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FC 300 Programming Guide

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1 Introduction

Programming Guide Software version: 6.2x

This Programming Guide can be used for all FC 300 frequency converters with software version 6.2x.

The software version number can be seen from 15-43 Software Version.

1.1.1 Approvals



1.1.2 Symbols

Symbols used in this guide.

NOTE

Indicates something to be noted by the reader.

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury or equipment damage.

AWARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

* Indicates default setting

1.1.3 Abbreviations

Alternating current	AC
American wire gauge	AWG
Ampere/AMP	A
Automatic Motor Adaptation	АМА
Current limit	I _{LIM}
Degrees Celsius	°C
Direct current	DC
Drive Dependent	D-TYPE
Electro Magnetic Compatibility	EMC
Electronic Thermal Relay	ETR
Frequency Converter	FC
Gram	g
Hertz	Hz
Kilohertz	kHz
Local Control Panel	LCP
Meter	m
Millihenry Inductance	mH
Milliampere	mA
Millisecond	ms
Minute	min
Motion Control Tool	мст
Nanofarad	nF
Newton Meters	Nm
Nominal motor current	Ім,
Nominal motor frequency	f _{M.N}
Nominal motor power	Рм,
Nominal motor voltage	U _{M.N}
Parameter	par.
Protective Extra Low Voltage	PELV
Printed Circuit Board	РСВ
Rated Inverter Output Current	linv
Revolutions Per Minute	RPM
Regenerative terminals	Regen
Second	s
Synchronous Motor Speed	n _s
Torque limit	TLIM
Volts	V
The maximum output current	v Ivlt,max
The rated output current supplied by the	IVLT,MAX
frequency converter	IVLI,N
inequality converter	

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1.1.4 Definitions

Frequency converter:

<u>IVLT,MAX</u> Maximum output current.

<u>Ivlt,n</u>

Rated output current supplied by the frequency converter.

<u>Uvlt, max</u> Maximum output voltage.

Input:

Control command

Start and stop the connected motor by means of LCP and digital inputs.

Functions are divided into two groups.

Functions in group 1 have higher priority than functions in group 2.

Group 1	Reset, Coasting stop, Reset and Coasting stop,
	Quick-stop, DC braking, Stop and the [OFF] key.
Group 2	Start, Pulse start, Reversing, Start reversing, Jog and
	Freeze output

Motor:

Motor Running

Torque generated on output shaft and speed from zero rpm to max. speed on motor.

f_{JOG}

Motor frequency when the jog function is activated (via digital terminals).

fм

Motor frequency.

fMAX

Maximum motor frequency.

<u>fmin</u> Minimum motor frequency.

 $\frac{f_{M,N}}{Rated} motor frequency (nameplate data).$

М

Motor current (actual).

I_{M,N}

Rated motor current (nameplate data).

 $\frac{n_{M,N}}{Rated}$ motor speed (nameplate data).

 $\frac{n_s}{Synchronous}$ motor speed

 $n_{s} = \frac{2 \times par. \ 1 - 23 \times 60 \ s}{par. \ 1 - 39}$

 $\frac{P_{M,N}}{Rated}$ motor power (nameplate data in kW or HP).

 $\frac{T_{M,N}}{Rated torque (motor).}$

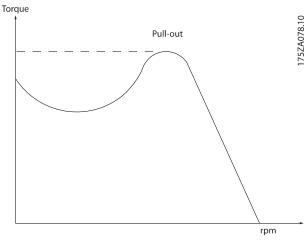
UM

Instantaneous motor voltage.

U_{M,N}

Rated motor voltage (nameplate data).

Break-away torque



<u>**η**vlт</u>

The efficiency of the frequency converter is defined as the ratio between the power output and the power input.

Start-disable command

A stop command belonging to the group 1 control commands - see this group.

Stop command

See Control commands.

References:

Analog Reference

A signal transmitted to the analog inputs 53 or 54, can be voltage or current.

Binary Reference

A signal transmitted to the serial communication port.

Preset Reference

A defined preset reference to be set from -100% to +100% of the reference range. Selection of eight preset references via the digital terminals.

Pulse Reference

A pulse frequency signal transmitted to the digital inputs (terminal 29 or 33).

Refmax

Determines the relationship between the reference input at 100% full scale value (typically 10 V, 20mA) and the resulting reference. The maximum reference value set in *3-03 Maximum Reference*.

AU/ &. I U



Ref_{MIN}

Determines the relationship between the reference input at 0% value (typically 0V, 0mA, 4mA) and the resulting reference. The minimum reference value set in *3-02 Minimum Reference*.

Miscellaneous:

Analog Inputs

The analog inputs are used for controlling various functions of the frequency converter. There are two types of analog inputs:

Current input, 0-20 mA and 4-20 mA Voltage input, 0-10 V DC (FC 301) Voltage input, -10 - +10 V DC (FC 302).

Analog Outputs

The analog outputs can supply a signal of 0-20 mA, 4-20 mA.

Automatic Motor Adaptation, AMA

AMA algorithm determines the electrical parameters for the connected motor at standstill.

Brake Resistor

The brake resistor is a module capable of absorbing the brake power generated in regenerative braking. This regenerative braking power increases the intermediate circuit voltage and a brake chopper ensures that the power is transmitted to the brake resistor.

CT Characteristics

Constant torque characteristics used for all applications such as conveyor belts, displacement pumps and cranes.

Digital Inputs

The digital inputs can be used for controlling various functions of the frequency converter.

Digital Outputs

The frequency converter features two Solid State outputs that can supply a 24 V DC (max. 40 mA) signal.

<u>DSP</u>

Digital Signal Processor.

<u>ETR</u>

Electronic Thermal Relay is a thermal load calculation based on present load and time. Its purpose is to estimate the motor temperature.

<u>Hiperface</u>®

Hiperface[®] is a registered trademark by Stegmann.

<u>Initialising</u>

If initialising is carried out (14-22 Operation Mode), the frequency converter returns to the default setting.

Intermittent Duty Cycle

An intermittent duty rating refers to a sequence of duty cycles. Each cycle consists of an on-load and an off-load period. The operation can be either periodic duty or non-periodic duty.

<u>LCP</u>

The Local Control Panel makes up a complete interface for control and programming of the frequency converter. The control panel is detachable and can be installed up to 3

metres from the frequency converter, i.e. in a front panel by means of the installation kit option.

<u>lsb</u>

msb

Most significant bit.

Least significant bit.

<u>MCM</u>

Short for Mille Circular Mil, an American measuring unit for cable cross-section. 1 MCM = 0.5067 mm^2 .

On-line/Off-line Parameters

Changes to on-line parameters are activated immediately after the data value is changed. Changes to off-line parameters are not activated until you enter [OK] on the LCP.

Process PID

The PID control maintains the desired speed, pressure, temperature, etc. by adjusting the output frequency to match the varying load.

<u>PCD</u>

Process Control Data

Power Cycle

Switch off the mains until display (LCP) is dark – then turn power on again

Pulse Input/Incremental Encoder

An external, digital pulse transmitter used for feeding back information on motor speed. The encoder is used in applications where great accuracy in speed control is required.

<u>RCD</u>

Residual Current Device.

<u>Set-up</u>

You can save parameter settings in four Set-ups. Change between the four parameter Set-ups and edit one Set-up, while another Set-up is active.

<u>SFAVM</u>

Switching pattern called <u>Stator</u> <u>Flux</u> oriented <u>A</u>synchronous <u>Vector</u> <u>Modulation</u> (*14-00 Switching Pattern*).

Slip Compensation

The frequency converter compensates for the motor slip by giving the frequency a supplement that follows the measured motor load keeping the motor speed almost constant.

Smart Logic Control (SLC)

The SLC is a sequence of user defined actions executed when the associated user defined events are evaluated as true by the Smart Logic Controller. (Par. group 13-** <u>Smart Logic</u> <u>Control (SLC)</u>.

<u>STW</u>

Status Word

FC Standard Bus

Includes RS 485 bus with FC protocol or MC protocol. See *8-30 Protocol*.

Thermistor:

A temperature-dependent resistor placed where the temperature is to be monitored (frequency converter or motor).

<u>Trip</u>

A state entered in fault situations, e.g. if the frequency converter is subject to an over-temperature or when the frequency converter is protecting the motor, process or mechanism. Restart is prevented until the cause of the fault has disappeared and the trip state is cancelled by activating reset or, in some cases, by being programmed to reset automatically. Trip may not be used for personal safety.

Trip Locked

A state entered in fault situations when the frequency converter is protecting itself and requiring physical intervention, e.g. if the frequency converter is subject to a short circuit on the output. A locked trip can only be cancelled by cutting off mains, removing the cause of the fault, and reconnecting the frequency converter. Restart is prevented until the trip state is cancelled by activating reset or, in some cases, by being programmed to reset automatically. Trip may not be used for personal safety.

VT Characteristics

Variable torque characteristics used for pumps and fans.

<u>VVC^{plus}</u>

If compared with standard voltage/frequency ratio control, Voltage Vector Control (VVC^{plus}) improves the dynamics and the stability, both when the speed reference is changed and in relation to the load torque.

<u>60° AVM</u>

Switching pattern called 60°<u>A</u>synchronous <u>V</u>ector <u>M</u>odulation (*14-00 Switching Pattern*).

Power Factor

The power factor is the relation between I_1 and $I_{\text{RMS}}.$

Power factor = $\frac{\sqrt{3} \times U \times I_1 \cos \varphi}{\sqrt{3} \times U \times I_{RMS}}$

The power factor for 3-phase control:

$$= \frac{I_1 \times cos\varphi_1}{I_{RMS}} = \frac{I_1}{I_{RMS}} since \cos\varphi_1 = 1$$

The power factor indicates to which extent the frequency converter imposes a load on the mains supply.

The lower the power factor, the higher the I_{RMS} for the same kW performance.

$$I_{RMS} = \sqrt{I_1^2 + I_5^2 + I_7^2} + \dots + I_n^2$$

In addition, a high power factor indicates that the different harmonic currents are low.

The frequency converters' built-in DC coils produce a high power factor, which minimizes the imposed load on the mains supply.



The voltage of the frequency converter is dangerous whenever connected to mains. Incorrect installation of the motor, frequency converter or fieldbus may cause death, serious personal injury or damage to the equipment. Consequently, the instructions in this manual, as well as national and local rules and safety regulations, must be complied with.

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Safety Regulations

- The mains supply to the frequency converter must be disconnected whenever repair work is to be carried out. Check that the mains supply has been disconnected and that the necessary time has elapsed before removing motor and mains supply plugs.
- 2. The [OFF] button on the control panel of the frequency converterr does not disconnect the mains supply and consequently it must not be used as a safety switch.
- The equipment must be properly earthed, the user must be protected against supply voltage and the motor must be protected against overload in accordance with applicable national and local regulations.
- 4. The earth leakage current exceeds 3.5 mA.
- Protection against motor overload is not included in the factory setting. If this function is desired, set 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection to data value ETR trip 1 [4] or data value ETR warning 1 [3].
- 6. Do not remove the plugs for the motor and mains supply while the frequency converter is connected to mains. Check that the mains supply has been disconnected and that the necessary time has elapsed before removing motor and mains plugs.
- 7. Please note that the frequency converter has more voltage sources than L1, L2 and L3, when load sharing (linking of DC intermediate circuit) or external 24 V DC are installed. Check that all voltage sources have been disconnected and that the necessary time has elapsed before commencing repair work.

Warning against unintended start

1. The motor can be brought to a stop by means of digital commands, bus commands, references or a local stop, while the frequency converter is connected to mains. If personal safety considerations (e.g. risk of personal injury caused by contact with moving machine parts following an unintentional start) make it necessary to ensure that no unintended start occurs, these stop functions are not sufficient. In such cases the mains supply must

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be disconnected or the *Safe Stop* function must be activated.

- 2. The motor may start while setting the parameters. If this means that personal safety may be compromised (e.g. personal injury caused by contact with moving machine parts), motor starting must be prevented, for instance by use of the *Safe Stop* function or secure disconnection of the motor connection.
- 3. A motor that has been stopped with the mains supply connected, may start if faults occur in the electronics of the frequency converter, through temporary overload or if a fault in the power supply grid or motor connection is remedied. If unintended start must be prevented for personal safety reasons (e.g. risk of injury caused by contact with moving machine parts), the normal stop functions of the frequency converter are not sufficient. In such cases the mains supply must be disconnected or the *Safe Stop* function must be activated.

NOTE

When using the *Safe Stop* function, always follow the instructions in the *Safe Stop* section of the VLT AutomationDrive FC 300 Design Guide.

4. Control signals from, or internally within, the frequency converter may in rare cases be activated in error, be delayed or fail to occur entirely. When used in situations where safety is critical, e.g. when controlling the electromagnetic brake function of a hoist application, these control signals must not be relied on exclusively.

AWARNING

High Voltage

Touching the electrical parts may be fatal - even after the equipment has been disconnected from mains.

Also make sure that other voltage inputs have been disconnected, such as external 24 V DC, load sharing (linkage of DC intermediate circuit), as well as the motor connection for kinetic back up.

Systems where frequency converters are installed must, if necessary, be equipped with additional monitoring and protective devices according to the valid safety regulations, e.g law on mechanical tools, regulations for the prevention of accidents etc. Modifications on the frequency converters by means of the operating software are allowed.

NOTE

Hazardous situations shall be identified by the machine builder/ integrator who is responsible for taking necessary preventive means into consideration. Additional monitoring and protective devices may be included, always according to valid national safety regulations, e.g. law on mechanical tools, regulations for the prevention of accidents.

NOTE Crane, Lifts and Hoists:

The controlling of external brakes must always have a redundant system. The frequency converter can in no circumstances be the primary safety circuit. Comply with relevant standards, e.g. Hoists and cranes: IEC 60204-32

Lifts: EN 81

Protection Mode

Once a hardware limit on motor current or dc-link voltage is exceeded the frequency converter will enter "Protection mode". "Protection mode" means a change of the PWM modulation strategy and a low switching frequency to minimize losses. This continues 10 sec after the last fault and increases the reliability and the robustness of the frequency converter while re-establishing full control of the motor. In hoist applications "Protection mode" is not usable because the frequency converter will usually not be able to leave this mode again and therefore it will extend the time before activating the brake – which is not recommendable. The "Protection mode" can be disabled by setting 14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault to zero which means that the frequency converter will trip immediately if one of the hardware limits is exceeded.

NOTE

It is recommended to disable protection mode in hoisting applications (14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault = 0)

1



1.1.5 Electrical Wiring - Control Cables

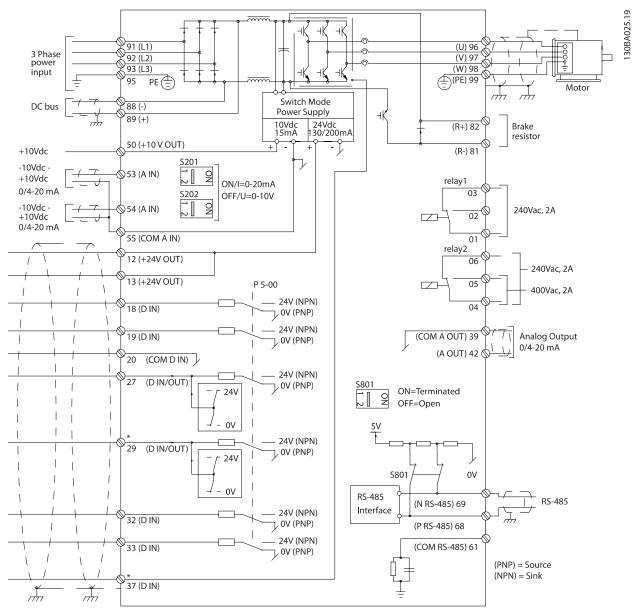


Illustration 1.1 Diagram showing all electrical terminals without options.

Terminal 37 is the input to be used for Safe Stop. For instructions on Safe Stop installation please refer to the section Safe Stop Installation of the Design Guide.

* Terminal 37 is not included in FC 301 (Except FC 301 A1, which includes Safe Stop). Terminal 29 and Relay 2, are not included in FC 301.

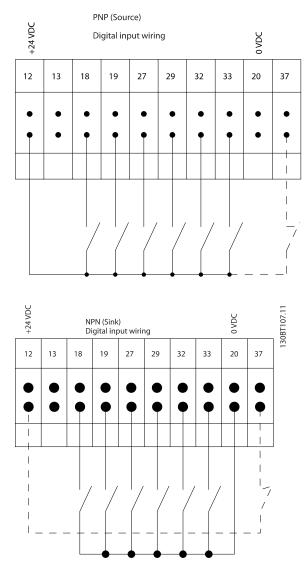
Very long control cables and analogue signals may in rare cases and depending on installation result in 50/60 Hz earth loops due to noise from mains supply cables.

If this occurs, it may be necessary to break the screen or insert a 100 nF capacitor between screen and chassis.

The digital and analogue inputs and outputs must be connected separately to the common inputs (terminal 20, 55, 39) of the frequency converter to avoid ground currents from both groups to affect other groups. For example, switching on the digital input may disturb the analog input signal. 130BT106.10

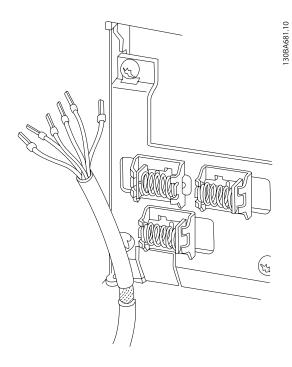
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Input polarity of control terminals



NOTE Control cables must be screened/armoured.

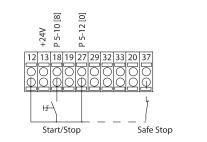
See section entitled *Earthing of Screened/Armoured Control Cables* for the correct termination of control cables.

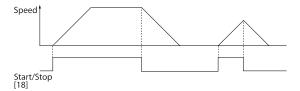


1.1.6 Start/Stop

Terminal 18 = 5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input [8] Start Terminal 27 = 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input [0] No operation (Default coast inverse)

Terminal 37 = Safe stop (where available!)





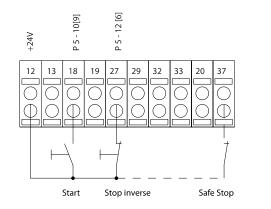
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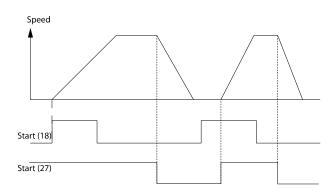
1

130BA156.12

1.1.7 Pulse Start/Stop

Terminal 18 = 5-10 Terminal 18 Digital InputLatched start, [9] Terminal 27= 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital InputStop inverse, [6] Terminal 37 = Safe stop (where available!)





1.1.8 Speed Up/Down

Terminals 29/32 = Speed up/down:

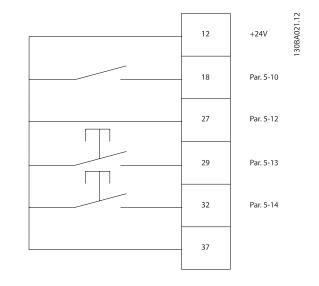
Terminal 18 = 5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input Start [9] (default)

Terminal 27 = 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input Freeze reference [19]

Terminal 29 = 5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input Speed up [21]

Terminal 32 = 5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input Speed down [22]

NOTE: Terminal 29 only in FC x02 (x=series type).



1.1.9 Potentiometer Reference

Voltage reference via a potentiometer:

Reference Source 1 = [1] *Analog input 53* (default)

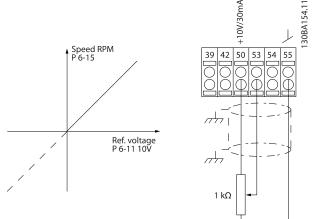
Terminal 53, Low Voltage = 0 Volt

Terminal 53, High Voltage = 10 Volt

Terminal 53, Low Ref./Feedback = 0 RPM

Terminal 53, High Ref./Feedback = 1500 RPM

Switch S201 = OFF(U)



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2 How to Programme

2.1 The Graphical and Numerical Local Control Panels

The easiest programming of the frequency converter is performed by the Graphical LCP (LCP 102). It is necessary to consult the frequency converter Design Guide, when using the Numeric Local Control Panel (LCP 101).

2.1.1 How to Programme on the Graphical LCP

The following instructions are valid for the graphical LCP (LCP 102):

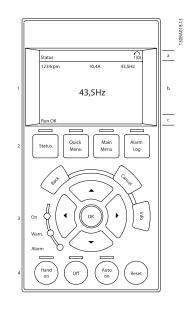
The control panel is divided into four functional groups:

- 1. Graphical display with Status lines.
- 2. Menu keys and indicator lights changing parameters and switching between display functions.
- 3. Navigation keys and indicator lights (LEDs).
- 4. Operation keys and indicator lights (LEDs).

All data is displayed in a graphical LCP display, which can show up to five items of operating data while displaying [Status].

Display lines:

- a. **Status line:** Status messages displaying icons and graphic.
- b. Line 1-2: Operator data lines displaying data defined or chosen by the user. By pressing the [Status] key, up to one extra line can be added.
- c. Status line: Status messages displaying text.



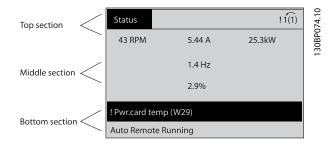
2.1.2 The LCD-Display

The LCD-display has back light and a total of 6 alphanumeric lines. The display lines show the direction of rotation (arrow), the chosen Set-up as well as the programming Set-up. The display is divided into 3 sections:

Top section shows up to 2 measurements in normal operating status.

The top line in the **Middle section** shows up to 5 measurements with related unit, regardless of status (except in the case of alarm/warning).

Bottom section always shows the state of the frequency converter in Status mode.



The Active Set-up (selected as the Active Set-up in *0-10 Active Set-up*) is shown. When programming another Set-up than the Active Set-up, the number of the programmed Set-up appears to the right.

Display Contrast Adjustment

Press [status] and [▲] for darker display Press [status] and [▼] for brighter display

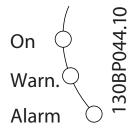
Most parameter set-ups can be changed immediately via the LCP, unless a password has been created via 0-60 Main Menu Password or via 0-65 Quick Menu Password.

Indicator lights (LEDs):

If certain threshold values are exceeded, the alarm and/or warning LED lights up. A status and alarm text appear on the LCP.

The ON LED is activated when the frequency converter receives mains voltage or via a DC bus terminal or 24 V external supply. At the same time, the back light is on.

- Green LED/On: Control section is working.
- Yellow LED/Warn.: Indicates a warning.
- Flashing Red LED/Alarm: Indicates an alarm.



LCP Keys

The control keys are divided into functions. The keys below the display and indicator lamps are used for parameter Setup, including choice of display indication during normal operation.



[Status] indicates the status of the frequency converter and/ or the motor. You can choose between 3 different readouts by pressing the [Status] key:

5 line readouts, 4 line readouts or Smart Logic Control.

Use **[Status]** for selecting the mode of display or for changing back to Display mode from either the Quick Menu mode, the Main Menu mode or Alarm mode. Also use the [Status] key to toggle single or double read-out mode.

[Quick Menu] allows quick access to different Quick Menus such as:

- My Personal Menu
- Quick Set-up
- Changes Made
- Loggings

Use **[Quick Menu]** for programming the parameters belonging to the Quick Menu. It is possible to switch directly between Quick Menu mode and Main Menu mode.

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[Main Menu] is used for programming all parameters. It is possible to switch directly between Main Menu mode and Quick Menu mode.

Parameter shortcut can be carried out by pressing down the **[Main Menu]** key for 3 seconds. The parameter shortcut allows direct access to any parameter.

[Alarm Log] displays an Alarm list of the five latest alarms (numbered A1-A5). To obtain additional details about an alarm, use the arrow keys to manoeuvre to the alarm number and press [OK]. You will now receive information about the condition of your frequency converter right before entering the alarm mode.

[Back] takes you to the previous step or layer in the navigation structure.

[Cancel] annuls your last change or command as long as the display has not been changed.

[Info] supplies information about a command, parameter, or function in any display window. [Info] provides detailed information whenever help is needed. Exit info mode by pressing either [Info], [Back], or [Cancel].

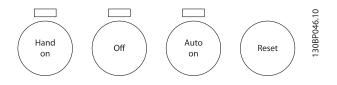


Navigation Keys

The four navigation arrows are used to navigate between the different choices available in **[Quick Menu]**, **[Main Menu]** and **[Alarm Log]**. Use the keys to move the cursor.

[OK] is used for choosing a parameter marked by the cursor and for enabling the change of a parameter.

Local Control Key for local control are found at the bottom of the LCP.



[Hand On] enables control of the frequency converter via the LCP. [Hand on] also starts the motor, and it is now possible to enter the motor speed data by means of the arrow keys. The key can be selected as Enable [1] or Disable [0] via 0-40 [Hand on] Key on LCP

External stop signals activated by means of control signals or a serial bus will override a "start" command via the LCP. The following control signals will still be active when [Hand on] is activated:

- [Hand on] [Off] [Auto on]
- Reset
- Coasting stop inverse
- Reversing
- Set-up select bit 0- Set-up select bit 1
- Stop command from serial communication
- Quick stop
- DC brake

[Off] stops the connected motor. The key can be selected as Enable [1] or Disable [0] via 0-41 [Off] Key on LCP. If no external stop function is selected and the [Off] key is inactive the motor can be stopped by disconnecting the voltage.

[Auto On] enables the frequency converter to be controlled via the control terminals and/or serial communication. When a start signal is applied on the control terminals and/or the bus, the frequency converter will start. The key can be selected as Enable [1] or Disable [0] via 0-42 [Auto on] Key on LCP.

NOTE

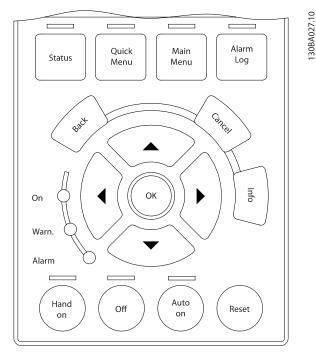
An active HAND-OFF-AUTO signal via the digital inputs has higher priority than the control keys [Hand on] – [Auto on].

[Reset] is used for resetting the frequency converter after an alarm (trip). It can be selected as *Enable* [1] or *Disable* [0] via *0-43* [*Reset*] *Key on LCP*.

The parameter shortcut can be carried out by holding down the [Main Menu] key for 3 seconds. The parameter shortcut allows direct access to any parameter.

2.1.3 Quick Transfer of Parameter Settings between Multiple Frequency Converters

Once the set-up of a frequency converter is complete, we recommend that you store the data in the LCP or on a PC via MCT 10 Set-up Software Tool.



Data storage in LCP:

- 1. Go to 0-50 LCP Copy
- 2. Press the [OK] key
- 3. Select "All to LCP"
- 4. Press the [OK] key

All parameter settings are now stored in the LCP indicated by the progress bar. When 100% is reached, press [OK].

NOTE Stop the motor before performing this operation.

You can now connect the LCP to another frequency converter and copy the parameter settings to this frequency converter as well.

Data transfer from LCP to frequency converter:

- 1. Go to 0-50 LCP Copy
- 2. Press the [OK] key
- 3. Select "All from LCP"
- 4. Press the [OK] key

The parameter settings stored in the LCP are now transferred to the frequency converter indicated by the progress bar. When 100% is reached, press [OK].

NOTE Stop the motor before performing this operation.



2.1.4 Display Mode

In normal operation, up to 5 different operating variables can be indicated continuously in the middle section: 1.1, 1.2, and 1.3 as well as 2 and 3.

2.1.5 Display Mode - Selection of Read-Outs

It is possible to toggle between three status read-out screens by pressing the [Status] key.

Operating variables with different formatting are shown in each status screen - see below.

The table shows the measurements you can link to each of the operating variables. When Options are mounted, additional measurements are available. Define the links via 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small, 0-21 Display Line 1.2 Small, 0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small, 0-23 Display Line 2 Large, and 0-24 Display Line 3 Large.

Each readout parameter selected in *0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small* to *0-24 Display Line 3 Large* has its own scale and digits after a possible decimal point. By larger numeric value of a parameter fewer digits are displayed after the decimal point. Ex.: Current readout 5.25 A; 15.2 A 105 A.

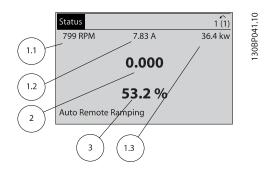
Operating variable:	Unit:
16-00 Control Word	hex
16-01 Reference [Unit]	[unit]
16-02 Reference [%]	%
16-03 Status Word	hex
16-05 Main Actual Value [%]	%
16-10 Power [kW]	[kW]
16-11 Power [hp]	[HP]
16-12 Motor Voltage	
16-13 Frequency	[Hz]
16-14 Motor Current	[A]
16-16 Torque [Nm]	Nm
16-17 Speed [RPM]	[RPM]
16-18 Motor Thermal	%
16-20 Motor Angle	70
16-30 DC Link Voltage	V
16-32 Brake Energy /s	kW
16-33 Brake Energy /2 min	kW
16-34 Heatsink Temp.	C
16-35 Inverter Thermal	%
16-36 Inv. Nom. Current	A
16-37 Inv. Max. Current	A
16-38 SL Controller State	
16-39 Control Card Temp.	c
16-40 Logging Buffer Full	
16-50 External Reference	
16-51 Pulse Reference	
16-52 Feedback [Unit]	[Unit]
16-53 Digi Pot Reference	
16-60 Digital Input	bin
16-61 Terminal 53 Switch Setting	V
16-62 Analog Input 53	•
16-63 Terminal 54 Switch Setting	V
16-64 Analog Input 54	
16-65 Analog Output 42 [mA]	[mA]
16-66 Digital Output [bin]	[bin]
16-67 Pulse Input #29 [Hz]	[Hz]
16-68 Freq. Input #33 [Hz]	[Hz]
16-69 Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	[Hz]
16-70 Pulse Output #29 [Hz]	[Hz]
16-71 Relay Output [bin]	[]
16-72 Counter A	
16-73 Counter B	
16-80 Fieldbus CTW 1	hex
16-82 Fieldbus REF 1	hex
16-84 Comm. Option STW	hex
16-85 FC Port CTW 1	hex
16-86 FC Port REF 1	hex
16-90 Alarm Word	
16-92 Warning Word	
16-94 Ext. Status Word	
	<u> </u>



Status screen I:

This read-out state is standard after start-up or initialization. Use [INFO] to obtain information about the measurement links to the displayed operating variables (1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 2 and 3).

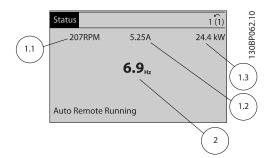
See the operating variables shown in the screen in this illustration.



Status screen II:

See the operating variables (1.1, 1.2, 1.3 and 2) shown in the screen in this illustration.

In the example, Speed, Motor current, Motor power and Frequency are selected as variables in the first and second.



Status screen III:

This state displays the event and action of the Smart Logic Control. For further information, see section *Smart Logic Control*.

Status		1 (1)	3.10
778 RPM State: 0 off 0 When: -	0.86 A (off)	4.0 kW	130BP063.1
Do: - Auto Remote R	unning		

2.1.6 Parameter Set-Up

The frequency converter can be used for practically all assignments, which is why the number of parameters is quite large. The frequency converter offers a choice between two programming modes - a Main Menu and a Quick Menu mode.

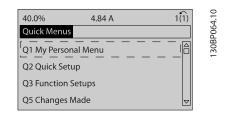
The former provides access to all parameters. The latter takes the user through a few parameters making it possible to start operating the frequency converter.

Regardless of the mode of programming, you can change a parameter both in the Main Menu mode and in the Quick Menu mode.

2.1.7 Quick Menu Key Functions

Pressing [Quick Menus] The list indicates the different areas contained in the Quick menu.

Select *My Personal Menu* to display the chosen personal parameters. These parameters are selected in *0-25 My Personal Menu*. Up to 20 different parameters can be added in this menu.



Select *Quick setup* to go through a limited amount of parameters to get the motor running almost optimally. The default setting for the other parameters considers the desired control functions and the configuration of signal inputs/outputs (control terminals).

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The selection of parameter is effected by means of the arrow keys. The parameters in the following table are accessible.

Parameter	Setting
0-01 Language	
1-20 Motor Power [kW]	[kW]
1-22 Motor Voltage	[V]
1-23 Motor Frequency	[Hz]
1-24 Motor Current	[A]
1-25 Motor Nominal Speed	[rpm]
5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input	[0] No function*
1-29 Automatic Motor	[1] Enable complete AMA
Adaptation (AMA)	
3-02 Minimum Reference	[rpm]
3-03 Maximum Reference	[rpm]
3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp up Time	[sec]
3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time	[sec]
3-13 Reference Site	

* If terminal 27 is set to "no function", no connection to +24 V on terminal 27 is necessary.

Select Changes made to get information about:

- the last 10 changes. Use the [▲] [▼] navigation keys to scroll between the last 10 changed parameters.
- the changes made since default setting.

Select *Loggings* to get information about the display line read-outs. The information is shown as graphs. Only display parameters selected in *0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small* and *0-24 Display Line 3 Large* can be viewed. It is possible to store up to 120 samples in the memory for later reference.

2.1.8 Initial Commissioning

The easiest way of carrying out the initial commissioning is by using the Quick Menu button and follow the quick set-up procedure using LCP 102 (read table from left to right). The example applies to open loop applications:

Press				
Quick Menu	$\left(\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \end{array} \right)$	Q2 Quick Menu	ОК	
0-01 Language	ОК	Set language		
1-20 Motor Power [kW]	ОК	Set Motor nameplate power	÷	
1-22 Motor Voltage	ОК	Set Nameplate voltage		
1-23 Motor Frequency	ОК	Set Nameplate frequency		
1-24 Motor Current	ОК	Set Nameplate current		
1-25 Motor Nominal Speed	ОК	Set Nameplate speed in RPM		
5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input	ОК	If terminal default is <i>Coast</i> <i>inverse</i> it is possible to change this setting to <i>No function</i> . No connection to terminal 27 is then needed for running AMA		
1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)	ОК	Set desired AMA function. Enable complete AMA is recommended		
3-02 Minimum Reference	ОК	Set the minimum speed of the motor shaft		
3-03 Maximum Reference	б	Set the maximum speed of the motor shaft	÷	
3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp up Time	ОК	Set the ramping up time with reference to synchronous motor speed, n _s		
3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time	ОК	Set the ramping downdecel time with reference to synchronous motor speed, ns		
3-13 Reference Site	ОК	Set the site from where the reference must work		

2.1.9 Main Menu Mode

Start the Main Menu mode by pressing the [Main Menu] key. The read-out shown to the right appears on the display. The middle and bottom sections on the display show a list of par. groups which can be chosen by toggling the up and down buttons.

1107 RPM	3.84 A	1 (1)	130BP066.10
Main menu			BP06
0 - ** Operation 1 - ** Load/Mote			130
2 - ** Brakes			
3 - ** Reference	/ Ramps		
		Ľ	

Each parameter has a name and number which remain the same regardless of the programming mode. In the Main Menu mode, the parameters are divided into groups. The first digit of the parameter number (from the left) indicates the par. group number.

All parameters can be changed in the Main Menu. However, depending on the choice of configuration (1-00 Configuration Mode), some parameters can be "missing". E.g. open loop hides all the PID parameters, and other enabled options make more par. groups visible.

2.1.10 Parameter Selection

In the Main menu mode, the parameters are divided into groups. You select a par. group by means of the navigation keys.

The following par. groups are accessible:

After selecting a par. group, choose a parameter by means of the navigation keys.

The middle section on the display shows the parameter number and name as well as the selected parameter value.

740RPM	10.64A	1 [1]	10
Basic Settings		0-0*	200
0 -01 Language [0] English			

2.1.11 Changing Data

The procedure for changing data is the same whether you select a parameter in the Quick menu or the Main menu mode. Press [OK] to change the selected parameter. The procedure for changing data depends on whether the selected parameter represents a numerical data value or a text value.

2.1.12 Changing a Text Value

If the selected parameter is a text value, change the text value by means of the [A] [V] navigation keys.

The up key increases the value, and the down key decreases the value. Place the cursor on the value you want to save and press [OK].

740RPM	10.64 A	1 [1]	8 10
Basic Settings		0-0*	POG
0-01 Language			130RP068 10
[0] English		\bigtriangledown	

2.1.13 Changing a Group of Numeric Data Values

If the chosen parameter represents a numeric data value, change the chosen data value by means of the $[\P] [\blacktriangleright]$ navigation keys as well as the $[\Lambda] [\blacktriangledown]$ navigation keys. Use the $[\P] [\blacktriangleright]$ navigation keys to move the cursor horizontally.

113 RPM	1.78 A	1(1)
Load depen. setting		1(1) 1-6*
1 - 60 Low speed load	I	130
compensation		
100%		
	▼	

Use the [▲] [▼] navigation keys to change the data value. The up key enlarges the data value, and the down key reduces the data value. Place the cursor on the value you want to save and press [OK].

729RPM	6.21A	1(1)
Load depen. sett	ing	1- 6*
1 - 60 Low speed compensa		
1 6 0%	•	1

30BP070.10

2.1.14 Infinitely Variable Change of Numeric Data Value

If the chosen parameter represents a numeric data value, select a digit by means of the [4] [*] navigation keys.

635 RPM	0.44 A	1(1)	3 10
Start Adjustments		1- 7*	D07
1 - 71 Start Delay			13080073
00 O s			
V			

Change the selected digit infinitely variably by means of the [A] $[\bullet]$ navigation keys.

The chosen digit is indicated by the cursor. Place the cursor on the digit you want to save and press [OK].



2.1.15 Value, Step-by-Step

Certain parameters can be changed step by step or infinitely varying. This applies to 1-20 Motor Power [kW], 1-22 Motor Voltage and 1-23 Motor Frequency.

The parameters are changed both as a group of numeric data values and as numeric data values infinitely varying.

2.1.16 Read-out and Programming of Indexed Parameters

Parameters are indexed when placed in a rolling stack. 15-30 Fault Log: Error Code to 15-32 Alarm Log: Time contain a fault log which can be read out. Choose a parameter, press [OK], and use the [▲] [▼] navigation keys to scroll through the value log.

Use 3-10 Preset Reference as another example: Choose the parameter, press [OK], and use the $[\blacktriangle]$ [\lor] navigation keys to scroll through the indexed values. To change the parameter value, select the indexed value and press [OK]. Change the value by using the $[\blacktriangle]$ [\lor] keys. Press [OK] to accept the new setting. Press [CANCEL] to abort. Press [Back] to leave the parameter.

2.1.17 How to Programme on the Numerical Local Control Panel

The following instructions are valid for the Numerical LCP (LCP 101).

The control panel is divided into four functional groups:

- 1. Numerical display.
- Menu keys and indicator lights changing parameters and switching between display functions.
- 3. Navigation keys and indicator lights (LEDs).
- 4. Operation keys and indicator lights (LEDs).

Display line: Status messages displaying icons and numeric value.

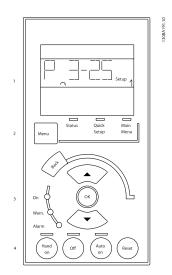
Indicator lights (LEDs):

- Green LED/On: Indicates if control section is on.
- Yellow LED/Wrn.: Indicates a warning.
- Flashing red LED/Alarm: Indicates an alarm.

LCP keys

[Menu] Select one of the following modes:

- Status
- Quick Setup
- Main Menu



Status Mode: Displays the status of the frequency converter or the motor.

If an alarm occurs the NLCP automatically switches to status mode.

A number of alarms can be displayed.

NOTE

Parameter copy is not possible with LCP 101 Numerical Local Control Panel.





Main Menu/ Quick Setup is used for programming all parameters or only the parameters in the Quick Meny (see also description of the LCP 102 earlier in this chapter).

The parameter values can be changed using the [A] [V] keys when the value is flashing.

Select Main Menu by pressing [Menu] key a number of times. Select the par. group [xx-__] and press [OK]

Select the parameter [__-xx] and press [OK]

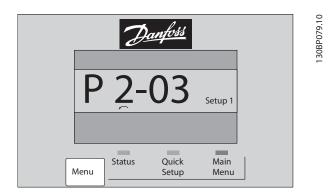
If the parameter is an array parameter select the array number and press [OK]

Select the wanted data value and press [OK]

Parameters with functional choices display values such as [1], [2], etc. For a description of the different choices, see the individual description of the parameters in the *Parameter Selection* section

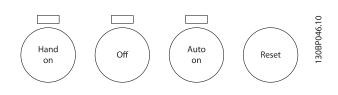
[Back] for stepping backwards

Arrow [▲] [▼] keys are used for manoeuvring between commands and within parameters.



2.1.18 Local Control Keys

Keys for local control are found at the bottom of the LCP.



[Hand on] enables control of the frequency converter via the LCP. [Hand on] also starts the motor and it is now possible to enter the motor speed data by means of the arrow keys. The key can be selected as Enable [1] og Disable [0] via *0-40* [Hand on] Key on LCP.

External stop signals activated by means of control signals or a serial bus will override a 'start' command via the LCP. The following control signals will still be active when [Hand on] is activated:

- [Hand on] [Off] [Auto on]
- Reset
- Coasting stop inverse
- Reversing
- Set-up select lsb Set-up select msb
- Stop command from serial communication
- Quick stop
- DC brake

[Off] stops the connected motor. The key can be selected as Enable [1] or Disable [0] via 0-41 [Off] Key on LCP. If no external stop function is selected and the [Off] key is inactive the motor can be stopped by disconnecting the voltage.

[Auto on] enables the frequency converter to be controlled via the control terminals and/or serial communication. When a start signal is applied on the control terminals and/or the bus, the frequency converter will start. The key can be selected as Enable [1] or Disable [0] via 0-42 [Auto on] Key on LCP.

An active HAND-OFF-AUTO signal via the digital inputs has higher priority than the control keys [Hand on] [Auto on].

[Reset] is used for resetting the frequency converter after an alarm (trip). It can be selected as Enable [1] or Disable [0] via *0-43 [Reset] Key on LCP*.

2.1.19 Initialisation to Default Settings

Initialise the frequency converter to default settings in two ways:

Recommended initialisation (via 14-22 Operation Mode)

1.	Select 14-22 Operation Mode	
2.	Press [OK]	
3.	Select "Initialisation"	
4.	Press [OK]	
5.	Cut off the mains supply and wait until the display turns off.	
6.	Reconnect the mains supply - the frequency converter is now	
	reset.	

14-22 Operation Mode initialises all except:	
14-50 RFI Filter	
8-30 Protocol	
8-31 Address	
8-32 FC Port Baud Rate	
8-35 Minimum Response Delay	
8-36 Max Response Delay	
8-37 Max Inter-Char Delay	
15-00 Operating Hours to 15-05 Over Volt's	
15-20 Historic Log: Event to 15-22 Historic Log: Time	
15-30 Fault Log: Error Code to 15-32 Alarm Log: Time	

Manual initialisation

1.	Disconnect from mains and wait until the display turns off.	
2a.	Press [Status] - [Main Menu] - [OK] at the same time while	
	power up for LCP 102, Graphical Display	
2b.	Press [Menu] while power up for LCP 101, Numerical	
	Display	
3.	Release the keys after 5 s.	
4.	The frequency converter is now programmed according to	
	default settings.	

This procedure initialises all except:
15-00 Operating Hours
15-03 Power Up's
15-04 Over Temp's
15-05 Over Volt's

When you carry out manual initialisation, you also reset serial communication, RFI filter settings (14-50 RFI Filter) and fault log settings.

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3 Parameter Descriptions

3.1 Parameter Selection

Parameters for FC 300 are grouped into various par. groups for easy selection of the correct parameters for optimized operation of the frequency converter. 0-** Operation and Display parameters

- Basic Settings, set-up handling
- Display and Local Control Panel parameters for choosing readouts, setting up selections and copying functions

1-** Load and Motor parameters includes all load and motor related parameters

2-** Brake parameters

- DC brake
- Dynamic brake (Resistor brake)
- Mechanical brake
- Over Voltage Control

3-** References and ramping parameters includes DigiPot function

4-** Limits Warnings; setting of limits and warning parameters

5-** Digital inputs and outputs includes relay controls

6-** Analog inputs and outputs

7-** Controls; Setting parameters for speed and process controls

8-** Communication and option parameters for setting of FC RS485 and FC USB port parameters.

9-** Profibus parameters

10-** DeviceNet and CAN Fieldbus parameters

12-** Ethernet parameters

13-** Smart Logic Control parameters

14-** Special function parameters

15-** Drive information parameters

- 16-** Readout parameters
- 17-** Encoder Option parameters
- 18-** Readout 2 parameters
- 30-** Special Features
- 32-** MCO Basic Settings parameters
- 33-** MCO Adv. Settings parameters
- 34-** MCO Data Readouts
- 35-** Sensor Input Option parameters



3.2 Parameters: 0-** Operation and Display

Parameters related to the fundamental functions of the frequency converter, function of the LCP buttons and configuration of the LCP display.

3.2.1 0-0* Basic Settings

0-01	0-01 Language				
Option:		Function:			
		Defines the language to be used in the display. The frequency converter can be delivered with 4 different language packages. English and German are included in all packages. English cannot be erased or manipulated.			
[0] *	English	Part of Language packages 1 - 4			
[1]	Deutsch	Part of Language packages 1 - 4			
[2]	Francais	Part of Language package 1			
[3]	Dansk	Part of Language package 1			
[4]	Spanish	Part of Language package 1			
[5]	Italiano	Part of Language package 1			
	Svenska	Part of Language package 1			
[7]	Nederlands	Part of Language package 1			
[10]	Chinese	Part of Language package 2			
	Suomi	Part of Language package 1			
[22]	English US	Part of Language package 4			
	Greek	Part of Language package 4			
	Bras.port	Part of Language package 4			
	Slovenian	Part of Language package 3			
	Korean	Part of Language package 2			
	Japanese	Part of Language package 2			
	Turkish	Part of Language package 4			
	Trad.Chinese	Part of Language package 2			
	Bulgarian	Part of Language package 3			
	Srpski	Part of Language package 3			
	Romanian	Part of Language package 3			
	Magyar	Part of Language package 3			
	Czech	Part of Language package 3			
	Polski	Part of Language package 4			

0-01	1 Language		
Opt	tion:		Function:
	Russi	an	Part of Language package 3
	Thai		Part of Language package 2
	Bahas	sa Indonesia	Part of Language package 2
[99]	Unkn	own	
0-02	2 Mot	tor Speed U	Init
Opt	ion:	Function:	
	2014	This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running. The display showing depends on settings in 0-02 Motor Speed Unit and 0-03 Regional Settings. The default setting of 0-02 Motor Speed Unit and 0-03 Regional Settings depends on which region of the world the frequency converter is supplied to, but can be re- programmed as required. NOTEE Changing the Motor Speed Unit will reset certain parameters to their initial value. It is recommended to select the motor speed unit first, before modifying other parameters.	
[0] *	RPM	Selects display of motor speed variables and parameters (i.e. references, feedbacks and limits) in terms of motor speed (RPM).	
[1] *	Hz	Selects display of motor speed variables and parameters (i.e. references, feedbacks and limits) in terms of output frequency to the motor (Hz).	
0-03	0-03 Regional Settings		

Opt	ion:	Function:
[0] *	Interna- tional	Activates 1-20 Motor Power [kW] for setting the motor power in kW and sets the default value of 1-23 Motor Frequency to 50 Hz.
[1]	US	Activates 1-20 Motor Power [kW] for setting the motor power in HP and sets the default value of 1-23 Motor Frequency to 60 Hz.

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

0-04 O	perating	State at	Power-up	(Hand)
	perading	Julie al	I OWCI UP	/ (11/411/4/)

1 3		
Opt	ion:	Function:
		Selects the operating mode upon reconnection of the frequency converter to mains voltage after power down in Hand (local) operation mode.
[0]	Resume	Restarts the frequency converter maintaining the same local reference and the same start/ stop settings (applied by [HAND ON/OFF]) as before the frequency converter was powered down.

3

0-04	0-04 Operating State at Power-up (Hand)		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[1] *	Forced stop, ref=old	Restarts the frequency converter with a saved local reference, after mains voltage reappears and after pressing [HAND ON].	
[2]	Forced stop, ref=0	Resets the local reference to 0 upon restarting the frequency converter.	

3.2.2 0-1* Set-up Operations

Define and control the individual parameter setups. The frequency converter has four parameter setups that can be programmed independently of each other. This makes the frequency converter very flexible and able to solve advanced control functionality problems, often saving the cost of external control equipment. For example these can be used to program the frequency converter to operate according to one control scheme in one setup (e.g. motor 1 for horizontal movement) and another control scheme in another setup (e.g. motor 2 for vertical movement). Alternatively they can be used by an OEM machine builder to identically program all their factory fitted frequency converters for different machine types within a range to have the same parameters and then during production/ commissioning simply select a specific setup depending on which machine the frequency converter is installed on. The active setup (i.e. the setup in which the frequency converter is currently operating) can be selected in 0-10 Active Set-up and is displayed in the LCP. Using Multi set-up it is possible to switch between setups with the frequency converter running or stopped, via digital input or serial communication commands. If it is necessary to change setups whilst running, ensure 0-12 This Set-up Linked to is programmed as required. Using 0-11 Edit Set-up it is possible to edit parameters within any of the setups whilst continuing the frequency converter operation in its Active Setup which can be a different setup to that being edited. Using 0-51 Setup Copy it is possible to copy parameter settings between the setups to enable quicker commissioning if similar parameter settings are required in different setups.

0-10	0-10 Active Set-up			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select the set-up to control the frequency converter functions.		
[0]	Factory setup	Cannot be changed. It contains the Danfoss data set, and can be used as a data source when returning the other set-ups to a known state.		
[1] *	Set-up 1	<i>Set-up 1</i> [1] to <i>Set-up 4</i> [4] are the four separate parameter set-ups within which all parameters can be programmed.		
[2]	Set-up 2			
[3]	Set-up 3			
[4]	Set-up 4			

0-10	0-10 Active Set-up		
Option:		Function:	
[9]	Multi Set-up	Remote selection of set-ups using digital inputs and the serial communication port. This set-up uses the settings from 0-12 This Set-up Linked to. Stop the frequency converter before making changes to open- and closed loop functions	

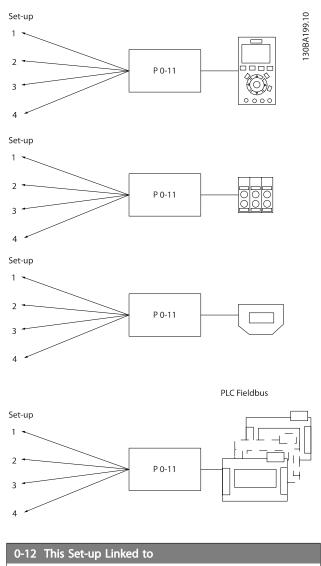
Use 0-51 Set-up Copy to copy a set-up to one or all other setups. Stop the frequency converter before switching between set-ups where parameters marked 'not changeable during operation' have different values. To avoid conflicting settings of the same parameter within two different set-ups, link the set-ups together using 0-12 This Set-up Linked to. Parameters which are 'not changeable during operation' are marked FALSE in the parameter lists in the section Parameter Lists.

0-1 1	0-11 Edit Set-up			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select the set-up to be edited (i.e. programmed) during operation; either the active set-up or one of the inactive set-ups.		
[0]	Factory setup	Cannot be edited but it is useful as a data source to return the other set-ups to a known state.		
[1] *	Set-up 1	<i>Set-up 1</i> [1] to <i>Set-up 4</i> [4] can be edited freely during operation, independently of the active set-up.		
[2]	Set-up 2			
[3]	Set-up 3			
[4]	Set-up 4			
[9]	Active Set-up	Can also be edited during operation. Edit the chosen set-up from a range of sources: LCP, FC RS-485, FC USB or up to five fieldbus sites.		

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Parameter Descriptions

FC 300 Programming Guide



Option:	Function:
	To enable conflict-free changes from one set-up to another during operation, link set-ups containing parameters which are not changeable
	during operation. The link will ensure synchro- nising of the 'not changeable during operation' parameter values when moving from one set-up to another during operation. 'Not changeable during operation' parameters can be identified by the label FALSE in the parameter lists in the section <i>Parameter Lists</i> .
	 0-12 This Set-up Linked to is used by Multi set-up in 0-10 Active Set-up. Multi set-up is used to move from one set-up to another during operation (i.e. while the motor is running). Example: Use Multi set-up to shift from Set-up 1 to Set-up 2 whilst the motor is running. Programme in Set-up 1 first, then ensure that Set-up 1 and Set-up 2 are synchronised (or 'linked'). Synchronisation can be performed in two ways:

0-12	0-12 This Set-up Linked to		
Opt		Function:	
		1. Change the edit set-up to <i>Set-up 2</i> [2] in 0-11 Edit Set-up and set 0-12 This Set-up Linked to to Set-up 1 [1]. This will start the linking (synchro- nising) process. 0 RPM 0.00A 1(1) Set-up Handling 0-1* 0-12 This Set-up Linked to Setup 1	
		OR 2. While still in Set-up 1, copy Set-up 1 to Set-up 2 2. Then set <i>0-12 This Set-up Linked to</i> to <i>Set-up 2</i> [2]. This will start the linking process. ORPM 0.00A 1(î) Set-up Handling 0-1* 0-12 This Set-up Linked to Setup 2	
		After the link is complete, 0-13 Readout: Linked Set-ups will read {1,2} to indicate that all 'not changeable during operation' parameters are now the same in Set-up 1 and Set-up 2. If there are changes to a 'not changeable during operation' parameter, e.g. 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs), in Set-up 2, they will also be changed automatically in Set-up 1. A switch between Set- up 1 and Set-up 2 during operation is now possible.	
[0] *	Not linked		

[0] *	Not linked	
[1]	Set-up 1	
[2]	Set-up 2	
[3]	Set-up 3	
[4]	Set-up 4	



0 N/

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0-13 Readout: Linked Set-ups

Arr	Array [5]			
Range:		Function:		
0	[0 -	View a list of all th	ne set-ups linked by means of 0-12 This	
N/	255	Set-up Linked to. The parameter has one index for each		
A*	N/	parameter set-up. The parameter value displayed for		
	A]	each index represents which setups are linked to that		
		parameter setup.		
		Index	LCP value	

index	
0	{0}
1	{1,2}
2	{1,2}
3	{3}
4	{4}
	0 1 2 3

Table 3.2 Example: Set-up 1 and Set-up 2 are linked

0-14 Readout: Edit Set-ups / Channel

Ra	ange:	Function:
0*	[-2147483648 -	View the setting of 0-11 Edit Set-up for each
	2147483647]	of the four different communication
		channels. When the number is displayed in
		hex, as it is in the LCP, each number
		represents one channel.
		Numbers 1-4 represent a set-up number; 'F'
		means factory setting; and 'A' means active
		set-up. The channels are, from right to left:
		LCP, FC-bus, USB, HPFB1-5.
		Example: The number AAAAAA21h means
		that the FC bus selected Set-up 2 in 0-11 Edit
		Set-up, the LCP selected Set-up 1 and all
		others used the active set-up.

3.2.3 0-2* LCP Display

Define the variables displayed in the Graphical Local Control Panel.

NOTE

Please refer to 0-37 Display Text 1, 0-38 Display Text 2 and 0-39 Display Text 3 for information on how to write display texts.

0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small				
Option	:	Function:		
		Select a variable for display in line 1, left position.		
[0]	None	No display value selected.		
[9]	Performance Monitor			
[37]	Display Text 1			
[38]	Display Text 2			
[39]	Display Text 3			
[748]	PCD Feed Forward			
[953]	Profibus Warning Word			
[1005]	Readout Transmit Error Counter			
[1006]	Readout Receive Error Counter			
[1007]	Readout Bus Off Counter			
[1013]	Warning Parameter			
[1230]	Warning Parameter			
[1472]	Legacy Alarm Word			
[1473]	Legacy Warning Word			
[1474]	Leg. Ext. Status Word			
[1501]	Running Hours			
[1502]	kWh Counter			
[1600]	Control Word	Present control word		
[1601]	Reference [Unit]	Total reference (sum of digital/ analog/preset/bus/freeze ref./ catch up and slow-down) in selected unit.		
[1602]	Reference %	Total reference (sum of digital/ analog/preset/bus/freeze ref./ catch up and slow-down) in percent.		
[1603]	Status Word	Present status word.		
[1605]	Main Actual Value [%]	Actual value as a percentage.		
[1609]	Custom Readout			
[1610]	Power [kW]	Actual power consumed by the motor in kW.		
[1611]	Power [hp]	Actual power consumed by the motor in HP.		

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0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small			
Option:		Function:	
[1612]	Motor Voltage	Voltage supplied to the motor.	
[1613]	Frequency	Motor frequency, i.e. the output frequency from the frequency converter in Hz	
[1614]	Motor Current	Phase current of the motor measured as effective value.	
[1615]	Frequency [%]	Motor frequency, i.e. the output frequency from the frequency converter in percent.	
[1616]	Torque [Nm]	Actual motor torque in Nm	
[1617] *	Speed [RPM]	Speed in RPM (revolutions per minute) i.e. the motor shaft speed in closed loop.	
[1618]	Motor Thermal	Thermal load on the motor, calculated by the ETR function.	
[1619]	KTY sensor temperature		
[1620]	Motor Angle		
[1621]	Torque [%] High Res.	-	
[1622]	Torque [%]	Present motor load as a percentage of the rated motor torque.	
[1625]	Torque [Nm] High		
[1630]	DC Link Voltage	Intermediate circuit voltage in the frequency converter.	
[1632]	Brake Energy /s	Present brake power transferred to an external brake resistor. Stated as an instantaneous value.	
[1633]	Brake Energy /2 min	Brake power transferred to an external brake resistor. The mean power is calculated continuously for the most recent 120 seconds.	
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.	Present heat sink temperature of the frequency converter. The cut- out limit is 95 \pm 5° C; cutting back in occurs at 70 \pm 5° C.	
[1635]	Inverter Thermal	Percentage load of the inverters.	
[1636]	Inv. Nom. Current	Nominal current of the frequency converter.	
[1637]	Inv. Max. Current	Maximum current of the frequency converter.	
[1638]	SL Controller State	State of the event executed by the control.	
[1639]	Control Card Temp.	Temperature of the control card.	
[1650]	External Reference	Sum of the external reference as a percentage, i.e. the sum of analog/pulse/bus.	

0-20 C	Display Line 1.1 Small	
Option	:	Function:
[1651]	Pulse Reference	Frequency in Hz connected to the digital inputs (18, 19 or 32, 33).
[1652]	Feedback [Unit]	Reference value from programmed digital input(s).
[1653]	Digi Pot Reference	
[1657]	Feedback [RPM]	
[1660]	Digital Input	Signal states form the 6 digital terminals (18, 19, 27, 29, 32 and 33). There are 16 bits in total, but only six of them are used. Input 18 corresponds to the leftmost of the used bits. Signal low = 0; Signal high = 1.
[1661]	Terminal 53 Switch Setting	Setting of input terminal 54. Current = 0; Voltage = 1.
[1662]	Analog Input 53	Actual value at input 53 either as a reference or protection value.
[1663]	Terminal 54 Switch Setting	Setting of input terminal 54. Current = 0; Voltage = 1.
[1664]	Analog Input 54	Actual value at input 54 either as reference or protection value.
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]	Actual value at output 42 in mA. Use 6-50 Terminal 42 Output to select the value to be shown.
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]	Binary value of all digital outputs.
[1667]	Freq. Input #29 [Hz]	Actual value of the frequency applied at terminal 29 as an impulse input.
[1668]	Freq. Input #33 [Hz]	Actual value of the frequency applied at terminal 33 as an impulse input.
[1669]	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	Actual value of impulses applied to terminal 27 in digital output mode.
[1670]	Pulse Output #29 [Hz]	Actual value of impulses applied to terminal 29 in digital output mode.
[1671]	Relay Output [bin]	
[1672]	Counter A	Application dependent (e.g. SLC Control)
[1673]	Counter B	Application dependent (e.g. SLC Control)
[1674]	Prec. Stop Counter	Display the actual counter value.
[1675]	Analog In X30/11	Actual value at input X30/11 either as reference or protection value.

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Parameter Descriptions

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Option	Display Line 1.1 Small	Function:
[1676]	Analog In X30/12	Actual value at input X30/12
[10/0]		either as reference or protection
		value.
		value.
[1677]	Analog Out X30/8	Actual value at output X30/8 in
	[mA]	mA. Use 6-60 Terminal X30/8
		Output to select the value to be
		shown.
[1678]	Analog Out X45/1	
	[mA]	
[1679]	Analog Out X45/3	
	[mA]	
[1680]	Fieldbus CTW 1	Control word (CTW) received
		from the Bus Master.
[1682]	Fieldbus REF 1	Main reference value sent with
		control word from the Bus
		Master.
[1684]	Comm. Option STW	Extended fieldbus communi-
[1004]	comm. Option STW	cation option status word.
[1685]	FC Port CTW 1	Control word (CTW) received
		from the Bus Master.
[1686]	FC Port REF 1	Status word (STW) sent to the Bus
		Master.
[1690]	Alarm Word	One or more alarms in a Hex
		code.
[1691]	Alarm Word 2	One or more alarms in a Hex
[1091]		code.
[1692]	Warning Word	One or more warnings in a Hex
		code.
[1693]	Warning Word 2	One or more warnings in a Hex
		code.
[1694]	Ext. Status Word	One or more status conditions in
		a Hex code.
[1836]	Analog Input X48/2	
[1050]	[mA]	
[1837]	Temp. Input X48/4	
[1838]	Temp. Input X48/7	
[1839]	Temp. Input X48/7	
[1860]	Digital Input 2	
[1800]	Process PID Error	
[1890]	Process PID Ellor Process PID Output	
[1891]	Process PID Clamped	
[1092]	Output	
[1893]	Process PID Gain	
[1093]	Scaled Output	
[2010]		
[3019]	Wobble Delta Freq. Scaled	
[3110]	Bypass Status Word	
	Sipuss Status Word	
[3111]	Bypass Running Hours	

0-20 F	Display Line 1.1 Small				
Option					
[3402]	PCD 2 Write to MCO				
[3403]	PCD 3 Write to MCO PCD 4 Write to MCO				
[3404]					
[3405]	PCD 5 Write to MCO PCD 6 Write to MCO				
[3406] [3407]	PCD 7 Write to MCO				
[3407]	PCD 8 Write to MCO				
[3409]	PCD 9 Write to MCO				
[3410]	PCD 10 Write to MCO				
[3421]	PCD 1 Read from MCO				
[3422]	PCD 2 Read from MCO				
[3423]	PCD 3 Read from MCO				
[3424]	PCD 4 Read from MCO				
[3425]	PCD 5 Read from MCO				
[3426]	PCD 6 Read from MCO				
[3427]	PCD 7 Read from MCO				
[3428]	PCD 8 Read from MCO				
[3429]	PCD 9 Read from MCO				
[3430]	PCD 10 Read from				
[0.00]	MCO				
[3440]	Digital Inputs				
[3441]	Digital Outputs				
[3450]	Actual Position				
[3451]	Commanded Position				
[3452]	Actual Master Position				
[3453]	Slave Index Position				
[3454]	Master Index Position				
[3455]	Curve Position				
[3456]	Track Error				
[3457]	Synchronizing Error				
[3458]	Actual Velocity				
[3459]	Actual Master Velocity				
[3460]	Synchronizing Status				
[3461]	Axis Status				
[3462]	Program Status				
[3464]	MCO 302 Status				
[3465]	MCO 302 Control				
[3470]	MCO Alarm Word 1				
[3471]	MCO Alarm Word 2				
[9913]	Idle time				
[9914]	Paramdb requests in				
	queue				
[9917]	tCon1 time				
[9918]	tCon2 time				
[9919]	Time Optimize				
[0020]	Measure				
[9920]	HS Temp. (PC1)				
[9921]	HS Temp. (PC2)				
[9922]	HS Temp. (PC3)				
[9923]	HS Temp. (PC4)				
[9924] [9925]	HS Temp. (PC5) HS Temp. (PC6)				
[[222]	no remp. (r.co)				

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0-20 D	ispla	y Line 1. 1	Sn	nall	
Option:					Function:
[9926]	HS T	emp. (PC7)		
[9927]	HS T	emp. (PC8)		
0-21 D	icolo	y Line 1.2) C n	ممال	
			- JI	Iall	
Option:		Function:	• • •		1. I I I. I
[0] * No					display in line 1, middle position. same as listed for par. 0-20.
				e the	same as listed for par. 0-20.
0-22 D	ispla	y Line 1.3	3 Sn	nall	
Option:				Fui	nction:
[30120] *	Mai	ns Current	t	Sele	ect a variable for display in line 1,
	[A]			righ	t position. The options are the
				sam	e as listed for par. 0-20.
0-23 D	ispla	y Line 2 l	_arg	je	
Option:				Fu	nction:
[30100] *	Out	put Currei	nt	Sele	ect a variable for display in line 2.
	[A]			The options are the same as listed for	
			par. 0-20.		
0-24 Display Line 3 Large					
		ble for dis			ne 3.
Option:				Fu	nction:
[30121] *	Mai	ns Freque	ncy	The	options are the same as those
				liste	ed in 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small.
0-25 M	lv Pe	rsonal Me	ะกม		
Range:	.,			uncti	ion:
Applicati	on	[0 -			up to 50 parameters to appear in
depende		9999]			Personal Menu, accessible via the
acpenae					Menu] key on the LCP. The
					ters will be displayed in the Q1
			1.		al Menu in the order they are
			pro	ograr	mmed into this array parameter.
			De	lete	parameters by setting the value to
				00′.	
					mple, this can be used to provide
			l .		imple access to just one or up to

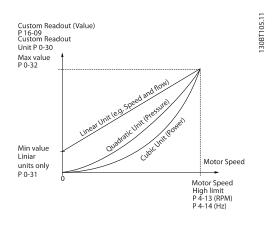
For example, this can be used to provide quick, simple access to just one or up to 50 parameters which require changing on a regular basis (e.g. for plant maintenance reasons) or by an OEM to enable simple commissioning of their equipment.

3.2.4 0-3* LCP Custom Readout

It is possible to customize the display elements for various purposes: *Custom Readout. Value proportional to speed (Linear, squared or cubed depending on unit selected in *0-30 Custom Readout Unit*) *Display Text. Text string stored in a parameter.

Custom Readout

The calculated value to be displayed is based on settings in 0-30 Custom Readout Unit, 0-31 Custom Readout Min Value (linear only), 0-32 Custom Readout Max Value, 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM], 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz] and actual speed.



The relation will depend on the type of unit selected in *0-30 Custom Readout Unit*:

Unit Type	Speed Relation
Dimensionless	Linear
Speed	
Flow, volume	
Flow, mass	
Velocity	
Length	
Temperature	
Pressure	Quadratic
Power	Cubic

0-30 Unit for User-defined Readout				
Opti	on:	Function:		
		It is possible to program a value to be shown in the display of the LCP. The value will have a linear, squared or cubed relation to speed. This relation will depend on the unit selected (see table above). The actual calculated value can be read in 16-09 Custom Readout, and/or shown in the display be selecting Custom Readout [16-09] in 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small to 0-24 Display Line 3 Large.		
[0] *	None			
[1]	%			
[5]	PPM			
[10]	1/min			
[11]	rpm			
[12]	Pulse/s			
[20]	l/s			
[21]	l/min			
[22]	l/h			
[23]	m³/s			

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0-30	Unit fo	r User-defined Readout
Opti	on:	Function:
[24]	m³/min	
[25]	m³/h	
[30]	kg/s	
[31]	kg/min	
[32]	kg/h	
[33]	t/min	
[34]	t/h	
[40]	m/s	
[41]	m/min	
[45]	m	
[60]	°C	
[70]	mbar	
[71]	bar	
[72]	Pa	
[73]	kPa	
[74]	m WG	
[80]	kW	
[120]	GPM	
[121]	gal/s	
[122]	gal/min	
[123]	gal/h	
	CFM	
[125]	ft³/s	
[126]	ft³/min	
[127]	ft³/h	
[130]	lb/s	
[131]	lb/min	
[132]	lb/h	
[140]	ft/s	
[141]	ft/min	
[145]	ft	
[160]	°F	
[170]	psi	
	lb/in ² R	
[172]	in WG	
[173]	ft WG	
[180]	HP	

0-31 Min Value of User-defined Readout

Range:		Function:
0.00 CustomRea-	[Application	This parameter sets the min.
doutUnit*	dependant]	value of the custom defined
		readout (occurs at zero speed).
		Only possible to set different
		from 0 is when selecting a
		linear unit in 0-30 Unit for User-
		defined Readout. For Quadratic
		and Cubic units the minimum
		value will be 0.

	om Readout Max Va	alue	
Range:		Function:	
100.00 Custo ReadoutUnit*	e presenten	This parameter sets the max value to be shown when the speed of the motor has reached the set value for 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] or 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz] (depends on setting in 0-02 Motor Speed Unit).	
0-37 Displ	ay Text 1		
Range:	Function:		
0* [0 - 0] Enter a text which can be viewed in the graphical display by selecting Display Text 1 [37] in par. 0-20, 0-21, 0-22, 0-23 or 0-24.			
Range:	Function:		
0* [0 - 0]		an be viewed in the graphical Display Text 2 [38] in par. 0-20,)-24.	
0-39 Displ	ay Text 3		
0-39 Displ Range:	ay Text 3 Function:		

3.2.5 0-4* LCP Keypad

Enable, disable and password protect individual keys on the LCP.

0-40	0-40 [Hand on] Key on LCP		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0]	Disabled	No effect when [Hand on] is pressed. Select [0] Disabled to avoid accidental start of the drive in <i>Hand on</i> mode.	
[1] *	Enabled	The LCP switches to <i>Hand on</i> mode directly when [Hand on] is pressed.	
[2]	Password	After pressing [Hand on] a password is required. If par. 0-40 is in included in <i>My</i> <i>Personal Menu</i> , define the password in par. 0-65, <i>Personal Menu Password</i> . Otherwise define the password in par. 0-60, <i>Main Menu</i> <i>Password</i>	
[3]	Hand Off/On	When [Hand on] is pressed once, the LCP switches to <i>Off</i> mode. When pressed again, the LCP switches to <i>Hand on</i> mode.	
[4]	Hand Off/On w. Passw.	Same as [3] but a password is required (see [2]).	

Parameter Descriptions



0-41	0-41 [Off] Key on LCP		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	Disabled	Avoids accidental stop of the frequency converter.	
[1] *	Enabled		
[2]	Password	Avoids unauthorised stop. If 0-41 [Off] Key on LCP is included in the Quick Menu, then define the password in 0-65 Quick Menu Password.	

0-42	0-42 [Auto on] Key on LCP		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	Disabled	Avoid accidental start of the frequency converter in Auto mode.	
[1] *	Enabled		
[2]	Password	Avoids unauthorised start in Auto mode. If 0-42 [Auto on] Key on LCP is included in the Quick Menu, then define the password in 0-65 Quick Menu Password.	

0-43	0-43 [Reset] Key on LCP			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	Disabled	No effect when [Reset] is pressed. Avoids accidental alarm reset.		
[1] *	Enabled			
[2]	Password	Avoids unauthorised resetting. If <i>0-43 [Reset] Key on LCP</i> is included in the Quick Menu, then define the password in <i>0-65 Quick Menu Password</i> .		
[7]	Enabled without OFF	Resets the drive without setting it in <i>Off</i> mode.		
[8]	Password without OFF	Resets the drive without setting it in Off mode. A password is required when pressing [Reset] (see [2]).		

3.2.6 0-5* Copy/Save

Copy parameter settings between set-ups and to/from the LCP.

0-50	0-50 LCP Copy		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	No сору		
[1]	All to LCP	Copies all parameters in all set-ups from the frequency converter memory to the LCP memory.	
[2]	All from LCP	Copies all parameters in all set-ups from the LCP memory to the frequency converter memory.	
[3]	Size indep. from LCP	Copy only the parameters that are independent of the motor size. The latter selection can be used to programme several frequency	

0-50	0-50 LCP Copy		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		converters with the same function without disturbing motor data.	
[4]	File from MCO to LCP		
[5]	File from LCP to MCO		
[6]	Data from DYN to LCP		
[7]	Data from LCP to DYN		

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

0-51	0-51 Set-up Copy		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	No сору	No function	
[1]	Copy to set- up 1	Copies all parameters in the present Programming Set-up (defined in <i>0-11 Programming Set-up</i>) to Set-up 1.	
[2]	Copy to set- up 2	Copies all parameters in the present Programming Set-up (defined in <i>0-11 Programming Set-up</i>) to Set-up 2.	
[3]	Copy to set- up 3	Copies all parameters in the present Programming Set-up (defined in <i>0-11 Programming Set-up</i>) to Set-up 3.	
[4]	Copy to set- up 4	Copies all parameters in the present Programming Set-up (defined in <i>0-11 Programming Set-up</i>) to Set-up 4.	
[9]	Copy to all	Copies the parameters in the present set-up over to each of the set-ups 1 to 4.	

3.2.7 0-6* Password

0-60 Main Menu Password			
Range:	ge: Function:		
100 N/A*	[0 - 999 N/ A]	Define the password for access to the Main Menu via the [Main Menu] key. If <i>0-61 Access to Main Menu w/o Password</i> is set to <i>Full access</i> [0], this parameter will be ignored.	

Parameter Descriptions

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0-61	0-61 Access to Main Menu w/o Password			
Opt	Option: Function:			
[0] *	Full access	Disables password defined in 0-60 Main Menu Password.		
[1]	LCP: Read only	Prevent unauthorized editing of Main Menu parameters.		
[2]	LCP: No access	Prevent unauthorized viewing and editing of Main Menu parameters.		
[3]	Bus: Read only	Read-only functions for parameters on fieldbus and/or FC standard bus.		
[4]	Bus: No access	No access to parameters is allowed via fieldbus and/or FC standard bus.		
[5]	All: Read only	Read-only function for parameters on LCP, fieldbus or FC standard bus.		
[6]	All: No access	No access from LCP, fieldbus or FC standard bus is allowed.		

If Full access [0] is selected then 0-60 Main Menu Password, 0-65 Personal Menu Password and 0-66 Access to Personal Menu w/o Password will be ignored.

0-65	0-65 Quick Menu Password			
Range:		Function:		
200*	[-9999 -	Define the password for access to the Quick		
	9999]	Menu via the [Quick Menu] key. If 0-66 Access		
		to Quick Menu w/o Password is set to Full		
		access [0], this parameter will be ignored.		

0-66	0-66 Access to Quick Menu w/o Password			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	Full access	Disables the password defined in 0-65 Quick Menu Password.		
[1]	LCP: Read only	Prevents unauthorised editing of Quick Menu parameters.		
[2]	LCP: No access	Prevents unauthorised viewing and editing of Quick Menu parameters.		
[3]	Bus: Read only	Read only functions for Quick Menu parameters on fieldbus and/ or FC standard bus.		
[4]	Bus: No access	No access to Quick Menu parameters is allowed via fieldbus and/ or FC standard bus.		
[5]	All: Read only	read only function for Quick Menu parameters on LCP, fieldbus or FC standard bus.		
[6]	All: No access	No access from LCP, fieldbus or FC standard bus is allowed.		

If 0-61 Access to Main Menu w/o Password is set to Full access [0] then this parameter will be ignored.

0-67	Bus	Password	Access
	- Courte		

Range:		Function:
0*	[0 - 9999]	Writing to this parameter enables users to unlock
		the frequency converter from bus/ MCT10.

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3.3 Parameters: 1-** Load and Motor

3.3.1 1-0* General Settings

Define whether the frequency converter operates in speed mode or torque mode; and whether the internal PID control should be active or not.

1-00	1-00 Configuration Mode		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the application control principle to be used when a Remote Reference (i.e. via analog input or fieldbus) is active. A Remote Reference can only be active when <i>3-13 Reference Site</i> is set to [0] or [1].	
[0] *	Speed open loop	Enables speed control (without feedback signal from motor) with automatic slip compensation for almost constant speed at varying loads. Compensations are active but can be disabled in the Load/Motor par. group 1-0*.	
[1]	Speed closed loop	Enables Speed closed loop control with feed- back. Obtain full holding torque at 0 RPM. For increased speed accuracy, provide a feedback signal and set the speed PID control.	
[2]	Torque	Enables torque closed loop control with feed- back. Only possible with "Flux with motor feedback" option, <i>1-01 Motor Control Principle</i> . FC 302 only.	
[3]	Process	Enables the use of process control in the frequency converter. The process control parameters are set in par. groups 7-2* and 7-3*.	
[4]	Torque open loop	Enables the use of torque open loop in VVC ⁺ mode (1-01 Motor Control Principle). The torque PID parameters are set in par. group 7-1*.	
[5]	Wobble	Enables the wobble functionality in 30-00 Wobble Mode to 30-19 Wobble Delta Freq. Scaled.	
[6]	Surface Winder	Enables the surface winder control specific parameters in par. group 7-2* and 7-3*.	
[7]	Extended PID Speed OL	Specific parameters in par. group 7-2* to 7-5*.	
[8]	Extended PID Speed CL	Specific parameters in par. group 7-2* to 7-5*.	

1-01 Motor Control Principle

Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select which motor control principle to employ.	
[0] *	U/f	special motor mode, for parallel connected motors in special motor applications. When U/ f is selected the characteristic of the control	

1-01	1-01 Motor Control Principle			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		principle can be edited in 1-55 U/f Charac- teristic - U and 1-56 U/f Characteristic - F.		
[1]	VVC+	Voltage Vector Control principle suitable for most applications. The main benefit of VVC ^{plus} operation is that it uses a robust motor model.		
[2]	Flux	Flux Vector control without encoder feedback,		
	sensorless	for simple installation and robustness against		
		sudden load changes. FC 302 only.		
[3]	Flux w/ motor feedb	very high accuracy speed and torque control, suitable for the most demanding applications. FC 302 only.		

The best shaft performance is normally achieved using either of the two Flux Vector control modes *Flux sensorless* [2] and *Flux with encoder feedback* [3].

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

NOTE

An overview of possible combinations of the settings in 1-00 Configuration Mode and 1-01 Motor Control Principle can be found in section 4.1.1.

1-02 Flux Motor Feedback Source			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the interface at which to receive feedback from the motor.	
[0]	Motor feedb. P1-02		
[1] *	24V encoder	A and B channel encoder, which can be connected to the digital input terminals 32/33 only. Terminals 32/33 must be programmed to <i>No operation</i> .	
[2]	MCB 102	Encoder module option which can be configured in par. group 17-1* This parameter appears in FC 302 only.	
[3]	MCB 103	Optional resolver interface module which can be configured in par. group 17-5**	
[5]	MCO Encoder 2	encoder interface 2 of the optional programmable motion controller MCO 305.	
[6]	Analog input 53		
[7]	Analog input 54		
[8]	Frequency input 29		
[9]	Frequency input 33		

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

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1-03 Torque Characteristics			
Ор	tion:	Function:	
		Select the torque characteristic required. VT and AEO are both energy saving operations.	
[0] *	Constant torque	Motor shaft output provides constant torque under variable speed control.	
[1]	Variable torque	Motor shaft output provides variable torque under variable speed control. Set the variable torque level in <i>14-40 VT Level</i> .	
[2]	Auto Energy Optim.	Automatically optimises energy consumption by minimising magnetisation and frequency via 14-41 AEO Minimum Magnetisation and 14-42 Minimum AEO Frequency.	
[5]	Constant Power	The function provides a constant power in the field weakening area. The torque shape of motor mode is used as a limit in the generatoric mode. This is done to limit the power in generatoric mode that otherwise becomes considerable larger than in motor mode, due to the high DC link voltage available in generatoric mode. $P_{shaft}[W] = \omega_{mech}[rad / s] \times T[Nm]$ This relationship with the constant power is illustrated in the following graph: $T_{nom} = \frac{P[W]}{P_{nom} - I} = \frac{P[W]}{U_{nom} - U_{mom} - U_{m$	

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

1-04	1-04 Overload Mode			
Option:		Function:		
[0] *	High torque	Allows up to 160% over torque.		
[1]	Normal torque	For oversized motor - allows up to 110% over torque.		

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

1-05 Local Mode Configuration			
Option:		Function:	
		Select which application configuration mode	
		(1-00 Configuration Mode), i.e. application	
		control principle, to use when a Local (LCP)	
		Reference is active. A Local Reference can be	
		active only when 3-13 Reference Site is set to	
		[0] or [2]. By default the local reference is	
		active in Hand Mode only.	

1-05 Local Mode Configuration				
Option:		Function:		
[0]	Speed open			
	loop			
[1]	Speed closed			
	loop			
[2] *	As mode par			
	1-00			

1-06 Clockwise Direction

This parameter defines the term "Clockwise" corresponding to the LCP direction arrow. Used for easy change of direction of shaft rotation without swapping motor wires. (Valid from SW version 5.84)

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Normal	Motor shaft will turn in clockwise direction when frequency converter is connected U -> U; V -> V, and W -> W to motor.
[1]	Inverse	Motor shaft will turn in counter clockwise direction when frequency converter is connected U -> U; V -> V, and W -> W to motor.

This parameter cannot be changed while the motor is running.

3.3.2 1-1* Motor Selection

This par. group cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

1-10 Motor Construction			
Option:		Function:	
		Select the motor construction type.	
[0] *	Asynchron	For asynchronous motors.	
[1]	PM, non salient SPM	For permanent magnet (PM) motors. Note that PM motors are divided into two groups, with either surface mounted (non salient) or interior (salient) magnets.	

Motor construction can either be asynchronous or permanent magnet (PM) motor.



3.3.3 1-2* Motor Data

Parameter group 1-2* comprises input data from the nameplate on the connected motor.

NOTE

Changing the value of these parameters affects the setting of other parameters.

1-20 Motor Power [kW]				
Range:	Function:			
Application dependent*	[Application dependant]	Enter the nominal motor power in kW according to the motor nameplate data. The default value corresponds to the nominal rated output of the unit. This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running. This parameter is visible in LCP if 0-03 Regional Settings is Interna- tional [0]. NOTEE Four sizes down, one size up		
		from nominal unit rating.		

1-21 Motor Power [HP]			
Range:		Function:	
Application	[Application	Enter the nominal motor power	
dependent*	dependant]	in HP according to the motor	
		nameplate data. The default	
		value corresponds to the nominal	
		rated output of the unit. This	
		parameter is visible in LCP if	
		0-03 Regional Settings is US [1]	

1-22 Motor Voltage

1 22 motor voltage			
Range:		Function:	
Application	[Application	Enter the nominal motor	
dependent*	dependant]	voltage according to the motor	
		nameplate data. The default	
		value corresponds to the	
		nominal rated output of the	
		unit.	

1-23	Motor Frequency

Range:	Function:	
Application	[20 -	Min - Max motor frequency: 20 - 1000 Hz.
dependent*	1000	Select the motor frequency value from the
	Hz]	motor nameplate data. If a value different
		from 50 Hz or 60 Hz is selected, it is
		necessary to adapt the load independent
		settings in 1-50 Motor Magnetisation at
		Zero Speed to 1-53 Model Shift Frequency.

1-23 Motor Frequency			
Range:		Function:	
		For 87 Hz operation with 230/400 V	
		motors, set the nameplate data for 230 V/	
		50 Hz. Adapt 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit	

87 Hz application.

[RPM] and 3-03 Maximum Reference to the

1-24 Motor Current			
Range:	Function:		
Application dependent*	[Applicatio dependant]	n Enter the nominal motor current value from the motor nameplate data. The data are used for calculating torque, motor protection etc.	
1-25 Motor Nominal Speed			
Range:	Function:		
Application dependent*	[10 - 60000 RPM]	Enter the nominal motor speed value from the motor nameplate data. The data are used for calculating motor compensations. NOTE Motor speed must always be lower than synchronous speed.	

1-26 Motor Cont. Rated Torque

Range:	Function:	
Application	[0.1 -	Enter the value from the motor
dependent*	10000.0	nameplate data. The default value
	Nm]	corresponds to the nominal rated
		output. This parameter is available
		when 1-10 Motor Construction is set
		to PM, non salient SPM [1], i.e. the
		parameter is valid for PM and non-
		salient SPM motors only.

1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)

Option:		Function:	
		The AMA function optimises dynamic motor	
		performance by automatically optimising the	
		advanced motor parameters (1-30 Stator	
		Resistance (Rs) to 1-35 Main Reactance (Xh)) at	
		motor standstill.	
		Activate the AMA function by pressing [Hand on] after selecting [1] or [2]. See also the section	
		Automatic Motor Adaptation in the Design Guide.	
		After a normal sequence, the display will read:	
	"Press [OK] to finish AMA". After pressing th		
		[OK] key the frequency converter is ready for operation.	
		This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.	

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1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)			
Opt	tion:	Function:	
[0] *	Off		
[1]	Enable complete AMA	Performs AMA of the stator resistance R ₅ , the rotor resistance R _r , the stator leakage reactance X ₁ , the rotor leakage reactance X ₂ and the main reactance X _h . Do <i>not</i> select this option if an LC filter is used between the frequency converter and the motor. FC 301: The Complete AMA does not include X _h measurement for FC 301. Instead, the X _h value is determined from the motor database. R ₅ is the best adjustment method (see <i>1-3* Adv. Motor Data</i>). T4/T5 E and F Frames, T7 D, E and F Frames will only run a Reduced AMA when the complete AMA is selected. It is recommended to obtain the Advanced Motor Data from the motor manufacturer to enter into par. 1-31 through 1-36 for best performance.	
[2]	Enable reduced AMA	Performs a reduced AMA of the stator resistance R_s in the system only.	

Note:

- For the best adaptation of the frequency converter, run AMA on a cold motor.
- AMA cannot be performed while the motor is running.
- AMA cannot be performed on permanent magnet motors.

NOTE

It is important to set motor par. 1-2* correctly, since these form part of the AMA algorithm. An AMA must be performed to achieve optimum dynamic motor performance. It may take up to 10 min, depending on the power rating of the motor.

NOTE

Avoid generating external torque during AMA.

NOTE

If one of the settings in par. 1-2* is changed, 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs) to 1-39 Motor Poles, the advanced motor parameters, will return to default setting.

NOTE

AMA will work problem-free on 1 motor size down, typically work on 2 motor sizes down, rarely work on 3 sizes down and never work on 4 sizes down. Please keep in mind that the accuracy of the measured motor data will be poorer when you operate on motors smaller than nominal VLT size.

3.3.4 1-3* Adv. Motor Data

Parameters for advanced motor data. The motor data in 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs) to 1-39 Motor Poles must match the relevant motor in order to run the motor optimally. The default settings are figures based on common motor parameter values from standard motors. If the motor parameters are not set correctly, a malfunction of the frequency converter system may occur. If the motor data is not known, running an AMA (Automatic Motor Adaptation) is recommended. See the Automatic Motor Adaptation section in the Design Guide. The AMA sequence will adjust all motor parameters except the moment of inertia of the rotor and the iron loss resistance (1-36 Iron Loss Resistance (Rfe)).

Par. 1-3* and par. 1-4* cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

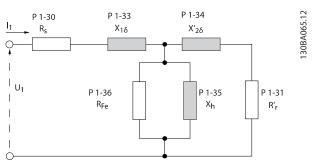


Illustration 3.1 Motor equivalent diagram for an asynchronous motor

NOTE

A simple way to check the sum of X1 + Xh value is to divide the line to line motor voltage by the sqrt(3) then divide this value by the no load current. [VL-L/sqrt(3)]/INL = X1 + Xh. These values are important to properly magnetize the motor. For high pole motors it is highly recommended to perform this check.

1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs)			
Range:		Function:	
Application	[Application	Set the stator resistance	
dependent*	dependant]	value. Enter the value from a	
		motor data sheet or perform	
		an AMA on a cold motor.	

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1-31 Rotor Resistance (Rr)

Range:		Function:
Application dependent*	[Application dependant]	Fine-tuning R _r will improve shaft performance. Set the rotor resistance value using one of these methods:
		 Run an AMA on a cold motor. The frequency converter will measure the value from the motor. All compensations are reset to 100%.
		 Enter the Rr value manually. Obtain the value from the motor supplier.
		 Use the R_r default setting. The frequency converter establishes the setting on the basis of the motor nameplate data.

1-33 Stator Leakage Reactance (X1)		
Range:	Function:	
Application dependent*	[Application dependant]	Set the stator leakage reactance of the motor using one of these methods: 1. Run an AMA on a cold motor. The frequency converter will measure the
		value from the motor. 2. Enter the X ₁ value manually. Obtain the value from the motor supplier.
		 Use the X₁ default setting. The frequency converter establishes the setting on the basis of the motor name plate data.

1-34 Rotor Leakage Reactance (X2)

Range:	Function:		
Application dependent*	[Application dependant]		
		 Run an AMA on a cold motor. The frequency converter will measure the value from the motor. 	
		 Enter the X₂ value manually. Obtain the value from the motor supplier. 	

1-34 Rotor Leakage Reactance (X2)

Range:	Function:	
	3. Use the X ₂ default setting	-
	The frequency converter	ł
	establishes the setting or	n
	the basis of the motor	
	name plate data.	

1-35 Main Reactance (Xh)

Range:		Function:
Application dependent*	[Application dependant]	Set the main reactance of the motor using one of these methods:
		 Run an AMA on a cold motor. The frequency converter will measure the value from the motor.
		 Enter the X_h value manually. Obtain the value from the motor supplier.
		 Use the X_h default setting. The frequency converter establishes the setting on the basis of the motor name plate data.

1-36 Iron Loss Resistance (Rfe)

Function:
Enter the equivalent iron loss resistance (R _{Fe}) value to compensate for iron loss in the motor. The R _{Fe} value cannot be found by performing an AMA. The R _{Fe} value is especially important in torque control applications. If R _{Fe} is unknown, leave 1-36 Iron Loss Resistance (<i>Rfe</i>) on default setting.

1-37 d-axis Inductance (Ld)

	Function:
[Application	Enter the value of the d-axis
dependant]	inductance. Obtain the value from
	the permanent magnet motor data
	sheet.
	This parameter is only active when
	1-10 Motor Construction has the
	value PM, non-salient SPM [1]
	(Permanent Magnet Motor).
	For a selection with one decimal,
	use this parameter. For a selection
	with three decimals, use 30-80 d-
	axis Inductance (Ld).
	- • •

700 - 960

6



1-37 d-axis Inductance (Ld)				
Range:				nction:
		This parameter is available for FC 302 only.		
1-39 Motor Poles				
Range:				Function:
Application		[2 - 1	00]	Enter the number of motor
dependent*				poles.
Poles	~n _n @ 50 Hz			~n _n @60 Hz
2	2700 - 2880			3250 - 3460
4	1350 - 1450			1625 - 1730

The table shows the number of poles for normal speed ranges of various motor types. Define motors designed for other frequencies separately. The motor pole value is always an even number, because it refers to the total number of poles, not pairs of poles. The frequency converter creates the initial setting of 1-39 Motor Poles based on 1-23 Motor Frequency and 1-25 Motor Nominal Speed.

840 - 1153

1-40 Back EMF at 1000 RPM			
Range:	Function:		
Application dependent*	[Application dependant]	Set the nominal back EMF for the motor when running at 1000 RPM. This parameter is only active when 1-10 Motor Construction is set to PM motor [1] (Permanent Magnet Motor). This parameter is available for FC 302 only. NOTEE When using PM motors, it is recommended to use brake resistors.	

1-41 Motor Angle Offset

Range:		Function:	
0*	[-32768 -	Enter the correct offset angle between the PM	
	32767]	motor and the index position (single-turn) of the	
		attached encoder or resolver. The value range of 0	
		- 32768 corresponds to 0 - 2 * pi (radians). To	
		obtain the offset angle value: After frequency	
		converter start-up apply DC-hold and enter the	
		value of 16-20 Motor Angle into this parameter.	
		This parameter is only active when 1-10 Motor	
		Construction is set to PM, non-salient SPM [1]	
		(Permanent Magnet Motor).	

3.3.5 1-5* Load Indep. Setting

1-50	Motor	Magnetisation at Zero Speed
Range	e:	Function:
100 %*	[0 - 300 %]	Use this parameter along with 1-51 Min Speed Normal Magnetising [RPM] to obtain a different thermal load on the motor when running at low speed. Enter a value which is a percentage of the rated magnetizing current. If the setting is too low, the torque on the motor shaft may be reduced. Magn. current 100% Par.1-50 Par.1-51 Par.1-52 RPM
1-51	Min Sp	eed Normal Magnetising [RPM]

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Range:	Function:	
Application	[10 - 300	Set the required speed for normal
dependent*	RPM]	magnetising current. If the speed is set
		lower than the motor slip speed,
		1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed
		and 1-51 Min Speed Normal
		Magnetising [RPM] are of no signif-
		icance.
		Use this parameter along with
		1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed.
		See drawing for 1-50 Motor Magneti-
		sation at Zero Speed.

1-52	Min	Speed	Norma	l Maq	netising	[Hz]
						and the second sec

Range:		Function:
Application	[Application	Set the required frequency for
dependent*	dependant]	normal magnetising current. If
		the frequency is set lower than
		the motor slip frequency,
		1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero
		Speed is inactive.
		Use this parameter along with
		1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero
		Speed. See drawing for
		1-50 Motor Magnetisation at Zero
		Speed.

1-53 Model Shift Frequency

Range:		Function:
Application	[Application	Flux Model shift
dependent*	dependant]	Enter the frequency value for shift
		between two models for determining
		motor speed. Choose the value based
		on settings in 1-00 Configuration
		Mode and 1-01 Motor Control Principle.

Parameter Descriptions

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1-53 Model Shift Frequency

1-53 Model Shift Frequency Range: Function: f_{N,M x} 0.1 f_{N,M x} 0.125 Variable current model Flux model 2 ç P 1-53 Illustration 3.3 1-00 Configuration Mode = [0] Speed open loop, 1-01 Motor Control Principle = [2] Flux sensorless

			fieldweakening
1 - A	Valtage	ROOLIGHIOD	 fieldwoolconing

Range:		Function:
0 V*	[0 - 100 V]	The value of this parameter will reduce the
		maximal voltage available for the flux of the motor in fieldweakning, giving more voltage available for torque. Be aware that too high value may give stall problems at high speed.

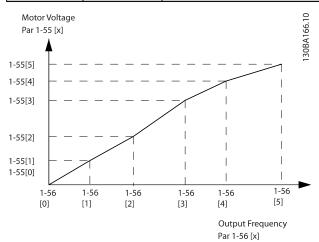
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f_{out}

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1-55 U/f Characteristic - U			
Range:		Function:	
Application	[0.0 -	Enter the voltage at each frequency	
dependent*	1000.0 V]	point to manually form a U/f charac-	
		teristic matching the motor.	
		The frequency points are defined in	
		1-56 U/f Characteristic - F.	
		This parameter is an array	
		parameter [0-5] and is only	
		accessible when 1-01 Motor Control	
		Principle is set to U/f [0].	

1-56 U/f Characteristic - F			
Range:	Function:		
Application dependent*	[Application dependant]	Enter the frequency points to manually form a U/f-charac- teristic matching the motor. The voltage at each point is defined in 1-55 U/f Characteristic - U. This parameter is an array parameter [0-5] and is only accessible when 1-01 Motor Control Principle is set to U/f [0].	



1-58 Flystart Test Pulses Current			
Range:		Function:	
30 %*	[0 - 200	Control the percentage of the magnetizing	
	%]	current for the pulses used to detect the motor	
		direction. Reducing this value will reduce the	
		generated torque. 100% means nominal motor	
		current. The parameter is active when	
		1-73 Flying Start is enabled. This parameter is	
		only available in VVC ^{plus} .	

1-59 Flystart Test Pulses Frequency

Range:		Function:
200 %*	[0 - 500	Control the percentage of the frequency for
	%]	the pulses used to detect the motor direction.
		Increasing this value will reduce the generated

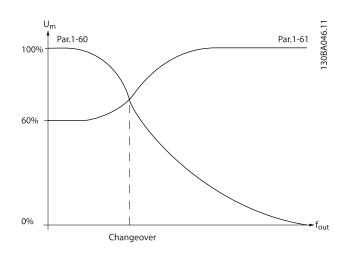
1-59 Flystart Test Pulses Frequency

Range	:	Function:	
		torque. 100% means 2 times the slip	
		frequency. The parameter is active when	
		1-73 Flying Start is enabled. This parameter is	
		only available in VVC ^{plus} .	

3.3.6 1-6* Load Depend. Setting

1-60 Low Speed Load Compensation			
Range:		Function:	
100 %*	[0 - 300 %]	Enter the % value to compensate voltage in relation to load when the motor is running at low speed and obtain the optimum U/f characteristic. The motor size determines the frequency range within which this parameter is active.	

Motor size	Change over
0.25 kW - 7.5 kW	< 10 Hz



1-61 High Speed Load Compensation		
Range: Function:		Function:
100 %*	[0 - 300 %]	Enter the % value to compensate voltage in relation to load when the motor is running at high speed and obtain the optimum U/f characteristic. The motor size determines the frequency range within which this parameter is active.

Motor size	Change-over
0.25 kW - 7.5 kW	> 10 Hz

1-62 Slip Compensation		
Range:	Function:	
Application	[-500 -	Enter the % value for slip compensation,
dependent*	500 %]	to compensate for tolerances in the value of $n_{M,N}$. Slip compensation is calculated

3

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1-62 Slip Compensation

Range:	Function:	
	automatically, i.e. on the basis of the rated motor speed n _{M,N} . This function is not active when 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to Speed closed loop [1] or Torque [2] Torque control with speed feedback or when	
	1-01 Motor Control Principle is set to U/f [0] special motor mode.	

1-63 Slip Compensation Time Constant

Range:		Function:
Application	[0.05 - 5.00	Enter the slip compensation
dependent*	s]	reaction speed. A high value results
		in slow reaction, and a low value
		results in quick reaction. If low-
		frequency resonance problems
		arise, use a longer time setting.

1-64 Resonance Dampening

Function:		
[0 - 500	Enter the resonance dampening value. Set	
%]	1-64 Resonance Dampening and	
	1-65 Resonance Dampening Time Constant to	
	help eliminate high-frequency resonance	
	problems. To reduce resonance oscillation,	
	increase the value of 1-64 Resonance	
	Dampening.	
	[0 - 500	

1-65 Resonance Dampening Time Constant Range: Function: 5 ms* [5 - 50 ms] Set 1-64 Resonance Dampening and 1-65 Resonance Dampening Time Constant to help eliminate high-frequency resonance problems. Enter the time constant that provides the best dampening.

1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed Function: Range: 100 [Application Enter the minimum motor current at low %* dependant] speed, see 1-53 Model Shift Frequency. Increasing this current improves motor torque at low speed. 1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed is enabled when 1-00 Configuration Mode = Speed open loop [0] only. The frequency converter runs with constant current through motor for speeds below 10 Hz. For speeds above 10 Hz, the motor flux model in the frequency converter controls the motor. 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode and / or 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode automatically adjust 1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed. The parameter with the highest

1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed

Range:	Function:
	value adjusts 1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed.
	The current setting in 1-66 Min. Current at
	Low Speed is composed of the torque
	generating current and the magnetizing
	current.
	Example: Set 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode
	to 100% and set 4-17 Torque Limit Generator
	Mode to 60%. 1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed
	automatically adjusts to about 127%,
	depending on the motor size.
	This parameter is available for FC 302 only.
1-67 Load Type	

1-67	1-67 Load Type		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	Passive load	For conveyers, fan and pump applications.	
[1]	Active load	For hoisting applications, used in slip compen- sation at low speed. When <i>Active Load</i> [1] is selected, set <i>1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed</i> to a level which corresponds to maximum torque.	

This parameter is available for FC 302 only.

1-68 Minimum Inertia		
Range:		Function:
Application	[Application	Needed for average inertia
dependent*	dependant]	calculation. Enter the minimum
		moment of inertia of the
		mechanical system. 1-68 Minimum
		Inertia and 1-69 Maximum Inertia
		are used for pre-adjustment of the
		Proportional Gain in the speed
		control, see 30-83 Speed PID Propor-
		tional Gain.
		This parameter is available for FC
		302 only.

This parameter cannot be adjusted while motor is running.

Function:		
h Loop only. he : at low torque limit vailable for FC		

This parameter cannot be adjusted while motor is running.



3.3.7 1-7* Start Adjustments

1-71 Start Delay		
Rang	e:	Function:
0.0 s*	[0.0 - 25.5 s]	This parameter refers to the start function selected in <i>1-72 Start Function</i> . Enter the time delay required before commencing acceleration.

1-72 Start Function			
Opt	tion:	Function:	
		Select the start function during start delay. This parameter is linked to <i>1-71 Start Delay</i> .	
[0]	DC Hold/ delay time	Energizes motor with a DC holding current (2-00 DC Hold Current) during the start delay time.	
[1]	DC Brake/ delay time	Energizes motor with a DC braking current (2-01 DC Brake Current) during the start delay time.	
[2] *	Coast/delay time	Motor coasted during the start delay time (inverter off).	
[3]	Start speed cw	Only possible with VVC+. Connect the function described in 1-74 Start Speed [RPM] and 1-76 Start Current in the start delay time. Regardless of the value applied by the reference signal, the output speed applies the setting of the start speed in 1-74 Start Speed [RPM] or 1-75 Start Speed [Hz] and the output current corresponds to the setting of the start current in 1-76 Start Current. This function is typically used in hoisting applications without counterweight and especially in applications with a Cone-motor, where the start is clockwise, followed by rotation in the reference direction.	
[4]	Horizontal operation	Only possible with VVC+. For obtaining the function described in 1-74 Start Speed [RPM] and 1-76 Start Current during the start delay time. The motor rotates in the reference direction. If the reference signal equals zero (0), 1-74 Start Speed [RPM] is ignored and the output speed equals zero (0). The output current corresponds to the setting of the start current in 1-76 Start Current.	
[5]	VVC+/Flux clockwise	for the function described in 1-74 Start Speed [RPM] only. The start current is calculated automatically. This function uses the start speed in the start delay time only. Regardless of the value set by the reference signal, the output speed equals the setting of the start speed in 1-74 Start Speed [RPM].Start speed/current clockwise [3] and VVC ^{plus} /Flux clockwise [5] are typically used in hoisting applications.	

1-7	1-72 Start Function			
Opt	tion:	Function:		
		Start speed/current in reference direction [4] is particularly used in applications with counter- weight and horizontal movement.		
[6]	Hoist Mech. Brake Rel	For utilizing mechanical brake control functions, 2-24 Stop Delay to 2-28 Gain Boost Factor. This parameter is only active when 1-01 Motor Control Principle is set to [3] Flux w/ motor feedback (FC 302 only).		
[7]	VVC+/Flux counter-cw			
1-7	1-73 Flying Start			
Opt	tion:	Function:		
		This for attack we have it was all have a state		

Option:		Function:
		This function makes it possible to catch a motor which is spinning freely due to a mains drop-out.
[0] *	Disabled	No function
[1]	Enabled	Enables the frequency converter to "catch" and control a spinning motor. When 1-73 Flying Start is enabled, 1-71 Start Delay and 1-72 Start Function have no function.
[2]	Enabled Always	
[3]	Enabled Ref. Dir.	
[4]	Enab. Always Ref. Dir.	

This parameter cannot be adjusted while motor is running.

NOTE This function is

This function is not recommended for hoisting applications. For power levels above 55kW, flux mode must be used to achieve the best performance.

NOTE

To obtain the best flying start performance the advanced motor data, parameters 1-30 through 1-35, must be correct.

1-74 Start Speed [RPM]			
Range:		Function:	
Application	[0 - 600	Set a motor start speed. After the	
dependent*	RPM]	start signal, the output speed leaps	
		to set value. Set the start function in	
		1-72 Start Function to [3], [4] or [5],	
		and set a start delay time in 1-71 Start	
		Delay.	
1 75 Start Speed [Hz]			

1-75 Start Speed [Hz]			
Range:		Function:	
Application	[Application	This parameter can be used for	
dependent*	dependant]	hoist applications (cone rotor). Set	

Parameter Descriptions

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Dantos	ł
0-7	-

1-75 Start S	peed [Hz]	
Range:	Function:	
	a motor start speed. After the st	tart
	signal, the output speed leaps	to
	set value. Set the start function	n in
	1-72 Start Function to [3], [4] or	[5],
	and set a start delay time in	
	1-71 Start Delay.	

1-76	1-76 Start Current				
Range	:	Function:			
0.00	[Application	Some motors, e.g. cone rotor motors,			
A*	dependant]	need extra current/starting speed to			
		disengage the rotor. To obtain this boost,			
		set the required current in 1-76 Start			
		Current. Set 1-74 Start Speed [RPM]. Set			
		1-72 Start Function to [3] or [4], and set a			
		start delay time in 1-71 Start Delay.			
		This parameter can be used for hoist applications (cone rotor).			

3.3.8 1-8* Stop Adjustments

1-80 Function at Stop			
Op	tion:	Function:	
		Select the frequency converter function after a stop command or after the speed is ramped down to the settings in <i>1-81 Min Speed for</i> <i>Function at Stop [RPM]</i> .	
[0] *	Coast	Leaves motor in free mode. The motor is disconnected from the frequency converter.	
[1]	DC hold	Energizes motor with a DC holding current (see 2-00 DC Hold Current).	
[2]	Motor check	Checks if a motor has been connected.	
[3]	Pre- magnetizing	· · · · ·	

1-80 Function at Stop

10				
Op	tion:	Function:		
		Set the DC-hold or DC-brake current magnitude (2-00 or 2-01) to be equal to I_pre-mag = Unom / (1.73 x Xh) Sample rotor time constants = (Xh+X2) / (6.3*Freq_nom*Rr) 1kW = 0.2 seconds 10kW = 0.5 seconds 100kW = 1.7 seconds 1000kW = 2.5 seconds		
[4]	DC Voltage U0	When the motor is stopped, the P1-55 [0] parameter defines the voltage at 0Hz.		
[5]	Coast at low reference	When the reference is below par. 1-81 Min Speed for Function at Stop [RPM], the motor is disconnected from the adjustable frequency drive.		

I-81 Min Speed for Function at Stop [KPM]			
Range:	Function:		
Application	[0 - 600 RPM]	Set the speed at which to	
dependent*		activate 1-80 Function at	
		Stop.	

1-82 Min Speed for Function at Stop [Hz]			
Range: Function:			
Application dependent*	[Application dependant]	Set the output frequency at which to activate 1-80 Function at Stop.	

The Precise Stop Functions are advantageous in applications where high precision is required.

If you use a standard stop command the accuracy is determined by the internal task time. That is not the case when you use the precise stop function; it eliminates the task time dependence and increases the accuracy substantially. The frequency converter tolerance is normally given by its task time. However, by using its special precise stop function the tolerance is independent of the task time because the stop signal immediately interrupts the execution of the frequency converter program. The precise stop function gives a highly reproducible delay from the stop signal is given until the ramping down starts. A test must be done to find this delay as it is a sum of sensor, PLC, FC and mechanical parts.

To ensure optimum accuracy there should be at least 10 cycles during ramping down, see 3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time, 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp down Time, 3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down Time and 3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time.

The Precise Stop Function is set up here and enabled from DI T29 or T33.

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1-8	1-83 Precise Stop Function						
Opt	Option: Function:						
[0] *	Precise ramp stop	Only optimal when the operational speed - of e.g. the conveyor belt - is constant. This is an open loop control. Achieves high repetitive precision at the stopping point.					
[1]	Cnt stop with reset	Counts the number of pulses, typically from an encoder and generates a stop signal after a pre- programmed number of pulses - <i>1-84 Precise Stop</i> <i>Counter Value</i> - has been received at T29 or T33 [30]. This is a direct feedback with one-way closed loop control. The counter function is activated (starts timing) at the edge of the start signal (when it changes from stop to start). After each precise stop the number of pulses counted during ramp down to 0 rpm is reset.					
[2]	Cnt stop w/o reset	Same as [1] but the number of pulses counted during ramp down to 0 rpm is deducted from the counter value entered in <i>1-84 Precise Stop Counter</i> <i>Value.</i> You can for example use this reset function to compensate for the extra distance done during ramping down and to reduce the impacts of gradual wear of mechanical parts.					
[3]	Speed comp stop	Stops at precisely the same point, regardless of the present speed, the stop signal is delayed internally when the present speed is lower than the maximum speed (set in 4-19 Max Output Frequency). The delay is calculated on the basis of the reference speed of the frequency converter and not on the basis of the actual speed. Please therefore make sure that the frequency converter has ramped up before you activate the speed compensated stop.					
[4]	Com cnt stop w/rst	Same as [3] but after each precise stop the number of pulses counted during ramp down to 0 rpm is reset.					
[5]	Comp cnt stop w/o r	Same as [3] but the number of pulses counted during ramp down to 0 rpm is deducted from the counter value entered in <i>1-84 Precise Stop Counter</i> <i>Value.</i> You can for example use this reset function to compensate for the extra distance done during ramping down and to reduce the impacts of gradual wear of mechanical parts.					

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

1-84 Precise Stop Counter Value Range: Function: 100000* [0 - 999999999] Enter the counter value to be used in the integrated precise stop function, 1-83 Precise Stop Function. The maximum permissible frequency at terminal 29 or 33 is 110 kHz. Not used for selection [0] and [3] in 1-83 Precise Stop Function 1-85 Precise Stop Speed Compensation Delay Range: Function: 10 ms* [0 - 100 Enter the delay time for sensors, PLCs, etc. for ms] use in 1-83 Precise Stop Function. In speed compensated stop mode, the delay time at different frequencies has a major influence on the stop function.

Not used for selection [0], [1] and [2] in 1-83 Precise Stop Function

3.3.9 1-9* Motor Temperature

1-90	1-90 Motor Thermal Protection			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		The frequency converter determines the motor temperature for motor protection in three different ways:		
		 Via a thermistor sensor connected to one of the analog or digital inputs (1-93 Thermistor Source). See section PTC Thermistor Connection. 		
		• Via a KTY sensor connected to an analog input (1-96 KTY Thermistor Resource). See section KTY Sensor Connection.		
		 Via calculation (ETR = Electronic Terminal Relay) of the thermal load, based on the actual load and time. The calculated thermal load is compared with the rated motor current I_{M,N} and the rated motor frequency f_{M,N}. The calculations estimate the need for a lower load at lower speed due to less cooling from the fan incorporated in the motor. For the North American market: The ETR functions provide class 20 motor overload 		
		protection in accordance with NEC.		
[0] *	No protection	Continuously overloaded motor, when no warning or trip of the frequency converter is required.		

Opt	ion:	Function:
[1]	Thermistor warning	Activates a warning when the connected thermistor or KTY-sensor in the motor reacts in the event of motor over-temperature.
[2]	Thermistor trip	Stops (trips) frequency converter when connected thermistor or KTY sensor in the motor reacts in the event of motor over- temperature. The thermistor cut-out value must be > 3 k Ω . Integrate a thermistor (PTC sensor) in the motor for winding protection.
[3]	ETR warning 1	Calculates the load when set-up 1 is active and activates a warning on the display when the motor is overloaded. Programme a warning signal via one of the digital outputs.
[4]	ETR trip 1	Calculates the load when set-up 1 is active and stops (trips) frequency converter when the motor is overloaded. Programme a warning signal via one of the digital outputs. The signal appears in the event of a warning and if the frequency converter trips (thermal warning).
[5]	ETR warning 2	
[6]	ETR trip 2	
[7]	ETR warning 3	
[8]	ETR trip 3	
[9]	ETR warning 4	
[10]	ETR trip 4	

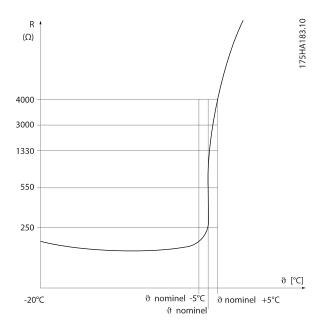
1-90 Motor Thermal Protection

	t [s]						.12
2000 1000 600 500 400 300 200								175ZA052.12
100 60				\sim	11			$f_{OUT} = 1 \times f_{M,N}(par. 1-23)$ $f_{OUT} = 2 \times f_{M,N}$
50	_	_					\geq	f _{OUT} = 0.2 × f _{MUN}
40				_			-	
30 20							-	<u>.</u>
10								I _M
10	1	.0 1	.2 1	.4 1	.6 1	.8 2	.0	I _{MN} (par. 1-24)

Illustration 3.4 ETR profile

1-91	1-91 Motor External Fan				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
[0] *	No	No external fan is required, i.e. the motor is derated at low speed.			
[1]	Yes	Applies an external motor fan (external ventilation), so no derating of the motor is required at low speed. The upper curve in graph above (fout = $1 \times fM$,N) is followed if the motor current is lower than nominal motor current (see <i>1-24 Motor Current</i>). If the motor current exceeds nominal current, the operation time still decreases as if no fan were installed.			

3.3.10 PTC Thermistor Connection

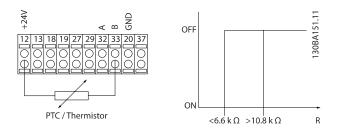


Motor protection can be implemented using a range of techniques: PTC or KTY sensor (see also section KTY Sensor Connection) in motor windings; mechanical thermal switch (Klixon type); or Electronic Thermal Relay (ETR).

Using a digital input and 24 V as power supply: Example: The frequency converter trips when the motor temperature is too high

Parameter set-up:

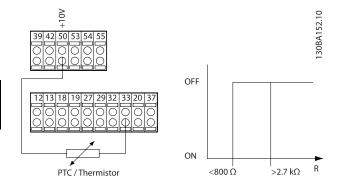
Set 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection to Thermistor Trip [2] Set 1-93 Thermistor Source to Digital Input [6]



Using a digital input and 10 V as power supply: Example: The frequency converter trips when the motor temperature is too high.

Parameter set-up:

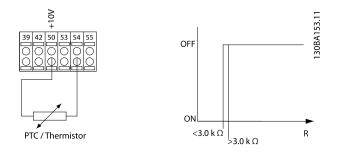
Set 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection to Thermistor Trip [2] Set 1-93 Thermistor Source to Digital Input [6]



Using an analog input and 10 V as power supply: Example: The frequency converter trips when the motor temperature is too high.

Parameter set-up:

Set 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection to Thermistor Trip [2] Set 1-93 Thermistor Source to Analog Input 54 [2]



Input	Supply Voltage	Threshold
Digital/analog		Cut-out Values
Digital	24 V	< 6.6 k Ω - > 10.8 k Ω
Digital	10 V	< 800Ω - > 2.7 kΩ
Analog	10 V	< 3.0 kΩ - > 3.0 kΩ

NOTE

Check that the chosen supply voltage follows the specification of the used thermistor element.

1-93	1-93 Thermistor Source				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		Select the input to which the thermistor (PTC sensor) should be connected. An analog input option [1] or [2] cannot be selected if the analog input is already in use as a reference source (selected in 3-15 Reference 1 Source, 3-16 Reference 2 Source or 3-17 Reference 3 Source). When using MCB 112, choice [0] None must always be selected.			
[0] *	None				
[1]	Analog input 53				
[2]	Analog input 54				
[3]	Digital input 18				
[4]	Digital input 19				

1-93	1-93 Thermistor Source			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[5]	Digital input 32			
[6]	Digital input 33			

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

NOTE

Digital input should be set to [0] *PNP - Active at 24V* in *5-00 Digital I/O Mode*.

3.3.11 KTY Sensor Connection

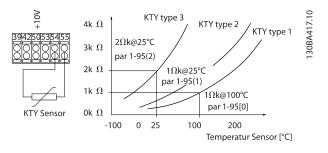
(FC 302 only)

KTY sensors are used especially in Permanent Magnet Servo Motors (PM motors) for dynamic adjusting of motor parameters as stator resistance (1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs)) for PM motors and also rotor resistance (1-31 Rotor Resistance (Rr)) for asynchronous motors, depending on winding temperature. The calculation is:

 $Rs = Rs_{20^{\circ}C} x (1 + \alpha_{CU} x \Delta T) [\Omega] \text{ where}$ $\alpha_{CU} = 0.00393$

KTY sensors can be used for motor protecting (1-97 KTY Threshold level).

FC 302 can handle three types of KTY sensors, defined in *1-95 KTY Sensor Type*. The actual sensor temperature can be read out from *16-19 KTY sensor temperature*.



NOTE

If the temperature of the motor is utilized through a thermistor or KTY sensor the PELV is not complied with in case of short circuits between motor windings and sensor. In order to comply with PELV the sensor must be extra isolated.

1-95 KTY Sensor Type			
Option: Function:			
		Select the used type of KTY sensor. This parameter is available for FC 302 only.	

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1-95	1-95 KTY Sensor Type				
Option:		Function:			
[0] *	KTY Sensor 1	1 kΩ at 100° C			
[1]	KTY Sensor 2	1 kΩ at 25° C			
[2]	KTY Sensor 3	2 kΩ at 25° C			

1-96	1-96 KTY Thermistor Resource				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		Selecting analog input terminal 54 to be used as KTY sensor input. Terminal 54 cannot be selected as KTY source if otherwise used as reference (see 3-15 Reference Resource 1 to 3-17 Reference Resource 3). This parameter is available for FC 302 only. NOTEE Connection of KTY-sensor between term. 54 and 55 (GND). See picture in section KTY Sensor Connection.			
[0] *	None				
[2]	Analog				
	input 54				
1-97	1-97 KTY Threshold level				
Ran	ge:	Function:			
80 C [,]	• [-40 - 140	C] Select the KTY sensor threshold level for			

motor thermal protection.

This parameter is available for FC 302 only.

3.4 Parameters: 2-** Brakes

3.4.1 2-0* DC-Brakes

Parameter group for configuring the DC brake and DC hold functions.

2-00 DC Hold Current			
Rang	e:	Function:	
50	[Application	Enter a value for holding current as a	
%*	dependant]	percentage of the rated motor current $I_{\text{M},\text{N}}$	
		set in 1-24 Motor Current. 100% DC holding	
		current corresponds to I _{M,N} .	
		This parameter holds the motor function	
		(holding torque) or pre-heats the motor.	
		This parameter is active if DC hold is	
		selected in 1-72 Start Function [0] or	
		1-80 Function at Stop [1].	

NOTE

The maximum value depends on the rated motor current. Avoid 100 % current for too long. It may damage the motor. Low values of DC hold will produce larger than expected currents with larger motor power sizes. This error will increase as the motor power increases.

2-01	2-01 DC Brake Current			
Rang	je:	Function:		
50 %*	[Application dependant]	Enter a value for current as a percentage of the rated motor current $I_{M,N}$, see 1-24 Motor Current. 100% DC braking current corresponds to $I_{M,N}$. DC brake current is applied on a stop command, when the speed is lower than the limit set in 2-03 DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]; when the DC Brake Inverse function		
		is active; or via the serial communication port. The braking current is active during the time period set in 2-02 DC Braking Time.		

NOTE

The maximum value depends on the rated motor current. Avoid 100 % current for too long. It may damage the motor.

2-02 DC Braking Time			
Range:		Function:	
10.0 s*	[0.0 - 60.0 s]	Set the duration of the DC braking current	
		set in 2-01 DC Brake Current, once activated.	

2-03 DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]				
Range:		Function:		
Application dependent*	[Application dependant]	Set the DC brake cut-in speed for activation of the DC braking current set in 2-01 DC Brake Current, upon a stop command.		
2-04 DC Brake Cut In Speed [Hz]				
2-04 DC Brake	Cut In Speed [Hz]		
2-04 DC Brake Range:	Cut In Speed [Hz] Function:		
_	Cut In Speed [Hz [Application			
Range:		Function:		
Range: Application	[Application	Function: Set the DC brake cut-in		
Range: Application	[Application	Function: Set the DC brake cut-in speed for activation of the		

3.4.2 2-1* Brake Energy Funct.

Par. group for selecting dynamic braking parameters. Only valid for drives with brake chopper.

2-10	2-10 Brake Function			
Option:		Function:		
[0] *	Off	No brake resistor is installed.		
[1]	Resistor brake	A brake resistor is incorporated in the system, for dissipation of surplus brake energy as heat. Connecting a brake resistor allows a higher DC link voltage during braking (generating operation). The Resistor brake function is only active in frequency converters with an integral dynamic brake.		
[2]	AC brake	Is selected to improve braking without using a brake resistor. This parameter controls an overmagnetization of the motor when running with a generatoric load. This function can improve the OVC-function. Increasing the electrical losses in the motor allows the OVC function to increase the braking torque without exceeding the over voltage limit. Please note that AC brake is not as effective as dynamic breaking with resistor. AC brake is for VVC ⁺ and flux mode in both open and closed loop.		

3

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2-11 Brake Resistor (ohm)			
Range:		Function:	
Application dependent*	[Application dependant]	Set the brake resistor value in Ohms. This value is used for monitoring the power to the brake resistor in 2-13 Brake Power Monitoring. This parameter is only active in frequency converters with an integral dynamic brake. Use this parameter for values without decimals. For a selection with two decimals, use 30-81 Brake Resistor (ohm).	

2-12	2 Brake	Power	Limit (kW)

Range:		Function:
Range: Application dependent*	[Application dependant]	Function:Par. 2-12 is the expected average power dissipated in the brake resistor over a period of 120s. It is used as the monitoring limit for par. 16-33 Brake energy/ 2 min and thereby specifies when a warning/ alarm is to be given. To calculate par. 2-12, the following formula can be used. $P_{br,avg}[W] = \frac{U_{br}^2[V] \times t_{br}[s]}{R_{br}[\Omega] \times T_{br}[s]}$ Pbr,avg is the average power dissipated in the brake resistor, Rbr is the resistance of the brake resistor. tbr is the
		T2 units: 390 V T4 units: 778 V T5 units: 810 V T6 units: 943 V / 1099 V for D – F frames
		T7 units: 1099 V If R_{br} is not known or if T_{br} is different from 120s, the practical approach is to run the brake application, readout par. 16-33 and then enter this + 20% in par. 2-12.

2 12	Proko	Dower Monitoring	
2-13	DIAKE	Power Monitoring	

Opt	ion:	Function:
		This parameter is only active in frequency
		converters with an integral dynamic brake.
		This parameter enables monitoring of the power
		to the brake resistor. The power is calculated on
		the basis of the resistance (2-11 Brake Resistor
		(ohm)), the DC link voltage, and the resistor duty
		time.

2-13 Brake Power Monitoring Option: Function:

[0] *	Off	No brake power monitoring required.
[1]	Warning	Activates a warning on the display when the power transmitted over 120 s exceeds 100% of the monitoring limit (<i>2-12 Brake Power Limit</i> (<i>kW</i>)). The warning disappears when the transmitted power falls below 80% of the monitoring limit.
[2]	Trip	Trips frequency converter and displays an alarm when the calculated power exceeds 100% of the monitoring limit.
[3]	Warning and trip	Activates both of the above, including warning, trip and alarm.

If power monitoring is set to *Off* [0] or *Warning* [1], the brake function remains active, even if the monitoring limit is exceeded. This may lead to thermal overload of the resistor. It is also possible to generate a warning via a relay/digital outputs. The measuring accuracy of the power monitoring depends on the accuracy of the resistance of the resistor (better than \pm 20%).

2-15	2-15 Brake Check				
Opt	ion:	Functio	on:		
		check th whether display a fault. NO The bra tested c IGBT test	ke resistor disconnection function is during power-up. However the brake st is performed when there is no . A warning or trip disconnects the		
		The testi	ng sequence is as follows:		
		1.	The DC link ripple amplitude is measured for 300 ms without braking.		
		2.	The DC link ripple amplitude is measured for 300 ms with the brake turned on.		
		3.	If the DC link ripple amplitude while braking is lower than the DC link ripple amplitude before braking + 1 %: <i>Brake</i> <i>check has failed by returning a warning or</i> <i>alarm</i> .		
		4.	If the DC link ripple amplitude while braking is higher than the DC link ripple amplitude before braking + 1 %: <i>Brake</i> <i>check is OK.</i>		

2-15 Brake Check			
Op	tion:	Function:	
[0] *	Off	Monitors brake resistor and brake IGBT for a short- circuit during operation. If a short-circuit occurs, warning 25 appears.	
[1]	Warning	Monitors brake resistor and brake IGBT for a short- circuit, and runs a test for brake resistor disconnection during power-up.	
[2]	Trip	Monitors for a short-circuit or disconnection of the brake resistor, or a short-circuit of the brake IGBT. If a fault occurs, the frequency converter cuts out while displaying an alarm (trip locked).	
[3]	Stop and trip	Monitors for a short-circuit or disconnection of the brake resistor, or a short-circuit of the brake IGBT. If a fault occurs, the frequency converter ramps down to coast and then trips. A trip lock alarm is displayed (e.g. warning 25, 27 or 28).	
[4]	AC brake	Monitors for a short-circuit or disconnection of the brake resistor, or a short-circuit of the brake IGBT. If a fault occurs, the frequency converter performs a controlled ramp-down. This option is available for FC 302 only.	
[5]	Trip Lock		

NOTE

Remove a warning arising in connection with *Off* [0] or *Warning* [1] by cycling the mains supply. The fault must be corrected first. For *Off* [0] or *Warning* [1], the frequency converter keeps running even if a fault is located.

This parameter is only active in frequency converters with an integral dynamic brake.

2-16 AC brake Max. Current			
Range:		Function:	
100.0 %*	[Application dependant]	Enter the maximum permissible current when using AC brake to avoid overheating of motor windings. The AC brake function is available in Flux mode only (FC 302 only).	

2-17	2-17 Over-voltage Control		
Option:		Function:	
		Over-voltage control (OVC) reduces the risk of the frequency converter tripping due to an over voltage on the DC link caused by generative power from the load.	
[0] *	Disabled	No OVC required.	

2-17 Over-voltage Control

Option:		Function:		
[1]	Enabled (not at stop)	Activates OVC except when using a stop signal to stop the frequency converter.		
[2]	Enabled	Activates OVC.		

NOTE

OVC must not be enabled in hoisting applications.

2-18 Brake Check Condition					
Ran	Range:		F	Function:	
[0] *	At Power Up		Brake check will be performed at power up		
[1]	After Coast Situations		Brake check will be performed after coast situations		
2-19	2-19 Over-voltage Gain				
Ran	ange: Function:				
100 9	00 %* [0 - 200 %] Select over-voltag		Select over-voltage gain.		

3.4.3 2-2* Mechanical Brake

Parameters for controlling operation of an electro-magnetic (mechanical) brake, typically required in hoisting applications.

To control a mechanical brake, a relay output (relay 01 or relay 02) or a programmed digital output (terminal 27 or 29) is required. Normally this output must be closed during periods when the frequency converter is unable to 'hold' the motor, e.g. due to an excessive load. Select Mechanical Brake Control [32] for applications with an electro-magnetic brake in 5-40 Function Relay, 5-30 Terminal 27 Digital Output, or 5-31 Terminal 29 Digital Output. When selecting Mechanical brake control [32], the mechanical brake is closed from start up until the output current is above the level selected in 2-20 Release Brake Current. During stop, the mechanical brake activates when the speed falls below the level specified in 2-21 Activate Brake Speed [RPM]. If the frequency converter enters an alarm condition or an over-current or over-voltage situation, the mechanical brake immediately cuts in. This is also the case during safe stop.

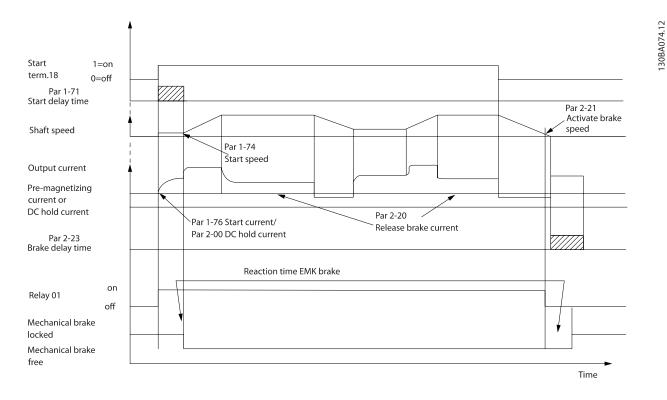
NOTE

Protection mode and trip delay features (14-25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit and 14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault) may delay the activation of the mechanical brake in an alarm condition. These features must be disabled in hoisting applications.

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2-20 Release Brake Current				
Range:		Function:		
Application	[Application	Set the motor current for release of		
dependent*	dependant]	the mechanical brake, when a start		
		condition is present. The default		
		value is the maximum current the		
		inverter can provide for the		
		particular power size. The upper		
		limit is specified in 16-37 Inv. Max.		
		Current.		
		NOTE		
		When Mechanical brake control		
		output is selected but no		
		mechanical brake is connected,		
		the function will not work by		
		default setting due to too low		
		motor current.		

2-21 Activate Brake Speed [RPM]				
Rang	e:		Fun	ction:
		[0 - 30000 RPM]	Set the motor speed for activation of the mechanical brake, when stop condition is present. The upper speed limit is specified in <i>4-53 Warning Speed High</i> .	
2-22	Activate	Brake Speed	[Hz]	
Rang	e:			Function:
Application dependent*		[Applicatior dependant]	١	Set the motor frequency for activation of the mechanical brake, when a stop condition is present.
2-23	Activate I	Brake Delay		
Rang	e:	Function:		
0.0 s* [0.0 - 5.0 Enter t s] ramp-o with fu mecha motor		ramp-down t with full hold mechanical b motor enters	time. T ding to brake h s coast	ay time of the coast after he shaft is held at zero speed orque. Ensure that the as locked the load before the mode. See <i>Mechanical Brake</i> he Design Guide.
2-24	Stop Dela	ıy		
Rang	e:	Function	:	
0.0 s*	[0.0 - 5.0	the motor	is sto	erval from the moment when oped until the brake closes. s a part of the stopping

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2-25 Brake Release Time		
Range	:	Function:
0.20 s*	[0.00 - 5.00 s]	This value defines the time it takes for the mechanical brake to open. This parameter must act as a time-out when brake feedback is activated.

2-26 Torque Ref

Range:		Function:	
0.00 %*	[Application dependant]	The value defines the torque applied against the closed mechanical brake, before release	

2-27	2-27 Torque Ramp Time			
Rang	je:	Function:		
0.2 s*	[0.0 - 5.0 s]	The value defines the duration of the torque ramp in clockwise direction.		
2-28	Gain Boost I	Factor		
Rang				
-	e:	Function:		

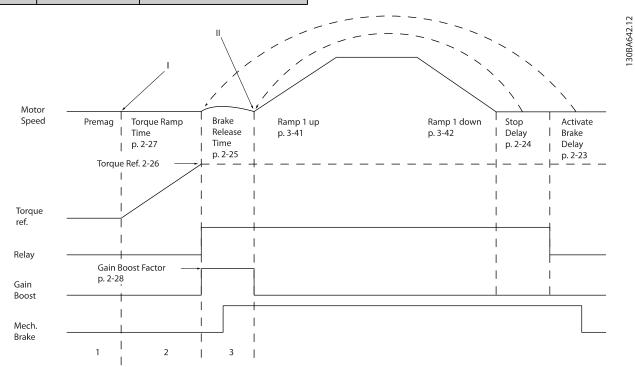


Illustration 3.5 Brake release sequence for hoist mechanical brake control

I) Activate brake delay: The frequency converter starts again from the mechanical brake engaged position.

II) Stop delay: When the time between successive starts is shorter than the setting in 2-24 Stop Delay, the frequency converter starts without applying the mechanical brake (e.g. reversing).

Parameters for reference handling, definition of limitations, and configuration of the reaction of the frequency converter to changes.

3.5.1 3-0* Reference Limits

3-00	3-00 Reference Range				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		Select the range of the reference signal and the feedback signal. Signal values can be positive only, or positive and negative. The minimum limit may have a negative value, unless <i>Speed closed loop</i> [1] control or <i>Process</i> [3] is selected in 1-00 Configuration Mode.			
[0]	Min - Max	Select the range of the reference signal and the feedback signal. Signal values can be positive only, or positive and negative. The minimum limit may have a negative value, unless <i>Speed closed loop</i> [1] control or <i>Process</i> [3] is selected in 1-00 Configuration Mode.			
[1] *	-Max - +Max	For both positive and negative values (both directions, relative to 4-10 Motor Speed Direction).			

3-01 Reference/Feedback Unit

Opti	on:	Function:
		Select the unit to be used in Process PID Control references and feedbacks. <i>1-00 Configuration Mode</i> must be either [3] Process or [8] Extended PID Control.
[0] *	None	
[1]	%	
[2]	RPM	
[3]	Hz	
[4]	Nm	
[5]	PPM	
[10]	1/min	
[12]	Pulse/s	
[20]	l/s	
[21]	l/min	
[22]	l/h	
[23]	m³/s	
[24]	m³/min	
[25]	m³/h	
[30]	kg/s	
[31]	kg/min	
[32]	kg/h	
[33]	t/min	
[34]	t/h	
[40]	m/s	
[41]	m/min	
[45]	m	
[60]	°C	

3-01	Referer	nce/Feedback Unit
Option:		Function:
[70]	mbar	
[71]	bar	
[72]	Pa	
[73]	kPa	
[74]	m WG	
[80]	kW	
[120]	GPM	
[121]	gal/s	
[122]	gal/min	
[123]	gal/h	
[124]	CFM	
[125]	ft³/s	
[126]	ft³/min	
[127]	ft³/h	
[130]	lb/s	
[131]	lb/min	
[132]	lb/h	
[140]	ft/s	
[141]	ft/min	
[145]	ft	
[150]	lb ft	
[160]	°F	
[170]	psi	
[171]	lb/in²R	
[172]	in WG	
[173]	ft WG	
[180]	HP	

3-02 Minimum Reference

Range:		Function:
Application	[Application	Enter the Minimum Reference. The
dependent*	dependant]	Minimum Reference is the lowest
		value obtainable by summing all
		references.
		Minimum Reference is active only
		when 3-00 Reference Range is set to
		Min Max. [0].
		The Minimum Reference unit
		matches:
		• The choice of configuration
		in 1-00 Configuration Mode
		Configuration Mode: for
		Speed closed loop [1], RPM;
		for Torque [2], Nm.
		• The unit selected in
		3-01 Reference/Feedback
		Unit.

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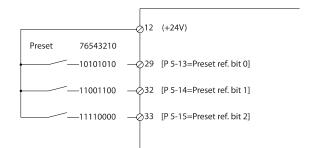
3-03 Maximum Reference		
Range:		Function:
Application	[Application	Enter the Maximum Reference. The
dependent*	dependant]	Maximum Reference is the highest
		value obtainable by summing all
		references.
		The Maximum Reference unit
		matches:
		The choice of configuration
		in 1-00 Configuration Mode:
		for Speed closed loop [1],
		RPM; for <i>Torque</i> [2], Nm.
		• The unit selected in
		3-00 Reference Range.

3-04	3-04 Reference Function		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0] *	Sum	Sums both external and preset reference sources.	
[1]	External/ Preset	Use either the preset or the external reference source. Shift between external and preset via a command on a digital input.	

3.5.2 3-1* References

Select the preset reference(s). Select Preset ref. bit 0/1/2 [16], [17] or [18] for the corresponding digital inputs in parameter group 5-1*.

3-10 Preset Reference Array [8] Range: 0-7 Range: **Function:** 0.00 [-100.00 -Enter up to eight different preset references %* 100.00 %] (0-7) in this parameter, using array programming. The preset reference is stated as a percentage of the value Ref_{MAX} (3-03 Maximum Reference) If a Ref_{MIN} different from 0 (3-02 Minimum Reference) is programmed, the preset reference is calculated as a percentage of the full reference range, i.e. on the basis of the difference between RefMAX and RefMIN. Afterwards, the value is added to Ref_{MIN}. When using preset references, select Preset ref. bit 0 / 1 / 2 [16], [17] or [18] for the corresponding digital inputs in par. group 5-1*.



Preset ref. bit	2	1	0
Preset ref. 0	0	0	0
Preset ref. 1	0	0	1
Preset ref. 2	0	1	0
Preset ref. 3	0	1	1
Preset ref. 4	1	0	0
Preset ref. 5	1	0	1
Preset ref. 6	1	1	0
Preset ref. 7	1	1	1

3-11 Jog Speed [Hz]			
Range:		Function:	
Application dependent*	[Application dependant]	The jog speed is a fixed output speed at which the frequency converter is running when the jog function is activated.	
		See also 3-80 Jog Ramp Time.	

3-12 Catch up/slow Down Value

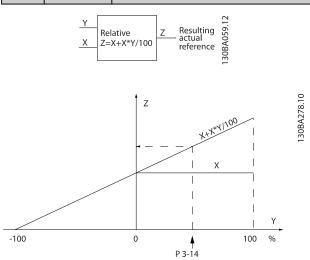
Range	:	Function:
0.00	[0.00 -	Enter a percentage (relative) value to be either
%*	100.00 %]	added to or deducted from the actual
		reference for Catch up or Slow down respec-
		tively. If Catch up is selected via one of the
		digital inputs (5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input to
		5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input), the percentage
		(relative) value is added to the total reference.
		If Slow down is selected via one of the digital
		inputs (5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input to
		5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input), the percentage
		(relative) value is deducted from the total
		reference. Obtain extended functionality with
		the DigiPot function. See par. group 3-9*
		Digital Potentiometer.

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3-13	3-13 Reference Site		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select which reference site to activate.	
[0] *	Linked to Hand / Auto	Use local reference when in Hand mode; or remote reference when in Auto mode.	
[1]	Remote	Use remote reference in both Hand mode and Auto mode.	
[2]	Local	Use local reference in both Hand mode and Auto mode. NOTE When set to Local [2], the frequency converter will start with this setting again following a 'power down'.	

3-14 Preset Relative Reference

Range:		Function:
0.00 %*	[-100.00 -	The actual reference, X, is increased or
	100.00 %]	decreased with the percentage Y, set in
		3-14 Preset Relative Reference. This results in
		the actual reference Z. Actual reference (X)
		is the sum of the inputs selected in
		3-15 Reference 1 Source, 3-16 Reference 2
		Source, 3-17 Reference 3 Source and
		8-02 Control Source.



3-15	3-15 Reference Resource 1		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the reference input to be used	
		for the first reference signal.	
		3-15 Reference Resource 1,	
		3-16 Reference Resource 2 and	
		3-17 Reference Resource 3 define up to	
		three different reference signals. The	
		sum of these reference signals defines	
		the actual reference.	
[0]	No function		
[1] *	Analog input 53		
[2]	Analog input 54		
[7]	Frequency input 29		
[8]	Frequency input 33		
[11]	Local bus reference		
[20]	Digital pot.meter		
[21]	Analog input X30-11	(General Purpose I/O Option Module)	
[22]	Analog input X30-12	(General Purpose I/O Option Module)	
[29]	Analog Input X48/2		

3-16 Reference Resource 2

Optio	on:	Function:
		Select the reference input to be used
		for the second reference signal.
		3-15 Reference Resource 1,
		3-16 Reference Resource 2 and
		3-17 Reference Resource 3 define up to
		three different reference signals. The
		sum of these reference signals
		defines the actual reference.
[0]	No function	
[1]	Analog input 53	
[2]	Analog input 54	
[7]	Frequency input 29	
[8]	Frequency input 33	
[11]	Local bus reference	
[20] *	Digital pot.meter	
[21]	Analog input X30-11	
[22]	Analog input X30-12	
[29]	Analog Input X48/2	

3-17 Reference Resource 3

Optio	on:	Function:
		Select the reference input to be used
		for the third reference signal.
		3-15 Reference Resource 1,
		3-16 Reference Resource 2 and
		3-17 Reference Resource 3 define up to
		three different reference signals. The
		sum of these reference signals
		defines the actual reference.
[0]	No function	
[1]	Analog input 53	

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3-17	Reference Resource 3		
Opti	on:	Function:	
[2]	Analog input 54		
[7]	Frequency input 29		
[8]	Frequency input 33		
[11] *	Local bus reference		
[20]	Digital pot.meter		
[21]	Analog input X30-1		
[22]	Analog input X30-12	2	
[29]	Analog Input X48/2		
3-18 Relative Scaling Reference Resource			
Opti		ction:	
	Selec	t a variable value to be added to the	
	fixed	value (defined in 3-14 Preset Relative	
		ence). The sum of the fixed and variable	
		es (labelled Y in the illustration below) is	
		plied with the actual reference (labelled	
		the illustration below). This product is	
		added to the actual reference (X+X*Y/	
	100)	to give the resultant actual reference.	
		Y Relative Z=X+X*Y/100 Z Resulting actual reference	

motor is running.

No function

53

54

Analog input

Analog input

Frequency input 29

Frequency

input 33

Local bus

reference

pot.meter

Analog input

Analog input X30-12

Analog Input

Digital

X30-11

X48/2

[0] * [1]

[2]

[7]

[8]

[11]

[20]

[21]

[22]

[29]

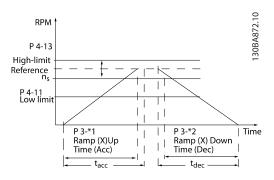
This parameter cannot be adjusted while the

3-19 Jog Speed [RPM]		
Range:		Function:
Application dependent*	[Application dependant]	Enter a value for the jog speed nJoG, which is a fixed output speed. The frequency converter runs at this speed when the jog function is activated. The maximum limit is defined in <i>4-13 Motor Speed High Limit</i> <i>[RPM].</i> See also <i>3-80 Jog Ramp Time.</i>

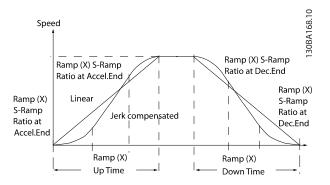
3.5.3 Ramps 3-4* Ramp 1

For each of four ramps (par. group 3-4*, 3-5*, 3-6* and 3-7*) configure the ramp parameters: ramp type, ramping times (duration of acceleration and deceleration) and level of jerk compensation for S ramps.

Start by setting the linear ramping times corresponding to the figures.



If S-ramps are selected then set the level of non-linear jerk compensation required. Set jerk compensation by defining the proportion of ramp-up and ramp-down times where acceleration and deceleration are variable (i.e. increasing or decreasing). The S-ramp acceleration and deceleration settings are defined as a percentage of the actual ramp time.



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3-40	3-40 Ramp 1 Type		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the ramp type, depending on requirements for acceleration/deceleration. A linear ramp will give constant acceleration during ramping. An S-ramp will give non-linear acceleration, compensating for jerk in the application.	
[0] *	Linear		
[1]	S-ramp Const Jerk	Acceleration with lowest possible jerk.	
[2]	S-ramp Const Time	S-ramp based on the values set in 3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp up Time and 3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time.	

NOTE

If S-ramp [1] is selected and the reference during ramping is changed the ramp time may be prolonged in order to realize a jerk free movement which may result in a longer start or stop time.

Additional adjustment of the S-ramp ratios or switching initiators may be necessary.

3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp up Time		
Range:		Function:
Application	[Application	Enter the ramp-up time, i.e. the
dependent*	dependant]	acceleration time from 0 RPM to the
		synchronous motor speed ns. Choose
		a ramp-up time such that the output
		current does not exceed the current
		limit in 4-18 Current Limit during
		ramping. The value 0.00 corresponds
		to 0.01 sec. in speed mode. See ramp-
		down time in 3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down
		Time.
		$Par. 3 - 41 = \frac{t_{acc}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$

3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time

Range:		Function:
Application		Enter the ramp-down time, i.e. the
dependent*	[Application	deceleration time from the
	dependant]	synchronous motor speed ns to 0 RPM.
		Choose a ramp-down time such that
		no over-voltage arises in the inverter
		due to regenerative operation of the
		motor, and such that the generated
		current does not exceed the current
		limit set in 4-18 Current Limit. The
		value 0.00 corresponds to 0.01 s in
		speed mode. See ramp-up time in
		3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp up Time.
		$Par. 3 - 42 = \frac{t_{dec}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$

3-45 Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start

3-45 Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start			
Rang	e:	Function:	
50 %*	[Application dependant]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp- up time (3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp up Time) in which the acceleration torque increases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compen- sation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks occurring in the application.	
3-46	Ramp 1 S-ramp R	atio at Accel. End	
Rang	e:	Function:	
50 %*	[Application dependant]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp- up time (3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp up Time) in which the acceleration torque decreases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compen- sation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks in the application.	
3-47	Ramp 1 S-ramp R	latio at Decel. Start	
Rang	e:	Function:	
50 %*	[Application dependant]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp- down time (3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time) where the deceleration torque increases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compen- sation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks in the application.	
3-48	Ramp 1 S-ramp R	atio at Decel. End	
Rang	e:	Function:	
50 %*	[Application dependant]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp- down time (3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time) where the deceleration torque decreases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compen- sation achieved, and thus the lower the	

3.5.4 3-5* Ramp 2

Choosing ramp parameters, see parameter group 3-4*.

3-50 Ramp 2 Type		
Option: Function:		Function:
		Select the ramp type, depending on requirements for acceleration/deceleration. A linear ramp will give constant acceleration during ramping. An S-ramp will give non-linear acceleration, compensating for jerk in the application.
[0] *	Linear	

torque jerks in the application.



3-50	3-50 Ramp 2 Type		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[1]	S-ramp	Acceleration with lowest possible jerk	
	Const Jerk		
[2]	S-ramp	S-ramp based on the values set in 3-51 Ramp 2	
	Const Time	Ramp up Time and 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp down	
		Time	

NOTE

If S-ramp [1] is selected and the reference during ramping is changed the ramp time may be prolonged in order to realize a jerk free movement which may result in a longer start or stop time.

Additional adjustment of the S-ramp ratios or switching initiators may be necessary.

3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp up Time		
Range:		Function:
Application	[Application	Enter the ramp-up time, i.e. the
dependent*	dependant]	acceleration time from 0 RPM to the
		rated motor speed ns. Choose a ramp-
		up time such that the output current
		does not exceed the current limit in
		4-18 Current Limit during ramping. The
		value 0.00 corresponds to 0.01 sec. in
		speed mode. See ramp-down time in
		3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp down Time.
		$Par. 3 - 51 = \frac{t_{acc}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$

3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp down Time

-		
Range:		Function:
Application		Enter the ramp-down time, i.e. the
dependent*	[Application	deceleration time from the rated
	dependant]	motor speed ns to 0 RPM. Choose a
		ramp-down time such that no over-
		voltage arises in the inverter due to
		regenerative operation of the motor,
		and such that the generated current
		does not exceed the current limit set
		in 4-18 Current Limit. The value 0.00
		corresponds to 0.01 s in speed mode.
		See ramp-up time in 3-51 Ramp 2
		Ramp up Time.
		$Par. 3 - 52 = \frac{t_{dec}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$

3-55 Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start

Range	e:	Function:
50 %*	[Application	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-
	dependant]	up time (3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp up Time) in
		which the acceleration torque
		increases. The larger the percentage
		value, the greater the jerk compen-
		sation achieved, and thus the lower the
		torque jerks in the application.

3-56 Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End

Range	e:	Function:
50 %*	[Application dependant]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp- up time (3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp up Time) in which the acceleration torque decreases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compen- sation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks in the application.

3-57 Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start

Range	e:	Function:
50 %*	[Application	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-
	dependant]	down time (3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp down
		Time) where the deceleration torque
		increases The larger the percentage
		value, the greater the jerk compen-
		sation achieved, and thus the lower the
		torque jerks in the application.

3-58 Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End

Range:		Function:
50 %*	[Application	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-
	dependant]	down time (3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp down
		Time) where the deceleration torque
		decreases. The larger the percentage
		value, the greater the jerk compen-
		sation achieved, and thus the lower the
		torque jerks in the application.
		value, the greater the jerk compen- sation achieved, and thus the lower the

3.5.5 3-6* Ramp 3

Configure ramp parameters, see 3-4*.

3-60 Ramp 3 Type			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the ramp type, depending on requirements for acceleration and deceleration. A linear ramp will give constant acceleration during ramping. An S-ramp will give non-linear acceleration, compensating for jerk in the application.	
[0] *	Linear		
[1]	S-ramp Const Jerk	Accelerates with lowest possible jerk.	
[2]	S-ramp Const Time	S-ramp based on the values set in <i>3-61 Ramp 3</i> <i>Ramp up Time</i> and <i>3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down</i> <i>Time</i>	



NOTE

If S-ramp [1] is selected and the reference during ramping is changed the ramp time may be prolonged in order to realize a jerk free movement which may result in a longer start or stop time.

Additional adjustment of the S-ramp ratios or switching initiators may be necessary.

3-61 Ramp 3 Ramp up Time			
Range:		Function:	
Application dependent*	[Application dependant]	Enter the ramp-up time, i.e. the acceleration time from 0 RPM to the rated motor speed ns. Choose a ramp-up time such that the output current does not exceed the current limit in <i>4-18 Current Limit</i> during ramping. The value 0.00 corresponds to 0.01 sec. in speed mode. See ramp-down time in <i>3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down Time</i> .	

3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down Time

Range:		Function:
Application		Enter the ramp-down time, i.e. the
dependent*	[Application	deceleration time from the rated
	dependant]	motor speed n _s to 0 RPM. Choose a
		ramp-down time such that no over-
		voltage arises in the inverter due to
		regenerative operation of the motor,
		and such that the generated current
		does not exceed the current limit set
		in <i>4-18 Current Limit</i> . The value 0.00
		corresponds to 0.01 s in speed mode.
		See ramp-up time in 3-61 Ramp 3
		Ramp up Time.
		$Par. 3 - 62 = \frac{t_{dec}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$

3-65 Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start

Range:		Function:
50 %*	[Application	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-
	dependant]	up time (3-61 Ramp 3 Ramp up Time) in
		which the acceleration torque
		increases. The larger the percentage
		value, the greater the jerk compen-
		sation achieved, and thus the lower the
		torque jerks in the application.

3-66 Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End

Range:		Function:
50 %*	[Application	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-
	dependant]	up time (3-61 Ramp 3 Ramp up Time) in
		which the acceleration torque
		decreases. The larger the percentage
		value, the greater the jerk compen-

3-66	-66 Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End		
Range: Function:			
		sation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks in the application.	
3-67	Ramp 3 S-ramp R	atio at Decel. Start	
Rang	e:	Function:	
50 %*	[Application dependant]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp- down time (<i>3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down</i> <i>Time</i>) where the deceleration torque increases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compen- sation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks in the application.	
3-68	Ramp 3 S-ramp R	atio at Decel. End	
Rang	e:	Function:	
50 %*	[Application dependant]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp- downdecel time (<i>3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp</i> <i>down Time</i>) where the deceleration torque decreases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compensation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks in the application.	

3.5.6 3-7* Ramp 4

Configure ramp parameters, see 3-4*.

3-70	3-70 Ramp 4 Type		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the ramp type, depending on requirements for acceleration and deceleration. A linear ramp will give constant acceleration during ramping. An S-ramp will give non-linear acceleration, compensating for jerk in the application	
[0] *	Linear		
[1]	S-ramp Const Jerk	Accelerates with lowest possible jerk.	
[2]	S-ramp Const Time	S-ramp based on the values set in 3-71 Ramp 4 Ramp up Time and 3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time.	

NOTE

If S-ramp [1] is selected and the reference during ramping is changed the ramp time may be prolonged in order to realize a jerk free movement which may result in a longer start or stop time.

Additional adjustment of the S-ramp ratios or switching initiators may be necessary.

3-71 Ramp 4 Ramp up Time			
Range:		Function:	
Application	[Application	Enter the ramp-up time, i.e. the	
dependent*	dependant]	acceleration time from 0 RPM to the	
		rated motor speed ns. Choose a ramp-	
		up time such that the output current	
		does not exceed the current limit in	
		4-18 Current Limit during ramping. The	
		value 0.00 corresponds to 0.01 sec. in	
		speed mode. See ramp-down time in	
		3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time.	
		$Par. 3 - 71 = \frac{t_{acc}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$	

3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time

Range:		Function:
Application		Enter the ramp-down time, i.e. the
dependent*	[Application	deceleration time from the rated
	dependant]	motor speed n_s to 0 RPM. Choose a
		ramp-down time such that no over-
		voltage arises in the inverter due to
		regenerative operation of the motor,
		and such that the generated current
		does not exceed the current limit set
		in 4-18 Current Limit. The value 0.00
		corresponds to 0.01 s in speed mode.
		See ramp-up time in 3-71 Ramp 4
		Ramp up Time.
		$Par. 3 - 72 = \frac{t_{dec}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{ref[RPM]}$

3-75 Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start		
Range	e:	Function:
50 %*	[Application dependant]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp- up time (3-71 Ramp 4 Ramp up Time) in which the acceleration torque increases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compen- sation achieved, and thus the lower the
		torque jerks in the application.

3-76 Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End		
Range:		Function:
50 %*	[Application	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-
	dependant]	up time (3-71 Ramp 4 Ramp up Time) in
		which the acceleration torque
		decreases. The larger the percentage
		value, the greater the jerk compen-
		sation achieved, and thus the lower the
		torque jerks in the application.

3-77 Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start

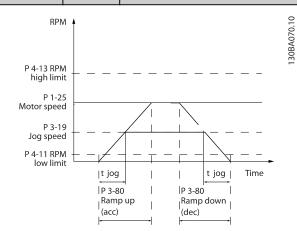
Range:		Function:
50 %*		Enter the proportion of the total ramp-
	dependant]	down time (3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down
		<i>Time</i>) where the deceleration torque

3-77 Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start

Range:		Function:
		increases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compen- sation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks in the application.
3-78 Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End		Ratio at Decel. End
Rang	e:	Function:
50 %*	[Application dependant]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp- down time (3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time) where the deceleration torque decreases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compen- sation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks in the application.

3.5.7 3-8* Other Ramps

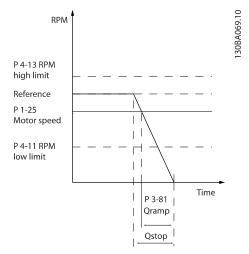
3-80 Jog Ramp Time				
Range:		Function:		
Application	[0.01 -	Enter the jog ramp time, i.e. the		
dependent*	3600.00 s]	acceleration/deceleration time		
		between 0 RPM and the rated motor		
		frequency n _s . Ensure that the resultant		
		output current required for the given		
		jog ramp time does not exceed the		
		current limit in 4-18 Current Limit. The		
		jog ramp time starts upon activation of		
		a jog signal via the LCP, a selected		
		digital input, or the serial communi-		
		cation port. When jog state is disabled		
		then the normal ramping times are		
		valid.		



$$Par. 3 - 80 = \frac{t_{jog}[s] \times n_s[RPM]}{\Delta \log speed (par. 3 - 19)[RPM]}$$

3

3-81 Quick Stop Ramp		Time
Range:		Function:
Application dependent*	[0.01 - 3600.00 s]	Enter the quick-stop ramp-down time, i.e. the deceleration time from the synchronous motor speed to 0 RPM. Ensure that no resultant over-voltage will arise in the inverter due to regenerative operation of the motor required to achieve the given ramp- down time. Ensure also that the generated current required to achieve the given ramp-down time does not exceed the current limit (set in 4-18 Current Limit). Quick-stop is activated by means of a signal on a selected digital input, or via the serial communication port.



<i>Par</i> . 3 – 81	_	t _{Qstop} [s] x n _s [RPM]
<i>rai</i> . 5 – 61	-	Δ jog ref (par. 3 - 19) [RPM]

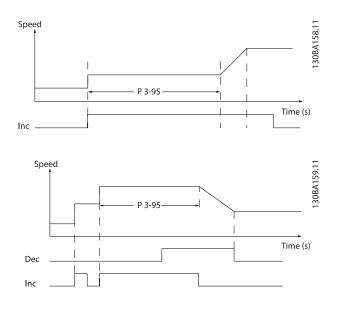
3-82	3-82 Quick Stop Ramp Type		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select the ramp type, depending on requirements for acceleration and deceleration. A linear ramp will give constant acceleration during ramping. An S-ramp will give non-linear acceleration, compensating for jerk in the application.	
[0] *	Linear		
[1]	S-ramp Const Jerk		
[2]	S-ramp Const Time		
3-83	3-83 Quick Stop S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start		
Ran	ge:	Function:	

nangei		
50 %*	[Application	Enter the proportion of the total ramp-
	dependant]	down time (par. 3-42) where the
		deceleration torque increases. The
		larger the percentage value, the

3-83	3-83 Quick Stop S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start			
Rang	e:	Function:		
		greater the jerk compensation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks in the application.		
3-84	3-84 Quick Stop S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End			
Rang	e:	Function:		
50 %*	[Application dependant]	Enter the proportion of the total ramp- down time (<i>3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down</i> <i>Time</i>) where the deceleration torque decreases. The larger the percentage value, the greater the jerk compen- sation achieved, and thus the lower the torque jerks in the application.		

3.5.8 3-9* Digital Pot.Meter

The digital potentiometer function allows the user to increase or decrease the actual reference by adjusting the set-up of the digital inputs using the functions *Increase*, *Decrease* or *Clear*. To activate the function, at least one digital input must be set up to *Increase* or *Decrease*.



3-90 Step Size				
Range:		Function:		
0.10 %*	[0.01 - 200.00 %]	Enter the increment size required for INCREASE/DECREASE, as a percentage of the synchronous motor speed, n _s . If INCREASE/ DECREASE is activated the resulting reference will be increased / decreased by the amount set in this parameter.		

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3-91	3-91 Ramp Time	
Range	2:	Function:
1.00	[0.00 -	Enter the ramp time, i.e. the time for
S*	3600.00 s]	adjustment of the reference from 0% to 100%
		of the specified digital potentiometer function
		(Increase, Decrease or Clear).
		If Increase/ Decrease is activated for longer
		than the ramp delay period specified in
		3-95 Ramp Delay the actual reference will be
		ramped up / down according to this ramp
		time. The ramp time is defined as the time
		used to adjust the reference by the step size
		specified in 3-90 Step Size.
3-92 Power Restore		

Option:		Function:			
[0] *	Off	Resets the Digital Potentiometer reference to 0% after power up.			
[1]	On	Restores the most recent Digital Potentiometer reference at power up.			

3-93 Maximum Limit			
Range:		Function:	
100 %*	[-200 - 200 %]	Set the maximum permissible value for the resultant reference. This is advisable if the Digital Potentiometer is used for fine tuning of the resulting reference.	

3-94 Minimum Limit			
Range: Function:		Function:	
-100 %*	[-200 - 200	Set the minimum permissible value for the	
	%]	resultant reference. This is advisable if the	
		Digital Potentiometer is used for fine	
		tuning of the resulting reference.	

3-95 Ramp Delay Range: Function: Application Enter the delay required from [Application dependent* dependant] activation of the digital potentiometer function until the frequency converter starts to ramp the reference. With a delay of 0 ms, the reference starts to ramp as soon as INCREASE/ DECREASE is activated. See also 3-91 Ramp Time.



3.6 Parameters: 4-** Limits/Warnings

3.6.1 4-1* Motor Limits

Define torque, current and speed limits for the motor, and the reaction of the frequency converter when the limits are exceeded.

A limit may generate a message on the display. A warning will always generate a message on the display or on the fieldbus. A monitoring function may initiate a warning or a trip, upon which the frequency converter will stop and generate an alarm message.

4-10 Motor Speed Direction		
Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select the motor speed direction(s) required. Use this parameter to prevent unwanted reversing. When 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to Process [3], 4-10 Motor Speed Direction is set to Clockwise [0] as default. The setting in 4-10 Motor Speed Direction does not limit options for setting 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]. This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.
[0] *	Clockwise	The reference is set to CW rotation. Reversing input (Default term 19) must be open.
[1]	Counter clockwise	The reference is set to CCW rotation. Reversing input (Default term 19) must be closed. If Reversing is required with 'Reverse' input is open the motor direction can be changed by 1-06 Clockwise Direction
[2]	Both directions	Allows the motor to rotate in both directions.

4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]

Range:		Function:
Application	[Application	Enter the minimum limit for
dependent*	dependant]	motor speed. The Motor Speed
		Low Limit can be set to
		correspond to the manufacturer's
		recommended minimum motor
		speed. The Motor Speed Low
		Limit must not exceed the
		setting in 4-13 Motor Speed High
		Limit [RPM].

4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]

Range:		Function:
Application	[Application	Enter the minimum limit for motor
dependent*	dependant]	speed. The Motor Speed Low Limit
		can be set to correspond to the
		minimum output frequency of the
		motor shaft. The Motor Speed Low
		Limit must not exceed the setting

Range:	Function:	
		in 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz].
Application	[Application	Enter the minimum limit for motor
Application	[Application	
dependent*	dependant]	speed. The Motor Speed Low Limit
		can be set to correspond to the
		minimum output frequency of the
		motor shaft. The Motor Speed Low
		Limit must not exceed the setting
		in 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit
		[Hz].

4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]

4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]

Range:		Function:
Application	[Application	Enter the maximum limit for
dependent*	dependant]	motor speed. The Motor Speed
		High Limit can be set to
		correspond to the
		manufacturer's maximum rated
		motor speed. The Motor Speed
		High Limit must exceed the
		setting in 4-11 Motor Speed Low
		Limit [RPM].

NOTE

Max. output frequency cannot exceed 10% of the inverter switching frequency (14-01 Switching Frequency).

4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]

Range:		Function:
Application	[Application	Enter the maximum limit for motor
dependent*	dependant]	speed. The Motor Speed High Limit
		can be set to correspond to the
		manufacturer's recommended
		maximum of the motor shaft. The
		Motor Speed High Limit must
		exceed the in 4-12 Motor Speed Low
		Limit [Hz]. Only 4-11 Motor Speed
		Low Limit [RPM] or 4-12 Motor Speed
		Low Limit [Hz] will be displayed
		depending on other parameters in
		the Main Menu and depending on
		default settings dependant on
		global location.

NOTE

Max. output frequency cannot exceed 10% of the inverter switching frequency (14-01 Switching Frequency).

4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode		
Range:		Function:
Application	[Application	This function limits the
dependent*	dependant]	torque on the shaft to
		protect the mechanical
		installation.

NOTE

Changing 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode when 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to Speed open loop [0], 1-66 Min. Current at Low Speed is automatically readjusted.

The torque limit reacts on the actual, non-filtrated torque, including torque spikes. This is not the torque that is seen from the LCP or the Fieldbus as that is filtered.

4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode		
Range: Function:		
100.0 %*	[Application dependant]	This function limits the torque on the shaft to protect the mechanical installation.

NOTE

The torque limit reacts on the actual, non-filtrated torque, including torque spikes. This is not the torque that is seen from the LCP or the Fieldbus as that is filtered.

4-18 Current Limit		
Range:		Function:
Application	[Application	This is a true current limit function
dependent*	dependant]	that continues in the oversyn-
		chronous range, however due to
		field weakening the motor torque
		at current limit will drop
		accordingly when the voltage
		increase stops above the
		synchronised speed of the motor.

4-19 Max Output Frequency Function: Range: 132.0 Hz* [1.0 -Provides a final limit on the output 1000.0 Hz] frequency for improved safety in applications where you want to avoid accidental over-speeding. This limit is final in all configurations (independent of the setting in 1-00 Configuration Mode).

NOTE

Max. output frequency cannot exceed 10% of the inverter switching frequency (14-01 Switching Frequency).

4-19 Max Output Frequency cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select an analog input for scaling the settings in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode and 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode from 0% to 100% (or inverse). The signal levels corresponding to 0% and 100% are defined in the analog input scaling, e.g. par. group 6-1*. This
		parameter is only active when 1-00 Configuration Mode is in Speed Open Loop or Speed Closed Loop.
[0] *	No function	
[2]	Analog in 53	
[4]	Analog in 53 inv	
[6]	Analog in 54	
[8]	Analog in 54 inv	
[10]	Analog in X30-11	
[12]	Analog in X30-11 inv	
[14]	Analog in X30-12	
[16]	Analog in X30-12 inv	

4-21 Speed Limit Factor SourceOption

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select an analog input for scaling the
		settings in par. 4-19 from 0% to 100%
		(or vice versa). The signal levels
		corresponding to 0% and 100% are
		defined in the analog input scaling,
		e.g. par. group 6-1*. This parameter is
		only active when par. 1-00 Configu-
		ration Mode is in Torque Mode.
[0] *	No function	
[2]	Analog input 53	
[4]	Analog input 53 inv	
[6]	Analog input 54	
[8]	Analog input 54 inv	
[10]	Analog input X30-11	
[12]	Analog input X30-11	
	inv	
[14]	Analog input X30-12	
[16]	Analog input X30-12	
	inv	

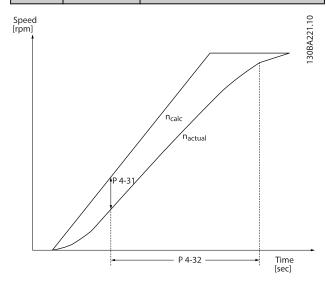


3.6.2 4-3* Motor Feedback Monitoring

The par. group includes monitoring and handling of motor feedback devices as encoders, resolvers etc.

4-30	4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select which reaction the frequency converter should take if a feedback fault is detected. The selected action is to take place when the feedback signal differs from the output speed where its range is specified in <i>4-31 Motor Feedback Speed Error</i> during its time frame set in <i>4-32 Motor</i> <i>Feedback Loss Timeout</i> .		
[0]	Disabled			
[1]	Warning			
[2] *	Trip			
[3]	Jog			
[4]	Freeze Output			
[5]	Max Speed			
[6]	Switch to Open Loop			
[7]	Select Setup 1			
[8]	Select Setup 2			
[9]	Select Setup 3			
[10]	Select Setup 4			
[11]	stop & trip			

4-31 Motor Feedback Speed Error				
Range:		Function:		
300 RPM* [1 - 600 RPM]		Select the max allowed tracking error		
		in speed from the calculated and the		
		actual mechanical shaft output speed.		



4-32	4-32 Motor Feedback Loss Timeout				
Rang	Range:		Function:		
0.05 s	0.05 s* [0.00 - 6		Set the timeout value allowing the speed error set in 4-31 Motor Feedback Speed Error to be exceeded.		
4-34	Tracking	Error F	unction		
Opti	ion:	Func	tion:		
		should Closed betwee and th Open betwee compe sent to The re differe the tim A track	which reaction the frequency converter take if a tracking error is detected. Loop: The tracking error is measured en the output from the ramp generator e speed feedback (filtered). Loop: The tracking error is measured en the output from the ramp generator - ensated for slip - and the frequency that is to the motor (16-13). action will be activated if the measured nce is more than specified in par. 4-35 for ne specified in par. 4-36. king error in closed loop does not imply ere is a problem with the feedback signal! king error can be the result of torque limit big loads.		
[0] *	Disable				
[1]	Warning				
[2]	Trip				
[3]	Trip after stop				

4-35 Tracking Error

Range:		Function:	
10 RPM*	[1 - 600	Enter the maximum permissible speed error	
	RPM]	between the motor speed and the output of	
		the ramp when not ramping. In open loop	
		the motor speed is estimated and in closed	
		loop it is the feedback from encoder/	
		resolver.	

4-36 Tracking Error Timeout

Range:		Function:
1.00 s*	[0.00 - 60.00 s]	Enter the time-out period during which an error greater than the value set in <i>4-35 Tracking Error</i> is permissible.

4-37 Tracking Error Ramping

10/ 110				
Range:	Function:			
100 RPM*	[1 - 600	Enter the maximum permissible speed		
	RPM]	error between the motor speed and the		
		output of the ramp when ramping. In		
		open loop the motor speed is estimated		
		and in closed loop it is the feedback from		
		encoder/resolver.		

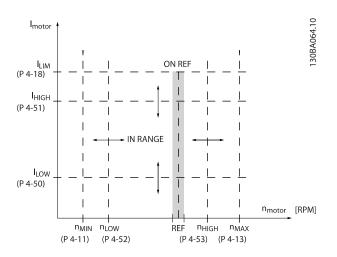
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4-38 Tracking Error Ramping Timeout				
Range:		Function:		
an erro 4-37 Ti		Enter the time-out period during which an error greater than the value set in <i>4-37 Tracking Error Ramping</i> while Ramping is permissible.		
4-39 Tracking Error After Ramping Timeout				
4-39 [°]	Tracking Error A	fter Ramping Timeout		
4-39 Range	5	fter Ramping Timeout Function:		

3.6.3 4-5* Adjustable Warnings

Use these parameters to adjust warning limits for current, speed, reference and feedback. Warnings that are shown on the display can be programmed as an output or sent via serial bus.

Warnings are shown on display, programmed output or serial bus.



4-50 Warning Current Low				
Range:		Function:		
0.00 A*	[Application dependant]	Enter the I _{LOW} value. When the motor current falls below this limit, the display reads <i>Current Low</i> . The signal outputs can be programmed to produce a status signal on terminal 27 or 29 (FC 302 only) and on relay output 01 or 02 (FC 302 only). Refer to the drawing in this section.		

4-51 Warning Current High			
Range:		Function:	
Application dependent*	[Application dependant]	Enter the I _{HIGH} value. When the motor current exceeds this limit, the display reads <i>Current High</i> . The	

4-51_V	Varni	ng Current	Hia	h
Range:		ig canen		Function:
				signal outputs can be programmed to produce a status signal on terminal 27 or 29 (FC 302 only) and on relay output 01 or 02 (FC 302 only). Refer to the drawing in this section.
4-52 V	Varniı	ng Speed I	Low	
Range:			Fu	nction:
0 RPM*		plication ndant]	spee reac be p sign	er the n _{LOW} value. When the motor ed exceeds this limit, the display its <i>Speed Low</i> . The signal outputs car programmed to produce a status al on terminal 27 or 29 (FC 302 only on relay output 01 or 02 (FC 302 r).
4-53 V	Varniı	ng Speed I	High	
Range:		5	9	Function:
Applicati		[Applicat dependant		Enter the n _{HIGH} value. When the motor speed exceeds this limit, the display reads <i>Speed High</i> . The signa outputs can be programmed to produce a status signal on termina 27 or 29 (FC 302 only) and on relay output 01 or 02 (FC 302 only). Programme the upper signal limit or the motor speed, n _{HIGH} , within the normal working range of the frequency converter. Refer to the drawing in this section.
4-54 V	Varniı	ng Referen	ice L	ow
Range:				Function:
-999999.	999*	[Applicati dependant		Enter the lower reference limit. When the actual reference falls below this limit, the display indicates <i>Ref Low</i> . The signal outputs can be programmed to produce a status signal on termina 27 or 29 (FC 302 only) and on relay

4-55 Warning Reference High

Range:		Function:
999999.999*	[Application dependant]	Enter the upper reference limit. When the actual reference exceeds this limit, the display reads Ref High. The signal outputs can be programmed to produce a status signal on terminal 27 or 29 (FC 302 only) and on relay output 01 or 02
		(FC 302 only).

output 01 or 02 (FC 302 only).

3

4-56 Warning Feedback Low				
Range:	Function:			
-999999.999	[Application	Enter the lower feedback limit.		
ReferenceFeed-	dependant]	When the feedback falls		
backUnit*		below this limit, the display		
	reads Feedb Low. The signal			
	outputs can be programmed			
	to produce a status signal on			
		terminal 27 or 29 (FC 302		
		only) and on relay output 01		
		or 02 (FC 302 only).		

4-57 Warning Feedback High

Range:	Function:		
999999.999	[Application	Enter the upper feedback	
ReferenceFeed-	dependant]	limit. When the feedback	
backUnit*		exceeds this limit, the display	
	reads Feedb High. The signal		
	outputs can be programmed		
	to produce a status signal on		
	terminal 27 or 29 (FC 302		
	only) and on relay output 01		
		or 02 (FC 302 only).	

4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function

Displays an alarm in the event of a missing motor phase (alarm 30, 31 or 32). Select disabled for no missing motor phase alarm. It is strongly recommended to make an active setting to avoid motor damage.

Option:	ption: Function:		
[0]	Disabled	No alarm is displayed if a missing motor phase occurs.	
[1]	Trip 100 ms	Trips after 100ms. Select 100 ms for fast detection of missing motor phase.	
[2]	Trip 1000 ms	Trips after 1000 ms. Select 1000 ms for slow detection of missing motor phase.	
[3]	Trip 100ms 3ph detec.		

NOTE

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

3.6.4 4-6* Speed Bypass

Some systems call for avoiding certain output frequencies or speeds, due to resonance problems in the system. A maximum of four frequency or speed ranges can be avoided.

4-60 Byrnass St	peed From [RPM]			
4-60 Bypass Speed From [RPM] Array [4]				
Range:				
Application	[Application	Some systems call for		
dependent*	dependant]	avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance		
		problems in the system.		
		Enter the lower limits of the		
		speeds to be avoided.		
4-61 Bypass Sp	peed From [Hz]			
Array [4]				
Range:		Function:		
Application	[Application	Some systems call for		
dependent*	dependant]	avoiding certain output		
		speeds due to resonance		
		problems in the system.		
		Enter the lower limits of the		
		speeds to be avoided.		
4-62 Bypass Speed To [RPM]				
4-62 Bypass Sp	peed To [RPM]			
4-62 Bypass Sp Array [4]	peed To [RPM]			
	peed To [RPM]	Function:		
Array [4]	Deed To [RPM]	Function: Some systems call for		
Array [4] Range:				
Array [4] Range: Application	[Application	Some systems call for		
Array [4] Range: Application	[Application	Some systems call for avoiding certain output		
Array [4] Range: Application	[Application	Some systems call for avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance		
Array [4] Range: Application	[Application	Some systems call for avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance problems in the system.		
Array [4] Range: Application dependent*	[Application dependant]	Some systems call for avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance problems in the system. Enter the upper limits of the		
Array [4] Range: Application	[Application dependant]	Some systems call for avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance problems in the system. Enter the upper limits of the		
Array [4] Range: Application dependent* 4-63 Bypass Sp	[Application dependant]	Some systems call for avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance problems in the system. Enter the upper limits of the		
Array [4] Range: Application dependent* 4-63 Bypass Sp Array [4]	[Application dependant]	Some systems call for avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance problems in the system. Enter the upper limits of the speeds to be avoided.		
Array [4] Range: Application dependent* 4-63 Bypass Sp Array [4] Range:	[Application dependant] Deed To [Hz]	Some systems call for avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance problems in the system. Enter the upper limits of the speeds to be avoided. Function:		
Array [4] Range: Application dependent* 4-63 Bypass Sp Array [4] Range: Application	[Application dependant] peed To [Hz] [Application	Some systems call for avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance problems in the system. Enter the upper limits of the speeds to be avoided. Function: Some systems call for		
Array [4] Range: Application dependent* 4-63 Bypass Sp Array [4] Range: Application	[Application dependant] peed To [Hz] [Application	Some systems call for avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance problems in the system. Enter the upper limits of the speeds to be avoided. Function: Some systems call for avoiding certain output		
Array [4] Range: Application dependent* 4-63 Bypass Sp Array [4] Range: Application	[Application dependant] peed To [Hz] [Application	Some systems call for avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance problems in the system. Enter the upper limits of the speeds to be avoided. Function: Some systems call for avoiding certain output speeds due to resonance		



3.7 Parameters: 5-** Digital In/Out

3.7.1 5-0* Digital I/O Mode

Parameters for configuring the input and output using NPN and PNP.

These parameters cannot be adjusted while motor is running.

5-00 Digital I/O Mode				
Opt	Option: Function:			
		Digital inputs and programmed digital outputs are pre- programmable for operation either in PNP or NPN systems.		
[0] *	PNP	Action on positive directional pulses (\ddagger). PNP systems are pulled down to GND.		
[1]	NPN	Action on negative directional pulses (\ddagger). NPN systems are pulled up to + 24 V, internally in the frequency converter.		

NOTE

Once this parameter has been changed, it must be activated by performing a power cycle.

5-01 Terminal 27 Mode			
Option: Function:			
[0] *	Input	Defines terminal 27 as a digital input.	
[1]	Output	Defines terminal 27 as a digital output.	
5-02 Terminal 29 Mode			
Option: Function:			
[0] *	Input	Defines terminal 29 as a digital input.	

[1] Output Defines terminal 29 as a digital output.

This parameter is available for FC 302 only.

3.7.2 5-1* Digital Inputs

The digital inputs are used for selecting various functions in the frequency converter. All digital inputs can be set to the following functions:

Digital input function	Select	Terminal
No operation	[0]	All *term 32, 33
Reset	[1]	All
Coast inverse	[2]	All *term 27
Coast and reset inverse	[3]	All
Quick stop inverse	[4]	All
DC-brake inverse	[5]	All
Stop inverse	[6]	All
Start	[8]	All *term 18
Latched start	[9]	All

Reversing	[10]	All *term 19
Start reversing	[11]	All
Enable start forward	[12]	All
Enable start reverse	[13]	All
Jog	[14]	All *term 29
Preset reference on	[15]	All
Preset ref bit 0	[16]	All
Preset ref bit 1	[17]	All
Preset ref bit 2	[18]	All
Freeze reference	[19]	All
Freeze output	[20]	All
Speed up	[21]	All
Speed down	[22]	All
Set-up select bit 0	[23]	All
Set-up select bit 1	[24]	All
Precise stop inverse	[26]	18, 19
Precises start, stop	[27]	18, 19
Catch up	[28]	All
Slow down	[29]	All
Counter input	[30]	29, 33
Pulse input Edge Trigged	[31]	29, 33
Pulse input Time Based	[32]	29, 33
Ramp bit 0	[34]	All
Ramp bit 1	[35]	All
Mains failure inverse	[36]	All
Latched precise start	[40]	18, 19
Latched precise stop	[41]	18, 19
inverse		
DigiPot Increase	[55]	All
DigiPot Decrease	[56]	All
DigiPot Clear	[57]	All
Digipot Hoist	[58]	All
Counter A (up)	[60]	29, 33
Counter A (down)	[61]	29, 33
Reset Counter A	[62]	All
Counter B (up)	[63]	29, 33
Counter B (down)	[64]	29, 33
Reset Counter B	[65]	All
Mech. Brake Feedb.	[70]	All
Mech. Brake Feedb. Inv.	[71]	All
PID Error Inv.	[72]	All
PID Reset I-part	[73]	All
PID enable	[74]	All
PTC Card 1	[80]	All

FC 300 standard terminals are 18, 19, 27, 29, 32 and 33. MCB 101 terminals are X30/2, X30/3 and X30/4.

Terminal 29 functions as an output only in FC 302.

Functions dedicated to only one digital input are stated in the associated parameter.

[0]	No	No reaction to signals transmitted to the
[0]	operation	terminal.
[1]	Reset	Resets frequency converter after a TRIP/ALARM. Not all alarms can be reset.
[2]	Coast inverse	(Default Digital input 27): Coasting stop, inverted input (NC). The frequency converter leaves the motor in free mode. Logic '0' => coasting stop.
[3]	Coast and reset inverse	Reset and coasting stop Inverted input (NC). Leaves motor in free mode and resets frequency converter. Logic '0' => coasting stop and reset.
[4]	Quick stop inverse	Inverted input (NC). Generates a stop in accordance with quick-stop ramp time set in <i>3-81 Quick Stop Ramp Time</i> . When motor stops, the shaft is in free mode. Logic '0' => Quick-stop.
[5]	DC-brake inverse	Inverted input for DC braking (NC). Stops motor by energizing it with a DC current for a certain time period. See 2-01 DC Brake Current to 2-03 DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]. The function is only active when the value in 2-02 DC Braking Time is different from 0. Logic '0' => DC braking.
[6]	Stop inverse	Stop Inverted function. Generates a stop function when the selected terminal goes from logical level '1' to '0'. The stop is performed according to the selected ramp time (3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time, 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp down Time, 3-62 Ramp 3 Ramp down Time, 3-72 Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time). NOOTEE When the frequency converter is at the torque limit and has received a stop command, it may not stop by itself. To ensure that the frequency converter stops, configure a digital output to <i>Torque limit & stop</i> [27] and connect this digital output to a digital input that is configured as coast.
[8]	Start	(Default Digital input 18): Select start for a start/ stop command. Logic '1' = start, logic '0' = stop.
[9]	Latched start	The motor starts, if a pulse is applied for min. 2 ms. The motor stops when Stop inverse is activated.
[10]	Reversing	(Default Digital input 19). Change the direction of motor shaft rotation. Select Logic '1' to reverse. The reversing signal only changes the direction of rotation. It does not activate the start function. Select both directions in <i>4-10 Motor Speed Direction</i> . The function is not active in process closed loop.
[11]	Start reversing	Used for start/stop and for reversing on the same wire. Signals on start are not allowed at the same time.

All digital inputs can be programmed to these functions:
--

[12]	Enable start	Disengages the counterclockwise movement
	forward	and allows for the clockwise direction.
[13]	Enable start	Disengages the clockwise movement and
	reverse	allows for the counterclockwise direction.
[14]	Jog	(Default Digital input 29): Use to activate jog
		speed. See 3-11 Jog Speed [Hz].
[15]	Preset	Shifts between external reference and preset
	reference on	reference. It is assumed that External/preset [1]
		has been selected in 3-04 Reference Function.
		Logic '0' = external reference active; logic '1' =
		one of the eight preset references is active.
[16]	Preset ref bit	Preset ref. bit 0,1, and 2 enables a choice
	0	between one of the eight preset references
		according to the table below.
[17]	Preset ref bit	Same as Preset ref bit 0 [16].
	1	
[18]	Preset ref bit	Same as Preset ref bit 0 [16].
	2	

Preset ref. bit	2	1	0
Preset ref. 0	0	0	0
Preset ref. 1	0	0	1
Preset ref. 2	0	1	0
Preset ref. 3	0	1	1
Preset ref. 4	1	0	0
Preset ref. 5	1	0	1
Preset ref. 6	1	1	0
Preset ref. 7	1	1	1

[19]	Freeze ref	Freezes the actual reference, which is now the point of enable/condition for Speed up and Speed down to be used. If Speed up/down is used, the speed change always follows ramp 2 (<i>3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp up</i> <i>Time</i> and <i>3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp down Time</i>) in the range 0 - <i>3-03 Maximum Reference</i> .
[20]	Freeze output	Freezes the actual motor frequency (Hz), which is now the point of enable/condition for Speed up and Speed down to be used. If Speed up/down is used, the speed change always follows ramp 2 (3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp up Time and 3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp down Time) in the range 0 - 1-23 Motor Frequency. When Freeze output is active, the frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low 'start [8]' signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse.
[21]	Speed up	Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potenti- ometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed up/ down is activated for less than 400 msec. the resulting reference will be increased/ decreased by 0.1 %. If Speed up/ down is activated for more than 400 msec. the resulting reference will follow the setting in ramping up/ down parameter 3-x1/ 3-x2.

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	Shut down	Catch up
Unchanged speed	0	0
Reduced by %-value	1	0
Increased by %-value	0	1
Reduced by %-value	1	1

[22]	Speed down	Same as Speed up [21].		
[23]	Set-up	Select Set-up select bit 0 or Select Set-up select		
	select bit	bit 1 to select one of the four set-ups. Set		
	0	0-10 Active Set-up to Multi Set-up.		
[24]	Set-up	(Default Digital input 32): Same as Set-up select		
	select bit	bit 0 [23].		
	1			
[26]	Precise	Sends an inverted stop signal when the precise		
	stop inv.	stop function is activated in 1-83 Precise Stop		
		Function.		
		Precise stop inverse function is available for		
		terminals 18 or 19.		
[27]	Precise	Use when Precise ramp stop [0] is selected in		
	start, stop	1-83 Precise Stop Function.		
		Precise start, stop is available for terminals 18 and		
		19.		
		Precise start makes sure that the angle that the		
		rotor turns from standing still to reference is the		
		same for each start (for same ramp time, same		
		set-point). This is the equivalent to the precise		
		stop where the angle that the rotor turns from		
		reference to standing still is the same for each		
		stop.		
		When using for 1-83 [1] or [2]:		
		The frequency converter needs a Precise Stop		
		signal before the value of Par. 1-84 is reached. If		
		this is not supplied, the FC will not stop when the		
		value in Par. 1-84 is reached.		
		Precise start, stop must be triggered by a Digital		
		Input and is available for terminals 18 and 19.		
[28]	Catch up	Increases reference value by percentage (relative)		
		set in 3-12 Catch up/slow Down Value.		
[29]	Slow	Reduces reference value by percentage (relative)		
	down	set in 3-12 Catch up/slow Down Value.		
[30]	Counter	Precise stop function in 1-83 Precise Stop Function		
	input	acts as Counter stop or speed compensated		
		counter stop with or without reset. The counter		
		value must be set in 1-84 Precise Stop Counter		
		Value.		
[31]	Pulse	Edge triggered pulse input counts number of		
	edge	pulse flanks per sample time. This gives a higher		
	triggered	resolution at high frequencies, but is not as		
		precise at lower frequencies. Use this pulse		
		principle for encoders with very low resolution		
		(e.g. 30 ppr).		
		Sample time 1 4		
		308		
		-		

[32]	Pulse time	Time based pulse input measures the duration
	based	between flanks. This gives a higher resolution at
		lower frequencies, but is not as precise at higher
		frequencies. This principle has a cut-off frequency
		which makes it unsuited for encoders with very
		low resolutions (e.g. 30 ppr) at low speeds.

		Speed [rpm] Speed [rpm] 01 a Time[sec] b Time[sec] 02 Speed [rpm] 02 a Time[sec] b Time[sec] 02 Speed [rpm] 02 Speed [rpm		
		a: very low encoder b: standard encoder resolution resolution		
		Pulse 01179 Timer Sample time 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
[34]	Ramp bit	Enables a choice between one of the 4 ramps		
	0	available, according to the table below.		
[35]	Ramp bit 1	Same as Ramp bit 0.		

Preset ramp bit	1	0
Ramp 1	0	0
Ramp 2	0	1
Ramp 3	1	0
Ramp 4	1	1

[36]	Mains failure	Activates 14-10 Mains Failure. Mains failure		
	inverse	inverse is active in the Logic .0. situation.		
[40]	Latched	A latched Precise Start only requires a pulse of		
	Precise Start	3ms on T18 or T19.		
		When using for 1-83 [1] or [2]:		
		When the reference is reached, the frequency		
		converter will internally enable the Precise		
		Stop signal. This means that the FC will do the		
		Precise Stop when the counter value of Par.		
		1-84 is reached.		
[41] Latched Sends a latched stop signal wh		Sends a latched stop signal when the precise		
	Precise Stop	stop function is activated in 1-83 Precise Stop		
	inverse	Function. The Latched Precise stop inverse		
		function is available for terminals 18 or 19.		
[55]	DigiPot	INCREASE signal to the Digital Potentiometer		
	Increase	function described in par. group 3-9*		
[56]	DigiPot	DECREASE signal to the Digital Potentiometer		
	Decrease	function described in par. group 3-9*		
[57]	DigiPot Clear	Clears the Digital Potentiometer reference		
		described in par. group 3-9*		
[60]	Counter A	(Terminal 29 or 33 only) Input for increment		
		counting in the SLC counter.		

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[61]	Counter A	(Terminal 29 or 33 only) Input for decrement counting in the SLC counter.			
[62]	Reset Counter	Input for reset of counter A.			
[02]	A	input for reset of counter A.			
[63]	Counter B	(Terminal 29 or 33 only) Input for increment			
		counting in the SLC counter.			
[64]	Counter B	(Terminal 29 or 33 only) Input for decrement			
		counting in the SLC counter.			
[65]	Reset Counter	Input for reset of counter B.			
	В				
[70]	Mech. Brake	Brake feedback for hoisting applications: Set			
	Feedback	1-01 Motor Control Principle to [3] flux w/ motor			
		feedback; set 1-72 Start Function to [6] Hoist			
		mech brake Ref.			
[71]	Mech. Brake	Inverted brake feedback for hoisting			
	Feedback inv.	applications			
[72]	PID error	When enabled, it inverts the resulting error			
	inverse	from the process PID controller. Available only			
		if "Configuration Mode" is set to "Surface			
		Winder", "Extended PID Speed OL" or			
		"Extended PID Speed CL".			
[73]	PID reset I-	When enabled, resets the I-part of the Process			
	part	PID controller. Equivalent to 7-40 Process PID			
		I-part Reset. Available only if "Configuration			
		Mode" is set to "Surface Winder", "Extended			
		PID Speed OL" or "Extended PID Speed CL".			
[74]	PID enable	When enabled, enables the extended process			
		PID controller. Equivalent to 7-50 Process PID			
		Extended PID. Available only if "Configuration			
		Mode" is set "Extended PID Speed OL" or			
		"Extended PID Speed CL".			
[80]	PTC Card 1	All Digital Inputs can be set to PTC Card 1 [80].			
		However, only one Digital Input must be set			
		to this choice.			
5-1	5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input				
Option: Function:					
[8] *	[8] * Start Functions are described under 5-1* Digital Inputs				
5-11 Terminal 19 Digital Input					

5-11 Terminal 19 Digital Input					
Option:		Function:			
[10] * Reversing		Functions are described under 5-1* Digital Inputs			

5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input					
Option:		Function:			
[2] *	Coast inverse	Functions are described under 5-1* <i>Digital Inputs</i>			
5-13	B Terminal 29	Digital Input			
Opt					
	range a [64]. Co functior	he function from the available digital input nd the additional options [60], [61], [63] and unters are used in Smart Logic Control ns.This parameter is available for FC 302 only.			
[14] *	Jog Functio	ns are described under 5-1* <i>Digital Inputs</i>			
5-14	Terminal 32	2 Digital Input			
Opt	ion:	Function:			
[0] *	No operation	Select the function from the available digital input range and the additional options [60], [61], [63] and [64]. Counters are used in Smart Logic Control functions. Functions are described under 5-1* <i>Digital</i>			
[0]	no operation	Inputs			
5-15	Torminal 22	Digital Input			
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		Select the function from the available digital input range and the additional options [60], [61], [63] and [64]. Counters are used in Smart Logic Control functions.			
[0] *	No operation	Functions are described under 5-1* Digital Inputs			
5-16	5 Terminal X3	80/2 Digital Input			
Opt	ion:	Function:			
[0] *	No operation	This parameter is active when option module MCB101 is installed in the frequency converter. Functions are described under 5-1* <i>Digital Inputs</i>			
5-17	7 Terminal X3	30/3 Digital Input			
Opt		Function:			
[0] *	No operation	This parameter is active when option module MCB101 is installed in the frequency converter. Functions are described under 5-1* <i>Digital Inputs</i>			
5-18 Terminal X30/4 Digital Input					
Opt	ion:	Function:			
[0] *	No operation	This parameter is active when option module MCB101 is installed in the frequency converter. Functions are described under 5-1* <i>Digital Inputs</i>			

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5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop			
Option:		Function:	
[1] *	Safe Stop Alarm	Coasts frequency converter when safe stop is activated. Manual reset from LCP, digital input or fieldbus.	
[3]	Safe Stop Warning	Coasts frequency converter when safe stop is activated (T-37 off). When safe stop circuit is reestablished, the frequency converter will continue without manual reset.	
[4]	PTC 1 Alarm	Coasts frequency converter when safe stop is activated. Manual reset from LCP, digital input or fieldbus. Choice 4 is only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.	
[5]	PTC 1 Warning	Coasts frequency converter when safe stop is activated (T-37 off). When safe stop circuit is reestablished, the frequency converter will continue without manual reset, unless a Digital Input set to PTC Card 1 [80] is still enabled. Choice 5 is only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.	
[6]	PTC 1 & Relay A	This choice is used when the PTC option is gated together with a Stop button through a Safety relay to T-37. Coasts frequency converter when safe stop is activated. Manual reset from LCP, digital input or fieldbus. Choice 6 is only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.	
[7]	PTC 1 & Relay W	This choice is used when the PTC option is gated together with a Stop button through a Safety relay to T-37. Coasts frequency converter when safe stop is activated (T-37 off). When safe stop circuit is reestablished, the frequency converter will continue without manual reset, unless a Digital Input set to PTC Card 1 [80] is (still) enabled. Choice 7 is only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.	
[8]	PTC 1 & Relay A/W	This choice makes it possible to use a combination of Alarm and Warning. Choice 8 is only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.	
[9]	PTC 1 & Relay W/A	This choice makes it possible to use a combination of Alarm and Warning. Choice 9 is only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.	

Choises 4 - 9 are only available when the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card is connected.

NOTE

When Auto Reset/ Warning is selected the frequency converter opens up for automatic restart.

Overview of functions, alarms and warnings

Function	No.	РТС	Relay
No Function	[0]	-	-
Safe Stop Alarm	[1]*	-	Safe Stop [A68]
Safe Stop	[3]	-	Safe Stop [W68]
Warning			
PTC 1 Alarm	[4]	PTC 1 Safe Stop	-
		[A71]	
PTC 1 Warning	[5]	PTC 1 Safe Stop	-
		[W71]	
PTC 1 & Relay A	[6]	PTC 1 Safe Stop	Safe Stop [A68]
		[A71]	
PTC 1 & Relay W	[7]	PTC 1 Safe Stop	Safe Stop [W68]
		[W71]	
PTC 1 & Relay	[8]	PTC 1 Safe Stop	Safe Stop [W68]
A/W		[A71]	
PTC 1 & Relay	[9]	PTC 1 Safe Stop	Safe Stop [A68]
W/A		[W71]	

W means warning and A means alarm. For further information, see Alarms and Warnings in section *Troubleshooting* in the Design Guide or the Operating Instructions A dangerous failure related to Safe Stop will give Alarm: Dangerous Failure [A72].

Please refer to the section *Description of Alarm Word, Warning Word and extended Status Word* in the chapter *Troubleshooting.*

5-20 Terminal X46/1 Digital Input		
Option: Function:		
[0] *	No operation	This parameter is active when option module MCB 113 is installed in the frequency converter. Functions are described under 5-1* <i>Digital Inputs</i>
5-21 Terminal X46/3 Digital Input		
Opt	ion:	Function:
[0] *	No operation	This parameter is active when option moduleMCB 113 is installed in the frequency converter. Functions are described under 5-1* <i>Digital Inputs</i>
5-22 Terminal X46/5 Digital Input		
5-22	2 Terminal X4	16/5 Digital Input
5-22 Opt		6/5 Digital Input Function:
		Function:
Opt	ion: No operation	Function: This parameter is active when option moduleMCB 113 is installed in the frequency converter. Functions are described under 5-1*
Opt	ion: No operation 3 Terminal X4	Function: This parameter is active when option moduleMCB 113 is installed in the frequency converter. Functions are described under 5-1* Digital Inputs



5-24	5-24 Terminal X46/9 Digital Input			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	No operation	This parameter is active when option module		
		MCB 113 is installed in the frequency		
		converter. Functions are described under 5-1*		
		Digital Inputs		
5-25	Terminal V/	16/11 Digital Input		
		. .		
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	No operation	This parameter is active when option		
		moduleMCB 113 is installed in the frequency		
		converter. Functions are described under 5-1*		
		Digital Inputs		
5-26	5-26 Terminal X46/13 Digital Input			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	No operation	This parameter is active when option module		
		MCB 113 is installed in the frequency		
		converter. Functions are described under 5-1*		
		Digital Inputs		

3.7.3 5-3* Digital Outputs

The 2 solid-state digital outputs are common for terminals 27 and 29. Set the I/O function for terminal 27 in *5-01 Terminal 27 Mode*, and set the I/O function for terminal 29 in *5-02 Terminal 29 Mode*. These parameters cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

[0]	No exercise	Default for all disited sutments and welco
[0]	No operation	Default for all digital outputs and relay
		outputs
[1]	Control ready	The control card is ready. E.g.: Feedback
		from a drive where the control is supplied
		by an external 24 V (MCB 107) and the
		main power to drive is not detected.
[2]	Drive ready	The frequency converter is ready for
		operation and applies a supply signal on
		the control board.
[3]	Drive ready /	The frequency converter is ready for
	remote control	operation and is in Auto On mode.
[4]	Enable / no	Ready for operation. No start or stop
	warning	command is been given (start/disable). No
		warnings are active.
[5]	VLT running	Motor is running and shaft torque present.
[6]	Running / no	Output speed is higher than the speed set
	warning	in 1-81 Min Speed for Function at Stop
		[RPM]. The motor is running and there are
		no warnings.
[7]	Run in range /	Motor is running within the programmed
	no warning	current and speed ranges set in
		4-50 Warning Current Low to 4-53 Warning
		Speed High. There are no warnings.
[8]	Run on	Motor runs at reference speed. No
	reference / no	warnings.
	warning	

[9]	Alarm	An alarm activates the output. There are
		no warnings.
[10]	Alarm or warning	An alarm or a warning activates the output.
[11]	At torque limit	The torque limit set in 4-16 Torque Limit
		Motor Mode or 4-17 Torque Limit Generator
		Mode has been exceeded.
[12]	Out of current	The motor current is outside the range set
	range	in 4-18 Current Limit.
[13]	Below current,	Motor current is lower than set in
	low	4-50 Warning Current Low.
[14]	Above current,	Motor current is higher than set in
	high	4-51 Warning Current High.
[15]	Out of range	Output frequency is outside the frequency
		range set in 4-52 Warning Speed Low and
		4-53 Warning Speed High.
[16]	Below speed,	Output speed is lower than the setting in
	low	4-52 Warning Speed Low.
[17]	Above speed,	Output speed is higher than the setting in
	high	4-53 Warning Speed High.
[18]	Out of feedback	Feedback is outside the range set in
	range	4-56 Warning Feedback Low and
		4-57 Warning Feedback High.
[19]	Below feedback	Feedback is below the limit set in
[12]	low	4-56 Warning Feedback Low.
[20]	Above feedback	Feedback is above the limit set in
[20]	high	4-57 Warning Feedback High.
[21]	Thermal	The thermal warning turns on when the
[21]	warning	temperature exceeds the limit in the
	warning	motor, the frequency converter, the brake
		resistor, or the thermistor.
[22]	Ready, no	Frequency converter is ready for operation
[22]	thermal	and there is no over-temperature warning.
	warning	
[23]	Remote, ready,	Frequency converter is ready for operation
[حا	no thermal	and is in Auto On mode. There is no over-
	warning	temperature warning.
[24]	Ready, no over-/	Frequency converter is ready for operation
[24]	under voltage	and the mains voltage is within the
	ander voltage	specified voltage range (see General
		Specifications section in the Designn
		Guide).
[25]	Reverse	<i>Reversing. Logic '1'</i> when CW rotation of
[دع]	neverse	the motor. Logic '0' when CCW rotation of
		the motor. If the motor is not rotating the
		output will follow the reference.
[26]	Bus OK	Active communication (no time-out) via
[20]	Dus OK	the serial communication port.
		· · ·
[27]	Torque limit	llise in performing a coacting stop and in
[27]	Torque limit	Use in performing a coasting stop and in torque limit condition. If the frequency
[27]	Torque limit and stop	torque limit condition. If the frequency
[27]		torque limit condition. If the frequency converter has received a stop signal and is
	and stop	torque limit condition. If the frequency converter has received a stop signal and is at the torque limit, the signal is Logic '0'.
[27]	and stop Brake, no brake	torque limit condition. If the frequency converter has received a stop signal and is
[28]	and stop Brake, no brake warning	torque limit condition. If the frequency converter has received a stop signal and is at the torque limit, the signal is Logic '0'. Brake is active and there are no warnings.
	and stop Brake, no brake	torque limit condition. If the frequency converter has received a stop signal and is at the torque limit, the signal is Logic '0'.

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[30]	Brake fault	Output is Logic '1' when the brake IGBT is
[30]	(IGBT)	short-circuited. Use this function to
		protect the frequency converter if there is
		a fault on the brake modules. Use the
		output/relay to cut out the main voltage
		from the frequency converter.
[31]	Relay 123	Relay is activated when Control Word [0] is
		selected in par. group 8-**.
[32]	Mechanical	Enables control of an external mechanical
	brake control	brake, see description in the section
		Control of Mechanical Brake, and par. group
		2-2*
[33]	Safe stop	Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37
	activated (FC	has been activated.
	302 only)	
[40]	Out of ref range	Active when the actual speed is outside
		settings in 4-52 Warning Speed Low to
		4-55 Warning Reference High.
[41]	Below reference	Active when actual speed is below speed
[42]	low	reference setting.
[42]	Above reference	Active when actual speed is above speed reference setting
[43]	high Extended PID	Telefence setting
[43]	Limit	
[45]	Bus Ctrl	Controls output via bus. The state of the
[]		output is set in 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus
		<i>Control</i> . The output state is retained in the
		event of bus time-out.
[46]	Bus Ctrl On at	Controls output via bus. The state of the
	timeout	output is set in 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus
		Control. In the event of bus time-out the
		output state is set high (On).
[47]	Bus Ctrl Off at	Controls output via bus. The state of the
	timeout	output is set in 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus
		<i>Control.</i> In the event of bus time-out the
[[1]	MCO sentraliad	output state is set low (Off).
[51]	MCO controlled	Active when a MCO 302 or MCO 305 is
		connected. The output is controlled from
[55]	Pulse output	option.
[60]	Comparator 0	See par. group 13-1*. If Comparator 0 is
		evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high.
		Otherwise, it will be low.
[61]	Comparator 1	See par. group 13-1*. If Comparator 1 is
		evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high.
		Otherwise, it will be low.
[62]	Comparator 2	See par. group 13-1*. If Comparator 2 is
		evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high.
		Otherwise, it will be low.
[63]	Comparator 3	See par. group 13-1*. If Comparator 3 is
		evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high.
-		Otherwise, it will be low.
[64]	Comparator 4	See par. group 13-1*. If Comparator 4 is
		evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high.
		Otherwise, it will be low.

[65]	Comparator 5	See par. group 13-1*. If Comparator 5 is
		evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high.
		Otherwise, it will be low.
[70]	Logic Rule 0	See par. group 13-4*. If Logic Rule 0 is
		evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high.
		Otherwise, it will be low.
[71]	Logic Rule 1	See par. group 13-4*. If Logic Rule 1 is
		evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high.
		Otherwise, it will be low.
[72]	Logic Rule 2	See par. group 13-4*. If Logic Rule 2 is
		evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high.
		Otherwise, it will be low.
[73]	Logic Rule 3	See par. group 13-4*. If Logic Rule 3 is
		evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high.
		Otherwise, it will be low.
[74]	Logic Rule 4	See par. group 13-4*. If Logic Rule 4 is
		evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high.
		Otherwise, it will be low.
[75]	Logic Rule 5	See par. group 13-4*. If Logic Rule 5 is
		evaluated as TRUE, the output will go high.
		Otherwise, it will be low.
[80]	SL Digital	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The output
	Output A	will go high whenever the Smart Logic
		Action [38] Set dig. out. A high is executed.
		The output will go low whenever the
		Smart Logic Action [32] Set dig. out. A low
		is executed.
[81]	SL Digital	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The input
	Output B	will go high whenever the Smart Logic
		Action [39] Set dig. out. A high is executed.
		The input will go low whenever the Smart
		Logic Action [33] Set dig. out. A low is
[00]		executed.
[82]	SL Digital	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The input
	Output C	will go high whenever the Smart Logic
		Action [40] <i>Set dig. out. A high</i> is executed.
		The input will go low whenever the Smart
		Logic Action [34] <i>Set dig. out. A low</i> is executed.
[02]	CL Distitut	
[83]	SL Digital	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The input
	Output D	will go high whenever the Smart Logic Action [41] <i>Set dig. out. A</i> high is executed.
		The input will go low whenever the Smart
		Logic Action [35] Set dig. out. A low is
		executed.
[94]	SL Digital	
[84]	SL Digital Output E	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The input will go high whenever the Smart Logic
		Action [42] Set dig. out. A high is executed.
		The input will go low whenever the Smart
		Logic Action [36] Set dig. out. A low is
		executed.
[85]	SL Digital	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. The input
[05]	Output F	will go high whenever the Smart Logic
	Julpart	Action [43] <i>Set dig. out. A high</i> is executed.
		The input will go low whenever the Smart
		Logic Action [37] Set dig. out. A low is
		executed.
		checuleu.

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Parameter Descriptions

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[120]	Local referen	e Output is high wh	en 3-13 Ref	erence Site =		
	active	[2] Local or when	[2] Local or when 3-13 Reference Site = $[0]$			
		Linked to hand aut	o at the sa	me time as		
		the LCP is in Hand	the LCP is in Hand on mode.			
		Reference site set	Local	Remote		
		in 3-13 Reference	referenc	reference		
		Site	e	active		
			active	[121]		
			[120]			
		Reference site:	1	0		
		Local				
		3-13 Reference Site				
		[2]				
		Reference site:	0	1		
		Remote				
		3-13 Reference Site	'			
		[1]				
		Reference site: Linked to Hand/				
		Auto				
		Hand	1	0		
		Hand -> off	1	0		
		Auto -> off	0	0		
		Auto	0	1		
			1 *	<u> </u>		
[121]	Remote	Output is high wh	Output is high when 2-13 Pafaranca Sita -			
[121]	reference act		Output is high when 3-13 Reference Site = Remote [1] or Linked to hand/auto [0] while			
			the LCP is in [Auto on] mode. See above.			
[122]	No alarm		Output is high when no alarm is present.			
[123]	Start comman	nd Output is high wh	Output is high when there is an active			
	active	Start command (i.e	Start command (i.e. via digital input bus			
		connection or [Har	connection or [Hand on] or [Auto on]), and			
		no Stop or Start co	no Stop or Start command is active.			
[124]	Running reve		Output is high when the frequency			
			converter is running counter clockwise			
			(the logical product of the status bits			
[125]	Duite in the	-	'running' AND 'reverse').			
[125]	Drive in hand		Output is high when the frequency converter is in Hand on mode (as indicated			
	mode		by the LED light above [Hand on]).			
[126]	Drive in auto		Output is high when the frequency			
[mode		converter is in Hand on mode (as indicated			
			by the LED light above [Auto on]).			
5-30) Terminal 27	Digital Output				
		Function:				
[0] *	No operation	Functions are describe	d under 5-	3* Digital		
		Outputs		2		
5-31	Terminal 29	Digital Output				
Opt		Function:				
		For estimate and describe	nctions are described under 5-3* Digital			
[0] *	No operation	Functions are describe	d under 5-	3* Digital		
[0] *	No operation	Outputs	d under 5-	3* Digital		

5-32 Term X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101)				
Option: Function:				
[0] *	No operation	This parameter is active when option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described under 5-3* <i>Digital Outputs</i>		
[1]	Control ready			
[2]	Drive ready			
[3]	Drive rdy/rem ctrl			
[4]	Enable / no warning			
[5]	Running			
[6]	Running / no warning			
[7]	Run in range/no warn			
[8]	Run on ref/no warn			
[9]	Alarm			
[10]	Alarm or warning			
[11]	At torque limit			
[12]	Out of current range			
[13]	Below current, low			
[14]	Above current, high			
[15]	Out of speed range			
[16]	Below speed, low			
[17]	Above speed, high			
[18]	Out of feedb. range			
[19]	Below feedback, low			
[20]	Above feedback, high			
[21] [22]	Thermal warning Ready,no thermal W			
[22]	Remote,ready,no TW			
[24]	Ready, Voltage OK			
[25]	Reverse			
[26]	Bus OK			
[27]	Torque limit & stop			
[28]	Brake, no brake war			
[29]	Brake ready, no fault			
[30]	Brake fault (IGBT)			
[31]	Relay 123			
[32]	Mech brake ctrl			
[33]	Safe stop active			
[38]	Motor feedback error			
[39]	Tracking error			
[40]	Out of ref range			
[41]	Below reference, low			
[42]	Above ref, high			
[43]	Extended PID Limit			
[45]	Bus ctrl.			
[46]	Bus ctrl, 1 if timeout			
[47]	Bus ctrl, 0 if timeout			
[51]	MCO controlled			
[55]	Pulse output			
[60]	Comparator 0			
[61]	Comparator 1			
[62]	Comparator 2			

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	Term X30/6 Digi Ou	
Opti	on:	Function:
[63]	Comparator 3	
[64]	Comparator 4	
[65]	Comparator 5	
[70]	Logic rule 0	
[71]	Logic rule 1	
[72]	Logic rule 2	
[73]	Logic rule 3	
[74]	Logic rule 4	
[75]	Logic rule 5	
[80]	SL digital output A	
[81]	SL digital output B	
[82]	SL digital output C	
[83]	SL digital output D	
[84]	SL digital output E	
[85]	SL digital output F	
[120]	Local ref active	
[121]		
[122]		
	Start command activ	
[124]		
[125]	,	
[126]		
[189]	External Fan Control	
5-33	Term X30/7 Digi Ou	t (MCB 101)
Opti	on:	Function:
	No exection	This managements is a still a vulner
[0] *	No operation	This parameter is active when option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described under 5-3* <i>Digital Outputs</i>
		option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency
[1]	Control ready	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described
[1]	Control ready Drive ready	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described
[1] [2] [3]	Control ready Drive ready Drive rdy/rem ctrl	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described
[1] [2] [3] [4]	Control ready Drive ready Drive rdy/rem ctrl Enable / no warning	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described
[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]	Control ready Drive ready Drive rdy/rem ctrl Enable / no warning Running	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described
[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6]	Control ready Drive ready Drive rdy/rem ctrl Enable / no warning Running Running / no warning	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described
[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7]	Control ready Drive ready Drive rdy/rem ctrl Enable / no warning Running Running / no warning Running / no warning	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described
[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8]	Control ready Drive ready Drive rdy/rem ctrl Enable / no warning Running Running / no warning Run in range/no warn Run on ref/no warn	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described
[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9]	Control ready Drive ready Drive rdy/rem ctrl Enable / no warning Running / no warning Running / no warning Run in range/no warn Run on ref/no warn	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described
[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10]	Control ready Drive ready Drive rdy/rem ctrl Enable / no warning Running / no warning Running / no warning Run on ref/no warn Alarm Alarm or warning	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described
[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11]	Control ready Drive ready Drive rdy/rem ctrl Enable / no warning Running / no warning Running / no warning Run in range/no warn Run on ref/no warn Alarm Alarm or warning At torque limit	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described
[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12]	Control ready Drive ready Drive rdy/rem ctrl Enable / no warning Running / no warning Running / no warning Run in range/no warn Run on ref/no warn Alarm Alarm Alarmor warning At torque limit	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described
[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13]	Control ready Drive ready Drive rdy/rem ctrl Enable / no warning Running / no warning Run in range/no warn Run on ref/no warn Alarm Alarm Alarm or warning At torque limit Out of current range	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described
[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14]	Control ready Drive ready Drive redy Control ready Drive rdy/rem ctrl Enable / no warning Running / no warning Running / no warning Run on ref/no warn Alarm Alarm Alarmor warning Alarmor warning Alarmor warning Dut of current range Below current, high	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described
[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15]	Control ready Drive ready Drive rdy/rem ctrl Enable / no warning Running / no warning Running / no warning Run in range/no warn Run on ref/no warn Alarm Alarm or warning Alarm Alarm or warning Dut of current range Below current, high Out of speed range	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described
 [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] 	Control ready Drive ready Drive redy Enable / no warning Running Running / no warning Run in range/no warn Run on ref/no warn Alarm Alarm Alarm Alarm or warning Alarm Out of current range Below current, high Out of speed range Below speed, low	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described
[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17]	Control ready Drive ready Drive redy/rem ctrl Enable / no warning Running / no warning Running / no warning Run in range/no warn Alarm Alarm Alarm Alarm Alarm or warning Alarm Alarm Alarm Alarm Alarm Jout of current nage Below current, low Below speed, low Above speed, high	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described
[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18]	Control ready Drive ready Drive redy Enable / no warning Running / no warning Running / no warning Run in range/no warn Run on ref/no warn Alarm Alarm or warning Alarm or warning Alarm or warning Alarm or warning Alarm or warning Alarm or warning Mabow current, high Below speed, high Above speed, high	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described
[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17]	Control ready Drive ready Drive redy/rem ctrl Enable / no warning Running / no warning Running / no warning Run in range/no warn Alarm Alarm Alarm Alarm Alarm or warning Alarm Alarm Alarm Alarm Alarm Jout of current nage Below current, low Below speed, low Above speed, high	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described
[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18]	Control ready Drive ready Drive redy Enable / no warning Running / no warning Running / no warning Run in range/no warn Run on ref/no warn Alarm Alarm or warning Alarm or warning Alarm or warning Alarm or warning Alarm or warning Alarm or warning Mabow current, high Below speed, high Above speed, high	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described
[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [16] [17] [18] [19]	Control ready Drive ready Drive redy Enable / no warning Enable / no warning Running / no warning Running / no warning Run in range/no warn Run on ref/no warn Alarm Alarm or warning Alarm Alarm or warning Alarm Alarm or warning Cott of current range Below current, high Out of speed range Below speed, high Out of feedb. range Below feedback, low	option module option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter. Functions are described

5-33	Term X30/7 Digi Ou	t (MCB 101)		
Option: Function:				
[23]	Remote,ready,no TW			
[24]	Ready, Voltage OK			
[25]	Reverse			
[26]	Bus OK			
[27]	Torque limit & stop			
[28]	Brake, no brake war			
[29]	Brake ready, no fault			
[30]	Brake fault (IGBT)			
[31]	Relay 123			
[32]	Mech brake ctrl			
[33]	Safe stop active			
[39]	Tracking error			
[40]	Out of ref range			
[41]	Below reference, low			
[42]	Above ref, high			
[43]	Extended PID Limit			
[45]	Bus ctrl.			
[46]	Bus ctrl, 1 if timeout			
[47]	Bus ctrl, 0 if timeout			
[51]	MCO controlled			
[60]	Comparator 0			
[61]	Comparator 1			
[62]	Comparator 2			
[63]	Comparator 3			
[64]	Comparator 4			
[65]	Comparator 5			
[70]	Logic rule 0			
[71]	Logic rule 1			
[72]	Logic rule 2			
[73]	Logic rule 3			
[74]	Logic rule 4			
[75]	Logic rule 5			
[80]	SL digital output A			
[81]	SL digital output B			
[82]	SL digital output C			
[83]	SL digital output D			
[84]	SL digital output E			
[85]	SL digital output F			
[120]	Local ref active			
[121]	Remote ref active			
[122]	No alarm			
[123]	Start command activ			
[124]	Running reverse			
[125]	Drive in hand mode			
[126]	Drive in auto mode			
[189]	External Fan Control			

3.7.4 5-4* Relays

Parameters for configuring the timing and the output functions for the relays.



5-40 Function Relay

Array [9]

(Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1], Relay 3 [2] (MCB 113), Relay 4 [3] (MCB 113), Relay 5 [4] (MCB 113), Relay 6 [5] (MCB 113), Relay 7 [6] (MCB 105), Relay 8 [7] (MCB 105), Relay 9 [8] (MCB 105))

	Option: Function:				
<u> </u>					
[0] *	No operation	All digital and relay outputs are default set to "No Operation".			
[1]	Control ready	The control card is ready. E.g.: Feedback from a drive where the control is supplied by an external 24 V (MCB 107) and the main power to drive is not detected.			
[2]	Drive ready	Drive is ready to operate. Mains and control supplies are OK.			
[3]	Drive rdy/rem ctrl	The frequency converter is ready for operation and is in Auto On mode			
[4]	Enable / no warning	Ready for operation. No start or stop commands have been applied (start/ disable). No warnings are active.			
[5]	Running	Motor is running, and shaft torque present.			
[6]	Running / no warning	Output speed is higher than the speed set in 1-81 Min Speed for Function at Stop [RPM] Min Speed for Function at Stop [RPM]. The motor is running and no warnings.			
[7]	Run in range/no warn	Motor is running within the programmed current and speed ranges set in 4-50 Warning Current Low and 4-53 Warning Speed High. No warnings.			
[8]	Run on ref/no warn	Motor runs at reference speed. No warnings.			
[9]	Alarm	An alarm activates the output. No warnings			
[10]	Alarm or warning	An alarm or a warning activates the output.			
[11]	At torque limit	The torque limit set in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode or 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode has been exceeded.			
[12]	Out of current range	The motor current is outside the range set in <i>4-18 Current Limit</i> .			
[13]	Below current, low	Motor current is lower than set in 4-50 Warning Current Low.			
[14]	Above current, high	Motor current is higher than set in 4-51 Warning Current High.			
[15]	Out of speed range	Output speed/frequency is outside the frequency range set in 4-52 Warning Speed Low and 4-53 Warning Speed High.			

5-40 Function Relay

Array [9]

(Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1], Relay 3 [2] (MCB 113), Relay 4 [3] (MCB 113), Relay 5 [4] (MCB 113), Relay 6 [5] (MCB 113), Relay 7 [6] (MCB 105), Relay 8 [7] (MCB 105), Relay 9 [8] (MCB 105))

	Relay 8 [7] (MCB 105), Relay 9 [8] (MCB 105))		
Opti		Function:	
[16]	Below speed, low	Output speed is lower than the setting in <i>4-52 Warning Speed Low</i>	
[17]	Above speed, high	Output speed is higher than the setting in 4-53 Warning Speed High.	
[18]	Out of feedb. range	Feedback is outside the range set in 4-56 Warning Feedback Low and 4-57 Warning Feedback High.	
[19]	Below feedback, low	Feedback is below the limit set in 4-56 Warning Feedback Low.	
[20]	Above feedback, high	Feedback is above the limit set in 4-57 Warning Feedback High.	
[21]	Thermal warning	Thermal warning turns on when the temperature exceeds the limit either in motor, frequency converter, brake resistor, or connected thermistor.	
[22]	Ready,no thermal W	Frequency converter is ready for operation and there is no over- temperature warning.	
[23]	Remote,ready,no TW	Frequency converter is ready for operation and is in Auto On mode. There is no over-temperature warning.	
[24]	Ready, Voltage OK	Frequency converter is ready for operation and the mains voltage is within the specified voltage range (see General Specifications section in Design Guide).	
[25]	Reverse	Logic '1' when CW rotation of the motor. Logic '0' when CCW rotation of the motor. If the motor is not rotating the output will follow the reference.	
[26]	Bus OK	Active communication (no time-out) via the serial communication port.	
[27]	Torque limit & stop	Use in performing a coasted stop and frequency converter in torque limit condition. If the frequency converter has received a stop signal and is in torque limit, the signal is Logic '0'.	
[28]	Brake, no brake war	Brake is active and there are no warnings.	
[29]	Brake ready, no fault	Brake is ready for operation and there are no faults.	
[30]	Brake fault (IGBT)	Output is Logic '1' when the brake IGBT is short-circuited. Use this function to protect the frequency	



5-40 Function Relay

Array [9]

(Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1], Relay 3 [2] (MCB 113), Relay 4 [3] (MCB 113), Relay 5 [4] (MCB 113), Relay 6 [5] (MCB 113), Relay 7 [6] (MCB 105), Relay 8 [7] (MCB 105), Relay 9 [8] (MCB 105))

Option: Function:		
		converter if there is a fault on the brake module. Use the digital output/ relay to cut out the main voltage from the frequency converter.
[31]	Relay 123	Digital output/relay is activated when Control Word [0] is selected in par. group 8-**.
[32]	Mech brake ctrl	Selection of mechanical brake control. When selected parameters in par. group 2-2* are active. The output must be reinforced to carry the current for the coil in the brake. Usually solved by connecting an external relay to the selected digital output.
[33]	Safe stop active	(FC 302 only) Indicates that the safe stop on terminal 37 has been activated.
[36]	Control word bit 11	Activate relay 1 by control word from fieldbus. No other functional impact in the frequency converter. Typical application: controlling auxiliary device from fieldbus. The function is valid when FC profile [0] in par 8-10 Control Word Profile is selected.
[37]	Control word bit 12	Activate relay 2 FC 302 only) by control word from fieldbus. No other functional impact in the frequency converter. Typical application: controlling auxiliary device from fieldbus. The function is valid when FC profile [0] in <i>8-10 Control Word</i> <i>Profile</i> is selected.
[38]	Motor feedback error	Failure in the speed feedback loop from motor running in closed loop. The output can eventually be used to prepare switching the drive in open loop in emergency case.
[39]	Tracking error	When the difference between calculated speed and actual speed in <i>4-35 Tracking Error</i> is larger than selected the digital output/relay is active.
[40]	Out of ref range	Active when the actual speed is outside settings in 4-52 Warning Speed Low to 4-55 Warning Reference High.

5-40 Function Relay

Array [9]

(Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1], Relay 3 [2] (MCB 113), Relay 4 [3] (MCB 113), Relay 5 [4] (MCB 113), Relay 6 [5] (MCB 113), Relay 7 [6] (MCB 105), Relay 8 [7] (MCB 105), Relay 9 [8] (MCB 105))

	Option: Function:			
[41]	Below reference, low	Active when actual speed is below speed reference setting.		
[42]	Above ref, high	Active when actual speed is above speed reference setting.		
[43]	Extended PID Limit			
[45]	Bus ctrl.	Controls digital output/relay via bus. The state of the output is set in <i>5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control</i> . The output state is retained in the event of bus time-out.		
[46]	Bus ctrl, 1 if timeout	Controls output via bus. The state of the output is set in 5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control. In the event of bus time- out the output state is set high (On).		
[47]	Bus ctrl, 0 if timeout	Controls output via bus. The state of the output is set in <i>5-90 Digital & Relay</i> <i>Bus Control</i> . In the event of bus time- out the output state is set low (Off).		
[51]	MCO controlled	Active when a MCO 302 or MCO 305 is connected. The output is controlled from option.		
[60]	Comparator 0	See par. group 13-1* (Smart Logic Control). If Comparator 0 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.		
[61]	Comparator 1	See par. group 13-1* (Smart Logic Control). If Comparator 1 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.		
[62]	Comparator 2	See par. group 13-1* (Smart Logic Control). If Comparator 2 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.		
[63]	Comparator 3	See par. group 13-1* (Smart Logic Control). If Comparator 3 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.		
[64]	Comparator 4	See par. group 13-1* (Smart Logic Control). If Comparator 4 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.		
[65]	Comparator 5	See par. group 13-1* (Smart Logic Control). If Comparator 5 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.		



5-40 Function Relay

Array [9]

(Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1], Relay 3 [2] (MCB 113), Relay 4 [3] (MCB 113), Relay 5 [4] (MCB 113), Relay 6 [5] (MCB 113), Relay 7 [6] (MCB 105), Relay 8 [7] (MCB 105), Relay 9 [8] (MCB 105))

Opti	on:	Function:
[70]	Logic rule 0	See par. group 13-4*(Smart Logic Control). If Logic Rule 0 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[71]	Logic rule 1	See par. group 13-4*(Smart Logic Control). If Logic Rule 1 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[72]	Logic rule 2	See par. group 13-4*(Smart Logic Control). If Logic Rule 2 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[73]	Logic rule 3	See par. group 13-4*(Smart Logic Control). If Logic Rule 3 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[74]	Logic rule 4	See par. group 13-4*(Smart Logic Control). If Logic Rule 4 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[75]	Logic rule 5	See par. group 13-4*(Smart Logic Control). If Logic Rule 5 in SLC is TRUE, the output will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[80]	SL digital output A	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. Output A is low on Smart Logic Action [32]. Output A is high on Smart Logic Action [38].
[81]	SL digital output B	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. Output B is low on Smart Logic Action [33]. Output B is high on Smart Logic Action [39].
[82]	SL digital output C	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. Output C is low on Smart Logic Action [34]. Output C is high on Smart Logic Action [40].
[83]	SL digital output D	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. Output D is low on Smart Logic Action [35]. Output D is high on Smart Logic Action [41]
[84]	SL digital output E	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. Output E is low on Smart Logic Action [36]. Output E is high on Smart Logic Action [42].
[85]	SL digital output F	See 13-52 SL Controller Action. Output F is low on Smart Logic Action [37].

5-40 Function Relay

Array [9]

(Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1], Relay 3 [2] (MCB 113), Relay 4 [3] (MCB 113), Relay 5 [4] (MCB 113), Relay 6 [5] (MCB 113), Relay 7 [6] (MCB 105), Relay 8 [7] (MCB 105), Relay 9 [8] (MCB 105))

~~	From and come		
011.	Function:		
	Output F is high Action [43].	on Smart	Logic
Local ref active	Site = $[2]$ Local or Site = $[0]$ Linked 1	when 3-1 to hand a	<i>3 Reference</i> auto at the
	Reference site set in 3-13 Reference Site	Local referen ce active [120]	Remote reference active [121]
	Reference site: Local 3-13 Reference Site [2]	1	0
	Reference site: Remote 3-13 Reference Site [1]	0	1
	Reference site: Linked to Hand/ Auto		
	Hand	1	0
	Hand -> off	1	0
	Auto -> off	0	0
	Auto	0	1
Remote ref active	Site = Remote [1] auto [0] while the	or Linke LCP is in	d to hand/
No alarm	Output is high wl present.	hen no al	larm is
Start command activ	command high (i. bus connection o	.e. via di <u>c</u> r [Hand o	gital input, n] or [Auto
Running reverse	converter is runni clockwise (the loc	ing count gical proc	er luct of the
Drive in hand mode	converter is in Ha	ind on m	ode (as
	Remote ref active No alarm Start command activ Running reverse	Output F is high Action [43].Local ref activeOutput is high wi Site = [2] Local or Site = [0] Linked to same time as the mode.Reference site set in 3-13 Reference Site [2]Reference site set in 3-13 Reference Site [2]Reference site: Local 3-13 Reference Site [2]Reference site: set in 3-13 Reference Site [2]Reference site: Local 3-13 Reference Site [1]Reference site: set in and in the set in the set in the set in and in the set in	Output F is high on Smart Action [43].Local ref activeOutput is high when 3-13 Site = [2] Local or when 3-13 Site = [0] Linked to hand a same time as the LCP is in mode.Reference siteLocal set in 3-13 ReferenceLocal set in 3-13 ReferenceSiteSite and a same time as the LCP is in mode.Reference site set in 3-13 ReferenceSiteSiteInterpret active (120)Reference site:Local set in 3-13 ReferenceInterpret active (120)Reference site:Interpret site [2]Interpret active (120)Reference site:Interpret site [1]Interpret active (11)Reference site:Interpret active (11)Interpret active (11)Reference site:Interpret active (11)Interpret active (11)Reference site:Interpret active (11)Interpret active (11)Reference site:Interpret active (11)Interpret active (11)Reference site:Interpret active (11)Interpret active (11)Reference site:Interpret active (11)Interpret (11)Reference site:Interpret (11)Interpret (11)Reference site:Interpret (11)Interpret (11)Reference site:Interpret (11)Interpret (11)Reference site:Interpret (11)Interpret (11)Reference site:Interpret (11)Interpret (11)Reference site:Inter (11)Interpret (11) </td

5-40 Function Relay

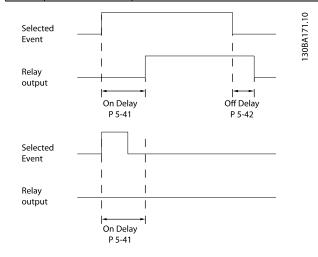
[189] External Fan Control

5-41 On Delay, Relay

Array [9], (Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1], Relay 3 [2], Relay 4 [3], Relay 5 [4], Relay 6 [5], Relay 7 [6], Relay 8 [7], Relay 9 [8])

Range: Function:

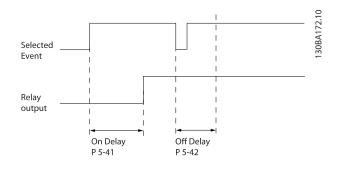
-		
0.01 s*	[0.01 - 600.00 s]	Enter the delay of the relay cut-in time.
		Select one of available mechanical
		relays and MCB 105 in an array
		function. See 5-40 Function Relay. Relay
		3-6 are included in MCB 113.



5-42 Off Delay, Relay

Array [9] (Relay 1 [0], Relay 2 [1], Relay 3 [2], Relay 4 [3], Relay 5 [4], Relay 6 [5], Relay 7 [6], Relay 8 [7], Relay 9 [8])

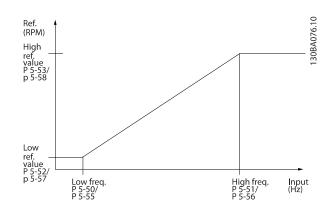
Range	:	Function:
0.01 s*	[0.01 - 600.00 s]	Enter the delay of the relay cut-out
		time. Select one of available mechanical
		relays and MCB 105 in an array
		function. See 5-40 Function Relay.



If the selected Event condition changes before the on- or off delay timer expires, the relay output is unaffected.

3.7.5 5-5* Pulse Input

The pulse input parameters are used to define an appropriate window for the impulse reference area by configuring the scaling and filter settings for the pulse inputs. Input terminals 29 or 33 act as frequency reference inputs. Set terminal 29 (*5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input*) or terminal 33 (*5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input*) to *Pulse input* [32]. If terminal 29 is used as an input, then set *5-01 Terminal 27 Mode* to *Input* [0].



5-50 T	5-50 Term. 29 Low Frequency		
Range:		Function:	
100 Hz*	[0 - 110000 Hz]	Enter the low frequency limit corresponding to the low motor shaft speed (i.e. low reference value) in <i>5-52 Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value.</i> Refer to the diagram in this section. This parameter is available for FC 302 only.	
5-51 T	5-51 Term. 29 High Frequency		
Range:		Function:	
100 Hz*	[0 - 110000 Hz]	Enter the high frequency limit corresponding to the high motor shaft speed (i.e. high reference value) in <i>5-53 Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value.</i> This parameter is available for FC 302 only.	

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5-52 Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value		
Range:		Function:
0.000 Reference- FeedbackUnit*	[-999999.999 - 999999.999 ReferenceFeed- backUnit]	Enter the low reference value limit for the motor shaft speed [RPM]. This is also the lowest feedback value, see also 5-57 Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value. Set terminal 29 to digital input (5-02 Terminal 29 Mode =input [0] (default) and 5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input = applicable value). This parameter is available for FC 302 only.

5-53 Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value

Range:	Function:		
Application	[-999999.999 -	Enter the high reference	
dependent*	999999.999	value [RPM] for the motor	
	ReferenceFeed-	shaft speed and the high	
	backUnit]	feedback value, see also	
		5-58 Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb.	
		Value. Select terminal 29 as a	
		digital input (5-02 Terminal 29	
		<i>Mode</i> = <i>input</i> [0] (default) and	
		5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input	
		= applicable value).	
		This parameter is available for	
		FC 302 only.	

5-54 Pulse Filter Time Constant #29

Range:		Function:
100	[1 - 1000	Enter the pulse filter time constant. The pulse
ms*	ms]	filter dampens oscillations of the feedback
		signal, which is an advantage if there is a lot
		of noise in the system. A high time constant
		value results in better dampening but also
		increases the time delay through the filter.
		This parameter is available for FC 302 only.
		This parameter cannot be adjusted while the
		motor is running.

5-55 Term. 33 Low Frequency

Range:		Function:
100 Hz*	[0 - 110000 Hz]	Enter the low frequency corresponding
		to the low motor shaft speed (i.e. low
		reference value) in 5-57 Term. 33 Low
		Ref./Feedb. Value.

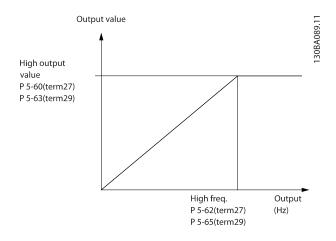
5-56 Term. 33 High Frequency					
Range:			Func	tion:	
100 Hz*	[0 - 11	0000 Hz]	corres speed	ponding (i.e. hig	n frequency y to the high motor shaft h reference value) in High Ref./Feedb. Value.
5-57 T	erm. 33	Low Ref	./Feed	b. Valu	e
Range:				Funct	ion:
0.000 N//		99999.999 99.999 N/		[RPM] f This is value, s	he low reference value for the motor shaft speed. also the low feedback see also 5-52 Term. 29 Low edb. Value.
5-59 T	orm 33	High Re	f /Eeec	lh Valu	10
Range:	ciiii. 55	riigh ne			Function:
Applicati depende		[-99999 9999999 Referenc backUnit	999 æFeed-		Enter the high reference value [RPM] for the motor shaft speed. See also 5-53 Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value.
5-59 P	ulse Filt	er Time	Consta	nt #33	
Range:			nction		
100 ms*	[1 - 1(ms]	pas: dan	s filter ı	reduces oscillation	er time constant. The low- the influence on and ns on the feedback signal

motor is running.

This is an advantage, e.g. if there is a great amount on noise in the system. This parameter cannot be adjusted while the

3.7.6 5-6* Pulse Outputs

These parameters are to configure pulse outputs with their functions and scaling. Terminal 27 and 29 are allocated to pulse output via *5-01 Terminal 27 Mode* and *5-02 Terminal 29 Mode*, respectively.



Options for readout output variables:

		Parameters for configuring the scaling and output functions of pulse outputs. The pulse outputs are designated to terminals 27 or 29. Select terminal 27 output in <i>5-01 Terminal 27 Mode</i> and terminal 29 output in <i>5-02 Terminal 29 Mode</i> .
[0]	No operation	
[45]	Bus control	
[48]	Bus control time-out	
[51]	MCO controlled	
[100]	Output frequency	
[101]	Reference	
[102]	Feedback	
[103]	Motor current	
[104]	Torque relative to limit	
[105]	Torque relative to rated	
[106]	Power	
[107]	Speed	
[108]	Torque	
[109]	Max Out Freq	

5-60	5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable			
Opti	on:	Function:		
[0]	No operation	Select the desired display output for terminal 27. This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.		
[45]	Bus ctrl.			
[48]	Bus ctrl., timeout			
[51]	MCO controlled			

5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable					
Option:				inction:	
[100]	Output fre	quency			
[101]	Reference				
[102]	Feedback				
[103]	Motor curr	rent			
[104]	Torque rel	to limit			
[105]	Torq relate	e to rated			
[106]	Power				
[107]	Speed				
[108]	Torque				
[109]	Max Out F	req			
[119]	Torque % lim				
5-62 Pulse Output Max Freq #27					
5-62	Pulse Ou	tput Max	Fre	eg #27	
		tput Max	Fre		
Rang	je:			Function:	
Rang Applie	je: tation	[0 - 320		Function: Set the maximum frequency for	
Rang	je: tation			Function: Set the maximum frequency for terminal 27, corresponding to the	
Rang Applie	je: tation	[0 - 320		Function: Set the maximum frequency for terminal 27, corresponding to the output variable selected in	
Rang Applie	je: tation	[0 - 320		Function: Set the maximum frequency for terminal 27, corresponding to the output variable selected in 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output	
Rang Applie	je: tation	[0 - 320		Function: Set the maximum frequency for terminal 27, corresponding to the output variable selected in	
Rang Applie	je: ation	[0 - 320		Function: Set the maximum frequency for terminal 27, corresponding to the output variable selected in 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output	
Rang Applie	je: ation	[0 - 320		Function: Set the maximum frequency for terminal 27, corresponding to the output variable selected in 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable.	
Rang Applid deper	je: ation ndent*	[0 - 320 Hz]	00	Function: Set the maximum frequency for terminal 27, corresponding to the output variable selected in <i>5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output</i> <i>Variable.</i> This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.	
Rang Applid deper	je: ation ndent*	[0 - 320 Hz]	00	Function: Set the maximum frequency for terminal 27, corresponding to the output variable selected in 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable. This parameter cannot be adjusted	
Rang Applid deper	ge: cation ndent* Terminal	[0 - 320 Hz]	00 Ou	Function: Set the maximum frequency for terminal 27, corresponding to the output variable selected in <i>5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output</i> <i>Variable.</i> This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.	
Rang Applid deper	ge: cation ndent* Terminal	[0 - 320 Hz] 29 Pulse	00 Ou Fu	Function: Set the maximum frequency for terminal 27, corresponding to the output variable selected in 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable. This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.	

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Ορτι	on:	Function:
[0] *	No operation	Select the desired display output for terminal 29. This parameter is available for FC 302 only. This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.
[45]	Bus ctrl.	
[48]	Bus ctrl., timeout	
[51]	MCO controlled	
[100]	Output frequency	
[101]	Reference	
[102]	Feedback	
[103]	Motor current	
[104]	Torque rel to limit	
[105]	Torq relate to rated	
[106]	Power	
[107]	Speed	
[108]	Torque	
[109]	Max Out Freq	
[119]	Torque % lim	
5-65	Pulse Output Max	Freq #29

Set the maximum frequency for terminal 29 corresponding to the output variable set in 5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable.

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.				
Range:		Function:		
5000 Hz*	[0 - 32000 Hz]			

Parameter Descriptions



5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable

Select the variable for read-out on terminal X30/6.

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running. This parameter is active when option module MCB 101 is installed in the frequency converter.

Same options and functions as par. group 5-6*.

Option:		Function:
[0] *	No operation	
[45]	Bus ctrl.	
[48]	Bus ctrl., timeout	
[51]	MCO controlled	
[100]	Output frequency	
[101]	Reference	
[102]	Feedback	
[103]	Motor current	
[104]	Torque rel to limit	
[105]	Torq relate to rated	
[106]	Power	
[107]	Speed	
[108]	Torque	
[109]	Max Out Freq	
[119]	Torque % lim	

5-68 Pulse Output Max Freq #X30/6

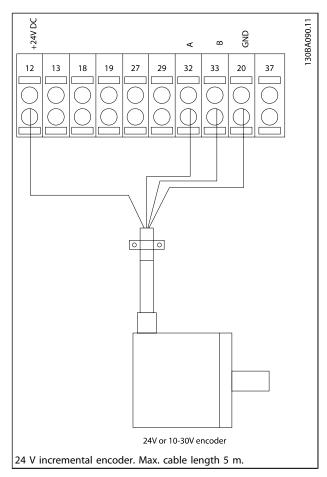
Select the maximum frequency on terminal X30/6 referring to the output variable in *5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable*. This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running. This parameter is active when option module MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency converter.

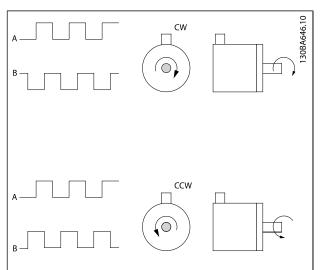
Range:		Function:
Application	[0 - 32000 Hz]	
dependent*		

3.7.7 5-7* 24 V Encoder Input

Connect the 24 V encoder to terminal 12 (24 V DC supply), terminal 32 (Channel A), terminal 33 (Channel B), and terminal 20 (GND). The digital inputs 32/33 are active for encoder inputs when 24 V encoder is selected in 1-02 Flux Motor Feedback Source and 7-00 Speed PID Feedback Source. The encoder used is a dual channel (A and B) 24 V type. Max input frequency: 110 kHz.

Encoder Connection to the frequency converter





5-70 Term 32/33 Pulses per Revolution			
Rang	e:	Function:	
1024*	[1 - 4096]	Set the encoder pulses per revolution on the motor shaft. Read the correct value from the encoder. This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.	

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5-7 1	5-71 Term 32/33 Encoder Direction				
Opt	Option: Function:				
		Change the detected encoder rotation direction without changing the wiring to the encoder.			
[0] *	Clockwise	Sets channel A 90° (electrical degrees) behind channel B upon clockwise rotation of the encoder shaft.			
[1]	Counter clockwise	Sets channel A 90° (electrical degrees) ahead of channel B upon clockwise rotation of the encoder shaft.			

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

3.7.8 5-9* Bus Controlled

This parameter group selects digital and relay outputs via a fieldbus setting.

5-	5-90 Digital & Relay Bus Control			
Ra	ange:	Function:		
0*	[0 - 2147483647]	This parameter holds the state of the		
		digital outputs and relays that is controlled		
		by bus.		
		A logical '1' indicates that the output is		
		high or active.		
		A logical '0' indicates that the output is		
		low or inactive.		

Bit 0	Digital Output Terminal 27
Bit 1	Digital Output Terminal 29
Bit 2	Digital Output Terminal X 30/6
Bit 3	Digital Output Terminal X 30/7
Bit 4	Relay 1 output terminal
Bit 5	Relay 2 output terminal
Bit 6	Option B Relay 1 output terminal
Bit 7	Option B Relay 2 output terminal
Bit 8	Option B Relay 3 output terminal
Bit 9-15	Reserved for future terminals
Bit 16	Option C Relay 1 output terminal
Bit 17	Option C Relay 2 output terminal
Bit 18	Option C Relay 3 output terminal
Bit 19	Option C Relay 4 output terminal
Bit 20	Option C Relay 5 output terminal
Bit 21	Option C Relay 6 output terminal
Bit 22	Option C Relay 7 output terminal
Bit 23	Option C Relay 8 output terminal
Bit 24-31	Reserved for future terminals

5-93 P	ulse Out #27 B	Bus Control
Range:		Function:
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00 %]	Set the output frequency transferred to the output terminal 27 when the terminal is configured as 'Bus Controlled' in 5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable [45].
5-94 P	ulse Out #27 T	
Range:		Function:
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00 %]	Set the output frequency transferred to the output terminal 27 when the terminal is configured as 'Bus Ctrl Timeout' in <i>5-60 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable</i> [48]. And a time-out is detected.
5-95 P	ulse Out #29 B	Bus Control
Range:		Function:
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00 %]	Set the output frequency transferred to the output terminal 29 when the terminal is configured as 'Bus Controlled' in <i>5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable</i> [45]. This parameter only applies for FC 302.
5-96 P	ulse Out #29 T	ïmeout Preset
Range:		Function:
0.00 %*	100.00 %]	Set the output frequency transferred to the output terminal 29 when the terminal is configured as 'Bus Ctrl Timeout' in 5-63 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable [48]. And a time-out is detected. This parameter only applies for FC 302.
5-97 P	ulse Out #X30,	/6 Bus Control
Range:		Function:
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00 %]	Set the output frequency transferred to the output terminal X30/6 when the terminal is configured as 'Bus Controlled' in 5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable, Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable [45].
5-98 P	ulse Out #X30,	/6 Timeout Preset
Range:		Function:
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00 %]	Set the output frequency transferred to the output terminal X30/6 when the terminal is configured as 'Bus Ctrl Timeout' in <i>5-66 Terminal X30/6 Pulse</i> <i>Output Variable</i> [48]. And a time-out is detected.

3.8 Parameters: 6-** Analog In/Out

3.8.1 6-0* Analog I/O Mode

The analog inputs can freely be allocated to be either voltage (FC 301: 0..10 V, FC 302: 0..+/- 10V) or current (FC 301/FC 302: 0/4..20 mA) input.

NOTE

Thermistors may be connected to either an analog or a digital input.

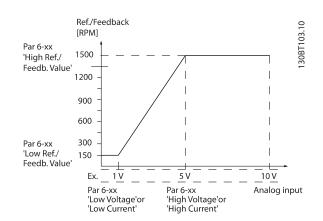
6-00	6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time				
Range: Function:					
10 s*	[1 - 99 s]	Enter the Live Zero Time-out time period. Live Zero Time-out Time is active for analog inputs, i.e. terminal 53 or terminal 54, used as reference or feedback sources. If the reference signal value associated with the selected current input falls below 50% of the value set in 6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage, 6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current, 6-20 Terminal 54 Low Voltage or 6-22 Terminal 54 Low Current for a time period longer than the time set in 6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time, the function selected in 6-01 Live			
		Zero Timeout Function will be activated.			

6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function

Option:		Function:		
		 Select the time-out function. The function set in 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function will be activated if the input signal on terminal 53 or 54 is below 50% of the value in 6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage, 6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current, 6-20 Terminal 54 Low Voltage or 6-22 Terminal 54 Low Current for a time period defined in 6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time. If several time-outs occur simultaneously, the frequency converter prioritises the time-out functions as follows: 1. 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function 2. Par. 5-74 3. 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function 		
[0] *	Off			
[1]	Freeze output	Frozen at the present value		
[2]	Stop	Overruled to stop		
[3]	Jogging	Overruled to jog speed		
[4]	Max. speed	Overruled to max. speed		
[5]	Stop and trip	Overruled to stop with subsequent trip		
[20]	Coast			
[21]	Coast and trip			

3.8.2 6-1* Analog Input 1

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog input 1 (terminal 53).



6-10-7	Tor	minal 53 Low	Volt		
Range				age	
0.07 V*	[Application pendant]	Ent ana cor valı <i>Fee</i>	er the low voltage value. This log input scaling value should respond to the minimum reference ue, set in 6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./ db. Value. See also the section erence Handling.	
6-11	ſer	minal 53 High	Volt	tage	
Range	:		F	Function:	
10.00 V*		[Application Enter the high voltage value. This analog input scaling value should correspond to the high reference/ feedback value set in 6-15 Termina 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value.		nalog input scaling value should prrespond to the high reference/ eedback value set in 6-15 Terminal	
6-12	[er	minal 53 Low	Curr	ent	
Range				nction:	
0.14 mA*		[Application ependant]	Enter the low current value. This reference signal should correspond to the minimum reference value, set in 3-02 Minimum Reference. The value must be set at >2 mA in order to activate the Live Zero Time-out Function in 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function.		
6-13	ſer	minal 53 High	Cur	rent	
Range	:			Function:	
20.00 m	A*	[Application dependant]		Enter the high current value corresponding to the high reference/feedback set in 6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb.	

Value.

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6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value					
Range:	Function:				
0.000 N/A*	[-999999.999 - 9999999.999 N/A]	Enter the analog input scaling value that corresponds to the low voltage/low current set in 6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage and 6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current.			

6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value Range: Function: Application [-9999999.999 -Enter the analog input dependent* 999999.999 scaling value that ReferenceFeedcorresponds to the backUnit] maximum reference feedback value set in 6-11 Terminal 53 High Voltage and 6-13 Terminal 53 High Current.

6-16 Terminal 53 Filter Time Constant				
Range:		Function:		
0.001 s*	[0.001 -	Enter the time constant. This is a first-order		
	10.000 s]	10.000 s] digital low pass filter time constant for		
	suppressing electrical noise in terminal 53.			
	A high time constant value improves			
	dampening but also increases the time			
	delay through the filter.			
	This parameter cannot be adjusted while			
		the motor is running.		

3.8.3 6-2* Analog Input 2

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog input 2 (terminal 54).

6-20 Terminal 54 Low Voltage					
Range	:	Function:			
0.07 V*	[Application dependant]	Enter the low voltage value. This analog input scaling value should correspond to the minimum reference value, set in <i>3-02 Minimum Reference</i> . See also the section <i>Reference</i> <i>Handling</i> .			

6-21 Terminal 54 High Voltage						
Range:			F	unction	:	
10.00 V*	[Appl depen	ication dant]	ai co fe	nalog inp orrespon eedback v	out d to valu	h voltage value. This scaling value should the high reference/ ue set in 6-25 Terminal Feedb. Value.
6-22 T	ermina	54 Low	Curr	ent		
Range:				nction:		
0.14 mA*		lependant] refi the 3-0 mu act Fu		Enter the low current value. This eference signal should correspond to he minimum reference value, set in <i>B-02 Minimum Reference</i> . The value must be set at >2 mA in order to activate the Live Zero Time-out Function in <i>6-01 Live Zero Timeout</i> Function.		
6-23 T	6-23 Terminal 54 High Current					
Range:				Functi	on	:
20.00 mA		[Application dependant]		Enter the high current value corresponding to the high reference/feedback value set in 6-25 Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value.		
6-24 T	ermina	54 Low	Ref./	/Feedb.	Val	lue
Range:						Function:
backUnit* 9999 Refer			9999.999 scaling value that ferenceFeed- ckUnit] minimum reference		corresponds to the minimum reference feedback value set in <i>3-02 Minimum</i>	
6-25 T	ermina	54 High	Ref.	/Feedb.	Va	lue
Range:						unction:
Application [-9999999999 dependent* 9999999999 ReferenceFeed backUnit]				sc cc m fe	nter the analog input aling value that prresponds to the aximum reference edback value set in 03 Maximum Reference.	

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6-26 Terminal 54 Filter Time Constant			
Range:	Function:		
0.001 s*	[0.001 -	Enter the time constant. This is a first-order	
	10.000 s]	digital low pass filter time constant for	
	suppressing electrical noise in terminal 54.		
		A high time constant value improves	
	dampening but also increases the time		
		delay through the filter.	
	This parameter cannot be adjusted while		
		the motor is running.	

3.8.4 6-3* Analog Input 3 MCB 101

Parameter group for configuring the scale and limits for analog input 3 (X30/11) placed on option module MCB 101.

6-30 Terminal X30/11 Low Voltage			
Range: Function:			
0.07 V*	[Application dependant]	Sets the analog input scaling value to correspond to the low reference/ feedback value (set in 6-34 Term. X30/11 Low Ref./Feedb. Value).	

6-31 Terminal X30/11 High Voltage				
Range:	Function:			
10.00 V*	[Application dependant]	Sets the analog input scaling value to correspond to the high reference/feedback value (set in <i>6-35 Term. X30/11 High Ref./Feedb.</i> <i>Value</i>).		

6-34 Term. X30/11 Low Ref./Feedb. Value					
Range:	Function:				
0.000 N/A*	[-999999.999 - 999999.999 N/A]	Sets the analog input scaling value to correspond to the low voltage value (set in 6-30 Terminal X30/11 Low Voltage).			

6-35 Term. X30/11 High Ref./Feedb. Value

Range:	ge: Function:				
100.000 N/A*	[-999999.999 -	Sets the analog input scaling			
	999999.999 N/A]	value to correspond to the			
		high voltage value (set in			
		6-31 Terminal X30/11 High			
		Voltage).			

6-36 T	6-36 Term. X30/11 Filter Time Constant			
Range:		Function:		
0.001 s*	[0.001 - 10.000	A 1 st order digital low pass filter time		
	s]	constant for suppressing electrical noise		
		on terminal X30/11.		
		6-36 Term. X30/11 Filter Time Constant		
		cannot be changed while the motor is		
		running.		

3.8.5 6-4* Analog Input 4 MCB 101

Parameter group for configuring the scale and limits for analog input 4 (X30/12) placed on option module MCB 101.

6-40 T	ermi	inal X30/12 L	.ow Vo	ltage	
Range:			Function:		
0.07 V*		dependant]		the analog input scaling value to espond to the low reference/ back value set in 6-44 Term. '12 Low Ref./Feedb. Value.	
6-41 T	ermi	inal X30/12 H	ligh V	oltage	
Range:			Fu	nction:	
10.00 V*	-		Sets the analog input scaling value to correspond to the high reference/feedback value set in 6-45 Term. X30/12 High Ref./Feedb. Value.		
6-44 T	erm.	X30/12 Low	Ref./F	eedb. Value	
Range:				Function:	
0.000 N/		* [-999999.999 - 9999999.999 N/A]		Sets the analog output scaling value to correspond to the low voltage value set in 6-40 Terminal X30/12 Low Voltage.	
6-45 T	erm.	X30/12 Higl	h Ref./	Feedb. Value	
Range:				Function:	
100.000	00.000 N/A* [-9999999.999 999999.999 N			Sets the analog input scaling value to correspond to the high voltage value set in 6-41 Terminal X30/12 High Voltage.	
6-46 T	6-46 Term. X30/12 Filter Time Constant				
Range:			Functi	on:	
0.001 s*	s] co on <i>6-4</i> cai		constan on term 5-46 Ter	der digital low pass filter time t for suppressing electrical noise ninal X30/12. <i>rm. X30/12 Filter Time Constant</i> be changed while the motor is I.	



3.8.6 6-5* Analog Output 1

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog output 1, i.e. Terminal 42. Analog outputs are current outputs: 0/4 – 20 mA. Common terminal (terminal 39) is the same terminal and has the same electrical potential for analog common and digital common connection. Resolution on analog output is 12 bit.

6-50	Terminal	42 Output
Opti	on:	Function:
		Select the function of Terminal 42 as an analog current output. Depending on the selection the output is either a 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA output. The current value can be read out in LCP in <i>16-65 Analog Output 42 [mA]</i> .
[0] *	No operation	When no signal on the analog output.
[52]	MCO 0-20mA	
[53]	MCO 4-20mA	
[100]	Output frequency	0 Hz = 0 mA; 100 Hz = 20 mA.
[101]	Reference	3-00 Reference Range [Min - Max] 0% = 0 mA; 100% = 20 mA 3-00 Reference Range [-Max - Max] -100% = 0 mA; 0% = 10 mA; +100% = 20 mA
[102]	Feedback	
[103]	Motor current	Value is taken from 16-37 Inv. Max. Current. Inverter max. current (160% current) is equal to 20 mA. Example: Inverter norm current (11 kW) = 24 A. 160 % = 38.4 A. Motor norm current = 22 A Read-out 11.46 mA. $\frac{20 \text{ mA x } 22 \text{ A}}{38.4 \text{ A}} = 11.46 \text{ mA}$ In case the norm motor current is equal to 20 mA, the output setting of 6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale is:
		$\frac{I_{VLT_{Max}} \times 100}{I_{Motor_{Norm}}} = \frac{38.4 \times 100}{22} = 175\%$
[104]	Torque rel to limit	The torque setting is related to setting in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode
[105]	Torq relate to rated	The torque is related to the motor torque setting.
[106]	Power	Taken from 1-20 Motor Power [kW].
[107]	Speed	Taken from 3-03 Maximum Reference. 20 mA = value in 3-03 Maximum Reference
[108]	Torque	Torque reference related to 160% torque.
[109]	Max Out Freq	In relation to 4-19 Max Output Frequency.

6-50	Terminal	42 Output
Opti		Function:
[113]	PID Clamped Output	
[119]	Torque % lim	
[130]	Output freq. 4-20mA	0 Hz = 4 mA, 100 Hz = 20 mA
[131]	Reference 4-20mA	3-00 Reference Range [Min-Max] 0% = 4 mA; 100% = 20 mA 3-00 Reference Range [-Max-Max] -100% = 4mA; 0% = 12 mA; +100% = 20 mA
[132]	Feedback 4-20mA	
[133]	Motor cur. 4-20mA	Value is taken from <i>16-37 Inv. Max. Current.</i> Inverter max. current (160% current) is equal to 20 mA.
		Example: Inverter norm current (11 kW) = 24 A. 160 % = 38.4 A. Motor norm current = 22 A Read-out 11.46 mA.
		$\frac{16 \ mA \ x \ 22 \ A}{38.4 \ A} + 4 \ mA = 13.17 \ mA$
		In case the norm motor current is equal to 20 mA, the output setting of <i>6-62 Terminal X30/8 Max. Scale</i> is:
		$\frac{I_{VLT_{Max}} \times 100}{I_{Motor_{Norm}}} = \frac{38.4 \times 100}{22} = 175 \%$
[134]	Torq.% lim 4-20 mA	The torque setting is related to setting in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode.
[135]	Torq.% nom 4-20 mA	The torque setting is related to the motor torque setting.
[136]	Power 4-20mA	Taken from 1-20 Motor Power [kW]
[137]	Speed 4-20mA	Taken from 3-03 Maximum Reference. 20 mA = Value in 3-03 Maximum Reference.
[138]	Torque 4-20mA	Torque reference related to 160% torque.
[139]	Bus ctrl. 0-20 mA	An output value set from fieldbus process data. The output will work independently of internal functions in the frequency converter.
[140]	Bus ctrl. 4-20 mA	An output value set from fieldbus process data. The output will work independently of internal functions in the frequency converter.
[141]	Bus ctrl 0-20mA t.o.	<i>4-54 Warning Reference Low</i> defines the behaviour of the analog output in case of bus time-out.

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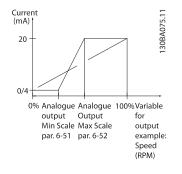
6-50	6-50 Terminal 42 Output					
Opti	on:	Function:				
[142]	Bus ctrl 4-20mA t.o.	<i>4-54 Warning Reference Low</i> defines the behaviour of the analog output in case of bus time-out.				
[149]	Torque % lim 4-20mA	Analogue output at zero torque = 12 mA. Motoric torque will increase the output current to max torque limit 20 mA (set in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode). Generative torque will decrease the output to torque limit Generator Mode (set in 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode) Ex: 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode: 200% and 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode: 200%. 20 mA = 200% Motoric and 4 mA = 200% Generatoric. $\underbrace{0mA 4mA}_{Par4-17} \underbrace{12mA}_{0\% Torque} \underbrace{20mA}_{Par4-16} \underbrace{0}_{CE}$				
[150]	Max Out Fr 4-20mA	In relation to 4-19 Max Output Frequency.				

6-51 Terminal 42 Output Min Scale			
Range:		Function:	
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 200.00	Scale for the minimum output (0 or 4 mA)	
	%]	of the analogue signal at terminal 42.	
		Set the value to be the percentage of the	
		full range of the variable selected in	
		6-50 Terminal 42 Output.	

6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale

Range:		Function:
100.00	[0.00 -	Scale the maximum output of the selected
%*	200.00 %]	analog signal at terminal 42. Set the value to
		the maximum value of the current signal
		output. Scale the output to give a current
		lower than 20 mA at full scale; or 20 mA at an
		output below 100% of the maximum signal
		value. If 20 mA is the desired output current
		at a value between 0 - 100% of the full-scale
		output, programme the percentage value in
		the parameter, i.e. $50\% = 20$ mA. If a current
		between 4 and 20 mA is desired at maximum
		output (100%), calculate the percentage
		value as follows:

20 mA / desired maximum current x 100 % i.e. 10 mA : $\frac{20}{10}$ x 100 = 200 %



6-53	6-53 Terminal 42 Output Bus Control					
Range	<u>:</u> :			Function	:	
0.00 %*	•	[0.00 - 100.00 0	%]	Holds the l	evel of Outpu	t 42 if
				controlled	by bus.	
6-54	Tei	rminal 42 Out	bu	t Timeout	Preset	
Range				unction:		
0.00 %*	_	[0.00 - 100.00	Но	olds the pres	set level of Ou	tput 42.
	9	6]	In	case of a bu	us timeout and	d a timeout
			fu	nction is sel	ected in 6-50	Terminal 42
				•	tput will prese	et to this
			lev	/el.		
6-55	An	alog Output F	ilt	or		
Optio						
Optio						- fue as
		The following readout analogue parameters from				
		selection in 6-50 Terminal 42 Output have a filter selecter when 6-55 Analog Output Filter is on:		inter selected		
		Selection			0-20 mA	4-20 mA
		Motor current			[103]	[133]
		Torque limit (0 - T _{lim}) [104]		[134]		
		Rated torque (0 - T _{nom}) [105] [135]		[135]		
		Power (0 - P _{nom}) [106] [136		[136]		
		Speed (0 - Speedmax) [107]		[137]		
[0] * C	Off	Filter off				
[1] C)n	Filter on				

3.8.7 6-6* Analog Output 2 MCB 101

Analog outputs are current outputs: 0/4 - 20 mA. Common terminal (terminal X30/8) is the same terminal and electrical potential for analog common connection. Resolution on analog output is 12 bit.

6-60	6-60 Terminal X30/8 Output	
Opti	on:	Function:
		Select the function of Terminal X30/8 as an
		analog current output. Depending on the
		selection the output is either a 0-20 mA or 4-20
		mA output. The current value can be read out
		in LCP in 16-65 Analog Output 42 [mA].

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Opti	on:	Function:
* [0]	No	When no signal on the analog output.
	operation	
[52]	МСО	
	0-20mA	
[100]	Output frequency	0 Hz = 0 mA; 100 Hz = 20 mA.
[101]	Reference	3-00 Reference Range [Min - Max] 0% = 0 mA; 100% = 20 mA 3-00 Reference Range [-Max - Max] -100% = 0 mA; 0% = 10 mA; +100% = 20 mA
[102]	Feedback	
[103]		Value is taken from <i>16-37 Inv. Max. Current.</i> Inverter max. current (160% current) is equal to 20 mA.
		Example: Inverter norm current (11 kW) = 24 A. 160 % = 38.4 A. Motor norm current = 22 A Read-out 11.46 mA.
		$\frac{20 \ mA \ x \ 22 \ A}{38.4 \ A} = 11.46 \ mA$
		In case the norm motor current is equal to 20 mA, the output setting of 6-62 Terminal X30/8 Max. Scale is:
		$\frac{I_{VLT_{Max}} \times 100}{I_{Motor_{Norm}}} = \frac{38.4 \times 100}{22} = 175\%$
[104]	Torque rel to limit	The torque setting is related to setting in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode.
[105]	Torq relate to rated	The torque is related to the motor torque setting.
[106]	Power	Taken from 1-20 Motor Power [kW].
[107]	Speed	Taken from 3-03 Maximum Reference. 20 mA = value in 3-03 Maximum Reference
[108]	Torque	Torque reference related to 160% torque.
[109]	Max Out Freq	In relation to 4-19 Max Output Frequency.
[113]	PID Clamped Output	
[119]	Torque % lim	
[130]	Output freq. 4-20mA	0 Hz = 4 mA, 100 Hz = 20 mA
[131]	Reference 4-20mA	3-00 Reference Range [Min-Max] 0% = 4 mA; 100% = 20 mA 3-00 Reference Range [-Max-Max] -100% = 4mA; 0% = 12 mA; +100% = 20 mA
[132]	Feedback 4-20mA	

6-60	6-60 Terminal X30/8 Output				
Opti	on:	Function:			
[133]	Motor cur. 4-20mA	Value is taken from <i>16-37 Inv. Max. Current</i> . Inverter max. current (160% current) is equal to 20 mA.			
		Example: Inverter norm current (11 kW) = 24 A. 160 % = 38.4 A. Motor norm current = 22 A Read-out 11.46 mA.			
		$\frac{16 \ mA \ x \ 22 \ A}{38.4 \ A} = 9.17 \ mA$			
		In case the norm motor current is equal to 20 mA, the output setting of <i>6-62 Terminal X30/8 Max. Scale</i> is:			
		$\frac{I_{VLT_{Max}} \times 100}{I_{Motor_{Norm}}} = \frac{38.4 \times 100}{22} = 175 \%$			
[134]	Torq.% lim 4-20 mA	The torque setting is related to setting in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode.			
[135]	Torq.% nom 4-20	The torque setting is related to the motor torque setting.			

[135]	Torq.% nom 4-20 mA	The torque setting is related to the motor torque setting.
[136]	Power 4-20mA	Taken from 1-20 Motor Power [kW]
[137]	Speed 4-20mA	Taken from <i>3-03 Maximum Reference</i> . 20 mA = Value in <i>3-03 Maximum Reference</i> .
[138]	Torque 4-20mA	Torque reference related to 160% torque.
[139]	Bus ctrl. 0-20 mA	An output value set from fieldbus process data. The output will work independently of internal functions in the frequency converter.
[140]	Bus ctrl. 4-20 mA	An output value set from fieldbus process data. The output will work independently of internal functions in the frequency converter.
[141]	Bus ctrl 0-20mA t.o.	<i>4-54 Warning Reference Low</i> defines the behaviour of the analog output in case of bus time-out.
[142]	Bus ctrl 4-20mA t.o.	<i>4-54 Warning Reference Low</i> defines the behaviour of the analog output in case of bus time-out.
[149]	Torque % lim 4-20mA	Torque % Lim 4-20mA: Torque reference. 3-00 Reference Range [Min-Max] 0% = 4 mA; 100% = 20mA 3-00 Reference Range [-Max - Max] -100% = 4 mA; 0% = 12mA; +100% = 20mA
[150]	Max Out Fr	In relation to 4-19 Max Output Frequency.

4-20mA



3

6-61 Terminal X30/8 Min. Scale

Range	:	Function:
0.00	[0.00 -	Scales the minimum output of the selected
%*	200.00 %]	analog signal on terminal X30/8. Scale the
		minimum value as a percentage of the
		maximum signal value, i.e. 0 mA (or 0 Hz) is
		desired at 25% of the maximum output value
		and 25% is programmed. The value can never
		be higher than the corresponding setting in
		6-62 Terminal X30/8 Max. Scale if value is below
		100%.
		This parameter is active when option module
		MCB 101 is mounted in the frequency
		converter.

6-62 Terminal X30/8 Max. Scale

Range:		Function:
100.00	[0.00 -	Scales the maximum output of the selected
%*	200.00 %]	analog signal on terminal X30/8. Scale the
		value to the desired maximum value of the
		current signal output. Scale the output to
		give a lower current than 20 mA at full scale
		or 20 mA at an output below 100% of the
		maximum signal value. If 20 mA is the desired
		output current at a value between 0 - 100%
		of the ful-scale output, program the
		percentage value in the parameter, i.e. 50% =
		20 mA. If a current between 4 and 20 mA is
		desired at maximum output (100%), calculate
		the percentage value as follows:

20 mA / desired maximum current x 100 % *i.e.* 10 *mA* : $\frac{20-4}{10} \times 100 = 160\%$

	10				
6-63 T	6-63 Terminal X30/8 Bus Control				
Range:		Function:			
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00	%] Holds the level of Output X30/8 if			
		controlled by bus.			
6-64 T	erminal X30/8	Output Timeout Preset			
Range:		Function:			
0.00 %*	[0.00 - 100.00	Holds the preset level of Output X30/8.			
	%]	In case of a bus timeout and a timeout			
		function is selected in 6-60 Terminal			
		X30/8 Output, the output will preset to			
		this level.			

3.8.8 6-7* Analog Output 3 MCB 113

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog output 3, Terminal X45/1 and X45/2. Analog outputs are current outputs: 0/4 - 20 mA. Resolution on analog output is 11 bit.

6-70	Terminal	X45/1	Output
------	----------	-------	--------

Opti	on:	Function:
		Select the function of Terminal X45/1 as an
		analog current output.
[0]	No	When no signal on the analog output.
[0]	operation	when no signal on the analog output.
[52]	MCO 305	
[]2]	0-20 mA	
[53]	MCO 305	
[55]	4-20 mA	
[100]	Output	0 Hz = 0 mA; 100 Hz = 20 mA.
[100]	frequency	
	0-20 mA	
[101]	Reference	Par. 3-00 [Min - Max] 0% = 0 mA; 100% = 20
[]	0-20 mA	mA
	0 20	Par. 3-00 [-Max - Max] -100% = 0 mA; 0% = 10
		mA; +100% = 20 mA
[102]	Feedback	
[103]	Motor	Value is taken from 16-37 Inv. Max. Current.
	current 0-20	Inverter max. current (160% current) is equal
	mA	to 20 mA.
		Example: Inverter norm current (11 kW) = 24
		A. 160 % = 38.4 A. Motor norm current = 22 A
		Read-out 11.46 mA.
		$\frac{20 mA \times 22 A}{38.4 A} = 11.46 mA$
		In case the norm motor current is equal to 20
		mA, the output setting of 6-52 Terminal 42
		Output Max Scale is:
		$\frac{V_{VLT}_{Max} \times 100}{V_{Max}} = \frac{38.4 \times 100}{22} = 175 \%$
		Norm
[104]	Torque rel to	The torque setting is related to setting in
	lim 0-20 mA	4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode
[105]	Torque rel to	The torque is related to the motor torque
	rated motor	setting.
	torque 0-20	
	mA	
[106]	Power 0-20	Taken from 1-20 Motor Power [kW].
[107]	mA	Taken from 3-03 Maximum Reference. 20 mA =
[107]	Speed 0-20 mA	value in 3-03 Maximum Reference. 20 mA =
[100]		
[108]	Torque ref. 0-20 mA	Torque reference related to 160% torque.
[109]	Max Out	In relation to 4-19 Max Output Frequency.
[109]	Freq 0-20	in relation to 4 19 max output riequency.
	mA	
[130]	Output freq.	0 Hz = 4 mA, 100 Hz = 20 mA
	4-20 mA	
[131]	Reference	Par. 3-00 [Min-Max] 0% = 4 mA; 100% = 20
	4-20 mA	mA
		Par. 3-00 [-Max-Max] -100% = 4mA; 0% = 12
		mA; +100% = 20 mA
[132]	Feedback	
	4-20 mA	



6-70 Terminal X45/1 Output

Option:		Function:
[133]	Motor cur. 4-20 mA	Value is taken from 16-37 Inv. Max. Current. Inverter max. current (160% current) is equal to 20 mA. Example: Inverter norm current (11 kW) = 24 A. 160 % = 38.4 A. Motor norm current = 22 A Read-out 11.46 mA. $\frac{16 \ mA \times 22 \ A}{38.4 \ A}$ = 9.17 mA In case the norm motor current is equal to 20 mA, the output setting of 6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale is: $\frac{I_{VLT}}{Max} \times 100}{I_{Motor}} = \frac{38.4 \times 100}{22} = 175 \%$
[134]	Torque % lim. 4-20 mA	The torque setting is related to setting in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode.
[135]	Torque % nom 4-20 mA	The torque setting is related to the motor torque setting.
[136]	Power 4-20 mA	Taken from 1-20 Motor Power [kW]
[137]	Speed 4-20 mA	Taken from 3-03 Maximum Reference. 20 mA = Value in 3-03 Maximum Reference.
[138]	Torque 4-20 mA	Torque reference related to 160% torque.
[139]	Bus ctrl. 0-20 mA	An output value set from fieldbus process data. The output will work independently of internal functions in the frequency converter.
[140]	Bus ctrl. 4-20 mA	An output value set from fieldbus process data. The output will work independently of internal functions in the frequency converter.
[141]	Bus ctrl. 0-20 mA, timeout	<i>4-54 Warning Reference Low</i> defines the behaviour of the analog output in case of bus time-out.
[142]	Bus ctrl. 4-20 mA, timeout	<i>4-54 Warning Reference Low</i> defines the behaviour of the analog output in case of bus time-out.
[150]	Max Out Freq 4-20 mA	In relation to 4-19 Max Output Frequency.

6-71 Terminal X45/1 Output Min Scale

Range:		Function:
0.00%*	[0.00 -	Scale the minimum output of the selected
	200.00%]	analog signal at terminal X45/1, as a
		percentage of the maximum signal value.
		E.g. if 0 mA (or 0 Hz) is desired at 25% of
		the maximum output value, then
		programme 25%. Scaling values up to
		100% can never be higher than the
		corresponding setting in 6-72 Terminal
		X45/1 Max. Scale.

6-72 Terminal X45/1 Output Max Scale

Range:		Function:	
100%*	[0.00 -	Scale the maximum output of the selected	
	200.00%]	analog signal at terminal X45/1. Set the value	to
		the maximum value of the current signal	
		output. Scale the output to give a current low	/er
		than 20 mA at full scale; or 20 mA at an outp	out
		below 100% of the maximum signal value. If	20
		mA is the desired output current at a value	
		between 0 - 100% of the full-scale output,	
		programme the percentage value in the	
		parameter, i.e. $50\% = 20$ mA. If a current	
		between 4 and 20 mA is desired at maximur	
		output (100%), calculate the percentage value	
		as follows (example where desired max. outp	out
		is 10 mA):	
		$\frac{I_{RANGE}[mA]}{I_{DESIRED MAX}[mA]} \times 100\%$	
		DESIRED MAX [mA]	
		$\frac{20 - 4 mA}{100\%} = 160\%$	
		= 10 mA x 100 % = 100 %	
Current			01.
[mA]			30BA8//.1(
20 —			305
20 —			_
	/ 1	F I I	
	/	I I	
0/4	·	I I	
⊢ 0%	Analogue	Analogue 100% Variable for	
	output Min		
	Scale	Scale example:Speed	

6-73 Terminal X45/1 Output Bus Control Function: Range: 0.00%* [0.00 - 100.00%] Holds the level of Analog Output 3 (terminal X45/1) if controlled by bus. 6-74 Terminal X45/1 Output Timeout Preset Range: Function: 0.00%* [0.00 -Holds the preset level of Analog Output 100.00%] 3 (terminal X45/1). In case of a bus timeout and a timeout function is selected in 6-70 Terminal X45/1 Output the output will preset to

this level.



3

3.8.9 6-8* Analog Output 4 MCB 113

Parameters for configuring the scaling and limits for analog output 4. Terminal X45/3 and X45/4. Analog outputs are current outputs: 0/4 – 20 mA. Resolution on analog output is 11 bit.

6-80 Terminal X45/3 Output			
Opt	ion:		Function:
			Select the function of Terminal X45/3 as an
			analog current output.
[0] *	[0] * No operation		Same selections available as for 6-70 Terminal
			X45/1 Output
6-81 Terminal X45/3 Output Min Scale			
Opti	Option: Function:		
[0.00	%] *	0.00 -	Scales the minimum output of the selected
		200.00%	analog signal on terminal X45/3. Scale the

200.00%	analog signal on terminal X45/3. Scale the
	minimum value as a percentage of the
	maximum signal value, i.e. 0 mA (or 0 Hz) is
	desired at 25% of the maximum output
	value and 25% is programmed. The value
	can never be higher than the
	corresponding setting in 6-82 Terminal
	X45/3 Max. Scale if value is below 100%.
	This parameter is active when option
	module MCB 113 is mounted in the
	frequency converter.

6-82 Terminal X45/3 Output Max Scale

Option	:	Function:
[0.00%]	0.00 -	Scales the maximum output of the selected
*	200.00%	analog signal on terminal X45/3. Scale the
		value to the desired maximum value of the
		current signal output. Scale the output to give
		a lower current than 20 mA at full scale or 20
		mA at an output below 100% of the maximum
		signal value. If 20 mA is the desired output
		current at a value between 0 - 100% of the ful-
		scale output, program the percentage value in
		the parameter, i.e. $50\% = 20$ mA. If a current
		between 4 and 20 mA is desired at maximum
		output (100%), calculate the percentage value
		as follows (example where desired max. output
		is 10 mA):
		IRANGE ^[mA]
		$\frac{I_{RANGE}[mA]}{I_{DESIRED MAX}[mA]} \times 100\%$

6-83 Terminal X45/3 Output Bus Control

Option:		Function:
[0.00%] *	0.00 - 100.00%	Holds the level of output 4 (X45/3) if
		controlled by bus.

 $= \frac{20 - 4 \ mA}{10 \ mA} \ x \ 100 \ \% = \ 160 \ \%$

6-84	Terminal	X45/3	Output	Timeout	t Preset
------	----------	-------	--------	---------	----------

Option:	: Function:	
[0.00%] *	0.00 - 100.00%	Holds the present level of output 4
		(X45/3). In case of a bus timeout and a
		timeout function is selected in
		6-80 Terminal X45/3 Output the output
		will preset to this level.



3.9 Parameters: 7-** Controllers 3.9.1 7-0* Speed PID Ctrl.

7-00	7-00 Speed PID Feedback Source				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
		Select the encoder for closed loop feedback. The feedback may come from a different encoder (typically mounted on the application itself) than the motor mounted encoder feedback selected in <i>1-02 Flux Motor Feedback Source</i> . This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.			
[0] *	Motor feedb. P1-02				
[1]	24V encoder				
[2]	MCB 102				
[3]	MCB 103				
[5]	MCO Encoder 2				
[6]	Analog input 53				
[7]	Analog input 54				
[8]	Frequency input 29				
[9]	Frequency input 33				

NOTE

If separate encoders are used (FC 302 only) the ramp settings parameters in the following groups: 3-4*, 3-5*, 3-6*, 3-7* and 3-8* must be adjusted according to the gear ratio between the two encoders.

7-02 Speed PID Proportional Gain				
Range:	Function:			
Application dependent*	[0.000 - 1.000]	Enter the speed controller proportional gain. The proportional gain amplifies the error (i.e. the deviation between the feedback signal and the set-point). This parameter is used with 1-00 Configu- ration Mode Speed open loop [0] and Speed closed loop [1] control. Quick control is obtained at high amplifi- cation. However if the amplification is too great, the process may become unstable. Use this parameter for values with three decimals. For a selection with four decimals, use 3-83 Quick Stop S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start.		

7-03 Speed PID Integral Time

7-05 Speed	rib integi	
Range:		Function:
Application	[2.0 -	Enter the speed controller integral time,
dependent*	20000.0	which determines the time the internal
	ms]	PID control takes to correct errors. The
		greater the error, the more quickly the
		gain increases. The integral time causes
		a delay of the signal and therefore a
		dampening effect, and can be used to
		eliminate steady state speed error.
		Obtain quick control through a short
		integral time, though if the integral time
		is too short, the process becomes
		unstable. An excessively long integral
		time disables the integral action, leading
		to major deviations from the required
		reference, since the process regulator
		takes too long to regulate errors. This
		parameter is used with Speed open loop
		[0] and Speed closed loop [1] control, set
		in 1-00 Configuration Mode.

7-04 Speed PID Differentiation Time

Range:		Function:
Range: Application dependent*	[0.0 - 200.0 ms]	Enter the speed controller differen- tiation time. The differentiator does not react to constant error. It provides gain proportional to the rate of change of the speed feedback. The quicker the error changes, the stronger the gain from the differentiator. The gain is proportional with the speed at which errors change. Setting this parameter to zero disables the differentiator. This
		parameter is used with 1-00 Configu- ration Mode Speed closed loop [1] control.

7-05 Speed PID Diff. Gain Limit

Range:		Function:	
5.0*	[1.0 -	Set a limit for the gain provided by the differen-	
	20.0]	tiator. Since the differential gain increases at	
		higher frequencies, limiting the gain may be	
		useful. For example, set up a pure D-link at low	
		frequencies and a constant D-link at higher	
		frequencies. This parameter is used with	
		1-00 Configuration Mode Speed closed loop [1]	
		control.	

3

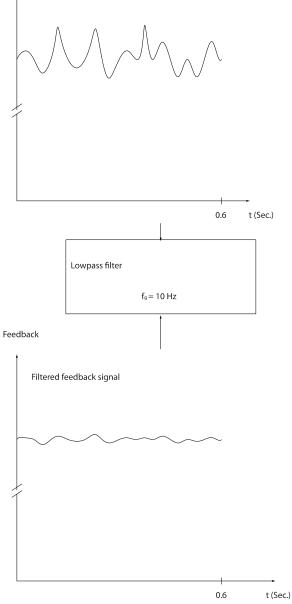
Danfvis

FC 300 Programming Guide

Range:		Function:	
Application dependent*	[1.0 - 100.0 ms]	Set a time constant for the speed collow-pass filter. The low-pass filter improves steady-state performance adampens oscillations on the feedback signal. This is an advantage if there is great amount on noise in the system illustration below. For example, if a triconstant (τ) of 100 ms is programmed cut-off frequency for the low-pass filt will be 1/0.1= 10 RAD/sec., correspont to (10/2 x π) = 1.6 Hz. The PID regul only regulates a feedback signal that varies by a frequency of less than 1.6 the feedback signal varies by a higher frequency than 1.6 Hz, the PID regul does not react. Practical settings of <i>7-06 Speed PID Lowpass Filter Time</i> taken from the nut of pulses per revolutions from encode	
		does not react. Practical settings of <i>Lowpass Filter Time</i>	of <i>7-06 Speed PID</i> e taken from the number
		does not react. Practical settings of <i>Lowpass Filter Time</i> of pulses per revo	of 7-06 Speed PID e taken from the number lutions from encoder:
		does not react. Practical settings of <i>Lowpass Filter Time</i> of pulses per revo	of 7-06 Speed PID e taken from the number lutions from encoder: 7-06 Speed PID
		does not react. Practical settings of <i>Lowpass Filter Time</i> of pulses per revo	of 7-06 Speed PID e taken from the number lutions from encoder: 7-06 Speed PID Lowpass Filter Time
		does not react. Practical settings of <i>Lowpass Filter Time</i> of pulses per revo Encoder PPR 512	of 7-06 Speed PID e taken from the number lutions from encoder: 7-06 Speed PID Lowpass Filter Time 10 ms
		does not react. Practical settings of <i>Lowpass Filter Time</i> of pulses per revo Encoder PPR 512 1024	of 7-06 Speed PID e taken from the number lutions from encoder: 7-06 Speed PID Lowpass Filter Time 10 ms 5 ms

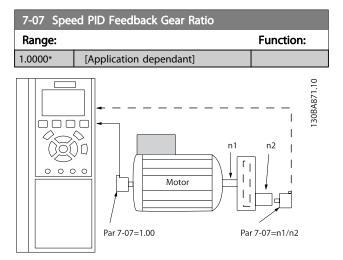


Disturbed feedback signal



3

3



7-08	7-08 Speed PID Feed Forward Factor			
Range:		Function:		
0 %*	[0 - 500 %]	The reference signal bypasses the speed controller by the amount specified. This feature increases the dynamic performance of the speed control loop.		

3.9.2 7-1* Torque PI Control

Parameters for configuring the torque PI control in torque open loop (1-00 Configuration Mode).

7-12 Torque PI Proportional Gain				
Range	nge: Function:			
100 %*	[0 - 500 %]	Enter the proportional gain value for the torque controller. Selection of a high value makes the controller react faster. Too high a setting leads to controller instability.		

7-13 Torque PI Integration Time				
Range:		Function:		
0.020 s*	[0.002 - 2.000	Enter the integration time for the torque		
	s]	controller. Selection of a low value		
		makes the controller react faster. Too		
		low a setting leads to control instability.		

3.9.3 7-2* Process Ctrl. Feedb.

Select the feedback sources for the Process PID Control, and how this feedback should be handled.

7-20 Process CL Feedback 1 Resource		
Option:		Function:
		The effective feedback signal is made
		up of the sum of up to two different
		input signals.
		Select which frequency converter
		input should be treated as the source

7-20	Process CL Feedba	ick 1 Resource
Optic	on:	Function:
		of the first of these signals

		of the first of these signals. The second input signal is defined in 7-22 Process CL Feedback 2 Resource.
[0] *	No function	
[1]	Analog input 53	
[2]	Analog input 54	
[3]	Frequency input 29	
[4]	Frequency input 33	
[7]	Analog input X30/11	
[8]	Analog input X30/12	
[15]	Analog Input X48/2	

Option:		Function:
		The effective feedback signal is made up of the sum of up to two different input signals. Select which frequency converter input should be treated as the source of the second of these signals. The first input signal is defined in par. 7-21.
[0] *	No function	
[1]	Analog input 53	
[2]	Analog input 54	
[3]	Frequency input 29	
[4]	Frequency input 33	
[7]	Analog input X30/11	
[8]	Analog input X30/12	
[15]	Analog Input X48/2	

3.9.4 7-3* Process PID Ctrl.

7-30	7-30 Process PID Normal/ Inverse Control		
Option:		Function:	
		Normal and inverse control are implemented by introducing a difference between the reference signal and the feedback signal.	
[0] *	Normal	Sets process control to increase the output frequency.	
[1]	Inverse	Sets process control to reduce the output frequency.	

7-31 Process PID Anti Windup

Option: Function:	Option:	Function:
-------------------	---------	-----------

[0]	Off	Continues regulation of an error even when the output frequency cannot be increased or decreased.
[1] *	On	Ceases regulation of an error when the output frequency can no longer be adjusted.

7-32 Process PID Start Speed		Start Speed
Range		Function:
0 RPM*	[0 - 6000 RPM]	Enter the motor speed to be attained as a start signal for commencement of PID control. When the power is switched on, the frequency converter will commence ramping and then operate under speed open loop control. Thereafter, when the Process PID start speed is
		reached, the frequency converter will change over to Process PID control.

7-33 Process PID Proportional Gain

Rang	Range: Function:	
0.01*	[0.00 - 10.00]	Enter the PID proportional gain. The proportional gain multiplies the error between the set point and the feedback signal.

7-34 Process PID Integral Time		
Range:		Function:
10000.00 s*	[0.01 -	Enter the PID integral time. The
	10000.00 s]	integrator provides an increasing gain
		at a constant error between the set
		point and the feedback signal. The
		integral time is the time needed by
		the integrator to reach the same gain
		as the proportional gain.

7-35 Process PID Differentiation Time		
Range:		Function:
0.00 s*	[0.00 - 10.00	Enter the PID differentiation time. The
	s]	differentiator does not react to a constant
		error, but provides a gain only when the
		error changes. The shorter the PID differen-
		tiation time, the stronger the gain from the
		differentiator.

7-36 Process PID Diff. Gain Limit			
Range:		Function:	
5.0*	[1.0 - 50.0]	Enter a limit for the differentiator gain (DG). If there is no limit, the DG will increase when there are fast changes. Limit the DG to obtain a pure differentiator gain at slow changes and a constant differentiator gain where fast changes occur.	

7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Factor

Range:		Function:	
0 %*	[0 - 200	Enter the PID feed forward (FF) factor. The FF	
	%]	factor sends a constant fraction of the reference	
		signal to bypass the PID control, so the PID control	
		only affects the remaining fraction of the contro	
		signal. Any change to this parameter will thus	
		affect the motor speed. When the FF factor is	
		activated it provides less overshoot, and high	

7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Factor			
Range: Function:			
dynamics when changing the set point. 7-38 Process PID Feed Forward Factor is active when 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to [3] Process.			
7-39 On Reference Bandwidth			
Rang	Range: Function:		
	-	runcuon.	

3.9.5 7-4* Advanced Process PID Ctrl.

Parameter group 7-4* is only used if par. 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to [7] Extended PID speed CL or [8] Extended PID Speed OL.

7-40 Process PID I-part Reset			
Option: Function:		Function:	
[0] *	No		
[1]	Yes	Select Yes [1] to reset the I-part of the process PID controller. The selection will automatically revert to No [0]. Resetting the I-part makes it possible to start from a welldefined point after changing something in the process, e.g. changing a textile roll.	

7-41 Process PID Output Neg. Clamp

7-41 Process PID Output Neg. Clamp				
Range			Function:	
-100 %*	[Application		Enter a negative limit for the	
	dependant]		process PID controller output.	
7-42	Process PID	Output Pos	. Clamp	
Range			Function:	
100 %*	[Applicatio	n	Enter a positive limit for the	
	dependant]		process PID controller output.	
7-43	Process PID	Gain Scale a	at Min. Ref.	
Range: Function:				
100 %*	[0 - 100 %]	process PID minimum re will be adjus min. ref. (7-4 <i>Ref.</i>) and the	ng percentage to apply to the output when operating at the ference. The scaling percentage sted linearly between the scale at 13 Process PID Gain Scale at Min. e scale at max. ref. (7-44 Process	
		PID Gain Sca	le at Max. Ref.).	
7-44 F	7-44 Process PID Gain Scale at Max. Ref.			
Range		Function:		
100 %*	[0 - 100 %]	process PID	ng percentage to apply to the output when operating at the ference. The scaling percentage	



7-44	7-44 Process PID Gain Scale at Max. Ref.			
Ran	ge: Fui	nction:		
	min. Ref.)	be adjusted linearly between the scale at ref. (7-43 Process PID Gain Scale at Min. and the scale at max. ref. (7-44 Process Gain Scale at Max. Ref.).		
7-45	5 Process PID Feed	I Fwd Resource		
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	No function	Select which drive input should be used as the feed forward factor. The FF factor is added directly to the output of the PID controller. This increases dynamic performance.		
[1]	Analog input 53			
[2]	Analog input 54			
[7]	Frequency input 29			
[8]	Frequency input 33			
[11]	Local bus reference			
[20]	Digital pot.meter			
[21]	Analog input X30-1	1		
[22]	Analog input X30-1	2		
[32]	Bus PCD	Selects a bus reference configured by		

Analog input X30-11	
Analog input X30-12	
Bus PCD	Selects a bus reference configured by
	Par. 8-02 Control Word Source. Change
	PCD Write Configuration (8-42) for the
	bus used in order to make the feed-
	forward available in par. 7-48. Use
	index 1 for feed-forward [748] (and
	index 2 for reference [1682]).

7-46 Process PID Feed Fwd Normal/ Inv. Ctrl.			
Option: Function:		Function:	
[0] *	Normal	Select Normal [0] to set the feed forward factor to treat the FF resource as a positive value.	
[1]	Inverse	Select Inverse [1] to treat the FF resource as a negative value.	

7-	7-48 PCD Feed Forward		
Range:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 65535]	Read-out parameter where the bus PCD feed-	
		forward (par. 7-45 [32]) can be read.	

7-49 Process PID Output Normal/ Inv. Ctrl.

Option:		Function:	
[0] *	Normal	Select Normal [0] to use the resulting output from	
		the process PID controller as is.	
[1]	Inverse	Select Inverse [1] to invert the resulting output from	
		the process PID controller. This operation is	
		performed after the feed forward factor is applied.	

3.9.6 7-5* Process PID Ctrl.

Parameter group 7-5* is only used if par. 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to [7] Extended PID speed CL or [8] Extended PID Speed OL.

speed				
7-50	Process	PID Extended PID		
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0]	Disabled	Disables the extended parts of the process PID controller.		
[1] *	Enabled	Enables the extended parts of the PID controller.		
7-51		PID Feed Fwd Gain		
Ran	ge:	Function:		
1.00*	[0.00 -	The feed forward is used to obtain the desired level, based on a well-known signal available. The PID controller then only takes care of the smaler part of the control, necessary because of unknown characters. The standard feed fwd factor in par. 7-38 is always related to the reference whereas 7-51 has more choices. In winder applications, the feed fwd factor will typically be the line speed of the system.		
7-52	Process	PID Feed Fwd Ramp up		
Ran	ge:	Function:		
0.01 :	5* [0.01	- 10.00 s] Controls the dynamics of the feed forward signal when ramping up.		
7-53	Process	PID Feed Fwd Ramp down		
Ran	Range: Function:			
0.01 :	5* [0.01	- 10.00 s] Controls the dynamics of the feed forward signal when ramping down.		
7-56	Process	PID Ref. Filter Time		
Ran	ge:	Function:		
0.001	s* [0.00			
7-57 Process PID Fb. Filter Time				
Ran	-	Function:		
0.001	s* [0.00			



3.10 Parameters: 8-** Communications and Options

3.10.1 8-0* General Settings

8-01 Control Site			
Option:		Function:	
		The setting in this parameter overrides the settings in 8-50 Coasting Select to 8-56 Preset Reference Select.	
[0] *	Digital and ctrl.word	Control by using both digital input and control word.	
[1]	Digital only	Control by using digital inputs only.	
[2]	Controlword only	Control by using control word only.	

8-02 Control Word Source

Select the source of the control word: one of two serial interfaces or four installed options. During initial power-up, the frequency converter automatically sets this parameter to *Option A* [3] if it detects a valid fieldbus option installed in slot A. If the option is removed, the frequency converter detects a change in the configuration, sets *8-02 Control Word Source* back to default setting *FC* RS-485, and the frequency converter then trips. If an option is installed after initial power-up, the setting of *8-02 Control Word Source* will not change but the frequency converter will trip and display: Alarm 67 *Option Changed*.

When you retrofit a bus option into a drive, that did not have a bus option installed to begin with, you must take an ACTIVE decision to move the control to Bus based. This is done for safety reasons in order to avoid an accidental change.

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

Option:		Function:
[0]	None	
[1]	FC RS485	
[2]	FC USB	
[3] *	Option A	
[4]	Option B	
[5]	Option C0	
[6]	Option C1	
[30]	External Can	

8-03	8-03 Control Word Timeout Time			
Rang	e:	Function:		
1.0 s*	[Application	Enter the maximum time expected to pass		
	dependant]	between the reception of two consecutive		
		telegrams. If this time is exceeded, it		
		indicates that the serial communication		
		has stopped. The function selected in		
		8-04 Control Word Timeout Function will		
		then be carried out. The time-out counter		
		is triggered by a valid control word.		

8-04 Control Word Timeout Function

Select the time-out function. The time-out function activates when the control word fails to be updated within the time period specified in *8-03 Control Word Timeout Time*.

Opt	ion:	Function:
[0] *	Off	Resumes control via serial bus (Fieldbus or standard) using the most recent control word.
[1]	Freeze output	Freezes output frequency until communi- cation resumes.
[2]	Stop	Stops with auto restart when communication resumes.
[3]	Jogging	Runs the motor at JOG frequency until communication resumes.
[4]	Max. speed	Runs the motor at maximum frequency until communication resumes.
[5]	Stop and trip	Stops the motor, then resets the frequency converter in order to restart: via the fieldbus, via the reset button on the LCP or via a digital input.
[7]	Select setup 1	Changes the set-up upon reestablishment of communication following a control word time-out. If communication resumes causing the time-out situation to disappear, <i>8-05 End-of-Timeout Function</i> defines whether to resume the set-up used before the time-out or to retain the set-up endorsed by the time-out function.
[8]	Select setup 2	See [7] Select setup 1
[9]	Select setup 3	See [7] Select setup 1
[10]	Select setup 4	See [7] Select setup 1
[26]	Trip	

NOTE

The following configuration is required in order to change the set-up after a time-out:

Set 0-10 Active Set-up to [9] Multi set-up and select the relevant link in 0-12 This Set-up Linked to.

8-05	8-05 End-of-Timeout Function		
Opt	Option: Function:		
		Select the action after receiving a valid control word following a time-out. This parameter is active only when <i>8-04 Control Timeout Function</i> is set to [Set-up 1-4].	
[0]	Hold set-up	Retains the set-up selected in 8-04 Control Timeout Function and displays a warning, until 8-06 Reset Control Timeout toggles. Then the frequency converter resumes its original set-up.	
[1] *	Resume set- up	Resumes the set-up active prior to the time- out.	



8-06 Reset Control Word Timeout

This parameter is active only when *Hold set-up* [0] has been selected in *8-05 End-of-Timeout Function*.

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Do not reset	Retains the set-up specified in <i>8-04 Control</i> <i>Word Timeout Function</i> , following a control word time-out.
[1]	Do reset	Returns the frequency converter to the original set-up following a control word time-out. The frequency converter performs the reset and then immediately reverts to the <i>Do not reset</i> [0] setting

8-07 Diagnosis Trigger

Option:	Functio	on:	
	converte	r diagnosis fund	ind controls the frequency tion and permits
	expansion of the diagnosis data to 24 byte. NOTE This is only valid for Profibus.		
	-		not send extended even if they appear in the /erter.
	-	- Trigger on alarms [1]: Send extended diagnosis data when one or more alarms appear in alarm 16-90 Alarm Word or 9-53 Profibus Warning Word.	
	- Trigger alarms/warn. [2]: Send extended diagnosis data if one or more alarms or warnings appear in alarm 16-90 Alarm Word, 9-53 Profibus Warning Word, or warning 16-92 Warning Word.		
		Word, 9-53 Pro	fibus Warning Word, or
	The cont follows:	Word, 9-53 Pro	fibus Warning Word, or
		Word, 9-53 Pro	fibus Warning Word, or Warning Word.
	follows:	Word, 9-53 Pro warning 16-92	fibus Warning Word, or Warning Word. nded diagnosis frame is as
	follows:	Word, 9-53 Pro- warning 16-92 eent of the exter Content Standard DP Diagnose	fibus Warning Word, or Warning Word. Inded diagnosis frame is as Description Standard DP Diagnose Data
	follows: Byte 0 - 5	Word, 9-53 Pro- warning 16-92 eent of the exter Content Standard DP Diagnose Data	fibus Warning Word, or Warning Word. Inded diagnosis frame is as Description Standard DP Diagnose Data Header of extended
	follows: Byte 0 - 5 6	Word, 9-53 Pro- warning 16-92 tent of the exter Content Standard DP Diagnose Data PDU length xx Status type =	fibus Warning Word, or Warning Word. Inded diagnosis frame is as Description Standard DP Diagnose Data Header of extended diagnostic data Header of extended
	follows: Byte 0 - 5 6 7	Word, 9-53 Pro- warning 16-92 eent of the exter Standard DP Diagnose Data PDU length xx Status type = 0x81	fibus Warning Word, or Warning Word. Inded diagnosis frame is as Description Standard DP Diagnose Data Header of extended diagnostic data Header of extended diagnostic data Header of extended

8-07 Diagnosis Trigger

00,				
Option:		Function:		
		14 - 17	VLT 16-03 Status Word	VLT status word
		18 - 21	VLT 16-90 Alarm Word	VLT alarm word
		22 - 23	VLT	Communication
			9-53 Profibus	warning word (Profibus)
			Warning Word	
		traffic. Di		cause increased bus ns are not supported by
[0] *	Disable			
[1]	Trigger on alarms			
[2]	Trigger alarm/			
	warn.			

8-08 Readout Filtering

The function is used if the speed feedback value readouts on fieldbus are fluctuating. Select filtered if the function is required. A power-cycle is required for changes to take effect.

Option: Function: [0] * Motor Data Std-Select [0] for normal bus Filt. readouts. [1] Motor Data LP-Select [1] for filtered bus Filter readouts of the following parameters: 16-10 Power [kW] 16-11 Power [hp] 16-12 Motor Voltage 16-14 Motor Current 16-16 Torque [Nm] 16-17 Speed [RPM] 16-22 Torque [%] 16-25 Torque [Nm] High



3.10.2 8-1* Ctrl. Word Settings

8-10 Control Word Profile

Select the interpretation of the control and status words corresponding to the installed fieldbus. Only the selections valid for the fieldbus installed in slot A will be visible in the LCP display. For guidelines in selection of *FC profile* [0] and *PROFIdrive profile* [1] please refer to the *Serial communication via RS 485 Interface* section. For additional guidelines in the selection of *PROFIdrive profile* [1], *ODVA* [5] and *CANopen DSP 402* [7], please refer to the Operating Instructions for the installed fieldbus.

Option:		Function:
[0] *	FC profile	
[1]	PROFIdrive profile	
[5]	ODVA	
[7]	CANopen DSP 402	
[8]	МСО	

8-13	8-13 Configurable Status Word STW			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		This parameter enables configuration of bits 12 – 15 in the status word.		
[0]	No function	The input is always low.		
[1] *	Profile Default	Depended on the profile set in 8-10 Control Profile.		
[2]	Alarm 68 Only	The input will go high whenever Alarm 68 is active and will go low whenever no alarm 68 is active		
[3]	Trip excl Alarm 68	The input will go high whenever Trip on other Alarms then Alarm 68 is active.		
[10]	T18 DI status.	The input will go high whenever T18 has 24V and will go low whenever T18 has 0V		
[11]	T19 DI status.	The input will go high whenever T19 has 24V and will go low whenever T19 has 0V		
[12]	T27 DI status.	The input will go high whenever T27 has 24V and will go low whenever T27 has 0V		
[13]	T29 DI status.	The input will go high whenever T29 has 24V and will go low whenever T29 has 0V		
[14]	T32 DI status.	The input will go high whenever T32 has 24V and will go low whenever T32 has 0V		
[15]	T33 DI status.	The input will go high whenever T33 has 24V and will go low whenever T33 has 0V		
[16]	T37 DI status	The input will go high whenever T37 has 0V and will go low whenever T37 has 24V		
[21]	Thermal warning	The thermal warning turns on when the temperature exceeds the limit in the motor, the frequency converter, the brake resistor, or the thermistor		
[30]	Brake fault (IGBT)	Will go high when the brake IGBT is short- circuited.		
[40]	Out of ref range	If Comparator 0 is evaluated as TRUE, the input will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.		
[60]	Comparator 0	If Comparator 0 is evaluated as TRUE, the input will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.		

8-13 Configurable Status Word STW

0		
<u> </u>	ion:	Function:
[61]	Comparator 1	If Comparator 1 is evaluated as TRUE, the
		input will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[62]	Comparator 2	If Comparator 2 is evaluated as TRUE, the
		input will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[63]	Comparator 3	If Comparator 3 is evaluated as TRUE, the
		input will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[64]	Comparator 4	If Comparator 4 is evaluated as TRUE, the
		input will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[65]	Comparator 5	If Comparator 5 is evaluated as TRUE, the
		input will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[70]	Logic Rule 0	If Logic Rule 0 is evaluated as TRUE, the
[, 0]		input will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[71]	Logic Rule 1	If Logic Rule 1 is evaluated as TRUE, the
[, 1]		input will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[72]	Logic Rule 2	If Logic Rule 2 is evaluated as TRUE, the
[/2]		input will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[72]	Lania Dula 2	
[73]	Logic Rule 3	If Logic Rule 3 is evaluated as TRUE, the
[7 4]		input will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[74]	Logic Rule 4	If Logic Rule 4 is evaluated as TRUE, the
		input will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[75]	Logic Rule 5	If Logic Rule 5 is evaluated as TRUE, the
		input will go high. Otherwise, it will be low.
[80]	SL Digital	SL Controller Action. The input will go high
	Output A	whenever the Smart Logic Action [38] Set
		dig. out. A high is executed. The input will
		go low whenever the Smart Logic Action
		[32] Set dig. out. A low is executed.
[81]	SL Digital	SL Controller Action. The input will go high
	Output B	whenever the Smart Logic Action [39] Set
		dig. out. A high is executed. The input will
		go low whenever the Smart Logic Action
		[33] Set dig. out. A low is executed.
[82]	SL Digital	SL Controller Action. The input will go high
	Output C	whenever the Smart Logic Action [40] Set
		dig. out. A high is executed. The input will
		go low whenever the Smart Logic Action
		[34] Set dig. out. A low is executed.
[83]	SL Digital	SL Controller Action. The input will go high
	Output D	whenever the Smart Logic Action [41] Set
		dig. out. A high is executed. The input will
		go low whenever the Smart Logic Action
		[35] Set dig. out. A low is executed.
[84]	SL Digital	SL Controller Action. The input will go high
	Output E	whenever the Smart Logic Action [42] Set
		dig. out. A high is executed. The input will
		go low whenever the Smart Logic Action
		[36] Set dig. out. A low is executed.
[85]	SL Digital	SL Controller Action. The input will go high
	Output F	whenever the Smart Logic Action [43] Set
		dig. out. A high is executed. The input will
		go low whenever the Smart Logic Action
		[37] Set dig. out. A low is executed

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8-14 Configurable Control Word CTW		
Opt	ion:	Function:
		Selection of control word bit 10 if it is active low or active high
[0]	None	
[1] *	Profile default	
[2]	CTW Valid, active low	

3.10.3 8-3* FC Port Settings

8-30) Protocol	
Opt	ion:	Function:
[0] *	FC	
[1]	FC MC	Select the protocol for the FC (standard) port.
[2]	Modbus RTU	

8-31 Address		
Range:		Function:
Application	[Application	Enter the address for the FC
dependent*	dependant]	(standard) port.
		Valid range: 1 - 126.

8-32 FC Port Baud Rate		
Option:		Function:
[0]	2400 Baud	Baud rate selection for the FC (standard) port.
[1]	4800 Baud	
[2] *	9600 Baud	
[3]	19200 Baud	
[4]	38400 Baud	
[5]	57600 Baud	
[6]	76800 Baud	
[7]	115200 Baud	

8-33 Parity / Stop Bits		
Option	:	Function:
[0] *	Even Parity, 1 Stop Bit	
[1]	Odd Parity, 1 Stop Bit	
[2]	No Parity, 1 Stop Bit	
[3]	No Parity, 2 Stop Bits	

8-34 Estimated cycle time			
Range: Function:		Function:	
0 ms*	[0 - 1000000	In a noisy environments, the interface may	
	ms]	be blocked by due to overload of bad	
		frames. This parameter specifies the time	
		between two consecutive frames on the	
		network. If the interface does not detect	
		valid frames in that time it flushes the	
		receive buffer.	

8-35 Minimum Response Delay

Range: Function:		Function:
10 ms*	[Application	Specify the minimum delay time
	dependant]	between receiving a request and
		transmitting a response. This is used
		for overcoming modem turnaround
		delays.

8-36 Max Response Delay

Range:	Function:	
Application	[Application	Specify the maximum
dependent*	dependant]	permissible delay time
		between transmitting a
		request and receiving a
		response. Exceeding this delay
		time will cause control word
		time-out.

8-37 Max Inter-Char Delay

Range:	Function:	
Application	[Application	Specify the maximum
dependent*	dependant]	permissible time interval
		between receipt of two bytes.
		This parameter activates time-
		out if transmission is
		interrupted.
		This parameter is active only
		when 8-30 Protocol is set to FC
		MC [1] protocol.

3.10.4 8-4* FC MC protocol set

8-40	8-40 Telegram selection		
Opti	on:	Function:	
[1] *	Standard telegram 1	Enables use of freely configurable telegrams or standard telegrams for the FC port.	
[100]	None		
[101]	PPO 1		
[102]	PPO 2		
[103]	PPO 3		
[104]	PPO 4		
[105]	PPO 5		
[106]	PPO 6		
[107]	PPO 7		
[108]	PPO 8		
[200]	Custom telegram 1	Enables use of freely configurable telegrams or standard telegrams for the FC port.	
[202]	Custom telegram 3		

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8-41	Parameters for signals	
Optio	n:	Function:
[0] *	None	This parameter contains a
		list of signals available for
		selection in 8-42 PCD write
		configuration and 8-43 PCD
		read configuration.
[302]	Minimum Reference	
[303]	Maximum Reference	
[312]	Catch up/slow Down Value	
[341]	Ramp 1 Ramp up Time	
[342]	Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time	
[351]	Ramp 2 Ramp up Time	
[352]	Ramp 2 Ramp down Time	
[380]	Jog Ramp Time	
[381]	Quick Stop Ramp Time	
[411]	Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]	
[412]	Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]	
[413]	Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]	
[414]	Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]	
[416]	Torque Limit Motor Mode	
[417]	Torque Limit Generator Mode	
[590]	Digital & Relay Bus Control	
[593]	Pulse Out #27 Bus Control	
[595]	Pulse Out #29 Bus Control	
[597]	Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control	
[653]	Term 42 Output Bus Ctrl	
[663]	Terminal X30/8 Bus Control	
[673]	Terminal X45/1 Bus Control	
[683]	Terminal X45/3 Bus Control	
[748]	PCD Feed Forward	
[890]	Bus Jog 1 Speed	
[891]	Bus Jog 2 Speed	
[1472]	Legacy Alarm Word	
[1473]	Legacy Warning Word	
[1474]	Leg. Ext. Status Word	
[1500]	Operating Hours	
[1501]	Running Hours	
[1502]	kWh Counter	
[1600]	Control Word	
[1601]	Reference [Unit]	
[1602]	Reference %	
[1603]	Status Word	
[1605]	Main Actual Value [%]	
[1609]	Custom Readout	
[1610]	Power [kW]	
[1611]	Power [hp]	
[1612]	Motor Voltage	
[1613]	Frequency	
[1614]	Motor Current	
[1615]	Frequency [%]	
[1616]	Torque [Nm]	
[1617]	Speed [RPM]	
[1618]	Motor Thermal	

8-41	Parameters for signals	
Optio	n:	Function:
[1619]	KTY sensor temperature	
[1620]	Motor Angle	
[1621]	Torque [%] High Res.	
[1622]	Torque [%]	
[1625]	Torque [Nm] High	
[1630]	DC Link Voltage	
[1632]	Brake Energy /s	
[1633]	Brake Energy /2 min	
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.	
[1635]	Inverter Thermal	
[1638]	SL Controller State	
[1639]	Control Card Temp.	
[1650]	External Reference	
[1651]	Pulse Reference	
[1652]	Feedback [Unit]	
[1653]	Digi Pot Reference	
[1657]	Feedback [RPM]	
[1660]	Digital Input	
[1661]	Terminal 53 Switch Setting	
[1662]	Analog Input 53	
[1663]	Terminal 54 Switch Setting	
[1664]	Analog Input 54	
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]	
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]	
[1667]	Freq. Input #29 [Hz]	
[1668]	Freq. Input #33 [Hz]	
[1669]	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	
[1670]	Pulse Output #29 [Hz]	
[1671]	Relay Output [bin]	
[1672]	Counter A	
[1673]	Counter B	
[1674]	Prec. Stop Counter	
[1675]	Analog In X30/11	
[1676]	Analog In X30/12	
[1677]	Analog Out X30/8 [mA]	
[1678]	Analog Out X45/1 [mA]	
[1679]	Analog Out X45/3 [mA]	
[1680]	Fieldbus CTW 1	
[1682]	Fieldbus REF 1	
[1684]	Comm. Option STW	
[1685]	FC Port CTW 1	
[1686]	FC Port REF 1	
[1690]	Alarm Word	
[1691]	Alarm Word 2	
[1692]	Warning Word	
[1693]	Warning Word 2	
[1694] [1860]	Ext. Status Word Digital Input 2	
[3310]	Sync Factor Master	
[3310]	Sync Factor Slave	
[3401]	PCD 1 Write to MCO	
[3401]	PCD 2 Write to MCO	

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8-41	Parameters for signals			
Optio	n:	Function:		
[3403]	PCD 3 Write to MCO			
[3404]	PCD 4 Write to MCO			
[3405]	PCD 5 Write to MCO			
[3406]	PCD 6 Write to MCO			
[3407]	PCD 7 Write to MCO			
[3408]	PCD 8 Write to MCO			
[3409]	PCD 9 Write to MCO			
[3410]	PCD 10 Write to MCO			
[3421]	PCD 1 Read from MCO			
[3422]	PCD 2 Read from MCO			
[3423]	PCD 3 Read from MCO			
[3424]	PCD 4 Read from MCO			
[3425]	PCD 5 Read from MCO			
[3426]	PCD 6 Read from MCO			
[3427]	PCD 7 Read from MCO			
[3428]	PCD 8 Read from MCO			
[3429]	PCD 9 Read from MCO			
[3430]	PCD 10 Read from MCO			
[3440]	Digital Inputs			
[3441]	Digital Outputs			
[3450]	Actual Position			
[3451]	Commanded Position			
[3452]	Actual Master Position			
[3453]	Slave Index Position			
[3454]	Master Index Position			
[3455]	Curve Position			
[3456]	Track Error			
[3457]	Synchronizing Error			
[3458]	Actual Velocity			
[3459]	Actual Master Velocity			
[3460]	Synchronizing Status			
[3461]	Axis Status			
[3462]	Program Status			
[3464]	MCO 302 Status			
[3465]	MCO 302 Control			
[3470]	MCO Alarm Word 1			
[3471]	MCO Alarm Word 2			
8-42	PCD write configuration			

8-42 PCD write configuration			
	Option: Function:		
[342]	Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time		
[351]	Ramp 2 Ramp up Time		
[352]	Ramp 2 Ramp down Time		
[380]	Jog Ramp Time		
[381]			
[411]	Quick Stop Ramp Time Motor Speed Low Limit [RPI	A11	
[411]	Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]		
[412]	Motor Speed High Limit [RP		
[414]	Motor Speed High Limit [Hz		
[416]	Torque Limit Motor Mode		
[417]	Torque Limit Generator Mode	to	
[590]	Digital & Relay Bus Control		
[593]	Pulse Out #27 Bus Control		
	Pulse Out #29 Bus Control		
[595]	Pulse Out #29 Bus Control Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Contro	al	
[597]			
[653]	Term 42 Output Bus Ctrl		
[663]	Terminal X30/8 Bus Control		
[673]	Terminal X45/1 Bus Control		
[683]	Terminal X45/3 Bus Control		
[748]	PCD Feed Forward		
[890]	Bus Jog 1 Speed		
[891]	Bus Jog 2 Speed		
[1680]	Fieldbus CTW 1		
[1682]	Fieldbus REF 1		
[1685]	FC Port CTW 1		
[1686]	FC Port REF 1		
[3310]	Sync Factor Master		
[3311]	Sync Factor Slave		
[3401]	PCD 1 Write to MCO		
[3402]	PCD 2 Write to MCO		
[3403]	PCD 3 Write to MCO		
[3404]	PCD 4 Write to MCO		
	PCD 5 Write to MCO		
[3406]	PCD 6 Write to MCO		
[3407]	PCD 7 Write to MCO		
[3408]	PCD 8 Write to MCO		
[3409]	PCD 9 Write to MCO		
[3410]	PCD 10 Write to MCO		
8-43	PCD read configuration		
Optio	n:	Function:	
[0]	None	Select the parameters to be	
		assigned to PCD's of the	
		telegrams. The number of	
		available PCDs depends on	
		the telegram type. PCDs	
		contain the actual data values	
		of the selected parameters.	

Optio	n:	Function:	
[0]	None	Select the parameters to be assigned to PCD's telegrams. The number of available PCDs depends on the telegram type. The values in PCD's will then be written to the selected parameters as data values.	
[302]	Minimum Reference		
[303]	Maximum Reference		
[312]	Catch up/slow Down Value		
[341]	Ramp 1 Ramp up Time		

[0]	None	Select the parameters to be assigned to PCD's of the telegrams. The number of available PCDs depends on the telegram type. PCDs contain the actual data values of the selected parameters.
[1472]	Legacy Alarm Word	
[1473]	Legacy Warning Word	
[1474]	Leg. Ext. Status Word	
[1500]	Operating Hours	

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8-43	8-43 PCD read configuration		
Optio	n:	Function:	
[1501]	Running Hours		
[1502]	kWh Counter		
[1600]	Control Word		
[1601]	Reference [Unit]		
[1602]	Reference %		
[1603]	Status Word		
[1605]	Main Actual Value [%]		
[1609]	Custom Readout		
[1610]	Power [kW]		
[1611]	Power [hp]		
[1612]	Motor Voltage		
[1613]	Frequency		
[1614]	Motor Current		
[1615]	Frequency [%]		
[1616]	Torque [Nm]		
[1617]	Speed [RPM]		
[1618]	Motor Thermal		
[1619]	KTY sensor temperature		
[1620]	Motor Angle		
[1621]	Torque [%] High Res.		
[1622]	Torque [%]		
[1625]	Torque [Nm] High		
[1630]	DC Link Voltage		
[1632]	Brake Energy /s		
[1633]	Brake Energy /2 min		
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.		
[1635]	Inverter Thermal		
[1638]	SL Controller State		
[1639]	Control Card Temp.		
[1650]	External Reference		
[1651]	Pulse Reference		
[1652]	Feedback [Unit]		
[1653]	Digi Pot Reference		
[1657]	Feedback [RPM]		
[1660]	Digital Input		
[1661]	Terminal 53 Switch Setting		
[1662]	Analog Input 53		
[1663]	Terminal 54 Switch Setting		
[1664]	Analog Input 54		
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]		
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]		
[1667]	Freq. Input #29 [Hz]		
[1668]	Freq. Input #33 [Hz]		
[1669]	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]		
[1670]	Pulse Output #29 [Hz]		
[1671]	Relay Output [bin]		
[1672]	Counter A		
[1673]	Counter B		
[1674]	Prec. Stop Counter		
[1675]	Analog In X30/11		
[1676]	Analog In X30/12		
[1677]	Analog Out X30/8 [mA]		

8-43	PCD read configuration	
Optio	n:	Function:
[1678]	Analog Out X45/1 [mA]	
[1679]	Analog Out X45/3 [mA]	
[1684]	Comm. Option STW	
[1690]	Alarm Word	
[1691]	Alarm Word 2	
[1692]	Warning Word	
[1693]	Warning Word 2	
[1694]	Ext. Status Word	
[1860]	Digital Input 2	
[3421]	PCD 1 Read from MCO	
[3422]	PCD 2 Read from MCO	
[3423]	PCD 3 Read from MCO	
[3424]	PCD 4 Read from MCO	
[3425]	PCD 5 Read from MCO	
[3426]	PCD 6 Read from MCO	
[3427]	PCD 7 Read from MCO	
[3428]	PCD 8 Read from MCO	
[3429]	PCD 9 Read from MCO	
[3430]	PCD 10 Read from MCO	
[3440]	Digital Inputs	
[3441]	Digital Outputs	
[3450]	Actual Position	
[3451]	Commanded Position	
[3452]	Actual Master Position	
[3453]	Slave Index Position	
[3454]	Master Index Position	
[3455]	Curve Position	
[3456]	Track Error	
[3457]	Synchronizing Error	
[3458]	Actual Velocity	
[3459]	Actual Master Velocity	
[3460]	Synchronizing Status	
[3461]	Axis Status	
[3462]	Program Status	
[3464]	MCO 302 Status	
[3465]	MCO 302 Control	
[3470]	MCO Alarm Word 1	
[3471]	MCO Alarm Word 2	

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3.10.5 8-5* Digital/Bus

Parameters for configuring the control word Digital/Bus merging.

NOTE

These parameters are active only when 8-01 Control Site is set to [0] Digital and control word.

8-50	8-50 Coasting Select		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select control of the coasting function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the bus.	
[0]	Digital input	Activates Start command via a digital input.	
[1]	Bus	Activates Start command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3] *	Logic OR	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	

8-51 Quick Stop Select

Select control of the Quick Stop function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the bus.

Option:		Function:
[0]	Digital Input	
[1]	Bus	
[2]	Logic AND	
[3] *	Logic OR	

8-52	8-52 DC Brake Select		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select control of the DC brake via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.	
[0]	Digital input	Activates Start command via a digital input.	
[1]	Bus	Activates Start command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3] *	Logic OR	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	

8-53	8-53 Start Select		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		Select control of the frequency converter start function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.	
[0]	Digital input	Activates Start command via a digital input.	
[1]	Bus	Activates Start command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3] *	Logic OR	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	
8-54	8-54 Reversing Select		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[0]	Digital input	Select control of the frequency converter reverse function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.	

		and/or via the fieldbus.
[1]	Bus	Activates the Reverse command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.
[2]	Logic AND	Activates the Reverse command via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.
[3] *	Logic OR	Activates the Reverse command via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.

8-55 Set-up Select

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select control of the frequency converter set-up selection via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.
[0]	Digital input	Activates the set-up selection via a digital input.
[1]	Bus	Activates the set-up selection via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.
[2]	Logic AND	Activates the set-up selection via the fieldbus/ serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.
[3] *	Logic OR	Activate the set-up selection via the fieldbus/ serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.
8-56 Preset Reference Select		

Option: Function: Select control of the frequency converter Preset Reference selection via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.

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8-56	8-56 Preset Reference Select		
Option:		Function:	
[0]	Digital input	Activates Preset Reference selection via a digital input.	
[1]	Bus	Activates Preset Reference selection via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Preset Reference selection via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3] *	Logic OR	Activates the Preset Reference selection via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	

8-57 Profidrive OFF2 Select

Select control of the drive OFF2 selection via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus. This parameter is active only when par. 8-01 Control Site is set to [0] Digital and ctrl. word and par. 8-10 is set to [1] Profidrive profile.

Option:		Function:
[0]	Digital input	
[1]	Bus	
[2]	Logic AND	
[3] *	Logic OR	

8-58 Profidrive OFF3 Select

Select control of the drive OFF3 selection via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus. This parameter is active only when par. 8-01 Control Site is set to [0] Digital and control word and par. 8-10 is set to [1] Profidrive profile.

Option:		Function:
[0]	Digital input	
[1]	Bus	
[2]	Logic AND	
[3] *	Logic OR	

3.10.6 8-8* FC Port Diagnostics

These parameters are used for monitoring the Bus communication via the Port.

8-80	Bus Message	Count
Range	:	Function:
0 N/A*	[0 - 0 N/A]	This parameter shows the number of valid telegrams detected on the bus.
8-81	Bus Error Co	unt
Range	:	Function:
0 N/A*	[0 - 0 N/A]	This parameter shows the number of telegrams with faults (e.g. CRC fault), detected on the bus.

8-82	Slave Messag	ges Rcvd
Range	:	Function:
0 N/A*	[0 - 0 N/A]	This parameter shows the number of valid telegrams addressed to the slave, sent by the frequency converter.
8-83	Slave Error C	Count
Range	:	Function:
0 N/A*	[0 - 0 N/A]	This parameter shows the number of error
		telegrams, which could not be executed by
		the frequency converter.

3.10.7 8-9* Bus Jog

8-90 Bu	s Jog 1 Speed	
Range:		Function:
100 RPM*	[Application dependant]	Enter the jog speed. This is a fixed jog speed activated via the serial port or fieldbus option.
8-91 Bu	s Jog 2 Speed	
8-91 Bu: Range:	s Jog 2 Speed	Function:

3



3.11 Parameters: 9-** Profibus

0.0	00	Cotnoint		
		Setpoint		
Ra	nge	2	Function:	
0*	[0	- 65535]	Master Class 2. If the Master Class 2, the re	ves cyclical reference from a control priority is set to eference for the frequency om this parameter, whereas e will be ignored.
9-0	07	Actual Va	lue	
	nge		Function:	
0*	-			ers the MAV for a Master
	[0	00000]		er is valid if the control
9-'	15	PCD Write	e Configuration	
Arr	ray	[10]		
Op	otio	n:		Function:
				Select the parameters to be assigned to PCD 3 to 10 of the telegrams. The number of available PCDs depends on the telegram type. The values in PCD 3 to 10 will then be written to the selected parameters as data values. Alterna- tively, specify a standard Profibus telegram in <i>9-22 Telegram Selection</i> .
[0]	*	None		
[302	2]	Minimum	Reference	
[303	3]	Maximum	Reference	
[31]	2]	Catch up/	slow Down Value	
[34	1]	Ramp 1 R	amp up Time	
[34]	2]	Ramp 1 R	amp Down Time	
[35	1]	Ramp 2 R	amp up Time	
[352	2]	•	amp down Time	
[38	-	Jog Ramp		
[38]	-		p Ramp Time	
[41]			ed Low Limit [RPM]	
[41]			eed Low Limit [Hz]	
[41]	-		eed High Limit [RPM]	
[414	-		eed High Limit [Hz]	
[410	-		mit Motor Mode	
[41]	_		mit Generator Mode	
[59			Relay Bus Control	
[593	_		#27 Bus Control	
[59:	-		#29 Bus Control	
[59]	_		#X30/6 Bus Control	
[65]			Output Bus Ctrl	
[66]	_		X30/8 Bus Control	
[67]	[ک	i erminal 3	K45/1 Bus Control	

9-15	PCD Write Configuration		
Array			
			Function:
Optio			runcuon:
[683]	Terminal X45/3 Bus Control		
[748]	PCD Feed Forward	_	
[890]	Bus Jog 1 Speed		
[891]	Bus Jog 2 Speed	_	
[1680]	Fieldbus CTW 1		
[1682]	Fieldbus REF 1	_	
[1685]	FC Port CTW 1		
[1686]	FC Port REF 1		
[3310]	Sync Factor Master		
[3311]	Sync Factor Slave		
[3401]	PCD 1 Write to MCO		
[3402]	PCD 2 Write to MCO	_	
[3403]	PCD 3 Write to MCO		
[3404]	PCD 4 Write to MCO		
[3405]	PCD 5 Write to MCO PCD 6 Write to MCO		
[3406]			
[3407]	PCD 7 Write to MCO		
[3408]	PCD 8 Write to MCO		
[3409]	PCD 9 Write to MCO PCD 10 Write to MCO		
[3410]	PCD TO WRIte to MCO		
9 -16	PCD Read Configuration		
Array	[10]		
	[10]		
		Fu	unction:
Optio		-	unction:
		Sel	ect the parameters to be
		Sel ass	
		Sel ass tele	ect the parameters to be igned to PCD 3 to 10 of the
		Sel ass tele ava	ect the parameters to be igned to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of
		Sel ass tele ava the	ect the parameters to be igned to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of ailable PCDs depends on
		Sel ass tele ava the 10	ect the parameters to be signed to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of ailable PCDs depends on a telegram type. PCDs 3 to
		Sel ass tele ava the 10 val	ect the parameters to be signed to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of ailable PCDs depends on e telegram type. PCDs 3 to contain the actual data
		Sel ass tele ava the 10 val par	ect the parameters to be signed to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of ailable PCDs depends on a telegram type. PCDs 3 to contain the actual data ues of the selected
		Sel ass tele ava the 10 val pan Prc	ect the parameters to be signed to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of ailable PCDs depends on a telegram type. PCDs 3 to contain the actual data ues of the selected rameters. For standard
		Sel ass tele ava the 10 val pan Prc	ect the parameters to be signed to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of ailable PCDs depends on a telegram type. PCDs 3 to contain the actual data ues of the selected rameters. For standard ofibus telegrams, see
Optio	n:	Sel ass tele ava the 10 val pan Prc	ect the parameters to be signed to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of ailable PCDs depends on a telegram type. PCDs 3 to contain the actual data ues of the selected rameters. For standard ofibus telegrams, see
Optio	n: None	Sel ass tele ava the 10 val pan Prc	ect the parameters to be signed to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of ailable PCDs depends on a telegram type. PCDs 3 to contain the actual data ues of the selected rameters. For standard ofibus telegrams, see
Optio	n: None Legacy Alarm Word	Sel ass tele ava the 10 val pan Prc	ect the parameters to be signed to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of ailable PCDs depends on a telegram type. PCDs 3 to contain the actual data ues of the selected rameters. For standard ofibus telegrams, see
Optio [0] * [1472] [1473]	n: None Legacy Alarm Word Legacy Warning Word	Sel ass tele ava the 10 val pan Prc	ect the parameters to be signed to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of ailable PCDs depends on a telegram type. PCDs 3 to contain the actual data ues of the selected rameters. For standard ofibus telegrams, see
Optio [0] * [1472] [1473] [1474]	n: None Legacy Alarm Word Legacy Warning Word Leg. Ext. Status Word	Sel ass tele ava the 10 val pan Prc	ect the parameters to be signed to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of ailable PCDs depends on a telegram type. PCDs 3 to contain the actual data ues of the selected rameters. For standard ofibus telegrams, see
Optio [0] * [1472] [1473] [1474] [1500]	n: None Legacy Alarm Word Legacy Warning Word Leg. Ext. Status Word Operating Hours	Sel ass tele ava the 10 val pan Prc	ect the parameters to be signed to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of ailable PCDs depends on a telegram type. PCDs 3 to contain the actual data ues of the selected rameters. For standard ofibus telegrams, see
Optio [0] * [1472] [1473] [1474] [1500] [1501]	n: None Legacy Alarm Word Legacy Warning Word Leg. Ext. Status Word Dperating Hours Running Hours	Sel ass tele ava the 10 val pan Prc	ect the parameters to be signed to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of ailable PCDs depends on a telegram type. PCDs 3 to contain the actual data ues of the selected rameters. For standard ofibus telegrams, see
Optio [0] * [1472] [1473] [1474] [1500] [1501] [1502]	n: None Legacy Alarm Word Legacy Warning Word Leg. Ext. Status Word Leg. Ext. Status Word Sperating Hours Running Hours kWh Counter	Sel ass tele ava the 10 val pan Prc	ect the parameters to be signed to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of ailable PCDs depends on a telegram type. PCDs 3 to contain the actual data ues of the selected rameters. For standard ofibus telegrams, see
Optio [0] * [1472] [1473] [1474] [1500] [1501] [1502] [1600]	n: None Legacy Alarm Word Legacy Warning Word Leg. Ext. Status Word Derating Hours Running Hours Running Hours kWh Counter Control Word	Sel ass tele ava the 10 val pan Prc	ect the parameters to be signed to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of ailable PCDs depends on a telegram type. PCDs 3 to contain the actual data ues of the selected rameters. For standard ofibus telegrams, see
Optio [0] * [1472] [1473] [1474] [1500] [1501] [1502] [1600] [1601]	n: None Legacy Alarm Word Legacy Warning Word Legacy Warning Word Leg. Ext. Status Word Operating Hours Running Hours Running Hours Running Hours Running Hours Running Hours Running Hours Running Hours Running Hours	Sel ass tele ava the 10 val pan Prc	ect the parameters to be signed to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of ailable PCDs depends on a telegram type. PCDs 3 to contain the actual data ues of the selected rameters. For standard ofibus telegrams, see
Optio [0] * [1472] [1473] [1474] [1500] [1501] [1502] [1600] [1601] [1602]	n: None Legacy Alarm Word Legacy Warning Word Legacy Warning Word Leg. Ext. Status Word Leg. Ext. Status Word Moreating Hours Running Hours Running Hours Running Hours Running Hours Running Hours Reference [Unit] Reference %	Sel ass tele ava the 10 val pan Prc	ect the parameters to be signed to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of ailable PCDs depends on a telegram type. PCDs 3 to contain the actual data ues of the selected rameters. For standard ofibus telegrams, see
Optio [0] * [1472] [1473] [1474] [1500] [1501] [1502] [1600] [1601] [1602] [1603]	n: None Legacy Alarm Word Legacy Warning Word Legacy Warning Word Leg. Ext. Status Word Dperating Hours Running Hours KWh Counter Control Word Reference [Unit] Reference % Status Word	Sel ass tele ava the 10 val pan Prc	ect the parameters to be signed to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of ailable PCDs depends on a telegram type. PCDs 3 to contain the actual data ues of the selected rameters. For standard ofibus telegrams, see
Optio [0] * [1472] [1473] [1474] [1500] [1501] [1502] [1600] [1601] [1603] [1605]	n: None Legacy Alarm Word Legacy Warning Word Legacy Warning Word Leg. Ext. Status Word Operating Hours Running Hours Running Hours Running Hours Running Hours Running Hours Status Word Reference [Unit] Reference % Status Word Main Actual Value [%]	Sel ass tele ava the 10 val pan Prc	ect the parameters to be signed to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of ailable PCDs depends on a telegram type. PCDs 3 to contain the actual data ues of the selected rameters. For standard ofibus telegrams, see
Optio [0] * [1472] [1473] [1473] [1500] [1501] [1502] [1600] [1601] [1605] [1605] [1609]	n: None Legacy Alarm Word Legacy Warning Word Legacy Warning Word Leg. Ext. Status Word Dperating Hours Running Hours Running Hours Running Hours Running Hours Running Hours Status Word Reference [Unit] Reference [Unit] Reference % Status Word Main Actual Value [%] Custom Readout	Sel ass tele ava the 10 val pan Prc	ect the parameters to be signed to PCD 3 to 10 of the egrams. The number of ailable PCDs depends on a telegram type. PCDs 3 to contain the actual data ues of the selected rameters. For standard ofibus telegrams, see

[1613] Frequency

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9-16	PCD Read Configuration	
Array	[10]	
Optio	n:	Function:
[1614]	Motor Current	
[1615]	Frequency [%]	
[1616]	Torque [Nm]	
[1617]	Speed [RPM]	
[1618]	Motor Thermal	
[1619]	KTY sensor temperature	
[1620]	Motor Angle	
[1621]	Torque [%] High Res.	
[1622]	Torque [%]	
[1625]	Torque [Nm] High	
[1630]	DC Link Voltage	
[1632]	Brake Energy /s	
[1633]	Brake Energy /2 min	
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.	
[1635]	Inverter Thermal	
[1638]	SL Controller State	
[1639]	Control Card Temp.	
[1650]	External Reference	
[1651]	Pulse Reference	
[1652]	Feedback [Unit]	
[1653]	Digi Pot Reference	
[1657]	Feedback [RPM]	
[1660]	Digital Input	
[1661]	Terminal 53 Switch Setting	
[1662]	Analog Input 53	
[1663]	Terminal 54 Switch Setting	
[1664]	Analog Input 54	
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]	
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]	
[1667]	Freq. Input #29 [Hz]	
[1668]	Freq. Input #33 [Hz] Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	
	Pulse Output #29 [Hz]	
[1671]	Relay Output [bin]	
[1672]	Counter A	
	Counter B	
	Prec. Stop Counter	
[1675]		
[1676]		
[1677]		
[1678]	Analog Out X45/1 [mA]	
[1679]	Analog Out X45/3 [mA]	
[1684]	Comm. Option STW	
[1690]	Alarm Word	
[1691]	Alarm Word 2	
[1692]	Warning Word	
[1693]	Warning Word 2	
[1694]	Ext. Status Word	
[1860]	Digital Input 2	
[3421]	PCD 1 Read from MCO	
[3422]	PCD 2 Read from MCO	

9-16	PCD Read Configuration		
Array [10]			
Option:		Function:	
[3423]	PCD 3 Read from MCO		
[3424]	PCD 4 Read from MCO		
[3425]	PCD 5 Read from MCO		
[3426]	PCD 6 Read from MCO		
[3427]	PCD 7 Read from MCO		
[3428]	PCD 8 Read from MCO		
[3429]	PCD 9 Read from MCO		
[3430]	PCD 10 Read from MCO		
[3440]	Digital Inputs		
[3441]	Digital Outputs		
[3450]	Actual Position		
[3451]	Commanded Position		
[3452]	Actual Master Position		
[3453]	Slave Index Position		
[3454]	Master Index Position		
[3455]	Curve Position		
[3456]	Track Error		
[3457]	Synchronizing Error		
[3458]	Actual Velocity		
[3459]	Actual Master Velocity		
[3460]	Synchronizing Status		
[3461]	Axis Status		
[3462]	Program Status		
[3464]	MCO 302 Status		
[3465]	MCO 302 Control		
[3470]	MCO Alarm Word 1		
[3471]	MCO Alarm Word 2		

9-18 Node Address

Range	:	Function:
126 N/	[Application	Enter the station address in this
A*	dependant]	parameter or alternatively in the
		hardware switch. In order to adjust the
		station address in 9-18 Node Address, the
		hardware switch must be set to 126 or
		127 (i.e. all switches set to 'on').
		Otherwise this parameter will display the
		actual setting of the switch.

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Displays	the	Profibus	tele

9-22 Telegram Selection

Displa	ys the Profibus telegram configu	ration.
Optio	n:	Function:
[1]	Standard telegram 1	
[100] *	None	
[101]	PPO 1	
[102]	PPO 2	
[103]	PPO 3	
[104]	PPO 4	
[105]	PPO 5	
[106]	PPO 6	
[107]	PPO 7	
[108] *	PPO 8	Read only.
[200]	Custom telegram 1	
[202]	Custom telegram 3	
9-23	Parameters for Signals	
Array		
Read		
Optio	n:	Function:
		This parameter contains a
		list of signals available for
		selection in 9-15 PCD Write
		Configuration and
		9-16 PCD Read Configu-
		ration.
[0] *	None	
[302]	Minimum Reference	
[303]	Maximum Reference	
[312]	Catch up/slow Down Value	
[341]	Ramp 1 Ramp up Time	
[342]	Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time	
[351]	Ramp 2 Ramp up Time	
[352]	Ramp 2 Ramp down Time	
[380]	Jog Ramp Time	
[381]	Quick Stop Ramp Time	
[411]	Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]	
[412]	Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]	
[413]	Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]	
[414]	Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]	
[416]	Torque Limit Motor Mode	
[417]	Torque Limit Generator Mode	
[590]	Digital & Relay Bus Control	
[593]	Pulse Out #27 Bus Control	
[595]	Pulse Out #29 Bus Control	
[597]	Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control Term 42 Output Bus Ctrl	
[653] [663]	Terminal X30/8 Bus Control	
[673]	Terminal X45/1 Bus Control	
[683]	Terminal X45/3 Bus Control	
[748]	PCD Feed Forward	
[890]	Bus Jog 1 Speed	
[891]	Bus Jog 2 Speed	
[1472]	Legacy Alarm Word	
[[]]		

0.22	Parameters for Signals	
	-	
Array		
Read of	only	
Optio	n:	Function:
[1473]	Legacy Warning Word	
[1474]	Leg. Ext. Status Word	
[1500]	Operating Hours	
[1501]	Running Hours	
[1502]	kWh Counter	
[1600]	Control Word	
[1601]	Reference [Unit]	
[1602]	Reference %	
[1603]	Status Word	
[1605]	Main Actual Value [%]	
[1609]	Custom Readout	
[1610]	Power [kW]	
[1611]	Power [hp]	
[1612]	Motor Voltage	
[1613]	Frequency	
[1614]	Motor Current	
[1615]	Frequency [%]	
[1616]	Torque [Nm]	
[1617]	Speed [RPM]	
	Motor Thermal	
[1619]	KTY sensor temperature	
[1620]	Motor Angle	
[1621]	Torque [%] High Res.	
[1622]	Torque [%]	
[1625]	Torque [Nm] High	
[1630]	DC Link Voltage	
[1632]	Brake Energy /s	
	Brake Energy /2 min	
	Heatsink Temp.	
	Inverter Thermal	
[1638]	SL Controller State	
[1639]	Control Card Temp.	
[1650]	External Reference	
[1651]	Pulse Reference	
[1652]	Feedback [Unit]	
[1653]	Digi Pot Reference	
[1657]	Feedback [RPM]	
[1660]	Digital Input Terminal 53 Switch Setting	
[1661] [1662]	Analog Input 53	
[1663]	Terminal 54 Switch Setting	
[1664]	Analog Input 54	
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]	
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]	
[1667]	Freq. Input #29 [Hz]	
[1668]	Freq. Input #33 [Hz]	
[1669]	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	
[1670]	Pulse Output #29 [Hz]	
[1671]	Relay Output [bin]	
[1672]	Counter A	
[10/2]	councer /	

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9 -23	Parameters for Signals	
Array	[1000]	
Read of		
Option:		Function:
<u> </u>		
[1673]	Counter B	
[1674]	Prec. Stop Counter	
[1675]	Analog In X30/11	
[1676]	Analog In X30/12	
[1677]	Analog Out X30/8 [mA] Analog Out X45/1 [mA]	
[1678] [1679]		
[1680]	Analog Out X45/3 [mA] Fieldbus CTW 1	
	Fieldbus REF 1	
[1684]	Comm. Option STW	
[1685]	FC Port CTW 1	
[1686]	FC Port REF 1	
[1690]	Alarm Word	
[1690]	Alarm Word 2	
[1692]	Warning Word	
[1692]	Warning Word 2	
[1693]	Ext. Status Word	
[1860]	Digital Input 2	
[3310]	Sync Factor Master	
[3311]	Sync Factor Slave	
[3401]	PCD 1 Write to MCO	
[3402]	PCD 2 Write to MCO	
[3403]	PCD 3 Write to MCO	
[3404]	PCD 4 Write to MCO	
[3405]	PCD 5 Write to MCO	
[3406]	PCD 6 Write to MCO	
[3407]	PCD 7 Write to MCO	
[3408]	PCD 8 Write to MCO	
[3409]	PCD 9 Write to MCO	
[3410]	PCD 10 Write to MCO	
[3421]	PCD 1 Read from MCO	
[3422]	PCD 2 Read from MCO	
[3423]	PCD 3 Read from MCO	
[3424]	PCD 4 Read from MCO	
[3425]	PCD 5 Read from MCO	
[3426]	PCD 6 Read from MCO	
[3427]	PCD 7 Read from MCO	
[3428]	PCD 8 Read from MCO	
[3429]	PCD 9 Read from MCO	
[3430]	PCD 10 Read from MCO	
[3440]	Digital Inputs	
[3441]	Digital Outputs	
[3450]	Actual Position	
[3451]	Commanded Position	
[3452]	Actual Master Position	
[3453]	Slave Index Position	
[3454]	Master Index Position	
[3455]	Curve Position	
[3456]	Track Error	
[3457]	Synchronizing Error	

9-2	23	Paramo	eters for Signals		
Arr	ay [1000]			
Rea	Read only				
Ор	otior	n:		Function:	
[345	58]	Actual	Velocity		
[345	59]		Master Velocity		
[346	50]	Synchronizing Status			
[346	51]	Axis St	atus		
[346	52]	Progra	m Status		
[346	54]	MCO 3	02 Status		
[346	55]	MCO 3	02 Control		
[347	70]	MCO A	larm Word 1		
[347	71]	MCO A	larm Word 2		
0_7	7	Param	eter Edit		
			Function:		
Ορ	otior	n:		a da da Dua Classa dha a da u da u d	
			RS485 interface, or the	ed via Profibus, the standard LCP.	
[0]	D	isabled	Disables editing via Pro	ofibus.	
[1] *	* E1	nabled	Enables editing via Pro	fibus.	
9-2	00	Procos	s Control		
Op	otior	n:	Function:		
				ng of Control Word, speed s data) is possible via either	
			Profibus or standard f	fieldbus but not both	
			simultaneously. Local	control is always possible	
			via the LCP. Control vi	a process control is possible	
			via either terminals or	r fieldbus depending on the	
			5	ing Select to 8-56 Preset	
			Reference Select.		
[0]	D	isable	Disables process cont	rol via Profibus, and enables	
			process control via st	andard fieldbus or Profibus	
			Master class 2.		
[1] *	* Ei	nable	Enables process contr	ol via Profibus Master Class	
	cy	clic	1, and disables proces	ss control via standard	
	m	aster	fieldbus or Profibus N	laster class 2.	
9-4	14	Fault A	lessage Counter		
	nge		Function:		
0*			5] This parameter displ	ave the number of error	
0	ĮŪ	- 0555.		5 Fault Code and 9-47 Fault	
				um buffer capacity is eight	
				fer and counter are set to 0	
			upon reset or power		
9-4	15	Fault C	ode.		
			Function:		
nd 0*	nge			larm word for all alarms and	
	ĮŪ		warnings that have occu		
			power-up. The maximum		
			error events.		

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9-4	9-47 Fault Number		
Ra	nge:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 0]	This buffer contains the alarm number (e.g. 2 for live zero error, 4 for mains phase loss) for all alarms and warnings that have occurred since last reset or power-up. The maximum buffer capacity is eight error events.	
9-52 Fault Situation Counter			

Rang	e:	Function:	
0* [0	0 - 1000]	This parameter displays the number of error events which have occurred since last reset of power-up.	

9-53 Profibus Warning Word

:	Function:	
[0 - 65535 N/A]	This parameter displays Profibus	
	communication warnings. Please refer	
	to the Profibus Operating Instructions for	
	further information.	

Read only

Bit:	Meaning:
0	Connection with DP-master is not ok
1	Not used
2	FDLNDL (Fieldbus Data link Layer) is not ok
3	Clear data command received
4	Actual value is not updated
5	Baudrate search
6	PROFIBUS ASIC is not transmitting
7	Initialisation of PROFIBUS is not ok
8	Frequency converter is tripped
9	Internal CAN error
10	Wrong configuration data from PLC
11	Wrong ID sent by PLC
12	Internal error occured
13	Not configured
14	Timeout active
15	Warning 34 active

9-63 Actual Baud Rate			
Optio	n:	Function:	
		This parameter displays the actual Profibus baud rate. The Profibus Master automatically sets the baud rate.	
[0]	9,6 kbit/s		
[1]	19,2 kbit/s		
[2]	93,75 kbit/s		
[3]	187,5 kbit/s		
[4]	500 kbit/s		
[6]	1500 kbit/s		
[7]	3000 kbit/s		

9-63 Actual Baud Rate **Option:** Function: 6000 kbit/s [8] [9] 12000 kbit/s [10] 31,25 kbit/s [11] 45,45 kbit/s [255] * No baudrate found 9-64 Device Identification Range: Function: [0 - 0] This parameter displays the device identification. 0* Please refer to the Operating Instructions for Profibus, MG.33.CX.YY for further explanation. 9-65 Profile Number Range: Function: 0 N/A* [0 - 0 N/A] This parameter contains the profile identification. Byte 1 contains the profile number and byte 2 the version number of the profile.

NOTE

This parameter is not visible via LCP.

9-67 Control Word 1				
Ran	ge:	Function:		
0*		This parameter accepts the Control Word from a Master Class 2 in the same format as PCD 1.		
9-68	3 Status Woi	rd 1		
Ran	ge:	Function:		
0*		This parameter delivers the Status Word for a Master Class 2 in the same format as PCD 2.		
9-70) Programm	ing Set-up		
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select the set-up to be edited.		
[0]	Factory setup	Uses default data. This option can be used as a data source to return the other set-ups to a known state.		
[1]	Set-up 1	Edits Set-up 1.		
[2]	Set-up 2	Edits Set-up 2.		
[3]	Set-up 3	Edits Set-up 3.		
[4]	Set-up 4	Edits Set-up 4.		
[9] *	Active Set-up	Follows the active set-up selected in 0-10 Active Set-up.		

This parameter is unique to LCP and fieldbuses. See also 0-11 Programming Set-up.

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9-7 1	1 Profibus Save Data Values			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Parameter values changed via Profibus are not automatically stored in non-volatile memory. Use this parameter to activate a function that stores parameter values in the EEPROM non-volatile memory, so changed parameter values will be retained at power-down.		
[0] *	Off	Deactivates the non-volatile storage function.		
[1]	Store all setups	Stores all parameter values for all set-ups in the non-volatile memory. The selection returns to <i>Off</i> [0] when all parameter values have been stored.		
[2]	Store all setups	Stores all parameter values for all set-ups in the non-volatile memory. The selection returns to Off [0] when all parameter values have been stored.		

9-72 ProfibusDriveReset

Option:		Function:	
[0] *	No action		
[1]	Power-on reset	Resets frequency converter upon power-up, as for power-cycle.	
[3]	Comm option reset	Resets the Profibus option only, useful after changing certain settings in par. group 9-**, e.g. 9-18 Node Address. When reset, the frequency converter disappears from the fieldbus, which may cause a communication error from the master.	

9-75 DO Identification

Range:		Function:
0*	[0 - 65535]	Provides information about the DO (Drive
		Object).

9-80 Defined Parameters (1) Array [116] No LCP access Read only

	Range:		Function:
	0 N/A*	[0 - 9999 N/A]	This parameter displays a list of all the
			defined frequency converter parameters
			available for Profibus.
1			

9-81 Defined Parameters (2) Array [116]

	~,		10]
No	LC	Έ	access

Read only

Read only				
Range	:	Function:		
0 N/A*	[0 - 9999 N/A]	This parameter displays a list of all the		
		defined frequency converter parameters		
		available for Profibus.		
	Range	Range: 0 N/A* [0 - 9999 N/A]		

9-82 Defined Parameters (3)					
Array [Array [116]				
	o access				
Read o					
Range			Function:		
0 N/A*	[0 - 999	9 N/A]			
			defined frequency converter parameters available for Profibus.		
9-83	Defined I	Parame	ters (4)		
Array [116]				
No LCF	o access				
Read o	nly				
Range	:		Function:		
0 N/A*	[0 - 999	9 N/A]			
			defined frequency converter parameters		
			available for Profibus.		
9-84	Defined I	ara <u>m</u> e	ters (5)		
Range		Functi			
0* [0	- 9999]	This pa	rameter displays a list of all the defined		
	_	frequer	icy converter parameters available for		
		Profibu	S.		
	Channed	Damana			
	Changed	Param	eters (I)		
Array [116] Paccess				
Read o					
Range			Function:		
0 N/A*	[0 - 999	9 N/A1	This parameter displays a list of all the		
•, / .	[0]]]		frequency converter parameters		
			deviating from default setting.		
	Changed	Param	eters (2)		
Array [
Read o	o access				
			Function:		
Range	[0 - 999	9 N/A1	This parameter displays a list of all the		
U N/A	[0 - 999	J N/Aj	frequency converter parameters		
			deviating from default setting.		
9-92 Changed Parameters (3)					
	Array [116]				
	o access				
Read only					
Range			Function:		
0 N/A*	[0 - 999	9 N/A]	This parameter displays a list of all the		
			frequency converter parameters deviating from default setting.		
			denating non-denative setting.		

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9-94	Changed Param	eters (5)	
Array [No LCF	[116] CP Address		
Read o	ead only		
Range	e: Function:		
0 N/A*	[0 - 9999 N/A]	This parameter displays a list of all the frequency converter parameters	
		deviating from default setting.	

3.12 Parameters: 10-** DeviceNet CAN Fieldbus

3.12.1 10-0* Common Settings

10-00 CAN Protocol			
Option:		Function:	
[0]	CANopen		
[1] *	DeviceNet View the active CAN protocol.		

NOTE The options depend on installed option.

10-01 Baud Rate Select					
Select the fieldbus transmission speed. The selection must correspond to the transmission speed of the master and the other fieldbus nodes.					
Option: Function:					
[16]	10 Kbps				
[17]	20 Kbps				
[18]	50 Kbps				
[19]	100 Kbps				

10-02 MAC ID		
[22]	500 Kbps	
[21]	250 Kbps	
[20] *	125 Kbps	
[19]		

Range:	Function:		
Application dependent*	[Application dependant]	Selection of station address. Every station connected to the same network must have an unambiguous address.	

10-05 Readout Transmit Error Counter

0 N/A* [0 - 255 N/A] View the number of CAN control transmission errors since the last power- up.	Range	:	Function:
	0 N/A*	[0 - 255 N/A]	transmission errors since the last power-

10-06 Readout Receive Error Counter			
Range: Function:			
0 N/A* [0 - 255 N/A]		View the number of CAN control receipt errors since the last power-up.	

10-07 Readout Bus Off Counter

Range: Function:		
0*	[0 - 255]	View the number of Bus Off events since the last
		power-up.

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3.12.2 10-1* DeviceNet

Parameters specific to the DeviceNet fieldbus.

10-	10-10 Process Data Type Selection			
Option:		Function:		
		Select the Instance (telegram) for data transmission. The Instances available are dependent upon the setting of 8-10 Control Profile. When 8-10 Control Profile is set to [0] FC profile, 10-10 Process Data Type Selection options [0] and [1] are available. When 8-10 Control Profile is set to [5] ODVA, 10-10 Process Data Type Selection options [2] and [3] are available. Instances 100/150 and 101/151 are Danfoss- specific. Instances 20/70 and 21/71 are ODVA- specific AC Drive profiles. For guidelines in telegram selection, please refer to the DeviceNet Operating Instructions. Note that a change to this parameter will be executed immediately.		
[0] *	INSTANCE 100/150			
[1]	INSTANCE 101/151			
[2]	INSTANCE 20/70			
[3]	INSTANCE 21/71			

10-11 Process Data Config Write

Select the process write data for I/O Assembly Instances 101/151. Elements [2] and [3] of this array can be selected. Elements [0] and [1] of the array are fixed.

Option:		Function:
[0]	None	
[302]	Minimum Reference	
[303]	Maximum Reference	
[312]	Catch up/slow Down Value	
[341]	Ramp 1 Ramp up Time	
[342]	Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time	
[351]	Ramp 2 Ramp up Time	
[352]	Ramp 2 Ramp down Time	
[380]	Jog Ramp Time	
[381]	Quick Stop Ramp Time	
[411]	Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]	
[412]	Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]	
[413]	Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]	
[414]	Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]	
[416]	Torque Limit Motor Mode	
[417]	Torque Limit Generator Mode	
[590]	Digital & Relay Bus Control	
[593]	Pulse Out #27 Bus Control	
[595]	Pulse Out #29 Bus Control	

10-11 Process Data Config Write

Select the process write data for I/O Assembly Instances 101/151. Elements [2] and [3] of this array can be selected. Elements [0] and [1] of the array are fixed.

Option:

Option:		Function:
[597]	Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control	
[653]	Term 42 Output Bus Ctrl	
[663]	Terminal X30/8 Bus Control	
[673]	Terminal X45/1 Bus Control	
[683]	Terminal X45/3 Bus Control	
[748]	PCD Feed Forward	
[890]	Bus Jog 1 Speed	
[891]	Bus Jog 2 Speed	
[1680]	Fieldbus CTW 1	
[1682]	Fieldbus REF 1	
[1685]	FC Port CTW 1	
[1686]	FC Port REF 1	
[3310]	Sync Factor Master	
[3311]	Sync Factor Slave	
[3401]	PCD 1 Write to MCO	
[3402]	PCD 2 Write to MCO	
[3403]	PCD 3 Write to MCO	
[3404]	PCD 4 Write to MCO	
[3405]	PCD 5 Write to MCO	
[3406]	PCD 6 Write to MCO	
[3407]	PCD 7 Write to MCO	
[3408]	PCD 8 Write to MCO	
[3409]	PCD 9 Write to MCO	
[3410]	PCD 10 Write to MCO	

10-12 Process Data Config Read

Select the process read data for I/O Assembly Instances 101/151. Elements [2] and [3] of this array can be selected. Elements [0] and [1] of the array are fixed.

Option:	ption: Function:		
[0] *	None		
[1472]	Legacy Alarm Word		
[1473]	Legacy Warning Word		
[1474]	Leg. Ext. Status Word		
[1500]	Operating Hours		
[1501]	Running Hours		
[1502]	kWh Counter		
[1600]	Control Word		
[1601]	Reference [Unit]		
[1602]	Reference %		
[1603]	Status Word		
[1605]	Main Actual Value [%]		
[1609]	Custom Readout		
[1610]	Power [kW]		
[1611]	Power [hp]		
[1612]	Motor Voltage		
[1613]	Frequency		
[1614]	Motor Current		
[1615]	Frequency [%]		

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10-12 Process Data Config Read

Select the process read data for I/O Assembly Instances 101/151. Elements [2] and [3] of this array can be selected. Elements [0] and [1] of the array are fixed.

Option:		Function:	
[1616]	Torque [Nm]		
[1617]	Speed [RPM]		
[1618]	Motor Thermal		
[1619]	KTY sensor temperature		
[1620]	Motor Angle		
[1621]	Torque [%] High Res.		
[1622]	Torque [%]		
[1625]	Torque [Nm] High		
[1630]	DC Link Voltage		
[1632]	Brake Energy /s		
[1633]	Brake Energy /2 min		
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.		
[1635]	Inverter Thermal		
[1638]	SL Controller State		
[1639]	Control Card Temp.		
[1650]	External Reference		
[1651]	Pulse Reference		
[1652]	Feedback [Unit]		
[1653]	Digi Pot Reference		
[1657]	Feedback [RPM]		
[1660]	Digital Input		
[1661]	Terminal 53 Switch Setting		
[1662]	Analog Input 53		
[1663]	Terminal 54 Switch Setting		
[1664]	Analog Input 54		
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]		
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]		
[1667]	Freq. Input #29 [Hz]		
[1668]	Freq. Input #33 [Hz]		
[1669]	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]		
[1670]	Pulse Output #29 [Hz]		
[1671]	Relay Output [bin]		
[1672]	Counter A		
[1673]	Counter B		
[1674]	Prec. Stop Counter		
[1675]	Analog In X30/11		
[1676]	Analog In X30/12		
[1677]	Analog Out X30/8 [mA]		
[1678]	Analog Out X45/1 [mA]		
[1679]	Analog Out X45/3 [mA]		
[1684]	Comm. Option STW		
[1690]	Alarm Word		
[1691]	Alarm Word 2		
[1692]	Warning Word		
[1693]	Warning Word 2		
[1694]	Ext. Status Word		
[1860]	Digital Input 2		
[3421]	PCD 1 Read from MCO		
[3422]	PCD 2 Read from MCO		

10-12 Process Data Config Read

Select the process read data for I/O Assembly Instances 101/151. Elements [2] and [3] of this array can be selected. Elements [0] and [1] of the array are fixed.

Option:		Function:
[3423]	PCD 3 Read from MCO	
[3424]	PCD 4 Read from MCO	
[3425]	PCD 5 Read from MCO	
[3426]	PCD 6 Read from MCO	
[3427]	PCD 7 Read from MCO	
[3428]	PCD 8 Read from MCO	
[3429]	PCD 9 Read from MCO	
[3430]	PCD 10 Read from MCO	
[3440]	Digital Inputs	
[3441]	Digital Outputs	
[3450]	Actual Position	
[3451]	Commanded Position	
[3452]	Actual Master Position	
[3453]	Slave Index Position	
[3454]	Master Index Position	
[3455]	Curve Position	
[3456]	Track Error	
[3457]	Synchronizing Error	
[3458]	Actual Velocity	
[3459]	Actual Master Velocity	
[3460]	Synchronizing Status	
[3461]	Axis Status	
[3462]	Program Status	
[3464]	MCO 302 Status	
[3465]	MCO 302 Control	
[3470]	MCO Alarm Word 1	
[3471]	MCO Alarm Word 2	

Parameter Descriptions

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	10-13 Warning Parameter			
Ra	Range: Function:			
0*	[0 - 65535]	View a DeviceNet-specific Warning word. One bit is assigned to every warning. Please refer to the DeviceNet Operating Instructions (MG.33.DX.YY) for further information.		
		Bit:	Meaning:	
		0	BusNetwork not active	
		1	Explicit connection timeout	
		2	I/O connection	
		3 Retry limit reached		
		4	Actual is not updated	
		5	CAN bus off	
		6	I/O send error	
		7	Initialization error	
		8	No bus supply	
		9	Bus off	
		10 Error passive		
		11 Error warning		
		12	Duplicate MAC ID Error	
		13	RX queue overrun	
		14	TX queue overrun	
		15	CAN overrun	

10-13 Warning Parameter

10-1	10-14 Net Reference		
Read	Read only from LCP		
Opt	Option: Function:		
		Select the reference source in Instance 21/71 and 20/70.	
[0] *	Off	Enables reference via analog/digital inputs.	
[1]	On	Enables reference via the fieldbus.	

10-1	10-15 Net Control	
Read only from LCP		
Option: Function:		
Select the control source in Instance 21/71 and 20/70		
[0] *	Off	Enables control via analog/digital inputs.
[1]	On	Enable control via the fieldbus.

3.12.3 10-2* COS Filters

10	10-20 COS Filter 1		
Range:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 65535]	Enter the value for COS Filter 1 to set up the filter mask for the Status Word. When operating in COS (Change-Of-State), this function filters out bits in the Status Word that should not be sent if they change.	

10	10-21 COS Filter 2		
Range:		Function:	
0*	[0 - 65535]	Enter the value for COS Filter 2, to set up the filter mask for the Main Actual Value. When operating in COS (Change-Of-State), this function filters out bits in the Main Actual Value that should not be sent if they change.	
10)-22 COS Filt	er 3	
Ra	inge:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 65535]	Enter the value for COS Filter 3, to set up the filter mask for PCD 3. When operating in COS (Change-Of-State), this function filters out bits in PCD 3 that should not be sent if they change.	
10)-23 COS Filt	er 4	
Ra	inge:	Function:	
0*	[0 - 65535]	Enter the value for COS Filter 4 to set up the filter mask for PCD 4. When operating in COS (Change-Of-State), this function filters out bits in PCD 4 that should not be sent if they change.	

3.12.4 10-3* Parameter Access

Parameter group providing access to indexed parameters and defining programming set-up.

	51	5 5 1		
10-30 Array Index				
Ran	ge:	Function:		
0*	[0 - 255]	View array parameters. This parameter is valid only when a DeviceNet fieldbus is installed.		
10-3	81 Store	Data Values		
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Parameter values changed via DeviceNet are not automatically stored in non-volatile memory. Use this parameter to activate a function that stores parameter values in the EEPROM non-volatile memory, so changed parameter values will be retained at power-down.		
[0] *	Off	Deactivates the non-volatile storage function.		
[1]	Store all setups	Stores all parameter values from the active set-up in the non-volatile memory. The selection returns to Off [0] when all values have been stored.		
[2]	Store all setups	Stores all parameter values for all set-ups in the non-volatile memory. The selection returns to Off [0] when all parameter values have been stored.		
10-3	32 Device	enet Revision		

10-52 Devicenet Revision		
Range:	Function:	
Application	[0 - 65535]	View the DeviceNet revision
dependent*		number. This parameter is used
		for EDS file creation.

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10-3	3 S	tore Alway	bre Always		
Opt	ion:	Function	Function:		
[0] *	Off	Deactivate	Deactivates non-volatile storage of data.		
[1]	On	Stores par	ameter data received via DeviceNet in		
		EEPROM n	on-volatile memory as default.		
		•			
10-3	39 D	evicenet F	- Parameters		
Array	y [10	00]			
No L	CP a	ccess			
Ran	ge:		Function:		
0 N/A	*	[0 - 0 N/A]	This parameter is used to configure the		
			frequency converter via DeviceNet and build		
	the EDS-file.				
2 1 2	2 12 Daramatare: 12 ** Etharpat				

3.13 Parameters: 12-** Ethernet

3.13.1 12-0* IP Settings

12-0	12-00 IP Address Assignment			
Option:		Function:		
		Selects the IP Address assignment method.		
[0] *	Manual	IP-address can be set in par. 12-01 IP Address.		
[1]	DHCP	IP-address is assigned via DHCP server.		
[2]	BOOTP	IP-address is assigned via BOOTP server.		

12-01 IP Address

Range:		Function:
		Configure the IP address of the
	255.255.255.255]	option. Read-only if par. 12-00 set to
		DHCP or BOOTP.

12-02 Subnet Mask

Range:		Function:
		Configure the IP subnet mask of the option. Read-only if par. 12-00 set to
	255.255.255.255]	DHCP or BOOTP.

12-03 Default Gateway

Range:		Function:
	[000.000.000.000 -	Configure the IP default gateway of
	255.255.255.255]	the option. Read-only if par. 12-00 set
		to DHCP or BOOTP.

12-04 DHCP Server

Range:		Function:
Γ	[000.000.000.000 -	Read only. Displays the IP address
	255.255.255.255]	of the found DHCP or BOOTP server.

NOTE

A power-cycle is necessary after setting the IP parameters manually.

12-05 Lease Expires Range: Function: [dd:hh:mm:ss] Read only. Displays the lease-time left for the current DHCP-assigned IP address. 12-06 Name Servers Option: Function: IP addresses of Domain Name Servers. Can be automatically assigned when using DHCP. [0] Primary DNS [1] Secondary DNS 12-07 Domain Name Range: Function: Blank [0-19 characters] Domain name of the attached network. Can be automatically assigned when using DHCP. 12-08 Host Name Range: Function: Blank [0-19 characters] Logical (given) name of option. 12-09 Physical Address Function: Range: [00:1B:08:00:00:00 - 00:1B: Read only Displays the Physical

3.13.2 12-1* Ethernet Link Parameters

(MAC) address of the option.

08:FF:FF:FF]

12	-1*	Eth	ernet	Link Para	ameters	
Op	otior	ו:		Functio	on:	
				Applies f	or whole Par. group.	
[0]	F	ort í	1			
[1]	F	ort 2	2			
12	-10	Lin	k Stat	us		
Op	otior	า:	Fun	ction:		
			Read ports	<i>,</i> ,	olays the link status of the Ethernet	
[0]	No	link				
[1]	Lin	ĸ				
12	-11	Lin	k Dura	ation		
Option: Function:					Function:	
Link Duration Port 1				rt 1	Read only. Displays the duration of	
(d	ld:hh	n:mm	:ss)		the present link on each port in	
					dd:hh:mm:ss.	
12	12-12 Auto Negotiation					
Op	otior	n: Fi	unctio	on:		
		Co	nfigur	es Auto N	legotiation of Ethernet link parameters,	
for each port: ON or OFF.			' each	or OFF.		
[0]	Off	Lin	Link Speed and Link Duplex can be configured in par. 12-13			

and 12-14.

[1] On



12-13 Link Speed

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Forces the link speed for each port in 10 or 100
		Mbps. If par. 12-12 is set to: ON, this parameter is
		read only and displays the actual link speed.
		"None" is displayed if no link is present.
[0] *	None	
[1]	10 Mbps	
[2] 100 Mbps		

12-14 Link Duplex

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Forces the duplex for each port to Full or Half
		duplex. If par. 12-12 is set to: ON, this parameter
		is read only.
[0]	Half duplex	
[1] *	Full duplex	

3.13.3 12-2* Process Data

12-20 Control Instance				
Range:	Function:			
[None, 20, 21, 100,	Read only. Displays the originator-to-			
101, 103]	target connection point. If no CIP			
	connection is present "None" is displayed.			
12-21 Process Data Config Write				
Range:	Function:			
[[0 - 9] PCD read (0 - 91 Configuration of readable process			

NOTE

For configuration of 2-word (32-bit) parameter read/write, use 2 consecutive arrays in par. 12-21 and 12-22.

data.

12-2	12-22 Process Data Config Read				
Ran	ge:		Function:		
[[[0 - 9] PCD re	ad 0 - 9]	Configuration of readable process		
			data.		
12-2	12-28 Store Data Values				
Opt	ion:	Functio	on:		
		This para	meter activates a function that stores all		
		parameter values in the non-volatile memory			
		(EEPROM) thus retaining parameter values at			
		power-down.			
		The parameter returns to "Off".			
[0] *	Off	The store function is inactive.			
[1]	Store All	All parameter value will be stored in the non-			
	set-ups	volatile r	memory, in all four setups.		
12-29 Store Always					

12-29 Store Always

Option:		Function:
		Activates function that will always store received
		parameter data in non-volatile memory (EEPROM).
[0] *	Off	

12-29 Store Always

Option: Function:

[1] On

3.13.4 12-3* EtherNet/IP

12-30 Warning Parameter

Range:	Function:			
[0000 -	Read only. Di	Read only. Displays the EtherNet/IP specific 16-bit		
FFFF hex] Status-word.			
	Bit	Description		
	0	Owned		
	1	Not used		
	2	Configured		
	3	Not used		
	4	Not used		
	5	Not used		
	6	Not used		
	7	Not used		
	8	Minor recoverable fault		
	9	Minor unrecoverable fault		
	10	Major recoverable fault		
	11	Major unrecoverable fault		
	12	Not used		
	13	Not used		
	14	Not used		
	15	Not used		
		·		

12-31 Net Reference

Option: Function:

		Read only. Displays the reference source in Instance 21/71.		
[0] *	Off	Reference from the network is not active.		
[0] "		Reference from the network is not active.		
[1]	On	Reference from the network is active.		
12-32 Net Control				

Option: Function:

		Read only. Displays the control source in Instance 21/71.
[0] *	Off	Control via the network is not active.
[1]	On	Control via the network is active

12-33 CIP Revision

Option:		Function:
		Read only. Displays the CIP-version of
		the option software.
[0]	Major version (00 - 99)	
[1]	Minor version (00 - 99)	

12-34 CIP Product Code

Range:		Function:
1100 (FC 302) 1110 (FC	[0 – 9999]	Read only. Displays the CIP
301)*		product code.

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12-37 COS Inhibit Timer

Range:		Function:
	[0 – 65.535	Read only Change-Of-State inhibit timer. If the
	ms]	Read only Change-Of-State inhibit timer. If the option is configured for COS operation, this inhibit
		timer can be configured in the Forward Open
		telegram to prevent that continuously changing
		PCD data generates extensive network traffic. The
		inhibit time is in milliseconds, $0 = disabled$.

12-38 COS Filters

Range:		Function:
	[[0 - 9] Filter 0 – 9	Change-Of-State PCD filters. Sets up a
	(0000 - FFFFhex)]	filter mask for each word of process data
		when operating in COS-mode. Single bits
		in the PCD's can be filtered in/out.

3.13.5 12-8* Other Ethernet Services

12-80 FTP Server				
Op	tion:		Function:	
[0] *	Disabl	e	Disables the built-in FTP server.	
[1]	Enable	ē	Enables the built-in FTP server.	
12-	81 HTTP	Serv	er	
Opt	tion:	F	unction:	
[0] *	Disable	Di	sables the build-in HTTP (web) server.	
[1]	Enable	Er	nables the build-in HTTP (web) server.	
12-82 SMTP Service				
Option: Function:		ction:		
[0] * Disable Disables the SMTP (e-mail) service on the opt		oles the SMTP (e-mail) service on the option.		
[1]	Enable	nable Enables the SMTP (e-mail) service on the option.		
12-89 Transparent Socket Channel Port				
Rar	nge:	Fu	inction:	
0*	[0 - 9999] Co	nfigures the TCP port-number for the	
		tra	nsparent socket channel. This enables FC-	
		tele	egrams to be sent transparently on Ethernet via	
		TCI	P. Default value is 4000, 0 means disabled.	

3.13.6 12-9* Advanced Ethernet Settings

12-90 Cable Diagnostics			
Option:		Function:	
		Enables/disables advanced Cable diagnosis function.	
		If enabled, the distance to cable errors can be read	
		out in par. 12-93. The parameter resumes to the	
		default setting of Disable after the diagnostics have	
		finished.	
[0] *	Disable		
[1]	Enable		

NOTE The cable diagnostics function will only be issued on ports where there is no link (see par. 12-10, Link Status)

12-91 Auto Cross-Over		
Optic	on:	Function:
[0]	Disable	Disables the auto cross-over function.
[1] *	Enable	Enables the auto cross-over function.
NOTE		

NOIE

Disabling of the auto cross-over function will require crossed Ethernet cables for daisy-chaining the options.

12	12-92 IGMP Snooping		
Op	otion:	Function:	
		This prevents flooding of the Ethernet protocol stat	:k
		by only forwarding multicast packets to ports that	C
		are a member of the multicast group	
[0]	Disable	Disables the IGMP snooping function.	
[1]	* Enable	Enables the IGMP snooping function.	
12	-93 Cable	Error Length	
Op	otion:	Function:	
		If Cable Diagnostics is enabled in par. 12-90,	
		the built-in switch is able via Time Domain	
		Reflectometry (TDR). This is a measurement	
		technique which detects common cabling	
		problems such as open circuits, short circuits	5
		and impedance mismatches or breaks in	
		transmission cables. The distance from the	
		option to the error is displayed in meters wit	th
		an accuracy of +/- 2m. The value 0 means no	о
		errors detected.	
[0]	Error leng	th	
	Port 1 (0		
	200m)		
[1]	Error leng	th	
	Port 2 (0		
	200m)		

12-94 Broadcast Storm Protection

Option:		Function:
		The built-in switch is capable of protecting
		the switch system from receiving too many
		broadcast packages, which can use up
		network resources. The value indicates a
		percentage of the total bandwidth that is
		allowed for broadcast messages.
		Example:
		The "OFF" means that the filter is disabled –
		all broadcast messages will be passed
		through. The value "0%" means that no
		broadcast messages will be passed through.
		A value of "10%" means that 10% of the total
		bandwidth is allowed for broadcast
		messages, if the amount of broadcast

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12	12-94 Broadcast Storm Protection		
Option:		Function:	
		messages increases above the 10%	
		threshold, they will be blocked.	
[0]	Protection		
	Value Port 1		
	(*Off – 20%)		
[1]	Protection		
	Value Port 2		
	(*Off – 20%)		

12-95 Broadcast Storm Filter

Option:		Function:
		Applies to par. 12-94; if the Broadcast
		Storm Protection should also include
		Multicast telegrams.
[0]	Broadcast only	
[1]	Broadcast & Multicast	

12-96 Port Mirroring

Enables/disables port-mirroring function. For troubleshooting with a network analyzer tool.

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Disable	No port-mirroring
[1]	Port 1 to Port 2	All network traffic on port 1 will be mirrored to port 2.
[2]	Port 2 to Port 1	All network traffic on port 2 will be mirrored to port 1.
[254]	Int. Port to Port 1	
[255]	Int. Port to Port 2	

12-98 Interface Counters

Option:		Function:
		Read only. Advanced Interface
		counters, from build-in switch, can
		be used for low-level trouble-
		shooting, The parameter shows a
		sum of port 1 + port 2.
[0]	In Octets	
[1]	In Unicast Packets	
[2]	In Non-Unicast Packets	
[3]	In Discards	
[4]	In Errors	
[5]	In Unknown Protocols	
[6]	Out Octets	
[7]	Out Unicast Packets	
[8]	Out Non-Unicast Packets	
[9]	Out Discards	
[10]	Out Errors	

12-99 Media Counters

Option:		Function:
		Read only. Advanced Interface
		counters, from build-in switch, can be
		used for low-level trouble-shooting,

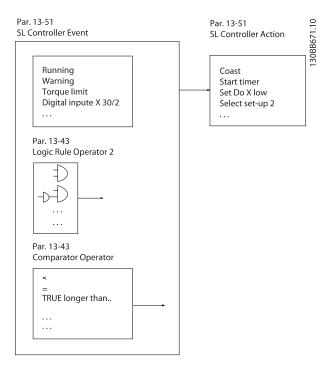
12-99 Media Counters

Option:		Function:
		The parameter shows a sum of port 1 +
		port 2.
[0]	Alignment Errors	
[1]	FCS Errors	
[2]	Single Collisions	
[3]	Multiple Collisions	
[4]	SQE Test Errors	
[5]	Deferred Errors	
[6]	Late Collisions	
[7]	Excessive Collisions	
[8]	MAC Transmit Errors	
[9]	Carrier Sense Errors	
[10]	Frame Too Long	
[11]	MAC Receive Errors	
	WINC RECEIVE EITOIS	

3.14 Parameters: 13-** Smart Logic Control

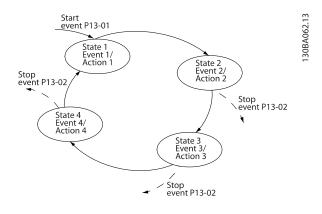
3.14.1 Prog. Features

Smart Logic Control (SLC) is essentially a sequence of user defined actions (see 13-52 SL Controller Action [x]) executed by the SLC when the associated user defined *event* (see 13-51 SL Controller Event [x]) is evaluated as TRUE by the SLC. The condition for an event can be a particular status or that the output from a Logic Rule or a Comparator Operand becomes TRUE. That will lead to an associated Action as illustrated:



Events and *actions* are each numbered and linked together in pairs (states). This means that when *event* [0] is fulfilled (attains the value TRUE), *action* [0] is executed. After this, the conditions of *event* [1] will be evaluated and if evaluated TRUE, *action* [1] will be executed and so on. Only one *event* will be evaluated at any time. If an *event* is evaluated as FALSE, nothing happens (in the SLC) during the current scan interval and no other *events* will be evaluated. This means that when the SLC starts, it evaluates *event* [0] (and only *event* [0]) each scan interval. Only when *event* [0] is evaluated TRUE, will the SLC execute *action* [0] and start evaluating *event* [1]. It is possible to programme from 1 to 20 *events* and *actions*.

When the last *event / action* has been executed, the sequence starts over again from *event* [0] / *action* [0]. The illustration shows an example with three event / actions:



Starting and stopping the SLC:

Starting and stopping the SLC can be done by selecting .On [1]. or .Off [0]. in *13-00 SL Controller Mode*. The SLC always starts in state 0 (where it evaluates *event* [0]). The SLC starts when the Start Event (defined in *13-01 Start Event*) is evaluated as TRUE (provided that *On* [1] is selected in *13-00 SL Controller Mode*). The SLC stops when the *Stop Event* (*13-02 Stop Event*) is TRUE. *13-03 Reset SLC* resets all SLC parameters and start programming from scratch.

3.14.2 13-0* SLC Settings

Use the SLC settings to activate, deactivate and reset the Smart Logic Control sequence. The logic functions and comparators are always running in the background, which opens for separate control of digital inputs and outputs.

13-0	13-00 SL Controller Mode			
Opt	ion:	Functior	n:	
[0]	Off	Disables t	he Smart Logic Controller.	
[1]	On	Enables th	ne Smart Logic Controller.	
13-0)1 Star	t Event		
Opt	ion:		Function:	
[0] *	False		Select the boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input to activate Smart Logic Control. <i>False</i> [0] enters the fixed value - FALSE	
[1]	True		<i>True</i> [1] enters the fixed value - TRUE.	
[2]	Running		Running [2] The motor is running.	
[3]	In range		<i>In range</i> [3] The motor is running within the programmed current and speed ranges set in 4-50 Warning Current Low to 4-53 Warning Speed High.	
[4]	On reference		<i>On reference</i> [4] The motor is running on reference.	
[5]	Torque limit		Torque limit [5] The torque limit, set in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode or 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode, has been exceeded.	

13-01 Start Event

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Opt	ion:	Function:
[6]	Current limit	<i>Current limit</i> [6] The motor current limit, set in <i>4-18 Current Limit</i> , has been exceeded.
[7]	Out of current range	Out of current range [7] The motor current is outside the range set in 4-18 Current Limit.
[8]	Below I low	Below I low [8] The motor current is lower than set in 4-50 Warning Current Low.
[9]	Above I high	Above I high [9] The motor current is higher than set in 4-51 Warning Current High.
[10]	Out of speed range	Out of speed range [10] The speed is outside the range set in 4-52 Warning Speed Low and 4-53 Warning Speed High.
[11]	Below speed low	Below speed low [11] The output speed is lower than the setting in 4-52 Warning Speed Low.
[12]	Above speed high	Above speed high [12] The output speed is higher than the setting in 4-53 Warning Speed High.
[13]	Out of feedb. range	Out of feedb. Range [13] The feedback is outside the range set in 4-56 Warning Feedback Low and 4-57 Warning Feedback High.
[14]	Below feedb. low	Below feedb. Low [14] The feedback is below the limit set in 4-56 Warning Feedback Low.
[15]	Above feedb. high	Above feedb. High [15] The feedback is above the limit set in 4-57 Warning Feedback High.
[16]	Thermal warning	<i>Thermal warning</i> [16] The thermal warning turns on when the temperature exceeds the limit in the motor, the frequency converter, the brake resistor or the thermistor.
[17]	Mains out of range	<i>Mains out of range</i> [17] The mains voltage is outside the specified voltage range.
[18]	Reversing	<i>Reversing</i> [18] The output is high when the frequency converter is running counter clockwise (the logical product of the status bits "running" AND "reverse").
[19]	Warning	Warning [19] A warning is active.
[20]	Alarm (trip)	Alarm (trip) [20] A (trip) alarm is active.
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	Alarm (trip lock) [21] A (Trip lock) alarm is active.
[22]	Comparator 0	Comparator 0 [22] Use the result of

comparator 0.

13-01 Start Event				
Opt	Option: Function:			
[23]	Comparator 1	<i>Comparator 1</i> [23] Use the result of comparator 1.		
[24]	Comparator 2	<i>Comparator 2</i> [24] Use the result of comparator 2.		
[25]	Comparator 3	<i>Comparator 3</i> [25] Use the result of comparator 3.		
[26]	Logic rule 0	<i>Logic rule 0</i> [26] Use the result of logic rule 0.		
[27]	Logic rule 1	<i>Logic rule 1</i> [27] Use the result of logic rule 1.		
[28]	Logic rule 2	<i>Logic rule 2</i> [28] Use the result of logic rule 2.		
[29]	Logic rule 3	<i>Logic rule 3</i> [29] Use the result of logic rule 3.		
[33]	Digital input DI18	<i>Digital input Dl18</i> [33] Use the result of digital input 18.		
[34]	Digital input DI19	<i>Digital input Dl19</i> [34] Use the result of digital input 19.		
[35]	Digital input DI27	<i>Digital input Dl27</i> [35] Use the result of digital input 27.		
[36]	Digital input DI29	<i>Digital input Dl27</i> [35] Use the result of digital input 29.		
[37]	Digital input DI32	<i>Digital input DI32</i> [37] Use the result of digital input 32.		
[38]	Digital input DI33	<i>Digital input DI33</i> [38] Use the result of digital input 33.		
[39]	Start command	<i>Start command</i> [39] A start command is issued.		
[40]	Drive stopped	<i>Drive stopped</i> [40] A stop command (Jog, Stop, Qstop, Coast) is issued – and not from the SLC itself.		
[41]	Reset Trip	Reset Trip [41] A reset is issued		
[42]	Auto-reset Trip	<i>Auto-reset Trip</i> [42] An Auto reset is performed.		
[43]	Ok key	OK key [43] The Ok key is pressed.		
[44]	Reset key	Reset key [44] The reset key is pressed.		
[45]	Left key	Left key [45] The left key is pressed.		
[46]	Right key	Right key [46] The right key is pressed.		
[47]	Up key	Up key [47] The up key is pressed.		
[48]	Down key	Down key [48] The down key is pressed.		
[50]	Comparator 4	<i>Comparator 4</i> [50] Use the result of comparator 4.		
[51]	Comparator 5	<i>Comparator 5</i> [51] Use the result of comparator 5.		

3



13-01 Start Event				
Opt	Option: Function:			
[60]	Logic rule 4	Log 4.	<i>ic rule 4</i> [60] Use the result of logic rule	
[61]	Logic rule 5	Log 5.	<i>ic rule 5</i> [61] Use the result of logic rule	
12 (2 Stop Event			
	02 Stop Event	_		
		E oi	r FALSE) input to activate Smart Logic	
Con				
Opt			Function:	
[0] *	False		For descriptions [0] - [61], see 13-01 Start Event Start Event	
[1]	True			
[2]	Running			
[3]	In range			
[4]	On reference			
[5]	Torque limit			
[6]	Current limit			
[7]	Out of current rang	ge		
[8]	Below I low			
[9]	Above I high			
[10]	Out of speed range	e		
[11]	Below speed low			
[12]	Above speed high			
[13]	Out of feedb. rang	e		
[14]	Below feedb. low			
[15]	Above feedb. high			
[16]	Thermal warning			
[17]	Mains out of range	j		
[18]	Reversing			
[19]	Warning			
[20]	Alarm (trip)			
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)			
[22]	Comparator 0			
[23]	Comparator 1			
[24]	Comparator 2			
[25]	Comparator 3			
[26]	Logic rule 0			
[27]	Logic rule 1			
[28]	Logic rule 2			
[29]	Logic rule 3			
[30]	SL Time-out 0			
[31]	SL Time-out 1			
[32]	SL Time-out 2			
[33]	Digital input DI18	_		
[34]	Digital input DI19			
[35]	Digital input DI27	_		
[36]	Digital input DI29			
[37]	Digital input DI32			
[38]	Digital input DI33			
[39]	Start command			
[40]	Drive stopped			

Select the boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input to activate Smart Logic Control.

Opt	ion:	Function:	
[41]	Reset Trip		
[42]	Auto-reset Trip		
[43]	Ok key		
[44]	Reset key		
[45]	Left key		
[46]	Right key		
[47]	Up key		
[48]	Down key		
[50]	Comparator 4		
[51]	Comparator 5		
[60]	Logic rule 4		
[61]	Logic rule 5		
[70]	SL Time-out 3	<i>SL Time-out 3</i> [70] Smart Logic Controller timer 3 is timed out.	
[71]	SL Time-out 4	<i>SL Time-out 4</i> [71] Smart Logic Controller timer 4 is timed out.	
[72]	SL Time-out 5	<i>SL Time-out 5</i> [72] Smart Logic Controller timer 5 is timed out.	
[73]	SL Time-out 6	<i>SL- Time-out 6</i> [73] Smart Logic Controller timer 6 is timed out.	
[74]	SL Time-out 7	<i>SL Time-out 7</i> [74] Smart Logic Controller timer 7 is timed out.	
[75]	Start command given		
[76]	Digital input x30/2		
[77]	Digital input x30/3		
[78]	Digital input x30/4		
[79]	Digital input x46/1		
[80]	Digital input x46/3		
[81]	Digital input x46/5		
[82]	Digital input x46/7		
[83]	Digital input x46/9		
[84]	Digital input x46/11		
[85]	Digital input x46/13		
13-03 Reset SLC			
Opt	ion: Fu	nction:	
[0] *		ains programmed settings in all group parameters (13-*).	

Resets all group 13 parameters (13-*) to

default settings.

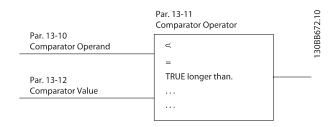
Reset SLC

[1]



3.14.3 13-1* Comparators

Comparators are used for comparing continuous variables (i.e. output frequency, output current, analog input etc.) to fixed preset values.



In addition, there are digital values that will be compared to fixed time values. See explanation in *13-10 Comparator Operand*. Comparators are evaluated once in each scan interval. Use the result (TRUE or FALSE) directly. All parameters in this parameter group are array parameters with index 0 to 5. Select index 0 to programme Comparator 0, select index 1 to programme Comparator 1, and so on.

13-10 Comparator Operand				
Array	Array [6]			
Opti	on:	Function:		
		Choice [1] to [31] are variables which will be compared based on their values. Choice [50] to [186] are digital values (TRUE/FALSE) where the comparison is based on the amount of time during which they are set to TRUE or FALSE, respectively. See 13-11 Comparator Operator. Select the variable to be monitored by the comparator.		
[0] *	DISABLED	DISABLED [0] The comparator is disabled.		
[1]	Reference	<i>Reference</i> [1] The resulting remote reference (not local) as a percentage.		
[2]	Feedback	Feedback [2] In the unit [RPM] or [Hz]		
[3]	Motor speed	Motor speed [3] [RPM] or [Hz]		
[4]	Motor current	Motor current [4] [A]		
[5]	Motor torque	Motor torque [5] [Nm]		
[6]	Motor power	Motor power [6] [kW] or [hp]		
[7]	Motor voltage	Motor voltage [7] [V]		
[8]	DC-link voltage	DC-link voltage [8] [V]		
[9]	Motor thermal	<i>Motor thermal</i> [9] Expressed as a percentage.		
[10]	Drive thermal	<i>VLT thermal</i> [10] Expressed as a percentage.		
[11]	Heat sink temp.	<i>Heat sink temp</i> [11] Expressed as a percentage.		

13-10 Comparator Operand Array [6] **Option:** Function: [12] Analog input Analog input AI53 [12] Expressed as a AI53 percentage. [13] Analog input Analog input AI54 [13] Expressed as a AI54 percentage. [14] Analog input Analog input AIFB10 [14] [V]. AIFB10 is AIFB10 internal 10 V supply. [15] Analog input AIS24V [15] [V] Analog input Analog input AIS24V AICCT [17] [°]. AIS24V is switch mode power supply: SMPS 24 V. [17] Analog input Analog input AICCT [17] [°]. AICCT is AICCT control card temperature. [18] Pulse input FI29 Pulse input FI29 [18] Expressed as a percentage. [19] Pulse input FI33 [19] Expressed as a Pulse input FI33 percentage. [20] Alarm number Alarm number [20] The error number. Warning number [21] [22] Analog input x30 11 [23] Analog input x30 12 [30] Counter A Counter A [30] Number of counts [31] Counter B Counter B [31] Number of counts FALSE [50] False [50] Enters the fixed value of false in the comparator. TRUE [51] True [51] Enters the fixed value of true in the comparator. [52] Control ready Control ready [52] The control board receives supply voltage [53] Drive ready Drive ready [53] The frequency converter is ready for operation and applies a supply signal on the control board. [54] Running Running [54] The motor is running. [55] Reversing Reversing [55] The output is high when the frequency converter is running counter clockwise (the logical product of the status bits "running" AND "reverse") [56] In range *In range* [56] The motor is running within the programmed current and speed ranges set in 4-50 Warning Current Low to 4-53 Warning Speed High. [60] On reference On reference [60] The motor is running on reference. [61] Below reference, low [61] The motor is Below reference, low running below the value given in 4-54 Warning Reference Low

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13-10 Comparator Operand			
Array [6]			
Opti	1	Function:	
[62]	Above ref, high	Above reference, high [62] The motor is running above the value given in 4-55 Warning Reference High	
[65]	Torque limit	Torque limit [65] The torque limit, set in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode or 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode, has been exceeded.	
[66]	Current limit	<i>Current limit</i> [66] The motor current limit, set in <i>4-18 Current Limit</i> , has been exceeded.	
[67]	Out of current range	Out of current range [67] The motor current is outside the range set in 4-18 Current Limit.	
[68]	Below I low	Below I low [68] The motor current is lower than set in 4-50 Warning Current Low.	
[69]	Above I high	Above I high [69] The motor current is higher than set in 4-51 Warning Current High.	
[70]	Out of speed range	Out of speed range [70] The speed is outside the range set in 4-52 Warning Speed Low and 4-53 Warning Speed High.	
[71]	Below speed low	Below speed low [71] The output speed is lower than the setting in 4-52 Warning Speed Low.	
[72]	Above speed high	Above speed high [72] The output speed is higher than the setting in 4-53 Warning Speed High.	
[75]	Out of feedb. range	Out of feedb. Range [75] The feedback is outside the range set in 4-56 Warning Feedback Low and 4-57 Warning Feedback High.	
[76]	Below feedb. low	Below feedb. Low [76] The feedback is below the limit set in par. 4-56 Warning Feedback Low.	
[77]	Above feedb. high	Above feedb. High [77] The feedback is above the limit set in 4-57 Warning Feedback High.	
[80]	Thermal warning	Thermal warning [80] The thermal warning turns on when the temperature exceeds the limit in the motor, the frequency converter, the brake resistor or thermistor.	
[82]	Mains out of range	Mains out of range [82] The mains voltage is outside the specified voltage range.	
[85]	Warning	Warning [85] A warning is active.	
[86]	Alarm (trip)	Alarm (trip) [86] A (trip) alarm is active.	

13-10 Comparator Operand				
Array	Array [6]			
Opti	on:	Function:		
[87]	Alarm (trip lock)	<i>Alarm (trip lock)</i> [87] A (Trip lock) alarm is active.		
[90]	Bus OK	<i>Bus OK</i> [90] Active communication (no time-out) via the serial communication port.		
[91]	Torque limit & stop	<i>Torque limit & stop</i> [91] If the frequency converter has received a stop signal and is at the torque limit, the signal is logic "0".		
[92]	Brake fault (IGBT)	<i>Brake fault (IGBT)</i> [92] The brake IGBT is short circuited.		
[93]	Mech. brake control	<i>Mech. brake control</i> [93] The mechanical brake is active.		
[94]	Safe stop active			
[100]	Comparator 0	<i>Comparator 0</i> [100] The result of comparator 0.		
[101]	Comparator 1	<i>Comparator 1</i> [101] The result of comparator 1.		
[102]	Comparator 2	<i>Comparator 2</i> [102] The result of comparator 2.		
[103]	Comparator 3	<i>Comparator 3</i> [103] The result of comparator 3.		
[104]	Comparator 4	<i>Comparator 4</i> [104] The result of comparator 4.		
[105]	Comparator 5	<i>Comparator 5</i> [105] The result of comparator 5.		
[110]	Logic rule 0	<i>Logic rule 0</i> [110] The result of Logic rule 0.		
[111]	Logic rule 1	<i>Logic rule 1</i> [111] The result of Logic rule 1.		
[112]	Logic rule 2	<i>Logic rule 2</i> [112] The result of Logic rule 2.		
[113]	Logic rule 3	<i>Logic rule 3</i> [113] The result of Logic rule 3.		
[114]	Logic rule 4	<i>Logic rule 4</i> [114] The result of Logic rule 4.		
[115]	Logic rule 5	<i>Logic rule 5</i> [115] The result of Logic rule 5.		
[120]	SL Time-out 0	<i>SL Time-out 0</i> [120] The result of SLC timer 0.		
[121]	SL Time-out 1	<i>SL Time-out 1</i> [121] The result of SLC timer 1.		
[122]	SL Time-out 2	<i>SL Time-out 2</i> [122] The result of SLC timer 2.		
[123]	SL Time-out 3	<i>SL Time-out 3</i> [123] The result of SLC timer 3.		

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13-10 Comparator Operand

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Array	[,] [6]	
Opti	on:	Function:
[124]	SL Time-out 4	<i>SL Time-out 4</i> [124] The result of SLC timer 4.
[125]	SL Time-out 5	<i>SL Time-out 5</i> [125] The result of SLC timer 5.
[126]	SL Time-out 6	<i>SL Time-out 6</i> [126] The result of SLC timer 6.
[127]	SL Time-out 7	<i>SL Time-out 7</i> [127] The result of SLC timer 7.
[130]	Digital input DI18	<i>Digital input Dl18</i> [130] Digital input 18. High = True.
[131]	Digital input DI19	<i>Digital input Dl19</i> [131] Digital input 19. High = True.
[132]	Digital input DI27	<i>Digital input Dl27</i> [132] Digital input 27. High = True.
[133]	Digital input DI29	<i>Digital input Dl29</i> [133] Digital input 29. High = True.
[134]	Digital input DI32	<i>Digital input Dl32</i> [134] Digital input 32. High = True.
[135]	Digital input DI33	<i>Digital input Dl33</i> [135] Digital input 33. High = True.
[150]	SL digital output A	<i>SL digital output A</i> [150] Use the result of the SLC output A.
[151]	SL digital output B	<i>SL digital output B</i> [151] Use the result of the SLC output B.
[152]	SL digital output C	<i>SL digital output C</i> [152] Use the result of the SLC output C.
[153]	SL digital output D	<i>SL digital output D</i> [153] Use the result of the SLC output D.
[154]	SL digital output E	<i>SL digital output E</i> [154] Use the result of the SLC output E.
[155]	SL digital output F	<i>SL digital output F</i> [155] Use the result of the SLC output F.
[160]	Relay 1	Relay 1 [160] Relay 1 is active
[161]	Relay 2	Relay 2 [161] Relay 2 is active
[180]	Local ref. active	Local ref. active [180] High when 3-13 Reference Site = [2] Local or when 3-13 Reference Site is [0] Linked to hand Auto, at the same time as the LCP is in Hand on mode.
[181]	Remote ref. active	<i>Remote ref. active</i> [181] High when <i>3-13 Reference Site</i> = [1] Remote or [0] Linked to hand/auto, while the LCP is in Auto on mode.
[182]	Start command	<i>Start command</i> [182] High when there is an active start command, and no stop command.

13-1	13-10 Comparator Operand			
Array	Array [6]			
Opti	on:	Function:		
[183]	Drive stopped	Drive stopped [183] A stop command (Jog, Stop, Qstop, Coast) is issued – and not from the SLC itself.		
[185]	Drive in hand mode	<i>Drive in hand mode</i> [185] High when the frequency converter is in hand mode.		
[186]	Drive in auto mode	<i>Drive in auto mode</i> [186] High when the frequency converter is in auto mode.		
[187]	Start command given			
[190]	Digital input x30 2			
[191]	Digital input x30 3			
[192]	Digital input x30 4			
[193]	Digital input x46 1			
[194]	Digital input x46 2			
[195]	Digital input x46 3			
[196]	Digital input x46 4			
[197]	Digital input x46 5			
[198]	Digital input x46 6			
[199]	Digital input x46 7			

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13-11 Comparator Operator

15-	13-11 Comparator Operator			
Arra	Array [6]			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select the operator to be used in the comparison. This is an array parameter containing comparator operators 0 to 5.		
[0]	<	Select < [0] for the result of the evaluation to be TRUE, when the variable selected in 13-10 Comparator Operand is smaller than the fixed value in 13-12 Comparator Value. The result will be FALSE, if the variable selected in 13-10 Comparator Operand is greater than the fixed value in 13-12 Comparator Value.		
[1] *	≈ (equal)	Select \approx [1] for the result of the evaluation to be TRUE, when the variable selected in 13-10 Comparator Operand is approximately equal to the fixed value in 13-12 Comparator Value.		
[2]	>	Select > [2] for the inverse logic of option < [0].		
[5]	TRUE longer than			
[6]	FALSE longer than			
[7]	TRUE shorter than			
[8]	FALSE shorter than			

13-12 Comp	arator Value	
Array [6]		
Range:		Function:
Application	[-100000.000 -	Enter the 'trigger level' for
dependent*	100000.000 N/A]	the variable that is
		monitored by this
		comparator. This is an array
		parameter containing
		comparator values 0 to 5.

3.14.4 13-2* Timers

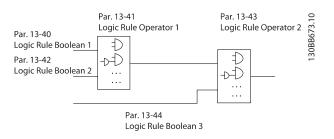
Use the result (TRUE or FALSE) from *timers* directly to define an *event* (see 13-51 SL Controller Event), or as boolean input in a *logic rule* (see 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 or 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3). A timer is only FALSE when started by an action (i.e. Start timer 1 [29]) until the timer value entered in this parameter is elapsed. Then it becomes TRUE again.

All parameters in this parameter group are array parameters with index 0 to 2. Select index 0 to program Timer 0, select index 1 to program Timer 1, and so on.

13-20 SL Controller Timer		
Range:		Function:
Application	[Application	Enter the value to define the
dependent*	dependant]	duration of the FALSE output
		from the programmed timer. A
		timer is only FALSE if it is started
		by an action (i.e. Start timer 1 [29])
		and until the given timer value
		has elapsed.

3.14.5 13-4* Logic Rules

Combine up to three boolean inputs (TRUE or FALSE inputs) from timers, comparators, digital inputs, status bits and events using the logical operators AND, OR, and NOT. Select boolean inputs for the calculation in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 and 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3. Define the operators used to logically combine the selected inputs in 13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1 and 13-43 Logic Rule Operator 2.



Priority of calculation

The results of 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1 and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 are calculated first. The outcome (TRUE or FALSE) of this calculation is combined with the settings of 13-43 Logic Rule Operator 2 and 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3, yielding the final result (TRUE or FALSE) of the logic rule.

13-4	13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1		
Array [6]			
Option:		Function:	
[0] *	False	Select the first boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61]) and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for further description.	
[1]	True		
[2]	Running		
[3]	In range		
[4]	On reference		
[5]	Torque limit		
[6]	Current limit		
[7]	Out of current range		
[8]	Below I low		

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13-4	13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1		
Arra	Array [6]		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[9]	Above I high		
[10]	Out of speed range		
[11]	Below speed low		
[12]	Above speed high		
[13]	Out of feedb. range		
[14]	Below feedb. low		
[15]	Above feedb. high		
[16]	Thermal warning		
[17]	Mains out of range		
[18]	Reversing		
[19]	Warning		
[20]	Alarm (trip)		
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)		
[22]	Comparator 0		
[23]	Comparator 1		
[24]	Comparator 2		
[25]	Comparator 3		
[26]	Logic rule 0		
[27]	Logic rule 1		
[28]	Logic rule 2		
[29]	Logic rule 3		
[30]	SL Time-out 0		
[31]	SL Time-out 1		
[32]	SL Time-out 2		
[33]	Digital input DI18		
[34]	Digital input DI19		
[35]	Digital input DI27		
[36]	Digital input DI29		
[37]	Digital input DI32		
[38]	Digital input DI33		
[39]	Start command		
	Drive stopped		
[41]	Reset Trip		
[42]	Auto-reset Trip Ok key		
[43] [44]	Reset key		
[44]	Left key		
[45]	Right key		
[40]	Up key		
[47]	Down key		
[40]	Comparator 4		
[50]	Comparator 5		
[60]	Logic rule 4		
[61]	Logic rule 5		
[70]	SL Time-out 3		
[71]	SL Time-out 4		
[72]	SL Time-out 5		
[73]	SL Time-out 6		
[74]	SL Time-out 7		
[75]	Start command given		
[76]	Digital input x30/2		
·	,		

13-4	10 Logic Rule I	Boolea	in 1
Array [6]			
Opt	ion:		Function:
[77]	Digital input x30/3		
[78]	Digital input x3	0/4	
[79]	Digital input x4	6/1	
[80]	Digital input x4	6/3	
[81]	Digital input x4		
[82]	Digital input x4		
[83]	Digital input x4		
[84]	Digital input x4		
[85]	Digital input x4	6/13	
13-4	11 Logic Rule (Operat	tor 1
Arra	y [6]		
Opt	ion:	Func	tion:
		Boole 1 and [13 -X	the first logical operator to use on the an inputs from 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2. X] signifies the boolean input of neter group 13-*.
[0] *	DISABLED	13-43	es 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, Logic Rule Operator 2, and 13-44 Logic Boolean 3.
[1]	AND	Evalua [13-42	ates the expression [13-40] AND ?].
[2]	OR	evalua	ates the expression [13-40] OR[13-42].
[3]	AND NOT	evalua [13-42	ates the expression [13-40] AND NOT ?].
[4]	OR NOT	evaluates the expression [13-40] OR NOT [13-42].	
[5]	NOT AND	evaluates the expression NOT [13-40] AND [13-42].	
[6]	NOT OR	evalua [13-42	ates the expression NOT [13-40] OR 2].
[7]	NOT AND NOT		ates the expression NOT [13-40] AND 13-42].
[8]	NOT OR NOT		ates the expression NOT [13-40] OR 13-42].

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13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2		
Array [6]		
Opt	ion:	Function:
[0] *	False	Select the second boolean (TRUE or FALSE) input for the selected logic rule. See 13-01 Start Event ([0] - [61])
		and 13-02 Stop Event ([70] - [75]) for further description.
[1]	True	
[2]	Running	
[3]	In range	
[4]	On reference	
[5]	Torque limit	
[6]	Current limit	
[7]	Out of current range	
[8]	Below I low	
[9]	Above I high	
[10]	Out of speed range	
[11]	Below speed low	
[12]	Above speed high	
[13]	Out of feedb. range	
[14]	Below feedb. low	
[15]	Above feedb. high	
[16]	Thermal warning	
[17]	Mains out of range	
[18]	Reversing	
[19]	Warning	
[20]	Alarm (trip)	
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	
[22]	Comparator 0	
[23]	Comparator 1	
[24]	Comparator 2	
[25]	Comparator 3	
[26]	Logic rule 0	
[27]	Logic rule 1	
[28]	Logic rule 2	
[29]	Logic rule 3	
[30]	SL Time-out 0	
[31]	SL Time-out 1	
[32] [33]	SL Time-out 2 Digital input DI18	
[33]	Digital input DI18	
[34]	Digital input DI27	
[36]	Digital input DI27	
[37]	Digital input DI29	
[38]	Digital input DI33	
[30]	Start command	
[40]	Drive stopped	
[40]	Reset Trip	
[41]	Auto-reset Trip	
[42]	Ok key	
[43]	Reset key	
[44]	Left key	
[40]	Right key	

12		Deelee	- 3
	12 Logic Rule I	Boolea	n 2
Arra	y [6]		
Opt	ion:		Function:
[47]	Up key		
[48]	Down key		
[50]	Comparator 4		
[51]	Comparator 5		
[60]	Logic rule 4		
[61]	Logic rule 5		
[70]	SL Time-out 3		
[71]	SL Time-out 4		
[72]	SL Time-out 5		
[73]	SL Time-out 6		
[74]	SL Time-out 7		
[75]	Start command	given	
[76]	Digital input x3	0/2	
[77]	Digital input x3	0/3	
[78]	Digital input x3	0/4	
[79]	Digital input x4	6/1	
[80]	Digital input x4	6/3	
[81]	Digital input x4	6/5	
[82]	Digital input x4	6/7	
[83]	Digital input x4		
[84]	Digital input x4		
[85]	Digital input x4	6/13	
13-4	43 Logic Rule (Operat	or 2
13-4 Arra		Operat	or 2
Arra	y [6]	Operat Func	
	y [6]	Func	tion:
Arra	y [6]	Func Select	
Arra	y [6]	Func Select on the	tion: the second logical operator to be used
Arra	y [6]	Func Select on the 13-40	tion: the second logical operator to be used e boolean input calculated in
Arra	y [6]	Func Select on the 13-40 Operat	tion: the second logical operator to be used boolean input calculated in <i>Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule</i>
Arra	y [6]	Func Select on the 13-40 Operate and th	tion: the second logical operator to be used boolean input calculated in Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule tor 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2,
Arra	y [6]	Func Select on the 13-40 Operation and the 13-42 [13-44	tion: the second logical operator to be used boolean input calculated in Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule tor 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, be boolean input coming from Logic Rule Boolean 2.] signifies the boolean input of
Arra	y [6]	Func Select on the 13-40 Operation and the 13-42 [13-44]	tion: the second logical operator to be used boolean input calculated in Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule tor 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, be boolean input coming from Logic Rule Boolean 2.] signifies the boolean input of Logic Rule Boolean 3.
Arra	y [6]	Func Select on the 13-40 Operation and the 13-42 [13-44 13-44 [13-40]	tion: the second logical operator to be used boolean input calculated in Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule tor 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, be boolean input coming from Logic Rule Boolean 2.] signifies the boolean input of Logic Rule Boolean 3. (13-42] signifies the boolean input
Arra	y [6]	Func Select on the 13-40 Operation and the 13-42 [13-44 [13-44] [13-40 calculation	tion: the second logical operator to be used boolean input calculated in Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule tor 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, be boolean input coming from Logic Rule Boolean 2.] signifies the boolean input of Logic Rule Boolean 3. /13-42] signifies the boolean input ated in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1,
Arra	y [6]	Func Select on the 13-40 Operat and th 13-42 [13-44 [13-44] [13-44] calcula 13-41	tion: the second logical operator to be used boolean input calculated in Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule for 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, the boolean input coming from Logic Rule Boolean 2.] signifies the boolean input of Logic Rule Boolean 3. /13-42] signifies the boolean input ated in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, Logic Rule Operator 1, and 13-42 Logic
Arra	y [6]	Func Select on the 13-40 / Operat and th 13-42 / [13-44 13-44 / [13-40 calcula 13-41 / Rule Bo	tion: the second logical operator to be used boolean input calculated in Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule tor 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, be boolean input coming from Logic Rule Boolean 2.] signifies the boolean input of Logic Rule Boolean 3. /13-42] signifies the boolean input ated in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, Logic Rule Operator 1, and 13-42 Logic polean 2. DISABLED [0] (factory setting).
Arra	y [6]	Func Select on the 13-40 / Operat and th 13-42 / [13-44 13-44 / [13-40 calcula 13-41 / Rule Bo	tion: the second logical operator to be used boolean input calculated in Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule tor 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, the boolean input coming from Logic Rule Boolean 2.] signifies the boolean input of Logic Rule Boolean 3. /13-42] signifies the boolean input ated in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, Logic Rule Operator 1, and 13-42 Logic poolean 2. DISABLED [0] (factory setting). this option to ignore 13-44 Logic Rule
Arra Opt	y [6] ion:	Func Select on the 13-40 . Operate and th 13-42 . [13-44 [13-44 [13-40 calcula 13-41 . <i>Rule Be</i> select	tion: the second logical operator to be used boolean input calculated in Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule tor 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, the boolean input coming from Logic Rule Boolean 2.] signifies the boolean input of Logic Rule Boolean 3. /13-42] signifies the boolean input ated in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, Logic Rule Operator 1, and 13-42 Logic poolean 2. DISABLED [0] (factory setting). this option to ignore 13-44 Logic Rule
Arra Opt	y [6] ion: DISABLED	Func Select on the 13-40 . Operate and th 13-42 . [13-44 [13-44 [13-40 calcula 13-41 . <i>Rule Be</i> select	tion: the second logical operator to be used boolean input calculated in Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule tor 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, the boolean input coming from Logic Rule Boolean 2.] signifies the boolean input of Logic Rule Boolean 3. /13-42] signifies the boolean input ated in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, Logic Rule Operator 1, and 13-42 Logic poolean 2. DISABLED [0] (factory setting). this option to ignore 13-44 Logic Rule
Arra Opt	y [6] ion: DISABLED AND	Func Select on the 13-40 . Operate and th 13-42 . [13-44 [13-44 [13-40 calcula 13-41 . <i>Rule Be</i> select	tion: the second logical operator to be used boolean input calculated in Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule tor 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, the boolean input coming from Logic Rule Boolean 2.] signifies the boolean input of Logic Rule Boolean 3. /13-42] signifies the boolean input ated in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, Logic Rule Operator 1, and 13-42 Logic poolean 2. DISABLED [0] (factory setting). this option to ignore 13-44 Logic Rule
Arra Opt	y [6] ion: DISABLED AND OR	Func Select on the 13-40 . Operate and th 13-42 . [13-44 [13-44 [13-40 calcula 13-41 . <i>Rule Be</i> select	tion: the second logical operator to be used boolean input calculated in Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule tor 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, the boolean input coming from Logic Rule Boolean 2.] signifies the boolean input of Logic Rule Boolean 3. /13-42] signifies the boolean input ated in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, Logic Rule Operator 1, and 13-42 Logic poolean 2. DISABLED [0] (factory setting). this option to ignore 13-44 Logic Rule
Arra Opt [0] * [1] [2] [3]	y [6] ion: DISABLED AND OR AND NOT	Func Select on the 13-40 . Operate and th 13-42 . [13-44 [13-44 [13-40 calcula 13-41 . <i>Rule Be</i> select	tion: the second logical operator to be used boolean input calculated in Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule tor 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, the boolean input coming from Logic Rule Boolean 2.] signifies the boolean input of Logic Rule Boolean 3. /13-42] signifies the boolean input ated in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, Logic Rule Operator 1, and 13-42 Logic poolean 2. DISABLED [0] (factory setting). this option to ignore 13-44 Logic Rule
Arra Opt [0] * [1] [2] [3] [4]	y [6] ion: DISABLED AND OR AND NOT OR NOT	Func Select on the 13-40 . Operate and th 13-42 . [13-44 [13-44 [13-40 calcula 13-41 . <i>Rule Be</i> select	tion: the second logical operator to be used boolean input calculated in Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule tor 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, the boolean input coming from Logic Rule Boolean 2.] signifies the boolean input of Logic Rule Boolean 3. /13-42] signifies the boolean input ated in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, Logic Rule Operator 1, and 13-42 Logic poolean 2. DISABLED [0] (factory setting). this option to ignore 13-44 Logic Rule
Arra Opt [0] * [1] [2] [3] [4] [5]	y [6] ion: JISABLED AND OR AND NOT OR NOT NOT AND	Func Select on the 13-40 . Operate and th 13-42 . [13-44 [13-44 [13-40 calcula 13-41 . <i>Rule Be</i> select	tion: the second logical operator to be used boolean input calculated in Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule tor 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, the boolean input coming from Logic Rule Boolean 2.] signifies the boolean input of Logic Rule Boolean 3. /13-42] signifies the boolean input ated in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, Logic Rule Operator 1, and 13-42 Logic poolean 2. DISABLED [0] (factory setting). this option to ignore 13-44 Logic Rule
Arra Opt [0] * [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6]	y [6] ion: DISABLED AND OR AND NOT OR NOT NOT AND NOT OR	Func Select on the 13-40 . Operate and th 13-42 . [13-44 [13-44 [13-40 calcula 13-41 . <i>Rule Be</i> select	tion: the second logical operator to be used boolean input calculated in Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule tor 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, the boolean input coming from Logic Rule Boolean 2.] signifies the boolean input of Logic Rule Boolean 3. /13-42] signifies the boolean input ated in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, Logic Rule Operator 1, and 13-42 Logic poolean 2. DISABLED [0] (factory setting). this option to ignore 13-44 Logic Rule
Arra Opt [0] * [1] [2] [3] [4] [5]	y [6] ion: JISABLED AND OR AND NOT OR NOT NOT AND	Func Select on the 13-40 . Operate and th 13-42 . [13-44 [13-44 [13-40 calcula 13-41 . <i>Rule Be</i> select	tion: the second logical operator to be used boolean input calculated in Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule tor 1, and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, the boolean input coming from Logic Rule Boolean 2.] signifies the boolean input of Logic Rule Boolean 3. /13-42] signifies the boolean input ated in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, Logic Rule Operator 1, and 13-42 Logic poolean 2. DISABLED [0] (factory setting). this option to ignore 13-44 Logic Rule

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13-4	14 Logic Rule Boolea	an 3
Array [6]		
Opt		Function:
	False	Select the third boolean (TRUE or
[0]		FALSE) input for the selected logic
		rule. See par. 13-01 ([0] - [61]) and par.
		13-02 ([70] - [75]) for further
		description.
[1]	True	
[2]	Running	
[3]	In range	
[4]	On reference	
[5]	Torque limit	
[6]	Current limit	
[7]	Out of current range	
[8]	Below I low	
[9]	Above I high	
[10]	Out of speed range	
[11]	Below speed low	
[12]	Above speed high	
[13]	Out of feedb. range	
[14]	Below feedb. low	
[15]	Above feedb. high	
[16]	Thermal warning	
[17]	Mains out of range	
[18]	Reversing	
[19]	Warning	
[20]	Alarm (trip)	
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	
[22]	Comparator 0	
[23]	Comparator 1	
[24]	Comparator 2	
[25]	Comparator 3	
[26]	Logic rule 0	
[27]	Logic rule 1	
[28]	Logic rule 2	
[29]	Logic rule 3	
[30]	SL Time-out 0	
[31]	SL Time-out 1	
[32]	SL Time-out 2	
[33]	Digital input DI18	
[34]	Digital input DI19	
[35]	Digital input DI27	
[36]	Digital input DI29	
[37]	Digital input DI32	
[38]	Digital input DI33	
[39]	Start command	
[40]	Drive stopped	
[41]	Reset Trip	
[42]	Auto-reset Trip	
[43]	Ok key	
[44]	Reset key	
[45]	Left key	
[46]	Right key	

13-4	13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3		
Array [6]			
Option:		Function:	
[47]	Up key		
[48]	Down key		
[50]	Comparator 4		
[51]	Comparator 5		
[60]	Logic rule 4		
[61]	Logic rule 5		
[70]	SL Time-out 3		
[71]	SL Time-out 4		
[72]	SL Time-out 5		
[73]	SL Time-out 6		
[74]	SL Time-out 7		
[75]	Start command given		
[76]	Digital input x30/2		
[77]	Digital input x30/3		
[78]	Digital input x30/4		
[79]	Digital input x46/1		
[80]	Digital input x46/3		
[81]	Digital input x46/5		
[82]	Digital input x46/7		
[83]	Digital input x46/9		
[84]	Digital input x46/11		
[85]	Digital input x46/13		

3.14.6 13-5* States

13-5	13-51 SL Controller Event		
Arra	Array [20]		
Option:		Function:	
[0] *	False	Select the boolean input (TRUE or FALSE) to define the Smart Logic Controller event.See <i>13-01 Start Event</i> ([0] - [61]) and <i>13-02 Stop Event</i> ([70] - [74]) for further description.	
[1]	True		
[2]	Running		
[3]	In range		
[4]	On reference		
[5]	Torque limit		
[6]	Current limit		
[7]	Out of current range		
[8]	Below I low		
[9]	Above I high		
[10]	Out of speed range		
[11]	Below speed low		
[12]	Above speed high		
[13]	Out of feedb. range		
[14]	Below feedb. low		
[15]	Above feedb. high		
[16]	Thermal warning		
[17]	Mains out of range		

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Array	1 SL Controller Ever	
/	/ [20]	
0.00		Function:
Opti		Function:
[18]	Reversing	
[19]	Warning	
[20]	Alarm (trip)	
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	
	Comparator 0	
	Comparator 1	
	Comparator 2	
[25]	Comparator 3	
[26]	Logic rule 0	
[27]	Logic rule 1	
[28]	Logic rule 2	
[29]	Logic rule 3	
[30]	SL Time-out 0	
[31]	SL Time-out 1	
[32]	SL Time-out 2	
[33]	Digital input DI18	
[34]	Digital input DI19	
[35]	Digital input DI27	
[36]	Digital input DI29	
[37]	Digital input DI32	
[38]	Digital input DI33	
[39]	Start command	
[40]	Drive stopped	
[41]	Reset Trip	
[42]	Auto-reset Trip	
[43]	Ok key	
[44]	Reset key	
[45]	Left key	
[46]	Right key	
[47]	Up key	
[48]	Down key	
[50]	Comparator 4	
[51]	Comparator 5	
[60]	Logic rule 4	
[61]	Logic rule 5	
[70]	SL Time-out 3	
[71]	SL Time-out 4	
[72]	SL Time-out 5	
[73]	SL Time-out 6	
[74]	SL Time-out 7	
[75]	Start command given	
[76]	Digital input x30/2	
[77]	Digital input x30/3	
[78]	Digital input x30/4	
[79]	Digital input x46/1	
[80]	Digital input x46/3	
[81]	Digital input x46/5	
[82]	Digital input x46/7	
[83]	Digital input x46/9	
[84]	Digital input x46/11	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

12 /	2 SI Controlla	Action		
	13-52 SL Controller Action Array [20]			
Opt		Function:		
[0] *	DISABLED	Select the action corresponding to the SLC event. Actions are executed when the corresponding event (defined in 13-51 SL Controller Event) is evaluated as true. The following actions are available for selection: *DISABLED [0]		
[1]	No action	No action [1]		
[2]	Select set-up 1	Select set-up 1 [2] - changes the active set-up (par. 0-10) to '1'. If the set-up is changed, it will merge with other set-up commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[3]	Select set-up 2	Select set-up 2 [3] - changes the active set-up (par. 0-10) to '2'. If the set-up is changed, it will merge with other set-up commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[4]	Select set-up 3	Select set-up 3 [4] - changes the active set-up (par. 0-10) to '3'. If the set-up is changed, it will merge with other set-up commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[5]	Select set-up 4	Select set-up 4 [5] - changes the active set-up (par. 0-10) to '4'. If the set-up is changed, it will merge with other set-up commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[10]	Select preset ref 0	Select preset reference 0 [10] – selects preset reference 0. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[11]	Select preset ref 1	Select preset reference 1 [11] – selects preset reference 1. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[12]	Select preset ref 2	Select preset reference 2 [12] – selects preset reference 2. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[13]	Select preset ref 3	Select preset reference 3 [13] – selects preset reference 3. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference		

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13-52 SL Controller Action

Arra	Array [20]			
	Option: Function:			
•		commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[14]	Select preset ref 4	Select preset reference 4 [14] – selects preset reference 4. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[15]	Select preset ref 5	Select preset reference 5 [15] – selects preset reference 5. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[16]	Select preset ref 6	Select preset reference 6 [16] – selects preset reference 6. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[17]	Select preset ref 7	Select preset reference 7 [17] - selects preset reference 7. If the active preset reference is changed, it will merge with other preset reference commands coming from either the digital inputs or via a fieldbus.		
[18]	Select ramp 1	Select ramp 1 [18] - selects ramp 1.		
[19]	Select ramp 2	Select ramp 2 [19] - selects ramp 2.		
[20]	Select ramp 3	Select ramp 3 [20] - selects ramp 3.		
[21]	Select ramp 4	Select ramp 4 [21] - selects ramp 4.		
[22]	Run	<i>Run</i> [22] - issues a start command to the frequency converter.		
[23]	Run reverse	<i>Run reverse</i> [23] - issues a start reverse command to the frequency converter.		
[24]	Stop	<i>Stop</i> [24] - issues a stop command to the frequency converter.		
[25]	Qstop	<i>Qstop</i> [25] - issues a quick stop command to the frequency converter.		
[26]	Dcstop	<i>Dcstop</i> [26] - issues a DC stop command to the frequency converter.		
[27]	Coast	<i>Coast</i> [27] - the frequency converter coasts immediately. All stop commands including the coast command stop the SLC.		
[28]	Freeze output	<i>Freeze output</i> [28] - freezes the output frequency of the frequency converter.		
[29]	Start timer 0	Start timer 0 [29] - starts timer 0, see par. 13-20 for further description.		

13-52 SL Controller Action

Array [20]			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[30]	Start timer 1	Start timer 1 [30] - starts timer 1, see par. 13-20 for further description.	
[31]	Start timer 2	<i>Start timer 2</i> [31] - starts timer 2, see par. 13-20 for further description.	
[32]	Set digital out A low	<i>Set digital output A low</i> [32] - any output with SL output A will be low.	
[33]	Set digital out B low	Set digital output B low [33] - any output with SL output B will be low.	
[34]	Set digital out C low	Set digital output C low [34] - any output with SL output Cwill be low.	
[35]	Set digital out D low	Set digital output D low [35] - any output with SL output D will be low.	
[36]	Set digital out E low	Set digital output E low [36] - any output with SL output E will be low.	
[37]	Set digital out F low	<i>Set digital output F low</i> [37] - any output with SL output F will be low.	
[38]	Set digital out A high	Set digital output A high [38] - any output with SL output A will be high.	
[39]	Set digital out B high	Set digital output B high [39] - any output with SL output B will be high.	
[40]	Set digital out C high	Set digital output C high [40] - any output with SL output C will be high.	
[41]	Set digital out D high	Set digital output D high [41] - any output with SL output D will be high.	
[42]	Set digital out E high	Set digital output E high [42] - any output with SL output E will be high.	
[43]	Set digital out F high	Set digital output F high [43] - any output with SL output Fwill be high.	
[60]	Reset Counter A	<i>Reset Counter A</i> [60] - resets Counter A to zero.	
[61]	Reset Counter B	<i>Reset Counter B</i> [61] - resets Counter B to zero.	
[70]	Start timer 3	<i>Start Timer 3</i> [70] - Start Timer 3, see par. 13-20 for further description.	
[71]	Start timer 4	<i>Start Timer 4</i> [71] - Start Timer 4, see par. 13-20 for further description.	
[72]	Start timer 5	<i>Start Timer 5</i> [72] - Start Timer 5, see par. 13-20 for further description.	
[73]	Start timer 6	<i>Start Timer 6</i> [73] - Start Timer 6, see par. 13-20 for further description.	
[74]	Start timer 7	<i>Start Timer 7</i> [74] - Start Timer 7, see par. 13-20 for further description.	

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3.15 Parameters: 14-** Special Functions

3.15.1 14-0* Inverter Switching

14-00 Switching Pattern

Option: Function:

[0] * 60 AVM Select the switching pattern: 60° AVM or SFAVM.

[1] * SFAVM

NOTE

The output frequency value of the frequency converter must never exceed 1/10 of the switching frequency. When the motor is running, adjust the switching frequency in *4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]* until the motor is as noiseless as possible. See also *14-00 Switching Pattern* and the section *Special conditions* in the FC 300 Design Guide.

14-01 Switching Frequency

Select the inverter switching frequency. Changing the switching frequency can help to reduce acoustic noise from the motor. Default depend on power size.

Option:		Function:
[0]	1.0 kHz	
[1]	1.5 kHz	Default switching frequency for 355-1200 kW, 690V
[2]	2.0 kHz	Default switching frequency for 250-800 kW, 400V and 37-315 kW, 690V
[3]	2.5 kHz	
[4]	3.0 kHz	Default switching frequency for 18.5-37 kW, 200V and 37-200 kW, 400V
[5]	3.5 kHz	
[6]	4.0 kHz	Default switching frequency for 5.5 – 15 kW, 200V and 11-30 kW, 400V
[7] *	5.0 kHz	Default switching frequency for 0.25 – 3,7 k W, 200V and 0.37-7.5 kW, 400V
[8]	6.0 kHz	
[9]	7.0 kHz	
[10]	8.0 kHz	
[11]	10.0 kHz	
[12]	12.0 kHz	
[13]	14.0 kHz	
[14]	16.0 kHz	

NOTE

The output frequency value of the frequency converter must never exceed 1/10 of the switching frequency. When the motor is running, adjust the switching frequency in *4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]* until the motor is as noiseless as possible. See also *14-00 Switching Pattern* and the section *Special conditions* in the VLT AutomationDrive FC 300 Design Guide.

NOTE

Switching frequencies higher than 5.0 kHz lead to automatic derating of the maximum output of the frequency converter.

14-(14-03 Overmodulation			
Opt	Option:		Function:	
[0]	Off		Select Off [0] for no overmodulation of the output voltage, in order to avoid torque ripple on the motor shaft. This feature may be useful for applications such as grinding machines.	
[1] *	[1] * On		Select On [1] to enable the overmodulation function for the output voltage. This is the right choice when it is required that the output current is higher than 95% of the input current (typical when runniong over-synchronously). The output current is increased according to the degree of overmodu- lation, up to 103% of the input current. Overmodulation leads to increased torque ripple as harmonics are increased. Control in FLUX mode provides an output current of up to 98% of the input current, regardless of par. 14-03.	
[2]	[2] Optimal			
14-(14-04 PWM Random			
Option: Funct			nction:	
[0] *	Off	No	No change of the acoustic motor switching noise.	
[1]	On	Transforms the acoustic motor switching noise from a		

[1]	On	Transforms the acoustic motor switching noise from a	
		clear ringing tone to a less noticeable 'white' noise. This	
		is achieved by slightly and randomly altering the	
		synchronism of the pulse width modulated output	
		phases.	

14-06 Dead Time Compensation			
Option:		Function:	
[0]	Off	No compensation.	
[1] *	On	Activates dead time compensation.	

3.15.2 14-1* Mains On/Off

Parameters for configuring mains failure monitoring and handling. If a mains failure appears, the frequency converter will try to continue in a controlled way until the power in the DC link has been exhausted.

14-10 Mains	s Failure
Option:	Function:
	14-10 Mains Failure is typically used where very short mains interruptions (voltage dips) are present. At 100% load and a short voltage interruption, the DC voltage on the main capacitors drops quickly. For larger drives it only takes a few milliseconds before the DC level is down to about 373 V DC and the main IGBT cuts off and looses the control over the motor. When the mains is restored, and the IGBT starts again, the output frequency and voltage vector does not correspond to the speed/frequency of the motor, and the result is normally an overvoltage or overcurrent, mostly resulting in a trip lock. 14-10 Mains Failure can be programmed to avoid this situation.
	Select the function to which the frequency converter must act when the threshold in 14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault has been reached. 14-10 Mains Failure cannot be changed while motor is running. Controlled ramp down: The frequency converter will perform a controlled ramp down. If 2-10 Brake Function is Off [0] or AC brake [2], the ramp will follow the Over Voltage Ramping. If 2-10 Brake Function is [1] Resistor Brake the ramp will follow the setting in 3-81 Quick Stop Ramp Time. Controlled ramp down [1]: After power-up the frequency converter is ready for start. Controlled ramp down and trip [2]: After power-up the frequency converter needs a reset
	for starting.
	DC Voltage Output Speed rpm Over Voltage Control Level Par 14-11 Mains

14-10 Mains Failure

Option: Function:			
	1. The power is back before the energy		
	from DC /moment of inertia from load is too low. The frequency converter will perform a controlled ramp down when 14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault level has been reached.		
	 The frequency converter will perform a controlled ramp down as long as energy in the DC link is present. After this point the motor will be coasted. 		
	Kinetic back-up:		
	The frequency converter will perform a Kinetic back-up. If 2-10 Brake Function is Off [0] or AC brake [2], the ramp will follow the Over Voltage Ramping. If 2-10 Brake Function is [1] Resistor Brake the ramp will follow the setting in 3-81 Quick Stop Ramp Time.		
	Kinetic Back-up [4]: The frequency converter will keep on running as long as there is energy in the system due to the moment of inertia produced by the load.		
	Kinetic Back-up [5]: The frequency converter will ride through on speed as long as the energy is present from moment of inertia from the load. If the DC voltage goes below 14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault the frequency converter will perform a trip.		
	DC Voltage 9 - Output Speed rpm 9 Par 14-11 - Over Voltage Control Level 6 Mains Time		
	DC Voltage Output Speed rpm Par 14-11 Mains Dver Voltage Control Level Time		
	NOTE For flying start in Mains Failure: For flying start to work best the advanced motor data, parameters 1-30 through 1-35, must be correct.		
[0] No * function	This selection does not present a danger to the frequency converter, but a trip lock would normally be the result of the short voltage interruptions.		
[1] Ctrl. ramp- down	This selection will keep the output frequency following the motor speed. The IGBT will not		

14-10 Mains Failure



Opt	tion:	Function:
		loose the connection to the motor, but will follow the speed down. This is particularly useful in pump applications, where the inertia is low and the friction is high. When the mains is restored, the output frequency will ramp the motor up to the reference speed (if the mains interruption is prolonged, the controlled ramp down might take the output frequency all the way down to 0 rpm , and when the mains is restored, the application is ramped up from 0 rpm to the previous reference speed via the normal ramp up).
[2]	Ctrl. ramp- down, trip	
[3]	Coasting	Centrifuges can run for an hour without power supply. In those situations it is possible to select a coast function at mains interruption, together with a flying start which occurs when the mains is restored.
[4]	Kinetic back-up	Kinetic back up will maintain the DC level as long as possible, by converting the mechanical energy from the motor to the DC level supply. Fans normally can extend the mains interruptions for several seconds. Pumps can normally only extend the interruptions for 1-2 seconds or fractions of seconds. Compressors only for fractions of seconds.
[5]	Kinetic back-up, trip	
[6]	Alarm	

14-11 Mains	Voltage	at Mains Fault
Range:		Function:
Application	[180 -	This parameter defines the threshold
dependent*	600 V]	voltage at which the selected function in
		14-10 Mains Failure should be activated.
		The detection level is at a faktor sqrt(2) of
		the value in 14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains
		Fault.
		NOTE
		Note for converting between VLT
		5000 and FC 300:
		Even though the setting of the
		Mains Voltage at Mains Fault is the
		same for VLT 5000 and FC 300, the
		detection level is different. Use the
		following formula to obtain the
		same detection level as in VLT 5000:
		14-11 (VLT 5000 level) = Value used
		in VLT 5000 * 1,35/sqrt(2).

14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance

Operation under severe main imbalance conditions reduces the lifetime of the motor. Conditions are considered severe if the motor is operated continuously near nominal load (e.g. a pump or fan running near full speed).

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Trip	Trips the frequency
		converter
[1]	Warning	lssues a warning
[2]	Disabled	No action

14-14 Kin. Backup Time Out

Range:		Function:	
60 s*	[0 - 60 s]	This parameter defines the Kinetic Backup Time	
		Out in flux mode when running on low voltage	
		grids. If the supply voltage does not increase	
		above the value defined in P14-11 + 5% within	
		the specified time, the drive will then automat-	
		ically run a controlled ramp-down profile prior to	
		stop.	

3.15.3 14-2* Trip Reset

Parameters for configuring auto reset handling, special trip handling and control card self test or initialisation.

14-2	14-20 Reset Mode			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		Select the reset function after tripping. Once reset, the frequency converter can be restarted.		
[0] *	Manual reset	Select <i>Manual reset</i> [0], to perform a reset via [RESET] or via the digital inputs.		
[1]	Automatic reset x 1	Select <i>Automatic reset x 1x20</i> [1]-[12] to perform between one and twenty automatic resets after tripping.		
[2]	Automatic reset x 2			
[3]	Automatic reset x 3			
[4]	Automatic reset x 4			
[5]	Automatic reset x 5			
[6]	Automatic reset x 6			
[7]	Automatic reset x 7			
[8]	Automatic reset x 8			
[9]	Automatic reset x 9			
[10]	Automatic reset x 10			
[11]	Automatic reset x 15			
[12]	Automatic reset x 20			
[13]	Infinite auto reset	Select Infinite Automatic Reset [13] for continuous resetting after tripping.		
[14]	Reset at power-up			

3



NOTE

The motor may start without warning. If the specified number of AUTOMATIC RESETs is reached within 10 minutes, the frequency converter enters Manual reset [0] mode. After the Manual reset is performed, the setting of *14-20 Reset Mode* reverts to the original selection. If the number of automatic resets is not reached within 10 minutes, or when a Manual reset is performed, the internal AUTOMATIC RESET counter returns to zero.

NOTE

Automatic reset will also be active for resetting safe stop function in firmware version < 4.3x.

14-2	14-21 Automatic Restart Time		
Range:		Function:	
10 s*	[0 - 600 s]	Enter the time interval from trip to start of the automatic reset function. This parameter is active when <i>14-20 Reset Mode</i> is set to <i>Automatic reset</i> [1] - [13].	

NOTE

Remember to set switches S201 (A53) and S202 (A54) as specified below when performing a control card test in par. 14-22 [1]. Otherwise, the test will fail!

14-22 Operation Mode			
Option:	ption: Function:		
	Use this parameter to specify normal operation; to perform tests; or to initialise all parameters except 15-03 Power Up's, 15-04 Over Temp's and 15-05 Over Volt's. This function is active only when the power is cycled to the frequency converter.Select Normal operation [0] for normal operation of the frequency converter with the motor in the selected application.Select Control card test [1] to test the analog and digital inputs and outputs and the +10 V control voltage. The test requires a test connector with internal connections. Use the following procedure for the control card test:1.Select Control card test [1].2.Disconnect the mains supply and wait for the light in the display to go out.3.Set switches \$201 (A53) and \$202 (A54) = 'ON' / 1.4.Insert the test plug (see below).5.Connect to mains supply.6.Carry out various tests.		

14-22 Operation Mode

Option:		Function:		
		7.	The results are displayed on the LCP and the frequency converter moves into an infinite loop.	
		8.	14-22 Operation Mode is automatically set to Normal operation. Carry out a power cycle to start up in Normal operation after a control card test.	
		If the test is OK: LCP read-out: Control Card OK. Disconnect the mains supply and remove the test plug. The green LED on the Control Card will light up.		
		Replace card. The on. Test	st fails: d-out: Control Card I/O failure. the frequency converter or Control e red LED on the Control Card is turned plugs (connect the following terminals other): 18 - 27 - 32; 19 - 29 - 33; 42 - 53 -	
		12 13 18 19 27 29 32 33 20 37 000000000000000000000000000000000000		
			2 13 18 19 27 32 13 20 COOO COO	
			9 # 50 \$3 54 55 00000 FC 301 & 00000 FC 302	
		values to 15-03 Po 15-05 Ov reset du 14-22 Op	<i>itialization</i> [2] to reset all parameter o default settings, except for <i>wer Up's, 15-04 Over Temp's</i> , and <i>ver Volt's</i> . The frequency converter will ring the next power-up. <i>beration Mode</i> will also revert to the setting <i>Normal operation</i> [0].	
[0] *	Normal			
[1]	operation Control			
[1]	card test			
[2]	Initiali-			
	sation			
[3]	Boot mode			



14-24 Trip Delay at Current Limit

Range:		Function:
60 s*	[0 - 60	Enter the current limit trip delay in seconds. When
	s]	the output current reaches the current limit
		(4-18 Current Limit), a warning is triggered. When
		the current limit warning has been continuously
		present for the period specified in this parameter,
		the frequency converter trips. Disable the trip
		delay by setting the parameter to $60 \text{ s} = \text{OFF}.$
		Thermal monitoring of the frequency converter
		will still remain active.

14-25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit

Range:		Function:
60 s*	[0 - 60	Enter the torque limit trip delay in seconds. When
	s]	the output torque reaches the torque limits
		(4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode and 4-17 Torque
		Limit Generator Mode), a warning is triggered.
		When the torque limit warning has been contin-
		uously present for the period specified in this
		parameter, the frequency converter trips. Disable
	the trip delay by setting the parameter to 6	
OFF. Thermal monitor		OFF. Thermal monitoring of the frequency
		converter will still remain active.

14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault

Range:		Function:
Application	[0 - 35	When the frequency converter detects
dependent*	s]	an over-voltage in the set time trip will
		be effected after the set time.
		If value = 0, protection mode is disabled
		NOTE It is recommended to disable protection mode in hoisting applications.
14-29 Service Code		
Range:		Function:

3.15.4 14-3* Current Limit Control

[-2147483647 - 2147483647]

The frequency converter features an integral Current Limit Controller which is activated when the motor current, and thus the torque, is higher than the torque limits set in *4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode* and *4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode*.

For internal service only.

When the current limit is reached during motor operation or regenerative operation, the frequency converter will try to reduce torque below the preset torque limits as quickly as possible without losing control of the motor.

While the current control is active, the frequency converter can only be stopped by setting a digital input to *Coast inverse* [2] or *Coast and reset inv.* [3]. Any signal on terminals

18 to 33 will not be active until the frequency converter is no longer near the current limit.

By using a digital input set to *Coast inverse* [2] or *Coast and reset inv*. [3], the motor does not use the ramp-down time, since the frequency converter is coasted. If a quick stop is necessary, use the mechanical brake control function along with an external electro-mechanical brake attached to the application.

14-3	30 Currer	nt Lim Ctr	l, Proportional Gain	1
Ran	ge:	Function:		
100 9	%* [0 - 5	500 %] Enter the proportional gain value for the current limit controller. Selection of a high value makes the controller react faster. Too high a setting leads to controller instability.		
14-3	31 Currer	nt Lim Ctr	l, Integration Time	
Ran	ge:		Function:	
0.020	s* [0.00] s]	02 - 2.000	Controls the current limit control integration time. Setting it to a lower value makes it react faster. A setting too low leads to control instability.	
14-3	32 Currer	nt Lim Ctr	l, Filter Time	
Ran	ge:			Function:
1.0 m	าร*	[1.0 - 10	0.0 ms]	
14-3	35 Stall P	rotection		
Opt	ion:	Functio	n:	
		Select Enable [1] to enable the stall protection in field-weakening in flux mode. Select Disable [0] if you desire to disable it. This might cause the motor to be lost. <i>14-35 Stall Protection</i> is active in Flux mode only.		
[0]	Disabled			
[1] *	Enabled			

0*



3.15.5 14-4* Energy Optimising

Parameters for adjusting the energy optimisation level in both Variable Torque (VT) and Automatic Energy Optimization (AEO) mode in *1-03 Torque Characteristics*.

14-40	14-40 VT Level			
Range:		Function:		
66 %*	[40 - 90 %]	Enter the level of motor magnetisation at low speed. Selection of a low value reduces energy loss in the motor, but also reduces load capability. This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.		

14-41 AEO Minimum Magnetisation			
Range:	Function:		
Application	[40 - 75	Enter the minimum allowable	
dependent*	%]	magnetisation for AEO. Selection of	
		a low value reduces energy loss in	
		the motor, but can also reduce	
		resistance to sudden load changes.	

14-42 Minimum AEO Frequency

Function:			
	Enter the minimum frequency at which the		
	Automatic Energy Optimisation (AEO) is to be		
	active.		

14-43 Motor Cosphi			
Range:		Function:	
Application	[0.40 -	The Cos(phi) setpoint is automatically	
dependent*	0.95]	set for optimum AEO performance.	
		This parameter should normally not be	
		altered. However in some situations it	
		may be necessary to enter a new value	
		to fine-tune.	

3.15.6 14-5* Environment

These parameters help the frequency converter to operate under special environmental conditions.

14-5	14-50 RFI Filter				
	This parameter is only available for FC 302. It is not relevant to FC 301 due to different design and shorter motor cables.				
Opt	ion:	Function:			
[0]	Off	Select Off [0] only if the frequency converter is fed by an isolated mains source (IT mains). In this mode, the internal RFI filter capacitors between chassis and the mains RFI filter circuit are cut-out to reduce the ground capacity currents.			
[1] *	On	Select <i>On</i> [1] to ensure that the frequency converter complies with EMC standards.			

14-51 DC Link Compensation Option: Function: [0] Off Disables DC Link Compensation. [1] * On Enables DC Link Compensation. 14-52 Fan Control Select minimum speed of the main fan. Select Auto [0] to run fan only when internal temperature in frequency converter is in range 35° C to approx. 55° C.	
Option: Function: [0] Off Disables DC Link Compensation. [1] * On Enables DC Link Compensation. I4-52 Fan Control Select minimum speed of the main fan. Select Auto [0] to run fan only when internal temperature in frequency converter is in range 35° C to approx. 55° C.	
[1] * On Enables DC Link Compensation. 14-52 Fan Control Select minimum speed of the main fan. Select Auto [0] to run fan only when internal temperature in frequency converter is in range 35° C to approx. 55° C.	_
14-52 Fan Control Select minimum speed of the main fan. Select Auto [0] to run fan only when internal temperature in frequency converter is in range 35° C to approx. 55° C.	_
Select minimum speed of the main fan. Select <i>Auto</i> [0] to run fan only when internal temperature in frequency converter is in range 35° C to approx. 55° C.	
Select minimum speed of the main fan. Select <i>Auto</i> [0] to run fan only when internal temperature in frequency converter is in range 35° C to approx. 55° C.	
Select <i>Auto</i> [0] to run fan only when internal temperature in frequency converter is in range 35° C to approx. 55° C.	
frequency converter is in range 35° C to approx. 55° C.	
Fan runs at low speed below 35° C, and at full speed at approx	x. 55°
C.	
Option: Function:	
[0] * Auto	
[1] On 50%	
[2] On 75%	
[3] On 100%	
[4] Auto (Low temp env.)	
14-53 Fan Monitor	
Option: Function:	
Select which reaction the frequency converte	r
should take in case a fan fault is detected.	
[0] Disabled	
[1] * Warning	
[2] Trip	
14-55 Output Filter	
Option: Function:	
Select the type of output filter connected. Thi	is
parameter cannot be adjusted while motor is	
running.	
[0] * No This is the default setting and should be used	with
Filter dU/dt filters or high-frequency common-mode	e (HF-
CM) filters.	
[1] Sine- This setting is only for backwards compatibilit	iy. It
Wave enables operation with FLUX control principle	
Filter the parameters 14-56 and 14-57 are program	
with the output filter capacitance and inductar DOES NOT limit the range of the switching	ice. It
frequency.	
[2] Sine- This parameter sets a minimum allowed limit t	o the
Wave switching frequency and ensures that the filte	
Filter be operated within the safe range of switchin	
Fixed frequencies. Operation is possible with all con	-
principles. For FLUX control principle the	
parameters 14-56 and 14-57 have to be	
	t in
programmed (these parameters have no effect	
VVC+ and U/f). The modulation patter will be	
VVC+ and U/f). The modulation patter will be s SFAVM which gives the lowest acoustic noise i	n the
VVC+ and U/f). The modulation patter will be	n the ne-



14-56 Capacitance Output Filter

Compensation function of the LC-filter requires the per phase equivalent star connected capacitance of the filter (3 times the capacity between two phases when capacitance is 'Delta' connection).

0

Range:		Function:
Application	[0.1 - 6500.0	Set the capacitance of the
dependent*	uF]	output filter. The value can
		be found on the filter label.
		NOTE This is required for correct
		compensation in Flux
		mode (1-01 Motor Control
		Principle)

14-57 Inductance Output Filter Range: Function: Application [0.001 Set the inductance of the output dependent* [0.000 mH] Set the inductance of the output filter. The value can be found on the filter label. NOTEE NOTE This is required for correct

compensation in Flux mode (1-01 Motor Control Principle)

3.15.7 14-7* Compatibility

The parameters in this group are for setting of compatibility for VLT 3000, VLT 5000 to FC 300.

14	14-72 VLT Alarm Word					
Op	otion:	Function:				
[0]	0 - 4294967295	Read out the alarm word corresponding to				
		VLT 5000				
14	14-73 VLT Warning Word					
Op	otion:	Function:				
[0]	0 - 4294967295	Read out the warning word corresponding to				
		VLT 5000				
14	14-74 Leg. Ext. Status Word					
Range:		Function:				
0*	[0 - 429496729	5] Read out the ext. status word				
		corresponding to VLT 5000				

3.15.8 14-8* Options

Option:	
option.	Function:
[0] No !	Select No [0] to use the drive's 24 V DC supply.
1	Select Yes [1] if an external 24 V DC supply will be used to power the option. Inputs/Outputs will be galvanically isolated from the drive when operated from an external supply.

NOTE

This parameter is only changing function by performing a power cycle.

14-89 Option Detection

Selects the behaviour of the frequency converter when a change in the option configuration is detected.

Option: Function: [0] * Protect Option Freezes the current settings and Config. prevents unwanted changes when missing or defective options are detected. **Enable Option** Changes drive settings and is used [1] Change when modifying the system configuration. This Parameter setting will return to [0] after an Option Change.

14-9	14-90 Fault Level					
Option:		Function:				
[0] *	Off	Use this parameter to customize Fault levels. Use [0] "Off" with caution as it will ignore all Warnings & Alarms for the chosen source.				
[1]	Warning					
[2]	Trip					
[3]	Trip Lock					

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Failure	Alarm	Off	Warning	Trip	Trip Lock
10V low	1	Х	X *		
24V low	47	Х			X*
1.8V supply low	48	Х			X*
Voltage limit	64	Х	X*		
Earth fault during ramping	14			X*	X
Earth fault 2 during cont. operation	45			X*	X
Torque Limit	12	Х	X*		

Table 3.3 Table for selection of choice of action when selected alarm appear.



3.16 Parameters: 15-** Drive Information

3.16.1 15-0* Operating Data

15-0	15-00 Operating Hours					
Ran	ge	:	Fu	nction:		
0 h*	[0 - 2147483647 h]	Viev	w how many hours the frequency		
			con	verter has run. The value is saved		
				en the frequency converter is		
			turn	ned off.		
15-0	D1	Running Hours				
Ran	ge:	:	Fun	nction:		
0 h*	[0 - 2147483647 h]	- 2147483647 h] View how many hours the motor has			
		run. Reset the counter in 15-07 Reset				
		Running Hours Counter. The value is				
		saved when the frequency converter is				
	turned off.					
15-0)2	kWh Counter				
Ran	ge:	:	F	Function:		
0 kW	'h*	[0 - 2147483647	R	egistering the power consumption		
	kWh]		of the motor as a mean value over			
		one hour. Reset the counter in		ne hour. Reset the counter in		
		15-06 Reset kWh Counter.				
15-0)3	Power Up's				
Ran	ge	:		Function:		
0 N/A	٩*	[0 - 2147483647	N/A]	View the number of times the		
				for an and a second second second second		

0 N/A*	[0 - 2147463047 N/A]	view the number of times the
		frequency converter has been
		powered up.

 15-04
 Over Temp's

 Range:
 Function:

 0 N/A*
 [0 - 65535 N/A]
 View the number of frequency converter temperature faults which have occurred.

15-05 Over Volt's				
Range:		Function:		
0 N/A*	[0 - 65535 N/A]	View the number of frequency converter overvoltages which have occurred.		

15-06 Reset kWh Counter

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Do not reset	Select <i>Do not reset</i> [0] if no reset of the kWh counter is desired.
[1]		Select <i>Reset</i> [1] and press [OK] to reset the kWh counter to zero (see <i>15-02 kWh Counter</i>).

NOTE

The reset is carried out by pressing [OK].

15-07 Reset Running Hours Counter				
Option:		Function:		
[0] *	Do not reset			
[1]	Reset counter	Select Reset [1] and press [OK] to reset the		
		Running Hours counter to zero (see		
		15-01 Running Hours). This parameter cannot		
		be selected via the serial port, RS-485.		
		Select Do not reset [0] if no reset of the		
		Running Hours counter is desired.		

3.16.2 15-1* Data Log Settings

The Data Log enables continuous logging of up to 4 data sources (*15-10 Logging Source*) at individual rates (*15-11 Logging Interval*). A trigger event (*15-12 Trigger Event*) and window (*15-14 Samples Before Trigger*) are used to start and stop the logging conditionally.

15-10	Logging Source		
Array [4]			
Option: Function:			
		Select which variables are to be logged.	
[0] *	None		
[1472]	Legacy Alarm Word		
[1473]	Legacy Warning Word		
[1474]	Leg. Ext. Status Word		
[1600]	Control Word		
[1601]	Reference [Unit]		
[1602]	Reference %		
[1603]	Status Word		
[1610]	Power [kW]		
[1611]	Power [hp]		
[1612]	Motor Voltage		
[1613]	Frequency		
[1614]	Motor Current		
[1616]	Torque [Nm]		
[1617]	Speed [RPM]		
[1618]	Motor Thermal		
[1621]	Torque [%] High Res.		
[1622]	Torque [%]		
[1625]	Torque [Nm] High		
[1630]	DC Link Voltage		
[1632]	Brake Energy /s		
[1633]	Brake Energy /2 min		
[1634]	Heatsink Temp.		
[1635]	Inverter Thermal		
[1650]	External Reference		
[1651]	Pulse Reference		
[1652]	Feedback [Unit]		
[1657]	Feedback [RPM]		
[1660]	Digital Input		
[1662]	Analog Input 53		
[1664]	Analog Input 54		

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15-10 Logging Source			
Array	Array [4]		
Optio	n:	Function:	
[1665]	Analog Output 42 [mA]		
[1666]	Digital Output [bin]		
[1675]	Analog In X30/11		
[1676]	Analog In X30/12		
[1677]	Analog Out X30/8 [mA]		
[1690]	Alarm Word		
[1692]	Warning Word		
[1694]	Ext. Status Word		
[1860]	Digital Input 2		
[3110]	Bypass Status Word		
[3470]	MCO Alarm Word 1		
[3471]	MCO Alarm Word 2		

15-11 Logging Interval			
Range:		Function:	
Application	[Application	Enter the interval in	
dependent*	dependant]	milliseconds between each	
		sampling of the variables to	
		be logged.	

15-12 Trigger Event

Select the trigger event. When the trigger event occurs, a window
is applied to freeze the log. The log will then retain a specified
percentage of samples before the occurrence of the trigger event
(15-14 Samples Before Trigger).

Option:		Function:
[0] *	False	
[1]	True	
[2]	Running	
[3]	In range	
[4]	On reference	
[5]	Torque limit	
[6]	Current limit	
[7]	Out of current range	
[8]	Below I low	
[9]	Above I high	
[10]	Out of speed range	
[11]	Below speed low	
[12]	Above speed high	
[13]	Out of feedb. range	
[14]	Below feedb. low	
[15]	Above feedb. high	
[16]	Thermal warning	
[17]	Mains out of range	
[18]	Reversing	
[19]	Warning	
[20]	Alarm (trip)	
[21]	Alarm (trip lock)	
[22]	Comparator 0	
[23]	Comparator 1	
[24]	Comparator 2	

15-12 Trigger Event

Select the trigger event. When the trigger event occurs, a window is applied to freeze the log. The log will then retain a specified percentage of samples before the occurrence of the trigger event (15-14 Samples Before Trigger).

Option:		Function:
[25]	Comparator 3	
[26]	Logic rule 0	
[27]	Logic rule 1	
[28]	Logic rule 2	
[29]	Logic rule 3	
[33]	Digital input DI18	
[34]	Digital input DI19	
[35]	Digital input DI27	
[36]	Digital input DI29	
[37]	Digital input DI32	
[38]	Digital input DI33	
[50]	Comparator 4	
[51]	Comparator 5	
[60]	Logic rule 4	
[61]	Logic rule 5	

15-13 Logging Mode

Option:		Function:		
[0] *	Log always	Select Log always [0] for continuous		
		logging.		
[1]	Log once o	on Select Log once on trigger [1] to		
	trigger	conditionally start and stop logging using		
		15-12 Trigger Event and 15-14 Samples Before		
		Trigger.		
15-	15-14 Samples Before Trigger			
Range: Function:		Function:		
50*	[0 - 100]	Enter the percentage of all samples prior to a		
		trigger event which are to be retained in the log.		

See also 15-12 Trigger Event and 15-13 Logging

3.16.3 15-2* Historic Log

Mode.

View up to 50 logged data items via the array parameters in this parameter group. For all parameters in the group, [0] is the most recent data and [49] the oldest data. Data is logged every time an *event* occurs (not to be confused with SLC events). *Events* in this context are defined as a change in one of the following areas:

- 1. Digital input
- 2. Digital outputs (not monitored in this SW release)
- 3. Warning word
- 4. Alarm word
- 5. Status word

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- 6. Control word
- 7. Extended status word

Events are logged with value, and time stamp in msec. The time interval between two events depends on how often *events* occur (maximum once every scan time). Data logging is continuous but if an alarm occurs, the log is saved and the values can be viewed on the display. This feature is useful, for example when carrying out service following a trip. View the historic log contained in this parameter via the serial communication port or via the display.

15-20 Historic Log: Event			
Array [Array [50]		
Range:		Function:	
0 N/A*	[0 - 255 N/A]	View the event type of the logged events.	

15-21 Historic Log: Value				
Array [50]				
Range:		Function:		
0 N/ A*	[0 - 2147483647 N/ A]	View the value of the logged event. Interpret the event values according to this table:		
		Digtal input	Decimal value. See 16-60 Digital Input for description after converting to binary value.	
		Digital output (not monitored in this SW release)	Decimal value. See 16-66 Digital Output [bin] for description after converting to binary value.	
		Warning word	Decimal value. See 16-92 Warning Word for description.	
		Alarm word	Decimal value. See 16-90 Alarm Word for description.	
		Status word	Decimal value. See 16-03 Status Word for description after converting to binary value.	
		Control word	Decimal value. See 16-00 Control Word for description.	
		Extended status word	Decimal value. See 16-94 Ext. Status Word for description.	

15-22 Historic Log: Time

A	Americ [50]		
Array	Array [50]		
Range:		Function:	
0 ms*	[0 - 2147483647	View the time at which the logged	
	ms]	event occurred. Time is measured in ms	
		since frequency converter start. The	
		max. value corresponds to approx. 24	
		days which means that the count will	
		restart at zero after this time period.	

3.16.4 15-3* Alarm Log

Parameters in this group are array parameters, where up to 10 fault logs can be viewed. [0] is the most recent logged data, and [9] the oldest. Error codes, values, and time stamp can be viewed for all logged data.

15-	15-30 Fault Log: Error Code				
Arr	Array [10]				
Rai	nge:	Function	:		
0*	0* [0 - 255] View the error code and look up its meaning in the <i>Troubleshooting</i> chapter of the FC 300 Design Guide.				
15-	-31 Alarn	n Log: Value	2		
Arr	ay [10]				
Rai	Range: Function:				
0 N	0 N/A* [-32767 - 32767 N/A]		View an extra description of the error. This parameter is mostly used in combination with alarm 38 'internal fault'.		
15-	-32 Alarn	n Log: Time			
Arr	Array [10]				
Rai	Range: Function:				
0 s*	[0 - 214	7483647 s]	View the time when the logged event occurred. Time is measured in seconds from frequency converter start-up.		

3.16.5 15-4* Drive Identification

Parameters containing read only information about the hardware and software configuration of the frequency converter.

15-40 FC Type		
Range:		Function:
0*	[0 - 0]	View the FC type. The read-out is identical to the FC
		300 Series power field of the type code definition,
		characters 1-6.

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15-41 Power Section			
Range: Function:			
0* [0 - 0] View the FC type. The read-out is identical to the FC 300 Series power field of the type code definition, characters 7-10.			
15-42 Voltage			
Range: Function:			
0* [0 - 0] View the FC type. The read-out is identical to the FC 300 Series power field of the type code definition, characters 11-12.			
15-43 Software Version			
Range: Function:			
0 N/A* [0 - 0 N/A] View the combined SW version (or 'package version') consisting of power SW and control SW.			
15-44 Ordered Typecode String			
Range: Function:			
0 N/A* [0 - 0 N/A] View the type code string used for re- ordering the frequency converter in its original configuration.			
15-45 Actual Typecode String			
Range: Function:			
0 N/A* [0 - 0 N/A] View the actual type code string.			
15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No			
Range: Function:			
0 N/A* [0 - 0 N/A] View the 8-digit ordering number used for re-ordering the frequency converter in its original configuration.			
15-47 Power Card Ordering No			
Range: Function:			
0 N/A* [0 - 0 N/A] View the power card ordering number.			
15-48 LCP ld No			
15-48 LCP Id No Range: Function:			
Range: Function: 0 N/A* [0 - 0 N/A] View the LCP ID number. 15-49 SW ID Control Card			
Range: Function: 0 N/A* [0 - 0 N/A] View the LCP ID number. 15-49 SW ID Control Card Range: Function:			
Range: Function: 0 N/A* [0 - 0 N/A] View the LCP ID number. 15-49 SW ID Control Card			
Range: Function: 0 N/A* [0 - 0 N/A] View the LCP ID number. 15-49 SW ID Control Card Range: Function: 0 N/A* [0 - 0 N/A] View the control card software version			
Range: Function: 0 N/A* [0 - 0 N/A] View the LCP ID number. 15-49 SW ID Control Card Range: Function: 0 N/A* [0 - 0 N/A] View the control card software version number.			
Range: Function: 0 N/A* [0 - 0 N/A] View the LCP ID number. 15-49 SW ID Control Card Range: Function: 0 N/A* [0 - 0 N/A] View the control card software version number. 15-50 SW ID Power Card			

15-51 Frequency Converter Serial Number				
Range: Function:				
0 N/A*	[0 - 0 N/A]	I/A] View the frequency converter serial number.		
15-53 Power Card Serial Number				
Range: Function:				
0 N/A*	[0 - 0 N/A]	N/A] View the power card serial number.		
	1			
15-59	CSIV Filenai	ne		
Range: Function:				
Applicat	tion [0 - 0] Shows the currently used CSIV			
dependent*			(Costumer Specific Initial Values)	
			filename.	

3.16.6 15-6* Option Ident.

This read-only parameter group contains information about the hardware and software configuration of the options installed in slots A, B, C0 and C1.

15-60 Option Mounted			
Range:		Function:	
0 N/A*	[0 - 0 N/A	View the installed option type.	
15-61	Option SW V	/ersion	
Range:		Function:	
0 N/A*	[0 - 0 N/A]	View the installed option software version.	
15-62 Option Ordering No			
13-02			
Range:		Function:	
0 N/A*	[0 - 0 N/A]	Shows the ordering number for the installed	
		options.	
15-63 Option Serial No			
Range:		Function:	
0 N/A*	[0 - 0 N/A]	View the installed option serial number.	

3.16.7 15-9* Parameter Info

15-92 Defined Parameters			
Array [1000]			
Range	:	Function:	
0 N/A*	[0 - 9999 N/A]	View a list of all defined parameters in the frequency converter. The list ends with 0.	

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15-	15-93 Modified Parameters			
Arra	Array [1000]			
Rar	nge:		Function:	
0 N/	A* [0 - 9 A]	9999 N/	View a list of the parameters that have been changed from their default setting. The list ends with 0. Changes may not be visible until up to 30 seconds after implemen- tation.	
15-99 Parameter Metadata				
Array [30]				
Range: Function:				
0*	[0 - 9999	-	parameter contains data used by the £10 software tool.	



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3.17 Parameters: 16-** Data Read-outs

3.17.1 16-0* General Status

16-00 Control Word		
Range	:	Function:
0 N/A*	[0 - 65535 N/A]	View the Control word sent from the frequency converter via the serial communication port in hex code.
16-01	Reference [Unit]	1

Range:		Function:
0.000 Reference-	[-999999.000 -	View the present
FeedbackUnit*	999999.000	reference value applied
	ReferenceFeed-	on impulse or analog
	backUnit]	basis in the unit
		resulting from the
		configuration selected in
		1-00 Configuration Mode
		(Hz, Nm or RPM).

16-02 Reference [%]			
Range	2:	Function:	
0.0 %*	[-200.0 - 200.0	View the total reference. The total	
	%]	reference is the sum of digital, analog,	
		preset, bus, and freeze references, plus	
		catch-up and slow-down.	

16-03 Status Word			
:	Function:		
[0 - 65535 N/A]	View the Status word sent from the		
	frequency converter via the serial		
	communication port in hex code.		
	: [0 - 65535 N/A]		

16-05 Main Actual Value [%]			
Range:		Function:	
0.00 %*	[-100.00 - 100.00 %]	View the two-byte word sent with the Status word to the bus Master reporting the Main Actual Value.	

16-09 Custom Readout			
Range:		Function:	
0.00 CustomRea- doutUnit* [0.00 - 0.00 CustomRea- doutUnit] CustomRea- doutUnit]		View the value of custom readout from 0-30 Unit for User-defined Readout to 0-32 Custom Readout Max Value	

3.17.2 16-1* Motor Status

16-10 Power [kW]				
Range: Functio		Function:		
0.00 kW*	[0.00 - 10000.00 kW]	Displays motor power in kW. The value shown is calculated on the basis of the actual motor voltage and motor current. The value is filtered, and therefore approx 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data read-out values change. The resolution of read-out value of fieldbus is in 10 W steps.		
16-11	Power [hp]			
Range	:	Function:		
0.00 hp*	[0.00 - 10000.00 hp]	View the motor power in HP. The value shown is calculated on the basis of the actual motor voltage and motor current. The value is filtered, and therefore approx- imately 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data read-out values change.		
16-12	Motor Voltag	le		
Range	:	Function:		
0.0 V* [0.0 - 6000.0 V] View the motor voltage, a calculated value used for controlling the motor.				
16-13	Frequency			
Range	:	Function:		
0.0 Hz*	0.0 Hz* [0.0 - 6500.0 Hz] View the motor frequency, without resonance dampening.			
16-14	Motor Currer	nt		
Range	:	Function:		
0.00 A*	[0.00 - 10000.00 A]	View the motor current measured as a mean value, IRMS. The value is filtered, and thus approximately 30 ms may pass from when an input value changes to when the data read-out values change.		
16-15	Frequency [9	6]		
Range	:	Function:		
0.00 %*	[-100.00 - 100.00 %]	View a two-byte word reporting the actual motor frequency (without resonance dampening) as a percentage (scale 0000-4000 Hex) of <i>4-19 Max Output</i> <i>Frequency</i> . Set <i>9-16 PCD Read Configuration</i> index 1 to send it with the Status Word instead of the MAV.		

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16-16	16-16 Torque [Nm]			
Range	2:	Function:		
0.0	[-3000.0 -	View the torque value with sign, applied to the		
Nm*	3000.0	motor shaft. Linearity is not exact between		
	Nm]	160% motor current and torque in relation to		
		the rated torque. Some motors supply more		
		than 160% torque. Consequently, the min.		
		value and the max. value will depend on the		
		max. motor current as well as the motor used.		
		The value is filtered, and thus approx. 30 ms		
		may pass from when an input changes value		
		to when the data read-out values change.		

16-17 Speed [RPM]			
Range	1	Function:	
0 RPM*	[-30000 - 30000 RPM]	View the actual motor RPM. In open loop or closed loop process control the motor RPM is estimated. In speed closed loop modes the motor RPM is measured.	

16-18 Motor Thermal			
Rang	ge:	Function:	
0 %*	[0 - 100 %]	View the calculated thermal load on the	
		motor. The cut-out limit is 100%. The basis for	
		calculation is the ETR function selected in	
		1-90 Motor Thermal Protection.	

16-19 KTY sensor temperature

Range:		Function:
0 C*	[0 - 0 C]	Returning the actual temperature on KTY sensor
		buil into the motor.
		See par. 1-9*.

16-20 Motor Angle

Range:		Function:
0*	[0 - 65535]	View the current encoder/resolver angle offset
		relative to the index position. The value range of
		0-65535 corresponds to 0-2*pi (radians).

16-21 Torque [%] High Res.

Range:		Function:
0.0 %*	[-200.0 - 200.0	The value shown is the torque in
%]		percent of nominal torque, with sign
		and 0.1% resolution, applied to the
		motor shaft.

16-2	16-22 Torque [%]			
Rang	ge:	Function:		
0 %*	[-200 - 200 %]	Value shown is the torque in percent of nominal torque, with sign, applied to the motor shaft.		

16-25 Torque [Nm] High

10 23	rorque [rim] riigh		
Range	:	Function:	
0.0	[-200000000.0 -	View the torque value with sign,	
Nm*	200000000.0 Nm]	applied to the motor shaft. Some	
		motors supply more than 160% torque.	
		Consequently, the min. value and the	
		max. value will depend on the max.	
		motor current as well as the motor	
		used. This specific readout has been	
		adapted to be able to show higher	
		values than the standard readout in	
		16-16 Torque [Nm].	

3.17.3 16-3* Drive Status

16-30 DC Link Voltage				
Range:		Function:		
0 V* [0 - 10000 V] Vie			/iew a measured value. The value is filtered with an 30 ms time constant.	
16-32 Br	ake Ener	gy /s		
Range:			Function:	
0.000 kW* [0.000 - 10000.000 kW]		10000.000	 View the brake power transmitted to an external brake resistor, stated as an instan- taneous value. 	
16-33 Br	ake Ener	gy /2 mir		
Range:			Function:	
0.000 kW* [0.000 - 10000.000 kW]			View the brake power transmitted to an external brake resistor. The mean power is calculated on an average basis for the most recent 120 seconds.	
			120 seconds.	
16-34 He	eatsink Te	emp.	120 seconds.	
16-34 He Range:		emp. Function:		
Range:	255 C] V	Function: 'iew the fr emperatur		
Range:	255 C] V ti t	Function: 'iew the fr emperatur he motor	equency converter heatsink e. The cut-out limit is 90 ± 5 °C, and	
Range: 0 C* [0 -	255 C] V ti t	Function: 'iew the fr emperatur he motor	equency converter heatsink e. The cut-out limit is 90 \pm 5 °C, and cuts back in at 60 \pm 5 °C.	
Range: 0 C* [0 - 16-35 In Range: []	255 C] V ti t	Function: 'iew the fr emperatur he motor of ermal Functio	equency converter heatsink e. The cut-out limit is 90 \pm 5 °C, and cuts back in at 60 \pm 5 °C.	
Range: 0 C* [0 - 16-35 In Range: []	255 C] V t t verter Th - 100 %]	Function: liew the fr emperatur he motor ermal Functio View the	equency converter heatsink e. The cut-out limit is 90 \pm 5 °C, and cuts back in at 60 \pm 5 °C. n :	
Range: 0 C* [0 - 16-35 In Range: 0 %* [0	255 C] V t t verter Th - 100 %]	Function: liew the fr emperatur he motor ermal Functio View the	equency converter heatsink e. The cut-out limit is 90 \pm 5 °C, and cuts back in at 60 \pm 5 °C. n :	

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16-37 Inv. Max. Current				
Range:		Function:		
Application	[0.01 -	View the inverter maximum		
dependent*	10000.00 A]	current, which should match the		
		nameplate data on the		
		connected motor. The data are		
		used for calculation of torque,		
		motor protection, etc.		
16-38 SL Con	troller State			
Range:	Function:			
0* [0 - 100]	View the state of	the event under execution by the		
	SL controller.			
16-39 Contro	Card Temp.			
Range:	Function:			
0 C* [0 - 100 ([] View the tem	perature on the control card,		
	stated in °C.			
16-40 Logging Buffer Full				
Option: Function:				
View	View whether the logging buffer is full (see parameter			
group 15-1*). The logging buffer will never		jing buffer will never be full when		
Option: Function:				
grou	group 15-1*). The logging buffer will never be full when			

15-13 Logging Mode is set to Log always [0].

[0 - 8] Value indicates source of current faults including short circuit, over current, and phase imbalance

16-52 Feedback [Unit]					
Range	Range:			Function:	
0.000 Re	ference- kUnit*	99999	nceFeed-	View the feedback unit resulting from the selection of unit and scaling in 3-00 Reference Range, 3-01 Reference/ Feedback Unit, 3-02 Minimum Reference and 3-03 Maximum Reference.	
16-53	Digi Pot R	eferen	ce		
Range	:		Function:		
0.00* [-200.00 - 200.00]				tribution of the Digital er to the actual reference.	
16-57	16-57 Feedback [RPM]				
Range	Range: Function:				
0 RPM*	[-30000 - 30000 RPM		•	neter where the actual In the feed-back source can	

par. 7-00.

be read in both closed loop and open loop. The feed-back source is selected by

3.17.4 16-5* Ref. & Feedb.

16-49 Current Fault Source

Function:

(from left): 1-4 Inverter 5-8 Rectifier 0 No fault recorded

[0] * No Yes

Range: 0*

[1]

16-	16-50 External Reference			
Range:		Function:		
0.0*	[-200.0 - 200.0]	View the total reference, the sum of digital, analog, preset, bus and freeze references, plus catch-up and slow-down.		

16-:	16-51 Pulse Reference			
Range:		Function:		
0.0*	[-200.0 -	View the reference value from programmed		
	200.0]	digital input(s). The read-out can also reflect		
		the impulses from an incremental encoder.		



3.17.5 16-6* Inputs and Outputs

9 I/O term. X30/4					
9 I/O term. X30/3					
9 I/O term. X30/2	16	5-66	Digital	0ι	utput
ture terminals	Ra	inge	:	F	uncti
	0*	[0) - 15]	Vi	ew th
130BA894.10			Pulse li	np	ut #2
130		I/A*	[0 - 13	000	00 N//
4 3					
2 13	16	5-68	Freq. Ir	npi	ut #33
11 9	Ra	inge	:		Fun
9 7 5 3	0*	[0	- 130000)]	View
3					at to

Opt	ion:	Function:
		View the setting of input terminal 53. Current =
		0; Voltage = 1.
[0] *	Current	
[1]	Voltage	
[2]	Pt 1000 [°C]	
[3]	Pt 1000 [°F]	
[4]	Ni 1000 [°C]	
[5]	Ni 1000 [°F]	

16-62	Analog Input 53	
Range	:	Function:
0.000*	[-20.000 - 20.000]	View the actual value at input 53.

16-6	16-63 Terminal 54 Switch Setting			
Option:		Function:		
		View the setting of input terminal 54. Current = 0; Voltage = 1.		
[0] *	Current			

16-6	53 Termina	I 54 Switch Setting		
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[1]	Voltage			
[2]	Pt 1000 [°C]			
[3]	Pt 1000 [°F]			
[4]	Ni 1000 [°C]			
[5]	Ni 1000 [°F]			
16-6	54 Analog I	nput 54		
Ran	ge:	Function:		
0.000	* [-20.000	- 20.000] View the actual value at input 54.		
16-6	5 Analog (Output 42 [mA]		
Ran		Function:		
0.000	* [0.000 - 3	30.000] View the actual value at output 42 in		
		mA. The value shown reflects the		
		selection in 6-50 Terminal 42 Output.		
16-6	56 Digital C	Dutput [bin]		
Ran	ge:	Function:		
0*	[0 - 15] \	/iew the binary value of all digital outputs.		
16-6	57 Pulse Inj	out #29 [Hz]		
Ran	ge:	Function:		
0 N/A	A* [0 - 130	000 N/A] View the actual frequency rate on		
		terminal 29.		
16-6	58 Freq. Inp	but #33 [Hz]		
Ran	ge:	Function:		
0*	[0 - 130000]	View the actual value of the frequency applied		
		at terminal 33 as an impulse input.		
16-6	59 Pulse Ou	ıtput #27 [Hz]		
Ran	ge:	Function:		
0*	[0 - 40000]	View the actual value of pulses applied to		
		terminal 27 in digital output mode.		
16-7	16-70 Pulse Output #29 [Hz]			
Ran	ge:	Function:		
0*	[0 - 40000]	View the actual value of pulses at terminal 29 in		
		digital output mode.		
		This parameter is available for FC 302 only.		

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Parameter Descriptions

FC 300 Programming Guide

16-71	Relay Output [bi	n]
Range:		Function:
0 N/A*	[0 - 511 N/A]	View the settings of all relays. Readout choice (Par. 16-71): Relay output (bin): 0 0 0 0 0 bin OptionB card relay 09 OptionB card relay 08 OptionB card relay 07 Power card relay 02
		Power card relay 01

16	16-72 Counter A			
Range:		Function:		
0*	[-2147483648 -	View the present value of Counter A.		
	2147483647]	Counters are useful as comparator		
		operands, see 13-10 Comparator Operand.		
		The value can be reset or changed either via		
		digital inputs (par. group 5-1*) or by using		
		an SLC action (13-52 SL Controller Action).		

16	16-73 Counter B			
Range:		Function:		
0*	[-2147483648 -	View the present value of Counter B.		
	2147483647]	Counters are useful as comparator operands		
		(13-10 Comparator Operand).		
		The value can be reset or changed either via		
		digital inputs (par. group 5-1*) or by using		
		an SLC action (13-52 SL Controller Action).		

16-74 Prec. Stop Counter				
Range:		Functior	Function:	
0* [0 - 21	47483647]		e actual counter value of precise	
		counter (<i>I</i>	-84 Precise Stop Counter Value).	
16-75 An	alog In X30	0/11		
Range:			Function:	
0.000 N/A*	[-20.000 -	20.000 N/	View the actual value at input	
	A]		X30/11 of MCB 101.	
16-76 An	alog In X30	0/12		
Range:			Function:	
0.000 N/A*	[-20.000 -	20.000 N/	View the actual value at input	
	A]		X30/12 of MCB 101.	
16-77 An	16-77 Analog Out X30/8 [mA]			
Range:			Function:	
0.000 N/A*	[0.000 - 30	0.000 N/A]	View the actual value at input	
			X30/8 in mA.	

16-78	16-78 Analog Out X45/1 [mA]			
Range:		Function:		
1		View the actual value at output X45/1. The value shown reflects the selection in <i>6-70 Terminal X45/1 Output</i> .		
16-79	Analog Out X45	/3 [mA]		
16-79 Range	<u> </u>	/3 [mA] Function:		

3.17.6 16-8* Fieldbus & FC Port

Parameters for reporting the BUS references and control words.

16-80	16-80 Fieldbus CTW 1		
Range	:	Function:	
0 N/A*	[0 - 65535 N/A]	View the two-byte Control word (CTW) received from the Bus-Master. Interpretation of the Control word depends on the fieldbus option installed and the Control word profile selected in <i>8-10 Control Profile</i> . For more information please refer to the relevant fieldbus manual.	
16-82	Fieldbus RE	F 1	
Range	:	Function:	
0 N/A*	[-200 - 200 N/A]	View the two-byte word sent with the control word form the Bus-Master to set the reference value. For more information please refer to the relevant fieldbus manual.	
16-84	Comm. Opt	ion STW	
Range	:	Function:	
0 N/A*	[0 - 65535 N	 View the extended fieldbus comm. option status word. For more information please refer to the relevant fieldbus manual. 	
16-85	FC Port CTV	V 1	
Range		Function:	
0 N/A*	[0 - 65535 N A]	/ View the two-byte Control word (CTW) received from the Bus-Master. Interpre- tation of the control word depends on the fieldbus option installed and the Control word profile selected in 8-10 Control Profile.	

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16-86	FC Port REF 1		
Range	:	Function:	
0 N/A*	[-200 - 200 N/A]	View the two-byte Status word (STW) sent to the Bus-Master. Interpretation of the Status word depends on the fieldbus option installed and the Control word profile selected in <i>8-10 Control Profile</i> .	

3.17.7 16-9* Diagnosis Read-Outs

16-90	Alarm Word	
Range	:	Function:
0 N/A*	[0 - 4294967295 N/A]	View the alarm word sent via the serial communication port in hex code.
16-91	Alarm Word 2	
Range	e: Function:	

	nange.		i unction.
1	0*	[0 - 4294967295]	View the alarm word sent via the serial
			communication port in hex code.

16-92	Warning	Word

Range	:	Function:
0 N/A*	[0 - 4294967295 N/A]	View the warning word sent via
		the serial communication port in
		hex code.

16-93	Warning	Word 2

	Range:		Function:
ſ	0*	[0 - 4294967295]	View the warning word sent via the serial
			communication port in hex code.

16-94 Ext. Status Word

Range:		inge:	Function:
()*	[0 - 4294967295]	Returns the extended warning word sent via the serial communication port in hex code.

16-9	95 Ext			
Ran	Range: Function			
0 N/#	0 N/A* [0 - 4294967295 N/A]		Returns the extended warning word 2 sent via the serial communication port in hex code.	
16-9	16-96 Maintenance Word			
Ran	ge:	Function:		
0 N/A	/ *	[0 - 4294967295 N/A]		



3.18 Parameters: 17-** Motor Feedb. Option

Additional parameters to configure the Encoder (MCB 102) or the Resolver (MCB 103) Feedback Option.

3.18.1 17-1* Inc. Enc. Interface

Parameters in this group configure the incremental interface of the MCB 102 option. Note that both the incremental and absolute interfaces are active at the same time.

17-10 Signal Type

Select the incremental type (A/B channel) of the encoder in use. Find the information on the encoder data sheet. Select *None* [0] if the feedback sensor is an absolute encoder only.

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

Option:		Function:
[0]	None	
[1] *	RS422 (5V TTL)	
[2]	Sinusoidal 1Vpp	

17-11	17-11 Resolution (PPR)			
Rang	e:	Function:		
1024*	[10 - 10000]	Enter the resolution of the incremental		
		track, i.e. the number of pulses or periods		
		per revolution.		
		This parameter cannot be adjusted while		
		the motor is running.		

3.18.2 17-2* Abs. Enc. Interface

Parameters in this group configure the absolute interface of the MCB 102 option. Note that both the incremental and absolute interfaces are active at the same time.

17-20 Protocol Selection

Select *HIPERFACE* [1] if the encoder is absolute only. Select *None* [0] if the feedback sensor is an incremental encoder

only. This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

Option:		Function:
[0] *	None	
[1]	HIPERFACE	
[2]	EnDat	
[4]	SSI	

17-21 Resolution (Positions/Rev)

Select the resolution of the absolute encoder, i.e. the number of counts per revolution.

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running. The value depends on setting in *17-20 Protocol Selection*.

Range:		Function:
Application	[Application	
dependent*	dependant]	

Range: F		Function:		
13*	[13 - 25]	Set the number of	bits for the SSI telegram.	
		Choose 13 bits for s	single-turn encoders and 25	
		bits for multi-turn encoder.		
17-	17-25 Clock Rate			
Rar	nge:	Function:		
Арр	lication	[Application	Set the SSI clock rate. With	
dependent*		dependant]	long encoder cables the	
			clock rate must be reduced.	
17-	17-26 SSI Data Format			
Op	tion:	Function:		

Opt	ion:	Function:
[0] *	Gray code	
[1]	Binary code	Set the data format of the SSI data. Choose
		between Gray or Binary format.

17-34 HIPERFACE Baudrate

17-24 SSI Data Length

Select the baud rate of the attached encoder.

This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running. The parameter is only accessible when *17-20 Protocol Selection* is set to HIPERFACE [1].

Option:		Function:
[0]	600	
[1]	1200	
[2]	2400	
[3]	4800	
[4] *	9600	
[5]	19200	
[6]	38400	

3.18.3 17-5* Resolver Interface

Par. group 17-5* is used for setting parameters for the MCB 103 Resolver Option.

Usually the resolver feedback is used as motor feedback from Permanent Magnet motors with *1-01 Motor Control Principle* set to Flux with motor feedback.

Resolver parameters cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

17-50 Poles				
Range	e:	Funct	ion:	
2* [2	2 - 2]	Set the	e number of poles on the resolver.	
		The va	lue is stated in the data sheet for resolvers.	
17-51	17-51 Input Voltage			
Range	Range: Function:			
7.0 V*	[2.0	- 8.0 V]	Set the input voltage to the resolver. The	
			voltage is stated as RMS value.	
			The value is stated in the data sheet for	
			resolvers	



17-52 Input Frequency					
Ran	ige:			Function:	
10.0	kHz*	[2.0 - 15.0 kHz]			requency to the resolver. ated in the data sheet for
17-:	53 Tı	ransfor	mation R	latio	
Ran	ige:		Functio	on:	
0.5*	[0.1	- 1.1]	1.1] Set the transformation ratio for the resolver. The transformation ration is: $T_{ratio} = \frac{V_{Out}}{V_{In}}$ The value is stated in the data sheet for resolvers.		
17-56 Encoder Sim. Resolution					
Set the resolution and activate the encoder emulation function (generation of encoder signals from the measured position from a resolver). Needed when necessary to transfer the speed or position information from one drive to another. To disable the function, select [0].					
Option: Function:					
[0] *			Disabled		
[1]			512		
[2]			1024		
[3]			2048		

17-59 Resolver Interface				
103 resolver option whe	en the resolver			
elected.				
to resolvers 17-50 Poles	– 17-53 Transformation			
Ratio must be adjusted before activating this parameter.				
Option: Function:				
Disabled				
Enabled				
	103 resolver option whe elected. to resolvers <i>17-50 Poles</i> justed before activating Disabled			

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[4]

3.18.4 17-6* Monitoring and Application

This par. group is for selecting additional functions when MCB 102 Encoder option or MCB 103 Resolver option is fitted into option slot B as speed feedback.

Monitoring and Application parameters cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

17-60 Feedback Direction			
Change the detected encoder rotation direction without changing			
the wiring to the	the wiring to the encoder.		
This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.			
Option: Function:			
[0] *	Clockwise		

[0] *	Clockwise	
[1]	Counter clockwise	

17-61 Feedback Signal Monitoring

Select which reaction the frequency converter should take in case a faulty encoder signal is detected.

The encoder function in *17-61 Feedback Signal Monitoring* is an electrical check of the hardware circuit in the encoder system.

Option:		Function:
[0]	Disabled	
[1] *	Warning	
[2]	Trip	
[3]	Jog	
[4]	Freeze Output	
[5]	Max Speed	
[6]	Switch to Open Loop	
[7]	Select Setup 1	
[8]	Select Setup 2	
[9]	Select Setup 3	
[10]	Select Setup 4	
[11]	stop & trip	

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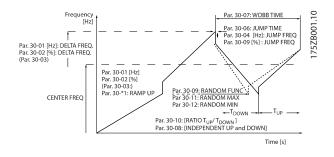
3.19 Parameters: 18-** Data Readouts 2

18-36 Analog Input X48/2 [mA]		
Range:	Function:	
0.000* [-20.000	- 20.000] View the actual c input X48/2.	urrent measured at
18-37 Temp. lr	nput X48/4	
Range:	Function:	
0* [-500 - 500]	View the actual temperatur X48/4. The temperature un selection in par. 35-00.	
18-38 Temp. lr	nput X48/7	
Range:	Function:	
0* [-500 - 500]	View the actual temperatur X48/7. The temperature un selection in par. 35-02.	
18-39 Temp. lr	nput X48/10	
Range:	Function:	
0* [-500 - 500]	View the actual temperatur X48/10. The temperature un selection in par. 35-04.	
18-60 Digital lı Range:	nput 2 Function:	
-	View the signal states from inputs. '0' = no signal, '1' =	-
18-90 Process	PID Error	
Range:		Function:
0.0 %* [-2	00.0 - 200.0 %]	
18-91 Process PID Output		
Range:		Function:
0.0 %* [-200.0 - 200.0 %]		
18-92 Process PID Clamped Output		
Range:		Function:
Range: 0.0 %* [-2	00.0 - 200.0 %]	Function:
Range: 0.0 %* [-2	00.0 - 200.0 %] PID Gain Scaled Output	
Range: 0.0 %* [-2 18-93 Process Range: [-2	-	Function: Function:

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3.20 Parameters: 30-** Special Features3.20.1 30-0* Wobble Function

The wobble function is primarily used for synthetic yarn winding applications. The wobble option is to be installed in the frequency converter controlling the traverse drive. The traverse drive frequency converter will move the yarn back and forth in a diamond pattern across the surface of the yarn package. To prevent a buildup of yarn at the same points at the surface, this pattern must be altered. The wobble option can accomplish this by continuously varying the traverse velocity in a programmable cycle. The wobble function is created by superimposing a delta frequency around a center frequency. To compensate for the inertia in the system a quick frequency jump can be included. Especially suitable for elastic yarn applications the option features a randomized wobble ratio.



30-00 Wobble Mode				
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		The standard speed open loop mode in par. 1-00 is extended with a wobble function . In this parameter it is possible to select which method to be used for the wobbler. The frequency parameters can be set as absolute values (direct frequencies) or as relative values (percentage of other parameter) . The wobble cycle time can be set as an absolute alue or as independent up- and down times. When using an absolute cycle time, the up- and down times are configured through the wobble ratio.		
[0] *	Abs. Freq., Abs. Time			
[1]	Abs. Freq., Up/ Down Time			
[2]	Rel. Freq., Abs. Time			
[3]	Rel. Freq., Up/ Down Time			
NI	NOTE			

NOTE

This parameter can be set while running.

NOTE

The setting of "Center Frequency" takes place via the normal reference handling parameters, 3-1*

30-01	30-01 Wobble Delta Frequency [Hz]		
Range	:	Function:	
5.0	[0.0 -	The delta frequency is determining the	
Hz*	25.0 Hz]	magnitude of the wobble frequency. The delta	
		frequency is superimposed on the center	
		frequency. Parameter 30-01 is selecting both the	
		positive and negative delta frequency. The	
		setting of parameter 30-01 must thus not be	
		higher than the setting of the center frequency.	
		The initial ramp up time from standstill until the	
	wobble sequence is running is determined		
		parameters 3-1*.	

30-02 Wobble Delta Frequency [%]

	• • • •		
Range	: Function:		
25 %*	[0 - 100 %]	The delta frequency can also be expressed as	
		percentage of the center frequency and can	
	thus be maximum 100%. The function is		
		same as for par. 30-01.	

30-03 Wobble Delta Freq. Scaling Resource

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select which drive input should be used to scale the delta frequency setting.
[0] *	No function	
[1]	Analog input 53	
[2]	Analog input 54	
[3]	Frequency input 29	FC 302 only
[4]	Frequency input 33	
[7]	Analog input X30/11	
[8]	Analog input X30/12	
[15]	Analog Input X48/2	

30-04 Wobble Jump Frequency [Hz]

Range:		Function:
0.0	[Application	The jump frequency is used to compensate
Hz*	dependant]	for the inertia in the traverse system. If a
		jump in the output frequency is required in
		the top and in the bottom of the wobble
		sequence, the frequency jump is set in this
		parameter. If the traverse system has a very
		high inertia a high jump frequency may
		create a torque limit warning or trip
		(warning/alarm 12) or an over voltage
		warning or trip (warning/alarm 7). This
		parameter can only be changed in stop-
		mode

30-05	30-05 Wobble Jump Frequency [%]			
Rang	e:	Fur	nction:	
0 %*	[0 - 100 %	perc	entage of th	ncy can also be expressed as e center frequency. The ame as for par. 30-04.
30-06	5 Wobble	Jump	Time	
Rang	e:			Function:
Applica depend		[Appl depend	lication dant]	This parameter determines the slope of the jump ramp at the max. and min. wobble frequency.
30-07	7 Wobble	Seque	nce Time	
Rang	e:		Function:	
10.0 s*	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c } s^{*} & [1.0 - 1000.0 \ s] & This parameter determines the wobble sequence period. This parameter can only be changed in stop-mode. Wobble time = t_{up} + t_{down} \end{array} $		period. This parameter can anged in stop-mode.	
30-08 Wobble Up/ Down Time				
Rang	e:		Function:	
5.0 s*	[0.1 - 100			individual up- and down ch wobble cycle.

30-09 Wobble Random Function

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Off	
[1]	On	

30-10 Wobble Ratio

Range:		Function:
1.0*	[Application	If the ratio 0.1 is selected: t_{down} is 10 times
	dependant]	greater than t _{up} .
		If the ratio 10 is selected: t_{up} is 10 times
		greater than t _{down} .

30-11 Wobble Random Ratio Max. Range: Function: 10.0* [Application dependant] Enter the maximum allowed wobble ratio. 30-12 Wobble Random Ratio Min. Range: Function:

C).1*	[Application dependant]	Enter the minimum allowed
			wobble ratio.

30-19 Wobble Delta Freq. Scaled

Range	Function:	
0.0 Hz*	[0.0 - 1000.0 Hz]	Readout parameter. View the actual
		wobble delta frequency after scaling
		has been applied.

3.20.2 30-2* Adv. Start Adjust

30-20	High Start	ing Torque	e Time [s]	
Range:		Func	tion:	
0.00 s*	[0.00 - 0.50 s] High starting torque time for PM-Motor in Flux mode without feedback. This		•	
		parameter is available for FC 302 only.		
30-21	High Start	ing Torque	e Current	[%]
Range:			Functio	n:
100.0 %	e [Applica dependar			ting torque current for r in Flux mode without
		feedback. This parameter is available for FC 302 only.		
30-22 Locked Rotor Protection				
				Flux mode without FC 302 only.
Option: Function:				
Option	:			Function:
Option [0] *	•	Off		Function:
•	:	Off On		Function:
[0] * [1]		•	ion Time	
[0] * [1] 30-23 Locked	Locked Rc Rotor Detec	On otor Detect	or PM-Mot	
[0] * [1] 30-23 Locked	Locked Rc Rotor Detec	On otor Detect	or PM-Mot	[5] or in Flux mode without

3.20.3 30-8* Compatibility

30-80 d-axis Inductance (Ld)			
Range:		Function:	
Application dependent*	[Application dependant]	Enter the value of the d-axis inductance. Obtain the value from the permanent magnet motor data sheet. The d-axis inductance cannot be found by performing an AMA.	
30-81 Brake I	Resistor (ohm)		
Range:		Function:	
Application dependent*	[Application dependant]	Set the brake resistor value in Ohms. This value is used for monitoring the power to the brake resistor in 2-13 Brake Power Monitoring. This parameter is only active in drives with an integral dynamic brake.	

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30-83 Speed PID Proportional Gain		
Function:		
[0.0000 -	Enter the speed controller	
1.0000]	proportional gain. Quick control	
	is obtained at high amplifi-	
	cation. However if amplification	
	is too great, the process may	
	become unstable.	
	[0.0000 -	

30-84 Process PID Proportional Gain		
Range	ge: Function:	
0.100*	[0.000 - 10.000]	Enter the process controller proportional gain. Quick control is obtained at high amplification. However if amplification is too great, the process may become unstable.

3.21 Parameters: 35-** Sensor Input Option

3.21.1 35-0* Temp. Input Mode (MCB 114)

35-00 Term.	X48/4	Temp. Unit	
Select the unit and readouts:	to be	used with temperat	ture input X48/4 settings
Option: Function:			
[60] *		°C	
[160]		°F	
[100]		<u> </u>	
35-01 Term.	X48/4	Input Type	
View the temp	erature	e sensor type detect	ed at input X48/4:
Option:			Function:
[0] *	Not C	Connected	
[1]	PT100	0 2-wire	
[3]	PT100	00 2-wire	
[5]	PT100	0 3-wire	
[7]	PT100	00 3-wire	
35-02 Term.	X48/7	' Temp. Unit	
Select the unit	to be	used with temperat	ture input X48/7 settings
and readouts:			
Option:			Function:
[60] *		°C	
[160]		°F	
25 02 T	X 40/7	land Trues	
	35-03 Term. X48/7 Input Type		
	erature	e sensor type detect	
Option:			Function:
[0] *		Connected	
[1]	-	0 2-wire	
[3]		00 2-wire	
[5]	-) 3-wire	
[7]		00 3-wire	
35-04 Term.	X48/1	0 Temp. Unit	
Select the unit	to be	used with temperat	ure input X48/10 settings
and readouts:			
Option:			Function:
[60] *		°C	
[160]		°F	
35-05 Term.	X48/1	0 Input Type	
			ted at input X48/10:
Option:	crucure	sensor type detect	Function:
[0] *	Not (Connected	
[1]		0 2-wire	
[3]		0 2-wire	
[5]		0 3-wire	
[7]		00 3-wire	
[7]	I PT100	00 3-wire	

35-06 Temperature Sensor Alarm Function			
Select the alarm function:			
Option: Function:			
[0]	Off		
[2]	Stop		
[5] *	Stop and trip		

3.21.2 35-1* Temp. Input X48/4 (MCB 114)

35-14 Term. X48/4 Filter Time Constant	35-1	4 Term	. X48/4	Filter	Time	Constant
--	------	--------	---------	--------	------	----------

Range:		Function:
0.001 s*	[0.001 -	Enter the filter time constant. This is a
	10.000 s]	first-order digital low pass filter time
		constant for suppressing electrical noise
		in terminal X48/4. A high time constant
		value improves dampening but also
		increases the time delay through the filter.

35-15 Term. X48/4 Temp. Monitor

This parameter gives the possibility of enabling or disabling the temperature monitor for terminal X48/4. The temperature limits can be set in par. 35-16 and par. 35-17.

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Disabled	
[1]	Enabled	

35-16 Term. X48/4 Low Temp. Limit

Range:	Function:		
Application	[Application	Enter the minimum	
dependent*	dependant]	temperature reading that is	
		expected for normal	
		operation of the	
		temperature sensor at	
		terminal X48/4.	

35-17 Term. X48/4 High Temp. Limit

Range:		Function:
Application	[Application	Enter the maximum
dependent*	dependant]	temperature reading that is
		expected for normal
		operation of the
		temperature sensor at
		terminal X48/4.

3.21.3 35-2* Temp. Input X48/7 (MCB 114)

35-24 Term. X48/7 Filter Time Constant		
Range: Function:		
0.001 s*	[0.001 -	Enter the filter time constant. This is a
	10.000 s]	first-order digital low pass filter time

Range:	Function:
	constant for suppressing electrical noise
	in terminal X48/7. A high time constant
	value improves dampening but also
	increases the time delay through the filter.

35-24 Term. X48/7 Filter Time Constant

35-25 Term. X48/7 Temp. Monitor

This parameter gives the possibility of enabling or disabling the temperature monitor for terminal X48/7. The temperature limits can be set in par. 35-26 and 35-27.

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Disabled	
[1]	Enabled	

35-26 Term. X48/7 Low Temp. Limit								
Range: Function:								
Application [Application En								
dependant]	temperature reading that is							
	expected for normal							
operation of the								
	temperature sensor at							
	terminal X48/7.							
	[Application							

35-27 Term. X48/7 High Temp. Limit								
Range: Function:								
Application	[Application	Enter the maximum						
dependent*	dependant] temperature reading that							
	expected for normal							
	operation of the							
	temperature sensor at							
		terminal X48/7.						

3.21.4 35-3* Temp. Input X48/10 (MCB 114)

35-34 Term. X48/10 Filter Time Constant							
Range: Function:							
0.001 s*	[0.001 - 10.000 s]	Enter the filter time constant. This is a first-order digital low pass filter time constant for suppressing electrical noise in terminal X48/10. A high time constant value improves dampening but also increases the time delay through the filter.					

35-35 Term. X48/10 Temp. Monitor

This parameter gives the possibility of enabling or disabling the temperature monitor for terminal X48/10. The temperature limits can be set in pars. 35-36/37.

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Disabled	
[1]	Enabled	

35-36 Term. X48/10 Low Temp. Limit									
Range:		Function:							
Application dependent*	[Application dependant]	Enter the minimum temperature reading that is expected for normal operation of the							
		temperature sensor at terminal X48/10.							
35-37 Term. X48/10 High Temp. Limit									
35-37 Term. X4	48/10 High Temp.	Limit							
35-37 Term. X4 Range:	48/10 High Temp.	Limit Function:							
	48/10 High Temp.								

3.21.5 35-4* Analog Input X48/2 (MCB 114)

35-42	Te	erm. X48/2 Low	Cur	rent			
Range	:		Fu	nction:			
4.00 mA*		[Application dependant]	Enter the current (mA) that corresponds to the low reference value, set in par. 35-44. The value must be set at > 2 mA in order to activate the Live Zero Time-out Function in par. 6-01.				
35-43	Τe	erm. X48/2 High	Cu	rrent			
Range: Function:							
20.00 mA* [Application dependant]			Enter the current (mA) that corresponds to the high reference value (set in par. 35-45).				
35-44	Te	erm. X48/2 Low	Ref.	/Feedb. Value			
Range	:		I	Function:			
0.000* [-999999.999 - 999999.999]		Enter the reference or feedback value (in RPM, Hz, bar, etc.) that corresponds to the voltage or current set in par. 35-42.					
35-45	Te	erm. X48/2 High	Ref	./Feedb. Value			
Range	:			Function:			
100.000		[-999999.999 - 999999.999]		Enter the reference or feedback value (in RPM, Hz, bar, etc.) that corresponds to the voltage or			

current set in par. 35-43.

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35-46	35-46 Term. X48/2 Filter Time Constant									
Range:	ange: Function:									
0.001 s*	[0.001 -	Enter the filter time constant. This is a								
	10.000 s]	first-order digital low pass filter time								
	constant for suppressing electrical nois									
		in terminal X48/2. A high time constant								
		value improves dampening but also								
		increases the time delay through the filter.								

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4 Parameter Lists

<u>FC Series</u> All = valid for FC 301 and FC 302 series 01 = valid for FC 301 only 02 = valid for FC 302 only

Changes during operation

"TRUE" means that the parameter can be changed while the frequency converter is in operation and "FALSE" means that the frequency converter must be stopped before a change can be made.

4-Set-up

'All set-ups': the parameter can be set individually in each of the four set-ups, i. e. one single parameter can have four different data values.

'1 set-up': data value will be the same in all set-ups.

Conversion index

This number refers to a conversion figure used when writing or reading by means of a frequency converter.

Conv. index	100	67	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6
Conv. factor	1	1/60	1000000	100000	10000	1000	100	10	1	0.1	0.01	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	0.000001

Data type	Description	Туре
2	Integer 8	Int8
3	Integer 16	Int16
4	Integer 32	Int32
5	Unsigned 8	Uint8
6	Unsigned 16	Uint16
7	Unsigned 32	Uint32
9	Visible String	VisStr
33	Normalized value 2 bytes	N2
35	Bit sequence of 16 boolean variables	V2
54	Time difference w/o date	TimD

4.1.1 Active/Inactive Parameters in Different Drive Control Modes

+ = active

- = not active

Par. 1-10 - Motor construction		AC m	PM No	PM Non salient Motor			
Par. 1-01 - Motor control principle	U/f mode	WC+	Flux open loop	Flux closed loop	U/f mode	Flux open loop	Flux closed loop
Par. 1-00 - Configuration mode							
[0] Speed Open Loop	+	+	+	-			
[1] Speed Closed Loop	-	+	-	+			
[2] Torque	-	-	-	+			
[3] Process	+	+	+	-			
[4] Torque Open Loop	-	+	-	-			
[5] Wobble	+	+	+	+			
[6] Surface Winder	+	+	+	-			
[7] Ext. PID Open Loop	+	+	+	-			
[8] Ext. PID Closed Loop	-	+	-	+			
Par. 1-02 - Flux motor feedback source	-	-	-	+			
Par. 1-03 - Torque Characteristics		+	+	+			
	-	see 1, 2, 3)	see 1, 3, 4)	see 1, 3, 4)			
Par. 1-04 - Overload mode	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Par. 1-05 - Local Mode Configuration	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Par. 1-06 - Clockwise direction	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Par. 1-20 - Motor power [KW] (Par. 023 = International)	+	+	+	+			
Par. 1-21 - Motor power [HP] (par. 023 = US)	+	+	+	+			
Par. 1-22 - Motor Voltage	+	+	+	+			
Par. 1-23 - Motor frequency	+	+	+	+			
Par. 1-24 - Motor current	+	+	+	+			
Par. 1-25 - Motor Nom. speed	+	+	+	+			
Par. 1-26 - Motor rated torque	-	-	-	-	+	+	+
Par. 1-29 - AMA	+	+	+	+			
Par. 1-30 - RS	+	+	+	+	+		
Par. 1-31 - Rr	-	+ see 5)	+	+			
Par. 1-33 - X1	+	+	+	+	+		
Par. 1-34 - X2	-	+ see 5)	+	+			
Par. 1-35 - Xh	+	+	+	+	+		
Par. 1-36 - Rfe	-	-	+	+	-	_	-
Par. 1-37 - Ld	-	-	-	-		+	+
Par. 1-39 - Motor poles	+	+	+	+			<u> </u>
Par. 1-40 - Back EMF	-	-	-	-	+	+	+
Par. 1-41 - Motor Angle Offset	_	-	_	-			+

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1) Constant torque

2) Variable torque

3) AEO

4) Constant power

5) Used in flystart

Parameter Lists

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Par. 1-10 - Motor construction		AC m	otor		PM Non salient Moto		otor
Par. 1-01 - Motor control principle	U/f mode	VVC+	Flux open loop	Flux closed loop	U/f mode	Flux open loop	Flux closed loop
Par. 1-50 - Motor Magnet. at 0 speed	-	+	-	-	-	-	-
Par. 1-51 - Min Speed norm. magne. [rpm] (Par. 002 = rmp)	-	+	-	-	-	-	-
Par. 1-52 - Min Speed norm. magne. [Hz] (Par. 002 = Hz)	-	+	-	-	-	-	-
Par. 1-53 - Model shift frequency	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
Par. 1-54 - Voltage reduction in fieldweak	-	-	+ see 6)	+	-	-	-
Par. 1-55 - U/F characteristics U	+	-	-	-	+	-	-
Par. 1-56 - U/F characteristics F	+	-	-	-	+	-	-
Par. 1-58 - Flystart test pulses current	-	+	-	-	-	-	-
Par. 1-59 - Flystart test pulses frequency	-	+	-	-	-	-	-
Par. 1-60 - Low Speed Load Compensation	-	+	-	-	-	-	-
Par. 1-61 - High Speed Load Compensation	-	+	-	-	-	-	-
Par. 1-62 - Slip Compensation	-	+ see 7)	+	-	-	-	-
Par. 1-63 - Slip Compensation time const.	+ see 8)	+	+ see 8)	-	+ see 8)	+ see 8)	-
Par. 1-64 - Resonance Damping	+	+	+	-	+	+	-
Par. 1-65 - Resonance Damping time const.	+	+	+	-	+	+	-
Par. 1-66 - Min. Current at low speed	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
Par. 1-67 - Load Type	-	-	+	-	-	-	-
Par. 1-68 - Minimum Inertia	-	-	+	-	-	-	-
Par. 1-69 - Maximum Inertia	-	-	+	-	-	-	-
Par. 1-71 - Start Delay	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Par. 1-72 - Start Function	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Par. 1-73 - Flying Start	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
Par. 1-74 - Start Speed [rpm] (Par. 002 = rmp)	-	+	-	-	-	-	-
Par. 1-75 - Start Speed [Hz] (Par. 002 = Hz)	-	+	-	-	-	-	-
Par. 1-76 - Start Current	-	+	-	-	-	-	-

6) Used when par. 103 is constant power

7) Not used when P103 = VT

8) Part of resonance damping

Parameter Lists

Par. 1-10 - Motor construction		AC	motor		PM	otor	
Par. 1-01 - Motor control principle	U/f mode		Flux open	Flux closed	U/f mode	Flux open	Flux closed
	0/1 mode	WC+	loop	loop	0/I mode	loop	loop
Par. 1-80 - Stop Function	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Par. 1-81 - Min Speed funct. at stop	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
[rpm] (Par. 002 = rpm)	Ŧ	+	Ť	Ť	Ť	+	–
Par. 1-82 - Min Speed funct. at stop	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
[Hz] (Par. 002 = Hz)	I		'	1	-	1	
Par. 1-83 - Precise Stop Function	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Par. 1-84 - Precise Stop Counter	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Value	•						
Par. 1-85 - Precise Stop Speed	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
comp delay							
Par. 1-90 - Motor Thermal	+	+	+	+			
Protection							
Par. 1-91 - Motor External Fan	+	+	+	+			
Par. 1-93 - Thermister Ressource	+	+	+	+			
Par. 1-95 - KTY sensor type	+	+	+	+			
Par. 1-96 - KTY Thermistor	+	+	+	+			
Ressource							
Par. 1-97 - KTY Threshold level	+	+	+	+			
Par. 2-00 - DC Hold current	+	+	+	+			
Par. 2-01 - DC Brake current	+	+	+	+			
Par. 2-02 - DC Braking Time	+	+	+	+			
Par. 2-03 - DC Brake Cut In Speed	+	+	+	+			
[rpm]							
Par. 2-04 - DC Brake Cut In Speed [Hz]	+	+	+	+			
Par. 2-05 - Maximum Reference		+	· ·	+			
Par. 2-10 - Brake Function	+ +	+	+	T			
	see 9)	+	+	+			
Par. 2-11 - Brake Resistor	+	+	+	+			
Par. 2-12 - Brake Power Limit	+	+	+	+			
Par. 2-13 - Brake Power Monitoring	+	+	+	+			
Par. 2-15 - Brake Check	+		,				
Full 2 15 Blake check	see 9)	+	+	+			
Par. 2-16 - AC Brake Max Current	-	+	+	+			
Par. 2-17 - Over-voltage Control	+	+	+	+			
Par. 2-18 - Brake Check Condition	+	+	+	+			
Par. 2-19 - Over-voltage Gain	+	+	+	-			
Par. 2-20 - Release Brake Current	+	+	+	+			
Par. 2-21 - Activate Brake Speed	•		1				
[rpm]	+	+	+	+			
Par. 2-22 - Activate Brake Speed							
[Hz]	+	+	+	+			
Par. 2-23 - Activate Brake Delay	+	+	+	+			
Par. 2-24 - Stop Delay	-	-	-	+			
Par. 2-25 - Brake Release Time	-	-	-	+			
Par. 2-26 - Torque Ref	-	-	-	+			
Par. 2-27 - Torque Ramp Time	-	-	-	+			
Par. 2-28 - Gain Boost Factor	-	-	-	+			

9) Not AC brake

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4.1.2 0-** Operation/Display

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during operation	sion index	
0-0* B	asic Settings						
0-01	Language	[0] English	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-02	Motor Speed Unit	[0] RPM	2 set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
0-03	Regional Settings	[0] International	2 set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
0-04	Operating State at Power-up (Hand)	[1] Forced stop, ref=old	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-09	Performance Monitor	0.0 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16
0-1* S	et-up Operations						
0-10	Active Set-up	[1] Set-up 1	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-11	Edit Set-up	[1] Set-up 1	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-12	This Set-up Linked to	[0] Not linked	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
0-13	Readout: Linked Set-ups	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
0-14	Readout: Edit Set-ups / Channel	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
0-2* L	CP Display						
0-20	Display Line 1.1 Small	1617	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
0-21	Display Line 1.2 Small	1614	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
0-22	Display Line 1.3 Small	1610	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
0-23	Display Line 2 Large	1613	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
0-24	Display Line 3 Large	1602	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
0-25	My Personal Menu	App.Dependent	1 set-up		TRUE	0	Uint16
0-3* L	CP Custom Readout						
0-30	Unit for User-defined Readout	[0] None	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-31	Min Value of User-defined Readout	0.00 CustomReadoutUnit	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int32
		100.00 CustomRea-					
0-32	Max Value of User-defined Readout	doutUnit	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int32
							VisStr[
0-37	Display Text 1	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	25]
							VisStr[
0-38	Display Text 2	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	25]
							VisStr[
0-39	Display Text 3	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	25]
0-4* L	CP Keypad						
0-40	[Hand on] Key on LCP	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-41	[Off] Key on LCP	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-42	[Auto on] Key on LCP	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-43	[Reset] Key on LCP	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-44	[Off/Reset] Key on LCP	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-45	[Drive Bypass] Key on LCP	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-5* C	opy/Save						
0-50	LCP Сору	[0] No copy	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
0-51	Set-up Copy	[0] No copy	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
0-6* P	assword						
0-60	Main Menu Password	100 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	Int16
0-61	Access to Main Menu w/o Password	[0] Full access	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-65	Quick Menu Password	200 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	Int16
0-66	Access to Quick Menu w/o Password	[0] Full access	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
0-67	Bus Password Access	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16

4.1.3 1-** Load/Motor

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during	sion index	
					operation		
1-0* G	eneral Settings	i					
1-00	Configuration Mode	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
1-01	Motor Control Principle	null	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
1-02	Flux Motor Feedback Source	[1] 24V encoder	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
1-03	Torque Characteristics	[0] Constant torque	All set-ups	х	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-04	Overload Mode	[0] High torque	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
1-05	Local Mode Configuration	[2] As mode par 1-00	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
1-06	Clockwise Direction	[0] Normal	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
1-1* N	lotor Selection						
1-10	Motor Construction	[0] Asynchron	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
1-2* N	lotor Data						
1-20	Motor Power [kW]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		FALSE	1	Uint32
1-21	Motor Power [HP]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		FALSE	-2	Uint32
1-22	Motor Voltage	App.Dependent	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
1-23	Motor Frequency	App.Dependent	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
1-24	Motor Current	App.Dependent	All set-ups		FALSE	-2	Uint32
1-25	Motor Nominal Speed	App.Dependent	All set-ups		FALSE	67	Uint16
1-26	Motor Cont. Rated Torque	App.Dependent	All set-ups		FALSE	-1	Uint32
1-29	Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)	[0] Off	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
1-3* A	dv. Motor Data						
1-30	Stator Resistance (Rs)	App.Dependent	All set-ups		FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-31	Rotor Resistance (Rr)	App.Dependent	All set-ups		FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-33	Stator Leakage Reactance (X1)	App.Dependent	All set-ups		FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-34	Rotor Leakage Reactance (X2)	App.Dependent	All set-ups		FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-35	Main Reactance (Xh)	App.Dependent	All set-ups		FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-36	Iron Loss Resistance (Rfe)	App.Dependent	All set-ups		FALSE	-3	Uint32
1-37	d-axis Inductance (Ld)	App.Dependent	All set-ups	х	FALSE	-4	Int32
1-39	Motor Poles	App.Dependent	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint8
1-40	Back EMF at 1000 RPM	App.Dependent	All set-ups	х	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-41	Motor Angle Offset	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Int16
1-5* L	oad Indep. Setting						
1-50	Motor Magnetisation at Zero Speed	100 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
1-51	Min Speed Normal Magnetising [RPM]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	67	Uint16
1-52	Min Speed Normal Magnetising [Hz]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-53	Model Shift Frequency	App.Dependent	All set-ups	х	FALSE	-1	Uint16
1-54	Voltage reduction in fieldweakening	0 V	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint8
1-55	U/f Characteristic - U	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-56	U/f Characteristic - F	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-58	Flystart Test Pulses Current	30 %	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
1-59	Flystart Test Pulses Frequency	200 %	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16

Parameter Lists

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Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during	sion index	
					operation		
1-6* L	oad Depen. Setting						
1-60	Low Speed Load Compensation	100 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
1-61	High Speed Load Compensation	100 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
1-62	Slip Compensation	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
1-63	Slip Compensation Time Constant	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint16
1-64	Resonance Dampening	100 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
1-65	Resonance Dampening Time Constant	5 ms	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint8
1-66	Min. Current at Low Speed	100 %	All set-ups	х	TRUE	0	Uint8
1-67	Load Type	[0] Passive load	All set-ups	х	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-68	Minimum Inertia	App.Dependent	All set-ups	х	FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-69	Maximum Inertia	App.Dependent	All set-ups	х	FALSE	-4	Uint32
1-7* S	tart Adjustments						
1-71	Start Delay	0.0 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint8
1-72	Start Function	[2] Coast/delay time	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
1-73	Flying Start	null	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
1-74	Start Speed [RPM]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	67	Uint16
1-75	Start Speed [Hz]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-76	Start Current	0.00 A	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint32
1-8* S	top Adjustments						
1-80	Function at Stop	[0] Coast	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
1-81	Min Speed for Function at Stop [RPM]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	67	Uint16
1-82	Min Speed for Function at Stop [Hz]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-83	Precise Stop Function	[0] Precise ramp stop	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
1-84	Precise Stop Counter Value	100000 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
1-85	Precise Stop Speed Compensation Delay	10 ms	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint8
1-9* N	lotor Temperature						
1-90	Motor Thermal Protection	[0] No protection	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
1-91	Motor External Fan	[0] No	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
1-93	Thermistor Resource	[0] None	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
1-95	KTY Sensor Type	[0] KTY Sensor 1	All set-ups	х	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-96	KTY Thermistor Resource	[0] None	All set-ups	х	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-97	KTY Threshold level	80 °C	1 set-up	х	TRUE	100	Int16

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4.1.4 2-** Brakes

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during	sion index	
					operation		
2-0* D	C-Brake	-					
2-00	DC Hold Current	50 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
2-01	DC Brake Current	50 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
2-02	DC Braking Time	10.0 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16
2-03	DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	67	Uint16
2-04	DC Brake Cut In Speed [Hz]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16
2-05	Maximum Reference	MaxReference (P303)	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
2-1* B	rake Energy Funct.						
2-10	Brake Function	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
2-11	Brake Resistor (ohm)	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
2-12	Brake Power Limit (kW)	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
2-13	Brake Power Monitoring	[0] Off	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
2-15	Brake Check	[0] Off	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
2-16	AC brake Max. Current	100.0 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint32
2-17	Over-voltage Control	[0] Disabled	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
2-18	Brake Check Condition	[0] At Power Up	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
2-19	Over-voltage Gain	100 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
2-2* N	lechanical Brake						
2-20	Release Brake Current	ImaxVLT (P1637)	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint32
2-21	Activate Brake Speed [RPM]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	67	Uint16
2-22	Activate Brake Speed [Hz]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16
2-23	Activate Brake Delay	0.0 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint8
2-24	Stop Delay	0.0 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint8
2-25	Brake Release Time	0.20 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint16
2-26	Torque Ref	0.00 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int16
2-27	Torque Ramp Time	0.2 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint8
2-28	Gain Boost Factor	1.00 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint16

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4.1.5 3-** Reference/Ramps

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during	sion index	
					operation		
3-0* R	eference Limits	1					
3-00	Reference Range	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
3-01	Reference/Feedback Unit	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
3-02	Minimum Reference	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
3-03	Maximum Reference	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
3-04	Reference Function	[0] Sum	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
3-1* R	eferences	1					
3-10	Preset Reference	0.00 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int16
3-11	Jog Speed [Hz]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16
3-12	Catch up/slow Down Value	0.00 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int16
3-13	Reference Site	[0] Linked to Hand / Auto	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
3-14	Preset Relative Reference	0.00 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int32
3-15	Reference Resource 1	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
3-16	Reference Resource 2	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
3-17	Reference Resource 3	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
3-18	Relative Scaling Reference Resource	[0] No function	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
3-19	Jog Speed [RPM]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	67	Uint16
3-4* R	amp 1						
3-40	Ramp 1 Type	[0] Linear	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
3-41	Ramp 1 Ramp up Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-42	Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-45	Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start	50 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
3-46	Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End	50 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
3-47	Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start	50 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
3-48	Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End	50 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
3-5* R	amp 2	•					
3-50	Ramp 2 Type	[0] Linear	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
3-51	Ramp 2 Ramp up Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-52	Ramp 2 Ramp down Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-55	Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start	50 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
3-56	Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End	50 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
3-57	Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start	50 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
3-58	Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End	50 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
3-6* R	amp 3	•					
3-60	Ramp 3 Type	[0] Linear	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
3-61	Ramp 3 Ramp up Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-62	Ramp 3 Ramp down Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-65	Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start	50 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
3-66	Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End	50 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
3-67	Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start	50 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
3-68	Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End	50 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
3-7* R	amp 4						
3-70	Ramp 4 Type	[0] Linear	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
3-71	Ramp 4 Ramp up Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-72	Ramp 4 Ramp Down Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-75	Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start	50 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
3-76	Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End	50 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
3-77	Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start	50 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
3-78	Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End	50 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8

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Parameter Lists

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Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during	sion index	
					operation		
3-8* O	ther Ramps						
3-80	Jog Ramp Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-81	Quick Stop Ramp Time	App.Dependent	2 set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-82	Quick Stop Ramp Type	[0] Linear	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
3-83	Quick Stop S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start	50 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
3-84	Quick Stop S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End	50 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
3-9* D	igital Pot.Meter						
3-90	Step Size	0.10 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint16
3-91	Ramp Time	1.00 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-92	Power Restore	[0] Off	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
3-93	Maximum Limit	100 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
3-94	Minimum Limit	-100 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
3-95	Ramp Delay	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	TimD

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4.1.6 4-** Limits / Warnings

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during	sion index	
					operation		
	lotor Limits	i					
4-10	Motor Speed Direction	null	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
4-11	Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	67	Uint16
4-12	Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-13	Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	67	Uint16
4-14	Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-16	Torque Limit Motor Mode	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-17	Torque Limit Generator Mode	100.0 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-18	Current Limit	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint32
4-19	Max Output Frequency	132.0 Hz	All set-ups		FALSE	-1	Uint16
4-2* Li	mit Factors						
4-20	Torque Limit Factor Source	[0] No function	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
4-21	Speed Limit Factor Source	[0] No function	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
4-3* N	lotor Speed Mon.						
4-30	Motor Feedback Loss Function	[2] Trip	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
4-31	Motor Feedback Speed Error	300 RPM	All set-ups		TRUE	67	Uint16
4-32	Motor Feedback Loss Timeout	0.05 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint16
4-34	Tracking Error Function	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
4-35	Tracking Error	10 RPM	All set-ups		TRUE	67	Uint16
4-36	Tracking Error Timeout	1.00 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint16
4-37	Tracking Error Ramping	100 RPM	All set-ups		TRUE	67	Uint16
4-38	Tracking Error Ramping Timeout	1.00 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint16
4-39	Tracking Error After Ramping Timeout	5.00 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint16
4-5* A	dj. Warnings	•					
4-50	Warning Current Low	0.00 A	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint32
4-51	Warning Current High	ImaxVLT (P1637)	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint32
4-52	Warning Speed Low	0 RPM	All set-ups		TRUE	67	Uint16
		outputSpeedHighLimit					
4-53	Warning Speed High	(P413)	All set-ups		TRUE	67	Uint16
4-54	Warning Reference Low	-999999.999 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
4-55	Warning Reference High	999999.999 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
		-999999.999 Reference-					
4-56	Warning Feedback Low	FeedbackUnit	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
		999999.999 Reference-					
4-57	Warning Feedback High	FeedbackUnit	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
4-58	Missing Motor Phase Function	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
4-6* S	peed Bypass						
4-60	Bypass Speed From [RPM]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	67	Uint16
4-61	Bypass Speed From [Hz]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-62	Bypass Speed To [RPM]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	67	Uint16
4-63	Bypass Speed To [Hz]	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16

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4.1.7 5-** Digital In/Out

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302 only	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
5-0* D	igital I/O mode						
5-00	Digital I/O Mode	[0] PNP	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
5-01	Terminal 27 Mode	[0] Input	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-02	Terminal 29 Mode	[0] Input	All set-ups	х	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-1* D	igital Inputs	· · ·					
5-10	Terminal 18 Digital Input	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-11	Terminal 19 Digital Input	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-12	Terminal 27 Digital Input	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-13	Terminal 29 Digital Input	null	All set-ups	х	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-14	Terminal 32 Digital Input	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-15	Terminal 33 Digital Input	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-16	Terminal X30/2 Digital Input	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-17	Terminal X30/3 Digital Input	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-18	Terminal X30/4 Digital Input	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-19	Terminal 37 Safe Stop	[1] Safe Stop Alarm	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-20	Terminal X46/1 Digital Input	[0] No operation	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-21	Terminal X46/3 Digital Input	[0] No operation	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-22	Terminal X46/5 Digital Input	[0] No operation	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-23	Terminal X46/7 Digital Input	[0] No operation	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-24	Terminal X46/9 Digital Input	[0] No operation	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-25	Terminal X46/11 Digital Input	[0] No operation	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-26	Terminal X46/13 Digital Input	[0] No operation	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-3* D	igital Outputs						
5-30	Terminal 27 Digital Output	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-31	Terminal 29 Digital Output	null	All set-ups	х	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-32	Term X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101)	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-33	Term X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101)	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-4* R	elays						L
5-40	Function Relay	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-41	On Delay, Relay	0.01 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-42	Off Delay, Relay	0.01 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-5* P	ulse Input	r					ļ
5-50	Term. 29 Low Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups	х	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-51	Term. 29 High Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups	х	TRUE	0	Uint32
		0.000 ReferenceFeed-					
5-52	Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	backUnit	All set-ups	x	TRUE	-3	Int32
5-53	Term. 29 High Ref./Feedb. Value	App.Dependent	All set-ups	x	TRUE	-3	Int32
5-54	Pulse Filter Time Constant #29	100 ms	All set-ups	X	FALSE	-3	Uint16
5-55	Term. 33 Low Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
5-56	Term. 33 High Frequency	100 Hz	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
	Tarma 22 Law Daf /Franks Maker	0.000 ReferenceFeed-	All act		TDUE		1
5-57 5-58	Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	backUnit	All set-ups		TRUE	-3 -3	Int32
	Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE		Int32
5-59	Pulse Filter Time Constant #33	100 ms	All set-ups		FALSE	-3	Uint16

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Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during	sion index	
					operation		
5-6* P	ulse Output						
5-60	Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-62	Pulse Output Max Freq #27	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
5-63	Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable	null	All set-ups	х	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-65	Pulse Output Max Freq #29	App.Dependent	All set-ups	х	TRUE	0	Uint32
5-66	Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
5-68	Pulse Output Max Freq #X30/6	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
5-7* 2	4V Encoder Input						
5-70	Term 32/33 Pulses per Revolution	1024 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
5-71	Term 32/33 Encoder Direction	[0] Clockwise	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
5-9* B	us Controlled	•					
5-90	Digital & Relay Bus Control	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
5-93	Pulse Out #27 Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	N2
5-94	Pulse Out #27 Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up		TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-95	Pulse Out #29 Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups	х	TRUE	-2	N2
5-96	Pulse Out #29 Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up	х	TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-97	Pulse Out #X30/6 Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	N2
5-98	Pulse Out #X30/6 Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up		TRUE	-2	Uint16

4.1.8 6-** Analog In/Out

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302 only	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
6-0* A	nalog I/O Mode						
6-00	Live Zero Timeout Time	10 s	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
6-01	Live Zero Timeout Function	[0] Off	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
6-1* A	nalog Input 1						
6-10	Terminal 53 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int16
6-11	Terminal 53 High Voltage	10.00 V	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int16
6-12	Terminal 53 Low Current	0.14 mA	All set-ups		TRUE	-5	Int16
6-13	Terminal 53 High Current	20.00 mA	All set-ups		TRUE	-5	Int16
6-14	Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
6-15	Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
6-16	Terminal 53 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16
	nalog Input 2	0.07.1/			TDUE	2	lut10
6-20	Terminal 54 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int16
6-21	Terminal 54 High Voltage	10.00 V	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int16
6-22	Terminal 54 Low Current	0.14 mA	All set-ups		TRUE	-5	Int16
6-23 6-24	Terminal 54 High Current Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	20.00 mA 0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups All set-ups		TRUE	-5 -3	Int16 Int32
6-25	Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
6-26	Terminal 54 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16
	nalog Input 3	0.001 3	All set ups				Unitio
6-30	Terminal X30/11 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int16
6-31	Terminal X30/11 High Voltage	10.00 V	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int16
6-34	Term. X30/11 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
6-35	Term. X30/11 High Ref./Feedb. Value	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
6-36	Term. X30/11 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16
6-4* A	nalog Input 4						
6-40	Terminal X30/12 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int16
6-41	Terminal X30/12 High Voltage	10.00 V	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int16
6-44	Term. X30/12 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0 ReferenceFeedbackUnit	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
6-45	Term. X30/12 High Ref./Feedb. Value	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
6-46	Term. X30/12 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16
6-5* A	nalog Output 1						
6-50	Terminal 42 Output	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
6-51	Terminal 42 Output Min Scale	0.00 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int16
6-52	Terminal 42 Output Max Scale	100.00 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int16
6-53	Term 42 Output Bus Ctrl	0.00 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	N2
6-54	Terminal 42 Output Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up		TRUE	-2	Uint16
6-55	Analog Output Filter	[0] Off	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
6-6* A	nalog Output 2	1					
6-60	Terminal X30/8 Output	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
6-61	Terminal X30/8 Min. Scale	0.00 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int16
6-62	Terminal X30/8 Max. Scale	100.00 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int16
6-63	Terminal X30/8 Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	N2
6-64	Terminal X30/8 Output Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up		TRUE	-2	Uint16

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Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during	sion index	
					operation		
6-7* A	nalog Output 3						
6-70	Terminal X45/1 Output	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
6-71	Terminal X45/1 Min. Scale	0.00 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int16
6-72	Terminal X45/1 Max. Scale	100.00 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int16
6-73	Terminal X45/1 Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	N2
6-74	Terminal X45/1 Output Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up		TRUE	-2	Uint16
6-8* A	nalog Output 4						
6-80	Terminal X45/3 Output	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
6-81	Terminal X45/3 Min. Scale	0.00 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int16
6-82	Terminal X45/3 Max. Scale	100.00 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Int16
6-83	Terminal X45/3 Bus Control	0.00 %	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	N2
6-84	Terminal X45/3 Output Timeout Preset	0.00 %	1 set-up		TRUE	-2	Uint16

4.1.9 7-** Controllers

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during operation	sion index	
7-0* S	peed PID Ctrl.				operation		
7-00	Speed PID Feedback Source	null	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
7-02	Speed PID Proportional Gain	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16
7-03	Speed PID Integral Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-4	Uint32
7-04	Speed PID Differentiation Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-4	Uint16
7-05	Speed PID Diff. Gain Limit	5.0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16
7-06	Speed PID Lowpass Filter Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-4	Uint16
7-07	Speed PID Feedback Gear Ratio	1.0000 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	-4	Uint32
7-08	Speed PID Feed Forward Factor	0 %	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
7-1* T	orque PI Ctrl.						
7-12	Torque PI Proportional Gain	100 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
7-13	Torque PI Integration Time	0.020 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16
7-2* P	rocess Ctrl. Feedb						
7-20	Process CL Feedback 1 Resource	[0] No function	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
7-22	Process CL Feedback 2 Resource	[0] No function	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
7-3* P	rocess PID Ctrl.						
7-30	Process PID Normal/ Inverse Control	[0] Normal	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
7-31	Process PID Anti Windup	[1] On	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
7-32	Process PID Start Speed	0 RPM	All set-ups		TRUE	67	Uint16
7-33	Process PID Proportional Gain	0.01 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint16
7-34	Process PID Integral Time	10000.00 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint32
7-35	Process PID Differentiation Time	0.00 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint16
7-36	Process PID Diff. Gain Limit	5.0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16
7-38	Process PID Feed Forward Factor	0 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
7-39	On Reference Bandwidth	5 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
7-4* A	dv. Process PID I						
7-40	Process PID I-part Reset	[0] No	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
7-41	Process PID Output Neg. Clamp	-100 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
7-42	Process PID Output Pos. Clamp	100 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
7-43	Process PID Gain Scale at Min. Ref.	100 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
7-44	Process PID Gain Scale at Max. Ref.	100 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
7-45	Process PID Feed Fwd Resource	[0] No function	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
7-46	Process PID Feed Fwd Normal/ Inv. Ctrl.	[0] Normal	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
7-48	PCD Feed Forward	0 N/A	All set-ups	х	TRUE	0	Uint16
7-49	Process PID Output Normal/ Inv. Ctrl.	[0] Normal	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
7-5* A	dv. Process PID II						
7-50	Process PID Extended PID	[1] Enabled	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
7-51	Process PID Feed Fwd Gain	1.00 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint16
7-52	Process PID Feed Fwd Ramp up	0.01 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint32
7-53	Process PID Feed Fwd Ramp down	0.01 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint32
7-56	Process PID Ref. Filter Time	0.001 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16
7-57	Process PID Fb. Filter Time	0.001 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16

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4.1.10 8-** Comm. and Options

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302 only	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
8-0* G	eneral Settings	I					
8-01	Control Site	[0] Digital and ctrl.word	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-02	Control Word Source	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-03	Control Word Timeout Time	1.0 s	1 set-up		TRUE	-1	Uint32
8-04	Control Word Timeout Function	null	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-05	End-of-Timeout Function	[1] Resume set-up	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-06	Reset Control Word Timeout	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-07	Diagnosis Trigger	[0] Disable	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-08	Readout Filtering	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-1* C	trl. Word Settings						
8-10	Control Word Profile	[0] FC profile	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-13	Configurable Status Word STW	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-14	Configurable Control Word CTW	[1] Profile default	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-3* F	C Port Settings						
8-30	Protocol	[0] FC	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-31	Address	1 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	Uint8
8-32	FC Port Baud Rate	null	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-33	Parity / Stop Bits	[0] Even Parity, 1 Stop Bit	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-34	Estimated cycle time	0 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint32
8-35	Minimum Response Delay	10 ms	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16
8-36	Max Response Delay	App.Dependent	1 set-up		TRUE	-3	Uint16
8-37	Max Inter-Char Delay	App.Dependent	1 set-up		TRUE	-5	Uint16
8-4* F	C MC protocol set						
8-40	Telegram selection	[1] Standard telegram 1	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-41	Parameters for signals	0	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint16
8-42	PCD write configuration	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
8-43	PCD read configuration	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
8-5* D	igital/Bus						
8-50	Coasting Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-51	Quick Stop Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-52	DC Brake Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-53	Start Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-54	Reversing Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-55	Set-up Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-56	Preset Reference Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-57	Profidrive OFF2 Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-58	Profidrive OFF3 Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
8-8* F	C Port Diagnostics	I					
8-80	Bus Message Count	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
8-81	Bus Error Count	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
8-82	Slave Messages Rcvd	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
8-83	Slave Error Count	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
8-9* B	us Jog						
8-90	Bus Jog 1 Speed	100 RPM	All set-ups		TRUE	67	Uint16
8-91	Bus Jog 2 Speed	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	67	Uint16

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4.1.11 9-** Profibus

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during	sion index	
					operation		
9-00	Setpoint	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
9-07	Actual Value	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
9-15	PCD Write Configuration	App.Dependent	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint16
9-16	PCD Read Configuration	App.Dependent	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
9-18	Node Address	126 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	Uint8
9-22	Telegram Selection	[100] None	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
9-23	Parameters for Signals	0	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
9-27	Parameter Edit	[1] Enabled	2 set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint16
9-28	Process Control	[1] Enable cyclic master	2 set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
9-44	Fault Message Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
9-45	Fault Code	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
9-47	Fault Number	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
9-52	Fault Situation Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
9-53	Profibus Warning Word	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	V2
9-63	Actual Baud Rate	[255] No baudrate found	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
9-64	Device Identification	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
							OctStr[
9-65	Profile Number	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	2]
9-67	Control Word 1	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	V2
9-68	Status Word 1	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	V2
9-71	Profibus Save Data Values	[0] Off	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
9-72	ProfibusDriveReset	[0] No action	1 set-up		FALSE	-	Uint8
9-75	DO Identification	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
9-80	Defined Parameters (1)	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
9-81	Defined Parameters (2)	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
9-82	Defined Parameters (3)	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
9-83	Defined Parameters (4)	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
9-84	Defined Parameters (5)	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
9-90	Changed Parameters (1)	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
9-91	Changed Parameters (2)	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
9-92	Changed Parameters (3)	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
9-93	Changed parameters (4)	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
9-94	Changed parameters (5)	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
9-99	Profibus Revision Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16

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4.1.12 10-** CAN Fieldbus

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302 only	Change during	Conver- sion index	Туре
NO. #				oniy	operation	sion index	
10-0*	Common Settings						
10-00	CAN Protocol	null	2 set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
10-01	Baud Rate Select	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
10-02	MAC ID	App.Dependent	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
10-05	Readout Transmit Error Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
10-06	Readout Receive Error Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
10-07	Readout Bus Off Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
10-1*	DeviceNet						
10-10	Process Data Type Selection	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
10-11	Process Data Config Write	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
10-12	Process Data Config Read	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
10-13	Warning Parameter	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
10-14	Net Reference	[0] Off	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
10-15	Net Control	[0] Off	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
10-2*	COS Filters						
10-20	COS Filter 1	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
10-21	COS Filter 2	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
10-22	COS Filter 3	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
10-23	COS Filter 4	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
10-3*	Parameter Access						
10-30	Array Index	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
10-31	Store Data Values	[0] Off	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
10-32	Devicenet Revision	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
10-33	Store Always	[0] Off	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
10-34	DeviceNet Product Code	App.Dependent	1 set-up		TRUE	0	Uint16
10-39	Devicenet F Parameters	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
10-5*	CANopen						
10-50	Process Data Config Write.	App.Dependent	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
10-51	Process Data Config Read.	App.Dependent	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16

4.1.13 12-** Ethernet

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302 only	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
12-0*	IP Settings	·					
12-00	IP Address Assignment	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-01	IP Address	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	OctStr[4]
12-02	Subnet Mask	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	OctStr[4]
12-03	Default Gateway	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	OctStr[4]
12-04	DHCP Server	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	OctStr[4]
12-05	Lease Expires	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	TimD
12-06	Name Servers	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	OctStr[4]
12-07	Domain Name	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	VisStr[48]
12-08	Host Name	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	VisStr[48]
12-09	Physical Address	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	VisStr[17]
12-1*	Ethernet Link Parameters						
12-10	Link Status	[0] No Link	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-11	Link Duration	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	TimD
12-12	Auto Negotiation	[1] On	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-13	Link Speed	[0] None	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-14	Link Duplex	[1] Full Duplex	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-2*	Process Data						
12-20	Control Instance	App.Dependent	1 set-up		TRUE	0	Uint8
12-21	Process Data Config Write	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
12-22	Process Data Config Read	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
12-28	Store Data Values	[0] Off	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-29	Store Always	[0] Off	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-3*	EtherNet/IP						
12-30	Warning Parameter	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
12-31	Net Reference	[0] Off	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-32	Net Control	[0] Off	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-33	CIP Revision	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
12-34	CIP Product Code	App.Dependent	1 set-up		TRUE	0	Uint16
12-35	EDS Parameter	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
12-37	COS Inhibit Timer	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
12-38	COS Filter	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
12-4*	Modbus TCP						
12-40	Status Parameter	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
12-41	Slave Message Count	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
12-42	Slave Exception Message Count	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32

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Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during	sion index	
					operation		
12-8*	Other Ethernet Services						
12-80	FTP Server	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-81	HTTP Server	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-82	SMTP Service	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-89	Transparent Socket Channel Port	App.Dependent	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
12-9*	Advanced Ethernet Services						
12-90	Cable Diagnostic	[0] Disabled	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-91	MDI-X	[1] Enabled	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-92	IGMP Snooping	[1] Enabled	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-93	Cable Error Length	0 N/A	1 set-up		TRUE	0	Uint16
12-94	Broadcast Storm Protection	-1 %	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Int8
12-95	Broadcast Storm Filter	[0] Broadcast only	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-96	Port Mirroring	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
12-98	Interface Counters	4000 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
12-99	Media Counters	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32

4.1.14 13-** Smart Logic

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302 only	Change during	Conver- sion index	Туре
				,	operation		
13-0*	SLC Settings						
13-00	SL Controller Mode	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
13-01	Start Event	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
13-02	Stop Event	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
13-03	Reset SLC	[0] Do not reset SLC	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
13-1*	Comparators						
13-10	Comparator Operand	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
13-11	Comparator Operator	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
13-12	Comparator Value	App.Dependent	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
13-2*	Timers						
13-20	SL Controller Timer	App.Dependent	1 set-up		TRUE	-3	TimD
13-4*	Logic Rules						
13-40	Logic Rule Boolean 1	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
13-41	Logic Rule Operator 1	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
13-42	Logic Rule Boolean 2	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
13-43	Logic Rule Operator 2	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
13-44	Logic Rule Boolean 3	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
13-5*	States						
13-51	SL Controller Event	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
13-52	SL Controller Action	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8

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4.1.15 14-** Special Functions

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during operation	sion index	
14-0*	Inverter Switching				· ·		
14-00	Switching Pattern	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
14-01	Switching Frequency	null	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
14-03	Overmodulation	[1] On	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
14-04	PWM Random	[0] Off	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
14-06	Dead Time Compensation	[1] On	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
14-1*	Mains On/Off						
14-10	Mains Failure	[0] No function	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
14-11	Mains Voltage at Mains Fault	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
14-12	Function at Mains Imbalance	[0] Trip	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
14-13	Mains Failure Step Factor	1.0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint8
14-14	Kin. Backup Time Out	60 s	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
14-2*	Trip Reset						
14-20	Reset Mode	[0] Manual reset	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
14-21	Automatic Restart Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
14-22	Operation Mode	[0] Normal operation	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
14-23	Typecode Setting	null	2 set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
14-24	Trip Delay at Current Limit	60 s	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
14-25	Trip Delay at Torque Limit	60 s	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
14-26	Trip Delay at Inverter Fault	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
14-28	Production Settings	[0] No action	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
14-29	Service Code	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
14-3*	Current Limit Ctrl.						
14-30	Current Lim Ctrl, Proportional Gain	100 %	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
14-31	Current Lim Ctrl, Integration Time	0.020 s	All set-ups		FALSE	-3	Uint16
14-32	Current Lim Ctrl, Filter Time	1.0 ms	All set-ups		TRUE	-4	Uint16
14-35	Stall Protection	[1] Enabled	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
14-4*	Energy Optimising						
14-40	VT Level	66 %	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint8
14-41	AEO Minimum Magnetisation	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
14-42	Minimum AEO Frequency	10 Hz	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
14-43	Motor Cosphi	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-2	Uint16
14-5*	Environment						
14-50	RFI Filter	[1] On	1 set-up	х	FALSE	-	Uint8
14-51	DC Link Compensation	[1] On	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
14-52	Fan Control	[0] Auto	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
14-53	Fan Monitor	[1] Warning	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
14-55	Output Filter	[0] No Filter	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
14-56	Capacitance Output Filter	App.Dependent	All set-ups		FALSE	-7	Uint16
14-57	Inductance Output Filter	App.Dependent	All set-ups		FALSE	-6	Uint16
14-59	Actual Number of Inverter Units	App.Dependent	1 set-up	х	FALSE	0	Uint8

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Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302 only	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
14-7*	Compatibility						
14-72	Legacy Alarm Word	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint32
14-73	Legacy Warning Word	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint32
14-74	Leg. Ext. Status Word	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint32
14-8*	Options	•					
14-80	Option Supplied by External 24VDC	[1] Yes	2 set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
14-89	Option Detection	[0] Protect Option Config.	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
14-9*	Fault Settings						
14-90	Fault Level	null	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8

4.1.16 15-** Drive Information

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302 only	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
15-0* (Dperating Data						
15-00	Operating Hours	0 h	All set-ups		FALSE	74	Uint32
15-01	Running Hours	0 h	All set-ups		FALSE	74	Uint32
15-02	kWh Counter	0 kWh	All set-ups		FALSE	75	Uint32
15-03	Power Up's	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint32
15-04	Over Temp's	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
15-05	Over Volt's	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
15-06	Reset kWh Counter	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
15-07	Reset Running Hours Counter	[0] Do not reset	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
15-1*	Data Log Settings						
15-10	Logging Source	0	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16
15-11	Logging Interval	App.Dependent	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	TimD
15-12	Trigger Event	[0] False	1 set-up		TRUE	-	Uint8
15-13	Logging Mode	[0] Log always	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
15-14	Samples Before Trigger	50 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
15-2* l	Historic Log						
15-20	Historic Log: Event	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint8
15-21	Historic Log: Value	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint32
15-22	Historic Log: Time	0 ms	All set-ups		FALSE	-3	Uint32
15-3* I	Fault Log						
15-30	Fault Log: Error Code	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint8
15-31	Fault Log: Value	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Int16
15-32	Fault Log: Time	0 s	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint32
15-4* I	Drive Identification						
15-40	FC Type	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[6]
15-41	Power Section	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-42	Voltage	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-43	Software Version	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[5]
15-44	Ordered Typecode String	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[40]
15-45	Actual Typecode String	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[40]
15-46	Frequency Converter Ordering No	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[8]
15-47	Power Card Ordering No	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[8]
15-48	LCP Id No	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-49	SW ID Control Card	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-50	SW ID Power Card	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-51	Frequency Converter Serial Number	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[10]
	Power Card Serial Number	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[19]
15-59	CSIV Filename	App.Dependent	1 set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[19]

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Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during	sion index	
					operation		
15-6*	Option Ident						
15-60	Option Mounted	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-61	Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-62	Option Ordering No	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[8]
15-63	Option Serial No	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[18]
15-70	Option in Slot A	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-71	Slot A Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-72	Option in Slot B	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-73	Slot B Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-74	Option in Slot C0	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-75	Slot C0 Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-76	Option in Slot C1	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[30]
15-77	Slot C1 Option SW Version	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[20]
15-9*	Parameter Info						
15-92	Defined Parameters	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
15-93	Modified Parameters	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
15-98	Drive Identification	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	VisStr[40]
15-99	Parameter Metadata	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302 only	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
16-0*	General Status						
16-00	Control Word	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	V2
		0.000 ReferenceFeed-					
16-01	Reference [Unit]	backUnit	All set-ups		FALSE	-3	Int32
16-02	Reference %	0.0 %	All set-ups		FALSE	-1	Int16
16-03	Status Word	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	V2
16-05	Main Actual Value [%]	0.00 %	All set-ups		FALSE	-2	N2
16-09	Custom Readout	0.00 CustomReadoutUnit	All set-ups		FALSE	-2	Int32
	Motor Status	1					
16-10	Power [kW]	0.00 kW	All set-ups		FALSE	1	Int32
16-11	Power [hp]	0.00 hp	All set-ups		FALSE	-2	Int32
16-12	Motor Voltage	0.0 V	All set-ups		FALSE	-1	Uint16
16-13	Frequency	0.0 Hz	All set-ups		FALSE	-1	Uint16
16-14	Motor Current	0.00 A	All set-ups		FALSE	-2	Int32
16-15	Frequency [%]	0.00 %	All set-ups		FALSE	-2	N2
16-16	Torque [Nm]	0.0 Nm	All set-ups		FALSE	-1	Int16
16-17	Speed [RPM]	0 RPM	All set-ups		FALSE	67	Int32
16-18	Motor Thermal	0 %	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint8
16-19	KTY sensor temperature	0 °C	All set-ups		FALSE	100	Int16
16-20	Motor Angle	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
16-21	Torque [%] High Res.	0.0 %	All set-ups		FALSE	-1	Int16
16-22	Torque [%]	0 %	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Int16
16-25	Torque [Nm] High	0.0 Nm	All set-ups		FALSE	-1	Int32
16-3*	Drive Status						
16-30	DC Link Voltage	0 V	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
16-32	Brake Energy /s	0.000 kW	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint32
16-33	Brake Energy /2 min	0.000 kW	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint32
16-34	Heatsink Temp.	0 °C	All set-ups		FALSE	100	Uint8
16-35	Inverter Thermal	0 %	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint8
16-36	Inv. Nom. Current	App.Dependent	All set-ups		FALSE	-2	Uint32
16-37	Inv. Max. Current	App.Dependent	All set-ups		FALSE	-2	Uint32
16-38	SL Controller State	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint8
16-39	Control Card Temp.	0 °C	All set-ups		FALSE	100	Uint8
16-40	Logging Buffer Full	[0] No	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
16-41	LCP Bottom Statusline	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	VisStr[5 0]
16-49	Current Fault Source	0 N/A	All set-ups	х	TRUE	0	Uint8
	Ref. & Feedb.			~		Ť	
	External Reference	0.0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	-1	Int16
16-51	Pulse Reference	0.0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	-1	Int16
10 51		0.000 ReferenceFeed-	, in set ups		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	· ·	
16-52	Feedback [Unit]	backUnit	All set-ups		FALSE	-3	Int32
16-53	Digi Pot Reference	0.00 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	-2	Int16
16-57	Feedback [RPM]	0 RPM	All set-ups		FALSE	67	Int32
	. eessack [in m]		/ set ups		.,	57	

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Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302 only	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
16-6*	nputs & Outputs						
16-60	Digital Input	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
16-61	Terminal 53 Switch Setting	[0] Current	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
16-62	Analog Input 53	0.000 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	-3	Int32
16-63	Terminal 54 Switch Setting	[0] Current	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
16-64	Analog Input 54	0.000 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	-3	Int32
16-65	Analog Output 42 [mA]	0.000 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	-3	Int16
16-66	Digital Output [bin]	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Int16
16-67	Freq. Input #29 [Hz]	0 N/A	All set-ups	х	FALSE	0	Int32
16-68	Freq. Input #33 [Hz]	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Int32
16-69	Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Int32
16-70	Pulse Output #29 [Hz]	0 N/A	All set-ups	х	FALSE	0	Int32
16-71	Relay Output [bin]	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Int16
16-72	Counter A	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
16-73	Counter B	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
16-74	Prec. Stop Counter	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
16-75	Analog In X30/11	0.000 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	-3	Int32
16-76	Analog In X30/12	0.000 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	-3	Int32
16-77	Analog Out X30/8 [mA]	0.000 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	-3	Int16
16-78	Analog Out X45/1 [mA]	0.000 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	-3	Int16
16-79	Analog Out X45/3 [mA]	0.000 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	-3	Int16
16-8*	Fieldbus & FC Port						
16-80	Fieldbus CTW 1	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	V2
16-82	Fieldbus REF 1	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	N2
16-84	Comm. Option STW	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	V2
16-85	FC Port CTW 1	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	V2
16-86	FC Port REF 1	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	N2
16-9*	Diagnosis Readouts	•					
16-90	Alarm Word	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint32
16-91	Alarm Word 2	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint32
16-92	Warning Word	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint32
16-93	Warning Word 2	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint32
16-94	Ext. Status Word	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint32

4.1.18 17-** Motor Feedb.Option

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302 only	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
17-1*	Inc. Enc. Interface						
17-10	Signal Type	[1] RS422 (5V TTL)	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
17-11	Resolution (PPR)	1024 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
17-2*	Abs. Enc. Interface						
17-20	Protocol Selection	[0] None	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
17-21	Resolution (Positions/Rev)	App.Dependent	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint32
17-24	SSI Data Length	13 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint8
17-25	Clock Rate	App.Dependent	All set-ups		FALSE	3	Uint16
17-26	SSI Data Format	[0] Gray code	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
17-34	HIPERFACE Baudrate	[4] 9600	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
17-5*	Resolver Interface						
17-50	Poles	2 N/A	1 set-up		FALSE	0	Uint8
17-51	Input Voltage	7.0 V	1 set-up		FALSE	-1	Uint8
17-52	Input Frequency	10.0 kHz	1 set-up		FALSE	2	Uint8
17-53	Transformation Ratio	0.5 N/A	1 set-up		FALSE	-1	Uint8
17-56	Encoder Sim. Resolution	[0] Disabled	1 set-up		FALSE	-	Uint8
17-59	Resolver Interface	[0] Disabled	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
17-6*	Monitoring and App.						
17-60	Feedback Direction	[0] Clockwise	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
17-61	Feedback Signal Monitoring	[1] Warning	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8

4.1.19 18-** Data Readouts 2

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302 only	Change during	Conver- sion index	Туре
					operation		
18-3*	Analog Readouts						
18-36	Analog Input X48/2 [mA]	0.000 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
18-37	Temp. Input X48/4	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
18-38	Temp. Input X48/7	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
18-39	Temp. Input X48/10	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
18-6*	Inputs & Outputs 2						
18-60	Digital Input 2	0 N/A	All set-ups		FALSE	0	Uint16
18- 9 0	PID Readouts	·					
18-90	Process PID Error	0.0 %	All set-ups		FALSE	-1	Int16
18-91	Process PID Output	0.0 %	All set-ups		FALSE	-1	Int16
18-92	Process PID Clamped Output	0.0 %	All set-ups		FALSE	-1	Int16
18-93	Process PID Gain Scaled Output	0.0 %	All set-ups		FALSE	-1	Int16

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4.1.20 30-** Special Features

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up		Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #					during	sion index	
					operation		
30-0*	Wobbler						
30-00	Wobble Mode	[0] Abs. Freq., Abs. Time	All set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
30-01	Wobble Delta Frequency [Hz]	5.0 Hz	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint8
30-02	Wobble Delta Frequency [%]	25 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
30-03	Wobble Delta Freq. Scaling Resource	[0] No function	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
30-04	Wobble Jump Frequency [Hz]	0.0 Hz	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint8
30-05	Wobble Jump Frequency [%]	0 %	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
30-06	Wobble Jump Time	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16
30-07	Wobble Sequence Time	10.0 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16
30-08	Wobble Up/ Down Time	5.0 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint16
30-09	Wobble Random Function	[0] Off	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
30-10	Wobble Ratio	1.0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint8
30-11	Wobble Random Ratio Max.	10.0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint8
30-12	Wobble Random Ratio Min.	0.1 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	-1	Uint8
30-19	Wobble Delta Freq. Scaled	0.0 Hz	All set-ups		FALSE	-1	Uint16
30-2*	Adv. Start Adjust						
30-20	High Starting Torque Time [s]	0.00 s	All set-ups	х	TRUE	-2	Uint8
30-21	High Starting Torque Current [%]	100.0 %	All set-ups	х	TRUE	-1	Uint32
30-22	Locked Rotor Protection	[0] Off	All set-ups	х	TRUE	-	Uint8
30-23	Locked Rotor Detection Time [s]	0.10 s	All set-ups	х	TRUE	-2	Uint8
30-8*	Compatibility (I)	•					
30-80	d-axis Inductance (Ld)	App.Dependent	All set-ups	х	FALSE	-6	Int32
30-81	Brake Resistor (ohm)	App.Dependent	1 set-up		TRUE	-2	Uint32
30-83	Speed PID Proportional Gain	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	-4	Uint32
30-84	Process PID Proportional Gain	0.100 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16

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4.1.21 32-** MCO Basic Settings

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during	sion index	
32-0*	Encoder 2				operation		
32-00	Incremental Signal Type	[1] RS422 (5V TTL)	2 set-ups		TRUE	_	Uint8
32-01	Incremental Resolution	1024 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-02	Absolute Protocol	[0] None	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-03	Absolute Resolution	8192 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-05	Absolute Encoder Data Length	25 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
32-06	Absolute Encoder Clock Frequency	262.000 kHz	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-07	Absolute Encoder Clock Generation	[1] On	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-08	Absolute Encoder Cable Length	0 m	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
32-09	Encoder Monitoring	[0] Off	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-10	Rotational Direction	[1] No action	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-11	User Unit Denominator	1 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-12	User Unit Numerator	1 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-13	Enc.2 Control	[0] No soft changing	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-14	Enc.2 node ID	127 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
32-15	Enc.2 CAN guard	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-3*	Encoder 1						
32-30	Incremental Signal Type	[1] RS422 (5V TTL)	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-31	Incremental Resolution	1024 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-32	Absolute Protocol	[0] None	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-33	Absolute Resolution	8192 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-35	Absolute Encoder Data Length	25 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
32-36	Absolute Encoder Clock Frequency	262.000 kHz	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-37	Absolute Encoder Clock Generation	[1] On	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-38	Absolute Encoder Cable Length	0 m	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
32-39	Encoder Monitoring	[0] Off	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-40	Encoder Termination	[1] On	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-43	Enc.1 Control	[0] No soft changing	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-44	Enc.1 node ID	127 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
32-45	Enc.1 CAN guard	null	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-5*	Feedback Source						
32-50	Source Slave	[2] Encoder 2	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-51	MCO 302 Last Will	[1] Trip	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-6*	PID Controller						
32-60	Proportional factor	30 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-61	Derivative factor	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-62	Integral factor	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-63	Limit Value for Integral Sum	1000 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
32-64	PID Bandwidth	1000 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
32-65	Velocity Feed-Forward	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-66	Acceleration Feed-Forward	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-67	Max. Tolerated Position Error	20000 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-68	Reverse Behavior for Slave	[0] Reversing allowed	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-69	Sampling Time for PID Control	1 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16
32-70	Scan Time for Profile Generator	1 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint8
32-71	Size of the Control Window (Activation)	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-72	Size of the Control Window (Deactiv.)	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-73	Integral limit filter time	0 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int16
32-74	Position error filter time	0 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int16

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Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during	sion index	
					operation		
32-8*	Velocity & Accel.						
32-80	Maximum Velocity (Encoder)	1500 RPM	2 set-ups		TRUE	67	Uint32
32-81	Shortest Ramp	1.000 s	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint32
32-82	Ramp Type	[0] Linear	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
32-83	Velocity Resolution	100 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-84	Default Velocity	50 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-85	Default Acceleration	50 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32
32-86	Acc. up for limited jerk	100 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint32
32-87	Acc. down for limited jerk	0 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint32
32-88	Dec. up for limited jerk	0 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint32
32-89	Dec. down for limited jerk	0 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint32
32-9*	Development						
32-90	Debug Source	[0] Controlcard	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8

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4.1.22 33-** MCO Adv. Settings

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре	
No. #				only	during operation	sion index		
33-0*	Home Motion	I						
33-00	Force HOME	[0] Home not forced	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8	
33-01	Zero Point Offset from Home Pos.	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32	
33-02	Ramp for Home Motion	10 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32	
33-03	Velocity of Home Motion	10 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32	
33-04	Behaviour during HomeMotion	[0] Revers and index	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8	
33-1*	Synchronization	•						
33-10	Sync Factor Master	1 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32	
33-11	Sync Factor Slave	1 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32	
33-12	Position Offset for Synchronization	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32	
33-13	Accuracy Window for Position Sync.	1000 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32	
33-14	Relative Slave Velocity Limit	0 %	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8	
33-15	Marker Number for Master	1 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16	
33-16	Marker Number for Slave	1 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16	
33-17	Master Marker Distance	4096 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32	
33-18	Slave Marker Distance	4096 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32	
33-19	Master Marker Type	[0] Encoder Z positive	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8	
33-20	Slave Marker Type	[0] Encoder Z positive	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8	
33-21	Master Marker Tolerance Window	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32	
33-22	Slave Marker Tolerance Window	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32	
33-23	Start Behaviour for Marker Sync	[0] Start Function 1	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint16	
33-24	Marker Number for Fault	10 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16	
33-25	Marker Number for Ready	1 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16	
33-26	Velocity Filter	0 us	2 set-ups		TRUE	-6	Int32	
33-27	Offset Filter Time	0 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint32	
33-28	Marker Filter Configuration	[0] Marker filter 1	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8	
33-29	Filter Time for Marker Filter	0 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32	
33-30	Maximum Marker Correction	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32	
33-31	Synchronisation Type	[0] Standard	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8	
33-32	Feed Forward Velocity Adaptation	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32	
33-33	Velocity Filter Window	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint32	
33-4*	Limit Handling	•					[
33-40	Behaviour at End Limit Switch	[0] Call error handler	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8	
33-41	Negative Software End Limit	-500000 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32	
33-42	Positive Software End Limit	500000 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32	
33-43	Negative Software End Limit Active	[0] Inactive	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8	
33-44	Positive Software End Limit Active	[0] Inactive	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8	
33-45	Time in Target Window	0 ms	2 set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint8	
33-46	Target Window LimitValue	1 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16	
33-47	Size of Target Window	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16	

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Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302 only	Change during operation	Conver- sion index	Туре
33-0*	Home Motion						
33-5*	I/O Configuration						
33-50	Terminal X57/1 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-51	Terminal X57/2 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-52	Terminal X57/3 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-53	Terminal X57/4 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-54	Terminal X57/5 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-55	Terminal X57/6 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-56	Terminal X57/7 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-57	Terminal X57/8 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-58	Terminal X57/9 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-59	Terminal X57/10 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-60	Terminal X59/1 and X59/2 Mode	[1] Output	2 set-ups		FALSE	-	Uint8
33-61	Terminal X59/1 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-62	Terminal X59/2 Digital Input	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-63	Terminal X59/1 Digital Output	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-64	Terminal X59/2 Digital Output	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-65	Terminal X59/3 Digital Output	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-66	Terminal X59/4 Digital Output	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-67	Terminal X59/5 Digital Output	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-68	Terminal X59/6 Digital Output	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-69	Terminal X59/7 Digital Output	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-70	Terminal X59/8 Digital Output	[0] No function	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-8* (Global Parameters						
33-80	Activated Program Number	-1 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Int8
33-81	Power-up State	[1] Motor on	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-82	Drive Status Monitoring	[1] On	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-83	Behaviour afterError	[0] Coast	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-84	Behaviour afterEsc.	[0] Controlled stop	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-85	MCO Supplied by External 24VDC	[0] No	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-86	Terminal at alarm	[0] Relay 1	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-87	Terminal state at alarm	[0] Do nothing	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-88	Status word at alarm	0 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
33-9*	MCO Port Settings	-					
33-90	X62 MCO CAN node ID	127 N/A	2 set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint8
33-91	X62 MCO CAN baud rate	[20] 125 Kbps	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-94	X60 MCO RS485 serial termination	[0] Off	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
33-95	X60 MCO RS485 serial baud rate	[2] 9600 Baud	2 set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8

4.1.23 34-** MCO Data Readouts

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during operation	sion index	
34-0*	PCD Write Par.				operation		
34-01	PCD 1 Write to MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-02	PCD 2 Write to MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-03	PCD 3 Write to MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-04	PCD 4 Write to MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-05	PCD 5 Write to MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-06	PCD 6 Write to MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-07	PCD 7 Write to MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-08	PCD 8 Write to MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-09	PCD 9 Write to MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-10	PCD 10 Write to MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-2*	PCD Read Par.						
34-21	PCD 1 Read from MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-22	PCD 2 Read from MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-23	PCD 3 Read from MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-24	PCD 4 Read from MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-25	PCD 5 Read from MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-26	PCD 6 Read from MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-27	PCD 7 Read from MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-28	PCD 8 Read from MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-29	PCD 9 Read from MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-30	PCD 10 Read from MCO	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
	Inputs & Outputs						
34-40	Digital Inputs	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
34-41	Digital Outputs	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
	Process Data	0.11/4					1.00
34-50	Actual Position	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-51	Commanded Position	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-52	Actual Master Position	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-53	Slave Index Position	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-54	Master Index Position	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
	Curve Position	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-56	Track Error Synchronizing Error	0 N/A	All set-ups All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-57		0 N/A 0 N/A	-		TRUE	0	Int32
34-58 34-59	Actual Velocity		All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-59 34-60	Actual Master Velocity	0 N/A 0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-60 34-61	Synchronizing Status Axis Status	0 N/A	All set-ups All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32 Int32
34-61	Program Status	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int32
34-62	MCO 302 Status	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
	MCO 302 Status MCO 302 Control	0 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Uint16
	Diagnosis readouts				INUE		Unitio
34-70	MCO Alarm Word 1	0 N/A			FALSE	0	Uint32
JH-10		0 N/A	All set-ups		TALSE		011132

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4.1.24 35-** Sensor Input Option

Par.	Parameter description	Default value	4-set-up	FC 302	Change	Conver-	Туре
No. #				only	during	sion index	
					operation		
35-0*	Temp. Input Mode						
35-00	Term. X48/4 Temp. Unit	[60] °C	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
35-01	Term. X48/4 Input Type	[0] Not Connected	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
35-02	Term. X48/7 Temp. Unit	[60] °C	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
35-03	Term. X48/7 Input Type	[0] Not Connected	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
35-04	Term. X48/10 Temp. Unit	[60] °C	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
35-05	Term. X48/10 Input Type	[0] Not Connected	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
35-06	Temperature Sensor Alarm Function	[5] Stop and trip	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
35-1*	Temp. Input X48/4						
35-14	Term. X48/4 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16
35-15	Term. X48/4 Temp. Monitor	[0] Disabled	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
35-16	Term. X48/4 Low Temp. Limit	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
35-17	Term. X48/4 High Temp. Limit	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
35-2*	Temp. Input X48/7						
35-24	Term. X48/7 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16
35-25	Term. X48/7 Temp. Monitor	[0] Disabled	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
35-26	Term. X48/7 Low Temp. Limit	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
35-27	Term. X48/7 High Temp. Limit	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
35-3*	Temp. Input X48/10						
35-34	Term. X48/10 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16
35-35	Term. X48/10 Temp. Monitor	[0] Disabled	All set-ups		TRUE	-	Uint8
35-36	Term. X48/10 Low Temp. Limit	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
35-37	Term. X48/10 High Temp. Limit	App.Dependent	All set-ups		TRUE	0	Int16
35-4*	Analog Input X48/2						
35-42	Term. X48/2 Low Current	4.00 mA	All set-ups		TRUE	-5	Int16
35-43	Term. X48/2 High Current	20.00 mA	All set-ups		TRUE	-5	Int16
35-44	Term. X48/2 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0.000 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
35-45	Term. X48/2 High Ref./Feedb. Value	100.000 N/A	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Int32
35-46	Term. X48/2 Filter Time Constant	0.001 s	All set-ups		TRUE	-3	Uint16

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5 Troubleshooting

5.1.1 Warnings/Alarm Messages

A warning or an alarm is signalled by the relevant LED on the front of the frequency converter and indicated by a code on the display.

A warning remains active until its cause is no longer present. Under certain circumstances operation of the motor may still be continued. Warning messages may be critical, but are not necessarily so.

In the event of an alarm, the frequency converter will have tripped. Alarms must be reset to restart operation once their cause has been rectified.

This may be done in three ways:

- 1. By using the [RESET] control button on the LCP.
- 2. Via a digital input with the "Reset" function.
- 3. Via serial communication/optional fieldbus.

NOTE

After a manual reset using the [RESET] button on the LCP, the [AUTO ON] button must be pressed to restart the motor.

If an alarm cannot be reset, the reason may be that its cause has not been rectified, or the alarm is trip-locked (see also table on following page).

Alarms that are trip-locked offer additional protection, meaning that the mains supply must be switched off before the alarm can be reset. After being switched back on, the frequency converter is no longer blocked and may be reset as described above once the cause has been rectified.

Alarms that are not trip-locked can also be reset using the automatic reset function in *14-20 Reset Mode* (Warning: automatic wake-up is possible!)

If a warning and alarm is marked against a code in the table on the following page, this means that either a warning occurs before an alarm, or else that you can specify whether it is a warning or an alarm that is to be displayed for a given fault.

This is possible, for instance, in *1-90 Motor Thermal Protection*. After an alarm or trip, the motor carries on coasting, and the alarm and warning flash. Once the problem has been rectified, only the alarm continues flashing until the frequency converter is reset.

Troubleshooting

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No.	Description	Warning	Alarm/Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
1	10 Volts low	X			
2	Live zero error	(X)	(X)		6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function
3	No motor	(X)			1-80 Function at Stop
4	Mains phase loss	(X)	(X)	(X)	14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance
5	DC link voltage high	Х			
6	DC link voltage low	Х			
7	DC over-voltage	Х	Х		
8	DC under voltage	Х	Х		
9	Inverter overloaded	Х	Х		
10	Motor ETR over temperature	(X)	(X)		1-90 Motor Thermal Protection
11	Motor thermistor over temperature	(X)	(X)		1-90 Motor Thermal Protection
12	Torque limit	Х	Х		
13	Over Current	Х	Х	Х	
14	Earth Fault	Х	Х	Х	
15	Hardware mismatch		Х	Х	
16	Short Circuit		Х	Х	
17	Control word time-out	(X)	(X)		8-04 Control Word Timeout Function
22	Hoist Mech. Brake	(X)	(X)		Parameter group 2-2*
23	Internal Fan Fault	Х			
25	Brake resistor short-circuited	Х			
26	Brake resistor power limit	(X)	(X)		2-13 Brake Power Monitoring
27	Brake chopper short-circuited	X	Х		
28	Brake check	(X)	(X)		2-15 Brake Check
29	Heatsink temp	X	Х	Х	
30	Motor phase U missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function
31	Motor phase V missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function
32	Motor phase W missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function
33	Inrush Fault		Х	Х	
34	Fieldbus communication fault	Х	Х		
36	Mains failure	X	Х		
37	Phase imbalance		Х		
38	Internal Fault		Х	Х	
39	Heatsink sensor		Х	Х	
40	Overload of Digital Output Terminal 27	(X)			5-00 Digital I/O Mode, 5-01 Terminal 27 Mode
41	Overload of Digital Output Terminal 29	(X)			5-00 Digital I/O Mode, 5-02 Terminal 29 Mode
45	Earth Fault 2	Х	Х	Х	
46	Pwr. card supply		Х	Х	
47	24 V supply low	Х	Х	Х	
48	1.8 V supply low		Х	Х	
49	Speed limit	Х			
50	AMA calibration failed		Х		

Troubleshooting

No.	Description	Warning	Alarm/Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
51	AMA check Unom and Inom		Х		
52	AMA low Inom		Х		
53	AMA motor too big		Х		
54	AMA motor too small		Х		
55	AMA parameter out of range		Х		
56	AMA interrupted by user		Х		
57	AMA time-out		Х		
58	AMA internal fault	Х	Х		
59	Current limit	Х			
60	External Interlock	Х	Х		
61	Feedback Error	(X)	(X)		4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function
62	Output Frequency at Maximum Limit	X			
63	Mechanical Brake Low		(X)		2-20 Release Brake Current
64	Voltage Limit	Х			
65	Control Board Over-temperature	Х	Х	Х	
66	Heat sink Temperature Low	Х			
67	Option Configuration has Changed		Х		
68	Safe Stop	(X)	(X) ¹⁾		5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop
69	Pwr. Card Temp		Х	Х	
70	Illegal FC configuration			Х	
73	Safe Stop Auto Restart	(X)	(X)		5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop
76	Power Unit Setup	Х			
77	Reduced power mode	Х			14-59 Actual Number of Inverter Units
78	Tracking Error	(X)	(X)		4-34 Tracking Error Function
79	Illegal PS config		Х	Х	
80	Drive Initialized to Default Value		Х		
81	CSIV corrupt		Х		
82	CSIV parameter error		Х		
85	Profibus/Profisafe Error		Х		
90	Feedback Monitor	(X)	(X)		17-61 Feedback Signal Monitoring
91	Analogue input 54 wrong settings			Х	\$202
250	New spare part			Х	14-23 Typecode Setting
251	New Type Code		Х	Х	

Table 5.1 Alarm/Warning code list

(X) Dependent on parameter

1) Can not be Auto reset via 14-20 Reset Mode

A trip is the action when an alarm has appeared. The trip will coast the motor and can be reset by pressing the reset button or make a reset by a digital input (par. group 5-1* [1]). The origin event that caused an alarm cannot damage the frequency converter or cause dangerous conditions. A trip lock is an action when an alarm occurs, which may cause

damage to frequency converter or connected parts. A Trip Lock situation can only be reset by a power cycling.

LED inc	dication
Warning	yellow
Alarm	flashing red
Trip locked	yellow and red

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Alarn	arm Word Extended Status Word							
Bit	Hex	Dec	Alarm Word	Alarm Word 2	Warning Word	Warning	Extended	
						Word 2	Status Word	
0	00000001	1	Brake Check (A28)	ServiceTrip, Read/ Write	Brake Check (W28)	reserved	Ramping	
1	0000002	2	Heatsink temp.	ServiceTrip,	Heatsink temp. (W29)	reserved	AMA Running	
			(A29)	(reserved)				
2	00000004	4	Earth Fault (A14)	ServiceTrip,	Earth Fault (W14)	reserved	Start CW/CCW	
				Typecode/				
				Sparepart				
3	0000008	8	Ctrl.Card Temp	ServiceTrip,	Ctrl.Card Temp (W65)	reserved	Slow Down	
			(A65)	(reserved)				
4	00000010	16	Ctrl. Word TO (A17)	ServiceTrip,	Ctrl. Word TO (W17)		Catch Up	
				(reserved)				
5	00000020	32	Over Current (A13)	reserved	Over Current (W13)	reserved	Feedback High	
6	00000040	64	Torque Limit (A12)	reserved	Torque Limit (W12)	reserved	Feedback Low	
7	00000080	128	Motor Th Over (A11)	reserved	Motor Th Over (W11)	reserved	Output Current High	
8	00000100	256	Motor ETR Over (A10)	reserved	Motor ETR Over (W10)	reserved	Output Current Low	
9	00000200	512	Inverter Overld. (A9)	reserved	Inverter Overld (W9)	reserved	Output Freq High	
10	00000400	1024	DC under Volt (A8)	reserved	DC under Volt (W8)		Output Freq Low	
11	00000800	2048	DC over Volt (A7)	reserved	DC over Volt (W7)		Brake Check OK	
12	00001000	4096	Short Circuit (A16)	reserved	DC Voltage Low (W6)	reserved	Braking Max	
13	00002000	8192	Inrush Fault (A33)	reserved	DC Voltage High (W5)		Braking	
14	00004000	16384	Mains ph. Loss (A4)	reserved	Mains ph. Loss (W4)		Out of Speed Range	
15	0008000	32768	AMA Not OK	reserved	No Motor (W3)		OVC Active	
16	00010000	65536	Live Zero Error (A2)	reserved	Live Zero Error (W2)		AC Brake	
17	00020000	131072	Internal Fault (A38)	KTY error	10V Low (W1)	KTY Warn	Password Timelock	
18	00040000	262144	Brake Overload (A26)	Fans error	Brake Overload (W26)	Fans Warn	Password Protection	
19	00080000	524288	U phase Loss (A30)	ECB error	Brake Resistor (W25)	ECB Warn		
20	00100000	1048576	V phase Loss (A31)	reserved	Brake IGBT (W27)	reserved		
21	00200000	2097152	W phase Loss (A32)	reserved	Speed Limit (W49)	reserved		
22	00400000	4194304	Fieldbus Fault (A34)	reserved	Fieldbus Fault (W34)	reserved	Unused	
23	00800000	8388608	24 V Supply Low (A47)	reserved	24V Supply Low (W47)	reserved	Unused	
24	01000000	16777216	Mains Failure (A36)	reserved	Mains Failure (W36)	reserved	Unused	
25	02000000	33554432	1.8V Supply Low (A48)	reserved	Current Limit (W59)	reserved	Unused	
26	04000000	67108864	Brake Resistor (A25)	reserved	Low Temp (W66)	reserved	Unused	
27	08000000	134217728	Brake IGBT (A27)	reserved	Voltage Limit (W64)	reserved	Unused	
28	10000000	268435456	Option Change (A67)	reserved	Encoder loss (W90)	reserved	Unused	
29	20000000	536870912	Drive	Feedback Fault	Feedback Fault (W61, W90)		Unused	
			Initialized(A80)	(A61, A90)				
30	40000000	1073741824	Safe Stop (A68)	PTC 1 Safe Stop	Safe Stop (W68)	PTC 1 Safe	Unused	
				(A71)		Stop (W71)		
31	80000000	2147483648	Mech. brake low (A63)	Dangerous Failure (A72)	Extended Status Word		Unused	

Table 5.2 Description of Alarm Word, Warning Word and Extended Status Word

The alarm words, warning words and extended status words can be read out via serial bus or optional fieldbus for diagnose. See also *16-94 Ext. Status Word*.

WARNING 1, 10 Volts low:

The 10 V voltage from terminal 50 on the control card is below 10 V.



Remove some of the load from terminal 50, as the 10 V supply is overloaded. Max. 15 mA or minimum 590 Ω .

WARNING/ALARM 2, Live zero error:

The signal on terminal 53 or 54 is less than 50% of the value set in 6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage, 6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current, 6-20 Terminal 54 Low Voltage, or 6-22 Terminal 54 Low Current respectively.

WARNING/ALARM 3, No motor:

No motor has been connected to the output of the frequency converter.

WARNING/ALARM 4, Mains phase loss:

A phase is missing on the supply side, or the mains voltage imbalance is too high.

This message also appears in case of a fault in the input rectifier on the frequency converter.

Check the supply voltage and supply currents to the frequency converter.

WARNING 5, DC link voltage high:

The intermediate circuit voltage (DC) is higher than the high voltage warning limit. The limit is dependent on the drive voltage rating. The frequency converter is still active.

WARNING 6, DC link voltage low:

The intermediate circuit voltage (DC) is lower than the low voltage warning limit. The limit is dependent on the drive voltage rating. The frequency converter is still active.

WARNING/ALARM 7, DC overvoltage:

If the intermediate circuit voltage exceeds the limit, the frequency converter trips after a time.

Troubleshooting:

Connect a brake resistor

Extend the ramp time

Change the ramp type

Activate functions in 2-10 Brake Function

Increase 14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault

WARNING/ALARM 8, DC under voltage:

If the intermediate circuit voltage (DC) drops below the under voltage limit, the frequency converter checks if a 24 V backup supply is connected. If no 24 V backup supply is connected, the frequency converter trips after a fixed time delay. The time delay varies with unit size.

Troubleshooting:

Check that the supply voltage matches the frequency converter voltage.

Perform Input voltage test

Perform soft charge and rectifier circuit test

WARNING/ALARM 9, Inverter overloaded:

The frequency converter is about to cut out because of an overload (too high current for too long). The counter for electronic, thermal inverter protection gives a warning at 98% and trips at 100%, while giving an alarm. You <u>cannot</u> reset the frequency converter until the counter is below 90%.

The fault is that the frequency converter is overloaded by more than 100% for too long.

WARNING/ALARM 10, Motor ETR over temperature:

According to the electronic thermal protection (ETR), the motor is too hot. You can choose if you want the frequency converter to give a warning or an alarm when the counter reaches 100% in *1-90 Motor Thermal Protection*. The fault is that the motor is overloaded by more than 100% for too long. Check that the motor *1-24 Motor Current* is set correctly.

WARNING/ALARM 11, Motor thermistor over temp:

The thermistor or the thermistor connection is disconnected. You can choose if you want the frequency converter to give a warning or an alarm when the counter reaches 100% in *1-90 Motor Thermal Protection*. Check that the thermistor is connected correctly between terminal 53 or 54 (analog voltage input) and terminal 50 (+ 10 V supply), or between terminal 18 or 19 (digital input PNP only) and terminal 50. If aKTY sensoris used, check for correct connection between terminal 54 and 55.

WARNING/ALARM 12, Torque limit:

The torque is higher than the value in *4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode* (in motor operation) or the torque is higher than the value in *4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode* (in regenerative operation).

WARNING/ALARM 13, Over Current:

The inverter peak current limit (approx. 200% of the rated current) is exceeded. The warning will last approx. 8-12 sec., then the frequency converter trips and issues an alarm. Turn off the frequency converter and check if the motor shaft can be turned and if the motor size matches the frequency converter.

If extended mechanical brake control is selected, trip can be reset externally.

ALARM 14, Earth fault:

There is a discharge from the output phases to earth, either in the cable between the frequency converter and the motor or in the motor itself.

Turn off the frequency converter and remove the earth fault.

ALARM 15, Incomplete hardware:

A fitted option is not handled by the present control board (hardware or software).

ALARM 16, Short-circuit:

There is short-circuiting in the motor or on the motor terminals.

Turn off the frequency converter and remove the shortcircuit.

WARNING/ALARM 17, Control word timeout:

There is no communication to the frequency converter. The warning will only be active when *8-04 Control Word Timeout Function* is NOT set to *OFF*.

If 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function is set to Stop and Trip, a warning appears and the frequency converter ramps down until it trips, while giving an alarm.

8-03 Control Word Timeout Time could possibly be increased.

WARNING/ALARM 22, Hoist Mechanical Brake:

Report value will show what kind it is. 0 = The torque ref. was not reached before timeout. 1 = There was no brake feedback before timeout.

WARNING 23, Internal fan fault:

The fan warning function is an extra protection function that checks if the fan is running / mounted. The fan warning can be disabled in *14-53 Fan Monitor* (set to [0] Disabled).

WARNING 24, External fan fault:

The fan warning function is an extra protection function that checks if the fan is running / mounted. The fan warning can be disabled in *14-53 Fan Monitor* (set to [0] Disabled).

WARNING 25, Brake resistor short-circuited:

The brake resistor is monitored during operation. If it shortcircuits, the brake function is disconnected and the warning appears. The frequency converter still works, but without the brake function. Turn off the frequency converter and replace the brake resistor (see 2-15 Brake Check).

WARNING/ALARM 26, Brake resistor power limit:

The power transmitted to the brake resistor is calculated as a percentage, as a mean value over the last 120 s, on the basis of the resistance value of the brake resistor (2-11 Brake Resistor (ohm)) and the intermediate circuit voltage. The warning is active when the dissipated braking power is higher than 90%. If *Trip* [2] has been selected in 2-13 Brake Power Monitoring, the frequency converter cuts out and issues this alarm, when the dissipated braking power is higher than 100%.

WARNING/ALARM 27, Brake chopper fault:

The brake transistor is monitored during operation and if it short-circuits, the brake function disconnects and the warning comes up. The frequency converter is still able to run, but since the brake transistor has short-circuited, substantial power is transmitted to the brake resistor, even if it is inactive.

Turn off the frequency converter and remove the brake resistor.

This alarm/ warning could also occur should the brake resistor overheat. Terminal 104 to 106 are available as brake resistor. Klixon inputs, see section Brake Resistor Temperature Switch.

CAUTION

Warning: There is a risk of substantial power being transmitted to the brake resistor if the brake transistor is short-circuited.

WARNING/ALARM 28, Brake check failed:

Brake resistor fault: the brake resistor is not connected/ working.

ALARM 29, Drive over temperature:

If the enclosure is IP 20 or IP 21/Type 1, the cut-out temperature of the heat-sink is 95 °C \pm 5 °C. The temperature fault cannot be reset, until the temperature of the heatsink is below 70 °C \pm 5 °C.

The fault could be:

- Ambient temperature too high
- Too long motor cable

ALARM 30, Motor phase U missing:

Motor phase U between the frequency converter and the the motor is missing.

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Turn off the frequency converter and check motor phase U.

ALARM 31, Motor phase V missing:

Motor phase V between the frequency converter and the motor is missing.

Turn off the frequency converter and check motor phase V.

ALARM 32, Motor phase W missing:

Motor phase W between the frequency converter and the motor is missing.

Turn off the frequency converter and check motor phase W.

ALARM 33, Inrush fault:

Too many power ups have occured within a short time period. See the chapter *General Specifications* for the allowed number of power ups within one minute.

WARNING/ALARM 34, Fieldbus communication fault:

The fieldbus on the communication option card is not working correctly. Please check parameters associated with the module and make sure module is properly inserted in Slot A of the drive. Check the wiring for fieldbus.

WARNING/ALARM 36, Mains failure:

This warning/alarm is only active if the supply voltage to the frequency converter is lost and *14-10 Mains Failure* is NOT set to OFF. Possible correction: check the fuses to the frequency converter

ALARM 37, Phase imbalance:

There is a current imbalance between the power units

ALARM 38, Internal fault:

By this alarm it may be necessary to contact your Danfoss supplier. Some typical alarm messages:

0The serial port cannot be initialized. Serious hardware failure256The power EEPROM data is defect or too old512The control board EEPROM data is defect or too old513Communication time out Reading EEPROM data514Communication time out Reading EEPROM data515The Application Orientated Control cannot recognize the EEPROM data516Cannot write write to the EEPROM because a write command is on progress517The write command is under time out518Failure in the EEPROM519Missing or invalid BarCode data in EEPROM 1024 – 1279 CAN telegram cannot be sent. (1027 indicate a possible hardware failure)1281Digital Signal Processor flash time-out1282Power micro software version mismatch1283Power EEPROM data version mismatch		
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command is on progress517The write command is under time out518Failure in the EEPROM519Missing or invalid BarCode data in EEPROM 1024 – 1279 CAN telegram cannot be sent. (1027 indicate a possible hardware failure)1281Digital Signal Processor flash time-out1282Power micro software version mismatch		EEPROM data
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hardware failure) 1281 Digital Signal Processor flash time-out 1282 Power micro software version mismatch	519	Missing or invalid BarCode data in EEPROM 1024 – 1279
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1282 Power micro software version mismatch		hardware failure)
	1281	Digital Signal Processor flash time-out
1283 Power EEPROM data version mismatch	1282	Power micro software version mismatch
	1283	Power EEPROM data version mismatch

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1284	Cannot read Digital Signal Processor software version
1299	Option SW in slot A is too old
1300	Option SW in slot B is too old
1311	Option SW in slot C0 is too old
1312	Option SW in slot C1 is too old
1315	Option SW in slot A is not supported (not allowed)
1316	Option SW in slot B is not supported (not allowed)
1317	Option SW in slot C0 is not supported (not allowed)
1318	Option SW in slot C1 is not supported (not allowed)
1536	An exception in the Application Orientated Control is
	registered. Debug information written in LCP
1792	DSP watchdog is active. Debugging of power part data
	Motor Orientated Control data not transferred correctly
2049	Power data restarted
2315	Missing SW version from power unit
2816	Stack overflow Control board module
2817	Scheduler slow tasks
2818	Fast tasks
2819	Parameter thread
2820	LCP stack overflow
2821	Serial port overflow
2822	USB port overflow
3072-	Parameter value is outside its limits. Perform a initiali-
5122	zation. Parameter number causing the alarm: Subtract the
	code from 3072. Ex Error code 3238: 3238-3072 = 166 is
	outside the limit
5123	Option in slot A: Hardware incompatible with Control
	board hardware
5124	Option in slot B: Hardware incompatible with Control
	board hardware
5125	Option in slot C0: Hardware incompatible with Control
	board hardware
5126	Option in slot C1: Hardware incompatible with Control
	board hardware
	Out of memory
6231	

ALARM 39, Heatsink sensor:

No feedback from the heatsink temperature sensor.

The signal from the IGBT thermal sensor is not available on the power card. The problem could be on the power card, on the gate drive card, or the ribbon cable between the power card and gate drive card.

WARNING 40, Overload of Digital Output Terminal 27: Check the load connected to terminal 27 or remove shortcircuit connection. Check 5-00 Digital I/O Mode and 5-01 Terminal 27 Mode.

WARNING 41, Overload of Digital Output Terminal 29: Check the load connected to terminal 29 or remove shortcircuit connection. Check 5-00 Digital I/O Mode and 5-02 Terminal 29 Mode.

WARNING 42, Overload of Digital Output On X30/6 : Check the load connected to X30/6 or remove short-circuit connection. Check 5-32 Term X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101).

WARNING 42, Overload of Digital Output On X30/7 :

Check the load connected to X30/7 or remove short-circuit connection. Check 5-33 Term X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101).

ALARM 45, Earth fault 2:

There is a discharge from the output phases to earth, either in the cable between the frequency converter and the motor or in the motor itself. Turn off the frequency converter and remove the earth fault. This alarm is detected under the start-up test sequence.

ALARM 46, Power card supply:

The supply on the power card is out of range.

There are three power supplies generated by the switch mode power supply (SMPS) on the power card: 24 V, 5V, +/-18V. When powered with 24 VDC with the MCB 107 option, only the 24 V and 5 V supplies are monitored. When powered with three phase mains voltage, all three supplied are monitored.

WARNING 47, 24 V supply low:

The external 24 V DC backup power supply may be overloaded, otherwise Contact your Danfoss supplier.

WARNING 48, 1.8 V supply low:

Contact your Danfoss supplier.

WARNING 49, Speed limit:

The speed is not within the specified range in 4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] and 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM].

ALARM 50, AMA calibration failed:

The motor is not suitable for the particular size of drive. Start the AMA procedure once again by 1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA), eventually with a reduced AMA function. If still failing; check the motor data.

ALARM 51, AMA check Unom and Inom:

The setting of motor voltage, motor current, and motor power is presumably wrong. Check the settings.

ALARM 52, AMA low Inom:

The motor current is too low. Check the settings.

ALARM 53, AMA motor too big:

The motor is too big for the AMA to be carried out.

ALARM 54, AMA motor too small:

The motor is too small for the AMA to be carried out.

ALARM 55, AMA par. out of range:

The motor parameter values found from the motor are outside acceptable range.

ALARM 56, AMA interrupted by user:

The AMA has been interrupted by the user.

ALARM 57, AMA timeout:

Try to start the AMA again a number of times, until the AMA is carried out. Please note that repeated runs may heat the motor to a level where the resistance Rs and Rr are increased. In most cases, however, this is not critical.

ALARM 58, AMA internal fault:

Contact your Danfoss supplier.



WARNING 59, Current limit:

The current is higher than the value in 4-18 Current Limit.

WARNING 60, External interlock:

External interlock has been activated. To resume normal operation, apply 24 V DC to the terminal programmed for external interlock and reset the frequency converter (via serial communication, digital I/O, or by pressing reset button on keypad).

WARNING/ALARM 61, Feedback Error:

An error between calculated speed and speed measurement from feedback device. The function Warning/Alarm/ Disabling setting is in 4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function. Accepted error setting in 4-31 Motor Feedback Speed Error and the allowed time the error occur setting in 4-32 Motor Feedback Loss Timeout. During a commissioning procedure the function may be effective.

WARNING 62, Output Frequency at Maximum Limit:

The output frequency is higher than the value set in 4-19 Max Output Frequency. This is a warning in VVC^{plus} mode and an alarm (trip) in Flux mode.

ALARM 63, Mechanical Brake Low:

The actual motor current has not exceeded the "release brake" current within the "Start delay" time window.

WARNING 64, Voltage Limit:

The load and speed combination demands a motor voltage higher than the actual DC link voltage.

WARNING/ALARM/TRIP 65, Control Card Over Temperature: Control card over temperature: The cut-out temperature of

the control card is 80° C.

WARNING 66, Heatsink Temperature Low:

The heat sink temperature is measured as 0° C. This could indicate that the temperature sensor is defect and thus the fan speed is increased to the maximum in case the power part or control card is very hot.

ALARM 67, Option Configuration has Changed:

One or more options has either been added or removed since the last power down.

ALARM 68, Safe Stop:

Safe Stop has been activated. To resume normal operation, apply 24 V DC to T-37. Press reset button on LCP.

WARNING 68, Safe Stop:

Safe Stop has been activated. Normal operation is resumed when Safe Stop is disabled. Warning: Automatic Restart!

ALARM 69, Power card temperature

The temperature sensor on the power card is either too hot or too cold.

Troubleshooting:

Check the operation of the door fans.

Check that the filters for the door fans are not blocked.

Check that the gland plate is properly installed on IP 21 and IP 54 (NEMA 1 and NEMA 12) drives.

ALARM 70, Illegal FC Configuration:

Actual combination of control board and power board is illegal.

ALARM 71, PTC 1 Safe Stop:

Safe Stop has been activated from the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card (motor too warm). Normal operation can be resumed when the MCB 112 applies 24 V DC to T-37 again (when the motor temperature reaches an acceptable level) and when the Digital Input from the MCB 112 is deactivated. When that happens, a reset signal must be is be sent (via Bus, Digital I/O, or by pressing [RESET]).

WARNING 71, PTC 1 Safe Stop:

Safe Stop has been activated from the MCB 112 PTC Thermistor Card (motor too warm). Normal operation can be resumed when the MCB 112 applies 24 V DC to T-37 again (when the motor temperature reaches an acceptable level) and when the Digital Input from the MCB 112 is deactivated. Warning: Automatic Restart.

ALARM 72, Dangerous Failure:

Safe Stop with Trip Lock. The Dangerous Failure Alarm is issued if the combination of safe stop commands is unexpected. This is the case if the MCB 112 VLT PTC Thermistor Card enables X44/ 10 but safe stop is somehow not enabled. Furthermore, if the MCB 112 is the only device using safe stop (specified through selection [4] or [5] in par. 5-19), an unexpected combination is activation of safe stop without the X44/ 10 being activated. The following table summarizes the unexpected combinations that lead to Alarm 72. Note that if X44/ 10 is activated in selection 2 or 3, this signal is ignored! However, the MCB 112 will still be able to activate Safe Stop.

Function	No.	X44/ 10 (DI)	Safe Stop T37
PTC 1 Warning	[4]	+	-
		-	+
PTC 1 Alarm	[5]	+	-
		-	+
PTC 1 & Relay A	[6]	+	-
PTC 1 & Relay W	[7]	+	-
PTC 1 & RelayA/ W	[8]	+	-
PTC 1 & Relay W/A	[9]	+	-

+ = activated

- = Not activated

WARNING 73, Safe stop auto restart:

Safe stopped. Note that with automatic restart enabled, the motor may start when the fault is cleared.

WARNING 76, Power Unit Setup:

The required number of power units does not match the detected number of active power units.

Troubleshooting:

When replacing an F-frame module, this will occur if the power specific data in the module power card does not



match the rest of the drive. Please confirm the spare part and its power card are the correct part number.

WARNING 77, Reduced power mode:

This warning indicates that the drive is operating in reduced power mode (i.e. less than the allowed number of inverter sections). This warning will be generated on power cycle when the drive is set to run with fewer inverters and will remain on.

ALARM 78, Tracking Error:

The difference between set point value and actual value has exceeded the value in 4-35 Tracking Error. Disable the function by 4-34 Tracking Error Function or select an alarm/ warning also in 4-34 Tracking Error Function. Investigate the mechanics around the load and motor, Check feedback connections from motor – encoder – to drive. Select motor feedback function in 4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function. Adjust tracking error band in 4-35 Tracking Error and 4-37 Tracking Error Ramping.

ALARM 79, Illegal power section configuration:

The scaling card is the incorrect part number or not installed. Also MK102 connector on the power card could not be installed.

ALARM 80, Drive Initialised to Default Value:

Parameter settings are initialised to default setting after a manual (three-finger) reset.

ALARM 81, CSIV corrupt: CSIV file has syntax errors.

CSIV IIIE Has syntax errors.

ALARM 82, CSIV parameter error: CSIV failed to init a parameter.

ALARM 85, Dang fail PB: Profibus/Profisafe Error.

ALARM 86, Dang fail DI: Sensor Error.

ALARM 88, Option Detection:

A change in the option layout has been detected. This alarm occurs when 14-89 Option Detection is set to [0] Frozen configuration and the option layout for some reason has changed. An option layout change has to be enabled in 14-89 Option Detection before the change is accepted. If the change of configuration is not accepted, it is only possible to reset Alarm 88 (Trip-lock) when the option configuration has been re-established/corrected.

ALARM 90, Feedback Monitor:

Check the connection to encoder/ resolver option and eventually replace the MCB 102or MCB 103.

ALARM 91, Analogue Input 54 Wrong Settings:

Switch S202 has to be set in position OFF (voltage input) when a KTY sensor is connected to analogue input terminal 54.

ALARM 243, Brake IGBT:

This alarm is only for F Frame drives. It is equivalent to Alarm 27. The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm:

- 1 = left most inverter module.
- 2 = middle inverter module in F2 or F4 drive.
- 2 = right inverter module in F1 or F3 drive.
- 3 = right inverter module in F2 or F4 drive.
- 5 = rectifier module.

ALARM 244, Heatsink temperature:

This alarm is only for F Frame drives. It is equivalent to Alarm 29. The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm:

- 1 = left most inverter module.
- 2 = middle inverter module in F2 or F4 drive.
- 2 = right inverter module in F1 or F3 drive.
- 3 = right inverter module in F2 or F4 drive.
- 5 = rectifier module.

ALARM 245, Heatsink sensor:

This alarm is only for F Frame drives. It is equivalent to Alarm 39. The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm:

- 1 = left most inverter module.
- 2 = middle inverter module in F2 or F4 drive.
- 2 = right inverter module in F1 or F3 drive.
- 3 = right inverter module in F2 or F4 drive.
- 5 = rectifier module.

ALARM 246, Power card supply:

This alarm is only for F Frame drives. It is equivalent to Alarm 46. The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm:

- 1 = left most inverter module.
- 2 = middle inverter module in F2 or F4 drive.
- 2 = right inverter module in F1 or F3 drive.
- 3 = right inverter module in F2 or F4 drive.
- 5 = rectifier module.

ALARM 247, Power card temperature:

This alarm is only for F Frame drives. It is equivalent to Alarm 69. The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm:

- 1 = left most inverter module.
- 2 = middle inverter module in F2 or F4 drive.
- 2 = right inverter module in F1 or F3 drive.
- 3 = right inverter module in F2 or F4 drive.
- 5 = rectifier module.

ALARM 248, Illegal power section configuration:

This alarm is only for F Frame drives. It is equivalent to Alarm 79. The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm:

Danfoss

- 1 = left most inverter module.
- 2 = middle inverter module in F2 or F4 drive.
- 2 = right inverter module in F1 or F3 drive.
- 3 = right inverter module in F2 or F4 drive.
- 5 = rectifier module.

ALARM 250, New Spare Part:

The power or Switch Mode Power Supply has been exchanged. The frequency converter type code must be restored in the EEPROM. Select the correct type code in *14-23 Typecode Setting* according to the label on unit. Remember to select 'Save to EEPROM' to complete.

ALARM 251, New Type Code:

The Frequency Converter has got a new type code.



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