Short Cycle Protection is set to [0] Disabled.

#### 25-02 Motor Start

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Motors are connected to the mains directly with
		a contactor or with a soft starter. When the
		value of 25-02 Motor Start is set to an option
		other than [0] Direct on Line, then 25-50 Lead
		Compressor Alternation is automatically set to
		the default of [0] Direct on Line.
[0] *	Direct on	Each fixed speed compressor is connected to
	Line	line directly via a contactor.
[1]	Soft	Each fixed speed compressor is connected to
	starter	line via a soft starter.

#### 25-04 Compressor Cycling

Opt	ion:	Function:
		To provide equal hours of operation with fixed
		speed compressors, the compressor use can be
		cycled. The selection of compressor cycling is
		either "first in – last out" or equal running hours
		for each compressor.
[0] *	Disabled	The fixed speed compressors will be connected in
		the order 1 – 2 – 3 and disconnected in the
		order 3 – 2 – 1. (First in – last out)
[1]	Enabled	The fixed speed compressors will be connected/
		disconnected to have equal running hours for
		each compressor.

#### 25-05 Fixed Lead Compressor

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Fixed Lead Compressor means that the variable speed
		compressor is connected directly to the frequency
		converter and if a contactor is applied between
		frequency converter and compressor, this contactor
		will not be controlled by the frequency converter.
[0]	No	The lead compressor function can alternate between
		the compressors controlled by the two built in relays.
		One compressor must be connected to the built-in
		RELAY 1, and the other compressor to RELAY 2. The
		compressor function (Cascade Compressor1 and
		Cascade Compressor2) will automatically be assigned
		to the relays (maximum two compressors can in this
		case be controlled from the frequency converter).
[1] *	Yes	The lead compressor will be fixed (no alternation) and
		connected directly to the frequency converter. The
		25-50 Lead Compressor Alternation is automatically set
		to [0] Off. Built-in relays Relay 1 and Relay 2 can be
		assigned to separate fixed speed compressors. In total
		three compressors can be controlled by the frequency
		converter.

#### 25-06 Number of Compressors

Opt	ion:	Function:
		The number of compressors connected to
		the Cascade Controller including the
		variable speed compressor. If the variable
		speed compressor is connected directly to
		the frequency converter and the other fixed
		speed compressors (lag compressors) are
		controlled by the two built in relays, three
		compressors can be controlled. If both the
		variable speed and fixed speed compressors
		are to be controlled by built-in relays, only
		two compressors can be connected.
[0]	2	If 25-05 Fixed Lead Compressor is set to [0]
*	compressors	No: one variable speed compressor and one
		fixed speed compressor; both controlled by
		built in relay. If 25-05 Fixed Lead Compressor
		is set to [1] Yes: one variable speed
		compressor and one fixed speed
		compressor controlled by built-in relay
[1]	3	[1] 3 Compressors: One lead compressor, see
	compressors	25-05 Fixed Lead Compressor. Two fixed
		speed compressors controlled by built-in
		relays.



#### 6.14.2 25-2\* Bandwidth Manager

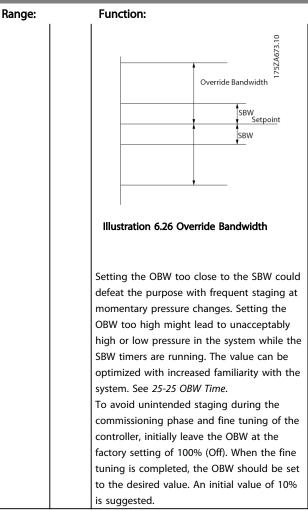
Parameters for setting the bandwidth within which the pressure/temperature will be allowed to operate before staging/destaging fixed speed compressors. Also includes various timers to stabilize the control.

25-2	25-20 Staging Bandwidth [%]			
Rang	je:	Function:		
10%*	[1 -	Set the staging bandwidth (SBW) percentage to		
	100	accommodate normal system pressure fluctuation.		
	%]	In cascade control systems, to avoid frequent		
		switching of fixed speed compressors, the desired		
		system pressure is typically kept within a		
		bandwidth rather than at a constant level.		
		The SBW is programmed as a percentage of the		
		numerically larger value of 3-03 Maximum Reference		
		and 3-02 Minimum Reference. For example, if		
		3-03 Maximum Reference is 10 bar and the SBW is		
		set at 10%, a system pressure between 4.0 and 6.0		
		bar is tolerated if the setpoint is 5 bar. No staging		
		or destaging will occur within this bandwidth.		
		01- 02-94 25/1 SBW Setpoint		
		SBW		
		Illustration 6.25 Staging Bandwidth		

#### 25-21 Override Bandwidth [%]

Range:		Function:
100% =	[1 –	When a large and quick change in the
Disabled*	100%]	system demand occurs, the system pressure
		rapidly changes and an immediate staging
		or destaging of a fixed speed compressor
		becomes necessary to match the
		requirement. The override bandwidth (OBW)
		is programmed to override the staging/
		destaging timer (25-23 SBW Staging Delay/
		25-24 SBW Destaging Delay) for immediate
		response.
		The OBW must always be programmed to a
		higher value than the value set in
		25-20 Staging Bandwidth (SBW). The OBW is a
		percentage of 3-03 Maximum Reference.

#### 25-21 Override Bandwidth [%]



#### 25-22 Fixed Speed Bandwidth [%]

Range:		Function:
10%*	[1 -	When the cascade control system is running
	100%]	normally and the frequency converter issues a
		trip alarm, it is important to maintain the system
		head. The Cascade Controller does this by
		continuing to stage/destage the fixed speed
		compressor on and off. Due to the fact that
		keeping the head at the setpoint would require
		frequent staging and destaging when only a
		fixed speed compressor is running, a wider Fixed
		Speed Bandwidth (FSBW) is used instead of SBW.
		It is possible to stop the fixed speed
		compressors, in case of an alarm situation, by
		pressing the LCP OFF or HAND ON keys or if the
		signal programmed for Start on digital input
		goes low.
		In case the issued alarm is a trip-lock alarm then
		the Cascade Controller must stop the system
		immediately by cutting out all the fixed speed
		compressors. This is basically the same as
		Emergency Stop (Coast/Coast inverse Command)
		for the Cascade Controller.

#### Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303



60 sec.* [0-3000] sec.] Immediate staging of a fixed speed compressor is not desirable when a momentary pressure drop in the system exceeds the Staging Bandwidth (SBW). Staging is delayed by the length of time programmed. If the pressure increases to within the SBW before the timer has elapsed, the timer is reset.	Range	:	Function:
sec.* sec.] compressor is not desirable when a momentary pressure drop in the system exceeds the Staging Bandwidth (SBW). Staging is delayed by the length of time programmed. If the pressure increases to within the SBW before the timer has elapsed, the timer is reset.	-		1
momentary pressure drop in the system exceeds the Staging Bandwidth (SBW). Staging is delayed by the length of time programmed. If the pressure increases to within the SBW before the timer has elapsed, the timer is reset.		-	
exceeds the Staging Bandwidth (SBW). Staging is delayed by the length of time programmed. If the pressure increases to within the SBW before the timer has elapsed, the timer is reset.	JCC.	500.]	
Staging is delayed by the length of time programmed. If the pressure increases to within the SBW before the timer has elapsed, the timer is reset.			
programmed. If the pressure increases to within the SBW before the timer has elapsed, the timer is reset.			3 3
within the SBW before the timer has elapsed, the timer is reset.			
the timer is reset.			' <sup>3</sup> '
SBW staging delay Illustration 6.27 SBW Staging Delay			· · ·
SBW staging delay Illustration 6.27 SBW Staging Delay			the timer is reset.
SBW staging delay Illustration 6.27 SBW Staging Delay			E.
SBW staging delay Illustration 6.27 SBW Staging Delay			672
SBW staging delay Illustration 6.27 SBW Staging Delay			
SBW staging delay Illustration 6.27 SBW Staging Delay			-
SBW staging delay Illustration 6.27 SBW Staging Delay			SBW
SBW staging delay Illustration 6.27 SBW Staging Delay			▼ Setpoint
SBW staging delay Illustration 6.27 SBW Staging Delay			
Illustration 6.27 SBW Staging Delay			SBW
Illustration 6.27 SBW Staging Delay			
Illustration 6.27 SBW Staging Delay			
			SBW staging delay
			Illustration 6.27 SBW Staging Delay
	25-24		

#### 25-23 SBW Staging Delay

#### 25-24 SBW Destaging Delay

Range	:	Function:
60	[0-3000	Immediate destaging of a fixed speed
sec.*	sec.]	compressor is not desirable when a
		momentary pressure increase in the system
		that exceeds the Staging Bandwidth (SBW).
		Destaging is delayed by the length of time
		programmed. If the pressure decreases to
		within the SBW before the timer has elapsed,
		the timer is reset.
		(27-24) SBW destage delay (27-20) Setpoint SBW (27-20) Setpoint (27-20) Setpoint (27-20)

25-25 OBW
Range:
Range:           60         [0 –           sec.*         300           sec. ]         Sec. ]

#### 25-27 Stage Function

Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	Disabled			
[1]	Enabled	If the Stage Function is set to [0] Disabled,		
		25-28 Stage Function Time will not be activated.		
25-2	25-28 Stage Function Time			
Ran	ge:	Function:		

Range:		Function:
10	[0 -	The Stage Function Time is programmed to
sec.*	300	avoid frequent staging of the fixed speed
	sec.]	compressors. The Stage Function Time starts if it
		is [1] Enabled by 25-27 Stage Function and when
		the variable speed compressor is running at
		4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] or 4-14 Motor
		Speed High Limit [Hz] (or at 4-11 Motor Speed
		Low Limit [RPM] or 4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit
		[Hz] if 7-30 Process PID Normal/ Inverse Control is
		programmed to Inverse), with at least one fixed
		speed compressor in the stop position. When
		the programmed value of the timer expires, a
		fixed speed compressor is staged.

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25-29	Destage	Function
25 25	Destage	i uncuon

Opt	ion:	Function:
[0] *	Disabled	
[1]	Enabled	The Destage Function ensures that the lowest
		numbers of compressors are running to save
		energy. If the Destage Function is set to [0]
		Disabled, the 25-30 Destage Function Time will not
		be activated.

#### 25-30 Destage Function Time

Rang	e:	Function:
10	[0 -	The Destage Function Timer is programmable to
sec.*	300	avoid frequent staging/destaging of the fixed
	sec.]	speed compressors. The Destage Function Time
		starts when the adjustable speed compressor is
		running at 4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] or
		4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz] (or at 4-13 Motor
		Speed High Limit [RPM] or 4-14 Motor Speed High
		Limit [Hz] if 7-30 Process PID Normal/ Inverse
		Control is programmed to Inverse), with one or
		more fixed speed compressors in operation and
		system requirements satisfied. In this situation,
		the adjustable speed compressor contributes
		little to the system. When the programmed value
		of the timer expires, a stage is removed.
		F VLT pump F VLT pump Fmin (4:12) Fmin (4:12) Destage time pariod (27:27) Illustration 6.30 Destage Function Time

#### 6.14.3 25-4\* Staging Settings

Parameters determining conditions for staging/destaging the compressors.

25-40 Ramp Down Delay		
Range:		Function:
10 sec.*	[0 – 120	When adding a fixed speed compressor
	sec. ]	controlled by a soft starter, it is possible to
		delay the ramp down of the lead
		compressor until a preset time after the start
		of the fixed speed compressor to eliminate
		pressure surges in the system.
		Only to be used if [1] Soft Starter is selected
		in 25-02 Motor Start.

#### 25-41 Ramp Up Delay

Range	:	Function:
Range 10 sec.*	[0 – 120 sec.]	When removing a fixed speed compressor controlled by a soft starter, it is possible to delay the ramp up of the lead compressor until a preset time after the stopping of the fixed speed compressor to eliminate pressure surges in the system. Only to be used if [1] Soft Starter is selected in 25-02 Motor Start.
		Caude Controller Caude Controller Caude Controller prepare for monotographic prepare for monotographic caude Candod Controller Prepare for monotographic prepare for monotographic prepare for the caude Candod Cand
		Illustration 6.31 Ramp-up Delay

#### 25-42 Staging Threshold

Rang	je:	Function:
90%*	[0 -	When adding a fixed speed compressor, in order
	100%]	to prevent an overshoot of pressure, the variable
		speed compressor ramps down to a lower speed.
		When the variable speed compressor reaches the
		"Staging Speed" the fixed speed compressor is
		staged on. The Staging Threshold is used to
		calculate the speed of the variable speed
		compressor when the "cut-in point" of the fixed
		speed compressor occurs. The calculation of the
		Staging Threshold is the ratio of 4-11 Motor Speed
		Low Limit [RPM] or 4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit
		[Hz] to 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] or
		4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz] expressed in
		percent.
		Staging Threshold must range from
		$\eta_{STAGE\%} = \frac{\eta_{LOW}}{\eta_{HIGH}} \times 100\%$
		to 100%, where $n_{LOW}$ is Motor Speed Low Limit
		and n <sub>HIGH</sub> is Motor Speed High Limit.
		Motor speed compressor
		Staging speed Motor speed low limit 0 4 5 Seconds
		130BA733.10
		Illustration 6.32 Staging Threshold

## Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

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## 25-43 Destaging Threshold

Rang	le:	Function:
Rang	<b>je:</b> [0 – 100%]	When removing a fixed speed compressor, in order to prevent an undershoot of pressure, the variable speed compressor ramps up to a higher speed. When the variable speed compressor reaches the "Destaging Speed" the fixed speed compressor is destaged. The Destaging Threshold is used to calculate the speed of the variable speed compressor when the destaging of the fixed speed compressor occurs. The calculation of the Destaging Threshold is the ratio of 4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] or 4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz] to 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] or 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz] expressed in percent. Destaging Threshold must range from $\eta_{STAGE\%} = \frac{\eta_{LOW}}{\eta_{HIGH}} \times 100\%$ to 100%, where nLow is Motor Speed Low Limit and n <sub>HIGH</sub> is Motor Speed High Limit.
		Motor speed pump

## 25-44 Staging Speed [RPM]

## Option: Function:

0 N/A	Readout of the below calculated value for Staging
	Speed. When adding a fixed speed compressor, in
	order to prevent an overshoot of pressure, the
	variable speed compressor ramps down to a lower
	speed. When the variable speed compressor reaches
	the "Staging Speed" the fixed speed compressor is
	staged on. Staging Speed calculation is based on
	25-42 Staging Threshold and 4-13 Motor Speed High
	Limit [RPM].
	Staging Speed is calculated with the following
	formula:
	$\eta_{STAGE} = \eta_{HIGH} \frac{\eta_{STAGE\%}}{100}$
	where n <sub>HIGH</sub> is Motor Speed High Limit and n <sub>STAGE100%</sub>
	is the value of Staging Threshold.

## 25-45 Staging Speed [Hz]

## Option: Function:

0 N/A	Readout of the below calculated value for Staging
	Speed When adding a fixed speed compressor, in
	order to prevent an overshoot of pressure, the
	variable speed compressor ramps down to a lower
	speed. When the variable speed compressor reaches
	the "Staging Speed" the fixed speed compressor is
	staged on. Staging Speed calculation is based on

## 25-45 Staging Speed [Hz]

## Option: Function:

25-42 Staging Threshold and 4-14 Motor Speed High
Limit [Hz].
Staging Speed is calculated with the following
formula:
$\eta_{STAGE} = \eta_{HIGH} \frac{\eta_{STAGE\%}}{100}$ where $n_{HIGH}$ is Motor Speed
High Limit and n <sub>STAGE100%</sub> is the value of Staging
Threshold.

## 25-46 Destaging Speed [RPM]

## **Option:** Function:

0 N/A	Readout of the below calculated value for Destaging
	Speed. When removing a fixed speed compressor, in
	order to prevent an undershoot of pressure, the
	variable speed compressor ramps up to a higher
	speed. When the variable speed compressor reaches
	the "Destaging Speed" the fixed speed compressor is
	destaged. Destaging Speed is calculated based on
	25-43 Destaging Threshold and 4-13 Motor Speed High
	Limit [RPM].
	Destaging Speed is calculated with the following
	formula:
	$\eta_{DESTAGE} = \eta_{HIGH} \frac{\eta_{DESTAGE\%}}{100}$ where $\eta_{HIGH}$ is Motor
	Speed High Limit and nDESTAGE100% is the value of
	Destaging Threshold.

## 25-47 Destaging Speed [Hz]

## **Option:** Function:

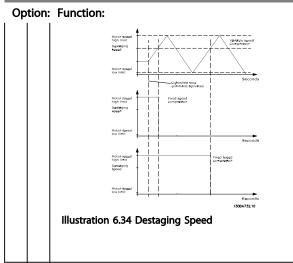
Readout of the below calculated value for Destaging
Speed. When removing a fixed speed compressor, in
order to prevent an undershoot of pressure, the variable
speed compressor ramps up to a higher speed. When
the variable speed compressor reaches the "Destaging
Speed" the fixed speed compressor is destaged.
Destaging Speed is calculated based on 25-43 Destaging
Threshold and 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]
Destaging Speed is calculated with the following
formula:
$\eta_{DESTAGE} = \eta_{HIGH} \frac{\eta_{DESTAGE\%}}{100}$

where  $n_{HIGH}$  is Motor Speed High Limit and  $n_{DESTAGE100\%}$  is the value of Destaging Threshold.

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## 25-47 Destaging Speed [Hz]



## 6.14.4 25-5\* Alternation Settings

Parameters for defining the conditions for alternation of the variable speed compressor (lead), if selected as part of the control strategy.

25-50 Lead Com		pressor Alternation
Opt	ion:	Function:
		Lead compressor alternation equalizes the use of compressors by periodically changing the compressor that is speed controlled. This ensures that compressors are equally used over time. Alternation equalizes the usage of compressors by always choosing the compressor with the lowest number of used hours to stage on next.
[0] *	Off	No alternation of lead compressor function will take place. It is not possible to set this parameter to options other that [0] Off if 25-02 Motor Start is set other than [0] Direct on Line. NOTE It is not possible to select other than [0] Off if 25-05 Fixed Lead Compressor is set to [1] Yes.
[1]	At Staging	Alternation of the lead compressor function will take place when staging another compressor.
[2]	At Command	Alternation of the lead compressor function will take place at an external command signal or a pre-programmed event. See 25-51 Alternation Event for available options.
[3]	At Staging or at Command	Alternation of the variable speed (lead) compressor will take place at staging or the "At Command" signal (See above).

## 25-51 Alternation Event

Opt	ion:	Function:
		This parameter is only active if the options
		[2] At Command or [3] At Staging or
		Command have been selected in 25-50 Lead
		Compressor Alternation. If an Alternation
		Event is selected, the alternation of lead
		compressor takes place every time the event
		occurs.
[0] *	External	Takes place when a signal is applied to one
		of the digital inputs on the terminal strip
		and this input has been assigned to [121]
		Lead Compressor Alternation in parameter
		group 5-1* Digital Inputs.
[1]	Alternation	Takes place every time 25-52 Alternation Time
	Time Interval	Interval expires.

## 25-52 Alternation Time Interval

Range:		Function:
24 h*	[1 – 999	If [1] Alternation Time Interval option in
	h]	25-51 Alternation Event is selected, the
		alternation of the variable speed compressor
		takes place every time the Alternation Time
		Interval expires (can be checked out in
		25-53 Alternation Timer Value).
		-

## 25-53 Alternation Time Value

### **Option:** Function:

0 N/A	Readout parameter for the Alternation Time Interval	
	value set in 25-52 Alternation Time Interval.	

## 25-55 Alternation if Capacity < 50%

Option:		Function:
[0]	Disabled	
[1] *	Enabled	If Alternation If Capacity <50% is enabled, the
		compressor alternation can only occur if the
		capacity is equal to or below 50%. The capacity
		calculation is the ratio of running compressors
		(including the variable speed compressor) to the
		total number of available compressors (including
		variable speed compressor, but not those
		interlocked).
		Capacity = $\frac{NRunning}{NTotal} \times 100\%$
		For the Basic Cascade Controller all compressors
		are equal size.
		Disabled [0]: The lead compressor alternation will
		take place at any compressor capacity.
		Enabled [1]: The lead compressor function will be
		alternated only if the numbers of compressors
		running are providing less than 50% of total
		compressor capacity.
		Only valid if 25-50 Lead Compressor Alternation is
		different from [0] Off.

## **Parameter Descriptions**

## Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

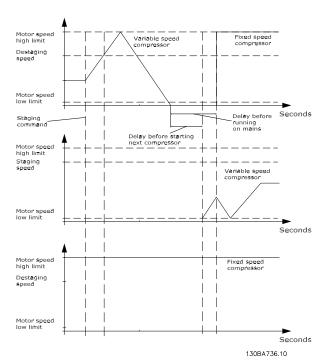


6

## 25-56 Staging Mode at Alternation

Option:		Function:
		This parameter is only active if the option selected
		in 25-50 Lead Compressor Alternation is different from
		[0] Off.
		Two types of staging and destaging of compressors
		are possible. Slow transfer makes staging and
		destaging smooth. Quick Transfer makes staging and
		destaging as fast as possible; the variable speed
		compressor is just cut out (coasted).
[0] *	Slow	At alternation, the variable speed compressor is
		ramped up to maximum speed and then ramped
		down to a stand still.
[1]	Quick	At alternation, the variable speed compressor is
		ramped up to maximum speed and then coasted to
		stand still.

Illustration 6.35 is an example of the Slow transfer staging. The variable speed compressor (top graph) and one fixed speed compressor (bottom graph) are running before the staging command. When the [0] Slow transfer command is activated, an alternation is carried out by ramping the variable speed compressor to 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] or 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz], and then decelerated to zero speed. After a "Delay Before Starting Next Compressor" (25-58 Run Next Compressor Delay) the next lead compressor (middle graph) is accelerated and another original lead compressor (top graph) is added after the "Delay Before Running On Mains" (25-59 Run on Mains Delay) as a fixed speed compressor. The next lead compressor (middle graph) is decelerated to Motor Speed Low Limit and then allowed to vary speed to maintain system pressure.





## 25-58 Run Next Compressor Delay

Range	:	Function:
0.5	[25-58 Run	This parameter is only active if the
sec*	Next Compressor	option selected in 25-50 Lead
	<i>Delay</i> – 5.0 sec]	Compressor Alternation, is different
		from [0] Off.
		This parameter sets the time between
		stopping the old variable speed
		compressor and starting another
		compressor as a new variable speed
		compressor. Refer to 25-56 Staging
		Mode at Alternation and Illustration 6.35
		for description of staging and
		alternation.

## 25-59 Run on Mains Delay

Range:		Function:
0.5	[25-58 Run	This parameter is only active if the
sec*	Next Compressor	option selected in 25-50 Lead
	<i>Delay</i> – 5.0 sec ]	Compressor Alternation, is different
		from [0] Off.
		This parameter sets the time between
		stopping the old variable speed
		compressor and starting this
		compressor as a new fixed speed
		compressor. Refer to 25-56 Staging
		Mode at Alternation and Illustration 6.35
		for description of staging and
		alternation.



## 6.14.5 25-8\* Status

Readout parameters informing about the operating status of the cascade controller and the compressors controlled.

25-80 Pack Status		
Option:	Function:	
	Read out of the status of the Pack Controller.	
Disabled	Pack Controller is disabled (25-00 Cascade	
	Controller).	
Emergency	All compressors have been stopped by means	
	of a Coast/Coast inverse or an External Interlock	
	command applied to the frequency converter.	
Off	All compressors have been stopped by means	
	of a Stop command applied to the frequency	
	converter.	
In Open Loop	1-00 Configuration Mode has been set for [0]	
	Open Loop. All fixed speed compressors are	
	stopped. The variable speed compressor will	
	continue to run.	
Frozen	Staging/destaging of compressors has been	
	locked and reference locked.	
Jogging	All fixed speed compressors are stopped. When	
	stopped, the variable speed compressor will run	
	at jog speed.	
Running	A Start command is applied to the frequency	
	converter and the Pack controller is controlling	
	the compressors.	
Running FSBW	The frequency converter is tripped off and the	
	Pack Controller is controlling the fixed speed	
	compressors based on 4-14 Motor Speed High	
	Limit [Hz].	
Staging	The Pack Controller is staging fixed speed	
	compressors.	
Destaging	The Pack Controller is destaging fixed speed	
	compressors.	
Lead Not Set	No compressor available to be assigned as	
	variable speed compressor.	

## 25-81 Compressor Status

Option:		Function:
		Compressor Status shows the status for the
		number of compressors selected in
		25-06 Number of Pumps. It is a readout of the
		status for each of the compressors showing a
		string, which consists of compressor number
		and the current status of the compressor.
		Example: Readout is with the abbreviation like
		"1:D 2:O" This means that compressor 1 is
		running and speed controlled by the
		frequency converter and compressor 2 is
		stopped.
[X]	Disabled	The compressor is interlocked either via
		25-90 Pump Interlock, or signal on a digital
		input programmed for Compressor (number
		on compressor) Interlock in parameter group

## 25-81 Compressor Status

Option:		Function:
		5-1* Digital Inputs. Can only refer to fixed
		speed compressors.
[O]	Off	Stopped by the cascade controller (but not
		interlocked).
[D]	Running on	Variable speed compressor, regardless if
	Frequency	connected directly or controlled via relay in
	Converter	the frequency converter.
[R]	Running on	Running on mains. Fixed speed compressor
	Mains	running.
25-82 Lead Compressor		
Option: Function:		
	0 N/A Readout parameter for the actual variable speed	

## 0 N/A Readout parameter for the actual variable speed compressor in the system. It is updated to reflect the current variable speed compressor in the system when an alternation takes place. If no lead compressor is selected (Cascade Controller disabled or all compressors interlocked) the display will show NONE.

## 25-83 Relay Status

## Array [2]

On	
	Read out of the status for each of the relays assigned to
	control the compressors. Every element in the array
	represents a relay. If a relay is activated, the corresponding element is set to "On". If a relay is deactivated, the
	element is set to "On". If a relay is deactivated, the
	corresponding element is set to "Off".

## 25-84 Compressor ON Time

## Array [2]

0	[0 -	Readout of the value for Compressor ON
h*	2147483647	Time. The Cascade Controller has sete
	h]	counters for the compressors and for the
		relays that control the compressors.
		Compressor ON Time monitors the
		"operating hours" of each compressor. The
		value of each Compressor ON Time counter
		can be reset to 0 by writing in the
		parameter, e.g. if the compressor is replaced
		in case of service.

## 25-85 Relay ON Time

Array [2]

0	[0 -	Readout of the value for Relay ON time. The
h*	2147483647	Cascade Controller has set counters for the
	h]	compressors and for the relays that control
		the compressors. Compressor cycling is
		always done based on the relay counters,
		otherwise it would always use the new
		compressor if a compressor is replaced and
		its value in 25-84 Pump ON Time counter is
		reset. In order to use 25-04 Pump Cycling, the



		Cascade Controller is monitoring the Relay ON time.	
25	25-86 Reset Relay Counters		
Option:		Function:	

[0] *	Do not reset	
[1]	Do reset	Resets all elements in 25-85 Relay ON Time.

## 6.14.6 25-9\* Service

Parameters used in case of service on one or more of the compressors controlled.

25-90 Compressor Interlock

#### Array [2]

		In this parameter, it is possible to disable one or more of the fixed lead compressors. For example, the compressor will not be selected for staging on even if it is the next compressor in the operation sequence. It is not possible to disable the lead compressor with the Compressor Interlock command. The digital input interlocks are selected as [130 – 132] Compressor 1-3 Interlock in parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs.
[0] *	Off	The compressor is active for staging/destaging.
[1]	On	The Compressor Interlock command is given. If a compressor is running it is immediately destaged. If the compressor is not running it is not allowed to stage on.

## 25-91 Manual Alternation

Option:		Function:
[0]	0 = Off -	This parameter is only active if the options
*	Number of	At Command or At Stating or Command are
	Compressors	selected in 25-50 Lead Compressor
		Alternation.
		The parameter is for manually setting of
		what compressor to be assigned as
		variable speed compressor. The default
		value of Manual Alternation is [0] Off. If a
		value other than [0] Off is set, the
		alternation is carried out immediately and
		the compressor that is selected with
		Manual Alternation is the new variable
		speed compressor. After the alternation has
		been carried out, the Manual Alternation
		parameter is reset to [0] Off. If the
		parameter is set to the number which
		equals the actual variable speed
		compressor, the parameter will be reset to
		[0] immediately after.

## 6.15 Parameters: 28-\*\* Compressor Functions

## 6.15.1 28-0\* Short Cycle Protection

When controlling refrigeration compressors, there is often a need for limiting the numbers of starts. One way to limit the starts is to ensure a minimum run time (time between a start and a stop) and a minimum interval between starts. *28-02 Minimum Run Time* can override any normal stop command and *28-01 Interval between Starts* can override any normal start command (Start/Jog/Freeze). None of the two functions are active if *Hand On* or *Off* modes have been activated via the LCP. If selecting *Hand On* or *Off*, the two timers will be reset to 0, and not start counting until *Auto* is pressed and an active start command applied.

28-00 Short Cycle Protection				
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0]	Disabled	Timer set in 28-01 Interval between Starts is		
		disabled.		
[1] *	Enabled	Timer set in 28-01 Interval between Starts is		
		enabled.		
		-		

## NOTE

This parameter can only be [1] Enabled if 25-00 Cascade Controller is set to [0] Disabled.

28-0	1 Interval B	Interval Between Starts		
Rang	le:	Function:		
300 s*	[0 - 3600 s	5] Sets the time desired as minimum time		
		between two starts. Any normal start		
		command (Start/Jog/Freeze) is disregarded		
		until the timer has expired.		
28-02	28-02 Minimum Run Time			
Range:		Function:		
12 s*	[0 - par.	Sets the time desired as minimum run time		
	28-01]	after a normal start command (Start/Jog/		
		Freeze). Any normal stop command is		
		disregarded until the set time has expired.		
		The timer starts counting following a normal		
		start command (Start/Jog/Freeze).		
		A Coast (Inverse) or an External Interlock		
		command override the timer.		
		command override the timer.		

## NOTE

Does not work in cascade mode.

## 6.15.2 28-1\* Oil Return Management

Insufficient lubrication can be the result of oil depositing itself in pipes and bends. Return oil deposits to the crankcase by increasing velocity for short periods at regular time intervals or by ensuring adequate oil return when velocity is too low.

With Oil Return Management, these two oil return mechanisms can be programmed into the Compressor Drive<sup>™</sup>. With Oil Return Management enabled, the frequency converter performs oil return by boosting the compressor speed to 4200 RPM (70 Hz) for a selectable duration. Programme the duration in *28-13 Boost Duration*. The boosts are performed at fixed time intervals (programmed in *28-12 Fixed Boost Interval*) or if the compressor speed has been less than 3000 RPM (50 Hz) for too long (as programmed in *28-11 Low Speed Running Time*), whichever occurs first. Thus, the maximum time between two consecutive oil return boosts is as programmed in *28-12 Fixed Boost Interval*. A text message on the LCP indicates oil return boosts.

## NOTE

If 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] or 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz] is set to the boost speed 4200 RPM an oil boost may cause unwanted staging or destaging if parameter group 25-\*\* Cascade Controller is active.

28-10	28-10 Oil Return Management			
Optior	n:	Function:		
[0] *	Off	No function		
[1]	On	Oil return mechanism is active.		

28-11 Low Speed Running Time

Range:	Function:	
60 min*	[1 –	Running at low speeds for extended periods
	1440	may result in inadequate oil return to the
	min]	compressor crankcase. Set this parameter to
		the maximum running time the compressor
		is allowed to run at a speed below 3000
		RPM/50 Hz. An oil return boost is performed
		each time the compressor has been running
		at a low speed for this maximum time.

## 28-12 Fixed Boost Interval

Range:		Function:
24 h *	[1 –	An oil return boost is performed at fixed time
	168 h]	intervals to complement the oil return boosts
		triggered by inadequate flow speeds
		(28-11 Low Speed Running Time). The fixed
		interval boosts ensure that oil return boosts
		are performed even when no boosts have
		occurred due to low flow speed (28-11 Low
		Speed Running Time).

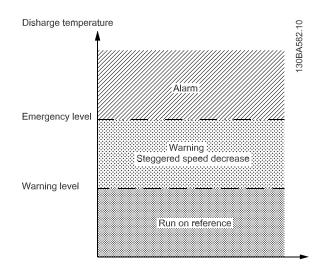
#### 28-13 Boost Duration

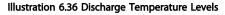
Range:		Function:
30 s *	[10 – 120 s ]	This parameter controls the duration of oil
		return boosts.

## 6.15.3 28-2\* Discharge Temperature Monitor

The Discharge Temperature Monitor (DTM) can be used to prevent the discharge temperature from reaching dangerous levels.

Two temperature levels of increasing severity can be programmed. These levels are called warning level (set in 28-24 Warning Level) and emergency level (set in 28-24 Warning Level) in order of increasing severity. Each level corresponds to a particular set of preventive actions.





To prevent damaging the compressor, discharge temperatures above the Emergency level cause an alarm and an immediate trip.

Normal operations apply for discharge temperatures below Warning level. The discharge temperature is passively monitored without affecting frequency converter operations.

Discharge temperatures in the range from Warning level to Emergency level trigger a warning and an action set by 28-25 Warning Action. The action can be None or Decrease cooling. If the action is set to Decrease cooling, the cooling is decreased as a preventive action in an attempt to lower the discharge temperature.

Decrease cooling by step-wise lowering of the shaft speed until the discharge temperature either drops below warning level or exceeds emergency level. Each step represents a three minute period during which the maximum allowed shaft speed is 10 Hz lower than the previous step. The initial step occurs when the discharge temperature rises from below to above warning level and uses the current shaft speed as basis for the 10 Hz speed reduction.

The speed steps enforce maximum shaft speeds. If the reference corresponds to a lesser speed, the reference is obeyed. If it corresponds to a higher speed, the speed is limited to the maximum shaft speed for that step.

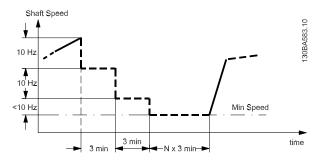


Illustration 6.37 Speed Steps

## NOTE

If the Cascade Controller is active, unwanted staging or destaging may result if the Discharge Temperature Monitor reduces the speed to 4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] or 4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz].

28-2	28-20 Temperature Source		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Selects the input terminal to which the	
		discharge temperature measurement device is	
		connected.	
[0] *	None	No Source. The Discharge Temperature Monitor	
		is not active.	
[1]	Analog	The measurement device is connected to input	
	input 53	terminal 53. Program 6-10 Terminal 53 Low	
		Voltage to 6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb.	
		Value to match the characteristics of the device.	
[2]	Analog	The measurement device is connected to input	
	input 54	terminal 54. Program 6-20 Terminal 54 Low	
		Voltage to 6-25 Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb.	
		Value to match the characteristics of the device.	
[3]	Bus	The actual discharge temperature should be	
		sent via Modbus RTU or FC protocol to 28-27	
		Discharge temperature. The temperature could	
		be set via PCD write in 8-42 PCD Write Configu-	
		ration.	

## 28-21 Temperature Unit

## Option: Function:

		Selects the unit of the discharge temperature.
[60] *	°C	
[160]	°F	

28-24 Warning Leve
--------------------

# Range: Function: 130 \* [10 Selects the temperature at which a 28-26 Emergency warning shall be issued. The action Level] selected in 28-25 Warning Action becomes active at this temperature. Enter the temperature measured in the unit selected in 28-21 Temperature Unit.

## 28-25 Warning Action

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Selects the action to be taken by the
		frequency converter for discharge temper-
		atures above the value programmed in
		28-21 Temperature Unit but below the value
		programmed in 28-26 Emergency Level.
[0]	None	No action. Only a warning is issued.
[1] *	Decrease	A warning is issued and the motor speed is
	cooling	lowered in steps of 10 Hz every 3 minutes
		until the temperature either drops below the
		level programmed in 28-24 Warning Level or
		exceeds the level programmed in
		28-26 Emergency Level.

## 28-26 Emergency Level

Range:		Function:
145*	[28-24 Warning	Selects the temperature at which an
	Level-300]	alarm shall be issued. Enter the
		temperature in the unit programmed
		in 28-21 Temperature Unit.

## 28-27 Discharge Temperature

Range:		inge:	Function:
ſ	0*	[-2147483648 –	Returns the actual value of the
		2147483648]	discharge temperature.

## 6.15.4 28-3\* Crankcase Heating

A DC-hold Current through the motor windings can be used as an alternative to an external crankcase heater to keep the compressor warm when stopped.

The efficiency of the Crankcase Heating depends upon the physical placing of the actual motor in the compressor.

If the Crankcase Heating is used together with Anti-Reverse Protection, the frequency converter first brakes for the set duration followed by the heating current.

## 28-30 Crankcase Heating Control

Option:		Function:
		Activate the DC-hold current when the motor is
		stopped. The current level is defined in
		28-31 Heating DC Current.
[0] *	Disabled	

## Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

28-3	28-30 Crankcase Heating Control							
Opti	Option: Function:							
[1]	Enabled							
28-3	1 Heating [	DC Current						
Rang	ge:	Function:						
20%	* [0 – 25%]	Set the DC-hold current as percentage of the						
		rated motor current in 1-24 Motor Current.						
28-3	2 Crankcase	e Heating Delayed						
Rang	ge:	Function:						
5 s*	[5-65534 s]	This time defines the delay after a stop and						
		until Crank Case Heating is applied to the						
		compressor.						

## 6.15.5 28-4\* Anti-reverse Protection

A compressor may have a preferred rotation direction and the instructions for cabling should always be followed, but the consequences of a reverse rotation are normally not fatal.Set up parameter group 28-4\* Anti-reverse Protection to prevent reverse rotation at stop by injecting a DC-brake current into the motor a few seconds after stop followed by the eventual coast of the motor when the discharge valve has closed.

## NOTE

The DC-brake Function is not operational before any Start Function has completed. In case of an emergency stop before the starting sequence has completed then the compressor may rotate reverse for a short moment after stop. Under normal circumstances, the Short Cycle Protection feature ensures the correct sequence.

28-4	28-40 Reverse Protection Control					
Opti	ion:	Function:				
		Activate a DC-brake current when the motor is				
		stopped. The current level is defined in 28-41 DC				
		Brake Current. Not recommended for Piston				
		compressors.				
[0] *	Disabled					
[1]	Enabled					

## 28-41 DC Brake Current

Range:		Function:					
90% *	[0 – max mo	or Set the DC-I	orake current as				
current ]		percentage	of the rated motor				
		current in 1-	current in 1-24 Motor Current.				
28-42	28-42 DC Braking Time						
Range: F		Function:					
2.0 s* [0 – 60.0 s] Set the		Set the duration of	the DC-brake current.				

28-43	DC Brake	Cut-in S	peed [RPM]
-------	----------	----------	------------

Range:		Function:		
700 RPM	[0 – max	Set the speed where the DC-brake		
'0' = Off*	motor speed] Current should cut in. The speed			
	must be higher than 0 RPM for the			
	DC-brake to activate before the			
		motor is coasted at 0 RPM to		
		prevent a reverse rotation.		

## 6.15.6 28-5\* Load Profile

The Load Profiler is used to get a graphical presentation of the load pattern a cooling system has been subjected to over the last 6 months. The system load is assumed to be proportional to the compressor speed, and the Load Profiler measures the load as the running hours spent operating within certain speed intervals.

The speed intervals are calculated based on 4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] (4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]) and 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] (4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]) to match 0%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 100% loads as good as possible. The speed intervals are denoted "Off", "Low", "Med.", "High" and "Full" and are calculated in the following manner:

 $\Delta$  = Motor Speed High Limit – Motor Speed Low Limit

```
Off: Speed = 0
```

Low: Motor Speed Low Limit  $\leq$  Speed

< Motor Speed Low Limit  $~+~\Delta\,/\,6$ 

#### Med.Motor Speed

Low Limit +  $\Delta$  / 6  $\leq$  Speed < Motor Speed Low Limit +  $\Delta$  / 2

## High:

#### Motor Speed

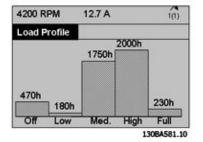
Low Limit +  $\Delta/2 \leq$  Speed < Motor Speed Low Limit + 5  $\times \Delta/6$ 

#### Full: Motor Speed

Low Limit + 5  $\times$   $\Delta$  / 6  $\leq$  Speed  $\leq$  Motor Speed High Limit

For example, if *4-11 Motor Speed High Limit* is 5400 RPM and *Motor Speed Low Limit* is 1800 RPM the four calculated intervals become

Low: 1800 RPM  $\leq$  speed < 2350 RPM Med: 2350 RPM  $\leq$  speed < 3450 RPM High: 3450 RPM  $\leq$  speed < 4550 RPM Full: 4550 RPM  $\leq$  speed  $\leq$  5400 RPM The profile is presented on the LCP as a histogram. In each speed interval, the indicated running time is accurate to within 1 hour.



## Illustration 6.38 Load Profile

If [Off] is pressed on the LCP, the Load Profile is not updated.

28-	28-50 Reset Load Profile						
Op	tion	1	Function:				
[0] *	Do	not reset	No function				
[1]	Re	set	Clears the measured running time in all five				
			speed intervals.				
28-	74	Night Spe	ed Drop [RPM]				
Rar	nge:	Function	ר:				
	[]	The value	in this parameter decrements the value in				
		4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] which becomes active					
		when nig	ht mode is activated.				

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## 6.16 Parameter Lists

## Changes during operation

"TRUE" means that the parameter can be changed while the frequency converter is in operation. "FALSE" means that the frequency converter must be stopped before a change can be made.

#### 4-Set-up

'All set-ups': the parameter can be set individually in each of the four set-ups, i. e. one single parameter can have four different data values.

'1 set-up': data value will be the same in all set-ups.

Data	Description	Туре
type		
2	Integer 8	Int8
3	Integer 16	Int16
4	Integer 32	Int32
5	Unsigned 8	Uint8
6	Unsigned 16	Uint16
7	Unsigned 32	Uint32
9	Visible String	VisStr
33	Normalized value 2 bytes	N2
35	Bit sequence of 16 boolean variables	V2
54	Time difference w/o date	TimD

## Table 6.12

## 6.16.1 Conversion

The various attributes of each parameter are displayed in Factory Setting. Parameter values are transferred as whole numbers only. Conversion factors are therefore used to transfer decimals.

4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz] has a conversion factor of 0.1. To preset the minimum frequency to 10 Hz, transfer the value 100. A conversion factor of 0.1 means that the value transferred is multiplied by 0.1. The value 100 is therefore read as 10.0.

## Examples:

 $\begin{array}{l} 0s \Rightarrow conversion \ index \ 0 \\ 0.00s \Rightarrow conversion \ index \ -2 \\ 0ms \Rightarrow conversion \ index \ -3 \\ 0.00ms \Rightarrow conversion \ index \ -5 \end{array}$ 

Conversion index	Conversion factor
100	
75	
74	
67	
6	1000000
5	100000
4	10000
3	1000
2	100
1	10
0	1
-1	0.1
-2	0.01
-3	0.001
-4	0.0001
-5	0.00001
-6	0.000001
-7	0.000001

#### Table 6.13 Conversion Table

## 6.16.2 0-\*\* Operation/Display

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
0-0* Ba	l Isic Settings			operation		
0-01	Language	[0] English	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-02	Motor Speed Unit	[1] Hz	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
0-03	Regional Settings	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
0-04	Operating State at Power-up	[0] Resume	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-05	Local Mode Unit	[0] As Motor Speed Unit	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
0-1* Se	et-up Operations					
0-10	Active Set-up	[1] Set-up 1	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-11	Programming Set-up	[9] Active Set-up	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-12	This Set-up Linked to	[0] Not linked	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
0-13	Readout: Linked Set-ups	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
0-14	Readout: Prog. Set-ups / Channel	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
0-2* LC	TP Display	I				
0-20	Display Line 1.1 Small	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
0-21	Display Line 1.2 Small	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
0-22	Display Line 1.3 Small	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
0-23	Display Line 2 Large	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
0-24	Display Line 3 Large	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
0-25	My Personal Menu	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint16
0-3* LC	P Custom Readout					
0-30	Custom Readout Unit	[1] %	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-31	Custom Readout Min Value	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int32
0-32	Custom Readout Max Value	100 CustomReadoutUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int32
0-37	Display Text 1	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
0-38	Display Text 2	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
0-39	Display Text 3	0 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
0-4* LC	CP Keypad					
0-40	[Hand on] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-41	[Off] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-42	[Auto on] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-43	[Reset] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-5* Co	ppy/Save					
0-50	LCP Сору	[0] No copy	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
0-51	Set-up Copy	[0] No copy	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
0-6* Pa	Issword					
0-60	Main Menu Password	100 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Int16
0-61	Access to Main Menu w/o Password	[0] Full access	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-65	Personal Menu Password	200 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Int16
0-66	Access to Personal Menu w/o Password	[0] Full access	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-67	Bus Password Access	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
	ock Settings	I				
0-70	Set Date and Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
0-71	Date Format	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-72	Time Format	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-74	DST/Summertime	[0] Off	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-76	DST/Summertime Start	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
0-77	DST/Summertime End	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
0-79	Clock Fault	[0] Disabled	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-81	Working Days	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8

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## **Parameter Descriptions**

## Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
0-82	Additional Working Days	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
0-83	Additional Non-Working Days	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	0	TimeOfDay
0-89	Date and Time Readout	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]

## 6.16.3 1-\*\* Load/Motor

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
1-0* Ge	eneral Settings					
1-00	Configuration Mode	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-03	Torque Characteristics	[0] Compressor CT	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-1* M	otor Selection					
1-10	Motor Construction	[0] Asynchron	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-1* V	/ /C+ PM	/				
1-14	Damping Gain	120 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
1-15	Low Speed Filter Time Const.	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
1-16	High Speed Filter Time Const.	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
1-17	Voltage filter time const.	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
1-2* M	otor Data	·				
1-20	Motor Power [kW]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	1	Uint32
1-21	Motor Power [HP]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Uint32
1-22	Motor Voltage	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-23	Motor Frequency	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-24	Motor Current	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Uint32
1-25	Motor Nominal Speed	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	67	Uint16
1-26	Motor Cont. Rated Torque	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint32
1-28	Motor Rotation Check	[0] Off	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-29	Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)	[0] Off	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-3* Ad	dv. Motor Data					
1-30	Stator Resistance (Rs)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-31	Rotor Resistance (Rr)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-35	Main Reactance (Xh)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-36	Iron Loss Resistance (Rfe)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint32
1-37	d-axis Inductance (Ld)	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-6	Int32
1-39	Motor Poles	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
1-40	Back EMF at 1000 RPM	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-5* Lo	ad Indep. Setting					[
1-50	Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
1-51	Min Speed Normal Magnetising [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
1-52	Min Speed Normal Magnetising [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-58	Flystart Test Pulses Current	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-59	Flystart Test Pulses Frequency	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-6* Lo	ad Depen. Setting	•				[
1-60	Low Speed Load Compensation	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
1-61	High Speed Load Compensation	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
1-62	Slip Compensation	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
1-63	Slip Compensation Time Constant	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
1-64	Resonance Dampening	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
1-65	Resonance Dampening Time Constant	5 ms	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint8
1-66	Min. Current at Low Speed	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
1-7* St	art Adjustments					
1-70	PM Start Mode	[1] Parking	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-71	Start Delay	00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-72	Start Function	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-73	Flying Start	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-74	Start Speed [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
1-75	Start Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16

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**Parameter Descriptions** 

## Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				during	sion index	
				operation		
1-76	Start Current	0 A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
1-77	Compressor Start Max Speed [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
1-78	Compressor Start Max Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-79	Compressor Start Max Time to Trip	5 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint8
1-8* St	op Adjustments					
1-80	Function at Stop	[0] Coast	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-81	Min Speed for Function at Stop [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
1-82	Min Speed for Function at Stop [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-86	Compressor Min. Speed for Trip [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
1-87	Compressor Min. Speed for Trip [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-9* M	otor Temperature					
1-90	Motor Thermal Protection	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-91	Motor External Fan	[0] None	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-93	Thermistor Source	[0] None	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8

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## 6.16.4 3-\*\* Reference/Ramps

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
3-0* Re	ference Limits					
3-02	Minimum Reference	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
3-03	Maximum Reference	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
3-04	Reference Function	[0] Sum	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-1* Re	ferences					
3-10	Preset Reference	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
3-11	Jog Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
3-13	Reference Site	[0] Linked to Hand / Auto	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-14	Preset Relative Reference	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int32
3-15	Reference 1 Source	[1] Analog Input 53	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-16	Reference 2 Source	[20] Digital pot.meter	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-17	Reference 3 Source	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-19	Jog Speed [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
3-4* Ra	mp 1	•				
3-41	Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-42	Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-5* Ra	mp 2					
3-51	Ramp 2 Ramp Up Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-52	Ramp 2 Ramp Down Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-8* O	her Ramps					
3-80	Jog Ramp Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-81	Quick Stop Ramp Time	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-82	Starting Ramp Up Time	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-9* Di	gital Pot.Meter					
3-90	Step Size	0.10 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
3-91	Ramp Time	1 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-92	Power Restore	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-93	Maximum Limit	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
3-94	Minimum Limit	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16
3-95	Ramp Delay	1 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	TimD

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## 6.16.5 4-\*\* Limits/Warnings

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
4-1* M	otor Limits					
4-10	Motor Speed Direction	[0] Clockwise	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
4-11	Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-12	Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-13	Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-14	Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-16	Torque Limit Motor Mode	110 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-17	Torque Limit Generator Mode	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-18	Current Limit	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint32
4-19	Max Output Frequency	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint16
4-5* Ac	lj. Warnings					
4-50	Warning Current Low	0 A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
4-51	Warning Current High	ImaxVLT (P1637)	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
4-52	Warning Speed Low	0 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-53	Warning Speed High	outputSpeedHighLimit (P413)	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-54	Warning Reference Low	-999999 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
4-55	Warning Reference High	999999 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
4-56	Warning Feedback Low	-999999 ReferenceFeed- backUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	lnt32
4-57	Warning Feedback High	999999 ReferenceFeed- backUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
4-58	Missing Motor Phase Function	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
4-6* Sp	eed Bypass					
4-60	Bypass Speed From [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-61	Bypass Speed From [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-62	Bypass Speed To [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
4-63	Bypass Speed To [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-64	Semi-Auto Bypass Set-up	[0] Off	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8

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## 6.16.6 5-\*\* Digital In/Out

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
5-0* Di	l gital I/O mode			operation		
5-00	Digital I/O Mode	[0] PNP - Active at 24V	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
5-01	Terminal 27 Mode	[0] Input	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-02	Terminal 29 Mode	[0] Input	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-1* Di	gital Inputs	·				
5-10	Terminal 18 Digital Input	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-11	Terminal 19 Digital Input	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-12	Terminal 27 Digital Input	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-13	Terminal 29 Digital Input	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-14	Terminal 32 Digital Input	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-15	Terminal 33 Digital Input	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-16	Terminal X30/2 Digital Input	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-17	Terminal X30/3 Digital Input	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-18	Terminal X30/4 Digital Input	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-19	Terminal 37 Safe Stop	[1] Safe Stop Alarm	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-3* Di	gital Outputs					
5-30	Terminal 27 Digital Output	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-31	Terminal 29 Digital Output	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-32	Term X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101)	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-33	Term X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101)	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-4* Re	lays	- I				
5-40	Function Relay	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-41	On Delay, Relay	0.01 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-42	Off Delay, Relay	0.01 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-5* Pu	lse Input					
5-50	Term. 29 Low Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-51	Term. 29 High Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-52	Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
5-53	Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value	100 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
5-54	Pulse Filter Time Constant #29	100 ms	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint16
5-55	Term. 33 Low Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-56	Term. 33 High Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-57	Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
5-58	Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value	100 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
5-59	Pulse Filter Time Constant #33	100 ms	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint16
5-6* Pu	llse Output					
5-60	Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-62	Pulse Output Max Freq #27	5000 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-63	Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-65	Pulse Output Max Freq #29	5000 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-66	Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-68	Pulse Output Max Freq #X30/6	5000 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-9* Bu	is Controlled					
5-90	Digital & Relay Bus Control	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-93	Pulse Out #27 Bus Control	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
5-94	Pulse Out #27 Timeout Preset	0 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-95	Pulse Out #29 Bus Control	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
5-96	Pulse Out #29 Timeout Preset	0 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-97	Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2

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**Parameter Descriptions** 

## Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
5-98	Pulse Out #X30/6 Timeout Preset	0 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16

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## 6.16.7 6-\*\* Analog In/Out

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
6-0* Ar	nalog I/O Mode					
6-00	Live Zero Timeout Time	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
6-01	Live Zero Timeout Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-02	Fire Mode Live Zero Timeout Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-1* Ar	nalog Input 53					
6-10	Terminal 53 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-11	Terminal 53 High Voltage	10 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-12	Terminal 53 Low Current	4 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	-5	Int16
6-13	Terminal 53 High Current	20 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	-5	Int16
6-14	Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-15	Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-16	Terminal 53 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
6-17	Terminal 53 Live Zero	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-2* Ar	nalog Input 54		· ·			
6-20	Terminal 54 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-21	Terminal 54 High Voltage	10 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-22	Terminal 54 Low Current	4 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	-5	Int16
6-23	Terminal 54 High Current	20 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	-5	Int16
6-24	Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	-1 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-25	Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-26	Terminal 54 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
6-27	Terminal 54 Live Zero	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-3* Ar	nalog Input X30/11			-		
6-30	Terminal X30/11 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-31	Terminal X30/11 High Voltage	10 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-34	Term. X30/11 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-35	Term. X30/11 High Ref./Feedb. Value	100 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-36	Term. X30/11 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
6-37	Term. X30/11 Live Zero	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-4* Ar	halog Input X30/12					
6-40	Terminal X30/12 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-41	Terminal X30/12 High Voltage	10 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-44	Term. X30/12 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-45	Term. X30/12 High Ref./Feedb. Value	100 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-46	Term. X30/12 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
6-47	Term. X30/12 Live Zero	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-5* Ar	halog Output 42	I.				
6-50	Terminal 42 Output	[100] Output frequency	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-51	Terminal 42 Output Min Scale	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-52	Terminal 42 Output Max Scale	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-53	Terminal 42 Output Bus Control	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
6-54	Terminal 42 Output Timeout Preset	0 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
6-6* Ar	nalog Output X30/8	1				
6-60	Terminal X30/8 Output	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-61	Terminal X30/8 Min. Scale	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-62	Terminal X30/8 Max. Scale	100 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
6-63	Terminal X30/8 Output Bus Control	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	N2
6-64	Terminal X30/8 Output Timeout Preset	0 %	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16

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## 6.16.8 7-\*\* Controllers

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
7-0* Sp	eed PID Ctrl.					
7-00	Speed PID Feedback Source	null	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
7-02	Speed PID Proportional Gain	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
7-03	Speed PID Integral Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Uint32
7-04	Speed PID Differentiation Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Uint16
7-05	Speed PID Diff. Gain Limit	5.0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
7-06	Speed PID Lowpass Filter Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Uint16
7-07	Speed PID Feedback Gear Ratio	1.0000 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-4	Uint32
7-08	Speed PID Feed Forward Factor	0%	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
7-09	Speed PID Error Correction w/ Ramp	300RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint32
7-1* To	rque PI Ctrl.	•				
7-12	Torque PI Proportional Gain	100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
7-13	Torque PI Integration Time	0.020 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Uint16
7-2* Pr	ocess Ctrl. Feedb	•				
7-20	Process CL Feedback 1 Resource	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
7-22	Process CL Feedback 2 Resource	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
7-3* Pr	ocess PID Ctrl.					
7-30	Process PID Normal/ Inverse Control	[0] Normal	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
7-31	Process PID Anti Windup	[1] On	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
7-32	Process PID Start Speed	0 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
7-33	Process PID Proportional Gain	0.01 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
7-34	Process PID Integral Time	10000.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
7-35	Process PID Differentiation Time	0.00 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
7-36	Process PID Diff. Gain Limit	5.0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
7-38	Process PID Feed Forward Factor	0%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
7-39	On Reference Bandwidth	5%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8

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## 6.16.9 8-\*\* Comm. and Options

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
8-0* Ge	eneral Settings		r			
8-01	Control Site	[0] Digital and ctrl.word	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-02	Control Word Source	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-03	Control Word Timeout Time	20 s	1 set-up	TRUE	-1	Uint32
8-04	Control Word Timeout Function	[0] Off	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-05	End-of-Timeout Function	[1] Resume set-up	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-06	Reset Control Word Timeout	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-07	Diagnosis Trigger	[0] Disable	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-1* Ct	rl. Word Settings		-			
8-10	Control Word Profile	[0] FC profile	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-13	Configurable Status Word STW	[1] Profile Default	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-16	Store Data Values	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-3* FC	Port Settings			•	•	
8-30	Protocol	[0] FC	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-31	Address	1 N/A	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint8
8-32	FC Port Baud Rate	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-33	Parity / Stop Bits	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-35	Minimum Response Delay	10 ms	1 set-up	TRUE	-3	Uint16
8-36	Max Response Delay	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	-3	Uint16
8-37	Max Inter-Char Delay	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	-5	Uint16
8-4* FC	MC protocol set			Į	<b>I</b>	
8-40	Telegram Selection	[1] Standard telegram 1	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-42	PCD Write Configuration	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
8-43	PCD Read Configuration	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
8-5* Di	gital/Bus		ļ	ļ	I	
8-50	Coasting Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-51	Quick Stop Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-52	DC Brake Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-53	Start Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-54	Reversing Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-55	Set-up Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-56	Preset Reference Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-8* FC	Port Diagnostics		•			L
8-80	Bus Message Count	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-81	Bus Error Count	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-82	Slave Messages Rcvd	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-83	Slave Error Count	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
8-9* Bu		L		I	I	L
8-90	Bus Jog 1 Speed	100 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
8-91	Bus Jog 2 Speed	200 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16

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## 6.16.10 14-\*\* Special Functions

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
14-0* l	nverter Switching					
14-00	Switching Pattern	[1] SFAVM	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-01	Switching Frequency	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-03	Overmodulation	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
14-04	PWM Random	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-1* N	Nains On/Off					
14-10	Mains Failure	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
14-11	Mains Voltage at Mains Fault	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
14-12	Function at Mains Imbalance	[1] Warning	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-13	Mains Failure Step Factor	1 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint8
14-2* T	rip Reset					
14-20	Reset Mode	[10] Automatic reset x 10	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-21	Automatic Restart Time	30 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
14-22	Operation Mode	[0] Normal operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-23	Typecode Setting	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
14-25	Trip Delay at Torque Limit	60 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-26	Trip Delay at Inverter Fault	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-28	Production Settings	[0] No action	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-29	Service Code	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
14-3* (	Current Limit Ctrl.	·			•	
14-30	Current Lim Cont, Proportional Gain	100 %	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
14-31	Current Lim Contr, Integration Time	0.020 s	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint16
14-32	Current Lim Ctrl, Filter Time	26 ms	All set-ups	TRUE	-4	Uint16
14-4* E	nergy Optimising				• • •	
14-40	VT Level	66 %	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
14-41	AEO Minimum Magnetisation	40 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-42	Minimum AEO Frequency	30 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-43	Motor Cosphi	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
14-5* E	invironment	·	•		•	
14-50	RFI Filter	[1] On	1 set-up	FALSE	-	Uint8
14-52	Fan Control	[0] Auto	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-53	Fan Monitor	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-55	Output Filter	[0] No Filter	1 set-up	FALSE	-	Uint8
14-56	Capacitance Output Filter	2 uF	1 set-up	FALSE	-7	Uint16
14-57	Inductance Output Filter	7 mH	1 set-up	FALSE	-6	Uint16
14-6* A	Auto Derate					
14-60	Function at Over Temperature	[1] Derate	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-61	Function at Inverter Overload	[1] Derate	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-62	Inv. Overload Derate Current	95 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
1 <b>4-9*</b> F	ault Settings				· · · ·	
14-90	Fault Level	ExpressionLimit	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8

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## 6.16.11 15-\*\* Drive Information

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
15-0* 0	Derating Data					
15-00	Operating hours	0 h	All set-ups	FALSE	74	Uint32
15-01	Running Hours	0 h	All set-ups	FALSE	74	Uint32
15-02	kWh Counter	0 kWh	All set-ups	FALSE	75	Uint32
15-03	Power Up's	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
15-04	Over Temp's	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
15-05	Over Volt's	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
15-06	Reset kWh Counter	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
15-07	Reset Running Hours Counter	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
15-08	Number of Starts	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
15-1* [	Data Log Settings					
15-10	Logging Source	0	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint16
15-11	Logging Interval	ExpressionLimit	2 set-ups	TRUE	-3	TimD
15-12	Trigger Event	[0] False	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
15-13	Logging Mode	[0] Log always	2 set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
15-14	Samples Before Trigger	50 N/A	2 set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
15-2* H	listoric Log	•				
15-20	Historic Log: Event	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
15-21	Historic Log: Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
15-22	Historic Log: Time	0 ms	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint32
15-23	Historic log: Date and Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	TimeOfDay
15-3* A	Narm Log					
15-30	Alarm Log: Error Code	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
15-31	Alarm Log: Value	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int16
15-32	Alarm Log: Time	0 s	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
15-33	Alarm Log: Date and Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	0	TimeOfDay
15-34	Alarm Log: Status	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
15-35	Alarm Log: Alarm Text	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[32]
15-4* [	Drive Identification					
15-40	FC Туре	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[6]
15-41	Power Section	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-42	Voltage	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-43	Software Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[5]
15-44	Ordered Typecode String	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[40]
15-45	Actual Typecode String	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[40]
15-46	Frequency Converter Ordering No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[8]
15-47	Power Card Ordering No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[8]
15-48	LCP Id No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-49	SW ID Control Card	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-50	SW ID Power Card	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-51	Frequency Converter Serial Number	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[10]
15-53	Power Card Serial Number	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[19]
15-6* (	ption Ident					
15-60	Option Mounted	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-61	Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-62	Option Ordering No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[8]
15-63	Option Serial No	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[18]
15-70	Option in Slot A	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-71	Slot A Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]

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## **Parameter Descriptions**

## Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during	Conver- sion index	Туре
ΠΟ. π				operation		
15-72	Option in Slot B	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-73	Slot B Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-74	Option in Slot C0/E0	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-75	Slot C0/E0 Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-76	Option in Slot C1/E1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-77	Slot C1/E1 Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-9* F	Parameter Info	•				
15-92	Defined Parameters	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
15-93	Modified Parameters	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
15-99	Parameter Metadata	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16

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## 6.16.12 16-\*\* Data Readouts

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
16-0* 0	General Status					
16-00	Control Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-01	Reference [Unit]	0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-02	Reference [%]	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Int16
16-03	Status Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-05	Main Actual Value [%]	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	N2
16-09	Custom Readout	0 CustomReadoutUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Int32
16-1* N	Notor Status					
16-10	Power [kW]	0 kW	All set-ups	FALSE	1	Int32
16-11	Power [hp]	0 hp	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Int32
16-12	Motor Voltage	0 V	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint16
16-13	Frequency	0 Hz	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint16
16-14	Motor current	0 A	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Int32
16-15	Frequency [%]	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	N2
16-16	Torque [Nm]	0 Nm	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Int32
16-17	Speed [RPM]	0 RPM	All set-ups	FALSE	67	Int32
16-18	Motor Thermal	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
16-22	Torque [%]	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int16
16-3* C	Drive Status					
16-30	DC Link Voltage	0 V	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
16-32	Brake Energy /s	0 kW	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-33	Brake Energy /2 min	0 kW	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-34	Heatsink Temp.	0 °C	All set-ups	FALSE	100	Uint8
16-35	Inverter Thermal	0 %	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
16-36	Inv. Nom. Current	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Uint32
16-37	Inv. Max. Current	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Uint32
16-38	SL Controller State	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
16-39	Control Card Temp.	0 °C	All set-ups	FALSE	100	Uint8
16-40	Logging Buffer Full	[0] No	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
16-41	LCP Bottom Statusline	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	VisStr[50]
16-5* R	lef. & Feedb.					
16-50	External Reference	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Int16
16-52	Feedback[Unit]	0 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-53	Digi Pot Reference	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Int16
16-54	Feedback 1 [Unit]	0 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-55	Feedback 2 [Unit]	0 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-56	Feedback 3 [Unit]	0 ProcessCtrlUnit	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-6* li	nputs & Outputs					
16-60	Digital Input	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
16-61	Terminal 53 Switch Setting	[0] Current	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
16-62	Analog Input 53	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-63	Terminal 54 Switch Setting	[0] Current	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
16-64	Analog Input 54	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-65	Analog Output 42 [mA]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int16
16-66	Digital Output [bin]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int16
16-67	Pulse Input #29 [Hz]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int32
16-68	Pulse Input #33 [Hz]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int32
16-69	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int32
16-70	Pulse Output #29 [Hz]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int32

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## **Parameter Descriptions**

## Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
16-71	Relay Output [bin]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Int16
16-72	Counter A	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
16-73	Counter B	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
16-75	Analog In X30/11	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-76	Analog In X30/12	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int32
16-77	Analog Out X30/8 [mA]	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Int16
16-8* F	Fieldbus & FC Port					
16-80	Fieldbus CTW 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-82	Fieldbus REF 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	N2
16-84	Comm. Option STW	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-85	FC Port CTW 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	V2
16-86	FC Port REF 1	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	N2
16-9* C	Diagnosis Readouts					
16-90	Alarm Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-91	Alarm Word 2	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-92	Warning Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-93	Warning Word 2	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-94	Ext. Status Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-95	Ext. Status Word 2	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32
16-96	Maintenance Word	0 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint32

## 6.16.13 25-\*\* Cascade Pack Controller

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
25-0* S	ystem Settings					
25-00	Pack Controller	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
25-04	Compressor Cycling	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
25-06	Number of Compressors	2 N/A	2 set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
25-2* Z	one Settings					
25-20	Neutral Zone [unit]	4 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
25-21	+ Zone [unit]	3 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
25-22	- Zone [unit]	3 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
25-23	Fixed Speed neutral Zone [unit]	4 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
25-24	+ Zone Delay	120 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
25-25	- Zone Delay	60 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
25-26	++ Zone Delay	60 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
25-27	Zone Delay	30 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint32
25-3* S	taging Functions					
25-30	Destage At No-Flow	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
25-31	Stage Function	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
25-32	Stage Function Time	15 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
25-33	Destage Function	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
25-34	Destage Function Time	15 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
25-4* S	taging Settings	1				
25-42	Staging Threshold	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
25-43	Destaging Threshold	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
25-44	Staging Speed [RPM]	0 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
25-45	Staging Speed [Hz]	0 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
25-46	Destaging Speed [RPM]	0 RPM	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
25-47	Destaging Speed [Hz]	0 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
25-8* S	tatus	1				
25-80	Pack Status	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
25-81	Compressor Status	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	VisStr[25]
25-82	Lead Compressor	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
25-83	Relay Status	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	VisStr[4]
25-84	Compressor ON Time	0 h	All set-ups	TRUE	74	Uint32
25-85	Relay ON Time	0 h	All set-ups	TRUE	74	Uint32
25-86	Reset Relay Counters	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
25-87	Inverse Interlock	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
25-88	Pack capacity [%]	0 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
25-9* S	ervice	1				
25-90	Compressor Interlock	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
25-91	Manual Alternation	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8

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## 6.16.14 28-\*\* Compressor Function

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
28-0* 5	hort Cycle Protection	·				
28-00	Short Cycle Protection	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
28-01	Interval between Starts	300 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
28-02	Minimum Run Time	12 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
28-1* (	Dil Return Management					
28-10	Oil Return Management	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
28-11	Low Speed Running Time	60 min	All set-ups	TRUE	70	Uint16
28-12	Fixed Boost Interval	24 h	All set-ups	TRUE	74	Uint8
28-13	Boost Duration	30 s	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
28-2* [	Discharge Temperature Monitor	·				
28-20	Temperature Source	[0] None	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
28-21	Temperature Unit	[60] °C	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
28-24	Warning Level	130 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
28-25	Warning Action	[1] Decrease cooling	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
28-26	Emergency Level	145 N/A	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
28-27	Discharge Temperature	0 DTM_ReadoutUnit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int32
28-3* 0	Trankcase Heating	·				
28-30	Crankcase Heating Control	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
28-31	Heating DC Current	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
28-32	Crankcase Heating Delay	5 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
28-4* /	Anti-reverse Protection at Stop	·				
28-40	Reverse Protection Control	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
28-41	DC Brake Current	90 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
28-42	DC Braking Time	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
28-43	DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
28-44	DC Brake Cut In Speed [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
28-5* L	oad Profile	•				
28-50	Reset Load Profile	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
28-59	Load Profile Data	0 N/A	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
28-7* [	Day/Night Settings					
28-74	Night Speed Drop [RPM]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	67	Uint16
28-76	Night Speed Drop [Hz]	ExpressionLimit	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16

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## 7.1 Status Messages

## 7.1.1 Warnings/Alarm Messages

A warning or an alarm is signalled by the relevant LED on the front of the frequency converter and indicated by a code on the display.

A warning remains active until its cause is no longer present. Under certain circumstances, operation of the motor may still be continued. Warning messages may be critical, but are not necessarily so.

In the event of an alarm, the frequency converter trips. Reset the alarm to resume operation once the cause has been rectified.

## Three ways to reset:

- Press [Reset].
- Via a digital input with the "Reset" function.
- Via serial communication/optional fieldbus.

## NOTE

After a manual reset pressing [Reset], press [Auto On] to restart the motor.

If an alarm cannot be reset, the reason may be that its cause has not been rectified, or the alarm is trip-locked (see also *Table 7.1*).

Alarms that are trip-locked offer additional protection, meaning that the mains supply must be switched off before the alarm can be reset. After being switched back on, the frequency converter is no longer blocked and can be reset as described above once the cause has been rectified.

Alarms that are not trip-locked can also be reset using the automatic reset function in *14-20 Reset Mode* (Warning: automatic wake-up is possible!)

If a warning or alarm is marked against a code in *Table 7.1*, this means that either a warning occurs before an alarm, or else that it is possible to specify whether a warning or an alarm should be displayed for a given fault.

This is possible, for instance, in *1-90 Motor Thermal Protection*. After an alarm or trip, the motor carries on coasting, and the alarm and warning flash. Once the problem has been rectified, only the alarm continues flashing until the frequency converter is reset.

## NOTE

No missing motor phase detection (numbers 30-32) and no stall detection is active when 1-10 Motor Construction is set to [1] PM non salient SPM.

No.	Description	Warning	Alarm/Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
1	10 Volts low	Х			
2	Live zero error	(X)	(X)		6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function
3	No motor	(X)			1-80 Function at Stop
4	Mains phase loss	(X)	(X)	(X)	14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance
5	DC link voltage high	Х			
6	DC link voltage low	Х			
7	DC over-voltage	Х	Х		
8	DC under voltage	Х	Х		
9	Inverter overloaded	Х	Х		
10	Motor ETR over temperature	(X)	(X)		1-90 Motor Thermal Protection
11	Motor thermistor over temperature	(X)	(X)		1-90 Motor Thermal Protection
12	Torque limit	Х	Х		
13	Over Current	Х	Х	Х	
14	Earth Fault	Х	Х		

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No.	Description	Warning	Alarm/Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
15	Hardware mismatch		Х	Х	
16	Short Circuit		Х	Х	
17	Control word time-out	(X)	(X)		8-04 Control Word Timeout Function
20	Temp. Input Error				
21	Param Error				
22	Hoist Mech. Brake	(X)	(X)		Parameter group 2-2*
23	Internal Fans	Х			
24	External Fans	Х			
25	Brake resistor short-circuited	X			
26	Brake resistor power limit	(X)	(X)		2-13 Brake Power Monitoring
27	Brake chopper short-circuited	Х	Х		
28	Brake check	(X)	(X)		2-15 Brake Check
29	Heatsink temp	X	Х	Х	
30	Motor phase U missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58 Missing Motor
					Phase Function
31	Motor phase V missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58 Missing Motor
					Phase Function
32	Motor phase W missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function
33	Inrush Fault		Х	Х	
34	Fieldbus communication fault	Х	Х		
35	Option Fault				
36	Mains failure	Х	Х		
37	Phase imbalance		Х		
38	Internal Fault		Х	Х	
39	Heatsink sensor		Х	Х	
40	Overload of Digital Output Terminal 27	(X)			5-00 Digital I/O Mode, 5-01 Terminal 27 Mode
41	Overload of Digital Output Terminal 29	(X)			5-00 Digital I/O Mode, 5-02 Terminal 29 Mode
42	Ovrld X30/6-7	(X)			
43	Ext. Supply (option)				
45	Earth Fault 2	х	Х		
46	Pwr. card supply		Х	х	
47	24 V supply low	Х	Х	х	
48	1.8 V supply low		Х	Х	
49	Speed limit		Х		1-86 Trip Speed Low [RPM]
50	AMA calibration failed		Х		
51	AMA check U <sub>nom</sub> and I <sub>nom</sub>		X		
52	AMA low Inom		X		
53	AMA motor too big		Х		
54	AMA motor too small		Х		
55	AMA parameter out of range		Х		
56	AMA interrupted by user		X		
57	AMA time-out		X X		
58	AMA internal fault	х	X X		
59	Current limit	X	-		
60	External Interlock	X	Х		

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No.	Description	Warning	Alarm/Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
61	Feedback Error	(X)	(X)		4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function
62	Output Frequency at Maximum Limit	x			
63	Mechanical Brake Low		(X)		2-20 Release Brake Current
64	Voltage Limit	Х			
65	Control Board Over-temperature	X	Х	Х	
66	Heat sink Temperature Low	X			
67	Option Configuration has Changed		Х		
68	Safe Stop	(X)	(X) <sup>1)</sup>		5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop
69	Pwr. Card Temp		Х	X	
70	Illegal FC configuration			X	
71	PTC 1 Safe Stop				
72	Dangerous failure				
73	Safe Stop Auto Restart	(X)	(X)		5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop
74	PTC Thermistor			Х	
75	Illegal Profile Sel.		Х		
76	Power Unit Setup	Х			
77	Reduced power mode	Х			14-59 Actual Number of Inverter Units
78	Tracking Error	(X)	(X)		4-34 Tracking Error Function
79	Illegal PS config		Х	Х	
80	Drive Initialized to Default Value		Х		
81	CSIV corrupt		Х		
82	CSIV parameter error		Х		
83	Illegal Option Combination			X	
84	No Safety Option		Х		
85	Dang fail PB				
86	Dang fail DI				
88	Option Detection			X	
89	Mechanical Brake Sliding	Х			
90	Feedback Monitor	(X)	(X)		17-61 Feedback Signal Monitoring
91	Analog input 54 wrong settings			Х	S202
102	Too many CAN objects				
103	Illegal axis num.				
104	Mixing Fans				
105	Error not reset				
106	HOME not done				
107	Home vel zero				
108	Position error				
109	Index not found				
110	Unknown cmd.				
111	SW end limit				
112	Unknown param				
113	FC not enabled				
114	Too many loops				
115	Par.save failed				
116	Param. memory				

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No.	Description	Warning	Alarm/Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
117	Progr. Memory				
118	Reset by CPU				
119	User abort				
121	No more SDO channels				
125	HW end limit				
149	Too many inter.				
150	No ext. 24 V				
151	GOSUB > limit				
152	Return @ limit				
154	D.out overload				
155	LINK failed				
156	Illegal double arg.				
160	Internal Intr. error				
162	Memory error				
163	ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning	Х			
164	ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm		Х		
165	ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning	Х			
166	ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm		Х		
246	Pwr.card supply				
250	New spare parts			Х	
251	New Type Code		Х	X	

## Table 7.1 Alarm/Warning Code List

(X) Dependent on parameter

1) Cannot be Auto reset via 14-20 Reset Mode

A trip is the action following an alarm. The trip coasts the motor and is reset by pressing [Reset] or by a digital input (parameter group 5-1\* Digital Inputs [1]). The origin event that caused an alarm cannot damage the frequency converter or cause dangerous conditions. A trip lock is an action when an alarm occurs, which could damage the

frequency converter or connected parts. A trip lock situation can only be reset by a power cycling.

Warning	yellow		
Alarm	flashing red		
Trip locked	yellow and red		

Table 7.2 LED Indication

Bit	Hex	Dec	Alarm Word	Alarm Word	Warning Word	Warning	Extended	Extended
				2		Word 2	Status Word	Status Word 2
Alarr	n Word Exten	ded Status W	ord					
0	00000001	1	Brake Check	ServiceTrip,	Brake Check (W28)	Start	Ramping	Off
			(A28)	Read/Write		Delayed		
1	0000002	2	Pwr.card temp	ServiceTrip,	Pwr.card temp (A69)	Stop	AMA Running	Hand/Auto
			(A69)	(reserved)		Delayed		
2	00000004	4	Earth Fault	ServiceTrip,	Earth Fault (W14)	reserved	Start CW/CCW	Profibus OFF1
			(A14)	Typecode/			start_possible is	active
				Sparepart			active, when the	
							DI selections [12]	
							OR [13] are	
							active and the	
							requested	
							direction	
							matches the	
							reference sign	

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Bit	Hex	Dec	Alarm Word	Alarm Word 2	Warning Word	Warning Word 2	Extended Status Word	Extended Status Word 2
3	0000008	8	Ctrl.Card Temp (A65)	ServiceTrip, (reserved)	Ctrl.Card Temp (W65)	reserved	Slow Down slow down command active, e.g. via CTW bit 11 or Dl	Profibus OFF2 active
4	00000010	16	Ctrl. Word TO (A17)	ServiceTrip, (reserved)	Ctrl. Word TO (W17)		Catch Up catch up command active, e.g. via CTW bit 12 or DI	Profibus OFF3 active
5	0000020	32	Over Current (A13)	reserved	Over Current (W13)	reserved	Feedback High feedback > 4-57	Relay 123 active
6	00000040	64	Torque Limit (A12)	reserved	Torque Limit (W12)	reserved	Feedback Low feedback < 4-56	Start Prevented
7	00000080	128	Motor Th Over (A11)	reserved	Motor Th Over (W11)	reserved	Output Current High current > 4-51	Control Ready
8	00000100	256	Motor ETR Over (A10)	reserved	Motor ETR Over (W10)	reserved	Output Current Low current < 4-50	Drive Ready
9	00000200	512	Inverter Overld. (A9)	Discharge High	Inverter Overld (W9)	Discharge High	Output Freq High speed > 4-53	Quick Stop
10	00000400	1024	DC under Volt (A8)	Start Failed	DC under Volt (W8)	Multi- motor underloa d	Output Freq Low speed < 4-52	DC Brake
11	00000800	2048	DC over Volt (A7)	Speed Limit	DC over Volt (W7)	Multi- motor Overload	Brake Check OK brake test NOT ok	Stop
12	00001000	4096	Short Circuit (A16)	External Interlock	DC Voltage Low (W6)	Compress or Interlock	Braking Max BrakePower > BrakePowerLimit (2-12)	Stand by
13	00002000	8192	Inrush Fault (A33)	Illegal Option Combi.	DC Voltage High (W5)	Mechanic al Brake Sliding	Braking	Freeze Output Request
14	00004000	16384	Mains ph. Loss (A4)	No Safety Option	Mains ph. Loss (W4)	Safe Option Warning	Out of Speed Range	Freeze Output
15	00008000	32768	AMA Not OK	reserved	No Motor (W3)	Auto DC Braking	OVC Active	Jog Request
16	00010000	65536	Live Zero Error (A2)	reserved	Live Zero Error (W2)		AC Brake	Jog
17	00020000	131072	Internal Fault (A38)	KTY error	10V Low (W1)	KTY Warn	Password Timelock number of allowed password trials exceeded - timelock active	Start Request

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Bit	Hex	Dec	Alarm Word	Alarm Word 2	Warning Word	Warning Word 2	Extended Status Word	Extended Status Word 2
18	00040000	262144	Brake Overload	Z Fans error	Brake Overload	Fans	Password	Start
10	00040000	202144	(A26)		(W26)	Warn	Protection	Start
			(A20)		(₩20)	vvaili	0-61 =	
							ALL_NO_ACCESS	
							OR	
							BUS_NO_ACCESS	
							OR	
							BUS_READONLY	
19	00080000	524288	U phase Loss	ECB error	Brake Resistor (W25)	ECB Warn	Reference High	Start Applied
			(A30)				reference > 4-55	
20	00100000	1048576	V phase Loss	reserved	Brake IGBT (W27)	reserved	Reference Low	Start delay
			(A31)				reference < 4-54	
21	00200000	2097152	W phase Loss	reserved	Speed Limit (W49)	reserved	Local Reference	Sleep
			(A32)				reference site =	
							REMOTE -> auto	
							on pressed &	
							active	
22	00400000	4194304	Fieldbus Fault	reserved	Fieldbus Fault (W34)	reserved	Protection mode	Sleep Boost
			(A34)				notifikation	
23	00800000	8388608	24 V Supply	reserved	24V Supply Low	reserved	Unused	Running
			Low (A47)		(W47)			
24	01000000	16777216	Mains Failure (A36)	reserved	Mains Failure (W36)	reserved	Unused	Drive Bypass
25	02000000	33554432	1.8V Supply Low (A48)	Current Limit (A59)	Current Limit (W59)	reserved	Unused	Fire Mode
26	04000000	67108864	Brake Resistor (A25)	reserved	Low Temp (W66)	reserved	Unused	External Interlock
27	08000000	134217728	Brake IGBT	reserved	Voltage Limit (W64)	reserved	Unused	Firemode Limit
			(A27)					Exceed
28	10000000	268435456	Option Change	reserved	Encoder loss (W90)	reserved	Unused	FlyStart active
			(A67)					
29	20000000	536870912	Drive	Encoder loss	Output freq. lim.	BackEMF	Unused	
			Initialized(A80)	(A90)	(W62)	too High		
30	4000000	1073741824	Safe Stop (A68)	PTC	Safe Stop (W68)	PTC	Unused	
				Thermistor		Thermist		
				(A74)		or (W74)		
31	80000000	2147483648	Mech. brake	Dangerous	Extended Status		Protection Mode	
			low (A63)	failure (A72)	Word			

Table 7.3 Description of Alarm Word, Warning Word and Extended Status Word

The alarm words, warning words and extended status words can be read out via serial bus or optional fieldbus for diagnostics. See also *16-94 Ext. Status Word*.

## WARNING 1, 10 Volts low

The control card voltage is below 10 V from terminal 50. Remove some of the load from terminal 50, as the 10 V supply is overloaded. Max. 15 mA or minimum 590  $\Omega$ .

This condition can be caused by a short in a connected potentiometer or improper wiring of the potentiometer.

## Troubleshooting

Remove the wiring from terminal 50. If the warning clears, the problem is with the customer wiring. If the warning does not clear, replace the control card.

#### WARNING/ALARM 2, Live zero error

This warning or alarm only appears if programmed by the user in *6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function*. The signal on one of the analog inputs is less than 50% of the minimum value programmed for that input. Broken wiring or faulty device sending the signal can cause this condition.

## Troubleshooting

Check connections on all the analog input terminals. Control card terminals 53 and 54 for signals, terminal 55 common. MCB 101 terminals 11 and 12 for signals, terminal 10 common. MCB



109 terminals 1, 3, 5 for signals, terminals 2, 4, 6 common).

Check that the frequency converter programming and switch settings match the analog signal type.

Perform Input Terminal Signal Test.

## WARNING/ALARM 3, No motor

No motor has been connected to the output of the frequency converter.

## WARNING/ALARM 4, Mains phase loss

A phase is missing on the supply side, or the mains voltage imbalance is too high. This message also appears for a fault in the input rectifier on the frequency converter. Options are programmed at *14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance*.

#### Troubleshooting

Check the supply voltage and supply currents to the frequency converter.

## WARNING 5, DC link voltage high

The intermediate circuit voltage (DC) is higher than the high voltage warning limit. The limit is dependent on the frequency converter voltage rating. The unit is still active.

## WARNING 6, DC link voltage low

The intermediate circuit voltage (DC) is lower than the low voltage warning limit. The limit is dependent on the frequency converter voltage rating. The unit is still active.

## WARNING/ALARM 7, DC overvoltage

If the intermediate circuit voltage exceeds the limit, the frequency converter trips after a time.

#### Troubleshooting

Connect a brake resistor

Extend the ramp time

Change the ramp type

Activate the functions in 2-10 Brake Function

Increase 14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault

If the alarm/warning occurs during a power sag the solution is to use kinetic back-up (14-10 Mains Failure)

### WARNING/ALARM 8, DC under voltage

If the intermediate circuit voltage (DC link) drops below the under voltage limit, the frequency converter checks if a 24 V DC backup supply is connected. If no 24 V DC backup supply is connected, the frequency converter trips after a fixed time delay. The time delay varies with unit size.

## Troubleshooting

Check that the supply voltage matches the frequency converter voltage.

Perform input voltage test.

Perform soft charge circuit test.

## WARNING/ALARM 9, Inverter overload

The frequency converter is about to cut out because of an overload (too high current for too long). The counter for electronic, thermal inverter protection issues a warning at 98% and trips at 100%, while giving an alarm. The frequency converter *cannot* be reset until the counter is below 90%.

The fault is that the frequency converter has run with more than 100% overload for too long.

## Troubleshooting

Compare the output current shown on the LCP with the frequency converter rated current.

Compare the output current shown on the LCP with measured motor current.

Display the Thermal Drive Load on the LCP and monitor the value. When running above the frequency converter continuous current rating, the counter increases. When running below the frequency converter continuous current rating, the counter decreases.

## WARNING/ALARM 10, Motor overload temperature

According to the electronic thermal protection (ETR), the motor is too hot. Select whether the frequency converter issues a warning or an alarm when the counter reaches 100% in *1-90 Motor Thermal Protection*. The fault occurs when the motor runs with more than 100% overload for too long.

## Troubleshooting

Check for motor overheating.

Check if the motor is mechanically overloaded

Check that the motor current set in *1-24 Motor Current* is correct.

Ensure that Motor data in parameters 1-20 to 1-25 are set correctly.

If an external fan is in use, check in 1-91 Motor External Fan that it is selected.

Running AMA in *1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation* (*AMA*) tunes the frequency converter to the motor more accurately and reduces thermal loading.

## WARNING/ALARM 11, Motor thermistor over temp

Check whether the thermistor is disconnected. Select whether the frequency converter issues a warning or an alarm in *1-90 Motor Thermal Protection*.

## Troubleshooting

Check for motor overheating.

Check if the motor is mechanically overloaded.

When using terminal 53 or 54, check that the thermistor is connected correctly between either terminal 53 or 54 (analog voltage input) and terminal 50 (+10 V supply). Also check that the



terminal switch for 53 or 54 is set for voltage. Check *1-93 Thermistor Source* selects terminal 53 or 54.

When using digital inputs 18 or 19, check that the thermistor is connected correctly between either terminal 18 or 19 (digital input PNP only) and terminal 50. Check *1-93 Thermistor Source* selects terminal 18 or 19.

## WARNING/ALARM 12, Torque limit

The torque has exceeded the value in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode or the value in 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode. 14-25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit can change this from a warning only condition to a warning followed by an alarm.

#### Troubleshooting

If the motor torque limit is exceeded during ramp up, extend the ramp up time.

If the generator torque limit is exceeded during ramp down, extend the ramp down time.

If torque limit occurs while running, possibly increase the torque limit. Make sure that the system can operate safely at a higher torque.

Check the application for excessive current draw on the motor.

## WARNING/ALARM 13, Over current

The inverter peak current limit (approximately 200% of the rated current) is exceeded. The warning lasts about 1.5 s, then the frequency converter trips and issues an alarm. This fault can be caused by shock loading or quick acceleration with high inertia loads. It can also appear after kinetic back-up if the acceleration during ramp up is quick. If extended mechanical brake control is selected, trip can be reset externally.

#### Troubleshooting

Remove power and check if the motor shaft can be turned.

Check that the motor size matches the frequency converter.

Check parameters 1-20 to 1-25 for correct motor data.

#### ALARM 14, Earth (ground) fault

There is current from the output phases to earth, either in the cable between the frequency converter and the motor or in the motor itself.

## Troubleshooting

Remove power to the frequency converter and repair the earth fault.

Check for earth faults in the motor by measuring the resistance to ground of the motor leads and the motor with a megohmmeter.

#### ALARM 15, Hardware mismatch

A fitted option is not operational with the present control board hardware or software.

Record the value of the following parameters and contact your Danfoss supplier:

15-40 FC Type 15-41 Power Section 15-42 Voltage 15-43 Software Version 15-45 Actual Typecode String 15-49 SW ID Control Card 15-50 SW ID Power Card 15-60 Option Mounted

15-61 Option SW Version (for each option slot)

## ALARM 16, Short circuit

There is short-circuiting in the motor or motor wiring.

Remove power to the frequency converter and repair the short circuit.

## WARNING/ALARM 17, Control word timeout

There is no communication to the frequency converter. The warning is only active when *8-04 Control Word Timeout Function* is NOT set to [0] Off.

If 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function is set to [5] Stop and Trip, a warning appears and the frequency converter ramps down until it stops then displays an alarm.

#### Troubleshooting

Check connections on the serial communication cable.

Increase 8-03 Control Word Timeout Time

Check the operation of the communication equipment.

Verify a proper installation based on EMC requirements.

## ALARM 18, Start failed

The speed has not been able to exceed 1-77 Compressor Start Max Speed [RPM] during start within the allowed time. (set in 1-79 Compressor Start Max Time to Trip). This may be caused by a blocked motor.

#### Warning/Alarm 19, Discharge Temperature High Warning:

The discharge temperature exceeds the level programmed in *28-25 Warning Level*.

## Alarm:

The discharge temperature exceeds the level programmed in 28-26 Emergency Level.

#### WARNING/ALARM 20, Temp. input error

The temperature sensor is not connected.



#### WARNING/ALARM 21, Parameter error

The parameter is out of range. The parameter number is reported in the LCP. The affected parameter must be set to a valid value.

#### WARNING/ALARM 22, Hoist mechanical brake

Report value shows what kind it is.

0 = The torque ref. was not reached before timeout. 1 = There was no brake feedback before timeout.

I = There was no blake recuback before

### WARNING 23, Internal fan fault

The fan warning function is an extra protective function that checks if the fan is running/mounted. The fan warning can be disabled in *14-53 Fan Monitor* ([0] Disabled).

For the D, E, and F Frame filters, the regulated voltage to the fans is monitored.

#### Troubleshooting

Check for proper fan operation.

Cycle power to the frequency converter and check that the fan operates briefly at start-up.

Check the sensors on the heatsink and control card.

#### WARNING 24, External fan fault

The fan warning function is an extra protective function that checks if the fan is running/mounted. The fan warning can be disabled in *14-53 Fan Monitor* ([0] Disabled).

#### Troubleshooting

Check for proper fan operation.

Cycle power to the frequency converter and check that the fan operates briefly at start-up.

Check the sensors on the heatsink and control card.

#### WARNING 25, Brake resistor short circuit

The brake resistor is monitored during operation. If a short circuit occurs, the brake function is disabled and the warning appears. The frequency converter is still operational but without the brake function. Remove power to the frequency converter and replace the brake resistor (see 2-15 Brake Check).

#### WARNING/ALARM 26, Brake resistor power limit

The power transmitted to the brake resistor is calculated as a mean value over the last 120 seconds of run time. The calculation is based on the intermediate circuit voltage and the brake resistance value set in 2-16 AC brake Max. Current. The warning is active when the dissipated braking is higher than 90% of the brake resistance power. If [2] Trip is selected in 2-13 Brake Power Monitoring, the frequency converter trips when the dissipated braking power reaches 100%.

#### WARNING/ALARM 27, Brake chopper fault

The brake transistor is monitored during operation and if a short circuit occurs, the brake function is disabled and a warning is issued. The frequency converter is still operational but, since the brake transistor has shortcircuited, substantial power is transmitted to the brake resistor, even if it is inactive.

Remove power to the frequency converter and remove the brake resistor.

#### WARNING/ALARM 28, Brake check failed

The brake resistor is not connected or not working. Check *2-15 Brake Check*.

#### ALARM 29, Heatsink temp

The maximum temperature of the heatsink has been exceeded. The temperature fault will not reset until the temperature falls below a defined heatsink temperature. The trip and reset points are different based on the frequency converter power size.

#### Troubleshooting

Check for the following conditions.

Ambient temperature too high.

Motor cable too long.

Incorrect airflow clearance above and below the frequency converter.

Blocked airflow around the frequency converter.

Damaged heatsink fan.

Dirty heatsink.

#### ALARM 30, Motor phase U missing

Motor phase U between the frequency converter and the motor is missing.

Remove power from the frequency converter and check motor phase U.

#### ALARM 31, Motor phase V missing

Motor phase V between the frequency converter and the motor is missing.

Remove power from the frequency converter and check motor phase V.

#### ALARM 32, Motor phase W missing

Motor phase W between the frequency converter and the motor is missing.

Remove power from the frequency converter and check motor phase W.

#### ALARM 33, Inrush fault

Too many power-ups have occurred within a short time period. Let the unit cool to operating temperature.

#### WARNING/ALARM 34, Fieldbus communication fault

The fieldbus on the communication option card is not working.

#### WARNING/ALARM 35, Option fault

An option alarm is received. The alarm is option-specific. The most likely cause is a power-up or a communication fault.



#### WARNING/ALARM 36, Mains failure

This warning/alarm is only active if the supply voltage to the frequency converter is lost and 14-10 Mains Failure is NOT set to [0] No Function. Check the fuses to the frequency converter and mains power supply to the unit.

#### ALARM 37, Phase imbalance

There is a current imbalance between the power units

#### ALARM 38, Internal fault

When an internal fault occurs, a code number defined in *Table 7.4* is displayed.

#### Troubleshooting

Cycle power

1

Check that the option is properly installed

Check for loose or missing wiring

It may be necessary to contact your Danfoss supplier or service department. Note the code number for further troubleshooting directions.

No.	Text	
0	Serial port cannot be initialised. Contact your	
	Danfoss supplier or Danfoss Service Department.	
256-258	Power EEPROM data is defective or too old.	
	Replace power card.	
512-519	Internal fault. Contact your Danfoss supplier or	
	Danfoss Service Department.	
783	Parameter value outside of min/max limits	
1024-1284	Internal fault. Contact your Danfoss supplier or the	
	Danfoss Service Department.	
1299	Option SW in slot A is too old	
1300	Option SW in slot B is too old	
1302	Option SW in slot C1 is too old	
1315	Option SW in slot A is not supported (not allowed)	
1316	Option SW in slot B is not supported (not allowed)	
1318	Option SW in slot C1 is not supported (not	
	allowed)	
1379-2819	Internal fault. Contact your Danfoss supplier or	
	Danfoss Service Department.	
2561	Replace control card	
2820	LCP stack overflow	
2821	Serial port overflow	
2822	USB port overflow	
3072-5122	Parameter value is outside its limits	
5123	Option in slot A: Hardware incompatible with	
	control board hardware	
5124	Option in slot B: Hardware incompatible with	
	control board hardware	
5125	Option in slot C0: Hardware incompatible with	
	control board hardware	
5126	Option in slot C1: Hardware incompatible with	
	control board hardware	
5376-6231	Internal fault. Contact your Danfoss supplier or	
	Danfoss Service Department.	

#### Table 7.4 Internal Fault Codes

#### ALARM 39, Heatsink sensor

No feedback from the heatsink temperature sensor.

The signal from the IGBT thermal sensor is not available on the power card. The problem could be on the power card, on the gate drive card, or the ribbon cable between the power card and gate drive card.

#### WARNING 40, Overload of digital output terminal 27

Check the load connected to terminal 27 or remove shortcircuit connection. Check *5-00 Digital I/O Mode* and *5-01 Terminal 27 Mode*.

#### WARNING 41, Overload of digital output terminal 29

Check the load connected to terminal 29 or remove shortcircuit connection. Check *5-00 Digital I/O Mode* and *5-02 Terminal 29 Mode*.

# WARNING 42, Overload of digital output on X30/6 or overload of digital output on X30/7

For X30/6, check the load connected to X30/6 or remove the short-circuit connection. Check *5-32 Term X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101)*.

For X30/7, check the load connected to X30/7 or remove the short-circuit connection. Check *5-33 Term X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101)*.

#### ALARM 43, Ext. supply

MCB 113 Ext. Relay Option is mounted without ext. 24V DC. Either connect an ext. 24V DC supply or specify that no external supply is used via 14-80 Option Supplied by External 24VDC [0]. A change in 14-80 Option Supplied by External 24VDC requires a power cycle.

#### ALARM 45, Earth fault 2

Earth (ground) fault on start-up.

#### Troubleshooting

Check for proper earthing (grounding) and loose connections.

Check for proper wire size.

Check motor cables for short-circuits or leakage currents.

#### ALARM 46, Power card supply

The supply on the power card is out of range.

There are three power supplies generated by the switch mode power supply (SMPS) on the power card: 24 V, 5 V,  $\pm$ 18 V. When powered with 24 V DC with the MCB 107 option, only the 24 V and 5 V supplies are monitored. When powered with three phase mains voltage, all three supplies are monitored.

#### Troubleshooting

Check for a defective power card.

Check for a defective control card.

Check for a defective option card.

If a 24 V DC power supply is used, verify proper supply power.

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#### WARNING 47, 24 V supply low

The 24 V DC is measured on the control card. The external 24 V DC backup power supply may be overloaded, otherwise contact the Danfoss supplier.

#### WARNING 48, 1.8 V supply low

The 1.8 V DC supply used on the control card is outside of allowable limits. The power supply is measured on the control card. Check for a defective control card. If an option card is present, check for an overvoltage condition.

#### WARNING 49, Speed limit

When the speed is not within the specified range in 4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] and 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM], the frequency converter shows a warning. When the speed is below the specified limit in 1-86 Trip Speed Low [RPM] (except when starting or stopping) the frequency converter will trip.

#### ALARM 50, AMA calibration failed

Contact your Danfoss supplier or Danfoss Service Department.

#### ALARM 51, AMA check Unom and Inom

The settings for motor voltage, motor current and motor power are wrong. Check the settings in parameters 1-20 to 1-25.

#### ALARM 52, AMA low Inom

The motor current is too low. Check the settings.

#### ALARM 53, AMA motor too big

The motor is too big for the AMA to operate.

#### ALARM 54, AMA motor too small

The motor is too small for the AMA to operate.

#### ALARM 55, AMA parameter out of range

The parameter values of the motor are outside of the acceptable range. AMA will not run.

#### ALARM 56, AMA interrupted by user

The user has interrupted the AMA.

#### ALARM 57, AMA internal fault

Try to restart AMA again. Repeated restarts can over heat the motor.

#### ALARM 58, AMA Internal fault

Contact your Danfoss supplier.

#### WARNING 59, Current limit

The current is higher than the value in *4-18 Current Limit*. Ensure that Motor data in parameters 1-20 to 1-25 are set correctly. Possibly increase the current limit. Be sure that the system can operate safely at a higher limit.

#### WARNING 60, External interlock

A digital input signal is indicating a fault condition external to the frequency converter. An external interlock has commanded the frequency converter to trip. Clear the external fault condition. To resume normal operation, apply 24 V DC to the terminal programmed for external interlock. Reset the frequency converter.

#### WARNING/ALARM 61, Feedback error

An error between calculated speed and speed measurement from feedback device. The function Warning/ Alarm/Disabling setting is in 4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function. Accepted error setting in 4-31 Motor Feedback Speed Error and the allowed time the error occur setting in 4-32 Motor Feedback Loss Timeout. During a commissioning procedure the function may be effective.

#### WARNING 62, Output frequency at maximum limit

The output frequency has reached the value set in 4-19 Max Output Frequency. Check the application to determine the cause. Possibly increase the output frequency limit. Be sure the system can operate safely at a higher output frequency. The warning will clear when the output drops below the maximum limit.

#### ALARM 63, Mechanical brake low

The actual motor current has not exceeded the "release brake" current within the "Start delay" time window.

#### WARNING/ALARM 65, Control card over temperature

The cut-out temperature of the control card is 80 °C.

#### Troubleshooting

- Check that the ambient operating temperature is within limits
- Check for clogged filters
- Check fan operation
- Check the control card

#### WARNING 66, Heatsink temperature low

The frequency converter is too cold to operate. This warning is based on the temperature sensor in the IGBT module.

Increase the ambient temperature of the unit. Also, a trickle amount of current can be supplied to the frequency converter whenever the motor is stopped by setting 2-00 DC Hold/Preheat Current at 5% and 1-80 Function at Stop

#### ALARM 67, Option module configuration has changed

One or more options have either been added or removed since the last power-down. Check that the configuration change is intentional and reset the unit.

#### ALARM 68, Safe Stop activated

Loss of the 24 V DC signal on terminal 37 has caused the filter to trip. To resume normal operation, apply 24 V DC to terminal 37 and reset the filter.

#### ALARM 69, Power card temperature

The temperature sensor on the power card is either too hot or too cold.

#### Troubleshooting

Check that the ambient operating temperature is within limits.

Check for clogged filters.

- Check fan operation.
- Check the power card.



#### ALARM 70, Illegal FC configuration

The control card and power card are incompatible. Contact your supplier with the type code of the unit from the nameplate and the part numbers of the cards to check compatibility.

#### ALARM 71, PTC 1 safe stop

Safe Stop has been activated from the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card (motor too warm). Normal operation can be resumed when the MCB 112 applies 24 V DC to T-37 again (when the motor temperature reaches an acceptable level) and when the Digital Input from the MCB 112 is deactivated. When that happens, a reset signal must be is be sent (via Bus, Digital I/O, or by pressing [Reset]).

#### ALARM 72, Dangerous failure

Safe Stop with Trip Lock. The Dangerous Failure Alarm is issued if the combination of safe stop commands is unexpected. This is the case if the MCB 112 VLT PTC Thermistor Card enables X44/10 but safe stop is somehow not enabled. Furthermore, if the MCB 112 is the only device using safe stop (specified through selection [4] or [5] in *5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop*), an unexpected combination is activation of safe stop without the X44/10 being activated. The following table summarizes the unexpected combinations that lead to Alarm 72.

#### NOTE

lif X44/10 is activated in selection 2 or 3, this signal is ignored. However, the MCB 112 will still be able to activate Safe Stop.

#### WARNING 73, Safe stop auto restart

Safe stopped. With automatic restart enabled, the motor may start when the fault is cleared.

#### ALARM 74, PTC Thermistor

Alarm related to the ATEX option. The PTC is not working.

, Parameter value must not be written while motor is running. Stop motor before writing MCO profile to *8-10 Control Word Profile* for instance.

#### WARNING 76, Power unit setup

The required number of power units does not match the detected number of active power units.

#### WARNING 77, Reduced power mode

This warning indicates that the frequency converter is operating in reduced power mode (i.e. less than the allowed number of inverter sections). This warning will be generated on power cycle when the frequency converter is set to run with fewer inverters and will remain on.

#### ALARM 78, Tracking error

The difference between set point value and actual value has exceeded the value in 4-35 Tracking Error. Disable the function by 4-34 Tracking Error Function or select an alarm/ warning also in 4-34 Tracking Error Function. Investigate the mechanics around the load and motor, Check feedback connections from motor – encoder – to frequency

converter. Select motor feedback function in 4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function. Adjust tracking error band in 4-35 Tracking Error and 4-37 Tracking Error Ramping.

#### ALARM 79, Illegal power section configuration

The scaling card is the incorrect part number or not installed. Also MK102 connector on the power card could not be installed.

#### ALARM 80, Drive initialised to default value

Parameter settings are initialised to default settings after a manual reset. Reset the unit to clear the alarm.

#### ALARM 81, CSIV corrupt

CSIV file has syntax errors.

ALARM 82, CSIV parameter error CSIV failed to init a parameter.

#### ALARM 83, Illegal option combination

The mounted options are not supported to work together.

#### ALARM 84, No safety option

The safety option was removed without applying a general reset. Reconnect the safety option.

#### ALARM 88, Option detection

A change in the option layout has been detected. This alarm occurs when 14-89 Option Detection is set to [0] Frozen configuration and the option layout for some reason has changed. An option layout change has to be enabled in 14-89 Option Detection before the change is accepted. If the change of configuration is not accepted, it is only possible to reset Alarm 88 (Trip-lock) when the option configuration has been re-established/corrected.

#### WARNING 89, Mechanical brake sliding

The hoist brake monitor has detected a motor speed > 10 RPM.

#### ALARM 90, Feedback monitor

Check the connection to encoder/resolver option and eventually replace the MCB 102 or MCB 103.

#### ALARM 91, Analog input 54 wrong settings

Switch S202 has to be set in position OFF (voltage input) when a KTY sensor is connected to analog input terminal 54.

#### WARNING/ALARM 104, Mixing fan fault

The fan monitor checks that the fan is spinning at powerup or whenever the mixing fan is turned on. If the fan is not operating, then the fault is annunciated. The mixingfan fault can be configured as a warning or an alarm trip by 14-53 Fan Monitor.

#### Troubleshooting

Cycle power to the frequency converter to determine if the warning/alarm returns.

#### WARNING 163, ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning

The frequency converter has run above the the characteristic curve for more than 50 s. The warning is activated at 83% and de-activated at 65% of the permitted thermal overload.

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#### ALARM 164, ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm

Operating above the characteristic curve for more than 60 s within a period of 600 s activates the alarm and the frequency converter trips.

#### WARNING 165, ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning

The frequency converter is running more than 50 s below the permitted minimum frequency (*1-98 ATEX ETR interpol. points freq.* [0]).

#### ALARM 166, ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm

The frequency converter has operated more than 60 s (in a period of 600 s) below the permitted minimum frequency (1-98 ATEX ETR interpol. points freq. [0]).

#### ALARM 246, Power card supply

This alarm is only for F Frame frequency converters. It is equivalent to Alarm 46. The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm:

1 = left most inverter module.

2 = middle inverter module in F2 or F4 frequency converter.

2 = right inverter module in F1 or F3 frequency converter.

3 = right inverter module in F2 or F4 frequency converter.

5 = rectifier module.

#### WARNING 250, New spare part

A component in the frequency converter has been replaced. Reset the frequency converter for normal operation.

#### WARNING 251, New typecode

The power card or other components have been replaced and the typecode changed. Reset to remove the warning and resume normal operation.

## 8 General Specifications

	P15K	P18K	P22K
High/ Normal Load <sup>1)</sup>	NO	NO	NO
Typical Shaft Output [kW]	18.5	22	30
Enclosure IP20	B4	C3	C3
Enclosure IP21	C1	C1	C1
Enclosure IP55, IP66	C1	C1	C1
Output current			
Continuous	74.0	00	115
(3 x 200-240 V) [A]	74.8	88	115
Intermittent			
(60 s overload)	82.3	96.8	127
(3 x 200-240 V) [A]			
Continuous	26.9	31.7	41.4
kVA (208 V AC) [kVA]	20.9	51.7	41.4
Max. input current			
Continuous	68	80	104
(3 x 200-240 V) [A]	08	80	104
Intermittent			
(60 s overload)	74.8	88	114
(3 x 200-240 V) [A]			
Additional specifications	-		
IP20 max. cable cross-section <sup>5)</sup> (mains, brake, motor and load sharing)	35 (2)	50 (1)	50 (1)
IP21, IP55, IP66 max. cable cross-section <sup>5)</sup> (mains, motor) [mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)]	50 (1)	50 (1)	50 (1)
IP21, IP55, IP66 max. cable cross-section <sup>5)</sup> (brake, load sharing) [mm <sup>2</sup>	50 (1)	50 (1)	50 (1)
(AWG)] <sup>2)</sup>			
Max cable size with mains disconnect [mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)] <sup>2)</sup>	50, 35, 35 (1, 2, 2)	I	I
Estimated power loss			
at rated max. load [W] 4)	737	845	1140
Weight, IP20 [kg]	23.5	50	50
Weight, IP21, IP55/IP66 [kg]	45	45	45
Efficiency <sup>4)</sup>	0.96	0.97	0.97

#### Table 8.1 Mains Supply 3x200-240 V AC

For fuse ratings, see 3.4.1 Fuses

1) Normal overload = 110% torque during 60 s.

2) American Wire Gauge.

3) Measured using 5 m screened motor cables at rated load and rated frequency.

4) The typical power loss is at nominal load conditions and expected to be within  $\pm 15\%$  (tolerence relates to variety in voltage and cable conditions).

Values are based on a typical motor efficiency (eff2/eff3 border line). Motors with lower efficiency will also add to the power loss in the and opposite.

If the switching frequency is increased compared to the default setting, the power losses may rise significantly.

and typical control card power consumptions are included. Further options and customer load may add up to 30 W to the losses. (Though typical only 4 W extra for a fully loaded control card, or options for slot A or slot B, each).

Although measurements are made with state of the art equipment, some measurement inaccuracy must be allowed for  $(\pm 5\%)$ .

5) The three values for the max. cable cross section are for single core, flexible wire and flexible wire with sleeve, respectively.

**General Specifications** 

### Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

	P15K	P18K	P22K
High/ Normal Load <sup>1)</sup>	NO	NO	NO
Typical shaft output [kW]	18.5	22.0	30.0
Enclosure IP20	B3	B4	B4
Enclosure IP21	B1	B2	B2
Enclosure IP55, IP66	B1	B2	B2
Output current			I
Continuous	27.5		
(3 x 380-440 V) [A]	37.5	44	61
Intermittent (60 s overload)	44.2	40.4	(7.1
(3 x 380-440 V) [A]	41.3	48.4	67.1
Continuous	24	40	52
(3 x 441-500 V) [A]	34	40	52
Intermittent (60 s overload)	27.4	44	57.0
(3 x 441-500 V) [A]	37.4	44	57.2
Continuous kVA	26	30.5	42.3
(400 V AC) [kVA]	20	50.5	42.5
Continuous kVA	27.1	31.9	41.4
(460 V AC) [kVA]	27.1	51.9	41.4
Max. input current			
Continuous	34	40	55
(3 x 380-440 V) [A]	τC	40	
Intermittent (60 s overload)	37.4	44	60.5
(3 x 380-440 V ) [A]			00.5
Continuous	31	36	47
(3 x 441-500 V) [A]	51	50	, T
Intermittent (60 s overload)	34.1	39.6	51.7
(3 x 441-500 V) [A]	54.1	57.0	51.7
Additional specifications		<b>-</b>	
IP21, IP55, IP66 max. cable cross-section <sup>5)</sup> (mains, brake, load	16, 10, 16 (6, 8, 6)	35,-,-(2,-,-)	35,-,-(2,-,-)
sharing) [mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)] <sup>2)</sup>			
IP21, IP55, IP66 max. cable cross-section <sup>5)</sup> (motor) $[mm^2 (AWG)]^{2)}$	10, 10,- (8, 8,-)	35, 25, 25 (2, 4, 4)	35, 25, 25 (2, 4, 4)
IP20 max. cable cross-section <sup>5)</sup> (mains, brake, motor and load	10, 10,- (8, 8,-)	35,-,-(2,-,-)	35,-,-(2,-,-)
sharing)			
Max. cable cross-section with Disconnect [mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)] <sup>2)</sup>			
Estimated power loss	465	535	700
at rated max. load [W] <sup>4)</sup>	465	525	739
Weight, enclosure IP20 [kg]	12	23.5	23.5
Weight,	23	27	27
enclosure IP21, IP55, IP66 [kg]			
Efficiency <sup>4)</sup>	0.98	0.98	0.98

#### Table 8.2 Mains Supply 3x380-500 V AC , 3 x 380 - 480 V AC

For fuse ratings, see 3.4.1 Fuses

- 1) Normal overload = 110% torque during 60 s.
- 2) American Wire Gauge.
- 3) Measured using 5 m screened motor cables at rated load and rated frequency.
- 4) The typical power loss is at nominal load conditions and expected to be within  $\pm 15\%$  (tolerence relates to variety in voltage and cable conditions).
- Values are based on a typical motor efficiency (eff2/eff3 border line). Motors with lower efficiency will also add to the power loss in the frequency converter and vice versa.
- If the switching frequency is increased compared to the default setting, the power losses may rise significantly.

LCP and typical control card power consumptions are included. Further options and customer load may add up to 30 W to the losses. (Though typical only 4 W extra for a fully loaded control card, or options for slot A or slot B, each).

Although measurements are made with state of the art equipment, some measurement inaccuracy must be allowed for  $(\pm 5\%)$ .

5) The three values for the max. cable cross section are for single core, flexible wire and flexible wire with sleeve, respectively.

	P15K	P18K	P22K
High/Normal Load <sup>1)</sup>	NO	NO	NO
Typical Shaft Output [kW]	18.5	22	30
Enclosure IP21, IP55, IP66	B1	B2	B2
Enclosure IP20	B3	B4	B4
Output current			
Continuous	20	24	42
(3 x 525-550 V ) [A]	28	36	43
Intermittent	21	40	47
(3 x 525-550 V ) [A]	31	40	47
Continuous	27	34	41
(3 x 525-600 V ) [A]	27	54	41
Intermittent	30	37	45
(3 x 525-600 V ) [A]	50	57	C+
Continuous kVA (550 V AC) [kVA]	26.7	34.3	41.0
Continuous kVA (575 V AC) [kVA]	26.9	33.9	40.8
Max. input current			
Continuous	25.4	32.7	39
at 550 V [A]	23.4	52.7	57
Intermittent	28	36	43
at 550 V [A]	20	50	15
Continuous	24	31	37
at 575 V [A]			_
Intermittent	27	34	41
at 575 V [A]			
Additional specifications	1	1	
IP21, IP55, IP66 max. cable cross-section $^{5)}$ (mains, brake, load sharing) $[\rm{mm}^2$ (AWG)] $^{2)}$	16, 10, 10 (6, 8, 8)	35,-,-(2,-,-)	35,-,-(2,-,-)
IP21, IP55, IP66 max. cable cross-section <sup>5)</sup> (motor) [mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)] <sup>2)</sup>	10, 10,- (8, 8,-)	35, 25, 25 (2, 4, 4)	35, 25, 25 (2, 4, 4)
IP20 max. cable cross-section <sup>5)</sup> (mains, brake, motor and load sharing)	10, 10,- (8, 8,-)	35,-,-(2,-,-)	35,-,-(2,-,-)
Max. cable cross-section with Disconnect [mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)] <sup>2)</sup>			
Estimated power loss	285	329	700
at rated max. load [W] <sup>4)</sup>			
Weight,	23	27	27
enclosure IP21, [kg]			
Weight,	12	23.5	23.5
enclosure IP20 [kg]			
Efficiency <sup>4)</sup>	0.98	0.98	0.98

Table 8.3 Mains Supply 3x525-600 V AC

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**General Specifications** 

#### Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

Mains Supply (L1, L2, L3)

200-240 V ±10%
380-480 V ±10%
525-600 V ±10%
50/60 Hz
3.0 % of rated supply voltage
≥ 0.9 nominal at rated load
(> 0.98)
Max. 2 times/min.
Max. 1 time/min.
Overvoltage category III/pollution degree 2

The unit is suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100.000 RMS symmetrical Amperes, 240/500/600 V maximum

Output voltage	0-100% of supply voltage
Switching on output	See 14-01 Switching Frequency
Cable lengths and cross sections	
Max. motor cable length, screened/armoured	150 m
Max. motor cable length, unscreened/unarmoured	300 m
Max. cross section to motor, mains, load sharing and brake *	
Maximum cross section to control terminals, rigid wire	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /16 AWG (2 x 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> )
Maximum cross section to control terminals, flexible cable	1 mm²/18 AWG
Maximum cross section to control terminals, cable with enclosed core	0.5 mm²/20 AWG
Minimum cross section to control terminals	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup>

\* See Table 8.1, Table 8.2 and Table 8.3 for more information!

Digital Inputs	
Voltage level	0 - 24 V DC
Voltage level, logic.0. PNP	< 5 V DC
Voltage level, logic.1. PNP	> 10 V DC
Voltage level, logic .0. NPN2)	> 19 V DC
Voltage level, logic .1. NPN2)	< 14 V DC
Maximum voltage on input	28 V DC
Input resistance, Ri	approx. 4 kΩ
Safe Stop Terminal 37	
Voltage level	0 - 24 V DC
Voltage level, logic.0. PNP	< 4 V DC
Voltage level, logic.1. PNP	>20 V DC
Nominal input current at 24 V	50 mA <sub>rms</sub>
Nominal input current at 20 V	60 mA <sub>rms</sub>

Terminal 37 is fixed PNP logic

Input capacitance

All digital inputs are galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

- 1. Terminals 27 and 29 can also be programmed as output.
- 2. Except safe stop input Terminal 37.
- 3. Terminal 37 can only be used as safe stop input.

Terminal 37 is suitable for category 3 installations according to EN 954-1 (safe stop according to category 0 EN 60204-1) as required by the EU Machinery Directive 98/37/EC. Terminal 37 and the Safe Stop function are designed in conformance with EN 60204-1, EN 50178, EN 61800-2, EN 61800-3, and EN 954-1. For correct and safe use of the Safe Stop function follow the related information and instructions in the Application Guidelines.

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#### Operating Instructions VLT® CDS 302 and CDS 303

#### Analog Inputs

Number of analog inputs	2
Terminal number	53, 54
Modes	Voltage or current
Mode select	Switch S201 and switch S202
Voltage mode	Switch S201/switch S202 = OFF (U)
Voltage level	-10 to +10 V (scaleable)
Input resistance, Ri: approx	10 kΩ
Max. voltage	± 20 V
Current mode	Switch S201/switch S202 = ON (I)
Current level	0/4 to 20 mA (scaleable)
Input resistance, Ri	approx. 200 Ω
Max. current	30 mA
Resolution for analog inputs	10 bit (+ sign)
Accuracy of analog inputs	Max. error 0.5% of full scale
Bandwidth	100 Hz

The analog inputs are galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

Digital Output	
Programmable digital/pulse outputs	2
Terminal number	27, 29 <sup>1)</sup>
Voltage level at digital/frequency output	0-24 V
Max. output current (sink or source)	40 mA
Max. load at frequency output	1 kΩ
Max. capacitive load at frequency output	10 nF
Minimum output frequency at frequency output	0 Hz
Maximum output frequency at frequency output	32 kHz
Accuracy of frequency output	Max. error: 0.1 % of full scale
Resolution of frequency outputs	12 bit

<sup>1)</sup> Terminal 27 and 29 can also be programmed as input. The digital output is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

Number of programmable analog outputs	1
Terminal number	42
Current range at analog output	0/4 to 20 mA
Max. load to common at analog output	500 Ω
Accuracy on analog output	Max. error: 0.5 % of full scale
Resolution on analog output	12 bit

The analog output is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals

Control Card, 24 V DC Output	
Terminal number	12, 13
Max. load	200 mA

The 24 V DC supply is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV), but has the same potential as the analog and digital inputs and outputs.

Control Card, 10 V DC Output

Terminal number	50
Output voltage	10.5 V ± 0.5 V
Max. load	15 mA

The 10 V DC supply is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals

Control Card, RS-485 Serial Communication	
Terminal number	68 (P,TX+, RX+), 69 (N,TX-, RX-)
Terminal number 61	Common for terminals 68 and 69

The RS-485 serial communication circuit is functionally separated from other central circuits and galvanically isolated from the supplier voltage (PELV).

Control Card, USB Serial Communication

USB standard	1.1 (Full speed)
USB plug	USB type B device plug

Connection to PC is carried out via a standard host/device USB cable.

The USB connection is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals. The USB ground connection is not galvanically isolated from protection earth. Use only isolated laptop as PC connection to the USB connector on the frequency converter drive

Relay Outputs	
Programmable relay outputs	2
Relay 01 Terminal number	1-3 (break),1-2 (make)
Max. terminal load (AC-1)1) on 1-3 (NC), 1-2 (NO) (Resistive load)	240 V AC, 2 A
Max. terminal load (AC-15)1) (Inductive load @ cosφ 0.4)	240 V AC, 0.2 A
Max. terminal load (DC-1)1) on 1-2 (NO), 1-3 (NC) (Resistive load)	60 V DC, 1 A
Max. terminal load (DC-13)1) (Inductive load)	24 V DC, 0.1 A
Relay 02 (CDS 302 only) Terminal number	4-6 (break), 4-5 (make)
Max. terminal load (AC-1)1) on 4-5 (NO) (Resistive load)	400 V AC, 2 A
Max. terminal load (AC-15)1) on 4-5 (NO) (Inductive load @ cosφ 0.4)	240 V AC, 0.2 A
Max. terminal load (DC-1)1) on 4-5 (NO) (Resistive load)	80 V DC, 2 A
Surroundings	
Enclosure ≤ enclosure type A	IP20, IP55
Enclosure $\geq$ enclosure type A, B	IP21, IP55
Enclosure kit available ≤ enclosure type A	IP21/TYPE 1/IP 4X top
Vibration test	1.0 g
Max. relative humidity 5% - 95% (IEC	721-3-3; Class 3K3 (non-condensing) during operation
Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), uncoated	class 3C2
Aggressive environment (IEC 721-3-3), coated	class 3C3
Test method according to IEC 60068-2-43 H2S (10 days)	
Ambient temperature	Max. 50 °C
Derating for high ambient temperature, see section on special conditions	5
Minimum ambient temperature during full-scale operation	0 °C
Minimum ambient temperature at reduced performance	- 10 °C
Temperature during storage/transport	-25 - +65/70 °C
Maximum altitude above sea level without derating	1000 m
Maximum altitude above sea level with derating	3000 m
Derating for high altitude, see section on special conditions	
EMC standards, Emission	EN 61800-3, EN 61000-6-3/4, EN 55011, IEC 61800-3
EMC standards, Immunity EN 61000-4-2, EI	EN 61800-3, EN 61000-6-1/2, N 61000-4-3, EN 61000-4-4, EN 61000-4-5, EN 61000-4-6
	$T_{1} = T_{1} = T_{1$

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