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1 How to Read this Design Guide

This Design Guide will introduce all aspects of output filters for your VLT® FC Series Drive; From choosing the right output filter for the application to instructions about how to install it and how to program the Frequency Converter.

Danfoss technical literature is also available online at www.danfoss.com/BusinessAreas/DrivesSolutions/Documentations/Technical+Documentation.

1.1.1 Symbols

Symbols used in this manual:

NOTE

Indicates something to be noted by the reader.



CAUTION!

Indicates a general warning.



Indicates a high-voltage warning.

★ Indicates default setting

1.1.2 Abbreviations

Alternating current	AC
American wire gauge	AWG
Ampere/AMP	A
Automatic Motor Adaptation	AMA
Current limit	ILIM
Degrees Celsius	°C
Direct current	DC
Drive Dependent	D-TYPE
Electro Magnetic Compatibility	EMC
Electronic Thermal Relay	ETR
Drive	FC
Gram	g
Hertz	Hz
Kilohertz	kHz
Local Control Panel	LCP
Meter	m
Millihenry Inductance	mH
Milliampere	mA
Millisecond	ms
Minute	min
Motion Control Tool	МСТ
Nanofarad	nF
Newton Meters	Nm
Nominal motor current	I _{M,N}
Nominal motor frequency	f _{M,N}
Nominal motor power	P _{M,N}
Nominal motor voltage	U _{M,N}
Parameter	par.
Protective Extra Low Voltage	PELV
Rated Inverter Output Current	linv
Revolutions Per Minute	RPM
Second	s
Synchronous Motor Speed	ns
Torque limit	T _{LIM}
Volts	V
Ivlt,max	The maximum output current.
I _{VLT,N}	The rated output current
	supplied by the frequency
	converter.



2 Safety and Conformity

2.1 Safety Precautions



Equipment containing electrical components may not be disposed of together with domestic waste.

It must be separately collected with electrical and electronic waste according to local and currently valid legislation.

> MCC 101/102 Design Guide





2.1.1 CE Conformity and Labelling

What is CE Conformity and Labelling?

The purpose of CE labelling is to avoid technical trade obstacles within EFTA and the EU. The EU has introduced the CE label as a simple way of showing whether a product complies with the relevant EU directives. The CE label says nothing about the specifications or quality of the product. The low-voltage directive (73/23/EEC)

Frequency converters must be CE labelled in accordance with the low-voltage directive of January 1, 1997. The directive applies to all electrical equipment and appliances used in the 50 - 1000 V AC and the 75 - 1500 V DC voltage ranges. Danfoss CE-labels in accordance with the directive and issues a declaration of conformity upon request.

Warnings



CAUTION!

When in use the filter surface temperature rises. DO NOT touch the filter during operation.



WARNING!

Never work on a filter in operation. Touching the electrical parts may be fatal - even after the equipment has been disconnected from the drive or motor.

A CAUTION!

Before servicing the filter, wait at least the voltage discharge time stated in the Design Guide for the corresponding VLT to avoid electrical shock hazard.

NOTE

Never attempt to repair a defect filter.

NOTE

The filters presented in this design guide are specially designed and tested for Danfoss Drives frequency converters (FC 102/202/301 and 302). Danfoss takes no resposibility for the use of third party output filters.

NOTE

The phased out LC-filters that were developed for the VLT5000 series and are not compatible with the VLT FC-series frequency converters.

However, the new filters are compatible with both FC-series and VLT 5000-series

NOTE

690V applications:

For motors not specially designed for frequency converter operation or without double insulation, Danfoss highly recommend the use of either du/dt or Sine-wave filters.

NOTE

Sine-wave filters can be used at switching frequencies higher than the nominal switching frequency, but should never be used at switching frequencies with less than 20% lower than the nominal switching frequency.

NOTE

du/dt filters, unlike Sine-wave filters, can be used at lower switching frequency than the nominal switching frequency, but higher switching frequency will cause the overheating of the filter and should be avoided.



3 Introduction to Output Filters

3.1 Why use Output Filters

This chapter describes why and when to use Output Filters with Danfoss Drives frequency converters. It is divided into three sections:

- Protection of Motor Insulation
- Reduction of Motor Acoustic Noise
- Reduction of High Frequency Electromagnetic Noise in Motor Cable

3.2 Protection of Motor Insulation

3.2.1 The Output Voltage

The output voltage of the frequency converter is a series of trapezoidal pulses with a variable width (pulse width modulation) characterized by a pulse rise-time $t_{\rm r}$.

When a transistor in the inverter switches, the voltage across the motor terminal increases by a du/dt ratio that depends

- the motor cable (type, cross-section, length, screened or unscreened, inductance and capacitance)
- the high frequency surge impendance of the motor

Because of the impedance mismatch between the cable characteristic impedance and the motor surge impedance a wave reflection occurs, causing a ringing voltage overshoot at the motor terminals - see following illustration. The motor surge impedance decreases with the increase of motor size resulting in reduced mismatch with the cable impedance. The lower reflection coefficient (Γ) reduces the wave reflection and thereby the voltage overshoot.

In the case of parallel cables the cable characteristic impedance is reduced, resulting in a higher reflection coefficient higher overshoot. For more information please see IEC61800-8.

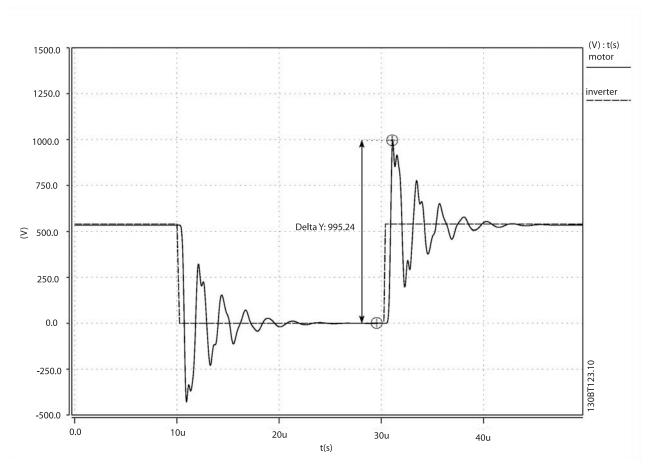


Illustration 3.1: Example of converter output voltage (dotted line) and motor terminal voltage after 200 meters of cable (solid line).



Typical values for the rise time and peak voltage UPEAK are measured on the motor terminals between two phases.

Two different definitions for the risetime t_r are used in practice. The international IEC standards define the rise-time as the time between 10 % to 90 % of the peak voltage Upeak. The US National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) defines the rise-time as the time between 10 % and 90 % of the final, settled voltage, that is equal to the DC link voltage U_{DC}. See following illustrations.

To obtain approximate values for cable lengths and voltages not mentioned below, use the following rules of thumb:

- Rise time increases with cable length. 1.
- 2. $U_{PEAK} = DC link voltage x (1+\Gamma); \Gamma$ represents the reflection coefficient and typical values can be found in table below

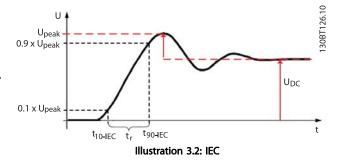
(DC link voltage = Mains voltage x 1.35).

(For du/dt, rise time, Upeak values at different cable lengths please consult the drive Design Guide)

Motor power [kW]	Zm [Ω]	Γ
<3.7	2000 - 5000	0.95
90	800	0.82
355	400	0.6

Table 3.1: Typical values for reflection coefficients (IEC61800-8).

The IEC and NEMA definitions of risetime t_r



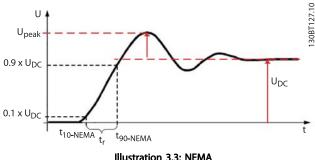


Illustration 3.3: NEMA

Various standards and technical specifications present limits of the admissible Upeak and tr for different motor types. Some of the most used limit lines are shown in the figure below:

- IEC60034-17 limit line for general purpose motors when fed by frequency converters, 500V motors.
- IEC60034-25 limit for converter rated motors: curve A is for 500V motors and curve B is for 690V motors.
- NEMA MG1 Definite purpose Inverter Fed Motors.

If, in your application, the resulting U_{peak} and t_{r} exceed the limits that apply for the motor used, an output filter should be used for protecting the motor insulation.

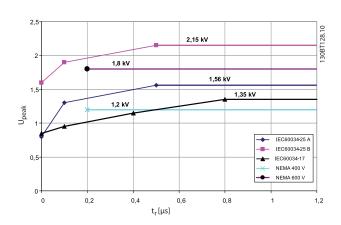


Illustration 3.4: Limit lines for U_{peak} and risetime t_r .

3.3 Reduction of Motor Acoustic Noise

The acoustic noise generated by motors has three main sources:

- 1. The magnetic noise produced by the motor core, through magnetostriction
- 2. The noise produced by the motor bearings
- 3. The noise produced by the motor ventilation

When a motor is fed by a frequency converter, the pulsewidth modulated (PWM) voltage applied to the motor causes additional magnetic noise at the switching frequency and harmonics of the switching frequency (mainly the double of the switching frequency). In some applications this is not acceptable. In order to eliminate this additional switching noise, a sine-wave filter should be used. This will filter the pulse shaped voltage from the frequency converter and provide a sinusoidal phase-to-phase voltage at the motor terminals.

3.4 Reduction of High Frequency Electromagnetic Noise in the Motor Cable

When no filters are used, the ringing voltage overshoot that occurs at the motor terminals is the main high-frequency noise source. This can be seen in the figure below that shows the correlation between the frequency of the voltage ringing at the motor terminals and the spectrum of the high-frequency conducted interference in the motor cable. Besides this noise component, there are also other noise components such as:

- The common-mode voltage between phases and ground (at the switching frequency and its harmonics) - high amplitude but low frequency.
- High-frequency noise (above 10MHz) caused by the switching of semiconductors - high frequency but low amplitude.

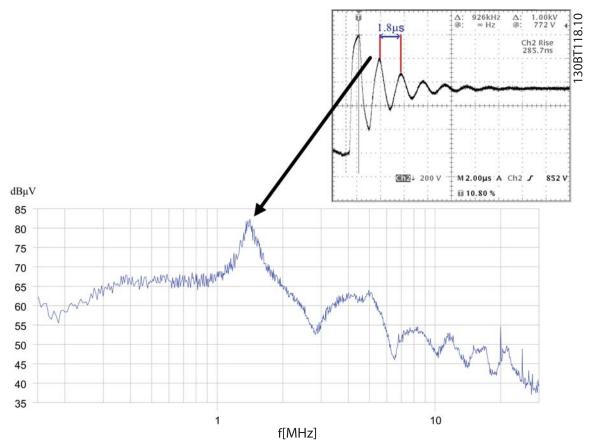


Illustration 3.5: Correlation between the frequency of the ringing voltage overshoot and the spectrum of noise emissions.



When an output filter is installed following effect is achieved:

- In the case of du/dt filters the frequency of the ringing oscillation is reduced below 150kHz.
- In the case of sine-wave filters the ringing oscillation is completely eliminated and the motor is fed by a sinusoidal phase-to-phase voltage.

Remember, that the other two noise components are still present. The use of unshielded motor cables is possible, but the layout of the installation should prevent noise coupling between the unshielded motor cable and the mains line or other sensitive cables (sensors, communication, etc.). This can be achieved by cable segregation and placement of the motor cable in a separate, continuous and grounded cable tray.

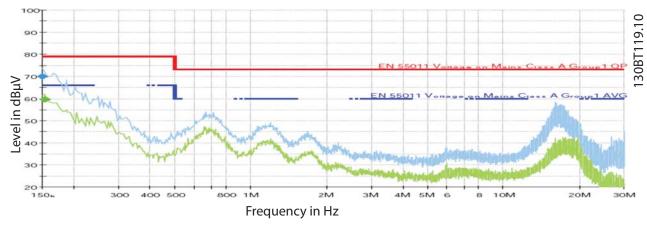


Illustration 3.6: Mains line conducted noise, no filter.

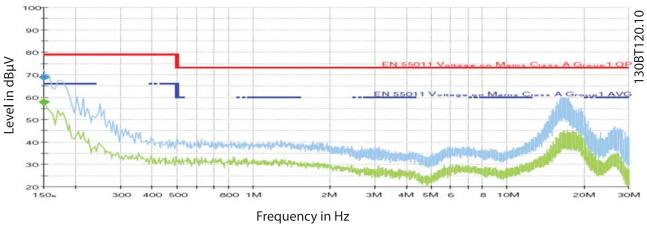


Illustration 3.7: Mains line conducted noise, sine-wave filter.



3.5 Which Filter for which Purpose

The table below shows a comparison of du/dt and Sine-wave filter performance. It can be used to determine which filter to use with your application.

Performance criteria	du/dt filters	Sine-wave filters
Motor insulation stress	Up to 150 m cable (screened/unscreened)	Provides a sinusoidal phase-to-phase motor terminal
	complies with the requirements of IEC60034-17	voltage. Complies with IEC-60034-17* and NEMA-MG1
	(general purpose motors). Above this cable length	requirements for general purpose motors with cables up
	the risk of "double pulsing" (two time mains	to 500m (1km for VLT frame size D and above).
	network voltage) increases.	
Motor bearing stress	Slightly reduced, only in high-power motors.	Reduces bearing currents caused by circulating currents.
		Does not reduce common-mode currents (shaft
		currents).
EMC performance	Eliminates motor cable ringing. Does not change	Eliminates motor cable ringing. Does not change the
	the emission class. Does not allow longer motor	emission class. Does not allow longer motor cables as
	cables as specified for the frequency converter's	specified for the frequency converter's built-in RFI filter.
	built-in RFI filter.	
Max. motor cable length	100m 150 m	With guaranteed EMC performance: 150m screened and
	With guaranteed EMC performance: 150m	300m unscreened.
	screened.	Without guaranteed EMC performance: up to 500m (1km
	Without guaranteed EMC performance: 150m	for VLT frame size D and above)
	unscreened.	
Acoustic motor switching	Does not eliminate acoustic switching noise.	Eliminates acoustic switching noise from the motor
noise		caused by magnetostriction.
Relative size	15-50% (depending on power size).	100%
Voltage drop**	0.5%	4-10%

Table 3.2: Comparison of du/dt and sine-wave filters.

3.5.1 du/dt Filters

The du/dt filters consist of inductors and capacitors in a low pass filter arrangement and their cut off frequency is above the nominal switching frequency of the drive. The inductance (L) and capacitance (C) values are shown in the tables in the section *Electrical Data - du/dt Filters* in the chapter *Selection of Output Filters*. Compared to Sine-wave filters they have lower L and C values, thus they are cheaper and smaller. With a du/dt filter the voltage wave form is still pulse shaped but the current is sinusoidal - see following illustrations.

Features and benefits

du/dt filters reduce the voltage peaks and du/dt of the pulses at the motor terminals. The du/dt filters reduce du/dt to approx. $500V/\mu s$.

Advantages:

- Protects the motor against high du/dt values and voltage peaks, hence prolongs the lifetime of the motor
- Allows the use of motors which are not specifically designed for converter operation, for example in retrofit applications

Application areas:

Danfoss recommends the use of du/dt filters in the following applications:

- Applications with frequent regenerative braking
- Motors that are not rated for frequency converter operation and not complying with IEC600034-25
- Motors placed in aggressive environments or running at high temperatures
- Applications with risk of flash over
- Installations using old motors (retrofit) or general purpose motors not complying with IEC 600034-25
- Applications with short motor cables (less than 15 meters)
- 690V applications

^{*)} Not 690V.

^{**)} See general specification for formula.



Voltage and current with and without du/dt filter:

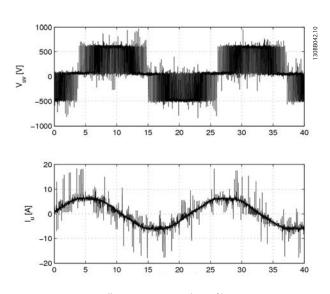


Illustration 3.8: Without filter

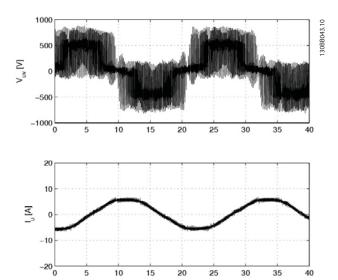


Illustration 3.9: With du/dt filter

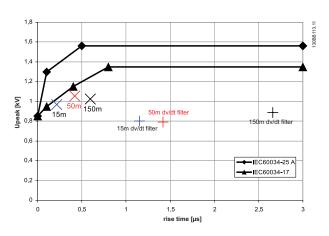


Illustration 3.10: Measured du/dt values (rise time and peak voltages) with and without du/dt filter using 15m, 50m and 150m cable lengths on a 400V, 37kW induction motor.

The du/dt value decreases with the motor cable length whereas the peak voltage increases (see illustration above). The Upeak value depends on the Udc from the drive and as Udc increases during motor braking (generative) Upeak can increase to values above the limits of IEC60034-17 and thereby stress the motor insulation. Danfoss therefore recommends du/dt filters in applications with frequent braking. Furthermore the illustration above shows how the Upeak increases with the cable length. As the cable length increases, the cable capacitance rises and the cable behaves like a low-pass filter. That means longer rise-time t_r for longer cables. Therefore it is recommended to use du/dt filters only in applications with cable lengths up to 150 meters. Above 150 meters du/dt filters have no effect. If further reduction is needed, use a sine-wave filter.

Filter features:

- IP00 and IP20 enclosure in the entire power range
- Side by side mounting with the drive
- Reduced size, weight and price compared to the sine-wave filters
- Possibility of connecting screened cables with included decoupling plate
- Compatible with all control principles including flux and VVC+
- Filters wall mounted up to 177A and floor mounted above that size

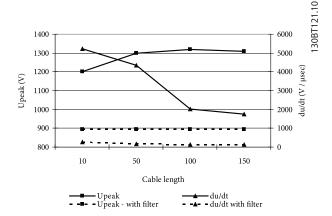


Illustration 3.11: 525V - with and without du/dt filter

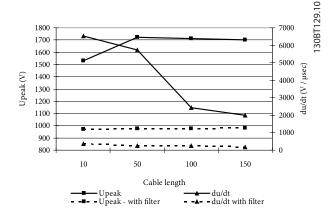


Illustration 3.12: 690V - with and du/dt filter

Source: Test of 690V 30kW VLT FC 302 with MCC 102 du/dt filter

The illustrations above show how Upeak and rise time behaves as a function of the motor cable length. In installations with short motor cables (below 5-10m) the rise time is short which causes high du/dt values. The high du/dt can cause a damaging high potential difference between the windings in the motor which can lead to breakdown of the insulation and flash-over. Danfoss therefore recommends du/dt filters in applications with motor cable lengths shorter than 15 meters.

3.5.2 Sine-wave Filters

Sine-wave filters (are designed to) let only low frequencies pass. High frequencies are consequently shunted away which results in a sinusoidal phase to phase voltage waveform and sinusoidal current waveforms. With the sinusoidal waveforms the use of special frequency converter motors with reinforced insulation is no longer needed. The acoustic noise from the motor is also damped as a consequence of the sinusoidal wave condition. The sine-wave filter also reduces insulation stress and bearing currents in the motor, thus leading to prolonged motor lifetime and longer periods between services. Sine-wave filters enable use of longer motor cables in applications where the motor is installed far from the drive. As the filter does not act between motor phases and ground, it does not reduce leakage currents in the cables. Therefore the motor cable length is limited - see table Comparison of du/dt and sine-wave filters in section Which Filters for which Purpose

The Danfoss Drives Sine-wave filters are designed to operate with the VLT® FC Series Drives. They replace the LC-filter product range and are backwards compatible with the VLT 5000-8000 Series Drives. They consist of inductors and capacitors in a low-pass filter arrangement. The inductance (L) and capacitance (C) values are shown in tables in the section *Electrical Data - Sine -wave Filters* in the chapter *Selection of Output Filters*.

Features and benefits

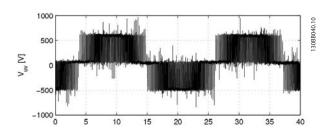
As described above, Sine-wave filters reduce motor insulation stress and eliminate switching acoustic noise from the motor. The motor losses are reduced because the motor is fed with a sinusoidal voltage, as shown in illustration 525V - with du/dt filter. Moreover, the filter eliminates the pulse reflections in the motor cable thus reducing the losses in the frequency converter.

Advantages:

- Protects the motor against voltage peaks hence prolongs the lifetime
- Reduces the losses in the motor
- Eliminates acoustic switching noise from the motor
- Reduces semiconductor losses in the drive with long motor cables
- Decreases electromagnetic emissions from motor cables by eliminating high frequency ringing in the cable
- Reduces electromagnetic interference from unscreened motor cables
- Reduces the bearing current thus prolonging the lifetime of the motor



Voltage and current with and without Sine-wave filter:



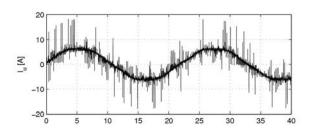


Illustration 3.13: Without filter

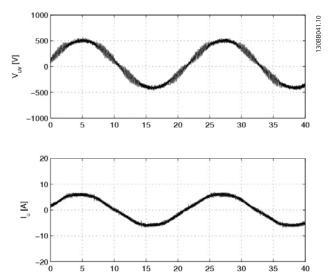


Illustration 3.14: With sine-wave filter

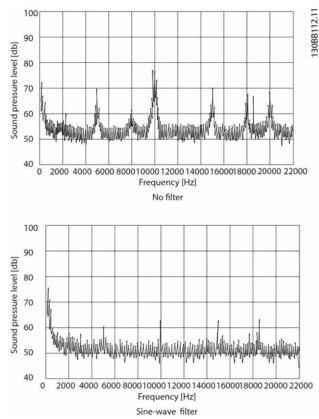
Application areas:

Danfoss recommends the use of Sine-wave filters in the following applications:

- Applications where the acoustic switching noise from the motor has to be eliminated
- Retrofit installations with old motors with poor insulation
- Applications with frequent regenerative braking and motors that do not comply with IEC60034-17
- Applications where the motor is placed in aggressive environments or running at high temperatures

- Applications with motor cables above 150 meters up to 300 meters (with both screened and unscreened cable). The use of motor cables longer than 300 meters depends on the specific application
- Applications where the service interval on the motor has to be increased
- 690 V applications with general purpose motors
- Step up applications or other applications where the frequency converter feeds a transformer

Example of relative motor sound pressure level measurements with and without Sine-wave filter



Features:

- IP00 and IP20 enclosure in the entire power range (IP23 for floor standing filters)
- Compatible with all control principle including flux and WC+
- Side by side mount with drive up to 75A
- Filter enclosure matching the drive enclosure
- Possibility of connection unscreened and screened cables with included decoupling plate
- Filters wall mounted up to 75A and floor mount above
- Parallel filter installation is possible with applications in the high power range

4

4 Selection of Output Filters

4.1 How to Select the Correct Output Filter

An output filter is selected based on the nominal motor current. All filters are rated for 160% overload for 1 minute, every 10 minutes.

4.1.1 Product Overview

To simplify the Filter Selection Table below shows which Sinewave filter to use with a specific drive. This is based on the 160% overload for 1 minute every 10 minutes and is to be considered guideline.

Rated filter	Minimum switch-	Maximum output frequen-	Code number	Code number	Frequency co	nverter size	
current at 50Hz	ing frequency [kHz]	cy [Hz] With derating	IP20	IP00	200-240V	380-440V	441-500V
2.5	5	120	130B2439	130B2404	PK25 - PK37	PK37 - PK75	PK37 - PK75
4.5	5	120	130B2441	130B2406	PK55	P1K1 - P1K5	P1K1 - P1K5
8	5	120	130B2443	130B2408	PK75 - P1K5	P2K2 - P3K0	P2K2 - P3K0
10	5	120	130B2444	130B2409		P4K0	P4K0
17	5	120	130B2446	130B2411	P2K2 - P4K0	P5K5 - P7K5	P5K5 - P7K5
24	4	100	130B2447	130B2412	P5K5	P11K	P11K
38	4	100	130B2448	130B2413	P7K5	P15K - P18K	P15K - P18K
48	4	100	130B2307	130B2281	P11K	P22K	P22K
62	3	100	130B2308	130B2282	P15K	P30K	P30K
75	3	100	130B2309	130B2283	P18K	P37K	P37K
115	3	100	130B2310	130B2284	P22K - P30K	P45K - P55K	P55K - P75K
180	3	100	130B2311	130B2285	P37K - P45K	P75K - P90K	P90K - P110
260	3	100	130B2312	130B2286		P110 - P132	P132
410	3	100	130B2313	130B2287		P160 - P200	P160 - P200
480	3	100	130B2314	130B2288		P250	P250
660	2	70	130B2315	130B2289		P315 - P355	P315 - P355
750	2	70	130B2316	130B2290		P400	P400 - P450
880	2	70	130B2317	130B2291		P450 - P500	P500 - P560
1200	2	70	130B2318	130B2292		P560 - P630	P630 - P710
1500	2	70	2X 130B2317	2X 130B2291		P710 - P800	P800

Table 4.1: Filter Selection



Mains supply 3 x	525 to 600/ 690 V					
Rated filter current at 50 Hz	Minimum switch- ing frequency [kHz]	Maximum output frequen- cy [Hz] With derating	Code number IP20	Code number IP00	Frequency conv	erter size 525-690 V
13	2	70	130B2341	130B2321	PK75 - P7K5	
28	2	100	130B2342	130B2322	P11K - P18K	
45	2	100	130B2343	130B2323	P22K - P30K	P37K
76	2	100	130B2344	130B2324	P37K - P45K	P45K - P55K
115	2	100	130B2345	130B2325	P55K - P75K	P75K - P90K
165	2	70	130B2346	130B2326		P110 - P132
260	2	100	130B2347	130B2327		P160 - P200
303	2	70	130B2348	130B2329		P250
430	1.5	60	130B2370	130B2341		P315 - P400
530	1.5	100	130B2371	130B2342		P500
660	1.5	100	130B2381	130B2337		P560 - P630
765	1.5	60	130B2382	130B2338		P710
940	1.5	100	130B2383	130B2339		P800 - P900
1320	1.5	60	130B2384	130B2340		P1M0

Table 4.2: Filter Selection

Generally the output filters are designed for the nominal switching frequency of the VLT FC-Series drives

NOTE

Sine-wave filters can be used at switching frequencies higher than the nominal switching frequency, but should never be used at switching frequencies with less than 20% lower than the nominal switching frequency.

NOTE

du/dt filters, unlike Sine-wave filters, can be used at lower switching frequency than the nominal switching frequency, but higher switching frequency will cause the overheating of the filter and should be avoided.



4.2 Electrical Data - du/dt Filters

du/dt Filter 3x380-500V IP00

Dartmumbor	7:14:00	1000	the second	(CLA1)	\	20,100	1	+44	Ş				Maximina	1	Eiltor data
P00/IP20(IP23) ¹⁾		riitei tuiteiit iatiiig at giveii voitage	oltage allu mott	and motor nequency [A].		אבו אסשפו מווס כמוופות ומנוווק	5	פונ	20				filter losses		g g
	380V @ 60Hz	460/480V @	575/600V	A069	380	- 440V	441-	2007	- 500V 525 - 550V		551 - 6	- 690V		_	U
	and 400/440V @ 50Hz	60Hz and 500/525V @ 50Hz³)	Ø 60Hz	@ 50Hz	Κ	∢		- ∢	kW	<	k	∢	>	팤	Ā
	44	40	32	27	1	24	1	21 7	7.5	14	11	13	37	150	10
130B2835					15	32	15	. 22	11	19	15	18			
130B2836					18.5	37.5	18.5	34		23	18.5	22			
					22	4	22	,	18.5	28	22	27			
12087838	06	80	58	54	30	61	30	52	30	43	30	34	130	110	13.6
13002030					37	73	37	65	37	54	37	41			
1305239					45	06	55	7 08	45	. 9	45	52			
130B2841	106	105	94	98	22	106	75	105	55	87	55	62	145	95	15
130B2842											75	83			
130B2844	177	160	131	108	75	147	90	130	75	113	06	108	205	111	15
130B2845					06	177	110	160	06	137					
120B3047	315	303	242	192	110	212	132	. 061	110	162	110	131	315	20	20
13002047					132	260	160	. 042	132	201	132	155			
130b2848					160	315	200	303			160	192			
1302849	480	443	344	290	200	395	250	361	160	253	200	242	398	30	43
130B3850					250	480	315	443	200	303	250	290			
120B3051	658	290	200	450	315	009	355	540	250	360	315	344	550	17	99
1300531					355	658	400	290	300	395	355	380			
202021								. ,	315	429	400	410			
130B7853	880	780	630	630	400	745	450	, 8/9	400	523	200	200	850	13	66
12002003					450	800	200	730 4	450	969	260	570			
13052634					200	880	260	780	200	629	930	630			
1) The filter enclos	ure is IP20 for wal	Il-mounted filters	1) The filter enclosure is IP20 for wall-mounted filters and IP23 for floor-mounted filters	-mounted filters											
2) For derating wit.	h motor frequency	y consider 60 Hz	rating=0.94 x 50Hz	$^{2)}$ For derating with motor frequency consider 60 Hz rating=0.94 x 50Hz rating and 100Hz rating= 0.75 x 50Hz rating	1g= 0.75	5 x 50Hz r	ating								
3) 525V operation requires a T7 drive	requires a T7 drive	(I)													



Danfoss

Partnumber	Filter current rating at given voltage and motor frequency [A] ²	voltage and m	otor frequency [A] ²	VLT p	VLT power and current size	d curre	int size				Maximum	Filter data	data
IP00/IP20(IP23)1	1	ı									filter losses		
	380V @ 60Hz 460/480V @	275/600V	7069	380 -	380 - 440V	441-	500V 52	441 - 500V 525 - 550V		551 - 690V		_ _	
	and 400/440V 60Hz and @ 50Hz 500/525V @	@ 60Hz	@ 50Hz	××	⋖	₹	A KW	∢ >	Κ	4	*	풀	F.
	50Hz ³												
2 x 130B2851	For F-frame drives, parallel filters shall be used, one filter for each inverter 710	shall be used,	one filter for each inverter	. 710	1260	800	1160 750	886 09	~				
2 × 1302852	module.												
or													
3 x 130B2849													
3 x 130B3850													
2 x 130B2853									006	945			
2 x 130B2854													
or													
3 x 130B2851													
3 x 130B2852													
3 x 130B2853				800	1460	1000 1380	1380 850	1108	0001 80	0901 00	0		
3 x 130B2854				1000	1700	1100	1100 1530 1000	1317	17 1200	00 1260	0		
				450	800	200	730 500	00 659	_				
2 × 130B2849													
2 x 130B2852													
				200	880	260	780						
1) The filter enclosu	¹⁾ The filter enclosure is IP20 for wall-mounted filters and IP23 for floor-mounted filters	and IP23 for flo	or-mounted filters										
²⁾ For derating with	2 For derating with motor frequency consider 60Hz rating=0.94 x 50Hz rating and 100Hz rating= 0.75 x 50Hz rating	ting=0.94 x 50l	4z rating and 100Hz rating	g = 0.75	x 50Hz ra	ıting							
³⁾ 525V operation requires a T7 drive	equires a T7 drive												



4.3 Electrical Data - Sine-wave Filters

Sine-wave Filter 3x380-500 V IP00/IP20

Code	Filter	Filter Current Rating	Rating	Switching		VI T Po	wer and C	VLT Power and Current Ratings	ings			Filter Losses			
Nimber	@ 50H2	@ 60H7	@ 50H2 @ 60H2 @ 100H2	Frequency	200-240V	.240V	380-440V	-440V	@ 441-500V	5007	@ 200-240V	@ 380-440V	@ 441-500V	L-value	Cy-Value ¹
IP00/IP20	A 8	8 4	A S	KHz	kW ESS	V A	k ₩	₹ <	} }	₹ <	W W	N N	A N	H H	늄
13087404							0.37	1.3	0.37	1.1		45	45		
130B2404	2.5	2.5	2*	5	0.25	1.8	0.55	1.8	0.55	1.6	50	50	50	29	_
13062439					0.37	2.4	0.75	2.4	0.75	2.1	09	09	09		
130B2406	7	_	**	и			1.1	3	1.1	Ж		09	09	13	, ر
130B2441	C.	1	C:C	n	0.55	3.5	1.5	4.1	1.5	3.4	65	70	65	2	7:7
12007400					0.75	4.6					65				
130B2408	∞	7.5	*0	2	1:	9.9	2.2	9.5	2.2	4.8	75	70	70	6.9	4.7
					1.5	7.5	3	7.2	3	6.3	80	80	80		
130B2409 130B2444	10	9.5	7.5*	2			4	10	4	8.2		95	06	5.2	8.
130B2/11					2.2	10.6					06				
130B2411	17	156	13	5	3	12.5	5.5	13	5.5	1	100	110	100	3.1	10
04479061					3.7	16.7	7.5	16	7.5	14.5	125	125	115		
130B2412 130B2447	24	23	18	4	5.5	24.2	11	24	11	21	150	150	150	2.4	10
130B2413	38	9	28.5	٧			15	32	15	27		170	160	7	10
130B2448	2	2	70.7	٢	7.5	30.8	18.5	37.5	18.5	34	160	180	170	<u>-</u>	2
130B2281 130B2307	48	45.5	36	4	11	46.2	22	44	22	40	270	270	260	1:1	14.7
130B2282	62	29	46.5	m	15	59.4	30	61	30	52	300	310	280	0.85	30
130B2308															
130B2283 130B2309	75	71	99	ю	18.5	74.8	37	73	37	65	350	350	330	0.75	30
130B2284 130B2310	115	109	98	m	30	88	45	90	55	80	450	460	430	0.5	09
130B2285 130B2311	180	171	135	т	37	143	75	147	96 11	130	650	009	009	0.3	66
130B2286 130B2312	260	247	195	т			110	212	132	190		820	880	0.2	141
*) 120Hz															
¹ Equivalent STAR-connection value	TAR-conn	ection va	lue												





Sine-wave Filter 3x380-500V IP00/IP20

Code	Filter	Filter Current Rating	Rating	Switching		VLT Pow	rer and Cu	VLT Power and Current Ratings	ings			Filter Losses		-	
Number	@ 50Hz	@ 60Hz	@ 50Hz @ 60Hz @ 100Hz	Frequency	@ 200-240V	400	@ 380-440V	440V	@ 441-500V	5000	@ 200-240V	@ 380-440V	@ 441-500V	L-value	Cy-Value
IP00/IP20	⋖	∢	⋖	kHz	kW	⋖	kW	⋖	ΚW	∢	*	>	*	Hm	Η
130B2287 130B2313	410	390	308	т			160	315 395	200	303		1050	1050	0.13	198
130B2288 130B2314	480	456	360	м			250	480	315	443		1400	1350	0.11	282
130B2289 130B2315	099	627	495	т			315 355	600	355	540		2000	1900	0.14	423
130B2290 130B2316	750	712	562	2			400	745	450	829		2900	2800	02	495
130B2291 130B2317	880	836	099	2			450	880	500	730		3400	3300	0.11	564
130B2292 130B2317	1200	1140	006	2			560	990	630	890		3600	3600	0.075	846
2×130B2291 2X130B2317	1500			2			710	1260	900 1000	1160					
2×130B2292 2X130B2318	1700			2			1000	1700	1100	1530					
*) 120Hz															
¹ Equivalent STAR-connection value	TAR-conn	ection va	lue												



Sine-wave Filter 3x525-690V IP00/IP20

	i					1						i			
Code	All te	Filter Current Kating	Kating	Switching		VLI PC	wer and c	VLI Power and Current Katings	sgui			riiter losses		-	:
Number	@ 50Hz	@ 50Hz @ 60Hz	@ 100Hz		@ 525-550V	550V	@ 525-600V	2000	069 Ø	۸٥٤	@ 525-550V	@ 525-600V	069 W	L-value	L-value C _y -Value
IP00/IP20	4	∢	۷	KHz	ΚW	⋖	kW	۷	ΚW	∢	*	*	8	ШH	ЧF
					0.75	1.7						120			
					1.1	2.4						125			
					1.5	2.7						125			
130B2321	Ç	, ,	1	c	2.2	1.4						130		7	ţ
130B2341	<u>n</u>	12.35	5/.6	7	3	5.2						130		<u>`</u>	4
					4	6.4						140			
					5.5	9.5						160			
					7.5	11.5						170			
									11	13			180		
130B2322	ć	,	7	c	11	18			15	18		230	230	L	ç
130B2342	07	50.3	7	7	15	22			18.5	22		250	250	0.0	2
					18.5	27			22	27		280	280		
130B2323	76	7 7 7	7 00	r	22	34			30	34		300	300		ç
130B2343	. 6	47.3	55.5	7	30	41	30	46	37	46	360	330	360	4:0	07
130B2324	72	7	7	r	37	52	37	26	45	54	450	420	450	ر	23
130B2344	0/	7/	/6	٧	45	62	45	9/	55	73	200	450	200	7	c
130B2325	-	00	ò	ć	55	83	55	06	75	98	800	750	750	,	Ĺ
130B2345	2	60	8	7	75	100	75	113	8	108	850	800	850		,
130B2326	177	157	,	r	06	131	06	137	110	131	1050	1000	1000	Ċ	99
130B2346	60	/61	57	7	110	155	110	162	132	155	1150	1100	1100	V.	8
130B2327	090	777	101	r	150	192	132	201	160	192	1100	1050	1050	9	Š
130B2347	700	/+7	2	7	180	242	160	253	200	242	1250	1200	1200	9.0	ţ
130B2329	303	287	227	2	220	290	200	303	250	290	1600	1600	1600	0.5	136
130B2348															
Equivalent STAR-connection value	TAR-conn	ection valu	ne ne												

4





Sine-wave Filter 3x525-690V IP00/IP20

900	Filter	Filter Current Rating		Switching		VLT P.	ower and	VLT Power and Current Ratings	tings			Filter losses			
Number	@ 50Hz	@ 50Hz @ 60Hz	@ 100Hz	Frequen- cy	@ 525-	525-550V	@ 525-600V	0009	069 Ø	/ 00	@ 525-550V	@ 525-600V	V069 @	L-value	Cy-Value ¹
IP00/IP20	٧	∢	∢	kHz	kW	∢	kW	⋖	kW	Α	>	>	>	Ħ	Ή
130B2241	007	007	,,,		260	344	250	360	315	344	1850	1800	1800		,77
130B2270	430	408	275	<u>.</u>	300	429	315	429	400	410	2100	2050	2000	0.35	7/7
130B2242 130B2271	530	503	397	1.5	375	523	400	523	200	200	2500	2500	2400	0.28	340
130B2337	000	707	104		450	296	450	296	260	570	2800	2800	2700	,	007
130B2381	000	/70	490	<u>.</u>	480	630	200	629	630	630	2900	2850	2850	0.25	804
130B2338	101	700	1	L	0	7	0	()(7	6	C	0000	000	ć	71
130B2382	(0/	97/	5/3	<u></u>	200	/30	260	/63	01/	/30	3850	3800	3800	7.0	9/4
130B2339	0.70	600	305	- -	029	868	029		800	986	3350	3300	3350	7	۲13
130B2383	0440	090	60/	<u>.</u>			750	939	006	868	3400		3350	<u>0</u>	710
130B2340	1220	1250	000	,	820	1060	850	1108	1000	1060	4500	4300	4300	710	210
130B2384	1320		066	<u>:</u>	970	1260	1000	1317	1200	1317	4700	4600	4700	0.12	0
¹ Equivalent STAR-connection value	TAR-conne	ection valu	e												



Sine-wave Foot Print Filter 3x200-500V IP20

	Filte	r Current	Filter Current Rating Switching	Switching		VLT P	VLT Power and Current Rating	Current B	ating			Filter losses		L-value	L-value Cy-Value ¹
Code Number	@ 50Hz	@ 60Hz	@ 50Hz @ 60Hz @ 100Hz	Frequen- cy	@ 200	@ 200-240V	@ 380-440V		@ 441-500V	-500V	@ 200-240V	@ 380-440V @ 441-500V	@ 441-500V		
	∢	۷	∢	kHz	kW	∢	kW	∢	ΚW	۷	>	>	>	шH	뇸
130B2542	10	10	∞	2			4 10	10	4 8.2	8.2		09	09	5.3	1.36
					2.2	10.6									
130B2543	17		17 13.6	2	т	3 12.5 5.5 13	5.5	13	5.5	11	100	100	100	3.1	2.04
					3.7	16.7	7.5	16	7.5	14.5	100	100	100	3.1	2.04

4



4.4 Sine-wave Filters

Surroundings: Isolation class:	
EIS 155	2.5A up to 75A
EIS 180	115A up to 2300A
Max. allowed ambient temperature	45°C

Electrical data:

2.5kV / 1min.

Over voltage test [voltage/time] AC and DC

Overload capacity 1.6x rated current for 1 minute, every 10 minutes

Voltage drop (phase to phase):

Sine- wave filter 500V:	
2.5A	40V
4.5A - 480A	30V
660A- 1200A	50V
Sine-wave filter 690V:	
4.5A - 480A	83V

Technical Specifications	
Voltage rating	3 x 200-500V AC and 3 x 525-690V AC
Nominal current I¬N @ 50 Hz	2,5 – 1200A for higher power, modules can be paralleled
Motor frequency	0-60Hz without derating. 100/120Hz with derating (only 500V up to 10A)
Ambient temperature	-25° to 45°C side by side mount, without derating
Min. switching frequency	f _{min} 1,5kHz – 5kHz, depending on filter type
Max. switching frequency	no limit
Overload capacity	160% for 60 sec. every 10 min.
Enclosure degree	IP00 and IP20 (IP23 all floor standing filters)
Approval	CE, UL and cUL(up to and including 115A), RoHS

The voltage drop can be calculated using this formula:

$$ud = 2 \times \pi \times f_m \times L \times I$$

 $f_m = output frequency$

L = filter inductions

I = current

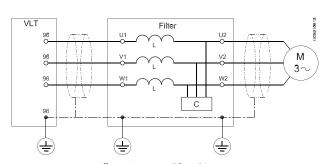
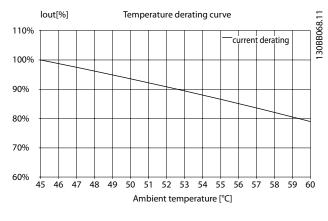


Illustration 4.1: Filter Diagram





4.4.1 du/dt Filters

Technical Specifications	
Voltage rating	3 x 200-690 V
Nominal current @ 50 Hz	up to 880 A. F-frame current ratings are achieved by filter paralleling, one filter per inverter module.
Motor frequency derating	
50 Hz	Inominal
60 Hz	0.94 x Inominal
100 Hz	0.75 x Inominal
Minimum switching frequency	no limit
Maximum switching frequency	nominal switching frequency of the respective FC 102, 202 or 302
Overload capacity	160 % for 60 seconds, every 10 min.
Enclosure degree	IP00, IP 20 for wall-mounted, IP23 for floor mounted. IP21/NEMA 1 available for wall-mounted using
	separate kits.
Ambient temperature	-10° to +45°C
Storage temperature	-25° to +60°C
Transport temperature	-25° to +70°C
Maximum ambient temperature (with	55°C
derating) Maximum altitude without	
derating	
Maximum altitude without derating	1000 m
Maximum altitude with derating	4000 m
Derating with altitude	5% / 1000 m
MTBF	1481842 h
FIT	1,5 10 ⁶ / h
Tolerance of the inductance	± 10%
Degree of pollution EN61800-5-1	II
Overvoltage category EN61800-5-1	III
Environmental Conditions Load	3K3
Environmental Conditions Storage	1K3
Environmental Conditions Transport	2K3
Noise level	< frequency converter
Approvals	CE (EN61558, VDE 0570), RoHS, cULus file E219022 (pending)



4.4.2 Sine-wave Foot Print Filter

Technical Specification

3 x 200-500V AC 10 – 17A
10. 174
10 – 17A
0-60Hz without derating. 100/120Hz with derating (see derating curves below)
-25° to 45°C side by side mount, without derating (see derating curves below)
fmin 5kHz
fmax 16kHz
160% for 60 sec. every 10 min.
IP20
CE, RoHS
f

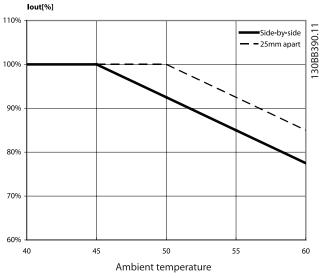


Illustration 4.2: Temperature derating

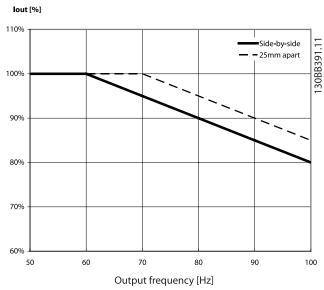


Illustration 4.3: Output frequency derating



5 How to Install

5.1 Mechanical Mounting

5.1.1 Safety Requirements for Mechanical Installation

Pay attention to the requirements that apply to integration and field mounting kit. Observe the information in the list to avoid serious damage or injury, especially when installing large units.

The filter is cooled by natural convection.

To protect the unit from overheating it must be ensured that the ambient temperature does not exceed the maximum temperature stated for the filter. Locate the maximum temperature in the paragraph Derating for Ambient Temperature. If the ambient temperature is in the range of 45 °C - 55 °C, derating of the filter will become relevant.

5.1.2 Mounting

- All wall mounted filters must be mounted vertically with the terminals at the bottom.
- Do not mount the filter close to other heating elements or heat sensitive material (such as wood)
- The filter can be side-mounted with the frequency converter. There is no requirement for spacing between the filter and frequency converter.
- Top and bottom clearance is minimum 100mm (200mm for foot print filters).
- The surface temperature of IP20/23 units does not exceed 70°C.
- The surface temperature of IP00 filters can exceed 70°C and a hot surface warning label is placed on the filter.

5.1.3 Earthing

The filter must be earthed before switching the power on (high leakage currents).

Common mode interferences are kept small by ensuring that the current return path to the VLT has the lowest possible impedance.

- Choose the best earthing possibility (e.g. cabinet mounting panel)
- Use the enclosed (in accessory bag) protective earth terminal to ensure the best possible earthing
- Remove any paint present to ensure good electrical contact
- Ensure that the filter and VLT make solid electrical contact (high frequency earthing)
- The filter must be earthed before switching the power on (high leakage currents)

5.1.4 Screening

It is recommended to use screened cables to reduce the radiation of electromagnetic noise into the environment and prevent malfunctions in the installation.

- Cable between the VLT output (U, V, W) and filter input (U1, V1, W1) to be screened or twisted.
- Use preferably screened cables between the filter output (U2, V2, W2) and the motor. When unscreened cables are employed it should be ensured that the installation minimizes the possibility of cross-couplings with other cables carrying sensitive signals. This can be achieved by measures such as cable segregation and mounting in earthed cable trays.
- The cable screen must be solidly connected at both ends to the chassis (e.g. housing of filter and motor).
- When IP00 filters are installed in cabinets and screened cables are used, the screen of the motor cable should be terminated at the cabinet cable entry point.
- All screen connections must exhibit the smallest possible impedance, i.e. solid, large area connections, both ends of screened cable.
- For maximum cable length between VLT and output filter:

Below 7.5kW: 2 meters

Between 7,5 - 90kW: 5-10 meters Above 90kW: 10-15 meters



NOTE

The cable between VLT and filter should be kept as short as possible

NOTE

More than 10 meters is possible but Danfoss strongly discourge such installations, due to the risk of increased EMI and voltage spikes on the filter terminals.

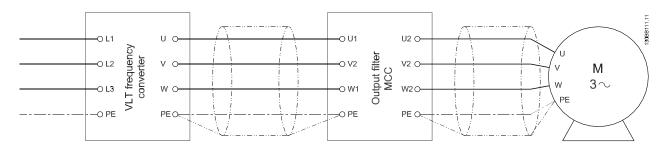


Illustration 5.1: Wirring diagram

For F-frame drives parallel filters shall be used, one filter for each inverter module.

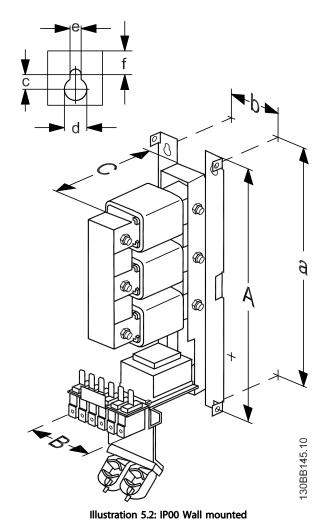
The cables or bus bars between inverter and filter should have the same length for each module.

The paralleling connection should be after the du/dt filter, either at the filters' terminals or at the motor terminals.

5.2 Mechanical Dimensions

5.2.1 Sketches

Wall Mounted Sine-wave filters



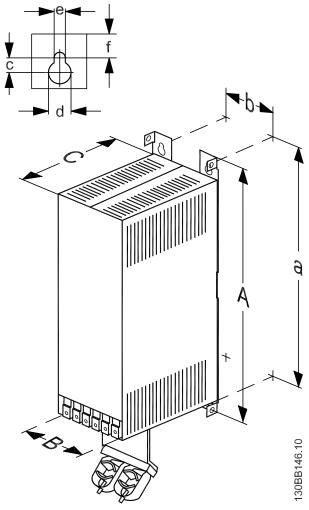
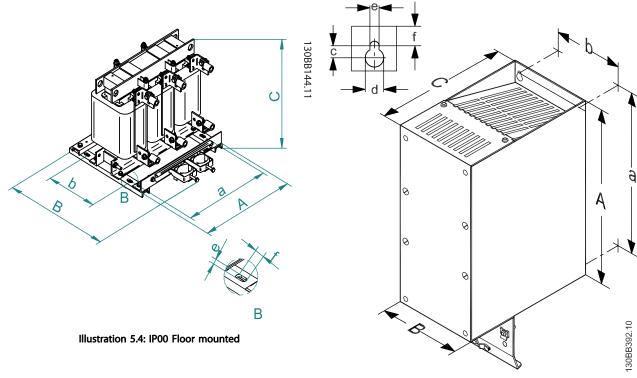


Illustration 5.3: IP20 Wall mounted



Floor Mounted Sine-wave filters



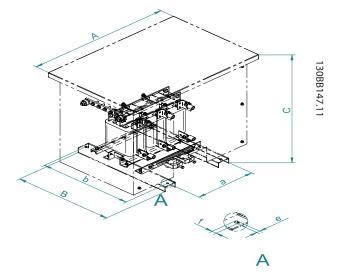


Illustration 5.5: IP23 Floor mounted

Illustration 5.6: IP20 Wall mounted foot print filters

Wall mounted du/du filters

a 1308B523.10

Floor mounted du/du filters

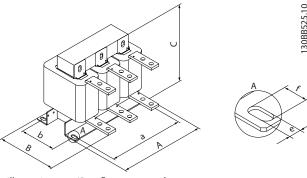


Illustration 5.9: IP00 floor mounted

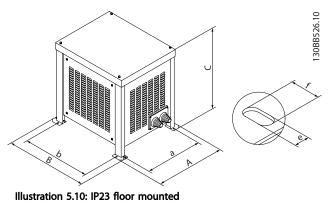


Illustration 5.7: IP00 wall mounted

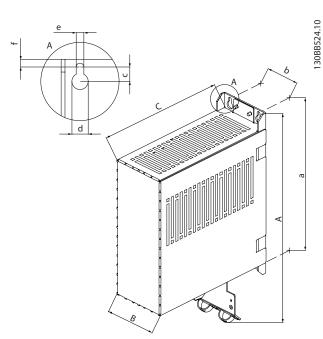


Illustration 5.8: IP20 wall mounted

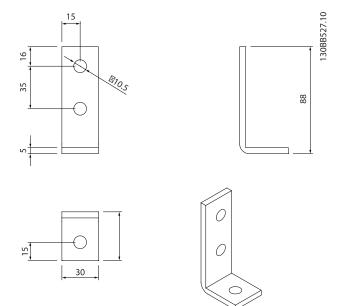


Illustration 5.11: L-shaped terminal kit 130B3137 (Only for du/dt filters)

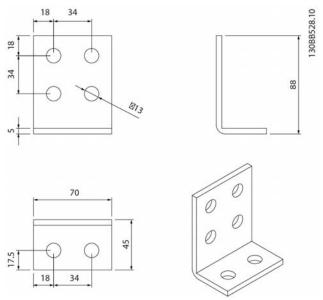


Illustration 5.12: L-shaped terminal kit 130B3138 (Only for du/dt filters)

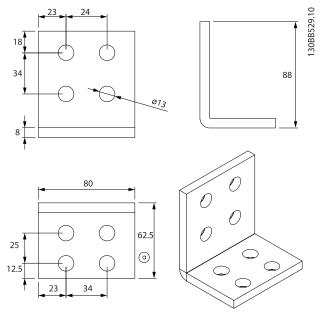


Illustration 5.13: L-shaped terminal kit 130B3139 (Only for du/dt filters)

5

5.2.2 Physical Dimensions

Part number Enclosure Dimensions [mm]	Enclosure	Dimension	ns [mm]								Weight	Mounting	Wire cross section		Terminal L-shaped	L-shaped
											1	1			screw	terminal
															torque	kit ¹⁾
P00/		⋖	а	В	q	U	U	р	o.	f	kg		mm ²	AWG	Nm/ft-lb	Partnum-
P20(IP23)																ber
130B2835	IP00	295	279	115	85	170	11.5	13	6.2	9	4.6	wall	16	9	4/3	N/A
130B2836	IP20	370	279	118	85	242	11.5	13	6.2	9	6.3	wall	16	9	4/3	N/A
130B2838	IP00	395	379	155	125	220	11.5	13	6.2	9	12.7	wall	50	_	6/4.5	N/A
130B2839	IP20	475	379	157	125	248	11.5	13	6.2	9	16.2	wall	50	1	6/4.5	N/A
130B2841	IP00	395	379	155	125	220	11.5	13	6.2	9	22	wall	50	1	6/4.5	N/A
130B2842	IP20	475	379	158	125	248	11.5	13	6.2	9	25.5	wall	50	1	6/4.5	N/A
130B2844	IP00	445	429	185	155	235	11.5	13	6.2	9	27	wall	95	3/0	12/9	N/A
130B2845	IP20	525	429	188	155	335	11.5	13	6.2	9	30	wall	95	3/0	12/9	N/A
130B2847	IP00	300	275	190	100	235			1	22	33	floor	M10		18/13.3	130B313 7
130B2848	IP23	425	325	700	099	620			13	17	64.5	floor	M10		18/13.3	130B313 7
130B2849	IP00	300	275	250	125	235			=	22	36	floor	2 × M10		30/22.1	130B313 8
130B3850	IP23	425	325	700	099	620			13	17	67.5	floor	2 × M10		30/22.1	130B313 8
130B2851	IP00	350	325	250	123	270			11	22	47	floor	2 x M10		30/22.1	130B313 8
130B2852	IP23	425	325	700	099	620			13	17	78.5	floor	2 × M10		30/22.1	130B313 8
1302853	IP00	400	375	290	159	283			11	22	72	floor	4 x M10		30/22.1	130B313 9
130B2854	IP23	792	660.5	940	779	918			=	22	182	floor	4 × M10		30/22.1	130B313 9
¹⁾ For floor mounted filters, an optional terminal connection kit is available for the case of installation. Please see the L-shaped terminal kit sketches. The kit is not included in the filter delivery and should be ordered separately.	ounted filt included i	ers, an opt n the filter	ional termi delivery ar	inal conne nd should	ction kit is be ordered	n kit is available for ordered separately.	r the case c	of installatic	on. Please	see the L-sl	haped term	inal kit sketc	thes.			



Danfoss

							200	V Sine-	wave Fi	lter - Ph	500V Sine-wave Filter - Physical dimensions	sions			
Code number	Enslosure			Mea	ısureme	Measurements / Dimensions	mensio	S			Weight	Mounting direction	Max. wire cross section		Terminal screw torque
		Α	В	В	q	U	U	р	Ð	Ţ	kg	Wall/Floor	mm ²	AWG	Nm/ft-lb
130B2404 130B2439	IP00 IP20	200	190	75	09	205	^	_∞	4.5	2	2.5	wall	4	24 - 10	0.6/0.44
130B2406 130B2441	IP00 IP20	200	190	75	09	205	7	œ	4.5	2	3.3	wall	4	24 - 10	0.6/0.44
130B2408 130B2443	IP00 IP20	268	257	06	70	205	œ	1	6.5	6.5	4.6 5.8	wall	4	24 - 10	0.6/0.44
130B2409 130B2444	IP00 IP20	268	257	06	70	205	œ	1	6.5	6.5	6.1	wall	4	24 - 10	0.6/0.44
130B2411 130B2446	IP00 IP20	268	257	130	06	205	œ	1	6.5	6.5	7.8	wall	4	24 - 10	0.6/0.44
130B2412 130B2447	IP00 IP20	330	312	150	120	260	12	19	6	σ	14.4	wall	16	20 - 4	2/1.5
130B2413 130B2448	IP00 IP20	430	412	150	120	260	12	19	6	6	17.7	wall	16	20 - 4	2/1.5
130B2281 130B2307	IP00 IP20	530	200	170	125	258	12	19	6	70	34	wall	20	9 - 1/0	8/5.9
130B2282 130B2308	IP00 IP20	610	280	170	125	260	12	19	6	70	36	wall	20	9 - 1/0	8/5.9
130B2283 130B2309	IP00 IP20	610	580	170	135	260	12	19	6	20	50	wall	20	9 - 1/0	15/11.1
130B2284 130B2310	IP00 IP23	330	290	430	380	450			13	26 15	89	floor	M8	1 - 2/0	15/11.1
130B2285 130B2311	IP00 IP23	450	400	524	235	402			13	26	87	floor	M8 M10	1 - 2/0	15/11.1
130B2286 130B2312	IP00 IP23	450 940	400	536	445	506			13	26 15	125	floor	M12 M10	3/0	30/22.1
130B2287 130B2313	IP00 IP23	480	430	560	330	675			13	25	190 245	floor	M12	3/0	30/22.1
130B2288 130B2314	IP00 IP23	000	430	630	310	650			13	26 15	235 310	floor	2xM12	4/0	30/22.1
130B2289 130B2315	IP00 IP23	620	570	683	435	764			13	26 15	310	floor	2×M12	2/0	30/22.1

Table 5.1: 500V Sine-wave Filter - Physical dimensions



							3	00V Sine	-wave	Filter - P	hysical d	500V Sine-wave Filter - Physical dimensions			
Code number Enclosure	Enclosure			Meč	Measurements / Dimensions	nts / Di	mensio	SU			Weight	Weight Mounting direction	Max.	Max. wire cross section	Terminal screw torque
		V	В	В	q	U	р	ъ	ە	-	kg	Wall/Floor	mm ²	AWG	Nm/ft-lb
130B2290	IP00	099	0.70	089	370	684			13	26	470	Ğ.	C1747.C	9	1 66/06
130B2316	IP23	1290	20	800	260	1152			1	15	909	10011	Z	0/0	30/22.1
130B2291	IP00	260	0,7	682	380	893			13	56	640	Ģ	C1747.C	0,9	1 00/00
130B2317	IP23	1290	20	800	260	1152			1	15	810	000	7	0/6	30/22.1
130B2292	IP00	740	069	682	360	936			13	25	089	; ;	C1747.C	For field wiring use cooper	1 00/00
130B2318	IP23	1290	069	800	260	1152			11 15	15	815	1001	Z	bus bars only	30/22.1

Table 5.2: 500V Sine-wave Filter - Physical dimensions





Octobe A control Sine-ware filler. Plycated by many of																
Production A a B C C d e f kg Monthing direction Max will reconstruction Max will reconstruction Max will reconstruction AWG Prod 432 412 150 120 26 12 19 9 145 wall floor mm² AWG Prod 220 410 260 420 328 11 15 30 410 10 20 16 9 145 wall floor 160 160 9 160								690V Sir	ne-wave	filter -	Physica	al Dimens	ions			
HONG 430 41 440 41 440 445 445 4440 446 50 41 445 4440 446 450 412 414 440 440 460 522 410 420		Enclosure			Meas	urements	/ Dimen	sions			\$	/eight M	ounting direction	Max. wire cro		Ferminal screw torque
POOL 430 412 11 12 30 14.5 well 16.5 well 16.7 well 16.0 well 16.2 well 16.0 well 16.0 well 16.0 well 20.8 80.8 60.8 80.8 60.8 80.8 60.8 80.8 60.8 80.8 60.8 80.8 60.8 80.8 60.8 80.8 60.8 80.8 60.8 80.8 60.8 80.8 60.8 80.8 60.8 80.8 60.8 80.8 60.9 80.8 60.8 80.8 60.9 80.8 <th></th> <th></th> <th>¥</th> <th>В</th> <th>В</th> <th>q</th> <th>U</th> <th>U</th> <th>ъ</th> <th>a</th> <th>4</th> <th>kg</th> <th>wall/floor</th> <th>mm²</th> <th>AWG</th> <th>Nm/ft-lb</th>			¥	В	В	q	U	U	ъ	a	4	kg	wall/floor	mm ²	AWG	Nm/ft-lb
Profit 270 410 240 368 13 26 30 floor MS 20 - 8 IP23 670 310 460 522 11 15 55 46 460 522 11 15 55 46 46 460 522 11 15 70 M8 8 - 6 8 - 6 8 - 6 8 - 6 9 - 4 9 - 4 9 - 4 9 - 4 9 - 4 13 26 45 100 M8 8 - 6 9 - 4 9 - 4 9 - 4 13 26 12 100 M8 8 - 6 9 - 4	130B2321 130B2341	IP00 IP20	430	412	150	120	260	12	19	6	6	14.5 16.7	wall	16	20 - 8	2/1.5
POOL 310 260 410 320 378 13 26 45 m8 88-6 IP23 670 360 460 522 11 15 70 400 86-6 460 522 11 15 70 400 86-6 460 522 11 15 100 M8 6-4 8-6 IP01 430 400 460 522 11 15 120 400 8-6 478 11 15 120 M8 4-72 4-7 4	130B2322 130B2342	IP00 IP23	270	220	410	240	368			13	26	30	floor	M8	20 - 8	15/11.1
IPO0 360 360 410 320 440 13 26 75 floor MB 6 - 4 IPO3 450 480 522 11 15 105 floor MB 4 - 2 IPO3 480 480 480 480 482 11 15 120 floor MB 4 - 2 IPO3 480 480 480 482 11 15 120 floor MB 4 - 2 IPO3 550 490 480 522 11 15 220 floor MB 2 - 1/0 IPO3 550 540 482 11 15 220 floor MB 2 - 1/0 IPO3 550 540 461 11 15 228 floor MIO 2/0 - 4/0 IPO3 590 460 152 11 15 228 floor MIO 2/0 - 4/0 IPO3 590	130B2323 130B2343	IP00 IP23	310	260	410	320	378			13	26 15	45	floor	M8	9 - 8	15/11.1
IPO0 430 380 400 280 478 13 25 120 floor MS 4-2 IPO3 460 480 450 460 522 11 15 150 floor MS 2-1/0 IPO3 480 490 480 522 11 15 220 floor MIO 2/0-4/0 IPO3 550 540 295 493 11 15 228 floor MIO 2/0-4/0 IPO3 540 560 60 1152 11 15 228 floor MIO 2/0-4/0 IPO3 540 660 1152 11 15 228 floor MIO 2/0-4/0 IPO3 540 680 505 643 11 15 330 floor MIO 4/0-5/0 IPO3 550 680 760 1152 11 15 530 floor 2/0-4/0	130B2324 130B2344	IP00 IP23	360	310	410	320	440			13	26 15	75 105	floor	W8	6 - 4	15/11.1
IPOD 480 480 542 13 26 165 floor M8 2 - 170 IPO3 550 650 610 782 11 15 220 floor M10 2/0 - 4/0 IPO3 550 540 650 610 782 11 15 285 floor M10 2/0 - 4/0 IPO3 540 650 610 782 11 15 228 floor M10 2/0 - 4/0 IPO3 540 660 760 1152 11 15 328 floor M10 2/0 - 4/0 IPO3 550 640 760 1152 11 15 320 M10 2/0 - 4/0 IPO3 580 760 1152 11 15 430 400 - 5/0 5/0 4/0 - 5/0 IPO3 790 640 674 1152 11 15 670 400 5/0 4/0 - 5/0 IPO3 <td>130B2325 130B2345</td> <td>IP00 IP23</td> <td>430</td> <td>380</td> <td>400</td> <td>280</td> <td>478</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>13</td> <td>25 15</td> <td>120</td> <td>floor</td> <td>W8</td> <td>4 - 2</td> <td>15/11.1</td>	130B2325 130B2345	IP00 IP23	430	380	400	280	478			13	25 15	120	floor	W8	4 - 2	15/11.1
POO 550 500 540 295 493 13 26 220 floor M10 2/0 - 4/0 PD3 540 650 610 782 11 15 285 floor M10 2/0 - 4/0 PD3 540 660 760 1152 11 15 326 400 M10 2/0 - 4/0 PD3 1290 540 660 760 1152 11 15 330 floor M12 2/0 - 4/0 PD0 680 540 660 760 1152 11 15 550 M12 4/0 - 5/0 PD0 680 680 560 350 794 13 26 350 430 floor 4/0 - 5/0 PD0 790 640 677 365 794 13 26 540 floor 2xM12 4/0 - 5/0 PD0 190 640 641 430 884 13 <td< td=""><td>130B2326 130B2346</td><td>IP00 IP23</td><td>480</td><td>430</td><td>490</td><td>610</td><td>542</td><td></td><td></td><td>13</td><td>26</td><td>165</td><td>floor</td><td>W8</td><td>2 - 1/0</td><td>15/11.1</td></td<>	130B2326 130B2346	IP00 IP23	480	430	490	610	542			13	26	165	floor	W8	2 - 1/0	15/11.1
IPO0 540 490 660 641 13 26 228 floor M10 2/0 - 4/0 IPO3 590 680 565 643 11 15 370 floor M12 4/0 - 5/0 IPO3 590 680 566 1152 11 15 550 M12 4/0 - 5/0 IPO3 680 680 760 1152 11 15 550 M12 4/0 - 5/0 IPO3 680 680 760 1152 11 15 610 670 5/0 - 6/0 IPO3 790 640 677 365 794 13 26 540 floor 2xM12 4/0 - 5/0 IPO3 790 640 1152 11 15 670 670 2xM12 5/0 - 6/0 IPO3 1140 660 684 430 1152 11 15 670 670 2xM12 6/0 IPO3	130B2327 130B2347	IP00 IP23	550 910	200	540	295 610	493			13	26 15	220 285	floor	M10	2/0 - 4/0	18/13.3
IPOD 590 540 565 643 13 26 330 floor M12 4/0 - 5/0 IPO3 680 680 650 350 794 11 15 550 430 floor 2xM12 4/0 - 5/0 IPO3 1260 680 670 1152 11 15 610 2xM12 4/0 - 5/0 IPO3 1260 640 677 365 794 13 26 540 floor 2xM12 5/0 - 6/0 IPO3 1290 640 677 364 1152 11 15 679 floor 2xM12 5/0 - 6/0 IPO3 1140 660 684 430 884 13 26 540 floor 2xM12 5/0 - 6/0 IPO3 1140 660 760 1152 11 15 775 775 2xM12 6/0 IPO3 880 800 760 1152 11 15<	130B2329 130B2348	IP00 IP23	540	490	008	760	1152			13	26	228 370	floor	M10	2/0 - 4/0	18/13.3
IPO0 680 630 650 350 794 13 26 430 floor 2xM12 4/0 - 5/0 IPO3 1260 640 677 365 794 115 676 540 floor 2xM12 4/0 - 5/0 IPO3 1290 640 677 365 794 115 11 15 679 floor 2xM12 5/0 IPO3 1290 640 684 430 884 13 26 540 floor 2xM12 5/0 - 6/0 IPO3 1140 660 584 453 928 13 26 700 floor 2xM12 5/0 - 6/0 IPO3 880 760 1152 11 15 775 floor 2xM12 6/0 IPO3 880 740 1654 13 26 1020 floor 2xM12 6/0 IPO3 880 800 740 1054 13 26	130B2241 130B2270	IP00 IP23	590 1290	540	008	505	643			13	26 15	330 550	floor	M12	4/0 - 5/0	18/13.3
IPO0 790 640 677 365 794 13 26 540 floor 2xM12 5/0 IP23 1290 640 684 430 884 1152 11 15 670 floor 5xM12 5/0 - 6/0 IP03 1290 640 684 430 884 13 26 540 floor 5xM12 5/0 - 6/0 IP04 1140 660 584 453 928 13 26 700 floor 2xM12 6/0 IP04 880 760 1152 11 15 775 floor 2xM12 6/0 IP04 880 800 740 1654 13 26 1020 floor 2xM12 6/0 IP03 880 800 740 1302 13 26 1020 600 600	130B2242 130B2271	IP00 IP23	680	630	650	350	794			13	26	430	floor	2×M12	4/0 - 5/0	30/22.1
IPO0 900 640 684 430 884 13 26 540 floor 2xM12 5/0 - 6/0 IP23 1290 418 800 760 1152 11 15 670 floor 2xM12 5/0 - 6/0 IP03 1140 660 584 453 928 13 26 775 floor 2xM12 6/0 IP03 880 800 740 1054 13 26 1020 floor 2xM12 6/0 IP23 1304 800 860 860 1302 11 15 1020 400	130B2337 130B2381	IP00 IP23	790	640	729	365 764	794			13	26 15	540 675	floor	2×M12	2/0	30/22.1
POO 1140 660 584 453 928 13 26 700 floor 2xM12 6/0 6/0 1152 116 11 15 775 floor 2xM12 6/0 1152 1134 800 740 620 1154 11 15 1020 floor 1054 11 15 1020 floor 2xM12 6/0	130B2338 130B2382	IP00 IP23	900	640	800	430	884			13	26	540 670	floor	2×M12	9/0 - 9/9	30/22.1
IP00 880 800 740 1054 13 26 1020 floor 2xM12 6/0 IP23 1304 800 860 1302 11 15 1020 floor 2xM12 6/0	130B2339 130B2383	IP00 IP23	1140	099	584	453	928			13	26 15	700	floor	2xM12	0/9	30/22.1
	130B2340 130B2384	IP00 IP23	1304	800	740	620	1054			13		1020	floor	2xM12	0/9	30/22.1

Table 5.3: 690V Sine-wave filter - Physical Dimensions

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				Foot P	Foot Print Sine-wave Filter - Technical Data	ve Filter -	Technical	Data					
Code Number	Foot Print				Dimensions	S					Weight	Mounting Direction	Max. Wire Cross Section
		4	a	В	q	U	U	ъ	a	Ŧ	[kg]		mm ²
130B2542	A2	282	257	06	70	202	10	1	9	15	œ	wall	4
130B2543	A3	282	257	130	110	212	10	11	9	15	11.5	wall	4

Table 5.4: Foot Print Sine-wave Filter - Technical Data





6 How to Programme the Frequency Converter

- The VLT® switching frequency must be set to the value specified for the individual filter. Please consult the VLT® Programming Guide for the corresponding parameter values.
- With an output filter installed only a reduced Automatic Motor Adaption (AMA) can be used.

NOTE

Sine-wave filters can be used at switching frequencies higher than the nominal switching frequency, but should never be used at switching frequencies with less than 20% lower than the nominal switching frequency.

NOTE

du/dt filters, unlike Sine-wave filters, can be used at lower switching frequency than the nominal switching frequency, but higher switching frequency will cause the overheating of the filter and should be avoided.

6.1.1 Parameter Settings for Operation with Sine-wave Filter

Parameter no.	Name	Suggested setting
14-00	Switching Pattern	For Sine-wave filters choose SFAVM
14-01	Switching Frequency	Sine-wave: Choose value
		du/dt: Choose max. value
14-55	Output Filter	Choose Sine-wave filter fixed
14-56	Capacitance Output Filter	Set the capacitance*
14-57	Inductance Output Filter	Set the inductance*

^{*)} For FLUX control principle only. Values can be found in the chapter Selection of output filter section Electrical Data - du/dt Filters and section Electrical Data - Sine-wave Filters



Output Filters Design Guide

Index Α Abbreviations Accessory Bag Acoustic Noise 10 Aggressive Environments C Cable Length CE Conformity and Labelling Common-mode Voltage Cut Off Frequency D Du/dt Ratio Ε Earthing Electromagnetic Electromagnetic Emissions 8 EMC performance F Flash Over G General Purpose Motors General Warning Н High Frequency High-frequency Noise High-voltage Warning ı Inductors Insulation Insulation Stress L M Magnetostriction

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Motor Cable

Motor Bearing Stress

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