

VACON[®] 100
AC DRIVES

**INTERNAL BACNET
INSTALLATION MANUAL**

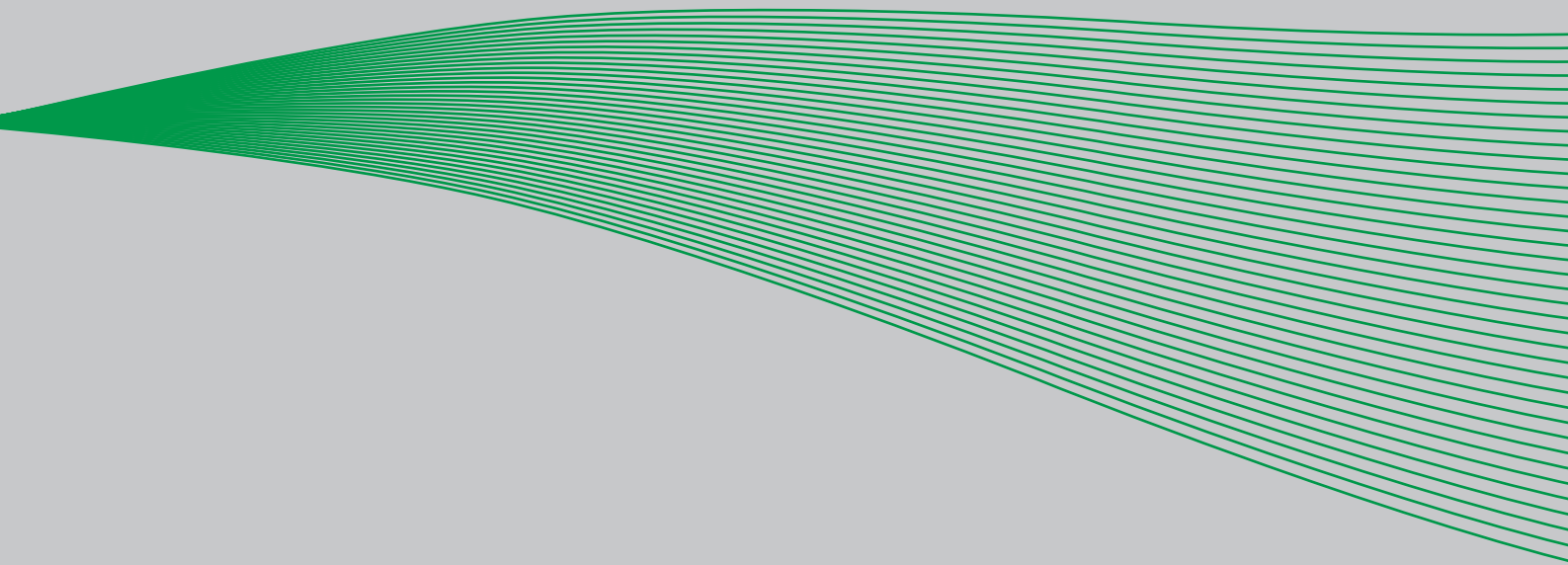


TABLE OF CONTENTS

Document: DPD00091B
Version release date: 4.6.13

1. Safety	1
1.1 Danger	1
1.2 Warnings	2
1.3 Earthing and earth fault protection	3
2. BACnet - general info	4
3. BACnet technical data	5
3.1 BACnet MS/TP protocol	5
3.2 BACnet IP protocol.....	5
4. Programming	6
4.1 BACnet MS/TP parameters and monitoring values	6
4.2 BACnet IP parameters and monitoring values.....	7
4.2.1 Ethernet common settings	7
4.2.2 BACnet IP settings.....	7
4.3 BACnet MS/TP parameter descriptions	9
4.3.1 BACnet MS/TP Parameters.....	9
4.3.2 BACnet MS/TP monitoring values	10
4.4 BACnet IP parameter descriptions.....	11
4.4.1 Ethernet common settings	11
4.4.2 BACnet IP settings.....	12
4.4.3 BACnet IP monitoring values.....	13
5. Installation	14
5.1 Vacon® 100 HVAC	14
5.1.1 Prepare for use through Ethernet.....	14
5.1.2 Prepare for use through RS485.....	17
5.2 Vacon® 100	21
5.2.1 Prepare for use through Ethernet.....	22
5.2.2 Prepare for use through RS485.....	24
6. Communications	28
6.1 Object types and properties supported.....	28
6.1.1 Binary Value Object.....	29
6.1.2 Analogue Value Object.....	30
6.2 Control word bits.....	32
6.3 Status word bits	32
7. Fault tracing	33
7.1 Typical fault conditions	33
7.2 Other fault conditions.....	34
8. Quick setup	36
9. Annex - Protocol implementation conformance statement	37




1. SAFETY

This manual contains clearly marked cautions and warnings that are intended for your personal safety and to avoid any unintentional damage to the product or connected appliances.

Please read the information included in cautions and warnings carefully.

The cautions and warnings are marked as follows:

Table 1. Warning signs

	= DANGER! Dangerous voltage
	= WARNING or CAUTION
	= Caution! Hot surface

1.1 DANGER



The **components of the power unit are live** when the drive is connected to mains potential. Coming into contact with this voltage is **extremely dangerous** and may cause death or severe injury.



The **motor terminals U, V, W and the brake resistor terminals are live** when the AC drive is connected to mains, even if the motor is not running.



After disconnecting the AC drive from the mains, **wait** until the indicators on the keypad go out (if no keypad is attached, see the indicators on the cover). Wait 5 more minutes before doing any work on the connections of the drive. Do not open the cover before this time has expired. After expiration of this time, use a measuring equipment to absolutely ensure that no voltage is present. **Always ensure absence of voltage before starting any electrical work!**



The control I/O-terminals are isolated from the mains potential. However, the **relay outputs and other I/O-terminals may have a dangerous control voltage** present even when the AC drive is disconnected from mains.



Before connecting the AC drive to mains make sure that the front and cable covers of the drive are closed.



During a ramp stop (see the Application Manual), the motor is still generating voltage to the drive. Therefore, do not touch the components of the AC drive before the motor has completely stopped. Wait until the indicators on the keypad go out (if no keypad is attached, see the indicators on the cover). Wait additional 5 minutes before starting any work on the drive.

1.2 WARNINGS



The AC drive is meant for **fixed installations only**.



Do not perform any measurements when the AC drive is connected to the mains.



The **earth leakage current** of the AC drives exceeds 3.5mA AC. According to standard EN61800-5-1, a **reinforced protective ground connection** must be ensured. See Chapter 1.3.



If the AC drive is used as a part of a machine, the **machine manufacturer is responsible** for providing the machine with a **supply disconnecting device** (EN 60204-1).



Only **spare parts** delivered by Vacon can be used.



At power-up, power brake or fault reset **the motor will start immediately** if the start signal is active, unless the pulse control for Start/Stop logic has been selected. Furthermore, the I/O functionalities (including start inputs) may change if parameters, applications or software are changed. Disconnect, therefore, the motor if an unexpected start can cause danger.



The **motor starts automatically** after automatic fault reset if the auto restart function is activated. See the Application Manual for more detailed information.



Prior to measurements on the motor or the motor cable, disconnect the motor cable from the AC drive.



Do not touch the components on the circuit boards. Static voltage discharge may damage the components.



Check that the **EMC level** of the AC drive corresponds to the requirements of your supply network.

1.3 EARTHING AND EARTH FAULT PROTECTION



CAUTION!

The AC drive must always be earthed with an earthing conductor connected to the earthing terminal marked with \oplus .

The earth leakage current of the drive exceeds 3.5mA AC. According to EN61800-5-1, one or more of the following conditions for the associated protective circuit must be satisfied:

- a) The protective conductor must have a cross-sectional area of at least 10 mm² Cu or 16 mm² Al, through its total run.
- b) Where the protective conductor has a cross-sectional area of less than 10 mm² Cu or 16 mm² Al, a second protective conductor of at least the same cross-sectional area must be provided up to a point where the protective conductor has a cross-sectional area not less than 10 mm² Cu or 16 mm² Al.
- c) Automatic disconnection of the supply in case of loss of continuity of the protective conductor.

The cross-sectional area of every protective earthing conductor which does not form part of the supply cable or cable enclosure must, in any case, be not less than:

- 2.5mm² if mechanical protection is provided or
- 4mm² if mechanical protection is not provided.

The earth fault protection inside the AC drive protects only the drive itself against earth faults in the motor or the motor cable. It is not intended for personal safety.

Due to the high capacitive currents present in the AC drive, fault current protective switches may not function properly.



Do not perform any voltage withstand tests on any part of the AC drive. There is a certain procedure according to which the tests must be performed. Ignoring this procedure may result in damaged product.

NOTE! You can download the English and French product manuals with applicable safety, warning and caution information from www.vacon.com/downloads.

REMARQUE Vous pouvez télécharger les versions anglaise et française des manuels produit contenant l'ensemble des informations de sécurité, avertissements et mises en garde applicables sur le site www.vacon.com/downloads.

2. BACNET - GENERAL INFO

BACnet stands for 'Building Automation and Control Networks'. It is the common name for the communication standard ISO 16484-5 which defines the methods and the protocol for cooperating building automation devices to communicate. Devices can be designed to operate using BACnet communication protocol as well as utilising BACnet protocol to communicate between systems. BACnet is an internationally accepted protocol for building automation (e.g. lightning control, air conditioning and heating automation) and control over a communications network.

BACnet provides a method by which computer-based control equipment, from different manufacturers can work together, or 'interoperate'. For this to be achieved, components must be able to exchange and understand BACnet data messages.

Your Vacon[®] 100 drive is equipped with BACnet support as standard.

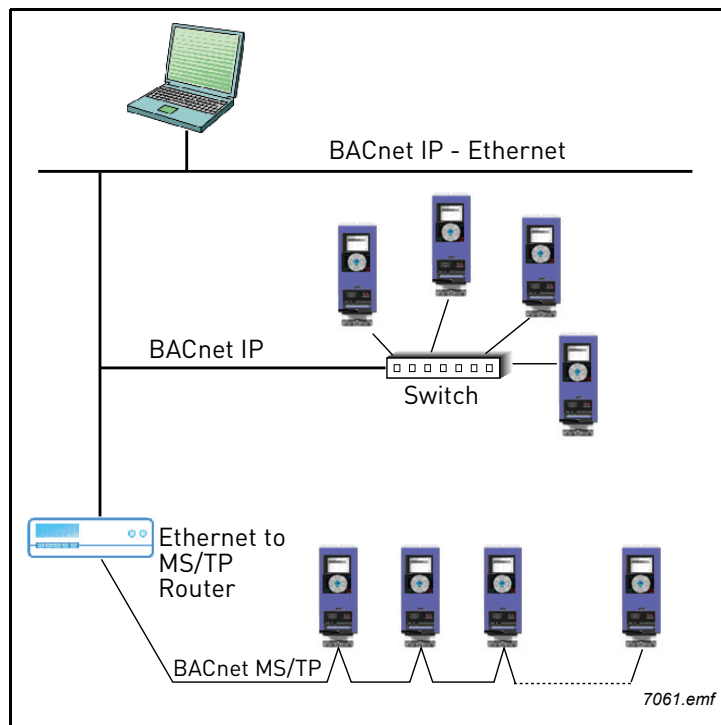


Figure 1. Principal example diagram of BACnet

If you have problems related to BACnet, contact tech.supportVDF@vacon.com. Send a description of the problem and the drive's *Service Information* file. You can download the Service Information file with the Vacon Live tool. In BACnet/IP networks, also send a log file captured with the Wireshark tool that contains the error situation.

3. BACNET TECHNICAL DATA

3.1 BACNET MS/TP PROTOCOL

Table 2.

Connections and communications	Interface	RS-485
	Data transfer method	RS-485 MS/TP, half-duplex
	Transfer cable	STP (Shielded Twisted Pair), type Belden 9841 or similar
	Connector	2.5 mm ²
	Electrical isolation	Functional
	BACnet MS/TP	As described in ANSI/ASHRAE Standards 135-2004
	Baud rate	9600, 19200, 38400 and 76800 baud(supports autobaud detection)

3.2 BACNET IP PROTOCOL

Table 3.

Connections and communications	Interface	100BaseTX, IEEE 802.3 compatible
	Data transfer method	Ethernet half/full -duplex
	Data transfer speed	10/100 MBit/s, autosensing
	Protocol	BACnet over UDP/IP
	Connector	Shielded RJ45 connector. Maximum connector length for Vacon 100 HVAC is 40mm. No limitations for Vacon 100 and Vacon 100 FLOW.
	Cable type	CAT5e STP
	BACnet IP	As described in ANSI/ASHRAE Standards 135-2004
	IP address mode	Selectable: Static or DHCP

4. PROGRAMMING

You will find basic information on how to use the control keypad in the Application Manual of your Vacon® 100 drive.

Below you will find some examples of navigation paths to the fieldbus parameters.

Table 4.

1. First ensure that the right fieldbus protocol is selected.
Navigate: Main Menu > I/O and Hardware (M5) > RS-485 (M5.8) OR Ethernet (M5.9) > Common settings > Protocol > Edit > (Choose protocol)
2. Select 'Fieldbus control' as the Remote Control Place.
3. Choose source of reference.
Navigate: Main Menu > Parameters (M3) > References (M3.3)
4. Set fieldbus parameters (M5.7 and M5.8). See Chapter 4.1.

4.1 BACNET MS/TP PARAMETERS AND MONITORING VALUES

Table 5. Parameters related with BACnet used through MS/TP

Code	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Default	ID	Description
P5.8.3.1.1	Baud rate	1	4	bds	1		Communication speed 1 = 9600 2 = 19200 3 = 38400 4 = 76800
P5.8.3.1.2	Autobauding	0	1		1		Automatic baudrate detection 0 = Off 1 = On; The automatically detected baud rate is then shown as value of parameter P5.7.3.1.1
P5.8.3.1.3	MAC address	1	127		1		
P5.8.3.1.4	Instance number	0	4194304		0		Device Object's instance number. 0 = Automatically generated
P5.8.3.1.5	Communication time-out	0	65535	s	10		0 = Not used

Table 6. Monitoring values

Code	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Default	ID	Description
P5.8.3.2.1	Fieldbus protocol status	1	3				1 = Stopped 2 = Operational 3 = Faulted

Table 6. Monitoring values

P5.8.3.2.2	Communication status	0.0	99.999		0.0		0-99 Number of messages with errors 0-999 Number of messages without communication errors
P5.8.3.2.3	Actual instance number	0	4194304		Serial number		Shows actual Device Object's instance number
P5.8.3.2.4	Fault code	0	3		0		0 = None 1 = Sole Master 2 = Duplicate MAC ID 3 = Baud rate fault
P5.8.3.2.5	Control word			hex			See Chapter 6.2 and Chapter 6.3.
P5.8.3.2.6	Status word			hex			See Chapter 6.2 and Chapter 6.3.

4.2 BACNET IP PARAMETERS AND MONITORING VALUES

4.2.1 ETHERNET COMMON SETTINGS

Table 7. Common settings for Ethernet IP

Code	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Default	ID	Description
P5.9.1.1	IP address mode	0	1		1	2482	0 = Fixed IP 1 = DHCP with AutoIP

Table 8. Fixed IP

Code	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Default	ID	Description
P5.9.1.2.1	IP address				192.168.0.10	2529	The parameter is in use if P5.9.1.1 = 0/Fixed IP
P5.9.1.2.2	Subnet mask				255.255.0.0	2530	The parameter is in use if P5.9.1.1 = 0/Fixed IP
P5.9.1.2.3	Default gateway				192.168.0.1	2531	The parameter is in use if P5.9.1.1 = 0/Fixed IP
P5.9.1.3	IP address				0	2483	IP address in use
P5.9.1.4	Subnet mask				0	2484	Subnet mask in use
P5.9.1.5	Default gateway				0	2485	Default gateway in use
P5.9.1.6	MAC address					2486	MAC address

4.2.2 BACNET IP SETTINGS

Table 9. Parameters related with BACnet used through Ethernet

Code	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Default	ID	Description
P5.9.3.1.1	Instance number	0	4194304		0		Device Object's instance number 0 = Serial number
P5.9.3.1.2	Communication time-out	0	65535	s	0		0 = Not used

Table 9. Parameters related with BACnet used through Ethernet

Code	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Default	ID	Description
P5.9.3.1.3	Protocol in use	0	1		0		0 = Not used 1 = Used
P5.9.3.1.4	BBMD IP						
P5.9.3.1.5	BBMD Port						
P5.9.3.1.6	BBMD Time to live						

Table 10. Monitoring values

Code	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Default	ID	Description
P5.9.3.2.1	Fieldbus protocol status	1	3				1 = Stopped 2 = Operational 3 = Faulted
P5.9.3.2.2	Communication status	0.0	99.999		0.0		0-99 Number of messages with errors 0-999 Number of messages without communication errors
P5.9.3.2.3	Actual instance number	0	4194304		Serial number		Shows actual Device Object's instance number
P5.9.3.2.4	Control word			hex			See Chapter 6.2 and Chapter 6.3.
P5.9.3.2.5	Status word			hex			See Chapter 6.2 and Chapter 6.3.

4.3 BACNET MS/TP PARAMETER DESCRIPTIONS

4.3.1 BACNET MS/TP PARAMETERS

P5.8.X.X.X BAUD RATE

Select the communication speed for the network. The default value is 9600 baud. If value *Auto* is chosen this parameter is not editable.

P5.8.X.X.X AUTOBAUDING

This function is set off by default. If the parameter is given value 1 the automatic baud rate detection is used. The automatically detected baud rate is then shown as value of parameter *P5.8.X.X.X Baud rate*.

P5.8.X.X.X MAC ADDRESS

The parameters of every device must be set before connecting to the bus. Especially the parameters *MAC address* and *Baud rate* must be the same as in the master's configuration.

The first parameter, BACnet MAC (Medium Access Control) address, must be unique on the network to which it is connected. The same MAC address may be used on a device on another network within the internetwork.

Addresses 128-254 are reserved for slaves. Addresses 1-127 are valid for both masters and slaves. The portion of the address space that is actually used for masters in a particular installation is determined by the value of the *Max_Master* property of the Device object.

It is recommended that MAC address 0 be reserved for use by the MS/TP router. 255 is reserved for broadcasts.

P5.8.X.X.X INSTANCE NUMBER

The Device Object's Instance number must be unique across the entire BACnet internetwork because it is used to uniquely identify the BACnet devices. It may be used to conveniently identify the BACnet device from other devices during installation.

If 0 (default) is selected, the Device Instance number is read from Drive. This unique number is then shown in the Monitor menu. If any other value than zero is selected, the value is used as Device Object's Instance number. The actual value is shown in the Monitor menu. The default value for this parameter is generated from the Ethernet MAC address. Last 2 octets will be used. XX.XX.XX.XX.FF.FF.

P5.8.X.X.X COMMUNICATION TIME-OUT

BACnet board initiates a communication error if the board is a "sole master" in the network for a time defined with this parameter. '0' means that no fault is generated.

4.3.2 BACNET MS/TP MONITORING VALUES

P5.8.X.X.X **FIELD BUS PROTOCOL STATUS**

Fieldbus Protocol Status tells the status of the protocol.

P5.8.X.X.X **COMMUNICATION STATUS**

The *Communication status* shows how many error and how many good messages the frequency converter has received. The Communication status includes a common error counter that counts CRC and parity errors and a counter for good messages.

Only messages to the current slave in use are counted in the good messages, not MS/TP token packages.

Table 11.

Good messages	
0...999	Number of messages received without errors
Bad Frames	
0...99	Number of messages received with errors

P5.8.X.X.X **ACTUAL INSTANCE NUMBER**

Shows the actual instance number.

P5.8.X.X.X **FAULT CODE**

Shows BACnet MS/TP fault codes.

P5.8.X.X.X **CONTROL WORD**

Shows the *Control Word* received from the bus.

P5.8.X.X.X **STATUS WORD**

Shows the current *Status Word* that is sent to the bus.

4.4 BACNET IP PARAMETER DESCRIPTIONS

4.4.1 ETHERNET COMMON SETTINGS

P5.9.1.1 IP ADDRESS MODE

Selectable alternatives are *DHCP* (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) and *Fixed*.

DHCP protocol gives IP addresses to new devices connecting to local network. This address is valid for a certain period of time.

A fixed IP address is specified manually and it does not change.

When the mode is changed from DHCP to Fixed the addresses will read

IP: 192.168.0.10

Subnet mask: 0.0.0.0

Default gateway: 0.0.0.0

P5.9.1.3 IP ADDRESS

An *IP address* is a series of numbers (like above) specific to the device connected to the Internet.

P5.9.1.4 SUBNET MASK

The network mask marks all the bits of an IP address for the identification of the network and the subnetwork.

P5.9.1.5 DEFAULT GATEWAY

Gateway address is the IP address of a network point that acts as an entrance to another network.

P5.9.1.6 MAC ADDRESS

The Ethernet MAC address of the control board.

MAC address (Media Access Control) is a unique address given to each network host.

4.4.2 BACNET IP SETTINGS

P5.9.3.1.1 INSTANCE NUMBER

Similar to BACnet MS/TP device object instance number (see Chapter 4.3.1).

P5.9.3.1.2 COMMUNICATION TIME-OUT

In the case that the Ethernet connection is lost, the fault is generated immediately even if the parameter is set to 0. Communication time-out parameters define the minimum delay between UDP packages received from the master. The timer is reset and started after each received UDP package. This parameter can be used if the master is periodically polling the slaves.

P5.9.3.1.3 PROTOCOL IN USE

BACnet/IP protocol can be enabled and disabled with this parameter. When the parameter value is set to "1" the BACnet/IP protocol is enabled and disabled when set to "0".

P5.9.3.1.4 BBMD IP

The IP address of BACnet/IP Broadcast Management Device.

P5.9.3.1.5 BBMD PORT

The port number of BACnet/IP Broadcast Management Device.

P5.9.3.1.6 BBMD TIME TO LIVE

This parameter specifies the length of time during which the BBMD forwards broadcast messages.

NOTE! The BBMD (BACnet/IP Broadcast Management Device) allows you to use BACnet IP across a large network. In the standard IP technology, routers don't forward broadcast messages. To solve this problem, the BBMD provides a re-broadcast on the local domain for all the messages that were originally broadcast on another domain. It is not necessary for all the BACnet IP devices to support BBMD. It is enough for one device on the IP domain to function as the BBMD. This device must be configured to interact with BBMD's on other domains to provide the broadcast support.

4.4.3 BACNET IP MONITORING VALUES

P5.9.3.2.1 *FIELDBUS PROTOCOL STATUS*

Fieldbus Protocol Status tells the status of the protocol.

P5.9.3.2.2 *COMMUNICATION STATUS*

The Communication status shows how many error and how many good messages the frequency converter has received. The Communication status includes a common error counter that counts CRC and parity errors and a counter for good messages.

Table 12.

Good messages	
0...999	Number of messages received without errors
Bad Frames	
0...99	Number of messages received with errors

P5.9.3.2.3 *ACTUAL INSTANCE NUMBER*

The Device Object's actual instance number. This monitoring value is needed when value 0 is written to parameter P5.8.3.1.1.

P5.9.3.2.4 *CONTROL WORD*

Shows the Control Word received from the bus.

P5.9.3.2.5 *STATUS WORD*

Shows the current Status Word that is sent to the bus.

5. INSTALLATION

5.1 VACON® 100 HVAC

1	Open the cover of the AC drive.
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The relay outputs and other I/O-terminals may have a dangerous control voltage present even when the AC drive is disconnected from mains.

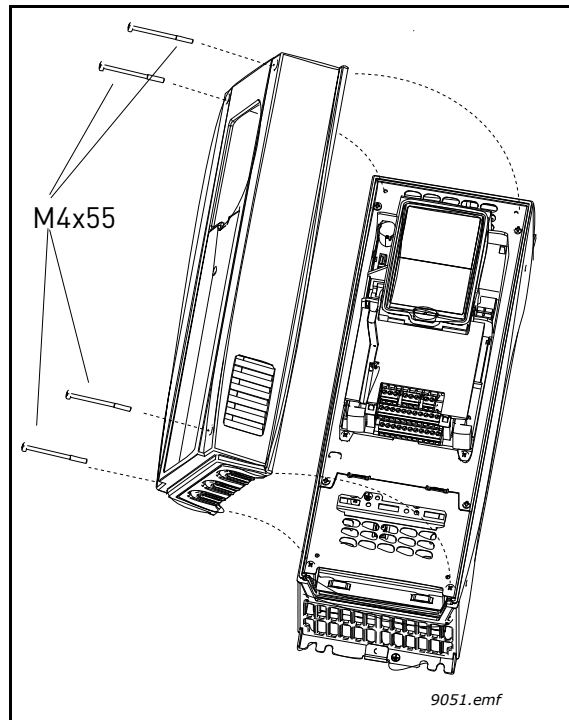


Figure 2.

5.1.1 PREPARE FOR USE THROUGH ETHERNET

2	Locate the components that you will need on the AC drive to connect and run the Ethernet cables.
----------	--



Be sure not to plug the Ethernet cable to the terminal under the keypad! This might harm your personal computer.

3

Connect the Ethernet cable (see specification in Chapter 3.2) to its terminal and run the cable through the conduit as shown in figure below.

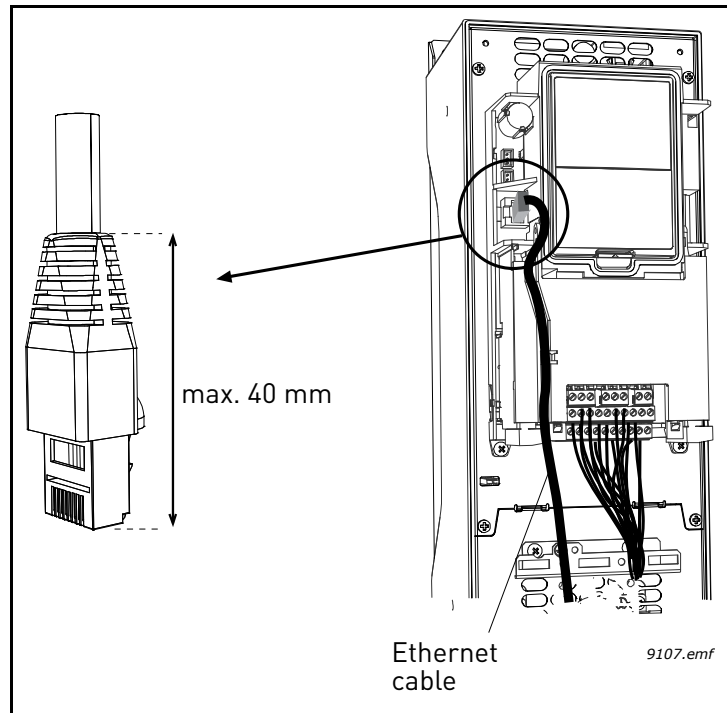


Figure 3.

4

Protection class IP21: Cut free the opening on the AC drive cover for the Ethernet cable.

Protection class IP54: Cut the rubber grommets open to slide the cables through. Should the grommets fold in while inserting the cable, just draw the cable back a bit to straighten the grommets up. Do not cut the grommet openings wider than what is necessary for the cables you are using.

NOTE! To meet the requirements of the enclosure class IP54, the connection between the grommet and the cable must be tight. Therefore, lead the first bit of the cable out of the grommet **straight** before letting it bend. If this is not possible, the tightness of the connection must be ensured with insulation tape or a cable tie.

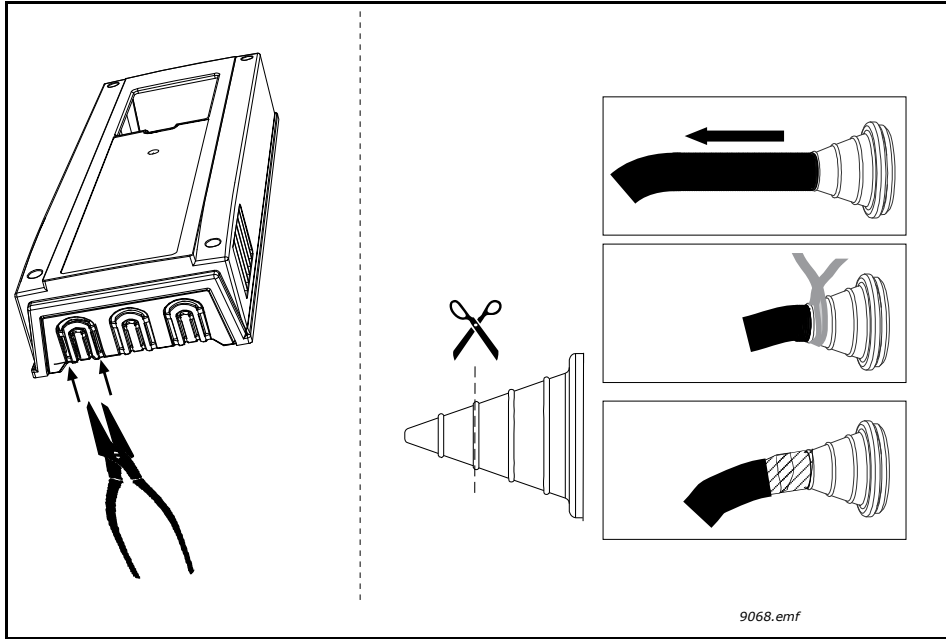


Figure 4.

5 Remount the AC drive cover.
NOTE! When planning the cable runs, remember to keep the distance between the Ethernet cable and the motor cable at a **minimum of 30 cm**. See figure below.

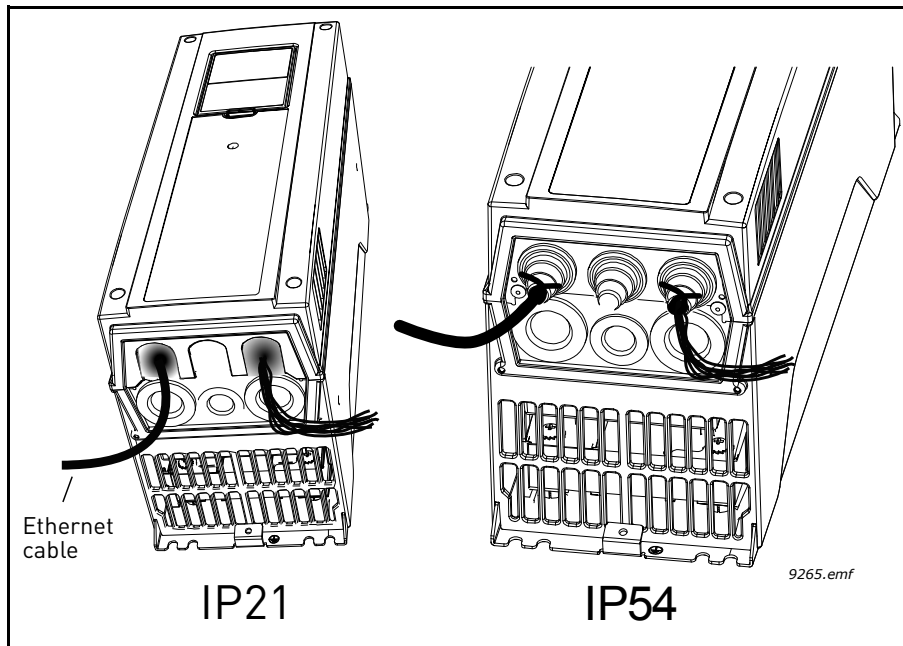
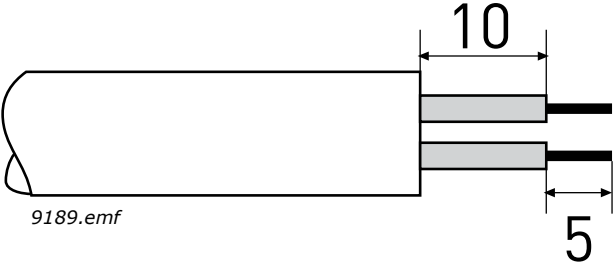
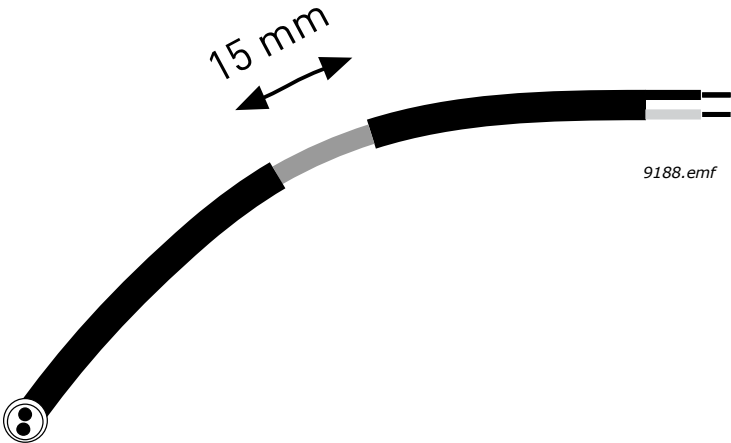


Figure 5.

5.1.2 PREPARE FOR USE THROUGH RS485

1	<p>Strip about 15 mm of the RS485 cable (see specification in Chapter 3.1) and cut off the grey cable shield. Remember to do this for both bus cables (except for the last device).</p> <p>Leave no more than 10 mm of the cable outside the terminal block and strip the cables at about 5 mm to fit in the terminals. See picture below.</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>9189.emf</p> </div> <p>Also strip the cable now at such a distance from the terminal that you can fix it to the frame with the grounding clamp. Strip the cable at a maximum length of 15 mm. Do not strip the aluminum cable shield!</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>9188.emf</p> </div>
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2 Then connect the cable to its appropriate terminals on Vacon 100 HVAC drive standard terminal block, terminals **A and B** (A = negative, B = positive). See figure below.

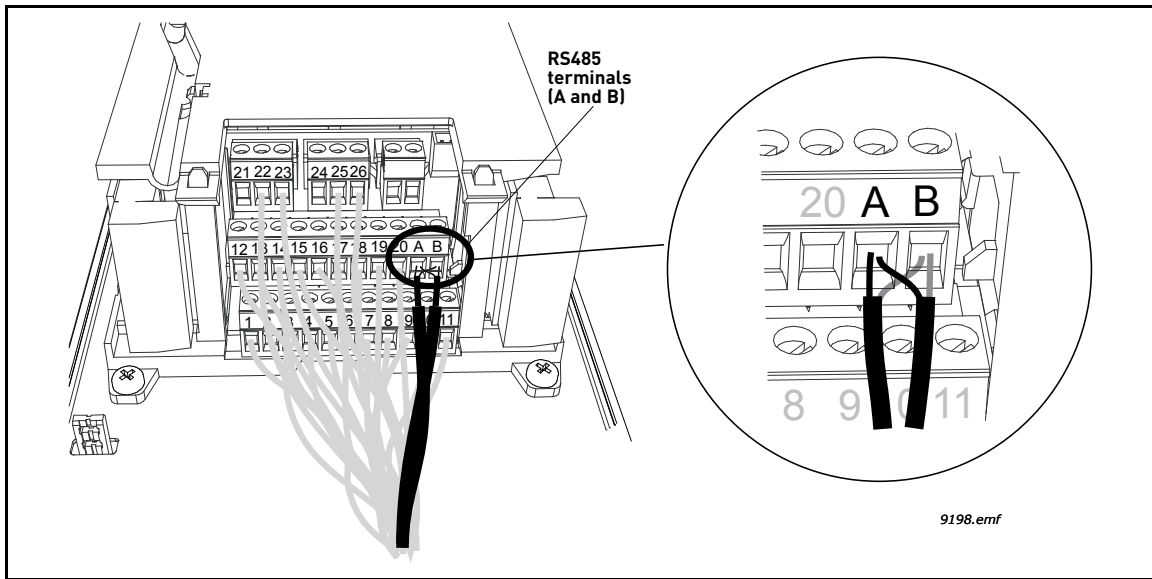
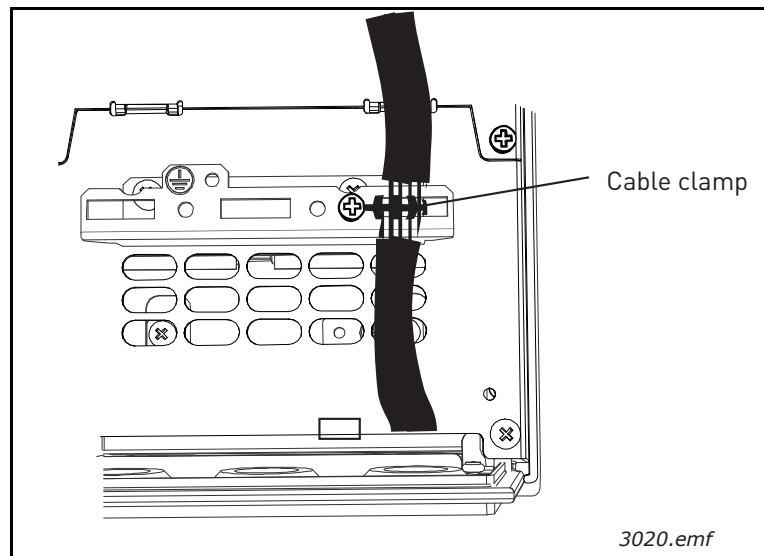


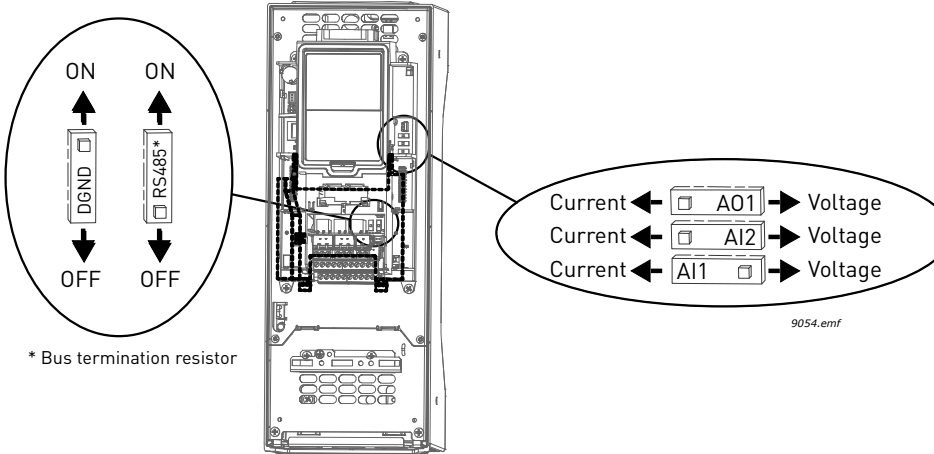
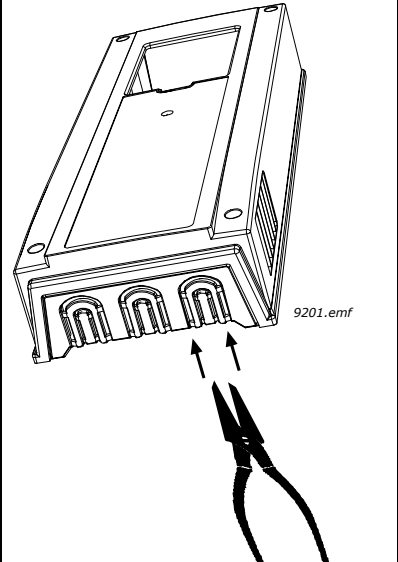
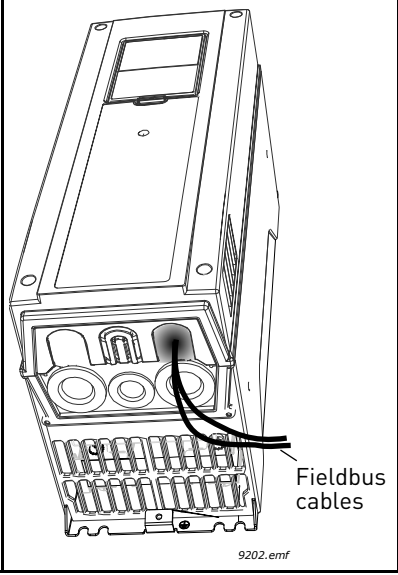
Figure 6.

3 Using the cable clamp included in the delivery of the drive, ground the shield of the RS485 cable to the frame of the AC drive.

NOTE! This can be done in all drives if there is no difference in PE potential between the drives. However, if there is PE potential difference then the shield should be connected to PE only at one point in the system. The shields of the cables shall be joint but not connected to several PE points with different potential.

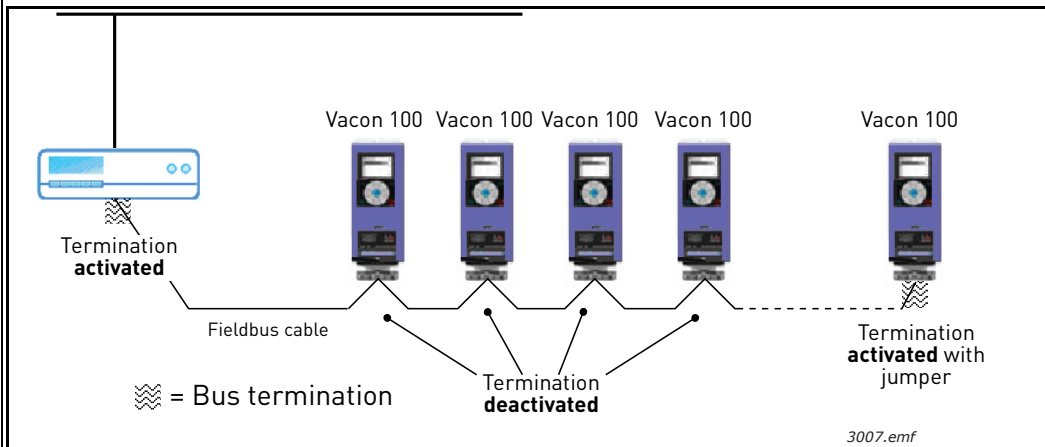
NOTE! This is only a principle drawing and the actual drive may look different.



<p style="text-align: center; font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold;">4</p>	<p>If Vacon 100 HVAC is the last device on the bus, the bus termination must be set. Locate the DIP switches to the right of the control keypad of the drive and turn the switch for the RS485 bus termination resistor to position ON. Biasing is built in the termination resistor. See also step 7 on page 20.</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">* Bus termination resistor</p> <p style="text-align: right; font-size: 0.8em;">9054.emf</p>
<p style="text-align: center; font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold;">5</p>	<p>Unless already done for the other control cables, cut free the opening on the AC drive cover for the RS485 cable (protection class IP21).</p> <p>NOTE! This is only a principle drawing and the actual drive may look different.</p>  <p style="text-align: right; font-size: 0.8em;">9201.emf</p>
<p style="text-align: center; font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold;">6</p>	<p>Remount the AC drive cover and run the RS485 cables as shown in picture.</p> <p>NOTE! When planning the cable runs, remember to keep the distance between the fieldbus cable and the motor cable at a minimum of 30 cm.</p>  <p style="text-align: right; font-size: 0.8em;">9202.emf</p>

7

The bus termination must be set for the first and the last device of the fieldbus line. See picture below. See also step 4 on page 19. It is recommended that the devices at the ends of the bus line have termination activated.



5.2 VACON® 100

1 Open the cover of the AC drive.



The relay outputs and other I/O-terminals may have a dangerous control voltage present even when the AC drive is disconnected from mains.

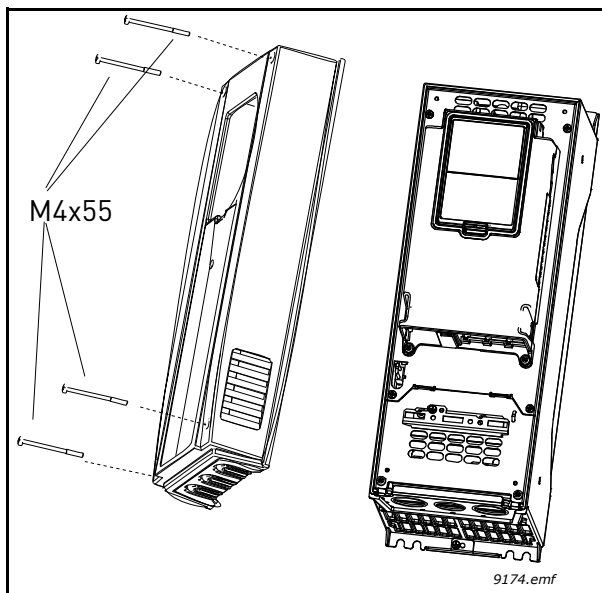
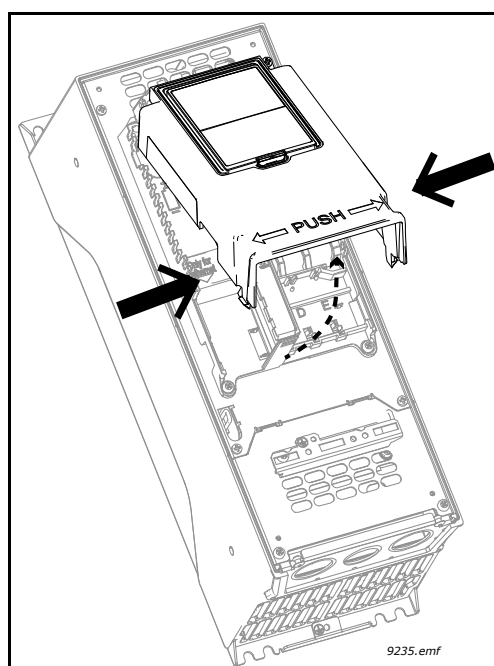


Figure 7.

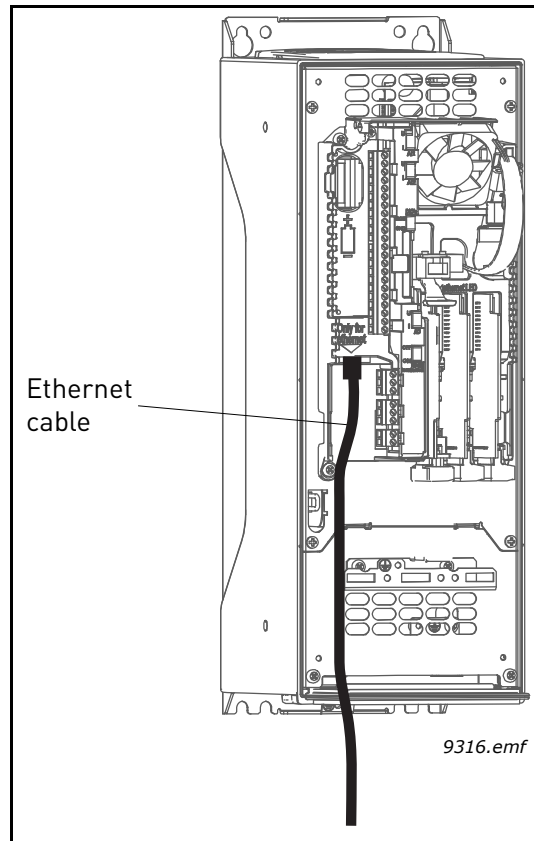
2 Open the inner cover of the drive



5.2.1 PREPARE FOR USE THROUGH ETHERNET

3

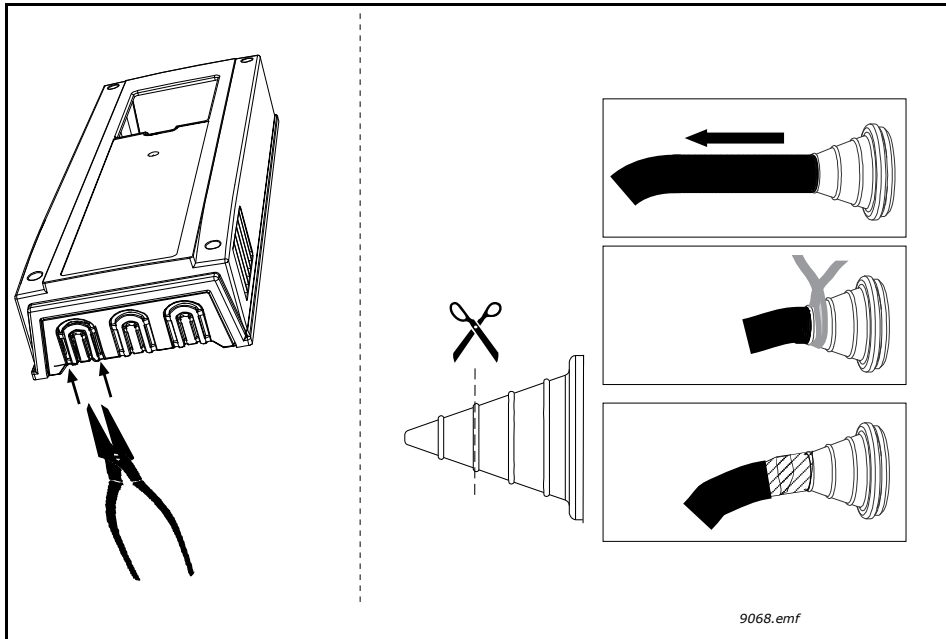
Connect the Ethernet cable (see specification in Chapter 3.2) to its terminal as shown in figure below.

**4**

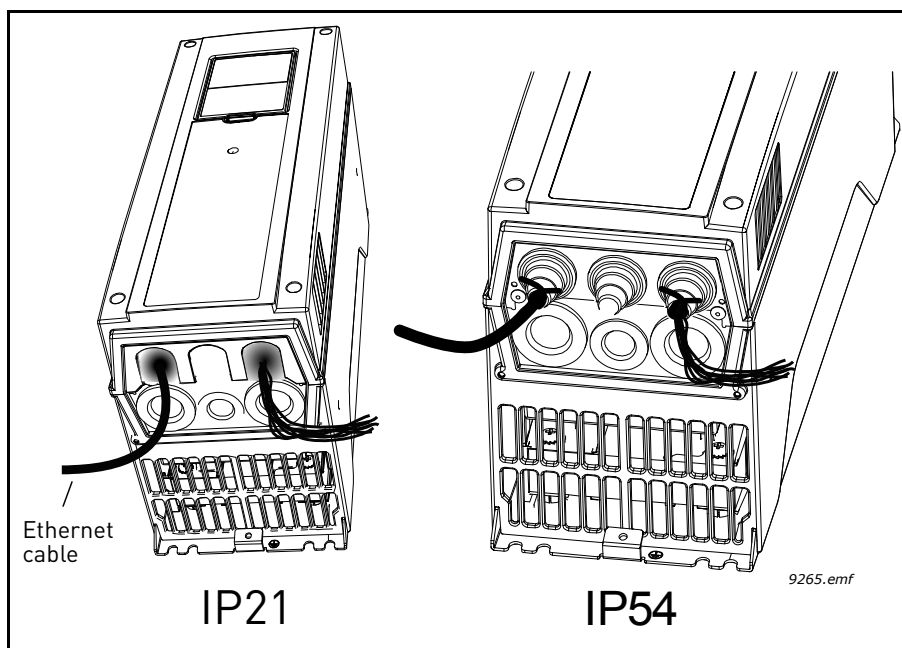
Protection class IP21: Cut free the opening on the AC drive cover for the Ethernet cable.

Protection class IP54: Cut the rubber grommets open to slide the cables through. Should the grommets fold in while inserting the cable, just draw the cable back a bit to straighten the grommets up. Do not cut the grommet openings wider than what is necessary for the cables you are using.

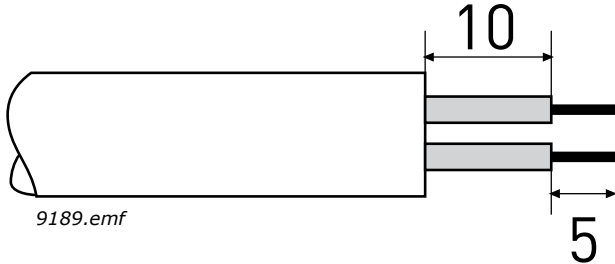
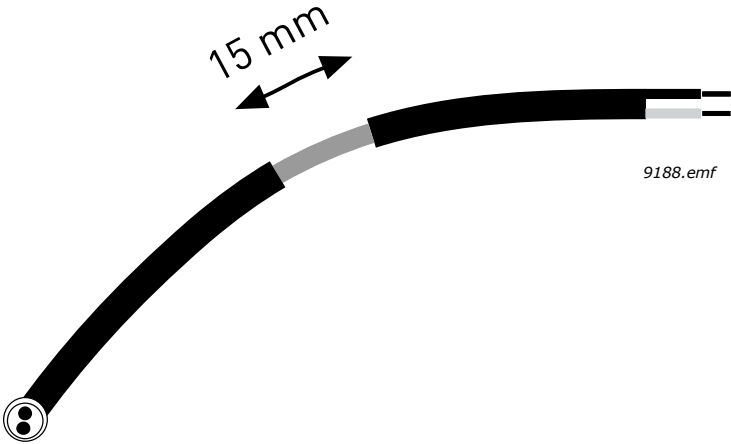
NOTE! To meet the requirements of the enclosure class IP54, the connection between the grommet and the cable must be tight. Therefore, lead the first bit of the cable out of the grommet **straight** before letting it bend. If this is not possible, the tightness of the connection must be ensured with insulation tape or a cable tie.



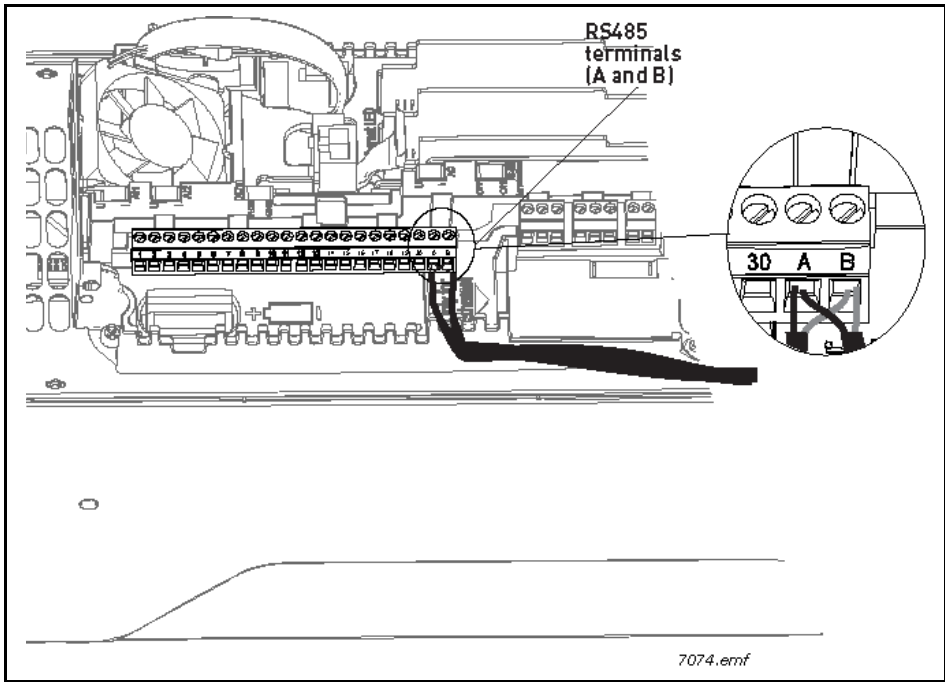
5 Remount the AC drive cover.
NOTE! When planning the cable runs, remember to keep the distance between the Ethernet cable and the motor cable at a **minimum of 30 cm**. See figure below.



5.2.2 PREPARE FOR USE THROUGH RS485

1	<p>Strip about 15 mm of the RS485 cable (see specification in Chapter 3.1) and cut off the grey cable shield. Remember to do this for both bus cables (except for the last device).</p> <p>Leave no more than 10 mm of the cable outside the terminal block and strip the cables at about 5 mm to fit in the terminals. See picture below.</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>9189.emf</p> </div> <p>Also strip the cable now at such a distance from the terminal that you can fix it to the frame with the grounding clamp. Strip the cable at a maximum length of 15 mm. Do not strip the aluminum cable shield!</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>9188.emf</p> </div>
---	--

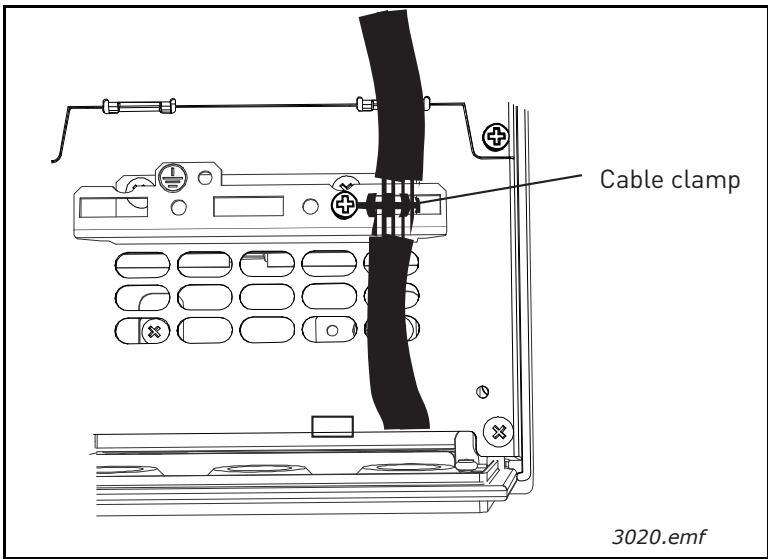
1 Then connect the cable to its appropriate terminals on Vacon 100 drive standard terminal block, terminals **A and B** (A = negative, B = positive). See figure below.

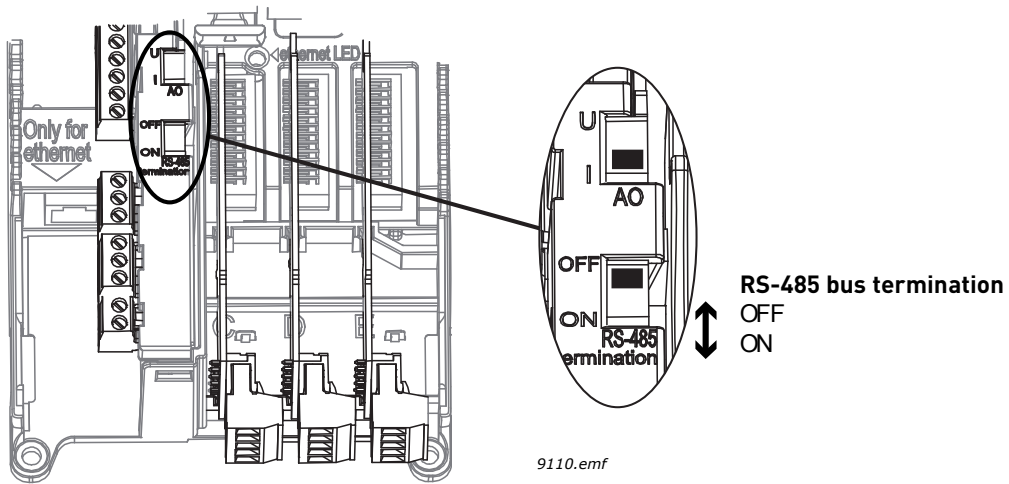
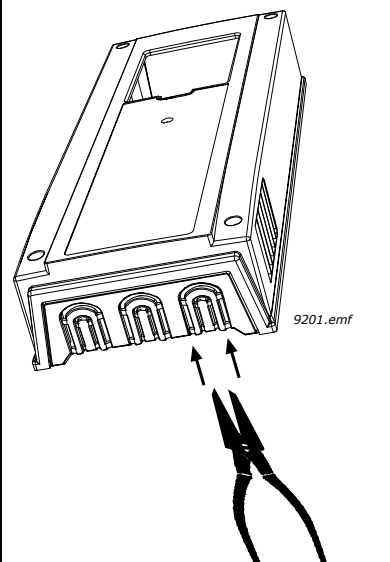


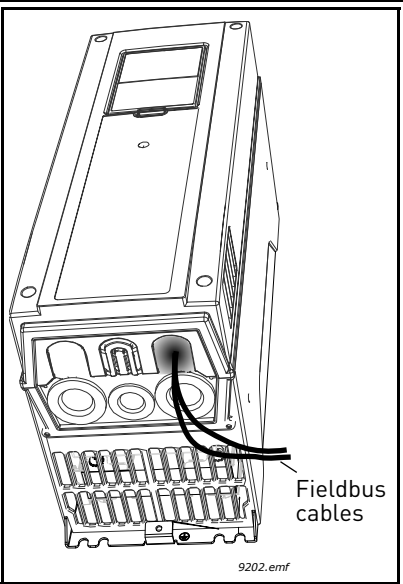
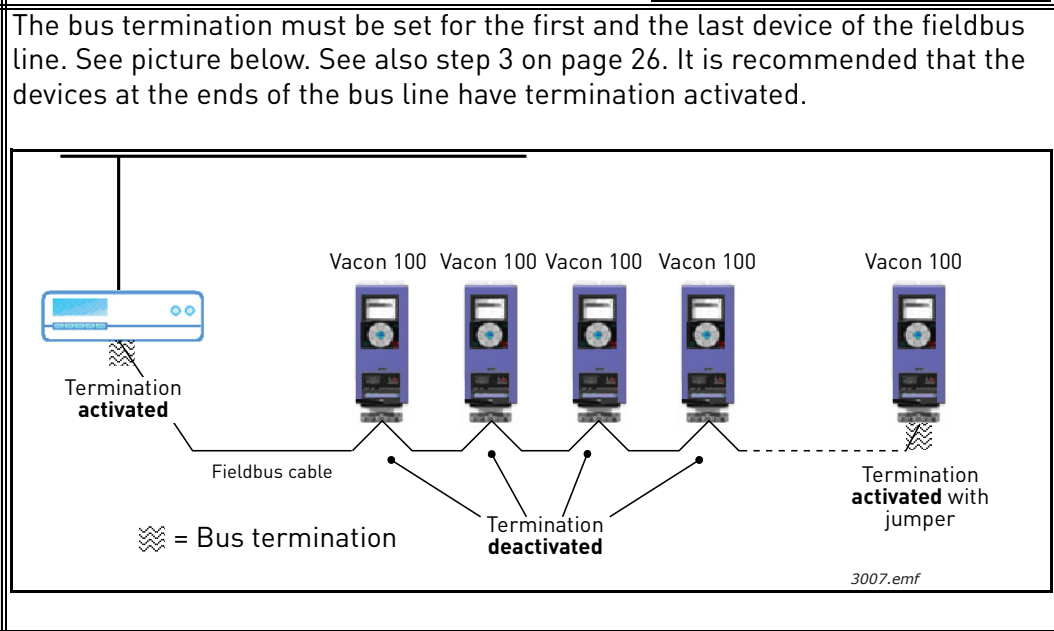
2 Using the cable clamp included in the delivery of the drive, ground the shield of the RS485 cable to the frame of the AC drive.

NOTE! This can be done in all drives if there is no difference in PE potential between the drives. However, if there is PE potential difference then the shield should be connected to PE only at one point in the system. The shields of the cables shall be joint but not connected to several PE points with different potential.

NOTE! This is only a principle drawing and the actual drive may look different.



<p>3</p>	<p>If Vacon 100 is the last device on the bus, the bus termination must be set. Locate the DIP switches to the right of the control keypad of the drive and turn the switch for the RS485 bus termination resistor to position ON. Biasing is built in the termination resistor. See also step 6 on page 27.</p>  <p style="text-align: right; margin-right: 50px;">9110.emf</p>
<p>4</p>	<p>Unless already done for the other control cables, cut free the opening on the AC drive cover for the RS485 cable (protection class IP21).</p> <p>NOTE! This is only a principle drawing and the actual drive may look different.</p>  <p style="text-align: right; margin-right: 50px;">9201.emf</p>

5	<p>Remount the AC drive cover and run the RS485 cables as shown in picture.</p> <p>NOTE! When planning the cable runs, remember to keep the distance between the fieldbus cable and the motor cable at a minimum of 30 cm.</p>	
6	<p>The bus termination must be set for the first and the last device of the fieldbus line. See picture below. See also step 3 on page 26. It is recommended that the devices at the ends of the bus line have termination activated.</p> 	

6. COMMUNICATIONS

6.1 OBJECT TYPES AND PROPERTIES SUPPORTED

Table 13. Object types and properties supported

Property	Object Type		
	Device	Binary Value	Analogue Value
Object Identifier	X	X	X
Object Name	X	X	X
Object Type	X	X	X
System Status	X		
Vendor Name	X		
Vendor Identifier	X		
Model Name	X		
Firmware Revision	X		
Appl Software revision	X		
Protocol Version	X		
Protocol Revision	X		
Services Supported	X		
Object Types supported	X		
Object List	X		
Max APDU Length	X		
Segmentation Support	X		
APDU Timeout	X		
Number ADPU Retries	X		
Max Master	X		
Max Info Frames	X		
Device Address Binding	X		
Database Revision	X		
Preset Value		X	X
Status Flags		X	X
Event State		X	X
Out-of-Service		X	X
Units			X
Priority Array		X*	X*
Relinquish Default		X*	X*
Polarity			
Active Text		X	
Inactive Text		X	

*. Only with commandable values

6.1.1 BINARY VALUE OBJECT

Table 14.

Instance ID	Object Name	Description	Inactive / Active	Present Value Access Type
BV0	Ready State	Indicates whether the drive is ready or not	Not Ready / Ready	R
BV1	Run/Stop State	Indicates whether the drive is running or stopped	Stop / Run	R
BV2	Fwd/Rev State	Indicates the rotation direction of the motor	Fwd / Rev	R
BV3	Fault State	Indicates if a fault is active	OK / Fault	R
BV4	Alarm State	Indicates if an alarm is active	OK / Alarm	R
BV5	At Setpoint	Ref. Frequency reached	False / True	R
BV6	At Zero Speed	Motor Running at zero speed	False / True	R
BV7	fb_ProcessdataOut_01 Bit_0	ProcessDataOut1 bit 0	0 / 1	R
BV8	fb_ProcessdataOut_01 Bit_1	ProcessDataOut1 bit 1	0 / 1	R
BV9	fb_ProcessdataOut_01 Bit_2	ProcessDataOut1 bit 2	0 / 1	R
BV10	fb_ProcessdataOut_01 Bit_3	ProcessDataOut1 bit 3	0 / 1	R
BV11	fb_ProcessdataOut_01 Bit_4	ProcessDataOut1 bit 4	0 / 1	R
BV12	fb_ProcessdataOut_01 Bit_5	ProcessDataOut1 bit 5	0 / 1	R
BV13	fb_ProcessdataOut_01 Bit_6	ProcessDataOut1 bit 6	0 / 1	R
BV14	fb_ProcessdataOut_01 Bit_7	ProcessDataOut1 bit 7	0 / 1	R
BV15	Run/Stop CMD	Command to start drive (FB control is active)	Stop / Run	C
BV16	Fwd/Rev CMD	Command to run forward/reverse	Fwd/Rev	C
BV17	Reset Fault	Command to reset Active Fault from drive	0 / Reset	C
BV18	Stop By Coast	Stop Drive by coast	0 / 1	C
BV19	Stop By Ramp	Stop Drive by ramp	0 / 1	C
BV20	Quick Stop	Quick Stop	0 / 1	C
BV21	Zero Ramp	Stop by zero ramp	0 / 1	C
BV22	Hold Ramp	Hold ramp	0 / 1	C
BV23	BusCtrl	Activate Bus control	0 / 1	C
BV24	BusRef	Activate Bus reference	0 / 1	C
BV25	fb_control_word Bit_10	fb_control_word bit 10	0 / 1	C
BV26	fb_control_word Bit_11	fb_control_word bit 11	0 / 1	C
BV27	fb_control_word Bit_12	fb_control_word bit 12	0 / 1	C

Table 14.

<i>BV28</i>	fb_control_word Bit_13	fb_control_word bit 13	0 / 1	C
<i>BV29</i>	fb_control_word Bit_14	fb_control_word bit 14	0 / 1	C
<i>BV30</i>	fb_control_word Bit_15	fb_control_word bit 15	0 / 1	C

NOTE! Present Value Access Types: **R** = Read-only, **W** = Writeable, **C** = Commandable. Commandable values support priority arrays & relinquish defaults.

6.1.2 ANALOGUE VALUE OBJECT

Table 15.

Instance ID	Object Name	Description	Units	Present Value Access Type
<i>AV0</i>	Frequency Setpoint	Frequency Setpoint	Hz	R
<i>AV1</i>	Output Frequency	Output Frequency	Hz	R
<i>AV2</i>	Motor Speed	Motor Speed	rpm	R
<i>AV3</i>	Load (power)	Motor Shaft Power	%	R
<i>AV4</i>	Kilowatt Hours total	Kilowatt Hour Counter (Total)	kWh	R
<i>AV5</i>	Motor Current	Motor Current	A	R
<i>AV6</i>	DC link Voltage	DC link Voltage	V	R
<i>AV7</i>	Motor Voltage	Motor Voltage	V	R
<i>AV8</i>	Unit Temperature	Heatsink Temperature	°C	R
<i>AV9</i>	Motor Torque	In % of motor nominal Torque	%	R
<i>AV10</i>	Operating Days	Operating Days (resettable)	Day	R
<i>AV11</i>	Operating Hours	Operating Hours (resettable)	Hour	R
<i>AV12</i>	Kilowatt Hours	Kilowatt Hours (resettable)	kWh	R
<i>AV13</i>	Torque Reference	Torque Reference	%	R
<i>AV14</i>	Temperature Rise	Calculated motor temperature 100,0% = nominal temperature of motor	%	R
<i>AV15</i>	fb_ProcessdataOut_01	Application specific	16 bit Resolution 1	R
<i>AV16</i>	fb_ProcessdataOut_02	Application specific	16 bit Resolution 1	R
<i>AV17</i>	fb_ProcessdataOut_03	Application specific	16 bit Resolution 1	R
<i>AV18</i>	fb_ProcessdataOut_04	Application specific	16 bit Resolution 1	R
<i>AV19</i>	fb_ProcessdataOut_05	Application specific	16 bit Resolution 1	R
<i>AV20</i>	fb_ProcessdataOut_06	Application specific	16 bit Resolution 1	R

Table 15.

AV21	fb_ProcessdataOut_07	Application specific	16 bit Resolution 1	R
AV22	fb_ProcessdataOut_08	Application specific	16 bit Resolution 1	R
AV23	Active Fault Code	Active Fault Code	-	R
AV24	Speed Reference	Speed Reference, percentage of nominal speed	%	C
AV25	Current Limit	Current Limit	A	W
AV26	Min Frequency	Minimum Frequency	Hz	W
AV27	Maximum Frequency	Maximum Frequency	Hz	W
AV28	Accel Time	Acceleration Time	s	W
AV29	Decel Time	Deceleration Time	s	W
AV30	fb_ProcessdataIn_01	Application specific	16 bits Resolution 1	C
AV31	fb_ProcessdataIn_02	Application specific	16 bits Resolution 1	C
AV32	fb_ProcessdataIn_03	Application specific	16 bits Resolution 1	C
AV33	fb_ProcessdataIn_04	Application specific	16 bits Resolution 1	C
AV34	AnyParam ID	ID number that is used in AV35	0 to 65535 resolution 1	W
AV35	AnyParam Value	Value of ID defined by AV34	32 bits Value	W
AV36*	Fb_Control_Word Lo16	Fixed Control Word First 16 bits 0-15	16 bits Resolution 1	C
AV37*	Fb_Control_Word Hi16	Fixed Control Word Last 16 bits 16-31	16 bits Resolution 1	C
AV38	Fb_Status_Word Lo16	Fixed Status Word First 16 bits 0-15	16 bits Resolution 1	R
AV39	Fb_Status_Word Hi16	Fixed Status Word Last 16 bits 16-31	16 bits Resolution 1	R

*. ANSI/IEEE-754 floating point. Binary coding can be done only if the value has no decimals.

NOTE! Present Value Access Types: **R** = Read-only, **W** = Writeable, **C** = Commandable. Commandable values support priority arrays & relinquish defaults.

High and Low limits for the objects are defined in the application. See corresponding application for exact limits.

6.2 CONTROL WORD BITS

Table 16. Control Word bits

Bit	Name	Value = 1	Value = 0	Description
B0	Start/Stop	Start request	Stop request	Start/Stop command to application
B1	Fwd/Rev	Reverse direction	Forward direction	Controls the direction of motor axis rotation
B2	Fault reset	Reset faults	No action	Command to reset fault
B3-B15	Not used			

6.3 STATUS WORD BITS

Table 17. Status Word bits

Bit	Name	Value = 1	Value = 0	Description
B0	Ready	Ready	Not ready	Indicates whether the drive is ready or not
B1	Run	Running	Stop	Indicates whether the drive is running or stopped
B2	Direction	Counterclockwise	Clockwise	Indicates the rotation direction of the motor
B3	Fault	Faulted	Not faulted	Indicates if a fault is active
B4	Alarm	Alarm	No alarm	Indicates if an alarm is active
B5	AtReference	True	False	Reference frequency reached
B6	ZeroSpeed	True	False	Motor running at zero speed
B7-B15	Not used			

7. FAULT TRACING

When an unusual operating condition is detected by the AC drive control diagnostics, the drive initiates a notification visible, for example, on the keypad. The keypad will show the ordinal number of the fault, the fault code and a short fault description.

The fault can be reset with the Reset button on the control keypad or via the I/O terminal. The faults are stored in the Fault history menu, which can be browsed. The different fault codes you will find in the table below. This fault table presents only the faults related to the fieldbus in use.

NOTE! When contacting distributor or factory because of a fault condition, always write down all texts and codes on the keypad display and send a description of the problem together with the *Drive Info File* to tech.supportVDF@vacon.com.

7.1 TYPICAL FAULT CONDITIONS

Table 18. Typical fault conditions

Fault condition	Possible cause	Remedy
Termination resistor	Missing or excessive termination resistor.	Install termination resistors at both ends of the fieldbus line.
Cabling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Supply or motor cables are located too close to the fieldbus cable • Wrong type of fieldbus cable • Too long cabling 	
Grounding	Inadequate grounding.	Ensure grounding in all points on the net
Connections	Faulty connections: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Excessive stripping of cables • Conductors in wrong terminals • Too loose connections of conductors 	
Parameter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Faulty address • Overlapping slave addresses • Wrong baud rate • Wrong control place selected 	

7.2 OTHER FAULT CONDITIONS

The following fault tracing diagram will help you to locate and fix some of the most usual problems. If the problem persists contact your local distributor.

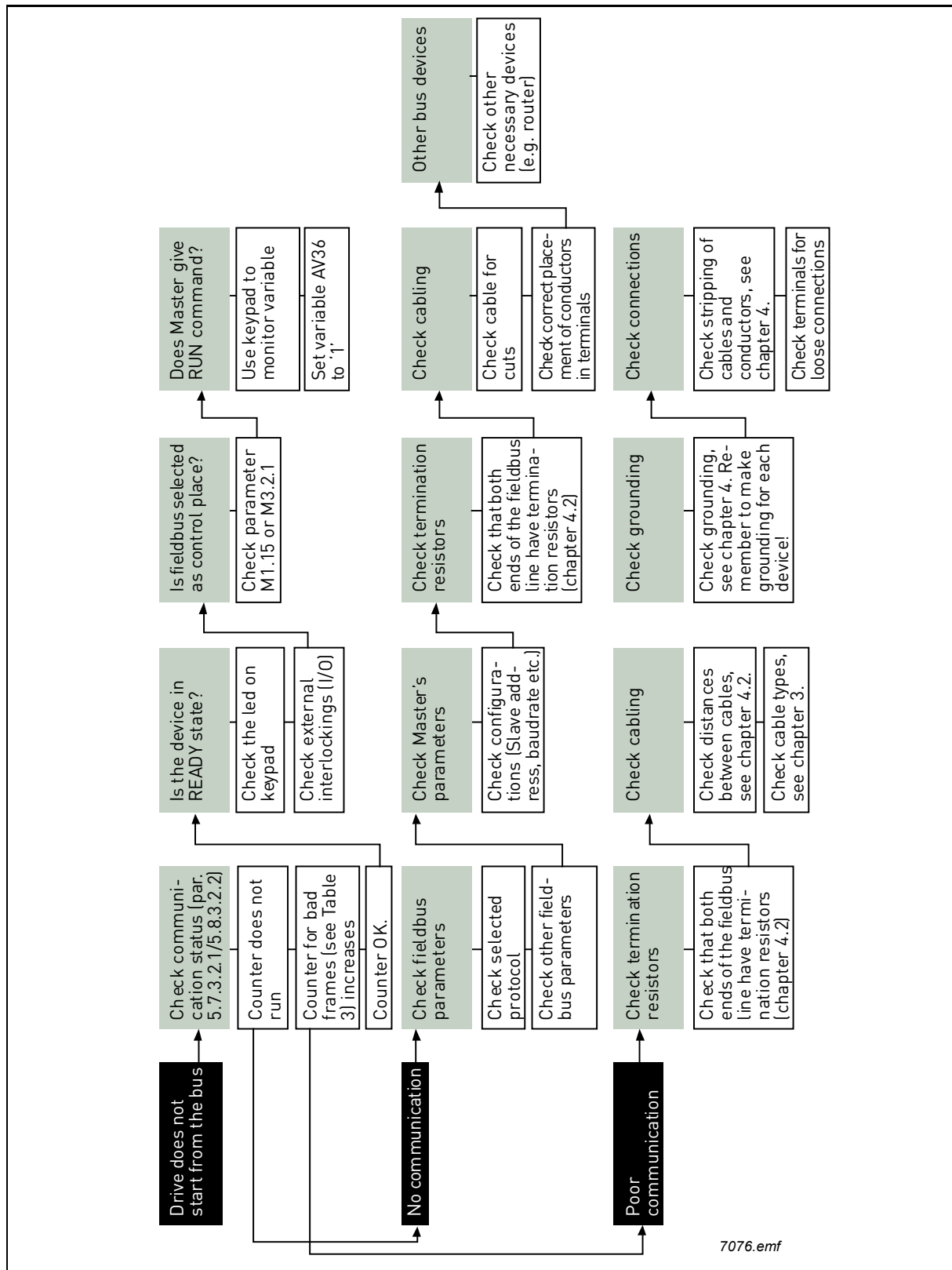


Figure 8. Fault tracing diagram for BACnet MS/TP

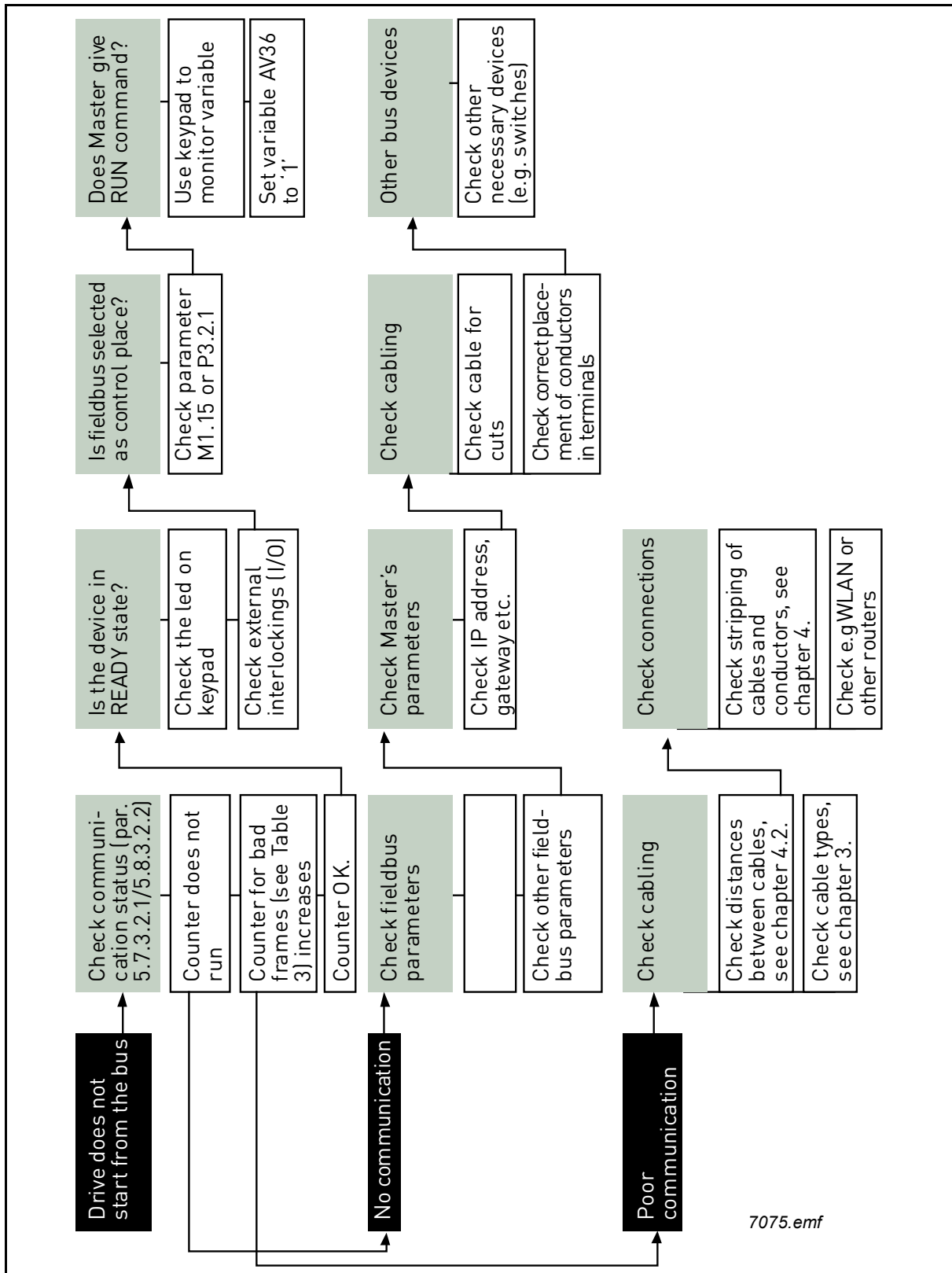


Figure 9. Fault tracing diagram for BACnet IP

8. QUICK SETUP

Following these instructions, you can easily and fast set up your BACnet bus for use.

1	<p>Choose control place.</p> <p>A. To select <i>Remote Control Place</i>, press LOC/REM button on the keypad on Vacon 100 HVAC, and FUNCT button on Vacon 100 and Vacon 100 FLOW.</p> <p>B. Select <i>Fieldbus</i> as remote control place: <i>Main Menu > Parameters (M3) > Start/Stop Setup (M3.2) > Rem. Ctrl. Place (P3.2.1)</i>.</p>
2	<p>Make these settings in the master software.</p> <p>A. Set <i>Control Word</i> to '0' (AV36 Fb_Control_Word_Lo16).</p> <p>B. Set <i>Control Word</i> to '1' (AV36 Fb_Control_Word_Lo16).</p> <p>C. Frequency converter status is RUN.</p> <p>D. Set Reference value to '50' (50.00%) (AV24 Speed Reference).</p> <p>E. <i>Frequency setpoint</i> is 25.00 Hz (if MinFreq is 0.00 Hz and MaxFreq is 50.00 Hz)</p> <p>F. Set <i>Control Word</i> to '0' (AV36 Fb_Control_Word_Lo16).</p> <p>G. Frequency converter status is STOP.</p>

9. ANNEX - PROTOCOL IMPLEMENTATION CONFORMANCE STATEMENT

PROTOCOL IMPLEMENTATION CONFORMANCE STATEMENT (NORMATIVE)

(This annex is part of this Standard and is required for its use.)

BACnet Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement

Date: November 7, 2008

Vendor Name: Vacon

Product Name: Vacon 100

Product Model Number: Vacon 100

Applications Software Version: xxx

Firmware Revision: yy

BACnet Protocol Revision: 4

Product Description: BACnet For Vacon 100 device.

BACnet Standardized Device Profile (Annex L): BACnet Application Specific Controller (B-ASC)

List all BACnet Interoperability Building Blocks Supported (Annex K): DS-RP-B, DS-RPM-B, DS-WP-B, DS-WPM-B, DM-DDB-B, DM-DOB-B.

Segmentation Capability:

- Segmented requests supportedWindow Size
- Segmented responses supportedWindow Size

Standard Object Types Supported:

An object type is supported if it may be present in the device. For each standard Object Type supported provide the following data:

8. Whether objects of this type are dynamically creatable using the CreateObject service
9. Whether objects of this type are dynamically deletable using the DeleteObject service

10. List of the optional properties supported
11. List of all properties that are writable where not otherwise required by this standard
12. List of proprietary properties and for each its property identifier, datatype, and meaning
13. List of any property range restrictions

Data Link Layer Options:

MS/TP master (Clause 9), baud rate(s): 9600,19200,34800, 76800 (supports autobaud detection)

BACnet IP, (Annex J)

Device Address Binding:

Is static device binding supported? (This is currently necessary for two-way communication with MS/TP slaves and certain other devices.) Yes No

Networking Options:

- Router, Clause 6 - List all routing configurations, e.g., ARCNET-Ethernet, Ethernet-MS/TP, etc.
- Annex H, BACnet Tunneling Router over IP
- BACnet/IP Broadcast Management Device (BBMD)

Does the BBMD support registrations by Foreign Devices? Yes No

Character Sets Supported:

Indicating support for multiple character sets does not imply that they can all be supported simultaneously.

- ANSI X3.4 IBM /Microsoft DBCS ISO 8859-1
- ISO 10646 (UCS-2) ISO 10646 (UCS-4) JIS C 6226

If this product is a communication gateway, describe the types of non-BACnet equipment/network(s) that the gateway supports.

VACON[®]

DRIVEN BY DRIVES

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on the Internet at:

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Rev. B