



Instruction Manual

VLT® AutomationDrive FC 300





Safety

AWARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!

Adjustable frequency drives contain high voltage when connected to AC line power. Installation, start-up, and maintenance should be performed by qualified personnel only. Failure to perform installation, start-up, and maintenance by qualified personnel could result in death or serious injury.

High Voltage

Adjustable frequency drives are connected to hazardous AC line voltage. Extreme care should be taken to protect against shock. Only trained personnel familiar with electronic equipment should install, start, or maintain this equipment.

AWARNING

UNINTENDED START!

When the adjustable frequency drive is connected to AC line power, the motor may start at any time. The adjustable frequency drive, motor, and any driven equipment must be in operational readiness. Failure to be in operational readiness when the adjustable frequency drive is connected to AC line power could result in death, serious injury, equipment, or property damage.

Unintended Start

When the adjustable frequency drive is connected to the AC line power, the motor may be started by means of an external switch, a serial bus command, an input reference signal, or a cleared fault condition. Use appropriate cautions to guard against an unintended start.

AWARNING

DISCHARGE TIME!

Adjustable frequency drives contain DC link capacitors that can remain charged even when AC line power is disconnected. To avoid electrical hazards, remove AC line power from the adjustable frequency drive before doing any service or repair and wait the amount of time specified in *Table 1.1*. Failure to wait the specified time after power has been removed prior to doing service or repair on the unit could result in death or serious injury.

Voltage (V)	Minimum waitin	imum waiting time (minutes)					
	4	15					
200–240	0.34–5 hp [0.25–3.7 kW]	7.5–50 hp [5.5–37 kW]					
380–480	0.34–10 hp [0.25–7.5 kW]	15–100 hp [11–75 kW]					
525–600	1–10 hp [0.75–7.5 kW]	15-100 hp [11-75 kW]					
525–690	n/a	15-100 hp [11-75 kW]					
High voltage ma	High voltage may be present even when the warning LEDs are off!						

Discharge Time

Symbols

The following symbols are used in this manual.

▲WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

ACAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

CAUTION

Indicates a situation that may result in equipment or property damage-only accidents.

NOTE!

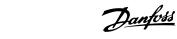
Indicates highlighted information that should be observed in order to avoid mistakes or operate equipment at less than optimal performance.

Approvals





Safety VLT*AutomationDrive Instruction
Manual



VLT Automation Drive Instruction Manual

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Manual



1 Introduction

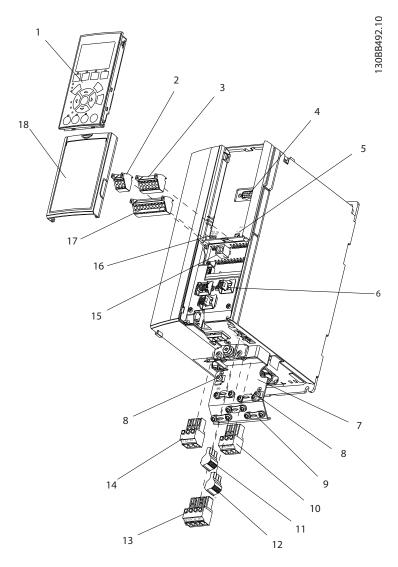


Figure 1.1 Exploded View A1-A3, IP20

1	LCP	10	Motor output terminals 96 (U), 97 (V), 98 (W)
2	RS-485 serial bus connector (+68, -69)	11	Relay 1 (01, 02, 03)
3	Analog I/O connector	12 Relay 2 (04, 05, 06)	
4	LCP input plug	13	Brake (-81, +82) and load sharing (-88, +89) terminals
5	Analog switches (A53), (A54)	14	Line power input terminals 91 (L1), 92 (L2), 93 (L3)
6	Cable strain relief / PE ground	15	USB connector
7	Decoupling plate	16	Serial bus terminal switch
8	Grounding clamp (PE)	17	Digital I/O and 24 V power supply
9	Shielded cable grounding clamp and strain relief	18	Control cable coverplate



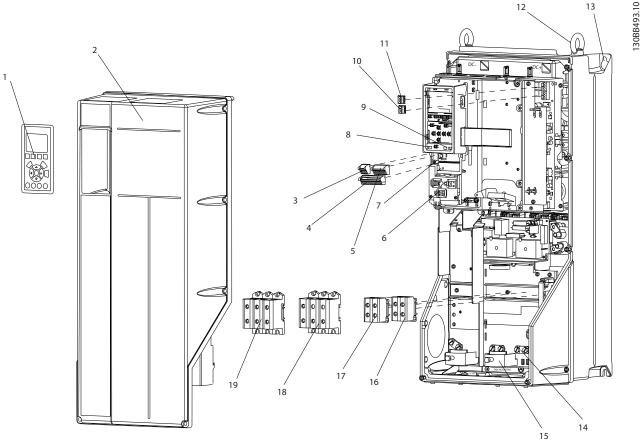


Figure 1.2 Exploded View B and C Sizes, IP55/66

1	LCP	11	Relay 2 (04, 05, 06)
2	Cover	12	Lifting ring
3	RS-485 serial bus connector	13	Mounting slot
4	Digital I/O and 24 V power supply	14	Grounding clamp (PE)
5	Analog I/O connector	15	Cable strain relief / PE ground
6	Cable strain relief / PE ground	16	Brake terminal (-81, +82)
7	USB connector	17	Load sharing terminal (DC bus) (-88, +89)
8	Serial bus terminal switch	18	Motor output terminals 96 (U), 97 (V), 98 (W)
9	Analog switches (A53), (A54)	19	Line power input terminals 91 (L1), 92 (L2), 93 (L3)
10	Relay 1 (01, 02, 03)		

1.1 Purpose of the Manual

This manual is intended to provide detailed information for the installation and start-up of the adjustable frequency drive. Chapter 2 *Installation* provides requirements for mechanical and electrical installation, including input, motor, control and serial communications wiring, and control terminal functions. Chapter 3 *Start-up and Functional Testing* provides detailed procedures for start-up, basic operational programming, and functional testing.

The remaining chapters provide supplementary details. These include user interface, detailed programming, application examples, start-up troubleshooting, and specifications.

1.2 Additional Resources

Other resources are available to understand advanced Adjustable frequency drive functions and programming.

1

- The Programming Guide provides greater detail in how to work with parameters and many application examples.
- The Design Guide is intended to provide detailed capabilities and functionality to design motor control systems.
- Supplemental publications and manuals are available from Danfoss.
 See http://www.danfoss.com/Products/Literature/ Technical+Documentation.htm for listings.
- Optional equipment is available that may change some of the procedures described. Be sure to see the instructions supplied with those options for specific requirements.

Contact the local Danfoss supplier or go to http://www.danfoss.com/Products/Literature/Technical +Documentation.htm for downloads or additional information.

1.3 Product Overview

An adjustable frequency drive is an electronic motor controller that converts AC line power input into a variable AC waveform output. The frequency and voltage of the output are regulated to control the motor speed or torque. The adjustable frequency drive can vary the speed of the motor in response to system feedback, such as position sensors on a conveyor belt. The adjustable frequency drive can also regulate the motor by responding to remote commands from external controllers.

In addition, the adjustable frequency drive monitors the system and motor status, issues warnings or alarms for fault conditions, starts and stops the motor, optimizes energy efficiency, and offers many more control, monitoring, and efficiency functions. Operation and monitoring functions are available as status indications to an outside control system or serial communication network.

1.4 Internal Adjustable Frequency Drive Controller Functions

Below is a block diagram of the adjustable frequency drive's internal components. See *Table 1.1* for their functions.

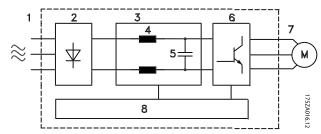


Figure 1.3 Adjustable Frequency Drive Block Diagram



Area	Title	Functions
1	Line power input	Three-phase AC line power supply to the Adjustable frequency drive
2	Rectifier	The rectifier bridge converts the AC input to DC current to supply inverter power
3	DC bus	The adjustable frequency drive's intermediate DC bus circuit handles the DC current
4	DC reactors	Filter the intermediate DC circuit voltage
		Prove line transient protection
		Reduce RMS current
		Raise the power factor reflected back to the line
		Reduce harmonics on the AC input
5	Capacitor bank	Stores the DC power
		Provides ride-through protection for short power losses
6	Inverter	Converts the DC into a controlled PWM AC waveform for a controlled variable output to the motor
7	Output to motor	Regulated three-phase output power to the motor
8	Control circuitry	Input power, internal processing, output, and motor current are monitored to provide efficient operation and control
		User interface and external commands are monitored and performed
		Status output and control can be provided

Table 1.1 Adjustable Frequency Drive Internal Components



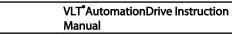
1.5 Frame Sizes and Power Ratings

		Frame size hp (kW)											
Volts	A 1	A2	A3	A4	A 5	B1	B2	В3	B4	C1	C2	СЗ	C4
200-240	0.34-2	0.34–3	4–5	0.34-3	0.34-5	7.5–10	15 [11]	7.5–10	15–20	20-30	40-50	25-30	40–50
	[0.25–	[0.25–	[3.0-3.7]	[0.25-	[0.25-	[5.5–7.5]		[5.5–7.5]	[11–15]	[15–22]	[30-37]	[18.5–	[30–37]
	1.5]	2.2[2.2]	3.7]							22]	
380-480	0.5–2	5 [0.37–	7.5–10	5 [0.37–	5–10	15–20	25-30	15–20	25–40	40–60	75–100	50-60	75–100
	[0.37–	4.0]	[5.5–7.5]	4.0]	[0.37–	[11–15]	[18.5–	[11–15]	[18.5–	[30–45]	[55–75]	[37–45]	[55–75]
	1.5]				7.5]		22]		30]				
525-600	N/A	N/A	1–10	N/A	1–10	15–20	25-30	15–20	25–40	40–60	75–120	50-60	75–120
			[0.75-		[0.75–	[11–15]	[18.5–	[11–15]	[18.5–	[30–45]	[55–90]	[37–45]	[55–90]
			7.5]		7.5]		22]		30]				
525-690	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	15–30	N/A	N/A	N/A	40-100	N/A	N/A
							[11–22]				[30–75]		

Table 1.2 Frames Sizes and Power Ratings



Danfoss



Introduction



2 Installation

2.1 Installation Site Checklist

- The Adjustable frequency drive relies on the ambient air for cooling. Observe the limitations on ambient air temperature for optimal operation
- Ensure that the installation location has sufficient support strength to mount the Adjustable frequency drive
- Keep the Adjustable frequency drive interior free from dust and dirt. Ensure that the components stay as clean as possible. In construction areas, provide a protective covering. Optional IP55 (NEMA 12) or IP66 (NEMA 4) enclosures may be necessary.
- Keep the manual, drawings, and diagrams accessible for detailed installation and operation instructions. It is important that the manual is available for equipment operators.
- Place equipment as near to the motor as possible. Keep motor cables as short as possible. Check the motor characteristics for actual tolerances. Do not exceed
 - 1000 ft [300 m] for unshielded motor leads
 - 500 ft [150 m] for shielded cable.

2.2 Adjustable Frequency Drive and Motor Pre-installation Checklist

- Compare the model number of unit on the nameplate to what was ordered to verify the proper equipment
- Ensure each of the following are rated for the same voltage:

Line power

Adjustable frequency drive

Motor

 Ensure that Adjustable frequency drive output current rating is equal to or greater than motor full load current for peak motor performance. Motor size and Adjustable frequency drive power must match for proper overload protection.

If Adjustable frequency drive rating is less than motor, full motor output cannot be achieved.

2.3 Mechanical Installation

2.3.1 Cooling

- To provide cooling airflow, mount the unit to a solid flat surface or to the optional backplate (see 2.3.3 Mounting)
- Top and bottom clearance for air cooling must be provided. Generally, 4–10 in [100–225 mm] is required. See Figure 2.1 for clearance requirements
- Improper mounting can result in overheating and reduced performance.
- Derating for temperatures starting between 104°F [40°C]) and 122°F [50°C] and elevation 3300 ft [1000 m] above sea level must be considered. See the equipment Design Guide for detailed information.

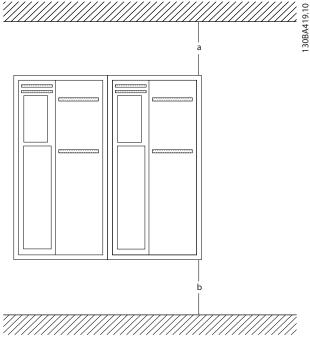


Figure 2.1 Top and Bottom Cooling Clearance



Enclosure	A1-A5	B1-B4	C1, C3	C2, C4
a/b (in [mm])	3.94 [100]	7.87 [200]	7.87 [200]	8.86 [225]

Table 2.1 Minimum Airflow Clearance Requirements

2.3.2 Lifting

- Check the weight of the unit to determine a safe lifting method
- Ensure that the lifting device is suitable for the task
- If necessary, plan for a hoist, crane, or forklift with the appropriate rating to move the unit
- For lifting, use hoist rings on the unit, when provided

2.3.3 Mounting

- Mount the unit vertically
- The Adjustable frequency drive allows side by side installation.
- Ensure that the strength of the mounting location will support the unit weight.
- Mount the unit to a solid flat surface or to the optional backplate to provide cooling airflow (see Figure 2.2 and Figure 2.3).
- Improper mounting can result in overheating and reduced performance.
- Use the slotted mounting holes on the unit for wall mounting, when provided.

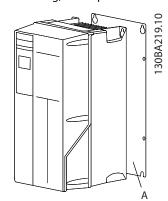


Figure 2.2 Proper Mounting with Backplate

Item A is a backplate properly installed for required airflow to cool the unit.

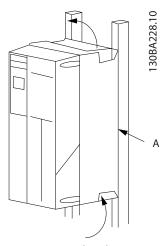


Figure 2.3 Proper Mounting with Railings

NOTE!

Backplate is needed when mounted on railings.

2.3.4 Tightening Torques

See 10.4.1 Connection Tightening Torques for proper tightening specifications.

2.4 Electrical Installation

This section contains detailed instructions for wiring the Adjustable frequency drive. The following tasks are described.

- Wiring the motor to the Adjustable frequency drive output terminals
- Wiring the AC line power to the Adjustable frequency drive input terminals
- Connecting control and serial communication wiring
- After power has been applied, checking input and motor power; programming control terminals for their intended functions

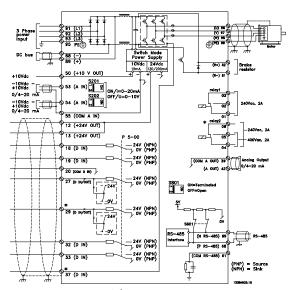


Figure 2.4 Basic Wiring Schematic Drawing.

A=Analog, D=Digital

Terminal 37 is used for Safe Stop. For Safe Stop installation instructions, refer to the Design Guide.

* Terminal 37 is not included in AutomationDrive FC 301 (except frame size A1). Relay 2 and terminal 29 have no function in AutomationDrive FC 301.

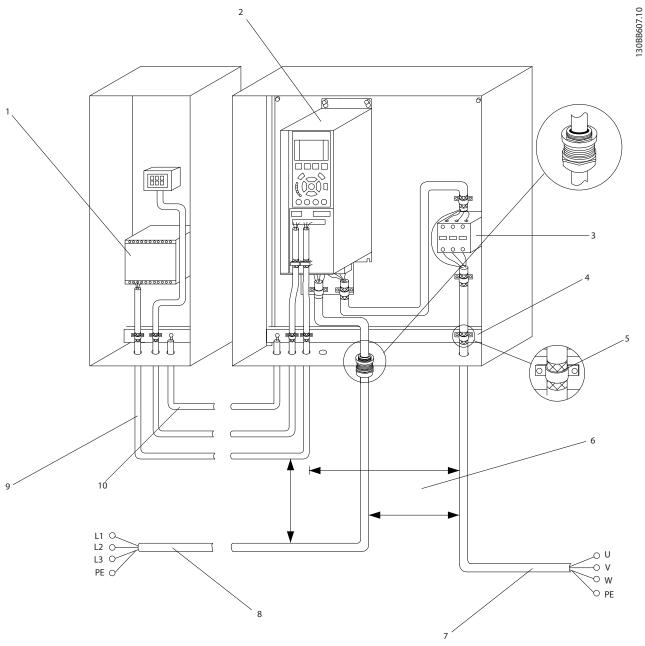


Figure 2.5 Typical Electrical Connection

1	PLC		Min. 7.9 in [200 mm] between control cables, motor and line
			power
2	Adjustable frequency drive	7	Motor, 3-phase and PE
3	Output contactor (Generally not recommended)	8	Line power, 3-phase and reinforced PE
4	Grounding rail (PE)	9	Control wiring
5	Cable insulation (stripped)	10	Equalizing min. 0.025 in ² [16mm ²]

2.4.1 Requirements

AWARNING

EQUIPMENT HAZARD!

Rotating shafts and electrical equipment can be hazardous. All electrical work must conform to national and local electrical codes. It is strongly recommended that installation, start-up, and maintenance be performed only by trained and qualified personnel. Failure to follow these guidelines could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

WIRING ISOLATION!

Run input power, motor wiring and control wiring in three separate metallic conduits or use separated shielded cable for high frequency noise isolation. Failure to isolate power, motor and control wiring could result in less than optimum adjustable frequency drive and associated equipment performance.

For your safety, comply with the following requirements.

- Electronic controls equipment is connected to hazardous AC line voltage. Extreme care should be taken to protect against electrical hazards when applying power to the unit.
- Run motor cables from multiple adjustable frequency drives separately. Induced voltage from output motor cables run together can charge equipment capacitors even with the equipment turned off and locked out.

Overload and Equipment Protection

- An electronically activated function within the adjustable frequency drive provides overload protection for the motor. The overload calculates the level of increase to activate timing for the trip (controller output stop) function. The higher the current draw, the quicker the trip response. The overload provides Class 20 motor protection. See 8 Warnings and Alarms for details on the trip function.
- Because the motor wiring carries high frequency current, it is important that wiring for line power, motor power, and control is run separately. Use metallic conduit or separated shielded wire.
 Failure to isolate power, motor, and control wiring could result in less than optimum equipment performance.
- All adjustable frequency drives must be provided with short-circuit and overcurrent protection.

Input fusing is required to provide this protection, see *Figure 2.6*. If not factory supplied, fuses must be provided by the installer as part of installation. See maximum fuse ratings in 10.3 Fuse Tables.

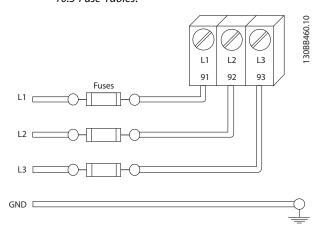


Figure 2.6 Adjustable Frequency Drive Fuses

Wire Type and Ratings

- All wiring must comply with local and national regulations regarding cross-section and ambient temperature requirements.
- Danfoss recommends that all power connections be made with a minimum 167°F [75°C] rated copper wire.
- See 10.1 Power-dependent Specifications for recommended wire sizes.

2.4.2 Grounding Requirements

AWARNING

GROUNDING HAZARD!

For operator safety, it is important to ground Adjustable frequency drive properly in accordance with national and local electrical codes as well as instructions contained within these instructions. Ground currents are higher than 3.5 mA. Failure to ground Adjustable frequency drive properly could result in death or serious injury.

NOTE!

It is the responsibility of the user or certified electrical installer to ensure correct grounding of the equipment in accordance with national and local electrical codes and standards.

- 2
- Follow all local and national electrical codes to ground electrical equipment properly.
- Proper protective grounding for equipment with ground currents higher than 3.5 mA must be established, see *Leakage Current* (>3.5 mA)
- A dedicatedground wire is required for input power, motor power and control wiring
- Use the clamps provided with on the equipment for proper ground connections
- Do not ground one Adjustable frequency drive to another in a "daisy chain" fashion
- Keep the ground wire connections as short as possible
- Use of high-strand wire to reduce electrical noise is recommended
- Follow the motor manufacturer wiring requirements

2.4.2.1 Leakage Current (>3.5mA)

Follow national and local codes regarding protective grounding of equipment with a leakage current > 3.5mA. Adjustable frequency drive technology implies high frequency switching at high power. This will generate a leakage current in the ground connection. A fault current in the Adjustable frequency drive at the output power terminals might contain a DC component which can charge the filter capacitors and cause a transient ground current. The ground leakage current depends on various system configurations including RFI filtering, shielded motor cables, and Adjustable frequency drive power.

EN/IEC61800-5-1 (Power Drive System Product Standard) requires special care if the leakage current exceeds 3.5mA. Grounding must be reinforced in one of the following ways:

- Ground wire of at least 0.0155 in² [10mm²]
- Two separate ground wires both complying with the dimensioning rules

See EN 60364-5-54 \S 543.7 for further information.

Using RCDs

Where residual current devices (RCDs), also known as ground leakage circuit breakers (ELCBs), are used, comply with the following:

Use RCDs of type B only which are capable of detecting AC and DC currents

Use RCDs with an inrush delay to prevent faults due to transient ground currents

Dimension RCDs according to the system configuration and environmental considerations

2.4.2.2 Grounding Using Shielded Cable

Grounding clamps are provided for motor wiring (see *Figure 2.7*).

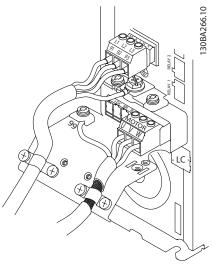


Figure 2.7 Grounding with Shielded Cable

2.4.3 Motor Connection

AWARNING

INDUCED VOLTAGE!

Run output motor cables from multiple adjustable frequency drives separately. Induced voltage from output motor cables run together can charge equipment capacitors even with the equipment turned off and locked out. Failure to run output motor cables separately could result in death or serious injury.

- For maximum wire sizes, see 10.1 Powerdependent Specifications
- Comply with local and national electrical codes for cable sizes.
- Motor wiring knockouts or access panels are provided at the base of IP21 and higher (NEMA1/12) units
- Do not install power factor correction capacitors between the adjustable frequency drive and the motor
- Do not wire a starting or pole-changing device between the adjustable frequency drive and the motor.
- Connect the 3-phase motor wiring to terminals 96 (U), 97 (V), and 98 (W).

30BB920.10



- Ground the cable in accordance with grounding instructions provided.
- Torque terminals in accordance with the information provided in 10.4.1 Connection Tightening Torques
- Follow the motor manufacturer wiring requirements

Figure 2.8 represents line power input, motor, and ground grounding for basic adjustable frequency drives. Actual configurations vary with unit types and optional equipment.

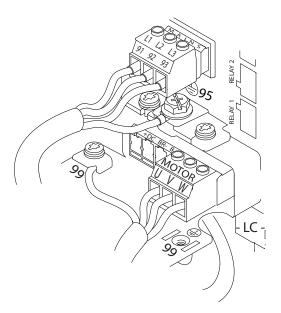


Figure 2.8 Example of Motor, Line Power and Ground Wiring

2.4.4 AC Line Power Connection

- Size wiring based upon the input current of the Adjustable frequency drive. For maximum wire sizes, see 10.1 Power-dependent Specifications.
- Comply with local and national electrical codes for cable sizes.
- Connect 3-phase AC input power wiring to terminals L1, L2, and L3 (see *Figure 2.8*).
- Depending on the configuration of the equipment, input power will be connected to the line power input terminals or the input disconnect.

- Ground the cable in accordance with grounding instructions provided in 2.4.2 Grounding Requirements
- All adjustable frequency drives may be used with an isolated input source as well as with ground reference power lines. When supplied from an isolated line power source (IT line power or floating delta) or TT/TN-S line power with a grounded leg (grounded delta), set 14-50 RFI 1 to OFF. When off, the internal RFI filter capacitors between the chassis and the intermediate circuit are isolated to avoid damage to the intermediate circuit and to reduce ground capacity currents in accordance with IEC 61800-3.

2.4.5 Control Wiring

- Isolate control wiring from high power components in the adjustable frequency drive.
- If the adjustable frequency drive is connected to a thermistor, for PELV isolation, optional thermistor control wiring must be reinforced/ double insulated. A 24 VDC supply voltage is recommended.

2.4.5.1 Access

- Remove access coverplate with a screwdriver. See *Figure 2.9*.
- Or remove front cover by loosening attaching screws. See *Figure 2.10*.

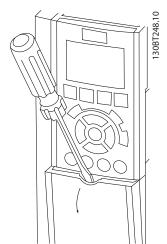


Figure 2.9 Control Wiring Access for A2, A3, B3, B4, C3 and C4 Enclosures

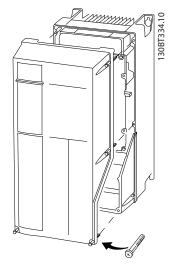


Figure 2.10 Control Wiring Access for A4, A5, B1, B2, C1 and C2 **Enclosures**

Please see Table 2.2 before tightening the covers.

Frame	IP20	IP21	IP55	IP66	
A4/A5	-	-	2	2	
B1	-	*	2.2	2.2	
B2	-	*	2.2	2.2	
C1	-	*	2.2	2.2	
C2	-	*	2.2	2.2	
* No screws to tighten					

No screws to tighten

Table 2.2 Tightening Torques for Covers (Nm)

2.4.5.2 Control Terminal Types

Figure 2.11 and shows the removable adjustable frequency drive connectors. Terminal functions and default settings are summarized in Table 2.3.

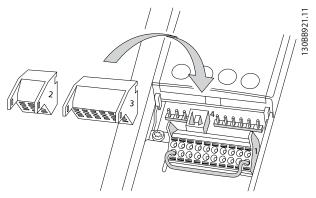


Figure 2.11 Control Terminal Locations

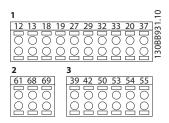


Figure 2.12 Terminal Numbers

- Connector 1 provides four programmable digital inputs terminals, two additional digital terminals programmable as either input or output, a 24V DC terminal supply voltage, and a common for optional customer supplied 24V DC voltage. FC 302 and FC 301 (optional in A1 enclosure) also provide a digital input for STO (Safe Torque Off)
- Connector 2 terminals (+)68 and (-)69 are for an RS-485 serial communications connection
- Connector 3 provides two analog inputs, one analog output, 10V DC supply voltage, and commons for the inputs and output
- Connector 4 is a USB port available for use with the MCT 10 Set-up Software
- Also provided are two Form C relay outputs that are in various locations depending upon the adjustable frequency drive configuration and size
- Some options available for ordering with the unit may provide additional terminals. See the manual provided with the equipment option.

See 10.2 General Technical Data for terminal ratings details.

	Terminal description								
		Default							
Terminal	Parameter	setting	Description						
	Digital inputs/outputs								
12, 13	-	+24V DC	24V DC supply						
			voltage. Maximum						
			output current is						
			200mA total (130mA						
			for FC 301) for all 24V						
			loads. Useable for						
			digital inputs and						
			external transducers.						
18	5-10	[8] Start							
19	5-11	[10] Reversing							
32	5-14	[0] No	Digital inputs.						
		operation	Digital Iliputs.						
33	5-15	[0] No							
		operation							

^{14°}F Does not exist



	Terminal description							
		Default						
Terminal	Parameter	setting	Description					
27	5-12	[2] Coast	Selectable for either					
		inverse	digital input or					
29	5-13	[14] JOG	output. Default setting					
			is input.					
20	-		Common for digital					
			inputs and 0V					
			potential for 24V					
			supply.					
37	-	Safe Torque	Safe input. Used for					
		Off (STO)	STO.					
	Ana	log inputs/outp	uts					
39	-		Common for analog					
			output					
42	6-50	[0] No	Programmable analog					
		operation	output. The analog					
			signal is 0–20mA or					
			4–20mA at a					
			maximum of 500Ω					
50	-	+10V DC	10V DC analog supply					
			voltage. 15mA					
			maximum commonly					
			used for potenti-					
			ometer or thermistor.					
53	6-1	Reference	Analog input.					
54	6-2	Feedback	Selectable for voltage					
			or current. Switches					
			A53 and A54 select					
			mA or V.					
55	-		Common for analog					
			input					

Terminal description						
		Default				
Terminal	Parameter	setting	Description			
Serial communication						
61	-		Integrated RC filter for			
			cable screen. ONLY for			
			connecting the shield			
			when experiencing			
			EMC problems.			
68 (+)	8-3		RS-485 Interface. A			
69 (-)	8-3		control card switch is			
			provided for			
			termination resistance.			
Relays						

Terminal description						
		Default				
Terminal	Parameter	setting	Description			
		[0] No	Form C relay output.			
01, 02, 03	5-40 [0]	operation	Usable for AC or DC			
04, 05, 06	5-40 [1]	[0] No	voltage and resistive			
		operation	or inductive loads.			

Table 2.3 Terminal Description

2.4.5.3 Wiring to Control Terminals

Control terminal connectors can be unplugged from the Adjustable frequency drive for ease of installation, as shown in *Figure 2.11*.

- 1. Open the contact by inserting a small screwdriver into the slot above or below the contact, as shown in *Figure 2.13*.
- 2. Insert the bared control wire into the contact.
- 3. Remove the screwdriver to fasten the control wire into the contact.
- Ensure the contact is firmly established and not loose. Loose control wiring can be the source of equipment faults or less than optimal operation.

See 10.1 Power-dependent Specifications for control terminal wiring sizes.

See 6 Application Set-Up Examples for typical control wiring connections.

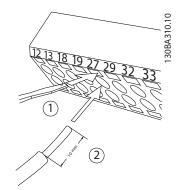


Figure 2.13 Connecting Control Wiring

2.4.5.4 Using Shielded Control Cables

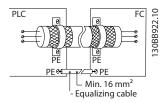
Correct shielding

The preferred method in most cases is to secure control and serial communication cables with shielding clamps provided at both ends to ensure best possible high frequency cable contact.

If the ground potential between the adjustable frequency drive and the PLC is different, electric noise may occur that will disturb the entire system. Solve this problem by fitting

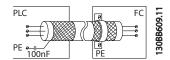


an equalizing cable next to the control cable. Minimum cable cross-section: 16 mm².



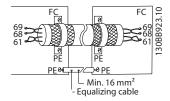
50/60Hz ground loops

With very long control cables, ground loops may occur. To eliminate ground loops, connect one end of the shield-to-ground with a 100nF capacitor (keeping leads short).

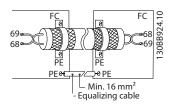


Avoid EMC noise on serial communication

This terminal is grounded via an internal RC link. Use twisted-pair cables to reduce interference between conductors. The recommended method is shown below:



Alternatively, the connection to terminal 61 can be omitted:



2.4.5.5 Control Terminal Functions

Adjustable frequency drive functions are commanded by receiving control input signals.

- Each terminal must be programmed for the function it will be supporting in the parameters associated with that terminal. See*Table 2.3* for terminals and associated parameters.
- It is important to confirm that the control terminal is programmed for the correct function.
 See 4 User Interface for details on accessing parameters and 5 About Adjustable Frequency
 Drive Programming for details on programming.

 The default terminal programming is intended to initiate Adjustable frequency drive functioning in a typical operational mode.

2.4.5.6 Jumper Terminals 12 and 27

A jumper wire may be required between terminal 12 (or 13) and terminal 27 for the Adjustable frequency drive to operate when using factory default programming values.

- Digital input terminal 27 is designed to receive an 24V DC external interlock command. In many applications, the user wires an external interlock device to terminal 27.
- When no interlock device is used, wire a jumper between control terminal 12 (recommended) or 13 to terminal 27. This provides an internal 24V signal on terminal 27
- No signal present prevents the unit from operating.
- When the status line at the bottom of the LCP reads AUTO REMOTE COAST, this indicates that the unit is ready to operate but is missing an input signal on terminal 27.
- When factory installed optional equipment is wired to terminal 27, do not remove that wiring.

2.4.5.7 Terminal 53 and 54 Switches

- Analog input terminals 53 and 54 can select either voltage (-10–10V) or current (0/4–20mA) input signals
- Remove power to the Adjustable frequency drive before changing switch positions
- Set switches A53 and A54 to select the signal type. U selects voltage, I selects current.
- The switches are accessible when the LCP has been removed (see *Figure 2.14*). Note that some option cards available for the unit may cover these switches and must be removed to change switch settings. Always remove power to the unit before removing option cards.
- Terminal 53 default is for a speed reference signal in open-loop set in 16-61 Terminal 53 Switch Setting
- Terminal 54 default is for a feedback signal in closed-loop set in 16-63 Terminal 54 Switch Setting

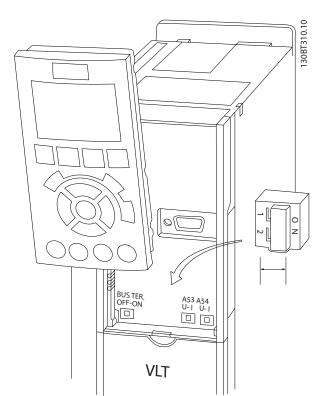


Figure 2.14 Location of Terminals 53 and 54 Switches and Bus Termination Switch

2.4.5.8 Terminal 37

Terminal 37 Safe Stop Function

The FC 302 and FC 301 (optional for A1 enclosure) is available with safe stop functionality via control terminal 37. Safe stop disables the control voltage of the power semiconductors of the Adjustable frequency drive output stage which in turn prevents generating the voltage required to rotate the motor. When the Safe Stop (T37) is activated, the Adjustable frequency drive issues an alarm, trips the unit, and coasts the motor to a stop. Manual restart is required. The safe stop function can be used for stopping the Adjustable frequency drive in emergency stop situations. In the normal operating mode when safe stop is not required, use the adjustable frequency drive's regular stop function instead. When automatic restart is used – the requirements according to ISO 12100-2 paragraph 5.3.2.5 must be fulfilled.

Liability Conditions

It is the responsibility of the user to ensure personnel installing and operating the Safe Stop function:

- Read and understand the safety regulations concerning health and safety/accident prevention.
- Understand the generic and safety guidelines given in this description and the extended description in the *Design Guide*.
- Have a good knowledge of the generic and safety standards applicable to the specific application.

User is defined as: integrator, operator, servicing, maintenance staff.

Standards

Use of safe stop on terminal 37 requires that the user satisfies all provisions for safety including relevant laws, regulations and guidelines. The optional safe stop function complies with the following standards.

EN 954-1: 1996 Category 3

IEC 60204-1: 2005 category 0 - uncontrolled stop

IEC 61508: 1998 SIL2

IEC 61800-5-2: 2007 - safe torque off (STO)

function

IEC 62061: 2005 SIL CL2

ISO 13849-1: 2006 Category 3 PL d

ISO 14118: 2000 (EN 1037) - prevention of

unexpected start-up

The information and instructions of the instruction manual are not sufficient for a proper and safe use of the safe stop functionality. The related information and instructions of the relevant *Design Guide* must be followed.

Protective Measures

- Safety engineering systems may only be installed and commissioned by qualified and skilled personnel.
- The unit must be installed in an IP54 cabinet or in an equivalent environment.
- The cable between terminal 37 and the external safety device must be short circuit protected according to ISO 13849-2 table D.4
- If any external forces influence the motor axis (e.g., suspended loads), additional measures (e.g., a safety holding brake) are required in order to eliminate hazards.

Safe Stop Installation and Set-up

AWARNING

SAFE STOP FUNCTION!

The safe stop function does NOT isolate AC line voltage to the Adjustable frequency drive or auxiliary circuits. Perform work on electrical parts of the Adjustable frequency drive or the motor only after isolating the AC line voltage supply and waiting the length of time specified under Safety in this manual. Failure to isolate the AC line voltage supply from the unit and waiting the time specified could result in death or serious injury.

- It is not recommended to stop the Adjustable frequency drive by using the Safe Torque Off function. If a running Adjustable frequency drive is stopped by using the function, the unit will trip and stop by coasting. If this is not acceptable, e.g., causes danger, the Adjustable frequency drive and machinery must be stopped using the appropriate stopping mode before using this function. Depending on the application, a mechanical brake may be required.
- Concerning synchronous and permanent magnet motor adjustable frequency drives in case of a multiple IGBT power semiconductor failure: In spite of the activation of the Safe torque off function, the Adjustable frequency drive system can produce an alignment torque which maximally rotates the motor shaft by 180/p degrees. p denotes the pole pair number.
- This function is suitable for performing mechanical work on the Adjustable frequency drive system or affected area of a machine only. It does not provide electrical safety. This function should not be used as a control for starting and/or stopping the Adjustable frequency drive.

The following requirements have to be meet to perform a safe installation of the Adjustable frequency drive:

- Remove the jumper wire between control terminals 37 and 12 or 13. Cutting or breaking the jumper is not sufficient to avoid shortcircuiting. (See jumper on *Figure 2.15*.)
- Connect an external Safety monitoring relay via a NO safety function (the instruction for the safety device must be followed) to terminal 37 (safe stop) and either terminal 12 or 13 (24V DC). The safety monitoring relay must comply with Category 3 (EN 954-1) / PL "d" (ISO 13849-1).

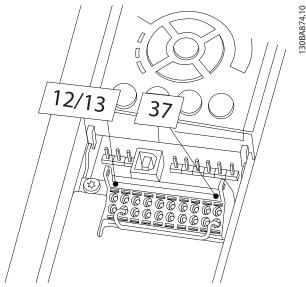


Figure 2.15 Jumper between Terminal 12/13 (24V) and 37



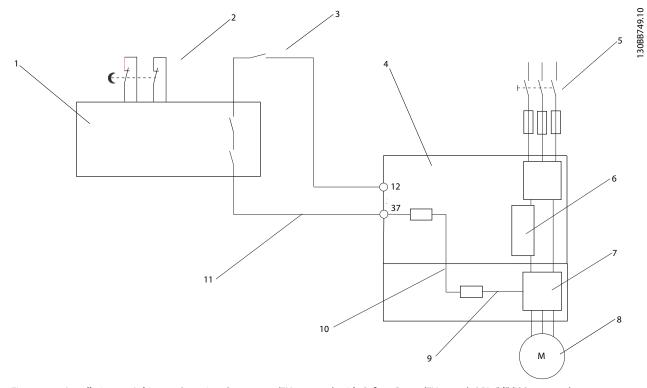


Figure 2.16 Installation to Achieve a Stopping Category 0 (EN 60204-1) with Safety Cat. 3 (EN 954-1) / PL "d" (ISO 13849-1).

1	Safety device Cat. 3 (circuit interrupt device, possibly	7	Inverter
	with release input)		
2	Door contact	8	Motor
3	Contactor (Coast)	9	5V DC
4	Adjustable frequency drive	10	Safe channel
5	Line power	11	Short-circuit protected cable (if not inside installation cabinet)
6	Control board		

Safe Stop Commissioning Test

Installation

After installation and before first operation, perform a commissioning test of the installation making use of safe stop. Moreover, perform the test after each modification of the installation.

2.4.5.9 Mechanical Brake Control

In hoisting/lowering applications, it is necessary to be able to control an electro-mechanical brake:

- Control the brake using any relay output or digital output (terminal 27 or 29).
- Keep the output closed (voltage-free) as long as the Adjustable frequency drive is unable to 'support' the motor, for example due to the load being too heavy.
- Select *Mechanical brake control* [32] in par. 5-4* for applications with an electro-mechanical brake.
- The brake is released when the motor current exceeds the preset value in 2-20 Release Brake Current.
- The brake is engaged when the output frequency is less than the frequency set in 2-21 Activate Brake Speed [RPM]or 2-22 Activate Brake Speed [Hz], and only if the Adjustable frequency drive carries out a stop command.

If the Adjustable frequency drive is in alarm mode or in an overvoltage situation, the mechanical brake immediately cuts in.

In the vertical movement, the key point is that the load must be held, stopped, controlled (raised, lowered) in a perfectly safe mode during the entire operation. Because the Adjustable frequency drive is not a safety device, the crane/lift designer (OEM) must decide on the type and number of safety devices (e.g., speed switch, emergency brakes, etc.) to be used in order to be able to stop the load in case of emergency or malfunction of the system, according to relevant national crane/lift regulations.

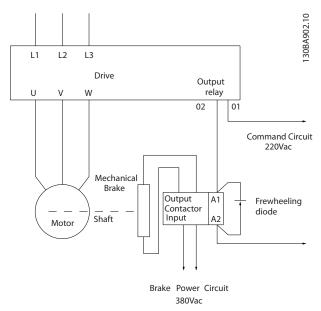


Figure 2.17 Connecting the Mechanical Brake to the Adjustable Frequency Drive

2.4.6 Serial Communication

Connect RS-485 serial communication wiring to terminals (+)68 and (-)69.

- A shielded serial communication cable is recommended
- See 2.4.2 Grounding Requirements for proper grounding

30BB489.10

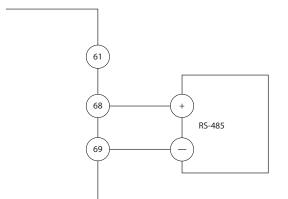


Figure 2.18 Serial Communication Wiring Diagram

VLT Automation Drive Instruction Manual

For basic serial communication set-up, select the following

- 1. Protocol type in 8-30 Protocol.
- 2. Adjustable frequency drive address in 8-31 Address.
- 3. Baud rate in 8-32 Baud Rate.
- Two communication protocols are internal to the adjustable frequency drive. Follow the motor manufacturer wiring requirements.

Danfoss FC

Modbus RTU

- Functions can be programmed remotely using the protocol software and RS-485 connection or in parameter group 8-** Communications and Options.
- Selecting a specific communication protocol changes various default parameter settings to match that protocol's specifications along with making additional protocol-specific parameters available.
- Option cards which can be installed in the adjustable frequency drive are available to provide additional communication protocols. See the option card documentation for installation and instruction manual.

7



7

3

3 Start-up and Functional Testing

3.1 Pre-start

3.1.1 Safety Inspection

▲WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!

If input and output connections have been connected improperly, there is potential for high voltage on these terminals. If power leads for multiple motors are improperly run through the same conduit, there is a potential for leakage current to charge capacitors within the Adjustable frequency drive, even when disconnected from line power input. For initial start-up, make no assumptions about power components. Follow pre-start procedures. Failure to follow pre-start procedures could result in personal injury or damage to equipment.

- Input power to the unit must be OFF and locked out. Do not rely on the Adjustable frequency drive disconnect switches for input power isolation.
- Verify that there is no voltage on input terminals L1 (91), L2 (92), and L3 (93), phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground,
- 3. Verify that there is no voltage on output terminals 96 (U), 97 (V), and 98 (W), phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground.
- 4. Confirm continuity of the motor by measuring ohm values on U-V (96-97), V-W (97-98), and W-U (98-96).
- 5. Check for proper grounding of the Adjustable frequency drive as well as the motor.
- Inspect the Adjustable frequency drive for loose connections on terminals.
- 7. Record the following motor nameplate data: power, voltage, frequency, full load current, and nominal speed. These values are needed to program motor nameplate data later.
- 8. Confirm that the supply voltage matches voltage of Adjustable frequency drive and motor.



3.1.2 Start-up Check List

CAUTION

Before applying power to the unit, inspect the entire installation as detailed in Table 3.1. Check mark those items when completed.

Inspect for	Description	Z
Auxiliary equipment	Look for auxiliary equipment, switches, disconnects, or input fuses/circuit breakers that may reside on input power side of Adjustable frequency drive or output side to motor. Examine their operational readiness and ensure that they are ready in all respects for operation at full speed.	
	Check function and installation of any sensors used for feedback to Adjustable frequency drive.	
	Remove power factor correction caps on motor(s), if present	
Cable routing	Ensure that input power, motor wiring, and control wiring are separated or in three separate metallic conduits for high frequency noise isolation.	
Control wiring	Check for broken or damaged wires and loose connections.	
	Check that control wiring is isolated from power and motor wiring for noise immunity.	
	Check the voltage source of the signals, if necessary.	
	The use of shielded cable or twisted pair is recommended. Ensure that the shield is terminated correctly.	
Cooling clearance	Make sure that the top and bottom clearance is adequate to ensure proper airflow for cooling.	
EMC considerations	Check for proper installation regarding electromagnetic compatibility.	
Environmental considerations	See equipment label for the maximum ambient operating temperature limits.	
	Humidity levels must be 5%–95% non-condensing.	
Fusing and circuit breakers	Check for proper fusing or circuit breakers.	
	Check that all fuses are inserted firmly and in operational condition and that all circuit breakers are in the open position.	
Grounding	The unit requires a ground wire from its chassis to the building ground.	
	Check for good ground connections that are tight and free of oxidation.	
	Grounding to conduit or mounting the back panel to a metal surface is not a suitable ground.	
Input and output power wiring	Check for loose connections.	
	Check that motor and line power are in separate conduit or separated shielded cables.	
Panel interior	Make sure that the unit interior is free of dirt, metal chips, moisture, and corrosion.	
Switches	Ensure that all switch and disconnect settings are in the proper position.	
Vibration	Check that the unit is mounted solidly or that shock mounts are used, as necessary.	
	Check for any unusual amount of vibration the unit may be subjected to.	

Table 3.1 Start-up Check List

3.2 Applying Power to the Adjustable Frequency Drive

AWARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!

Adjustable frequency drives contain high voltage when connected to AC line power. Installation, start-up and maintenance should be performed by qualified personnel only. Failure to perform installation, start-up and maintenance by qualified personnel could result in death or serious injury.

AWARNING

UNINTENDED START!

When adjustable frequency drive is connected to AC line power, the motor may start at any time. The Adjustable frequency drive, motor, and any driven equipment must be in operational readiness. Failure to be in operational readiness when the Adjustable frequency drive is connected to AC line power could result in death, serious injury, equipment, or property damage.

- Confirm input voltage is balanced within 3%. If not, correct input voltage imbalance before proceeding. Repeat procedure after voltage correction.
- 2. Ensure optional equipment wiring, if present, matches installation application.
- Ensure that all operator devices are in the OFF position. Panel doors closed or cover mounted.
- 4. Apply power to the unit. DO NOT start the Adjustable frequency drive at this time. For units with a disconnect switch, turn to the ON position to apply power to the Adjustable frequency drive.

NOTE!

If the status line at the bottom of the LCP reads AUTO REMOTE COAST, this indicates that the unit is ready to operate but is missing an input signal on terminal 27. See *Figure 2.15* for details.

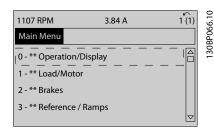
3.3 Basic Operational Programming

Adjustable frequency drives require basic operational programming prior to running for best performance. Basic operational programming requires entering motor nameplate data for the motor being operated and the minimum and maximum motor speeds. Enter data in accordance with the following procedure. Parameter settings recommended are intended for start-up and checkout purposes. Application settings may vary. See

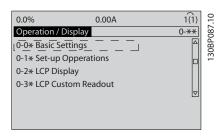
4 User Interface for detailed instructions on entering data through the LCP.

Enter data with power ON, but prior to operating the adjustable frequency drive.

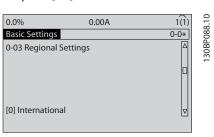
- 1. Press [Main Menu] twice on the LCP.
- 2. Use the navigation keys to scroll to parameter group 0-** Operation/Display and press [OK].



 Use navigation keys to scroll to parameter group 0-0* Basic Settings and press [OK].



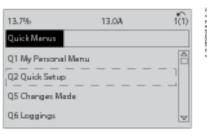
4. Use navigation keys to scroll to *0-03 Regional Settings* and press [OK].



- 5. Use navigation keys to select *International* or *North America* as appropriate and press [OK]. (This changes the default settings for a number of basic parameters. See *5.4 International/North American Default Parameter Settings* for a complete list.)
- 6. Press [Quick Menu] on the LCP.



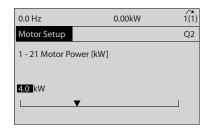
7. Use the navigation keys to scroll to parameter group *Q2 Quick Setup* and press [OK].



8. Select language and press [OK]. Then enter the motor data in parameters 1-20/1-21 through 1-25. The information can be found on the motor nameplate.

1-20 Motor Power [kW] or 1-21 Motor Power [HP]

- 1-22 Motor Voltage
- 1-23 Motor Frequency
- 1-24 Motor Current
- 1-25 Motor Nominal Speed



- A jumper wire should be in place between control terminals 12 and 27. If this is the case, leave 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input at factory default. Otherwise select No Operation. For adjustable frequency drives with an optional Danfoss bypass, no jumper wire is required.
- 10. 3-02 Minimum Reference
- 11. 3-03 Maximum Reference
- 12. 3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp-up Time
- 13. 3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp-down Time
- 14. *3-13 Reference Site*. Linked to Hand/Auto* Local Remote.

This concludes the quick set-up procedure. Press [Status] to return to the operational display.

3.4 Automatic Motor Adaptation

Automatic motor adaptation (AMA) is a test procedure that measures the electrical characteristics of the motor to optimize compatibility between the Adjustable frequency drive and the motor.

- The Adjustable frequency drive builds a mathematical model of the motor for regulating output motor current. The procedure also tests the input phase balance of electrical power. It compares the motor characteristics with the data entered in parameters 1-20 to 1-25.
- It does not cause the motor to run or harm to the motor
- Some motors may be unable to run the complete version of the test. In that case, select *Enable* reduced AMA
- If an output filter is connected to the motor, select *Enable reduced AMA*
- If warnings or alarms occur, see 8 Warnings and Alarms
- Run this procedure on a cold motor for best results

To run AMA

30BT772.10

- 1. Press [Main Menu] to access parameters.
- 2. Scroll to parameter group 1-** Load and Motor.
- 3. Press [OK].
- 4. Scroll to parameter group 1-2* *Motor Data*.
- Press [OK].
- 6. Scroll to 1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA).
- 7. Press [OK].
- 8. Select Enable complete AMA.
- 9. Press [OK].
- 10. Follow on-screen instructions.
- The test will run automatically and indicate when it is complete.

3.5 Check Motor Rotation

Prior to running the adjustable frequency drive, check the motor rotation.

- 1. Press [Hands on].
- 2. Press [▶] for positive speed reference.
- 3. Check that the speed displayed is positive.

When 1-06 Clockwise Direction is set to [0]* Normal (default clockwise):

- 4a. Verify that the motor turns clockwise.
- 5a. Verify that the LCP direction arrow is clockwise.

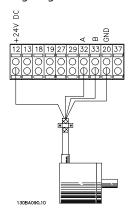
When 1-06 Clockwise Direction is set to [1] Inverse (counter-clockwise):

- 4b. Verify that the motor turns counter-clockwise.
- 5b. Verify that the LCP direction arrow is counterclockwise.

3.6 Check Encoder Rotation

Check encoder rotation only if encoder feedback is used. Check encoder rotation in default open-loop control.

1. Verify that the encoder connection is according to the wiring diagram:



NOTE!

When using an encoder option, refer to the option manual.

- 2. Enter the speed PID feedback source in 7-00 Speed PID Feedback Source.
- 3. Press [Hand On].
- Press [►] for positive speed reference (1-06 Clockwise Direction at [0]* Normal).

5. Check in *16-57 Feedback [RPM]* that the feedback is positive.

NOTE!

If the feedback is negative, the encoder connection is wrong!

3.7 Local Control Test

ACAUTION

MOTOR START!

Ensure that the motor, system, and any attached equipment is ready for start. It is the responsibility of the user to ensure safe operation under any operational condition. Failure to ensure that the motor, system, and any attached equipment is ready for start could result in personal injury or equipment damage.

NOTE!

The hand on key on the LCP provides a local start command to the Adjustable frequency drive. The OFF key provides the stop function.

When operating in local mode, the up and down arrows on the LCP increase and decrease the speed output of the Adjustable frequency drive. The left and right arrow keys move the display cursor in the numeric display.

- 1. Press [Hand On].
- Accelerate the Adjustable frequency drive by pressing [*] to full speed. Moving the cursor left of the decimal point provides quicker input changes.
- 3. Note any acceleration problems.
- 4. Press [OFF].
- 5. Note any deceleration problems.

If acceleration problems were encountered

- If warnings or alarms occur, see 8 Warnings and Alarms
- Check that motor data is entered correctly
- Increase the ramp-up time in 3-41 Ramp 1 Rampup Time
- Increase current limit in 4-18 Current Limit
- Increase torque limit in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode

If deceleration problems were encountered



- If warnings or alarms occur, see 8 Warnings and Alarms
- Check that motor data is entered correctly
- Increase the ramp-down time in 3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp-down Time
- Enable overvoltage control in 2-17 Over-voltage Control

See 8.4 Warning and Alarm Definitions for resetting the Adjustable frequency drive after a trip.

NOTE!

3.1 Pre-start through 3.7 Local Control Test in this chapter conclude the procedures for applying power to the Adjustable frequency drive, basic programming, set-up, and functional testing.

3.8 System Start-up

The procedure in this section requires user-wiring and application programming to be completed. 6 Application Set-Up Examples is intended to help with this task. Other aids to application set-up are listed in 1.2 Additional Resources. The following procedure is recommended after application set-up by the user is completed.

ACAUTION

MOTOR START!

Ensure that the motor, system, and any attached equipment is ready for start. It is the responsibility of the user to ensure safe operation under any operational condition. Failure to ensure that the motor, system, and any attached equipment is ready for start could result in personal injury or equipment damage.

- 1. Press [Auto On].
- Ensure that external control functions are properly wired to the Adjustable frequency drive and all programming completed.
- 3. Apply an external run command.
- 4. Adjust the speed reference throughout the speed range.
- 5. Remove the external run command.
- 6. Note any problems.

If warnings or alarms occur, see 8 Warnings and Alarms.



4 User Interface

4.1 Local Control Panel

The local control panel (LCP) is the combined display and keypad on the front of the unit. The LCP is the user interface to the adjustable frequency drive.

The LCP has several user functions.

- Start, stop, and control speed when in local control
- Display operational data, status, warnings and
 cautions
- Programming adjustable frequency drive functions
- Manually reset the adjustable frequency drive after a fault when auto-reset is inactive

An optional numeric LCP (NLCP) is also available. The NLCP operates in a manner similar to the LCP. See the Programming Guide for details on use of the NLCP.

NOTE!

The display contrast can be adjusted by pressing [STATUS] and the up/down key.

4.1.1 LCP Layout

The LCP is divided into four functional groups (see *Figure 4.1*).

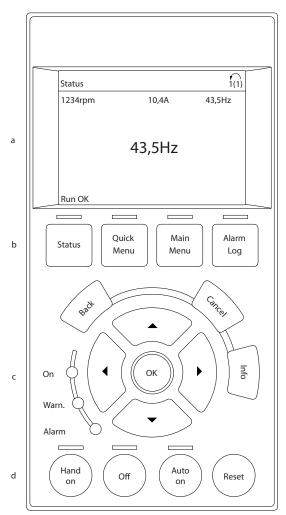


Figure 4.1 LCP

- a. Display area.
- b. Display menu keys for changing the display to show status options, programming, or error message history.
- Navigation keys for programming functions, moving the display cursor, and speed control in local operation. Also included are the status indicators.
- d. Operational mode keys and reset.



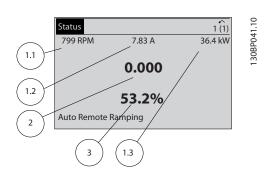
4.1.2 Setting LCP Display Values

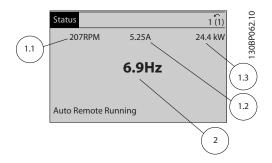
The display area is activated when the adjustable frequency drive receives power from AC line voltage, a DC bus terminal, or an external 24 V supply.

The information displayed on the LCP can be customized for user application.

- Each display readout has a parameter associated with it.
- Options are selected in main menu 0-2*.
- The adjustable frequency drive status at the bottom line of the display is generated automatically and is not selectable. See 7 Status Messages for definitions and details.

Display	Parameter number	Default setting	
1.1	0-20	Speed [RPM]	
1.2	0-21	Motor Current	
1.3	0-22	Power [kW]	
2	0-23	Frequency	
3	0-24	Reference [%]	





4.1.3 Display Menu Keys

Menu keys are used for menu access for parameter set-up, toggling through status display modes during normal operation, and viewing fault log data.

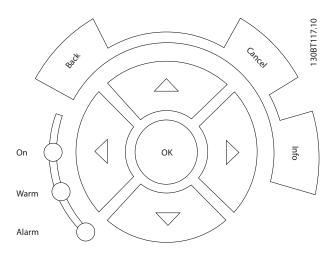
Status

Quick Menu Main Menu Alarm Log 130BP045.10

Key	Function			
Status	Press to show operational information. In Auto mode, press and hold to toggle between status readout displays Press repeatedly to scroll through each status display.			
	 Press and hold [Status] plus [♠] or [▼] to adjust the display brightness. 			
	The symbol in the upper right corner of the display shows the direction of motor rotation and which set-up is active. This is not programmable.			
Quick Menu	Allows access to programming parameters for initial set-up instructions and many detailed application instructions. • Press to access Q2 Quick Setup for sequenced instructions to program the basic adjustable frequency drive set-up • Follow the sequence of parameters as presented for the function set-up			
Main Menu	Allows access to all programming parameters. Press twice to access top level index. Press once to return to the last location accessed. Press and hold to enter a parameter number for direct access to that parameter.			
Alarm Log	Displays a list of current warnings, the last 10 alarms, and the maintenance log. • For details about the adjustable frequency drive before it entered the alarm mode, select the alarm number using the navigation keys and press [OK].			

4.1.4 Navigation Keys

Navigation keys are used for programming functions and moving the display cursor. The navigation keys also provide speed control in local (hand) operation. Three adjustable frequency drive status indicators are also located in this area.

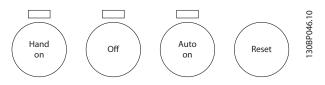


Key	Function		
Back	Reverts to the previous step or list in the menu		
	structure.		
Cancel	Cancels the last change or command as long as		
	the display mode has not changed.		
Info	Press for a definition of the function being		
	displayed.		
Navigation	Use the four navigation arrows to move between		
Keys	items in the menu.		
ОК	Use to access parameter groups or to enable a		
	choice.		

Light	Indicator	Function	
Green	ON	The ON light activates when the	
		adjustable frequency drive receives	
		power from AC line voltage, a DC	
		bus terminal, or an external 24 V	
		supply.	
Yellow	WARN	When warning conditions are met,	
		the yellow WARN light comes on	
		and text appears in the display	
		area identifying the problem.	
Red	ALARM	A fault condition causes the red	
		alarm light to flash and an alarm	
		text is displayed.	

4.1.5 Operation Keys

Operation keys are found at the bottom of the control panel.



Key	Function
Hand On	Press to start the adjustable frequency drive in local control. Use the navigation keys to control adjustable frequency drive speed. An external stop signal by control input or serial communication overrides the local hand on.
Off	Stops the motor but does not remove power to the adjustable frequency drive.
Auto On	Puts the system in remote operational mode. Responds to an external start command by control terminals or serial communication Speed reference is from an external source
Reset	Resets the adjustable frequency drive manually after a fault has been cleared.

4.2 Backup and Copying Parameter Settings

Programming data is stored internally in the adjustable frequency drive.

- The data can be uploaded into the LCP memory as a storage backup.
- Once stored in the LCP, the data can be downloaded back into the adjustable frequency drive.
- Or downloaded into other adjustable frequency drives by connecting the LCP into those units and downloading the stored settings. (This is a quick way to program multiple units with the same settings.)
- Initialization of the adjustable frequency drive to restore factory default settings does not change data stored in the LCP memory





UNINTENDED START!

When adjustable frequency drive is connected to AC line power, the motor may start at any time. The adjustable frequency drive, motor, and any driven equipment must be in operational readiness. Failure to be in operational readiness when the adjustable frequency drive is connected to AC line power could result in death, serious injury, equipment, or property damage.

4.2.1 Uploading Data to the LCP

- 1. Press [OFF] to stop the motor before uploading or downloading data.
- 2. Go to 0-50 LCP Copy.
- 3. Press [OK].
- 4. Select All to LCP.
- 5. Press [OK]. A progress bar shows the uploading process.
- 6. Press [Hand On] or [Auto On] to return to normal operation.

4.2.2 Downloading Data from the LCP

- Press [OFF] to stop the motor before uploading or downloading data.
- 2. Go to 0-50 LCP Copy.
- Press [OK].
- 4. Select All from LCP.
- 5. Press [OK]. A progress bar shows the downloading process.
- 6. Press [Hand On] or [Auto On] to return to normal operation.

4.3 Restoring Default Settings

CAUTION

Initialization restores the unit to factory default settings. Any programming, motor data, localization, and monitoring records will be lost. Uploading data to the LCP provides a backup prior to initialization.

Restoring the adjustable frequency drive parameter settings back to default values is done by initialization of the adjustable frequency drive. Initialization can be through 14-22 Operation Mode or manually.

- Initialization using 14-22 Operation Mode does not change adjustable frequency drive data such as operating hours, serial communication selections, personal menu settings, fault log, alarm log, and other monitoring functions.
- Using 14-22 Operation Mode is generally recommended.
- Manual initialization erases all motor, programming, localization, and monitoring data and restores factory default settings.

4.3.1 Recommended Initialization

- 1. Press [Main Menu] twice to access parameters.
- 2. Scroll to 14-22 Operation Mode.
- 3. Press [OK].
- 4. Scroll to *Initialization*.
- Press [OK].
- 6. Remove power to the unit and wait for the display to turn off.
- 7. Apply power to the unit.

Default parameter settings are restored during start-up. This may take slightly longer than normal.

- 8. Alarm 80 is displayed.
- 9. Press [Reset] to return to operation mode.

4.3.2 Manual Initialization

- Remove power to the unit and wait for the display to turn off.
- 2. Press and hold [Status], [Main Menu], and [OK] at the same time and apply power to the unit.

Factory default parameter settings are restored during start-up. This may take slightly longer than normal.

Manual initialization does not reset the following adjustable frequency drive information

- 15-00 Operating Hours
- 15-03 Power-ups
- 15-04 Over Temps
- 15-05 Over Volts

5 About Adjustable Frequency Drive Programming

5.1 Introduction

The adjustable frequency drive is programmed for its application functions using parameters. Parameters are accessed by pressing either [Quick Menu] or [Main Menu] on the LCP. (See *4 User Interface* for details on using the LCP function keys.) Parameters may also be accessed through a PC using the MCT 10 Set-up Software (see *5.6.1 Remote Programming with*).

The quick menu is intended for initial start up (Q2-** Quick Set Up). Data entered in a parameter can change the options available in the parameters following that entry.

The main menu accesses all parameters and allows for advanced adjustable frequency drive applications.

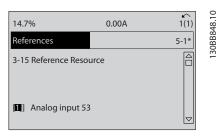
5.2 Programming Example

Here is an example for programming the adjustable frequency drive for a common application in open-loop using the quick menu.

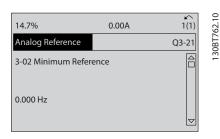
- This procedure programs the adjustable frequency drive to receive a 0–10 V DC analog control signal on input terminal 53
- The adjustable frequency drive will respond by providing 6–60 Hz output to the motor proportional to the input signal (0–10V DC = 6–60 Hz).

Select the following parameters using the navigation keys to scroll to the titles and press [OK] after each action.

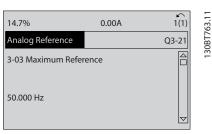
1. 3-15 Reference Resource 1



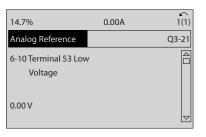
2. 3-02 Minimum Reference. Set minimum internal adjustable frequency drive reference to 0 Hz. (This sets the minimum adjustable frequency drive speed at 0 Hz.)



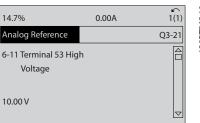
 3-03 Maximum Reference. Set maximum internal adjustable frequency drive reference to 60 Hz. (This sets the maximum adjustable frequency drive speed at 60 Hz. Note that 50/60 Hz is a regional variation.)



4. 6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage. Set minimum external voltage reference on Terminal 53 at 0V. (This sets the minimum input signal at 0 V.)



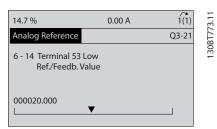
6. 6-11 Terminal 53 High Voltage. Set maximum external voltage reference on Terminal 53 at 10 V. (This sets the maximum input signal at 10V.)



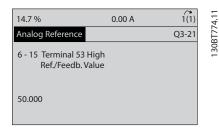
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6. 6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value. Set minimum speed reference on Terminal 53 at 6Hz. (This tells the adjustable frequency drive that the minimum voltage received on Terminal 53 (0 V) equals 6 Hz output.)



7. 6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value. Set maximum speed reference on Terminal 53 at 60 Hz. (This tells the adjustable frequency drive that the maximum voltage received on Terminal 53 (10 V) equals 60 Hz output.)



With an external device providing a 0–10 V control signal connected to adjustable frequency drive terminal 53, the system is now ready for operation. Note that the scroll bar on the right in the last figure of the display is at the bottom, indicating the procedure is complete.

Figure 5.1 shows the wiring connections used to enable this set-up.

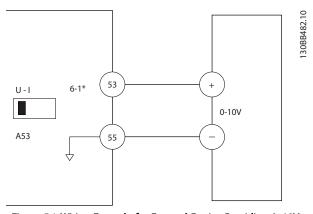


Figure 5.1 Wiring Example for External Device Providing 0–10V Control Signal (adjustable frequency drive left, external device right)

5.3 Control Terminal Programming Examples

Control terminals can be programmed.

- Each terminal has specified functions it is capable of performing.
- Parameters associated with the terminal enable the function.
- For proper Adjustable frequency drive functioning, the control terminals must be

wired properly

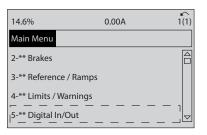
Programmed for the intended function

Receiving a signal

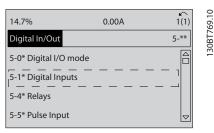
See *Table 2.3* for control terminal parameter number and default setting. (Default setting can change based on the selection in *0-03 Regional Settings*.)

The following example shows accessing Terminal 18 to see the default setting.

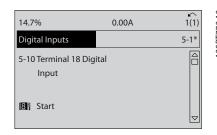
1. Press [Main Menu] twice, scroll to parameter group 5-** *Digital In/Out* and press [OK].



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3. Scroll to *5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input*. Press [OK] to access function choices. The default setting *Start* is shown.



5.4 International/North American Default Parameter Settings

Setting *0-03 Regional Settings* to [0]*International* or [1] *North America* changes the default settings for some parameters. *Table 5.1* lists those parameters that are effected.

Parameter	International default parameter value	North American default parameter value
0-03 Regional Settings	International	North America
1-20 Motor Power [kW]	See Note 1	See Note 1
1-21 Motor Power [HP]	See Note 2	See Note 2
1-22 Motor Voltage	230V/400V/575V	208V/460V/575V
1-23 Motor Frequency	50Hz	60Hz
3-03 Maximum Reference	50Hz	60Hz
3-04 Reference Function	Sum	External/Preset
4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] See Note 3 and 5	1500 RPM	1800 RPM

Parameter	International default parameter value	North American default parameter value
4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz] See Note 4	50Hz	60Hz
4-19 Max Output Frequency	132Hz	120Hz
4-53 Warning Speed High	1500 RPM	1800 RPM
5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input	Coast inverse	External interlock
5-40 Function Relay	No operation	No alarm
6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value	50	60
6-50 Terminal 42 Output	No operation	Speed 4–20 mA
14-20 Reset Mode	Manual reset	Infinite auto reset

Table 5.1 International/North American Default Parameter Settings

Note 1: 1-20 Motor Power [kW] is only visible when 0-03 Regional Settings is set to [0] International.

Note 2: 1-21 Motor Power [HP] , is only visible when 0-03 Regional Settings is set to [1] North America.

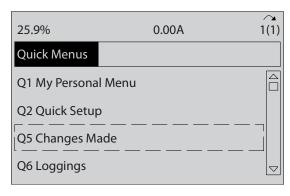
Note 3: This parameter is only visible when 0-02 Motor Speed Unit is set to [0] RPM.

Note 4: This parameter is only visible when 0-02 Motor Speed Unit is set to [1] Hz.

Note 5: The default value depends on the number of motor poles. For a 4-poled motor, the international default value is 1500 RPM and for a 2-poled motor, 3000 RPM. The corresponding values for North America is 1800 RPM and 3600 RPM, respectively.

Changes made to default settings are stored and available for viewing in the quick menu along with any programming entered into parameters.

- 1. Press [Quick Menu].
- 2. Scroll to Q5 Changes Made and press [OK].



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3. Select Q5-2 *Since Factory Setting* to view all programming changes or Q5-1 *Last 10 Changes* for the most recent.



5.5 Parameter Menu Structure

Establishing the correct programming for applications often requires setting functions in several related parameters. These parameter settings provide the Adjustable frequency drive with system details for the Adjustable frequency drive to operate properly. System details may include such things as input and output signal types, programming terminals, minimum and maximum signal ranges, custom displays, automatic restart, and other features.

- See the LCP display to view detailed parameter programming and setting options.
- Press [Info] in any menu location to view additional details for that function.
- Press and hold [Main Menu] to enter a parameter number for direct access to that parameter.
- Details for common application set ups are provided in 6 Application Set-Up Examples.

Ferm. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value

Pulse Filter Time Constant #29

Ferm. 33 Low Frequency Ferm. 33 High Freguency

Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value

Motor Feedback Loss Function

4-30

4-31

Ramp 1 Ramp-down Time

3-42 3-41

Motor Thermal Protection

Motor Temperature Motor External Fan

Local Mode Configuration

Thermistor Resource

-93

-9

Construction Clockwise Direction

Motor

Motor Data

Motor Selection

Ramp 1 Ramp-up Time

Motor Feedback Speed Error

Motor Feedback Loss Timeout

Tracking Error Function

4-32 4-34 4-35

Tracking Errol

Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End

VLT Automation Drive Instruction

About Adjustable Frequency ... Manual Fracking Error After Ramping Timeou **Fracking Error Ramping Timeout** Term X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101) Ferm X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101) Missing Motor Phase Function Ferminal X46/13 Digital Input Terminal X46/11 Digital Input Ferminal X46/1 Digital Input Ferminal X46/7 Digital Input Terminal X46/3 Digital Input Terminal X46/5 Digital Input Terminal X46/9 Digital Input Terminal X30/2 Digital Input Terminal X30/3 Digital Inpur Terminal X30/4 Digital Inpu Terminal 27 Digital Output Terminal 29 Digital Output Bypass Speed From [RPM] Terminal 18 Digital Input Terminal 19 Digital Input Ferminal 27 Digital Input Terminal 29 Digital Input Terminal 32 Digital Input Terminal 33 Digital Input Ferm. 29 High Frequency Term. 29 Low Frequency Warning Reference Low **Marning Reference High Marning Feedback High** Bypass Speed From [Hz] Warning Feedback Low Bypass Speed To [RPM] Terminal 37 Safe Stop Warning Current High **Warning Current Low** Sypass Speed To [Hz] Warning Speed High Warning Speed Low **Terminal 27 Mode Terminal 29 Mode** Digital I/O mode Digital I/O Mode On Delay, Relay Off Delay, Relay Digital Outputs Function Relay Adj. Warnings Speed Bypass Digital In/Out Digital Inputs Pulse Input 5-14 5-15 5-18 5-19 5-20 5-21 5-24 5-24 5-25 5-25 5-26 5-31 5-31 5-02 **5-1*** 5-10 Quick Stop S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End 5-16 **Digital Pot.Meter** 5-17 4-52 4-53 4-55 4-56 4-56 4-57 4-58 4-60 4-61 2·** 5-11 5-12 5-13 5-42 **5-5*** 5-50 **4-5*** 4-50 4-51 4-62 ***** 9-0 5-01 5-51 5-52 5-53 5-54 5-55 5-56 1-63 5-41 Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End Quick Stop S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] Torque Limit Generator Mode Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] Motor Speed High Limit [Hz] Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz] Torque Limit Factor Source Speed Limit Factor Source Ramp 2 Ramp-down Time Ramp 3 Ramp-down Time Ramp 4 Ramp-down Time Torque Limit Motor Mode Ramp 3 Ramp up Time Ramp 4 Ramp-up Time Quick Stop Ramp Time Max Output Frequency Ramp 2 Ramp-up Time Quick Stop Ramp Type Motor Speed Direction Motor Speed Mon. Jog Ramp Time Maximum Limit Minimum Limit Power Restore Ramp 3 Type Ramp 4 Type Other Ramps Current Limit Limit Factors Ramp Time Step Size Ramp 3 Ramp 4 9-80 3-81 3-82 3-83 3-84 **3-9** 3-90 3-92 3-93 3-94 3-95 4-10 4-12 4-13 4-14 4-16 4-17 4-18 4-19 4-20 4-21 **4-3*** 3-91 **‡**2 Relative Scaling Reference Resource ATEX ETR cur.lim. speed reduction ATEX ETR interpol points current ATEX ETR interpol. points freq. DC Brake Cut-in Speed [RPM] DC Brake Cut-in Speed [Hz] Activate Brake Speed [RPM] Catch up/slow-down value Activate Brake Speed [Hz] Preset Relative Reference KTY Thermistor Resource Reference/Feedback Unit **Brake Power Monitoring** Brake Power Limit (kW) AC brake Max. Current **Brake Check Condition** Release Brake Current Reference Resource 2 Reference Resource 3 Reference Resource 1 Brake Resistor (ohm) Over-voltage Control Maximum Reference Maximum Reference Brake Energy Funct. Activate Brake Delay Minimum Reference KTY Threshold level **Brake Release Time Forgue Ramp Time** Reference Function Reference / Ramps DC Brake Current Overvoltage Gain Mechanical Brake Gain Boost Factor DC Hold Current Preset Reference log Speed [RPM] DC Braking Time Reference Range **Brake Function** Jog Speed [Hz] Reference Site Ramp 1 Type Brake Check Stop Delay **Torque Ref** Ramp 1 2-12 2-13 2-16 3-** 2-04 2-05 **2-1*** 2-15 2-18 5-2 -20 2-22 2-23 3-18 2-11 2-19 2-21 -27 * O 9 3-02 3-03 3-04 3-12 3-14 3-15 3-16 Min Speed Normal Magnetizing [RPM] 2-17 -0 Min Speed for Function at Stop [RPM] 3-17 3-40 Resonance Dampening Time Constant Min Speed for Function at Stop [Hz] Min Speed Normal Magnetizing [Hz] Voltage reduction in fieldweakening Motor Magnetization at Zero Speed Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA) Slip Compensation Time Constant Precise Stop Speed Compensation High Speed Load Compensation Low Speed Load Compensation Stator Leakage Reactance (X1) Flystart Test Pulses Frequency Rotor Leakage Reactance (X2) Precise Stop Counter Value Flystart Test Pulses Current Current at Low Speed Motor Cont. Rated Torque Iron Loss Resistance (Rfe) Back EMF at 1000 RPM Resonance Dampening **Model Shift Frequency** d-axis Inductance (Ld) Motor Nominal Speed Stator Resistance (Rs) Precise Stop Function U/f Characteristic - U U/f Characteristic - F Load Depen. Setting Rotor Resistance (Rr) Main Reactance (Xh) Load Indep. Setting Motor Anale Offset Compensation Motor Power [kW] Start Adjustments Start Speed [RPM] Stop Adjustments Motor Frequency Adv. Motor Data Minimum Inertia Maximum Inertia Start Speed [Hz] Function at Stop Start Function Motor Voltage Motor Current Start Current Motor Poles Flying Start Start Delay Load Type Min. -34 -36 -37 40 -52 -53 -54 -55 -56 -58 -59 9 -64 -65 99-89 69 -72 -73 -74 1-75 80 -82 -83 -84 -85 -50 -51 -63 *****ф 8 Access to Quick Menu w/o Password Access to Main Menu w/o Password Operating State at Power-up (Hand) Max Value of User-defined Readout Min Value of User-defined Readout Readout: Edit Set-ups / Channel Unit for User-defined Readout Flux Motor Feedback Source [Drive Bypass] Key on LCP Readout: Linked Set-ups Motor Control Principle [Off/Reset] Key on LCP 5.5.1 Main Menu Structure on] Key on LCP Auto on] Key on LCP Ouick Menu Password **Forgue Characteristics** This Set-up Linked to Display Line 1.2 Small Display Line 1.3 Small Main Menu Password Display Line 1.1 Small Performance Monitor LCP Custom Readout Display Line 2 Large Display Line 3 Large Configuration Mode Reset] Key on LCP Set-up Operations My Personal Menu Motor Speed Unit Regional Settings [Off] Key on LCP 1-** Load and Motor **General Settings** Overload Mode Display Text 3 Display Text 2 Display Text 1 Active Set-up Set-up Copy LCP Keypad Edit Set-up LCP Display Copy/Save Copy Hand

0-37

9-49

09-0 0-65 99-0

0-20 ***** 0-61

4-6

<u>*</u>

ę

-02 \$ -05

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-03

0-24

0-22 0-23 0-30 0-32 0-38 0-39

0-10 0-12 0-13 0-14 0-20

0-03 0-04 60-0

About Adjustable Frequency	VLI AutomationDrive Instruction Manual
12-0* IP Settings 12-00 IP Address Assignment 12-01 IP Address 12-02 Subnet Mask 12-03 Default Gateway 12-04 DHCP Server 12-05 Lease Expires 12-06 Name Servers 12-06 Host Name 12-09 Physical Address 12-1* Ethernet Link Parameters 12-10 Link Status 12-11 Link Duration 12-12 Link Duplex 12-2* Process Data 12-20 Control Instance 12-22 Process Data Config Write	12-23 Process Data Config Write Size 12-24 Process Data Config Read Size 12-27 Primary Master 12-28 Store Data Values 12-28 Store Always 12-3* EtherNet/IP 12-31 Net Reference 12-31 Net Reference 12-32 Net Control 12-33 CIP Revision 12-34 CIP Product Code 12-35 EDS Parameter 12-35 EDS Parameter 12-36 EDS Parameter 12-36 COS Inhibit Timer 12-38 COS Inhibit Timer 12-38 COS Inhibit Timer 12-39 COS Inhibit Timer 12-39 COS Inhibit Timer 12-4* Modbus TCP 12-4 Modbus TCP 12-5 EtherCAT 12-9 EtherCAT 12-9 Advanced Ethernet Services 12-9 Advanced Storm Filter 12-9 Broadcast Storm Filter 12-9 Broadcast Storm Filter 12-9 Media Counters 12-99 Media Counters 12-99 Media Counters
	9-84 Defined Parameters (5) 9-90 Changed Parameters (1) 9-91 Changed Parameters (2) 9-92 Changed Parameters (3) 9-93 Changed Parameters (3) 9-94 Changed Parameters (4) 9-94 Changed Parameters (5) 9-95 Changed Parameters (5) 9-95 Changed Parameters (6) 9-96 Changed Parameters (6) 9-96 Changed Parameters (7) 10-70 CAN Protocol 10-10 Baud Rate Select 10-05 Readout Transmit Error Counter 10-06 Readout Transmit Error Counter 10-07 Readout Receive Error Counter 10-10 Process Data Config Write 10-11 Process Data Config Write 10-12 Process Data Config Write 10-13 Narning Parameter 10-15 Net Control 10-24 Net Reference 10-15 Net Control 10-25 COS Filter 1 10-30 Array Index 10-31 Store Data Values 10-32 DeviceNet Revision 10-33 Store Always 10-33 Store Always 10-35 DeviceNet F Parameters 10-59 Process Data Config Write. 10-59 Process Data Config Write. 10-51 Process Data Config Read. 11-55 Process Data Config Read. 11-55 Process Data Config Read.
9 Output Filter al X30/8 Min. Scale al X30/8 Min. Scale al X30/8 Min. Scale al X30/8 Bus Control al X30/8 Bus Control al X30/8 Coutput Timeout al X45/1 Output al X45/1 Min. Scale al X45/1 Min. Scale al X45/1 Min. Scale al X45/3 Min. Scale	rtrol
Term. 33 Low Ref/Feedb. Value Term. 33 High Ref/Feedb. Value Pulse Filter Time Constant #33 Pulse Output Max Freq #27 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable Pulse Output Max Freq #27 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable Pulse Output Max Freq #29 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable Pulse Output Max Freq #29 Terminal 330/6 Pulse Output Variable Pulse Output Max Freq #30/6 24/ Encoder Input Term 32/33 Pulses per Revolution Term 32/33 Pulses per Revolution Digital & Relay Bus Control Pulse Out #29 Bus Control Pulse Out #29 Timeout Preset Pulse Out #29 Bus Control Pulse Out #29 Bus Control Pulse Out #29 Bus Control Pulse Out #39 Bus Control Pulse Out #30/6 Bus Control Pulse Out #30/6 Fulse Out Pulse Out #30/6 Fulse Out #	t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t

VLT Automation Drive Instruction Manual

About Adjustable Frequency	VLI AutomationDrive Instruction Manual
18-93 Process PID Gain Scaled Output 30-0* Wobble 30-01 Wobble Mode 30-01 Wobble Mode 30-03 Wobble Delta Frequency [Hz] 30-02 Wobble Delta Frequency [Hz] 30-03 Wobble Delta Frequency [Hz] 30-04 Wobble Jump Frequency [Hz] 30-05 Wobble Jump Frequency [Hz] 30-06 Wobble Jump Frequency [%] 30-07 Wobble Sequence Time 30-09 Wobble Random Time 30-09 Wobble Random Function 30-11 Wobble Random Ratio Max. 30-12 Wobble Random Ratio Min. 30-19 Wobble Delta Freq. Scaled 30-21 Wobble Delta Freq. Scaled 30-21 High Starting Torque Time [§] 30-21 High Starting Torque Current [%] 30-21 Lighe Starting Torque Current [%] 30-22 Locked Rotor Protection	30-23 Locked Rotor Detection Time [s] 30-8* Compatibility (I) 30-89 Gays Inductance (Ld) 30-80 d-axis Inductance (Ld) 30-81 Brake Resistor (ohm) 30-83 Speed PID Proportional Gain 30-89 Process PID Proportional Gain 30-89 Process PID Proportional Gain 30-84 Process PID Proportional Gain 30-89 Process PID Proportional Gain 30-89 Process PID Proportional Gain 30-89 Process PID Proportional Gain 31-10 Bypass Shart Time Delay 31-01 Bypass Start Word 31-10 Bypass Start Word 31-11 Bypass Running Hours 31-19 Remote Bypass Activation 32-04 Absolute Encoder Baud Rate X55 32-05 Absolute Encoder Data Length 32-05 Absolute Encoder Clock Frequency 32-05 Absolute Encoder Clock Generation 32-05 Absolute Encoder Clock Generation 32-06 Absolute Encoder Clock Generation 32-07 Absolute Encoder Clock Generation 32-08 Absolute Encoder Clock Generation 32-09 Encoder Monitoring 32-10 User Unit Denominator 32-11 User Unit Denominator 32-13 Enc. Control 32-13 Enc. Control 32-14 Enc. 2 Control 32-15 Enc. Absolute Resolution 32-31 Incremental Resolution 32-32 Absolute Protocol 32-33 Absolute Encoder Data Length 32-39 Incremental Resolution 32-32 Absolute Encoder ID 32-33 Absolute Encoder ID 32-34 Absolute Encoder ID 32-35 Absolute Encoder ID 32-36 Absolute Encoder ID 32-37 Absolute Encoder ID 32-38 Absolute Encoder ID 32-39 Absolute Encoder ID 32-31
16-66 Digital Output [bin] 16-67 Freq. Input #29 [Hz] 16-68 Freq. Input #32 [Hz] 16-69 Pulse Output #27 [Hz] 16-70 Pulse Output #29 [Hz] 16-77 Relay Output [bin] 16-72 Counter A 16-73 Counter A 16-73 Counter B 16-74 Prec. Stop Counter 16-75 Analog In X30/11 16-76 Analog In X30/12 16-77 Analog Out X45/1 [mA] 16-78 Analog Out X45/1 [mA] 16-87 Fieldbus & FC Port 16-80 Fieldbus & FC Port 16-80 Fieldbus CTW 1 16-82 Fieldbus CTW 1 16-85 FC Port RFF 1 16-84 FC Port RFF 1 16-89 FIeldbus RFF 1 16-89 FOPORT RFF 1	16-90 Alarm Word 2 16-90 Alarm Word 2 16-92 Warning Word 2 16-92 Warning Word 2 16-93 Ett. Status Word 2 16-94 Ett. Status Word 1 17-1* Inc. Enc. Interface 17-10 Signal Type 17-11 Resolution (PRR) 17-27 Abs. Enc. Interface 17-20 Protocol Selection 17-21 Resolution (Positions/Rev) 17-24 SSI Data Length 17-25 Clock Rate 17-25 Clock Rate 17-35 All HPERFACE Baud rate 17-36 Poles 17-57 Input Voltage 17-57 Input Voltage 17-57 Ensolver Interface 17-56 Encoder Sim Resolution 17-59 Resolver Interface 17-56 Encoder Sim Resolution 17-56 Feedback Signal Monitoring 18-85 Analog Readouts 18-85 Analog Readouts 18-85 Analog Readouts 18-86 Digital Input X48/1 18-97 PIDR Readouts 18-90 PIDR Readouts 18-91 Process PID Cutput 18-91 Process PID Cutput 18-91 Process PID Clamped Output
15-73 Slot B Option SW Version 15-74 Option in Slot C0 15-75 Slot CO Option SW Version 15-75 Option in Slot C1 15-97 Parameter Info 15-99 Parameter Info 15-99 Parameter Netadata 15-99 Parameter Metadata 16-9 Parameter Metadata 16-9 Parameter Metadata 16-9 Control Word 16-01 Reference [Unit] 16-02 Reference % 16-03 Status Word 16-05 Main Actual Value [%] 16-09 Custom Readout 16-09 Custom Readout 16-10 Power [My] 16-11 Power [My]	16-12 Motor Voltage 16-13 Frequency 16-14 Motor Current 16-15 Frequency 16-14 Motor Current 16-15 Frequency 16-15 Frequency 16-16 Torque [Na] 16-17 Speed [RPM] 16-18 Motor Thermal 16-18 Motor Thermal 16-18 Motor Thermal 16-18 Motor Angle 16-20 Motor Angle 16-21 Torque [86] High Res. 16-22 Torque [86] High Res. 16-22 Torque [86] High Res. 16-23 Dave Status 16-33 Brake Energy /5 16-35 Inv. Max. Current 16-35 Inv. Max. Current 16-35 Inv. Max. Current 16-35 Control Card Temp. 16-30 Control Card Temp. 16-40 Logging Buffer Full 16-41 LCP Bottom Statusline 16-40 Logging Buffer Full 16-41 LCP Bottom Statusline 16-50 External Reference 16-51 Pulse Reference 16-52 Feedback (IDiit) 16-6* Inputs & Outputs 16-61 Terminal 53 Switch Setting 16-62 Analog Input 53 16-63 Terminal 54 Switch Setting 16-65 Analog Output 42 [mA]
14-56 Capacitance Output Filter 14-57 Inductance Output Filter 14-59 Actual Number of Inverter Units 14-72 Legacy Alarm Word 14-73 Legacy Warning Word 14-73 Legacy Warning Word 14-74 Leg. Ext. Status Word 14-89 Option Supplied by External 24VDC 14-89 Option Detection 14-96 Fault Settings 14-90 Fault Level 15-00 Operating Data 15-00 Operating Hours 15-02 kWh Counter 15-02 kWh Counter 15-03 Power-ups 15-04 Over Temps 15-05 Over Volts	15-17 Reset Running Hours Counter 15-18 Data Log Settings 15-10 Logging Interval 15-11 Logging Interval 15-11 Logging Interval 15-12 Trigger Event 15-13 Logging Mode 15-14 Samples Before Trigger 15-20 Historic Log: Event 15-21 Historic Log: Value 15-22 Historic Log: Value 15-32 Fault Log: Time 15-32 Fault Log: Time 15-34 Fault Log: Time 15-44 Power Section 15-45 Actual Typecode String 15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No 15-47 Power Card Ordering No 15-48 Setting 15-48 Actual Typecode String 15-49 Setting 15-46 Frequency Converter Serial Number 15-50 SW ID Power Card 15-51 Frequency Converter Serial Number 15-52 SQ SW ID Power Card 15-53 SW ID Power Card 15-50 SW ID Power Card 15-51 Frequency Converter Serial Number 15-52 SQ SW ID Power Card 15-53 SW ID Power Card 15-54 SW ID Power Card 15-55 SW ID Power Card 15-56 SW ID Power Card 15-57 SW ID Power Card 15-58 SW ID Power Card 15-59 SW ID Power Card 15-50
13-0* SLC Settings 13-00 SL. Controller Mode 13-01 Start Event 13-02 Stop Event 13-03 Reset SLC 13-1** Comparators 13-1** Comparator Operator 13-1** Comparator Operator 13-1** Comparator Operator 13-2* Timers 13-2* Timers 13-2* Loortroller Timer 13-4** Logic Rule Boolean 1 13-4** Logic Rule Boolean 2 13-4** Logic Rule Boolean 2 13-4** Logic Rule Boolean 2 13-4** Logic Rule Boolean 3 13-5** States	14-0° Switching Pattern 14-0° Switching Pattern 14-0° Switching Pattern 14-0° Switching Prequency 14-0° Switching Frequency 14-0° Switching Frequency 14-0° Dead Time Compensation 14-10° Line Failure 14-11 AC line voltage at line power fault 14-12 Function at Line power mbalance 14-13 Line Failure 14-14 Kin Backup Timeout 14-2* Trip Reset 14-2° Trip Reset 14-2° Trip Delay at Current Limit 14-2° Trip Delay at Torque Limit 14-3° Current Lim Ctrl, Integration Time 14-3° Current Lim Ctrl, Integration 14-4° Energy Optimizing 14-4° Energy Optimizing 14-5° Minimum AEO Frequency 14-5° Minimum AEO Frequency 14-5° Trip Line 14-5° Trip Current Limit 14-5° RFI Filter 14-5° Trip Delay at Torque Limit 14-5° Trip Trip Delay at Torque Limit 14-5° Trip Trip Delay at Torque Limit 14-5° Trip Delay at Torque Limit 14-5° Trip Trip Delay at Torque Limit 14-5° Trip Trip Delay at Torque Limit 14-5° Trip Trip Delay at Trip Trip Trip Trip Trip Trip Trip Trip

35-15 Term. X48/4 Temp. Monitor 35-16 Term. X48/4 Low Temp. Limit 35-27 Term. X48/4 High Temp. Limit 35-27 Term. X48/7 Temp. Monitor 35-25 Term. X48/7 Temp. Monitor 35-26 Term. X48/7 High Temp. Limit 35-27 Term. X48/7 High Temp. Limit 35-37 Term. X48/7 High Temp. Limit 35-37 Term. X48/10 Temp. Monitor 35-38 Term. X48/10 Temp. Monitor 35-37 Term. X48/10 Temp. Monitor 35-37 Term. X48/10 High Temp. Limit 35-37 Term. X48/10 High Temp. Limit 35-37 Term. X48/10 High Temp. Limit 35-48 Analog Input X48/2 35-44 Term. X48/2 Low Current 35-44 Term. X48/2 High Current	35-44 lerm. X48/2 Low Ref./Feedb. Value 35-46 Term. X48/2 Filter Time Constant 15-46 Term. X48/2	
33-91 X62 MCO CAN baud rate 33-94 X60 MCO RS485 serial termination 33-95 X60 MCO RS485 serial baud rate E2-** MCO Data Readouts 34-07 *PCD Write Par. 34-01 PCD 1 Write to MCO 34-03 PCD 2 Write to MCO 34-09 PCD 2 Write to MCO 34-09 PCD 3 Write to MCO 34-09 PCD 5 Write to MCO 34-06 PCD 6 Write to MCO 34-06 PCD 6 Write to MCO 34-09 PCD 9 Write to MCO	34-21 PCD 1 Read from MCO 34-22 PCD 2 Read from MCO 34-23 PCD 3 Read from MCO 34-25 PCD 5 Read from MCO 34-26 PCD 6 Read from MCO 34-29 PCD 9 Read from MCO 34-30 PCD 10 Read from MCO 34-50 PCD 10 Read from MCO 34-50 PCD 10 Read from MCO 34-50 PCD 10 Read from MCO 34-54 Process Data 34-51 Commanded Position 34-55 Actual Master Position 34-55 Slave Index Position 34-56 MCO 302 Status 34-60 Synchronizing Status 34-60 Program Status 34-60 MCO 302 Status 34-70 MCO Alarm Word 1 34-71 MCO Alarm Word 2 35-60 Term. X48/4 Imput Type 35-00 Term. X48/4 Imput Type 35-00 Term. X48/1 Input Type 35-01 Term. X48/10 Input Type 35-05 Term. X48/10 Input Type 35-05 Term. X48/10 Input Type 35-05 Term. X48/10 Input Type 35-06 Term X48/10 Input Type 35-06 Term X48/10 Input Type	35-14 lerm. X48/4 Filter lime Constant
33-19 Master Marker Type 33-20 Slave Marker Type 33-21 Master Marker Tolerance Window 33-22 Slave Marker Tolerance Window 33-22 Slave Marker Tolerance Window 33-24 Marker Number for Fault 33-25 Marker Number for Ready 33-25 Velocity Filter 33-20 Offset Filter Time 33-29 Filter Time for Marker Filter 33-30 Maximum Marker Correction 33-31 Synchronization Type 33-33 Velocity Filter Window 33-34 Slave Marker filter window 33-34 Slave Marker filter window		33-90 ADZ IVICO CAIN 1100E 11
32-36 Absolute Encoder Clock Frequency 32-37 Absolute Encoder Clock Generation 32-38 Encoder Monitoring 32-39 Encoder Monitoring 32-45 Encoder Termination 32-45 Enc.1 Control 32-45 Enc.1 Control 32-45 Enc.1 CAN guard 32-58 Feedback Source 32-56 Source Slave 32-55 Source Master 32-6* PID Controller 32-6	32-63 Limit Value for Integral Sum 32-64 PID Bandwidth 32-65 Velocity Feed-Forward 32-66 Acceleration Feed-Forward 32-65 Reverse Behavior for Slave 32-69 Sampling Time for PID Control 32-70 Scan Time for Profile Generator 32-70 Scan Time for Profile Generator 32-71 Size of the Control Window (Activation) 32-72 Size of the Control Window (Deactiv.) 32-73 Integral limit filter time 32-8 Welocity & Accel. 32-87 Ramp Type 32-82 Ramp Type 32-83 Velocity Resolution 32-80 Edult Velocity (Encoder) 32-83 Dec. up for limited jerk 32-87 Acc. down for limited jerk 32-89 Dec. up for limited jerk 32-99 Debug Source 33-90 Debug Source 33-90 Debug Source 33-90 Bebug So	33-18 Slave Marker Distance

5.6 Remote Programming with MCT 10 Setup Software

Danfoss has a software program available for developing, storing, and transferring Adjustable frequency drive programming. The MCT 10 Set-up Software allows the user to connect a PC to the Adjustable frequency drive and perform live programming rather than using the LCP. Also, all Adjustable frequency drive programming can be done off-line and simply downloaded into Adjustable frequency drive. Or the entire Adjustable frequency drive profile can be loaded onto the PC for backup storage or analysis.

The USB connector or RS-485 terminal are available for connecting to the Adjustable frequency drive.

MCT 10 Set-up Software is available for free download at www.VLT-software.com. A CD is also available by requesting part number 130B1000. A user's manual provides detailed instructions.



6 Application Set-Up Examples

6.1 Introduction

NOTE!

A jumper wire may be required between terminal 12 (or 13) and terminal 27 for the Adjustable frequency drive to operate when using factory default programming values. See 2.4.1.1 Jumper Terminals 12 and 27 for details.

The examples in this section are intended as a quick reference for common applications.

- Parameter settings are the regional default values unless otherwise indicated (selected in 0-03 Regional Settings)
- Parameters associated with the terminals and their settings are shown next to the drawings.
- Where switch settings for analog terminals A53 or A54 are required, these are also shown.

6.2 Application Examples

		Parameters		
FC 9.		Function	Setting	
+24 V	120	30BB929.10		
+24 V	130	30BI	1-29 Automatic	
DIN	180	-	Motor	[1] Enable
DIN	190		Adaptation	complete
сом	200		(AMA)	AMA
DIN	270	J	5-12 Terminal 27	[2]* Coast
DIN	290		Digital Input	inverse
DIN	320		* = Default Value	
DIN	330		Notes/comments: Parameter	
DIN	370		group 1-2* must be set	
+10 V	5 0 Q		according to mot	
A IN	530			
A IN	540			
сом	550			
A OUT	420			
сом	390			
	7			

Table 6.1 AMA with T27 Connected

		Parameters		
FC		.10	Function Setting	
+24 V	120	13088930.10		
+24 V	130	30BE	1-29 Automatic	
D IN	180	-	Motor	[1] Enable
D IN	190		Adaptation	complete
COM	200		(AMA)	AMA
D IN	270		5-12 Terminal 27	[0] No
D IN	290		Digital Input	operation
D IN	320		* = Default Value	
D IN	330		Notes/comments	Darameter
D IN	370		Notes/comments: Parameter	
			group 1-2* must	
+10 V	50 φ		according to mot	or
A IN	530			
A IN	540			
COM	550			
A OUT	420			
COM	390			
	\vee			

Table 6.2 AMA without T27 Connected

			Parame	eters
FC		10	Function	Setting
+24 V	120	30BB926.10		
+24 V	130	30BE	6-10 Terminal 53	
DIN	180		Low Voltage	0.07V*
D IN	190		6-11 Terminal 53	10V*
СОМ	200		High Voltage	
DIN	270		6-14 Terminal 53	0 RPM
DIN	290		Low Ref./Feedb.	
DIN	320		Value	
DIN	330		6-15 Terminal 53	1500 RPM
DIN	370		High Ref./Feedb.	
+10 V	500		Value	
AIN	530	+	* = Default Value	•
A IN	540		Notes/comments:	
СОМ	550			
A OUT	420	-10 - +10V		
СОМ	390	-10-+100		
U-I	\bigvee			
A53				

Table 6.3 Analog Speed Reference (Voltage)



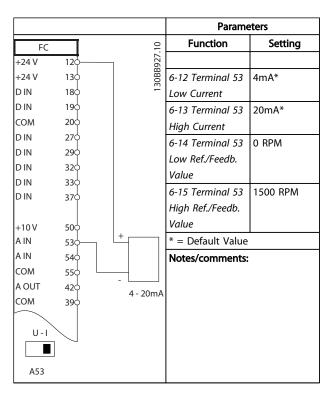
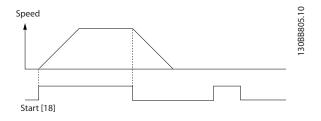


Table 6.4 Analog Speed Reference (Current)

			Parame	eters
FC		10	Function	Setting
+24 V	120-	30BB802.10		
+24 V	130	30BE	5-10 Terminal 18	[8] Start*
DIN	180-	 → =	Digital Input	
DIN	190		5-12 Terminal 27	[0] No
сом	200		Digital Input	operation
DIN	27ф		5-19 Terminal 37	[1] Safe Stop
DIN	290		Safe Stop	Alarm
DIN	32ф		* = Default Value	
DIN	330		Notes/comments:	
DIN	37Ф—	 _	If 5-12 Terminal 22	7 Digital Input
+10	500		is set to [0] No op	eration, a
A IN	530		jumper wire to te	rminal 27 is
A IN	540		not needed.	
сом	550			
A OUT	420			
сом	390			

Table 6.5 Start/Stop Command with Safe Stop



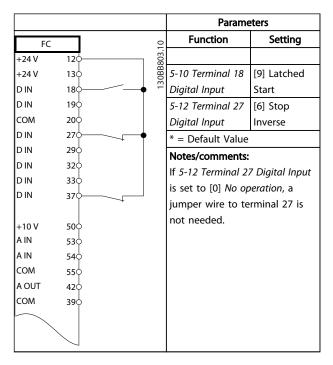
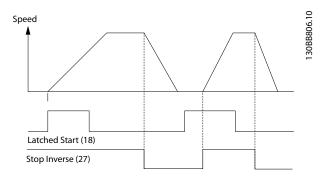


Table 6.6 Pulse Start/Stop





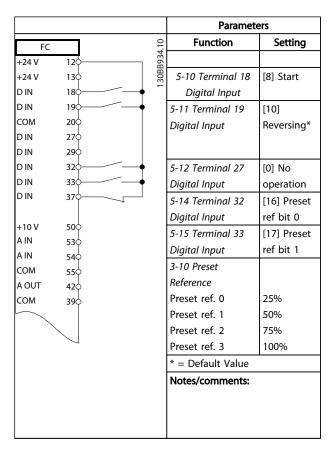


Table 6.7 Start/Stop with Reversing and Four Preset Speeds

			Parame	eters
FC		10	Function	Setting
+24 V	120-	 30BB928.10		
+24 V	130	OBB	5-11 Terminal 19	[1] Reset
DIN	180	 13	Digital Input	
DIN	190		* = Default Value	
СОМ	200		Notes/comments:	
DIN	270			
DIN	290			
DIN	320			
DIN	330			
DIN	370-			
+10 V A IN	50¢ 53¢			
A IN	540			
СОМ	550			
A OUT	420			
СОМ	390			

Table 6.8 External Alarm Reset

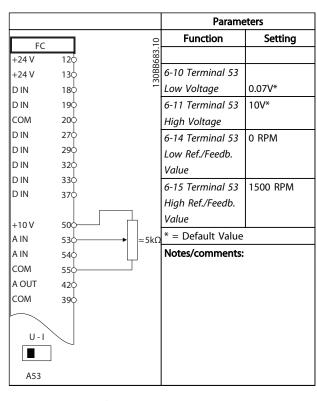


Table 6.9 Speed Reference (using a manual potentiometer)

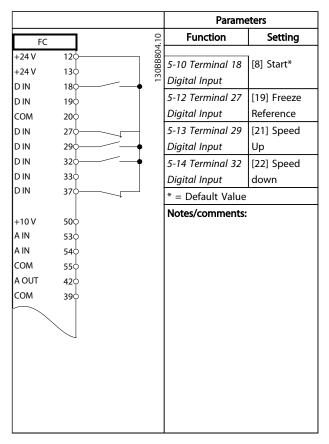
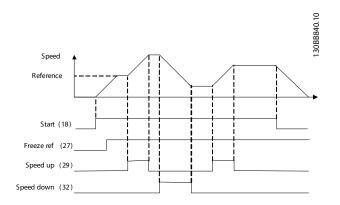


Table 6.10 Speed Up/Down



				Parame	eters
FC	\neg		10	Function	Setting
+24 V	120		30BB685.10		
+24 V	130		08B	8-30 Protocol	FC*
DIN	180		13	8-31 Address	1*
DIN	190			8-32 Baud Rate	9600*
СОМ	200			* = Default Value	
DIN	270			N	
DIN	290			Notes/comments:	
DIN	320			Select protocol, a	ddress and
DIN	330			baud rate in the a	above
DIN	370			mentioned param	eters.
+10 V	500				
A IN	530				
A IN	54				
COM	550				
A OUT	420				
СОМ	390				
	010				
= 4-	020				
	030				
	040				
2 	050				
	060		RS-485		
	610				
	680-	+			
	690		-		
		_			

Table 6.11 RS-485 Network Connection

CAUTION

Thermistors must use reinforced or double insulation to meet PELV insulation requirements.

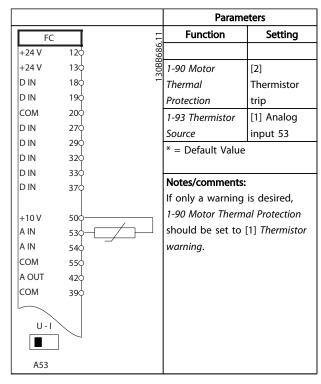


Table 6.12 Motor Thermistor



		Parame	eters
		 	Setting
FC		i diction	Jennig
+24 V	12¢ 88	4-30 Motor]
+24 V D IN	13¢ §	Feedback Loss	
DIN	190	Function	[1] Warning
СОМ	200	4-31 Motor	100 RPM
DIN	270	Feedback Speed	
DIN	290	Error	
DIN	320	4-32 Motor	5 sec
DIN	330	Feedback Loss	
DIN	370	Timeout	
		7-00 Speed PID	[2] MCB 102
+10 V	500	Feedback Source	
A IN A IN	53¢ 54¢	17-11 Resolution	1024*
COM	550	(PPR)	
A OUT	420	13-00 SL	[1] On
СОМ	390	Controller Mode	
		13-01 Start Event	[19] Warning
	010	13-02 Stop Event	[44] Reset
≅ ┌/ ─-	02♦		key
	030	13-10 Comparato	[21] Warning
		r Operand	no.
	040	13-11 Comparato	[1] ≈*
[2 / —	05¢ 06¢	r Operator	
		13-12 Comparato	90
		r Value	
		13-51 SL	[22]
		Controller Event	Comparator 0
		13-52 SL	[32] Set
		Controller Action	digital out A
			low
		5-40 Function	[80] SL digital
		Relay	output A
		* = Default Value	
		Notes/comments:	
		If the limit in the	feedback
		monitor is exceed	led, Warning
		90 will be issued.	The SLC
		monitors Warning	g 90 and if
		Warning 90 become	mes TRUE,
		then Relay 1 is tri	iggered.
		External equipme	nt may then
		indicate that serv	ice may be
		required. If the fe	
		goes below the li	mit again
		within 5 sec., the	
		continues and the	3
		disappears. But R	•
		be triggered until	[Reset] on
		the LCP.	

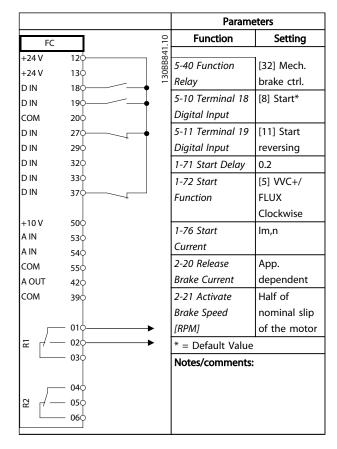


Table 6.14 Mechanical Brake Control

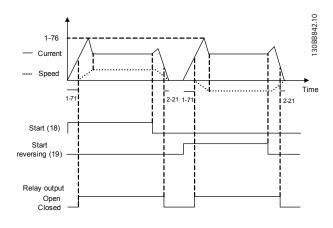


Table 6.13 Using SLC to Set a Relay





7 Status Messages

7.1 Status Display

When the Adjustable frequency drive is in status mode, status messages are generated automatically from within the Adjustable frequency drive and appear in the bottom line of the display (see *Figure 7.1.*)

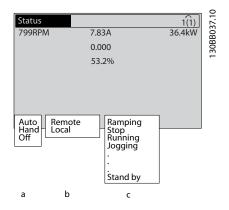


Figure 7.1 Status Display

- a. The first word on the status line indicates where the stop/start command originates.
- b. The second word on the status line indicates where the speed control originates.
- c. The last part of the status line gives the present Adjustable frequency drive status. These show the operational mode the Adjustable frequency drive is in.

NOTE!

In auto/remote mode, the Adjustable frequency drive requires external commands to execute functions.

7.2 Status Message Definitions Table

The next three tables define the meaning of the status message display words.

	Operation mode
Off	The adjustable frequency drive does not react
	to any control signal until [Auto On] or [Hand
	On] is pressed.
Auto On	The adjustable frequency drive is controlled
	from the control terminals and/or the serial
	communication.
Hand On	The adjustable frequency drive can be
	controlled by the navigation keys on the LCP.
	Stop commands, reset, reversing, DC brake,
	and other signals applied to the control
	terminals can override local control.

	Reference site
Remote	The speed reference is given from external
	signals, serial communication, or internal
	preset references.
Local	The adjustable frequency drive uses [Hand On]
	control or reference values from the LCP.

	0	
	Operation status	
AC Brake	AC Brake was selected in 2-10 Brake Function.	
	The AC brake overmagnetizes the motor to	
	achieve a controlled slow-down.	
AMA finish OK	Automatic motor adaptation (AMA) was	
	carried out successfully.	
AMA ready	AMA is ready to start. Press [Hand On] to start.	
AMA running	AMA process is in progress.	
Braking	The brake chopper is in operation. Generative	
	energy is absorbed by the brake resistor.	
Braking max.	The brake chopper is in operation. The power	
	limit for the brake resistor defined in	
	2-12 Brake Power Limit (kW) is reached.	
Coast	Coast inverse was selected as a function	
	for a digital input (parameter group 5-1*).	
	The corresponding terminal is not	
	connected.	
	Coast activated by serial communication	

	Operation status
Ctrl Dama day	Operation status
Ctrl. Ramp-down	Control Ramp-down was selected in 14-10 Mains Failure.
	• The AC line voltage is below the value set
	in 14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault at
	line power fault
	The adjustable frequency drive ramps
	down the motor using a controlled ramp-
	down.
Current High	The adjustable frequency drive output current
	is above the limit set in 4-51 Warning Current
	High.
Current Low	The adjustable frequency drive output current
	is below the limit set in 4-52 Warning Speed
	Low
DC Hold	DC hold is selected in 1-80 Function at Stop
	and a stop command is active. The motor is
	held by a DC current set in 2-00 DC Hold/
	Preheat Current.
DC Stop	The motor is held with a DC current (2-01 DC
De stop	Brake Current) for a specified time (2-02 DC
	Braking Time).
	DC Brake is activated in 2-03 DC Brake Cut-
	in Speed [RPM] and a Stop command is
	active.
	DC Brake (inverse) is selected as a function
	for a digital input (parameter group 5-1*).
	The corresponding terminal is not active.
	The DC Brake is activated via serial
	communication.
Feedback high	The sum of all active feedbacks is above the
l ceaback riigh	feedback limit set in 4-57 Warning Feedback
	High.
Feedback low	The sum of all active feedbacks is below the
I eedback low	feedback limit set in 4-56 Warning Feedback
	Low.
Franza autaut	
Freeze output	The remote reference is active which holds
	the present speed.
	• Freeze output was selected as a function for a digital input (Group 5-1*). The
	corresponding terminal is active. Speed
	control is only possible via the terminal
	functions speed up and slow.
	runctions speed up and slow.
	Hold ramp is activated via serial communi-
	cation.
Freeze output	A freeze output command has been given,
request	but the motor will remain stopped until a run
	normissive signal is reseived

permissive signal is received.

	Operation status
Freeze ref.	Freeze Reference was chosen as a function for
	a digital input (parameter group 5-1*). The
	corresponding terminal is active. The
	adjustable frequency drive saves the actual
	reference. Changing the reference is now only
	possible via terminal functions speed up and
	slow.
Jog request	A jog command has been given, but the
	motor will be stopped until a run permissive
	signal is received via a digital input.
Jogging	The motor is running as programmed in
33 3	3-19 Jog Speed [RPM].
	Jog was selected as function for a digital
	input (parameter group 5-1*). The
	corresponding terminal (e.g., Terminal 29)
	is active.
	The Jog function is activated via the serial
	communication.
	The Jog function was selected as a
	reaction for a monitoring function (e.g., No
	signal). The monitoring function is active.
Motor check	In 1-80 Function at Stop, Motor Check was
	selected. A stop command is active. To ensure
	that a motor is connected to the adjustable
	frequency drive, a permanent test current is
	applied to the motor.
OVC control	Overvoltage control was activated in 2-17 Over-
	voltage Control. The connected motor is
	supplying the adjustable frequency drive with
	generative energy. The overvoltage control
	adjusts the V/Hz ratio to run the motor in
	controlled mode and to prevent the
	adjustable frequency drive from tripping.
PowerUnit Off	(For adjustable frequency drives with an
	external 24V power supply installed only.) Line
	power supply to the adjustable frequency
	drive is removed, but the control card is
	supplied by the external 24V.
Protection md	Protection mode is active. The unit has
	detected a critical status (an overcurrent or
	overvoltage).
	To avoid tripping, switching frequency is
	reduced to 4kHz.
	If possible, protection mode ends after
	approximately 10sec.
	,
	Protection mode can be restricted in
	14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault



	Operation status
QStop	The motor is decelerating using 3-81 Quick
Zotop	Stop Ramp Time.
	Ouick stop inverse was chosen as a
	function for a digital input (parameter
	group 5-1*). The corresponding terminal is
	not active.
	The quick stop function was activated via
	serial communication.
Ramping	The motor is accelerating/decelerating using
	the active ramp-up/down. The reference, a
	limit value or a standstill is not yet reached.
Ref. high	The sum of all active references is above the
	reference limit set in 4-55 Warning Reference
	High.
Ref. low	The sum of all active references is below the
	reference limit set in 4-54 Warning Reference
	Low.
Run on ref.	The adjustable frequency drive is running in
	the reference range. The feedback value
	matches the setpoint value.
Run request	A start command has been given, but the
Ruii request	motor is stopped until a run permissive signal
	is received via digital input.
Dunning	
Running	The motor is driven by the adjustable
Control Initials	frequency drive.
Speed high	Motor speed is above the value set in
	4-53 Warning Speed High.
Speed low	Motor speed is below the value set in
	4-52 Warning Speed Low.
Standby	In Auto On mode, the adjustable frequency
	drive will start the motor with a start signal
	from a digital input or serial communication.
Start delay	In 1-71 Start Delay, a delay starting time was
	set. A start command is activated and the
	motor will start after the start delay time
	expires.
Start fwd/rev	Start forward and start reverse were selected
	as functions for two different digital inputs
	(parameter group 5-1*). The motor will start in
	forward or reverse depending on which
	corresponding terminal is activated.
Stop	The adjustable frequency drive has received a
	stop command from the LCP, digital input or
	serial communication.
Trip	An alarm occurred and the motor is stopped.
	Once the cause of the alarm is cleared, the
	adjustable frequency drive can be reset
	manually by pressing [Reset] or remotely by
	, , , ,
	control terminals or serial communication.

	Operation status
Trip lock	An alarm occurred and the motor is stopped.
	Once the cause of the alarm is cleared, power
	must be cycled to the adjustable frequency
	drive. The adjustable frequency drive can then
	be reset manually by pressing [Reset] or
	remotely by control terminals or serial
	communication.



8 Warnings and Alarms

8.1 System Monitoring

The Adjustable frequency drive monitors the condition of its input power, output, and motor factors as well as other system performance indicators. A warning or alarm may not necessarily indicate a problem internal to the Adjustable frequency drive itself. In many cases it indicates failure conditions from input voltage, motor load or temperature, external signals, or other areas monitored by the adjustable frequency drive's internal logic. Be sure to investigate those areas exterior to the Adjustable frequency drive as indicated in the alarm or warning.

8.2 Warning and Alarm Types

Warnings

A warning is issued when an alarm condition is impending or when an abnormal operating condition is present and may result in the Adjustable frequency drive issuing an alarm. A warning clears by itself when the abnormal condition is removed.

Alarms

Trip

An alarm is issued when the Adjustable frequency drive is tripped, that is, the Adjustable frequency drive suspends operation to prevent Adjustable frequency drive or system damage. The motor will coast to a stop. The Adjustable frequency drive logic will continue to operate and monitor the Adjustable frequency drive status. After the fault condition is remedied, the Adjustable frequency drive can be reset. It will then be ready to start operation again.

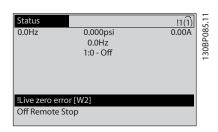
A trip can be reset in any of 4 ways:

- Press [RESET] on the LCP
- Digital reset input command
- Serial communication reset input command
- Auto reset

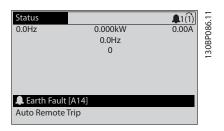
Trip lock

An alarm that causes the Adjustable frequency drive to trip-lock requires that input power be cycled. The motor will coast to a stop. The Adjustable frequency drive logic will continue to operate and monitor the Adjustable frequency drive status. Remove input power to the Adjustable frequency drive and correct the cause of the fault, then restore power. This action puts the Adjustable frequency drive into a trip condition as described above and may be reset in any of those four ways.

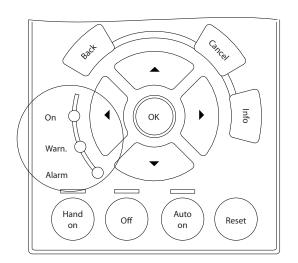
8.3 Warning and Alarm Displays



An alarm or trip lock alarm will flash on display along with the alarm number.



In addition to the text and alarm code on the Adjustable frequency drive display, the status indicator lights operate.



	Warn. LED	Alarm LED	
Warning	arning ON OFF		
Alarm	OFF	ON (Flashing)	
Trip Lock	ON	ON (Flashing)	

30BB467.10



8.4 Warning and Alarm Definitions

defines whether a warning is issued prior to an alarm, and whether the alarm trips the unit or trip locks the unit.

No.	Description	Warning	Alarm/Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
1	10V low	Х			
2	Live zero error	(X)	(X)		6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function
3	No motor	(X)			1-80 Function at Stop
4	Mains phase loss	(X)	(X)	(X)	14-12 Function at
					Mains Imbalance
5	DC link voltage high	X			
6	DC link voltage low	Х			
7	DC over-voltage	Х	Х		
8	DC under voltage	Х	Х		
9	Inverter overloaded	Х	Х		
10	Motor ETR over temperature	(X)	(X)		1-90 Motor Thermal Protection
11	Motor thermistor over temperature	(X)	(X)		1-90 Motor Thermal Protection
12	Torque limit	Х	Х		
13	Overcurrent	Х	Х	Х	
14	Ground Fault	Х	Х	X	
15	Hardware mismatch		Х	Х	
16	Short Circuit		Х	X	
17	Control word time-out	(X)	(X)		8-04 Control Word Timeout Function
20	Temp. Input Error				
21	Param Error				
22	Hoist Mech. Brake	(X)	(X)		Parameter group 2-2*
23	Internal Fans	Х			
24	External Fans	Х			
25	Brake resistor short-circuited	Х			
26	Brake resistor power limit	(X)	(X)		2-13 Brake Power Monitoring
27	Brake chopper short-circuited	Х	Х		
28	Brake check	(X)	(X)		2-15 Brake Check
29	Heatsink temp	Х	Х	Х	
30	Motor phase U missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function
31	Motor phase V missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function
32	Motor phase W missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function
33	Inrush Fault		Х	Х	
34	Fieldbus fault	X	X		
35	Option Fault		-		
36	Line failure	X	Х		
37	Phase imbalance	'	X		
38	Internal Fault		X	X	
			- •	<u> </u>	1



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Warnings and Alarms

No.	Description	Warning	Alarm/Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
39	Heatsink sensor		Х	Х	
40	Overload T27	(X)			5-00 Digital I/O Mode,
					5-01 Terminal 27 Mode
41	Overload of Digital Output Terminal 29	(X)			5-00 Digital I/O Mode,
					5-02 Terminal 29 Mode
42	Ovrld X30/6-7	(X)			
43	Ext. Supply (option)				
45	Earth Fault 2	Х	X	Х	
46	Pwr. card supply		X	Х	
47	24 V supply low	X	X	Х	
48	1.8 V supply low		X	Х	
49	Speed limit	X			
50	AMA calibration failed		X		
51	AMA U _{nom} , I _{nom}		X		
52	AMA low I _{nom}		X		
53	AMA motor too big		X		
54	AMA motor too small		X		
55	AMA parameter out of range		X		
56	AMA interrupted by user		X		
57	AMA timeout		X		
58	AMA internal fault	X	X		
59	Current limit	X			
61	Tracking error	(X)	(X)		4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function
62	Output Frequency at Maximum Limit	X			
63	Mechanical Brake Low		(X)		2-20 Release Brake Current
64	Voltage Limit	Х			
65	Control Board Over-temperature	X	Х	Х	
66	Heat sink Temperature Low	Х			
67	Option Configuration has Changed		Х		
68	Safe Stop	(X)	(X) ¹⁾		5-19 Terminal 37 Safe
					Stop
69	Pwr. Card Temp		X	X	
70	Illegal FC config			X	
71	PTC 1 Safe Stop				
72	Dangerous failure				
73	Safe Stop Auto Restart	(X)	(X)		5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop
74	PTC Thermistor			X	
75	Illegal Profile Sel.		X		
76	Power Unit Setup	X			
77	Reduced power mode	X			14-59 Actual Number of Inverter Units
78	Tracking Error	(X)	(X)		4-34 Tracking Error Function
79	Illegal PS config		Х	Х	
80	Drive Initialized to Default Value		Х		
81	CSIV corrupt		Х		

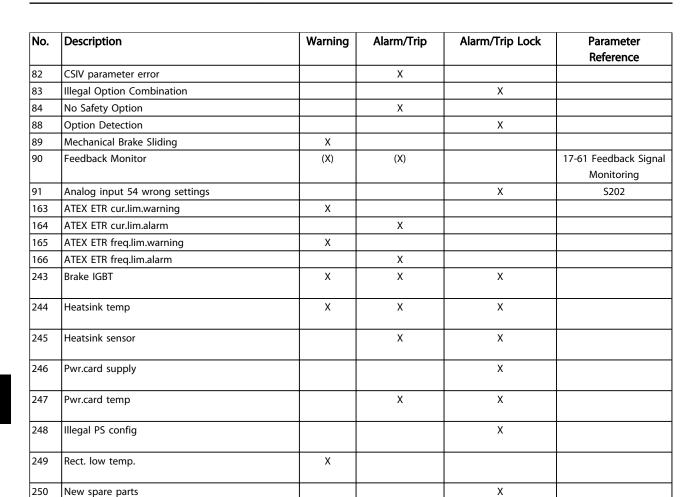


Table 8.1 Alarm/Warning Code List

(X) Dependent on parameter

New Type Code

251

1) Cannot be Auto reset via 14-20 Reset Mode

8.4.1 Fault Messages

The warning/alarm information below defines the warning/alarm condition, provides the probable cause for the condition, and details a remedy or troubleshooting procedure.

WARNING 1, 10V low

The control card voltage is below 10V from terminal 50. Remove some of the load from terminal 50, as the 10V supply is overloaded. Max. 15mA or minimum 590 Ω .

This condition can be caused by a short in a connected potentiometer or improper wiring of the potentiometer.

Troubleshooting

Remove the wiring from terminal 50. If the warning clears, the problem is with the customer wiring. If the warning does not clear, replace the control card.

WARNING/ALARM 2, Live zero error

This warning or alarm will only appear if programmed by the user in 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function. The signal on one of the analog inputs is less than 50% of the minimum value programmed for that input. This condition can be caused by broken wiring or faulty device sending the signal

Χ

Troubleshooting

Χ

Check connections on all the analog input terminals. Control card terminals 53 and 54 for signals, terminal 55 common. MCB 101 terminals 11 and 12 for signals, terminal 10 common. MCB 109 terminals 1, 3, 5 for signals, terminals 2, 4, 6 common).

Check that the Adjustable frequency drive programming and switch settings match the analog signal type.

Perform Input Terminal Signal Test.



WARNING/ALARM 3, No motor

No motor has been connected to the output of the Adjustable frequency drive.

WARNING/ALARM 4, Mains phase loss

A phase is missing on the supply side, or the line voltage imbalance is too high. This message also appears for a fault in the input rectifier on the Adjustable frequency drive. Options are programmed at 14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance.

Troubleshooting

Check the supply voltage and supply currents to the Adjustable frequency drive.

WARNING 5, DC link voltage high

The intermediate circuit voltage (DC) is higher than the high voltage warning limit. The limit is dependent on the Adjustable frequency drive voltage rating. The Adjustable frequency drive is still active.

WARNING 6, DC link voltage low

The intermediate circuit voltage (DC) is lower than the low voltage warning limit. The limit is dependent on the Adjustable frequency drive voltage rating. The Adjustable frequency drive is still active.

WARNING/ALARM 7, DC overvoltage

If the intermediate circuit voltage exceeds the limit, the Adjustable frequency drive trips after a time.

Troubleshooting

Connect a brake resistor

Extend the ramp time

Change the ramp type

Activate functions in 2-10 Brake Function

Increase 14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault

WARNING/ALARM 8, DC under voltage

If the intermediate circuit voltage (DC) drops below the undervoltage limit, the Adjustable frequency drive checks if a 24V DC backup supply is connected. If no 24V DC backup supply is connected, the Adjustable frequency drive trips after a fixed time delay. The time delay varies with unit size.

Troubleshooting

Check that the supply voltage matches the Adjustable frequency drive voltage.

Perform Input voltage test

Perform soft charge and rectifier circuit test

WARNING/ALARM 9, Inverter overload

The Adjustable frequency drive is about to cut out because of an overload (too high current for too long). The counter for electronic, thermal inverter protection gives a warning at 98% and trips at 100%, while giving an alarm. The

Adjustable frequency drive *cannot* be reset until the counter is below 90%.

The fault is that the Adjustable frequency drive is overloaded by more than 100% for too long.

Troubleshooting

Compare the output current shown on the LCP with the Adjustable frequency drive rated current.

Compare the output current shown on the LCP with measured motor current.

Display the Thermal Drive Load on the LCP and monitor the value. When running above the Adjustable frequency drive continuous current rating, the counter should increase. When running below the Adjustable frequency drive continuous current rating, the counter should decrease.

See the derating section in the *Design Guide* for more details if a high switching frequency is required.

WARNING/ALARM 10, Motor overload temperature

According to the electronic thermal protection (ETR), the motor is too hot. Select whether the Adjustable frequency drive gives a warning or an alarm when the counter reaches 100% in 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection. The fault occurs when the motor is overloaded by more than 100% for too long.

Troubleshooting

Check for motor overheating.

Check if the motor is mechanically overloaded.

Check that the motor current set in *1-24 Motor Current* is correct.

Ensure that Motor data in parameters 1-20 through 1-25 are set correctly.

If an external fan is in use, check in 1-91 Motor External Fan that it is selected.

Running AMA in 1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA) may tune the Adjustable frequency drive to the motor more accurately and reduce thermal loading.

WARNING/ALARM 11, Motor thermistor over temp

The thermistor might be disconnected. Select whether the Adjustable frequency drive gives a warning or an alarm in 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection.

Troubleshooting

Check for motor overheating.

Check if the motor is mechanically overloaded.

When using terminal 53 or 54, check that the thermistor is connected correctly between either terminal 53 or 54 (analog voltage input) and



terminal 50 (+10V supply) and that the terminal switch for 53 or 54 is set for voltage. Check 1-93 Thermistor Source selects terminal 53 or 54.

When using digital inputs 18 or 19, check that the thermistor is connected correctly between either terminal 18 or 19 (digital input PNP only) and terminal 50. Check *1-93 Thermistor Source* selects terminal 18 or 19.

WARNING/ALARM 12, Torque limit

The torque has exceeded the value in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode or the value in 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode. 14-25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit can change this from a warning only condition to a warning followed by an alarm.

Troubleshooting

If the motor torque limit is exceeded during ramp-up, extend the ramp-up time.

If the generator torque limit is exceeded during ramp-down, extend the ramp-down time.

If torque limit occurs while running, possibly increase the torque limit. Be sure the system can operate safely at a higher torque.

Check the application for excessive current draw on the motor.

WARNING/ALARM 13, Overcurrent

The inverter peak current limit (approx. 200% of the rated current) is exceeded. The warning lasts about 1.5 sec., then the Adjustable frequency drive trips and issues an alarm. This fault may be caused by shock loading or fast acceleration with high inertia loads. If extended mechanical brake control is selected, trip can be reset externally.

Troubleshooting

Remove power and check if the motor shaft can be turned.

Check that the motor size matches the Adjustable frequency drive.

Check parameters 1-20 through 1-25 for correct motor data.

ALARM 14, Ground fault

There is current from the output phases to ground, either in the cable between the Adjustable frequency drive and the motor or in the motor itself.

Troubleshooting

Remove power to the Adjustable frequency drive and repair the ground fault.

Check for ground faults in the motor by measuring the resistance to ground of the motor leads and the motor with a megohmmeter.

ALARM 15, Hardware mismatch

A fitted option is not operational with the present control board hardware or software.

Record the value of the following parameters and contact your Danfoss supplier:

15-40 FC Type

15-41 Power Section

15-42 Voltage

15-43 Software Version

15-45 Actual Typecode String

15-49 SW ID Control Card

15-50 SW ID Power Card

15-60 Option Mounted

15-61 Option SW Version

ALARM 16, Short circuit

There is a short circuit in the motor or motor wiring.

Remove power to the Adjustable frequency drive and repair the short circuit.

WARNING/ALARM 17, Control word timeout

There is no communication to the Adjustable frequency drive

The warning will only be active when 8-04 Control Timeout Function is NOT set to [0] OFF.

If 8-04 Control Timeout Function is set to Stop and Trip, a warning appears and the Adjustable frequency drive ramps down until it stops then displays an alarm.

Troubleshooting

Check connections on the serial communication

Increase 8-03 Control Timeout Time

Check the operation of the communication equipment.

Verify proper installation based on EMC requirements.

WARNING/ALARM 20, Temp. input error

The temperature sensor is not connected.

WARNING/ALARM 21, Parameter error

The parameter is out of range. The parameter number is reported in the LCP. The affected parameter must be set to a valid value.

WARNING/ALARM 22, Hoist mechanical brake

Report value will show what kind it is. 0 =The torque ref. was not reached before timeout. 1 =There was no brake feedback before timeout.

WARNING 23, Internal Fans

The fan warning function checks if the fan is running. The fan warning can be disabled in 14-53 Fan Monitor.



Troubleshooting

Check for proper fan operation.

Cycle power to the Adjustable frequency drive and make sure that the fan operates briefly at start-up.

Check the sensors on the heatsink and control card.

WARNING 24, External fan fault

The fan warning function checks if the fan is running. The fan warning can be disabled in 14-53 Fan Monitor.

Troubleshooting

Check for proper fan operation.

Cycle power to the Adjustable frequency drive and make sure that the fan operates briefly at start-up.

Check the sensors on the heatsink and control card.

WARNING 25, Brake resistor short circuit

The brake resistor is monitored during operation. If a short circuit occurs, the brake function is disabled and the warning appears. The Adjustable frequency drive is still operational but without the brake function. Remove power to the Adjustable frequency drive and replace the brake resistor (see 2-15 Brake Check).

WARNING/ALARM 26, Brake resistor power limit

The power transmitted to the brake resistor is calculated as a mean value over the last 120 seconds of run time. The calculation is based on the intermediate circuit voltage and the brake resistance value set in 2-16 AC Brake Max. Current. The warning is active when the dissipated braking is higher than 90% of the brake resistance power. If Trip [2] is selected in 2-13 Brake Power Monitoring, the Adjustable frequency drive will trip when the dissipated braking energy reaches 100%.

WARNING/ALARM 27, Brake chopper fault

The brake transistor is monitored during operation and if a short circuit occurs, the brake function is disabled and a warning is issued. The Adjustable frequency drive is still operational but, since the brake transistor has short-circuited, substantial power is transmitted to the brake resistor, even if it is inactive.

Remove power to the Adjustable frequency drive and remove the brake resistor.

WARNING/ALARM 28, Brake check

The brake resistor is not connected or not working. Check 2-15 Brake Check.

ALARM 29, Heatsink temp

The maximum temperature of the heatsink has been exceeded. The temperature fault will not reset until the temperature falls below the reset heatsink temperature.

The trip and reset points are based on the Adjustable frequency drive power size.

Troubleshooting

Check for the following conditions.

Ambient temperature too high.

Motor cable too long.

Incorrect airflow clearance above and below the Adjustable frequency drive.

Blocked airflow around the Adjustable frequency

Damaged heatsink fan.

Dirty heatsink.

ALARM 30, Motor phase U missing

Motor phase U between the Adjustable frequency drive and the motor is missing.

Remove power from the Adjustable frequency drive and check motor phase U.

ALARM 31, Motor phase V missing

Motor phase V between the Adjustable frequency drive and the motor is missing.

Remove power from the Adjustable frequency drive and check motor phase V.

ALARM 32, Motor phase W missing

Motor phase W between the Adjustable frequency drive and the motor is missing.

Remove power from the Adjustable frequency drive and check motor phase W.

ALARM 33, Inrush fault

Too many power-ups have occurred within a short time period. Let the unit cool to operating temperature.

WARNING/ALARM 34, communication fault

Communication between the and the communication option card is not operating.

WARNING/ALARM 35, Option fault

An option alarm is received. The alarm is option specific. The most likely cause is a power-up or a communication fault.

WARNING/ALARM 36, Line failure

This warning/alarm is only active if the supply voltage to the Adjustable frequency drive is lost and 14-10 Mains Failure is NOT set to [0] No Function. Check the fuses to the Adjustable frequency drive and line power supply to the unit.

ALARM 37, Imb of sup volt

There is a current imbalance between the power units

ALARM 38, Internal fault

When an internal fault occurs, a code number defined in the table below is displayed.



Troubleshooting

Cycle power to the Adjustable frequency drive.

Check that the option is properly installed.

Check for loose or missing wiring.

It may be necessary to contact your Danfoss supplier or service department. Note the code number for further troubleshooting directions.

No.	Text	
0	Serial port cannot be initialized. Contact	
	yourDanfoss supplier or DanfossService	
	Department.	
256-258	Power EEPROM data is defect or too old	
512-519	Internal fault. Contact yourDanfoss supplier or	
	DanfossService Department.	
783	Parameter value outside of min/max limits	
1024-1284	Internal fault. Contact your Danfoss supplier or the	
	Danfoss Service Department.	
1299	Option SW in slot A is too old	
1300	Option SW in slot B is too old	
1302	Option SW in slot C1 is too old	
1315	Option SW in slot A is not supported (not allowed)	
1316	Option SW in slot B is not supported (not allowed)	
1318	Option SW in slot C1 is not supported (not	
	allowed)	
1379-2819	Internal fault. Contact yourDanfoss supplier or	
	DanfossService Department.	
2820	LCP stack overflow	
2821	Serial port overflow	
2822	USB port overflow	
3072-5122	Parameter value is outside its limits	
5123	Option in slot A: Hardware incompatible with	
	control board hardware	
5124	Option in slot B: Hardware incompatible with	
	control board hardware	
5125 Option in slot C0: Hardware incompatible with		
	control board hardware	
5126	Option in slot C1: Hardware incompatible with	
	control board hardware	
5376-6231	Internal fault. Contact yourDanfoss supplier or	
	DanfossService Department.	

ALARM 39, Heatsink sensor

No feedback from the heatsink temperature sensor.

The signal from the IGBT thermal sensor is not available on the power card. The problem could be on the power card, on the gate drive card, or the ribbon cable between the power card and gate drive card.

WARNING 40, Overload of digital output terminal 27

Check the load connected to terminal 27 or remove short-circuit connection. Check 5-00 Digital I/O Mode and 5-01 Terminal 27 Mode.

WARNING 41, Overload of digital output terminal 29

Check the load connected to terminal 29 or remove short-circuit connection. Check 5-00 Digital I/O Mode and 5-02 Terminal 29 Mode.

WARNING 42, Overload of digital output on X30/6 or overload of digital output on X30/7

For X30/6, check the load connected to X30/6 or remove short-circuit connection. Check *5-32 Term X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101)*.

For X30/7, check the load connected to X30/7 or remove short-circuit connection. Check *5-33 Term X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101)*.

ALARM 43, Ext. supply

MCB 113 Ext. Relay Option is mounted without ext. 24 V DC. Either connect an ext. 24 V DC supply or specify that no external supply is used via 14-80 Option Supplied by External 24VDC [0]. A change in 14-80 Option Supplied by External 24VDC requires a power cycle.

ALARM 45, Earth Fault 2

Ground fault on start-up.

Troubleshooting

Check for proper grounding and loose connections.

Check for proper wire size.

Check motor cables for short-circuits or leakage currents.

ALARM 46, Power card supply

The supply on the power card is out of range.

There are three power supplies generated by the switch mode power supply (SMPS) on the power card: 24V, 5V, +/- 18V. When powered with 24V DC with the MCB 107 option, only the 24V and 5V supplies are monitored. When powered with three phase AC line voltage, all three supplied are monitored.

Troubleshooting

Check for a defective power card.

Check for a defective control card.

Check for a defective option card.

If a 24V DC power supply is used, verify proper supply power.

WARNING 47, 24V supply low

The 24 V DC is measured on the control card. The external 24V DC backup power supply may be overloaded; otherwise, contact your Danfoss supplier.

WARNING 48, 1.8V supply low

The 1.8V DC supply used on the control card is outside of allowable limits. The power supply is measured on the control card. Check for a defective control card. If an option card is present, check for an overvoltage condition.



WARNING 49, Speed limit

When the speed is not within the specified range in 4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] and 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM], the Adjustable frequency drive will show a warning. When the speed is below the specified limit in 1-86 Trip Speed Low [RPM] (except when starting or stopping) the Adjustable frequency drive will trip.

ALARM 50, AMA calibration failed

Contact your Danfoss supplier or Danfoss Service Department.

ALARM 51, AMA check Unom and Inom

The settings for motor voltage, motor current, and motor power are wrong. Check the settings in parameters 1-20 to 1-25.

ALARM 52, AMA low Inom

The motor current is too low. Check the setting in 4-18 Current Limit.

ALARM 53, AMA motor too big

The motor is too big for the AMA to operate.

ALARM 54, AMA motor too small

The motor is too small for the AMA to operate.

ALARM 55, AMA Parameter out of range

The parameter values of the motor are outside of the acceptable range. AMAwill not run.

ALARM 56, AMA interrupted by user

The AMA has been interrupted by the user.

ALARM 57, AMA timeout

Try to restart AMA again. Repeated restarts may overheat the motor.

ALARM 58, AMA internal fault

Contact your Danfoss supplier.

WARNING 59, Current limit

The current is higher than the value in 4-18 Current Limit. Ensure that Motor data in parameters 1-20 through 1-25 are set correctly. Possibly increase the current limit. Be sure the system can operate safely at a higher limit.

ALARM 60, Ext. Interlock

A digital input signal is indicating a fault condition external to the Adjustable frequency drive. An external interlock has commanded the Adjustable frequency drive to trip. Clear the external fault condition. To resume normal operation, apply 24V DC to the terminal programmed for external interlock. Reset the Adjustable frequency drive.

WARNING/ALARM 61, Tracking error

An error between calculated speed and speed measurement from feedback device. The function Warning/ Alarm/Disabling setting is in 4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function. Accepted error setting in 4-31 Motor Feedback Speed Error and the allowed time the error occur setting in 4-32 Motor Feedback Loss Timeout. During a commissioning procedure the function may be effective.

WARNING 62, Output frequency at maximum limit

The output frequency has reached the value set in 4-19 Max Output Frequency. Check the application to determine the cause. Possibly increase the output frequency limit. Be sure the system can operate safely at a higher output frequency. The warning will clear when the output drops below the maximum limit.

ALARM 63, Mechanical brake low

The actual motor current has not exceeded the "release brake" current within the "Start delay" time window.

WARNING/ALARM 65, Control card over temperature

The cutout temperature of the control card is 176°F [80°C].

Troubleshooting

Check that the ambient operating temperature is within limits.

Check for clogged filters.

Check fan operation.

Check the control card.

WARNING 66, Heatsink temperature low

The Adjustable frequency drive is too cold to operate. This warning is based on the temperature sensor in the IGBT module. Increase the ambient temperature of the unit. Also a trickle amount of current can be supplied to the Adjustable frequency drive whenever the motor is stopped by setting 2-00 DC Hold/Preheat Current at 5% and 1-80 Function at Stop.

ALARM 67, Option change

One or more options have either been added or removed since the last power-down. Check that the configuration change is intentional and reset the Adjustable frequency drive.

ALARM 68, Safe Stop

Loss of the 24V DC signal on terminal 37 has caused the Adjustable frequency drive to trip. To resume normal operation, apply 24V DC to terminal 37 and reset the Adjustable frequency drive.

ALARM 69, Power card temperaturePower card temperature

The temperature sensor on the power card is either too hot or too cold.

Troubleshooting

Check that the ambient operating temperature is within limits.

Check for clogged filters.

Check fan operation.

Check the power card.



ALARM 70, Illegal FC configuration

The control card and power card are incompatible. Contact your supplier with the typecode of the unit from the nameplate and the part numbers of the cards to check compatibility.

ALARM 71, PTC 1 safe stop

Safe Stop has been activated from the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card (motor too warm). Normal operation can be resumed when the MCB 112 applies 24 V DC to T-37 again (when the motor temperature reaches an acceptable level) and when the digital input from the MCB 112 is deactivated. When that happens, a reset signal must be sent (via Bus, Digital I/O, or by pressing [RESET]).

ALARM 72, Dang. failure

Safe Stop with Trip Lock. The dangerous failure alarm is issued if the combination of safe stop commands is unexpected. This is the case if the MCB 112 VLT PTC Thermistor Card enables X44/10 but safe stop is somehow not enabled. Furthermore, if the MCB 112 is the only device using safe stop (specified through selection [4] or [5] in 5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop), an unexpected combination is activation of safe stop without the X44/10 being activated. The following table summarizes the unexpected combinations that lead to Alarm 72. Note that if X44/10 is activated in selection 2 or 3, this signal is ignored! However, the MCB 112 will still be able to activate safe stop.

WARNING 73, Safe stop auto restart

Safe stopped. Note that with automatic restart enabled, the motor may start when the fault is cleared.

ALARM 74, PTC Thermistor

Alarm related to the ATEX option. The PTC is not working.

ALARM 75, Illegal profile sel.

Parameter value must not be written while motor is running. Stop motor before writing MCO profile to 8-10 Control Word Profile for instance.

WARNING 76, Power unit set-up

The required number of power units does not match the detected number of active power units.

Troubleshooting:

When replacing an F-frame module, this will occur if the power specific data in the module power card does not match the rest of the Adjustable frequency drive. Please confirm the spare part and its power card are the correct part number.

77 WARNING, Reduced power mode

This warning indicates that the Adjustable frequency drive is operating in reduced power mode (i.e., less than the allowed number of inverter sections). This warning will be generated on power cycle when the Adjustable frequency drive is set to run with fewer inverters and will remain on.

ALARM 78, Tracking error

The difference between setpoint value and actual value has exceeded the value in 4-35 Tracking Error. Disable the function by 4-34 Tracking Error Function or select an alarm/warning also in 4-34 Tracking Error Function. Investigate the mechanics around the load and motor. Check feedback connections from motor – encoder – to Adjustable frequency drive. Select motor feedback function in 4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function. Adjust tracking error band in 4-35 Tracking Error and 4-37 Tracking Error Ramping.

ALARM 79, Illegal power section configuration

The scaling card is the incorrect part number or not installed. Also MK102 connector on the power card could not be installed.

ALARM 80. Drive initialized to default value

Parameter settings are initialized to default settings after a manual reset. Reset the unit to clear the alarm.

ALARM 81, CSIV corrupt

CSIV file has syntax errors.

ALARM 82, CSIV par. err.

CSIV failed to init a parameter.

ALARM 83, Illegal option combination

The mounted options are not supported to work together.

ALARM 84, No safety option

The safety option was removed without applying a general reset. Reconnect the safety option.

ALARM 88, Option detection

A change in the option layout has been detected. This alarm occurs when 14-89 Option Detection is set to [0] Frozen configuration and the option layout for some reason has changed. An option layout change has to be enabled in 14-89 Option Detection before the change is accepted. If the change of configuration is not accepted, it is only possible to reset Alarm 88 (Trip-lock) when the option configuration has been re-established/corrected.

WARNING 89, Mechanical brake sliding

The hoist brake monitor has detected a motor speed > 10rpm.

ALARM 90, Feedback mon.

Check the connection to encoder/ resolver option and eventually replace the MCB 102 or MCB 103.

ALARM 91, Analogue input 54 wrong settings

Switch S202 has to be set in position OFF (voltage input) when a KTY sensor is connected to analog input terminal 54.

ALARM 92, No flow

A no-flow condition has been detected in the system. 22-23 No-Flow Function is set for alarm. Troubleshoot the system and reset the Adjustable frequency drive after the fault has been cleared.

ALARM 93, Dry pump

A no-flow condition in the system with the Adjustable frequency drive operating at high speed may indicate a dry pump. 22-26 Dry Pump Function is set for alarm. Troubleshoot the system and reset the Adjustable frequency drive after the fault has been cleared.

ALARM 94, End of curve

Feedback is lower than the setpoint. This may indicate leakage in the system. 22-50 End of Curve Function is set for alarm. Troubleshoot the system and reset the Adjustable frequency drive after the fault has been cleared.

ALARM 95, Broken belt

Torque is below the torque level set for no load, indicating a broken belt. 22-60 Broken Belt Function is set for alarm. Troubleshoot the system and reset the Adjustable frequency drive after the fault has been cleared.

ALARM 96, Start delayed

Motor start has been delayed due to short-cycle protection. 22-76 Interval between Starts is enabled. Troubleshoot the system and reset the Adjustable frequency drive after the fault has been cleared.

WARNING 97, Stop delayed

Stopping the motor has been delayed due to short cycle protection. 22-76 Interval between Starts is enabled. Troubleshoot the system and reset the Adjustable frequency drive after the fault has been cleared.

WARNING 98, Clock fault

Time is not set or the RTC clock has failed. Reset the clock in 0-70 Date and Time.

WARNING 163, ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning

The warning limit of ATEX ETR rated current curve has been reached. The warning is activated at 83% and deactivated at 65% of the permitted thermal overload.

ALARM 164, ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm

The ATEX ETR permitted thermal overload has been exceeded.

WARNING 165, ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning

The Adjustable frequency drive is running more than 50 seconds below the permitted minimum frequency (1-98 ATEX ETR interpol. points freq. [0]).

ALARM 166, ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm

The Adjustable frequency drive has operated more than 60 second (in a period of 600 seconds) below the permitted minimum frequency (1-98 ATEX ETR interpol. points freq. [0]).

ALARM 243, Brake IGBT

This alarm is only for F Frame drives. It is equivalent to Alarm 27. The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm:

ALARM 244, Heatsink temp

This alarm is only for F Frame adjustable frequency drives. It is equivalent to Alarm 29. The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm:

ALARM 245, Heatsink sensor

This alarm is only for F Frame adjustable frequency drives. It is equivalent to Alarm 39. The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm.

- 1 = left most inverter module.
- 2 = middle inverter module in F2 or F4 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 2 = right inverter module in F1 or F3 Adjustable frequency drivee.
- 3 = right inverter module in F2 or F4 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 5 = rectifier module.

ALARM 246, Power card supply

This alarm is only for F Frame Adjustable frequency drive. It is equivalent to Alarm 46. The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm.

- 1 = left most inverter module.
- 2 = middle inverter module in F2 or F4 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 2 = right inverter module in F1 or F3 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 3 = right inverter module in F2 or F4 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 5 = rectifier module.

ALARM 69, Power card temperaturePower card temperature

This alarm is only for F Frame Adjustable frequency drive. It is equivalent to Alarm 69. The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm.

- 1 = left most inverter module.
- 2 = middle inverter module in F2 or F4 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 2 = right inverter module in F1 or F3 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 3 = right inverter module in F2 or F4 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 5 = rectifier module.

ALARM 248, Illegal power section configuration

This alarm is only for F Frame adjustable frequency drives. It is equivalent to Alarm 79. The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm:

- Manual
- 1 = left most inverter module.
- 2 = middle inverter module in F2 or F4 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 2 = right inverter module in F1 or F3 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 3 = right inverter module in F2 or F4 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 5 = rectifier module.

WARNING 249, Rect. low temperature

IGBT sensor fault (highpower units only).

WARNING 250, New spare part

A component in the Adjustable frequency drive has been replaced. Reset the Adjustable frequency drive for normal operation.

WARNING 251, New Type Code

A component in the Adjustable frequency drive has been replaced and the typecode changed. Reset the Adjustable frequency drive for normal operation.



9 Basic Troubleshooting

9.1 Start Up and Operation

See Alarm Log in Table 4.1.

Symptom	Possible Cause	Test	Solution
	Missing input power	See Table 3.1.	Check the input power source.
	Missing or open fuses or circuit	See open fuses and tripped circuit	Follow the recommendations
	breaker tripped	breaker in this table for possible	provided
		causes.	
	No power to the LCP	Check the LCP cable for proper	Replace the faulty LCP or
		connection or damage.	connection cable.
	Shortcut on control voltage	Check the 24V control voltage	Wire the terminals properly.
	(terminal 12 or 50) or at control	supply for terminal 12/13 to 20-39	
Display dark / No function	terminals	or 10V supply for terminal 50 to 55.	
	Wrong LCP (LCP from VLT® 2800		Use only LCP 101 (P/N 130B1124)
	or 5000/6000/8000/ FCD or FCM)		or LCP 102 (P/N. 130B1107).
	Wrong contrast setting		Press [Status] + Up/Down arrows
			to adjust the contrast.
	Display (LCP) is defective	Test using a different LCP.	Replace the faulty LCP or
			connection cable.
	Internal voltage supply fault or		Contact supplier.
	SMPS is defective		
	Overloaded power supply (SMPS)	To rule out a problem in the	If the display stays lit, then the
	due to improper control wiring or	control wiring, disconnect all	problem is in the control wiring.
Intermittent display	a fault within the Adjustable	control wiring by removing the	Check the wiring for shorts or
intermittent display	frequency drive	terminal blocks.	incorrect connections. If the display
			continues to cut out, follow the
			procedure for display dark.

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Symptom	Possible Cause	Test	Solution
	Service switch open or missing	Check if the motor is connected	Connect the motor and check the
	motor connection	and the connection is not	service switch.
		interrupted (by a service switch or	
		other device).	
	No line power with 24V DC option	If the display is functioning but no	Apply line power to run the unit.
	card	output, check that line power is	
		applied to the Adjustable	
		frequency drive.	
	LCP Stop	Check if [Off] has been pressed.	Press [Auto On] or [Hand On]
			(depending on your operation
			mode) to run the motor.
Motor not running	Missing start signal (Standby)	Check 5-10 Start for correct setting	Apply a valid start signal to start
		for terminal 18 (use default	the motor.
		setting).	
	Motor coast signal active	Check 5-12 Coast inv. for correct	Apply 24V on terminal 27 or
	(Coasting)	setting for terminal 27 (use default	program this terminal to No
		setting).	operation.
	Wrong reference signal source	Check reference signal: Local,	Program correct settings Check
		remote or bus reference? Preset	3-13 Reference site. Set preset
		reference active? Terminal	reference active in parameter
		connection correct? Scaling of	group3-1* References. Check for
		terminals correct? Reference signal	correct wiring. Check scaling of
		available?	terminals. Check reference signal.
	Motor rotation limit	Check that 4-10 Motor speed	Program correct settings.
		direction is programmed correctly.	
Motor running in urong	Active reversing signal	Check if a reversing command is	Deactivate reversing signal.
Motor running in wrong direction		programmed for the terminal in	
direction		parameter group5-1* Digital inputs.	
	Wrong motor phase connection		See 3.5 Check Motor Rotation in this
			manual.
	Frequency limits set wrong	Check output limits in 4-13 Motor	Program correct limits.
		speed high limit [RPM], 4-14 Motor	
Motor is not reaching		speed high limit [Hz], and 4-19 Max	
maximum speed		output frequency.	
maximum specu	Reference input signal not scaled	Check reference input signal	Program correct settings.
	correctly	scaling in 6-* Analog I/O mode and	
		parameter group3-1* References.	
	Possible incorrect parameter	Check the settings of all motor	Check settings in parameter
	settings	parameters, including all motor	group1-6* Analog I/O mode. For
Motor speed unstable		compensation settings. For closed-	closed-loop operation, check
		loop operation, check PID settings.	settings in parameter group 20-0*
			Feedback.
	Possible overmagnetization	Check for incorrect motor settings	Check motor settings in parameter
Motor runs rough		in all motor parameters.	groups 1-2* Motor data, 1-3* Adv
			motor data, and 1-5* Load indep.
			setting.
	Possible incorrect settings in the	Check brake parameters. Check	Check parameter group2-0* DC
Motor will not brake	brake parameters. Possible too	ramp time settings.	brake and 3-0* Reference limits.
	short ramp-down times.		

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Symptom	Possible Cause	Test	Solution
	Phase to phase short	Motor or panel has a short phase	Eliminate any shorts detected.
		to phase. Check motor and panel	
		phase to phase for shorts.	
	Motor overload	Motor is overloaded for the	Perform start-up test and verify
		application.	motor current is within specifi-
Open power fuses or circuit			cations. If motor current is
breaker trip			exceeding nameplate full load
			current, motor may run only with
			reduced load. Review the specifi-
			cations for the application.
	Loose connections	Perform pre-startup check for loose	Tighten loose connections.
		connections.	
	Problem with line power (See	Rotate input power leads into the	If imbalanced leg follows the wire,
	Alarm 4 Line phase loss	drive one position: A to B, B to C, C	it is a power problem. Check line
Line power current	description)	to A.	power supply.
imbalance greater than 3%	Problem with the Adjustable	Rotate input power leads into the	If imbalance leg stays on same
	frequency drive unit	Adjustable frequency drive one	input terminal, it is a problem with
		position: A to B, B to C, C to A.	the unit. Contact supplier.
	Problem with motor or motor	Rotate output motor leads one	If imbalanced leg follows the wire,
	wiring	position: U to V, V to W, W to U.	the problem is in the motor or
Motor current imbalance			motor wiring. Check motor and
greater than 3%			motor wiring.
greater triair 5%	Problem with drive unit	Rotate output motor leads one	If imbalance leg stays on same
		position: U to V, V to W, W to U.	output terminal, it is a problem
			with the unit. Contact supplier.





10 Specifications

10.1 Power-dependent Specifications

Line Power Supply 3 x 200–240V AC									
FC 301/FC 302	PK25	PK37	PK55	PK75	P1K1	P1K5	P2K2	P3K0	P3K7
Typical Shaft Output [kW]	0.25	0.37	0.55	0.75	1.1	1.5	2.2	3	3.7
Enclosure IP20/IP21	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A3	A3
Enclosure IP 20 (FC 301 only)	A1	A1	A1	A1	A1	A1	-	-	-
Enclosure IP 55, 66	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A5	A5
Output current									
Continuous (3 x 200–240V) [A]	1.8	2.4	3.5	4.6	6.6	7.5	10.6	12.5	16.7
Intermittent (3 x 200–240V) [A]	2.9	3.8	5.6	7.4	10.6	12.0	17.0	20.0	26.7
Continuous kVA (208V AC) [kVA]	0.65	0.86	1.26	1.66	2.38	2.70	3.82	4.50	6.00
Max. input current									
Continuous (3 x 200–240V) [A]	1.6	2.2	3.2	4.1	5.9	6.8	9.5	11.3	15.0
Intermittent (3 x 200–240V) [A]	2.6	3.5	5.1	6.6	9.4	10.9	15.2	18.1	24.0
Additional specifications	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Max. cable size (line power, motor, brake) [mm² (AWG²)]				0	.2–4 (24–10)				
Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] 4)	21	29	42	54	63	82	116	155	185
Weight, enclosure IP20 [kg]	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.9	4.9	6.6	6.6
A1 (IP20)	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	-	-	-
A5 (IP 55, 66)	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5
Efficiency 4)	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
0.25-3.7 kW only available as 160% high overlo	ad.		•	•	•				

ine Power Supply 3 x 200–240V AC	P	5K5	P	P7K5	P.	11K	
igh/ Normal Load ¹⁾	HO	l no	НО	l no	НО	NO	
Typical Shaft Output [kW]	5.5	7.5	7.5	11	11	15	
Enclosure IP20		B3		B3	B4		
Enclosure IP21		B1		B1	!	B2	
Enclosure IP55, 66		B1		B1	1	B2	
utput current					•		
Continuous (3 x 200–240V) [A]	24.2	30.8	30.8	46.2	46.2	59.4	
Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 200–240V) [A]	38.7	33.9	49.3	50.8	73.9	65.3	
Continuous kVA (208V AC) [kVA]	8.7	11.1	11.1	16.6	16.6	21.4	
ax. input current							
Continuous (3 x 200–240V) [A]	22	28	28	42	42	54	
Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 200–240V) [A]	35.2	30.8	44.8	46.2	67.2	59.4	
dditional specifications							
Max. cable size [mm ² (AWG)] ²⁾	16	5 (6)	1	6 (6)	35	5 (2)	
Max cable size with line power disconnect			. 10	6 (6)			
Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] 4)	239	310	371	514	463	602	
Weight, enclosure IP21, IP55, 66 [kg]		23		23		27	
Efficiency ⁴⁾	0.	.964	0).959	0.964		



Specifications

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Line Power Supply 3 x 200–240V AC										
FC 301/FC 302	P [*]	5K	P1	8K	P2	.2K	P3	oK	P3	7K
High/ Normal Load ¹⁾	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO
Typical Shaft Output [kW]	15	18.5	18.5	22	22	30	30	37	37	45
Enclosure IP20		34		3	C	.3	(4		4
Enclosure IP21	(1		1	C	:1	(1	C1	
Enclosure IP55, 66		1		1	C	1	(2		2
Output current										
Continuous (3 x 200–240V) [A]	59.4	74.8	74.8	88	88	115	115	143	143	170
Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 200–240V) [A]	89.1	82.3	112	96.8	132	127	173	157	215	187
Continuous kVA (208V AC) [kVA]	21.4	26.9	26.9	31.7	31.7	41.4	41.4	51.5	51.5	61.2
Max. input current							•	•	•	
Continuous (3 x 200–240V) [A]	54	68	68	80	80	104	104	130	130	154
Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 200–240V) [A]	81	74.8	102	88	120	114	156	143	195	169
Additional specifications	•		•				•	•	•	•
Max. cable size, IP20 [mm ² (AWG)] ²⁾	35	(2)	90	(3/0)	90 ((3/0)	120	(4/0)	120	(4/0)
Max. cable size, IP21/55/66 [mm² (AWG)] 2)	90	(3/0)	90	(3/0)	90 ((3/0)	120	(4/0)	120	(4/0)
Max. cable size with line power disconnect [mm ² (AWG)] ²⁾			35	(2)			70	(3/0)	150 (MCM 300)	
Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] 4)	624	737	740	845	874	1140	1143	1353	1400	1636
Weight, enclosure IP21, IP 55, 66 [kg]		15	4	15	45		6	55	65	
Efficiency ⁴⁾	0.	96	0.	97	0.	97	0.	97	0.	97

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Specifications

FC 301/FC 302 Typical Shaft Output [kW]	Line Power Supply 3 x 380-500V AC (FC	302), 3 x 380-	480V AC (F	C 301)							
Typical Shaft Output [RW]		PK 37	PK 55	PK75	P1K1	P1K5	P2K2	P3K0	P4K0	P5K5	P7K5
Spical shaft Output (RW)		0.37	0.55	0.75	1 1	1.5	2.2	2	1	5.5	7.5
Enclosure IP 20 (FC 301 only) A1 A	71 1										
Enclosure IP 55, 66				+			A2	A2	A2	A3	A3
Shaft output [W] 0.37 0.55 0.75 1.1 1.5 2.2 3 4 5.5 7.5											
Shaft output [kW]	·	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A5	A5
Continuous (3 x 380-4400) [A] 1.3 1.8 2.4 3 4.1 5.6 7.2 10 13 16 Intermittent (3 x 380-4400) [A] 2.1 2.9 3.8 4.8 6.6 9.0 11.5 16 20.8 25.6 Continuous (3 x 441-5000) [A] 1.2 1.6 2.1 2.7 3.4 4.8 6.3 8.2 11 14.5 Intermittent (3 x 441-5000) [A] 1.9 2.6 3.4 4.3 5.4 7.7 10.1 13.1 17.6 23.2 Continuous kVA (400V AC) [kVA] 0.9 1.3 1.7 2.1 2.8 3.9 5.0 6.9 9.0 11.0 Continuous kVA (400V AC) [kVA] 0.9 1.3 1.7 2.4 2.7 3.8 5.0 6.5 8.8 11.6 Max. input current Continuous (A)											
(3 x 380-440V) [A]	Shaft output [kW]	0.37	0.55	0.75	1.1	1.5	2.2	3	4	5.5	7.5
3 x 380-440V) [A] 2.1 2.9 3.8 4.8 6.6 9.0 11.5 16 20.8 25.6		1.3	1.8	2.4	3	4.1	5.6	7.2	10	13	16
1.2 1.6 2.1 2.7 3.4 4.8 6.3 8.2 11 14.5		2.1	2.9	3.8	4.8	6.6	9.0	11.5	16	20.8	25.6
1.9 2.6 3.4 4.3 5.4 7.7 10.1 13.1 17.6 23.2		1.2	1.6	2.1	2.7	3.4	4.8	6.3	8.2	11	14.5
(400V AC) [kVA]		1.9	2.6	3.4	4.3	5.4	7.7	10.1	13.1	17.6	23.2
Max. Input current		0.9	1.3	1.7	2.1	2.8	3.9	5.0	6.9	9.0	11.0
Continuous (3 x 380-440V) [A] 1.2 1.6 2.2 2.7 3.7 5.0 6.5 9.0 11.7 14.4		0.9	1.3	1.7	2.4	2.7	3.8	5.0	6.5	8.8	11.6
1.2 1.6 2.2 2.7 3.7 5.0 6.5 9.0 11.7 14.4	Max. input current								•		•
1.9 2.6 3.5 4.3 5.9 8.0 10.4 14.4 18.7 23.0		1.2	1.6	2.2	2.7	3.7	5.0	6.5	9.0	11.7	14.4
1.0		1.9	2.6	3.5	4.3	5.9	8.0	10.4	14.4	18.7	23.0
(3 x 441–500V) [A] 1.6 2.2 3.0 4.3 5.0 6.9 9.1 11.8 15.8 20.8		1.0	1.4	1.9	2.7	3.1	4.3	5.7	7.4	9.9	13.0
Max. cable size (line power, motor, brake) [AWG] 24–10 AWG 0.2–4 mm² 24–10 AWG 0.2–4 mm² 0.2–4 mm² 0.2–4 mm² 255 Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] 4) 35 42 46 58 62 88 116 124 187 255 Weight, enclosure IP20 4.7 4.7 4.8 4.8 4.9 4.9 4.9 4.9 4.9 6.6 6.6 Enclosure IP 55, 66 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5		1.6	2.2	3.0	4.3	5.0	6.9	9.1	11.8	15.8	20.8
(line power, motor, brake) 24-10 AWG [AWG] ²⁾ [mm²] 0.2-4 mm² Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] ⁴⁾ 35 42 46 58 62 88 116 124 187 255 Weight, enclosure IP20 4.7 4.7 4.8 4.8 4.9 4.9 4.9 4.9 6.6 6.6 Enclosure IP 55, 66 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 14.2 14.2	Additional specifications								•		
at rated max. load [W] 4) 35 42 46 58 62 88 116 124 187 255 Weight, enclosure IP20 4.7 4.7 4.8 4.8 4.9 4.9 4.9 4.9 4.9 6.6 6.6 Enclosure IP 55, 66 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5	(line power, motor, brake)										
enclosure IP20 4.7 4.8 4.8 4.9 4.9 4.9 4.9 6.6 6.6 Enclosure IP 55, 66 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 14.2 14.2	•	35	42	46	58	62	88	116	124	187	255
		4.7	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	6.6	6.6
Efficiency 4) 0.93 0.95 0.96 0.96 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97	Enclosure IP 55, 66	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	14.2	14.2
	Efficiency 4)	0.93	0.95	0.96	0.96	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97



Specifications



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C 301/	/FC 302	P	11K	P1	15K	P1	18K	P22K	
igh/ N	lormal Load ¹⁾	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO
	Typical Shaft output [kW]	11	15	15	18.5	18.5	22.0	22.0	30.0
	Enclosure IP20		B3	E	33	E	34	В	4
	Enclosure IP21	1	B1	Е	B1		B2		2
	Enclosure IP55, 66	I	B1	E	31	E	32	В	2
utput	current								
	Continuous (3 x 380-440V) [A]	24	32	32	37.5	37.5	44	44	61
	Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 380–440V) [A]	38.4	35.2	51.2	41.3	60	48.4	70.4	67.1
	Continuous (3 x 441–500V) [A]	21	27	27	34	34	40	40	52
	Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 441–500V) [A]	33.6	29.7	43.2	37.4	54.4	44	64	57.2
	Continuous kVA (400V AC) [kVA]	16.6	22.2	22.2	26	26	30.5	30.5	42.3
	Continuous kVA (460V AC) [kVA]		21.5		27.1		31.9		41.4
ax. in	put current								
	Continuous (3 x 380–440V) [A]	22	29	29	34	34	40	40	55
	Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 380–440V) [A]	35.2	31.9	46.4	37.4	54.4	44	64	60.5
	Continuous (3 x 441–500V) [A]	19	25	25	31	31	36	36	47
	Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 441–500V) [A]	30.4	27.5	40	34.1	49.6	39.6	57.6	51.7
dditio	nal specifications						•		
	Max. cable size [mm ² /AWG] ²⁾	1	6/6	16	5/6	3.	5/2	35	/2
	Max cable size with line power disconnect				16/6				
	Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] 4)	291	392	379	465	444	525	547	739
	Weight, enclosure IP20 [kg]		12	1	12	2	3.5	23	3.5
	Weight, enclosure IP21, IP55, 66 [kg]		23	2	23	27		27	
	Efficiency ⁴⁾	0	.98	0.	.98	0.	.98	0.98	



Specifications

VLT Automation Drive Instruction	n
Manual	

Line Pow	er Supply 3 x 380–500 V AC (FC	302), 3 x 38	30-480V AC	(FC 301)							
FC 301/F0	C 302	P3	30K	P3	7K	P4	45K	P5	5K	P7	'5K
High/ No	rmal Load ¹⁾	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO
	Typical Shaft output [kW]	30	37	37	45	45	55	55	75	75	90
	Enclosure IP20	Е	34		:3	(C3	C	4	(.4
	Enclosure IP21	([1		1	(C1	C	.2	(.2
	Enclosure IP55, 66	C1			C1		C1	C2		C2	
Output co	urrent										
	Continuous (3 x 380–440V) [A]	61	73	73	90	90	106	106	147	147	177
	Intermittent (60 sec. overload) (3 x 380–440V) [A]	91.5	80.3	110	99	135	117	159	162	221	195
	Continuous (3 x 441–500V) [A]	52	65	65	80	80	105	105	130	130	160
	Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 441–500V) [A]	78	71.5	97.5	88	120	116	158	143	195	176
	Continuous kVA (400V AC) [kVA]	42.3	50.6	50.6	62.4	62.4	73.4	73.4	102	102	123
	Continuous kVA (460V AC) [kVA]		51.8		63.7		83.7		104		128
Max. inpu	ut current										
	Continuous (3 x 380–440V) [A]	55	66	66	82	82	96	96	133	133	161
	Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 380–440V) [A]	82.5	72.6	99	90.2	123	106	144	146	200	177
	Continuous (3 x 441–500V) [A]	47	59	59	73	73	95	95	118	118	145
	Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 441–500V) [A]	70.5	64.9	88.5	80.3	110	105	143	130	177	160
Additiona	al specifications	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	Max. cable size IP20, line										
	power and motor [mm ² (AWG ²⁾)]	35	(2)	50	(1)	50) (1)	95 ((4/0)	150 (30	0 mcm)
	Max. cable size IP20, load share and brake [mm ² (AWG ²)]	35	(2)	50	(1)	50) (1)	95 ((4/0)	95	(4/0)
	Max. cable size, IP21/55/66 [mm ² (AWG ²⁾)]	90 (3/0)		90 ((3/0)	90	(3/0)	120	(4/0)	120	(4/0)
	Max. cable size with line power disconnect [mm ² (AWG ²)]			35 (35 (2)				70 (3/0)		0 mcm)
	Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] ⁴⁾	570	698	697	843	891	1083	1022	1384	1232	1474
	Weight, enclosure IP21, IP55, 66 [kg]	4	15	4	5	,	45	6	55	6	55
	Efficiency ⁴⁾	0.	98	0.	98	0	.98	0.	98	0.	99

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Specifications

Continuous

(3 x 525-600V) [A] Intermittent

line ro	ower Supply 3 x 525-600V AC (FC 302 only)								
C 302		PK75	P1K1	P1K5	P2K2	P3K0	P4K0	P5K5	P7K5
	Typical Shaft Output [kW]	0.75	1.1	1.5	2.2	3	4	5.5	7.5
	Enclosure IP20, 21	A3							
	Enclosure IP55	A5							
Output	: current	•	•	•		•		•	
-	Continuous (3 x 525–550V) [A]	1.8	2.6	2.9	4.1	5.2	6.4	9.5	11.5
	Intermittent (3 x 525–550V) [A]	2.9	4.2	4.6	6.6	8.3	10.2	15.2	18.4
	Continuous (3 x 551–600V) [A]	1.7	2.4	2.7	3.9	4.9	6.1	9.0	11.0
	Intermittent (3 x 551–600V) [A]	2.7	3.8	4.3	6.2	7.8	9.8	14.4	17.6
	Continuous kVA (525 V AC) [kVA]	1.7	2.5	2.8	3.9	5.0	6.1	9.0	11.0
	Continuous kVA (575V AC) [kVA]	1.7	2.4	2.7	3.9	4.9	6.1	9.0	11.0

4.1

6.6

5.2

8.3

5.8

9.3

8.6

13.8

10.4

16.6

	Maria de la la calcada
Additional	specifications
	(3 x 525-600V) [A]
1	miceminica

Max. input current

iai specifications								
Max. cable size (line power, motor, brake) [AWG] ²⁾ [mm ²]			24–10 AWG 0.2–4 mm ²	24–10 AWG 0.2–4 mm ²				
Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] ⁴⁾	35	50	65	92	122	145	195	261
Weight, Enclosure IP20 [kg]	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.6	6.6
Weight, enclosure IP55 [kg]	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	14.2	14.2
Efficiency 4)	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97

2.7

4.3

1.7

2.7

2.4

3.8



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Specifications

Line Powe	r Supply 3 x 525–600V AC											
FC 302	FC 302		P11K		P15K		P18K		P22K		P30K	
	mal Load ¹⁾	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	
Typical Sh	aft Output [kW]	11	15	15	18.5	18.5	22	22	30	30	37	
	Enclosure IP21, 55, 66		B1	B1			B2		B2		C1	
	Enclosure IP20		B3		B3		B4		B4		B4	
Output cu	rrent											
	Continuous (3 x 525–550V) [A]	19	23	23	28	28	36	36	43	43	54	
	Intermittent (3 x 525–550V) [A]	30	25	37	31	45	40	58	47	65	59	
	Continuous (3 x 525–600V) [A]	18	22	22	27	27	34	34	41	41	52	
	Intermittent (3 x 525–600V) [A]	29	24	35	30	43	37	54	45	62	57	
	Continuous kVA (550V AC) [kVA]	18.1	21.9	21.9	26.7	26.7	34.3	34.3	41.0	41.0	51.4	
	Continuous kVA (575V AC) [kVA]	17.9	21.9	21.9	26.9	26.9	33.9	33.9	40.8	40.8	51.8	
Max. input									l			
	Continuous at 550V [A]	17.2	20.9	20.9	25.4	25.4	32.7	32.7	39	39	49	
	Intermittent at 550V [A]	28	23	33	28	41	36	52	43	59	54	
	Continuous at 575V [A]	16	20	20	24	24	31	31	37	37	47	
	Intermittent at 575 V [A]	26	22	32	27	39	34	50	41	56	52	
Additional	specifications		!		!		!				•	
	Max. cable size IP20 (line power, motor, load share and brake) [mm² (AWG²)]	16(6)			35(2)							
	Max. cable size IP21, 55, 66 (line power, motor, load share and brake) [mm ² (AWG ²))]		16	5(6)		35(2)				90 (3/0)		
	Max. cable size with line power disconnect [mm ² (AWG ²⁾)]				16	5(6)					35(2)	
	Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] 4)		225		285		329		700		700	
	Weight, enclosure IP21, [kg]		23		23		27		27		27	
	Weight, enclosure IP20 [kg]		12		12	23.5			23.5		23.5	
	Efficiency 4)		0.98		0.98		0.98		0.98		0.98	

Specifications



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Line Power Supply 3 x 525–600V AC FC 302		P37K		P45K		P5:	5K	P7	5K
ligh/									
Normal		НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO
.oad*									
	Typical Shaft Output [kW]	37	45	45	55	55	75	75	90
	Enclosure IP21, 55, 66	C1	C1		C1	C			.2
	Enclosure IP20	C3	C3		C3	C	4		4
Output cu									
	Continuous (3 x 525–550V) [A]	54	65	65	87	87	105	105	137
	Intermittent (3 x 525–550V) [A]	81	72	98	96	131	116	158	151
	Continuous (3 x 525–600V) [A]	52	62	62	83	83	100	100	131
	Intermittent (3 x 525–600V) [A]	78	68	93	91	125	110	150	144
	Continuous kVA (550V AC) [kVA]	51.4	61.9	61.9	82.9	82.9	100.0	100.0	130.5
	Continuous kVA (575V AC) [kVA]	51.8	61.7	61.7	82.7	82.7	99.6	99.6	130.5
/lax. input				-				!	
·	Continuous at 550V [A]	49	59	59	78.9	78.9	95.3	95.3	124.3
	Intermittent at 550V [A]	74	65	89	87	118	105	143	137
	Continuous at 575V [A]	47	56	56	75	75	91	91	119
	Intermittent at 575V [A]	70	62	85	83	113	100	137	131
dditional	specifications		1		1				
	Max. cable size IP20 (line power, motor) [mm² (AWG²¹)]		50 (1)		95 (4/0)	150 (30	0 mcm)
	Max. cable size IP20 (load share, brake) [AWG] ²⁾ [mm ²]		50 (1)		95 (4/0)			
	Max. cable size IP21, 55, 66 (line power, motor, load share and brake) [mm² (AWG²)]	90 (3/0)			120 (4/0)				
	Max cable size with line power disconnect		35 (2	2)		70 (3/0)	150 (30	0 mcm)
	Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] 4)		850		1100		1400		1500
	Weight, enclosure IP20 [kg]	3.	5		35	5	0	5	0
	Weight, enclosure IP21, 55 [kg]	4.	5		45	65		6	5
	Efficiency ⁴⁾	0.9	98	1 (0.98	0.9	98	0	98



VLT Automation Drive Instruction Manual

Specifications

FC 302	·	P11K		P1	P15K		18K	P22K		
High/ No	ormal Load ¹⁾	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	
	Typical Shaft output at 550V [kW]	7.5	11	11	15	15	18.5	18.5	22	
	Typical Shaft output at 575V [HP]	11	15	15	20	20	25	25	30	
	Typical Shaft output at 690V [kW]	11	15	15	18.5	18.5	22	22	30	
	Enclosure IP21, 55		B2	В	2	[32	l l	32	
Output (
	Continuous (3 x 525–550V) [A]	14	19	19	23	23	28	28	36	
	Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 525–550V) [A]	22.4	20.9	30.4	25.3	36.8	30.8	44.8	39.6	
	Continuous (3 x 551–690V) [A]	13	18	18	22	22	27	27	34	
	Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 551-690V) [A]	20.8	19.8	28.8	24.2	35.2	29.7	43.2	37.4	
	Continuous KVA (at 550V) [KVA]	13.3	18.1	18.1	21.9	21.9	26.7	26.7	34.3	
	Continuous KVA (at 575V) [KVA]	12.9	17.9	17.9	21.9	21.9	26.9	26.9	33.9	
	Continuous KVA (at 690V) [KVA]	15.5	21.5	21.5	26.3	26.3	32.3	32.3	40.6	
Max. inp	out current									
	Continuous (3 x 525–690V) [A]	15	19.5	19.5	24	24	29	29	36	
	Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 525–690V) [A]	23.2	21.5	31.2	26.4	38.4	31.9	46.4	39.6	
Addition	al specifications									
	Max. cable size, line power, motor, load share and brake [mm² (AWG)]				35 (1/	0)				
	Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] 4)		228	28	285		335		375	
	Weight, enclosure IP21, IP55 [kg]				27					
	Efficiency ⁴⁾).98	0.	98	0	.98	0	.98	



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Line Power Supply 3 x 525-690V AC										
FC 302	P30K		P37K		P45K		P55K		P75K	
High/ Normal Load*	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO
Typical Shaft output at 550V [kW]	22	30	30	37	37	45	45	55	55	75
Typical Shaft output at 575V [HP]	30	40	40	50	50	60	60	75	75	100
Typical Shaft output at 690V [kW]	30	37	37	45	45	55	55	75	75	90
Enclosure IP21, 55	(2		2	(Č2		2		2
Output current										
Continuous (3 x 525–550V) [A]	36	43	43	54	54	65	65	87	87	105
Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 525–550V) [A]	54	47.3	64.5	59.4	81	71.5	97.5	95.7	130.5	115.5
Continuous (3 x 551–690V) [A]	34	41	41	52	52	62	62	83	83	100
Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 551–690V) [A]	51	45.1	61.5	57.2	78	68.2	93	91.3	124.5	110
Continuous KVA (at 550V) [KVA]	34.3	41.0	41.0	51.4	51.4	61.9	61.9	82.9	82.9	100.0
Continuous KVA (at 575V) [KVA]	33.9	40.8	40.8	51.8	51.8	61.7	61.7	82.7	82.7	99.6
Continuous KVA (at 690V) [KVA]	40.6	49.0	49.0	62.1	62.1	74.1	74.1	99.2	99.2	119.5
Max. input current										
Continuous (at 550V) [A]	36	49	49	59	59	71	71	87	87	99
Continuous (at 575V) [A]	54	53.9	72	64.9	87	78.1	105	95.7	129	108.9
Additional specifications		•	•							
Max. cable size, line power, motor, load share and brake [mm² (AWG)]		95 (4/0)								
Estimated power loss at rated max. load [W] ⁴⁾	4	80	59	92	720		880		12	:00
Weight, enclosure IP21, IP55 [kg]	_				65					_
Efficiency ⁴⁾	0.	.98	0.9	98	0	.98	0.	98	0.	98

For fuse ratings, see 10.3.1 Fuses

Specifications

- 1) High overload = 160% torque during 60 sec., Normal overload = 110% torque during 60 sec.
- 2) American Wire Gauge.
- 3) Measured using 16.4 ft [5 m] shielded motor cables at rated load and rated frequency.
- 4) The typical power loss is at nominal load conditions and expected to be within +/-15% (tolerance relates to variety in voltage and cable conditions).

Values are based on a typical motor efficiency (eff2/eff3 border line). Motors with lower efficiency will also add to the power loss in the adjustable frequency drive and opposite.

If the switching frequency is increased compared to the default setting, the power losses may rise significantly.

LCP and typical control card power consumptions are included. Further options and customer load may add up to 30W to the losses. (Though typical, only 4 W extra for a fully loaded control card, or options for slot A or slot B, each.)

 $Although \ measurements \ are \ made \ with \ state \ of \ the \ art \ equipment, \ some \ measurement \ inaccuracy \ must \ be \ allowed \ for \ (+/-5\%).$

10.2 General Technical Data

Line	power	supply	(L1,	L2,	L3):
------	-------	--------	------	-----	------

Supply voltage	200-240 V ±10%
Supply voltage	FC 301: 380-480 V / FC 302: 380-500 V ±10%
	FC 302: 525–600 V ±10%
Supply voltage	FC 302: 525–690 V ±10%

AC line voltage low / line drop-out:

During low AC line voltage or a line drop-out, the FC continues until the intermediate circuit voltage drops below the minimum stop level, which corresponds typically to 15% below the adjustable frequency drive's lowest rated supply voltage. Power-up and full torque cannot be expected at AC line voltage lower than 10% below the adjustable frequency drive's lowest rated supply voltage.

Supply frequency	50/60 Hz ±5%
Max. imbalance temporary between line phases	3.0% of rated supply voltage
True Power Factor (λ)	≥ 0.9 nominal at rated load
Displacement Power Factor (cos φ)	near unity (> 0.98)
Switching on input supply L1, L2, L3 (power-ups) ≤10 hp [7.5 kW]	maximum 2 times/min.
Switching on input supply L1, L2, L3 (power-ups) 15–100 hp [11–75 kW]	maximum 1 time/min.
Switching on input supply L1, L2, L3 (power-ups) ≥125 hp [90 kW]	maximum 1 time/2 min.
Environment according to EN60664-1	overvoltage category III/pollution degree 2

The unit is suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100,000 RMS symmetrical Amperes, 240/500/600/ 690 V maximum.

Motor output (U, V, W):

Output voltage	0–100% of supply voltage
Output frequency (0.33–10 hp [0.25–75 kW])	FC 301: 0.2-1000Hz / FC 302: 0 - 1000Hz
Output frequency (125–1350 hp [90–1000 kW])	0-800 ¹⁾ Hz
Output frequency in flux mode (FC 302 only)	0-300Hz
Switching on output	Unlimited
Ramp times	0.01–3600 sec.

¹⁾ Voltage and power dependent

Torque characteristics:

Starting torque (Constant torque)	maximum 160% for 60 sec. ¹⁾
Starting torque	maximum 180% up to 0.5 sec. ¹⁾
Overload torque (Constant torque)	maximum 160% for 60 sec. ¹⁾
Starting torque (Variable torque)	maximum 110% for 60 sec. ¹⁾
Overload torque (Variable torque)	maximum 110% for 60 sec.

Torque rise time in (independent of fsw) 10 ms
Torque rise time in FLUX (for 5 kHz fsw) 1 ms

Digital inputs:

Programmable digital inputs	FC 301: 4 (5) ¹⁾ / FC 302: 4 (6) ¹⁾
Terminal number	18, 19, 27 ¹⁾ , 29 ¹⁾ , 32, 33,
Logic	PNP or NPN
Voltage level	0-24V DC
Voltage level, logic'0' PNP	< 5V DC
Voltage level, logic'1' PNP	> 10V DC
Voltage level, logic '0' NPN ²⁾	> 19V DC
Voltage level, logic '1' NPN ²⁾	< 14V DC
Maximum voltage on input	28V DC

¹⁾ Percentage relates to the nominal torque.

²⁾ The torque response time depends on application and load but as a general rule, the torque step from 0 to reference is $4-5 \times 10^{-2}$ torque rise time.



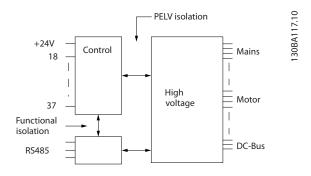
Specifications	VLT*AutomationDrive Instruction Manual	
-1.6		
(Duty cycle) Min. pulse width		4.5 ms
Input resistance, R _i		approx. 4 kΩ
Safe stop Terminal 37 ^{3, 4)} (Termina Voltage level Voltage level, logic'0' PNP	1 37 13 HACO TWI TOGIC).	0–24V DC < 4V DC
Voltage level, logic'1' PNP		, 20
Maximum voltage on input		28V DC
Nominal input current at 24V		50mA rms
Nominal input current at 20V		60mA rms
Input capacitance		400nF

All digital inputs are galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

Analog inputs:

Number of analog inputs	2
Terminal number	53, 54
Modes	Voltage or current
Mode select	Switch S201 and switch S202
Voltage mode	Switch S201/switch S202 = OFF (U)
Voltage level	FC 301: 0-+10/ FC 302: -10-+10 V (scaleable)
Input resistance, R _i	approx. 10 kΩ
Max. voltage	± 20 V
Current mode	Switch S201/switch S202 = ON (I)
Current level	0/4 to 20 mA (scaleable)
Input resistance, R _i	approx. 200 Ω
Max. current	30 mA
Resolution for analog inputs	10 bit (+ sign)
Accuracy of analog inputs	Max. error 0.5% of full scale
Bandwidth	FC 301: 20 Hz/ FC 302: 100 Hz

The analog inputs are galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.



¹⁾ Terminals 27 and 29 can also be programmed as output.

²⁾ Except safe stop input Terminal 37.

³⁾ Terminal 37 is only available in FC 302 and FC 301 A1 with Safe Stop. It can only be used as safe stop input. Terminal 37 is suitable for PL d (ISO13849-1), SIL 2 (IEC 61508) and SILCL 2 (EN 62061) and implements a safe stop function in accordance with Safe Torque Off (STO, EN 61800-5-2) and Stop Category 0 (EN 60204-1). Terminal 37 and the Safe Stop function are designed in conformance with EN 60204-1, EN 61800-5-1, EN 61800-2, EN 61800-3, and EN 954-1. For correct and safe use of the safe stop function, follow the related information and instructions in the Design Guide.

⁴⁾ When using a contactor with a DC coil inside and in combination with safe stop, it is important to provide a return path for the current from the coil when turning it off. This can be done by using a freewheel diode (or, alternatively, a 30 or 50 V MOV for quicker response time) across the coil. Typical contactors can be bought with this diode.



Max. error: 0.05% of full scale

	July -
Specifications	VLT Automation Drive Instruction Manual
Pulse/encoder inputs:	
Programmable pulse/encoder inputs	2/
Terminal number pulse/encoder	29 ¹⁾ , 33 ²⁾ / 32 ³⁾ , 33 ⁻
Max. frequency at terminal 29, 32, 33	110 kHz (push-pull driver
Max. frequency at terminal 29, 32, 33	5 kHz (open collector
Min. frequency at terminal 29, 32, 33	4 H
Voltage level	see section on Digital inpu
Maximum voltage on input	28V D
Input resistance, R _i	approx. 4ks
Pulse input accuracy (0.1–1 kHz)	Max. error: 0.1% of full scal

The pulse and encoder inputs (terminals 29, 32, 33) are galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

Encoder input accuracy (1–11 kHz)

Digital output:

Programmable digital/pulse outputs	2
Terminal number	27, 29 ¹⁾
Voltage level at digital/frequency output	0-24V
Max. output current (sink or source)	40mA
Max. load at frequency output	1kΩ
Max. capacitive load at frequency output	10nF
Minimum output frequency at frequency output	0Hz
Maximum output frequency at frequency output	32kHz
Accuracy of frequency output	Max. error: 0.1% of full scale
Resolution of frequency outputs	12 bit

¹⁾ Terminal 27 and 29 can also be programmed as input.

The digital output is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

Analog output:

Number of programmable analog outputs	1
Terminal number	42
Current range at analog output	0/4–20mA
Max. load GND - analog output	500Ω
Accuracy on analog output	Max. error: 0.5% of full scale
Resolution on analog output	12 bit

The analog output is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

Control card, 24 V DC output:

Terminal number	12, 13
Output voltage	24 V +1, -3 V
Max. load	FC 301: 130 mA/ FC 302: 200 mA

The 24 V DC supply is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV), but has the same potential as the analog and digital inputs and outputs.

Control card, 10V DC output:

Terminal number	50
Output voltage	10.5V ±0.5V
Max. load	15 mA

The 10V DC supply is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

¹⁾ FC 302 only

²⁾ Pulse inputs are 29 and 33

³⁾ Encoder inputs: 32 = A, and 33 = B



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Control card, RS-485 serial communication:

Terminal number 68 (P,TX+, RX+), 69 (N,TX-, RX-)
Terminal number 61 Common for terminals 68 and 69

The RS-485 serial communication circuit is functionally separated from other central circuits and galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV).

Control card, USB serial communication:

USB standard 1.1 (Full speed)
USB plug USB type B "device" plug

Connection to PC is carried out via a standard host/device USB cable.

The USB connection is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

The USB ground connection is <u>not</u> galvanically isolated from protection ground. Use only an isolated laptop as PC connection to the USB connector on the adjustable frequency drive.

Relay outputs:

Specifications

Programmable relay outputs	FC 301all kW: 1 / FC 302 all kW: 2
Relay 01 Terminal number	1-3 (break), 1-2 (make)
Max. terminal load (AC-1) ¹⁾ on 1-3 (NC), 1-2 (NO) (Resistive load)	240V AC, 2A
Max. terminal load (AC-15) ¹⁾ (Inductive load @ cosφ 0.4)	240V AC, 0.2A
Max. terminal load (DC-1) ¹⁾ on 1-2 (NO), 1-3 (NC) (Resistive load)	60V DC, 1A
Max. terminal load (DC-13) ¹⁾ (Inductive load)	24 V DC, 0.1A
Relay 02 (FC 302 only) Terminal number	4-6 (break), 4-5 (make)
Max. terminal load (AC-1) ¹⁾ on 4-5 (NO) (Resistive load) ²⁾³⁾ Overvoltage cat. II	400V AC, 2A
Max. terminal load (AC-15) ¹⁾ on 4-5 (NO) (Inductive load @ cosφ 0.4)	240V AC, 0.2A
Max. terminal load (DC-1) ¹⁾ on 4-5 (NO) (Resistive load)	80V DC, 2A
Max. terminal load (DC-13) ¹⁾ on 4-5 (NO) (Inductive load)	24 V DC, 0.1A
Max. terminal load (AC-1) ¹⁾ on 4-6 (NC) (Resistive load)	240V AC, 2A
Max. terminal load (AC-15) ¹⁾ on 4-6 (NC) (Inductive load @ cosφ 0.4)	240V AC, 0.2A
Max. terminal load (DC-1) ¹⁾ on 4-6 (NC) (Resistive load)	50V DC, 2A
Max. terminal load (DC-13) ¹⁾ on 4-6 (NC) (Inductive load)	24 V DC, 0.1A
Min. terminal load on 1-3 (NC), 1-2 (NO), 4-6 (NC), 4-5 (NO)	24V DC 10mA, 24V AC 20mA
Environment according to EN 60664-1	overvoltage category III/pollution degree 2

¹⁾ IEC 60947 part 4 and 5

The relay contacts are galvanically isolated from the rest of the circuit by reinforced isolation (PELV).

Cable lengths and cross-sections for control cables¹⁾:

Max. motor cable length, shielded	FC 301: 164 ft [50 m]/FC 301 (A1): 82	ft [25 m]/ FC 302: 492 ft [150 m]
Max. motor cable length, non-shielded	FC 301: 246 ft [75 m]/FC 301 (A1): 164	ft [50 m]/ FC 302: 984 ft [300 m]
Maximum cross-section to control terminals,	flexible/ rigid wire without cable end sleeves	0.0023 in ² [1.5mm ²]/ 16 AWG
Maximum cross-section to control terminals,	flexible wire with cable end sleeves	0.0016 in ² [1 mm ²]/ 18 AWG
Maximum cross-section to control terminals,	flexible wire with cable end sleeves with collar	0.0008 in ² [0.5mm ²]/ 20 AWG
Minimum cross-section to control terminals		0.00039 in ² [0.25mm ²]/ 24AWG

¹⁾Power cables, see tables in 10.1 Power-dependent Specifications.

Control card performance:

control card performances	
Scan interval	FC 301: 5 ms / FC 302: 1 ms
Control characteristics:	
Resolution of output frequency at 0–1000Hz	± 0.003Hz
Repeat accuracy of <i>Precise start/stop</i> (terminals 18, 19)	≤± 0.1msec
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33)	≤ 2ms
Speed control range (open-loop)	1:100 of synchronous speed
Speed control range (closed-loop)	1:1000 of synchronous speed

²⁾ Overvoltage Category II

³⁾ UL applications 300V AC2A



Manu	
Speed accuracy (open-loop)	30–4000 rpm: error ±8rpm
Speed accuracy (closed-loop), depending on resol	tion of feedback device 0–6000 rpm: error ±0.15 rpm
Torque control accuracy (speed feedback)	max error±5% of rated torque
All control characteristics are based on a 4-pole asy	nchronous motor
Environment:	
Enclosure	IP20 ¹⁾ / Type 1, IP21 ²⁾ / Type 1, IP55/ Type 12, IP 66
Vibration test	1.0g
Max. relative humidity	5%–93% (IEC 721-3-3; Class 3K3 (non-condensing) during operation
Aggressive environment (IEC 60068-2-43) H_2S test	class Kd
Ambient temperature ³⁾	Max. 122°F [50°C] (24-hour average maximum 113°F [45°C])
1) Only for ≤ 5 hp [3.7 kW] (200–240V), \leq 10 hp [7.5]	kW] (400–480/ 500V)
²⁾ As enclosure kit for ≤ 5 hp [3.7 kW] (200–240V), ≤	10 hp [7.5 kW] (400–480/ 500V)
³⁾ Derating for high ambient temperature, see speci	l conditions in the Design Guide
Minimum ambient temperature during full-scale of	peration 32°F [0°C]
Minimum ambient temperature at reduced perfor	nance 14°F [-10°C]
Lamparatura during storaga/transport	-13°–149°/158°F [-25°–+65°/70°C]
Maximum altitude above sea level without deratir	
Derating for high altitude, see special conditions in	he Design Guide.
EMC standards, Emission	EN 61800-3, EN 61000-6-3/4, EN 55011
	EN 61800-3, EN 61000-6-1/2,

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See section on special conditions in the Design Guide.

Protection and Features:

EMC standards, Immunity

Specifications

- Electronic thermal motor protection against overload.
- Temperature monitoring of the heatsink ensures that the adjustable frequency drive trips if the temperature reaches a predefined level. An overload temperature cannot be reset until the temperature of the heatsink is below the values stated in the tables on the following pages (guideline these temperatures may vary for different power sizes, frame sizes, enclosure ratings, etc.).

EN 61000-4-2, EN 61000-4-3, EN 61000-4-4, EN 61000-4-5, EN 61000-4-6

- The adjustable frequency drive is protected against short-circuits on motor terminals U, V, W.
- If a line phase is missing, the adjustable frequency drive trips or issues a warning (depending on the load).
- Monitoring of the intermediate circuit voltage ensures that the adjustable frequency drive trips if the intermediate circuit voltage is too low or too high.
- The adjustable frequency drive constantly checks for critical levels of internal temperature, load current, high voltage on the intermediate circuit and low motor speeds. As a response to a critical level, the adjustable frequency drive can adjust the switching frequency and/or change the switching pattern in order to ensure the performance of the adjustable frequency drive.



10.3 Fuse Tables

It is recommended to use fuses and/or circuit breakers on the supply side as protection in case of component breakdown inside the adjustable frequency drive (first fault).

NOTE!

This is mandatory in order to ensure compliance with IEC 60364 for CE or NEC 2009 for UL.

AWARNING

Personnel and property must be protected against the consequence of component breakdown internally in the adjustable frequency drive.

Branch Circuit Protection

In order to protect the installation against electrical and fire hazard, all branch circuits in an installation, switch gear, machines etc., must be protected against short-circuit and overcurrent according to national/international regulations.

NOTE!

The recommendations given do not cover branch circuit protection for UL!

Short-circuit protection:

Danfoss recommends using the fuses/circuit breakers mentioned below to protect service personnel and property in case of component breakdown in the adjustable frequency drive.

Overcurrent protection:

The adjustable frequency drive provides overload protection to limit threats to human life, property damage and to avoid fire hazard due to overheating of the cables in the installation. The adjustable frequency drive is equipped with an internal overcurrent protection (4-18 Current Limit) that can be used for upstream overload protection (UL applications excluded). Moreover, fuses or circuit breakers can be used to provide the overcurrent protection in the installation. Overcurrent protection must always be carried out according to national regulations.

10.3.1 Recommendations

AWARNING

In case of malfunction, not following the recommendation may result in personnel risk and damage to the adjustable frequency drive and other equipment. The following tables list the recommended rated current. Recommended fuses are of the type gG for small to medium power sizes. For larger powers, aR fuses are recommended. For circuit breakers, Moeller types have been tested to have a recommendation. Other types of circuit breakers may be used provide they limit the energy into the Adjustable frequency drive to a level equal to or lower than the Moeller types.

If fuses/circuit breakers according to recommendations are chosen, possible damage to the adjustable frequency drive will mainly be limited to damage inside the unit.

For further information, please see Application Note *Fuses* and *Circuit Breakers*, MN.90.TX.YY



10.3.2 CE Compliance

Fuses or circuit breakers are mandatory to comply with IEC 60364. Danfoss recommend using a selection of the following.

The fuses below are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering 100,000 Arms (symmetrical), 240V, or 480V, or 500V, or 600V depending on the Adjustable frequency drive voltage rating. With the proper fusing, the Adjustable frequency drive short circuit current rating (SCCR) is 100,000 Arms.

Enclosure	FC 300 Power	Recommended	Recommended	Recommended circuit	Max. trip level
		fuse size	Max. fuse	breaker	
Size	[kW]			Moeller	[A]
A1	0.25-1.5	gG-10	gG-25	PKZM0-16	16
A2	0.25-2.2	gG-10 (0.25-1.5)	gG-25	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-16 (2.2)			
A3	3.0-3.7	gG-16 (3)	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-20 (3.7)			
В3	5.5	gG-25	gG-63	PKZM4-50	50
B4	7.5–1.5	gG-32 (7.5)	gG-125	NZMB1-A100	100
		gG-50 (11)			
		gG-63 (15)			
C3	18.5–22	gG-80 (18.5)	gG-150 (18.5)	NZMB2-A200	150
		aR-125 (22)	aR-160 (22)		
C4	30–37	aR-160 (30)	aR-200 (30)	NZMB2-A250	250
		aR-200 (37)	aR-250 (37)		
A4	0.25-2.2	gG-10 (0.25–1.5)	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-16 (2.2)			
A5	0.25-3.7	gG-10 (0.25-1.5)	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-16 (2.2-3)			
		gG-20 (3.7)			
B1	5.5-7.5	gG-25 (5.5)	gG-80	PKZM4-63	63
		gG-32 (7.5)			
B2	11	gG-50	gG-100	NZMB1-A100	100
C1	15–22	gG-63 (15)	gG-160 (15–18.5)	NZMB2-A200	160
		gG-80 (18.5)	aR-160 (22)		
		gG-100 (22)			
C2	30–37	aR-160 (30)	aR-200 (30)	NZMB2-A250	250
		aR-200 (37)	aR-250 (37)		

Table 10.1 200-240V, Frame Sizes A, B, and C

$\label{lem:VLT} \textbf{VLT}^\bullet \textbf{Automation} \\ \textbf{Drive Instruction}$ Manual

Enclosure	FC 300 Power	Recommended	Recommended	Recommended circuit	Max. trip level
		fuse size	Max. fuse	breaker	
Size	[kW]			Moeller	[A]
A1	0.37-1.5	gG-10	gG-25	PKZM0-16	16
A2	0.37-4.0	gG-10 (0.37-3)	gG-25	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-16 (4)			
А3	5.5–7.5	gG-16	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
В3	11–15	gG-40	gG-63	PKZM4-50	50
B4	18.5–30	gG-50 (18.5)	gG-125	NZMB1-A100	100
		gG-63 (22)			
		gG-80 (30)			
C3	37–45	gG-100 (37)	gG-150 (37)	NZMB2-A200	150
		gG-160 (45)	gG-160 (45)		
C4	55–75	aR-200 (55)	aR-250	NZMB2-A250	250
		aR-250 (75)			
A4	0.37-4	gG-10 (0.37-3)	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-16 (4)			
A5	0.37-7.5	gG-10 (0.37-3)	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-16 (4-7.5)			
B1	11–15	gG-40	gG-80	PKZM4-63	63
B2	18.5–22	gG-50 (18.5)	gG-100	NZMB1-A100	100
		gG-63 (22)			
C1	30–45	gG-80 (30)	gG-160	NZMB2-A200	160
		gG-100 (37)			
		gG-160 (45)			
C2	55–75	aR-200 (55)	aR-250	NZMB2-A250	250
		aR-250 (75)			
		gG-300 (90)	gG-300 (90)		
		gG-350 (110)	gG-350 (110)		
D	90–200	gG-400 (132)	gG-400 (132)	-	-
		gG-500 (160)	gG-500 (160)		
		gG-630 (200)	gG-630 (200)		
_	250, 400	aR-700 (250)	aR-700 (250)		
E	250–400	aR-900 (315-400)	aR-900 (315–400)	-	-
		aR-1600 (450-500)	aR-1600 (450-500)		
F	450-800	aR-2000 (560-630)	aR-2000 (7560–630)	-	-
		aR-2500 (710-800)	aR-2500 (710–800)		

Table 10.2 380–500V, Frame Sizes A, B, C, D, E, and F $\,$



VLT*AutomationDrive Instruction Manual

Enclosure	FC 300 Power	Recommended	Recommended	Recommended circuit	Max. trip level	
		fuse size	Max. fuse	breaker		
Size [kW]				Moeller	[A]	
A2	0.75-4.0	gG-10	gG-25	PKZM0-25	25	
A3	5.5-7.5	gG-10 (5.5)	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25	
		gG-16 (7.5)				
В3	11–15	gG-25 (11)	gG-63	PKZM4-50	50	
		gG-32 (15)				
B4	18.5–30	gG-40 (18.5)	gG-125	NZMB1-A100	100	
		gG-50 (22)				
		gG-63 (30)				
C3	37–45	gG-63 (37)	gG-150	NZMB2-A200	150	
		gG-100 (45)				
C4	55–75	aR-160 (55)	aR-250	NZMB2-A250	250	
		aR-200 (75)				
A5	0.75–7.5	gG-10 (0.75-5.5)	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25	
		gG-16 (7.5)				
B1	11–18	gG-25 (11)	gG-80	PKZM4-63	63	
		gG-32 (15)				
		gG-40 (18.5)				
B2	22–30	gG-50 (22)	gG-100	NZMB1-A100	100	
		gG-63 (30)				
C1	37–55	gG-63 (37)	gG-160 (37–45)	NZMB2-A200	160	
		gG-100 (45)	aR-250 (55)			
		aR-160 (55)				
C2	75	aR-200 (75)	aR-250	NZMB2-A250	250	

Table 10.3 525–600V, Frame Sizes A, B, and C

Specifications



Specifications

Enclosure	FC 300 Power	Recommended	Recommended	Recommended circuit	Max. trip level	
		fuse size	Max. fuse	breaker		
Size	[kW]			Moeller	[A]	
B2	11	gG-25 (11)	gG-63	-	-	
	15	gG-32 (15)				
	18	gG-32 (18)				
	22	gG-40 (22)				
C2	30	gG-63 (30)	gG-80 (30)	-	-	
	37	gG-63 (37)	gG-100 (37)			
	45	gG-80 (45)	gG-125 (45)			
	55	gG-100 (55)	gG-160 (55–75)			
	75	gG-125 (75)				
		gG-125 (37)	gG-125 (37)			
		gG-160 (45)	gG-160 (45)			
		gG-200 (55–75)	gG-200 (55–75)			
		aR-250 (90)	aR-250 (90)			
D	37–315	aR-315 (110)	aR-315 (110)	-	-	
		aR-350 (132–160)	aR-350 (132–160)			
		aR-400 (200)	aR-400 (200)			
		aR-500 (250)	aR-500 (250)			
		aR-550 (315)	aR-550 (315)			
Е	355–560	aR-700 (355–400)	aR-700 (355–400)			
	333-300	aR-900 (500-560)	aR-900 (500–560)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
		aR-1600 (630–900)	aR-1600 (630–900)			
F	630-1200	aR-2000 (1000)	aR-2000 (1000)	-	-	
		aR-2500 (1200)	aR-2500 (1200)			

Table 10.4 525–690V, Frame Sizes B, C, D, E, and F

UL Compliance

Fuses or circuit breakers are mandatory to comply with NEC 2009. We recommend using a selection of the following.

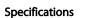
The fuses below are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering 100,000 Arms (symmetrical), 240V, or 480V, or 500V, or 600V depending on the Adjustable frequency drive voltage rating. With the proper fusing, the drive Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) is 100,000 Arms.

			Recommended max. f	use		
FC 300 Power	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann
[kW]	Type RK1 1)	Type J	Type T	Type CC	Type CC	Type CC
0.25-0.37	KTN-R-05	JKS-05	JJN-05	FNQ-R-5	KTK-R-5	LP-CC-5
0.55-1.1	KTN-R-10	JKS-10	JJN-10	FNQ-R-10	KTK-R-10	LP-CC-10
1.5	KTN-R-15	JKS-15	JJN-15	FNQ-R-15	KTK-R-15	LP-CC-15
2.2	KTN-R-20	JKS-20	JJN-20	FNQ-R-20	KTK-R-20	LP-CC-20
3.0	KTN-R-25	JKS-25	JJN-25	FNQ-R-25	KTK-R-25	LP-CC-25
3.7	KTN-R-30	JKS-30	JJN-30	FNQ-R-30	KTK-R-30	LP-CC-30
5.5	KTN-R-50	KS-50	JJN-50	-	-	-
7.5	KTN-R-60	JKS-60	JJN-60	-	=	-
11	KTN-R-80	JKS-80	JJN-80	-	-	-
15–18.5	KTN-R-125	JKS-125	JJN-125	-	-	-
30 [22]	KTN-R-150	JKS-150	JJN-150	-	-	-
40 [30]	KTN-R-200	JKS-200	JJN-200	-	-	-
37	KTN-R-250	JKS-250	JJN-250	-	-	-

Table 10.5 200-240V, Frame Sizes A, B, and C

	Recommended max. fuse						
FC 300	CIDA	the Land	Ferraz-	Ferraz-			
Power	SIBA	Littel fuse	Shawmut	Shawmut			
[kW]	Type RK1	Type RK1	Type CC	Type RK1 ³⁾			
0.25-0.37	5017906-005	KLN-R-05	ATM-R-05	A2K-05-R			
0.55-1.1	5017906-010	KLN-R-10	ATM-R-10	A2K-10-R			
1.5	5017906-016	KLN-R-15	ATM-R-15	A2K-15-R			
2.2	5017906-020	KLN-R-20	ATM-R-20	A2K-20-R			
3.0	5017906-025	KLN-R-25	ATM-R-25	A2K-25-R			
3.7	5012406-032	KLN-R-30	ATM-R-30	A2K-30-R			
5.5	5014006-050	KLN-R-50	-	A2K-50-R			
7.5	5014006-063	KLN-R-60	-	A2K-60-R			
11	5014006-080	KLN-R-80	-	A2K-80-R			
15–18.5	2028220-125	KLN-R-125	-	A2K-125-R			
22	2028220-150	KLN-R-150	-	A2K-150-R			
30	2028220-200	KLN-R-200	-	A2K-200-R			
37	2028220-250	KLN-R-250	-	A2K-250-R			

Table 10.6 200-240V, Frame Sizes A, B, and C



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		Recommended max. fuse		
FC 300	Bussmann	Littel fuse	Ferraz- Shawmut	Ferraz- Shawmut
[kW]	Type JFHR2 ²⁾	JFHR2	JFHR2 ⁴⁾	J
0.25-0.37	FWX-5	-	-	HSJ-6
0.55-1.1	FWX-10	-	-	HSJ-10
1.5	FWX-15	-	-	HSJ-15
2.2	FWX-20	-	-	HSJ-20
3.0	FWX-25	-	-	HSJ-25
3.7	FWX-30	-	-	HSJ-30
5.5	FWX-50	-	-	HSJ-50
7.5	FWX-60	-	-	HSJ-60
11	FWX-80	-	-	HSJ-80
15–18.5	FWX-125	-	-	HSJ-125
22	FWX-150	L25S-150	A25X-150	HSJ-150
30	FWX-200	L25S-200	A25X-200	HSJ-200
37	FWX-250	L25S-250	A25X-250	HSJ-250

Table 10.7 200–240V, Frame Sizes A, B, and C $\,$

- 1) KTS fuses from Bussmann may substitute KTN for 240V adjustable frequency drives.
- 2) FWH fuses from Bussmann may substitute FWX for 240V adjustable frequency drives.
- 3) A6KR fuses from FERRAZ SHAWMUT may substitute A2KR for 240V adjustable frequency drives.
- 4) A50X fuses from FERRAZ SHAWMUT may substitute A25X for 240V adjustable frequency drives.

	Recommended max. fuse							
FC 300	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann		
[kW]	Type RK1	Type J	Type T	Type CC	Type CC	Type CC		
0.37-1.1	KTS-R-6	JKS-6	JJS-6	FNQ-R-6	KTK-R-6	LP-CC-6		
1.5-2.2	KTS-R-10	JKS-10	JJS-10	FNQ-R-10	KTK-R-10	LP-CC-10		
3	KTS-R-15	JKS-15	JJS-15	FNQ-R-15	KTK-R-15	LP-CC-15		
4	KTS-R-20	JKS-20	JJS-20	FNQ-R-20	KTK-R-20	LP-CC-20		
5.5	KTS-R-25	JKS-25	JJS-25	FNQ-R-25	KTK-R-25	LP-CC-25		
7.5	KTS-R-30	JKS-30	JJS-30	FNQ-R-30	KTK-R-30	LP-CC-30		
11	KTS-R-40	JKS-40	JJS-40	-	-	-		
15	KTS-R-50	JKS-50	JJS-50	-	-	-		
18	KTS-R-60	JKS-60	JJS-60	-	-	-		
22	KTS-R-80	JKS-80	JJS-80	-	-	-		
30	KTS-R-100	JKS-100	JJS-100	-	-	-		
37	KTS-R-125	JKS-125	JJS-125	-	-	-		
45	KTS-R-150	JKS-150	JJS-150	-	-	-		
55	KTS-R-200	JKS-200	JJS-200	-	-	-		
75	KTS-R-250	JKS-250	JJS-250	-	-	-		

Table 10.8 380-500V, Frame Sizes A, B, and C



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	Recommended max. fuse						
FC 302	SIBA	Littel fuse	Ferraz-	Ferraz-			
FC 302	SIDA	Litter ruse	Shawmut	Shawmut			
[kW]	Type RK1	Type RK1	Type CC	Type RK1			
0.37-1.1	5017906-006	KLS-R-6	ATM-R-6	A6K-6-R			
1.5-2.2	5017906-010	KLS-R-10	ATM-R-10	A6K-10-R			
3	5017906-016	KLS-R-15	ATM-R-15	A6K-15-R			
4	5017906-020	KLS-R-20	ATM-R-20	A6K-20-R			
5.5	5017906-025	KLS-R-25	ATM-R-25	A6K-25-R			
7.5	5012406-032	KLS-R-30	ATM-R-30	A6K-30-R			
11	5014006-040	KLS-R-40	-	A6K-40-R			
15	5014006-050	KLS-R-50	-	A6K-50-R			
18	5014006-063	KLS-R-60	-	A6K-60-R			
22	2028220-100	KLS-R-80	-	A6K-80-R			
30	2028220-125	KLS-R-100	-	A6K-100-R			
37	2028220-125	KLS-R-125	-	A6K-125-R			
45	2028220-160	KLS-R-150	-	A6K-150-R			
55	2028220-200	KLS-R-200	-	A6K-200-R			
75	2028220-250	KLS-R-250	-	A6K-250-R			

Table 10.9 380–500V, Frame Sizes A, B, and C $\,$

	Recommended max. fuse							
FC 302	Bussmann	Ferraz-Shawmut	Ferraz-Shawmut	Littel fuse				
[kW]	JFHR2	J	JFHR2 ¹⁾	JFHR2				
0.37-1.1	FWH-6	HSJ-6	-	-				
1.5-2.2	FWH-10	HSJ-10	-	-				
3	FWH-15	HSJ-15	-	-				
4	FWH-20	HSJ-20	-	-				
5.5	FWH-25	HSJ-25	-	-				
7.5	FWH-30	HSJ-30	-	-				
11	FWH-40	HSJ-40	-	-				
15	FWH-50	HSJ-50	-	-				
18	FWH-60	HSJ-60	-	-				
22	FWH-80	HSJ-80	-	-				
30	FWH-100	HSJ-100	-	-				
37	FWH-125	HSJ-125	-	-				
45	FWH-150	HSJ-150	-	-				
55	FWH-200	HSJ-200	A50-P-225	L50-S-225				
75	FWH-250	HSJ-250	A50-P-250	L50-S-250				

Table 10.10 380-500V, Frame Sizes A, B, and C

1) Ferraz-Shawmut A50QS fuses may substitute for A50P fuses.

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			Recommended max.	fuse		
FC 302	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann
[kW]	Type RK1	Type J	Type T	Type CC	Type CC	Type CC
0.75-1.1	KTS-R-5	JKS-5	JJS-6	FNQ-R-5	KTK-R-5	LP-CC-5
1.5-2.2	KTS-R-10	JKS-10	JJS-10	FNQ-R-10	KTK-R-10	LP-CC-10
3	KTS-R15	JKS-15	JJS-15	FNQ-R-15	KTK-R-15	LP-CC-15
4	KTS-R20	JKS-20	JJS-20	FNQ-R-20	KTK-R-20	LP-CC-20
5.5	KTS-R-25	JKS-25	JJS-25	FNQ-R-25	KTK-R-25	LP-CC-25
7.5	KTS-R-30	JKS-30	JJS-30	FNQ-R-30	KTK-R-30	LP-CC-30
11	KTS-R-35	JKS-35	JJS-35	-	-	-
15	KTS-R-45	JKS-45	JJS-45	-	-	-
18	KTS-R-50	JKS-50	JJS-50	-	-	-
22	KTS-R-60	JKS-60	JJS-60	-	-	-
30	KTS-R-80	JKS-80	JJS-80	-	-	-
37	KTS-R-100	JKS-100	JJS-100	-	-	-
45	KTS-R-125	JKS-125	JJS-125	-	-	-
55	KTS-R-150	JKS-150	JJS-150	-	-	-
75	KTS-R-175	JKS-175	JJS-175	-	-	-

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Table 10.11 525-600V, Frame Sizes A, B, and C

		Recommended max. fuse		
FC 302	SIBA	Littel fuse	Ferraz- Shawmut	Ferraz- Shawmut
[kW]	Type RK1	Type RK1	Type RK1	J
0.75-1.1	5017906-005	KLS-R-005	A6K-5-R	HSJ-6
1.5-2.2	5017906-010	KLS-R-010	A6K-10-R	HSJ-10
3	5017906-016	KLS-R-015	A6K-15-R	HSJ-15
4	5017906-020	KLS-R-020	A6K-20-R	HSJ-20
5.5	5017906-025	KLS-R-025	A6K-25-R	HSJ-25
7.5	5017906-030	KLS-R-030	A6K-30-R	HSJ-30
11	5014006-040	KLS-R-035	A6K-35-R	HSJ-35
15	5014006-050	KLS-R-045	A6K-45-R	HSJ-45
18	5014006-050	KLS-R-050	A6K-50-R	HSJ-50
22	5014006-063	KLS-R-060	A6K-60-R	HSJ-60
30	5014006-080	KLS-R-075	A6K-80-R	HSJ-80
37	5014006-100	KLS-R-100	A6K-100-R	HSJ-100
45	2028220-125	KLS-R-125	A6K-125-R	HSJ-125
55	2028220-150	KLS-R-150	A6K-150-R	HSJ-150
75	2028220-200	KLS-R-175	A6K-175-R	HSJ-175

Table 10.12 525–600V, Frame Sizes A, B, and C $\,$

¹⁾ 170M fuses shown from Bussmann use the -/80 visual indicator. –TN/80 Type T, -/110 or TN/110 Type T indicator fuses of the same size and amperage may be substituted.



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		Recommended max. fuse							
FC 302 [kW]	Max. prefuse	Bussmann E52273 RK1/JDDZ	Bussmann E4273 J/JDDZ	Bussmann E4273 T/JDDZ	SIBA E180276 RK1/JDDZ	LittelFuse E81895 RK1/JDDZ	Ferraz- Shawmut E163267/E2137 RK1/JDDZ	Ferraz- Shawmut E2137 J/HSJ	
11	30 A	KTS-R-30	JKS-30	JKJS-30	5017906-030	KLS-R-030	A6K-30-R	HST-30	
15–18.5	45 A	KTS-R-45	JKS-45	JJS-45	5014006-050	KLS-R-045	A6K-45-R	HST-45	
22	60 A	KTS-R-60	JKS-60	JJS-60	5014006-063	KLS-R-060	A6K-60-R	HST-60	
30	80 A	KTS-R-80	JKS-80	JJS-80	5014006-080	KLS-R-075	A6K-80-R	HST-80	
37	90 A	KTS-R-90	JKS-90	JJS-90	5014006-100	KLS-R-090	A6K-90-R	HST-90	
45	100 A	KTS-R-100	JKS-100	JJS-100	5014006-100	KLS-R-100	A6K-100-R	HST-100	
55	125 A	KTS-R-125	JKS-125	JJS-125	2028220-125	KLS-150	A6K-125-R	HST-125	
75	150 A	KTS-R-150	JKS-150	JJS-150	2028220-150	KLS-175	A6K-150-R	HST-150	
* UL comp	liance only	525-600 V					'		

Table 10.13 525-690V*, Frame Sizes B and C

10.4 Connection Tightening Torques

	Power (kW)				Torque (Nm)						
Enclo- sure	200- 240V	380- 480/500V	525- 600V	525- 690V	Line power	Motor	DC connection	Brake	Ground	Relay	
A2	0.25-2.2	0.37-4.0			1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3	0.6	
А3	3.0-3.7	5.5-7.5	0.75-7.5		1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3	0.6	
A4	0.25-2.2	0.37-4.0			1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3	0.6	
A5	0.25-3.7	0.37-7.5	0.75-7.5		1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3	0.6	
B1	5.5-7.5	11–15	11–15		1.8	1.8	1.5	1.5	3	0.6	
	4.4	18	18	11	4.5	4.5	3.7	3.7	3	0.6	
B2	11	22	22	22	4.5	4.5	3.7	3.7	3	0.6	
В3	5.5-7.5	11–15	11–15		1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3	0.6	
В4	11–15	18–30	18–30		4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	3	0.6	
C1	15–22	30–45	30–45		10	10	10	10	3	0.6	
C2	30–37	55–75	55–75	30–75	14/24 ¹⁾	14/24 ¹⁾	14	14	3	0.6	
C3	18–22	37–45	37–45		10	10	10	10	3	0.6	
C4	30–37	55–75	55–75		14/24 ¹⁾	14/24 ¹⁾	14	14	3	0.6	

Table 10.14 Tightening of Terminals

¹⁾ For different cable dimensions x/y, where $x \le 0.147$ in² [95 mm²] and $y \ge 0.147$ in² [95 mm²].

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